SHERWOOD MUNICIPAL CODE

Codified through

Ordinance No. 2011-007, passed May 17, 2011.

(Supp. No. 12, Update 3)

SHERWOOD, OREGON

MUNICIPAL CODE

A Codification of the General Ordinances of Sherwood, Oregon

Beginning with Supp. No. 9, Supplemented by Municipal Code Corporation

GRAPHIC UNAVAILABLE: Click here

PREFACE

The Sherwood, Oregon Municipal Code, originally published by Book Publishing Company in 1998, has been kept current by regular supplementation by Matthew Bender & Company, Inc., its successor in interest.

Beginning with Supplement No. 9, Municipal Code Corporation will be keeping this code current by regular supplementation.

During original codification, the ordinances were compiled, edited and indexed by the editorial staff of Book Publishing Company under the direction of Derryck Dittman, city attorney, and Tim Henkle, administrative assistant to the city manager.

The code is organized by subject matter under an expandable three-factor decimal numbering system which is designed to facilitate supplementation without disturbing the numbering of existing provisions. Each section number designates, in sequence, the numbers of the Title, chapter, and section. Thus, Section 2.12.040 is Section .040, located in Chapter 2.12 of Title 2. In most instances, sections are numbered by tens (.010, .020, .030, etc.), leaving nine vacant positions between original sections to accommodate future provisions. Similarly, chapters and titles are numbered to provide for internal expansion.

In parentheses following each section is a legislative history identifying the specific sources for the provisions of that section. This legislative history is complemented by an ordinance disposition table, following the text of the code, listing by number all ordinances, their subjects, and where they appear in the codification; and beginning with Supplement No. 9, legislation can be tracked using the "Code Comparative Table and

Disposition List."

A subject-matter index, with complete cross-referencing, locates specific code provisions by individual section numbers.

This supplement brings the Code up to date through Ordinance 2011-007, passed May 17, 2011.

Municipal Code Corporation 1700 Capital Circle SW Tallahassee, FL 32310 800-262-2633

HOW TO USE YOUR CODE

This code is organized to make the laws of the city as accessible as possible to city officials, city employees and private citizens. Please take a moment to familiarize yourself with some of the important elements of this code.

Numbering System.

The numbering system is the backbone of a Code of Ordinances; Municipal Code Corporation uses a unique and versatile numbering structure that allows for easy expansion and amendment of this Code. It is based on three tiers, beginning with title, then chapter, and ending with section. Each part is represented in the code section number. For example, Section 2.04.010 is Section .010, in Chapter 2.04 of Title 2.

Title.

A title is a broad category under which ordinances on a related subject are compiled. This code contains about 15 to 20 titles. For example, the first title is Title 1, General Provisions, which may contain ordinances about the general penalty, code adoption and definitions. The titles in this code are separated by tabbed divider pages for quick reference. Some titles are Reserved for later use.

Chapter.

Chapters deal with more specific subjects, and are often derived from one ordinance. All of the chapters on a related subject are grouped in one title. The chapters are numbered so that new chapters which should logically be placed near certain existing chapters can be added at a later time without renumbering existing material. For example, Chapter 2.06, City Manager, can be added between 2.04, City Council, and Chapter 2.08, City Attorney.

Section.

Each section of the code contains substantive ordinance material. The sections are numbered by "tens" to allow for expansion of the code without renumbering.

Tables of Contents.

There are many tables of contents in this code to assist in locating specific information. At the beginning of the code is the main table of contents listing each title. In addition, each title and chapter has its own table of contents listing the chapters and sections, respectively.

Ordinance History Note.

At the end of each code section, you will find an "ordinance history note," which lists the underlying ordinances for that section. The ordinances are listed by number, section (if applicable) and year. (Example: (Ord. 272 § 1, 1992).)

Beginning with Supplement No. 9, a secondary ordinance history note will be appended to affected sections. Ordinance history notes will be amended with the most recent ordinance added to the end. These history notes can be cross referenced to the code comparative table and disposition list appearing at the back of the volume preceding the index.

Statutory References.

The statutory references direct the code user to those portions of the state statutes that are applicable to the laws of the municipality. As the statutes are revised, these references will be updated.

Cross-Reference Table.

When a code is based on an earlier codification, the cross-reference table will help users find older or "prior" code references in the new code. The cross-reference table is located near the end of the code, under the tabbed divider "Tables." This table lists the prior code section in the column labeled "Prior Code Section" and the new code section in the column labeled "Herein."

As of Supplement No. 9, this table will no longer be updated.

Ordinance List and Disposition Table.

To find a specific ordinance in the code, turn to the section called "Tables" for the Ordinance List and Disposition Table. This very useful table tells you the status of every ordinance reviewed for inclusion in the code. The table is organized by ordinance number and provides a brief description and the disposition of the ordinance. If the ordinance is codified, the chapter (or chapters) will be indicated. (Example: (2.04, 6.12, 9.04).) If the ordinance is of a temporary nature or deals with subjects not normally codified, such as budgets, taxes, annexations or rezones, the disposition will be "(Special)." If the ordinance is for some reason omitted from the code, usually at the direction of the municipality, the disposition will be "(Not codified)." Other dispositions sometimes used are "(Tabled)," "(Pending)," "(Number Not Used)" or "(Missing)."

Beginning with Supplement No. 9, this table will be replaced with the "Code Comparative Table and Disposition List."

Code Comparative Table and Disposition List.

Beginning with Supplement No. 9, a Code Comparative Table and Disposition List has been added for use in tracking legislative history. Located in the back of this volume, this table is a chronological listing of each ordinance considered for codification. The Code Comparative Table and Disposition List specifies the ordinance number, adoption date, description of the ordinance and the disposition within the code of each ordinance. By use of the Code Comparative Table and Disposition List, the reader can locate any section of the code as supplemented, and any subsequent ordinance included herein.

Index.

If you are not certain where to look for a particular subject in this code, start with the index. This is an alphabetical multi-tier subject index which uses section numbers as the reference, and cross-references where necessary. Look for the main heading of the subject you need, then the appropriate subheadings:

BUSINESS LICENSE

See also BUSINESS TAX Fee 5.04.030 Required when 5.04.010

The index will be updated as necessary when the code text is amended.

Instruction Sheet.

Each supplement to the new code will be accompanied by an Instruction Sheet. The Instruction Sheet will tell the code user the date of the most recent supplement and the last ordinance contained in that supplement. It will then list the pages that must be pulled from the code and the new pages that must be inserted. Following these instructions carefully will assure that the code is kept accurate and current. Removed pages should be kept for future reference.

Page Numbers.

When originally published, the pages of this code were consecutively numbered. As of Supplement No. 9, when new pages are inserted with amendments, the pages will follow a "Point Numbering System". (Example: 32, 32.1, 32.2, 32.2.1, 32.2.2., 33). Backs of pages that are blank (in codes that are printed double-sided) will be left unnumbered but the number will be "reserved" for later use.

Electronic Submission.

In the interests of accuracy and speed, we encourage you to submit your ordinances electronically if at all possible. We can accept most any file format, including Word, WordPerfect or text files. If you have a choice, we prefer Word, any version. You can send files to us as an e-mail attachment, by FTP, on a diskette or CD-ROM. Electronic files enable us not only to get you your code more quickly but also ensure that it is error-free. Our e-mail address is: ords@municode.com.

For hard copy, send two copies of all ordinances passed to:

Municipal Code Corporation P.O. Box 2235 Tallahassee, FL 32316

Customer Service.

If you have any questions about this code or our services, please contact Municipal Code Corporation at 1-800-262-2633 or:

Municipal Code Corporation 1700 Capital Circle SW Tallahassee, FL 32310

SUPPLEMENT HISTORY TABLE

The table below allows users of this Code to quickly and accurately determine what ordinances have been considered for codification in each supplement. Ordinances that are of a general and permanent nature are codified in the Code and are considered "Included." Ordinances that are not of a general and permanent nature and ordinances that amend subject matter not found in the Code are not codified and are considered "Omitted."

By adding to this table with each supplement, users of this Code of Ordinances will be able to gain a more complete picture of the Code's historical evolution.

Ord. No.	Included/ Omitted	Supp. No.
2011-001	Included	Supp. No. 12, Update 1
2011-002	Included	Supp. No. 12, Update 1
2011-003	Included	Supp. No. 12, Update 2
2011-004	Included	Supp. No. 12, Update 2
2011-005	Included	Supp. No. 12, Update 2
2011-006	Included	Supp. No. 12, Update 2
2011-007	Included	Supp. No. 12, Update 3

SHERWOOD CITY CHARTER

PREAMBLE

We, the voters of Sherwood, Oregon exercise our power to the fullest extent possible under the Oregon Constitution and laws of the state, and enact this Home Rule Charter.

Chapter I

NAMES AND BOUNDARIES

Section 1. Title. This charter may be referred to as the 2005 Sherwood City Charter. (Res. 05-008 § 1 (part))

Section 2. Name. The City of Sherwood, Oregon, continues as a municipal corporation with the name City of Sherwood.

(Res. 05-008 § 1 (part))

Section 3. Boundaries. The city includes all territory within its boundaries as they now exist or are legally modified. Unless required by state law, annexations may only take effect with the approval of city voters. The city recorder will maintain as a public record an accurate and current description of the boundaries. (Res. 05-008 § 1 (part))

Chapter II

POWERS

Section 4. Powers. The city has all powers that the constitutions, statutes and common law of the United States and Oregon expressly or impliedly grant or allow the city, as fully as though this charter specifically stated each of those powers.

(Res. 05-008 § 1 (part))

Section 5. Construction. The charter will be liberally construed so that the city may exercise fully all powers possible under this charter and under United States and Oregon law. (Res. 05-008 § 1 (part))

Section 6. Distribution.

The Oregon Constitution reserves initiative and referendum powers as to all municipal legislation to city voters. This charter vests all other city powers in the council except as the charter otherwise provides. The council has legislative, administrative and quasi-judicial authority. The council exercises legislative authority by ordinance, administrative authority by resolution, and quasi-judicial authority by order. The council may not

delegate its authority to adopt ordinances. The council appoints members of commissions, board and committees established by ordinance or resolution.

(Res. 05-008 § 1 (part))

Chapter III

COUNCIL

Section 7. Council. The council consists of a mayor and six councilors nominated and elected from the city by position.

(Res. 05-008 § 1 (part))

Section 8. Mayor. The mayor presides over and facilitates council meetings, preserves order, enforces council rules, and determines the order of business under council rules. The mayor is a voting member of the council. The mayor must sign all records of council decisions. The mayor serves as the political head of the city government.

(Res. 05-008 § 1 (part))

Section 9. Council President. At its first meeting each year, the council must elect a president from its membership. The president presides in the absence of the mayor and acts as mayor when the mayor is unable to perform duties.

(Res. 05-008 § 1 (part))

Section 10. Rules. The council must by resolution adopt rules to govern its meetings. (Res. 05-008 § 1 (part))

Section 11. Meetings. The council must meet at least once a month at a time and place designated by its rules, and may meet at other times in accordance with council rules. (Res. 05-008 § 1 (part))

Section 12. Quorum. A majority of the council members is a quorum to conduct business, but a smaller number may meet and compel attendance of absent members as prescribed by council rules. (Res. 05-008 § 1 (part))

Section 13. Vote Required. The express approval of a majority of a quorum of the council is necessary for any council decision, except when this charter requires approval by a majority of the council. (Res. 05-008 § 1 (part))

Section 14. Record. A record of council meetings must be kept in a manner prescribed by the council rules. (Res. 05-008 § 1 (part))

Chapter IV

LEGISLATIVE AUTHORITY

Section 15. Ordinances. The council will exercise its legislative authority by adopting ordinances. The

enacting clause for all ordinances must state "The City of Sherwood ordains as follows:" (Res. 05-008 § 1 (part))

Section 16. Ordinance Adoption.

- (a) Adoption of an ordinance requires approval by a majority of the council at one meeting provided the proposed ordinance is available in writing to the public at least one week before the meeting.
- (b) Any substantive amendment to a proposed ordinance must be read aloud or made available in writing to the public before the council adopts the ordinance at that meeting.
- (c) After the adoption of an ordinance, the vote of each member must be entered into the council minutes.
- (d) After adoption of an ordinance, the city recorder must endorse it with the date of adoption and the recorder's name and title. The city recorder must submit the ordinance to the mayor for approval. If the mayor approves the ordinance, the mayor must sign and date it.
- (e) If the mayor vetoes the ordinance, the mayor must return it to the city recorder with written reasons for his veto within 10 days of receipt of the ordinance. If the ordinance is not so returned, it takes effect as if approved.
- (f) At the first council meeting after veto by the mayor, the council will consider the reasons of the mayor and again vote on the ordinance. If four councilors vote to adopt the ordinance, it will take effect. (Res. 05-008 § 1 (part))
- **Section 17. Effective Date of Ordinances.** Ordinances normally take effect on the 30th day after adoption and approval by the mayor, or adoption after veto by the mayor, or on a later day provided in the ordinance. An ordinance adopted by all councilors may take effect as soon as adopted, or other date less than 30 days after adoption if it contains an emergency clause, and is not subject to veto by the mayor. (Res. 05-008 § 1 (part))

Chapter V

ADMINISTRATIVE AUTHORITY

Section 18. Resolutions. The council will normally exercise its administrative authority by approving resolutions. The approving clause for resolutions may state "The City of Sherwood resolves as follows:" (Res. 05-008 § 1 (part))

Section 19. Resolution Approval.

- (a) Approval of a resolution or any other council administrative decision requires approval by the council at one meeting.
 - (b) Any substantive amendment to a resolution must be read aloud or made available in writing to

the public before the council adopts the resolution at a meeting.

- (c) After approval of a resolution or other administrative decision, the vote of each member must be entered into the council minutes.
- (d) After approval of a resolution, the city recorder must endorse it with the date of approval and the recorder's name and title. (Res. 05-008 § 1 (part))

Section 20. Effective Date of Resolutions. Resolutions and other administrative decisions take effect on the date of approval, or on a later day provided in the resolutions. (Res. 05-008 § 1 (part))

Chapter VI

QUASI-JUDICIAL AUTHORITY

Section 21. Orders. The council will normally exercise its quasi-judicial authority by approving orders. The approving clause for orders may state "The City of Sherwood orders as follows:" (Res. 05-008 § 1 (part))

Section 22. Order Approval.

- (a) Approval of an order or any other council quasi-judicial decision requires approval by the council at one meeting.
- (b) Any substantive amendment to an order must be read aloud or made available in writing to the public at the meeting before the council adopts the order.
- (c) After approval of an order or other council quasi-judicial decision, the vote of each member must be entered in the council minutes.
- (d) After approval of an order, the city recorder must endorse it with the date of approval and the recorder's name and title. (Res. 05-008 § 1 (part))

Section 23. Effective Date of Orders. Orders and other quasi-judicial decisions take effect on the date of final approval, or on a later day provided in the order. (Res. 05-008 § 1 (part))

Chapter VII

ELECTIONS

Section 24. Councilors. At each general election after the adoption, three councilors will be elected for four-year terms by position. The terms of councilors in office when this charter is adopted are the terms for

which they were elected. (Res. 05-008 § 1 (part))

Section 25. Mayor. At every other general election after the adoption, a mayor will be elected for a two-year term. The mayor in office when this charter is adopted is the term for which the mayor was elected. (Res. 05-008 § 1 (part))

Section 26. State Law. City elections must conform to state law except as this charter or ordinances provide otherwise. All elections for city offices must be nonpartisan. (Res. 05-008 § 1 (part))

Section 27. Qualifications.

- (a) The mayor and each councilor must be a qualified elector under state law, and reside within the city for at least one year immediately before election or appointment to office.
 - (b) No person may be a candidate at a single election for more than one city office.
 - (c) Neither the mayor, nor a councilor may be employed by the city.
- (d) The council is the final judge of the election and qualifications of its members. (Res. 05-008 § 1 (part))

Section 28. Nominations. The council must adopt an ordinance prescribing the manner for a person to be nominated to run for mayor or a city councilor position. (Res. 05-008 § 1 (part))

Section 29. Terms. The term of an officer elected at a general election begins at the first council meeting of the year immediately after the election, and continues until the successor qualifies and assumes the office. (Res. 05-008 § 1 (part))

Section 30. Oath. The mayor and each councilor must swear or affirm to faithfully perform the duties of the office and support the constitutions and laws of the United States and Oregon. (Res. 05-008 § 1 (part))

Section 31. Vacancies. The mayor or a council office becomes vacant:

- (a) Upon the incumbent's:
- (1) Death.
- (2) Adjudicated incompetence, or
- (3) Recall from the office.
- (b) Upon declaration by the council after the incumbent's:

- (1) Failure to qualify for the office within 10 days of the time the term of office is to begin,
- (2) Absence from the city for 45 days without council consent, or from three consecutive regular council meetings,
- (3) Ceasing to reside in the city,
- (4) Ceasing to be a qualified elector under state law,
- Conviction of a public offense punishable by loss of liberty, (5)
- (6) Resignation from the office, or
- Removal under Section 33(i). (7)

(Res. 05-008 § 1 (part))

Section 32. Filling Vacancies. A mayor or councilor vacancy will be filled by an election if 13 months or more remain in the office term. The election will be held at the next available election date to fill the vacancy for the remainder of the term. A mayor or councilor vacancy may be filled by appointment by a majority of the remaining council members. The appointee's term of office runs from appointment until the vacancy is filled by election or until expiration of the term of office if no election is required to fill the vacancy. (Res. 05-008 § 1 (part))

Chapter VIII

APPOINTIVE OFFICERS

Section 33. City Manager.

- The office of city manager is established as the administrative head of the city government. The (a) city manager is responsible to the mayor and council for the proper administration of all city business. The city manager will assist the mayor and council in the development of city policies, and carry out policies established by ordinances and resolutions.
- A majority of the council must appoint and may remove the manager. The appointment must be made without regard to political considerations and solely on the basis of education and experience in competencies and practices of local government management.
 - (c) The manager need not reside in the city.
- The manager may be appointed for a definite or an indefinite term, and may be removed at any time by a majority of the council. The council must fill the office by appointment as soon as practicable after the vacancy occurs.
 - (e) The manager must:

- (1) Attend all council meetings unless excused by the mayor or council;
- (2) Make reports and recommendations to the mayor and council about the needs of the city;
- (3) Administer and enforce all city ordinances, resolutions, franchises, leases, contracts, permits, and other city decisions;
- (4) Appoint, supervise and remove city employees;
- (5) Organize city departments and administrative structure;
- (6) Prepare and administer the annual city budget;
- (7) Administer city utilities and property;
- (8) Encourage and support regional and intergovernmental cooperation;
- (9) Promote cooperation among the council, staff and citizens in developing city policies, and building a sense of community;
- (10) Perform other duties as directed by the council;
- (11) Delegate duties, but remain responsible for acts of all subordinates.
- (f) The manager has no authority over the council or over the judicial functions of the municipal judge.
- (g) The manager and other employees designated by the council may sit at council meetings but have no vote. The manager may take part in all council discussions.
- (h) When the manager is temporarily disabled from acting as manager or when the office becomes vacant, the council must appoint a manager pro tem. The manager pro tem has the authority and duties of manager, except that a pro tem manager may appoint or remove employees only with council approval.
- (i) No council member may directly or indirectly attempt to coerce the manager or a candidate for the office of manager in the appointment or removal of any city employee, or in administrative decisions. Violation of this prohibition is grounds for removal from office by a majority of the council after a public hearing. In council meetings, councilors may discuss or suggest anything with the manager relating to city business.
- (j) The manager may not serve as city recorder or city recorder pro tem. (Res. 05-008 § 1 (part))

Section 34. City Recorder.

- (a) The office of city recorder is established as the council clerk, city custodian of records and city elections official. The recorder must attend all council meetings unless excused by the mayor or council.
- (b) A majority of the council must appoint and may remove the recorder. The appointment must be made without regard to political considerations and solely on the basis of education and experience.
- (c) When the recorder is temporarily disabled from acting as recorder or when the office becomes vacant, the council must appoint a recorder pro tem. The recorder pro tem has the authority and duties of recorder.

(Res. 05-008 § 1 (part))

Section 35. City Attorney. The office of city attorney is established as the chief legal officer of the city government. A majority of the council must appoint and may remove the attorney. The attorney must appoint and supervise, and may remove any office employees. (Res. 05-008 § 1 (part))

Section 36. Municipal Court and Judge.

- (a) A majority of the council may appoint and remove a municipal judge. A municipal judge will hold court in the city at such place as the council directs. The court will be known as the Sherwood Municipal Court.
- (b) All proceedings of this court will conform to state laws governing justices of the peace and justice courts.
- (c) All areas within the city and areas outside the city as permitted by state law are within the territorial jurisdiction of the court.
- (d) The municipal court has jurisdiction over every offense created by city ordinance. The court may enforce forfeitures and other penalties created by such ordinances. The court also has jurisdiction under state law unless limited by city ordinance.
 - (e) The municipal judge may:
 - (1) Render judgments and impose sanctions on persons and property;
 - (2) Order the arrest of anyone accused of an offense against the city;
 - (3) Commit to jail or admit to bail anyone accused of a city offense;
 - (4) Issue and compel obedience to subpoenas;
 - (5) Compel witnesses to appear and testify and jurors to serve for trials before the court;
 - (6) Penalize contempt of court;

- (7) Issue processes necessary to enforce judgments and orders of the court;
- (8) Issue search warrants; and
- (9) Perform other judicial and quasi-judicial functions assigned by ordinance.
- (f) The council may appoint and may remove municipal judges pro tem.
- (g) The council may transfer some or all of the functions of the municipal court to an appropriate state court.

(Res. 05-008 § 1 (part))

Chapter IX

PERSONNEL

Section 37. Compensation. The council must authorize the compensation of city appointive officers and employees as part of its approval of the annual city budget. The mayor and councilors may be reimbursed for actual expenses.

(Res. 05-008 § 1 (part))

Section 38. Merit Systems. The council by resolution will determine the rules governing recruitment, selection, promotion, transfer, demotion, suspension, layoff, and dismissal of city employees based on merit and fitness. (Res. 05-008 § 1 (part))

Chapter X

PUBLIC IMPROVEMENTS

Section 39. Procedure. The council may by ordinance provide for procedures governing the making, altering, vacating, or abandoning of a public improvement. A proposed public improvement may be suspended for one year upon remonstrance by owners of the real property to be specially assessed for the improvement. The number of owners necessary to suspend the action will be determined by ordinance. (Res. 05-008 § 1 (part))

Section 40. Special Assessments. The procedure for levying, collecting and enforcing special assessments for public improvements or other services charged against real property will be governed by ordinance. (Res. 05-008 § 1 (part))

Chapter XI

MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

Section 41. Debt. City indebtedness may not exceed debt limits imposed by state law. A charter amendment is not required to authorize city indebtedness.

(Res. 05-008 § 1 (part))

Section 42. Solid Waste Incinerators. The operation of solid waste incinerators for any commercial, industrial, or institutional purpose is prohibited in the city. This applies to solid waste defined by ORS 459.005(24), and includes infectious wastes defined by ORS 459.386(2). This prohibition does not apply to otherwise lawful furnaces, incinerators, or stoves burning wood or wood-based products, petroleum products, natural gas, or to other fuels or materials not defined as solid waste, to yard debris burning, or to small-scale specialized incinerators utilizing solid waste produced as a byproduct on-site and used only for energy recovery purposes. Such small-scale incinerators are only exempt from this prohibition if they are ancillary to a city permitted or conditional use, and may not utilize infectious wastes or any fuels derived form infectious wastes. This prohibition does not apply to solid waste incinerators lawfully permitted to operate before September 5, 1990, but does apply to any expansion, alteration or modification of such uses or applicable permits. (Res. 05-008 § 1 (part))

Section 43. Willamette River Drinking Water. Use of Willamette River water as a residential drinking water source within the city is prohibited except when such use has been previously approved by a majority vote of the city's electors.

(Res. 05-008 § 1 (part))

Section 44. Ordinance Continuation. All ordinances consistent with this charter in force when it takes effect remain in effect until amended or repealed.

(Res. 05-008 § 1 (part))

Section 45. Repeal. All charter provisions adopted before this charter takes effect are repealed. (Res. 05-008 § 1 (part))

Section 46. Severability. The terms of this charter are severable. If any provision is held invalid by a court, the invalidity does not affect any other part of the charter. (Res. 05-008 § 1 (part))

Section 47. Time of Effect.

This charter takes effect July 1, 2005. (Res. 05-008 § 1 (part))

Title 1

GENERAL PROVISIONS

Chapters:

1.01 Code Adoption

1.04 General Provisions

1.08 Initiative and Referendum

1.10 Public Contracting Rules

Chapter 1.01

CODE ADOPTION

Sections:

1.01.010 Adoption.

1.01.020 Title--Citation--Reference.

1.01.030 Reference applies to all amendments.

1.01.040 Title, chapter and section headings.

1.01.050 Reference to specific ordinances.

1.01.060 Ordinances passed prior to adoption of the code.

1.01.070 Effect of code on past actions and obligations.

1.01.080 Constitutionality.

1.01.090 References to prior code.

1.01.100 Emergency clause.

1.01.010 Adoption.

There is adopted the "Sherwood Municipal Code," as compiled, edited and published by Book Publishing Company, Seattle, Washington. (Ord. 98-1060 § 1)

1.01.020 Title--Citation--Reference.

This code shall be known as the "Sherwood Municipal Code" and it shall be sufficient to refer to said code as the "Sherwood Municipal Code" in any prosecution for the violation of any provision of this code or in any proceeding at law or equity. It is sufficient to designate any ordinance adding to, amending, correcting or repealing all or any part or portion of this code as an addition to, amendment to correction or repeal of the "Sherwood Municipal Code." References may be made to the titles, chapters, sections and subsections of the "Sherwood Municipal Code" and such references shall apply to those titles, chapters, sections or subsections as they appear in the code.

(Ord. 98-1060 § 2)

1.01.030 Reference applies to all amendments.

Whenever a reference is made to this code as the "Sherwood Municipal Code" or to any portion thereof, or to any ordinance of the city of Sherwood Oregon, codified herein, the reference shall apply to all amendments, corrections and additions heretofore, now or hereafter made. (Ord. 98-1060 § 3)

1.01.040 Title, chapter and section headings.

Title, chapter and section headings contained in this code shall not be deemed to govern, limit, modify or in any manner affect the scope, meaning or intent of the provisions or any title, chapter or section in this code.

(Ord. 98-1060 § 4)

1.01.050 Reference to specific ordinances.

The provisions of this code shall not in any manner affect matters of record which refer to, or are otherwise connected with ordinances which are therein specifically designated by number or otherwise and which are included within the code, but such reference shall be construed to apply to the corresponding provisions contained within this code. (Ord. 98-1060 § 5)

1.01.060 Ordinances passed prior to adoption of the code.

The last ordinance included in this code was Ordinance 98-1057, passed July 28, 1998. The following ordinances passed subsequent to Ordinance 98-1057, but prior to adoption of this code, are adopted and made a part of this code: Ordinances 98-1058 and 98-1059. (Ord. 98-1060 § 6)

1.01.070 Effect of code on past actions and obligations.

The adoption of this code does not affect prosecutions for ordinance violations committed prior to the effective date of this code, does not waive any fee or penalty due and unpaid on the effective date of this code, and does not affect the validity of any bond or cash deposit posted, filed or deposited pursuant to the requirements of any ordinance.

(Ord. 98-1060 § 7)

1.01.080 Constitutionality.

If any section, subsection sentence, clause or phrase of this code is for any reason held to be invalid or unconstitutional, such decision shall not affect the validity of the remaining portions of the code. (Ord. 98-1060 § 8)

1.01.090 References to prior code.

References in city forms, documents and regulations to the chapters and sections of the former city code shall be construed to apply to the corresponding provisions contained within this code.

1.01.100 Emergency clause.

In order to ensure the code of the city is accurate in form and function so as to protect the interest of public health, safety and welfare, an emergency is declared to exist. This ordinance shall be effective upon its passage by the council and approval by the mayor. (Ord. 98-1060 § 10)

Chapter 1.04

GENERAL PROVISIONS

Sections:

1.04.010 Definitions.

1.04.020 Interpretation of language.

1.04.030 Grammatical interpretation.

1.04.040 Acts by agents.

1.04.050 Prohibited acts include causing and permitting.

1.04.060 Computation of time.

1.04.070 Construction.

1.04.075 Attorneys fees.

1.04.080 Repeal shall not revive any ordinances.

1.04.010 Definitions.

The following words and phrases, whenever used in the ordinances of the city of Sherwood, shall be construed as defined in this section unless from the context a different meaning is intended or unless a different meaning is specifically defined and more particularly directed to the use of such words or phrases:

"City" means the city of Sherwood or the area within the territorial limits of the city, and such territory outside the city over which the city has jurisdiction or control by virtue of any constitutional or statutory provision.

"Council" means the city council of the city of Sherwood. "All its members" or "all councilmembers" means the total number of councilmembers holding office.

"County" means the county of Washington.

"Law" denotes applicable federal law, the Constitution and statutes of the state of Oregon, the ordinances of the city, and when appropriate, any and all rules and regulations which may be promulgated thereunder.

"May" is permissive.

"Month" means a calendar month.

"Must" and "shall" are each mandatory.

"Oath" includes an affirmation or declaration in all cases in which, by law, an affirmation may be substituted for an oath, and in such cases the words "swear" and "sworn" shall be equivalent to the words "affirm" and "affirmed."

"Owner," applied to a building or land, means and includes any part owner, joint owner, tenant in common, joint tenant, tenant by the entirety, of the whole or a part of such building or land.

"Person" means and includes a natural person, joint venture, joint stock company, partnership, association, club, company, corporation, limited liability company, business, trust, organization, or the manager, lessee, agent, servant, officer or employee of any of them.

"Personal property" means and includes money, goods, chattels, things in action and evidences of debt.

"Preceding" and "following" mean next before and next after, respectively.

"Property" means and includes real and personal property.

"Real property" means and includes lands, tenements and hereditaments.

"Sidewalk" means that portion of a street between the curbline and the adjacent property line intended for the use of pedestrians.

"State" means the state of Oregon.

"Street" means and includes all streets, highways, avenues, lanes, alleys, courts, places, squares, curbs, or other public ways in the city which have been or may hereafter be dedicated and open to public use, or such other public property so designated in any law of this state.

"Tenant" and "occupant," applied to a building or land, mean and include any person who occupies the whole or a part of such building or land, whether alone or with others.

"Written" means and includes printed, typewritten, mimeographed, multigraphed, or otherwise reproduced in permanent visible form.

"Year" means a calendar year. (Ord. 98-1048 § 1)

1.04.020 Interpretation of language.

All words and phrases shall be construed according to the common and approved usage of the language, but technical words and phrases and such others as may have acquired a peculiar and appropriate meaning in the law shall be construed and understood according to such peculiar and appropriate meaning.

(Ord. 98-1048 § 2)

1.04.030 Grammatical interpretation.

The following grammatical rules shall apply in the ordinances of the city unless it is apparent from the context that a different construction is intended:

- A. Gender. Each gender includes the masculine, feminine and neuter genders.
- B. Singular and Plural. The singular number includes the plural and the plural includes the singular.
- C. Tenses. Words used in the present tense include the past and the future tenses and vice versa, unless manifestly inapplicable.

(Ord. 98-1048 § 3)

1.04.040 Acts by agents.

When an act is required by an ordinance, the same being such that it may be done as well by an agent as by the principal, such requirement shall be construed to include all such acts performed by an authorized agent. (Ord. 98-1048 § 4)

1.04.050 Prohibited acts include causing and permitting.

Whenever in the ordinances of the city any act or omission is made unlawful, it shall include causing, allowing, permitting, aiding, abetting, suffering, or concealing the fact of such act or omission. (Ord. 98-1048 § 5)

1.04.060 Computation of time.

Except when otherwise provided, the time within which an act is required to be done shall be computed by excluding the first day and including the last day, unless the last day is Sunday or a holiday, in which case it shall also be excluded.

(Ord. 98-1048 § 6)

1.04.070 Construction.

The provisions of the ordinances of the city, and all proceedings under them, are to be construed with a view to effect their objects and to promote justice. (Ord. 98-1048 § 7)

1.04.075 Attorneys fees.

In the event the city brings an action in either law or equity in any of the courts of this state (including the U.S. District Court for the District of Oregon) other than its municipal court for the enforcement of any of its ordinances, resolutions or any right(s) afforded it by its charter or state statute, the city shall be entitled to the award of its reasonable attorneys fees in the event it is the prevailing party. (Ord. 03-1149 § 1)

1.04.080 Repeal shall not revive any ordinances.

The repeal of an ordinance shall not repeal the repealing clause of an ordinance or revive any ordinance which has been repealed thereby.

(Ord. 98-1048 § 8)

Chapter 1.08

INITIATIVE AND REFERENDUM

Sections:

1.08.010 Filing of petitions. 1.08.020 Proposed charter amendments. 1.08.030 Penalty for false or duplicate signatures. 1.08.040 Voting. 1.08.050 Publication of adopted measures. 1.08.060 Reserved.

1.08.010 Filing of petitions.

Initiative and referendum proceedings for city measures shall be conducted in the manner and using the forms and procedures as prescribed by Oregon Revised Statutes Chapter 250, Section 250.005, et seq., as therein made applicable to cities in the state of Oregon. The recorder of the city shall accept for filing any petition for the initiative or for the referendum, subject to the verification of the number and genuineness of the signatures and voting qualifications of the persons signing the same by reference to the registration books in the office of the county clerk or county elections officer of Washington County, and if a sufficient number of qualified voters be found to have signed said petition, the recorder shall file same within ten days after presentation thereof to him or her.

Initiative petitions must be signed by not less than fifteen (15) percent of the electors registered in the city at the time the prospective petition is filed. A petition to refer a city measure must be signed by not less than ten percent of the electors registered in the city at the time the prospective petition is filed. The petition must be filed with the city elections officer not later than the thirtieth day after adoption of the city legislation sought to be referred.

(Ord. 98-1038 §§ 2, 3)

1.08.020 Proposed charter amendments.

An amendment to the charter of the city may be proposed and submitted to the legal voters thereof by ordinance of the council without an initiative petition; said ordinance shall be filed with the recorder for submission sufficiently in advance of the election date to meet the deadlines established by the county elections officer or inclusion on the election ballot for the election at which the amendment is to be voted upon. No amendment to the charter shall be effective until it is approved by a majority of the votes cast thereon by the legal voters of said city.

Where an amendment to the charter of the city may be proposed and submitted to the legal voters thereof by ordinance of the council without an initiative petition, the said ordinance shall therein state the date of the regular municipal election, or the date of a special election at which said amendment will be submitted to be voted on, and shall call and make provision for the holding of said election. (Ord. 98-1038 §§ 4, 5)

1.08.030 Penalty for false or duplicate signatures.

Legal voters of the city are qualified to sign a petition for the referendum or for the initiative for any measure which he or she is entitled to vote upon. Any person signing any name other than his or her own to a petition, or knowingly signing his or her name more than once for the same measure at one election, or who is not at the time of signing the same a legal voter of the city of Sherwood, or any officer or other person violating any of the provisions of this chapter, shall upon citation and conviction thereof be punished by a civil penalty not exceeding five hundred dollars (\$500.00) in the discretion of the municipal court. (Ord. 98-1038 § 6)

1.08.040 Voting.

The manner of voting upon measures submitted to the legal voters shall be the same as now is or may hereafter be provided by law. No measure shall be adopted unless it shall receive the affirmative majority of the total number of legal votes cast on such measure and entitled to be counted thereon. If two or more laws on the same subject or containing provisions that are conflicting shall be approved by the voters at the same election, the measure receiving the greatest number of affirmative votes shall be proclaimed to be the law adopted.

The votes on measures and charter amendments shall be counted, canvassed and returned as votes for candidates are counted, canvassed and returned. (Ord. 98-1038 §§ 7, 8)

1.08.050 Publication of adopted measures.

The mayor shall, within ten days from the time of such election, proclaim by publication once in a newspaper published in the city, the adoption of such measure and amendment which shall have received the affirmative majority of the total number of votes cast thereon, and upon such proclamation, such measures and amendments shall become in full force and effect, except in cases provided for in Section 1.08.040 of this chapter with reference to two or more laws on the same subject or containing provisions that are conflicting. In cases of ordinances which have been passed by the council and voted upon by referendum, proclamation of the result of such vote shall also be made, and such ordinance shall continue in effect or cease to be in effect, according to such result from the time of such proclamation. (Ord. 98-1038 § 9)

1.08.060 Reserved.

Editors Note: Ord. No. 2009-011, § 2, adopted September 15, 2009, amended the Code by repealing former § 1.08.060 in its entirety. Former § 1.08.060 pertained to the effective date of ordinances, and derived from Ord. No. 98-1038.

Chapter 1.10

PUBLIC CONTRACTING RULES

Sections:

- 1.10.010 General provisions.
- 1.10.020 Personal service contracts.
- 1.10.030 Authority to electronically advertise solicitations for goods and services.
- 1.10.040 Authority to electronically advertise solicitations for public improvements.

1.10.050 Small procurements.1.10.060 Sole-source procurements.1.10.070 Notice of intent to award certain contracts.1.10.080 Procedure for surplus property.

1.10.010 General provisions.

- A. Except as provided within these rules, city public contracting is governed by the code and the model rules.
- B. The Sherwood city council is the city's contract review board (board). Except as otherwise provided in these rules, the powers and duties of the board under the code and model rules will be exercised by the board and the powers and duties given or assigned to contracting agencies by the code or model rules will be exercised by the city manager acting as the city's contracting agent.
- C. For the purposes of these rules, "City Manager" means the city manager for the city of Sherwood, or the city manager's designee. (Res. 05-006 § 1 (part))

1.10.020 Personal service contracts.

- A. "Personal service contract" means a contract for personal or professional services performed by an independent contractor, primarily for the provision of services that require specialized technical, creative, professional or communication skills or talents, unique and specialized knowledge, or the exercise of discretionary judgment skills, and for which the quality of the service depends on attributes that are unique to the service provider. Such services include, but are not limited to, the services of attorneys, accounting and auditing services, information technology services, planning and development services, artists, designers, performers, property managers and consultants. The city manager has discretion to determine whether a particular contract or service falls within this definition. For the purposes of this section, personal services contracts do not include such contracts for architectural, engineering and land surveying services. The procedures for those contracts are found in the model rules, OAR 137, Division 48.
- B. The following formal selection procedure will be used when the estimated payment to the contractor exceeds twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000.00).
 - 1. Announcement. The city will give notice of its intent to procure personal services through the League of Oregon Cities, and any other means the city deems appropriate, including contacting prospective contractors directly. Announcements will include:
 - a. A description of the proposed project;
 - b. The scope of the services required;
 - c. The project completion dates;
 - d. A description of special requirements;

- e. When and where the application may be obtained and to whom it must be returned;
- f. The closing date; and
- g. Other necessary information.
- 2. Application. Applications will include a statement that describes the prospective contractor's credentials, performance data, examples of previous work product or other information sufficient to establish contractor's qualification for the project, references, and other information identified by the city as necessary to make its selection.
- 3. Initial Screening. The city manager will evaluate the qualifications of all applicants and select a prospective contractor or prospective contractors whose application demonstrates that the contractor is best qualified to meet the city's needs.
- 4. Final Selection.
 - a. The city manager will interview the finalists selected from the initial screening. At the city manager's discretion, the interviews may be conducted before the board.
 - b. After the interview process concludes, the city manager will make the final selection. If the interviews are conducted before the board, the board will make the final selection.
 - c. The final selection will be based upon applicant capability, experience, project approach, compensation requirements, references and any other criteria identified by the city as necessary for the city to select a contractor.
- C. The following informal selection procedure may be used when the estimated payment to the contractor is under twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000.00) or when the city manager determines that the informal procedures will not interfere with competition among prospective contractors, reduce the quality of services or increase costs. The city manager will contact a minimum of three prospective contractors qualified to offer the services sought. The city manager will request an estimated fee, and make the selection consistent with the city's best interests. If three quotes are not received, the city manager will make a written record of efforts to obtain the quotes.
- D. The city manager may enter personal service contracts not exceeding an estimated five thousand dollars (\$5,000.00) without following the procedures under subsection A or B of this section. However, the city manager must make reasonable efforts to choose the most qualified contractor to meet the city's needs. The amount of a given contract may not be manipulated to avoid the informal or formal selection procedures.
- E. The city manager may negotiate with a single source for personal services if the services are available from only one contractor, or the prospective contractor has special skills uniquely required for the performance of the services. The city must make written finds to demonstrate why the proposed contractor is the only contractor who can perform the services desired.
 - F. The city manager may select a contractor without following any procedures when conditions

require immediate action to protect life or property. In such instances, the city manager must make written declarations of the circumstances that justify the emergency appointments. (Res. 05-006 § 1 (part))

1.10.030 Authority to electronically advertise solicitations for goods and services.

- A. The city manager is authorized to develop an "electronic procurement system" in accordance with OAR 137-047-0300(2)(b). As described in OAR 137-046-0110(15), this is an information system accessible through the internet that allows the city to post electronic advertisements and receive electronic offers for goods and services. When an electronic procurement system is in place, the model rules allow procurement solicitations to be advertised exclusively on the internet. This saves the city time and money over newspaper advertisements.
- B. Prior to any development of an electronic procurement system, the city may advertise solicitations for goods and services on the internet in addition to newspaper advertisements. (Res. 05-006 § 1 (part))

1.10.040 Authority to electronically advertise solicitations for public improvements.

- A. For all public improvement contracts with an estimated cost not exceeding one hundred twenty-five thousand dollars (\$125,000.00), the city manager may electronically advertise solicitations in a manner deemed appropriate. This method of advertising will save the city time and money, may be used exclusively, and is allowed under ORS 279C.360(1).
- B. An advertisement for a public improvement contract with an estimated cost over one hundred twenty-five thousand dollars (\$125,000.00) must be published at least once in a trade newspaper of general statewide circulation, such as the Daily Journal of Commerce. (Res. 05-006 § 1 (part))

1.10.050 Small procurements.

- A. As provided by ORS 279B.065, any procurement of goods or services not exceeding five thousand dollars (\$5,000.00) may be awarded in any manner the city manager finds practical or convenient, including direct selection or award.
- B. A small procurement contract may be amended in accordance with OAR 137-047-0800, but the cumulative amendments may not increase the total contract price to greater than six thousand dollars (\$6,000.00).
- C. A procurement may not be artificially divided or fragmented to qualify for this section. (Res. 05-006 § 1 (part))

1.10.060 Sole-source procurements.

A. Pursuant to ORS 279B.075(l), the city manager is authorized to declare in writing certain goods and services to be available from only one source.

B. The determination of a sole source must be based on findings required by ORS 279B.075(2), and otherwise be processed in accordance with OAR 137-047-0275. (Res. 05-006 § 1 (part))

1.10.070 Notice of intent to award certain contracts.

- A. At least seven days before the award of a public contract solicited under a traditional invitation to bid or request for proposals, the city will post or provide to each bidder or proposer notice of the city's intent to award a contract.
- B. If stated in the solicitation document, the city may post this notice electronically or through nonelectronic means and require the bidder or proposer to determine the status of the city's intent.
- C. As an alternative, the city may provide written notice to each bidder or proposer of the city's intent to award a contract. This written notice may be provided electronically or through nonelectronic means.
- D. The city may give less than seven days notice of its intent to award a contract if the city determines in writing that seven days is impracticable as allowed by ORS 279B.135.
- E. This section does not apply to goods and services contracts awarded under small procurements under these rules, or other goods and services contracts awarded in accordance with ORS 279B.070, 279B.075, 279B.080 or 279B.085.
- F. This section does not apply to any public improvement contract or class of public improvement contracts exempted from competitive bidding requirements.
- G. A protest of the city's intent to award a contract may only be filed in accordance with OAR 137-047-0740 or OAR 137-049-0450, as applicable. (Res. 05-006 § 1 (part))

1.10.080 Procedure for surplus property.

- A. Surplus property is property owned by the city such as, office furniture, computers, equipment, vehicles, excluding real property, the city manager determines is surplus and no longer useful to the city.
- B. For surplus property deemed by the city manager to have a value of five thousand dollars (\$5,000.00) or less, the city manager may authorize the property to be sold, to be donated, or to be destroyed. For surplus property deemed by the city manager to have a value of more than five thousand dollars (\$5,000.00), the city council may authorize the property to be sold, to be donated, or to be destroyed.
- C. Surplus property may be sold through the informal solicitation of bids or through an auction, including an online auction. The city manager has the discretion to advertise the sale of surplus property in a newspaper of city-wide circulation.
 - D. City employees may purchase surplus property, so long as at least three individuals or entities

have bid on the property and the employee's bid is the highest bid. (Res. 05-006 $\$ 1 (part))

Title 2

ADMINISTRATION AND PERSONNEL

Chapters:

2.04 Elections

2.08 Boards and Commissions Generally

2.12 Library Advisory Board

2.16 Parks and Recreation Board

2.20 City Records

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Chapter 2.04

ELECTIONS

Sections:

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2.04.010 State law applies.

2.04.012 Definitions.

Article II. Candidates

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2.04.022 Petition or declaration contents.

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2.04.045 Withdrawal, adoption or election.
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Article I.

Introduction

2.04.010 State law applies.

As provided by City Charter Section 26, state elections laws apply to matters not regulated by this article. The city charter and this article prevail over any conflicting state laws. (Ord. 05-008 § 1 (Exh. A)(part))

2.04.012 Definitions.

Words or phrases have the following meanings unless the context clearly requires a different meaning:

"Candidate" means an individual whose name appears or is expected to appear on an official ballot.

"City legislation" means an ordinance or proposed ordinance, or a proposed amendment, revision or repeal of the city charter.

"Elective city position" means the office of mayor or councilor.

"Elector" means an individual eligible under state and city law to vote in city election.

"Initiative" means proposed city legislation submitted to electors by a petition of qualified electors.

"Measure" means city legislation, or a proposition or question for city electors.

"Prospective petition" means information required for a completed petition, except for signatures and other identification of petition signers.

"Qualified elector" means an individual qualified to vote under Section 2, Article II, Oregon Constitution.

"Recorder" means the city recorder or authorized representative.

"Referendum" means city legislation submitted to electors by the council or by a petition of qualified electors, or a proposition or question submitted to city electors by the council.

"Regular election" means a city election held at the same time as a primary or general biennial election for electing federal, state or county officers.

"Special election" means a city election not held on the date of a regular election.

"Term of office" means the term of office of the last person elected to the office. (Ord. 05-008 § 1 (Exh. A)(part))

Article II.

Candidates

2.04.020 Eligibility.

A qualified elector who has resided in the city during the twelve (12) months immediately preceding the election may be a candidate for an elective city position. (Ord. 05-008 § 1 (Exh. A)(part))

2.04.021 Nomination petition or declaration of candidacy.

- A. An eligible elector may become a candidate for an elective city position by filing a nomination petition or a declaration of candidacy in a form prescribed by the Secretary of State and available from the recorder.
- B. A declaration of candidacy must be accompanied by the filing fee established by council resolution.
- C. A nomination petition must contain signatures of not fewer than twenty (20) city-qualified electors as follows:
 - 1. No elector may sign more than three petitions. If more than three are signed, the signature is valid only on the first three valid petitions filed;
 - 2. The signatures need not all be attached to one paper, but each separate paper of the petition must be attached to an affidavit of the circulator showing the number of signers and stating that each signature is the genuine signature of the person;
 - 3. Each signature must have next to it the signer's residence, by its street and number or other description;
 - 4. The recorder must certify the signatures in the nomination petition for genuineness by comparing them and the other required information with the elector registration cards on file with the county clerk;
- 5. After the petition is filed with the recorder, the recorder has ten days to verify the signatures, and attach to the petition a certificate stating the number of signatures believed genuine. (Ord. 05-008 § 1 (Exh. A)(part))

2.04.022 Petition or declaration contents.

- A. A nomination petition or declaration of candidacy must contain:
- 1. The name by which the candidate is commonly known. A candidate may use a nickname in parentheses in addition to the candidate's full name;
- 2. The residence address of the candidate;
- 3. The office or position number for which the candidate seeks nomination;
- 4. A statement that the candidate is willing to accept the office if elected;
- 5. A statement that the candidate will qualify if elected;
- 6. A statement of the candidate's occupation, educational and occupational background, and prior governmental experience; and
- 7. The signature of the candidate.
- B. A declaration of candidacy must include a statement that the required fee is included with the declaration.

(Ord. 05-008 § 1 (Exh. A)(part))

2.04.023 Filing.

- A. A nomination petition or declaration of candidacy must be filed with the recorder.
- B. The recorder will date and time stamp immediately upon filing a nominating petition, declaration of candidacy, withdrawal or other document required to be filed.
- C. A nomination petition or declaration of candidacy will be filed not sooner than the first day of January of the election year and not later than seventy-five (75) days before the election date. (Ord. 05-008 § 1 (Exh. A)(part))

2.04.024 Deficient petitions.

If a nomination petition is not signed by the required number of qualified electors or the declaration of candidacy is not complete, the recorder will notify the candidate within five days after the filing. The recorder will return it immediately to the candidate, and state in writing how the petition is deficient. The deficient petition may be amended and filed again as a new petition, or a substitute petition for the same candidate may be filed within the time requirements for filing petitions.

(Ord. 05-008 § 1 (Exh. A)(part))

2.04.025 Withdrawal of candidacy--Refund of filing fee.

A. A candidate who has filed a nomination petition or declaration of candidacy may withdraw not later than the sixty-seventh day before the election date by filing a statement of withdrawal with the recorder.

The withdrawal must be made under oath and state the reasons for the withdrawal.

B. If requested not later than sixty-seven (67) days before the election date, the recorder will refund the filing fee of a candidate who dies, withdraws or becomes ineligible for the nomination. (Ord. 05-008 § 1 (Exh. A)(part))

2.04.026 Certificate of nomination.

The recorder will certify the nominations to the county clerk in accordance with the time requirements of state law stating the offices and the terms of office for which the candidates are nominated. (Ord. 05-008 § 1 (Exh. A)(part))

Article III.

Vacancies in Office

2.04.030 Vacancy in office.

A city elective office becomes vacant as provided by City Charter Section 31. (Ord. 05-008 § 1 (Exh. A)(part))

2.04.032 Filling of vacancy.

- A. Upon becoming aware of a vacancy in an elective office, the council must promptly determine and declare the date of vacancy.
- B. A vacancy in an elective office must be filled as provided by City Charter Section 32. (Ord. 05-008 § 1 (Exh. A)(part))

2.04.034 Appointment by council.

- A. In filling a vacancy, the council may make inquiries and hold interviews as it considers necessary for the appointment. The appointment may be made at a regular or special council meeting.
 - B. The council will use the following procedures in the appointment process:
 - 1. Public notice to appropriate neighborhood organizations, civic groups, a newspaper of general circulation and other recognized groups;
 - 2. Deadline for submitting applications at least two weeks after the notice;
 - 3. Appointment from those applicants nominated and seconded for consideration by members of the council. The recorder will announce the results of each ballot and will record each councilor's ballot. An applicant who receives a majority of the votes by the current council members will be appointed to the vacant position. If no applicant receives a majority vote on the first ballot, the council will continue to vote on the two applicants who receive the most votes until an applicant

receives a majority of the councilors voting. (Ord. 05-008 § 1 (Exh. A)(part))

Article IV.

Initiative and Referendum

2.04.040 Prospective petition.

- A. Before circulating a petition proposing an initiative or referendum for city legislation, the chief petitioners must file a prospective petition with the recorder. The recorder will provide the form showing:
 - 1. The signatures, printed names and mailing addresses of at least one and not more than three chief petitioners, all of whom must be city electors;
 - 2. For initiative petitions, the text of the city legislation proposed for adoption, and, where applicable, the title, ordinance number, and charter or code section numbers proposed for amendment, revision or repeal;
 - 3. For referendum petitions, the text of the city legislation proposed for referral, and where applicable, the title, ordinance number or code section numbers of the city legislation proposed for referral; and
 - 4. Whether one or more persons will be paid for obtaining signatures on the petition.
 - B. The recorder must date and time stamp any prospective petition filed.
- C. After the recorder determines that the prospective petition complies with this subchapter and state law, the recorder will certify to one of the chief petitioners that petitions may be circulated among the electors in accordance with Section 2.04.042 of this chapter.

 (Ord. 05-008 § 1 (Exh. A)(part))

2.04.041 Ballot title--Appeal.

- A. Prior to the end of the fifth business day after a prospective initiative petition is filed and meets all legal requirements, the recorder will review the text of the proposed initiative to determine if it complies with the single subject requirement and if it proposes city legislation.
- B. If the proposed text does not meet the requirements of subsection A of this section, the recorder will notify the chief petitioner by certified mail, return receipt requested, that the prospective petition does not meet the single subject or city legislation requirement.
- C. Any elector dissatisfied with the recorder's determination may file a petition for review in circuit court. The petition for review must be filed not later than the seventh business day after the written determination by the recorder.

- D. If the proposed initiative meets the requirements of subsection A of this section or a referendum petition is certified for circulation, the recorder will send two copies of the prospective petition to the city attorney. The city attorney has five business days after receipt to prepare a ballot title for the proposed measure and an explanatory statement for the voter's pamphlet. The ballot title must conform to the requirements of state law.
 - 1. The explanatory statement must consist of an impartial, simple and understandable statement of not more than five hundred (500) words explaining the measure and its effect.
 - 2. After preparing the ballot title and explanatory statement, the city attorney will return one copy of the prospective petition, ballot title and explanatory statement to the recorder and one copy to one of the chief petitioners.
- E. After receiving a ballot title and explanatory statement from the city attorney, the recorder must publish in a newspaper of general circulation in the city a notice of receipt of the ballot title. The notice must state that a city elector may file a petition for review of the ballot title not later than the date referred to in subsection F of this section.
- F. After receiving the prospective petition, ballot title and explanatory statement from the city attorney, the recorder must write the date of receipt on it. Within seven business days after that date, any city elector may petition in circuit court to challenge the ballot title prepared by the city attorney. After the seven-day period, or following the final adjudication of any legal review, the recorder must certify the ballot title as prepared by the city attorney or as prescribed by the court to one of the chief petitioners.
- G. Any city elector filing a petition of review with the circuit court must file a copy of the challenge with the recorder not later than the end of the business day next following the date the petition is filed with the circuit court. This requirement does not invalidate a petition that is timely filed with the circuit court.
- H. The procedures in subsections A through G of this section also apply to referendum measures. However, the completion of these procedures is not a prerequisite to the circulation of petitions for referendum measures under Section 2.04.042 of this chapter. Ballot titles need not be stated on petitions circulated to propose referendum measures.

(Ord. 05-008 § 1 (Exh. A)(part))

2.04.042 Petition and circulation requirements.

- A. After the requirements of Section 2.04.040(C) are met for referendum petitions, and after the requirements of Section 2.04.041(F) of this chapter are met for initiative petitions, the chief petitioners may circulate a petition for the measure among city electors. The petition (cover sheet and signature sheet) must conform to the requirements of state law.
 - B. The petition identification number will be assigned by the recorder.
- C. Each signature sheet of a referendum petition must contain the title, ordinance number or code section numbers of the city legislation proposed by referral and the date it was adopted by the council.

D. No signature sheet may be circulated by more than one person. Each signature sheet must contain a statement signed by the circulator that each elector who signed the sheet did so in the circulator's presence, and, to the best of the circulator's knowledge, each such elector is a legal elector of the city and that the information placed on the sheet by each such elector is correct. (Ord. 05-008 § 1 (Exh. A)(part))

2.04.043 Filing and percentage requirements--Verification.

- A. The recorder will accept for signature verification only petitions that comply with the requirements of this subchapter and other applicable law.
- B. No petition may be accepted for filing unless it contains at least the required number of verified signatures to submit the measure to the electors, as prescribed by subsections G, H or I of this section.
- C. No initiative petition may be accepted for signature verification more than six months after the date of the recorder's certification under Section 2.04.041(F) of this chapter.
- D. Any petition to refer legislation adopted by the council must be submitted for signature verification not more than thirty (30) days after the council's adoption of the legislation.
- E. An initiative or referendum petition may not be accepted for signature verification if it contains less than one hundred (100) percent of the required number of signatures.
- F. Upon the acceptance of a petition, the recorder must verify the signatures. The verification may be performed by random sampling in a manner approved by the Secretary of State. Within thirty (30) days after the recorder's acceptance of a petition, the recorder must certify to the council whether the petition contains a sufficient number of qualified signatures to require the submission of the proposed measure to city electors. The recorder must state in the certificate the number of qualified signatures prescribed by subsections G, H or I of this section to require the proposed city legislation to be submitted to city electors. The petition is considered filed as of the date of the recorder's certification.
- G. An initiative measure proposing the amendment, revision or repeal of the city charter will be submitted to the electors if the number of qualified signatures on the petition equals or exceeds fifteen (15) percent of the total number of votes cast in the city for all candidates for governor at the last general election.
- H. An initiative measure proposing the adoption, amendment or repeal of any other city legislation will be submitted to the electors if the number of qualified signatures on the petition equals or exceeds fifteen (15) percent of the total number of votes cast in the city for all candidates for governor at the last general election.
- I. A referendum measure will be submitted to the electors if the number of qualified signatures on the petition equals or exceeds ten percent of the total number of votes cast in the city for all candidates for governor at the last general election.

 (Ord. 05-008 § 1 (Exh. A)(part))

2.04.044 Measure referred by council.

- A. The council may directly refer to the electors any ordinance or any proposed ordinance, property tax, bond or other proposition or question. It may also directly refer to the electors any proposed amendment, revision or the repeal of the city charter.
- B. The city attorney will prepare a ballot title and explanatory statement that conforms to the requirements of state law. The council will certify and file the ballot title and explanatory statement with the recorder.
- C. The recorder will publish in a newspaper of general circulation in the city a notice of receipt of the ballot title and explanatory statement including notice that an elector may file a petition for review of the ballot title not later than the date set in subsection D of this section.
- D. Any elector may petition the circuit court to challenge the ballot title certified by the council. Such petition must be filed with the circuit court within seven business days of council filing of the ballot title. Any person filing a petition of review with the circuit court must file a copy of the challenge with the recorder not later than the end of the business day next following the date the petition is filed with the circuit court. This requirement does not invalidate a petition that is timely filed with the circuit court.
- E. A measure will be considered filed under this section as of the date the council delivers its certified ballot title to the recorder. (Ord. 05-008 § 1 (Exh. A)(part))

2.04.045 Withdrawal, adoption or election.

- A. The chief petitioners may withdraw a verified petition at any time before council action to adopt the proposed legislation or submit it to the electors. Any withdrawal must be either by written declaration or oral declaration made at a council meeting and entered in the minutes of that meeting.
- B. Unless a petition is withdrawn, after receiving a certification from the recorder that a petition has sufficient signatures to require the proposed city legislation to be submitted to the electors under Section 2.04.043(F) of this chapter, the council may either adopt the proposed legislation by ordinance, or call an election to submit the legislation to the electors. The council may also call an election to submit matters to the electors upon referral under Section 2.04.044 of this chapter.
- C. The council must call the election on the next election date available under state law that is not sooner than the ninetieth day after the date of the recorder's certificate of sufficient signatures. For a council referral, the election on the referendum of city legislation may be held on the next election date available under state law.

(Ord. 05-008 § 1 (Exh. A)(part))

2.04.046 Election notice and results.

A. Notice of elections on measures submitted to city electors on regular or special election dates must be given in accordance with state law.

- B. Measures referred by the council will be designated on the ballot: "Referred to the Voters by the City Council."
- C. Measures proposed by referendum petition will be designated on the ballot: "Referred by Petition."
- D. Measures proposed by initiative petition will be designated on the ballot: "Proposed by Initiative Petition."
- E. The recorder must certify the election results to the council at the first council meeting after the results are certified by the county clerk.
- F. A measure adopted by the electors takes effect thirty (30) days after the election, unless such measure expressly provides a later effective date. (Ord. 05-008 § 1 (Exh. A)(part))

Chapter 2.08

BOARDS AND COMMISSIONS GENERALLY

Sections:

2.08.010 Appointments. **2.08.020** Reserved.

2.08.010 Appointments.

Except for replacing board and commission members who resign or are removed from office in mid-term, appointments to city established boards and commissions shall be established per the terms set forth in the adopted legislation.

(Ord. No. 2009-013, § 1, 10-6-2009; Ord. 92-954 § 1)

2.08.020 Reserved.

Editors Note: Ord. No. 2009-013, § 1, adopted October 6, 2009, amended the Code by repealing former § 2.08.020. Former § 2.08.020 pertained to incumbents, and derived from Ord. 92-954.

Chapter 2.12

LIBRARY ADVISORY BOARD

Sections:

2.12.010 Board established.

2.12.020 Membership.

2.12.030 Terms of office.

2.12.040 Rules of order.

2.12.050 Staff assistance.

2.12.060 Duties and responsibilities.

2.12.010 Board established.

Library advisory board, hereinafter referred to as the "board," is established for the purposes of advising the city council and the city administration on library policies, planning, and management, and shall have the duties and responsibilities described in this chapter.

(Ord. 03-1142 § 1: Ord. 88-889 § 1)

2.12.020 Membership.

- A. The board shall consist of nine voting members who shall be appointed by the mayor and with the consent of the city council. Board members serve at the pleasure of the city council and may be removed by the council in its sole discretion.
- B. Eight of the board members shall be and remain during their terms, residents of the City of Sherwood. One member may be a non-resident of Sherwood, but must be a resident of both Washington County and the Sherwood Public Library service area as currently designated.
- C. Members of the board shall serve without compensation except for reimbursement for duly authorized expenses.
- D. The mayor, with the consent of the city council shall appoint a council representative to the board. The council representative shall be a non-voting member. The city council shall also appoint a high school representative as one of the nine voting members of the board. The term of office of the high school representative shall be for one or more years.

(Ord. No. 2009-013, § 1, 10-6-2009; Ord. 03-1142 § 2: Ord. 00-1089 § 1A; Ord. 88-889 § 2)

2.12.030 Terms of office.

- A. The terms of office of board members shall be four years and members may be reappointed to serve two consecutive terms, per ORS 357.465.
- B. The nonvoting council representative to the board shall be appointed for a term coincident with the length of his or her term on the city council.
- C. Upon resignation, permanent disqualification, or removal of any board member by the city council, a successor shall be appointed by the mayor, with the consent of the city council, to fill the remainder of that member's unexpired term. Board members missing three consecutive regular meetings, without the prior consent of the board, shall be disqualified and removed from office.

(Ord. No. 2009-013, § 1, 10-6-2009; Ord. 03-1142 § 3: Ord. 00-1089 § 1B; Ord. 88-889 § 3)

2.12.040 Rules of order.

- A. The board shall elect a chairperson, vice-chairperson, secretary and any other officers from among its members at the board's first regular meeting in each calendar year.
 - B. Five members of the board shall constitute a quorum for the conduct of business.
 - C. The board shall act by a majority vote of the members present at a meeting, excluding members

present but abstaining.

- D. The board shall hold at least six meetings per calendar year and may hold other meetings as are necessary to perform its functions.
- E. Before any meeting of the board, public notice shall be given as required by law and common practice. Minutes shall be taken of each meeting and filed with the city recorder.
- F. The board may adopt rules of procedure to regulate the conduct of meetings. In the absence of such rules, proceedings of the board shall be conducted in accordance with the current edition of Robert's Rules of Order.

(Ord. 03-1142 § 4: Ord. 00-1089 § 1C; Ord. 91-926 § 1; Ord. 88-889 § 4)

2.12.050 Staff assistance.

The library staff may be assigned from time to time by the library director or the city manager, to advise and assist the board. However, the board shall not preempt any departmental or administrative prerogative as established by the City Charter, City Code of Ordinances, or the city council. (Ord. 03-1142 § 5: Ord. 88-889 § 5)

2.12.060 Duties and responsibilities.

The board shall:

- A. Evaluate community needs and resources on a regular basis and incorporate relevant findings into a statement of purpose guiding the provision of library services to the city.
- B. Establish long-range plans, goals and objectives for the library and the improvement and maintenance of the library building.
- C. Regularly review and advise the city council and city administration on specific programs and policies relative to library goals and objectives.
- D. Promote public participation and awareness programs designed to increase the use of the city library.
- E. Undertake additional responsibilities relative to the city library system as may be designated by the city council or requested by the city administration.
- F. Advise on library rules, regulations and other matters relative to the city library. (Ord. 03-1142 § 6: Ord. 00-1089 § 1D; Ord. 88-889 § 6)

Chapter 2.16

PARKS AND RECREATION BOARD

Sections:

2.16.010 Board established.

2.16.020 Membership.

2.16.030 Terms of office.

2.16.040 Rules of order.

2.16.050 Staff assistance.

2.16.060 Duties and responsibilities.

2.16.010 Board established.

A parks and recreation advisory board, hereinafter referred to as the "board," is established for the purposes of advising the city council and the city administration on parks and recreation policies, planning and management, and shall have the duties and responsibilities described in this chapter.

(Ord. 04-015 § 1 (Exh. A)(part): Ord. 814 § 1, 1985)

2.16.020 Membership.

- A. The board shall consist of nine voting members appointed by the mayor with the consent of city council.
 - B. All voting members shall be and remain during their terms, residents of the City of Sherwood.
- C. Members of the board shall serve without compensation except for reimbursement for duly authorized expenses.
- D. The mayor, with the consent of the city council, shall appoint a council representative to the board, who shall be a nonvoting member thereof. (Ord. 04-015 § 1 (Exh. A)(part): Ord. 01-1112 § 1(a); Ord. 99-1073 § 1(a); Ord. 814 § 2, 1985)

2.16.030 Terms of office.

- A. Except as provided in subsection B of this section, board members shall serve two-year terms and may be reappointed at the close of their initial term to serve one additional two-year term if recommended by the board chair and council liaison and approved by the council. Members wishing to serve a third or subsequent term must re-apply and be considered along with other applicants. Each board member serves at the pleasure of the council and may be removed by council if the council, in the exercise of its discretion, deems that to be appropriate.
- B. To provide for the orderly transition of board business, the four most senior members of the board will continue to serve until March, 2005 and the remaining five members will serve terms ending in March 2006. All appointments to the board made by the mayor from and after January 1, 2005 will be for a two-year term with terms ending in March; therefore, during even-numbered years, four members' terms will expire and during odd-numbered years, five board members' terms will expire. Members appointed as replacements in between full terms will fill the remainder of their predecessor's term and have the option to be reappointed at the close of their initial term.
- C. The nonvoting council representative to the board shall serve a two-year term and can be reappointed for a second two-year term by the mayor with the concurrence of council.

D. Upon resignation, disqualification or removal of any board member by the council, a successor shall be appointed to fill the remainder of the unexpired term. Board members missing three consecutive regular meetings, without the prior consent of the board, shall be disqualified and removed from office. (Ord. 04-015 § 1 (Exh. A)(part): Ord. 01-1112 § 1(b); Ord. 99-1073 § 1(b); Ord. 814 § 3, 1985)

2.16.040 Rules of order.

- A. At its first meeting following the March appointments each year, the board shall elect a chair and vice-chair and other officers deemed necessary for the effective conduct of board business.
 - B. Five members of the board shall constitute a quorum for the conduct of business.
- C. The board shall act by a majority vote of the members present at a meeting, excluding members present but abstaining.
- D. The board may adopt rules to regulate the conduct of meetings. In the absence of such rules, proceedings of the board shall be conducted in accordance with Robert's Rules of Order. (Ord. 04-015 § 1 (Exh. A)(part): Ord. 01-1112 § 1(c); Ord. 99-1073 § 1(c); Ord. 92-955 § 1; Ord. 814 § 4, 1985)

2.16.050 Staff assistance.

The city manager may advise and assist the board when requested, and within the resources of the city staff, provided, however, that the board shall not preempt any departmental or administrative prerogative as established by the City Charter, City Code of Ordinances, or the city council. (Ord. 04-015 § 1 (Exh. A)(part): Ord. 99-1073 § 1(d); Ord. 814 § 5, 1985)

2.16.060 Duties and responsibilities.

The board shall:

- A. Recommend to council, community needs and resources on a regular basis and incorporate relevant finding into a proposed statement of purpose guiding the provision of parks and recreation services to the city;
- B. Recommend to council long-range plans, goals and objectives for the acquisition and development of new city parklands and the improvement and maintenance of existing parks;
- C. Develop and recommend to the city administration and city council annual budget appropriations supporting and prioritizing parks and recreation operational and capital programs;
- D. Regularly review and advise the city council and city administration on specific programs and policies relative to parks and recreation goals and objectives;
- E. Coordinate and/or review plans and activities undertaken by volunteer agencies and individuals

- that are directed toward the improvement of city parks, beautification of other areas of the city and organizing of recreation programs;
- F. Provide for liaison between the city and corporate, civic, fraternal, nonprofit or other groups in the scheduling and conduct of community-wide events and activities;
- G. Consider land use planning issues as they relate to parks, and use of landscaped areas and/or parks dedicated by new subdivisions and construction;
- H. Implement public participation and awareness programs designed to combat vandalism and misuse of city parks, thoroughfares, public facilities, greenways and similar areas;
- I. Undertake additional responsibilities relative to the city parks and recreation system as may be designated by the city council or requested by the city administration;
- J. Act on parks rules and regulations, consider parks activity and use permits and undertake other matters relative to city parks and public areas;
- K. The board shall meet with local sports organizations to identify needs and concerns and forward their findings and recommendations to council in time for council consideration during annual budget hearings.

(Ord. 04-015 § 1 (Exh. A)(part): Ord. 814 § 6, 1985)

Chapter 2.20

CITY RECORDS

Sections:

2.20.010 Records officer--Duties. 2.20.020 Records management program.

2.20.010 Records officer--Duties.

The city recorder is designated as the records officer for the city. The records officer shall have the duty:

- A. To create, maintain, monitor and update the city-wide records retention schedule through coordination with the state archivist and department supervisors;
- B. To create a records management manual providing for proper records handling, retention and storage for all city departments;
- C. To review requests for new records equipment;
- D. To assist in establishing storage facilities;
- E. To keep updated on records law and procedures in order to implement required procedures and/or educate staff regarding record retention; and

F. Report to the State Archivist regarding the records management program as required. (Ord. 92-942 § 1)

2.20.020 Records management program.

The city council meeting in duly and regularly constituted session, does find and determine that it is in the best interests of the city to have a records officer and records management program, and does, by this chapter, state such intent and election to do so participate in the records management program as defined by the State Archivist.

(Ord. 92-942 § 2)

Chapter 2.28

ABANDONED PROPERTY DISPOSITION

Sections:

- 2.28.010 Custody of property.
- 2.28.020 Surrender to true owner.
- 2.28.030 Sale of property.
- 2.28.040 Certificate of sale.
- 2.28.050 Dangerous or perishable property.
- 2.28.060 Scope.
- 2.28.070 Storage and preservation charges.
- 2.28.080 Disposal of property.

2.28.010 Custody of property.

Whenever any personal property other than a motor vehicle is taken into the custody of any department of the city by reason of its having been abandoned, found, seized, or for any other reason, such personal property shall be turned over to and held by the police department at the expense and risk of the owner or person lawfully entitled to possession thereof.

(Ord. 799 § 1, 1984)

2.28.020 Surrender to true owner.

Except when the property in question has been confiscated or is being held as evidence, the owner or person lawfully entitled to possession may reclaim it upon application to the police department. The department shall require satisfactory proof of ownership or right to possession, and the department shall further require payment of any charges and expenses incurred in the storage, preservation and custody of the property. (Ord. 799 § 2, 1984)

2.28.030 Sale of property.

A. At any time after expiration of sixty (60) days from the time the property comes into the possession of the police department the chief of police may sell the property at public auction. He or she shall not sell any such property held in evidence in any court proceeding until the need for its use in that proceeding has passed. Notice of the sale shall be given once by publication in a newspaper of general circulation in the

city at least ten days before the date of sale. The notice shall give the time and place of the sale and shall describe generally the property to be sold.

- B. All sales of property under this chapter shall be for cash and shall be made to the highest and best bidder, provided, however, that any person appearing at or prior to the sale and proving ownership or right of possession to the property in question shall be entitled to reclaim it upon payment of the charges and expenses incurred by the city in the storage, preservation and custody of the property and a proportionate share of the costs of advertising for the sale.
- C. If no bids are entered for the property, or if the highest bid is less than the costs incurred by the city, the chief of police may enter a bid on behalf of the city in an amount equal to such costs. If bid in by the city, the property shall become the property of the city as compensation for costs incurred.
- D. The proceeds of the sale shall be applied first to payment of the costs of sale and any expenses incurred in preservation, storage and custody of the property, and any balance shall be credited to the general fund of the city.
 - E. The sale of property pursuant to this chapter shall be without right of redemption.
- F. In lieu of the procedures set forth in subsections A through E of this section, the city police department may dispose of unclaimed property as defined in ORS 98.245(b) in the manner set forth in ORS 98.245(2).

(Ord. 98-1046 § 1; Ord. 799 § 1, 1984)

2.28.040 Certificate of sale.

At the time of payment of the purchase price of the property the chief of police shall sign a certificate of sale in duplicate, the original to be delivered to the purchaser and a copy to be kept on file in the office of the city recorder, which certificate shall contain the date of sale, the consideration paid, a brief description of the property, and a stipulation that the city does not warrant the condition of title of the property other than return of the purchase price in the event title should prove to be invalid. The certificate of sale shall be in substantially the form attached to the ordinance codified in this chapter and on file in the office of the city manager marked Exhibit A, and by this reference incorporated herein. (Ord. 799 § 4, 1984)

2.28.050 Dangerous or perishable property.

The chief of police may order the destruction or other disposal of any property coming into his or her possession which is in his or her judgment dangerous or perishable. (Ord. 799 § 5, 1984)

2.28.060 Scope.

This chapter shall apply to all personal property except motor vehicles now or hereafter in the custody of the city, weapons subject to ORS 166.280, property the disposition of which is subject to court order, and intangible personal property presumed abandoned pursuant to ORS 98.302 to 98.436.

2.28.070 Storage and preservation charges.

The charges and expenses for storage, preservation and custody of property shall be five dollars (\$5.00) per item plus one dollar (\$1.00) per day that each item is in storage, provided that the total charge for each item shall not exceed twenty-five dollars (\$25.00) for items valued under one hundred dollars (\$100.00) or a total of fifty dollars (\$50.00) for items valued one hundred dollars (\$100.00) or over. (Ord. 799 § 7, 1984)

2.28.080 Disposal of property.

If the chief of police by appraisal or other suitable means determines that the property is of a value of less than twenty-five dollars (\$25.00) and is not suitable for sale pursuant to this chapter or remains unsold at auction, he or she may destroy or otherwise dispose of the property by donation of same to a charitable organization willing to accept the item. (Ord. 799 § 8, 1984)

Chapter 2.32

ADMINISTRATIVE FEES AND CHARGES

Sections:

2.32.010 Authority to create administrative fees, rates and other charges. 2.32.020 Financial security.

2.32.010 Authority to create administrative fees, rates and other charges.

The council may establish a schedule of fees, rates and other charges together with procedures for their imposition and collection for matters deemed by the city to require oversight and/or administration by city staff, agents and/or consultants, including but not limited to outside engineers, attorneys and accountants. The schedule shall be kept in the city recorder's office and available to the public for review. It may be altered, amended or modified from time to time by resolution of the city council. (Ord. 03-1150 § 1(part))

2.32.020 Financial security.

The city may require a person or entity subject to the payment of a fee, rate or charge established under the terms of SMC Section 2.23.010 to provide financial security (in a manner and form deemed appropriate by the city manager or his or her designee) so that the city is assured of payment of the fee, rate or other charge prior to completion of the event or task for which the fee, rate or charge is being imposed. The financial security may include (but is not limited to) the provision of a bond, promissory note, letter of credit or cash deposit by the affected person or entity. In the appropriate case, a fee, rate or other charge may also be made an "assessment lien" on affected property in the city. (Ord. 03-1150 § 1(part))

Chapter 2.36

PERSONNEL SYSTEM

Sections:

2.36.010 Title.

2.36.020 Purpose.

2.36.030 Adoption and amendment of rules.

2.36.040 Administration of the rules.

2.36.050. Criminal background inquiries of nonpolice applicants for employment and volunteer positions.

2.36.010 Title.

The title of the ordinance codified in this chapter shall be the personnel ordinance of the City of Sherwood.

(Ord. 02-1129 § 1 (part))

2.36.020 Purpose.

The ordinance codified in this chapter is adopted to establish an equitable and uniform procedure for dealing with personnel matters; to attract to municipal service and to retain the best and most competent persons available; and to assure that appointments and promotions of employees will be based on merit and fitness. (Ord. 02-1129 § 2)

2.36.030 Adoption and amendment of rules.

An Employee Manual shall be adopted and amended by the city manager on an annual basis based on the policy decisions made by the city council; budget committee directives; state and federal legislation; general housekeeping, and the best business interest of the City of Sherwood. The manual shall provide means to recruit, select, develop and maintain an effective and responsive work force and shall include policies and procedures for employee hiring and advancement, training and career development, job classification, salary administration, discipline, discharge and other related activities. All appointments and promotions shall be made in accordance with the personnel rules without regard to race, color, religion, gender, national origin, age or disability, and shall be based on merit and fitness. (Ord. 02-1129 § 3)

2.36.040 Administration of the rules.

The city manager shall be responsible for:

- A. Administering all the provisions of this chapter and of the employee manual not specifically reserved to the city council or police chief, or otherwise addressed in labor or employment contracts.
- B. Approving employee manual and revisions and amendments to such manual.
- C. The police chief shall be responsible for administering the rules applicable to the police department.

(Ord. 02-1129 § 1 (part))

2.36.050. Criminal background inquiries of nonpolice applicants for employment and volunteer positions.

- A. Purpose. The purpose of this section is to authorize the city police department to access Oregon State Police criminal offender information through the employment inquiry provision of the Law Enforcement Data System (LEDS) for applicants seeking to gain employment and/or to volunteer for public service with the City of Sherwood.
 - B. Procedure. The city shall follow the procedure set forth.
 - 1. An offer of employment to all potential new city employees or appointment of volunteers shall be conditioned on the prior written consent to a check of the applicant's or volunteer's criminal offender information, if any, as shown in the records maintained in the Oregon State Police (OSP) LEDS system. The written consent form will contain written notice to the applicant that a criminal offender record check may be made through OSP. The consent form will be signed by the applicant agreeing that the police department may make a criminal offender record check through the OSP and provide the city human resources department with confirmation as to whether the applicant is disqualified from employment based on a predetermined list of convictions. The consent form shall include: Notice of the manner in which the individual may be informed of the procedures adopted under ORS 181.555(3) for challenging inaccurate criminal offender information; notice of the manner in which the individual may become informed of rights, if any, under Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964; and notice that discrimination by an employer on the basis of arrest records alone may violate federal civil rights law and inform the individual they may obtain further information by contacting the bureau of labor and industries.
 - 2. The criminal history authorization form will be maintained by the human resource department who will initiate request.
 - 3. The city police department will conduct the check on the prospective employee or volunteer and will report to the human resource department whether the record indicates a disqualifying conviction.
 - 4. If the applicant's or volunteer's record is reported as "disqualifying," the police department will, in accordance with OAR 257-010-0025, request a written criminal history report from the Oregon State Police Identification Services Section.
 - 5. The written criminal history record of persons that are determined to be "disqualified," whether or not hired, or appointed as volunteers, will be retained in accordance with the Oregon Administrative Rules 166-300-0040(5) record retention requirements and thereafter will be destroyed.
 - 6. An applicant or volunteer who is disqualified from employment or appointment with the city based on the applicant's criminal offender history, shall be informed of the basis of the disqualification and may appeal the disqualification only on the grounds that the information is incorrect or that the applicant has been rehabilitated. Any such appeal must be in writing, must

- state with particularity the grounds for the appeal and must be received by the city no later than seven (7) calendar days from the date of notice to applicant of disqualification to be considered.
- 7. Each full time, part time, or volunteer position may have individual applicable conviction criteria for disqualification from appointment. The criteria will be dependent on legal, regulatory, bonding, or certification requirements of a particular job or volunteer post; the vulnerability of people serviced by the position; the level of integrity required for public confidence; and the protection of city assets.
- 8. Hiring an applicant or appointing a volunteer with a disqualifying criminal history record will require approval of the selecting department head and the approval of the city manager. Nothing in this ordinance shall prevent the City of Sherwood from denying an employment or volunteer application on a basis other than the criminal history, or lack of such history, of the applicant.
- D. Severability. Invalidity of a section or part of this section shall not affect the validity of the remaining section or parts of sections. (Ord. No. 2010-008, §§ 1--4, 5-18-2010)

Chapter 2.38

EMERGENCY CODE

Sections:

2.38.010 Emergency authority.

2.38.020 Purpose.

2.38.030 Definitions.

2.38.040 Declaration of emergency.

2.38.010 Emergency authority.

This chapter may be referred to as the "Emergency Code." (Ord. No. 2009-006, § 1, 6-16-2009)

2.38.020 Purpose.

This chapter is designed to provide direction for the city, its officials and others consistent with the city's Charter and ORS 401.305 to ORS 401.335 (2009) in the event an emergency or disaster exists within the city. The regulations are intended to reduce the risk of the city, its residents and the public at large to loss of life, injury to persons, damage to property or to the environment. (Ord. No. 2009-006, § 1, 6-16-2009)

2.38.030 Definitions.

A. "City manager" or "manager" is that person designated by council to act as the administrative head of the city government and to exercise the authority under this chapter and Section 33 of the Charter. In the event the incumbent city manager is unavailable for any reason to exercise the authority under this chapter and Section 33 of the Charter, the individuals acting in the following positions shall be deemed city manager in

the following order of succession:

- 1. Assistant city manager;
- 2. Public safety director;
- 3. Chief of police;
- 4. Public works director; and then
- 5. Community development director.
- B. "Disaster" means an occurrence or threat of imminent widespread or severe damage, injury, loss of life or property damage regardless of cause which in the determination of the city manager causes or will cause significant damage as to warrant disaster assistance from resources other than the city's to supplement the efforts and available city resources to alleviate the damage, loss, hardship or suffering caused.
- C. "Emergency" means a human created or natural event or circumstance that causes or threatens widespread:
 - 1. Loss of life;
 - 2. Injury to persons or property;
 - 3. Human suffering; or
 - 4. Financial loss.
- D. "State of emergency" means a situation meeting the definition of emergency and proclaimed in writing by the city manager. If the manager is unavailable to make the proclamation, it may then be made by the incident commander and confirmed in writing by a member of the city council in the following successive order:
 - 1. The mayor; and if he/she is unavailable then by
 - 2. The current president of the council; and if he/she is unavailable
 - 3. Then successively through the council in the order of each member came on to the council. In the event the incumbent city manager is unavailable at the inception or during the course of the emergency, the person making the declaration shall have the authority to exercise the manager until such time as the council selects another person to act in that capacity.

(Ord. No. 2009-006, § 1, 6-16-2009)

2.38.040 Declaration of emergency.

A. A state of emergency exists when:

- 1. The situation requires a coordinated response beyond that which occurs routinely;
- 2. The required response cannot be achieved solely with the added resources acquired through mutual aid or cooperative assistance agreements; and
- 3. A written proclamation consistent with 01.030 has been made.
- B. The declaration of emergency shall be:
- 1. In writing;
- 2. Designate the geographic boundaries in which the state of emergency exists; and
- 3. Shall fix the duration of time in which the state of emergency shall exist.

The declaration shall be effective for no longer than a two-week period but it may be extended for additional one-week increment(s) in the event that an emergency continues to exists and must be made prior to requesting resources through Washington County.

- C. The city manager or the mayor shall have the power to request the governor declare a state of emergency within the city. The request must be submitted in writing through Washington County.
- D. Once a state of emergency has been declared, the manager shall have authority to take such actions and issue such written orders as deemed by him/her to be necessary and prudent to protect the public's health and safety as well as to protect both private and public property within and without the city. The exercise of any authority herein shall be done so as to be consistent with the most current edition of the city's emergency management plan. Included, but not limited to, the actions and orders permitted above are the following:
 - 1. Establishing curfew(s) for area(s) subject to the declaration, including hours of operation for businesses and other establishments;
 - 2. Mandating the evacuation of residents and other individuals from structures or areas;
 - 3. Prohibiting, or regulating the number of persons gathering or congregating on any public property or outdoor space within the area subject to the declaration;
 - 4. Closing or restricting the use of public roads and streets within or leading to or from the area subject to the declaration;
 - 5. Restricting or prohibiting the sale of products deemed dangerous, including but not limited to alcohol, flammable liquids and explosives;
 - 6. Declaring and ordering the abatement of nuisances, including damaged structures;
 - 7. Waiving or modifying rules governing purchasing, execution of contracts and authorizing

expenditures;

- 8. Suspending or modifying personnel rules;
- 9. Imposing new fees, waiving or modifying fees;
- 10. Prohibiting or restricting the possession of weapons to the extent permitted by law;
- 11. Restricting or regulating commercial activity to the extent permitted by law.
- E. The city manager shall terminate the state of emergency by written proclamation when the emergency no longer exists or when the threat of an emergency has passed. (Ord. No. 2009-006, § 1, 6-16-2009)

Title 3

REVENUE AND FINANCE

Chapters:

3.04 Local Improvement Procedures

3.10 Measure 37 Claims Procedure

3.12 Monies Owed City

Chapter 3.04

LOCAL IMPROVEMENT PROCEDURES

Sections:

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3.04.020 Description of real property.

3.04.030 Unknown owners, mistake in names of owners.

3.04.040 Council powers.

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3.04.130 Reapportionment of assessments.

3.04.140 Abandonment of proceedings.

3.04.150 Curative provisions.

3.04.160 Filing of documents required.

3.04.010 Definitions.

As used in this chapter, (a) unless the context requires otherwise, the words used in this chapter shall have the meaning as defined in ORS 223.001; (b) the term "engineer" or "city engineer" means by the person or firm designated or engaged by the city to be in charge of engineering and related work for the city. (Ord. 98-1045 § 1; Ord. 738 § 1, 1981)

3.04.020 Description of real property.

Real property may be described by giving the subdivision according to the United States survey when coincident with the boundaries thereof, or by lots, blocks and addition names, or by giving the boundaries thereof by metes and bounds, or by reference to the book and page of any public record of the county where the description may be found, or by designation of tax lot number referring to a record kept by the assessor of descriptions of real properties of the county, which record shall constitute a public record, or in such other manner as to cause the description to be capable of being made certain. Initial letters, abbreviations, figures,

fractions and exponents, to designate the township, range, section, or part of a section, or the number of any lot or block or part thereof, or any distance, course, bearing or direction, may be employed in any such description of real property.

Any description of real property which conforms substantially to the requirements of this section shall be a sufficient description in all proceedings of assessment for a special improvement district, foreclosure and sale of delinquent assessments, and in any other proceeding related to or connected with levying, collecting and enforcing special assessments for special benefits to such property. (Ord. 738 § 2, 1981)

3.04.030 Unknown owners, mistake in names of owners.

If the owner of any land is unknown, such land may be assessed to "unknown owner" or "unknown owners." If the property is correctly described, no assessment shall be invalidated by a mistake in the name of the owner of the real property assessed or by the omission of the name of the owner or the entry of a name other than that of the true owner.

Where the name of the true owner, or the owner of record, of any parcel of real property is given, the assessment shall not be held invalid on account of any error or irregularity in the description if the description would be sufficient in a deed of conveyance from the owner, or is such that, in a suit to enforce a contract to convey employing such description a court of equity would hold it to be good and sufficient. (Ord. 738 § 3, 1981)

3.04.040 Council powers.

Subject to the limitations provided by Chapter X of the Charter of the city, the city council, whenever it may deem it expedient, is authorized and empowered to order any improvement, to determine the character, kind and extent of the improvement to levy and collect an assessment upon all lots of land specially benefited by the improvement, and to determine what lands are specially benefited and the amount to which each lot is benefited, and to select a manner and method of assessment which the council finds has a reasonable relationship to the benefits derived by the property assessed.

(Ord. 98-1045 § 2; Ord. 738 § 4, 1981)

3.04.050 Formation of district, declaration of intention to make an improvement.

Whenever the city council shall deem it expedient or necessary to order any improvement, it shall require from the city engineer preliminary plans and specifications for the improvement and estimates of the work to be done and the probable cost thereof, together with a statement of the lots, parts of lots and parcels of land to be benefited and the percentage of the total cost of the improvement which each of such lots, parts of lots, and parcels of land should pay on account of the benefits to be derived. The recorder shall have such plans and specifications available for inspection. If the city council shall find such plans, specifications and estimates to be satisfactory, it shall approve the same and shall determine the boundaries of the district benefited and proposed to be assessed for such improvement. The city council shall, by resolution or ordinance, declare its intention to make such improvement, describing the probable total cost and also defining the boundaries of the assessment district to be benefited and assessed.

The action of the city council in creating such an assessment district, declaring its intention to make any improvement therein, directing the publication of notice approving and adopting the plans and specifications and estimates of the city engineer, and determining the district benefited and to be assessed, may all be done in one and the same resolution or enactment.

(Ord. 738 § 5, 1981)

3.04.060 Notice.

The resolution of the city council declaring its intention to make the proposed improvement shall be published at least twice in a newspaper of general circulation published in the city, provided that the first publication shall be not less than fifteen (15) days prior to the time when all persons interested may present their objections to the improvement. Such notice shall specify the time and place where the council will hear and consider objections or remonstrances to the proposed improvement by any parties aggrieved thereby. (Ord. 738 § 6, 1981)

3.04.070 Remonstrance.

Within fifteen (15) days from the date of first publication of the notice required to be published in Section 3.04.060 of this chapter, the owners of sixty-five (65) percent or more in area of the property within the assessment district may make and file with the recorder written objections or remonstrances against the proposed improvement, and such objections or remonstrances shall be a bar to any further proceeding in the making of such improvement pursuant to this chapter for a period of one year, unless the owners of one-half or more of the property affected shall subsequently petition therefor. Further proceedings to make the improvement after expiration of the period of bar shall require republication of notice of intention to make the improvement and those reinstituted proceedings shall likewise be subject to bar by remonstrance pursuant to this section (Charter Chapter X).

(Ord. 98-1045 § 3: Ord. 738 § 7, 1981)

3.04.080 Ordering improvement.

If no such remonstrance as described in Section 3.04.070 of this chapter is made or filed with the recorder within the time designated, the city council shall be deemed to have acquired jurisdiction to order the improvements to be made, and the city council shall thereafter provide by ordinance for the making of such improvements, which shall substantially conform in all reasonable particulars to the plans and specifications previously adopted.

(Ord. 738 § 8, 1981)

3.04.090 Bids.

When any improvement is ordered, the city administrator or recorder, upon instructions from the city council, shall obtain from the engineer final plans and specifications for bidding and shall invite proposals for making the same. The contract shall be awarded to the lowest responsible bidder for either the whole of the improvement or such part as will not materially conflict with the completion of the remainder. The city council shall have the right to reject any or all proposals received. If all proposals shall be rejected, the city council shall have the power by resolution duly adopted to order that such improvement, or any portion thereof, may be made under the direction of the city council by purchasing the materials and hiring the labor.

The city council shall have the power to provide for the proper inspection and supervision of all work done and to do any other act to secure the faithful carrying out and the completion of all contracts, and the making of all improvements in strict compliance with the ordinances and specifications therefor, and shall have power to direct that the cost of the improvement or any portion thereof shall be paid for by the city generally.

The requirements of Oregon Revised Statutes Chapter 279, and Ordinance 94-993 (Chapter 2.24 of this code), insofar as applicable to the work proposed to be done in the city, shall govern the bidding, contracting and performance of the work, including prequalification of bidders, payment and performance bonds, and enforcement of the provisions thereof.

(Ord. 98-1045 § 4; Ord. 738 § 9, 1981)

3.04.100 Assessment.

Upon signing a contract or upon a determination by the city council to make the improvement under its own supervision by purchasing the material and hiring labor, or as soon thereafter as is reasonably convenient, the city council shall determine whether the property benefited shall bear all or a portion of the cost and shall direct the city engineer to apportion and assess the cost of making such improvement upon the lots, parts of lots, and parcels of land within the assessment district in accordance with the special and peculiar benefits derived by each lot, part of lot, and parcel of land.

The recorder shall cause to have mailed, or cause to have personally delivered to the owner of each lot proposed to be assessed, a notice of such proposed assessment, which notice shall state the amount of the assessment proposed on that property and shall state a date by which time objections shall be filed with the recorder. Such notice shall further require that any such objection shall state the grounds thereof. The city council shall consider the city engineer's estimates of assessments and all objections thereto filed with the recorder, and without any further notice may adopt, correct, modify or revise the proposed assessments, and shall determine the amount to be charged against each lot within the district according to the special and peculiar benefits accruing thereto from the improvement.

If there be no contract let for the accomplishment of the work, the total estimate of the city engineer shall be considered to be the contract price for the improvement district.

In any event, whether there be a contract price arising from a bona fide contract, or whether the estimate of the city engineer be used as hereinabove provided, there shall be added to said contract price the cost of right-of-way and expenses of condemning the land, all costs of engineering, superintendence, advertising, and legal expenses, and also any and all other necessary and proper expenses incurred, which additional amounts shall be and do become a part of the amounts to be assessed against each lot, part of lot, and parcel of land benefited by the improvement.

(Ord. 738 § 10, 1981)

3.04.110 Spreading assessment, liens.

The assessment as adopted by the city council against each lot or parcel of land shall be declared by ordinance and the recorder shall thereupon enter the same in the lien docket of the city, each improvement district estimate and assessment being maintained in a separate docket from other prior or subsequent estimates

and assessments. Assessments shall thereupon become a lien upon the property assessed from and after the passage of the ordinance spreading the same and entry in the appropriate city lien docket. The city may thereafter enforce collection of such assessments as provided by Oregon Revised Statutes, Sections 223.505 to 223.650.

(Ord. 738 § 11, 1981)

3.04.120 Deficit assessments and excess assessments.

If the initial assessment has been made on the basis of estimated cost and upon completion of the work the cost is found to be greater than the estimate, the city council may make a deficit assessment for the additional cost. Proposed assessments upon respective lots within the assessment district for the proportionate share of the deficit shall be made, and notices of such assessments shall be given as provided with respect to the original assessment as hereinabove set forth, and all objections filed with the city clerk within the time limited therefor shall be considered and determination of the deficit assessment against each particular lot, block or parcel of land shall be made as in the case of the initial assessment, and the deficit assessment with respect to each lot and block shall be finally determined by the city council and spread by ordinance as in the case of the initial assessment.

If assessments have been made on the basis of estimated cost and upon completion of the work the cost is found to be less than the estimate, the excess assessment shall be reapportioned and credited to each lot and block according to the manner in which the original assessment was computed. (Ord. 738 § 12, 1981)

3.04.130 Reapportionment of assessments.

Property in single ownership at the time of the initial hearing at which the city acquires jurisdiction to perform a public improvement need not be divided by the city for the purpose of levying assessments except when the city receives actual notice of the division of ownership of such property prior to the enactment of the assessment ordinance. After an assessment has been levied upon contiguous property in single ownership as provided in this chapter, there shall be no division or reapportionment of the assessment lien except under the following procedure:

- A. The owner of all or any portion of a parcel of contiguous land subject to a single assessment may make application to the city recorder for a division and reapportionment of the assessment; and such application shall contain a legal description of each parcel of land into which the property is proposed to be divided together with the name and address of each of the owners and other parties having an interest in such property.
- B. After receipt of the application the city recorder shall mail notice to each owner and party having an interest in such property of the application and the date and time of the meeting of the city council at which the matter shall be considered, which meeting shall not be earlier than ten days from the mailing of written notice.
- C. At or prior to the meeting of the city council at which the application will be considered the city administrator shall make a report and recommendation to the council for the apportioning of the assessment lien between portions of the property to be divided, describing the effect of such

division upon the security of the city.

- D. At the designated meeting of the city council the applicant and any owner or party having an interest in such property may be heard, and the council may make a decision at such meeting, or the council may defer its decision to a meeting to be held within forty-five (45) days.
- E. The council shall make no reapportionment of an assessment which will impair the security of the city for the collection of the assessments upon the property, and the council may impose conditions upon such reapportionment for the protection of the city.
- F. A reapportionment of assessments shall become effective only after enactment of an ordinance declaring such reapportionment and provision for the amendment of the docket of city liens to conform with the ordinance.

(Ord. 782 § 2, 1982)

3.04.140 Abandonment of proceedings.

The city council shall have full power and authority to abandon and rescind proceedings for projects hereunder at any time prior to the final consummation of such proceedings, and if liens have been assessed upon any property under this procedure, they shall be cancelled and any payments made thereon shall be refunded to the payer, his or her assigns or legal representative. (Ord. 738 § 13, 1981)

3.04.150 Curative provisions.

No assessment shall be invalid by reason of a failure to give in any report, in the proposed assessment, in the ordinance making the assessment, in the lien docket, or elsewhere in the proceedings, the name of the owner of any lot, tract or parcel of land, or the name of any person having a lien upon or interest therein, or by a mistake in the name of any such person having a lien upon or interest in the property, or by reason of any error, mistake, delay, omission, irregularity, or other act, jurisdictional or otherwise, in any of the proceedings or steps hereinbefore specified, unless it appears that reasonable notice has not been given of the hearing upon the proposed improvement or that the assessment as made, insofar as it affects the person complaining, is unfair and unjust, and the city council shall have the power and authority to remedy and correct all such matters by suitable action and proceedings.

3.04.160 Filing of documents required.

All official specifications, plans, bids, acceptances, copies of purchase orders, and other documents forming part of the "public improvement file" shall be maintained at all times in the office of the city recorder and be available for public inspection.

(Ord. 738 § 15, 1981)

(Ord. 738 § 14, 1981)

Chapter 3.10

MEASURE 37 CLAIMS PROCEDURE

Sections:

3.10.010 Purpose.

3.10.020 Definitions.

3.10.030 Pre-filing conference.

3.10.040 Claim requirements.

3.10.050 Claim review process.

3.10.060 Conditions, revocation and transfer.

3.10.070 Waiver of claims.

3.10.080 Costs and attorney fees.

3.10.090 Availability of funds to pay claims.

3.10.100 Review of a decision.

3.10.110 Private cause of action.

3.10.120 Compensation by other.

3.10.130 Severability.

3.10.140 Applicable state law, no independent rights.

3.10.010 Purpose.

The purpose of this chapter is to accomplish the following regarding claims for compensation under ORS Chapter 197, as amended by Ballot Measure 37, adopted November 2, 2004:

Process claims for compensation quickly, openly, thoroughly, and consistently with the law; enable present real property owners making claims for compensation to have an adequate and fair opportunity to present their claims to the City; provide the City with the factual and analytical information necessary to adequately and fairly consider claims for compensation, and take appropriate action under the alternatives provided by law; preserve and protect limited public funds; preserve and protect the interests of the community by providing for public input into the process of reviewing claims; and establish a record of decisions capable of withstanding legal review.

(Ord. 04-017 § 1 (part))

3.10.020 Definitions.

For purposes of this chapter, the following definitions apply:

"Appraisal" means a written statement prepared by an appraiser licensed by the Appraiser Certification and Licensure Board of the state of Oregon under ORS Chapter 674. For commercial or industrial property, the term "appraisal" also means a written statement prepared by an appraiser holding the MAI qualification and evidenced by written certificate.

"Ballot Measure 37" means the provisions added to ORS Chapter 197 by Ballot Measure 37 as approved by Oregon voters on November 2, 2004.

"City manager" means the city manager or designee.

"Claim" means the written demand for compensation made by an owner of real property in accordance with Ballot Measure 37 and this chapter.

Exceptions to Land Use Regulation. The following land use regulations are excluded from the application of this chapter:

- 1. A regulation restricting or prohibiting activities commonly and historically recognized as public nuisances under common law, and the criminal laws of Oregon and the city; See Appendix A to this chapter.
- 2. A regulation restricting or prohibiting activities for the protection of public health and safety such as fire and building codes, health and sanitation regulations, solid or hazardous waste regulations, and pollution control regulations;
- 3. A regulation required for compliance with federal law;
- 4. A regulation restricting or prohibiting the use of a property for the purpose of selling pornography or performing nude dancing; or
- 5. A regulation enacted prior to the date of acquisition of the real property by the owner or a family member of the owner who owned the subject property prior to acquisition or inheritance by the owner, whichever occurred first.

"Family member" means the wife, husband, son, daughter, mother, father, brother, brother-in-law, sister, sister-in-law, son-in-law, daughter-in-law, mother-in-law, father-in-law, aunt, uncle, niece, nephew, stepparent, stepchild, grandparent, or grandchild of the owner of the real property, an estate of any of the foregoing family members, or a legal entity owned by any one or combination of these family members or the owner of the real property.

"Land use regulation" means any city comprehensive plan, zoning ordinance, land division ordinance or transportation ordinance. A land use regulation does not include any land use regulation excepted from this chapter, any city system development charge, or any other city development fees or charges.

"Owner" means the present owner of real property that is the subject of the claim for compensation, or any interest therein. The owner must be a person who is the sole fee simple owner of the real property or all joint owners whose interests add up to a fee simple interest in property including all persons who represent all recorded interests in property, such as co-owners, holders of less than fee simple interests, leasehold owners, and security interest holders.

"Property" means any private real property or interest therein. It includes only a single parcel or contiguous parcels in single ownership. It does not include any parcels that are under different ownerships, regardless of contiguity.

"Reduction in value" means the difference in the fair market value of the property before and after enactment, enforcement or application of a land use regulation as defined in this chapter. (Ord. 04-017 § 1 (part))

3.10.030 Pre-filing conference.

See Appendix A of this chapter. (Ord. 04-017 § 1 (part))

3.10.040 Claim requirements.

- A. Form, Completeness and Review.
- 1. A claim must be submitted and accepted for filing only using the forms provided by the city manager. A claim must consist of all materials required by this chapter. A claim will not be considered filed under Ballot Measure 37 until the city accepts the claim after the requirements of this chapter are fulfilled by the owner of real property.
- 2. The city manager will conduct a completeness review within fifteen (15) days after submittal of the claim and will advise the owner in writing of any material remaining to be submitted. The owner must submit the material needed for completeness within thirty (30) days of the written notice that additional material is required. If the owner fails to provide the additional materials within the thirty (30) day period, the claim will not be accepted for filing.
- 3. The one hundred eighty (180) day period required before accrual of a cause of action for compensation in circuit court under Ballot Measure 37 begins on the date the city manager deems the claim complete, and accepts it for filing. The city manager will mark the date of completeness and filing on the claim form and provide a copy to the claimant.
- 4. The owner may request an extension for filing a complete claim. A request for an extension or continuance will be deemed a waiver of the beginning of the one hundred eighty (180) day period required before accrual of a cause of action for compensation.
- B. Claim Requirements. A claim will not be accepted for filing without all of the following information:
 - 1. Fee. An application fee must be paid in advance of acceptance for filing to cover the costs of completeness review and claim processing. This fee will be established by city council resolution.
 - 2. Claim Form. A completed claim on a form provided by the city manager.
 - 3. Identification of Owner and Other Interest Holders. The name(s), address(es) and telephone number(s) of all owners, and anyone with any interest in the property, including lien holders, trustees, renters, lessees, and a description of the ownership interest of each.
 - 4. Property Description. The address, tax lot number, and legal description of the real property that is the subject of the claim.
 - 5. Nearby Property Owner Information. The names and addresses of all owners of property within three hundred (300) feet of the property, as listed on the most recent property tax assessment roll where such property is located.
 - 6. Listing of Nearby Owned Property. Identification of any other property owned by the owner

within three hundred (300) feet of the boundary of the claim property.

- 7. Title Report. A title report demonstrating the title history, the date the owner acquired ownership of the property, and the ownership interests of all owners. The title report must also specify any restrictions on use of the property unrelated to the land use regulation including, but not limited to, any restrictions established by covenants, conditions and restrictions (CC&Rs), other private restrictions, or other regulations, easements or contracts.
- 8. Copy of Existing Regulation. A copy of the land use regulation that the owner making the claim believes restricts the use of the property, or interest therein, and that the owner believes has had the effect of reducing the fair market value of the property, including the date the owner claims the land use regulation was first enacted, enforced, or applied to the property.
- 9. Copy of Prior Regulations. A copy of the land use regulation in existence, and applicable to the property, when the owner became the owner of the property, and a copy of the land use regulation in existence immediately before the regulation that was enacted or enforced or applied to the property, that the owner claims restricts the use of the property and, the owner claims, caused a reduction in fair market value due to the regulation described in subsection (B)(8) of this section being more restrictive.
- 10. Appraisals. A written appraisal by an appraiser, qualified as such in the state of Oregon, stating the amount of the alleged reduction in the fair market value of the property by showing the difference in the fair market value of the property before and after enactment, enforcement or application of the land use regulation described in subsection (B)(8) of this section, and explaining the rationale and factors leading to that conclusion. If the claim is for more than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000.00), copies of two appraisals by different appraisers must be included.
- 11. Narrative. See Appendix A of this chapter.
- 12. Statement Regarding Exceptions. See Appendix A of this chapter.
- 13. Owner Statement. A statement by the owner explaining the effect a modification, removal or nonapplication of the land use regulation would have on the potential development of the property, and stating the most extensive development the owner believes would be permitted on the property if the identified land use regulation were modified, removed or not applied.
- 14. Copies of Documents. Copies of any land use actions, development applications or other applications for permits previously filed in connection with the property and the action taken. City "enforcement" or "application" of the land use regulation is a prerequisite to making a Measure 37 claim must be described and identified by the claimant.
- 15. Site Plan and Drawings. A copy of the site plan and drawings in a legible eight and one-half by eleven (11) inch format that relate to the proposed use of the property if the land use regulation is modified, removed or not applied.
- 16. Statement of Relief Sought. A statement of the relief sought by the owner.

3.10.050 Claim review process.

- A. The city manager will assess any claim for compensation and make a recommendation to the city council on the disposition of the claim. The recommendation will state that the claim be:
 - 1. Denied;
 - 2. Investigated further;
 - 3. Declared valid, in which case the recommendation will further state whether the land use regulation at issue should be removed, waived or modified, or that the claimant should be compensated; or
 - 4. Evaluated in another manner not inconsistent with this chapter or Ballot Measure 37, including possible city condemnation of the property.
- B. The city council will conduct a public hearing before taking final action on a recommendation from the city manager.
- C. Notice of the public hearing will be provided to the claimant and to all record owners of the subject property, and to all owners of property within three hundred (300) feet of the subject property. Additional notice may be sent to the Oregon Department of Land Conservation and Development, Metro and such others as the city may designate.
- D. The notice will state the date, time and location of the hearing and will be sent no later than ten days before the hearing. The notice will describe the hearing process, and will state how evidence may be submitted.
- E. After the conclusion of the public hearing, and no later than one hundred eighty (180) days from the date the claim was filed, the city council will:
 - 1. Determine that the claim does not meet the requirements of this chapter and Ballot Measure 37, and deny the claim; or
 - 2. Adopt an order with appropriate findings that supports a determination that the claim is valid and directs that the claimant be compensated in an amount set forth in the order, or remove, waive or modify the challenged land use regulation as applied to the subject property.
- F. The city council's decision to remove, waive or modify a land use regulation or to compensate the claimant will be based on whether the public interest would be better served by compensating the owner, or by removing, waiving or modifying a land use regulation with respect to the subject property; or any other factors deemed relevant by the city council.
 - G. If the city council removes, waives or modifies a land use regulation, it may apply the land use

regulations in effect at the time the claimant acquired the property.

- H. The owner will bear the burden of proof relating to the claim, the devaluation of the owner's property and the owner's entitlement to just compensation. The standard of proof will be by a preponderance of the evidence.
- I. A copy of the city council order will be sent by mail to the owner and to each individual or entity that participated in the city council review process if the city was provided with a mailing address.
- J. The city council may establish by resolution additional procedures related to the processing of Ballot Measure 37 claims. (Ord. 04-017 § 1 (part))

3.10.060 Conditions, revocation and transfer.

- A. The city council may establish any relevant conditions of approval for compensation, should compensation be granted, or for any other action taken under this chapter.
- B. Failure to comply with any condition of approval is grounds for revocation of the approval of the compensation for the claim, grounds for recovering any compensation paid and grounds for revocation of any other action taken under this chapter.
- C. If the owner, or the owner's successor in interest, fails to fully comply with all conditions of approval, the city may institute a revocation or modification proceeding before the city council under the same process for city council review of a claim under this chapter.
- D. Unless otherwise stated in the city's decision, any action taken under this chapter runs with the property and is transferred with ownership of the property. All conditions, time limits or other restrictions imposed with approval of a claim will bind all subsequent owners of the subject property.
- E. A land use regulation waived under this chapter will create a Measure 37 nonconforming use, or a nonconforming structure, as appropriate, on the property benefiting from the waiver, which is defined separately from any nonconforming uses in Title 16 of this code. All valid claims and subsequent waivers shall be recorded with the property. (Ord. 04-017 § 1 (part))

3.10.070 Waiver of claims.

See Appendix A of this chapter. (Ord. 04-017 § 1 (part))

3.10.080 Costs and attorney fees.

If an owner commences an action to collect compensation and the city prevails, the city is entitled to all fees and costs it incurred, as well as any sum that a court, including any appellate court, may deem reasonable as attorney's fees.

(Ord. 04-017 § 1 (part))

3.10.090 Availability of funds to pay claims.

Compensation can only be paid based on the availability and appropriation of funds for this purpose. (Ord. 04-017 § 1 (part))

3.10.100 Review of a decision.

A writ of review under ORS 34.010 to 34.102 is the exclusive means to contest a final decision of the city council under Section 3.10.050, and must be filed within sixty (60) days of the notice provided under Section 3.10.050 of this chapter. The owner of the real property that is the subject of the claim under this chapter is a necessary party in such a proceeding. (Ord. 04-017 § 1 (part))

3.10.110 Private cause of action.

See Appendix A of this chapter. (Ord. 04-017 § 1 (part))

3.10.120 Compensation by other.

An individual or entity other than the city may compensate the claimant for any diminution in value established under this chapter, in lieu of the city removing, modifying or waiving the land use regulation causing the diminution. A contract between the city, the claimant, and the individual or entity providing the compensation is a condition precedent to compensating a claimant under this subsection, and must be approved by the city attorney.

(Ord. 04-017 § 1 (part))

3.10.130 Severability.

If any phrase, clause, or other part or parts of this chapter are found invalid by a court of competent jurisdiction, the remaining phrases, clauses and other part or parts will remain in full force and effect. (Ord. 04-017 § 1 (part))

3.10.140 Applicable state law, no independent rights.

For all claims filed, the applicable state law is those portions of ORS Chapter 197 added by Ballot Measure 37, or as amended, modified or clarified by subsequent amendments or rules adopted by the Oregon Legislature or Oregon Administrative Agencies. Any claim that has not been processed completely under this chapter will be subject to any such amendments, modifications, clarifications or other state actions. This chapter is adopted solely to address claims filed under the ORS Chapter 197 provisions added by Ballot Measure 37. This chapter does not create any rights independent of those provisions. (Ord. 04-017 § 1 (part))

Measure 37 Claims Ordinance Possible Additions

The following provisions are identified as provisions the City Council may wish to consider adding to its Claims Ordinance.

They are identified in the proposed ordinance as "See Appendix A."

1. 3.10.020(4)(a) - Definition of Nuisances

As written, this provision is consistent with Measure 37's exception for regulations prohibiting common law nuisances. Additional language could include a reference to any city nuisance ordinances. The risk is that some city ordinances may arguably classify as nuisance activities beyond those deemed nuisances under the common law. The ordinance provision could be re-written to state:

A regulation restricting or prohibiting activities commonly and historically recognized as public nuisances under common law, including Sherwood Municipal Code chapter 9.44, as amended from time to time, and the criminal laws of Oregon and the City.

2. 3.10.030 - Pre-filing Conference

The following language would require a pre-filing conference, unless exempted by the City Administrator. This is akin to a pre-application conference in the land use context.

- (1) Before submitting a claim for compensation, the owner must schedule and attend a pre-filing conference with the manager to discuss the claim. The pre-filing conference will follow the procedure set forth by the manager and may include a filing fee and notice to neighbors, other organizations and agencies. The filing fee will be set by city council resolution.
- (2) To schedule a pre-filing conference, the owner must contact the manager and pay the appropriate conference fee. The pre-filing conference is for the owner to provide a summary of the owner's claim to the manager, and for the manager to provide information to the owner about regulations that may affect the claim. The manager may provide the owner with a written summary of the pre-filing conference within 10 days after it is held.
- (3) The manager is not authorized to settle any claim at a pre-filing conference. Any omission or failure by staff to recite to an owner all relevant applicable regulations will not constitute a waiver or admission by the City.
- (4) A pre-filing conference is valid for six months from the date it is held. If no claim is filed within six months of the conference, the owner must schedule and attend another conference before the City will accept a claim for filing. The manager may waive the pre-filing requirements if, in the manager's opinion, a pre-filing conference would serve no purpose.

3. 3.10.040 -- Claim Requirements

The following subsections would require the claimant to submit with the claim a narrative regarding the property's history and would require the claimant to explain why the challenged land use regulation is exempt under Measure 37.

- (i) *Narrative*. The owner must provide a narrative describing the history of the owner and any family member's ownership of the property, the history of land use regulations applicable to the claim, and how the enactment, enforcement or application of the land use regulation restricts the use of the property, or any interest therein, and has the effect of reducing the fair market value of the property, or any interest therein.
- (j) *Statement Regarding Exceptions*. A statement by the owner making the claim of why the following Ballot Measure 37 exceptions do not apply:
 - 1. Commonly and historically recognized public nuisances under common law;
 - 2. Protection of public health and safety;
 - 3. Regulations required under federal law;
 - 4. Use of property for the purpose of selling pornography or performing nude dancing; or
 - 5. The subject land use regulation was enacted prior to the date of the acquisition of the property by the owner, or prior to acquisition by a family member of the owner who owned the subject property prior to the acquisition or inheritance by the owner [if "family member" status is claimed it must also be addressed in the title report required by item (h) above].

Chapter 3.12

MONIES OWED CITY

Sections:

3.12.010 Definitions.

3.12.015 Authority to withhold or deny issuance.

3.12.020 Appeal of denial--Hearing before city manager--Appeal of city manager's decision.

3.12.010 Definitions.

As used in this chapter the following terms shall mean as set out below unless the context requires otherwise:

"Activity or enterprise" means and includes all conduct or activity for gain or otherwise conducted by an applicant or any enterprise or undertaking for gain or otherwise.

"Applicant" means and includes any natural person or any entity (including corporation, unincorporated association, partnership, etc.) lawfully capable of engaging in or conducting activity in the city which activity requires a permit from the city.

"City" means the city of Sherwood.

"City finance director" means and includes the director and any designate other than the city manager.

"City manager" means and includes the city manager or the city manager's designate.

"Permit" means and includes any and all permit(s), approval(s) or other form(s) of city authorization of whatever nature required by federal, state or local law as a condition for the lawful pursuit of an activity or enterprise in the city, including business licenses issued under the authority of Sherwood Municipal Code (SMC) Chapter 5.04, alarm system registrations done pursuant to SMC Chapter 8.08 and building permits issued pursuant to SMC Chapter 15.04, excepting land use permit(s) required or authorized under SMC Title 16.

(Ord. 08-005 § 1 (Exh. A)(part))

3.12.015 Authority to withhold or deny issuance.

- A. If an applicant for a city issued permit owes money to the city, the city may (through the offices of the city finance director) revoke, suspend or deny issuance of said permit until the monies owed are either paid in full or arrangements, satisfactory to the city finance director, are entered into for payment.
- B. Any revocation, suspension or denial made by the city based on the terms of this chapter shall be set out in writing, describing the basis for the city's action and setting out the amount deemed by the city to be owed it.

(Ord. 08-005 § 1 (Exh. A)(part))

3.12.020 Appeal of denial--Hearing before city manager--Appeal of city manager's decision.

- A. In the event an applicant wishes to challenge a decision by the city pursuant to Section 3.12.015, the applicant may, at their option, file an appeal thereof with the office of the city manager within fifteen (15) days of the city's action.
 - B. The appeal shall be in writing and include, at a minimum, the following:
 - 1. Information identifying the applicant (i.e., name and address);
 - 2. Telephone number;
 - 3. The type of permit at issue and the action (revocation--suspension--denial) taken by the city;
 - 4. A copy of the written determination described in Section 3.12.015; and
 - 5. Reason(s) why the city's action is unlawful or otherwise inappropriate.
- C. Within ten business days of the date the completed appeal is filed with the city manager's office, the city manager shall hold a hearing on the matter, unless the applicant agrees to an extension. At the hearing,

the city manager will take testimonial and other evidence, if any, offered by applicant as well as include in the record any material offered by the city supporting the city's position that monies are owed and the amount thereof.

- D. After reviewing the material and evidence offered and received, the city manager shall make a written decision and either uphold, modify or reverse the city's action. The decision of the city manager shall be final.
- E. An appeal of the city manager's decision may be taken by way of writ of review (ORS 34.010 to ORS 34.100) and not otherwise. (Ord. 08-005 § 1 (Exh. A)(part))

Title 4

CITY TELECOMMUNICATIONS UTILITY

Chapters:

4.04 City Telecommunications Utility

Chapter 4.04

CITY TELECOMMUNICATIONS UTILITY

Sections:

4.04.010 Definitions.

4.04.020 Utility creation.

4.04.030 Operations.

4.04.040 Advisory board.

4.04.050 Membership.

4.04.060 Terms of office.

4.04.070 Board organization.

4.04.080 Staff assistance.

4.04.090 Board duties.

4.04.010 Definitions.

(Ord. 05-007 § 1 (part))

4.04.020 Utility creation.

The city of Sherwood telecommunications utility is created. It will be known as the Sherwood broadband. The city council will serve as the broadband governing body and by resolution may adopt rules for its operations.

(Ord. 05-007 § 1 (part))

4.04.030 Operations.

- A. Broadband will operate as a department of the city under the administrative authority of the city manager. Broadband revenues and expenditures will be accounted for within the telecommunications fund of the city budget.
- B. Rates for basic residential and business data and content services will be set by council resolution. Rates for specialized services, deposits, late fees and penalties may be set by the city manager. Rates for out of city customers may include a return on capital investment for the city.
- C. Broadband will comply with city regulations on similar franchised utilities, including the payment of a fee in lieu of franchise fees of up to five percent as set by council resolution.
 - D. Broadband may provide services to customers outside of city boundaries.

E. Broadband may provide services directly to customers or indirectly provide services through contracts.

(Ord. 05-007 § 1 (part))

4.04.040 Advisory board.

A broadband advisory board (board) is created to make recommendations to the city council and the city manager on broadband policies, planning and services, and to perform other duties assigned by the city council. (Ord. 05-007 § 1 (part))

4.04.050 Membership.

- A. The board consists of seven voting members appointed by the mayor with the consent of the city council. Board members serve at the pleasure of the city council and may be removed in its sole discretion.
- B. At least three board members will be residents of the city. At least three other board members will be owners or employees of businesses or institutions located within the city.
 - C. Board members serve without compensation except for reimbursement for authorized expenses.
- D. With city council consent, the mayor will appoint a council representative to the board. The council representative will be a nonvoting member. (Ord. 05-007 § 1 (part))

4.04.060 Terms of office.

- A. Board members will serve two year terms, and members may be reappointed to serve two consecutive terms.
- B. The council representative will be appointed for a board term equal to the length of the representative's term on the city council.
- C. Upon resignation, disqualification, or removal of any board member by the city council, a successor will be appointed by the mayor with the consent of the city council to fill the remainder of the unexpired term. Board members who miss three consecutive regular meetings will be disqualified and removed from office.

(Ord. 05-007 § 1 (part))

4.04.070 Board organization.

- A. The board will elect a chair, vice-chair and secretary from among its members at the board's first regular meeting of each fiscal year.
 - B. Four members of the board constitute a quorum for the conduct of business.

- C. The board will act by a majority vote of the members present at a meeting.
- D. The board will hold at least six meetings each fiscal year and may hold other meetings as necessary to perform its duties.
- E. Before any meeting of the board, public notice must be given as required by law. Minutes must be taken for each meeting and filed with the city recorder.
- F. The board may adopt bylaws to regulate the conduct at its meetings. In the absence of bylaws, board meetings will be conducted in accordance with the current edition of Robert's Rules of Order. (Ord. 05-007 § 1 (part))

4.04.080 Staff assistance.

City staff may be assigned from time to time by the city manager to advise and assist the board. However, the board may not direct the assignment or activities of city staff. (Ord. 05-007 § 1 (part))

4.04.090 Board duties.

The board will:

- A. Establish long-range plans, goals and objectives for broadband and the improvement and maintenance of city telecommunications services;
- B. Evaluate community needs and resources on a regular basis and incorporate relevant findings into a statement of purpose guiding the provision of city telecommunications services;
- C. Regularly review and advise the city council and city manager on specific services and practices as they relate to broadband goals and objectives;
- D. Promote public participation and awareness programs designed to increase the use of broadband;
- E. Undertake additional responsibilities relative to broadband as requested by the city council or city manager.

(Ord. 05-007 § 1 (part))

Title 5

BUSINESS LICENSES AND REGULATIONS

Chapters:

5.04 Business Licenses, Regulations and Recycling

5.08 Amusement Games

5.12 Bingo, Lotto and Raffle Games

5.20 Liquor Establishments

5.24 Taxicabs

5.28 Process and Fees for Liquor Licenses

Chapter 5.04

BUSINESS LICENSES, REGULATIONS AND RECYCLING*

Editors Note: Ord. No. 2009-001, § 2, adopted March 17, 2009, amended the Code by changing the title of Ch. 5.04.

Sections:

5.04.010 Definitions.

5.04.020 Purpose.

5.04.030 License required--Exemptions.

5.04.040 License fees.

5.04.050 Application requirements--Initial issue.

5.04.060 Application requirements--Renewal.

5.04.070 Criteria for approval or denial.

5.04.080 Temporary business license.

5.04.090 Business Recycling.

5.04.010 Definitions.

As used in this chapter:

"Business" means an activity carried on by a person predominately for economic profit or livelihood in the city. Any person who advertises or otherwise represents themselves to the public as engaged in business is presumed to be so engaged.

"City" means the city of Sherwood, Oregon.

"Contractor" has meaning under ORS 701.005.

"Employee" means a natural person working for or on behalf of a business in exchange for compensation.

"Full-time" means any employee working for or on behalf of a business at least twenty (20) hours per week.

"Landscape contractor" has meaning given under ORS 701.015(6)(c).

"Person" means and includes individuals, corporations, unincorporated associations, partnerships and societies, whether or not for profit. (Ord. 08-001 § 1 (part))

5.04.020 Purpose.

- A. This privilege tax program established herein is purely for the provision of tax revenue only and is nonregulatory.
- B. The privilege tax authorized by this chapter is independent of and separate from other tax, license or permit fee(s) authorized and imposed by the city or other public entity. Any person or entity engaged in an activity or conduct subject to the regulatory provisions of the city shall be liable for the payment of any taxes, fees or costs provided for under the provisions of those regulations. (Ord. 08-001 § 1 (part))

5.04.030 License required--Exemptions.

- A. Unless otherwise exempt under the provisions of subsection B of this section, it is unlawful for a person to conduct business within the city without first having obtained a license pursuant to this chapter.
 - B. Exemptions. The provisions of this chapter shall not apply to:
 - 1. Any organization licensed under Oregon's Charitable Trust and Corporation Act (ORS 128.610 to 128.750) conducting a business in the city as a means to raise funds for said organization's charitable, religious eleemosynary or fraternal purposes.
 - 2. Producers of farm products raised in Oregon, produced by themselves or their immediate families and sold in the city by themselves or their immediate families.
 - 3. A contractor or landscape contractor as defined under ORS 701.005, who possesses a contractor's license issued by the Metropolitan Service District and:
 - a. Whose place of business in not located in the city; or
 - b. Who earns less than two hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$250,000.00) in gross revenues from business conducted in the city.

(Ord. 08-001 § 1 (part))

5.04.040 License fees.

- A. Upon application for a license under this chapter, a privilege tax shall be paid the city as the same may be established by council resolution. The privilege tax shall be composed of two parts: a basic amount and an additional increment based on the number of full-time employee(s) of the business, which increment may include a cap.
- B. The amount imposed for any privilege tax or fee as a result of the terms of this chapter shall be established and adjusted as necessary by city council resolution.
- C. The license issued under this chapter shall be valid for three hundred sixty-five (365) days from date of issuance.
- D. If a person operates a business in the city in more than one location, each location is considered a separate business for purposes of this chapter and licensure and tax.
- E. A business or service operated under concession or leased on the same premises, when the business is owned in whole or in part by a different person(s) shall be separately charged.
- F. If a business changes its name but continues to be owned by the same persons or entity, the name change shall be made to the city's license records for a fee set by resolution.
- G. If ownership of a business changes, though continuing with a same or different name, the new owner(s) shall obtain a business license and pay the appropriate tax. (Ord. 08-001 § 1 (part))

5.04.050 Application requirements--Initial issue.

Application for the issuance of a license shall be made prior to engaging in business in the city. Each business shall complete and submit an application to the city on forms provided by the city for that purpose. Business license applications shall be accompanied by payment of the appropriate tax. An application without concurrent payment of the privilege tax shall be deemed to be incomplete and shall not be accepted. The application for licensure shall contain the following:

- A. Name of business:
- B. Street and mailing addresses of business;
- C. Business owner or operator's name and title;
- D. Name of property owner on which business is located;
- E. A description of the business; and
- F. Payment of the appropriate tax. (Ord. 08-001 § 1 (part))

5.04.060 Application requirements--Renewal.

- A. Application for license renewal shall be made prior to a license's expiration and be made on forms supplied by the city.
- B. Persons filing late applications for license renewal shall pay, in addition to the application fee, a late fee in an amount set by council resolution. (Ord. 08-001 § 1 (part))

5.04.070 Criteria for approval or denial.

Any false or incomplete statement (including failure to pay in full any and all pertinent taxes and/or fee) made on an application or renewal for a business license is grounds for denial of the license authorized by this chapter.

(Ord. 08-001 § 1 (part))

5.04.080 Temporary business license.

Any person conducting a business within the city which is not domiciled nor otherwise permanently located in the city but is conducting business within the city for a period thirty (30) days or less annually shall apply for and receive a temporary business license and shall pay the license fee for such temporary business as may be established by council.

(Ord. 08-001 § 1 (part))

5.04.090 Business Recycling.

- A. All businesses required to have a City of Sherwood Business License shall recycle as follows:
- 1. Businesses shall source separate from the waste stream all paper, cardboard, glass and plastic bottles and jars, and aluminum and tin cans;
- 2. Businesses and business recycling service customers shall provide recycling containers for internal maintenance or work areas where recyclable materials may be collected, stored, or both; and
- 3. Businesses and business recycling service customers shall post accurate signs where recyclable materials are collected, stored, or both that identify the materials that the business must source separate and that provide recycling instructions.
- B. A business may seek an exemption from the requirements in subsection A if:
- 1. The business provides access to the City or designated agent for a site visit; and
- 2. The city or designated agent determines during the site visit that the business cannot comply with the business recycling requirement because of space or economic restrictions or other

- extenuating circumstances.
- C. To assist businesses in compliance with this section, the city or designated agent shall:
- 1. Notify businesses of the business recycling requirement at the time application is made for a business license;
- 2. Provide businesses with education and technical assistance to assist with meeting the requirements of this section; and
- 3. The city's business license procedures shall include provisions requiring that the business shall certify that they have complied with the requirements of this section upon signing the business license application and the business shall also certify upon renewal of the business license that they have complied with the requirements of this section.
- D. A business that does not comply with the business recycling requirement may receive a written notice of noncompliance. The notice shall describe:
 - 1. The violation.
 - 2. How the business or business recycling service customer can cure the violation within the time specified in the notice, and
 - 3. An offer of assistance with compliance.
- E. A business or business recycling service customer that does not cure the violation within the time specified in the notice of noncompliance may receive a written citation. The citation shall provide:
 - 1. An additional opportunity to cure the violation within the time specified on the citation, and
 - 2. Notification to the business or business recycling service customer that it may be subject to a fine.
- F. A business or business recycling service customer that does not cure the violation within the time specified in the notice of noncompliance may be subject to a fine.
 - G. Enforcement and remedies.
 - 1. Purpose. This chapter is to ensure all business recycling activity taking place in the city conforms to the applicable provisions of the Sherwood Municipal Code (SMC) as well as rules and regulations of METRO. It does this by providing the city manager (or their designate) with authority to impose civil penalties and take such remedial action(s) as are deemed reasonable and necessary by the city manager to effect compliance with the SMC or METRO rule or regulation.
 - 2. Responsible officer. The city manager or their designate are authorized to enforce the provisions of this chapter. That person(s) has authority to investigate complaints and conduct inspection(s)

- deemed necessary to ensure compliance with the terms of the SMC, METRO rules and regulations.
- 3. Violation. No person shall allow, suffer or permit any activity associated with the business recycling program located in the city to occur without said activity conforming to the requirements imposed by the SMC and/or METRO rules and regulations on that activity and consistent with the terms of the business license lawfully issued by an appropriate authority for said activity.
- 4. Non-exclusivity. This chapter is in addition to any other right or remedy afforded the city as may be provided elsewhere in the city code or as allowed under state or federal law to enforce the terms of its code and other regulation(s) including right(s) or remedy to summarily abate condition(s) on property within or without the city which threaten to or cause an imminent public health hazard in the city.
- 5. Separate violations. Each violation of a separate provision of the SMC, METRO rule or regulation or business license term or condition over which the city has jurisdiction may be treated as a separate violation and each day a violation is committed, is allowed or suffered to continue may also be deemed a separate violation.
- 6. Notice of violation--Service.
 - a. If a violation is determined to exist, the city manager will deliver or cause to be delivered notice of the violation to the owner(s) of the business and/or such other person(s) as the city manager reasonably believes is "a person in charge" of the business and/or violation. A "person in charge of the business" is one who has access to and/or control over the business.
 - b. Notice shall be accomplished by either personal service or by certified first class mail, return receipt requested. Notice may also be posted on the property or in any manner or combination of manners which under all the circumstances is most reasonably calculated to apprise the person(s) of the existence of the violation and pendency of the notice.
 - c. The notice shall contain, at a minimum, the following:
 - i. Location and nature of the violation:
 - ii. The provision or provision(s) of this code or other regulation(s) or permit term(s) over which the city has jurisdiction that have been violated;
 - iii. Whether the manager is seeking imposition of civil penalties and if so, the amount and the reasons supporting imposition thereof consistent with the reasons set out in SMC Section 5.0a.090(G)(8);
 - iv. The effective date of the notice;

- v. The existence of a right to appeal the notice of violation and, if applicable, the imposition and/or amount of any civil penalty or other cost sought by the city manager consistent with SMC Section 5.04.090(G)(7); and
- vi. That failure to appeal any civil penalty or other cost sought by the city may result in the revocation of the business license until said civil penalty or cost is paid.
- d. A defect in the notice neither affects the validity thereof nor its enforceability.

7. Appeals.

- a. Any person entitled to notice under Section 5.04.090(G)(6) may appeal the notice by filing an appeal with the municipal court. Any appeal must be filed not later than ten working days after the effective date of the notice or order. The appeal must be in writing and contain, at a minimum information on the following:
 - i. A heading entitled: "Before the Municipal Court for the City of Shenvood, Oregon."
 - ii. A listing of the names of all appellants participating in the appeal along with a brief statement setting forth the legal interest of each appellant in the property involved in the notice.
 - iii. A brief statement concerning the basis for the appeal together with any material fact(s) claimed to support those contentions and why the protested notice or action should be reversed, modified or otherwise set aside.
 - iv. The signatures of all parties named as appellants and their official mailing addresses and telephone numbers.
- b. The municipal court shall schedule a hearing on the appeal as soon as is reasonably possible, but in no event later than thirty (30) days after receipt of the appeal, unless otherwise agreed to by the city and appellants. At the time of the hearing on the appeal, the court shall allow city and appellant to present evidence with the burden thereof supporting a fact or position resting on the proponent of the fact or position. Irrelevant, immaterial or unduly repetitious evidence shall be excluded. All evidence of a type commonly relied upon by reasonably prudent persons in the conduct of their serious affairs shall be admissible. The municipal court shall give effect to the rules of privilege recognized by law.
- c. After the close of the hearing, the court shall issue a written order setting out the basis for its determination and may affirm, modify or reverse the decision of the city manager and may also take or order such other action(s) as are deemed appropriate to effect the court's determination, including the payment of any costs.
- d. The order of the municipal court is final and judicially reviewable only as provided by

the terms of ORS 34.010 to ORS 34.100.

8. Penalties.

- a. Unless specifically limited elsewhere in the Sherwood Municipal Code, the city manager is authorized to seek a civil penalty from any violator in an amount of up to two hundred fifty dollars (\$250.00) for violation of any of the provision(s) of the SMC, METRO rules and regulations or a lawfully issued business license.
- b. When determining the amount of a civil penalty, the city manager and, if appealed, the municipal court shall consider, at a minimum, the following factors and set out in the notice or determination those believed to apply to a situation:
 - i. Prior violations and whether those violations were remedied in a timely manner;
 - ii. The magnitude of the violation;
 - iii. Whether the violation was repeated or continuous; and
 - iv. Whether the violation was intentional or otherwise.

(Ord. No. 2009-001, § 1, 3-17-2009)

Chapter 5.08

AMUSEMENT GAMES

Sections:

5.08.010 Definitions.

5.08.020 License--Application.

5.08.030 License--Investigation.

5.08.040 License--Fee.

5.08.050 Permit required.

 ${\bf 5.08.060\ Posting\ of\ license\ and\ permit\ required.}$

5.08.070 License--Revocation.

5.08.080 Violation--Penalty.

5.08.010 Definitions.

Wherever the word "person" appears in this chapter, it shall mean and include a natural person, a firm, a corporation or co-partnership, and the singular number shall include the plural and the masculine gender the feminine and neuter, and vice versa in each case.

Wherever the word "proprietor" is used herein it shall mean any person, firm, corporation, partnership or other entity having on its premises any game, machine, or device herein described. (Ord. 741 § 1 (part), 1981; Ord. 124 § 1, 1937)

5.08.020 License--Application.

Any proprietor having or desiring to locate for use and operation in the city any pinball game, electronic game, pool tables, game tables, or other game, device or machine, the playing or operation of which involves an element of skill, shall make written application for license to do so, and file the same with the city recorder. Such application shall show the name, address and place of business of the applicant, a description of the machines, devices or game sufficient to identify the same, and the total number of such machines, devices or games desired to be covered by the application, and shall also set forth the addresses and locations of the places where the applicant desires to place or locate such tables, machines, devices or games.

The application shall be accompanied by deposit of one-quarter's license fee for each machine, device or game as set forth in the application. Such application filed with the recorder shall be referred by the recorder to the city council.

(Ord. 741 § 1 (part), 1981; Ord. 124 § 2, 1937)

5.08.030 License--Investigation.

The city council shall investigate the applicant and the machines, devices or games the applicant desires to have licensed and the places the applicant desires to place or locate such machines, devices or games. If upon investigation the city council shall approve the granting of the licenses applied for, they shall return the application to the recorder with its endorsement of approval, and the recorder shall thereupon issue the necessary license as approved. However, the city council may, in its discretion, approve such application for a lesser number of machines, devices or games than the number set forth in the application and shall in such case return the application to the recorder with its approving endorsement of number of machines, devices or games approved, and thereupon the recorder shall issue a license as provided herein. In case the proprietor does not desire a license for the reduced number of machines, devices or games, the deposit by him or her made at the time of filing his or her application shall be returned to him or her by the recorder. If the applicant accepts the license for the reduced number of machines, the recorder shall return to the applicant the deposit covering the number of machines, devices or games rejected by the council. When any application is rejected or disapproved by the council, they shall return the application to the recorder, with its endorsement or disapproval, and the recorder shall thereupon return the applicant his or her deposit. The council may in its discretion reject any or all applications for any reason or cause deemed sufficient by the council. (Ord. 741 § 1 (part), 1981; Ord. 124 § 3, 1937)

5.08.040 License--Fee.

The proprietor's license shall be issued for a period of one calendar year, and the license fee shall be twenty-five dollars (\$25.00) for each machine, device or game hereinbefore mentioned, placed or located as hereinbefore provided, which twenty-five dollar (\$25.00) fee shall license the operation of each machine for the period from January 1st through December 31st of each year, and such license must be renewed every year if the proprietor desires to continue the same. In the event the proprietor applies after July 1st of the current license year, the license fee for the balance of the license year shall be one-half the annual license fee. (Ord. 741 § 1 (part), 1981; Ord. 124 § 4, 1937)

5.08.050 Permit required.

At time the recorder issues the proprietor's license as hereinbefore provided, the recorder shall issue to the licensee a written permit for all of the machines, devices or games licensed and written permit shall be securely posted, in a conspicuous location, to the premises where the games, machines or devices are located. (Ord. 741 § 1 (part), 1981; Ord. 124 § 5, 1937)

5.08.060 Posting of license and permit required.

It is unlawful to maintain, keep or operate on the premises any such machine or device in condition or position that the same may be operated, played or used unless first a license and a permit issued pursuant hereto for such machine or device has been posted in a conspicuous place on the premises. It shall be a violation of this chapter for the owner, licensee or person in charge of any place or premises in the city to permit the use or operation of any such machine or device or game in his or her place or upon his or her premises unless such machine or device has been licensed hereunder.

(Ord. 741 § 1 (part), 1981; Ord. 124 § 6, 1937)

5.08.070 License--Revocation.

The city council of the city reserves the right to revoke any and all licenses issued hereunder at its discretion, either with or without notice to the licensee; provided that if such revocation is made without notice, the unexpired portion of the license therefor paid for shall be refunded or shall be deposited with the recorder to the credit of the licensee.

(Ord. 741 § 1 (part), 1981; Ord. 124 § 7, 1937)

5.08.080 Violation--Penalty.

Any person violating any provisions of this chapter shall upon conviction thereof be punished by a fine of not to exceed two hundred fifty dollars (\$250.00) for each machine, game, or device on the premises in violation of this chapter.

(Ord. 741 § 1 (part), 1981; Ord. 124 § 8, 1937)

Chapter 5.12

BINGO, LOTTO AND RAFFLE GAMES

Sections:

5.12.010 State bingo regulations adopted.

5.12.020 City exceptions.

5.12.030 City permit.

5.12.040 Issuance and renewal of city permit.

5.12.050 Suspension, revocation of permits.

5.12.060 Final determination of permits--Denial, suspension or revocation--Appeals.

5.12.070 Violation--Penalty.

5.12.010 State bingo regulations adopted.

ORS 167.117 through 167.118, and OAR 137-025-0020 through 137-025-0340, adopted by the Department of Justice pursuant to Chapter 464 Oregon Revised Statutes, and any amendments and additional regulations adopted by the Department of Justice pursuant thereto regulating bingo, lotto, and raffle games, are adopted by reference, except as specifically varied by this chapter. (Amended during 1998 codification; Ord. 88-872 § 1)

5.12.020 City exceptions.

The following additional restrictions, as permitted by ORS 464.430, shall be applied to bingo, lotto and raffle games operating within the city:

- A. No organization shall maintain, conduct or operate any bingo, lotto or raffle games for more than two days in any week (Monday through Sunday) nor shall any such bingo, lotto or raffle game activities be conducted for more than five hours on any one day (12:01 a.m. through midnight); nor shall any single structure be used as the location of bingo, lotto or raffle games on more than two days in any week except when conducted at an annual bazaar, open house or meeting that occurs only once in a twelve (12) month period and does not last longer than seven days.
- B. Persons who have not reached their eighteenth birthday shall not be permitted to participate in any bingo, lotto or raffle game as a player unless accompanied by a parent or lawful guardian who authorizes such participation.

(Ord. 88-872 § 2)

5.12.030 City permit.

Notwithstanding the requirements of state law, any person operating a bingo, lotto or raffle game within the city shall annually make application for a permit to operate within the city, on forms prescribed by the city, and pay an application fee of forty dollars (\$40.00). The applicant shall submit proof of compliance with state law, and copies of all applicable state permits, along with their application to operate a bingo, lotto, or raffle game within the city.

(Ord. 88-872 § 3)

5.12.040 Issuance and renewal of city permit.

- A. Upon the filing of an application for issuance or renewal of a bingo, lotto and raffle permit, and payment of the required fee, the chief of police shall cause the applicant to be investigated to ascertain the applicant's suitability to operate or conduct such activities. The permit shall be issued as soon as practicable by the city recorder unless grounds for denial as noted herein are established.
 - B. The application shall be denied by the city recorder if:
 - 1. The applicant, any principal managing individual thereof, or any individual who will be directly engaged in the management or operation of such activities has previously:
 - a. Engaged in the management or operation of a bingo or lotto game and the permit or license therefore has been suspended or revoked; or
 - b. Committed any crime involving theft, fraud or gambling activities.
 - 2. Such games as proposed by the application would not comply with all the applicable requirements of this chapter or state law.

- 3. Any statement in the application is found to be false.
- 4. The proposed location of such games would be a detriment to the immediate vicinity thereof due to an unreasonable congregation of pedestrian or vehicular traffic.
- 5. Any individual directly engaged in the management or operation of such activities commits any crime involving any provision of this chapter, in connection with the game activities for which a permit had been issued pursuant to this chapter.
- 6. The applicant does not hold all required state permits.
- C. The permit shall be for a term of one year, shall be nontransferable, shall expire on the first anniversary of its issuance, and shall be valid only for a single location. If the permittee wished to change the location, a written request for such change, including the address of the new location, shall be provided at least ten days prior to such change for approval by the city recorder. (Ord. 88-872 § 4)

5.12.050 Suspension, revocation of permits.

- A. Any permit issued pursuant to this chapter may be suspended or revoked by the city recorder for any cause which would be grounds for denial of a permit application, or when an investigation reveals any material violation of the provisions of this chapter.
- B. Any permit may be suspended or revoked by the city recorder when an investigation reveals that the game activities cause, because of persons frequenting the premises, litter, noise, vandalism, vehicular or pedestrian traffic congestion, or other neighborhood locational problems, in the area around the premises where such games are conducted.
- C. The suspension or revocation of any permit issued pursuant to this chapter may only be made by providing the permittee written notice of such action and the reasons therefor. Refusal of service by the permittee is prima facie evidence of receipt of such notice. Service of such notice upon the person in charge of such game activities, during the operation thereof, shall constitute service upon the permittee. (Ord. 88-872 § 5)

5.12.060 Final determination of permits--Denial, suspension or revocation--Appeals.

- A. Any denial, suspension or revocation shall become effective and final ten days after the giving of such written notice, as required by Section 5.12.050C of this chapter, unless it is appealed, within that time period, to the council by the filing of a written notice of appeal with the city recorder.
- B. The filing of a timely appeal of a denial, suspension or revocation shall stay the effect of such order until the appeal has been determined by the council.
- C. Upon receipt of notice of the appeal, the city recorder shall give notice to the chief of police and city manager, and the city recorder shall set a date for a council hearing on the matter. At the hearing, the

manager and the chief or their designees shall report to the council concerning the matter and the reason(s) for denying, suspending or revoking the permit. The applicant or permittee shall have an opportunity to present evidence, heard by the council, and file a written statement. At the conclusion of the hearing, the council shall determine the appeal; the decision of the council shall be final and effective immediately. (Ord. 88-872 § 6)

5.12.070 Violation--Penalty.

The penalties provided in the state statutes and regulations which are adopted by reference in this chapter, shall also be the sanctions and penalties applicable to the violation of the additional restrictions and regulations adopted by the city, as set forth in this chapter.

(Ord. 88-872 § 7)

Chapter 5.20

LIQUOR ESTABLISHMENTS

Sections:

5.20.010 Definitions.

5.20.020 Persons not allowed to drink alcoholic liquor on licensed premises.

5.20.030 Employees over eighteen years of age.

5.20.040 Loitering on licensed premises by minors.

5.20.050 Minors not permitted to drink or loiter on licensed premises.

5.20.060 Permitting minors on licensed premises.

5.20.070 Delivering or selling liquor by minor.

5.20.080 Interdicted persons.

5.20.090 Sales by unlicensed persons prohibited.

5.20.100 Intoxicated persons on licensed premises.

5.20.110 Consumption of liquor in beer parlor.

5.20.120 Disposal of liquor containers.

5.20.130 Lawful hours of sale.

5.20.140 Defense of written age statement.

5.20.150 Bartender not to drink on duty.

5.20.160 Possession of alcoholic liquor on premises to conform to license.

5.20.170 Consumption of alcoholic liquors in public places prohibited.

5.20.180 Liquor in public dance hall prohibited.

5.20.190 Nuisances.

5.20.200 Arresting officer to seize property.

5.20.210 Responsibility of licensee for employees.

5.20.220 Civil penalty.

5.20.230 Liquor commission to be notified.

5.20.010 Definitions.

As used in this chapter:

"Alcoholic liquor" means any alcoholic beverage containing more than one-half of one percent of alcohol by volume.

"Commission" means the Oregon Liquor Control Commission as provided for by the Oregon Liquor Control Act.

"Hard liquor" means any alcoholic beverage, including sweet wines and all spirituous liquors, containing fourteen (14) percent or more alcohol by volume.

"Licensee" means a person who has an alcoholic liquor license from the commission authorizing such person to sell or dispense alcoholic liquor.

"Licensed premises" means the room or enclosure at the address within the corporate limits of the city of Sherwood, Oregon, for which a license has been issued by the commission for the serving, mixing, handling or selling of alcoholic liquor.

"Malt beverage" means malt beverage as defined in the Oregon Liquor Control Act.

"Minor" means any person under the age of twenty-one (21) years.

"Oregon Liquor Control Act" means the state law so designated by ORS 471.027 as now or hereafter amended and supplemented, and includes the Oregon Distilled Liquor Control Act as defined by ORS 472.020 as now or hereafter amended and supplemented.

"Other responsible relative" means:

- 1. An adult who is the spouse of a minor;
- 2. An adult, related to the minor, who has taken over the parental duties of governing the minor's actions; or
- 3. A duly appointed, qualified and acting guardian who has taken over the parental duties of governing the minor's actions.

"Person" means and includes an individual, partnership, corporation, association or club.

"Sell" means and includes: soliciting or receiving an order for or keeping, offering or exposing for sale, delivering for value or in any way other than gratuitous, peddling, keeping with intent to sell, to traffic in, for any consideration, promised or obtained, direct or indirect, or under any pretext or by any means whatsoever, procuring or allowing to be procured alcoholic liquor for any other person.

As used in this chapter, the singular includes the plural, and the masculine includes the feminine. (Ord. 529 § 1, 1963)

5.20.020 Persons not allowed to drink alcoholic liquor on licensed premises.

No person shall allow or permit any person who is visibly intoxicated, or who is under an order of interdiction issued by any court, to drink or consume any alcoholic liquor upon any licensed premises. (Ord. 529 § 3, 1963)

5.20.030 Employees over eighteen years of age.

Nothing contained in Sections 5.20.040, 5.20.050, 5.20.060 and 5.20.070 of this chapter shall be construed to prohibit activities authorized by ORS 471.375, 471.480, and 471.482 with respect to lawful service by employees eighteen (18) years of age or older. (Ord. 98-1039 § 1)

5.20.040 Loitering on licensed premises by minors.

Except as provided in Section 5.20.060 of this chapter, no minor, whether or not he or she is accompanied by a parent or other responsible relative, shall enter, loiter or remain on any licensed premises, or any portion thereof, which has been posted by the commission to prohibit the use thereof by minors. (Ord. 529 § 6, 1963)

5.20.050 Minors not permitted to drink or loiter on licensed premises.

- A. No licensee or his or her employee or agent shall permit any minor to:
- 1. Consume an alcoholic liquor upon any licensed premises, whether or not such alcoholic liquor is given to the minor by a parent or other responsible relative.
- 2. Loiter on such licensed premises which have been posted by the commission to prohibit the use thereof by minors, except as provided in Section 5.20.060 of this chapter.
- 3. Remain upon such premises or any portion thereof except as provided in Section 5.20.060 of this chapter.
- B. The fact that a parent or other responsible relative has accompanied a minor upon any licensed premises shall not constitute a defense to any charge brought for violation of this section, except as provided in Section 5.20.060 of this chapter.

 (Ord. 529 § 7, 1963)

5.20.060 Permitting minors on licensed premises.

- A. The provisions of Sections 5.20.040 and 5.20.050 of this chapter shall not be construed to prohibit:
 - 1. Any minor from entering any licensed premises, or portion thereof, for the transaction of any business pursuant to his or her duties in the regular course of his or her lawful employment.
 - 2. A minor spouse from entering and remaining on licensed premises or any portion thereof when he or she is in the immediate company of his or her spouse who is twenty-one (21) years of age or older.
- B. This section shall not be construed to authorize a minor spouse to consume alcoholic liquor on any licensed premises. (Ord. 529 § 8, 1963)

5.20.070 Delivering or selling liquor by minor.

- A. No minor, either for himself or herself, or as agent or employee of another shall sell, offer for sale or deliver any alcoholic liquor.
- B. No person shall employ, hire or engage any minor to sell, offer for sale or deliver any alcoholic liquor.

(Ord. 529 § 9, 1963)

5.20.080 Interdicted persons.

No person under an order of interdiction by any court shall possess, purchase or attempt to purchase any alcoholic liquor.

(Ord. 529 § 10, 1963)

5.20.090 Sales by unlicensed persons prohibited.

No person shall sell alcoholic liquor unless he or she has a license from the commission to sell alcoholic liquor. Sales by a licensee or his or her employee shall be only such sales as are authorized by the license issued for the premises.

(Ord. 529 § 11, 1963)

5.20.100 Intoxicated persons on licensed premises.

No licensee or his or her employee or agent shall permit a visibly intoxicated person to enter or remain upon the licensed premises which the licensee controls. (Ord. 529 § 12, 1963)

5.20.110 Consumption of liquor in beer parlor.

No licensee or his or her employee or agent shall knowingly permit any alcoholic liquor containing more than fourteen (14) percent of alcohol by volume to be brought upon or consumed upon the premises which he or she controls where the license of that premises permits only the sale and consumption of malt beverages. (Ord. 98-1039 § 2: Ord. 529 § 13, 1963)

5.20.120 Disposal of liquor containers.

- A. No licensee or his or her employee or agent shall permit any empty or discarded containers of alcoholic liquor to be in the public view on the exterior of his or her licensed premises or in parking areas maintained in connection with such premises.
- B. Every licensee or his or her employee or his or her agent who is serving hard liquor under the provisions of a dispenser's license shall break and destroy all hard liquor bottles as such bottles are emptied.
- C. No person shall discard, throw away or dispose of any container of alcoholic liquor, whether broken or not, upon any street, alley, public grounds or public place.

5.20.130 Lawful hours of sale.

- A. Subject to the provisions of subsection B of this section, no person shall sell, dispense or allow the consumption of any alcoholic liquor on any licensed premises, nor shall any licensee or his or her employee or agent deliver or permit the removal of any alcoholic liquor to, on or from any licensed premises, between the hours of one a.m. and seven a.m.
- B. A licensee in lawful possession of a club, restaurant or dispenser's license may permit the privileges granted by such licenses between the hours of seven a.m. and two-thirty a.m. of the day following, and may allow, after closing hours, any person who is not visibly intoxicated to remove from the club or restaurant premises alcoholic liquor lawfullybrought upon the licensed premises by such person. (Ord. 529 § 16, 1963)

5.20.140 Defense of written age statement.

If a licensee or his or her employee or his or her agent is prosecuted in the municipal court under this chapter for selling alcoholic liquor to a minor, or permitting a minor to consume alcoholic liquor or to enter or loiter upon the licensed premises, the licensee or his or her employee or agent may offer in his or her defense any written statement made by or for such minor prior to the violation, which statement was made and taken pursuant to the laws of Oregon and the rules and regulations of the commission, and such statement shall constitute a prima facie defense.

(Ord. 529 § 18, 1963)

5.20.150 Bartender not to drink on duty.

No bartender shall drink or consume any alcoholic liquor, or be under the influence of alcoholic liquor, while on duty in a licensed premises.

(Ord. 529 § 19, 1963)

5.20.160 Possession of alcoholic liquor on premises to conform to license.

No licensee or his or her employee or agent shall have in his or her possession on the licensed premises any alcoholic liquor that is not included within the scope of his or her license. (Ord. 529 § 20, 1963)

5.20.170 Consumption of alcoholic liquors in public places prohibited.

No person shall drink or consume any alcoholic liquor in or upon any street, alley, public grounds, or other public place unless such place has been licensed for that purpose by the Oregon Liquor Control Commission.

(Ord. 529 § 21, 1963)

5.20.180 Liquor in public dance hall prohibited.

No person shall possess, keep, sell, give away, or otherwise dispose of or consume alcoholic liquor in any public dance hall, or in any room or building used for public dancing, that is not licensed under the Oregon Liquor Control Act.

(Ord. 529 § 22, 1963)

5.20.190 Nuisances.

Any room, house, building, boat, structure or place of any kind where alcoholic liquor is sold, manufactured, bartered or given away in violation of the law, or where persons are permitted to resort for the purpose of drinking alcoholic liquors in violation of the law, or any place where alcoholic liquors are kept for sale, barter, or gift in violation of the law, and all alcoholic liquor whether purchased from or through the Oregon Liquor Control Commission or purchased or acquired from any source, and all property including bars, glasses, mixers, lockers, chairs, tables, cash registers, music devices and all furniture, furnishings and equipment, and all facilities for the mixing, storing, serving or drinking of alcoholic liquor kept and used in such place, are declared to be a common nuisance; and any person who maintains or assists in maintaining such common nuisance is guilty of a violation of this chapter.

(Ord. 529 § 23, 1963)

5.20.200 Arresting officer to seize property.

When an officer arrests any person for violation of this chapter, the officer shall take into his or her possession all alcoholic liquor and other property included under Section 5.20.190 of this chapter which the person arrested has in his or her possession, or on his or her premises, which apparently is being used or kept in violation of this chapter. If the person arrested is convicted, and the court finds that the alcoholic liquor and other property have been used in violation of this chapter, such forfeiture proceedings as are authorized by ORS 471.605, 471.610 and 471.615 may be instituted. (Ord. 529 § 24, 1963)

5.20.210 Responsibility of licensee for employees.

Each licensee is responsible and liable to prosecution for any violation of any provision of this chapter pertaining to his licensed premises and for any act or omission of any servant, agent or employee of such licensee in violation of any provision of this chapter. (Ord. 529 § 25, 1963)

5.20.220 Civil penalty.

Violation of any provision of this chapter is punishable, upon conviction in the municipal court, by a civil fine not exceeding five hundred dollars (\$500.00). (Ord. 98-1039 § 4: Ord. 529 § 26, 1963)

5.20.230 Liquor commission to be notified.

When a conviction is obtained against any licensee of the commission, or a conviction is obtained against any person where the violation was committed on a licensed premises, the municipal court shall notify the Oregon Liquor Control Commission of such conviction.

Chapter 5.24

TAXICABS

Sections:

5.24.010 Definitions.

5.24.020 Permit--Required.

5.24.030 Permit--Cancellation.

5.24.040 Permit--Application-- Insurance--Fees.

5.24.050 Permit--Application-- Vehicle inspection.

5.24.060 Permit--Contents.

5.24.070 Rate schedule-- Designated.

5.24.080 Rate schedule--Effective date.

5.24.090 Refusal to pay rates unlawful.

5.24.100 Driver identification card.

5.24.110 Rate schedule--Posting requirements.

5.24.120 Permit--Transfer.

5.24.130 Violation--Penalty.

5.24.010 Definitions.

As used in this chapter:

"Motor vehicle" means and includes every self-propelled vehicle by or upon which any person or persons may be transported or carried upon any public highway, street or alley, excepting vehicles used exclusively upon stationary rails or tracks.

"Person" means and includes natural persons of either sex, firms, copartnerships, associations and corporations whether acting by themselves or by servant, agent or employee, and the singular includes the plural, and the masculine pronoun includes the feminine.

"Taxicab" means and includes every motor vehicle having a seating capacity of five passengers or less as per manufacturer's ratings used for the transportation of passengers for hire and not operating exclusively over a fixed and definite route.

(Ord. 791 § 1, 1983)

5.24.020 Permit--Required.

It is unlawful for any person to engage in a taxicab business within the city without first securing a permit for the conduct of a taxicab business under the provisions of this chapter. The fee for conducting a taxicab business shall be one hundred fifty dollars (\$150.00) per year (prorated on a quarterly basis) and shall include the business license fee, and shall be paid on or before July 1st of each year. This chapter shall not apply to persons providing taxicab service not based within the corporate limits of the city who deliver passengers from without the city to destinations within the city, but shall apply to all persons providing taxicab service based within the city or who pick up passengers within the city. (Ord. 791 § 2, 1983)

5.24.030 Permit--Cancellation.

- A. Notice--Hearing Required. Any permit and the accompanying business license issued for the conduct of a taxicab business under the terms of this chapter may be cancelled by the city council after notice to the permittee and affording permittee a hearing before the city council if requested in writing, for any of the following causes:
 - 1. Wilful violation of the terms and conditions of this chapter;
 - 2. Knowingly authorizing or permitting any person to operate a taxicab in the city in violation of regulatory or statutory requirements pertinent to the registration or licensing of vehicles or operators;
 - 3. Knowingly employing a person who has been convicted of a felony or of any crime concerning which the use of a firearm is an element, excepting only game law violations, or knowingly employing any person whose driving privileges are suspended by the state of Oregon for any reason.
- B. Notice and Hearing Not Required. Notwithstanding subsection A of this section, the permit shall automatically terminate and permittee shall immediately cease operations upon the day prior to the effective date of any cancellation, lapse, or termination of the insurance coverages required by this chapter and the permit shall not be reinstated until proof of that insurance coverage has been furnished. (Ord. 791 § 3, 1983)

5.24.040 Permit--Application-- Insurance--Fees.

Any person desiring to obtain a permit to operate taxicabs within the city shall file with the recorder an application setting forth the following information:

- A. The name and address of the applicant;
- B. The citizenship of the applicant;
- C. The make, serial number, motor number, latest Oregon license number, and the PUC number, if any, on each taxicab operated by the applicant;
- D. The amount and name of the company in which public liability and property damage insurance is carried, together with proof that the current premiums are fully paid. Liability insurance limits for each taxicab and driver and for the permittee shall be not less than one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000.00) for injuries to one person, three hundred thousand dollars (\$300,000.00) for all injuries in one accident, and twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000.00) for property damage. The policy shall have an endorsement thereon that same will not be cancelled without fifteen (15) days prior written notice to the city of Sherwood.

(Ord. 791 § 4, 1983)

5.24.050 Permit--Application-- Vehicle inspection.

- A. If the city administrator shall disapprove the application for any reason within the purview of this chapter, the city administrator shall place the application on the agenda for consideration by the city council.
- B. The city shall require that any vehicle used as a taxicab shall be certified to be safe at time of license renewal. (Ord. 791 § 5, 1983)

5.24.060 Permit--Contents.

Each permit issued to operate a taxicab business in the city shall have printed or typed thereon the number of the business permit, the period for which the permit fee is paid, the name of the permittee, and the following data with respect to each taxicab to be operated under authority of such permit:

- A. Make;
- B. Serial number;
- C. State license number;
- D. Legal owner of vehicle;
- E. Registered owner of vehicle. (Ord. 791 § 6, 1983)

5.24.070 Rate schedule--Designated.

The following schedule of rates may be charged and collected for the transportation of passengers in taxicabs for trips within the city and within three miles from the city limits, and it is unlawful for any charge in excess thereof to be made.

All fares shall be determined by a taximeter, to be inspected by the chief of police annually, except those allowed by subsection F of this section.

- A. An initial flag drop charge of one dollar.
- B. Subsequent to the initial flag drop charge provided for in subsection A of this section the maximum rate shall be ten cents for each one-tenth mile or fraction thereof and/or waiting time for each one minute ormore.
- C. For each extra passenger over twelve (12) years of age, fifty cents additional charge.
- D. Waiting time at the maximum rate of twelve dollars (\$12.00) per hour shall include the time when the taxicab is not moving, beginning with the time of arrival at the place to which the taxicab has been called, or the time consumed while the taxicab is standing or waiting at the direction of the passenger, or forced to stand because of prevailing traffic conditions. No charge shall be made on account of time lost on account of inefficiency of the taxicab or its operation, or

time consumed by premature response to a call.

- E. No charge shall be made for traveling without passenger unless the taxicab has been engaged for messenger service, in which event the rates applicable to a single passenger shall be the maximum charge therefor. Delivery service rate shall be a maximum of four dollars for the first mile and one dollar and twenty cents per mile up to fifteen (15) miles, and one dollar thereafter.
- F. A maximum service charge of one dollar shall be made for calls refused after being ordered.
- G. Passengers showing a senior citizen ID card shall be extended a fifteen (15) percent discount from the rates established above.

(Ord. 791 § 7, 1983)

5.24.080 Rate schedule--Effective date.

The rates set forth in Section 5.24.070 of this chapter for taxicab service to be rendered by any business permittee pursuant to the terms of this chapter are effective immediately and remain in effect until modified or changed by amendment to this chapter, and no other or different rates shall at any time be charged or collected for taxicab service hereunder, either directly or indirectly. (Ord. 791 § 8, 1983)

5.24.090 Refusal to pay rates unlawful.

It is unlawful for any person to fail or refuse to pay the rates herein fixed and provided for after having hired taxicab service. A telephone order for taxi service at a given address shall constitute the hiring of a taxicab. A person or persons refusing to ride after hiring a taxi must pay a service charge in accordance with Section 5.24.070 of this chapter.

(Ord. 791 § 9, 1983)

5.24.100 Driver identification card.

All persons employed by the holder of a business permit hereunder to operate taxicabs under the terms and provisions hereof shall meet all requirements of the Oregon Motor Vehicle Code for taxicab operators and shall at all times conduct themselves in a respectful and courteous manner. An identification card, to be approved by the chief of police, including the name and photograph of all operators, shall be posted in each vehicle so as to be readily visible to any passenger. (Ord. 791 § 10, 1983)

5.24.110 Rate schedule--Posting requirements.

Each vehicle shall have posted in a conspicuous place a card listing the rates and charges as established by this chapter where such rates may be easily read and understood by passengers. (Ord. 791 § 11, 1983)

5.24.120 Permit--Transfer.

Any permit issued hereunder shall be non-assignable, except that if the proposed assignee shall make similar application to the city recorder and shall meet all terms and conditions hereof, upon approval of the proposed assignment by the city council a transfer of all rights and privileges may be authorized. (Ord. 791 § 12, 1983)

5.24.130 Violation--Penalty.

Violation of this chapter is a violation and not a crime and is punishable by a fine not to exceed one hundred fifty dollars (\$150.00). (Ord. 791 § 13, 1983)

Chapter 5.28

PROCESS AND FEES FOR LIQUOR LICENSES

Sections:
5.28.010 Purpose.
5.28.015 Application.
5.28.020 Application review.
5.28.025 Information from applicant.
5.28.030 Time frames for response.
5.28.035 Standards and criteria.
5.28.040 Fees.
5.28.045 Effective date.

5.28.010 Purpose.

Oregon statute authorizes the Oregon Liquor Control Commission (OLCC) to take into consideration the written recommendation of the city concerning approval or denial of initial or renewal licenses and/or imposition of restrictions on license privileges and the conduct of operations at licensed premises in the city. This chapter sets forth the process for review of liquor license applications, and establishes the standards and criteria to be considered by the city manager in addressing such applications. (Ord. 04-009 (part))

5.28.015 Application.

An application shall consist of a legible copy of the OLCC "Liquor License Application." When the application is for a new outlet, the applicant shall provide legible copies of the "Individual History" form and "Business Information" form or other forms required by OLCC to be submitted with the application. (Ord. 04-009 (part))

5.28.020 Application review.

The city manager shall refer each application to the police department and to such other departments deemed by him/her as appropriate. Any department receiving an application shall, if appropriate, conduct an investigation and shall report findings and recommendations, if any, to the city manager. (Ord. 04-009 (part))

5.28.025 Information from applicant.

A department designated to review an application or to review a renewal of an existing license, may require the applicant to supply additional information necessary to determine the qualifications of the applicant for the proposed application or renewal. If the applicant fails to supply the information required or submits false or misleading information, the city manager may recommend denial of the application. (Ord 04-009 (part))

5.28.030 Time frames for response.

- A. License Actions. The city manager shall provide a recommendation, if any, to OLCC within forty-five (45) days of receipt of an application. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the city manager may within that forty-five-(45) day period, file a written request meeting the requirements of subsection C of this section seeking an additional forty-five (45) days within which to render a recommendation.
- B. Renewal Applications. The city manager shall provide a recommendation, if any, to OLCC within sixty (60) days of notification by OLCC that an existing licensee is eligible for renewal. The city manager may, within that sixty-(60) day period, file with OLCC a written request meeting the requirements of subsection C of this rule and seeking an additional forty-five (45) days within which to render its recommendation.
- C. Extension Requests. City manager requests for additional time to provide a recommendation shall: 1) set forth the reason additional time is needed; 2) state that the city manager is considering making an unfavorable recommendation; and 3) state the specific grounds being considered toward an unfavorable recommendation.

(Ord. 04-009 (part))

5.28.035 Standards and criteria.

The criteria for issuance and maintenance of licenses contained in OAR 845-005-0308(2004) are adopted by this reference as the standards and criteria to be considered by the city manager in recommending approval or denial of an application.

(Ord. 04-009 (part))

5.28.040 Fees.

In lieu of the application fee set forth in ORS 471.166(7), the city of Sherwood shall charge the following fees in connection with review and processing of liquor license applications:

A.	\$100.00	Original new outlet
		application.
B.	\$ 75.00	Change in ownership or
		licensee, change in location
		or change in privilege
		application.
C.	\$ 35.00	Renewal or temporary
		application.

These fees may be changed by further resolution of the council. (Ord. 04-009 (part))

5.28.045 Effective date.

The ordinance codified in this chapter shall become effective the thirtieth (30th) day after its enactment by the city council and approval by the mayor. (Ord. 04-009 (part))

Title 6

ANIMALS

Chapters:

6.04 Dogs

Chapter 6.04

DOGS*

* **Editors Note:** Ord. No. 2010-013, § 1, adopted August 17, 2010, amended the Code by repealing former Ch. 6.04, §§ 6.040.010--6.04.100, and adding a new Ch. 6.04. Former Ch. 6.04 pertained to similar subject matter, and derived from Ord. 658 of 1975, Ord. 98-1049, Ord. 04-014, Ord. 05-015, and Ord. 06-010.

Sections:

6.04.005 Definitions.

6.04.010 Unlicensed dogs prohibited.

6.04.020 Animal public nuisance prohibited.

6.04.030 Dog running at large prohibited.

6.04.040 Dogs prohibited from athletic fields.

6.04.050 Dangerous dogs prohibited.

6.04.005 Definitions.

Athletic fields: Means any natural grass baseball, soccer or football or lacrosse field, or any other clearly marked athletic field that is contained by a fence, and all synthetic turf fields whether fenced or not.

Dangerous dog: Means any dog that has, due to the lack of proper and adequate supervision and control by its keeper, committed a harmful act against human beings.

Dog: Means any domestic mammal of the canine family.

Dog running at large: Means a dog off or outside the premises of its keeper, not restrained by a rope, line, leash, chain, or other similar tether not more than six feet in length. If a dog is not restrained by a tether of some kind, is not contained by the continuous fence of a yard or dog park that dog shall be deemed at large.

Harmful act: Means the unprovoked biting, chasing and attempted biting or nipping, or jumping upon and knocking down; while the dog is off or outside the premises of the keeper.

Keeper: Means any person who keeps, has custody of, controls, is responsible for the care of, possesses or harbors a dog, or otherwise permits a dog to reside on property owned by the person, whether or not the person has an ownership interest in the dog. In a family situation, the adult head(s) of the household are presumed to be the keepers, jointly and severally, of the dog. (Ord. No. 2010-013, § 1, 8-17-2010)

6.04.010 Unlicensed dogs prohibited.

It is unlawful to keep, or be the keeper of, any dog that is not properly and currently licensed through Washington County Animal Services.

Penalty. Violations of this section shall be classified as a Class C violation punishable by up to a fifty dollar (\$50.00) fine.

(Ord. No. 2010-013, § 1, 8-17-2010)

6.04.020 Animal public nuisance prohibited.

Noise Disturbance. It is unlawful for the keeper of any dog to permit any sound produced by the dog which annoys, disturbs, injures or endangers the comfort, repose, health, peace, or safety of others.

Animal Waste. It is unlawful for the keeper of any dog to permit the dog to defecate upon public property or upon the private property of another, unless the person immediately removes the feces and properly disposes of it.

Harassing other animals. It is unlawful for the keeper of any dog to permit the dog to chase or bite another animal, provided the chasing or biting occurs off or outside the premise of the keeper.

Penalty. Violations of this section shall be classified as a Class C violation punishable by up to a two hundred fifty dollar (\$250.00) fine. (Ord. No. 2010-013, § 1, 8-17-2010)

6.04.030 Dog running at large prohibited.

It is unlawful for the keeper of any dog to permit the dog to run at large.

Penalty. Violations of this section shall be classified as a Class C violation punishable by up to a two hundred fifty dollar (\$250.00) fine. (Ord. No. 2010-013, § 1, 8-17-2010)

6.04.040 Dogs prohibited from athletic fields.

It is unlawful for the keeper of any dog to permit the dog to be on or about any athletic fields.

Penalty. Violations of this section shall be classified as a Class C violation punishable by up to a one hundred fifty dollar (\$150.00) fine. (Ord. No. 2010-013, § 1, 8-17-2010)

6.04.050 Dangerous dogs prohibited.

It is unlawful for any person to be the keeper of a dangerous dog.

Penalty: Violations of this subsection shall be classified as a Class B violation punishable by up to a five hundred dollar (\$500.00) fine.

(Ord. No. 2010-013, § 1, 8-17-2010)

(Reserved)

Title 8

HEALTH AND SAFETY

Chapters:

8.04 Abandoned, Discarded and Hazardously Located Vehicles

8.08 Alarm Systems

8.12 Fire Prevention Code

8.16 Property Maintenance Code

8.20 Solid Waste Management

Chapter 8.04

ABANDONED, DISCARDED AND HAZARDOUSLY LOCATED VEHICLES

Sections:

8.04.010 Short title.

8.04.020 Definitions.

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8.04.040 Abandoned vehicles--Offense.

8.04.050 Possession by person taken into custody regarding impoundment.

8.04.060 Authority of police officer to order impoundment of vehicle driven by person believed to have committed certain offenses pursuant to Chapter 514 Oregon Laws 1997.

8.04.070 Removal--Notice prior to removal of vehicle and contents pursuant to authority of ORS 819.110.

8.04.080 Impoundment--Notice after removal pursuant to authority of ORS 819.120.

8.04.090 Procedure for removal of vehicles that have no identification markings.

8.04.100 Impoundment of uninsured vehicles.

8.04.110 Possessory lien for towing charges.

8.04.120 Hearing to contest validity of custody and removal.

8.04.130 Failure to appear.

8.04.140 Disposal.

8.04.010 Short title.

The ordinance codified in this chapter shall be known and may be cited as the vehicle impoundment ordinance and may be referred to hereafter as this chapter.

(Ord. 04-005 § 1 (Exh. A)(part): Ord. 97-1032 § 4)

8.04.020 Definitions.

As used in this chapter, unless the context requires otherwise:

"Abandoned" or "abandoned vehicle" means a vehicle left unoccupied and unclaimed or in such damaged, disabled or dismantled condition that it is inoperable. A vehicle shall be considered abandoned if it

was present in the same location for more than seventy-two (72) hours or within a five hundred- (500) foot radius of its earlier position and one or more of the following conditions exist:

- 1. The vehicle does not have an unexpired license plate lawfully fixed to it; or
- 2. The vehicle appears to be inoperative or disabled; or
- 3. The vehicle appears to be wrecked, partially dismantled or junked; or
- 4. The vehicle has not moved in seventy-two (72) hours and appears to have been stored.

"City" means the city of Sherwood.

"Costs" means the expense of removing, storing and selling an impounded vehicle.

"Hazard" means a vehicle standing in such a manner as to jeopardize public safety and the efficient movement of traffic, including but not limited to the situation described in ORS 819.120.

"Law enforcement officer" is a law enforcement officer of the city or other city employee authorized to enforce this chapter.

"Owner" means any individual, firm, corporation or unincorporated association with a claim, either individually or jointly, of ownership or any interest, legal or equitable, in a vehicle.

"Vehicle" means every device in, upon or by which any person or property is or may be transported or drawn upon a public highway, except devices used exclusively upon stationary rail or tracts. (Ord. 04-005 § 1 (Exh. A)(part): Ord. 97-1032 § 5)

8.04.030 Parking or standing in excess of seventy-two hours.

No vehicle shall be abandoned upon the right-of-way of any city street or state highway for a period in excess of seventy-two (72) hours.

(Ord. 04-005 § 1 (Exh. A)(part): Ord. 97-1032 § 6)

8.04.040 Abandoned vehicles--Offense.

A person commits the offense of abandoning a vehicle if:

- A. The person abandons the vehicle on any public right-of-way or on public property of the city;
- B. The owner of the vehicle as shown by the records of the Department of Motor Vehicles shall be considered responsible for the abandonment of a vehicle and shall be liable for the cost of removal and disposition of the abandoned vehicle;
- C. A vehicle abandoned in violation of this section is subject to the provisions for removal of abandoned vehicles under Sections 8.04.060 and 8.04.070 of this chapter;

D. The offense described in this section is a Class B traffic infraction. (Ord. 04-005 § 1 (Exh. A)(part): Ord. 97-1032 § 7)

8.04.050 Possession by person taken into custody regarding impoundment.

Any vehicle in the possession of a person taken into custody by a law enforcement officer shall be towed if:

- A. The person taken into custody is advised of the options available for vehicle disposition and requests the vehicle be towed;
- B. The vehicle is in possession of a person taken into custody by a law enforcement agency and the officer taking the person into custody reasonably believes that the vehicle constitutes a hazard;
- C. A police officer reasonably believes that the vehicle is stolen;
- D. A police officer reasonably believes that the vehicle or its contents constitute evidence of any offense, and such towing is reasonably necessary to obtain or preserve such evidence;
- E. The person in possession of the vehicle requests that someone be called to remove the vehicle and the person contacted to remove the vehicle does not take possession of the vehicle within fifteen (15) minutes of being contacted and a police officer reasonably believes that the vehicle constitutes a hazard.

(Ord. 04-005 § 1 (Exh. A)(part): Ord. 97-1032 § 8)

8.04.060 Authority of police officer to order impoundment of vehicle driven by person believed to have committed certain offenses pursuant to Chapter 514 Oregon Laws 1997.

- A. A police officer who has probable cause to believe that a person, at or just prior to the time the police officer stops the person, has committed an offense described in this subsection may, without prior notice, order the vehicle impounded until a person with right to possession of the vehicle complies with the conditions for release or the vehicle is ordered released by a hearings officer. This subsection applies to the following offenses:
 - 1. Driving while suspended or revoked in violation of ORS 811.175 or 811.182;
 - 2. Driving while under the influence of intoxicants in violation of ORS 813.010;
 - 3. Operating without driving privileges or in isolation of license restrictions in violation of ORS 807.010.
- B. Notice that the vehicle has been impounded shall be given to the same parties, in the same manner and within the same time limits as provided in ORS 819.180 for notice after removal of a vehicle.
 - C. A vehicle impounded under subsection A of this section shall be released to a person entitled to

lawful possession upon compliance with the following:

- 1. Submission of proof that a person with valid driving privileges will be operating the vehicle;
- 2. Submission of proof of compliance with financial responsibility requirements for the vehicle;
- 3. Payment to the police agency of an administrative fee determined by the agency to be sufficient to recover its actual administrative costs for the impoundment.
- D. Notwithstanding subsection C of this section, a person who holds a security interest in the impounded vehicle may obtain release of the vehicle by paying the administrative fee.
- E. When a person entitled to possession of the impounded vehicle has complied with the requirements of subsection C or D of this section, the impounding police agency shall authorize the person storing the vehicle to release it upon payment of any towing and storage costs.
- F. Nothing in this section limits either the authority of the city to adopt ordinance provisions dealing with impounding of uninsured vehicles or the contents of such ordinance provisions.
- G. Notice of the impoundment shall be given to the owners of the motor vehicle and to any lessors or security interest holders as shown on the records of the Department of Transportation. The notice shall, be given within forty-eight (48) hours of impoundment. The notice required by this section shall be given to the same parties, in the same manner and within the same time limits as provided in ORS 819.180 for notice after removal of a vehicle.
- H. A person entitled to lawful possession of a vehicle impounded under this section may request a hearing to contest the validity of the impoundment. The request, hearing, procedure, authority of the hearings officer shall all be as authorized by ORS 809.715 and 809.716 as amended by Chapter 514 Oregon Laws 1997 (S.B. 780), which are adopted and by this reference made a part of this chapter. (Ord. 04-005 § 1 (Exh. A)(part): Ord. 97-1032 § 9)

8.04.070 Removal--Notice prior to removal of vehicle and contents pursuant to authority of ORS 819.110.

If the police department proposes to take custody of a vehicle, the police department shall provide notice and an explanation of procedures available for obtaining a hearing. Except as otherwise provided under Section 8.04.050 of this chapter, notice shall comply with all of the following:

- A. Notice shall be given by affixing a notice to the vehicle with the required information. The notice shall be affixed to the vehicle at least seventy-two (72) hours before taking the vehicle into custody. The seventy-two (72) hour period under this subsection includes holidays, Saturdays and Sundays;
- B. The ordinance violated and under which the vehicle will be removed;
- C. The place where the vehicle will be held in custody or the telephone number and address of the police department that will provide the information;

- D. That the vehicle, if taken into custody and removed by the police department, will be subject to towing and storage charges and that a lien will attach to the vehicle and its contents;
- E. That the vehicle will be sold to satisfy the costs of towing and storage if the charges are not paid;
- F. That the owner, possessor or person having an interest in the vehicle is entitled to a hearing, before the vehicle is impounded, to contest the proposed custody and removal, if a hearing is timely requested;
- G. That the owner, possessor or person having an interest in the vehicle is entitled to a hearing, may also challenge the reasonableness of any towing and storage charges at the hearing;
- H. The time within which a hearing must be requested and the method for requesting a hearing. (Ord. 04-005 § 1 (Exh. A)(part): Ord. 97-1032 § 10)

8.04.080 Impoundment--Notice after removal pursuant to authority of ORS 819.120.

- A. If the city takes custody of a vehicle, the city shall provide, by certified mail with the receipt stamped as proof of mailing, within forty-eight (48) hours of the removal, notice with an explanation of procedures available for obtaining a hearing to the owners of the vehicle and any lessors or security interest holders as shown in the records of the Department of Motor Vehicles. The notice shall state that the vehicle has been taken into custody and shall give the location of the vehicle and describe procedures for the release of the vehicle and for obtaining a hearing. The forty-eight (48) hour period under this section does not include holidays, Saturdays or Sundays.
- B. Any notice given under this section after a vehicle is taken into custody and removed shall state all of the following:
 - 1. That the vehicle has been taken into custody and removed by the city of Sherwood, that the vehicle violated Ordinance No. 97-1032 of the Sherwood Municipal Code and that the vehicle was removed under the authority of that ordinance;
 - 2. The place where the vehicle is being held in custody or the telephone number and address of the appropriate authority that will provide the information;
 - 3. That the vehicle is subject to towing and storage charges, the amount of the charges that have accrued to the date of the notice and the daily storage charges;
 - 4. That the vehicle and its contents are subject to lien for payment of the towing and storage charges and that the vehicle and its contents may be sold by the city of Sherwood or the towing and storage facility where the vehicle is located to cover the charges if the charges are not paid within fifteen (15) days;
 - 5. That the owner, possessor or person having interest in the vehicle and its contents is entitled to a prompt hearing to contest the validity of taking the vehicle into custody and removing it and to

contest the reasonableness of the charges for towing and storage if a hearing is timely requested;

- 6. That a hearing must be requested not more than five days, holidays, Saturdays or Sundays not included, from the mailing date of the notice and the method for requesting a hearing;
- 7. That the vehicle and its contents may be immediately reclaimed by presentation to the appropriate authority of satisfactory proof of ownership or right to possession and payment of the towing and storage charges.

(Ord. 04-005 § 1 (Exh. A)(part): Ord. 97-1032 § 11)

8.04.090 Procedure for removal of vehicles that have no identification markings.

If there is no vehicle identification number on a vehicle, or there are no registration plates, or if the registration plates are expired, the police department is not required to otherwise provide notice under Section 8.04.070 of this chapter, and the vehicle may be immediately removed and disposed of as though notice and an opportunity for a hearing had been given.

(Ord. 04-005 § 1 (Exh. A)(part): Ord. 97-1032 § 12)

8.04.100 Impoundment of uninsured vehicles.

- A. A police officer who has probable cause to believe that a person, at or just prior to the time the police officer stops the person, was driving an uninsured vehicle in violation of ORS 806.010 may, without prior notice, order the vehicle impounded until a person with right to possession of the vehicle complies with the conditions for release or the vehicle is ordered released by a hearings officer.
- B. Notice that the vehicle has been impounded shall be given to the same parties, in the same manner and within the same time limits as provided in ORS 819.180 and Section 8.04.080 of this chapter for notice after removal of a vehicle.
- C. A vehicle impounded under subsection A of this section shall be released to a person entitled to lawful possession upon proof of compliance with financial responsibility requirements for the vehicle payment to the city police department of an administrative fee determined by the city to be sufficient to recover its actual administrative costs for the impoundment, and payment of any towing and storage charges. Proof shall be presented to the city police department, which shall authorize the person storing the vehicle to release it upon payment of the charges.

(Ord. 04-005 § 1 (Exh. A)(part): Ord. 97-1032 § 13)

8.04.110 Possessory lien for towing charges.

A person shall have a lien on the vehicle and its contents if the person, at the request of the city tows an abandoned vehicle. A lien established under this section shall be on the vehicle and its contents for the just and reasonable charges for the towing service performed and any storage provided. The lien shall be subject to the provisions for liens under ORS 98.812(3). The person holding the lien may retain possession of the vehicle and contents until the charges on which the lien is based are paid. A lien described under this section does not attach to the contents of any vehicle taken from public property until fifteen (15) days after taking the vehicle into custody.

A person who tows any vehicle at the request of the city shall provide written notice, approved by the city, containing information on the procedures necessary to obtain a hearing. Each person who redeems a vehicle shall sign a copy of the receipt issued, indicating that they have received notice of their right to a hearing.

(Ord. 04-005 § 1 (Exh. A)(part): Ord. 97-1032 § 14)

8.04.120 Hearing to contest validity of custody and removal.

A person provided notice under Section 8.04.070 of this chapter, or any other person who reasonably appears to have an interest in the vehicle, may request a hearing under this section to contest the validity of the removal and custody under Section 8.04.070 of this chapter or the proposed removal and custody of a vehicle under Section 8.04.070 of this chapter by submitting a request for hearing with the Sherwood Municipal Court not more than five days from the mailing date of the notice. The five-day period in this section does not include holidays, Saturdays and Sundays. A hearing under this section shall comply with all of the following:

- A. If the city proposes to remove a vehicle under Section 8.04.070 of this chapter and receives a request for hearing before the vehicle is taken into custody and removed, the vehicle shall not be removed unless it constitutes a hazard.
- B. A request for hearing shall be in writing and shall state grounds upon which the person requesting the hearing believes that the custody and removal of the vehicle is not justified.
- C. Failure to appear in person or to mail or deliver a request for hearing within ten calendar days of date of the notice shall act as a waiver of the right to a hearing on the validity of the tow.
- D. Upon receipt of a request for a hearing under this section, the city shall set time for a hearing within seven days of the receipt of the request and shall provide notice of the hearing to the person requesting the hearing and to the owners of the vehicle and any lessors or security interest holders shown in the records of the Department of Motor Vehicles, if not the same as the person requesting the hearing. The seven-day period in this subsection does not include holidays, Saturdays and Sundays.
- E. If the municipal court finds, after a hearing and by substantial evidence on the record, that the custody and removal a vehicle was:
 - 1. Invalid, the municipal court shall order the immediate release of the vehicle to the owner or person with right to possession. If the vehicle is released under this section, the person to whom the vehicle is released is not liable for any pre-decision towing or storage charges. If the person has already paid the towing and storage charges on the vehicle, the city shall reimburse the person for the charges. The person shall be liable for new storage charges incurred after the decision. New storage charges of the vehicle will not start to accrue until more than twenty-four (24) hours after the time the vehicle is officially released to the person.
 - 2. Valid, the municipal court shall order the vehicle to be held in custody until the costs of

the hearing and all towing and storage costs are paid by the person claiming the vehicle. If the vehicle has not yet been removed, the city shall order its removal.

- F. A person who fails to appear at a hearing under this section is not entitled to another hearing unless the person provides reasons satisfactory to the city for the person's failure to appear.
- G. The city is only required to provide one hearing under this section for each time the city takes a vehicle into custody and removes the vehicle or proposes to do so.
- H. A hearing under this section may be used to determine the reasonableness of the charge for towing and storage of the vehicle. Towing and storage charges, set by law, ordinance or rule or that comply with law, ordinance or rule are reasonable for purposes of this subsection.
- I. The municipal court shall provide a written statement of the results of the hearing to the person requesting the hearing.
- J. The action of the municipal court is final and no appeal can be taken from it. (Ord. 04-005 § 1 (Exh. A)(part): Ord. 97-1032 § 15)

8.04.130 Failure to appear.

- A. If the person requesting the hearing does not appear at the hearing, the municipal court may enter an order supporting the removal and assessment of immobilization, towing and storage costs and apply security posted against the costs.
- B. A person who fails to appear at a hearing is not entitled to another hearing on the same matter unless the person provides a satisfactory reason to the municipal court for failure to appear. (Ord. 04-005 § 1 (Exh. A)(part): Ord. 97-1032 § 16)

8.04.140 Disposal.

If a vehicle taken into custody under this chapter is not reclaimed within thirty (30) days after it is taken into custody, it shall be disposed of as authorized by ORS 819.210 to 819.260. (Ord. 04-005 § 1 (Exh. A)(part): Ord. 97-1032 § 17)

Chapter 8.08

ALARM SYSTEMS

Sections:

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8.08.020 Alarm user registration required.

8.08.030 Emergency notification.

8.08.040 User instructions.

8.08.050 Automatic dialing device--Certain interconnections prohibited.

8.08.060 Response to alarms.

8.08.070 False alarms.

8.08.080 Nonregistered alarms.

8.08.090 Continuous alarms.

8.08.100 Confidentiality. 8.08.110 Allocation of revenues.

8.08.010 Definitions.

As used in this chapter:

"Alarm business" means the business by any individual, partnership, corporation, or other entity of selling, leasing, maintaining, servicing, repairing, altering, replacing, moving, or installing any alarm system or causing to be sold, leased, maintained, serviced, repaired, altered, replaced, moved or installed any alarm system in or on any building, structure, or facility.

"Alarm system" means any assembly of mechanical or electrical equipment arranged to signal the occurrence of an illegal entry or other activity requiring urgent attention and to which city police are expected to respond, provided, however, that automobile alarm systems are not included in this definition. All alarm systems installed in the city, except for medical alert alarms, shall include an external visual display.

"Alarm user" means the person, firm, partnership, association, corporation, company, or organization of any kind in control of any building, structure, or facility in which an alarm system is maintained.

"Automatic dialing device" means a device which is connected to a telephone line and is programmed to select a predetermined telephone number and transmit by voice message or code signal an emergency message indicating a need for emergency response.

"City" means the city of Sherwood.

"Dispatch center" means the city facility used to receive emergency and general information from the public.

"False alarm" means an alarm signal eliciting a response by city police when a situation actually requiring such a response does not in fact exist.

"Interconnect" means to connect an alarm system, including an automatic dialing device, to a telephone line, either directly or through a mechanical device that utilizes a telephone, for the purpose of using the telephone line to transmit a message upon the activation of the alarm system.

"Primary trunk line" means a telephone line serving the dispatch center that is designated to receive emergency calls.

(Ord. 06-019 § 1 (part): Ord. 89-894 § 1)

8.08.020 Alarm user registration required.

Every alarm user in the city shall register their alarm systems with the city, including all previously installed systems. Registrations shall be renewed annually. Registration shall include the address of the premises in which the alarm is installed, a mailing address if different from the physical address, and a contact phone number. Council, shall by resolution, establish fees applicable to initial registration and annual renewals. Any alarm fee not paid within ninety (90) days of invoicing will cause the alarm permit to be inactivated.

8.08.030 Emergency notification.

The alarm registration shall be in a form prescribed by the chief of police, and shall include the name, address and telephone number(s) of a person(s) authorized by the alarm user to act on their behalf in case of emergencies, alarms, and false alarms.

(Ord. 89-894 § 3)

8.08.040 User instructions.

Every alarm business selling, leasing, installing or furnishing alarm systems in the city shall provide the alarm user with instructions enabling the user to operate the alarm system properly, to disarm malfunctioning systems and to obtain service for a leased alarm system.

(Ord. 06-019 § 2: Ord. 89-894 § 4)

8.08.050 Automatic dialing device--Certain interconnections prohibited.

- A. It is unlawful for any person to program an automatic dialing device to select a primary trunk line or any 911 prefix requiring a police response; and it is unlawful for an alarm user to fail to disconnect or reprogram an automatic dialing device which is programmed to select a primary trunk line within twelve (12) hours of receipt of written notice from the Sherwood police department that it is so programmed.
- B. Within sixty (60) days after the effective date of the ordinance codified in this chapter, all existing automatic dialing devices in the city programmed to select a primary trunk line shall be reprogrammed or disconnected.
- C. It is unlawful for any person to program an automatic dialing device to select any telephone line assigned to the city; and it is unlawful for an alarm user to fail to disconnect or reprogram such device within twelve (12) hours of receipt of written notice from the Sherwood police department that an automatic dialing device is so programmed.

 (Ord. 89-894 § 15)

8.08.060 Response to alarms.

- A. Whenever an activated alarm system requires a police department response to the premises in which the system is installed, the city police at the scene of the alarm shall inspect the area protected by the system and shall determine whether the emergency response was in fact required as indicated by the alarm system or whether the alarm was a false alarm.
- B. If the city police at the scene of the alarm determine the alarm to be false, a written report of the false alarm shall be made and submitted to the chief of police.
- C. Within a reasonable time from the occurrence of a false alarm, the chief of police shall have the right to inspect any alarm system on a premises to which city police response has been made. Failure to correct any alarm system malfunction or deficiency shall be a violation of this chapter.

8.08.070 False alarms.

- A. Except as provided in Section 8.08.090, if any registered alarm system produces more than one false alarm in any calendar year, the city shall provide written notice by first class mail to the mailing address shown on the registration directing the alarm user to take all necessary corrective action and informing the alarm user of the false alarm fine schedule created by council.
- B. Alarm users installing a new system are entitled to a thirty (30) day grace period during which alarms generated by such new system shall not be deemed false alarms, regardless of whether they otherwise would be.
- C. Except as provided in Section 8.08.090, a registered alarm system producing more than one false alarm in a calendar year, shall be deemed in violation of this chapter and a fine assessed against the alarm user. Council shall, by resolution, establish a fee schedule for false alarms and unregistered alarm systems. Any false alarm fee not paid within ninety (90) days of invoicing will cause the alarm permit to be inactivated. (Ord. 06-019 § 3 (part): Ord. 89-894 § 7)

8.08.080 Nonregistered alarms.

Except as provided in Section 8.08.090, upon any nonregistered alarm system producing any alarm, false or otherwise, requiring police response, the alarm user shall be required to register their system consistent with the provisions of this chapter. Alarm systems registered under these circumstances shall thereafter be subject to the penalty provisions of this chapter, including the fines adopted by council. (Ord. 06-019 § 3 (part): Ord. 89-894 § 8)

8.08.090 Continuous alarms.

Any alarm system producing an alarm that cannot be shut-off by responding city police and that continuously operates for a period greater than sixty (60) minutes, shall be treated as a fourth false alarm, and subject to the penalties adopted consistent with Section 8.08.070(C). (Ord. 06-019 § 3 (part): Ord. 89-894 § 9)

8.08.100 Confidentiality.

All alarm system registration information submitted in compliance with this chapter shall, to the extent permissible under ORS 192.410 to ORS 192.505 be deemed to be submitted to the city in confidence. (Ord. 06-019 § 3 (part): Ord. 89-894 § 10)

8.08.110 Allocation of revenues.

All penalties collected pursuant to this chapter shall be deposited to the city general fund. (Ord. 06-019 § 3 (part): Ord. 89-894 § 11)

FIRE PREVENTION CODE

Sections:

8.12.010 Adoption of State Fire Code. 8.12.015 Adoption of Tualatin Valley Fire & Rescue Fire Prevention Code. 8.12.020--8.12.160 Reserved.

8.12.010 Adoption of State Fire Code.

The 2010 Oregon Fire Code is adopted by the City of Sherwood for purposes of prescribing regulations governing conditions hazardous to life and property from fire and explosives and for purposes of plan review, permits and inspections. Any provision in this chapter inconsistent with the terms of that 2010 Code is to be deemed ineffective and without force.

(Ord. No. 2010-011, § 1, 8-3-2010; Ord. 07-013 § 1; Ord. 06-004 § 1: Ord. 00-1084 § 1 (part))

8.12.015 Adoption of Tualatin Valley Fire & Rescue Fire Prevention Code.

The 2010 Oregon Fire Code as amended by Tualatin Valley Fire & Rescue Ordinance 10-02 (the TVF&R Fire Prevention Code) is adopted by the City of Sherwood. (Ord. No. 2011-006, § 2, 4-19-2011)

8.12.020--8.12.160 Reserved.

Editors Note: Ord. No. 2011-006, § 3, adopted April 19, 2011, amended the Code by repealing former §§ 8.12.020--8.12.160. Formerly, the repealed sections pertained to definitions, establishment of various limits, enforcement of the fire prevention code, amendments to the Uniform Fire Code, penalties, plan review and appeals, and derived from Ord. No. 00-1084.

Chapter 8.16

PROPERTY MAINTENANCE CODE

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8.16.040 Approval.

8.16.050 Duties and powers of the code official.

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Article I.

Administration

8.16.010 General.

- A. Title. These regulations shall be known as the property maintenance code of the city of Sherwood hereinafter referred to as this code.
- B. Scope. This code is to protect the public health, safety and welfare in all existing structures, residential and nonresidential, and on all existing premises by establishing minimum requirements and standards for premises, structures, equipment, and facilities for light, ventilation, space, heating, sanitation, protection from the elements, life safety, safety from fire and other hazards, and for safe and sanitary maintenance; fixing the responsibility of owners, operators and occupants; regulating the occupancy of existing structures and premises, and providing for administration, enforcement and penalties.
- C. Intent. This code shall be construed to secure its expressed intent, which is to ensure public health, safety and welfare insofar as they are affected by the continued occupancy and maintenance of structures and premises. Existing structures and premises that do not comply with these provisions shall be altered or repaired to provide a minimum level of health and safety as required herein.
- D. Referenced Standards. The standards referenced in this code shall be considered part of the requirements of this code to the prescribed extent of each such reference. Where differences occur between provisions of this code and referenced standards, the provisions of this code shall apply.
- E. Existing Remedies. The provisions in this code shall not be construed to abolish or impair existing remedies of the city or its officers or agencies relating to the removal or demolition of any structure which is dangerous, unsafe and unsanitary.
- F. Workmanship. All repairs, maintenance work, alterations or installations which are caused directly or indirectly by the enforcement of this code shall be executed and installed in a workmanlike manner.
- G. Application of Other Codes. Any repairs, additions or alterations to a structure, or changes of occupancy, shall be done in accordance with the procedures and provisions of the building, plumbing and mechanical and electrical codes as adopted by the city. (Ord. 97-1024 § 1(PM-101))

8.16.020 Validity.

- A. Validity. If any section, subsection, paragraph, sentence, clause or phrase of this code shall be declared invalid for any reason whatsoever, such decision shall not affect the remaining portions of this code which shall continue in full force and effect, and to this end the provisions of this code are hereby declared to be severable.
- B. Saving Clause. This code shall not affect violations of any other ordinance, code or regulation existing prior to the effective date hereof, and any such violation shall be governed and shall continue to be punishable to the full extent of the law under the provisions of those ordinances, codes or regulations in effect at the time the violation was committed.

 (Ord. 97-1024 § 1(PM-102))

8.16.030 Maintenance--Required.

All equipment, systems, devices and safeguards required by this code or a previous statute or code for the structure or premises when erected or altered shall be maintained in good working order. The requirements of this code are not intended to provide the basis for removal or abrogation of fire protection and safety systems and devices in existing structures.

(Ord. 97-1024 § 1(PM-103))

8.16.040 Approval.

- A. Approved Materials and Equipment. All materials, equipment and devices approved by the code official shall be constructed and installed in accordance with such approval.
- B. Modifications. Where there are practical difficulties involved in carrying out provisions of this code, the code official shall have the right to vary or modify such provisions upon application of the owner or the owner's representative, provided that the spirit and intent of the law is observed and that the public health, safety and welfare is assured.
 - 1. Records. The application for modification and the final decision of the code official shall be in writing and shall be officially recorded in the permanent records of the department.
- C. Material and Equipment Reuse. Materials, equipment and devices shall not be reused unless such elements have been reconditioned, tested and placed in good and proper working condition and approved by the code official.
- D. Alternative Materials and Equipment. The provisions of this code are not intended to prevent the installation of any material or method of construction not specifically prescribed by this code, provided that any such alternative has been approved. An alternative material or method of construction shall be approved when the code official finds that the proposed design is satisfactory and complies with the intent of the provision of this code, and that the material, method or work offered is for the purpose intended, at least the equivalent of that prescribed in this code in quality, strength, effectiveness, fire resistance, durability and safety.
- E. Research and Investigations. Sufficient technical data shall be submitted to substantiate the proposed installation of any material or assembly. If it is determined that the evidence submitted is satisfactory

proof of performance for the proposed installation, the code official shall approve such alternative subject to the requirements of this code. The cost of all tests, reports and investigations required under these provisions shall be paid by the applicant.

(Ord. 97-1024 § 1(PM-104))

8.16.050 Duties and powers of the code official.

- A. General. The code official shall enforce all of the provisions of this code.
- B. Notices and Order. The code official shall issue all necessary notices or orders to ensure compliance with the code.
- C. Right of Entry. The code official is authorized to enter the structure or premises at reasonable times to inspect subject to constitutional restrictions on unreasonable searches and seizures. If entry is refused or not obtained, the code official is authorized to pursue recourse as provided by law.
- D. Access by Owner or Operator. Every occupant of a structure or premises shall give the owner or operator thereof, or agent or employee, access to any part of such structure or its premises at reasonable times for the purpose of making such inspection, maintenance, repairs or alterations as are necessary to comply with the provisions of this code.
- E. Identification. The code official shall carry proper identification when inspecting structures or premises in the performance of duties under this code.
- F. Coordination of Enforcement. Inspection of premises, the issuance of notices and orders and enforcement thereof shall be the responsibility of the code official so charged by the city. Whenever inspections are necessary by any other department, the code official shall make reasonable effort to arrange for the coordination of such inspections so as to minimize the number of visits by inspectors, and to confer with the other departments for the purpose of eliminating conflicting orders before any are issued. A department shall not, however, delay the issuance of any emergency orders.
- G. Rule-Making Authority. The code official shall have power as necessary in the interest of public health, safety and general welfare, to adopt and promulgate rules and regulations to interpret and implement the provisions of this code to secure the intent thereof and to designate requirements applicable because of local climatic or other conditions. Such rules shall not have effect of waiving structural or fire performance requirements specifically provided for in this code or of violating accepted engineering practice involving public safety.
- H. Organization. The code official shall appoint such number of officers, technical assistants, inspectors and other employees as shall be necessary for the administration of this code and as authorized by the appointing authority. The code official is authorized to designate and employee a deputy who shall exercise all the powers of the code official during the temporary absence or disability of the code official.
- I. Restriction of Employees. An official or employee connected with the enforcement of this code shall not be engaged in, or directly or indirectly connected with, the furnishing of labor, materials or appliances for the construction, alteration or maintenance of a building, or the preparation of construction documents

thereof, unless that person is the owner of the building; nor shall such officer or employee engage in any work that conflicts with official duties or with the interests of the department.

- J. Relief from Personal Responsibility. The code official, officer or employee charged with the enforcement of this code, while acting for the city, shall not thereby be rendered liable personally, and is relieved from all personal liability for any damage accruing to persons or property as a result of any act required or permitted in the discharge of official duties. Any suit instituted against an officer or employee because of an act performed by that officer or employee in the lawful discharge of duties and under the provisions of this code shall be defended by the legal representative of the city until the final termination of the proceedings. The code official or any subordinate shall not be liable for costs in any action, suit or proceeding that is instituted in pursuance of the provisions of this code; and any officer of the department of building inspection, acting in good faith and without malice, shall be free from liability for acts performed under any of its provisions or by reason of any act or omission in the performance of official duties in connection therewith.
- K. Official Records. An official record shall be kept of all business and activities of the department specified in the provisions of this code, and all such records shall be open to public inspection at all appropriate times and according to reasonable rules to maintain the integrity and security of such records. (Ord. 97-1024 § 1(PM-105))

8.16.060 Violations.

- A. Unlawful Acts. It shall be unlawful for any person, firm or corporation to erect, construct, alter, extend, repair, remove, demolish, maintain, fail to maintain, provide, fail to provide, occupy, let to another or occupy or permit another person to occupy any premises, property, structure or equipment regulated by this code, or cause same to be done, contrary to or in conflict with or in violation of any of the provisions of this code, or to fail to obey a lawful order of the code official, or to remove or deface a placard or notice posted under the provisions of this code. All nuisances as defined in this code shall constitute a violation of this code. All violations of this code shall constitute a civil infraction and shall be processed according to the procedures established in subsection C of this section.
- B. Penalty. Any person who shall violate a provision of this code shall, upon conviction thereof, be subject to a civil fine of up to five hundred dollars (\$500.00). Each day that a violation continues after due notice has been served shall be deemed a separate offense.
- C. Infraction Procedures. When an alleged complaint is reported to the code official, the code official shall prepare a statement of the facts and shall review the facts and circumstances surrounding the alleged complaint. The code official shall not proceed further with the matter if the code official determines that there is not sufficient evidence to support the allegation, or if the code official determines that it is not in the best interest of the city to proceed. If the code official determines that a violation has occurred the city may enforce this code by any of the following methods:
 - 1. Citation:
 - 2. Abatement:
 - 3. Citation and abatement;

4. Other enforcement remedies available at law or at equity. (Ord. 97-1024 § 1(PM-106))

8.16.070 Abatement notices and orders.

- A. Notice to Owner or to Person or Persons Responsible. Whenever the code official determines that there has been a violation of this code or has grounds to believe that a violation has occurred and decides that abatement procedures are appropriate, a notice of infraction shall be given to the owner or the person or persons responsible therefor in the manner prescribed in subsections B and C of this section. Notices for condemnation procedures shall also comply with Section 8.16.080C of this chapter.
 - B. Form. Such notice of infraction prescribed in subsection a of this section shall:
 - 1. Be in writing;
 - 2. Include a description of the real estate sufficient for identification;
 - 3. Include a statement of the reason or reasons why the notice is being issued;
 - 4. Include a correction order allowing a reasonable time for the abatement of the nuisance or repairs and improvements required to bring the premises into compliance with the provisions of this code; and
 - 5. Include a notice of the appeal procedures under Section 8.16.110A of this chapter.
- C. Method of Service. Such notice shall be deemed to be properly served if a copy thereof is sent by first class mail addressed to the owner at the last known address, and is (a) delivered to the owner personally; or (b) sent by certified or registered mail addressed to the owner at the last known address with return receipt requested, or, (c) posted in a conspicuous place in or about the premises affected by such notice. Service of such notice in the foregoing manner upon the owner's agent or upon the person responsible for the structure shall constitute service of notice upon the owner.
- D. Time to Remedy Violation After Notice. The code official shall give the respondent a reasonable time to cure or remedy the alleged violation after the notice is sent/posted/ delivered. The time allowed shall not be more than ten days. Where there is an extreme hardship, as determined by the code official, the code official may grant additional time.
- E. Abatement by the City. If within the time prescribed in subsection D of this section, the violation described in the notice of infraction has not been removed and abated, or cause shown, as specified in Section 8.16.110 of this chapter, why such should not be removed and abated, the code official may cause the violation to be removed and abated. All costs incurred by the city in abating the violation, including administrative and legal costs, shall become a lien upon the real property on which the violation was abated.
- F. Penalties. Penalties for noncompliance with orders and notices shall be as set forth in Section 8.16.060B of this chapter.

G. Transfer of Ownership. It shall be unlawful for the owner of any dwelling unit or structure who has received a compliance order or upon whom a notice of violation has been served to sell, transfer, mortgage, lease or otherwise dispose of to another unit the provisions of the compliance order or notice of violation have been complied with, or until such owner shall first furnish the grantee, transferee, mortgagee, or lessee a true copy of any compliance order or notice of violation issued by the code official and shall furnish to the code official a signed and notarized statement from the grantee, transferee, mortgagee or lessee, acknowledging the receipt of such compliance order or notice of violation and fully accepting the responsibility without condition for making the corrections or repairs required by such compliance order or notice of violation. (Ord. 97-1024 § 1(PM-107))

8.16.080 Unsafe structures and equipment.

- A. General. When a structure or equipment is found by the code official to be unsafe, or when a structure is found unfit for human occupancy, or is found unlawful, such structure shall be condemned pursuant to the provisions of this code.
 - 1. Unsafe Structure. An unsafe structure is one that is found to be dangerous to the life, health, property or safety of the public or the occupants of the structure by not providing minimum safeguards to protect or warn occupants in the event of fire, or because such structure contains unsafe equipment or is so damaged, decayed, dilapidated, structurally unsafe, or of such faulty construction or unstable foundation, that partial or complete collapse is likely.
 - 2. Unsafe Equipment. Unsafe equipment includes any boiler, heating equipment, elevator, moving stairway, electrical wiring or device, flammable liquid containers or other equipment on the premises or within the structure which is in such disrepair or condition that such equipment is a hazard to life, health, property or safety or the public or occupants of the premises or structure.
 - 3. Structure Unfit for Human Occupancy. A structure is unfit for human occupancy whenever the code official finds that such structure is unsafe, unlawful or, because of the degree to which the structure is in disrepair or lacks maintenance, is unsanitary, vermin or rat infested, contains filth and contamination, or lacks ventilation, illumination, sanitary or heating facilities or other essential equipment required by this code or because the location of the structure constitutes a hazard to the occupants of the structure or to the public.
 - 4. Unlawful Structure. An unlawful structure is one found in whole or in part to be occupied by more persons than permitted under this code, or was erected, altered or occupied contrary to law.
- B. Closing of Vacant Structures. If the structure is vacant and unfit for human habitation and occupancy, and is not in danger of structural collapse, the code official is authorized to post a placard of condemnation on the premises and order the structure closed up so as not to be an attractive nuisance. Upon failure of the owner to close up the premises within the time specified in the order, the code official shall cause the premises to be closed through any available public agency or by contract or arrangement by private persons and the cost thereof shall be charged against the real estate upon which the structure is located and shall be a lien upon such real estate.

- C. Notice. Whenever the code official has condemned a structure or equipment under the provision of this section, notice shall be posted in a conspicuous place in or about the structure affected by such notice and served on the owner or the person or persons responsible for the structure or equipment in accordance with Section 8.16.070C of this chapter. The notice shall be in the form prescribed in Section 8.16.070B of this chapter.
- D. Placarding. Upon failure of the owner or person responsible to comply with the notice provision within the time given, the code official shall post on the premises or on defective equipment, a placard bearing the word "Condemned" and a statement of the penalties provided for occupying the premises, operation of the equipment or removing the placard.
- E. Prohibited Occupancy. Any person who shall occupy a placarded premises or shall operate placarded equipment, any owner or any person responsible for the premises who shall let anyone occupy a placarded premises or operate placarded equipment shall be liable for the penalties provided by this code. (Ord. 97-1024 § 1(PM-108))

8.16.090 Emergency measures.

- A. Imminent Danger. When, in the opinion of the code official, there is imminent danger of failure or collapse of a building or structure which endangers life, or when any structure or part of a structure has fallen and life is endangered by the occupation of the structure, or when there is actual or potential danger to the building occupants or those in the proximity of any structure because of explosives, explosive fumes or vapors or the presence of toxic fumes, gases or materials, or operation of defective or dangerous equipment, the code official is hereby authorized and empowered to order and require the occupants to vacate the premises forthwith. The code official shall cause to be posted at each entrance to such structure a notice reading as follows: "This Structure is Unsafe and its Occupancy has been prohibited by the Code Official." It shall be unlawful for any person to enter such structure except for the purpose of securing the structure, making the required repairs, removing the hazardous condition, or of demolishing the same.
- B. Temporary Safeguards. Notwithstanding other provisions of this code, whenever, in the opinion of the code official, there is imminent danger due to an unsafe condition, the code official shall order the necessary work to be done, including the boarding-up of openings, to render such structure temporarily safe whether or not the legal procedure herein described has been instituted; and shall cause such other action to be taken as the code official deems necessary to meet such emergency.
- C. Closing Streets. When necessary for the public safety, the code official shall temporarily close structures and close, or order the authority having jurisdiction to close, sidewalks, streets, public ways and places adjacent to unsafe structures, and prohibit the same from being utilized.
- D. Emergency Repairs. For the purposes of this section, the code official shall employ the necessary labor and materials to perform the required work as expeditiously as possible.
- E. Cost of Emergency Repairs. Costs incurred in the performance of emergency work shall be paid from the treasury of the city on approval of the code official. The finance director of the city shall institute appropriate action against the owner of the premises where the unsafe structure is or was located for the recovery of such costs.

F. Appeal. Any person ordered to take emergency measures shall comply with such order forthwith. Any affected person shall thereafter, upon filing a written application for appeal in accordance with Section 8.16.110 of this chapter, have the appeal decided by the city manager. (Ord. 97-1024 § 1(PM-109))

8.16.100 Demolition.

- A. General. The code official shall order the owner of any premises upon which is located any structure, which in the code official's judgment is so old, dilapidated or has become so out of repair as to be dangerous, unsafe, unsanitary or otherwise unfit for human habitation or occupancy, and such that it is unreasonable to repair the structure; or if such structure is capable of being made safe by repairs, to repair and make safe and sanitary or to raze and remove at the owner's option; or where there has been cessation of normal construction of any structure for a period of more than two years, to raze and remove such structure.
 - B. Order. All notices and orders shall comply with Section 8.16.070 of this chapter.
- C. Failure to Comply. If the owner of a premises fails to comply with a demolition order within the time prescribed, the code official shall cause the structure to be razed and removed, either through an available public agency or by contract or arrangement with private persons, and the cost of such razing and removal shall be charged against the real estate upon which the structure is located and shall be a lien upon such real estate.
- D. Salvage Materials. When any structure has been ordered razed and removed, the governing body or other designated officer under said contract or arrangement aforesaid shall have the right to sell the salvage and valuable materials at the highest price obtainable. The net proceeds of such sale, after deducting the expenses of such razing and removal, shall be promptly remitted with a report of such sale or transaction, including the items of expense and the amounts deducted, for the person who is entitled thereto, subject to any order of a court. If such a surplus does not remain to be turned over, the report shall so state. (Ord. 97-1024 § 1(PM-110))

8.16.110 Means of appeal.

- A. Application for Appeal. Any person affected by a decision of the code official or a notice or order issued under this code shall have the right to appeal to the city manager provided that a written application for appeal is filed within the time allowed to remedy the violation as prescribed in Section 8.16.070D of this chapter or within ten days of the imposition of any emergency measures in Section 8.16.090 of this chapter. An application for appeal shall be based on a claim that the true intent of this code or the rules legally adopted thereunder have been incorrectly interpreted, the provisions of this code do not fully apply, or the requirements of this code are adequately satisfied by other means.
- B. City Manager's Decision. The decision of the city manager shall be final on all appeals of decisions of the code official. (Ord. 97-1024 § 1(PM-111))

Article II.

Definitions

8.16.120 General provisions.

- A. Scope. Unless otherwise expressly stated, the following terms shall, for the purposes of this code, have the meanings shown in this article.
- B. Interchangeability. Words stated in the present tense include the future; words stated in the masculine gender include the feminine and neuter; the singular number includes the plural and the plural the singular.
- C. Terms Defined in Other Codes. Where terms are not defined in this code and are defined in the building, plumbing or mechanical codes listed in Article IV of this chapter, such terms shall have the meanings ascribed to them as in those codes.
- D. Where terms are not defined, through the methods authorized by this section, such terms shall have ordinarily accepted meanings such as the context implies.
- E. Parts. Whenever the words "dwelling unit," "dwelling," "premises," "building," "rooming house," "rooming unit" or "story" are stated in this code, they shall be construed as though they were followed by the words "or any part thereof." (Ord. 97-1024 § 1(PM-201))

8.16.130 General definitions.

"Approved" means approved by the code official.

Basement. See Section 8.16.150 of this chapter.

"Building" means any structure occupied or intended for supporting or sheltering any occupancy.

"Building code" means the building code officially adopted by the legislative body of this city, or other such codes officially designated by the legislative body of the city for the regulation of construction, alteration, addition, repair, removal, demolition, location, occupancy and maintenance of buildings and structures.

"Code official" means the building official who is charged with the administration and enforcement as specified under ORS 455.150, or any duly authorized representative.

"Condemn" means to adjudge unfit for occupancy.

"Construction documents" means all the written, graphic and pictorial documents prepared or assembled for describing the design, location and physical characteristics of the elements of the project necessary for obtaining a building permit. The construction drawings shall be drawn to an appropriate scale.

Dwellings. See Section 8.16.120E of this chapter.

"Dormitory" means a space in a building where group sleeping accommodations are provided in one room, or in a series or closely associated rooms, for persons not members of the same family group.

"Dwelling unit" means a single unit providing complete, independent living facilities for one or more persons, including permanent provisions for living, sleeping, eating, cooking, and sanitation.

"Hotel" means any building containing six or more guest rooms, intended or designed to be occupied, or which are rented or hired out to be occupied, for sleeping purposes by guests.

"One-family dwelling" means a building containing one dwelling unit with not more than five lodgers or boarders.

"Rooming house" means a building arranged or occupied for lodging, with or without meals, for compensation and not occupied as a one-family dwelling or a two-family dwelling.

"Rooming unit" means any room or group of rooms forming a single habitable unit occupied or intended to be occupied for sleeping or living, but not for cooking purposes.

"Two-family dwelling" means a building containing two dwelling units with not more than five lodgers or boarders per family.

Exterior Property. See Section 8.16.150 of this chapter.

Extermination. See Section 8.16.150 of this chapter.

"Family" means an individual or married couple and the children thereof or other persons related directly to the married couple by blood or marriage; or a group of not more than five unrelated persons, living together as a single housekeeping unit in a dwelling unit.

Garbage. See Section 8.16.150 of this chapter.

Infestation. See Section 8.16.150 of this chapter.

"Inspection certificate" means an identification applied on a product by an approved agency containing the name of the manufacturer, the function and performance characteristics, and the name and identification of an approved agency which indicates that the product or material has been inspected and evaluated by an approved agency.

"Label" means a identification applied on a product by the manufacturer which contains the name of the manufacturer, the function and performance characteristics of the product or material, and the name and identification of an approved agency and which indicates that the representative sample of the product or material has been tested and evaluated by an approved agency.

Let for Occupancy or Let. See Section 8.16.150 of this chapter.

"Manufacturer's designation" means an identification applied on a product by the manufacturer

indicating that a product or material complies with a specified standard or set of rules (see also "mark," "label," and "inspection certificate").

"Mark" means an identification applied on a product by the manufacturer indicating the name of the manufacturer and the function of a product or material (see also "manufacturer's designation," "label," and "inspection certificate.")

"Occupancy" means the purpose for which a building or portion thereof is utilized or occupied.

Occupant. See Section 8.16.150 of this chapter.

Openable Area. See Section 8.16.150 of this chapter.

Operator. See Section 8.16.150 of this chapter.

Owner. See Section 8.16.150 of this chapter.

Person. See Section 8.16.150 of this chapter.

Public Nuisance. See Section 8.16.150 of this chapter.

"Registered design professional" means an architect or engineer, registered or licensed to practice professional architecture or engineering, as defined by the statutory requirements of the professional registration laws of the state in which the project is to be constructed.

Rubbish. See Section 8.16.150 of this chapter.

"Structure" means that which is built or constructed or a portion thereof.

Tenant. See Section 8.16.150 of this chapter.

"Workmanlike" means executed in a skilled manner, e.g., generally plumb, level, square, in line, undamaged, and without marring adjacent work.

Yard. See Section 8.16.150 of this chapter. (Ord. 97-1024 § 1(PM-202))

Article III.

General Requirements

8.16.140 General.

A. Scope. The provisions of this chapter shall govern the minimum conditions and the responsibilities of persons for maintenance of structures, equipment and exterior property.

- B. Responsibility. The owner of the premises shall maintain the structures and exterior property in compliance with these requirements, except as otherwise provided for in Sections 8.16.190 and 8.16.200 of this chapter. A person shall not occupy as owner-occupant or permit another person to occupy premises which do not comply with the requirements of this chapter.
- C. Vacant Structures and Land. All vacant structures and premises thereof or vacant land shall be maintained in a clean, safe, secure and sanitary condition as provided herein so as not to cause a blighting problem or adversely affect the public health or safety.

 (Ord. 97-1024 § 1(PM-301))

8.16.150 Definitions.

The following words and terms shall, for the purposes of this chapter and as stated elsewhere in this code, have the meanings shown herein.

"Basement" means that portion of a building which is partly or completely below grade.

"Exterior property" means the open space on the premises and on adjoining property under the control of owners or operators of such premises.

"Extermination" means the control and elimination of insects, rats or other pests by eliminating their harborage places; by removing or making inaccessible materials that serve as their food by poison spraying, fumigating, trapping or by any other approved pest elimination methods.

"Garbage" means the animal and vegetable waste resulting from the handling, preparation, cooking and consumption of food.

"Infestation" means the presence, within or contiguous to, a structure or premises of insects, rats, vermin or other pests.

"Let for occupancy" or "let" means to permit, provide or offer possession or occupancy of a dwelling, dwelling unit, rooming unit, building, premises or structure by a person who is or is not the legal owner of record thereof, pursuant to a written or unwritten lease, agreement or license, or pursuant to a recorded or unrecorded agreement of contract for the sale.

"Occupant" means any person living or sleeping in a building; or having possession of a space within a building.

"Operator" means any person who has charge, care or control of a structure or premises which is let or offered for occupancy.

"Owner" means any person, agent, operator, firm or corporation having a legal or equitable interest in the property; or recorded in the official records of the state, county or municipality as holding title to the property; or otherwise having control of the property, including the guardian of the estate of any such person and the executor or administrator of the estate of such person if ordered to take possession of real property by a court.

"Person" means an individual, corporation, partnership or any other group acting as a unit.

"Premises" means a lot, plot or parcel of land including any structures thereon.

"Public nuisance" means and includes any of the following:

- 1. The physical condition or occupancy of any premises regarded as a public nuisance at common law;
- 2. Any physical condition or occupancy or any premises or its appurtenances considered an attractive nuisance to children, including, but not limited to, abandoned wells, shafts, basements, excavations and unsafe fences or structures:
- 3. Any premises that has unsanitary sewerage or plumbing facilities;
- 4. Any premises designated as unsafe for human habitation;
- 5. Any premises that is manifestly capable of being a fire hazard, or is manifestly unsafe or unsecured so as to endanger life, limb or property;
- 6. Any premises from which the plumbing, heating or facilities required by this code have been removed, or from which utilities have been disconnected, destroyed, removed or rendered ineffective, or the required precautions against trespassers have not been provided;
- 7. Any premises that is unsanitary, or that is littered with rubbish or garbage, or that has an uncontrolled growth of weeds; or
- 8. Any structure that is in a state of dilapidation, deterioration or decay; faulty construction; overcrowded; open, vacant or abandoned; damaged by fire to the extent so as not to provide shelter; in danger of collapse or failure; and dangerous to anyone on or near the premises.

"Rubbish" means combustible and noncombustible waste materials, except garbage; the term shall include the residue from the burning of wood, coal, code and other combustible materials, paper, rags, cartons, boxes, wood, excelsior, rubber, leather, tree branches, yard trimmings, tin cans, metals, mineral matter, glass, crockery and dust and other similar materials.

"Tenant" means a person, corporation, partnership or group, whether or not the legal owner of record, occupying a building or portion thereof as a unit.

"Yard" means an open space on the same lot with a structure. (Ord. 97-1024 \S 1(PM-302))

8.16.160 Exterior property areas.

A. Sanitation. All exterior property and premises shall be maintained in a clean, safe and sanitary

condition. The occupant shall keep that part of the exterior property which such occupant occupies or controls in a clean and sanitary condition.

B. Grading and Drainage. All premises shall be graded and maintained to prevent the erosion of soil and to prevent the accumulation of stagnant water thereon, or within any structure located thereon.

Exception: Water retention areas and reservoirs approved by the code official.

- C. Sidewalks and Driveways. All sidewalks, walkways, stairs, driveways, parking spaces and similar areas shall be kept in a proper state of repair, and maintained free from hazardous conditions. Stairs shall comply with the requirements of the appropriate specialty code.
- D. Weeds. All premises and exterior property shall be maintained free from weeds or plant growth in excess of ten inches. All noxious weeds shall be prohibited. Weeds shall be defined as all grasses, annual plants and vegetation, other than trees or shrubs provided; however, this term shall not include cultivated flowers, crops and gardens.
- E. Rat Harborage. All structures and exterior property shall be kept free from rat infestation. Where rats are found, they shall be promptly exterminated by approved processes which will not be injurious to human health. After extermination, proper precautions shall be taken to prevent re-infestation.
- F. Exhaust Vents. Pipes, ducts, conductors, fans or blowers shall not discharge gases, steam, vapor, hot air, grease, smoke, odors or other gaseous or particulate wastes directly upon abutting or adjacent public or private property or that of another tenant.
- G. Accessory Structures. All accessory structures, including detached garages, fences and walls, shall be maintained structurally sound and in good repair.
- H. Motor Vehicles. Except as provided for in other regulations, no currently unregistered or uninspected motor vehicle shall be parked, kept or stored on any premises, and no vehicle shall at any time be in a state of major disassembly, disrepair, or in the process of being stripped or dismantled.

Exception: A vehicle of any type is permitted to undergo major overhaul, including body work, provided that such work is performed inside a structure or similarly enclosed area designed and approved for such purposes.

- I. Offensive Odors.
- 1. No animal, substance, condition, or process shall be kept, maintained or permitted to exist on a premises that causes an odor detectable at the property line of the premises and which is of such degree, intensity, frequency, and duration that it unreasonably interferes with or unreasonably affects the reasonable and ordinary use and enjoyment by reasonable persons of their homes, yards, business premises, city streets, sidewalks, parks and other public property.
- 2. Temporary odors infrequently occurring caused by such reasonable and necessary activities as retarring roofs, asphaltic paving, house and building painting, spraying vegetation for insect and

- pest control, fertilizing lawns shall not be defined as odors constituting a violation of this chapter. Likewise, for purposes of this chapter, odors from cooking food for meals from homes, outside barbecues, and restaurants shall not be deemed unreasonably offensive odors.
- 3. Evidence of emanation of an odor from an animal, substance, condition or process on the property of the producer continuously for a period of more than one hour, and which causes physical or mental discomfort to reasonable persons, or which causes interference with the customary and ordinary use and enjoyment of reasonable persons' property, public streets, sidewalks, or other public property shall be prima facie evidence of violation of this section.
- J. Open Storage of Junk. All premises and exterior property shall be kept free from all used or dismantled household appliances, furniture, vehicle parts, other discards, garbage, junk or refuse. (Ord. 98-1037 § 1; Ord. 97-1024 § 1(PM-303))

8.16.170 Exterior structure.

- A. General. The exterior of a structure shall be maintained in good repair, structurally sound and sanitary so as not to pose a threat to the public health, safety or welfare.
- B. Exterior Painting. All wood and metal surfaces, including but not limited to, window frames, doors, door frames, cornices, porches and trim shall be maintained in good condition. Peeling, flaking and chipped paint shall be eliminated and surfaces repainted.
- C. Street Numbers. Each structure to which a street number has been assigned shall have such number displayed in a position easily observed and readable from the public right-of-way. All numbers shall be in Arabic numerals at least three inches high and one-half-inch stroke.
- D. Structural Members. All structural members shall be maintained free from deterioration, and shall be capable of safely supporting the imposed dead and live loads.
- E. Foundation Walls. All foundation walls shall be maintained plumb and free from open cracks and breaks and shall be kept in such condition so as to prevent the entry of rats.
- F. Exterior Walls. All exterior walls shall be free from holes, breaks, loose or rotting materials; and maintained weatherproof and properly surface coated where required to prevent deterioration.
- G. Roofs and Drainage. The roof and flashing shall be sound, tight and not have defects that admit rain. Roof drainage shall be adequate to prevent dampness or deterioration in the walls or interior portion of the structure. Roof drains, gutters and down spouts shall be maintained in good repair and free from obstructions. Roof water shall not be discharged in a manner that creates a public nuisance.
- H. Decorative Features. All cornices, belt courses, corbels, terra cotta trim, wall facings and similar decorative features shall be maintained in good repair with proper anchorage and in a safe condition.
- I. Overhang Extensions. All canopies, marquees signs, metal awnings, fire escapes, standpipes, exhaust ducts and similar overhang extensions shall be maintained in good repair and be properly anchored so

as to be kept in a sound condition. When required, all exposed surfaces of metal or wood shall be protected from the elements and against decay or rust by periodic application of weather-coating materials, such as paint or similar surface treatment.

- J. Stair and Walking Surfaces. Every stair, ramp, balcony, porch, deck or other walking surface shall comply with the provisions of the applicable adopted specialty code.
- K. Stairways, Decks, Porches and Balconies. Every exterior stairway, deck, porch and balcony, and all appurtenances attached thereto, shall be maintained structurally sound, in good repair, with proper anchorage and capable of supporting the imposed loads.
- L. Chimneys and Towers. All chimneys, cooling towers, smoke stacks, and similar appurtenances shall be maintained structurally safe and sound, and in good repair. All exposed surfaces of metal or wood shall be protected from the elements and against decay or rust by periodic application of weather-coating materials, such as paint or similar surface treatment.
- M. Handrails and Guards. Every handrail and guard shall be firmly fastened and capable of supporting normally imposed loads of two hundred (200) pounds per square foot and shall be maintained in good condition.
- N. Window and Door Frames. Every window, door and frame shall be kept in sound condition, good repair and weather tight.
 - 1. Glazing. All glazing materials shall be maintained free from cracks and holes.
 - 2. Openable Windows. Every window, other than a fixed window, shall be easily openable and capable of being held in position by window hardware.
- O. Insect Screens. Every door, window and other outside opening utilized or required for ventilation purposes serving any structure containing habitable rooms, food preparation areas, food service areas, or any areas where products to be included or utilized in food for human consumption are processed, manufactured, packaged or stored, shall be supplied with approved tightly fitting screens of not less than sixteen (16) mesh per inch and every swinging door shall have a self-closing device in good working condition.

Exception: Screen doors shall not be required where other approved means, such as air curtains or insect repellent fans are employed.

- P. Doors. All exterior doors and hardware shall be maintained in good condition. Locks at all entrances to dwelling units, rooming units and guest rooms shall tightly secure the door.
- Q. Basement Hatchways. Every basement hatchway shall be maintained to prevent the entrance of rats, rain and surface drainage water.
- R. Guards for Basement Windows. Every basement window that is openable shall be supplied with rat proof shields, storm windows or other approved protection against the entry of rats. (Ord. 97-1024 § 1(PM-304))

8.16.180 Interior structure.

- A. General. The interior of a structure and equipment therein shall be maintained in good repair, structurally sound and in a sanitary condition. Every occupant shall keep that part of the structure which such occupant occupies or controls in a clean and sanitary condition. Every owner of a structure containing a rooming house, a hotel, a dormitory, two or more dwelling units or two or more nonresidential occupancies, shall maintain, in a clean and sanitary condition, the shared or public areas of the structure and exterior property.
- B. Structural Members. All structural members shall be maintained structurally sound, and be capable of supporting the imposed loads.
- C. Interior Surfaces. All interior surfaces, including windows and doors, shall be maintained in good, clean and sanitary condition. Peeling paint, cracked or loose plaster, decayed wood, and other defective surface conditions shall be corrected.
- D. Lead-Based Paint. Interior and exterior painted surface of dwellings and child and day care facilities, including fences and outbuildings, which contain lead levels equal to or greater that 1.0 milligram per square centimeter or in excess of 0.50 percent lead by weight shall be maintained in a condition free from peeling, chipping and flaking paint or removed or covered in an approved manner. Any surface to be covered shall first be identified by approved warnings as to the lead content of such surface.
- E. Stairs and Railings. All interior stairs and railings shall be maintained in sound condition and good repair.
- F. Stairs and Walking Surfaces. Every stair, ramp, balcony, porch, deck or other walking surface shall comply with the provisions of the applicable specialty code.
- G. Handrails and Guards. Every handrail and guard shall be firmly fastened and capable of supporting normally imposed loads of two hundred (200) pounds per square foot and shall be maintained in good condition.

(Ord. 97-1024 § 1(PM-305))

8.16.190 Rubbish and garbage.

- A. Accumulation of Rubbish or Garbage. All exterior property and premises, and the interior of every structure shall be free from any accumulation of rubbish or garbage.
- B. Disposal of Rubbish. Every occupant of a structure shall dispose of all rubbish in a clean and sanitary manner by placing such rubbish in approved containers.
 - 1. Rubbish Storage Facilities. The owner of every occupied premises shall supply approved covered containers for rubbish, and the owner of the premises shall be responsible for the removal of rubbish.

- C. Disposal of Garbage. Every occupant of a structure shall dispose of garbage in a clean and sanitary manner by placing such garbage in an approved garbage disposal facility or approved garbage container.
 - 1. Garbage Facilities. The owner of every dwelling shall supply one of the following: an approved mechanical food waster grinder in each dwelling unit; an approved incinerator unit in the structure available to the occupants in each dwelling unit; or an approved leak proof, covered, outside garbage container.
 - 2. Containers. The operator of every establishment producing garbage shall provide, and at all times cause to be utilized, approved leak proof containers provided with close-fitting covers for the storage of such materials until removed from the premises for disposal.

(Ord. 97-1024 § 1(PM-306))

8.16.200 Extermination.

- A. Infestation. All structures shall be kept free from insect and rat infestation. All structures in which insects or rats are found shall be promptly exterminated by approved processes that will not be injurious to human health. After extermination, proper precautions shall be taken to prevent re-infestation.
- B. Owner. The owner of any structure shall be responsible for extermination within the structure prior to renting or leasing the structure.
- C. Single Occupant. The occupant of a one-family dwelling or of a single-tenant nonresidential structure shall be responsible for extermination on the premises.
- D. Multiple Occupancy. The owner of a structure containing two or more dwelling units, a multiple occupancy, a rooming house or a nonresidential structure shall be responsible for extermination in the public or shared areas of the structure and exterior property. If infestation is caused by failure of an occupant to prevent such infestation in the area occupied, the occupants shall be responsible for extermination.
- E. Occupant. The occupant of any structure shall be responsible for the continued rat-free condition of the structure, and if the occupant fails to maintain the rat-free condition, the cost of extermination shall be the responsibility of the occupant.

Exception: Where rat infestations are caused by defects in the structure, the owner shall be responsible for extermination.

(Ord. 97-1024 § 1(PM-307))

Article IV.

Reference Standards

8.16.210 References.

ASME--American Society of Mechanical Engineers

345 East 47th Street

New York, NY 10017

--Safety Code for Elevators & Escalators with 1994 Addenda

Codes*

Building Officials and Code

Administrators International, Inc.

4051 West Flossmoor Road

Country Club Hills, IL 60478-5795

- --BOCA National Building Code
- --BOCA National Fire Prevention Code
- --ICC International Mechanical Code
- --ICC International Plumbing Code with 1996 Supplement

NFPA--National Fire Protection Association

Batterymarch Park

Quincy, MA 02269

--National Electric Code (Ord. 97-1024 § 1 (Ch. 4))

^{*} All BOCA & ICC publications are available from BOCA

SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT

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8.20.150 Offensive waste prohibited.

8.20.160 Unauthorized deposit prohibited.

8.20.170 Violation--Penalty.

8.20.010 Short title.

The ordinance codified in this chapter shall be known as the city of Sherwood solid waste management ordinance and may be so cited and shall be hereinafter referred to as this chapter. (Ord. 89-899 § 1)

8.20.020 Purpose, policy and scope.

- A. It is declared to be in the public interest for the city to establish a policy relative to solid waste management and to:
 - 1. Provide sufficient waste volume to sustain solid waste management facilities necessary to achieve resource recovery goals established by the city, county, State Department of Environmental Quality and metropolitan service district;
 - 2. Provide the basis for agreements with other governmental units and persons for regional flow control to such facilities;
 - 3. Ensure safe accumulation, storage, collection, transportation, disposal or resource recovery of solid waste, and protect the public health, safety and welfare;
 - 4. Ensure maintenance of a financially stable, reliable solid waste collection and disposal service;
 - 5. Ensure rates that are just, fair, reasonable and adequate to provide necessary service to the public;
 - 6. Prohibit rate preference and other discriminatory practices which benefit one user at the expense of other users of the service or the general public;

- 7. Conserve energy and material resources and meet statewide goals of recycling usable wastes;
- 8. Eliminate overlapping service to reduce truck traffic, street wear, air pollution and noise;
- 9. Provide standards for solid waste service and public responsibilities; and
- 10. Provide resource recovery by and through the franchisee.
- B. No person shall:
- 1. Provide solid waste service, offer to provide service or advertise for the performance of service without having obtained a franchise from the city;
- 2. Accumulate, store, collect, transport, transfer, dispose of or resource recover solid waste except as in compliance with this chapter, other city ordinances, and Chapter 459 Oregon Revised Statutes dealing with solid waste management, and regulations and amendments promulgated under any of the foregoing.
- C. Nothing in this chapter shall:
- 1. Prohibit any person from transporting directly to an authorized disposal or recycling or resource recovery facility, or utilizing or resource recover solid waste produced by himself or herself so long as he or she complies with this chapter, other city ordinances, and Chapter 459 Oregon Revised Statutes dealing with solid waste management, and regulations promulgated under any of the foregoing. Provided however, that except as provided herein, a lessor or property owner shall not provide service to a tenant, lessee or occupant except through the franchisee;
- 2. Prohibit any person from contracting with any other governmental agency to provide solid waste service:
- 3. Prohibit any person from transporting, disposing of or resource recovering, sewage sludge, septic tank pumpings and cesspool pumpings;
- 4. Prohibit any person licensed as a motor vehicle wrecker under ORS 481.345 et seq. from collecting, transporting, disposing of or utilizing motor vehicles or motor vehicle parts;
- 5. Prohibit the city council by amendment to this chapter from withdrawing or modifying certain solid waste services on the basis of finding that such service is not necessary for the implementation of the purposes of this chapter or a city, county or metropolitan service district solid waste management plan;
- 6. Prohibit any person transporting solid waste through the city that is not collected within the city;
- 7. Prohibit a contractor employed to demolish, construction, or remodel a building or structure, including but not limited to land clearing operations and construction wastes, from hauling waste created in connection with such employment;

- 8. Prohibit the occasional collection, transportation and reuse of repairable or cleanable discards or source separated solid waste for recycling or resource recovery by private charitable or nonprofit organizations for the purpose of raising funds for charitable, civic, or benevolent activity provided that the activity is conducted in accordance with the terms and under the conditions contained in this chapter;
- 9. Prohibit the operation at a fixed location of a facility where the generator, producer, source or franchised collector of solid waste brings that waste for transfer, disposal or resource recovery;
- 10. Prohibit the collection, transportation or redemption of beverage containers under ORS Chapter 459;
- 11. Prohibit a person from transporting or disposing of waste that he or she produces as an incidental part of janitorial services; gardening or landscaping services; rendering; or other similar and related occupations;
- 12. Require the franchisee to store, collect, transport, dispose of or resource recover any hazardous waste as defined by or pursuant to ORS Chapter 466.

 (Ord. 89-899 § 2)

8.20.030 Definitions.

"Carry-out service" means service whereby the franchisee will collect properly stored solid waste located on the customer's property, provided said waste is clearly visible and accessible to the franchisee.

"Charitable or nonprofit organization" means any person or persons organized and existing for charitable, benevolent, humane, patriotic, religious, philanthropic, recreational, social, educational, civic, fraternal, or other nonprofit purpose, and who is exempt from federal and state income taxes as a nonprofit organization.

"Compensation" means any type of consideration paid for service including, but not limited to, the proceeds from resource recovery or recycling, rent, lease payments, and any other direct or indirect provision for payment of money, goods, services or benefits by owners, tenants, leasees, occupants or similar persons or the exchange of services between persons.

"Council" means the city council of the city of Sherwood.

"Curb-side service" means service whereby the franchisee will collect properly stored solid waste placed by the customer alongside a public street or some other location designated by the franchisee.

"Franchise" means the right to provide service granted to a person pursuant to this chapter.

"Nonrecycling customer" means a regular customer of the franchisee that elects not to enroll in the recycling program or fails to provide recyclable materials at least once monthly, as determined by the franchisee's records.

"Person" means any individual, partnership, corporation, trust, firm, estate, joint venture or other public or private legal entity.

"Putrescible material" means organic materials that can decompose and may give rise to foul-smelling, offensive odors or products.

"Recycling customer" means a regular customer of the franchisee who enrolls in the recycling program and provides recyclable materials curbside at least once monthly, as determined by the franchisee's records.

"Resource recovery" means the process of obtaining useful material or energy resources from solid waste and includes:

- 1. "Energy recovery," which means recovery in which all or a part of the solid waste materials are processed to utilize the heat content, or other forms of energy, of or from the material.
- 2. "Material recovery," which means any process of obtaining from solid waste, by presegregation or otherwise, materials which still have useful physical or chemical properties after serving a specific purpose and can, therefore, be reused or recycled for the same or other purpose.
- 3. "Recycling," which means any process by which solid waste materials are transformed into new products in such manner that the original products may lose their identity. The process includes collection, transportation, storage and transfer of solid waste and placing the solid waste in the stream of commerce for resource recovery.
- 4. "Reuse," which means the return of a commodity into the economic stream for use in the same kind of application as before without change in its identity.

"Service" means the collection, transportation, storage, transfer, disposal of or resource recovery of solid waste, using the public streets of the city to provide service, and including solid waste management.

"Solid waste" means:

- 1. All putrescible and nonputrescible wastes, including, but not limited to garbage, rubbish, refuse, ashes, waste paper, cardboard, yard debris, compost, tires, equipment and furniture; commercial, industrial, demolition and construction wastes; discarded or abandoned vehicles or parts thereof; discarded home or industrial appliances; manure, vegetable and animal solid and semi-solid wastes, dead animals, infectious waste as defined in Section 3 of Chapter 763, Oregon Laws 1989 and other wastes.
 - a. Sewer sludge and septic tank and cesspool pumping, chemical toilet waste or other sludge;
 - b. Reusable beverage containers as defined in ORS 459A.700 and 459A.725;
 - c. Material used for fertilizer or for other productive agricultural operations in growing or

harvesting crops and the raising of fowl or animals.

2. The fact that materials that would otherwise come within the definition of solid waste may from time to time have value and thus be utilized does not remove them from the definition.

"Solid waste management" means the prevention or reduction of solid waste; management of the storage, transfer, collection, transportation, treatment, utilization, processing and final disposal of solid waste; or resource recovery from solid waste; and facilities used for those activities.

"Source separation" means the separation or setting aside of waste, by the source generator or producer of the waste, for recycling or reuse. Total source separation means the complete separation by the source generator or producer of the waste by type or kind of waste from all other types or kinds of waste. Total source separation requires each type or kind of recyclable material such as newsprint, computer paper, cardboard, glass, ferrous cans and aluminum cans to be distinctly separated into a separate package, container or stack in preparation for collection. For example, newspaper, cardboard, glass, ferrous cans and waste wood are each placed in a separate container and no two or more recyclables are mixed in the same container.

"Standard can" means a thirty-two (32) gallon metal or rigid plastic garbage can.

"Tote barrel" means a wheeled, sixty (60) gallon, rigid plastic garbage can provided by the franchisee to their customers.

"Twenty (20) gallon can" means a twenty (20) gallon metal or rigid plastic garbage can.

"Waste" means material that is no longer wanted or usable by the source, the source generator or producer of the material, and the material is to be disposed of or resource recovered by another person, and includes both source separated material and nonsource separated materials.

(Ord. 98-1049 § 4; Ord. 90-915 § 2; Ord. 89-899 § 3)

8.20.040 Franchises.

- A. Subject to the provisions of this chapter, other city ordinances, and the City Charter, the council may by resolution grant exclusive or nonexclusive franchises, with or without competitive bidding, to provide service over and upon the streets of a franchise area within the city. Nonperformance of the terms and conditions of the franchise agreement may result in financial and operating penalties to the franchisee, and may result in the loss or limitation of the franchisee's right to provide services.
- B. Where any area is annexed to the city of Sherwood and the area had been franchised by Washington County for solid waste collection service prior to annexation, the county franchise and franchise holder shall be recognized for that particular area subject to the provisions of ORS 459.085(3). If the area was franchised by Washington County to a city franchisee, that area shall be added by resolution to a city franchise area

(Ord. 04-010 § 1 (Exh. A)(part): Ord. 89-899 § 4)

8.20.045 Franchise--Application, application approval, and statement of ownership.

- A. Applicants for a solid waste management franchise under this chapter must file with the city manager an application in a format approved by the city manager which shall at least provide the following information:
 - 1. Full name;
 - 2. Permanent home and business address;
 - 3. Trade and firm name:
 - 4. If a joint venture, a partnership or limited partnership, the names of all partners and of their percentage of participation and their permanent addresses; if a corporation, the names and permanent addresses of all the officers;
 - 5. Evidence showing that:
 - a. An applicant for a solid waste collection and transportation franchise has arranged for disposal of all solid waste collected or transported to an authorized disposal site where it may legally be accepted and disposed of, and the location of that disposal site; or
 - b. An applicant for a curbside recycling collection and transportation franchise has arranged for the sanitary storage and recycling of the collected materials and proper disposal of any nonrecyclable residue;
 - 6. Facts showing that the applicant is qualified to render efficient solid waste or curbside recyclables collection and transportation service;
 - 7. Facts showing that the applicant has adequate experience in the collection and transportation of solid waste or curbside recyclables;
 - 8. A description of all vehicles and equipment used or intended to be used by the franchisee or its subcontractors, including vehicle type, license number, age and condition;
 - 9. A statement certifying that the vehicles and equipment identified are in compliance with the requirements of this chapter, the state minimum standards for solid waste handling and disposal, applicable provisions of the vehicle code, and other legal requirements;
 - 10. Facts demonstrating that the applicant owns or has access to suitable facilities for the storage, maintenance and cleaning of vehicles and equipment;
 - 11. Evidence showing that the issuance of a franchise is in the public interest; and
 - 12. Such other facts or information as the city manager may require.
- B. Upon receipt of a completed application for a franchise, the city manager will determine if the applicant meets all the requirements of this chapter and all applicable state and federal laws and regulations.

- 1. Decision. A decision to grant or not to grant the franchise will be made by the city council within one hundred twenty (120) days from the receipt of a complete application.
- 2. Acceptance. By signing the designated franchise acceptance, the applicant accepts all of the terms and conditions specified in the franchise.
- 3. Appeal. If the city council determines that a franchise will not be granted or if the decision to grant or not grant the franchise is not made within one hundred twenty (120) days, the applicant has the right to a hearing before the city council. A request for a hearing must be made by the applicant in writing to the city recorder within fifteen (15) calendar days after receipt of notice of denial or within fifteen (15) calendar days after the one hundred twenty- (120) day has passed. Upon receipt of the written request for hearing, the city recorder will set the matter for hearing on a date not more than sixty (60) days after the receipt of the written request. The city recorder will give written notice of the time, date and place of hearing to the applicant and the public. At the hearing, the applicant has the burden of proof to show facts demonstrating that the applicant meets the requirements of this chapter and applicable state and federal laws and regulations, and that the granting of the franchise is required by the public safety, health, welfare, convenience or necessity. The city council will make its decision within fifteen (15) days after the close of the hearing on appeal. The decision of the city council is final.
- C. Every franchisee must file a statement of ownership with the city manager by July 1st of each year and verify it as true and correct under the penalty of perjury. This statement must be made in a form acceptable to the city manager.

 (Ord. 04-010 § 1 (Exh. A)(part))

8.20.050 Franchise term.

- A. The rights, privileges and initial franchise granted herein shall continue and be in full force for a period of ten years up to and including November 1, 1999, subject to terms, conditions and payment of franchise fees to the city as set forth in this chapter.
- B. On November 1st of each year the franchise granted to franchisee shall be renewed for a ten year period starting from that annual renewal date without any action from the council unless the council acts to terminate the franchise at the end of the ten year period then in effect by giving written notice to franchisee prior to the annual renewal date.

 (Ord. 89-899 § 5)

8.20.060 Franchise fees.

A. As compensation for the franchise granted to the franchisee and for the use of city streets, the franchisee shall pay to the city a fee equal to five percent of gross cash receipts resulting from the solid waste services conducted under the franchise. Such fees shall be computed on a quarterly basis and paid within thirty (30) days following the end of each quarterly calendar year period. The franchisee shall maintain an adequate record of gross cash receipts resulting from the solid waste services conducted under the franchise and said records shall be open at all times for audit by authorized personnel designated by the city manager.

- B. Willful misrepresentation of gross cash receipts by the franchisee shall constitute cause for immediate revocation of this franchise, pursuant to Section 8.20.090 of this chapter.
- C. The franchise fee provided for in subsection A of this section shall not relieve the franchisee of the financial responsibility for any current or future revenue or regulatory fee, tax or charge imposed by the city. The franchise fee, however, shall not exceed that which is provided in subsection A of this section for the duration of this franchise and shall be considered in lieu of the present city business license. (Ord. 04-010 § 1 (Exh. A)(part); Ord. 89-899 § 6)

8.20.070 Franchisee responsibility.

The franchisee shall:

- A. Resource recover or dispose of wastes at sites in compliance with Chapter 459 Oregon Revised Statutes and regulations promulgated thereunder. Any site for disposal or resource recovery within the city limits must be approved by the city;
- B. Provide and keep in force public liability insurance with a thirty (30) day cancellation clause in the amount of not less than one million dollars (\$1,000,000.00) relating to a single occurrence, which shall be evidenced by a certificate of insurance filed with the city recorder. This insurance shall indemnify and save the city harmless against liability or damage which may arise or occur from an injury to persons or property resulting from the franchisee's operation under this chapter;
- C. Within fifteen (15) days of adoption of the resolution, file with the city recorder a written acceptance of the franchise;
- D. Furnish sufficient collection vehicles, containers, facilities, personnel, finances, and scheduled days for collections in each area of the city as necessary to provide all types of service required under this chapter or subcontract with others to provide such service pursuant to Section 8.20.120 of this chapter. The franchisee shall maintain a collection system in conformance with all federal, state, regional and local solid waste management regulations and ensure that every vehicle or container used for the transportation of solid waste over city streets shall be regularly cleaned and maintained in a sanitary condition;
- E. Provide a cash security deposit or a performance bond of seven thousand five hundred dollars (\$7,500.00) to guarantee reimbursement to the city if costs incurred because of work performed by the franchisee that does not conform with the requirements of this chapter or other ordinances of the city or because of failure of the franchisee to meet the terms and conditions of this chapter in a timely, regular and sanitary manner. The deposit or bond shall continue until one year after expiration or termination of the franchise or until all claims or demands made against the franchisee have been settled or secured;
- F. Collect no single family residential solid waste before five a.m. or after seven p.m. unless this condition is waived by the city manager or his or her designee;

- G. Provide for the regular collection and disposal of solid waste from city facilities, city parks, city sidewalk containers, and city activity areas and at other locations designated by the city that are within a franchise area at no cost to the city;
- H. Make collections no less often than once each week, except for will-call collections and drop box operations, and except as provided in Section 8.20.110 of this chapter;
- I. Allow inspection by the city of the franchisee's facilities, equipment and personnel during regular business hours;
- J. Respond to all calls for special hauling requiring equipment regularly supplied by franchisee within ninety-six (96) hours of receiving said call unless a later pickup is agreeable to the customer, subject to availability of required containers or other equipment;
- K. Provide telephone service so that the franchisee may be contacted during regular business hours, Monday through Friday, excepting holidays, and in addition, upon receipt of a written communication about service under this chapter, the franchisee shall, within seven days, reply in writing and furnish a copy of both pieces of correspondence to the city;
- L. Provide curbside yard debris collection every other week by providing residential customers with a sixty (60) gallon rollcart for such purposes, or provide customers with the equivalent by providing a fifty (50) gallon compost bin, for the rates established by Table 8.20.080 of this chapter. Current customers shall be required to select an option within thirty (30) days of the effective date of the ordinance codified in this chapter. New customers will be required to select an option within thirty (30) days of establishing solid waste collection service. Thereafter, customers may change options once annually within thirty (30) days of January 1st. The franchisee shall be required to notify all customers of their options in writing, and may after thirty (30) days assign options to customers who have not responded;
- M. Provide the opportunity to recycle all residential, commercial and industrial sources of recyclable material in compliance with this chapter, other city ordinances, applicable metropolitan service district and State Department of Environmental Quality rules and regulations and the Oregon Recycling Opportunity Act (Chapter 729, Oregon Laws, 1983). The opportunity to recycle shall include but not be limited to, on-route or depot collection of source separated recyclable material, a public education and promotion program that encourages participation in recycling, and notification to all customers of the opportunity and terms of recycling service;
- N. Maintain a record of customer complaints and of the franchisee's response to each complaint. Records pertaining to customer complaints must be made available to the city manager upon the city manager's written request. The franchisee shall retain all records for a minimum of three years.

(Ord. 04-010 § 1 (Exh. A)(part); Ord. 94-986 § 1; Ord. 89-899 § 7)

8.20.080 Rates.

A. The council will by resolution set rates for all solid waste collection services provided by

franchisees.

- B. The rates to be charged to all persons by the franchisee shall be reasonable and uniform and shall be based upon the level of service rendered, or required by state or local laws and regulations, haul distance, concentration of dwelling units, and other factors which the city council considers to justify variations in rates.
 - C. Nothing in this section is intended to prevent:
 - 1. The reasonable establishment of uniform classes of rates based upon length of haul; type of waste stored, collected, transported, disposed of, salvaged or utilized; or the number, type and location of customers service; the type of service; the service required by laws and regulations; or the number, type and location of customer's service; or upon other factors as long as such rates are reasonable based upon cost of the particular service and are approved by the city council in the same manner as other rates:
 - 2. The franchisee from volunteering service at a reduced cost for civic, community, benevolent or charitable programs.
- D. Rates to be charged by the franchisee under this chapter shall be set by the city council by resolution at such times as deemed necessary by the council provided, however, that rates may not be amended more than once every twelve (12) months, except for instances where landfill disposal rates have been increased by the metropolitan service district. The council may consider rate amendments to account for increased operating costs directly attributable to landfill disposal costs at any time, or in any frequency. The franchisee shall provide the city with thirty (30) days written notice of any request to amend rates. In amending the rate schedule, the council shall give due consideration to the purposes of this chapter and the direct and indirect costs to the franchisee of doing business, as may be justified and quantified by the franchisee. The franchisee shall be provided thirty (30) days prior written notice with accompanying justification for a city initiated amendment to the service rate schedule.
 - E. Any request for a rate adjustment shall conform to the following process:
 - 1. Notwithstanding any request for an amendment to the rate schedule, the franchisee shall annually supply a report of current income and expense for the current calendar year for services provided within the city. Any request for a rate adjustment must include the projected income and expense for the balance of the year for such service and justification for any proposed rate adjustments.
 - 2. The city manager shall report and make recommendations to the city council within thirty (30) days of submission of an acceptable and complete franchisee report and rate adjustments proposal.
 - 3. The council shall conduct a public hearing on any proposed rate adjustment.
- F. Rates established by the council are fixed rates and the franchisee shall not charge more or less than the fixed rate unless pursuant to subsection (C)(2) of this section.
 - G. Any services not included in the rate schedule shall be charged at the reasonable cost of

providing the service taking into consideration the factors utilized in established scheduled rates pursuant to this section.

- H. In establishing rates, the council may set uniform rates, uniform rates by zone and different rates for collectors where there is a service and cost justification.
- I. Any person who receives solid waste service from the franchisee shall be responsible for payment for such service and the franchisee shall be solely responsible for the billing, collection and accounting of said payments. The city shall not be responsible or liable for unpaid, delinquent or noncollectible payments for services.

(Ord. 04-010 § 1 (Exh. A)(part); Ord. 01-1113 § 1; Ord. 00-1088 § 1; Ord. 94-986 § 2; Ord. 89-899 § 8)

8.20.090 Transfer, suspension, modification or revocation of franchise.

- A. The franchisee shall not transfer this franchise or any portion thereof to other persons within sixty (60) days prior written notice of the intent to transfer, and the enactment by the city council of an ordinance authorizing the transfer. The city council may approve the transfer if the transferee meets all applicable requirements met by the original franchisee. The city council may attach to the authorizing ordinance whatever conditions it deems appropriate to guarantee maintenance of service and compliance with this chapter.
- B. Failure to comply with a written notice to provide the services required by this chapter or to otherwise comply with the provisions of this chapter after written notice and a reasonable opportunity to comply shall be grounds for modification, revocation or suspension of the franchise.
 - 1. After written notice from the city that such grounds exist, franchisee shall have thirty (30) days from the date of mailing of the notice in which to comply or to request a public hearing before the city council.
 - 2. If franchisee fails to comply within the specified time or fails to comply with the order of the city council entered upon the basis of written findings at the public hearing, the city council may suspend, modify or revoke franchise or make such action contingent upon continued noncompliance.
 - 3. In the event that the city finds an immediate and serious danger to the public through creation of a health or safety hazard, as a result of the actions of the franchisee, the city may take action to alleviate such conditions or suspend or revoke the franchise within a time specified in the notice to the franchisee and without prior written notice or a public hearing.

(Ord. 89-899 § 9)

8.20.100 Preventing interruption of service.

The franchisee agrees as a condition of this franchise that whenever the city council finds that the failure of service or threatened failure of service would result in creation of an immediate and serious health hazard or serious public nuisance, the city council may, after a minimum of twenty-four (24) hours written or verbal notice to the franchisee, provide for or authorize another person to temporarily provide the service or to use and operate the land, facilities and equipment of a franchisee to provide emergency service. The city council shall

return any seized property and business upon abatement of the actual or threatened interruption of service, and after payment to the city for any net cost incurred in the operation of the solid waste service. (Ord. 89-899 § 10)

8.20.110 Suspension of service.

The franchisee shall not suspend or terminate service to all or a portion of his or her customers unless:

- A. Street or road access is blocked and there is no alternate route, provided that the franchisee shall restore service not later than twenty-four (24) hours after street or road access is opened.
- B. Excessive weather conditions render providing service unduly hazardous to persons providing service or to the public or such termination is caused by accidents or casualties resulting by an act of God or a public enemy.
- C. A customer has not paid for provided service after a regular billing and after a written delinquency notice, which notice shall not be sent less than fifteen (15) days after the date of mailing of the regular billing.
- D. Other than for non-payment for provided service, ninety (90) days written notice is given to the city council and to affected customers and written approval is obtained from the city council.
- E. The customer does not comply with the service standards of Section 8.20.140 of this chapter, provided that the customer is given a thirty (30) day written notice to comply with the applicable service standards.

(Ord. 04-010 § 1 (Exh. A)(part); Ord. 89-899 § 11)

8.20.120 Subcontracts.

The franchisee may subcontract with others to provide a portion of the service where the franchisee does not have the necessary equipment or capacity to provide said service. Such a subcontract shall not relieve the franchisee of total responsibility for providing and maintaining service and from compliance with this chapter. Except where emergency incidental service is provided by a subcontractor, such subcontract shall be in writing and shall be filed with the city recorder and approved by the city manager prior to the commencement of actual service by the subcontractor.

(Ord. 89-899 § 12)

8.20.130 Enforcement officers.

The city manager shall enforce the provisions of this chapter, and his or her agents, including police officers and other employees so designated, may enter affected premises at reasonable times for the purpose of determining compliance with the provisions and terms of this chapter.

(Ord. 89-899 § 13)

8.20.140 Containers/collections limitations.

- A. To achieve the purposes of this chapter, prevent recurring injuries to collectors and other persons, to comply with safety standards of the State Accident Insurance Fund; and to comply with all reasonable safety, health and environmental safeguards:
 - 1. Solid waste cans provided by the customer shall:
 - a. Be a standard can or twenty (20) gallon can;
 - b. Have a round bottom, sides tapering outward to the opening at the top providing for unobstructed dumping of the contents, a bail or two handles on opposite sides, a close fitting lid with handle, watertight waterproof, rodent resistant, and easily cleanable and will not crack or break in freezing weather;
 - c. Not to exceed sixty (60) pounds gross loaded weight.
 - 2. Putrescible material shall be placed in plastic bags or securely wrapped in paper after being drained of liquids before placing in cans, tote barrels, or containers.
 - 3. Sunken refuse cans, tote barrels or containers shall not be used, unless they are placed above ground by the owner for service.
 - 4. On the scheduled collection day, the carry-out service customers shall provide safe access to a pickup point which does not jeopardize the safety of the driver of a collection vehicle or the motoring public or create a hazard or risk to the person providing the service. Cans, tote barrels and containers must be visible from a public right-of-way which may be serviced and driven to by collection vehicles where practical. This form of access must not require the collector to pass behind an automobile or other vehicle or to pass under low hanging obstructions such as eaves, tree branches, clotheslines or electrical wires which obstruct safe passage to and from cans. Cans must be at ground level, outside of garages, fences and other enclosures, and within one hundred (100) feet of the straight right-of-way or curb. Where the city manager, or his or her designee, finds that a private bridge, culvert or other private structure or road is incapable or safely carrying the weight of the collection vehicle, the collector shall not enter onto such structure or road, and customer shall provide a safe alternative access point or system.
 - 5. The curb-side service customer shall place cans or tote barrels alongside a public street or other accessible place, at a location designated by the franchisee.
 - 6. All solid waste cans and tote barrels located at single-family residences shall be placed together in one location on the regularly scheduled collection day.
 - 7. All solid waste receptacles, including but not limited to cans, tote barrels, containers and drop boxes, shall be maintained in a safe and sanitary condition by the customer.
 - 8. Solid waste service customers shall place items not intended for pickup at least three feet from solid waste can(s), tote barrel(s) or container(s).

- 9. No person shall place any hazardous waste as defined by or pursuant to ORS Chapter 466 out for collection by the franchisee or place it in any container supplied by the franchisee without prior written notification and acceptance by the franchisee and also upon compliance with any requirements of ORS Chapter 466 and any rules or regulations thereunder.
- 10. A container for hazardous or other special wastes shall be appropriately labeled and placed in a location inaccessible to the public. If the container is reusable, it shall be suitable for cleaning and be cleaned.
- 11. No person shall use any solid waste collection container of thirty-two (32) gallons or more in capacity unless it is supplied or approved by the franchisee, on the basis of safety, equipment compatibility, availability of equipment and the purposes of this chapter.
- 12. Tote barrels, containers and drop boxes supplied by the franchisee shall be cleaned by the customer, provided, however, that the franchisee shall be responsible for exterior painting and provide normal maintenance. The customer shall be liable for damage to containers and drop boxes beyond reasonable wear and tear.
- B. No stationary compactor or other container for commercial or industrial use shall exceed the safe loading design limit or operation of the collection vehicle provided by the franchisee. Upon request of a group of customers requiring special service, the city council may require the franchisee to provide for vehicles capable of handling specialized loads including, but not limited to, front loading collection trucks and drop-box trucks and systems.
- C. To prevent injuries to users and collectors, stationary compacting devices for handling solid wastes shall comply with applicable federal and state safety regulations.
- D. Any vehicle used by any person to transport wastes shall be so loaded and operated as to prevent the wastes from dripping, dropping, sifting, blowing, or otherwise escaping from the vehicle onto any public right-of-way or lands adjacent thereto.

 (Ord. 89-899 § 14)

8.20.150 Offensive waste prohibited.

No person shall have waste on his or her property that is offensive or hazardous to the health or safety of others or which creates offensive odors or a condition of unsightliness. (Ord. 89-899 § 15)

8.20.160 Unauthorized deposit prohibited.

No person shall, without prior authorization and compliance with requirements of this chapter, deposit waste on public property or the private property of another person. Streets and other public places are not authorized as places to deposit waste except where specific provisions for containers have been made. (Ord. 89-899 § 16)

8.20.170 Violation--Penalty.

Violation by any person of the provisions of this chapter shall be deemed to be a misdemeanor and shall be punishable upon conviction by a fine of not more than five hundred dollars (\$500.00). (Ord. 89-899 § 18)

Title 9

PUBLIC PEACE, MORALS AND WELFARE

9.04 Introductory Provisions

9.08 Oregon Criminal Statutes

9.12 Classification of Offenses

9.16 Disposition of Offenders

9.20 Offenses By or Against Public Officers and Government

9.24 Offenses Against the Person

9.28 Theft and Related Offenses

9.32 Offenses Against Property

9.36 Offenses Against Public Peace and Decency

9.40 Curfew

9.44 Nuisances

9.46 Abatement of Noxious Weeds

9.48 Criminal Procedure

9.50 Possession, Manufacture or Delivery of Drug Paraphernalia

9.52 Prohibiting of Noise

9.56 Prohibits Use of Tobacco Products on City Property

9.60 Inventory Procedures

Chapter 9.04

INTRODUCTORY PROVISIONS

Sections:

9.04.010 Short title. 9.04.020 Purposes--Principles of construction. 9.04.030 Application of provisions.

9.04.010 Short title.

The ordinance codified in this title shall be known as the police code of the city of Sherwood, and may be cited and pleaded.

(Ord. 98-1044 § 1 (part): Ord. 641 § I(1), 1974)

9.04.020 Purposes--Principles of construction.

- A. The general purposes of the provisions of this title are:
- 1. To ensure the public safety by preventing the commission of offenses through the deterrent influence of the sentences authorized;
- 2. To forbid and prevent conduct that unjustifiably and inexcusably inflicts or threatens substantial harm to individual or public interests;
- 3. To give fair warning of the nature of the conduct declared to constitute an offense and of the sentences authorized upon conviction;
- 4. To define the act or omission and the accompanying mental state that constitute each offense;
- 5. To differentiate on reasonable grounds between serious and minor offenses;
- 6. To prescribe penalties which are proportionate to the seriousness of offenses and which permit recognition of differences in rehabilitation possibilities among individual offenders;
- 7. To safeguard offenders against excessive, disproportionate or arbitrary punishment.
- B. The rule that a penal statute is to be strictly construed shall not apply to this title or any of its provisions. All provisions of this title shall be construed according to the fair import of their terms, to promote justice and to effect the purposes stated in subsection A of this section.

 (Ord. 98-1044 § 1 (part): Ord. 641 § I(2), 1974)

9.04.030 Application of provisions.

- A. The provisions of this title shall govern the construction of and punishment for any offense defined in this title and committed after the effective date hereof, as well as the construction and application of any defense to a prosecution for such an offense.
- B. Except as otherwise expressly provided, or unless the context so requires otherwise, the provisions of this title shall govern the construction of and punishment for any offense defined outside this title and committed after the effective date hereof, as well as the construction and application of any defense to a prosecution for such an offense.
- C. The provisions of this title shall not apply to or govern the construction of and punishment for any offense committed before the effective date of the ordinance codified in this title, or the construction and

application of any defense to a prosecution for such an offense. Such an offense shall be construed and punished according to the law existing at the time of the commission of the offense in the same manner as if this title had not been enacted.

(Ord. 98-1044 § 1 (part): Ord. 641 § I(3), 1974)

Chapter 9.08

OREGON CRIMINAL STATUTES

Sections:

9.08.010 Adopted.

9.08.020 Use of certain terms.

9.08.030 General principles of liability.

9.08.040 Parties.

9.08.050 General principles of justification.

9.08.060 General definitions-- Defenses--Burden of proof.

9.08.070 Definitions and defenses relating to perjury and related offenses.

9.08.080 Definition relating to obstructing governmental administration.

9.08.010 Adopted.

By virtue of the authority contained in ORS 221.330, all those sections of the Oregon Revised Statutes hereinafter listed in this chapter be and each thereof are adopted by this reference, section by section, paragraph by paragraph, word by word, in the entirety in all respects to the same legal force and effect as if set forth herein in full. Notwithstanding that the provisions herein adopted by reference from Oregon General Statutes apply to criminal proceedings, the character of all offenses punishable under this code is not criminal but civil in nature. Use of the terms "crime" or "criminal" in said statutes with reference to conduct, acts, liability, or any other term shall not be read so as to convert civil offenses under this code to be criminal acts or offenses requiring application of constitutional rights uniquely applicable to criminal offenses. (Ord. 98-1044 § 2(A): Ord. 641 § II(1), 1974)

9.08.020 Use of certain terms.

Whenever reference in the hereinafter cited sections of Oregon Revised Statutes is made to:

- A. "Oregon Criminal Code," it shall mean the police code of the city of Sherwood.
- B. "State," it shall mean the city of Sherwood.
- C. "Court," it shall mean the municipal court of the city of Sherwood. (Ord. 641 § II(2), 1974)

9.08.030 General principles of liability.

- A. ORS 161.085. Definitions with respect to culpability.
- B. ORS 161.095. Requirements of culpability.

- C. ORS 161.105. Culpability requirements inapplicable to certain violations and offenses.
- D. ORS 161.115. Construction of statutes with respect to culpability.
- E. ORS 161.125. Intoxication. (Ord. 98-1044 § 2(B): Ord. 641 § II(3), 1974)

9.08.040 Parties.

- A. ORS 161.150. Liability described.
- B. ORS 161.155. Liability for the conduct of another.
- C. ORS 161.160. Defense to liability for conduct of another.
- D. ORS 161.165. Exemptions to liability for conduct of another.
- E. ORS 161.170. Liability of corporations.
- F. ORS 161.175. Liability of an individual for corporate conduct. (Ord. 98-1044 § 2(C): Ord. 641 § II(4), 1974)

9.08.050 General principles of justification.

- A. ORS 161.190. Justification as a defense.
- B. ORS 161.195. "Justification" described.
- C. ORS 161.200. Choice of evils.
- D. ORS 161.205. Use of physical force generally.
- E. ORS 161.209. Use of physical force in defense of a person.
- F. ORS 161.215. Limitation on use of physical force in defense of a person.
- G. ORS 161.219. Limitations on use of deadly physical force in defense of a person.
- H. ORS 161.225. Use of physical force in defense of premises.
- I. ORS 161.229. Use of physical force in defense of property.
- J. ORS 161.235. Use of physical force in making an arrest or in preventing an escape.
- K. ORS 161.239. Use of deadly physical force in making an arrest or in preventing an escape.

- L. ORS 161.245. "Reasonable belief" described; status of unlawful arrest.
- M. ORS 161.249. Use of physical force by private person assisting an arrest.
- N. ORS 161.255. Use of physical force by a private person making citizen's arrest.
- O. ORS 161.260. Use of physical force in resisting arrest prohibited.
- P. ORS 161.265. Use of physical force to prevent escape.
- O. ORS 161.270. Duress.
- R. ORS 161.275. Entrapment. (Ord. 641 § II(5), 1974)

9.08.060 General definitions-- Defenses--Burden of proof.

- A. ORS 161.015. General definitions.
- B. ORS 161.055. "Defense" and "raised by defendant" defined, burden of proof. (Ord. $641 \S II(6), 1974$)

9.08.070 Definitions and defenses relating to perjury and related offenses.

- A. ORS 162.055. Definitions.
- B. ORS 162.095. Defenses to perjury and false swearing limited.
- C. ORS 162.105. Retraction as a defense.
- D. ORS 162.115. Corroboration of falsity required. (Ord. 641 § II(7), 1974)

9.08.080 Definition relating to obstructing governmental administration.

A. ORS 162.225. Definitions. (Ord. 98-1044 § 2(D): Ord. 641 § II(8), 1974)

Chapter 9.12

CLASSIFICATION OF OFFENSES

Sections:

9.12.010 Offenses--Definitions.

9.12.020 Violations--Definitions.

 ${\bf 9.12.030\ Violations\text{--}Classification.}$

9.12.040 Infractions--Classification.

9.12.050 Inchoate crimes-- Attempt--Definition.

9.12.010 Offenses--Definitions.

- A. An offense is conduct for which a sentence to pay a fine is provided by any ordinance of this city. An offense is a violation.
- B. The doing of any act or thing prohibited, or the failure to do an act or thing commanded to be done, by this code within the corporate limits of the city of Sherwood, is declared to be an offense against the public peace, safety, health, morals and general welfare of the people of the city of Sherwood. (Ord. 98-1044 § 3(1): Ord. 641 § III (part), 1974)

9.12.020 Violations--Definitions.

An offense is a violation if it is so designated in the ordinance defining the offense or if the offense is punishable only by a fine, forfeiture, fine and forfeiture, or other civil penalty. Conviction of a violation does not give rise to any disability or legal disadvantage based on conviction of a crime. (Ord. 98-1044 § 3(2): Ord. 641 § III (part), 1974)

9.12.030 Violations--Classification.

- A. Violations are classified for the purpose of sentence into the following categories:
- 1. Class A violations;
- 2. Class B violations;
- 3. Class C violations:
- 4. Unclassified violations.
- B. The particular classification of each violation defined in this code is expressly designated in the section defining the offense. An offense defined outside this code which provides a penalty for the offense in the ordinance defining said offense shall be considered an unclassified violation.
- C. An offense defined by ordinance of this city, but without specification as to its classification or as to the penalty authorized upon conviction, shall be a considered a Class A violation. (Ord. 98-1044 § 3(3): Ord. 641 § III (part), 1974)

9.12.040 Infractions--Classification.

- A. Any infraction defined in this code is expressly designated in the section defining the offense. Any offense defined outside this code which is punishable as provided in Chapter 9.16 of this title, shall be considered an infraction.
- B. Infractions are not classified. (Ord. 98-1044 § 3(4): Ord. 641 § III (part), 1974)

9.12.050 Inchoate crimes--Attempt-- Definition.

- A. A person is guilty of an attempt to commit a violation when he or she intentionally engages in conduct which constitutes a substantial step toward the commission of the violation.
 - B. An attempt is a:
 - 1. Class B violation, if the offense attempted is a Class A violation;
 - 2. Class C, if the offense attempted is a Class B violation;
- 3. Infraction, if the offense attempted is a Class C violation, or an unclassified violation. (Ord. 98-1044 § 3(5): Ord. 641 § III (part), 1974)

Chapter 9.16

DISPOSITION OF OFFENDERS

Sections:

9.16.010 Fines for violations and infractions.

9.16.020 Criteria for imposition of fines.

9.16.030 Costs.

9.16.040 Time and method of payment of fines and costs.

9.16.010 Fines for violations and infractions.

- A. A sentence to pay a fine for a violation or infraction shall be a sentence to pay an amount, fixed by the court, not exceeding:
 - 1. One thousand dollars (\$1,000.00) for a Class A violation;
 - 2. Five hundred dollars (\$500.00) for a Class B violation;
 - 3. Two hundred fifty dollars (\$250.00) for a Class C violation;
 - 4. One hundred dollars (\$100.00) for an infraction unless otherwise stated in the ordinance provisions defining the infraction.
- B. A sentence to pay a fine for an unclassified violation shall be a sentence to pay an amount, fixed by the court, as provided in the ordinance defining the offense. (Ord. 98-1044 § 4(1): Ord. 641 § IV (part), 1974)

9.16.020 Criteria for imposition of fines.

In determining whether to impose a fine and its amount, the court shall consider:

- A. The financial resources of the defendant and the burden that payment of a fine will impose, with due regard to the other obligations of the defendant; and
- B. The ability of the defendant to pay a fine on an installment basis or on other conditions to be fixed by the court.

(Ord. 98-1044 § 4(2): Ord. 641 § IV (part), 1974)

9.16.030 Costs.

- A. The court may require a convicted defendant to pay costs.
- B. Costs shall be limited to expenses specially incurred by the city in prosecuting the defendant.
- C. The court shall not sentence a defendant to pay costs unless the defendant is or will be able to pay them. In determining the amount and method of payment of costs, the court shall take account of the financial resources of the defendant and the nature of the burden that payment of costs will impose.
- D. A defendant who has been ordered to pay costs and who is not in contumacious default in the payment thereof, may at any time petition the court which sentenced him or her for remission of the payment of costs or of any unpaid portion thereof. If it appears to the satisfaction of the court that payment of the amount due will impose manifest hardship on the defendant or the defendant's immediate family, the court may remit all or part of the amount due in costs, or modify the method of payment under Section 9.16.040 of this chapter. (Ord. 98-1044 § 4(3): Ord. 641 § IV (part), 1974)

9.16.040 Time and method of payment of fines and costs.

When a defendant has had judgment given against him or her to pay a fine or costs, the court may grant permission for payment to be made within a specified period of time or in specified installments. If no such permission is included in the judgment, the fine shall be payable forthwith.

(Ord. 98-1044 § 4(4): Ord. 641 § IV (part), 1974)

Chapter 9.20

OFFENSES BY OR AGAINST PUBLIC OFFICERS AND GOVERNMENT

Sections:

9.20.010 False swearing.

9.20.020 Unsworn falsification.

 ${\bf 9.20.030~Obstructing~governmental~administration.}$

9.20.040 Refusing to assist a peace officer.

9.20.050 Refusing to assist in firefighting operations.

9.20.060 Tampering with physical evidence.

9.20.070 Tampering with public records.

9.20.080 Resisting arrest.

9.20.090 Initiating a false report.

9.20.100 Unlawful impersonation.

9.20.010 False swearing.

- A. A person commits false swearing if he or she makes a false sworn statement, knowing it to be false.
- B. False swearing is a Class A violation. (Ord. 98-1044 § 17(1): Ord. 641 § VII(1), 1974)

9.20.020 Unsworn falsification.

- A. A person commits unsworn falsification if he or she knowingly makes any false written statement to a public servant in connection with an application for any benefit.
- B. Unsworn falsification is a Class B violation. (Ord. 98-1044 § 17(2): Ord. 641 § VII(2), 1974)

9.20.030 Obstructing governmental administration.

- A. A person commits obstructing governmental administration if he or she intentionally obstructs, impairs or hinders the administration of law or other governmental function by means of intimidation, force, physical interference or obstacle.
- B. This section shall not apply to obstruction of unlawful governmental action or interference with the making of an arrest.
- C. Obstructing governmental administration is a Class A violation. (Ord. 98-1044 § 17(3): Ord. 641 § VII(4), 1974)

9.20.040 Refusing to assist a peace officer.

- A. A person commits the offense of refusing to assist a peace officer if, upon command by a person known by him or her to be a peace officer, he or she unreasonably refuses or fails to assist in effecting an authorized arrest or preventing another from committing a crime or violation.
- B. Refusing to assist a peace officer is a Class B violation. (Ord. 98-1044 § 17(4): Ord. 641 § VII(5), 1974)

9.20.050 Refusing to assist in firefighting operations.

- A. A person commits the offense of refusing to assist in firefighting operations if:
- 1. Upon command by a person known by him or her to be a firefighter, he or she unreasonably refuses or fails to assist in extinguishing a fire or protecting property threatened thereby; or
- 2. Upon command by a person known by him or her to be a firefighter or peace officer, he or she intentionally and unreasonably disobeys a lawful order relating to his or her conduct in the vicinity of a fire.

B. Refusing to assist in firefighting operations is a Class B violation. (Ord. 98-1044 § 17(5): Ord. 641 § VII(6), 1974)

9.20.060 Tampering with physical evidence.

- A. A person commits the offense of tampering with physical evidence if, with intent that it be used, introduced, rejected or unavailable in an official proceeding which is then pending or to the knowledge of such person is about to be instituted, he or she:
 - 1. Destroys, mutilates, alters, conceals or removes physical evidence impairing its verity or availability; or
 - 2. Knowingly makes, produces or offers any false physical evidence; or
 - 3. Prevents the production of physical evidence by an action of force, intimidation or deception against any person.
- B. Tampering with physical evidence is a Class A violation. (Ord. 98-1044 § 17(6): Ord. 641 § VII(8), 1974)

9.20.070 Tampering with public records.

- A. A person commits tampering with public records if, without lawful authority, he or she knowingly destroys, mutilates, conceals, removes, makes a false entry in or falsely alters any public record.
- B. Tampering with public records is a Class A violation. (Ord. 98-1044 § 17(7): Ord. 641 § VII(9), 1974)

9.20.080 Resisting arrest.

- A. A person commits resisting arrest if he or she intentionally resists a person known by him or her to be a peace officer in making an arrest.
- B. "Resists," as used in this section, means the use or threatened use of violence, physical force or any other means that creates a substantial risk of physical injury to any person.
- C. It is no defense to a prosecution under this section that the peace officer lacked legal authority to make the arrest; provided, he or she was acting under color of his or her official authority.
- D. Resisting arrest is a Class A violation. (Ord. 98-1044 § 17(8): Ord. 641 § VII(10), 1974)

9.20.090 Initiating a false report.

A. A person commits initiating a false report if he or she knowingly initiates a false alarm or report which is transmitted to a fire department, law enforcement agency or other organization that deals with

emergencies involving danger to life or property.

B. Initiating a false report is a Class C violation. (Ord. 98-1044 § 17(9): Ord. 641 § VII(11), 1974)

9.20.100 Unlawful impersonation.

- A. A person commits unlawful impersonation if, with intent to obtain a benefit or to injure or defraud another, he or she falsely impersonates a public servant and does an act in such assumed character.
- B. Unlawful impersonation is a Class A violation. (Ord. 98-1044 § 17(10): Ord. 641 § VII(12), 1974)

Chapter 9.24

OFFENSES AGAINST THE PERSON

Sections:

9.24.010 Assault in the fourth degree.

9.24.020 Menacing.

9.24.030 Recklessly endangering another person.

9.24.040 Public indecency.

9.24.010 Assault in the fourth degree.

- A. A person commits assault in the fourth degree if he or she:
- 1. Intentionally, knowingly or recklessly causes physical injury to another; or
- 2. With criminal negligence causes physical injury to another by means of a deadly weapon.
- B. Assault in the fourth degree is a Class A violation. (Ord. 98-1044 § 5(1): Ord. 641 § V(1), 1974)

9.24.020 Menacing.

- A. A person commits the crime of menacing if, by word or conduct, he or she intentionally attempts to place another person in fear of imminent serious physical injury.
- B. Menacing is a Class A violation. (Ord. 98-1044 § 5(2): Ord. 641 § V(2), 1974)

9.24.030 Recklessly endangering another person.

A. A person commits recklessly endangering another person if he or she recklessly engages in conduct which creates a substantial risk of serious physical injury to another person.

B. Recklessly endangering another person is a Class A violation. (Ord. 98-1044 § 5(3): Ord. 641 § V(3), 1974)

9.24.040 Public indecency.

- A. A person commits public indecency if, while in or in view of a public place, he or she performs:
- 1. An act of sexual intercourse; or
- 2. An act of deviate sexual intercourse; or
- 3. An act of exposing his or her genitals with the intent of arousing the sexual desire of himself or herself or another person.
- B. Public indecency is a Class A violation. (Ord. 98-1044 § 5(4): Ord. 641 § V(4), 1974)

Chapter 9.28

THEFT AND RELATED OFFENSES

Sections:

9.28.010 Definitions.

9.28.020 Consolidation of theft offenses--Pleading and proof.

9.28.030 Theft--Definition.

9.28.040 Theft in the second degree.

9.28.050 Theft of lost, mislaid property.

9.28.060 Theft by deception.

9.28.070 Theft by receiving.

9.28.080 Right of possession.

9.28.090 Value of stolen property.

9.28.100 Theft--Defenses.

9.28.110 Theft of services.

9.28.010 Definitions.

As used in this code, unless the context requires otherwise:

"Appropriate property of another to oneself or a third person" or "appropriate" means to:

- 1. Exercise control over property of another, or to aid a third person to exercise control over property of another, permanently or for so extended a period or under such circumstances as to acquire the major portion of the economic value or benefit of such property; or
- 2. Dispose of the property of another for the benefit of oneself or a third person,

"Deprive another of property" or "deprive" means to:

1. Withhold property of another or cause property of another to be withheld from him or her

permanently or for so extended a period or under such circumstances that the major portion of its economic value or benefit is lost to him or her; or

2. Dispose of the property in such manner or under such circumstances as to render it unlikely that an owner will recover such property.

"Obtain" means and includes, but is not limited to, the bringing about of a transfer or purported transfer of property or of a legal interest therein, whether to the obtainer or another.

"Owner of the property taken, obtained or withheld" or "owner" means any person who has a right to possession thereof superior to that of the taker, obtainer or withholder.

"Property" means any article, substance or thing of value, including but not limited to money, tangible and intangible personal property, real property, choses-in-action, evidence of debt or of contract. (Ord. 641 § VI(1), 1974)

9.28.020 Consolidation of theft offenses--Pleading and proof.

- A. Conduct denominated theft under Section 9.28.040 of this chapter constitutes a single offense.
- B. An accusation of theft is sufficient if it alleges that the defendant committed theft of property of the nature or value required for the commission of the crime charged, without designating the particular way or manner in which the theft was committed.
- C. Proof that the defendant engaged in conduct constituting theft, as defined in Section 9.28.040 of this chapter, is sufficient to support any information or complaint for theft. (Ord. 641 § VI(2), 1974)

9.28.030 Theft--Definition.

A person commits theft when, with intent to deprive another of property or to appropriate property to himself or herself or to a third person, he or she:

- A. Takes, appropriates, obtains or withholds such property from an owner thereof; or
- B. Commits theft of property lost, mislaid or delivered by mistake, as provided in Section 9.28.050 of this chapter; or
- C. Commits theft by deception, as provided in Section 9.28.060 of this chapter; or
- D. Commits theft by receiving, as provided in Section 9.28.070 of this chapter. (Ord. $641 \ VI(3)$, 1974)

9.28.040 Theft in the second degree.

A person commits theft in the second degree if, by other than extortion, he or she:

- A. Commits theft as defined in Section 9.28.030 of this chapter; and
- B. The total value of the property in a single or aggregate transaction is under two hundred dollars (\$200.00).

(Ord. 98-1044 § 6: Ord. 641 § VI(4), 1974)

9.28.050 Theft of lost, mislaid property.

A person who comes into control of property of another that he or she knows or has good reason to know to have been lost, mislaid or delivered under a mistake as to the nature or amount of the property or the identity of the recipient, commits theft if, with intent to deprive the owner thereof, he or she fails to take reasonable measures to restore the property to the owner.

(Ord. 641 § VI(5), 1974)

9.28.060 Theft by deception.

- A. A person, who obtains property of another thereby, commits theft by deception when, with intent to defraud, he or she:
 - 1. Creates or confirms another's false impression of law, value, intention or other state of mind which the actor does not believe to be true; or
 - 2. Fails to correct a false impression which he or she previously created or confirmed; or
 - 3. Prevents another from acquiring information pertinent to the disposition of the property involved; or
 - 4. Sells or otherwise transfers or encumbers property, failing to disclose a lien, adverse claim or other legal impediment to the enjoyment of the property, whether such impediment is or is not valid, or is or is not a matter of official record; or
 - 5. Promises performance which he or she does not intend to perform or knows will not be performed.
- B. "Deception" does not include falsity as to matters having no pecuniary significance, or representations unlikely to deceive ordinary persons in the group addressed.
- C. In a prosecution for theft by deception, the defendant's intention or belief that a promise would not be performed shall not be established by or inferred from the fact alone that such promise was not performed.
- D. In a prosecution for theft by deception committed by means of a bad check, it is prima facie evidence of knowledge that the check or order would not be honored if:
 - 1. The drawer has no account with the drawee at the time the check or order is drawn or uttered; or

2. Payment is refused by the drawee for lack of funds, upon presentation within thirty (30) days after the date of utterance, and the drawer fails to make good within ten days after receiving notice of refusal.

(Ord. 641 § VI(6), 1974)

9.28.070 Theft by receiving.

- A. A person commits theft by receiving if he or she receives, retains, conceals or disposes of property of another knowing or having good reason to know that the property was the subject of theft.
- B. "Receiving" means acquiring possession, control or title, or lending on the security of the property.

 (Ord. 641 § VI(7), 1974)

9.28.080 Right of possession.

Right of possession of property is as follows:

- A. A person who has obtained possession of property by theft or other illegal means shall be deemed to have a right of possession superior to that of a person who takes, obtains or withholds the property from him or her by means of theft.
- B. A joint or common owner of property shall not be deemed to have a right of possession of the property superior to that of any other joint or common owner of the property.
- C. In the absence of a specific agreement to the contrary, a person in lawful possession of property shall be deemed to have a right of possession superior to that of a person having only a security interest in the property, even if legal title to the property lies with the holder of the security interest pursuant to a conditional sale contract or other security agreement.

(Ord. 641 § VI(8), 1974)

9.28.090 Value of stolen property.

For the purposes of this code, the value of property shall be ascertained as follows:

- A. Except as otherwise specified in this section, "value" means the market value of the property at the time and place of the crime or, if such cannot reasonably be ascertained, the cost of replacement of the property within a reasonable time after the crime.
- B. Whether or not they have been issued or delivered, certain written instruments, not including those having a readily ascertainable market value, shall be evaluated as follows:
 - 1. The value of an instrument constituting an evidence of debt, including but not limited to a check, draft or promissory note, shall be considered the amount due or collectible thereon or thereby.

- 2. The value of any other instrument which creates, releases, discharges or otherwise affects any valuable legal right, privilege or obligation shall be considered the greatest amount of economic loss which the owner might reasonably suffer because of the loss of the instrument.
- C. When the value of property cannot reasonably be ascertained, it shall be presumed to be an amount less than two hundred dollars (\$200.00). (Ord. 641 § VI(9), 1974)

9.28.100 Theft--Defenses.

- A. In a prosecution for theft, it is a defense that the defendant acted under an honest claim of right, in that:
 - 1. The defendant was unaware that the property was that of another; or
 - 2. The defendant reasonably believed that he or she was entitled to the property involved or had a right to acquire or dispose of it as he or she did.
- B. In a prosecution for theft by receiving, it is a defense that the defendant received, retained, concealed or disposed of the property with the intent of restoring it to the owner.
- C. It is a defense that the property involved was that of the defendant's spouse, unless the parties were not living together as man and wife and were living in separate abodes at the time of the alleged theft. (Ord. 641 § VI(10), 1974)

9.28.110 Theft of services.

- A. A person commits theft of services, if:
- 1. With intent to avoid payment therefor, he or she obtains services that are available only for compensation, by force, threat, deception or another means to avoid payment for the services; or
- 2. Having control over the disposition of labor or of business, commercial or industrial equipment or facilities of another, he or she uses or diverts to the use of himself or herself or a third person such labor, equipment or facilities with intent to derive a commercial benefit for himself or herself or a third person not entitled thereto.
- B. As used in this section, "services" includes, but is not limited to, labor, professional services, toll facilities, transportation, telephone or other communications services, entertainments, the supplying of food, lodging or other accommodations in hotels, restaurants or elsewhere, the supplying of equipment for use, and the supplying of commodities of a public utility nature such as gas, electricity, steam and water.
- C. Absconding without payment or offer to pay for hotel, restaurant or other services for which compensation is customarily paid immediately upon the receiving of them is prima facie evidence that the

services were obtained by deception.

D. Theft of services is a Class A violation. (Ord. 98-1044 § 7: Ord. 641 § VI(11), 1974)

Chapter 9.32

OFFENSES AGAINST PROPERTY

Sections:

9.32.010 Trespass--Definitions.

9.32.020 Trespass in the second degree.

9.32.030 Trespass in the first degree.

9.32.040 Reckless burning.

9.32.050 Unlawful mischief in the third degree.

9.32.060 Unlawful mischief in the second degree.

9.32.070 Destruction of official notices and signs.

9.32.080 Improper garbage transportation.

9.32.090 Failing to remove snow or ice.

9.32.010 Trespass--Definitions.

As used in Sections 9.32.020 through 9.32.060 of this chapter, except as the context otherwise requires:

"Building," in addition to its ordinary meaning, includes any booth, vehicle, boat, aircraft or other structure adapted for overnight accommodations of persons or for carrying on business therein. Where a building consists of separate units, including but not limited to separate apartments, offices or rented rooms, each unit is, in addition to being a part of such building, a separate building.

"Dwelling" means a building which regularly or intermittently is occupied by a person lodging therein at night, whether or not a person is actually present.

"Enter or remain unlawfully" means:

- 1. To enter or remain in or upon premises when the premises, at the time of such entry or remaining, are not open to the public or when the entrant is not otherwise licensed or privileged to do so; or
- 2. To fail to leave premises that are open to the public after being lawfully directed to do so by the person in charge.

"Open to the public" means premises which by their physical nature, function, custom, usage, notice or lack thereof, or other circumstances at the time would cause a reasonable person to believe that no permission to enter or remain is required.

"Person in charge" means a person, his or her representative or his or her employee who has lawful control of premises by ownership, tenancy, official position or other legal relationship. It includes, but is not limited to the person or holder of a position, designated as the person or position-holder in charge by the governor, board, commission or governing body of any political subdivision of this state.

"Premises" includes any building and any real property, whether privately or publicly owned.

"Property of another" means property in which anyone other than the actor has a possessory or proprietary interest.

(Ord. 98-1044 § 8; Ord. 641 § VI(12), 1974)

9.32.020 Trespass in the second degree.

- A. A person commits trespass in the second degree if he or she enters or remains unlawfully in or upon premises.
- B. A person commits trespass in the second degree if he or she permits, brings or allows any horse, mule, donkey or other such animal, whether or not attended, at any time on any site or lands of School District #88J within the city of Sherwood, unless directed or permitted to do so by the administrative officers of the district.
- C. A person commits trespass in the second degree if he or she, uses, operates or rides upon any motorized vehicle on or within any lands of School District #88J, within the city of Sherwood, improved for school site purposes, other than on or within driveways, parking areas and other areas specially designated for vehicular use, unless directed to do so by the administrative officers of the district.
- D. Trespass in the second degree is a Class C violation. (Ord. 98-1044 § 9: Ord. 641 § VI(13), 1974)

9.32.030 Trespass in the first degree.

- A. A person commits trespass in the first degree if he or she enters or remains unlawfully in a dwelling.
- B. Trespass in the first degree is a Class A violation. (Ord. 98-1044 § 10: Ord. 641 § VI(14), 1974)

9.32.040 Reckless burning.

- A. A person commits reckless burning if he or she recklessly damages property of another by fire or explosion.
- B. Reckless burning is a Class A violation. (Ord. 98-1044 § 11: Ord. 641 § VI(15), 1974)

9.32.050 Unlawful mischief in the third degree.

A. A person commits unlawful mischief in the third degree if, with intent to cause substantial inconvenience to the owner or to another person, and having no right to do so nor reasonable ground to believe that he or she has such right, he or she tampers or interferes with property of another.

B. Unlawful mischief in the third degree is a Class C violation. (Ord. 98-1044 § 12: Ord. 641 § VI(16), 1974)

9.32.060 Unlawful mischief in the second degree.

- A. A person commits unlawful mischief in the second degree if:
- 1. He or she violates Section 9.32.050 of this chapter and as a result thereof damages property in an amount exceeding one hundred dollars (\$100.00); or
- 2. Having no right to do so nor reasonable ground to believe that he or she has such right, he or she intentionally damages property of another, or he or she recklessly damages property of another in an amount exceeding one hundred dollars (\$100.00).
- B. Unlawful mischief in the second degree is a Class A violation. (Ord. 98-1044 § 13: Ord. 641 § VI(17), 1974)

9.32.070 Destruction of official notices and signs.

- A. A person commits the offense of destruction of official notices and signs if he or she defaces or tears down any official notice or bulletin, or any official sign or signal posted or placed in conformity with law.
- B. Destruction of official notices and signs is a Class B violation. (Ord. 98-1044 \S 16: Ord. 641 \S VI(20), 1974)

9.32.080 Improper garbage transportation.

- A. It be unlawful for any person to carry any garbage, filth or refuse along any sidewalk or transport any garbage, swill or refuse through any street, except in a covered wagon or in a tightly covered box or apparatus, such wagon, box or apparatus to be fastened down over the entire contents of the load as to prevent such contents from leaking, spilling, dropping, or in any manner being deposited in the street, or from being exposed to the open air during such transportation.
- B. Improper garbage transportation is a Class C violation. (Ord. 98-1044 § 24; Ord. 641 § VIII(13), 1974)

9.32.090 Failing to remove snow or ice.

- A. A person commits the offense of failing to remove snow or ice if he or she, being the tenant, occupant or person having the care of a building or of land bordering on a street where there is a sidewalk, or if there be no tenant, occupant or caretaker, then the owner thereof:
 - 1. Fails or neglects, within the first six hours of daylight after snow ceases to fall, to remove the snow from the entire length of said premises for a space not less than three feet in width. This section shall apply also to snow which has fallen from any roof or building.

- 2. Fails, in the event any portion of said sidewalk is covered with ice, to cause such sidewalk to be made safe for travel by covering same with sand, ashes, or some other suitable substance within the first six hours of daylight after the formation of said ice.
- B. Failing to remove snow or ice is a Class C violation. (Ord. 98-1044 § 26: Ord. 641 § VIII(16), 1974)

Chapter 9.36

OFFENSES AGAINST PUBLIC PEACE AND DECENCY

Sections:

9.36.010 Littering or dumping of rubbish.

9.36.020 Poisoning dogs.

9.36.030 Disorderly conduct.

9.36.040 Harassment.

9.36.050 Abuse of venerated objects.

9.36.060 Offensive littering.

9.36.070 Creating a hazard.

9.36.080 Misrepresentations of age by a minor.

9.36.090 Sale or gift of liquor to minor, intoxicated or interdicted person.

9.36.100 Purchase or possession of alcoholic liquor by minor.

9.36.110 Blasting without permit.

9.36.120 Unlawful use of sidewalks.

9.36.130 Unlawful sale and use of fireworks.

9.36.140 Unlawful discharge of weapons.

9.36.150 Expectoration.

9.36.010 Littering or dumping of rubbish.

Any person who throws, dumps, places, deposits, or drains, or causes or permits to be drained upon the land of another, without permission of the owner, or upon any public road, highway, street, alley, or any easement used by the public for public travel, referred to later in this section as a public way, any cans, glass, nails, tacks, broken dishes or crockery, carcass of any dead animal, old clothing, old automobile tires, old automobile parts, boards, metal, or any sort of rubbish, trash, debris, or refuse, or any sewage or the drainage from any cesspool or septic tank, or any substance which would mar the appearance, create a stench, or detract from the cleanliness or safety of such public way, or would be likely to injure any animal, vehicle, or person traveling upon such public way, shall be punished, upon conviction, by a fine not to exceed five hundred dollars (\$500.00). Violation of this section is a civil infraction.

(Ord. 97-1034 § 1: Ord. 560, 1967)

9.36.020 Poisoning dogs.

- A. A person commits the offense of poisoning a dog or dogs if, with intent to kill or injure any dog or dogs, he or she puts out or places, where it is likely to be eaten by any dog or dogs, any meat, food or substance containing poison, ground glass or other substance likely to kill or seriously injure any dog.
- B. The offense of poisoning dogs is a Class B violation. (Ord. 98-1044 § 15: Ord. 641 § VI(19), 1974)

9.36.030 Disorderly conduct.

- A. A person commits disorderly conduct if, with intent to cause public inconvenience, annoyance or alarm, or recklessly creating a risk thereof, he or she:
 - 1. Engages in fighting or in violent, tumultuous or threatening behavior; or
 - 2. Makes unreasonable noise; or
 - 3. Disturbs any lawful assembly of persons without lawful authority; or
 - 4. Obstructs vehicular or pedestrian traffic on a public way; or
 - 5. Congregates with other persons in a public place and refuses to comply with a lawful order of the police to disperse; or
 - 6. Initiates or circulates a report, knowing it to be false, concerning an alleged or pending fire, explosion, fire, catastrophe or other emergency; or
 - 7. Creates a hazardous or physically offensive condition by any act which he or she is not licensed or privileged to do.
- B. Disorderly conduct is a Class B violation. (Ord. 98-1044 § 18: Ord. 641 § VIII(1), 1974)

9.36.040 Harassment.

- A. A person commits harassment if the person intentionally:
- 1. Harasses or annoys another person by:
 - a. Subjecting such other person to offensive physical contact; or
 - b. Publicly insulting such other person by abusive words or gestures in a manner intended and likely to provoke a violent response;
- 2. Subjects another to alarm by conveying a false report, known by the conveyor to be false, concerning death or serious physical injury to a person, which report reasonably would be expected to cause alarm; or
- 3. Subjects another to alarm by conveying a telephonic or written threat to inflict serious physical injury on that person or to commit a felony involving the person or property of that person or any member of that person's family, which threat reasonably would be expected to cause alarm.
- B. A person is liable for harassment if the person knowingly permits any telephone under the

person's control to be used in violation of subsection A of this section.

- C. Harassment is a Class B violation.
- D. Notwithstanding subsection C of this section, harassment is a Class A violation if a person violates subsection A of this section by subjecting another person to offensive physical contact and the offensive physical contact consists of touching the sexual or other intimate parts of the other person. (Ord. 98-1044 § 20: Ord. 97-1026 § 1; Ord. 641 § VIII(4), 1974)

9.36.050 Abuse of venerated objects.

- A. A person commits abuse of venerated objects if he or she intentionally abuses a public monument or structure or a place of worship or burial.
- B. As used in this section, "abuse" means to deface, damage, defile or otherwise physically mistreat in a manner likely to outrage public sensibilities.
- C. Abuse of venerated objects is a Class C violation. (Ord. 98-1044 § 21 (part): Ord. 641 § VIII(5), 1974)

9.36.060 Offensive littering.

- A. A person commits offensive littering if he or she creates an objectionable stench, or degrades the beauty or appearance of property, or detracts from the natural cleanliness or safety of property by intentionally:
 - 1. Discarding or depositing any rubbish, trash, garbage, debris or other refuse upon the land of another without permission of the owner, or upon any public way; or
 - 2. Draining, or causing or permitting to be drained, sewage or the drainage from a cesspool, septic tank, recreational or camping vehicle waste holding tank or other contaminated source, upon the land of another without permission of the owner, or upon any public way; or
 - 3. Permitting any rubbish, trash, garbage, debris or other refuse to be thrown from a vehicle which he or she is operating; except, that this subsection will not apply to a person operating a vehicle transporting passengers for hire subject to regulation by the interstate commerce commission or the department of transportation, or a person operating a school bus described under ORS 801.460.
- B. As used in this section, "public way" includes, but is not limited to, roads, streets, alleys, lanes, trails, beaches, parks and all recreational facilities operated by the state, a county or a local municipality for use by the general public.
- C. Offensive littering is a Class C violation. (Ord. 98-1044 § 21 (part): Ord. 641 § VIII(6), 1974)

9.36.070 Creating a hazard.

- A. A person commits the offense of creating a hazard if:
- 1. He or she intentionally maintains or leaves in a place accessible to children a container with a compartment of more than one and one-half cubic feet capacity and a door or lid which locks or fastens automatically when closed and which cannot easily be opened from the inside; or
- 2. Being the owner or otherwise having possession of property upon which there is a well, cistern, cesspool, excavation or other hole of a depth of four feet or more and a top width of twelve (12) inches or more, he or she intentionally fails or refuses to cover or fence it with a suitable protective construction.
- B. Creating a hazard is a Class B violation. (Ord. 98-1044 § 21 (part): Ord. 641 § VIII(7), 1974)

9.36.080 Misrepresentations of age by a minor.

- A. A person commits misrepresentation of age by a minor if:
- 1. Being less than a certain, specified age, he or she knowingly represents himself or herself to be of any age other than his or her true age with the intent of securing a right, benefit or privilege which by law is denied to persons under that certain, specified age; or
- 2. Being unmarried, he or she knowingly represents that he or she is married with the intent of securing a right, benefit or privilege which by law is denied to unmarried persons.
- B. Misrepresentation of age by a minor is a Class C violation. (Ord. 98-1044 § 21 (part): Ord. 641 § VIII(8), 1974)

9.36.090 Sale or gift of liquor to minor, intoxicated or interdicted person.

- A. No person shall sell alcoholic liquor to any person under the age of twenty-one (21) years, to a person who is visibly intoxicated, or to a person who has been interdicted.
- B. No person other than his or her parent or guardian shall give or otherwise make available any alcoholic liquor to any person under the age of twenty-one (21) years.
- C. Sale or gift of liquor to a minor, intoxicated or interdicted person is a Class B violation. (Ord. 98-1044 § 22(a): Ord. 641 § VIII(10), 1974)

9.36.100 Purchase or possession of alcoholic liquor by minor.

A. No person under the age of twenty-one (21) years shall attempt to purchase, purchase or acquire alcoholic liquor. Except when such minor is in a private residence accompanied by his or her parent or guardian and with such parent's or guardian's consent, no person under the age of twenty-one (21) years shall have in his or her possession alcoholic liquor.

- B. For the purpose of subsection A of this section, possession of alcoholic liquor includes the acceptance or consumption of a bottle of such liquor, or any portion thereof, or a drink of such liquor. However, the provisions of subsection A of this section do not prohibit the consumption by any person of sacramental wine as part of a religious rite or service.
- C. Purchase or possession of alcoholic liquor by a minor is a Class C violation. (Ord. 98-1044 § 22(b); Ord. 641 § VIII(11), 1974)

9.36.110 Blasting without permit.

- A. No person shall, without having first received a permit from the city engineer, explode or cause to be exploded any gunpowder, dynamite or other explosive for any purpose.
- B. The city engineer, before issuing a permit for blasting, shall require the person to whom the permit is to be issued, to specify the location where the blasting is to be done, and shall further require insurance for such amounts as he or she may deem necessary to protect the city and any person or property in said city from all damage or loss that might result from such blasting, and to protect the city, its officers, agents and employees, from all claims for such damage or loss.

Evidence of such insurance, in a form satisfactory to the city attorney, shall be filed with the city engineer, and shall not be less than fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000.00) for injury to one person, one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000.00) for injuries arising from one accident, and fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000.00) for damage to property.

The city engineer shall also have power and authority to limit the force of explosions to be made. If he deems it in the interest of the city or a proper protection of life and property, he may refuse to issue such permit.

C. The offense of blasting without a permit is a Class A violation. (Ord. 98-1044 § 25; Ord. 641 § VIII(14), 1974)

9.36.120 Unlawful use of sidewalks.

- A. A person commits the offense of unlawful use of any sidewalk or public pedestrian pathway if he or she:
 - 1. Gathers with others or so stands upon such sidewalk or pathway as to prevent, impede or obstruct the free passage of pedestrian traffic; or
 - 2. Leads, rides, ties or fastens any goat, horse, cow, sheep, swine or other similar animal in such a manner as to permit it to go along or remain upon any sidewalk, sidewalk area or public pedestrian pathway; or
 - 3. Rides or operates any redicycle, including bicycle, on any sidewalk in the city; provided, however, that bicycles used for delivery of papers or merchandise may be operated on the sidewalks while being so used within the residential sections of the city only; provided, further,

that any person riding or operating a bicycle on any sidewalk in the residential sections of the city shall at all times yield the right-of-way to pedestrians using such sidewalk.

Residential sections are defined, for the purposes of this section, to include all parts of the city contiguous to a street or highway not within a business district; or

- 4. Rides or operates any motorized vehicle upon any sidewalk except when necessary to do so to enter or exit abutting property or to cross between a street and alleyway.
- B. Unlawful use of sidewalks is a Class C violation. (Ord. 98-1044 § 27; Ord. 97-1026 § 2; Ord. 641 § VIII(17), 1974)

9.36.130 Unlawful sale and use of fireworks.

A. For purposes of this section, and unless otherwise required by context, "fireworks" means:

Any combustible or explosive composition or substance, or any combination of such compositions or substances, or any other article which was prepared for the purpose of providing a visible or audible effect by combustion, explosion, deflagration or detonation, and includes blank cartridges or toy cannons in which explosives are used, balloons which require fire underneath to propel the same, firecrackers, torpedoes, skyrockets, Roman candles, bombs, rockets, wheels, colored fires, fountains, mines, serpents, or any other article of like construction or any article containing any explosive or inflammable compound, or any tablets or other device containing any explosive substances or inflammable compound; but does not include:

- 1. Sparklers, toy pistol paper caps, toy pistols, toy canes, toy guns or other devices in which paper caps containing .25 grains or less of explosive compound are used, and when the rate of burning and the explosive force of the materials in such devices are not greater than an equivalent weight of F.F.F.G. black powder, and when such devices are so constructed that the hand cannot come in contact with the cap when in place for explosion, and the major explosive force is contained or dispelled within the housing or shell of the device, there is no visible flame during discharge, there is no flaming or smoldering of any of the components or parts of the device after discharge, and the device does not produce sufficient heat to readily ignite combustible materials upon which the device may be placed. The sale and use of such devices shall be permitted at all times.
- 2. Snakes or similar smoke-producing material containing not more than one hundred (100) grains of combustible substances when there is no visible flame during discharge, there is no after-smoldering, and the devices do not produce sufficient heat to readily ignite combustible materials upon which the devices may be placed. The sale and use of such devices shall be permitted at all times.
- B. For purposes of this section, "sparklers" means:

Materials of a character that will, when ignited, sparkle without throwing or dropping hot residue capable of igniting combustible materials, attached to a wire or other noncombustible central support, with such materials arranged in a cylindrical shape not more than ten inches in length nor more than one-quarter inch in diameter, and which shall not burn more rapidly than one inch in ten seconds, but not including materials

incased within a container of any character.

"Explosive substance" or "explosive mixture," as used in this section, shall mean any substance so arranged as to burn in less than one second. "Combustible substance" shall means any substance so arranged as to burn in more than one second.

C. A person commits the offense of unlawful use of fireworks if he or she sells, keeps or offers for sale, exposes for sale, uses, possesses or explodes any fireworks within the city, except as follows:

Sales by manufacturers and wholesalers for direct out-of-state shipment.

Sales of shells, cartridges, gunpowder or explosives for use in legally permitted firearms.

D. Unlawful use of fireworks is a Class C violation. (Ord. 98-1044 § 28; Ord. 641 § VIII(18), 1974)

9.36.140 Unlawful discharge of weapons.

- A. No person, other than a peace officer, shall fire or discharge within the city any gun or other weapon, including spring or air actuated pellet guns, air guns, BB guns, or other weapons which propel a projectile by use of gun powder or other explosive, jet or rocket propulsion, use of gas or other propellant.
- B. No person may shoot a slingshot, blow gun, bow and arrow or any instrument of any similar type or throw a dagger, spear, stiletto, throwing star or any instrument of any other type.
- C. The provisions of this section shall not be construed to prohibit the firing or discharging of any weapon by:
 - 1. Persons lawfully defending life or property as provided in ORS 161.219; or
 - 2. Persons discharging firearms, blowguns, bows and arrows, crossbows or explosive devices upon public or private shooting ranges, shooting galleries or other areas designated and built for the purpose of target shooting.
- D. Unlawful discharge of weapons is a Class B violation. (Ord. 98-1044 § 29; Ord. 97-1030: Ord. 91-941)

9.36.150 Expectoration.

- A. A person commits the offense of expectoration if he or she expectorates upon any sidewalk or street or on or in any public building or public place except in receptacles provided for that purpose.
- B. Expectoration is a Class C violation. (Ord. 98-1044 § 30; Ord. 641 § VIII(20), 1974)

CURFEW

Sections:

- 9.40.010 Short title.
- 9.40.020 Definitions.
- 9.40.030 Prohibition of certain minors being in public places during certain times.
- 9.40.040 Hours of curfew.
- 9.40.050 Prohibition of parents from allowing minors to be in public places during curfew hours.
- 9.40.060 Custody of minors violating curfew.
- 9.40.070 Affirmative defenses.
- 9.40.080 Violation--Penalty.

9.40.010 Short title.

The ordinance codified in this chapter shall be known and may be cited as the curfew ordinance and may be referred to herein as this chapter. (Ord. 95-1002 § 4)

9.40.020 Definitions.

As used in this chapter, unless the context requires otherwise:

"Minor" means a person who is under eighteen (18) years of age.

"Parent" means the natural or adoptive father or mother of a dependent child or the stepfather or stepmother of a dependent child, when such stepparent has a legal obligation to support the child.

"Public place" means any public roadway or any premises open to the general public, whether the premises are publicly or privately owned and whether or not a fee is charged for the use of the premises. (Ord. 95-1002 § 5)

9.40.030 Prohibition of certain minors being in public places during certain times.

No minor shall be in a public place during the hours of curfew specified in Section 9.40.040 of this chapter, unless accompanied or visually supervised by a parent or a person eighteen (18) years of age or over who is authorized to have care and custody of the minor either by law or by a parent of the minor, provided, however that no minor shall be prohibited from being in a public place while engaged in traveling to or from a place of employment or an educational, religious or similar activity. (Ord. 95-1002 § 6)

9.40.040 Hours of curfew.

- A As to minors under fourteen (14) years of age:
- 1. During the months of September through May, the hours of curfew shall be between nine-fifteen p.m. and six a.m. the following morning, except that on any day immediately preceding a day for which no public school is scheduled in the city, the curfew shall be between ten-fifteen p.m. and

six a.m. the following morning.

- 2. During the months of June through August, the hours of curfew shall be between ten-fifteen p.m. and six a.m. the following morning.
- B. As to minors fourteen (14) years of age or older:
- 1. During the months of September through May, the hours of curfew shall be between ten-fifteen p.m. and six a.m. the following morning, except that on any day immediately preceding a day for which no public school is scheduled in the city, the curfew shall be between eleven-fifty-nine p.m. and six a.m. the following morning.
- 2. During the months of June through August, the hours of curfew shall be between eleven-fifty-nine p.m. and six a.m. the following morning.

(Ord. 95-1002 § 7)

9.40.050 Prohibition of parents from allowing minors to be in public places during curfew hours.

No parent of a minor shall allow or fail to prohibit such minor to be in a public place in violation of Section 9.40.030. (Ord. 95-1002 § 8)

9.40.060 Custody of minors violating curfew.

Any minor who violates any provision of this chapter may be taken into temporary custody as provided by ORS 419-760 and may be subjected to further proceeding as provided therein. (Ord. 95-1002 § 9)

9.40.070 Affirmative defenses.

The following are affirmative defenses to the offenses described in Section 9.40.030 and Section 9.40.050, to be proved by the defendant by a preponderance of the evidence:

- A. That a minor was accompanied by a parent or by a person eighteen (18) years of age or over who was authorized to have care and custody of minor either by law or by a parent of the minor; or
- B. That the minor was engaged in traveling to or from a place of employment or an educational, religious or similar activity.

(Ord. 95-1002 § 10)

9.40.080 Violation--Penalty.

Violation of this curfew chapter is a Class C violation. (Ord. 98-1044 § 23; Ord. 95-1002 § 11)

Chapter 9.44

NUISANCES

Sections:

- 9.44.010 Definition of nuisances.
- 9.44.020 Noxious vegetation.
- 9.44.030 Hazards.
- 9.44.040 Maintenance of nuisances.
- 9.44.050 Open storage of junk.
- 9.44.060 Abatement of nuisances.

9.44.010 Definition of nuisances.

The following are declared to be nuisances affecting the public health and safety, and may be abated in the manner prescribed in Section 9.44.060 of this chapter:

- A. Maintenance on any private property of any open vault or privy.
- B. Maintenance or keeping on private property of any animal, substance or condition causing an odor unreasonably offensive to the public.
- C. Maintenance or keeping of any livestock or buildings for the purpose of housing such livestock in such places or in such a manner that they will be offensive or annoying to residents within the immediate vicinity thereof, or maintaining the premises in such a manner as to be a breeding place or likely breeding place for rodents, flies or other pests.
- D. Maintenance of any dead animal or bird exposed on private property for any period of time longer than reasonably necessary to accomplish the removal or disposal of the carcass.
- E. Maintenance of any condition, activity, operation or vocation on private property which causes noise unreasonably offensive to the public.
- F. Maintenance on private property of grass, weeds and noxious vegetation contrary to the provisions of Section 9.44.020 of this chapter.
- G. Maintenance on private property of any hazardous condition contrary to the provisions of Section 9.44.030 of this chapter.

(Ord. 641 § IX(1), 1974)

9.44.020 Noxious vegetation.

The owner, person in possession, or agent of the owner of any lot, tract or parcel of land, improved or unimproved, shall, during the months of May, June, July, August and September of each year, cut and remove, and keep cut and removed therefrom and from the half of the street or streets abutting the property, all weeds, thistles, burdock, ferns and other noxious vegetation, and all grass more than ten inches in height, and all dead bushes, dead trees, stumps and any other thing likely to cause fire.

Nothing herein contained shall be considered to apply to bushes, trees, shrubbery and/or other vegetation

grown for food, fuel or ornament or for the production of food, fuel or ornament; providing, that the health and safety of the public be not thereby endangered by the maintenance of such growth or vegetation. (Ord. 641 § IX(2), 1974)

9.44.030 Hazards.

During all months of the year, such person shall remove and keep removed therefrom all stagnant water, filth, rubbish, waste material and any other substance which may endanger or injure neighboring property, passersby or the health, safety or welfare of the public. During all months of the year, he or she shall keep the sidewalk and streets abutting such property free from earth, rock and other debris, and from projecting and/or overhanging bushes, brush and limbs that may obstruct or render unsafe the passage of persons or vehicles. (Ord. 641 § IX(3), 1974)

9.44.040 Maintenance of nuisances.

- A. Any person who is an owner, tenant, person in possession, or person having the care of any real property, commits the violation of maintaining a nuisance if he or she maintains or fails to remove or abate any of the nuisances set forth in Section 9.44.010 of this chapter.
 - B. Maintaining a nuisance is a Class C violation.
- C. Each day's violation of this section shall constitute a separate offense. (Ord. 98-1044 § 31: Ord. 641 § IX(4), 1974)

9.44.050 Open storage of junk.

- A. A person commits the violation of open storage of junk when, as the owner, tenant, person in possession, or person in charge of or having the care of any real property, he or she deposits, stores, maintains or keeps on any real property within the city, outside a fully enclosed storage facility, building or garbage receptacle, any of the following:
 - 1. Inoperable, unusable, partially dismantled automobiles, cars, trucks, trailers or other vehicular equipment or parts thereof in a state of disrepair for more than ten days as to any one automobile, car, truck, trailer or piece of vehicular equipment.
 - 2. Used or dismantled household appliances, furniture, or parts thereof, or discards, garbage, debris, rubbish, junk, trash or refuse for more than five days.
- B. Nothing contained in any section of this chapter shall be construed as permitting any activity otherwise prescribed or regulated by other ordinances or statutes applicable within the city.
 - C. Open storage of junk is a Class C violation.
- D. Each day's violation of this section shall constitute a separate offense. (Ord. 98-1044 § 32: Ord. 641 § IX(5), 1974)

9.44.060 Abatement of nuisances.

- A. Any of the nuisances described in Sections 9.44.010, 9.44.020, 9.44.030 or 9.44.050 of this chapter may be abated as prescribed in this section.
 - B. Notice.
 - 1. Whenever it is declared by ordinance that anything is a nuisance and the police chief or other code enforcement officer has knowledge that such nuisance exists, unless the ordinance authorizes summary abatement, he or she shall cause to be posted upon the property liable for the abatement of such nuisance a notice, in legible characters, directing the removal of such nuisance, which notice shall be substantially in the following form:

NOTICE TO REMOVE AND ABATE NUISANCE

Date of Notice:
TO:, the owner or occupant of the following described real property:
(address)
(tax lot and assessor's map #)
in the city of Sherwood, Oregon.
There exists on said premises the following nuisance or condition:
which is in violation of City Code Section

You are hereby notified to remove and abate this nuisance or condition from said property within ten days of the date of this notice. If you deny that this condition is a nuisance in violation of City Code you must file with the City Manager at Sherwood City Hall, 20 N.W. Washington, Sherwood, Oregon 97140, within 10 days of the date of this notice, a written request for a hearing at which you will be provided an opportunity to show cause why you should not be required to abate this condition.

If you fail to remove or abate the nuisance or condition complained of or fail to request a hearing within 10 days of the date of this notice, the City of Sherwood may cause the nuisance to be abated and charge the cost of said abatement against the property described in this notice.

Dated:	·			
Police C	hief/Code	Enforce	ment Of	ficer

2. The police chief or code enforcement officer shall also, at approximately the time of posting such notice, notify the city manager thereof; and shall thereupon cause to be mailed a copy of the notice so posted, postage prepaid, to the owner or agent of the owner of said real property, directed to the last known post office address of such owner or agent or, if the post office address of both is unknown, to such owner or agent at Sherwood, Oregon.

The chief of police or code enforcement officer may delegate any city employee to post or mail such notice. The person posting such notice and the person mailing the same shall forthwith file in the city manager's office a certificate stating the date and place of such mailing and posting.

An error in the name of the owner or agent or the use of a name other than that of the true owner or agent of such property shall not render void such notice, but in such case, the posted notice shall be deemed sufficient.

- C. Nuisance to be Abated Within Ten Days--Hearing.
- 1. Within ten days after posting and mailing of such notice, the owner, agent of the owner, or occupant of any such property shall remove and abate such nuisance or request a hearing to show that no nuisance in fact exists. Upon receipt of a request for a hearing, the city manager shall set a date for the matter to be heard in regular course of business. At the time set for hearing, such person may appear and be heard by the manager, and the manager shall thereupon determine whether or not such nuisance exists.
- 2. The manager may appoint a special hearings officer to hear the matter in lieu of the manager personally conducting the hearing.
- 3. If it be determined by the manager or hearings officer that such nuisance exists, the proceedings hereinafter specified shall be followed. The city manager shall forthwith notify the police chief or code enforcement officer of the action by the city manager.
- D. Abatement by City. If, within the time fixed in the code, the nuisance described in the notice has not been removed and abated, or at hearing cause has not been shown, as specified in subsection C of this section, why such nuisance should not be removed and abated, the police department or code enforcement officer shall cause said nuisance to be removed and abated.

Where summary abatement is authorized and no notice to abate is given, the police department or code enforcement officer shall cause said nuisance to be removed and abated. An accurate account of all expenses incurred shall be kept, including an overhead charge of ten percent for administration. After completion of

removal and abatement, a statement of the cost thereof shall be filed with the city manager.

- E. Notice of Assessment.
- 1. Upon receipt of such statement, the city manager shall forthwith mail to the owner of such property therein mentioned, a notice setting forth the expense incurred and stating that the council proposes to assess against his or her property the amounts mentioned in subsection D of this section, and that objections to the proposed assessment may be made in writing and filed with the city manager on or before twenty (20) days from date of mailing such notice.
- 2. Upon expiration of said period of twenty (20) days, objections to the proposed assessment shall be heard and determined by the council in regular course of business.
- 3. Any assessment for such cost and overhead expenses shall be made by ordinance, and shall be entered in the lien docket of the city; and upon such entry, the same shall constitute a lien upon the property from which said nuisance was removed and abated, which lien shall be collected in all respects as provided for street improvement liens, and shall bear interest at the rate of nine percent per annum from ten days after date of entry in the lien docket.

An error in the name of the owner or in the use of a name other than that of the true owner of such property or the failure of the owner to receive notice of such assessment shall not render said assessment void, but the same shall be a valid and existing lien against said property.

- F. Summary Abatement. The procedure provided by this chapter is not exclusive but in addition to procedure provided by other ordinances; and furthermore, the health officer, the chief of the fire department and the police officers of this city may proceed summarily to abate a health or other nuisance which unmistakably exists and from which there is imminent damager to human life or property.
- G. Abatement not Exclusive Remedy. The abatement of a nuisance, as herein provided, shall not constitute a penalty for a violation of this chapter, but shall be in addition to any penalty imposed for a violation of this chapter.

(Ord. 98-1044 § 33: Ord. 641 § IX(6), 1974)

Chapter 9.46

ABATEMENT OF NOXIOUS WEEDS

Sections:

- 9.46.010 Purpose.
- 9.46.020 Definitions.
- 9.46.030 Nuisance plants.
- 9.46.040 Prohibited plants.
- 9.46.050 Modification of plant lists.
- 9.46.060 Requirement to abate plants identified in Sections 9.46.030--9.46.040.
- 9.46.070 Eradication of weeds when owner or occupant refuses to do so.
- 9.46.080 Weed abatement activities on public lands subject to certain regulations.
- 9.46.090 Wetlands and natural areas.
- 9.46.100 Noxious weed debris disposal and transportation.
- 9.46.110 Duty to clean machinery before moving.

9.46.120 Coordination with county, state and federal authorities. 9.46.130 Violation--Penalty.

9.46.010 Purpose.

Section 8.16.160 of the property maintenance code requires property owners to maintain their properties free of weeds, and Section 9.44.020 Nuisances (Noxious Vegetation) requires property owners to remove vegetation that poses a threat to public safety. This chapter serves to address specific noxious weeds and identify some of the region's more prevalent and disruptive species, with measures to prevent the introduction and establishment of weed infestations, and encourage the removal of existing infestations. (Ord. 02-1135 § 3 (Exh. A)(part))

9.46.020 Definitions.

"Control" means, as appropriate, eradicating, suppressing, reducing, or managing weed species populations, preventing the spread of weeds from areas where they are present, and taking steps such as restoration of native species and habitats to reduce the effects of weeds and to prevent further invasions.

"Introduction" means the intentional or unintentional escape, release, dissemination, or placement of a species into an ecosystem as a result of human activity.

"Native species" means, with respect to a particular ecosystem, a species that historically occurred or currently occurs in that ecosystem, other than as a result of introduction.

"Natural areas" are lands set aside for the preservation of significant natural resources, open space, and remnant landscapes, including wetland, riparian and upland areas and are intended to be left-alone or managed in a natural state.

"Noxious weeds" are exotic, non-indigenous, plant species that are injurious to public health, agriculture, recreation, wildlife, or any public or private property.

"Nuisance plants" are native, naturalized, or exotic plant species that tend to dominate plant community and/or pose an inherent risk to public health.

"Prohibited plants" are plants that are banned from being used in all landscaping situations, propagated, and sold within the city limits.

"Species" means a group of organisms all of which have a high degree of physical and genetic similarity, generally interbreed only among themselves, and show persistent differences from members of allied groups of organisms.

"Wetlands" are areas that are inundated or saturated by surface or groundwater at a frequency and duration sufficient to support, and that under normal circumstances do support, a prevalence of vegetation typically adapted for life in saturated soil conditions. (Ord. 02-1135 § 3 (Exh. A)(part))

9.46.030 Nuisance plants.

While the following plants are not prohibited within the city limits, the city encourages and may require removal if upon determination the infestations pose a public health risk or threaten to invade an adjacent, uninfected, sensitive area. These plants may be native, naturalized, or exotic. They are divided into two groups: plants which are considered a nuisance because of their tendency to dominate plant communities, and plants which are considered harmful to humans. Other local, state, or federal laws may still regulate removal of certain plants on this list.

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Dominating Plants	
Scientific Name	Common Name
Acer platanoides	Norway Maple
Ailanthus altissima	Tree-of-heaven
Alliaria officinalis	Garlic Mustard
Chelidonium majou	Lesser Celandine
Cirsium arvense	Canada Thistle
Cirsium vulgare	Common Thistle
Clematis ligusticifolia	Western Clematis
Clematis vitalba	Traveler's Joy
Convolvulus seppium	Lady's-nightcap
Cortaderia selloana	Pampas grass
Crataegus sp. except C.	Hawthorn, except native
douglasii	species
Daucus carota	Queen Anne's Lace
Egeria densa	South American
=	Waterweed
Elodea densa	South American
	Waterweed
Erodium cicutarium	Crane's Bill
Geranium robertianum	Robert Geranium
Hypericum perforatum	St. John's Wort
Ilex aquafolium	English Holly
Iris pseudacorus	Yellow Flag
Lemna minor	Duckweed, Water Lentil
Leontodon autumnalis	Fall Dandelion
Myriophyllum spicatum	Eurasian Watermilfoil
Poa annua	Annual Bluegrass
Polygonum coccineum	Water Smartweed
Polygonum convolvulus	Climbing Bindweed
Polygonum sachalinense	Giant Knotweed
Prunus laurocerasus	English, Portugese Laurel
Rubus laciniatus	Evergreen Blackberry
Senecio jacobaea	Tansy Ragwort
Solanum dulcamara	Blue Bindweed
Solanum sarrachoides	Hairy Nightshade
Taraxacum officinale	Common Dandelion
Utricularia vulgaris	Common Bladderwort
Vinca major	Periwinkle (large leaf)
Vinca minor	Periwinkle (small leaf)
Xanthium spinoseum	Spiny Cocklebur
Various genera	Bamboo sp.
Harmful Plants	
Scientific Name	Common Name
Conium maculatum	Poison-hemlock
Laburnum watereri	Golden Chain Tree

Solanum nigrum	Garden Nightshade
Solalium ingrum	Garden Mightshade

(Ord. 02-1135 § 3 (Exh. A)(part))

9.46.040 Prohibited plants.

Prohibits the following plants from being used in all landscaping situations, propagated, and sold within the city limits. This provision applies to the below named species only, and includes any sub-species, varieties, or cultivars of these species. Additional plant species may be prohibited by adopted land use plans in specific areas or situations.

Prohibited Plants	
Scientific Name	Common Name
Convolvulus arvensis	Field Morning-glory
Cytisus scoparius	Scotch Broom
Hedera helix	English Ivy
Lythrum salicaria	Purple Loosestrife
Phalaris arundinacea	Reed Canarygrass
Rubus discolor	Himalayan Blackberry

(Ord. 02-1135 § 3 (Exh. A)(part))

9.46.050 Modification of plant lists.

Plants may be added to or removed from the lists provided in Sections 9.46.030--9.46.040, when requested and approved by council. When an amendment to either list is requested, staff will consult with at least three or more knowledgeable persons with botany, biology, or landscape architecture backgrounds to determine if the requested change is warranted.

(Ord. 02-1135 § 3 (Exh. A)(part))

9.46.060 Requirement to abate plants identified in Sections 9.46.030--9.46.040.

Property owners may be required to remove infestations of certain plants, identified in Sections 9.46.030--9.46.040, based upon one of the following determining factors: the plant species poses an inherent risk to public health, as per Section 9.44.020; the plant species was not previously found within the region and is known to significantly impact local environmental resources; and the plant species poses an inherent risk of invading and significantly altering and impacting nearby uninfected properties. (Ord. 02-1135 § 3 (Exh. A)(part))

9.46.070 Eradication of weeds when owner or occupant refuses to do so.

If the owner or occupant of the land fails or refuses to immediately destroy or cut weeds, when requested per Section 9.46.060, the city manager or designee may authorize staff to go upon the property and destroy the noxious weeds; unless the destruction or control of the weeds on any property is in the judgment of staff impracticable because the weeds may be too far advanced or if for any other reason the means of control available are unsatisfactory.

(Ord. 02-1135 § 3 (Exh. A)(part))

9.46.080 Weed abatement activities on public lands subject to certain regulations.

Private citizens wanting to perform noxious weed control activities on public lands shall request written permission from the city or jurisdictional agency prior to the commencement of any work. All work must comply with practices outlined in the city's weed management plan. (Ord. 02-1135 § 3 (Exh. A)(part))

9.46.090 Wetlands and natural areas.

Prohibits the deliberate introduction and planting of vegetation identified in Sections 9.46.030--9.46.040 in natural areas and wetlands within the city of Sherwood. Weed control activities within properties designated as wetlands and natural areas, shall utilize approved treatment techniques that minimize impact to the surrounding ecosystem. Treatment area shall be restored with regionally-historic native plant species. (Ord. 02-1135 § 3 (Exh. A)(part))

9.46.100 Noxious weed debris disposal and transportation.

All cut debris will be disposed of in such a way as to limit seed dispersal or new growth on uninfected properties. No person shall, without prior authorization, deposit cut noxious weed debris on public property or the private property of another person. Prior to transportation, cut debris shall be covered and contained in such a way to prevent seed and cutting dispersal.

(Ord. 02-1135 § 3 (Exh. A)(part))

9.46.110 Duty to clean machinery before moving.

No person operating or having control of any machinery used to remove or cut plants identified in Sections 9.46.020--9.46.030, shall move the machinery over any public road or from one property to another without first thoroughly cleaning and inspecting the machinery following any noxious weed treatment operation, as to prevent the spread of seeds and cuttings to uninfected properties. (Ord. 02-1135 § 3 (Exh. A)(part))

9.46.120 Coordination with county, state and federal authorities.

Staff shall coordinate weed control activities in addressing regionally identified high priority weed species and ensure all weed control activities comply with county, state, and federal regulations and laws. (Ord. 02-1135 § 3 (Exh. A)(part))

9.46.130 Violation--Penalty.

Any person violating any provision of this chapter or any rule or regulation adopted pursuant hereto, upon conviction, shall be punishable by a fine of not more than five hundred dollars (\$500.00). (Ord. 02-1135 § 3 (Exh. A)(part))

Chapter 9.48

CRIMINAL PROCEDURE

Sections:

9.48.010 Short title.

9.48.020 Filing complaint by private person as commencement of an action.

9.48.030 Complaint.

9.48.040 Security for costs.

9.48.050 Costs.

9.48.060 Issuance, requisites, execution, and return of warrant of arrest.

9.48.070 Citations to violators.

9.48.080 Reading complaint to defendant--Defendant to plead.

9.48.090 Defendant's plea--Refusal to plead.

9.48.100 Trial by court.

9.48.110 State statutes to govern.

9.48.010 Short title.

The ordinance codified in this chapter shall be known as the Sherwood offense procedure ordinance and may be cited as such. (Ord. 98-1043 § 1)

9.48.020 Filing complaint by private person as commencement of an action.

In municipal court, action is commenced by the filing of the complaint therein, verified by the oath of the person commencing the action who is thereafter known as the complainant. A complaint may be filed by a private person, a police officer, code enforcement officer, or other city representative. (Ord. 98-1043 § 2)

9.48.030 Complaint.

The complaint shall be deemed sufficient if it contains the name of the court, title of the action, statement of the offense charged, that the offense was committed on or about a designated date or during a designated time, a statement of the acts constituting the city offense in ordinary and concise language in such manner as to enable a person of common understanding to know what is intended and be signed by the private complainant, police officer, code enforcement officer, or other city representative bringing the charge. (Ord. 98-1043 § 3)

9.48.040 Security for costs.

Before filing or receiving the complaint in an action, the municipal judge may require a private complainant to deposit as security for costs and disbursements the sum of fifty dollars (\$50.00). (Ord. 98-1043 § 4)

9.48.050 Costs.

The municipal court shall assess the sum of fifty dollars (\$50.00) as and for costs in every case of finding of guilt by the court, in every case of a guilty plea, and in each instance of bail forfeiture on a charge of violation of a municipal ordinance; except that no costs shall be assessed in cases where the fine imposed is less than fifty dollars (\$50.00).

(Ord. 98-1043 § 5)

9.48.060 Issuance, requisites, execution, and return of warrant of arrest.

A warrant of arrest in an action in a municipal court is issued, directed, and executed in all respects as the warrant mentioned in ORS 133.140, except that it shall be made returnable only before the judge who issues it.

(Ord. 98-1043 § 6)

9.48.070 Citations to violators.

- A. City police officers may, if an arrest is made without a warrant, or if a person is arrested by a private citizen and is turned over to a peace officer, or if the municipal judge before whom a complaint is filed authorizes it, issue a citation in lieu of continuing custody in those cases in the form and manner authorized by Chapter 244 Oregon Laws of 1969. (ORS 133.045 through 133.110 and ORS 156.050).
- B. If any person wilfully fails to appear before the municipal court of the city pursuant to a citation issued and served under the authority of Chapter 244, Oregon Laws of 1969, and subsection A of this section, and a complaint is filed, he or she shall be deemed guilty of a violation of this chapter and shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine of not more than five hundred dollars (\$500.00). (Ord. 98-1043 § 7)

9.48.080 Reading complaint to defendant--Defendant to plead.

When the defendant appears, or is brought, before the municipal judge, the complaint shall be read to the defendant; and the defendant shall plead thereto at that time, or within such additional time as the municipal judge may grant for entry of plea.

(Ord. 98-1043 § 8)

9.48.090 Defendant's plea--Refusal to plead.

The defendant may plead the same pleas as upon an indictment. His or her plea shall be oral and entered in the docket. If the defendant refuses to plead, the municipal judge shall enter the fact, together with the plea of not guilty on his or her behalf.

(Ord. 98-1043 § 9)

9.48.100 Trial by court.

Upon a plea other than a plea of guilty, the municipal judge shall proceed to try the issue at a date scheduled for trial by the court, unless continued for cause. (Ord. 98-1043 § 10)

9.48.110 State statutes to govern.

When not governed by this chapter, or by the city charter, all proceedings prior to judgment, with respect to actions in municipal court for the violation of the city ordinance, shall be governed by applicable general rules of the state governing justice of the peace and justice courts.

Chapter 9.50

POSSESSION, MANUFACTURE OR DELIVERY OF DRUG PARAPHERNALIA

Sections:

9.50.010 Definitions.

9.50.015 Factors to be considered.

9.50.020 Offenses and penalties.

9.50.025 Nuisance.

9.50.030 Severability.

9.50.010 Definitions.

As used in this chapter:

"Controlled substance" means a drug or its immediate precursor classified in Schedules I through V under the Federal Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. §§ 811--812) as the same may be modified consistent with ORS 475.035.

"Deliver" or "delivery" means the actual, constructive or attempted transfer (other than by administering or dispensing) from one person to another of a controlled substance, regardless of whether there is an agency relationship.

"Drug paraphernalia" means all equipment, products and materials of any kind used or intended or designed for use in planting, propagating, cultivating, growing, harvesting, manufacturing, compounding, converting, producing, processing, preparing, testing, analyzing, packaging, repackaging, storing, containing, concealing, injecting, ingesting or otherwise introducing into the human body a controlled substance in violation of the Uniform Controlled Substances Act of Oregon (ORS 475.005 to 475.285 and 475.991 to 475.995). Although not an exclusive list, included within the phrase "drug paraphernalia" as used in this chapter, are the following:

- 1. Kits used, or intended or designed for use in planting, propagating, cultivating, growing or harvesting of any species of plant which is a controlled substance or from which a controlled substance can be derived;
- 2. Kits used, intended or designed for use in manufacturing, compounding, converting, producing, processing, or preparing controlled substances;
- 3. Isomerization devices used, intended or designed for use in increasing the potency of any species of plant which is a controlled substance;
- 4. Testing equipment used, intended or designed for use in identifying or in analyzing the strength, effectiveness or purity of controlled substances;
- 5. Scales and balances used, intended or designed for use in weighing or measuring controlled substances;

- 6. Diluents and adulterants, such as quinine hydrochloride, mannitol, mannite, dextrose and lactose, used, intended for use, or designed for use in cutting controlled substances;
- 7. Separation gins and sifters used, or intended or designed for use in removing twigs and seeds from or in otherwise cleaning or refining marijuana;
- 8. Blenders, bowls, containers, spoons and mixing devices used, or intended or designed for use in compounding controlled substances;
- 9. Capsules, balloons, envelopes and other containers used, or intended or designed for use in packaging small quantities or controlled substances;
- 10. Containers and other objects used, intended or designed for use in storing or concealing controlled substances:
- 11. Hypodermic syringes, needles and other objects used, intended for use in storing or concealing controlled substances;
- 12. Objects used, or intended or designed for use in ingesting, inhaling or otherwise introducing marijuana, cocaine, hashish, or hashish oil into the human body, such as:
 - a. Metal, wooden, acrylic, glass, stone, plastic, or ceramic pipes with or without screens, permanent screens, hashish heads, or punctured metal bowls;
 - b. Water pipes;
 - c. Carburetion tubes and devices;
 - d. Smoking and carburetion masks;
 - e. Roach clips: meaning objects used to hold burning materials, such as a marijuana cigarette, that has become too small or too short to be held in the hand;
 - f. Chamber pipes;
 - g. Carburetor pipes;
 - h. Electric pipes;
 - i. Air-driven pipes;
 - j. Chillums;
 - k. Bongs; and

l. Ice pipes or chillers.

"Marijuana" means all parts of the plant Cannabis family Moraceae, whether growing or not; the resin extracted from any part of the plant and every compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or preparation of the plant or its resin. It does not include the mature stalks of the plant, fiber produced from the stalks, oil, or cake made from the seeds of the plant, any other compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture or preparation of the mature stalks (except the resin extracted therefrom), fiber, oil, or cake, or the sterilized seed of the plant which is incapable of germination.

(Ord. 03-1154 § 1 (part))

9.50.015 Factors to be considered.

In determining whether an object may be drug paraphernalia, the municipal court, other judicial entity or person should consider (in addition to other logically relevant factors) the following:

- A. Statements by an owner or by anyone in control of the object concerning its use;
- B. Prior convictions, if any, of an owner, or of anyone in control of the object, under any State or Federal law relating to any controlled substance;
- C. The proximity of the object to controlled substances;
- D. The existence of any residue of controlled substances on the object;
- E. Direct or circumstantial evidence of the intent of an owner, or of anyone in control of the object, to deliver it to persons whom he or she knows intend to use the object to facilitate a violation of federal or state law relating to controlled substances;
- F. Instructions, oral or written, provided with the object concerning its use;
- G. Descriptive materials accompanying the object which explain or depict its use;
- H. National and local advertising concerning its use;
- I. The manner in which the object is displayed for sale;
- J. Whether the owner or anyone in control of the object is a legitimate supplier of like or related items to the community, such as a licensed distributor or dealer of tobacco products;
- K. Direct or circumstantial evidence of the ratio of sales of the object(s) to the total sales of the business enterprise;
- L. The existence and scope of legitimate uses for the object in the community; and M. Expert testimony concerning its use.

(Ord. 03-1154 § 1 (part))

9.50.020 Offenses and penalties.

- A. Possession of Drug Paraphernalia. It is unlawful for any person to use, or to possess with intent to use, drug paraphernalia to plant, propagate, cultivate, grow, harvest manufacture, compound, convert, produce, process, prepare, test, analyze, pack, repack, store, contain, conceal, inject, ingest, inhale, or otherwise introduce into the human body a controlled substance.
- B. Manufacture or Delivery of Drug Paraphernalia. It is unlawful for any person to deliver, possess with intent to deliver, or manufacture with intent to deliver, drug paraphernalia, knowing that it will be used to plant, propagate, cultivate, grow, harvest manufacture, compound, convert, produce, process, prepare, test, analyze, pack, repack, store, contain, conceal, inject, ingest, inhale or otherwise introduce into the human body a controlled substance.
- C. Violation of subsection A or B of this section shall be a class A violation with a fine of the statutory maximum provided under ORS 153.018. Citations shall be issued and court procedures followed consistent with ORS 153.030 to 153.121. (Ord. 03-1154 § 1 (part))

9.50.025 Nuisance.

- A. Drug paraphernalia are declared to be public nuisances and any peace officer may seize any such paraphernalia and it shall be held subject to the order of municipal court as to its disposition.
- B. Whenever it appears to the court that drug paraphernalia has been possessed in violation of the ordinance codified in this chapter, the court may order the chief of police to destroy the paraphernalia. (Ord. 03-1154 § 1 (part))

9.50.030 Severability.

If any provision of the ordinance codified in this chapter or the application thereof to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the invalidity does not affect other provisions or applications of the ordinance which can be given effect without the invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions of this chapter are severable.

(Ord. 03-1154 § 1 (part))

Chapter 9.52

PROHIBITING OF NOISE

Sections:

9.52.010 Purpose.

9.52.020 Definitions.

9.52.030 Noise disturbance prohibited.

9.52.040 Permissible sound levels.

9.52.050 Exemptions.

9.52.060 Enforcement responsibility and authority.

9.52.070 Variances.

9.52.080 Variance application.

9.52.090 Public notification for Class B or C variance.

9.52.100 Variance review. 9.52.110 Variance decision. 9.52.120 Review. 9.52.130 Penalties. 9.52.140 Emergency.

9.52.010 Purpose.

It is hereby found and declared that:

- A. The making and creation of excessive, unnecessary or unusually loud noises within the limits of the city of Sherwood is a condition which has existed for some time and the extent in volume of such noises is increasing;
- B. The making, creation, or maintenance of such excessive, unnecessary, unnatural, or unusually loud noises which are prolonged, unusual and unnatural in their time, place and use affect, and are a detriment to public health, comfort, convenience, safety, welfare, and prosperity of the residents of the city of Sherwood; and
- C. The necessity in the public interest for provisions and prohibitions hereinafter contained in this chapter, is declared as a matter of legislative determination and public policy, and it is further declared that the provisions and prohibitions hereinafter contained are in pursuance of and for the purpose of securing and promoting the public health, comfort, convenience, safety, welfare, and prosperity and the peace and quiet of the city of Sherwood and its inhabitants.

(Ord. 01-116 § 1)

9.52.020 Definitions.

As used in this chapter:

"Commercial" means any use of an office, service establishment, hotel, motel, retail store, park, amusement or recreation facility, or other use of the same general type, and rights-of-way appurtenant thereto, whether publicly or privately owned.

"Domestic power equipment" means power tools or equipment used for home or building repair, maintenance, alteration or other home manual arts projects, including but not limited to powered hand tools, lawn mowers and garden equipment.

"Industrial" means any use of a warehouse, factory, mine, wholesale trade establishment, or other use of the same general type, and rights-of-way appurtenant thereto, whether publicly or privately owned.

"Motor vehicle" means any land vehicle, which is designed to be self-propelled.

"Noise sensitive" means any use of a church, temple, synagogue, day care center, hospital, rest home, retirement home, group care home, school, dwelling unit (single family dwelling, duplex, triplex, multifamily dwelling, or mobile home), or other use of the same general type, and rights-of-way appurtenant thereto, whether publicly or privately owned.

"Plainly audible" means unambiguously communicated to the listener. Plainly audible sounds include, but are not limited to understandable musical rhythms, understandable spoken words, and vocal sounds other than speech, which are distinguishable as raised or normal. (Ord. 01-1116 § 2)

9.52.030 Noise disturbance prohibited.

A. Generally. In addition to the specific prohibitions in subsection B of this section and Section 9.52.040, it is unlawful for any person to knowingly create, assist in creating, permit, continue, or permit the continuance of any noise disturbance.

A noise disturbance is any sound, including sound produced by animals, which annoys, disturbs, injures, or endangers the comfort, repose, health, peace, or safety of others, within the limits of the city.

- B. Specific Prohibitions. Unless exempted by Section 9.52.050, the following acts are declared to be noise disturbances within the meaning of subsection A of this section provided, however, that this enumeration shall not be deemed to be exclusive:
 - 1. Dynamic braking devices (Jake Brakes). Using any dynamic braking device on any motor vehicle, except to avoid imminent danger to persons or property. A dynamic braking device is one used primarily on trucks and busses to convert a motor from an internal combustion engine to an air compressor for the purpose of vehicle braking without using the wheel brakes.
 - 2. Idling engines on motor vehicles. Operating for more than fifteen (15) consecutive minutes any idling engine in such a manner as to be plainly audible within any dwelling unit between the hours of 10:00 p.m. and 7:00 a.m.
 - 3. Motor vehicle repair and testing. Repairing or testing any motor vehicle in such a manner as to be plainly audible within any dwelling unit between the hours of 10:00 p.m. and 7:00 a.m.
- 4. Lawn mowing equipment. Operating lawn-mowing equipment (to include powered landscaping tools/equipment) with a combustion engine between 10:00 p.m. and 7:00 a.m. (Ord. 01-1116 § 3)

9.52.040 Permissible sound levels.

- A. Except as specifically provided elsewhere in this chapter, "day" hours are between 7:00 a.m. and 10:00 p.m. Monday through Friday; and 8:00 a.m. to 7:00 p.m. Saturday and Sunday.
- B. Except as otherwise provided elsewhere in this chapter, "night" hours are between 10:00 p.m. and 7:00 a.m. Monday through Friday, and 7:00 p.m. and 8:00 a.m. Saturday and Sunday.
 - 1. Sound producing, amplifying, or reproducing equipment. During day and night hours, no person shall cause or permit sound produced by a musical instrument, radio, television, phonograph, loudspeaker, or other similar equipment to be plainly audible within any dwelling unit other than the source.

- 2. Domestic power equipment. The day period does not apply to sounds produced by domestic power equipment.
- 3. During night hours, no person shall operate domestic power equipment in such a manner as to be plainly audible within any dwelling unit other than the source.
- 4. Commercial construction. The day period does not apply to any sounds produced in commercial construction activity.
- 5. Off-highway vehicles. No person shall operate any self-propelling motor vehicle, designed for or capable of travel on or over natural terrain, including but not limited to motorcycles, mini-bikes, motor scooters, dune buggies, and jeeps, off a public right-of-way in such a manner that the sound level is plainly audible within any dwelling unit outside the boundary of the noise-producing property during day or night hours.
- 6. Auxiliary equipment on motor vehicles. No person shall cause, allow, permit, or fail to control the operation of any auxiliary equipment on a motor vehicle or trailer for more than thirty (30) minutes when the sound level produced by such equipment is plainly audible within any dwelling unit outside the boundary of the noise-producing property during night hours. Auxiliary equipment means a mechanical device that is built in or attached to a motor vehicle or trailer, including, but not limited to, refrigeration units, compressors, compactors, chippers, power lifts, mixers, pumps, and blowers.

(Ord. 01-1116 § 4)

9.52.050 Exemptions.

The following sounds are exempted from the provisions of this chapter:

- A. Sounds made by work necessary to restore property to a safe condition following a public calamity, or work required to protect persons or property from imminent exposure to danger.
- B. Sounds made by warning devices to protect persons or property from imminent exposure to danger, provided however that intrusion or fire alarms shall not sound continuously for more than fifteen (15) minutes. Sounds made by the Tualatin Valley fire and rescue district sirens during use and testing.
- C. Sounds made by an emergency vehicle, as defined in ORS 801.260, when responding to or from an emergency or when in pursuit of an actual or suspected violator of the law.
- D. Sounds made by activities by or on direction of the city of Sherwood in maintenance construction, or repair of public improvements in public rights-of-way or easements.
- E. Sounds produced pursuant to a specific variance granted by the Oregon environmental quality commission, or under Section 9.52.070 of this chapter.

- F. Sounds produced by the audience, participants and sound amplifying equipment at athletic events on public property and sponsored or sanctioned or otherwise approved by the city or the Sherwood school district.
- G. Sounds made by motor vehicle exhaust systems that comply with the provisions of ORS 815.250, but this exemption does not apply to violation of Section 9.52.030 B 2 of this chapter. (Ord. 01-1116 § 5)

9.52.060 Enforcement responsibility and authority.

- A. The Sherwood police department and the city manager's designee shall jointly enforce this chapter.
- B. Enforcement of this chapter may include seizure of the sound producing equipment. (Ord. 01-1116 § 6)

9.52.070 Variances.

- A. Generally. Any person who owns, controls, or operates any sound source which does not comply with a provision of this chapter may apply for:
 - 1. A Class A variance for an event that does not exceed seventy-two (72) hours in duration; or
 - 2. A Class B variance for an event or activity or series of related events, or activities that are seventy-two (72) hours or more in duration.
- B. The city manager or the city manager's designee may file application for a Class C variance for a community event or activity of any duration that does not comply with a provision of this chapter. (Ord. 01-1116 § 7)

9.52.080 Variance application.

- A. An applicant for a variance shall submit in writing:
- 1. A reference to the provision from which the variance is sought;
- 2. The reason or reasons why the variance is necessary;
- 3. The physical characteristics of the involved sound;
- 4. The times when the involved sound will be emitted and the anticipated duration of the sound;
- 5. Where the sound will not be generated by a mobile source which moves beyond the boundaries of one block, a site plan sketch which shows the area of sound generation and designates whether the uses in the area within four hundred (400) feet of the source of the involved sound are commercial, industrial, or noise sensitive as defined in Section 9.52.020, or a combination

thereof;

- 6. Any other supporting information which the city manager or council may reasonably require to allow consideration of the conditions set forth in Section 9.52.100.
- B. The applicant for a Class A variance shall submit the application to the city manager's designee. The applicant for a Class B or Class C variance shall submit the application to the city recorder, who shall place the matter on the agenda for the forthcoming council meeting. (Ord. 01-1116 § 8)

9.52.090 Public notification for Class B or C variance.

The applicant for a Class B variance or the city for a Class C variance shall post notice along the nearest public road at the boundaries of the property containing the sound source so that the notice is visible from the public road, and publish notice in a newspaper of general circulation in the city. Notice shall be posted on the property at least seven days before the public hearing, and notice shall be published at least four days before the public hearing. Notice under this section shall state the date the council will consider the application, the nature and substance of the variance to be considered, and that recipients of the notification may file written comments on the application with the city recorder before the council meeting at which the application will be considered. (Ord. 01-1116 § 9)

9.52.100 Variance review.

The city manager or the city manager's designee or council may grant a variance, after considering the written application for variance and any written comments submitted by persons specified in Section 9.52.090, when it appears that the following conditions exist:

- A. There are unnecessary or unreasonable hardships or practical difficulties which can be most effectively relieved by granting the variance, and;
- B. That granting the application will not be unreasonably detrimental to the public welfare. (Ord. 01-1116 § 10)

9.52.110 Variance decision.

- A. The city manager or the city manager's designee shall grant or deny a Class A variance within three days of receipt of a complete variance application, excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays.
- B. The council shall grant or deny a Class B or Class C variance within thirty (30) days of receipt of the application, and may, on its own motion, hold a public hearing on the application before deciding to grant or deny the variance.
- C. The city manager or council may impose such limitations, conditions, and safeguards as deemed appropriate, so that the spirit of the chapter will be observed, and the public safety and welfare secured. A violation of any such condition or limitation shall constitute a violation of this chapter.

D. A decision to grant or deny the variance shall be in writing and shall state the reasons for such decision. The council or city manager shall notify the applicant of the decision and shall make it available to any person who has submitted written comments on the application. (Ord. 01-1116 § 11)

9.52.120 Review.

The decision of the council to grant or deny a variance is final. The city manager shall file his or her written decision with the city recorder, who shall place the matter on the agenda for the forthcoming council meeting. The decision of the city manager is final on the date of that council meeting, unless the council, on its own motion, decides to reverse or modify the decision of the city manager or to schedule a public hearing on the application. If a public hearing is held, the council shall grant or deny the variance within thirty (30) days after the hearing, and may impose conditions on the granting of the variances as set forth in Section 9.52.110. (Ord. 01-1116 § 12)

9.52.130 Penalties.

Violation of any provision of this chapter constitutes a Class C violation (City of Sherwood Municipal Code 9.12.030) for the first offense. Subsequent violations of this chapter constitute a Class B violation (City of Sherwood Municipal Code 9.12.030).

(Ord. 01-1116 § 13)

Chapter 9.56

PROHIBITS USE OF TOBACCO PRODUCTS ON CITY PROPERTY

Sections:

9.56.010 Definitions.

9.56.020 Tobacco use prohibited.

9.56.030 Violation.

9.56.040 Severability.

9.56.010 Definitions.

The following definitions apply to this chapter:

"Smoking" means any inhaling, exhaling, burning, or carrying any lighted cigar, cigarette, pipe, weed, plant or other tobacco or tobacco-like product or substance in any manner or any form.

"Tobacco product" means any tobacco, cigarette, cigar, pipe tobacco, smokeless tobacco, chewing tobacco, or any other form of tobacco which may utilized for smoking, chewing, inhalation, or any other means of ingestion.

"Tobacco use" means smoking, chewing or other ingestion of any tobacco product. (Ord. 01-1117 § 1)

9.56.020 Tobacco use prohibited.

Tobacco use is prohibited on any city-owned, controlled or managed property, with the exclusion of public right-of-way, including, but not limited to city-owned buildings, parks, vehicles and other real and personal property.

(Ord. 01-1117 § 2)

9.56.030 Violation.

Violation of this chapter in an infraction punishable by fine of not less than fifty (\$50.00) dollars nor more than five hundred (\$500.00) dollars. (Ord. 01-1117 § 3)

9.56.040 Severability.

If any provision, clause, sentence, or paragraph of this chapter or the application thereof to any person or circumstances shall be held invalid, such invalidity shall not affect the other provisions of this chapter which can be given effect without the invalid provision or application and to this end the provisions of this chapter are declared to be severable.

Chapter 9.60

INVENTORY PROCEDURES

Sections:

9.60.010 Purpose.

9.60.020 Definitions.

9.60.030 Inventories of impounded vehicles.

9.60.040 Inventories of persons in police custody.

9.60.010 Purpose.

This chapter sets out the process for conducting an inventory of personal property found in a lawfully impounded vehicle as well as to the personal property in the possession of a person in police custody. It is not be interpreted to affect any other statutory or constitutional right(s) that police officers may employ to search persons or search or seize possessions for any other purpose.

(Ord. 07-005 § 1 (part))

9.60.020 Definitions.

For the purpose of this chapter, the following definitions shall apply:

"Closed container" means a container whose contents are not exposed to view.

"Open container" means a container which is unsecured or incompletely secured in such a fashion that the container's contents are exposed to view.

"Police custody" means:

- 1. The imposition of restraint as a result of an arrest as that term is defined at ORS 133.005(1); or
- 2. The imposition of actual or constructive restraint by a police officer pursuant to a court order; or
- 3. The imposition of actual or constructive restraint by a police officer pursuant to ORS Chapter 426; or
- 4. The imposition of actual or constructive restraint by a police officer for purposes of taking the restrained person to an approved facility for the involuntary confinement of persons pursuant to Oregon law.

"Police officer" means any officer of the Sherwood police department.

"Valuable" means:

- 1. Cash money of an aggregate amount of fifty dollars (\$50.00) or more; or
- 2. Individual items of personal property with a value of over five hundred dollars (\$500.00). (Ord. 07-005 § 1 (part))

9.60.030 Inventories of impounded vehicles.

- A. The contents of all vehicles impounded by a police officer will be inventoried. The inventory shall be conducted before constructive custody of the vehicle is released to a third-party towing company except under the following circumstances:
 - 1. If there is a reasonable suspicion to believe that the safety of either the police officer(s) or any other person is at risk, a required inventory will be done as soon as safely practical; or
 - 2. If the vehicle is being impounded for evidentiary purposes in connection with the investigation of a criminal offense, the inventory will be done after such investigation is completed.
 - B. The inventory of an impounded vehicle is conducted to:
 - 1. Promptly identify personal property to establish accountability and avoid spurious claims as to that property;
 - 2. Assist in the prevention of theft of property;
 - 3. Locate toxic, flammable or explosive substances; and
 - 4. Reduce the danger to persons and property.
 - C. Inventories of impounded vehicles will be conducted according to the following procedure:

- 1. An inventory of personal property and the contents of open containers will be conducted throughout the passenger and engine compartments of the vehicle including, but not limited to, accessible areas under or within the dashboard area, in any pockets in the doors or in the back of the front seat, in any console between the seats, under any floor mats and under the seats.
- 2. In addition to the passenger and engine compartments as described above, an inventory of personal property and the contents of open containers will also be conducted in the following locations:
 - a. Any other type of unlocked compartments that are a part of the vehicle including, but not limited to, unlocked vehicle trunks and unlocked car-top containers; and
 - b. Any locked compartments including (but not limited to) locked vehicle trunks, locked hatchbacks and locked car-top containers if either the keys are available to be released with the vehicle to the third-party towing company or an unlocking mechanism for such compartment is available within the vehicle.
- 3. Unless otherwise provided in this Chapter 10.30, closed containers located either within the vehicle or any of the vehicle's compartments will not be opened for inventory purposes.
- 4. Upon completion of the inventory, the police officer will complete a report as directed by the chief of police.
- 5. Any valuables located during the inventory process will be listed on a property receipt. A copy of the property receipt will either be left in the vehicle or tendered to the person in control of the vehicle if such person is present. The valuables will be dealt with in such a manner as directed by the chief of police.

(Ord. 07-005 § 1 (part))

9.60.040 Inventories of persons in police custody.

- A. A police officer will inventory the personal property in the possession of a person taken into police custody and such inventory will be conducted whenever:
 - 1. Such person will be either placed in a secure police holding room or transported in the secure portion of a police vehicle; or
 - 2. Custody of the person will be transferred to another law enforcement agency, correctional facility, or "treatment facility" as that phrase is used in ORS 426.460 or such other lawfully approved facility for the involuntary confinement of persons pursuant to Oregon Revised Statutes.
 - B. The purpose of the inventory of a person in police custody will be to:
 - 1. Promptly identify property to establish accountability and avoid spurious claims to property; or

- 2. Fulfill the requirements of ORS 133.455 to the extent that such statute may apply to certain property held by the police officer for safekeeping; or
- 3. Assist in the prevention of theft of property; or
- 4. Locate toxic, flammable or explosive substances; or
- 5. Locate weapons and instruments that may facilitate an escape from custody or endanger law enforcement personnel; or
- 6. Reduce the danger to persons and property.
- C. Inventories of the personal property in the possession of such persons will be conducted according to the following procedure:
 - 1. An inventory will occur prior to placing such person into a holding room or a police vehicle, whichever occurs first. However, if reasonable suspicion to believe that the safety of either the police officer(s) or the person in custody are at risk, an inventory will be done as soon as safely practical prior to the transfer of custody to another law enforcement agency or facility.
 - 2. To complete the inventory of the personal property in the possession of such person, the police officer will remove all items of personal property from the clothing worn by such person. In addition, the officer will also remove all items of such personal property from all open containers in the possession of such person.
 - 3. A closed container in the possession of such person will have its contents inventoried only when:
 - a. The closed container is to be placed in the immediate possession of such person at the time that person is placed in the secure portion of a custodial facility, police vehicle or secure police holding room; or
 - b. Such person requests that the closed container be with them in the secure portion of a police vehicle or a secure police holding room; or
 - c. The closed container is designed for carrying money and/or small valuables on or about the person including, but not limited to, closed purses, closed coin purses, closed wallets and closed fanny packs.
- D. Valuables found during the inventory process will be noted by the police officer in a report as directed by the chief of police.
- E. All items of personal property neither left in the immediate possession of the person in custody nor left with the facility or agency accepting custody of the person, will be handled in the following manner:
 - 1. A property receipt will be prepared listing the property to be retained in the possession of the respective police department and a copy of that receipt will be tendered to the person in custody

when such person is released to the facility or agency accepting custody of such person; or

- 2. The property will be dealt with in such manner as directed by the chief of police.
- F. All items of personal property neither left in the immediate possession of the person in custody nor dealt with as provided in subsection E of this section, will be released to the facility or agency accepting custody of the person so that they may:
 - 1. Hold the property for safekeeping on behalf of the person in custody; and
 - 2. Prepare and deliver a receipt, as may be required by ORS 133.455, for any valuables held on behalf of the person in custody.

(Ord. 07-005 § 1 (part))

Title 10

VEHICLES AND TRAFFIC

Chapters:

10.04 State Vehicle Code Statutes

10.08 Parking

10.12 Miscellaneous Traffic Regulations

Chapter 10.04

STATE VEHICLE CODE STATUTES

Sections: 10.04.010 Adopted.

10.04.010 Adopted.

By virtue of the authority contained in Section 221.330, Oregon Revised Statutes, all those sections of Chapters 801 through 823, Oregon Revised Statutes, be, and each and all thereof are adopted by this reference, section by section, word by word, in their entirety, in all respects to the same legal force and effect as if set forth in full, and shall be the Motor Vehicle Code of the city of Sherwood. Oregon Revised Statutes, Chapter 153, Sections 153.500 through 153.635, likewise be, and they are adopted in the entirety as the procedure to be followed by the city of Sherwood Municipal Court with respect to traffic infractions. (Ord. 98-1042 § 8: Ord. 86-837 § 2)

Chapter 10.08

PARKING*

Sections:

10.08.010 Definitions.

10.08.020 Prohibited practices.

10.08.030 Parking restrictions on certain types of vehicles.

10.08.040 Vehicles to be removed from fire scenes.

10.08.050 Method of parking.

10.08.060 Prohibited parking or standing.

10.08.070 Parking prohibited on certain streets.

10.08.080 Disabled persons parking.

10.08.090 Repeat violation procedures.

10.08.010 Definitions.

As used in this chapter:

^{*} Prior ordinance history: Ords. 599, 629, 667, 703, 712, 86-837, 86-841, 86-852, 98-1042 and 00-1086.

"Balance trailer" means every trailer, other than a self-supporting trailer, pole trailer or semitrailer, designed so that its weight and that of its load is substantially balanced upon its axle or axles and so that it couples to the towing vehicle with a device other than a fifth wheel hitch. The definition in this section is based upon design features and, except as otherwise provided in this section, does not prohibit a balance trailer from fitting into another classification of trailer based on use.

"Bus trailer" means any trailer designed or used for carrying human beings.

"Camper" means a structure that:

- 1. Has a floor;
- 2. Is designed to be mounted upon a motor vehicle;
- 3. Is not permanently attached to a motor vehicle upon which it is mounted;
- 4. Is designed to provide facilities for human habitation or for camping;
- 5. Is six feet or more in overall length;
- 6. Is five and one-half feet or more in height from floor to ceiling at any point; and
- 7. Has no more than one axle designed to support a portion of the weight of the camper.

"Commercial bus trailer" means a bus trailer:

- 1. That is designed or used for carrying passengers and their personal baggage for compensation.
- 2. Other than a vehicle commonly known and used as a private passenger vehicle not operated for compensation except in the transportation of students to or from school.

"Farm trailer" means a vehicle that:

- 1. Is without motive power;
- 2. Is a vehicle other than an implement of husbandry;
- 3. Is designed to carry property; and
- 4. Is drawn by a farm tractor.

"Highway" means every public way, road, street, throughfare and place, including bridges, viaducts and other structures within the boundaries of this state, open, used or intended for use of the general public for vehicles or vehicular traffic as a matter of right.

"Manufactured structure" means:

- 1. A manufactured dwelling that is more than eight and one-half feet wide;
- 2. A prefabricated structure that is more than eight and one-half feet wide; and
- 3. A recreational vehicle that is more than eight and one-half feet wide.
- 4. "Manufactured structure" does not include any special use trailer.

"Motor home" means a motor vehicle that:

- 1. Is reconstructed, permanently altered or originally designed to provide facilities for human habitation; or
- 2. Has a structure permanently attached to it that would be a camper if the structure was not permanently attached to the motor vehicle.

"Motor truck" means a motor vehicle that is primarily designed or used for carrying loads other than passengers.

"Park" or "parking" means the standing of a vehicle, whether occupied or not, otherwise than temporarily for the purpose of and while actually engaged in loading or unloading property or passengers, or in obedience to traffic regulations or traffic signs or signals.

"Pole trailer" means a trailer attached or secured to the towing vehicle and ordinarily used for transporting long or irregular loads capable generally of sustaining themselves as beams between the towing vehicle and the trailer. The definition in this section is based on design features and, except as otherwise provided in this section, does not prohibit a pole trailer from fitting into another category of trailer based on use.

"Self-supporting trailer" means a trailer, other than a pole trailer, designed so that no part of the weight of the trailer or the weight of any load on the trailer rests upon the towing vehicle. The definition in this section is based on design and, except as otherwise provided in this section, does not prohibit a self-supporting trailer from fitting into another category of trailer based on use.

"Semitrailer" means a trailer designed so that part of the weight of the trailer and part of the weight of any load on the trailer rests upon or is carried by another vehicle and coupled to another vehicle by a fifth wheel hitch. The definition in this section is based on design and, except as otherwise provided in this section, does not prohibit a semitrailer from fitting into another category of trailer based on use.

"Special use trailer" means a trailer described under any of the following:

- 1. A trailer that is eight and one-half feet or less in width and of any length and that is used for commercial or business purposes.
- 2. A trailer that is used temporarily on a construction site for office purposes only.

3. "Special use trailer" does not include any travel trailer.

"Trailer" means every vehicle without motive power designed to be drawn by another vehicle. Trailer includes, but is not limited to, the following types of trailers:

- 1. Balance trailers:
- 2. Bus trailers;
- 3. Commercial bus trailers;
- 4. Farm trailers:
- 5. Pole trailers:
- 6. Semitrailers:
- 7. Travel trailers:
- 8. Truck trailers;
- 9. Self-supporting trailers;
- 10. Special use trailers.

"Travel trailer" means:

- 1. A manufactured dwelling that is eight and one-half feet or less in width and is not being used for commercial or business purposes;
- 2. A recreational vehicle without motive power that is eight and one-half feet or less in width and is not being used for commercial or business purposes; and
- 3. A prefabricated structure that is eight and one-half feet or less in width and that is not being used for commercial or business purposes.

"Truck tractor" means a motor vehicle designed and used primarily for drawing other vehicles and constructed so as not to carry any load other than a part of the weight of the vehicle or load, or both, as drawn.

"Truck trailer" means any trailer designed and used primarily for carrying loads other than passengers whether designed as a balance trailer, pole trailer, semitrailer or self-supporting trailer. (Ord. 04-004 § 1 (Exh. A)(part))

10.08.020 Prohibited practices.

- A. No person shall park a vehicle on the right-of-way of any highway, or upon any public street or public way within the corporate limits of the city for any of the following purposes:
 - 1. Advertising, selling, or offering merchandise for sale;
 - 2. Displaying such vehicle for sale;
 - 3. Washing, greasing, or repairing such vehicle, except as may be necessitated by emergency;
 - 4. Displaying advertising upon such vehicle;
 - 5. Storage, junk or dead storage for any period of more than forty-eight (48) hours, except that this subsection shall be subject to the limits elsewhere prescribed in the motor vehicle code of the city, or as may be prescribed by the Oregon State Motor Vehicle Code.
- B. Parking Time Limit. It is unlawful for any person to park or stop any vehicle for a longer period of time than that designated by official signs, parking meters, or other markings placed by or under authority of the city of Sherwood. Such parking time limit shall include the aggregate of time of all stopping or standing of the same vehicle on the same side of the street within a space of three hundred (300) lineal feet measured along the curb line and between intersections; and the parking, standing or stopping of any vehicle within such expanse shall not exceed the designated time limit during any three-hour period. (Ord. 04-004 § 1 (Exh. A)(part))

10.08.030 Parking restrictions on certain types of vehicles.

No person shall, at any time, park or leave standing a motor truck, truck tractor, truck trailer, semi-trailer, bus trailer, commercial bus, commercial bus trailer, trailer as defined in this chapter, whether attended or unattended, on any improved public highway, public street, or other public way within the corporate limits of the city for a period greater than thirty (30) minutes, between the hours of 12:01 a.m. and six a.m. Motor homes, travel trailers connected to a motor vehicle and campers mounted on a motor vehicle may be parked on the street for up to two consecutive days (forty-eight (48) hours) if the public street or public way meets the criteria listed below:

- A. Roadways less than thirty-two (32) feet in width posted no parking on one side -- recreational parking is allowed on the non posted side. Parked motor homes, travel trailers and campers shall not block adjacent properties' driveway ingress/egress.
- B. Roadways over thirty-two (32) feet in width with parking allowed on either side -- RV's must stagger their parking so no two motor homes, travel trailers or campers are parked directly across the street from one another.

The parking of motor homes, travel trailers or campers is prohibited on roadways less than thirty-two (32) feet in width with parking allowed on both sides and prohibited outright on roadways less than twenty-eight (28) feet in width.

(Ord. 04-004 § 1 (Exh. A)(part))

10.08.040 Vehicles to be removed from fire scenes.

Whenever the owner or driver of a vehicle discovers that such vehicle is parked immediately in front of, or close to a building to which the fire department has been summoned, he or she shall immediately remove such vehicle from the area unless otherwise directed by police or fire officers.

(Ord. 04-004 § 1 (Exh. A)(part))

10.08.050 Method of parking.

- A. No person having control or charge of a motor vehicle shall allow it to stand on any street unattended without first fully setting its parking brakes, stopping its motor, and removing the ignition key; and, when standing upon an precipitous grade, the front wheels of the vehicle shall be angled into the curb.
- B. No person shall stand or park a vehicle in a street other than parallel with the edge of the roadway, headed in the direction of lawful traffic movement, and with the curbside wheels of the vehicle within twelve (12) inches of the edge of the curb, except where the street is marked or signed for angle parking.
- C. Where parking space markings are placed on a street, no person shall stand or park a vehicle other than at the indicated direction and within a single marked space. (Ord. 04-004 § 1 (Exh. A)(part))

10.08.060 Prohibited parking or standing.

No person shall park or leave standing a motor vehicle of any kind or character, whether motorized or not, as follows:

- A. Within ten feet of a fire hydrant;
- B. Within any portion of a crosswalk;
- C. Within any area marked as a loading zone other than for the purpose of loading or unloading cargo.

(Ord. 04-004 § 1 (Exh. A)(part))

10.08.070 Parking prohibited on certain streets.

No person shall park a motor vehicle of any kind, whether motorized or not, on the following designated portions of the following public streets, except as may be necessitated by an emergency:

A. At any time:

- 1. On the southeasterly side of 1st Street from the intersection of 1st Street with Park Street to the intersection of 1st Street with Main Street.
- 2. On North Sherwood Blvd. from the intersection of North Sherwood Blvd. with 3rd Street through the intersection of North Sherwood Blvd. with Southwest Pacific Highway

(Highway 99W).

- 3. On the southwesterly side of Gleneagle Drive from the intersection of Gleneagle Drive with Southwest Pacific Highway to the intersection of Gleneagle Drive with North Sherwood Boulevard.
- 4. On the northeast side of Northwest Park Street from the intersection of Northwest Park Street with Southwest 1st street to the intersection of Northwest Park Street and Railroad Street.
- 5. On the east side of Roy Street from the intersection of Roy Street and Oregon Street to the intersection of Roy Street and G. & T. Drive.
- 6. On Meinecke Road between the Cedar Creek Bridge and the intersection of Meinecke Road and Lee Drive.
- 7. On the northwest side of Highway 99 West from the point of its intersection with the southeast corner of tax lot 1400, assessor's tax map #2S130D, said lot being more particularly described in instrument recorded in Washington County Deed Records in Book 7800 at page 5379, thence southwest a distance of 305.68 to the southwest corner of said parcel and tax lot.
- 8. On the Southerly side of Willamette Street from its intersection with Washington Street to approximately two hundred sixty (260) feet easterly of its intersection with Lincoln Street.
- 9. On the Northerly side of Willamette Street from its intersection with Highland Drive to approximately two hundred twenty (220) feet Westerly of Lincoln Street.
- 10. On the northeasterly side of Northwest Park Street from Railroad Street to Northwest 2nd Street.
- 11. On the northeasterly side of Northwest Main Street from Railroad Street to Northwest 3rd Street.
- 12. On the northeasterly side of North Pine Street from Railroad Street to Northeast Oregon Street and from the alleyway between Northeast 2nd Street and Northeast 3rd Street to Northeast 3rd Street.
- 13. On the northeasterly side of Northeast Oak St. from Northeast Oregon St. to the end of the curb approximately one hundred fifty (150) feet north of Northeast 2nd Street.
- 14. On the northwesterly side of Northeast Ash Street from Northeast Oregon Street to the end of the curb at approximately one hundred fifty (150) feet northerly of Northeast 1st Street.

- 15. On Northeast Oregon Street from North Pine Street to the railroad crossing.
- 16. On the northwesterly side of Northeast 1st Street from Northwest Park Street to Northwest Main Street and the northwesterly side of Northeast 1st Street from North Pine Street to approximately one hundred (100) feet easterly of Northeast Ash Street.
- 17. On the southeasterly side of Northwest 2nd Street from Northwest Park Street to North Pine Street.
- 18. On the southeasterly side of Northeast 2nd Street from North Pine Street to Northeast Oak Street and on the northwesterly side of Northeast 2nd Street from Northeast Oak Street to the end of the curb at approximately one hundred fifty (150) feet easterly of Northeast Oak Street.
- 19. On the northwesterly side of Northwest 3rd Street from Northwest Main Street to North Pine Street.
- 20. No parking shall be allowed on the southeasterly side of Northeast 3rd Street from North Pine Street to fifty (50) feet easterly of Pine Street and on the northwesterly side of Northeast 3rd Street.
- B. Between the hours of eight a.m. and four p.m., on Monday through Saturday, in excess of two hours continuously in any one location on any city street outside of a residential district, as defined by subsection 1 of ORS 801.430.

(Ord. 04-004 § 1 (Exh. A)(part))

10.08.080 Disabled persons parking.

The city manager is directed to establish by proper signing and designation, reserved street parking space or spaces, as needed for disabled persons, which parking shall be subject to the rules and regulations of the Oregon Revised Statutes for disabled persons parking.

(Ord. 04-004 § 1 (Exh. A)(part))

10.08.090 Repeat violation procedures.

Any violation of the provisions of this chapter shall be subject to the remedies listed below:

- A. First violation -- Request to move vehicle posted on the vehicle itself. If vehicle is not relocated within a twenty-four- (24) hour period a second violation action will be taken.
- B. Second violation -- Vehicle is ticketed and there is a seventy-two- (72) hour notice to tow. Ticket is for a fine of no less than fifty dollars (\$50.00) or no greater than two hundred fifty dollars (\$250.00) (Class C Violation). Notice to tow shall be provided as for abandoned, discarded, and hazardously located vehicles pursuant to Sherwood Municipal Code Section 8.04.070. If the vehicle is not relocated within the seventy-two- (72) hour period a third violation action will be taken.

- C. Third violation -- Vehicle is ticketed and towed same day. Ticket is for a fine of no less than two hundred dollars (\$200.00) or no greater than five hundred dollars (\$500.00) (Class B Violation). Notice after removal shall be provided as for abandoned, discarded, and hazardously located vehicles pursuant to Sherwood Municipal Code Section 8.04.070. Notice shall be provided that the vehicle is subject to ticket as a Class A violation and immediate towing if subsequently parked in the same area within three hundred (300) lineal feet along the curb in either direction.
- D. Fourth and subsequent violations -- For the same vehicle parked in the same area within a three hundred (300) lineal feet measured along the curb in either direction, those vehicles will be ticketed and are subject to immediate towing. Ticket for fourth and subsequent violations is for a fine of no less than five hundred dollars (\$500.00) or no greater than one thousand dollars (\$1,000.00) (Class A Violation). Notice after removal shall be provided as for abandoned, discarded, and hazardously located vehicles pursuant to Sherwood Municipal Code Section 8.04.070.

(Ord. 04-004 § 1 (Exh. A)(part))

Chapter 10.12

MISCELLANEOUS TRAFFIC REGULATIONS

Sections:

10.12.010 Powers of the city council.

10.12.020 Authority of police and fire officers.

10.12.030 Stop when traffic obstructed.

10.12.040 Unlawful marking.

10.12.050 Use of sidewalks.

10.12.060 Permits required for parades.

10.12.070 Funeral procession.

10.12.080 Drivers in procession.

10.12.090 Driving through procession.

10.12.100 Emerging from vehicle.

10.12.110 Boarding or alighting from vehicles.

10.12.120 Riding on motorcycles.

10.12.130 Unlawful riding.

10.12.140 Clinging to vehicles.

10.12.150 Crossing private property.

10.12.160 Driving in parks.

10.12.170 Sleds, skis, toboggans and skateboards on streets.

10.12.180 Damaging sidewalks and curbs.

10.12.190 Obstructing streets.

10.12.200 Removing glass and debris.

10.12.210 Illegal cancellation of traffic citations.

10.12.220 Existing traffic signs.

10.12.230 Bridle paths--Penalty.

10.12.240 Violation--Penalty.

10.12.010 Powers of the city council.

The council, provided that where required by the Motor Vehicle Laws of Oregon approval of the State Highway Commission has first been obtained, may by resolution establish traffic controls which shall become effective upon the installation of appropriate signs, signals or other markings. Such traffic controls may

designate and regulate.

The city manager is delegated authority to direct the installation of necessary traffic control devices, as described in this chapter, on an emergency basis to protect the safety and health of the citizens.

- A. The parking and standing of vehicles by:
 - 1. Classifying portions of streets upon which either parking or standing, or both, shall be prohibited, or prohibited during certain hours,
 - 2. Establishing the time limit for legal parking in limited parking areas,
 - 3. Designating the angle of parking if other than parallel to the curb,
 - 4. Designating areas within which, or streets or portions of streets along which, parking meters will be installed, and the denomination of coins to be used or deposited in parking meters;
- B. Through streets and one-way streets;
- C. For trucks exceeding specified weights, streets to which they shall be restricted and streets on which they are prohibited;
- D. Traffic control signals and the time of their operation;
- E. Bus stops, bus stands, taxicab stands, and stands for other passenger common carrier vehicles;
- F. Loading zones;
- G. Turn regulations at intersections;
- H. Marked pedestrian crosswalks and safety zones;
- I. Special speed regulations in city parks. (Ord. 06-015 § 1; Ord. 599 § IX(1), 1970)

10.12.020 Authority of police and fire officers.

- A. It shall be the duty of the police department, through its officers, to enforce the provisions of this chapter.
- B. In the event of a fire or other emergency, or to expedite traffic, or to safeguard pedestrians, officers of the police department may direct traffic as conditions may require, notwithstanding the provisions of this chapter.
 - C. Members of the fire department, when at the scene of a fire, may direct, or assist the police in

directing traffic thereat, or in the immediate vicinity. (Ord. 599 § IX(2), 1970)

10.12.030 Stop when traffic obstructed.

No driver shall enter an intersection or a marked crosswalk unless there is sufficient space on the opposite side of the intersection or crosswalk to accommodate the vehicle he or she is operating without obstructing the passage of other vehicles or pedestrians, notwithstanding any traffic control signal indication to proceed.

(Ord. 599 § IX(3), 1970)

10.12.040 Unlawful marking.

Except as provided by this chapter, it shall be unlawful for any person to letter, mark, or paint in any manner any letters, marks, or signs on any sidewalk, curb, or other portion of any street, or to post anything designed or intended to prohibit or restrict parking on any street. (Ord. 599 § IX(4), 1970)

10.12.050 Use of sidewalks.

Pedestrians shall not use any roadway for travel when abutting sidewalks are available. (Ord. 599 § IX(5), 1970)

10.12.060 Permits required for parades.

No procession or parade, except a funeral procession, the forces of the United States Armed Forces, and the military forces of this state shall occupy, march, or proceed along any street except in accordance with a permit issued by the chief of police. Such permit may be granted where it is found that such parade is not to be held for any unlawful purpose and will not, in any manner, tend to a breach of the peace, cause damage, or unreasonably interfere with the public use to the streets or the peace and quiet of the inhabitants of this city. (Ord. 98-1042 § 7: Ord. 599 § IX(6), 1970)

10.12.070 Funeral procession.

Vehicles in a funeral procession shall be escorted by at least one person authorized by the chief of police to direct traffic for such purpose, and shall follow routes established by the chief of police. (Ord. 599 § IX(7), 1970)

10.12.080 Drivers in procession.

Except when approaching a left turn, each driver in a funeral or other procession shall drive along the right-hand traffic lane, and shall follow the vehicle ahead as closely as is practical and safe. (Ord. 599 § IX(8), 1970)

10.12.090 Driving through procession.

No driver of a vehicle shall cross through a procession except where traffic is controlled by traffic control signals, or when so directed by a police officer. This provision shall not apply to authorized emergency vehicles.

(Ord. 599 § IX(9), 1970)

10.12.100 Emerging from vehicle.

No person shall open the door of, or enter or emerge from any vehicle into the path of any approaching vehicle.

(Ord. 599 § IX(10), 1970)

10.12.110 Boarding or alighting from vehicles.

No person shall board or alight from any vehicle while such vehicle is in motion. (Ord. 599 § IX(11), 1970)

10.12.120 Riding on motorcycles.

A person operating a motorcycle shall ride only upon the permanent and regular seat attached thereto; and such operator shall not carry any other person, nor shall any other person ride on a motorcycle unless such motorcycle is equipped to carry more than one person.

(Ord. 599 § IX(12), 1970)

10.12.130 Unlawful riding.

No person shall ride on any vehicle upon any portion thereof not designed or intended for the use of passengers. This provision shall not apply to an employee engaged in the necessary discharge of a duty, or to a person or persons riding within truck bodies in space intended for merchandise. (Ord. 599 § IX(13), 1970)

10.12.140 Clinging to vehicles.

- A. No person riding upon any bicycle, motorcycle, coaster, roller skates, sled, or any toy vehicle shall attach the same or himself or herself to any moving vehicle upon the streets.
- B. No person driving any vehicle shall permit any of the articles listed in subsection A of this section to be attached to the vehicle for the purpose of pulling along the streets. (Ord. 599 § IX(14), 1970)

10.12.150 Crossing private property.

No operator of a vehicle shall proceed from one street to an intersecting street by crossing private property. This provision shall not apply to the operator of a vehicle who stops on the property for the purpose of procuring goods or services.

(Ord. 87-858 § 1 (part): Ord. 599 § IX(15), 1970)

10.12.160 Driving in parks.

No person in a park shall drive any vehicle on any area except on park roads or parking areas, or such other areas as may on occasion be specifically designated as temporary parking areas by the city manager. (Ord. 87-858 § 1 (part): Ord. 599 § IX(16), 1970)

10.12.170 Sleds, skis, toboggans and skateboards on streets.

No person shall use the streets for travelling on skis, toboggans, sleds, skate boards, roller skates, or similar devices, except where authorized.

(Ord. 87-858 § 1 (part): Ord. 599 § IX(17), 1970)

10.12.180 Damaging sidewalks and curbs.

- A. The driver of a vehicle shall not drive upon or within any sidewalk or parkway area except to cross at a permanent or temporary driveway.
- B. A temporary driveway may be used only after first obtaining a written permit therefor from the city superintendent, who may impose such requirements as are necessary to protect the public improvements within the street at the temporary driveway.
- C. Any person who damages or causes to be damaged any public improvement within the street by driving a vehicle upon or within any sidewalk or parkway area shall be liable for such damage regardless of whether or not the damage resulted from the authorized use of a temporary driveway. (Ord. 599 § IX(19), 1970)

10.12.190 Obstructing streets.

Except as provided by this chapter or any other ordinance of the city, no person shall place, park, deposit, or leave upon any street or other public way, sidewalk, or curb any article or thing or material which in any way prevents, interrupts, or obstructs the free passage of pedestrian or vehicular traffic, or obstructs a driver's view of traffic control signs, and signals. (Ord. 599 § IX(20), 1970)

10.12.200 Removing glass and debris.

Any party to a collision or other vehicular accident, or any other person causing glass or other material or substance likely to injure any person, animal, or vehicle to be upon any street in this city, shall, as soon as possible, remove or cause to be removed from such street all such glass or other material or substance. (Ord. 599 § IX(21), 1970)

10.12.210 Illegal cancellation of traffic citations.

It is unlawful for any person to cancel or solicit the cancellation of any traffic citation in any manner except where approved by the municipal judge. (Ord. 599 § IX(22), 1970)

10.12.220 Existing traffic signs.

Except as the council may, by resolution or ordinance, change the traffic control regulations in accordance with the provisions of this chapter, all official traffic signs, signals, and markers existing at the time of adoption of this ordinance shall be considered official under the provisions of the ordinance codified in this chapter shall be considered official under the provisions of this chapter. (Ord. 599 § IX(24), 1970)

10.12.230 Bridle paths--Penalty.

- A. No person shall ride, drive or lead one or more horses, mules, donkeys, or cattle upon any public sidewalk, bicycle path or pedestrian footpath within the city, unless the city council shall have by resolution first designated the sidewalk, bicycle path, or pedestrian footpath as also being a bridle path.
- B. Any violation of the provisions of this section shall, upon conviction, be punishable by a fine of not more than two hundred fifty dollars (\$250.00). (Ord. 764 §§ 1, 2, 1982)

10.12.240 Violation--Penalty.

Any violation of the provisions of any section of this chapter, or of any rule or regulation thereof, shall, upon conviction, be punishable by a fine of not more than five hundred dollars (\$500.00). (Ord. 98-1042 § 6: Ord. 599 § 25, 1970)

(Reserved)

Title 12

STREETS, SIDEWALKS AND PUBLIC PLACES

Chapters:

12.02 Right-of-Way Permits

12.04 Street Construction Specifications

12.08 Sidewalks Construction and Repair

12.12 Parks and Other Public Areas

12.16 Utility Facilities in Public Right-of-Way

12.20 Street Tree--Homeowner's Association Authorization

12.24 Council Authority - Fees, Rates and Charges

Chapter 12.02

RIGHT-OF-WAY PERMITS

Sections:

12.02.005 Purpose.

12.02.010 Applicability.

12.02.015 Permit required.

12.02.020 Authority delegated to the city engineer.

12.02.025 Requirement to provide bonds and fees.

12.02.030 Exemptions from bonds and fees.

12.02.035 Public utility exemption from posting of bonds.

12.02.005 Purpose.

The provisions of this chapter are intended to protect public health and safety and to insure the integrity of existing streets and other public right-of-way (ROW).

The city has established standards to insure the quality and longevity of existing streets and other items in the public ROW. This chapter is established to protect the public investment in those improvements as well as to insure the protection of the public. (Ord. 06-020 § 1 (part))

12.02.010 Applicability.

This chapter applies to all work in the public ROW that is performed by individuals, contractors, and all utilities. This chapter does not apply to the city or its agents with regard to work it may perform in the public ROW.

12.02.015 Permit required.

All construction activities in the public ROW or within a public utility easement must have a valid city issued right-of-way permit. An approved permit is subject to revocation if any regulations or specifications are violated. The permit shall automatically expire if work is not begun within thirty (30) days of issuance. (Ord. 06-020 § 1 (part))

12.02.020 Authority delegated to the city engineer.

The city engineer is authorized to develop and revise ROW permits, standard permit conditions and construction standards necessary to insure that all work performed in the public right-of-way is conducted in a manner that minimizes disturbance to the public, controls quality of the repairs and otherwise protects the public interest.

(Ord. 06-020 § 1 (part))

12.02.025 Requirement to provide bonds and fees.

The application shall be accompanied by appropriate permit review and inspection fees as well as the required bond. These fees will be listed in the city of Sherwood schedule of fees. (Ord. 06-020 § 1 (part))

12.02.030 Exemptions from bonds and fees.

While all work in the ROW requires a permit, permit fees and bonds are waived for the following types of work.

- A. Development work permitted under a valid compliance agreement;
- B. Sidewalk or driveway repair (less than twenty (20) lineal feet);
- C. Relocation or replacement of mailbox;
- D. Ditch cleaning that does not involve regrading;
- E. Weep-hole repair;
- F. Curb repair or replacement (less than twenty (20) lineal feet);
- G. Lawn sprinkler system installation or repair;
- H. Street tree pruning or planting;
- I. Planter strip landscape maintenance;

J. Minor improvements valued less than five hundred dollars (\$500.00) as approved by the city engineer.

(Ord. 06-020 § 1 (part))

12.02.035 Public utility exemption from posting of bonds.

Public utilities are exempt from posting performance and maintenance bonds if the project estimate is less than one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000.00) and if the utility has provided a letter to the city demonstrating that they are both self-insured and bonded. The public utility is still required to pay fees for administration and inspection established by the city.

The utility must provided the city an exemption letter on a yearly basis in order to qualify for the exemption.

(Ord. 07-007 § 1)

Chapter 12.04

STREET CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS

Sections:

Article I. Driveway Construction Standards

12.04.010 Commercial and residential driveways.

Article II. Street Construction Standards (Reserved)

Article I.

Driveway Construction Standards

12.04.010 Commercial and residential driveways.

The commercial and residential driveways construction standards are attached to the ordinance codified in this chapter as Exhibit A and on file in the office of the city recorder, and approved and adopted in their entirety.

(Ord. 98-1054 § 1)

Article II.

Street Construction Standards (Reserved)

Chapter 12.08

SIDEWALKS CONSTRUCTION AND REPAIR

Sections:

12.08.010 Definitions.

12.08.020 Duty to repair and maintain sidewalks.

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12.08.010 Definitions.

As used in this chapter:

"Owner" means the person in whose name real property is assessed for tax purposes according to the latest assessment roll in the office of the Department of Revenue and Taxation for Washington County, Oregon.

"Person" means every natural person, firm, partnership, association or corporation. (Ord. 682 § 1, 1977)

12.08.020 Duty to repair and maintain sidewalks.

It is made the duty of all owners of land adjoining any improved street in the city to construct, reconstruct and maintain in good repair the sidewalks in front of or adjacent to said lands. The city council shall have the power and authority to determine the grade and width of all sidewalks, the material to be used and the specifications for the construction thereof upon any street or part thereof or within any district in said city. (Ord. 682 § 2, 1977)

12.08.030 Owner's liability.

All owners of property within the city limits of the city failing to repair defective sidewalks along and adjacent to their property shall be liable for all damages to whomsoever resulting or arising through their fault or negligence in failing to construct or put such sidewalk in repair.

(Ord. 682 § 3, 1977)

12.08.040 Duty to report defective walks.

Whenever a public sidewalk is found to be defective, out of repair or hazardous, by any officer of the city of Sherwood, or by any other person, a report thereof shall be made to the city administrator. The city administrator shall thereafter report such defective, out of repair or hazardous sidewalk to the city council. (Ord. 682 § 4, 1977)

12.08.050 Sidewalk specifications.

The city council shall have the power to specially determine the grade and width of all sidewalks, the materials to be used and the specifications for construction thereof upon any street or part thereof, or within any district within the city. Unless the council so specially determines said matters with respect to a particular sidewalk, all sidewalks hereafter constructed or replaced shall be constructed in accordance with the standard sidewalk specifications and standard sidewalk plans heretofore adopted by the city council by Ordinance No.

600, enacted June 29, 1970, and applicable state statutes with respect to provisions for handicapped persons. All repairs undertaken pursuant to this chapter shall be according to city specifications as to the nature, manner and extent of repair. Repair work shall be done in such a manner as to make existing sidewalks conform as nearly as reasonably practical to the standard specifications referred to in this section. The degree of conformity required shall be determined by the city administrator in his or her exercise of reasonable discretion. (Ord. 682 § 5, 1977)

12.08.060 Declaration by council of defective walks as nuisance or need for sidewalks to be constructed.

After receiving the report of the city administrator referred to in Section 12.08.040 of this chapter, the city council, by ordinance, may declare the defective, out of repair or hazardous sidewalk a nuisance and direct that the defect or hazardous condition be eliminated or that said sidewalk be placed in a state of good repair.

In any case where no sidewalk exists adjacent to various parcels or tracts along a street which meet the standards of the city, the council may order the construction thereof by ordinance in the manner provided herein for repair of sidewalks, or may proceed with the formation of a sidewalk improvement assessment district, for construction of sidewalks along said street.

The ordinance ordering repair or construction of sidewalks shall specify the particular sidewalk or sidewalks to be constructed, the character of construction thereof, the character of the materials to be used therein, the width thereof, and the time within which the owner or owners of the parcels involved are required to construct the same, specifying therein the names of the owners or reputed owners of abutting parcels and lots, or portions thereof abutting upon such sidewalk or sidewalks. (Ord. 682 § 6, 1977)

12.08.070 Notice to owner.

Within five days after the passage of the ordinance referred to in Section 12.08.060 of this chapter, the city administrator shall give notice to the owner of the real property adjacent to the sidewalk to be constructed or abutting on said sidewalk of the defect therein, the state of disrepair thereof, and of the determination that such condition constitutes a nuisance, by sending to such owner, by certified mail, at his address as shown on the last tax assessment roll in the office of the county assessor of Washington County, Oregon, a copy of such ordinance and a copy of this chapter.

The city recorder shall cause notice to also be given by publication in one issue of a weekly paper published in the city of Sherwood, proof of which publication shall be made by the affidavit of the printer or publisher of said newspaper filed with the city recorder. (Ord. 682 § 7, 1977)

12.08.080 Failure of owner to repair or construct.

If the owner does not correct the defect, or eliminate the hazard in, or make the repairs to said sidewalk, or construct the sidewalk as required by said ordinance within sixty (60) days of the giving of the notice, or such longer time as the council by ordinance may specify, the city may construct or repair said sidewalk or sidewalks and assess upon each lot, parcel or part thereof its proportionate part or share of the whole cost of the same, including expense to defray cost of notice, engineering, advertising and attorney's fees.

(Ord. 682 § 8, 1977)

12.08.090 Assessment.

Immediately after the cost of construction and repair of such sidewalks has been ascertained by the city council, the costs thereof shall be apportioned and a notice of the amount thereof shall be served upon the owner or owners of the lots or parcels of land or portions thereof, abutting upon such walk so constructed or repaired, either by mail addressed to the last known address or addresses of the person in whose name the real property is assessed for tax purposes according to the latest assessment roll in the office of the Department of Revenue and Taxation for Washington County, Oregon, or by personal service. Proof of said service shall be made and filed with the recorder.

The notice shall specify the amount of the cost of construction or repair, and that if said amount is not paid within thirty (30) days after date of service of notice, the council shall thereafter, after hearing objections, if any, made thereto, by ordinance assess the cost of such construction and repairs of such sidewalks upon the lots and parcels abutting such sidewalk and thereby benefited; and the recorder shall enter such assessment in the docket of city liens in the manner provided in Chapter X of the City Charter for docketing liens for street improvements, and it shall become immediately due and collectible thereafter and enforced in the manner provided by Chapter X of the City Charter, or as provided by state statute for enforcement of city liens and assessments. Such assessments, if in excess of twenty-five dollars (\$25.00), may be paid, upon application being filed, in installments.

(Ord. 98-1049 § 5; Ord. 682 § 9, 1977)

12.08.100 Sidewalk assessment districts.

In any case where no sidewalk and/or curbs exist adjacent to various parcels or tracts along a street which meet the standards of the city, the council may proceed with formation of a sidewalk assessment district for the construction of sidewalks along said street. The procedure for establishing of sidewalk districts to lay and install sidewalks, assess and collect the costs and expenses thereof by assessing the real property benefited thereby shall in all respects be the same as those pertaining to the establishment of other local improvement districts in the city; except that any property within the area proposed for the improvement district that has sidewalks in front of or adjacent to said property that meet the specification of the city shall not be included within the district and shall not be assessed for said construction.

(Ord. 682 § 10, 1977)

12.08.110 Violation--Penalty.

Any person violating any of the provisions of this chapter shall, upon conviction thereof, be punished by a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars (\$500.00). (Ord. 98-1049 § 6: Ord. 682 § 11, 1977)

Chapter 12.12

PARKS AND OTHER PUBLIC AREAS

Sections: 12.12.010 Policy of city council.

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12.12.020 Delegation of authority.
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12.12.030 Regulations prescribed by council.

12.12.040 City employees not affected.

12.12.050 Closures.

12.12.060 Damage--Payment for restoration.

12.12.070 Parks--Sales and services for hire restricted.

12.12.080 Parks--Advertising and decorative devices forbidden.

12.12.090 Parks--Intoxicating liquor prohibited.

12.12.100 Parks--Rubbish accumulation prohibited.

12.12.110 Parks--Vandalism prohibited.

12.12.120 Parks--Firearms or fireworks prohibited.

12.12.130 Parks--Molesting animals, birds and fish prohibited.

12.12.140 Parks--Fishing and bathing restrictions.

12.12.150 Parks--Notice mutilation prohibited.

12.12.160 Parks--Animals running at large prohibited.

12.12.170 Parks--Use of established entrance required.

12.12.180 Parks--"No admittance" areas.

12.12.190 Parks--Trees on other public property (not street trees).

12.12.200 Permit for large groups required.

12.12.210 Permit--Exhibition required.

12.12.220 Permit--Subject to ordinances and regulations.

12.12.230 Public convenience stations.

12.12.240 Traffic regulations.

12.12.250 Violation--Penalty.

12.12.010 Policy of city council.

The city council, except as otherwise expressly provided, declares its intention to exercise general supervision, management and control of all public parks, public parkways, public squares, public grounds, including but not restricted to streets, boulevards, paths, sidewalks, greenways, rest areas, playgrounds and other areas, hereinafter collectively referred to as "public areas," whether publicly or privately owned, dedicated, leased or otherwise set aside for public use and not under the supervision or control of any other public agency; and the council declares its intention to prescribe rules and regulations as herein set forth or from time to time as necessary, with respect to such public areas.

All public areas as herein designated for general public use shall be kept and maintained for the use and benefit of the public, subject to such reasonable and necessary rules and regulations as herein prescribed or as may be from time to time adopted to protect and preserve the enjoyment, convenience and safety of the general public in the use thereof.

(Ord. 653 § 1, 1974)

12.12.020 Delegation of authority.

The city administrator is authorized to make such reasonable rules and regulations and to establish permit fees and permit deposits not inconsistent with this and other city ordinances and the policies of the council as herein enunciated, as may be necessary for the control and management of the public areas hereinabove designated. All such rules and regulations shall be set forth in writing, be reviewed and approved by the city park commission to the extent deemed necessary by the city administrator, shall be posted in conspicuous places in the areas affected thereby, for the guidance of the general public and individual users. When adopted, one copy of each rule and regulation shall be kept and maintained in a file for that purpose in the office of the city recorder with the approval of the park commission endorsed thereon.

If any person feels aggrieved by any such rule or regulation, he or she may appeal to the council by filing with the city recorder a remonstrance against such rule or regulation, which shall be placed on the agenda of the council at its next regular meeting; and until amended or repealed by the council, such rule or regulation shall remain in full force and effect.

(Ord. 653 § 2, 1974)

12.12.030 Regulations prescribed by council.

The council finds that it is in the public interest and necessary for the peace, health and safety of the general public that the rules and regulations set forth in this chapter be enforced, and for the purposes herein set forth are adopted.

(Ord. 653 § 3, 1974)

12.12.040 City employees not affected.

Nothing contained herein shall prevent the performance of any act or duty by city employees which has been duly authorized by the park commission, city administrator or public works director or police department. (Ord. 653 § 4, 1974)

12.12.050 Closures.

No person shall ride, drive or walk on such parts or portions of the parks or pavements as may be closed to public travel, or interfere with barriers erected against the public. (Ord. 653 § 5, 1974)

12.12.060 Damage--Payment for restoration.

- A. Owners or persons in control of, or persons who permit the entry of, any dog, horse or other animal into any public area under the control of the city, in addition to any penalties imposed by this chapter for violation hereof, shall be held liable for, and shall pay to the city, the full value of repair or restoration of any public property damaged or destroyed; and if not paid upon demand by the city, recovery of same may be sought by action brought in the name of the city in any court of competent jurisdiction.
- B. Any person who shall utilize the public areas herein described and who shall damage or destroy any public property under the control of the city, in addition to any penalties imposed by this chapter for violations hereof, shall be held liable for, and shall pay to the city, the full value of repair or restoration of any public property damaged or destroyed, and if not paid upon demand by the city, recovery of same may be sought by action brought in the name of the city in any court of competent jurisdiction. (Ord. 653 § 6, 1974)

12.12.070 Parks--Sales and services for hire restricted.

It is unlawful for any person to sell or offer for sale an article or perform or offer to perform any service for hire in any of the parks without a written permit for such concession properly and regularly granted by the city administrator with concurrence and approval by the park commission. (Ord. 653 § 7, 1974)

12.12.080 Parks--Advertising and decorative devices forbidden.

It is unlawful for any person to place or carry any structure, sign, bulletin board or advertising device of any kind whatever, or erect any post or pole or the attachment of any notice, bill, poster, sign wire, rod or cord to any tree, shrub, fence, railing, fountain, wall, post or structure, or place any advertising, decorative or other device of any kind whatever, on any of the bases, statues, bridges or monuments in any park; provided, that the park commission may by a written permit, allow the erection of temporary decoration on occasions of public celebration or holidays.

(Ord. 653 § 8, 1974)

12.12.090 Parks--Intoxicating liquor prohibited.

It is unlawful for any person to take into or upon any park any intoxicating liquor, for other than his or her own use. No intoxicated person shall enter or remain in any of the parks. The sale or dispensing of malt beverages containing not more than four percent of alcohol by weight, shall be allowed only after obtaining a permit to do so from the city park commission, subject to approval of the city council and the Oregon Liquor Control Commission.

(Ord. 653 § 9, 1974)

12.12.100 Parks--Rubbish accumulation prohibited.

It is unlawful for any person to obstruct the free use and enjoyment of any park by misuse of refuse containers or by placing any straw, dirt, chips, paper, shavings, shells, ashes, swill or garbage, or other rubbish, or refuse or debris, in or upon any park, or to distribute any circulars, cards or other written or printed matter in any park.

(Ord. 653 § 10, 1974)

12.12.110 Parks--Vandalism prohibited.

It is unlawful for any person to remove, destroy, break, injure, mutilate or deface in any way any structure, monument, statue, vase, fountain, wall, fence, railing, vehicle, bench, tree, shrub, fern, plant, flower or other property in any park.

(Ord. 653 § 11, 1974)

12.12.120 Parks--Firearms or fireworks prohibited.

It is unlawful for any person to use firearms, firecrackers, fireworks, torpedoes or explosives of any kind in any park.

(Ord. 653 § 12, 1974)

12.12.130 Parks--Molesting animals, birds and fish prohibited.

It is unlawful for any person to use any weapon, stick, stone or missile of any kind to the destruction, injury, disturbance or molestation of any wild or domestic animal, fowl or fish within the park limits. (Ord. 653 § 13, 1974)

12.12.140 Parks--Fishing and bathing restrictions.

It is unlawful for any person to fish, wade, swim or bathe in any of the parks except in the places designated by regulation for such purposes. The park commission shall have authority to allow fishing in the waters of any park of the city by posting adjacent to such waters a sign or signs stating that such fishing is authorized, and by posting age limits, such fishing may be restricted to juveniles or other persons under the age as designated by the sign; and it is unlawful for any person over the age limit as posted to fish in any such waters of a city park.

(Ord. 653 § 14, 1974)

12.12.150 Parks--Notice mutilation prohibited.

It is unlawful for any person to injure, deface or destroy any notice of the rules and regulations for the government of the parks which shall have been posted or permanently fixed by order or permission of the park commission.

(Ord. 653 § 15, 1974)

12.12.160 Parks--Animals running at large prohibited.

It is unlawful for the owner, possessor or keeper of any animal to permit such animal to roam at large in any park, and, if such animal is found in any park, it may be impounded. (Ord. 653 § 16, 1974)

12.12.170 Parks--Use of established entrance required.

No one shall enter or leave the parks except at an established entrance, and no one shall enter or remain in the parks after the hours fixed by regulation. (Ord. 653 § 17, 1974)

12.12.180 Parks--"No admittance" areas.

No person shall enter any building, enclosure, or place within any of the parks upon which the words, "no admittance" shall be displayed or posted by sign, placard or otherwise. (Ord. 653 § 18, 1974)

12.12.190 Parks--Trees on other public property (not street trees).

Trees and woodlands on public property shall be preserved to provide clean air and a natural environment for the community.

- A. The Parks Advisory Board may authorize or require the removal of any tree on public property, excluding a street tree, that is:
 - 1. Dying, becoming severely diseased, or infested or diseased so as to threaten the health of other trees;

- 2. Obstructing public ways or sight distance so as to cause a safety hazard;
- 3. Interfering with or damaging public or private utilities;
- 4. A nuisance under city nuisance abatement ordinances; or
- 5. Otherwise constitutes a hazard to life or property, in the city's determination.
- B. The City Manager or Manager's designee may order the removal of a tree on public property in an emergency situation without Parks Advisory Board approval when the tree poses an immediate threat to life, property or utilities. A decision to remove a tree on public property under this section subject to review only as provided in ORS 34.100.
- C. A tree that is removed under this section must be replaced unless it is determined by a certified arborist that it cannot be replaced without additional or continued damage to public or private utilities that cannot be prevented through reasonable maintenance.

(Ord. No. 2011-002, §§ 1, 2, 2-15-2011)

Editors Note: Ord. No. 2011-002, §§ 1, 2, adopted February 15, 2011, amended the Code by adding a new § 12.12.190, and renumbering former §§ 12.12.190--12.12.240 as §§ 12.12.200--12.12.250.

12.12.200 Permit for large groups required.

Use of the public areas herein described for organized group picnics, political or religious gatherings, or groups consisting of more than one hundred fifty (150) persons in attendance at any one time, is unlawful unless a written permit has been issued with the approval of the park commission or designated agent thereof. (Ord. No. 2011-002, §§ 1, 2, 2-15-2011; Ord. 653, § 19, 1974)

Note: See editor's note, § 12.12.190.

12.12.210 Permit--Exhibition required.

Any person claiming to have a permit from the city shall produce and exhibit such permit upon request of the park commissioner or the police department.

(Ord. No. 2011-002, §§ 1, 2, 2-15-2011; Ord. 653 § 20, 1974)

Note: See editor's note, § 12.12.190.

12.12.220 Permit--Subject to ordinances and regulations.

All permits issued by the city shall be subject to the city's ordinances. The persons to whom such permits are issued shall be bound by the rules, regulations and ordinances as fully as though the same were inserted in such permits. Any person or persons to whom such permits shall be issued shall be liable for any loss, damage or injury sustained by any person whatever by reason of the negligence of the person or persons to whom such permit shall be issued, as well as for any breach of such rules, regulations and ordinances, to the person or persons so suffering damages or injury.

(Ord. No. 2011-002, §§ 1, 2, 2-15-2011; Ord. 653 § 21, 1974)

Note: See editor's note, § 12.12.190.

12.12.230 Public convenience stations.

- A. It is unlawful for any person to blow, spread or place any nasal or other bodily discharge, or spit, urinate or defecate on the floors, walls, partitions, furniture, fittings, or on any portion of any public convenience station or in any place in such station, excepting directly into the particular fixture provided for that purpose. Nor shall any person place any bottle, can, cloth, rag, or metal, wood or stone substance in any of the plumbing fixtures in any such station.
- B. It is unlawful for any person to stand or climb on any closet, closet seat, basin, partition or other furniture or fitting, or to loiter about or push, crowd or otherwise act in a disorderly manner, or to interfere with any attendant in the discharge of his or her duties, or whistle, dance, sing, skate, swear, or use obscene, loud or boisterous language within any public convenience station, or at or near the entrance thereof.
- C. It is unlawful for any person to cut, deface, mar, destroy, break, remove or write on or scratch any wall, floor, ceiling, partition, fixture or furniture; or use towels in any improper manner, or waste soap, toilet paper, or any of the facilities provided in any public convenience station. (Ord. No. 2011-002, §§ 1, 2, 2-15-2011; Ord. 653 § 22, 1974)

Note: See editor's note, § 12.12.190.

12.12.240 Traffic regulations.

Except as may be otherwise specifically prescribed by this chapter or other city ordinances, the motor vehicle code of the city regulating street traffic shall be in full force and effect in all public areas described in this chapter.

The following regulations are made applicable to public areas within the city and subject to the city's control:

- A. No one shall ride or drive any bicycle, motorcycle, motor vehicle, truck, wagon, horse, or any vehicle or animal in any part of the parks, except on the regular drives designated therefor; provided, that baby carriages and such vehicles as are used in the park service are not included in the foregoing prohibition.
- B. No one shall drive any moving van, dray, truck, heavy-laden vehicle, or vehicle carrying or ordinarily used in carrying merchandise, goods, tools, materials or rubbish, except such as are used in the park service, over any drive or boulevard in any of the parks; provided, however, the city park commission in its discretion may grant permission in writing for vehicles to carry materials over park drives or boulevards to buildings abutting on parks when no other road, street or way is accessible or passable.
- C. No one shall hitch horses or other animals to any tree, shrub, fence, railing or other structure, except such as are provided for such purpose, or allow horses or other animals to stand unhitched while the rider or attendant is beyond reach of such horse or other animal.
- D. It is unlawful for any person to park any motor vehicle on any park or playground area in the city, except in regularly designated parking areas. The police department shall have and exercise authority to tow any vehicle found parked in a park or playground area not designated for

parking purposes, and to impound such vehicle and to impose and collect the fees for towing and storage.

E. It is unlawful for any person to store, park or leave standing unattended for a continuous period of more than twenty-four (24) hours, any motor vehicle, boat, trailer, conveyance or other personal property within any public area under the city's control.

(Ord. No. 2011-002, §§ 1, 2, 2-15-2011; Ord. 653 § 23, 1974)

Note: See editor's note, § 12.12.190.

12.12.250 Violation--Penalty.

Any person violating any provision of this chapter or any rule or regulation adopted pursuant hereto, upon conviction, shall be punishable by a fine of not more than five hundred dollars (\$500.00). (Ord. No. 2011-002, §§ 1, 2, 2-15-2011; Ord. § 98-1049 § 7: Ord. 653 § 24, 1974)

Note: See editor's note, § 12.12.190.

Chapter 12.16

UTILITY FACILITIES IN PUBLIC RIGHT-OF-WAY

Sections:

12.16.010 Title.

12.16.020 Purpose and intent.

12.16.030 Jurisdiction and management of the public ROW.

12.16.040 Regulatory fees and compensation not a tax.

12.16.050 **Definitions**.

12.16.060 Licenses.

12.16.070 Construction and restoration.

12.16.080 Location of facilities.

12.16.090 Leased capacity.

12.16.100 Maintenance.

12.16.110 Vacation.

12.16.120 Privilege tax.

12.16.130 Audits.

12.16.140 Insurance and indemnification.

12.16.150 Compliance.

12.16.160 Confidential/proprietary information.

12.16.170 Penalties.

12.16.180 Severability and preemption.

12.16.190 Application to existing agreements.

12.16.010 Title.

The ordinance codified in this chapter shall be known, and may be pleaded as the city of Sherwood utility facilities in public rights-of-way ordinance. (Ord. 08-011 § 1 (part))

12.16.020 Purpose and intent.

The purpose and intent of this chapter is to:

A. Permit and manage reasonable access to the public ROW of the city for utility purposes and

- conserve the limited physical capacity of those public ROW held in trust by the city consistent with applicable state and federal law;
- B. Assure that the city's current and ongoing costs of granting and regulating access to and the use of the public ROW are fully compensated by the persons seeking such access and causing such costs;
- C. Secure fair and reasonable compensation to the city and its residents for permitting use of the public ROW;
- D. Assure that all utility companies, persons and other entities owning or operating facilities and/or providing services within the city comply with the ordinances, rules and regulations of the city;
- E. Assure that the city can continue to fairly and responsibly protect the public health, safety and welfare of its citizens:
- F. Encourage the provision of advanced and competitive utility services on the widest possible basis to businesses and residents of the city on a competitively neutral basis; and
- G. Comply with applicable provisions of state and federal law. (Ord. 08-011 § 1 (part))

12.16.030 Jurisdiction and management of the public ROW.

- A. The city has jurisdiction and exercises regulatory management over all public ROW within the city under authority of the city charter and state law.
- B. The city has jurisdiction and exercises regulatory management over each public ROW whether the city has a fee, easement, or other legal interest in the ROW, and whether the legal interest in the ROW was obtained by grant, dedication, prescription, reservation, condemnation, annexation, foreclosure or other means.
- C. The exercise of jurisdiction and regulatory management of a public ROW by the city is not official acceptance of the ROW, and does not obligate the city to maintain or repair any part of the ROW.
- D. The provisions of this chapter are subject to and will be applied consistent with applicable state and federal laws, rules and regulations, and, to the extent possible, shall be interpreted to be consistent with such laws, rules and regulations.

 (Ord. 08-011 § 1 (part))

12.16.040 Regulatory fees and compensation not a tax.

A. The fees and costs provided for in this chapter, and any compensation charged and paid for use of the public ROW provided for in this chapter, are separate from, and in addition to, any and all federal, state, local, and city charges as may be levied, imposed, or due from a utility operator, its customers or subscribers, or on account of the lease, sale, delivery, or transmission of utility services.

- B. The city has determined that any fee provided for by this chapter is not subject to the property tax limitations of Article XI, Sections 11 and 11b of the Oregon Constitution. These fees are not imposed on property or property owners.
 - C. The fees and costs provided for in this chapter are subject to applicable federal and state laws.
- D. The city reserves the right to waive fees for city facilities occupying the ROW. (Ord. 08-011 § 1 (part))

12.16.050 **Definitions**.

For the purpose of this chapter the following terms, phrases, words and their derivations shall have the meaning given herein. When not inconsistent with the context, words used in the present tense include the future, words in the plural number include the singular number and words in the singular number include the plural number. The words "shall" and "will" are mandatory and "may" is permissive.

"Cable service" is to be defined consistent with federal laws and means the one-way transmission to subscribers of: (i) video programming, or (ii) other programming service; and subscriber interaction, if any, which is required for the selection or use of such video programming or other programming service.

"City" means the city of Sherwood, an Oregon municipal corporation, and individuals authorized to act on the city's behalf.

"City council" means the elected governing body of the city of Sherwood, Oregon.

"City facilities" means city or publicly-owned structures or equipment located within the ROW or public easement used for governmental purposes.

"License" means the authorization granted by the city to a utility operator pursuant to this chapter.

"Person" means and includes any individual, firm, sole proprietorship, corporation, company, partnership, co-partnership, joint-stock company, trust, limited liability company, association or other organization, including any natural person or any other legal entity.

"Private communications system" means a system, including the construction, maintenance or operation of the system, for the provision of a service or any portion of a service which is owned or operated exclusively by a person for their use and not for resale, directly or indirectly. "Private communications system" includes services provided by the state of Oregon pursuant to ORS 190.240 and 283.140.

"Public utility easement" means the space in, upon, above, along, across, over or under an easement for the constructing, reconstructing, operating, maintaining, inspecting, and repairing of utilities facilities. "Public utility easement" does not include an easement solely for the constructing, reconstructing, operating, maintaining, inspecting, and repairing of city facilities.

"Right-of-way" or "ROW" means and includes, but is not limited to, the space in, upon, above, along, across, over or under the public streets, roads, highways, lanes, courts, ways, alleys, boulevards, bridges, trails,

paths, sidewalks, bicycle lanes, public utility easements and all other public ways or areas, including the subsurface under and air space over these areas, but does not include parks or parkland. This definition applies only to the extent of the city's right, title, interest and authority to grant a license to occupy and use such areas for utility facilities.

"State" means the state of Oregon.

"Telecommunications services" means the transmission for hire, of information in electromagnetic frequency, electronic or optical form, including, but not limited to, voice, video or data, whether or not the transmission medium is owned by the provider itself and whether or not the transmission medium is wireline. Telecommunications service includes all forms of telephone services and voice, data and video transport, but does not include: (1) cable service; (2) open video system service, as defined in 47 C.F.R. 76; (3) private communications system services; (4) over-the-air radio or television broadcasting to the public-at-large from facilities licensed by the Federal Communications Commission or any successor thereto; and (5) direct-to-home satellite service within the meaning of Section 602 of the Telecommunications Act of 1996.

"Utility facility" or "facility" means any physical component of a system, including but not limited to the poles, pipes, mains, conduits, ducts, cables, wires, transmitters, plant, equipment and other facilities, located within, under or above the ROW, any portion of which is used or designed to be used to deliver, transmit or otherwise provide utility service.

"Utility operator" or "operator" means any person who owns, places, operates or maintains a utility facility within the city.

"Utility service" means the provision, by means of utility facilities permanently located within, under or above the ROW, whether or not such facilities are owned by the service provider, of electricity, natural gas, telecommunications services, cable services, water, sewer, and/or storm sewer to or from customers within the corporate boundaries of the city, and/or the transmission of any of these services through the city whether or not customers within the city are served by those transmissions.

"Work" means the construction, demolition, installation, replacement, repair, maintenance or relocation of any utility facility, including but not limited to any excavation and restoration required in association with such construction, demolition, installation, replacement, repair, maintenance or relocation. (Ord. 08-011 § 1 (part))

12.16.060 Licenses.

- A. License Required.
- 1. Except those utility operators with a valid franchise agreement from the city, every person shall obtain a license from the city prior to constructing, placing or locating any utility facilities in the ROW.
- 2. Every person that owns or controls utility facilities in the ROW as of the effective date of this chapter shall apply for a license from the city within forty-five (45) days of the later of: (1) the effective date of this chapter, or (2) the expiration of a valid franchise from the city, unless a new

franchise is granted by the city prior to the expiration date or other date agreed to in writing by the city.

- B. License Application. The license application shall be on a form provided by the city, and shall be accompanied by any additional documents required by the application to identify the applicant, its legal status, including its authorization to do business in Oregon, a description of the type of utility service provided or to be provided by the applicant, and the facilities over which the utility service will be provided, and other information reasonably necessary to determine the applicant's ability to comply with the terms of this chapter.
- C. License Application Fee. The application shall be accompanied by a nonrefundable application fee or deposit set by resolution of the city council in an amount sufficient to fully recover all of the city's costs related to processing the application for the license.
- D. Determination by City. The city shall issue, within a reasonable period of time, a written determination granting or denying the license in whole or in part. If the license is denied, the written determination shall include the reasons for denial. The license shall be evaluated based upon the provisions of this chapter, the continuing capacity of the ROW to accommodate the applicant's proposed utility facilities and the applicable federal, state and local laws, rules, regulations and policies.
- E. Franchise Agreements. If the public interest warrants, the city and utility operator may enter into a written franchise agreement that includes terms that clarify, enhance, expand, waive or vary the provisions of this chapter, consistent with applicable state and federal law. The franchise may conflict with the terms of this chapter with the review and approval of city council. The franchisee shall be subject to the provisions of this chapter to the extent such provisions are not in conflict with the franchise.
 - F. Rights Granted.
 - 1. The license granted hereunder shall authorize and permit the licensee, subject to the provisions of the Municipal Code and other applicable provisions of state or federal law, to construct, place, maintain and operate utility facilities in the ROW for the term of the license.
 - 2. The license granted pursuant to this chapter shall not convey equitable or legal title in the ROW, and may not be assigned or transferred except as permitted in subsection K of this section.
 - 3. Neither the issuance of the license nor any provisions contained therein shall constitute a waiver or bar to the exercise of any governmental right or power, police power or regulatory power of the city as may exist at the time the license is issued or thereafter obtained.
- G. Term. Subject to the termination provisions in subsection M of this section, the license granted pursuant to this chapter will remain in effect for a term of five years.
- H. License Nonexclusive. No license granted pursuant to this section shall confer any exclusive right, privilege, license or franchise to occupy or use the ROW for delivery of utility services or any other purpose. The city expressly reserves the right to grant licenses, franchises or other rights to other persons, as well as the city's right to use the ROW, for similar or different purposes. The license is subject to all recorded deeds, easements, dedications, conditions, covenants, restrictions, encumbrances, and claims of title of record

that may affect the ROW. Nothing in the license shall be deemed to grant, convey, create, or vest in licensee a real property interest in land, including any fee, leasehold interest or easement.

- I. Reservation of City Rights. Nothing in the license shall be construed to prevent the city from grading, paving, repairing and/or altering any ROW, constructing, laying down, repairing, relocating or removing city water or sewer facilities or establishing any other public work, utility or improvement of any kind, including repairs, replacement or removal of any city facilities. If any of licensee's utility facilities interfere with the construction, repair, replacement, alteration or removal of any ROW, public work, city utility, city improvement or city facility, except those providing utility services in competition with a licensee, licensee's facilities shall be removed or relocated as provided in Section 12.16.080(C), (D) and (E) of this chapter, in a manner acceptable to the city, and subject to industry standard engineering and safety codes.
 - J. Multiple Services.
 - 1. A utility operator that provides or transmits or allows the provision or transmission of utility services and other services over its facilities is subject to the license and privilege tax requirements of this chapter for the portion of the facilities and extent of utility services delivered over those facilities.
 - 2. A utility operator that provides or transmits more than one utility service over its facilities is not required to obtain a separate license for each utility service, provided that it gives notice to the city of each utility service provided or transmitted and pays the applicable privilege tax for each utility service.
- K. Transfer or Assignment. To the extent permitted by applicable state and federal laws, the licensee shall obtain the written consent of the city prior to the transfer or assignment of the license. The license shall not be transferred or assigned unless the proposed transferee or assignee is authorized under all applicable laws to own or operate the utility system and the transfer or assignment is approved by all agencies or organizations required or authorized under federal and state laws to approve such transfer or assignment. If a license is transferred or assigned, the transferee or assignee shall become responsible for all facilities of the licensee at the time of transfer or assignment. A transfer or assignment of a license does not extend the term of the license.
- L. Renewal. At least ninety (90), but no more than one hundred eighty (180), days prior to the expiration of a license granted pursuant to this section, a licensee seeking renewal of its license shall submit a license application to the city, including all information required in subsection B of this section and the application fee required in subsection C of this section. The city shall review the application as required by subsection D of this section and grant or deny the license within ninety (90) days of submission of the application. If the city determines that the licensee is in violation of the terms of this chapter at the time it submits its application, the city may require that the licensee cure the violation or submit a detailed plan to cure the violation within a reasonable period of time, as determined by the city, before the city will consider the application and/or grant the license. If the city requires the licensee to cure or submit a plan to cure a violation, the city will grant or deny the license application within ninety (90) days of confirming that the violation has been cured or of accepting the licensee's plan to cure the violation.

M. Termination.

- 1. Revocation or Termination of a License. The city council may terminate or revoke the license granted pursuant to this chapter for any of the following reasons:
 - a. Violation of any of the provisions of this chapter;
 - b. Violation of any provision of the license;
 - c. Misrepresentation in a license application;
 - d. Failure to pay taxes, compensation, fees or costs due the city after final determination of the taxes, compensation, fees or costs;
 - e. Failure to restore the ROW after construction as required by this chapter or other applicable state and local laws, ordinances, rules and regulations;
 - f. Failure to comply with technical, safety and engineering standards related to work in the ROW; or
 - g. Failure to obtain or maintain any and all licenses, permits, certifications and other authorizations required by state or federal law for the placement, maintenance and/or operation of the utility facilities.
- 2. Standards for Revocation or Termination. In determining whether termination, revocation or some other sanction is appropriate, the following factors shall be considered:
 - a. The egregiousness of the misconduct;
 - b. The harm that resulted;
 - c. Whether the violation was intentional;
 - d. The utility operator's history of compliance; and/or
 - e. The utility operator's cooperation in discovering, admitting and/or curing the violation.
- 3. Notice and Cure. The city shall give the utility operator written notice of any apparent violations before terminating a license. The notice shall include a short and concise statement of the nature and general facts of the violation or noncompliance and provide a reasonable time (no less than twenty (20) and no more than forty (40) days) for the utility operator to demonstrate that the utility operator has remained in compliance, that the utility operator has cured or is in the process of curing any violation or noncompliance, or that it would be in the public interest to impose a penalty or sanction less than termination or revocation. If the utility operator is in the process of curing a violation or noncompliance, the utility operator must demonstrate that it acted promptly and continues to actively work on compliance. If the utility operator does not respond or if the city manager or designee determines that the utility operator's response is inadequate, the city

manager or designee shall refer the matter to the city council, which shall provide a duly noticed public hearing to determine whether the license shall be terminated or revoked. (Ord. 08-011 § 1 (part))

12.16.070 Construction and restoration.

- A. Construction Codes. Utility facilities shall be constructed, installed, operated and maintained in accordance with all applicable federal, state and local codes, rules and regulations, including the National Electrical Code and the National Electrical Safety Code.
- B. Construction Permits. No person shall construct, install, or perform any work on utility facilities within the ROW without first obtaining all required permits, including the ROW permit required in Chapter 12.02 of this title, except in the event of an emergency or other exemption consistent with Chapter 12.02. The city shall not issue a permit for the construction, installation, maintenance or repair of utility facilities unless the utility operator of the facilities has applied for and received the license required by this chapter, or has a current franchise with the city, and all applicable fees have been paid.
- C. Street Excavations and Restoration. Open cutting of pavement shall only be allowed in areas specifically approved by the city engineer or designee. When a utility operator, or any person acting on its behalf, does any work in or affecting any public ROW, it shall, at its own expense, promptly restore the public ROW as required by the permit or as otherwise directed by the city engineer or designee.
- D. A utility operator shall preserve and protect from injury other utility operators' facilities in the ROW, the public using the ROW and any adjoining property, and take other necessary measures to protect life and property, including but not limited to buildings, walls, fences, trees or utilities that may be subject to damage from the permitted work. A utility operator shall be responsible for all damage to public or private property resulting from its failure to properly protect people and property and to carry out the work.
- E. Inspection. Every utility operator's facilities shall be subject to the right of periodic inspection and testing by the city to determine compliance with the provisions of this chapter and all other applicable state and city codes, ordinances, rules and regulations. Every utility operator shall cooperate with the city in permitting the inspection of utility facilities upon request of the city.
- F. Coordination of Construction. All utility operators are required to make a good faith effort to both cooperate with and coordinate their construction schedules with those of the city and other users of the ROW.
 - 1. Prior to January 1st of each year, utility operators shall provide the city with a schedule of known proposed construction activities for that year in, around or that may affect the ROW.
 - 2. Utility operators shall meet with the city annually, or as determined by the city, to schedule and coordinate construction in the ROW.
 - 3. All construction locations, activities and schedules within the ROW shall be coordinated as ordered by the city manager or designee, to minimize public inconvenience, disruption, or damages.

12.16.080 Location of facilities.

- A. Location of Facilities. Unless otherwise agreed to in writing by the city, whenever any existing electric utilities, cable facilities or telecommunications facilities are located underground within a ROW of the city, the utility operator with permission to occupy the same ROW shall locate its facilities underground. This requirement shall not apply to facilities used for transmission of electric energy at nominal voltages in excess of thirty-five thousand (35,000) volts or to pedestals, cabinets or other above-ground equipment of any utility operator. The city reserves the right to require written approval of the location of any such above-ground equipment in the ROW.
- B. Interference with the ROW. No utility operator or other person may locate or maintain its facilities so as to unreasonably interfere with the use of the ROW by the city, by the general public or by other persons authorized to use or be present in or upon the ROW. All use of the ROW shall be consistent with city codes, ordinances and regulations.
 - C. Relocation of Utility Facilities.
 - 1. A utility operator shall, at no cost to the city, relocate its aerial utility facilities underground when requested to do so in writing by the city, consistent with applicable state and federal law.
 - 2. A utility operator shall, at no cost to the city, temporarily or permanently remove, relocate, change or alter the position of any utility facility within a ROW when requested to do so in writing by the city. Nothing herein shall be deemed to preclude the utility operator from requiring or requesting reimbursement or compensation from a third party, pursuant to applicable laws, regulations, tariffs, agreements or otherwise, provided that such reimbursement or compensation shall not delay the utility operator's obligation to comply with this section in a timely manner.
 - 3. The city shall provide written notice of the amount of time for removal, relocation, change, alteration or undergrounding. If a utility operator fails to remove, relocate, alter or underground any utility facility as requested by the city and by the date reasonably established by the city, the utility operator shall pay all costs incurred by the city due to such failure, including but not limited to project delays, and the city may cause the utility facility to be removed, relocated, altered or undergrounded at the utility operator's sole expense. Upon receipt of a detailed invoice from the city, the utility operator shall reimburse the city for the costs the city incurred within thirty (30) days.
 - D. Removal of Unauthorized Facilities.
 - 1. Unless otherwise agreed to in writing by the city manager or designee, within thirty (30) days following written notice from the city, a utility operator and any other person that owns, controls, or maintains any abandoned or unauthorized utility facility within a ROW shall, at its own expense, remove the facility and restore the ROW.

- 2. A utility system or facility is unauthorized under any of the following circumstances:
 - a. The utility facility is outside the scope of authority granted by the city under the license, franchise or other written agreement. This includes facilities that were never licensed or franchised and facilities that were once licensed or franchised but for which the license or franchise has expired or been terminated. This does not include any facility for which the city has provided written authorization for abandonment in place.
 - b. The facility has been abandoned and the city has not provided written authorization for abandonment in place. A facility is abandoned if it is not in use and is not planned for further use. A facility will be presumed abandoned if it is not used for a period of one year. A utility operator may overcome this presumption by presenting plans for future use of the facility.
 - c. The utility facility is improperly constructed or installed or is in a location not permitted by the license, franchise or this chapter.
 - d. The utility operator is in violation of a material provision of this chapter and fails to cure such violation within thirty (30) days of the city sending written notice of such violation, unless the city extends such time period in writing.

E. Removal by City.

- 1. The city retains the right and privilege to cut or move the facilities of any utility operator or similar entity located within the public ROW of the city, without notice, as the city may determine to be necessary, appropriate or useful in response to a public health or safety emergency.
- 2. If the utility operator fails to remove any facility when required to do so under this chapter, the city may remove the facility using qualified personnel or contractors consistent with applicable state and federal safety laws and regulations, and the utility operator shall be responsible for paying the full cost of the removal and any administrative costs incurred by the city in removing the facility and obtaining reimbursement. Upon receipt of a detailed invoice from the city, the utility operator shall reimburse the city for the costs the city incurred within thirty (30) days. The obligation to remove shall survive the termination of the license or franchise.
- 3. The city shall not be liable to any utility operator for any damage to utility facilities, or for any consequential losses resulting directly or indirectly therefrom, by the city or its contractor in removing, relocating or altering the facilities pursuant to subsection B, C or D of this section or undergrounding its facilities as required by subsection A of this section, or resulting from the utility operator's failure to remove, relocate, alter or underground its facilities as required by those subsections.
- F. As Built Drawings. The utility operator shall provide the city with two complete sets of engineered plans in a form acceptable to the city showing the location of all its utility facilities in the ROW after initial construction and shall provide two updated complete sets of as built plans annually, upon request of the

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city. (Ord. 08-011 § 1 (part))
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12.16.090 Leased capacity.

A utility operator may lease capacity on or in its systems to others, provided that, upon request, the utility operator provides the city with the name and business address of any lessee. (Ord. 08-011 § 1 (part))

12.16.100 Maintenance.

Every utility operator shall install and maintain all facilities in a manner that prevents injury to the ROW or public utility easements, the city's property or the property belonging to another person. The utility operator shall, at its own expense, repair and maintain facilities from time to time as may be necessary to accomplish this purpose.

(Ord. 08-011 § 1 (part))

12.16.110 Vacation.

If the city vacates any ROW, or portion thereof, that a utility operator uses, the utility operator shall, at its own expense, remove its facilities from the ROW unless the city reserves a public utility easement, which the city shall make a reasonable effort to do provided that there is no cost or expense to the city, or the utility operator obtains an easement for its facilities. If the utility operator fails to remove its facilities within thirty (30) days after a ROW is vacated, or as otherwise directed or agreed to in writing by the city, the city may remove the facilities at the utility operator's sole expense. Upon receipt of an invoice from the city, the utility operator shall reimburse the city for the costs the city incurred within thirty (30) days. (Ord. 08-011 § 1 (part))

12.16.120 Privilege tax.

- A. Every utility operator shall pay the privilege tax set by resolution of the city council.
- 1. For utility operators providing utility service to customers within the city, the privilege tax shall be a percentage of gross revenues earned from the provision of service within the city. "Gross revenues" means any and all revenue, of any kind, nature or form, without deduction for expense, less net uncollectibles, unless the council, by resolution, determines otherwise.
- 2. For utility operators that do not provide utility service to customers within the city, the privilege tax shall be a flat fee per lineal foot of utility facilities in the city or such other fee determined by the city council.
- 3. For utility operators with no facilities in the ROW other than facilities mounted on structures within the right-of-way, which structures are owned by another person, and with no facilities strung between such structures or otherwise within, under or above the ROW, the privilege tax shall be a flat fee per structure or such other fee determined by the city council.

- B. Privilege tax payments required by this section shall be reduced by any franchise fee payments received by the city, but in no case will be less than zero dollar.
- C. Unless otherwise agreed to in writing by the city, the tax set forth in subsection (A)(1) of this section shall be paid quarterly, in arrears, for each quarter during the term of the license within thirty (30) days after the end of each calendar quarter, and shall be accompanied by an accounting of gross revenues, if applicable, and a calculation of the amount payable. The tax set forth in subsections (A)(2) and (A)(3) of this section shall be paid annually, in arrears, for each year during the term of this license within thirty (30) days after the end of each calendar year, and shall be accompanied by a statement of the length of facilities in the ROW or number of structures occupied in the ROW, if applicable, and a calculation of the amount payable. The utility shall pay interest at the rate of nine percent per year for any payment made after the due date.
- D. The calculation of the privilege tax required by this section shall be subject to all applicable limitations imposed by federal or state law. (Ord. 08-011 § 1 (part))

12.16.130 Audits.

- A. Within thirty (30) days of a written request from the city, or as otherwise agreed to in writing by the city, the provider of utility service shall:
 - 1. Furnish the city with information sufficient to demonstrate that the utility operator is in compliance with all the requirements of this chapter and its franchise agreement, if any, including but not limited to the privilege tax payments required by Section 12.16.120 and the franchise fee required in any franchise.
 - 2. Make available for inspection by the city at reasonable times and intervals all maps, records, books, diagrams, plans and other documents, maintained by the utility operator with respect to its facilities within the public ROW or public utility easements. Access shall be provided within the Portland, Oregon metropolitan area unless prior arrangement for access elsewhere has been made with the city.
- B. If the city's audit of the books, records and other documents or information of the utility operator demonstrate that the utility operator has underpaid the privilege tax or franchise fee by five percent or more in any one year, the utility operator shall reimburse the city for the cost of the audit, in addition to any interest owed pursuant to Section 12.16.120(C) of this chapter or as specified in a franchise.
- C. Any underpayment, including any interest or audit cost reimbursement, shall be paid within thirty (30) days of the city's notice to the utility service provider of such underpayment. (Ord. 08-011 § 1 (part))

12.16.140 Insurance and indemnification.

- A. Insurance.
- 1. All utility operators shall maintain in full force and effect the following liability insurance

policies that protect the utility operator and the city, as well as the city's officers, agents, and employees:

- a. Comprehensive general liability insurance with limits not less than:
 - i. Two million dollars (\$2,000,000.00) for bodily injury or death to each person;
 - ii. Two million dollars (\$2,000,000.00) for property damage resulting from any one accident; and
 - iii. Two million dollars (\$2,000,000.00) for all other types of liability.
- b. Motor vehicle liability insurance for owned, nonowned and hired vehicles with a limit of one million dollars (\$1,000,000.00) for each person and two million dollars (\$2,000,000.00) for each accident.
- c. Worker's compensation within statutory limits and employer's liability with limits of not less than one million dollars (\$1,000,000.00).
- d. Comprehensive form premises-operations, explosions and collapse hazard, underground hazard and products completed hazard with limits of not less than two million dollars (\$2,000,000.00).
- 2. The limits of the insurance shall be subject to statutory changes as to maximum limits of liability imposed on municipalities of the state of Oregon. The insurance shall be without prejudice to coverage otherwise existing and shall name, or the certificate of insurance shall name, as additional insureds the city and its officers, agents, and employees. The coverage must apply as to claims between insureds on the policy. The certificate of insurance shall provide that the insurance shall not be canceled or materially altered without thirty (30) days prior written notice first being given to the city. If the insurance is canceled or materially altered, the utility operator shall provide a replacement policy with the terms as outlined in this section. The utility operator shall maintain continuous uninterrupted coverage, in the terms and amounts required. The utility operator may self insure, or keep in force a self-insured retention plus insurance, for any or all of the above coverage.
- 3. The utility operator shall maintain on file with the city a certificate of insurance, or proof of self-insurance acceptable to the city, certifying the coverage required above.
- B. Financial Assurance. Unless otherwise agreed to in writing by the city, before a franchise granted or license issued pursuant to this chapter is effective, and as necessary thereafter, the utility operator shall provide a performance bond or other financial security, in a form acceptable to the city, as security for the full and complete performance of the franchise, if applicable, and compliance with the terms of this chapter, including any costs, expenses, damages or loss the city pays or incurs because of any failure attributable to the utility operator to comply with the codes, ordinances, rules, regulations or permits of the city.
 - C. Indemnification.

- 1. Each utility operator shall defend, indemnify and hold the city and its officers, employees, agents and representatives harmless from and against any and all liability, causes of action, claims, damages, losses, judgments and other costs and expenses, including attorney fees and costs of suit or defense (at both the trial and appeal level, whether or not a trial or appeal ever takes place) that may be asserted by any person or entity in any way arising out of, resulting from, during or in connection with, or alleged to arise out of or result from the negligent, careless, or wrongful acts, omissions, failure to act, or other misconduct of the utility operator or its affiliates, officers, employees, agents, contractors, subcontractors, or lessees in the construction, operation, maintenance, repair, or removal of its facilities, and in providing or offering utility services over the facilities, whether such acts or omissions are authorized, allowed, or prohibited by this chapter or by a franchise agreement. The acceptance of a license under Section 12.16.060 shall constitute such an agreement by the applicant whether the same is expressed or not. Upon notification of any such claim the city shall notify the utility operator and provide the utility operator with an opportunity to provide defense regarding any such claim.
- 2. Every utility operator shall also indemnify the city for any damages, claims, additional costs or expenses assessed against or payable by the city arising out of or resulting, directly or indirectly, from the utility operator's failure to remove or relocate any of its facilities in the ROW or easements in a timely manner, unless the utility operator's failure arises directly from the city's negligence or willful misconduct.

(Ord. 08-011 § 1 (part))

12.16.150 Compliance.

Every utility operator shall comply with all federal and state laws and regulations, including regulations of any administrative agency thereof, as well as all applicable ordinances, resolutions, rules and regulations of the city, heretofore or hereafter adopted or established during the entire term of any license granted under this chapter.

(Ord. 08-011 § 1 (part))

12.16.160 Confidential/proprietary information.

If any utility operator is required by this chapter to provide books, records, maps or information to the city that utility operator reasonably believes to be confidential or proprietary, the city shall take reasonable steps to protect the confidential or proprietary nature of the books, records or information, to the extent permitted by Oregon public records laws, provided that they are clearly designated as such by the utility operator at the time of disclosure to the city. The city shall not be required to incur any costs to protect such document, except as to the city's routine internal procedures for complying with Oregon public records law. (Ord. 08-011 § 1 (part))

12.16.170 Penalties.

A. Any person found guilty of violating any of the provisions of this chapter shall be fined not more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000.00). A separate and distinct offense shall be deemed committed each day on which a violation occurs.

B. Nothing in this chapter shall be construed as limiting any judicial or other remedies the city may have at law or in equity, for enforcement of this chapter. (Ord. 08-011 § 1 (part))

12.16.180 Severability and preemption.

- A. The provisions of this chapter shall be interpreted to be consistent with applicable federal and state law, and shall be interpreted, to the extent possible, to cover only matters not preempted by federal or state law.
- B. If any article, section, subsection, sentence, clause, phrase, term, provision, condition or portion of this chapter is for any reason declared or held to be invalid or unenforceable by any court of competent jurisdiction or superseded by state or federal legislation, rules, regulations or decision, the remainder of this chapter shall not be affected thereby but shall be deemed as a separate, distinct and independent provision, and such holding shall not affect the validity of the remaining portions hereof, and each remaining section, subsection, clause, phrase, term, provision, condition, covenant and portion of this chapter shall be valid and enforceable to the fullest extent permitted by law. In the event any provision is preempted by federal or state laws, rules or regulations, the provision shall be preempted only to the extent required by law and any portion not preempted shall survive. If any federal or state law resulting in preemption is later repealed, rescinded, amended or otherwise changed to end the preemption, such provision shall thereupon return to full force and effect and shall thereafter be binding without further action by the city. (Ord. 08-011 § 1 (part))

12.16.190 Application to existing agreements.

To the extent that this chapter is not in conflict with and can be implemented consistent with existing franchise agreements, this chapter shall apply to all existing franchise agreements granted to utility operators by the city.

(Ord. 08-011 § 1 (part))

Chapter 12.20

Street Tree--Homeowner's Association Authorization

Sections:

12.20.010 Purpose.

12.20.020 Authority of Homeowners Association to Adopt and Administer Program.

12.20.030 Adoption into Bylaws.

12.20.040 Final Decision by HOA; Appeal.

12.20.010 Purpose.

The purpose of this section is to allow an active homeowners association to regulate the assessment, removal and replacement of street trees within the boundaries of the association in a less regulatory manner than required under the Sherwood Development Code (SZCDC 16.142). It is intended by the city that a homeowners association that is delegated authority under this section will adopt, administer and enforce a system of

regulations for the evaluation and, if necessary, removal and replacement of street trees in the public right-of-way that is substantially similar to the system of regulations set forth in the city development code. It is further intended that a street tree program administered by the HOA will allow greater flexibility to assess and craft solutions for the management of street trees within the boundaries of the HOA and at less cost to the property owner and the community.

(Ord. No. 2011-002, §§ 1, 2, 2-15-2011)

12.20.020 Authority of Homeowners Association to Adopt and Administer Program.

- A. A homeowners' association (HOA) may apply to the City under SZCDC 16.142 for authority to adopt, administer and enforce a program for regulating the assessment, removal and replacement of street trees within the boundaries of the association. An HOA with an approved street tree program shall administer and enforce the program as approved by the city.
- B. For purposes of this section 12.20, a "street tree" is a tree that is planted within the planter strip along a street. In the event that a planter strip is not required or available, the trees shall be planted on private property within the front yard setback area or within public street right-of-way between front property lines and street curb lines or required by the city. (Ord. No. 2011-002, §§ 1, 2, 2-15-2011)

12.20.030 Adoption into Bylaws.

An HOA that is approved to administer a program for street tree removal and replacement shall incorporate the program standards and procedures into its bylaws. A copy of the amended bylaws must be submitted to the city planning department on the January 1 immediately following adoption. In the event the provisions in the bylaws concerning the street tree program are amended, the HOA shall submit a copy of the amendments to the city planning department within ninety (90) days of the amendment. (Ord. No. 2011-002, §§ 1, 2, 2-15-2011)

12.20.040 Final Decision by HOA; Appeal.

- A. An HOA with an approved street tree program shall include in the program an opportunity to appeal a decision by the HOA. If the decision is made by a person or committee that is subordinate to the HOA Board, the program shall allow for an appeal to the Board. A final decision by the HOA Board must be in writing and must set forth the basis for the decision. A copy of the written decision must be provided to the affected property owner and to the person who filed the appeal, if different, within five (5) business days of the date the decision.
- B. A final decision by the HOA Board may be appealed to the City Manager within fourteen (14) days of the date of the final decision. The appeal shall be in writing and shall include a description of the error alleged in the Board's decision.
 - 1. Upon receipt of an appeal, the City Manager shall set a date for the matter to be heard by the City Manager in the regular course of business. The person filing the appeal, the affected property owner, and the HOA Board may appear and submit written and verbal testimony and evidence. The person filing the appeal has the burden of proving by substantial evidence that the

Board made a legal or factual error in its decision.

- 2. The City Manager may request testimony or evaluation of the evidence by the city planning manager for the purpose of substantiating the claims made by the parties. The person filing the appeal shall have an opportunity to rebut any evidence submitted by the planning manager.
- 3. The City Manager shall determine whether the HOA Board made a decision that is in substantial compliance with the street tree program as approved by the City. The City Manager may make an independent assessment of substantial compliance with the applicable standards and procedures and is not limited to the record that was before the HOA Board.
- 4. The City Manager shall issue a written decision within thirty (30) days of the date of the hearing. The decision shall set forth the basis for the decision and the evidence relied upon. The City Manager's decision is final, subject to review only as provided in ORS 34.010 to 34.100.

(Ord. No. 2011-002, §§ 1, 2, 2-15-2011)

Chapter 12.24

COUNCIL AUTHORITY - FEES, RATES AND CHARGES

Section:

12.24.010 Authority to establish fees, rates and other charges related to the construction, maintenance and operation of streets, sidewalks, pedestrian pathways, and other public places.

12.24.010 Authority to establish fees, rates and other charges related to the construction, maintenance and operation of streets, sidewalks, pedestrian pathways, and other public places.

The City Council may by Resolution establish such fees, rates and other charges as it deems appropriate to fund construction, maintenance and operation of streets, sidewalks, pedestrian pathways and other public places, together with procedures for their imposition and collection. Any fees, rates or charges established pursuant to this Section shall be included on a schedule to be kept in the city recorder's office and available to the public for review. Such fees, rates and other charges may be altered, amended or modified from time to time by Resolution of the City Council. Any adoption or amendment of a fee, rate or charge shall be done consistent with applicable law.

(Ord. No. 2011-007, § 1, 5-17-2011)

Title 13

PUBLIC SERVICES

Chapters:

13.05 Cross-Connection and Backflow Program

13.08 Clean Water Services Regulations

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Chapter 13.05

CROSS-CONNECTION AND BACKFLOW PROGRAM*

* **Editors Note:** Ord. No. 2009-007, § 2, adopted June 16, 2009, amended the Code by, in effect, repealing former Ch. 13.05, §§ 13.05.010--13.05.050, and adding a new Ch. 13.05. Former Ch. 13.05 pertained to similar subject matter, and derived from Ord. No. 00-1107.

Sections:

13.05.010 Definitions. 13.05.020 Prohibitions and conditions. 13.05.030 Backflow prevention assemblies required. 13.05.040 Testing. 13.05.050 Violation/remedies.

13.05.010 Definitions.

As used this chapter, the following terms shall, unless the context requires otherwise, mean as follows:

- A. "City." City of Sherwood.
- B. "City system." The source facilities and distribution system (including all facilities of the water system under the control of the city) up to the point where the user's system begins.
- C. "Distribution system." The city-owned network of conduits and water mains used for delivery of

- potable water from the source facilities to the user's system.
- D. "Premises." Includes real property and all improvements located thereon.
- E. "Premises isolation." The practice of protecting the potable water supply from contamination or pollution by installing backflow prevention assemblies at or near the point of delivery of potable water to a premises.
- F. "Source facilities." Includes all city components used in the production, treatment, storage and delivery of potable water to the distribution system.
- G. "User." Includes the terms "owner," "customer" and "consumer."
- H. "User's system." Those parts of a user's private facilities beyond the distribution system utilized to convey potable water to points of use on the user's premises. Domestic and irrigation systems start immediately behind the water meter; fire line systems start with the valve immediately off the main water system line.
- I. "Water system." Includes both the city system and the user's system. (Ord. No. 2009-007, § 2, 6-16-2009)

13.05.020 Prohibitions and conditions.

- A. No water service connection to any premises shall be installed, made or maintained by the city unless approved by the city and protected consistent with OAR 333-61-0070 and the terms of this chapter.
 - B. Water service shall be terminated to a user's premises if:
 - 1. A backflow prevention assembly is not installed, tested and maintained; or
 - 2. If it is found that a backflow prevention assembly has been removed, bypassed; or
 - 3. If an unprotected cross-connection exists on the premises service will not be restored until such conditions or defects are corrected.
- C. A user's facilities shall be open for inspection at all reasonable times to city inspectors to allow for a determination of compliance with the provisions of this chapter. (Ord. No. 2009-007, § 2, 6-16-2009)

13.05.030 Backflow prevention assemblies required.

- A. An approved backflow prevention assembly shall be installed on each service line of to a user's system at or near the property line or immediately inside the structure being served.
- B. Whenever any of the following conditions exist, an approved backflow prevention assembly shall be installed before the first branch line leading off the service line:

- 1. There is an auxiliary water supply which is (or can be) connected to the potable water piping.
- 2. There is piping for conveying liquids other than potable water where that piping is under pressure and installed in proximity to potable water piping.
- 3. There is intricate plumbing making it impractical to ascertain whether or not a cross-connection exists.
- 4. There is a pipeline one and one-half inches or larger internal diameter supplying city water to the premises.
- 5. The premises is a commercial, multi-family, industrial or institutional use
- 6. There is a structure more than thirty (30) feet in height (measured between the highest peak of the structure and the elevation of the service at the public water main to those premises) and the pipeline supplying water to the structure is one and one-half (1 1/2) inches or less in internal diameter.
- 7. There is a risk of back siphoning or back pressure.
- 8. There is a cross-connection or potential cross-connection.
- 9. There is an irrigation/sprinkler system.
- C. The owner of a mobile apparatus to which the city supplies water shall provide for backflow prevention by installing a backflow prevention device assembly or provide an approved air gap separation on the mobile apparatus.
- D. When there is a standby fire line/sprinkler system using piping material not approved for potable water use and/or which does not provide for periodic flow through the line during each twenty-four (24) hour period, a double check detector assembly ("DCDA") will be the minimum protection required. In addition:
 - 1. Any system with provisions for adding foamite or other toxic fire retardants whether directly connected or not will require a reduced pressure principle detector assembly ("RPDA") at the property line;
 - 2. Any system connected to or with provision for connection to an unapproved auxiliary water supply will require a RPDA at the property line;
 - 3. Any system that utilizing toxic antifreeze will require a RPDA on the antifreeze loop or a RPDA at the property line;
 - 4. Any system that utilizes a Federal Food and Drug Administration (FDA) accepted antifreeze will require a RPDA on the antifreeze loop;

- 5. Any system with private fire hydrants will require DCDA at the property line.
- E. The type of backflow prevention required under this subsection shall be at least commensurate with the degree of hazard which exists:
 - 1. An approved air gap of at least twice the inside diameter, but not less than one inch, of the incoming supply line measured vertically above the top rim of the vessel, or an approved reduced pressure backflow device ("RPBD") assembly shall be installed when the substance which could backflow is hazardous to health, such as but not limited to, sewage treatment plants, sewage pumping stations, chemical manufacturing plants, plating plants, hospitals, mortuaries, car washes, and medical clinics;
 - 2. An approved double check valve assembly ("DCVA") shall be installed when the substance which could backflow is objectionable but does not pose an unreasonable risk to health;
 - 3. An approved pressure vacuum breaker or an atmospheric vacuum breaker shall be installed when the substance which could backflow is objectionable but does not pose an unreasonable risk to health and where there is no possibility of backpressure in downstream piping. A shutoff valve may be installed on the line downstream of a pressure vacuum breaker but shall not be installed downstream of an atmospheric vacuum breaker.
- F. All backflow prevention device assemblies required under this section shall be of a type and model approved by the Oregon Department of Human Services (DHS)and installed consistent with the terms of Oregon Administrative Rule 333-61-0071 and city backflow standards found in this chapter.
- G. All water meters which are for irrigation purposes only shall be installed with an approved backflow prevention assembly by the user at the user's expense. These meters shall be locked upon installation. The locks shall not be removed until the approved backflow assembly has been installed properly and the city inspector has inspected and approved the installation.
- H. All water meters/services requiring premises isolation shall be locked upon installation. After the backflow assembly is installed, the owner or user will schedule the initial test with the city.
- I. Backflow prevention device assemblies installed before the effective date of the ordinance codified in this chapter shall be permitted to remain in service if:
 - 1. They were approved at the time of installation but are not on the current list of approved devices;
 - 2. They are properly maintained;
 - 3. They are commensurate with the degree of hazard; and
 - 4. They are tested annually and perform satisfactorily.
- J. When devices of this type are moved, or require more than minimum maintenance or are on services which have been modified, changed or remodeled, they shall be replaced by device assemblies which

are on the DHS approved list. (Ord. No. 2009-007, § 2, 6-16-2009)

13.05.040 Testing.

- A. The user or owner of the premises where one (1) or more backflow prevention device is installed shall cause a test of the device(s) be performed by an Oregon State Health Division certified tester:
 - 1. At the time of installation prior to the institution of water service after one (1) of the circumstances described in 13.05.030(B) occurs;
 - 2. If the device is moved or repaired, then immediately thereafter; or, at a minimum
 - 3. Annually.
- B. Unless otherwise provided, the owner of a mobile apparatus on which a backflow prevention device assembly or air gap separation is required shall cause a test of the assembly or an inspection of the air gap separation to be performed within the year before use in the city and not less than annually thereafter.
- C. The city may require more frequent testing of backflow prevention assembly devices if the assembly is installed at a facility that poses an extreme health risk or if the device fails repeatedly.
- D. All completed backflow test reports must be forwarded to the city within ten (10) working days from the date of the test. If the test results indicate that the device is working properly the results shall be entered in city records as such. If the test results indicate that the device is not working properly, the device must be repaired immediately and re-tested and the test results then forwarded to the city within ten (10) working days.
- E. If, for some reason, a device fails a test and repair thereof is not immediately possible, the city shall be notified immediately of said failure, the location of the failed device and estimated time of repairs which repairs cannot take longer than five (5) working days.
- F. If the city has not received the results of a test required to be performed, it may opt to perform or order a test and add the cost thereof to the user's water bill, or, in the alternative, terminate water service to the premises consistent with the terms of SMC 13.10.040.
- G. If the user or owner of a backflow device fails to make repairs on a failed back-flow device within ten (10) days of a test showing the device is not operating properly, the city may order the repair and retest and add the cost of the repair and retest to the user's/ owner's water bill, or in the alternative, the city may terminate water service to the premises consistent with the terms of SMC 13.10.040. (Ord. No. 2009-007, § 2, 6-16-2009)

13.05.050 Violation/remedies.

Violation of any provision(s) of this chapter is subject to a civil penalty in an amount listed in the city's fee schedule. In addition to imposition of civil any penalty(ies), the city may seek injunctive or other equitable

relief in a court of competent jurisdiction to abate the violation and seek other relief afforded it under federal or state law or other provisions of this Code.

(Ord. No. 2009-007, § 2, 6-16-2009)

Chapter 13.08

CLEAN WATER SERVICES REGULATIONS*

* **Editors Note:** Ord. No. 2009-010, § 1, adopted August 4, 2009, amended the Code by repealing former Ch. 13.08, §§ 13.08.010--13.08.080, and adding a new Ch. 13.08. Former Ch. 13.08 pertained to sewer service use regulations, and derived from Ord. 530 of 1964; Ord. 567 of 1967; Ord. 596 of 1970; Ord. 91-927 and Ord. 98-1040.

Sections:

13.08.010 Definitions.

13.08.015 Purpose.

13.08.020 Clean Water Services Rules and Regulations adopted.

13.08.025 Copies of Regulations.

13.08.010 Definitions.

As used in this Chapter, the following terms shall, unless the context in which it is used mandates differently, mean the following:

- A. "City." The City of Sherwood, Oregon.
- B. "Clean Water Services" or "CWS." The Washington County Service District responsible for management and regulation of storm water, surface water and sanitary sewerage issues within the City.

(Ord. No. 2009-010, 8-4-2009)

13.08.015 Purpose.

This Chapter represents the City's adoption of the regulatory scheme of clean water services pertaining to the operation and use of CWS sanitary, storm and surface water systems within the City as well as the City's imposition of systems development charges (SDCs) for the aforementioned systems under control of CWS. This Chapter does not regulate or otherwise affect collection of user fees for CWS' systems. (Ord. No. 2009-010, 8-4-2009)

13.08.020 Clean Water Services Rules and Regulations adopted.

The City hereby adopts the following and they shall be effective and applicable within the City:

- A. CWS Resolution and Order No. 91-47 (excluding Chapter 2) as the same has been amended from time to time until June 15, 2009.
- B. CWS Construction Standards and Regulations pertaining to the aforementioned systems adopted as of June 15, 2009.

- C. CWS Ordinances Nos. 26, 27 and 28 as they may each have been amended from time to time until June 15, 2009.
- D. CWS Resolution and Order No. 93-33 as the same has been amended from time to time until June 15,2009.
- E. CWS Resolution and Order No. 92-60 as the same has been amended from time to time until June 15, 2009.

(Ord. No. 2009-010, 8-4-2009)

13.08.025 Copies of Regulations.

Three (3) copies of the regulations, rules and standards adopted pursuant to the terms of 13.08.020 shall be kept in the City offices, with one (1) kept on file in the offices of the Public Works Director. (Ord. No. 2009-010, 8-4-2009)

Chapter 13.09

SANITARY SEWER INTERCEPTORS

Sections:

13.09.010 Prohibited discharges.
13.09.020 Installation, use, maintenance and definition.
13.09.030 Interceptor approval.
13.09.040 New and existing connections.
13.09.050 Infractions.
13.09.060 Requirements.
13.09.070 Violations.

13.09.010 Prohibited discharges.

No business owner shall discharge or cause to be discharged into the sewer system.

- A. Any water or waste containing fats, wax, grease or oils whether emulsified or not and whether containing vegetable or petroleum products or substances which may solidify or become viscous at temperatures between thirty-two (32) and one hundred fifty (150) degrees Fahrenheit (zero and sixty-five (65) Celsius); and
- B. Any flammable wastes, sand, soil, conglomerate or other harmful ingredients that are not readily dissolved by water.

(Ord. 08-004 § 1 (part))

13.09.020 Installation, use, maintenance and definition.

Every business owner who discharges water or waste containing fats, wax, grease or oils must install, use, maintain and keep in good working condition an interceptor. As used in this subchapter, "interceptor" means a device designed and installed so as to adjust, separate and retain deleterious, hazardous, or undesirable

matter from sewage and to permit normal sewage or liquid wastes to discharge into the disposal terminal. (Ord. 08-004 § 1 (part))

13.09.030 Interceptor approval.

All interceptors must be of a type and capacity approved by the city manager in accordance with standards established by the city and must be installed in a location that is readily and easily accessible for cleaning and inspection.

(Ord. 08-004 § 1 (part))

13.09.040 New and existing connections.

When a new service is connected to the city sanitary sewer system it must install a city approved interceptor. For existing city sanitary sewer system connections, a city approved interceptor must be installed within ninety (90) calendar days of written notice from the city. For good cause the city may extend the period beyond ninety (90) days solely within its discretion. Owners must maintain all installed interceptors at their own expense for continuously efficient operation.

(Ord. 08-004 § 1 (part))

13.09.050 Infractions.

Failure to install or maintain an approved interceptor is an infraction. Any direct costs incurred by the city due to an illegal discharge will be billed to the owner or user. These remedies are in addition to any other legal, equitable or administrative remedies that may be available. (Ord. 08-004 § 1 (part))

13.09.060 Requirements.

The requirements of this chapter are in addition to all other requirements of federal, Oregon and local laws.

(Ord. 08-004 § 1 (part))

13.09.070 Violations.

Any violation of this chapter may be deemed a public nuisance and may be abated by any of the procedures set forth in this code.

(Ord. 08-004 § 1 (part))

Chapter 13.10

WATER SERVICE REGULATIONS

Sections:

13.10.005 Definitions.
13.10.010 Use of water.
13.10.015 Application for service.
13.10.020 Access to premises.
13.10.025 Meter reading and billing.

13.10.030. Payments for services.

13.10.035. Adjustments.

13.10.040. Termination of water service.

13.10.045. Maintenance, repair and testing meters.

13.10.050. Interruption in service.

13.10.055. Customers service lines and maintenance.

13.10.060. Connections.

13.10.065. Fire protection service connections.

13.10.070. Temporary service.

13.10.075. Main extensions.

13.10.080. Fire hydrants/bulk water.

13.10.085. Cross-connections.

13.10.090. Responsibility for damage or injuries.

13.10.095. Violation--Civil penalty; other relief.

13.10.100. Prohibited acts.

13.10.105. Authority of city manager.

13.10.005 Definitions.

Unless the context requires otherwise, when used in this chapter the following terms and phrases shall mean as set forth below:

- A. <u>Applicant.</u> A person, or other legal entity (or agent thereof) applying for water service.
- B. <u>Base charge.</u> The charge for water service that is in addition to the consumption charge.
- C. <u>City.</u> The City of Sherwood
- D. <u>City system.</u> Consists of the source facilities and distribution system including all facilities of the water system under the control of the city including meters and service connections.
 - E. Council. The Sherwood City Council.
 - F. Customer. A person or other legal entity receiving water service from the city system.
- G. <u>Customer line</u>. The pipe, valves and facilities leading from the outlet of the meter into the premises or property being served.
- H. <u>Consumption charge.</u> The charge placed on every hundred gallons (or fraction thereof) of water delivered.
- I. <u>Cross-connection.</u> Any actual or potential unprotected connection or structural arrangement between the city's or customer's potable water system and any other source or system through which it is possible to introduce into any part of the city system any used or non-potable water, industrial fluid, gas, or substance(s) other than the intended potable water with which the system is supplied. Bypass arrangements, jumper connections, removable sections, swivel or change-over devices, and other temporary or permanent devices through which, or because of which, backflow can occur are considered to be cross connections.
- J. <u>Fee schedule.</u> Rates, charges, and regulations set forth and amended in the City of Sherwood master fees and charges schedule as the same is adopted annually by the council.

- K. <u>Mains.</u> Distribution pipelines located in public or private rights-of-way used to supply potable water.
 - L. <u>Premises.</u> Includes real property and the improvements located thereon.
- M. <u>Private waterline.</u> A waterline located on private property owned by the property owner. Ownership begins at the outlet end of the service connection.
- N. <u>Public works director</u> or <u>director</u>. The person designated by the city manager to the functions described or his/her designee.
- O. <u>Service connection.</u> The pipe, valves and other facilities used to supply potable water from the main through the meter not including private piping beyond the meter.
- P. <u>Temporary service.</u> Service not intended to be permanent (such as construction sites) with expected duration(s) of six (6) months or less. (Ord. No. 2009-007, § 1, 6-16-2009)

13.10.010 Use of water.

- A. The city will furnish water for domestic, household, commercial, industrial and community uses as well as for fire protection purposes as the system may reasonably supply.
- B. The city may enter into contract(s) to allow for sale use and/or trade of water to other public or private water providers provided any such contracts be first approved by the city council.
- C. In the event the public works director determines conditions exist requiring restrictions or prohibitions on the use of water, the director may establish, after conferring with the city manager, a schedule of use restrictions and prohibitions consistent with the requirements of SMC Chapter 13.20.
- D. Customers will be responsible for all water lost beyond the service connection. (Ord. No. 2009-007, § 1, 6-16-2009)

13.10.015 Application for service.

- A. Application. The director shall require written application for water service on forms provided by the city.
- B. Deposit. The director may require an applicant provide a deposit for the receipt of water service at the time of application/re-application for said service. No interest shall be earned by any deposit and the amount thereof will be calculated so as to ensure that all city costs associated with the provision of water to the applicant by the city will be covered.
- C. Refund of Deposits. Deposits will be refunded to a customer in the event all amounts due the city from that customer for any city charge (water service related or otherwise) have been fully paid.

- D. New Account Fees. There will be separate charge imposed and collected for the creation and activation of any new account. By applying for city water service, an applicant/customer agrees to be bound by all rules, regulations and municipal code provisions concerning provision of water service to their property or premises.
- E. The city may refuse service to a premises or property where the owner or occupant thereof has previously failed to pay duly imposed charges for city water or other services until such time as the city is provided adequate financial security (in a form approved by the city's finance director) by the owner or occupant that said delinquencies will be paid. (Ord. No. 2009-007, § 1, 6-16-2009)

13.10.020 Access to premises.

By requesting and receiving water service from the city, every user grants the city, its authorized agents and employees the right and ability at all reasonable times to enter onto the customer's premises to determine compliance with the city's rules and regulations concerning delivery and receipt of water service. (Ord. No. 2009-007, § 1, 6-16-2009)

13.10.025 Meter reading and billing.

- A. Meter Readings. Meters shall be read at regular intervals determined by the city.
- B. Access. The customer will ensure safe and efficient access to the meter and shutoff valve at all times.
 - 1. Whenever it is necessary to enter a building to read or work on a meter, a safe passageway, free and clear of obstruction, must be maintained by the occupant of the premises from the building/property entrance to the meter.
 - 2. By connecting to the city system, the customer consents to the right of the city's authorized employees and agents to remove any obstruction(s) as necessary to maintain access to the meter.
 - 3. Customers are required to maintain a minimum of a two-foot area surrounding the meter box free of vegetation or other obstruction. Clear access to the meter shall be from the street side in a direct path to the water meter. Failure to maintain the area will result in city personnel clearing the area to meet the city's meter reading and maintenance needs. The customer will be charged any related expenses incurred by the city in clearing the area. The city will have no liability for trimming or maintaining vegetation in order for reading of meters and maintenance needs.
- C. Estimated Meter Read. If it is determined by the city that a meter fails to register accurately or the city determines that it is unable to read a meter, the current billing may be calculated in accordance with written policies developed by the director. Failure to read the water meter does not relieve a customer from its obligation to pay for actual or estimated water use.
 - D. Customer Re-Read. A customer may request their meter be re-read if there is a reasonable basis

to conclude their bill is in error.

E. Prorated Charges. Accounts will have the base and consumption charges prorated through the day that service is terminated (for closing accounts) or on the day that service started (for new accounts). (Ord. No. 2009-007, § 1, 6-16-2009)

13.10.030. Payments for services.

- A. Place of Payment. All payments shall be made to the city at the place designated on the most recent utility bill.
- B. Bill Payment. Bills for use of water services and property of the city shall be due, payable, and delinquent in accordance with the fee schedule.
- C. Delinquent Accounts. The city may turn off water supply to the premises or property being served for which payment is delinquent after the owner(s) and/or occupant(s) (if different) is given the chance to challenge the validity of delinquency and/or the amount thereof before the city manager consistent with the process set out in Section 13.10.040.D.

In the event service is terminated, it will be restored after terms of payment are arranged satisfactory to the city.

D. Billings of Separate Meters Not Combined. Each meter on a customer's premises will be considered separate and the readings of two (2) or more meters will not be combined. (Ord. No. 2009-007, § 1, 6-16-2009)

13.10.035. Adjustments.

- A. The city may make appropriate adjustments, back-bill, apply credits or waive fees and charges one time per year per meter.
 - 1. Overcharge Adjustment. When the city determines a customer has been over-charged for services, the city will apply a credit to the account based on the date the error first occurred or the date the customer became responsible for the bill or a period not to exceed one (1) year whichever is less.
 - 2. Undercharge Adjustment. When the city determines a customer has been under-charged for services, the city will bill the customer based on the date the error first occurred, the date the customer became responsible for the account or a period not to exceed one (1) year, whichever is less. If the date cannot be easily determined, the city will estimate the bill for a period not to exceed one (1) year. Customers receiving a billing adjustment will be offered the chance to make arrangements for payment.
- B. Adjustment for Water Loss. If it is determined water loss occurred on the customer's side of the meter and the cause for said loss has been repaired, the city manager may adjust up to fifty (50) percent of excess water use. The billing or billings to the user shall be adjusted in an amount based upon the water rates in effect for the loss period multiplied by the adjustment allowance. The amount, if any, shall be credited to the

user's account after repairs have been completed. During the loss period, the peaking charges for consumption are excused. Request for adjustments will only be received from the customer when submitted on a city approved form. Request shall be made within ninety (90) days of the date of the first billing indicating the excess use. Adjustments are not available when the excess use is apparently due to a failure to repair any water leak.

C. Non-registering meters. The customer will be charged for water consumed while the meter is not registering. The bill will be based on an estimate of consumption using either the premises' prior use during the same season of the prior year or a comparison with the use of other similarly situated customers receiving the same class of service during a similar period and under similar circumstances and conditions. (Ord. No. 2009-007, § 1, 6-16-2009)

13.10.040. Termination of water service.

- A. Customer Request.
- 1. Customers may have service discontinued by notifying the city during normal business hours and providing at least forty-eight (48) hours notice of the desired weekday date of discontinuance. Customers requesting discontinuance will be required to pay all charges through the date of said discontinuance.
- 2. If notice described in subsection (1) above is not given the city, the customer will be required to pay for all charges through the date the city determined the premises has been vacated or the service otherwise discontinued.
- B. City-Initiated Termination. Water service may be terminated under any or all of the following circumstances:
 - 1. If the utility bill is not timely paid.
 - 2. If a deposit required is not fully paid within seventy-two (72) hours of the customer's application for service.
 - 3. If a customer fails to comply with any city system rule or regulation.
 - 4. If the city is notified of a leak on the customer side from someone other than the owner and the leak could or is causing damage to either the property or other properties.
 - 5. Failure to allow access to the premises for determining compliance with city rules and regulations concerning water service.
 - 6. If service to the premises is turned on without first obtaining city approval therefor.
 - 7. If an owner and/or (if different) occupant's account has become delinquent and/or the occupant vacates the premises without payment and any deposit held by the city for the property or premises does not cover the delinquency.

- 8. Failure to comply with the cross-connection backflow program set out in SMC 13.05.
- C. Notice of the city's intent to terminate service will be sufficient if given by either:
- 1. First Class Mail sent to the customer's address as shown in the city records. Notice shall be deemed delivered upon deposit.
- 2. Hand delivery of a notice to the service premises. This notice shall be deemed complete when delivered.
- D. Right to Challenge Service Termination.
- 1. Except in those cases where the public works director or their designate determines a situation positing a threat to the city's system or the public health, safety and welfare exists such that pre-termination notice cannot be given without jeopardizing the same, a customer and/or occupant (if different) shall be given written notice by the city of their right(s) to challenge the proposed termination not less than fifteen (15) days prior to the date scheduled thereto. If the owner and/or occupant elect to challenge the proposed termination, the challenge shall be in writing and set out in brief the base(s) therefor and sent or delivered to the place of payment not later than five (5) days prior to the proposed termination date. No termination of service shall occur during the pendency of any challenge.
- 2. The city manager will conduct an informal hearing on the matter and after consideration of the material presented by the owner and/or occupant as well as material from the city, the city manager will decide whether to authorize the termination, adjust the termination or deny it. The city manager's decision will be final.
- E. Liability. The city is not liable nor responsible for any consequential or other damage(s) to person(s) or property resulting from its decision or the decision(s) of its employees or agents to terminate water service to any person(s), property(ies) or premises that is done consistent with or pursuant to this chapter. (Ord. No. 2009-007, § 1, 6-16-2009)

13.10.045. Maintenance, repair and testing meters.

- A. Customer Request. A customer may request the city test the water meter serving that customer's property or premises by making application for such testing to the director.
 - 1. If the test shows that the water meter registers outside the American Water Works Association (AWWA) Standards, the meter shall be repaired or replaced at no cost to the customer.
 - 2. If the test shows that the water meter registers within the AWWA Standards, the customer may be required to pay for the test.
 - 3. A written report of the results of the test shall be made available to the customer.

B. City-Initiated Test. The city may temporarily interrupt service in order to test existing meters or make necessary repairs.

(Ord. No. 2009-007, § 1, 6-16-2009)

13.10.050. Interruption in service.

The city shall not be liable for any actual or consequential damage(s) resulting from interruption(s) in service, shortages or insufficiency of supply. Temporary shutdowns of the system (or portions thereof) may be required for improvement(s) and repairs. Whenever reasonably possible and if time permits, city personnel shall notify any affected customers prior to the interruption of service. (Ord. No. 2009-007, § 1, 6-16-2009)

13.10.055. Customers service lines and maintenance.

- A. The customer is responsible for payment of costs associated with the installation of any service line(s) from the city's water meter to the customer's premises or property to be served.
- B. The customer line(s) shall be installed consistent with the Oregon State Plumbing Specialty Code or other plumbing and/or specialty code(s) applicable to the particular installation.
- C. No pump equipment shall be connected to a user service line without prior written approval from the public works director.
 - D. The customer shall be responsible for maintenance and repair of the customer's service line.
- E. All leakage in the customer service line after the water meter shall be the sole responsibility and expense of the customer.
- F. Leaks in the customer service line shall be repaired within fifteen (15) days of detection. (Ord. No. 2009-007, § 1, 6-16-2009)

13.10.060. Connections.

- A. It is unlawful for any person, firm, or corporation to make any connection to the mains or any other portion of the city system without first obtaining a connection permit.
- B. If the application for a connection permit is approved by the director, a permit will be issued. All service connection fees and charges shall be paid at the time the permit is issued consistent with the fee schedule.
- C. Upon issuance of the permit, the city shall make (or have made) the necessary service connections to the city system.
- D. Meter connection shall be sized using the fixture count method as described in the Oregon State Plumbing Specialty Code with a minimum size for any water meter being five-eighths/three-fourths inch.

- E. A separate service connection is required for:
- 1. Each property under separate ownership;
- 2. For each single family dwelling;
- 3. Apartment; and /or
- 4. Places of business.

All outlying buildings and premises used in conjunction with said property, dwelling place of business or other institution may be served from said connection, as well as all buildings on said premises operating under one management.

- F. In the case of a commercial or industrial property with multiple users on a single tax lot, additional service connections may be provided upon approval by the director; duplex units on a single tax lot may also qualify for multiple meters.
- G. The city may permit master metering of more than one (1) water service. The owner shall designate the person who to be responsible for payment of all water charges and acceptance of service for all water-related notices. If any payment is not made in full when due, the city may terminate service even if partial payment is tendered by other occupants of the premises.
 - H. Connections shall be located at such points as the city shall determine appropriate.
- I. Unless required by the city, removal or relocation of a service connection shall be at the expense of the customer. The customer shall bear responsibility for reconnection of the customer line.
- J. All service connections shall be made consistent with city specifications relating to size, materials and methods of installation.
- K. No customer shall extend a service line to furnish water to any residence, business or premises on the same or neighboring tax lot(s) than that those occupied by the customer without prior city approval. (Ord. No. 2009-007, § 1, 6-16-2009)

13.10.065. Fire protection service connections.

- A. Standby fire protection service connection from a fire service line shall be installed in accordance with applicable regulations and only if adequate provisions are made to prevent the use of water from such service for purposes other than fire extinguishing or testing of fire protection system.
- B. As determined by the city, the customer shall pay the cost of installing the fire protection service connection, including (but not limited to) required backflow prevention assemblies, special water meters or other devices installed solely for service to a fire service connection.
 - C. No consumption charge will be made for water used in extinguishing fires.

- D. Standby charges for automatic fire service will be established in the fee schedule.
- E. Users requesting fire protection service connections shall pay the cost of mains needed to supply the required flow.
- F. If water is used from a standby connection service in violation of this code, an estimate of the amount used will be computed by the city. The user shall pay for the water used based on the estimated quantity thereof, including a minimum charge based on the size of the service connection. In the event a second unauthorized use occurs, a customer will be required to pay a system development charge will be assessed to the service at the then current rate. (Ord. No. 2009-007, § 1, 6-16-2009)

13.10.070. Temporary service.

- A. The city may grant temporary water service during construction and for special events approved by the city.
- B. Installation charge and deposits. The applicant must make a request for temporary service and pay associated fees established in the city's fee schedule.
- C. The customer shall use all possible care to prevent any damage to the meter, including damage which arises from freezing temperatures or to any other city-loaned equipment. Duration shall include from the time the equipment is installed until the time the equipment is physically returned to city control. If the meter or other equipment is damaged, the cost of making repairs and all associated charges shall be borne by the contractor or applicant.
- D. Time limit. Temporary connections shall be disconnected and terminated within six (6) months after installation unless the applicant request in writing an extension of time. (Ord. No. 2009-007, § 1, 6-16-2009)

13.10.075. Main extensions.

- A. In general, all water line extensions shall extend the entire distance between opposite boundaries of the property to be served and shall be located within public right-of-way unless the city determines it necessary to construct water lines on public easements across private property. The city may elect to have installed a larger main than needed for the applicant's service requirements. When it does, the city will bear the additional cost of all piping, fittings, valves and other materials and equipment used.
- B. The city may construct system improvements upon the request of, and at the expense of, the property owner or user. The costs and scheduling shall be determined by the city.
- C. Construction of system improvements shall be by the city or a contractor approved by the public works director. Property owners using private funds for construction of water improvements shall select an engineer or contractor for the design of water system improvements that meet the city's requirements. The property owner or customer will be required to make advance payment for the estimated costs of plan review,

administrative expenses, and other applicable fees related to the proposed project.

- D. All water main extensions shall be constructed only by the city or by a waterworks contractor approved by the public works director and in accordance with the latest public works design standards adopted by the city.
- E. The city shall approve all construction plans. The pipe, fittings, valves, hydrants and other materials for the construction of said extensions shall be of the size and quality, and located as the city specifies. No main extension shall be laid until the estimated costs have been deposited in an account and in a form approved by the city's finance director. Installations made by a waterworks contractor will be inspected and approved by the city to ensure compliance with plans and specifications. Back-filling of trenches prior to city approval is prohibited. Fire hydrants will be installed at locations designated by the city.
- F. After acceptance by the city, the system improvements shall be the sole property of the city and maintained and operated by city personnel. If the system improvements are installed by a private owner, the property owner and their contractor shall be responsible for a warranty period of not less than two (2) years after the city's formal written acceptance for failure of either materials or workmanship in the improvements. (Ord. No. 2009-007, § 1, 6-16-2009)

13.10.080. Fire hydrants/bulk water.

- A. Fire Hydrant.
- 1. Unauthorized use of a Fire Hydrant. No person or persons other than those authorized by the public works director, shall open any fire hydrant or attempt to draw water from it in any manner. Violation will result in consumption and penalty fees. Any future request will be denied until all applicable fees have been paid.
- 2. Damage of Fire Hydrants. No person or persons shall damage or tamper with any fire hydrant.
- 3. Authorized Use. In order to obtain water from a fire hydrant, the customer must contact the city and apply for a "bulk water" permit. The city will determine the hydrant(s) for the customer to utilize.
- B. Bulk Water.
- 1. At the time the customer signs up for temporary water from a fire hydrant, the customer must supply the city with an estimate of the amount of water to be used, address and name of the persons responsible for the bill, and the time and date the water will be taken from the fire hydrant. A bill will be generated from metered readings after the service is used.
- 2. Charges for water furnished through a temporary service connection shall be established by council resolution.
- 3. Customer's requesting flow testing of fire hydrants shall pay the fee established by council.

- 4. Fire hydrants placed on private property are to be used only for fire emergencies or other uses authorized by the city.
- 5. The city will designate hydrant paint colors of public hydrants. No change in hydrant color is allowed unless specifically authorized by the city.
- 6. Eighteen (18) inches shall be maintained between the ground and the center of the lowest hydrant discharge port. No change in grade (ground elevation) is allowed without approval of the city.
- 7. A three-foot clear space shall be maintained around the circumference of hydrants. Access from the street to the hydrant shall be kept clear. Customer shall be responsible for pruning or removing landscaping or other obstructions that restrict access to the fire hydrant. Upon notice from the city, the owner or customer shall remove such obstruction or correct non-compliance within fourteen (14) days. If the obstruction or noncompliance is not timely corrected the city may at any time thereafter take such steps to correct the problem and bill the customer.

(Ord. No. 2009-007, § 1, 6-16-2009)

13.10.085. Cross-connections.

No water service connection to any premises shall be installed or maintained by the city unless the water supply is protected as required by SMC Chapter 13.05. If such violation becomes known, the city shall deny or immediately discontinue service to the premises by providing for physical disconnection of the service lines until the customer has corrected the condition(s). (Ord. No. 2009-007, § 1, 6-16-2009)

13.10.090. Responsibility for damage or injuries.

- A. The customer shall be liable for any damage or injury resulting from the customer's failure to properly construct, maintain, repair, or correct conditions in the customer's line.
- B. The customer shall be liable for any damage to the city system caused by an act of the customer, tenants, agents, employees, contractors, licensees, or permittees. Damage to the city system shall include but is not limited to breaking seals and locks, tampering with meters or meter boxes, including but not limited to damage by heat, hot water or steam, cross-connections, traffic hazards, and damaged curb stops, meter stops, and other service appurtenances. The customer responsibility for damage or tampering may also be fined and/or have service terminated.
- C. No modification or alterations to the meter assembly shall be made. The customer shall be responsible for any damage to meters or meter boxes due to the unlawful modification or alternation of the district's installation.

(Ord. No. 2009-007, § 1, 6-16-2009)

13.10.095. Violation--Civil penalty; other relief.

Any person violating any of the provisions of this chapter shall be subject to a civil penalty of one

thousand dollars (\$1,000.00) for each violation. Every day a violation exists shall be considered a separate violation. In addition to the foregoing civil penalties, the city may seek in a court of competent jurisdiction such other and additional relief (including all legal and equitable relief and remedies) as well as recovery if its attorneys fees.

(Ord. No. 2009-007, § 1, 6-16-2009)

13.10.100. Prohibited acts.

It is unlawful for any person, firm, or corporation not authorized by the city to do, commit or assist in committing any of the following things or acts in the city:

- A. To open or close any fire hydrant, service connection or lift/remove the cover of any gate valve or shutoff;
- B. To interfere with, destroy, deface, impair, injure, force open any gate, door, or any property appertaining to the water works system;
- C. To resort to any fraudulent device or arrangement for the purpose of procuring water for customer or others from private connections on premises contrary to the city regulations or ordinances;
- D. To interfere with or injure any reservoir, tank, fountain, hydrant, pipe, valve, or other apparatus pertaining to the water works system, or to turn on or off the water in any street, hydrant or other public water fixture;
- E. To make or permit to be made any connection with the main or service pipes of the water works system, or to turn on or use the water of said system without first obtaining a permit;
- F. To cover or conceal from view any water valve box, service, or meter box;
- G. To remove any water meter that has been placed by the city, or to change, interfere with or tamper with any meter;
- H. No structures shall be constructed over or within ten (10) feet of mains or service lines;
- I. Unless authorized by the utility, no person shall operate any portion of the city water system or operate a system within the city using city water providing water service to users or consumers. (Ord. No. 2009-007, § 1, 6-16-2009)

13.10.105. Authority of city manager.

Unless otherwise stated herein, the city manager or designate shall have the exclusive authority to make any discretionary determination allowed by this chapter, including determinations as to approvals, determinations, authorizations, judgments, requirements, options, and impacts upon the water system and/or customers thereof.

(Ord. No. 2009-007, § 1, 6-16-2009)

Chapter 13.12

RESERVED*

* Editors Note: Ord. No. 2009-010, § 2, adopted August 4, 2009, amended the Code by repealing former Ch. 13.12, §§ 13.12.010 and 13.12.020, in its entirety. Former Ch. 13.12 pertained to sewer service rates and charges, and derived from Ord. 403 of 1950; Ord. 407 of 1951; Ord. 553 of 1967; and Ord. 05-005.

Chapter 13.16

RESERVED*

* Editors Note: Ord. No. 2009-010, § 3, adopted August 4, 2009, amended the Code by repealing former Ch. 13.16, §§ 13.16.010--13.16.070, in its entirety. Former Ch. 13.16 pertained to the Unified Sewerage Agency of Washington County, and derived from Ord. 98-908.

Chapter 13.20

WATER USE RESTRICTIONS*

* Editors Note: Ord. No. 2009-007, § 3, adopted June 16, 2009, amended the Code by, in effect, repealing former Ch. 13.20, §§ 13.20.010--13.20.120, and adding a new Ch. 13.20. Former Ch. 13.20 pertained to similar subject, and derived from Ord. No. 99-1076.

Article I. Ongoing Water Conservation Program

13.20.010 Purpose. 13.20.020 Established.

Article II. Water Restrictions

13.20.030 Purpose.

13.20.040 Landscape restrictions.

Article III. Emergency Water Restrictions

13.20.050 Purpose.

13.20.060 Posting of announcement/contents/review.

13.20.070 Restrictions.

13.20.080 Termination of restrictions.

13.20.090 Record of emergency declaration.

13.20.100 Major irrigators.

13.20.110 Other users.

13.20.120 Penalties.

Article I.

Ongoing Water Conservation Program

13.20.010 Purpose.

This article is designed to restrict nonessential water use and thereby protect the city's water resources without creating undue hardship for water users. (Ord. No. 2009-007, § 3, 6-16-2009)

13.20.020 Established.

- A. The city hereby establishes a water conservation program to include the following ongoing provisions:
 - 1. Landscape sprinkling for each landscaped area (e.g. sprinkler zone) shall be limited to twenty (20) minutes per day.
 - 2. No landscape watering shall be allowed between ten a.m. and five p.m.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, all watering with a hose held by hand and constantly monitored is exempt from the above restriction.

B. Exemptions may be granted by the public works director. (Ord. No. 2009-007, § 3, 6-16-2009)

Article II.

Water Restrictions

13.20.030 Purpose.

This article is designed to restrict water use and thereby promote adequate water supply for fire flow and other essential requirements. This article includes the requirements of Article I of this chapter. (Ord. No. 2009-007, § 3, 6-16-2009)

13.20.040 Landscape restrictions.

- A. The city manager shall, after consultation with the public works director, issue restrictions on landscape sprinkling such that it occurs on an alternate day bases (e.g. even-numbered addresses may water on even-numbered days and odd-numbered addresses on odd-numbered days) under the following conditions:
 - 1. The public works director shall inform the city manager when water consumption exceeds production and available water storage approaches the minimum the city requires to meet fire protection and other essential requirements.
 - 2. Upon notification, the city manager shall impose the landscape water restrictions effective immediately upon posting notices in three (3) conspicuous places in the city.
- B. The restrictions shall stay in effect until such time as the city manager finds that the conditions giving rise to the restrictions no longer exist or may be modified or ended based on the results of consultation

with the public works director.

- C. Restrictions imposed shall be reviewed by the council at its next regular meeting.
- D. Water for construction and water for the purpose of dust control may be limited or restricted entirely depending upon the availability of water at such time as water restrictions are imposed. (Ord. No. 2009-007, § 3, 6-16-2009)

Article III.

Emergency Water Restrictions

13.20.050 Purpose.

This article is to restrict water use to essential services during times of critical water shortages due to severe drought, reduction in pumping capability or other emergency situations wherein there may be an insufficient water supply. This article includes the requirements of Articles I and II of this chapter. (Ord. No. 2009-007, § 3, 6-16-2009)

13.20.060 Posting of announcement/contents/review.

The city manager shall have the authority to declare a critical water supply emergency. The declaration shall be made by posting notice in three (3) conspicuous public places in the city. Such announcement shall set out the nature of the situation giving rise to the emergency, describe the action(s) to be taken by the city manager (including the time the declaration becomes effective) and shall specify the particular activity(ies) for which the use of water will be prohibited or restricted. The declaration shall be reviewed by the city council at its next meeting.

(Ord. No. 2009-007, § 3, 6-16-2009)

13.20.070 Restrictions.

When a declaration of emergency is announced and notice given, the use and withdrawal of city-provided water by any person may be limited, including prohibiting or otherwise restricting any or all of the following:

- A. Sprinkling, watering or irrigation of shrubbery, trees, lawns, grass, ground covers, plants, vines, gardens, vegetables, flowers or any other vegetation;
- B. Washing automobiles, trucks, trailers, trailer houses, motorbikes, boats, or any other type of mobile equipment;
- C. Washing sidewalks, driveways, parking lots, tennis courts, filling station aprons, porches and other hard surface area;
- D. Washing the outside of dwellings, washing the outside of office buildings;

- E. Washing and cleaning business or industrial equipment and machinery;
- F. Operating any ornamental fountain, scenic or recreational ponds and lakes or other structures making a similar use of water, except for the minimum necessary to support fish life;
- G. Use of water to fill, refill or add to any swimming and wading pools or jacuzzi not employing a filter and re-circulating system, and evaporation covers, or where the use of the pool is required by a doctor;
- H. Permitting the escape of water through defective plumbing;
- I. Use of water for construction projects;
- J. Water to serve customers in a restaurant unless requested; or
- K. Such other prohibitions on use, or restrictions on use practices, conservation measures, or as may be imposed or requested by a supplier of water to the city, pursuant to supply agreement or contract, as a condition to supplying water to the city.

(Ord. No. 2009-007, § 3, 6-16-2009)

13.20.080 Termination of restrictions.

Whenever the city manager determines the condition(s) giving rise to the water prohibition no longer exist, he/she may declare the prohibition terminated in whole or in part or modified to meet the then exigent circumstances.

(Ord. No. 2009-007, § 3, 6-16-2009)

13.20.090 Record of emergency declaration.

The city manager shall make or cause to be made a record of each time and date when an emergency declaration is announced to the public including any notice of termination or modification. (Ord. No. 2009-007, § 3, 6-16-2009)

13.20.100 Major irrigators.

In the event an emergency major irrigators being provided city water and who have city water meters at least two (2) inches in diameter shall be prohibited from irrigating once an emergency under 13.20.070 is declared. The city shall provide each major irrigator with notice of the declaration. Failure to comply with the terms of the declaration may result with the immediate suspension of water service by the city to the major irrigator.

(Ord. No. 2009-007, § 3, 6-16-2009)

13.20.110 Other users.

A. With respect to violations committed by customers other than major irrigators the customer will receive one (1) letter of warning prior to receipt of a notice of violation. Only in the event the customer fails to

adhere to the terms of the letter of warning will they be subject to the penalties set out in 13.20.120.

- B. Transmittal of both the letter of warning and the notice of violation to the customer is to be accomplished by any method or combination of methods which under the circumstances is most reasonably calculated to apprise the customer of the violation(s) including (but not limited to) personal delivery, substitute service, first-class mail or posting.
 - 1. The letter of warning shall be in writing, specify the violation(s) and set out which compliance measures the customer is to employ.
 - 2. A notice of violation shall be in writing, specify the violation(s), the required compliance measure(s) and may include a civil penalty

(Ord. No. 2009-007, § 3, 6-16-2009)

13.20.120 Penalties.

In addition to any liability, duty or other civil or criminal penalty provided by law, the city manager may impose a civil penalty for violation(s) of this chapter. Imposition of the civil penalty shall occur only after a customer has received and failed to adhere to the terms of a letter of warning under SMC 13.20.110:

- A. In the event the city manager believes it appropriate to impose a civil penalty for violation(s) of this chapter, a notice of assessment shall be transmitted consistent with SMC 13.20.110 and the penalty shall be due and payable upon receipt of the notice. The penalty may be added to the amount of the water bill and shall be subject to the terms of 13.10.040.B. Any payment received from a customer on a bill containing both a civil penalty and other water charges shall be deemed apply to the amount of the civil penalty first and then to the other water charges.
- B. Appeal of Assessment of Penalty. Upon receipt of a notice of assessment, a customer may appeal the assessment to the city manager. The appeal is required to be in writing and with sufficient proof to argue the assessment. The written appeal must be received in the city offices within ten (10) business days of the date of the notice of assessment.

(Ord. No. 2009-007, § 3, 6-16-2009)

Chapter 13.24

PUBLIC IMPROVEMENT REIMBURSEMENT DISTRICTS

Sections:

13.24.010 Definitions.

13.24.020 Application to establish a reimbursement district.

13.24.030 Public works director's report.

13.24.040 Amount to be reimbursed.

13.24.050 Public hearing.

13.24.060 City council action.

13.24.070 Notice of adoption of resolution.

13.24.080 Recording the resolution.

13.24.090 Contesting the reimbursement district.

13.24.100 Obligation to pay reimbursement fee.

13.24.110 Public improvements.

13.24.120 Multiple public improvements.
13.24.130 Collection and payment--Other fees and charges.
13.24.140 Nature of the fees.
13.24.150 Severability.

13.24.010 Definitions.

The following terms are defined as follows for the purposes of this chapter:

"City" means the City of Sherwood, Oregon.

"Developer" means a person who is required or chooses to finance some or all of the cost of a street, water or sewer improvement which is available to provide service to property, other than property owned by the person, and who applies to the city for reimbursement for the expense of the improvement.

"Development permit" means any final land use decision, limited land use decision, expedited land division decision, partition, subdivision, planned unit development, or driveway permit.

"Person" means a natural person, the person's heirs, executors, administrators or assigns; a firm, partnership, corporation, association or legal entity, its or their successors or assigns; and any agent, employee or representative thereof.

"Public improvement" means any construction, reconstruction or upgrading of public water, stormwater, sanitary sewer or street improvements.

"Public works director" means the public works director of the city of Sherwood.

"Reimbursement agreement" means the agreement between the developer and the city which is authorized by the city council and executed by the city manager, providing for the installation of and payment for reimbursement district public improvements.

"Reimbursement district" means the area which is determined by the city council to derive a benefit from the construction of public improvements, financed in whole or in part by the developer.

"Reimbursement fee" means the fee required to be paid by a resolution of the city council and the reimbursement agreement. The city council resolution and reimbursement agreement shall determine the boundaries of the reimbursement district and shall determine the methodology for imposing a fee which considers the cost of reimbursing the developer for financing the construction of the improvement within the reimbursement district.

(Ord. 01-1114 § 1)

13.24.020 Application to establish a reimbursement district.

A. A person who is required to or chooses to finance some or all of the cost of a public improvement which will be available to provide service to property other than property owned by the person may by written application filed with the public works director request that the city establish a reimbursement district. The public improvement must be of a size greater than that which would otherwise ordinarily be

required in connection with an application for a building permit or development permit or must be available to provide service to property other than property owned by the developer, so that the public will benefit by making the improvement.

- B. The application shall be accompanied by an application fee, as set by council resolution which is reasonably calculated to cover the cost of the preparation of the public works director's report and notice pursuant to this chapter.
 - C. The application shall include the following:
 - 1. A written description of the location, type, size and cost of each public improvement which is to be eligible for reimbursement.
 - 2. A map showing the boundaries of the proposed reimbursement district, the tax account number of each property, its size and boundaries.
 - 3. A map showing the properties to be included in the proposed reimbursement district; the zoning district for the properties; the front footage and square footage of said properties, or similar data necessary for calculating the apportionment of the cost; the property or properties owned by the developer; and the names and mailing addresses of owners of other properties to be included in the proposed reimbursement district.
 - 4. The actual or estimated cost of the public improvements.
- D. The application may be submitted to the city prior to the installation of the public improvement but not later than one hundred eighty (180) days after completion and acceptance of the public improvements by the city. This time period may be extended by the city manager for good cause shown. (Ord. 01-1114 § 3)

13.24.030 Public works director's report.

The public works director shall review the application for the establishment of a reimbursement district and evaluate whether a district should be established. The public works director may require the submission of other relevant information from the developer in order to assist in the evaluation. The public works director shall prepare a written report for the city council that considers and makes a recommendation concerning each of the following factors:

- A. Whether the developer will finance, or has financed some or all of the cost of the public improvement, thereby making service available to property, other than that owned by the developer.
- B. The boundary and size of the reimbursement district.
- C. The actual or estimated cost of the public improvement serving the area of the proposed reimbursement district and the portion of the cost for which the developer should be reimbursed for each public improvement.

- D. A methodology for spreading the cost among the properties within the reimbursement district and, where appropriate, defining a "unit" for applying the reimbursement fee to property which may, with city approval, be partitioned, subdivided, altered or modified at some future date. City may use any methodology for apportioning costs on properties specially benefited that is just and reasonable.
- E. The amount to be charged by the city for an administration fee for the reimbursement agreement. The administration fee shall be fixed by the city council and will be included in the resolution approving and forming the reimbursement district. The administration fee may be a percentage of the total reimbursement fee expressed as an interest figure, or may be a flat fee per unit to be deducted from the total reimbursement fee.
- F. Whether the public improvements will or have met city standards.
- G. Whether it is fair and in the public interest to create a reimbursement district. (Ord. 01-1114 § 3)

13.24.040 Amount to be reimbursed.

- A. A reimbursement fee shall be computed by the city for all properties within the reimbursement district, excluding property owned by or dedicated to the city or the state of Oregon, which have the opportunity to use the public improvements, including the property of the developer, for formation of a reimbursement district. The fee shall be calculated separately for each public improvement The developer for formation of the reimbursement district shall not be reimbursed for the portion of the reimbursement fee computed for its own property.
- B. The cost to be reimbursed to the developer shall be limited to the cost of construction engineering, construction, and off-site dedication of right of way. Construction engineering shall include surveying and inspection costs and shall not exceed seven and a half (7.5) percent of eligible public improvement construction cost. Costs to be reimbursed for right of way shall be limited to the reasonable market value of land or easements purchased by the developer from a third party in order to complete off-site improvements.
- C. No reimbursement shall be allowed for the cost of legal expenses, design engineering, financing costs, permits or fees required for construction permits, land or easements dedicated by the developer, the portion of costs which are eligible for systems development charge credits or any costs which cannot be clearly documented.
- D. Reimbursement for the amount of the application fee required by Section 13.24.020 in this chapter. (Ord. 01-1114 § 4)

13.24.050 Public hearing.

A. Within forty-five (45) days after the public works director has completed the report required in

Section 13.24.030, the city council shall hold an informational public hearing in which any person shall be given the opportunity to comment on the proposed reimbursement district. Developer shall provide the mailing list for all property owners within the proposed district. Because formation of the reimbursement district does not result in an assessment against property or lien against property, the public hearing is for informational purposes only and is not subject to mandatory termination because of remonstrances. The city council has the sole discretion after the public hearing to decide whether a resolution approving and forming the reimbursement district shall be adopted.

B. Not less than ten (10) days prior to any public hearing held pursuant to this chapter, the developer and all owners of property within the proposed district shall be notified of the public hearing and the purpose thereof. Such notification shall be accomplished by either regular and certified mail or by personal service. Notice shall be deemed effective on the date that the letter of notification is mailed. Failure of the developer or any affected property owner to be so notified shall not invalidate or otherwise affect any reimbursement district resolution or the city council's action to approve the same. (Ord. 01-1114 § 5)

13.24.060 City council action.

- A. After the public hearing held pursuant to Section 13.24.050A, the city council shall approve, reject or modify the recommendations contained in the public works director's report. The city council's decision shall be contained in a resolution. If a reimbursement district is established, the resolution shall include the public works director's report as approved or modified, and specify that payment of the reimbursement fee, as designated for each parcel, is a precondition of receiving any city permits applicable to development of that parcel as provided for in Section 13.24.100.
- B. The resolution shall establish an interest rate to be applied to the reimbursement fee as a return on the investment of the developer. The interest rate shall be fixed and computed against the reimbursement fee as simple interest and will not compound.
- C. The resolution shall instruct the city manager to enter into an agreement with the developer pertaining to the reimbursement district improvements. If the agreement is entered into prior to construction, the agreement shall be contingent upon the improvements being accepted by the city. The agreement shall contain at least the following provisions:
 - 1. The public improvement(s) shall meet all applicable city standards.
 - 2. The total amount of potential reimbursement to the developer shall be specified.
 - 3. The total amount of potential reimbursement shall not exceed the actual cost of the public improvement(s).
 - 4. The developer shall guarantee the public improvement(s) for a period of twelve (12) months after the date of installation.
 - 5. A clause in a form acceptable to the city attorney stating that the developer shall defend, indemnify and hold harmless the city from any and all losses, claims, damage, judgments or

other costs or expense arising as a result of or related to the city's establishment of the reimbursement district, including any city costs, expenses and attorney fees related to collection of the reimbursement fee should the city council decide to pursue collection of an unpaid reimbursement fee under Section 13.24.110H.

- 6. A clause in a form acceptable to the city attorney stating that the developer agrees that the city, cannot be held liable for any of the developer's alleged damages, including all costs and attorney fees, under the agreement or as a result of any aspect of the formation of the reimbursement district, or the reimbursement district process, and that the developer waives, and is stopped from bringing, any claim, of any kind, including a claim in inverse condemnation, because the developer has benefited by the city's approval of its development and the required improvements.
- 7. Other provisions the city determines necessary and proper to carry out the provisions of this chapter.
- C. If a reimbursement district is established by the city council, the date, of the formation of the district shall be the date that the city council adopts the resolution forming the district. (Ord. 01-1114 § 6)

13.24.070 Notice of adoption of resolution.

The city shall notify all property owners within the district and the developer of the adoption of a reimbursement district resolution. The notice shall include a copy of the resolution, the date it was adopted and a short explanation specifying the amount of the reimbursement fee and that the property owner is legally obligated to pay the fee pursuant to this chapter. (Ord. 01-1114 § 7)

13.24.080 Recording the resolution.

The city recorder shall cause notice of the formation and nature of the reimbursement district to be filed in the office of the Washington County clerk so as to provide notice to potential purchasers of property within the district. Said recording shall not create a lien. Failure to make such recording shall not affect the legality of the resolution or the obligation to pay the reimbursement fee. (Ord. 01-1114 § 8)

13.24.090 Contesting the reimbursement district.

No legal action intended to contest the formation of the district or the reimbursement fee, including the amount of the charge designated for each parcel, shall be filed after sixty (60) days following the adoption of a resolution establishing a reimbursement district and any such legal action shall be exclusively by Writ of Review pursuant to ORS 34.0 10 to ORS 34.102. (Ord. 01-1114 § 9)

13.24.100 Obligation to pay reimbursement fee.

A. The applicant for a permit related to property within any reimbursement district shall pay the

city, in addition to any other applicable fees and charges, the reimbursement fee established by the council, if within ten years after the date of the passage of the resolution forming the reimbursement district, the person applies for and receives approval from the city for any of the following activities:

- 1. A building permit for a new building;
- 2. Building permits for any addition(s) of a building, which cumulatively exceed twenty-five (25) percent of the existing square footage in any thirty-six (36) month period;
- 3. A development permit, as that term is defined by this chapter;
- 4. A city permit issued for connection to a public improvement.
- B. The city's determination of who shall pay the reimbursement fee and when the reimbursement fee is due is final.
- C. In no instance shall the city, or any officer or employee of the city, be liable for payment of any reimbursement fee, or portion thereof, as a result of the city's determination as to who should pay the reimbursement fee. Only those payments which the city has received from or on behalf of those properties within a reimbursement district shall be payable to the developer. The city's general fund or other revenue sources shall not be liable for or subject to payment of outstanding and unpaid reimbursement fees imposed upon private property.
- D. Nothing in this chapter is intended to modify or limit the authority of the city to provide or require access management.
- E. Nothing in this chapter is intended to modify or limit the authority of the city to enforce development conditions which have already been imposed against specific properties.
- F. Nothing in this chapter is intended to modify or limit the authority of the city, in the future, to impose development conditions against specific properties as they develop.
- G. No person shall be required to pay the reimbursement fee on an application or upon property for which the reimbursement fee has been previously paid, unless such payment was for a different type of improvement. No permit shall be issued for any of the activities listed in subsection 10A unless the reimbursement fee, together with the amount of accrued interest, has been paid in full. Where approval is given as specified in subsection 10A, but no permit is requested or issued, then the requirement to pay the reimbursement fee lapses if the underlying approval lapses.
- H. The date of reimbursement under this chapter shall extend ten years from the date of the formation of a reimbursement district formation by city council resolution.
- I. The reimbursement fee is immediately due and payable to the city by property owners upon use of a public improvement as provided by this chapter in subsection 10A. If connection is made or construction commenced without required city permits, then the reimbursement fee is immediately due and payable upon the earliest date that any such permit was required.

J. Whenever the full reimbursement fee has not been paid and collected for any reason after it is due, the city manager shall report to the city council the amount of the uncollected reimbursement, the legal description of the property on which the reimbursement is due, the date upon which the reimbursement was due and the property owner's name or names. The city council shall then, by motion, set a public hearing date and direct the city manager to give notice of that hearing to each of the identified property owners, together with a copy of the city manager's report concerning the unpaid reimbursement fee. Such notice may be either by certified mail or personal service. At the public hearing, the city council may accept, reject or modify the city manager's report. If the city council determines that the reimbursement fee is due but has not been paid for whatever reason, the city council may, at its sole discretion, act, by resolution, to take any action, it deems appropriate, including all legal or equitable means necessary to collect the unpaid amount. However, nothing in this chapter requires the city to take any action to collect such amounts. (Ord. 01-1114 § 10)

13.24.110 Public improvements.

Public improvements installed pursuant to reimbursement district agreements shall become and remain the sole property of the city.

(Ord. 01-1114 § 11)

13.24.120 Multiple public improvements.

More than one public improvement may be the subject of a reimbursement district. (Ord. 01-1114 § 12)

13.24.130 Collection and payment--Other fees and charges.

- A. The developer shall receive all reimbursement collected by the city for reimbursement district public improvements. Such reimbursement shall be delivered to the developer for as long as the reimbursement district agreement is in effect. Such payments shall be made by the city within ninety (90) days of receipt of the reimbursements.
- B. The reimbursement fee is not intended to replace or limit, and is in addition to, any other existing fees or charges collected by the city. (Ord. 01-1114 § 13)

13.24.140 Nature of the fees.

The city council finds that the fees imposed by this chapter are not taxes subject to the property tax limitations of Article XI, Section 11(b) of the Oregon Constitution. (Ord. 01-1114 § 14)

13.24.150 Severability.

If any section, phrase, clause, or part of this chapter is found to be invalid by a court of competent jurisdiction, the remaining phrases, clauses, and parts shall remain in full force and effect.

(Ord. 01-1114 § 15)

(Reserved)

Title 15

BUILDINGS AND CONSTRUCTION

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Chapter 15.04

CONSTRUCTION CODES

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Article I.

Administration and Enforcement

15.04.010 Title.

These regulations shall be known as the city of Sherwood building code, may be cited as such and will be referred to herein as "this code."

(Ord. 98-1057 § 1 (part); Ord. 97-1028 § 9.01.010)

15.04.020 Purpose.

The purpose of this code is to establish uniform performance standards providing reasonable safeguards for health, safety, welfare, comfort and security of the residents of this jurisdiction who are occupants and users of buildings and for the use of modern methods, devices, materials, techniques and practicable maximum energy conservation.

(Ord. 98-1057 § 1 (part); Ord. 97-1028 § 9.01.020)

15.04.030 Scope.

This code shall apply to the construction, alteration, moving, demolition, repair, maintenance and work associated with any building or structure except those located in a public way.

Where, in any specific case, different sections of this code specify different materials, methods of construction or other requirements, the most restrictive shall govern. Where there is a conflict between a general requirement and a specific requirement, the specific requirement shall be applicable.

Where, in any specific case, there is a conflict between this code and Oregon Revised Statute, the statute shall govern.

(Ord. 98-1057 § 1 (part); Ord. 97-1028 § 9.01.030)

15.04.040 **Definitions**.

For the purpose of the code, the following definition shall apply:

"Building official" means the officer or other designated authority charged with the administration and enforcement of this code, or the building official's duly authorized representative. (Ord. 98-1057 § 1 (part); Ord. 97-1028 § 9.01.040)

15.04.050 Alternate materials and methods.

The provisions of this code are not intended to prevent the use of any alternate material, design or method of construction not specifically proscribed by this code, provided such alternate has been approved and

its use authorized by the building official.

The building official may approve any such alternate material, design or method, provided the building official finds that the proposed material, design or method complies with the provisions of this code and that it is, for the purpose intended, at least the equivalent of that prescribed in this code in suitability, strength, effectiveness, fire resistance, durability, safety and sanitation.

The building official shall require that evidence or proof be submitted to substantiate any claims that may be made regarding its use. The details of any approval of any alternate material, design or method shall be recorded and entered in the files of the agency.

(Ord. 98-1057 § 1 (part); Ord. 97-1028 § 9.01.050)

15.04.060 Modifications.

When there are practical difficulties in carrying out the provisions of this code, the building official may grant modifications provided the building official finds that the modification is in conformance with the intent and purpose of this code and that said modification does not lessen any fire-protection requirements nor the structural integrity of the building involved. Any action granting modification shall be recorded in the files of the code enforcement agency.

(Ord. 98-1057 § 1 (part); Ord. 97-1028 § 9.01.060)

15.04.070 Tests.

Whenever there is insufficient evidence of compliance with the provisions of this code or that any material, method or design does not conform to the requirements of this code, the building official may require tests as proof of compliance to be made at no expense to this jurisdiction.

Test methods shall be as specified by this code or by other recognized test standards. If there are no recognized and accepted test methods for the proposed alternate, the building official shall determine test procedures.

All tests shall be made by an approved testing agency. Reports of such tests shall be retained by the building official for the period required for the retention of public records. (Ord. 98-1057 § 1 (part); Ord. 97-1028 § 9.01.070)

15.04.080 Powers and duties of building official.

A. General. There is established a code enforcement agency which shall be under the administrative and operational control of the building official. The building official is authorized to enforce all the provisions of this code.

The building official shall have the power to render written and oral interpretations of this code and to adopt and enforce administrative procedures in order to clarify the application of its provisions. Such interpretations, rules and regulations shall be in conformance with the intent and purpose of this code.

B. Deputies. In accordance with prescribed procedures and with the approval of the appointing

authority, the building official may appoint technical officers and inspectors and other employees to carry out the functions of the code enforcement agency.

- C. Right of Entry. When it may be necessary to inspect to enforce the provisions of this code, or the building official has reasonable cause to believe that there exists in a building or upon a premises a condition which is contrary to, in violation of this code or which otherwise makes the building or premises unsafe, dangerous or hazardous, the building official may enter said building or premises at reasonable times to inspect or to perform the duties imposed by this code, provided that if such building or premises be occupied that credentials be presented to the occupant and entry requested. If such building or premises be unoccupied, the building official shall first make a reasonable effort to locate the owner or other person having charge or control of the building or premises and request entry. If entry is refused, the building official shall have recourse to the remedies provided by ORS to secure entry.
- D. Stop Work Orders. Whenever any work is being done contrary to the provisions of this code (or other pertinent laws or ordinances implemented through its enforcement, or by the city), the building official may order the work stopped by notice in writing served on any person(s) engaged in the doing or causing of such work to be done. Such person(s) shall stop such work until specifically authorized by the building official to proceed thereafter.
- E. Authority to Disconnect Utilities in Emergencies. The building official or the building official's authorized representative shall have the authority to disconnect fuel-gas utility service, and/or other energy supplies to a building, structure, premises or equipment regulated by this code when necessary to eliminate an immediate hazard to life or property. The building official shall, whenever possible, notify the serving utility, the owner and occupant of the building, structure or premises of the decision to disconnect prior to taking such action, and shall notify such serving utility, owner and occupant of the building, structure or premises in writing of such disconnection within a reasonable time thereafter.
- F. Authority to Abate Hazardous Equipment. When the building official ascertains that equipment, or any potion thereof, regulated by this code has become hazardous to life, health or property, the building official shall order the equipment either removed from its location or restored to a safe and/or sanitary condition, as appropriate. The notice shall be in writing and contain a fixed time limit for compliance. Persons shall not use the defective equipment after receiving the notice.

When equipment or an installation is to be disconnected, written notice of the disconnection (and causes therefor) shall be given within twenty-four (24) hours to the involved utility, the owner and/or occupant of the building, structure or premises. When equipment is maintained in violation of this code and in violation of a notice issued pursuant to the provisions of this section, the building official may institute such action as he or she deems necessary to prevent, restrain, correct or abate the violation.

- G. Connection after Order to Disconnect.No person shall make a connection to or from an energy, fuel or power supply to any equipment regulated by this code which has been disconnected or ordered disconnected or discontinued by the building official until the building official specifically authorizes the reconnection and/or use of such equipment.
- H. Maintenance. All buildings and structures, both existing and new, and all parts thereof, shall be maintained in a safe and sanitary condition. All devices or safeguards which are required by this code shall be

maintained in conformance with the code edition under which installed. The owner or the owner's designated agent shall be responsible for the maintenance of buildings and structures. To determine compliance with this section, the building official may cause a structure to be reinspected.

I. Occupancy Violations. Whenever any building, structure or equipment therein regulated by this code is used contrary to the provisions of this code, the building official may order such use discontinued and the structure (or portion thereof) vacated. All persons using the structure (or portion thereof) shall discontinue the use within the time prescribed by the building official in his notice and make the structure, or portion thereof, comply with the requirements of this code. (Ord. 98-1057 § 1 (part); Ord. 97-1028 § 9.01.080)

15.04.090 Appeals.

A. Board of Appeals. In order to hear and decide appeals of orders, decisions or determinations made by the building official relative to the application and interpretation of this code, there shall be and is created a board of appeals consisting of members who are qualified by experience and training to pass on matters pertaining to building construction and who are not employees of the jurisdiction. The building official shall be an ex officio member of and shall act as secretary to said board but shall have no vote on any matter before the board. The board of appeals shall be appointed by the governing body and shall hold office at its pleasure. The board shall adopt rules of procedure for conducting its business, and shall render all decisions and findings in writing to the appellant with a duplicate copy to the building official.

The board of appeals shall have no authority relative to interpretation of the administrative provisions of this code nor shall the board be empowered to waive requirements of this code.

- B. Appeals. Any decision relating to the suitability of alternate materials and methods of construction or interpretation by the building official with regard to the building code may be appealed to the board of appeals in conformance with procedures provided herein.
- C. Appeal Procedure. Any person aggrieved by a decision of the building official made pursuant to the following specialty codes may appeal that decision to the following:
 - 1. Electrical Specialty Code. Appeals may be made to the state of Oregon, Building Codes Division, Chief Electrical Inspector.
 - 2. Structural Specialty Code. Appeals may be made to the state of Oregon, Building Codes Structures Board.
 - 3. Mechanical Specialty Code. Appeals may be made to the state of Oregon, Building Codes Structures Board.
 - 4. Plumbing Specialty Code. Appeals may be made to the state of Oregon, Building Codes Division.
 - 5. One and Two Family Dwelling Specialty Code. Appeals may be made to the state of Oregon, Building Codes Structures Board.

- 6. Manufactured Dwelling Code. Appeals may be made to the state of Oregon, Manufactured Structures and Parks Advisory Board as per ORS 455.690.
- 7. Recreational Park and Organizational Camp Regulations. Appeals may be made to the state of Oregon, Manufactured Structures and Parks Advisory Board as per ORS 455.690.

An appeal shall be in writing, shall describe the basis for the appeal and shall first be filed with the building official.

(Ord. 98-1057 § 1 (part); Ord. 97-1028 § 9.01.090)

15.04.100 Plans and permits.

A. Issuance. The application, plans, specifications, computations and other data filed by an applicant for a permit shall be reviewed by the building official. Such plans may be reviewed by other departments of this jurisdiction to verify compliance with any applicable laws under their jurisdiction. If the building official finds that the work described in application for a permit and the plans, specifications and other data filed therewith conform to the requirements of this code and other pertinent laws and ordinances, and that the fees have been paid, the building official shall issue a permit therefor to the applicant.

When the building official issues the permit where plans are required, the building official shall endorse in writing or stamp the plans and specifications "APPROVED." Such approved plans and specifications shall not be changed, modified and altered without authorizations from the building official, and all work regulated by this code shall be done in accordance with the approved plans.

The building official may issue a permit for the construction of part of a building or structure before the entire plans and specifications for the whole building or structure have been submitted or approved, provided adequate information and detailed statements have been filed complying with all pertinent requirements of this code. The holder of a partial permit shall proceed without assurance that the permit for the entire building or structure will be granted.

- B. Retention of Plans. One set of approved plans, specifications and computations shall be retained by the building official for a period of not less than ninety (90) days from date of completion of the work covered therein; and one set of approved plans and specifications shall be returned to the applicant, and said set shall be kept on the site of the building or work at all times during which the work authorized thereby is in progress.
- C. Validity of Permit. The issuance or granting of a permit or approval of plans, specifications and computations shall not be construed to be a permit for, or an approval of, any violation of any of the provisions of this code or of any other ordinance of the jurisdiction or any other federal, state, or local law, statute, rule, regulation, or ordinance.

The issuance of a permit based on plans, specifications and other data shall not prevent the building official from thereafter requiring the correction of errors in said plans, specifications and other data, or from preventing building operations being carried on thereunder when in violation of this code or of any other ordinances of this jurisdiction.

- D. Expiration of Plan Reviews. Applications for which no permit is issued within one hundred eighty (180) days following the date of the application shall expire by limitation, and plans and other data submitted for review may thereafter be returned to the applicant or destroyed by the building official. The building official may extend the time for action by the applicant for a period not exceeding one hundred eighty (180) days on request by the applicant showing that circumstances beyond the control of the applicant have prevented action from being taken. No application shall be extended more than once. In order to renew action on an application after expiration, the applicant shall resubmit plans and pay a new plan review fee.
- E. Permit Expiration, Extension and Reinstatement. Every permit issued by the building official under the provisions of this code shall expire by limitation and become null and void if the building or work authorized is not commenced within the time limitations set forth in this section.

Every permit issued by the building official shall expire by limitation and become null and void if the building or work authorized by such permit is not commenced within one hundred eighty (180) days from the date of such permit, or if the building or work authorized by such permit is suspended or abandoned at any time after the work is commenced for a period of one hundred eighty (180) days. The work shall not be considered suspended or abandoned where the permittee has pursued activities deemed by the building official to indicate the intent to start and complete the project. The building official may require the permittee to document these activities.

Every permit issued by the building official shall expire by limitation and become null and void twenty-four (24) months after the date of permit issuance. If the building or work authorized by such permit has not received final inspection approval prior to the permit expiration date, all work shall stop until a new permit is obtained for the value of the work remaining unfinished.

Exception: At the time of permit issuance the building official may approve a period exceeding twenty-four (24) months for completion of work when the permittee can demonstrate that the complexity or size of the project makes completing the project within twenty-four (24) months unreasonable.

Any permittee holding an unexpired permit may apply for an extension of the time within which work is to be completed under that permit when the permittee is unable to complete work within the time required by this section for good and satisfactory reasons. The building official may extend the time for action by the permittee for a period not exceeding one hundred eighty (180) days on written request by the permittee showing that circumstances beyond the control of the permittee have prevented work from being completed. No permit shall be extended more than once.

Where a permit has expired, the permit can be reinstated and the work authorized by the original permit can be recommenced, provided the following are met:

- a. The building code under which the original permit was issued and other laws which are enforced by the code enforcement agency have not been amended in any manner which affects the work authorized by the original permit.
- b. No changes have been made or will be made in the original plans and specifications for such work.

- c. The original permit expired less than one year from the request to reinstate. The fee for a reinstated permit shall be one-half the amount required for a new permit. Where the request for reinstatement does not comply with the preceding criteria, a new permit, at full permit fees, shall be required.
- F. Work Without a Permit/Investigation Fees. Whenever any work for which a permit is required by this code has been commenced without first obtaining said permit, a special investigation shall be made before a permit may be issued for such work.

An investigation fee, in addition to the permit fee, may be collected whether or not a permit is then or subsequently issued. The payment of such investigation fee shall not exempt any person from compliance with all other provisions of this code nor from any penalty prescribed by law.

- G. Not Transferable. A permit issued to one person or firm is not transferable and shall not permit any other person or firm to perform any work thereunder.
- H. Suspension/Revocation. The building official may, in writing, suspend or revoke a permit issued under the provisions of this code whenever the permit is issued in error on the basis of incorrect information supplied, or if its issuance (or activity thereunder) is in violation of any ordinance or regulation of any other provisions of the city code.
- I. Inspections. It shall be the duty of the permit holder or authorized agent to request all inspections that may be necessary or otherwise required in a timely manner. The requester shall provide access to the site, and to provide all equipment as may be deemed necessary or appropriate by the building official. It shall be the duty of the permit holder to cause the work to remain accessible and exposed for inspection purposes. All work requiring inspection approval shall not be covered nor work proceed until approval is granted. All corrections required by the building official shall be completed and reinspected within twenty (20) days from first notice, no work shall proceed until corrections have been approved. Occupancy or use of any structure shall not be allowed until corrections are corrected and a final inspection is approved. Any expense incurred by the permit holder to remove or replace any material required for proper inspection shall be the responsibility of the permit holder or his or her agent.

Work requiring a permit shall not be commenced until the permit holder or an agent of the permit holder has posted or otherwise made available an inspection record card such as to allow the building official to conveniently make the required entries thereon regarding inspection of the work. This card shall be maintained available by the permit holder until final approval has been granted by the building official. (Ord. 98-1057 § 1 (part); Ord. 97-1028 § 9.01.100)

15.04.110 Oregon Structural Specialty Code.

The City of Sherwood shall use the 2010 Oregon Structural Specialty Code for administration, inspection and plan review. Any provision in this chapter inconsistent with the terms of that 2010 Code is hereby deemed ineffective and without force. (Ord. No. 2010-009, § 1, 8-3-2010; Ord. 08-007, § 1)

Article II.

Various Codes

15.04.120 Mechanical code.

The City of Sherwood shall use the 2010 Oregon Mechanical Specialty Code for administration, inspection and plan review. Any provision in this chapter inconsistent with the terms of that 2010 Code is hereby to be deemed ineffective and without force.

(Ord. No. 2010-010, § 1, 8-3-2010; Ord. 08-009, § 1; Ord. 06-005, § 1; Ord. 02-1134, § 1; Ord. 98-1057, § 1 (part); Ord. 97-1028, § 9.02.020)

15.04.130 Plumbing code.

The City of Sherwood shall use the 2011 Oregon Plumbing Specialty Code for administration, inspection and plan review. Any provision in this chapter inconsistent with the terms of that 2011 code is hereby deemed ineffective and without force.

(Ord. No. 2011-004, § 1, 4-19-2011; Ord. 08-008 § 1: Ord. 06-006 § 1: Ord. 98-1057 § 1 (part); Ord. 97-1028 § 9.02.030)

15.04.140 Electrical code.

The city of Sherwood shall use the 2005 Oregon Electrical Specialty Code for administration, plan review and inspection as the same has been adopted and described in OAR 918-305-0100(1). Any provision in this chapter inconsistent with the terms of that 2005 code is to be deemed ineffective and without force. (Ord. 06-003 § 1: Ord. 98-1057 § 1 (part); Ord. 97-1028 § 9.02.040)

15.04.150 One and two family dwellings.

The city of Sherwood shall use the 2008 Oregon Residential Specialty Code for administration, inspection and plan review. Any provision in this chapter inconsistent with the terms of that 2008 code is deemed ineffective and without force.

(Ord. 08-006 § 1: Ord. 06-007 § 1: Ord. 98-1057 § 1 (part); Ord. 97-1028 § 9.02.050)

15.04.160 Manufactured dwelling code.

- A. Parks.
- 1. Enforcement of State Rules. The manufactured dwelling park and mobile home park rules adopted by OAR 918-600-0005 through 918-600-0110, except as modified in this code, are enforced as part of this code.
- B. Manufactured Home Installations.
- 1. Enforcement of State Rules. The manufactured dwelling rules adopted by OAR 918-500-0000 through 918-500-0500 and OAR 918-520-0010 through 918-520-0020, except as modified in

this code, are enforced as part of this code. (Ord. 98-1057 § 1 (part); Ord. 97-1028 § 9.02.060)

15.04.170 Recreational park and organizational camp regulations.

A. Enforcement of State Rules. The recreational park and organizational camp rules adopted by OAR 918-650-0000 through 918-650-0085, except as modified in this code, are enforced as part of this code. (Ord. 98-1057 § 1 (part); Ord. 97-1028 § 9.02.070)

15.04.180 Oregon Solar Installation Specialty Code.

The City of Sherwood shall use the 2010 Oregon Solar Installation Specialty Code for administration, inspection and plan review. Any provisions in this Chapter inconsistent with the terms of the 2010 Code is hereby deemed ineffective and without force. (Ord. No. 2011-005, § 1, 4-19-2011)

Article III.

Fees

15.04.190 Fee policy.

Fees charged under this code shall be as provided by resolution of the city council, based upon the fee calculation methodology adopted by the Tri-County Building Services Board (amended by Ord. 2000-1098).

The building official may authorize the refunding of fees paid in accordance with the refund policy in effect in the jurisdiction.

The determination of value or valuation under any provisions of this code shall be made by the building official. The value to be used in computing the building permit and plan review fees shall be the total value of all construction work for which the permit is issued as well as all finish work, painting, roofing, electrical, plumbing, heating, air conditioning, elevators, fire-extinguishing systems and any other permanent equipment. (Ord. 00-1099 § 1: amended during 1998 codification; Ord. 98-1057 § 1 (part); Ord. 97-1028 § 9.303)

Article IV.

Penalties

15.04.200 Violation--Penalty.

Any person violating any of the provisions herein for which a special penalty has not been expressly provided shall, upon conviction thereof, be punished by a fine not to exceed one thousand dollars (\$1,000.00) per violation. Each day that a violation exists is a separate offense. (Ord. 98-1057 § 1 (part); Ord. 97-1028 § 9.5)

Chapter 15.08

MOVING BUILDINGS

Sections:

15.08.010 Moving permit required--Application. 15.08.020 Moving permit issuance and revocation. 15.08.030 Building permit required. 15.08.040 Penalties.

15.08.010 Moving permit required--Application.

It is unlawful for any person to move any building over or upon any street, alley or thoroughfare within the city without having first obtained a moving permit from the city to do so. The fee for such moving permit shall be fifty dollars (\$50.00), payable at the time of filing application. The application shall be filed with the building division and shall contain or have attached thereto the following:

- A. The names and addresses of the applicant and owner of the building.
- B. The present location, size and age of the building to be moved and the proposed site for relocation.
- C. A request for a pre-move building inspection by the building department will be accompanied by a nonrefundable fee of twenty-five dollars (\$25.00). If approved, this fee will be credited toward the moving permit fee.
- D. Prior to issuance of moving permit, the applicant shall furnish written approval from the police department stating the date, time and route of the proposed move. Also a statement, that the applicant has made arrangements with the police department to provide, at the applicant's expense, for reasonable traffic controls during the course of the moving operation.
- E. Prior to issuance of the permit, the applicant shall furnish written evidence that he or she made all necessary arrangements with all public utility companies or agencies having above-ground installations along the route of the move to provide the necessary assistance required.
- F. Written evidence that the mover has liability insurance in the sum of at least one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000.00) per person and three hundred thousand dollars (\$300,000.00) per accident for personal injuries, and fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000.00) per occurrence for property damage, for any liability connected with or arising out of the moving operation.
- G. A written agreement that prior to receiving a moving permit, the applicant will furnish the city a cash deposit sufficient to cover any costs estimated to be incurred by the city in rendering assistance in the move or in repairing or restoring city property. The amount of such deposit shall be fixed by the building official. The applicant shall also agree in writing to indemnify the city and to pay for any unforeseen costs or damages which might result from the move.
- H. Any other information which the building division shall deem necessary for a fair determination of the financial responsibility of the mover, the adequacy of the mover's equipment, the mover's

experience and capability, and the safety and practicability of the move. (Ord. 700 § 1, 1978)

15.08.020 Moving permit issuance and revocation.

Upon compliance with all of the aforementioned requirements, and compliance with any other applicable ordinances, laws or governmental regulations, the building division shall issue the moving permit. The permit shall be conditional upon continued compliance with all of the provisions and the representations made in connection with the application for the permit. The permit may also be further conditioned upon such other provisions as will minimize the public inconvenience and assure the safety of the moving operation. Moving permits shall be valid for a period not to exceed thirty (30) days subject to extension by the building division upon reasonable terms and conditions. A moving permit may be revoked, suspended, or further conditioned, without notice of hearing, upon any finding of misinformation in the application or any change of circumstances such that the permit would not have been issued initially. Denial, revocation or suspension of a moving permit may be appealed to the city council upon written notice filed within five days of the building division's ruling. The council's decision shall be final. (Ord. 700 § 2, 1978)

15.08.030 Building permit required.

Pursuant to the State Structural Specialty Code, as adopted in Sherwood City Ordinance 1028 as amended, a building permit is required for all buildings moved to a location within the city. The building permit required is in addition to, not in lieu of the moving permit required by this chapter. In addition to all requirements set forth in the building code, the following must also be met to the satisfaction of the building official before a building permit may be issued:

- A. The building to be moved shall be located and used in a manner consistent with all zoning and land use ordinances of the city, together with any other applicable ordinances, laws or governmental regulations.
- B. The building shall be sufficiently similar to other buildings in the immediate vicinity in size, age, architectural style and structural condition so as to be compatible with other buildings in the area and so as not to cause property in the area to decrease in value.

Denial of a building permit application for failure to comply with subsection B of this section may be appealed to the city council upon written notice filed within five days followings the denial. In any event the building official may refer the application to the city council for a determination of compliance with subsection B of this section. The city council's decision shall be final. (Ord. 98-1056 § 1; Ord. 700 § 3, 1978)

15.08.040 Penalties.

Any person, firm, corporation or other entity violating any of the provisions of this chapter shall upon conviction thereof, be punishable by a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars (\$500.00). In the event any provision of this chapter is violated by a firm or corporation, the officer or officers or person or persons in charge and responsible for the violation shall also be subject to the penalties herein provided.

Chapter 15.12

SWIMMING POOLS

Sections:

15.12.010 Maintenance of swimming pools. 15.12.020 Maintenance of fishponds, etc. 15.12.030 Effective date of chapter. 15.12.040 Violation--Penalty.

15.12.010 Maintenance of swimming pools.

- A. Every person, firm or corporation in possession of land within the city, either as owner, purchaser under contract, lessee, tenant or licensee, upon which is situated a swimming pool or other outside body of water designed or used for swimming, dipping or immersion or any other purpose of a depth of more than eighteen (18) inches, shall:
 - 1. Maintain on the lot and completely surrounding said pool or other body of water an enclosure consisting of a fence which if constructed with woven wire shall be of a pattern and type and if built of wood to be built of a vertical member type, both types to be such as to discourage children climbing; or
 - 2. A wall not less than four feet in height, above the underlying ground or base, incapable of being crawled under and sufficient to make such body of water inaccessible to small children, with openings, holes or gaps therein no larger than four inches in any dimension except for doors or gates; provided, however, that in the event a picket fence is used, the openings between the pickets shall not exceed four inches in width; provided, further, that at no point shall such fence be closer to the edge of pool than four feet; provided, further, that a dwelling house or accessory building may be used as a part of such enclosure; and
 - 3. All said fences, enclosures or walls shall be made acceptable to the building inspector of the city.
- B. All gates or doors opening through such enclosure shall be equipped with a self-closing and self-latching device installed at least forty (40) inches above the ground or base, designed to help, and capable of keeping, such door or gate securely closed at all times when not in actual use; provided, however, that the door of any dwelling occupied by human beings and forming any part of the enclosure hereinabove required need not be so equipped.
- C. No swimming pool shall be constructed without first obtaining a building permit. No building permit shall be issued until the plans filed with the building inspector's office show full compliance with this chapter and no pool shall be used until a final inspection is made by said building inspector after construction is completed in accordance herewith.

 (Ord. 517 § 1, 1961)

15.12.020 Maintenance of fishponds, etc.

- A. Every person, firm or corporation in possession of land within the city, either as owner, purchaser under contract, lessee, tenant or licensee, on which there is a fishpond, or other decorative pool or other artificial body of water a depth of eighteen (18) inches or more shall construct and maintain an acceptable enclosure and securely close off or block any and all entrances thereto.
 - B. Acceptable enclosure shall be one of the following:
 - 1. A fence completely surrounding the fishpond, decorative pool or other artificial body of water, as provided in Section 15.12.010 of this chapter.
 - 2. A wire screen or cover of sufficient strength to hold a weight of at least seventy-five (75) pounds and installed not more than six inches below the surface of the water at all times.

(Ord. 517 § 2, 1961)

15.12.030 Effective date of chapter.

All persons now maintaining pools for swimming, dipping or immersion, or any other artificial body of water, having a depth of more than eighteen (18) inches shall comply with the provisions of this chapter within sixty (60) days after the effective date of the ordinance codified in this chapter. However, the council, upon the application of a property owner, may grant extensions of time for compliance in individual cases upon showing of good cause. Such extensions of time shall not exceed thirty (30) days at a time. (Ord. 517 § 3, 1961)

15.12.040 Violation--Penalty.

Upon conviction of any person, firm or corporation of a violation of this chapter, said person, firm or corporation shall be punished by a fine of not more than two hundred fifty dollars (\$250.00). Any person, firm or corporation continuing, committing or permitting any violation on more than one day shall be deemed guilty of a separate offense for each day of violation.

(Ord. 98-1049 § 9: Ord. 517 § 4, 1961)

Chapter 15.16

SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT CHARGES*

Sections:

15.16.010 Title.

15.16.020 Purpose.

15.16.030 Scope.

15.16.040 **Definitions.**

15.16.050 System development charge established.

15.16.060 Authorized expenditures.

15.16.070 Expenditure restrictions.

15.16.080 Collection of charges.

15.16.090 Deferred payment.

15.16.100 Credits.

15.16.110 Segregation and use of revenue.

15.16.120 Appeal procedure.

15.16.130 Annual fee review.

15.16.140 Prohibited connection.
15.16.150 Transition.
15.16.160 Penalty.
15.16.170 Construction.
* Prior ordinance history: Ords. 01-1118 and 01-1122.

15.16.010 Title.

This chapter shall be known and may be pleaded as the city of Sherwood system development charge (SDC) Ordinance. (Ord. 07-011 § 1)

15.16.020 Purpose.

The purpose of the system development charge is to impose an equitable share of the cost of capital improvements for water, sanitary sewer, streets, storm drainage, and parks and open space upon those new or expanded developments that create the need for or increase the demand on capital improvements. (Ord. 07-011 § 2)

15.16.030 Scope.

The system development charge imposed under the authority of this chapter is separate from, and in addition to, any applicable tax, assessment, charge, or fee otherwise provided by law or imposed as a condition of development. A system development charge is a charge imposed when a property owner or developer chooses to intensify the use of specific parcel or parcels of land and is for excess-capacity provided to accommodate the demand created by new or expanded development. (Ord. 07-011 § 3)

15.16.040 Definitions.

For purposes of this chapter and any resolutions authorized thereunder:

"Applicant" means the person seeking to obtain a building permit.

"Arterial" means that term as defined in the city comprehensive plan.

"Building permit" means that permit issued by the city building official pursuant to the Uniform Building Code and other applicable codes. In addition, building permit shall mean the manufactured home placement permit issued on a form approved by the Oregon Department of Commerce and relating to the placement of manufactured homes in the city.

"Capital improvements" means facilities or assets used for:

- 1. Water supply, storage, treatment, and distribution;
- 2. Waste water collection, transmission, treatment and disposal;
- 3. Drainage and flood control;

- 4. Construction, reconstruction, and improvement of transportation facilities described in the city capital improvement plan; or
- 5. Parks and recreation.

"City manager" means a person employed by the city as the city manager, or a person designated by the city manager for the purpose of administering this chapter.

"Development" means constructing a building or an addition to a structure, making a physical change in the use or appearance of a structure or land, dividing land into two or more parcels (including partitions and subdivisions), or creating or terminating rights of access.

"Improvement charge" means a charge for costs associated with capital improvements to be constructed after the date the charge is adopted pursuant to a relevant system development charge resolution authorized by this chapter.

"Land area" means the area of a parcel of land as measured by projection of the parcel's boundaries upon a horizontal plane, with the exception of a portion of the parcel within a recorded right-of-way or easement subject to a servitude for a public street or scenic or preservation purpose.

"Occupancy permit" means the occupancy permit provided for in the Uniform Building Code or other city ordinances. If an occupancy permit is not provided for a particular structure or use, the final city inspection and approval for that structure or use shall serve as the occupancy permit.

"Owner" means the record owner or owners of fee title, or the purchaser or purchasers under a recorded sale agreement, as shown in the deed records for the county.

"Parcel of land" means a lot, parcel, block or other tract of land that is occupied or may be occupied by a structure or structures or other use, including the yards and other open spaces required under zoning, subdivision, building, and other city development ordinances.

"Qualified public improvement" means a capital improvement that is:

- 1. Required as a condition of development approval.
- 2. Identified in the public facility plans adopted pursuant to Section 15.16.050 of this chapter.
- 3. Except for transportation improvements described in subsection 4 of this definitions, not located on or contiguous to a parcel of land that is the subject of a development approval, except as otherwise specified by this chapter.
- 4. A transportation improvement located on or contiguous to a parcel of land that is the subject of a development approval, except as otherwise specified in this chapter.

"Reimbursement charge" means a charge for costs associated with capital improvements constructed or

under construction on the date the charge is adopted pursuant to a relevant system development charge resolution authorized by this chapter.

"System development charge" means a reimbursement fee, an improvement fee, or a combination thereof, assessed or collected at the time of issuance of a building permit, or at the time of connection to a capital improvement. "System development charge" includes that portion of a sanitary sewer, storm water, or water system connection charge that is greater than the amount necessary to reimburse the city for its average cost of inspecting and installing connections to water, storm water, and sanitary sewer facilities. "System development charge" does not include charges assessed or collected as part of a local improvement district or a charge in lieu of a local improvement district assessment, or the cost of complying with requirements or conditions imposed by a land use decision.

(Ord. 07-011 § 4)

15.16.050 System development charge established.

- A. Authority to establish system development charges by resolution of the city council is created.
- 1. Each resolution shall be limited to the system development charges for one of the five categories of capital improvements described in Section 15.16.040 of this chapter. The resolution shall include a statement of purpose, and the identification of a designated master plan, public facility plan, capital improvement plan, or comparable plan used to identify authorized expenditures of each system development charge's revenues. Each such plan shall be identified in or appended to the authorizing resolution as Appendix "A."
- 2. Each resolution shall describe the methodology used in establishing the system development charge. The methodology shall comply with the requirements of state law and shall be described in or appended to the authorizing resolution as Appendix "B."
- 3. Each resolution shall contain a schedule of charges, identified as improvement and/or reimbursement charges.
- 4. Each resolution shall identify, to the extent applicable, those portions of capital improvements that are eligible for credit under Section 15.16.100 of this chapter. The resolution may vary the general terms and conditions for credits established under Section 15.16.100 of this chapter, to the extent the terms and conditions are made less restrictive and the variation is expressly allowed by a subsection of Section 15.16.100 of this chapter.
- 5. Each resolution shall establish appeal fees as per Section 15.16.120 of this chapter.
- B. Unless otherwise exempted by subsection C of this section, or other local or state law, system development charges created under the authority of this chapter are imposed upon all parcels of land within the city, and upon all lands outside the boundary of the city that choose to connect to or use the city's capital improvements.
- C. Except as provided in subsection D of this section, system development charges do not apply to the following types of development unless the new structure or use replaces a previously existing structure or

use that was not assessed system development charges or the system to which the system development charge applies was installed to the previously existing structure or use and needs to be replaced or modified to provide extra-capacity, in which case current system development charges shall apply to the extra-capacity generating portion of the new structure or use:

- 1. Remodeling or replacement of an existing single-or two-family structure (including manufactured homes on individual lots and those in manufactured home parks);
- 2. Remodeling or replacement of an existing multi-family structures, except to the extent of dwelling units that are added, in which case current system development charges shall apply to the additional units:
- 3. Remodeling or replacement of an existing office, business and commercial, industrial, or institutional structure or use, except to the extent additional vehicle trips are generated, or increased usage of water, storm water, or sanitary sewer services result, in which case current system development charges shall apply to the additional trips or usage.
- D. System development charges for transportation-related capital improvements do not apply to the uses and development described in subsection C of this section except to the extent the remodeling or replacement creates an additional impact on a transportation facility.
- E. Additional exemptions specific to a particular type of system development charge may be established by the authorizing resolution described in subsection A of this section.
- F. The city may collect system development charges established by other governmental jurisdictions. The system development charges shall be assessed and collected under the terms of the applicable ordinances and resolutions established by those jurisdictions, and shall be adopted by the city council by the appropriate resolution or intergovernmental agreement. (Ord. 07-011 § 5)

15.16.060 Authorized expenditures.

The revenues received from system development charges shall be budgeted and expended for capital improvements as provided by state law. The accounting of revenues and expenditures shall be included in the city's comprehensive annual financial report as required under ORS Chapter 294. (Ord. 07-011 § 6)

15.16.070 Expenditure restrictions.

- A. System development charges may not be expended for costs associated with the construction of administrative office facilities that are more than an incidental part of other capital improvements.
- B. System development charges may not be expended for costs of the operation or routine maintenance of capital improvements. (Ord. 07-011 § 7)

15.16.080 Collection of charges.

- A. Unless otherwise provided by this chapter or state law, system development charges are immediately due and payable and shall be collected prior to issuance of any building permits, or in case of a deferral authorized in Section 15.16.090 of this chapter, prior to issuance of an occupancy permit. Resolutions authorizing specific system development charges may identify additional conditions or circumstances triggering collection of each specific charge in those circumstances that otherwise meet the terms of this chapter but where no building permit is required.
- B. A building or occupancy permit may not be issued by the city, nor shall connection to any city service be allowed, until system development charges have been paid in full or until provisions for deferred payment have been made as described in Section 15.16.090 of this chapter.
- C. The obligation to pay deferred system development charges, and the interest thereon, shall be secured by property, bond, deposits, letter of credit, or other security acceptable to the city manager.
 - 1. Notwithstanding agreement for deferral of payment, the liability for system development charges shall survive if unpaid when the building permit has expired and shall be a personal obligation of the permittee.
 - 2. Failure to pay the system development charges within sixty (60) days of the due date shall result in a penalty equal to ten percent of the charge. Interest shall accrue from the sixty (60) day point at the rate permitted by ORS 82.010.
 - 3. In addition to an action at law and any statutory rights, the city may, when payment of system development charges are delinquent:
 - a. Refuse to issue any development permits to the delinquent party;
 - b. Refuse to honor any system development charge credits held by the delinquent party for any development;
 - c. Condition any development approval requested by the delinquent party on payment in full of the system development charges, including penalties and interest;
 - d. Revoke any previous system development charges due, including penalties and interest, from any offset account held by the city for the delinquent party, in which case the system development charges shall immediately be due, and refuse to issue any new deferrals:
 - e. Withdraw the amount of system development charges due, including penalties and interest, from any offset account held by the city for the delinquent party.
- D. For purposes of this section, the term "delinquent party" includes a person controlling a delinquent corporate permittee and any corporation controlled by a delinquent individual permittee. (Ord. 07-011 § 8)

15.16.090 Deferred payment.

- A. When the total of transportation and parks city system development charges due exceed fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000.00), the city manager may approve deferred payments until such time as an occupancy permit is issued. An occupancy permit may not be issued until all system development charges are paid.
- B. When any category of city system development charges increases by twenty-five (25) percent or more due to legislative action by the city between the time a development application is submitted and the SDC becomes payable, and, as a result, that category of system development charges due and payable exceeds one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000.00), the developer may choose to defer payments for a period not to exceed five years. An occupancy permit may not be issued until the person responsible for payment of the system development charge executes a deferred payment agreement with the city.
- C. Notwithstanding subsection B of this section, a person who submitted a development application during the period beginning October 1, 2006 and ending on the effective date of this chapter may choose to defer payments for any single SDC provided the amount due and payable for that SDC exceeds one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000.00). An occupancy permit may not be issued until the person responsible for payment of the system development charge executes a deferred payment agreement with the city. (Ord. 07-012 § 1: Ord. 07-011 § 9)

15.16.100 Credits.

- A. Credit may be applied to the system development charge to the extent that prior structures or uses existed, city services were established to those structures or uses, and said structures or uses had previously paid the applicable system development charge in effect at the time the structure or use was established. Except as provided in subsection F of this section, credits may not exceed the calculated system development charge. Refunds may not be made on account of such excess credit.
- B. Credit shall be given for the cost of a qualified public improvement, as defined by Section 15.16.040 of this chapter. Except for transportation improvements, if a qualified public improvement is located partially on and partially off the parcel or parcels that are the subject of the development approval, the credit shall be given only for the cost of the portion of the improvement not located on or wholly contiguous to the property. For transportation improvements, credit may also be given for the cost of the portion of the improvement located on or contiguous to the property. The terms of this subsection may be modified by the authorizing resolution described in Section 15.16.050 of this chapter to the extent that credit provisions are made less restrictive.
- C. The credit provided for by this section shall be only for the improvement charges for the type of improvement being constructed and, except as provided in subsection B of this section, shall not exceed the improvement charge even if the cost of the capital improvement exceeds the applicable improvement charge. Credits shall not be provided for reimbursement charges.
- D. The qualified public improvement must be designed and constructed to provide additional capacity to meet projected future capacity needs created by the development. Improvements that address

capacity deficiencies existing at the time of development are not eligible for credit. In the case of improvements addressing both future and existing capacity needs, only that portion providing future capacity is eligible for credit. The terms of this subsection may be modified by the authorizing resolution described in Section 15.16.050 of this chapter to the extent that credit provisions may be made less restrictive.

- E. The city manager must determine that the timing, location, design, and scope of the proposed improvement is consistent with and furthers the objectives of the capital improvement programs of the city. The city manager may use priorities established by the city council in the city's capital improvement plan, the information contained in the city's comprehensive plan and various public facility master plans, the advice of the city's engineering, public works, and planning staff, and other relevant information and data in making this determination. The city manager must also determine that the improvement is required to fulfill a condition of development approval issued by the city and is included in the city's adopted public facility plans.
- F. Except as provided in this subsection, excess credit may not be transferred from one development to another.
 - 1. In the case of a multi-phased development, excess credit generated in one phase may be used to offset applicable system development charges in subsequent phases.
 - 2. Upon written application to the city manager, excess credits may be reapportioned from one lot or parcel to another lot or parcel within the confines of the property originally eligible for the credit. The reapportionment shall be noted on the original credit form retained by the city.
 - 3. Upon written application to the city manager, excess credits may be transferred to another lot or parcel that is adjacent to and served by the transportation facility that generated the credits.
- G. Credit may not be transferred from one of the types of capital improvements defined by Section 15.16.040 of this chapter and authorized by a resolution, to another type of capital improvement authorized by a different resolution.
- H. All credit requests must be in writing and filed with the city manager no more than ninety (90) days after acceptance by the city of the qualified public improvement. Improvement acceptance shall be in accordance with the practices, procedures and standards of the city.
- I. The amount of any credit shall be determined by the city manager and based upon the subject improvement's construction contract documents, or other appropriate information provided by the applicant, and verified and accepted by the city. Notwithstanding the contract amount, the credit may not exceed prevailing market rates for similar projects, as determined by the city.
- J. In the case of rights-of-way, easements, or other land associated with the improvement, value shall be established by sales documents, formal appraisal provided at the developers cost, by county assessors records, or some other method deemed acceptable to the city. Notwithstanding actual sales price, the credit may not exceed prevailing market rates for similar projects, as determined by the city.
- K. Credit shall be provided to the applicant on a form provided by the city. The original of the credit form shall be retained by the city. The credit shall state a dollar amount that may be applied against any

applicable system development charge imposed against the subject property. Excess credit may not be redeemed for cash or a cash-equivalent.

- L. All requests for redemption of credits must be submitted not later than the issuance of a building permit or, if deferral was permitted pursuant to Section 15.16.090 of this chapter, issuance of an occupancy permit. The permittee is solely responsible for presentation to the city of any credit redemption request and no credit redemption request shall be accepted after issuance of a building permit or, if deferral was granted, issuance of an occupancy permit. In no event is a subject property entitled to redeem credits in excess of the system development charges imposed.
- M. Credits shall not be allowed more than seven years after the acceptance of the applicable improvement by the city. Extensions of this deadline may not be granted.
- N. Upon annexation of affected parcels of land, credits previously issued by Washington County will be honored by the city. (Ord. 07-011 § 10)

15.16.110 Segregation and use of revenue.

- A. All funds derived from each separately authorized system development charge are to be segregated by accounting practices from all other funds of the city. That portion of the system development charge calculated and collected on account of a specific facility system shall not be used for a purpose other than the purpose set forth in this chapter and the specific authorizing resolution.
- B. The city manager shall provide the city council with an annual accounting, based on the city's fiscal year, for system development charges that shows the total amount of system development charge revenues collected for each type of facility and the projects funded from each account. (Ord. 07-011 § 11)

15.16.120 Appeal procedure.

- A. A person challenging the propriety of an expenditure of system development charge revenues may appeal the expenditure to the city council by filing a written appeal with the city recorder. The appeal shall identify with reasonable certainty the particulars of the expenditure, and the relevant facts and specific provisions alleged to have been violated. An appeal of an expenditure must be filed within two years of the date of the alleged improper expenditure.
 - 1. Within thirty (30) days of receipt of the appeal, the city manager shall file a written report with the city council recommending appropriate action. Within fifteen (15) days of receiving the report, the city council shall conduct a hearing to determine whether the expenditure was proper. Notice of the hearing, including a copy of the city manager's report, shall be mailed to the appellant least ten days prior to the hearing. The appellant shall have a reasonable opportunity to present evidence and argument at the hearing.
 - 2. The city council may by resolution adopt rules of procedure governing appeal hearings, including stipulations that the hearing may be continued if necessary to further address issues

raised by the appellant. The city council may by resolution establish an appeal fee.

- 3. The appellant shall have the burden of proof in any appeal hearing. Evidence and argument shall be limited to grounds specified in the written appeal. The city council shall issue a written decision stating the basis for its decision and directing any appropriate action to be taken.
- 4. If the city council determines that there has been an improper expenditure of system development charge revenues, the city council shall direct that a sum equal to the misspent amount shall be deposited within one year to the credit of the account or fund from which it was spent.
- 5. Review of the city council decision shall be as provided in ORS 34.010 to 34.100.
- B. Review of decisions of the city manager, under this chapter, other than decisions relating to the expenditure of funds as per subsection A of this section, shall be conducted in the following manner:
 - 1. Discretionary decisions of the city manager shall be in writing and mailed by regular mail to the last known address of the appellant.
 - 2. Discretionary decisions by city manager's designee may be written or oral. Any person aggrieved by the decision of the city manager's designee may request in writing that the city manager review such a decision. The city manager's response shall be in writing and shall state the reason for his or her decision. The purpose of appeal, the written response shall be provided to the appellant as described in subsection (B)(1) of this section.
 - 3. Any person aggrieved by discretionary decision of the city manager may appeal the decision to the city council. The appeal shall be in writing and must be filed with the city recorder within fourteen (14) days of the date the city manager's decision was mailed.
 - 4. The appeal shall state the relevant facts, applicable ordinance provisions, and the relief sought. The appeal shall be heard by the city council in the same manner as provided in subsection A of this section.
 - 5. After providing notice to the appellant, the city council shall determine whether the city manager's decision or action is in accordance with this chapter and associated resolutions, and the provisions of ORS 223.297 to 223.314, and may affirm, modify, or overrule the city manager's decision or action. The city council shall issue a written decision stating the council shall issue a written decision stating the basis for its conclusion and directing appropriate action be taken. The city council's decision shall be final and is subject to review as provided in ORS 34.010 to 34.100.

(Ord. 07-011 § 12)

15.16.130 Annual fee review.

A. The city council shall review system development charges at least annually, prior to adoption of a new fiscal year's budget, to determine whether additional revenues should be generated to provide

extra-capacity improvements needed to address new development or to ensure that revenues do not exceed identified demands. In so doing, the city council shall consider:

- 1. Construction of capital improvements by federal, state, county, special districts, or other revenue sources;
- 2. Receipt of unanticipated funds from other sources for construction of capital improvements;
- 3. New information adjusting the unit costs or trip rates for capital improvements;
- 4. The impact of credits and offsets on capacity increasing improvements.
- B. Upon completing the review, the city council shall consider such amendments, including adjustment to specific system development charges, as are necessary to address changing conditions. (Ord. 07-011 § 13)

15.16.140 Prohibited connection.

A person may not connect to the city's capital improvements or access a city street or right-of-way unless the appropriate system development charges have been paid. (Ord. 07-011 § 14)

15.16.150 Transition.

- A. Except as otherwise specifically allowed by the authorizing resolution described in Section 15.16.050 of this chapter, this chapter shall apply to issuance of building permits for all development for which a building permit application is received by the city on or after the effective date of the ordinance codified in this chapter. This does not include re-submittal of building permit applications previously deemed incomplete if the requested information is submitted within one hundred eighty (180) days of the date the application was first submitted.
- B. Notwithstanding repeal or amendment of any other city ordinances by this chapter, said prior ordinances shall continue to be fully applicable and shall govern all building permit applications received by the city prior to the effective date of the ordinance codified in this chapter. This includes building permit applications previously deemed incomplete if the requested information submitted within one hundred eighty (180) days of the date the application was first submitted.
- C. All system development charge deferrals, credits, or similar grants shall continue and be administered under the terms and conditions of the ordinances and resolutions in existence when said deferrals, credits, or similar grants were originally issued. Repeal and enactment of such ordinances and resolutions shall in no way impact any budget or appropriations, contracts, permits, condemnation proceedings, or any other formal city actions.

(Ord. 07-011 § 15)

15.16.160 Penalty.

Violations of this chapter are subject to civil penalties of no more than five hundred dollars (\$500.00) for each offense. Each day that a violation is permitted to exist constitutes a separate offense. (Ord. 07-011 § 16)

15.16.170 Construction.

The rules of statutory construction contained in ORS Chapter 174 are adopted and by this reference made a part of this chapter.

(Ord. 07-011 § 17)

Chapter 15.20

PARK AND RECREATION SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT CHARGES ON NEW DEVELOPMENT

Sections:

15.20.010 Scope and purpose.

15.20.020 Definitions.

15.20.030 Rules of construction.

15.20.040 Application.

15.20.050 Partial and full exemptions.

15.20.060 SDC credits.

15.20.070 Alternative calculation for SDC rate, credit, or exemption.

15.20.080 Due date of payment of SDC charges.

15.20.090 Refunds.

15.20.100 Dedicated accounts and appropriate use of accounts.

15.20.110 Challenges and appeals.

15.20.120 City review of SDC.

15.20.130 Time limit on expenditure of SDC's.

15.20.140 Implementing regulations--Amendments.

15.20.150 Amendment of the parks and recreation SDC-CIP list.

15.20.160 Severability.

15.20.010 Scope and purpose.

- A. New development within Sherwood contributes to the need for capacity increases and upgrades to capital improvements for parks and recreation facilities and, therefore, new development should contribute to the funding for such capital improvements. This SDC will fund a portion of the needed capacity increases for parks and recreation facilities as identified in Sherwood parks and recreation SDC capital improvements plan (SDC-CIP).
- B. The funding provided by this chapter constitutes a mandatory collection method based upon ORS 223.297 through 223.314 to assure the construction of capacity increasing improvements to parks and recreation facilities as contemplated in the Parks, Recreation and Open Space Master Plan Update 2000 and the list of projects, referred to as the parks and recreation SDC-CIP, to be funded with money collected under this chapter and incorporated as an appendix to the "City of Sherwood Parks and Recreation System Development Charges Update Methodology Report," dated May 7, 2001.
- C. This chapter is intended to be a mechanism for financing only that portion of the needed capacity-increasing parks and recreation facilities associated with new development and does not represent a means to fund maintenance of existing facilities or the elimination of existing deficiencies.

D. The city hereby adopts the report entitled "City of Sherwood Parks and Recreation System Development Charges Update Methodology Report", dated May 7, 2001, and incorporates herein by this reference the assumptions, conclusions and findings in the report which refer to the determination of anticipated costs of capital improvements required to accommodate growth and the rates for the parks and recreation SDC for these capital improvements. This report is hereinafter referred to as "SDC Methodology Report." The City may from time to time amend or adopt a new SDC methodology report by resolution. (Ord. 01-1118 § 1)

15.20.020 Definitions.

"Accessory dwelling unit" means a second dwelling unit created on a single lot with a single-family or a manufactured housing dwelling unit. The second unit is created auxiliary to, and is always smaller than the single family or manufactured housing unit.

"Administrator" means that person, or persons, appointed by the city to manage and implement this parks and recreation SDC program.

"Alternative system development charge" means an SDC established pursuant to Section 15.20.070.

"Applicant" means the person who applies for a building permit.

"Building official" means that person, or designee, certified by the state and designated as such to administer the state building codes for the city.

"Building permit" means that permit issued by a building official pursuant to the State of Oregon Structural Specialty Code Section 301 or as amended, and the State of Oregon One and Two Family Dwelling Code Section R-109 or as amended. In addition, "building permit" shall mean a manufactured home installation permit issued by the building official, relating to the placement of manufactured homes in the city.

"City" means the City of Sherwood, Oregon.

"City manager" means that person appointed by city to the position of city manager.

"Condition of development approval" is any requirement imposed on an applicant by the city, a city or county land use or limited land use decision, or site plan approval.

"Construction cost index" means the Engineering News Record (Seattle) Construction Cost Index.

"County" means Washington County, Oregon.

"Credit" means the amount by which an applicant may be able to reduce the SDC fee as provided in this chapter.

"Development" means a building or other land construction, or making a physical change in the use of a structure or land, in a manner which increases the usage of parks and recreation capital improvements or which

may contribute to the need for additional or enlarged parks and recreation capital facilities.

"Duplex" means two attached single-family dwelling units on a single lot.

"Dwelling unit" means a building or a portion of a building consisting of one or more rooms, which include sleeping, cooking, and plumbing facilities and are arranged and designed as permanent living quarters for one family or household.

"Improvement fee" means a fee for costs associated with capital improvements to be constructed after the effective date of this chapter.

"Manufactured housing" means a dwelling unit constructed off-site that has sleeping, cooking and plumbing facilities, that is intended for human occupancy, that is being used for residential purposes, and that was constructed in accordance with federal manufactured housing construction and safety standards and regulations in effect at the time of construction.

"Manufactured housing park" means any place where four or more manufactured housing dwelling units are located within five hundred (500) feet of one another on a lot, tract or parcel of land under the same ownership, the primary purpose of which is to rent or lease space or keep space for rent or lease to any person for a charge or fee paid or to be paid for the rental or lease or use of facilities or to offer space free in connection with securing the trade or patronage of such person. "Manufactured housing park" does not include a lot or lots located within a subdivision being rented or leased for occupancy by no more than one manufactured housing dwelling unit per lot.

"Multi-family housing" means three or more attached dwelling units located on a single lot.

"New development" means development for which a building permit is required.

"Over-capacity" means that portion of an improvement that is built larger or with greater capacity than is necessary to serve the applicant's new development or mitigate for parks and recreation system impacts attributable to the applicant's new development.

"Parks and recreation SDC capital improvements plan" also called the "parks and recreation SDC-CIP" means the city program set forth in the SDC methodology report that identifies all of the major parks and recreation system and facilities capacity improvements projected to be funded with parks and recreation improvement fee SDC revenues.

"Permit" means a building permit.

"Previous use" means the most intensive use conducted at a particular property within the past eighteen (18) months prior to the date of application for a building permit. Where the site was used simultaneously for several different uses (mixed use) then, for the purposes of this chapter, all of the specific use categories shall be considered. Where the previous use is composed of a primary use with one or more ancillary uses that support the primary use and are owned and operated in common, that primary use shall be deemed to be the sole use of the property for purposes of this chapter.

"Proposed use," means the use proposed by the applicant for the new development. Where the applicant proposes several different uses (mixed use) for the new development then, for purposes of this chapter, all of the specific use categories shall be considered. Where the proposed use is composed of a primary use with one or more ancillary uses that support the primary proposed use and are owned and operated in common, that primary use shall be deemed to be the sole proposed use of the property for purposes of this chapter.

"Qualified public improvement" means any parks and recreation system capital facility or conveyance or an interest in real property that increases the capacity of the city's parks and recreation system and is:

- A. Required as a condition of development approval;
- B. Identified in the city's parks and recreation SDC-CIP; and
- C. Not located on or contiguous to property that is the subject of development approval; or
- D. Located in whole or in part on or contiguous to property that is the subject of development approval and, in the opinion of the administrator, is required to be built larger or with greater capacity (over-capacity) than is necessary for the applicant's new development or mitigate for parks and recreation system impacts attributable to the applicant's new development. There is a rebuttable presumption that improvements built to the city's minimum standards are required to serve the applicant's new development and to mitigate for parks and recreation system impacts attributable to the applicant's new development.

"Remodel" or "remodeling" means to alter, expand or replace an existing structure.

"Row house" means an attached single-family dwelling unit on a single lot.

"Single-family dwelling unit" means one detached dwelling unit, or one-half of a duplex, or one row house; constructed on-site, and located on a single lot.

"SDC Methodology Report" means that report entitled "Sherwood Parks and Recreation System Development Charges Update Methodology Report," dated May 7, 2001. (Ord. 01-1118 § 2)

15.20.030 Rules of construction.

For the purposes of administration and enforcement of this chapter, unless otherwise stated in this chapter, the following rules of construction shall apply:

- A. In case of any difference of meaning or implication between the text of this chapter and any caption illustration, summary table, or illustrative table, the text shall control.
- B. The word "shall" is always mandatory and not discretionary: the word "may" is permissive.
- C. Words used in the present tense shall include the future; words used in the singular number shall include the plural and the plural the singular, unless the context clearly indicates the contrary.

- D. The phrase "used for" includes "arranged for", "designed for", "maintained for", or "occupied for".
- E. Where a regulation involves two or more connected items, conditions, provisions, or events:
 - 1. "And" indicates that all the connected terms, conditions, provisions or events shall apply;
 - 2. "Or" indicates that the connected items, conditions, or provisions or events may apply singly or in any combination.
- F. The word "includes" shall not limit a term to the specific example, but is intended to extend its meaning to all other instances or circumstances of like kind or character.

 (Ord. 01-1118 § 3)

15.20.040 Application.

This chapter applies to all new development throughout Sherwood. The amount of the parks and recreation SDC shall be calculated according to this section, with rates as outlined in the SDC methodology report.

- A. Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, the parks and recreation SDC set forth herein shall be imposed upon all new development for which a technically complete application is filed on or after the effective date of this ordinance codified in this chapter.
- B. Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, manufactured housing shall be charged at the manufactured housing SDC rate, irrespective of location.
- C. Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, accessory dwelling units shall be charged at one-half the single family housing SDC rate.
- D. The applicant shall at the time of application provide the administrator with the information requested on an SDC application form regarding the previous and proposed use(s) of the new development including a description of each of the previous and proposed uses for the property for which the building permit is being sought, with sufficient detail to enable the city to calculate the number of employees and dwelling units under the previous use and for the proposed use(s) of the new development.
 - 1. For residential uses: the number of residential dwelling units, including type (i.e., single family, multi-family, etc.) for the previous and proposed use(s) of the new development.
 - 2. For commercial uses: the square footage for each type of non-residential use (i.e., office, warehouse, retail, etc.) for the previous and proposed use(s) of the new development.
- E. Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, the amount of the SDC shall be determined by calculating the SDC amount that would have been imposed for the previous use(s) of the

property and' the SDC amount for the proposed use(s).

- F. Notwithstanding any other provision, the dollar amounts of the SDC set forth in the SDC methodology report shall on January 1st of each year be adjusted to account for changes in the costs of acquiring and constructing parks facilities. The adjustment factor shall be based on:
 - 1. The change in average market value of residential land in the city, according to the records of the Washington County tax assessor;
 - 2. The portion of growth costs for land identified in the SDC-CIP;
 - 3. The change in construction costs according to the Engineering News Record (ENR) Northwest (Seattle, Washington) Construction Cost Index; and
 - 4. The portion of growth costs for construction identified in the SDC-CIP.

The adjustment shall be determined as follows:

	(Change in land value) ×
	(Land portion)
+	(Change in construction
	$cost index) \times (Construction$
	portion)
=	Parks system development
	charge adjustment factor

The parks system development charge adjustment factor shall be used to adjust the parks system development charge, unless it is otherwise adjusted by the city based on adoption of an updated methodology.

15.20.050 Partial and full exemptions.

The uses listed and described in this section shall be exempt, either partially or fully, from payment of the parks and recreation SDC. Any applicant seeking an exemption under this section shall specifically request that exemption no later than the time of application for the building permit. Where new development consists of only part of one or more of the uses described in this section, only that/those portion(s) of the development which qualify under this section are eligible for an exemption. The balance of the new development which does not qualify for any exemption under this section shall be subject to the full SDC. Should the applicant dispute any decision by the city regarding an exemption request, the applicant must apply for an alternative exemption calculation under Section 15.20.070. The applicant has the burden of proving entitlement to any exemption so requested.

- A. Temporary uses are fully exempt so long as the new development use or structure will be used for not more than one hundred (180) days in a single calendar year.
- B. Alteration permits for tenant improvements are fully exempt when a change of use occurs.

C. New development which, in the administrator's opinion, will not create demands on the parks and recreation system greater than those of the present use of the property are fully exempt. (Ord. 01-1118 § 5)

15.20.060 SDC credits.

- A. The city shall grant a credit against the parks and recreation SDC, which is otherwise assessed for a new development, for any qualified public improvement(s) constructed or dedicated as part of that new development. The applicant bears the burden of evidence and persuasion in establishing entitlement to an SDC Credit and to a particular value of SDC credit.
- B. To obtain an SDC credit, the applicant must specifically request a credit prior to the city's issuance of a building permit for the new development. In the request, the applicant must identify the improvement(s) for which credit is sought and explain how the improvement(s) meet the requirements for a qualified public improvement. The applicant shall also document, with credible evidence, the value of the improvement(s) for which credit is sought. If, in the administrator's opinion, the improvement(s) is a qualified public improvement, and the administrator concurs with the proposed value of the improvement(s), and SDC credit shall be granted. The value of the SDC credits under this section shall be determined by the administrator based on the cost of the qualified public improvement, or the value of land dedicated, as follows:
 - 1. For dedicated lands, the value shall be based upon a written appraisal of fair market value by a qualified, professional appraiser based upon comparable sales of similar property between unrelated parties in an arms-length transaction;
 - 2. For improvements yet to be constructed, value shall be based upon the anticipated cost of construction. Any such cost estimates shall be certified by a professional architect or engineer or based on a fixed price bid from a contractor ready and able to construct the improvement(s) for which SDC credit is sought;
 - 3. For improvements already constructed, value shall be based on the actual cost of construction as verified by receipts submitted by the applicant;
 - 4. For all improvements for which credit is sought, only the fraction of over-capacity in the improvement is eligible for SDC credit.
- C. The administrator will respond to the applicant's request in writing within twenty-one (21) days of when the request is submitted. The administrator shall provide a written explanation of the decision on the SDC credit request.
- D. If the applicant disputes the administrator's decision with regard to an SDC credit request, including the amount of the credit, the applicant may seek an alternative SDC credit calculation under Section 15.20.070 Any request for an alternative SDC credit calculation must be filed with the administrator in writing within ten calendar days of the written decision on the initial credit request.
- E. Where the amount of an SDC credit approved by the administrator under this section exceeds the amount of the parks and recreation SDC assessed by the city upon a new development, the excess credit may be

applied against parks and recreation SDC's that accrue in subsequent phases of the original development project. Any excess credit must be used not later than ten years from the date the credit is given. (01-1118 § 6)

15.20.070 Alternative calculation for SDC rate, credit, or exemption.

- A. Pursuant to this section, an applicant may request an alternative SDC rate calculation, alternative SDC credit determination, or alternative SDC exemption, under the following circumstances:
 - 1. The applicant believes that the impact on parks and recreation facilities resulting from the new development is, or will be, less than that contemplated in the SDC methodology report, and for that reason, the applicant's SDC should be lower than that calculated by the city.
 - 2. The applicant believes that property taxes paid by the property subject to development is, or will be, more than is provided by the credit for tax payments included in the SDC methodology report, and for that reason, the applicant's SDC should be lower than that calculated by the city.
 - 3. The applicant believes the city improperly excluded from consideration a qualified public improvement that would qualify for credit under Section 15.20.060, or the city accepted for credit a qualified public improvement, but undervalued that improvement and therefore undervalued the credit.
 - 4. The applicant believes the city improperly rejected a request for an exemption under Section 15.20.050 for which the applicant believes it is eligible.
 - B. Alternative SDC rate request:
 - 1. If an applicant believes that the assumptions for the class of structures that includes the new development are not appropriate for the subject new development, the applicant must request an alternative SDC rate calculation, under this section, no later than the time of issuance of a building permit for the new development. Alternative SDC rate calculations for occupancy must be based on analysis of occupancy of classes of structures, not on the intended occupancy of a particular new development.
 - 2. In support of the Alternative SDC rate request, the applicant must provide complete and detailed documentation, including verifiable data, analyzed and certified by a suitable and competent professional. The applicant's supporting documentation must rely upon generally accepted sampling methods, sources of information, cost analysis, demographics, growth projections, and techniques of analysis as a means of supporting the proposed alternative SDC rate. The proposed alternative SDC rate calculation shall include an explanation with particularity why the rate established in the SDC methodology report does not accurately reflect the new development's impact on the city's capital improvements.
 - 3. The administrator shall apply the alternative SDC rate if, in the administrator's opinion, the following are found:
 - a. The evidence and assumptions underlying the alternative SDC rate are reasonable, correct

- and credible and were gathered and analyzed in compliance with generally accepted principles and methodologies consistent with this section; b. The calculation of the proposed alternative SDC rate was by a generally accepted methodology; and
- c. The proposed alternative SDC rate better or more realistically reflects the actual impact of the new development than the rate set forth in the SDC methodology report.
- 4. If, in the administrator's opinion, all of the above criteria are not met, the administrator shall provide to the applicant (by certified mail, return receipt requested) a written decision explaining the basis for rejecting the proposed alternative parks and recreation SDC rate.
- C Alternative SDC credit request:
- 1. If an applicant has requested an SDC credit pursuant to Section 15.20.060 and that request has been denied by the city, the applicant may request an alternative SDC credit calculation, under this section, no later than the time of issuance of a building permit.
- 2. In support of the alternative SDC credit request, the applicant must provide complete and detailed documentation, including appraisals, cost analysis or other estimates of value, analyzed and certified to by an appropriate professional, for the improvements for which the applicant is seeking credit. The applicant's supporting documentation must rely upon generally accepted sources of information, cost analysis, and techniques of analysis as a means of supporting the proposed alternative SDC credit.
- 3. The administrator shall apply the alternative SDC credit if, in the administrator's opinion, the following are found:
 - a. The improvement(s) for which the SDC credit is sought are qualified public improvement(s);
 - b. The evidence and assumptions underlying the applicant's alternative SDC credit request are reasonable, correct, and credible and were gathered and analyzed by an appropriate competent professional in compliance with generally accepted principles and methodologies; and
 - c. The proposed alternative SDC credit is based on realistic, credible valuation or benefit analysis.
- 4. If, in the administrator's opinion, any one or more of the above criteria is not met, the administrator shall deny the request and provide to the applicant (by certified mail, return receipt requested) a written decision explaining the basis for rejecting the proposed alternative parks and recreation SDC credit proposal.
- D. Alternative SDC exemption request:
- 1. If an applicant has requested a full or partial exemption under Section 15.20.050 and that request

has been denied, the applicant may request an alternative SDC exemption under this section, no later than the time of issuance of a building permit for the new development.

- 2. In support of the alternative SDC exemption request, the applicant must provide complete and detailed documentation demonstrating that the applicant is entitled to one of the exemptions described in Section 15.20.050.
- 3. The administrator shall grant the exemption if, in the administrator's opinion, the applicant has demonstrated with credible, relevant evidence that it meets the pertinent criteria in Section 15.20.050.
- 4. Within twenty-one (21) days of the applicant's submission of the request, the administrator shall provide a written decision explaining the basis for rejecting or accepting the request. (Ord. 01-1118 § 7)

15.20.080 Due date of payment of SDC charges.

The parks and recreation SDC required by this chapter to be paid is due upon issuance of the building permit. (Ord. 01-1118 § 8)

15.20.090 Refunds.

Refunds may be given by the administrator upon finding that there was a clerical error in the calculation of the SDC. Refunds shall not be allowed for failure to timely claim credit or for failure to timely seek an alternative SDC rate calculation at the time of submission of an application for a building permit. The city shall refund to the applicant any SDC revenues not expended within ten years of receipt. (Ord. 01-1118 § 9)

15.20.100 Dedicated accounts and appropriate use of accounts.

- A. All monies derived from the parks and recreation improvement fee SDC shall be placed in the parks and recreation SDC improvement fee account and shall be used solely for the purpose of providing capacity-increasing capital improvements as identified in the adopted parks and recreation SDC-CIP as it currently exists or as hereinafter amended, and eligible administrative costs. All monies derived from the parks and recreation reimbursement fee SDC shall be placed in the parks and recreation SDC reimbursement fee account and shall be used solely for the purpose of providing capital improvements to the parks and recreation system as identified in the adopted parks and recreation SDC-CIP as it currently exists or as hereinafter amended, and eligible administrative costs. In this regard, these SDC revenues may be used for purposes that include:
 - 1. Design and construction plan preparation;
 - 2. Permitting;
 - 3. Land and materials acquisition, including any costs of acquisition or condemnation;

- 4. Construction of parks and recreation capital improvements;
- 5. Design and construction of new drainage facilities required by the construction of parks and recreation capital improvements and structures;
- 6. Relocating utilities required by the construction of improvements;
- 7. Landscaping;
- 8. Construction management and inspection;
- 9. Surveying, soils and material testing;
- 10. Acquisition of capital equipment that is an intrinsic part of a facility;
- 11. Demolition that is part of the construction of any of the improvements on this list;
- 12. Payment of principal and interest, necessary reserves and costs of issuance under any bonds or other indebtedness issued by the city to provide money to construct or acquire parks and recreation facilities;
- 13. Direct costs of complying with the provisions of ORS 223.297 to 223.3 14, including the consulting, legal, and administrative costs required for developing and updating the system development charges methodologies and capital improvement program; and the costs of collecting and accounting for system development charges expenditures.
- B. Money on deposit in the parks and recreation SDC accounts shall not be used for:
- 1. Any expenditure that would be classified as a maintenance or repair expense; or
- 2. Costs associated with the construction of administrative office facilities that are more than an incidental part of other capital improvements; or
- 3. Costs associated with acquisition or maintenance of rolling stock. (Ord. 01-1118 § 10)

15.20.110 Challenges and appeals.

- A. For purposes of this chapter, any citizen or other interested person is an aggrieved party under OCMC 13.20.070(C) and may challenge the expenditure of SDC revenues by filing a challenge to the expenditure with the Administrator within two years after the date of the disputed SDC revenue expenditure. The fee for filing such a challenge shall be fifty (\$50.00) dollars.
- B Except where a different time for an administrator's decision is provided in this chapter, all administrator decisions shall be in writing and shall be delivered to the applicant within twenty-one (21) days of

an application or other applicant request for an administrator determination. Delivery shall be deemed complete upon the earlier of actual delivery to the applicant or upon deposit by the administrator by certified mail, addressed to the address for notice applicant has designated in the application. Any person may appeal to the city council any decision of the administrator made pursuant to this chapter by filing a written request with the administrator within fourteen (14) days after the delivery of the administrator's written decision to the applicant. The fee for appealing a decision to the city council shall be fifty (\$50.00) dollars. The appeal to be filed with the city council and should contain the following information:

- 1. The name and address of the applicant;
- 2. The legal description of the property in question;
- 3. If issued, the date the building permit was issued;
- 4. A brief description of the nature of the development being undertaken pursuant to the building permit;
- 5. If paid, the date the system development charges were paid; and
- 6. A statement of the reasons why the applicant is appealing a decision.
- C. Upon receipt of such request, the city shall schedule a hearing before the city council at a regularly scheduled meeting or a special meeting called for the purpose of conducting the hearing and shall provide the applicant written notice of the time and place of the hearing. Such hearing shall be held within twenty-one (21) days of the date the appeal was filed.
- D. The city council shall conduct a hearing in a manner designed to obtain all information and evidence relevant to the requested hearing. Formal rules of civil procedures and evidence shall not be applicable; however, the hearing shall be conducted in a fair and impartial manner with each party having an opportunity to be heard and to present information and evidence.
- E. Any applicant who appeals a decision pursuant to this section and desires the immediate issuance of a building permit shall pay prior to or at the time the request for hearing is filed the applicable system development charges pursuant to Section 15.20.040. Said payment shall be deemed paid under "protest" and shall not be construed as a waiver of any review rights.
- F. An applicant may appeal a decision under this section without paying the applicable system development charges, but no building permit shall be issued until such system development charges are paid in the amount initially calculated or the amount approved upon completion of the review provided in this section.
- G. The city council shall decide an appeal within sixty (60) days of the date of the appeal to the city council and that decision may be reviewed under ORS 34.010 to 34.100, and not otherwise.

15.20.120 City review of SDC.

A. No later than every two years as measured from initial enactment, the city shall undertake a

review to determine that sufficient money will be available to help fund the parks and recreation SDC-CIP identified capacity increasing facilities; to determine whether the adopted SDC rates keep pace with inflation, whether the parks and recreation SDC-CIP should be modified, and to ensure that such facilities will not be over funded by the SDC receipts.

- B. In the event that during the review referred to above, it is determined that an adjustment to the SDC is necessary for sufficient funding of the parks and recreation SDC-CIP improvements listed in the SDC methodology report, or to ensure that such parks and recreation SDC-CIP improvements are not over funded by the SDC, the city council may propose and adopt appropriately adjusted SDC's.
- C. The city may from time to time amend or adopt a new SDC methodology report by resolution. (Ord. 01-1118 § 12)

15.20.130 Time limit on expenditure of SDC's.

The city shall expend SDC revenues within ten years of receipt. (Ord. 01-1118 § 13)

15.20.140 Implementing regulations--Amendments.

The city manager may adopt regulations to implement the provisions of this chapter. (Ord. 01-1118 § 14)

15.20.150 Amendment of the parks and recreation SDC-CIP list.

The city may, by resolution, amend its parks and recreation SDC-CIP list, as set forth in the SDC methodology report, from time to time to add or remove projects the city deems appropriate. The administrator may, at any time, change the timing, sequence, or cost estimates for projects included in the parks and recreation SDC-CIP list.

(Ord. 01-1118 § 15)

15.20.160 Severability.

The provisions of this chapter are severable, and it is the intention to confer the whole or any part of the powers herein provided for. If any clause, section or provision of this chapter shall be declared unconstitutional or invalid for any reason or cause, the remaining portion of this chapter shall be in full force and effect and be valid as if such invalid portion thereof had not been incorporated herein. It is hereby declared to be the legislative intent that this chapter would have been adopted had such an unconstitutional provision not been included herein.

(Ord. 01-1118 § 16)

Chapter 15.21

DANGEROUS BUILDINGS

Sections: 15.21.010 Purpose.

- 15.21.015 Scope.
- 15.21.020 Alternations, additions and repairs.
- 15.21.025 Administration.
- **15.21.030** Inspections.
- 15.21.035 Right of entry.
- 15.21.040 Dangerous buildings declared to be public nuisances--Abatement.
- 15.21.045 Violations.
- 15.21.050 Inspections of work.
- **15.21.055 Definitions.**
- 15.21.060 Commencement of proceedings.
- 15.21.065 Notice and order.
- 15.21.070 Service of notice and order.
- 15.21.075 Method of service.
- 15.21.080 Proof of service.
- 15.21.085 Repair, vacation and demolition.
- 15.21.090 Notice to vacate--Posting.
- 15.21.095 Compliance with notice to vacate.
- 15.21.100 Form of appeal.
- 15.21.105 Scheduling appeal for hearing.
- 15.21.110 Effect of failure to appeal.
- 15.21.115 Scope of appeal hearing--Stay of order.
- 15.21.120 Form of notice of hearing to appellant.
- 15.21.125 Record.
- 15.21.130 Conduct of hearings.
- 15.21.135 Rights of parties.
- 15.21.140 Official notice.
- 15.21.145 Inspection of the premises.
- 15.21.150 Form of decision--Judicial review.
- 15.21.155 Enforcement of orders.
- 15.21.160 Failure to commence work.
- 15.21.165 Interference with repair or demolition work prohibited.

15.21.010 Purpose.

- A. This chapter is to provide a method (cumulative with and in addition to any other remed(ies) available to the city by law) whereby buildings or structures which from any cause endanger the life, limb, health, property, safety or welfare of the general public or the building's occupants such that they should be required to be repaired, vacated or demolished.
- B. This chapter does not create or otherwise establish or designate any particular class or group of persons who will or should be especially protected or benefited by the terms hereof. (Ord. 07-004 § 2 (part))

15.21.015 Scope.

This chapter shall apply to all "Dangerous Buildings" as herein defined be they now in existence or which may hereafter become dangerous buildings in the city. (Ord. 07-004 § 2 (part))

15.21.020 Alternations, additions and repairs.

All buildings or structures required to be repaired under the provisions of this chapter shall be subject to the provisions of Section 3403 of the Oregon Structural Specialty Code as it currently exists or may hereafter be amended and adopted by the state.

15.21.025 Administration.

The building official is hereby authorized to enforce the provisions of this chapter. The building official shall have the power to render interpretations of this chapter and to adopt and enforce rules and supplemental regulations in order to clarify the application of its provisions. Such interpretations, rules and regulations shall be in conformity with the intent and purpose of this chapter.

(Ord. 07-004 § 2 (part))

15.21.030 Inspections.

The building official and others such as the fire marshall and Washington County Health Department officials are authorized to make such inspections and take such other actions as may be required to enforce the provisions of this chapter, including (but not limited to) the issuance of stop work or similar abatement orders. (Ord. 07-004 § 2 (part))

15.21.035 Right of entry.

- A. When necessary to make an inspection to enforce the requirements imposed by the terms of this chapter (or when the building official has reasonable cause to believe there exists in a building or upon a premises a condition contrary to or in violation of this chapter making the building or premises unsafe, dangerous or hazardous) the building official may enter the building or premises at reasonable times to inspect or to perform the duties imposed by this chapter, provided that if such building or premises be occupied that credentials be presented to the occupant and entry requested.
- B. If such building or premises be unoccupied, the building official shall first make a reasonable effort to locate the owner or other person(s) having charge or control of the building or premises and request entry. If entry is refused, the building official shall have recourse to the remedies provided by law to secure entry.

(Ord. 07-004 § 2 (part))

15.21.040 Dangerous buildings declared to be public nuisances--Abatement.

All buildings or portions thereof determined after inspection by the building official to be dangerous as defined in this chapter are hereby declared to be public nuisances and shall be abated by repair, rehabilitation, demolition or removal in accordance with the procedure specified in this chapter.

(Ord. 07-004 § 2 (part))

15.21.045 Violations.

It is unlawful for any person, firm or corporation to erect, construct, enlarge, alter, repair, move, improve, remove, convert or demolish, equip, use, occupy or maintain any building or structure or cause or permit the same to be done in violation of this chapter. (Ord. 07-004 § 2 (part))

15.21.050 Inspections of work.

All buildings or structures within the scope of this chapter and all construction or work for which a permit is required shall be subject to inspection by the building official consistent with and in the manner provided by this chapter and Sections 108 and 1701 of the currently adopted Oregon Structural Specialty Code and other relevant provisions of municipal, county or state law. (Ord. 07-004 § 2 (part))

15.21.055 **Definitions.**

For the purpose of this chapter, certain terms, phrases, words and their derivatives shall be construed as specified in either this chapter or as specified in the building code or the housing code. Where terms are not defined, they shall have their ordinary accepted meanings within the context with which they are used. Webster's 3rd New International Dictionary of the English Language (Unabridged, copyrighted 1986) shall be construed as providing ordinary accepted meanings. Words used in the singular include the plural and the plural the singular. Words used in the masculine gender include the feminine and the feminine the masculine.

"Building Code," has the meaning given by the terms of ORS 455.010 to "state building code" and includes all specialty codes as defined in ORS 455.010.

"Building official" is the city's building official or such other person as may be designated as such by the building official.

"City" mean the city of Sherwood.

"Dangerous building" is any building or structure having one or more of the conditions or defects hereinafter described provided that such condition(s) or defect(s) exist to the extent that the building official or their designate can reasonably believe the life, health, property or safety of the public or the building's or structure's occupants are endangered:

- 1. Whenever any door, aisle, passageway, stairway or other means of exit is not of sufficient width or size or is not so arranged as to provide safe and adequate means of exit in case of fire or panic.
- 2. Whenever the walking surface of any aisle, passageway, stairway or other means of exit is so warped, worn, loose, torn or otherwise unsafe as to not provide safe and adequate means of exit in case of fire or panic.
- 3. Whenever the stress in any materials, member or portion thereof, due to all dead and live loads, is more than one and one-half times the working stress or stresses allowed in the current applicable structural code as defined in ORS Chapter 455 for new buildings of similar structure, purpose or location.
- 4. Whenever any portion thereof has been damaged by fire, earthquake, wind, flood or by any other cause, to such an extent that the structural strength or stability thereof is materially less than it was before such catastrophe and is less than the minimum requirements of the building code for new buildings of similar structure, purpose or location.

- 5. Whenever any portion or member or appurtenance thereof is likely to fail, or to become detached or dislodged, or to collapse and thereby injure persons or damage property.
- 6. Whenever any portion of a building, or any member, appurtenance or ornamentation on the exterior thereof is not of sufficient strength or stability, or is not so anchored, attached or fastened in place so as to be capable of resisting a wind pressure of one-half of that specified in the building code for new buildings of similar structure, purpose or location without exceeding the working stresses permitted in the building code for such buildings.
- 7. Whenever any portion thereof has wracked, warped, buckled or settled to such an extent that walls or other structural portions have materially less resistance to winds or earthquakes than is required in the case of similar new construction.
- 8. Whenever the building or structure, or any portion thereof, because of:
 - a. Dilapidation, deterioration or decay;
 - b. Faulty construction;
 - c. The removal, movement or instability of any portion of the ground necessary for the purpose of supporting such building;
 - d. The deterioration, decay or inadequacy of its foundation; or
 - e. Any other cause, is likely to partially or completely collapse.
- 9. Whenever, for any reason, the building or structure, or any portion thereof, is manifestly unsafe for the purpose for which it is being used.
- 10. Whenever the exterior walls or other vertical structural members list, lean or buckle to such an extent that a plumb line passing through the center of gravity does not fall inside the middle one-third of the base.
- 11. Whenever the building or structure, exclusive of the foundation, shows thirty-three (33) percent or more damage or deterioration of its supporting member or members, or fifty (50) percent damage or deterioration of its nonsupporting members, enclosing or outside walls or coverings.
- 12. Whenever the building or structure has been so damaged by fire, wind, earthquake or flood, or has become so dilapidated or deteriorated as to become:
 - a. An attractive nuisance to children:
 - b. A harbor for vagrants and/or criminals; or
 - c. So as to enable persons to resort thereto for the purpose of committing unlawful acts.

- 13. Whenever any building or structure has been constructed, exists or is maintained in violation of any specific requirement or prohibition applicable to such building or structure provided by the building regulations of this jurisdiction, (as specified in the appropriately adopted Oregon Building Code) or of any law or ordinance of this state or jurisdiction relating to the condition, location or structure of buildings.
- 14. Whenever any building or structure which, whether or not erected in accordance with all applicable laws and ordinances, has in any nonsupporting part, member or portion less than fifty (50) percent, or in any supporting part, member or portion less than sixty-six (66) percent of the: (a) strength, (b) fire-resisting qualities or characteristics, or (c) weather-resisting qualities or characteristics required by law in the case of a newly constructed building of like area, height and occupancy in the same location.
- 15. Whenever a building or structure, used or intended to be used for dwelling purposes, because of inadequate maintenance, dilapidation, decay, damage, faulty construction or arrangement, inadequate light, air or sanitation facilities, or otherwise, is determined by the health officer to be unsanitary, unfit for human habitation or in such a condition that is likely to cause sickness or disease.
- 16. Whenever any building or structure, because of obsolescence, dilapidated condition, deterioration, damage, inadequate exits, lack of sufficient fire-resistive construction, faulty electric wiring, gas connections or heating apparatus, or other cause, is determined by the fire marshal to be a fire hazard.
- 17. Whenever any building or structure is in such a condition as to constitute a public nuisance known to the common law or in equity jurisprudence.
- 18. Whenever any portion of a building or structure remains on a site after the demolition or destruction of the building or structure or whenever any building or structure is abandoned for a period in excess of six months so as to constitute such building or portion thereof an attractive nuisance or hazard to the public.

(Ord. 07-004 § 2 (part))

15.21.060 Commencement of proceedings.

When the building official has inspected or caused to be inspected any building and has found and determined that such building is a dangerous building, the building official shall commence proceedings to cause the repair, vacation or demolition thereof. (Ord. 07-004 § 2 (part))

15.21.065 Notice and order.

The building official shall issue a notice and order directed to the record owner of the building. The notice and order shall contain:

- A. The street address and a description sufficient for identification of the premises upon which the building is located.
- B. A statement that the building official has found the building dangerous with a brief factual description of the conditions found to render the building dangerous.
- C. A statement of the action(s) required to be taken by the building official:
 - 1. If the building must be repaired, the notice and order shall require all required permits be secured therefor and the work physically commenced within such time (not to exceed sixty (60) days from the date of the order) and completed within such time as the building official shall determine reasonable under all of the circumstances.
 - 2. If the building must be vacated, the order shall require that the building or structure be vacated within a time certain from the date of the order as determined by the building official to be reasonable.
 - 3. If the building or structure is to be demolished, the order shall require that the building be vacated within such time as the building official determines reasonable (not to exceed sixty (60) days from the date of the order); that all required permits be secured therefor within thirty (30) days of the date of the order; and that the demolition be completed within such time as the building official determines reasonable thereafter.
- D. Statement advising that if any required repair or demolition work (without vacation also being required) is not commenced within the time specified, the building official:
 - 1. Will order the building vacated and posted to prevent further occupancy until the work is completed; and
 - 2. May proceed to cause the work to be done and charge the costs thereof against the property or its owner.

E. Statements advising:

- 1. That any person having any record title or legal interest in the building may appeal from the notice and order or any action of the building official to the municipal court provided the appeal is made in writing as provided in this chapter and filed with the building official within fourteen (14) days from the date of service of such notice and order; and
- 2. That failure to appeal will constitute a waiver of all right to a hearing and determination of the matter.

(Ord. 07-004 § 2 (part))

15.21.070 Service of notice and order.

The notice and order (and any amended or supplemental notice and order) shall be served upon the

record owner and posted on the property with a copy thereof being served on each of the following (if known to the building official or disclosed from official public records);

- A. The holder of any mortgage or deed of trust or other lien or encumbrance of record;
- B. The owner or holder of any lease of record; and
- C. The holder of any other estate or legal interest of record in or to the building or the land on which it is located.

The failure of the building official to serve any person required herein to be served shall not invalidate any proceedings hereunder as to any other person duly served or relieve any such person from any duty or obligation imposed by the provisions of this section.

(Ord. 07-004 § 2 (part))

15.21.075 Method of service.

Service of the notice and order shall be made upon all persons entitled thereto either personally or by mailing a copy of such notice and order by certified mail, postage prepaid, to each such person at their address as it appears in the Washington County tax records or as otherwise known to the building official. If no address of such person appears or is known to the building official, then a copy of the notice and order shall be mailed (addressed to such person) at the address of the building involved in the proceedings. The failure of any such person to receive such notice shall not affect the validity of any proceedings taken under this section. Service by certified mail in the manner herein provided shall be effective on the date of mailing. (Ord. 07-004 § 2 (part))

15.21.080 Proof of service.

Proof of service of the notice and order shall be certified to at the time of service by a written declaration under penalty of perjury executed by the persons effecting service, declaring the time, date and manner in which service was made. The declaration, together with any receipt card returned in acknowledgment of receipt by certified mail shall be affixed to the copy of the notice and order retained by the building official. (Ord. 07-004 § 2 (part))

15.21.085 Repair, vacation and demolition.

- A. Any building declared a dangerous building under this chapter shall be made to comply with one of the following:
 - 1. The building shall be repaired in accordance with the current state building code or other current code applicable to the type of substandard conditions requiring repair; or
 - 2. The building shall be demolished consistent with subsection D of this section.
- B. If the building does not constitute an immediate danger to the life, limb, property or safety of the public it may be vacated, secured and maintained against entry.

- C. If the building or structure is in such condition as to make it immediately dangerous to the life, limb, property or safety of the public or the building's occupants, it shall be ordered vacated, secured and maintained against entry.
- D. If a building or structure is found to be or becomes dangerous and if (in the opinion of the building official) the building or structure is not, under current circumstances likely to be repaired so as to be habitable within one hundred twenty (120) days, it may be ordered demolished by the building official with the cost thereof borne by the owners. In the event the building official determines that a building is to be demolished, the building official shall make a written order which includes the circumstances supporting demolition. The order shall be served on all persons entitled to notice under Section 15.21.070 and is subject to a twenty-one (21) day appeal consistent with the provisions of Section 15.21.100. (Ord. 07-004 § 2 (part))

15.21.090 Notice to vacate--Posting.

Every notice to vacate shall, in addition to being served shall be posted at or upon each exit of the building and shall be in substantially the following form:

DO NOT ENTER

UNSAFE TO OCCUPY

It is unlawful to occupy this building or to remove or deface this notice.

City Building Official

City of Sherwood, Oregon

(Ord. 07-004 § 2 (part))

15.21.095 Compliance with notice to vacate.

- A. Whenever such notice is posted, the building official shall include a notification thereof in the notice and order issued under Section 15.21.065 reciting the emergency and specifying the conditions which necessitate the posting.
- B. No person shall remain in or enter any building which has been so posted except that entry may be made to repair, demolish or remove such building under permit.
- C. No person shall remove or deface any such notice after it is posted until the required repairs, demolition or removal have been completed and all lawful requirements been met. (Ord. 07-004 § 2 (part))

15.21.100 Form of appeal.

A. Any person entitled to service under Section 15.21.070 may appeal from any notice and order or

any action of the building official under this chapter by filing with the municipal court a written appeal containing:

- 1. A heading in the words: "Before the Municipal Court of the City of Sherwood, Oregon."
- 2. A listing of the names of all appellants participating in the appeal along with a brief statement setting forth the legal interest of each appellant in the building or the land involved in the notice and order.
- 3. A brief statement concerning the basis for the appeal together with any material fact(s) claimed to support those contentions and why the protested order or action should be reversed, modified or otherwise set aside.
- 4. The signatures of all parties named as appellants and their official mailing addresses.
- 5. The verification (by declaration under penalty of perjury) of at least one appellant as to the truth of the matters stated in the appeal.
- B. The appeal shall be filed within fourteen (14) days of the date of service of the building official's order or action; however if the building or structure is in such condition as to make it immediately dangerous to the life, limb, property or safety of the public or adjacent property and is ordered vacated and is posted in accordance with Section 15.21.090, such appeal shall be filed not later than ten days from the date of the service of the notice and order of the building official. (Ord. 07-004 § 2 (part))

15.21.105 Scheduling appeal for hearing.

As soon as practicable after receiving the written appeal, the municipal court shall fix a date, time and place for the hearing of the appeal. Such date shall not be less than ten nor more than sixty (60) days from the date the appeal was filed with the building official. Written notice of the time and place of the hearing shall be given at least ten days prior to the date of the hearing to each appellant by the court either by causing a copy of such notice to be delivered to the appellant personally or by mailing a copy thereof, postage prepaid, addressed to the appellant at the address shown on the appeal. (Ord. 07-004 § 2 (part))

15.21.110 Effect of failure to appeal.

Failure of any person to file an appeal in accordance with the provisions of Section 15.21.100 shall constitute a waiver of the right to a hearing and adjudication of the notice and order or any portion thereof. (Ord. 07-004 § 2 (part))

15.21.115 Scope of appeal hearing--Stay of order.

A. Only those matters or issues specifically raised by the appellant shall be considered in the hearing of the appeal.

B. Except for vacation orders made pursuant to Section 15.21.085, enforcement of any notice and order of the building official issued under this chapter shall be stayed during the pendency of an appeal therefrom which is properly and timely filed. (Ord. 07-004 § 2 (part))

15.21.120 Form of notice of hearing to appellant.

	The notice to the app	pellant(s) shall be	e substantially in the fol	ving form:	
	"You are hereby noti	ified that a hearin	ng will be held before th	e Municipal Court at on the	
	day of	, 20	at the hour	upon the notice and order served upon	
	you for alleged viola	tion(s) of Chapte	er 15.21 (Dangerous Bu	ildings) of the Sherwood Municipal Code.	
	You may be present at the hearing. You may be, but need not be, represented by counsel. You may				
present relevant evidence and will be given full opportunity to - examine all witnesses."					
(Ord. (07-004 § 2 (part))				

15.21.125 Record.

A record of the entire proceedings shall be made by tape recording or by any other means of permanent recording determined to be appropriate by the court. (Ord. 07-004 § 2 (part))

15.21.130 Conduct of hearings.

Hearings need not be conducted according to the technical rules relating to evidence and witnesses. Oral evidence shall be taken on oath or affirmation. Hearsay evidence may be used for the purpose of supplementing or explaining direct evidence, but shall not be sufficient in itself to support a finding unless it would be admissible over objection in civil actions in courts of competent jurisdiction in Oregon. Any relevant evidence shall be admitted if it is the type of evidence on which responsible persons are accustomed to rely in the conduct of serious affairs, regardless of the existence of any common law or statutory rule which might make improper the admission of such evidence over objection in civil actions in courts of competent jurisdiction in Oregon. Irrelevant and unduly repetitious evidence shall be excluded. (Ord. 07-004 § 2 (part))

15.21.135 Rights of parties.

The city and the appellant(s) shall be able:

- A. To call and examine witnesses on matters relevant to the issues of the hearing;
- B. To introduce documentary and physical evidence;
- C. To cross-examine opposing witnesses;
- D. To rebut evidence; and

E. To be represented by anyone lawfully permitted to do so. (Ord. 07-004 § 2 (part))

15.21.140 Official notice.

In reaching a decision, official notice may be taken (either before or after submission of the case for decision) of any fact which may be judicially noticeable by Oregon courts. Parties present at the hearing shall be informed of the matters to be noticed which is to be noted in the record. Parties present at the hearing shall be given a reasonable opportunity to refute the noticed matters by evidence or by written or oral presentation of authority.

(Ord. 07-004 § 2 (part))

15.21.145 Inspection of the premises.

The court may inspect any building involved in an appeal during the course of the hearing provided that: notice of such inspection shall be given the parties before the inspection is made; the parties are given an opportunity to be present during the inspection; and, the judge shall state for the record after said inspection the material facts observed and the conclusions drawn therefrom. (Ord. 07-004 § 2 (part))

15.21.150 Form of decision--Judicial review.

- A. With appeals heard by the municipal court, the court shall within a reasonable time (not to exceed ninety (90) days from the date the hearing is closed) prepare a written decision which shall contain findings of fact, a determination of the issues presented and the requirements, if any, to be complied with. The effective date of the decision shall be as stated therein. A copy of the decision shall be delivered to the city and appellant by regular mail, postage prepaid.
- B. Judicial review of the court's decision shall be by way of writ of review as provided for in ORS 34.010 to ORS 34.100. (Ord. 07-004 § 2 (part))

15.21.155 Enforcement of orders.

After any order of the building official or municipal court made pursuant to this chapter has become final, no person to whom any such order is directed shall fail, neglect or refuse to obey any such order. If, the person to whom such order is directed fails neglects or refuses to comply with said order, the building official may take any and all actions deemed by him, in consultation with the city manager and city attorney to be appropriate including the filing of supplementary enforcement or compliance action(s) in a court of competent jurisdiction.

(Ord. 07-004 § 2 (part))

15.21.160 Failure to commence work.

Whenever the required repair or demolition is not commenced within thirty (30) days after any final notice and order issued under this chapter becomes effective:

A. The building official shall cause the building described in such notice and order to be vacated by posting at each entrance thereto a notice reading:

DANGEROUS BUILDING

DO NOT OCCUPY

It is unlawful to occupy this building or to remove or deface this notice.

City Building Official

City of Sherwood, Oregon

- B. No person shall occupy any building which has been posted as specified in this section. No person shall remove or deface any such notice so posted until the repairs, demolition or removal ordered by the building official have been completed and a certificate of occupancy issued pursuant to the provisions of the building code.
- C. The building official may, in addition to any other remedy herein provided, cause the building to be repaired to the extent necessary to correct the conditions which render the building dangerous as set forth in the notice and order; or, if the notice and order required demolition, to cause the building to be sold and demolished or demolished and the materials, rubble and debris therefrom removed and the lot cleaned. Any such repair or demolition work shall be accomplished and the cost thereof paid and recovered in the manner provide for the collective of assessment or nuisance liens under state statute or city code. Any surplus realized from the sale of any such building or from the demolition thereof, over and above the cost of demolition, administrative costs and of cleaning the lot shall be paid over to the person or persons lawfully entitled thereto.

(Ord. 07-004 § 2 (part))

15.21.165 Interference with repair or demolition work prohibited.

No person shall obstruct, impede or interfere with any officer, employee, contractor or authorized representative of this jurisdiction or with any person who owns or holds any estate or interest in any building which has been ordered repaired, vacated or demolished under the provisions of this chapter; or with any person to whom such building has been lawfully sold pursuant to the provisions of this chapter, whenever such officer, employee, contractor or authorized representative of the city, person having an interest or estate in such building or structure, or purchaser is engaged in the work of repairing, vacating and repairing, or demolishing any such building, pursuant to the provisions of this chapter, or in performing any necessary act preliminary to or incidental to such work or authorized or directed pursuant to this chapter. (Ord. 07-004 § 2 (part))

Chapter 15.24

EROSION PREVENTION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL

Sections:

15.24.010 Title.

15.24.020 Purpose and policy.

15.24.030 Authority.

15.24.040 Definitions.

15.24.050 Erosion prohibited.

15.24.060 Erosion control permits required.

15.24.070 Permit process.

15.24.080 Maintenance.

15.24.090 Inspection.

15.24.100 Physical erosion.

15.24.110 Permit fee.

15.24.120 Bond and insurance.

15.24.010 Title.

The ordinance codified in this chapter shall be known, and may be pleaded as the city of Sherwood erosion prevention and sediment control ordinance. (Ord. 08-013 § 1 (Exh. A)(part))

15.24.020 Purpose and policy.

The purpose of this chapter is to reduce the amount of sediment and other pollutants reaching the public sanitary storm and surface water systems resulting from development, construction, grading, excavation, clearing and any other activity which causes or accelerates erosion and to protect wetland, habitat and natural areas within the city, regardless of whether construction or development is occurring at the site. The objective is to control erosion at its source as a means of maintaining and improving water quality and minimizing water pollution, downstream flooding and wildlife habitat damage.

Temporary and permanent measures for all construction projects and land disturbance activities are required to lessen the adverse effects of these activities on the environment. The owner or contractor shall properly install, operate and maintain both temporary and permanent works as provided in this chapter or in an approved plan to protect the environment during the term of the project. Nothing in this chapter shall relieve any person from the obligation to comply with the rules, regulations or permits of any federal, state, or local authority. No permit under this chapter will be issued until land use approval has been granted, unless land use approval is not required.

Failure to comply with the provisions of this chapter is a violation of this code. (Ord. 08-013 § 1 (Exh. A)(part))

15.24.030 Authority.

The city has the authority to take remedial action to abate any condition on property within the city which causes or threatens to cause a public health hazard or a discharge of pollutants to the sanitary or storm water system, or the surface waters of the state, not otherwise permitted by city codes, permits or appropriate county, state or federal rules and regulations.

The rules and regulations of clean water services including R&O 07-20 June 2007 as amended are adopted and made part of this code by reference.

(Ord. 08-013 § 1 (Exh. A)(part))

15.24.040 **Definitions.**

For the purpose of this chapter the following terms, phrases, words and their derivations shall have the meaning given herein. When not inconsistent with the context, words used in the present tense include the future, words in the plural number include the singular number and words in the singular number include the plural number. The words "shall" and "will" are mandatory and "may" is permissive.

"Contractor" means the property owner or authorized agent as defined in ORS 701 -- Construction Contractors Board.

"CWS" or "district" means clean water services.

"Development" has the meaning in the SMC Chapter 16.10.

"Erosion" means the detachment and/or movement of soil particles, rock fragments, mulch, fill or sediment attributable to the flow or pressure from water, wind, gravity, frost and ice or from development activities.

"Sensitive area" means and includes existing and created wetlands; rivers, streams, and springs whether flow is perennial or intermittent; or natural lakes, ponds, and in-stream impoundments.

"SMC" means the Sherwood Municipal Code.

"The property" or "the site" means the subject real property.

"Visible or measurable erosion" means and includes, but is not limited to:

- 1. Deposits of mud, dirt, sediment or similar material exceeding one-half cubic foot in volume on public or private streets, adjacent property, or into the sanitary or storm and surface water systems, either by direct deposit, dropping, discharge, or as a result of the action of erosion.
- 2. Evidence of concentrated flows of water over bare soils, turbid or sediment laden flows; or evidence of on-site erosion such as rivulets on bare soil slopes, where the flow of water is not filtered or captured on the site using appropriate control measures.
- 3. Earth slides, mud flows, earth sloughing, or other earth movement which leaves the property.

"Wetland, habitat and natural areas" has the meaning in SMC Chapter 16.144 Wetland, Habitat, and Natural Areas.

(Ord. 08-013 § 1 (Exh. A)(part))

15.24.050 Erosion prohibited.

Visible or measurable erosion which enters or is likely to enter the public sanitary, storm and surface

water system or leaves the property on which it originates is prohibited. The owner of the property from which erosion originates and any person whose activity on the property causes such erosion shall be deemed responsible for causing such erosion and shall be responsible to stop erosion, to cleanup past erosion, and to prevent erosion from occurring in the future.

The city manager or designee may develop additional erosion control guidelines if such guidelines will equally prevent or protect against erosion. If the city manager develops and applies additional guidelines for implementing erosion control measures, such guidelines shall be published and made available to the public. (Ord. 08-013 § 1 (Exh. A)(part))

15.24.060 Erosion control permits required.

Except as noted below, no person shall cause any change to improved or unimproved real property that causes, will cause, or is likely to cause a temporary or permanent increase in the rate of soil erosion from the site without first obtaining a permit from the city.

Such changes to land shall include, but are not limited to grading, excavating, filling, working of land, or stripping of soil or vegetation from land.

No construction, land development, grading, excavation, fill, or the clearing of land is allowed until the city has issued an erosion control permit covering such work, or the city has determined that no such permit is required.

No public agency or body shall undertake any public works project without first obtaining an erosion control permit covering such work, or receiving a determination from the city that none is required.

An erosion control permit is not required for the following:

- A. For work of a minor nature provided all of the following criteria are met:
 - 1. A complete and reviewed CWS service provider letter;
 - 2. The work does not require a development permit or land use approval from the city;
 - 3. No development activity or disturbance of land surface occurs within one hundred (100) feet of the boundary of a sensitive area, wetland, habitat, or natural area;
 - 4. The slope of the site is less than twenty (20) percent;
 - 5. The work on the site involves the disturbance of less than five hundred (500) square feet of land surface; and
 - 6. The excavation, fill or combination thereof involves less than twenty (20) cubic yards of material.
- B. A permit is not required for interior improvements to an existing structure, and other activities

for which there is no physical disturbance to the surface of the land.

C. A permit is not required for activities within the city which constitute accepted farming practices as defined in ORS 30.930, provided erosion does not cause sedimentation in waters of the state.

An exception from the permit requirement shall not relieve the property or its owner from the prohibitions described in this chapter. (Ord. 08-013 § 1 (Exh. A)(part))

15.24.070 Permit process.

Application for a grading or erosion control permit shall include the following:

- A. A completed city application form;
- B. A copy of the CWS service provider letter and a 1200-C permit if applicable;
- C. Site specific plans with details and specifications necessary to demonstrate the proposed methods and interim facilities to be constructed or used during construction to control erosion. For applications not requiring a 1200-C permit, two complete sets are required. For applications that require a 1200-C permit, six complete sets are required;
- D. Payment of appropriate fees and charges. (Ord. 08-013 § 1 (Exh. A)(part))

15.24.080 Maintenance.

The property owner or holder of an erosion control permit shall at all times maintain the facilities covered by and follow the techniques contained in an approved erosion control plan. If the facilities and techniques approved in an erosion control plan are not effective or sufficient as determined by city site inspection, the permittee shall submit a revised plan within three working days of written notification either by personal delivery or regular mail from the city. Upon approval of the revised plan by the city, the permittee shall immediately implement the additional or revised facilities and techniques of the revised plan. In cases where erosion is occurring, the city may require the applicant to install interim control measures prior to submittal of the revised erosion control plan.

In no event will the city be responsible for the failure of any approved erosion control plan. (Ord. 08-013 § 1 (Exh. A)(part))

15.24.090 Inspection.

Prior to initiating activities on the site, the permit holder must request an inspection of the site's erosion control measures from the city. The city may conduct follow-up inspections at its discretion. (Ord. 08-013 § 1 (Exh. A)(part))

15.24.100 Physical erosion.

No person shall drag, drop, track or otherwise place or deposit, or allow to be placed or deposited mud, dirt, rock or other debris upon a public street or into any part of a public sanitary, storm or surface water system which drains or connects to the public storm or a surface water system. Any such deposit of material shall be immediately removed using hand labor or mechanical means. No material shall be washed or flushed into any part of the storm or surface water system without approved erosion control measures first being installed to the satisfaction of the city.

(Ord. 08-013 § 1 (Exh. A)(part))

15.24.110 Permit fee.

The city may establish a fee for the review of plans, administration, inspection and field enforcement.

No permit shall be issued and no regulated activity requiring a permit shall occur until required fees are first paid.

(Ord. 08-013 § 1 (Exh. A)(part))

15.24.120 Bond and insurance.

A performance bond and project insurance are required for projects with a cost estimate for the work greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000.00). Public utilities are exempt from posting performance bonds and insurance if the project is less than one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000.00) and if the utility has provided a letter to the city demonstrating that they are both self insured and bonded. An exemption letter must be provided to the city on a yearly basis.

A performance bond is required to insure the performance and timely completion of the work in accordance with the terms and provisions of the permit. The bond shall indemnify and save harmless the city of Sherwood and members thereof, its officers, employees and agents, against any direct or indirect damages or claim of every kind and description that shall be suffered or claimed to be suffered in connection with or arising out of the work covered by the permit. The bond amount shall equal or exceed the value of the work but in no case be less than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000.00).

The owner or contractor shall maintain in force for the duration of this permit insurance coverage for general liability not less than five hundred thousand dollars (\$500,000.00). (Ord. 08-013 § 1 (Exh. A)(part))

Chapter 15.28

ENFORCEMENT AND REMEDIES

Sections:

15.28.010 Purpose.

15.28.020 Definitions.

15.28.030 Responsible officer.

15.28.040 Violation.

15.28.050 Nonexclusivity.

15.28.060 Separate violations.

15.28.070 Notice of violation--Service.

15.28.080 Stop work orders. 15.28.090 Appeals. 15.28.100 Penalties.

15.28.010 Purpose.

This chapter is to ensure all construction activity (including erosion control and demolition of structures) taking place in the city conforms to the applicable provisions of the Sherwood Municipal Code (SMC) as well as rules and regulations of clean water services (CWS). It does this by providing the city manager (or their designate) with authority to issue stop work and other orders, impose civil penalties and take such remedial action(s) as are deemed reasonable and necessary by the city manager to effect compliance with the SMC or CWS rule or regulation.

(Ord. No. 2010-012, § 1, 8-3-2010; Ord. 08-014, § 1 (Exh. A)(part))

15.28.020 Definitions.

As used in this chapter, the following terms shall, unless the context requires differently, shall mean as follows:

"City" means the City of Sherwood, Oregon.

"City manager" means the Sherwood city manager and includes any person(s) designated by the city manager to enforce the terms of this chapter.

"CWS" means clean water services.

"Imminent public health hazard" means any condition posing an immediate threat to the health or safety of the public at large or property in the city.

"Person" means and includes any person or entity capable of or owning owning/controlling real property in the city, including (but not limited to) individuals, partnerships, corporations and unincorporated associations.

"SMC" means Sherwood Municipal Code.

"Structure" means an edifice or building of any kind or any piece of work artificially built up or composed of parts joined together in some definite manner. (Ord. No. 2010-012, § 1, 8-3-2010; Ord. 08-014, § 1 (Exh. A)(part))

15.28.030 Responsible officer.

The city manager or their designate is authorized to enforce the provisions of this chapter. That person(s) has authority to investigate complaints and conduct inspection(s) deemed necessary to ensure compliance with the terms of the SMC, CWS rules and regulations and/or a permit lawfully issued by an appropriate authority.

(Ord. No. 2010-012, § 1, 8-3-2010; Ord. 08-014, § 1 (Exh. A)(part))

15.28.040 Violation.

No person, firm, corporation, or other entity however organized, shall allow, suffer or permit any activity associated with the construction, repair, reconstruction, use, occupancy, demolition and/or maintenance of a structure located in the city to occur without said activity conforming to the requirements imposed by the SMC and/or CWS rules and regulations on that activity and consistent with the terms of permit(s) lawfully issued by an appropriate authority for said activity.

(Ord. No. 2010-012, § 1, 8-3-2010; Ord. 08-014, § 1 (Exh. A)(part))

15.28.050 Nonexclusivity.

This chapter is in addition to any other right or remedy afforded the city as may be provided elsewhere in the city code or as allowed under state or federal law to enforce the terms of its code and other regulation(s) including right(s) or remedy to summarily abate condition(s) on property within or without the city which threaten to or cause an imminent public health hazard in the city. (Ord. 08-014, § 1 (Exh. A)(part))

15.28.060 Separate violations.

Each violation of a separate provision of the SMC, CWS rule or regulation or permit term or condition over which the city has jurisdiction may be treated as a separate violation and each day a violation is committed, is allowed or suffered to continue may also be deemed a separate violation. (Ord. 08-014, § 1 (Exh. A)(part))

15.28.070 Notice of violation--Service.

- A. If a violation is determined to exist, the city manager will deliver or cause to be delivered notice of the violation to the owner(s) of the property and/or such other person(s) as the city manager reasonably believes is "a person in charge" of the property and/or violation. A "person in charge of the property" is one who has access to and/or control over the property and its use.
- B. Notice shall be accomplished by either personal service or by certified first class mail, return receipt requested. Notice may also be posted on the property or in any manner or combination of manners which under all the circumstances is most reasonably calculated to apprise the person(s) of the existence of the violation and pendency of the notice.
 - C. The notice shall contain, at a minimum, the following:
 - 1. Location and nature of the violation;
 - 2. The provision or provision(s) of this code or other regulation(s) or permit term(s) over which the city has jurisdiction that have been violated;
 - 3. Whether the manager is seeking imposition of civil penalties and if so, the amount and the reasons supporting imposition thereof consistent with the reasons set out in SMC Section 15.28.100;

- 4. The effective date of the notice;
- 5. The existence of a right to appeal the notice of violation and, if applicable, the imposition and/or amount of any civil penalty or other cost sought by the city manager consistent with SMC Section 15.28.090; and
- 6. That failure to appeal any civil penalty or other cost sought by the city may result in the imposition of a lien on the property for the amount of said civil penalty or cost.
- D. A defect in the notice neither affects the validity thereof nor its enforceability. (Ord. No. 2010-012, § 1, 8-3-2010; Ord. 08-014, § 1 (Exh. A)(part))

15.28.080 Stop work orders.

- A. The city manager may order any or all work reasonably believed to contribute to the violation(s) to be immediately stopped, curtailed or adjusted so as to minimize or eliminate any adverse impact(s) to persons or property as a result of the violation(s).
- B. A stop work order will be in writing and delivered, in a manner consistent with the provisions set out in Section 15.28.070.
- C. Upon receipt of the stop work order, all work, conduct or activity identified in the stop work order as being violative of the SMC, CWS rule or regulation or lawfully issued permit shall immediately cease and not thereafter recommence until authorized by the city manager in writing, such other regulatory agency with jurisdiction over the work, the city's municipal court or other court of competent jurisdiction.
- D. Remedial work to abate or minimize the effects of the violation may occur while a stop work order is outstanding if approved in advance and in writing by the city manager.
- E. The failure to stop work consistent with this provision shall constitute a separate violation of the Sherwood Municipal Code.
- F. In the event that the city manager reasonably believes that condition(s) on property are such as to constitute an immediate threat to the health, safety and welfare of the city or any of its residents, and the owner or person in charge thereof fails, refuses or neglects to effectively remediate the condition as required by the city manager, the city manager may then take such actions as are deemed necessary and appropriate to remediate the condition and to thereafter make the city's costs for such actions a lien on the property. (Ord. No. 2010-012, § 1, 8-3-2010; Ord. 08-014 § 1 (Exh. A)(part))

15.28.090 Appeals.

A. Any person, firm, corporation or other entity however organized entitled to notice under Section 15.28.070 or 15.28.080 may appeal the notice by filing an appeal with the city manager, or the city manager's designee. The city manager's designee shall not be the building official or building inspector. Any appeal must be filed not later than ten working days after the effective date of the notice or order. The appeal must be in

writing and shall be accompanied by a appeal fee as noted in the City of Sherwood Fee Schedule, and contain, at a minimum, information on the following:

- 1. A heading entitled: "Before the City Manager for the City of Sherwood, Oregon."
- 2. A listing of the names of all appellants participating in the appeal along with a brief statement setting forth the legal interest of each appellant in the property involved in the notice.
- 3. A brief statement concerning the basis for the appeal together with any material fact(s) claimed to support those contentions and why the protested notice or action should be reversed, modified or otherwise set aside.
- 4. The signatures of all parties named as appellants and their official mailing addresses and telephone numbers.
- B. The city manager shall schedule a hearing on the appeal as soon as is reasonably possible, but in no event later than thirty (30) days after receipt of the appeal, unless otherwise agreed to by the city and appellants. At least ten (10) days prior to the hearing, the city shall mail notice of the time and location thereof to the appellant. At the time of the hearing on the appeal, the city manager shall allow city and appellant to present evidence with the burden thereof supporting a fact or position resting on the proponent of the fact or position. Irrelevant, immaterial or unduly repetitious evidence shall be excluded. All evidence of a type commonly relied upon by reasonably prudent persons in the conduct of their serious affairs shall be admissible.
- C. After the close of the hearing, the city manager shall issue a written decision within ten (10) days of the hearing date. The written decision of the city manager is final. (Ord. No. 2010-012, § 1, 8-3-2010; Ord. 08-014, § 1 (Exh. A)(part))

15.28.100 Penalties.

- A. Unless specifically limited elsewhere in the Sherwood Municipal Code, the city manager is authorized to seek a civil penalty from any violator in an amount of up to one thousand dollars (\$1,000.00) for each violation of any of the provision(s) of the SMC, CWS rules and regulations or a lawfully issued permit.
- B. When determining the amount of a civil penalty, the city manager and, if appealed, shall consider, at a minimum, the following factors and set out in the notice or determination those believed to apply to a situation:
 - 1. Prior violations and whether those violations were remedied in a timely manner;
 - 2. The magnitude of the violation;
 - 3. Whether the violation was repeated or continuous; and
- 4. Whether the violation was intentional or otherwise. (Ord. No. 2010-012, § 1, 8-3-2010; Ord. 08-014, § 1 (Exh. A)(part))

Title 16

ZONING AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT CODE

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Division I.

GENERAL PROVISIONS

Chapter 16.02

INTRODUCTION*

Sections: 16.02.010 Title 16.02.020 Purpose 16.02.030 Conformance Required 16.02.040 Violations
16.02.050 Interpretation
16.02.060 Savings Clause
16.02.070 Conflicting Ordinances
16.02.080 Regional, State and Federal Regulations
16.02.090 Community Development Plan

* Editor's Note: Some sections may not contain a history.

16.02.010 Title

Title Ordinance shall be known as the City of Sherwood, Oregon Zoning and Community Development Code, Part 3 of the City Comprehensive Plan, hereinafter referred to as the "Code".

16.02.020 Purpose

This Code is enacted to:

- A. Encourage the most appropriate use of land.
- B. Conserve and stabilize the value of property.
- C. Preserve natural resources.
- D. Facilitate fire and police protection.
- E. Provide adequate open space for light and air.
- F. Minimize congestion on streets.
- G. Promote orderly growth of the City.
- H. Prevent undue concentrations of population.
- I. Facilitate adequate provision of community facilities.
- J. Promote in other ways the public health, safety, convenience, and general welfare.
- K. Enable implementation of the Sherwood Comprehensive Plan in compliance with State Land Use Goals.

16.02.030 Conformance Required

The use of all land, as well as the construction, reconstruction, enlargement, structural alteration, movement, use, or occupation of any structure within the City shall conform to the requirements of this Code, except as allowed by Chapter 16.48. Age, gender or physical disability shall not be an adverse consideration in making a land use decision as defined in ORS 197.015 § 10.

16.02.040 Violations

Upon failure to comply with or maintain any provision of this Code, or with any restrictions or conditions imposed hereunder, the City may withhold or withdraw any City land use approvals, permits, licenses, or utility services until the appropriate correction(s) is made. Notwithstanding any such action taken by the City, any person, firm or corporation who violates, disobeys, omits, neglects, or refuses to comply with any of the provisions of this Code, or who resists the enforcement of such provisions, shall be subject to civil penalties of no more than five-hundred dollars (\$500.00) for each offense. Each day that a violation is permitted to exist shall constitute a separate offense.

16.02.050 Interpretation

The provisions of this Code shall be interpreted as minimum requirements. When this Code imposes a greater restriction than is required by other provisions of law, or by other regulations, resolutions, easements, covenants or agreements between parties, the provisions of this Code shall control.

16.02.060 Savings Clause

Should any section, clause or provision of this Code be declared invalid by a court of competent jurisdiction, the decision shall not affect the validity of the Code as a whole or of the remaining sections. Each section, clause, and phrase is declared severable.

16.02.070 Conflicting Ordinances

All zoning, subdivision, and other land development ordinances previously enacted by the City are superseded and replaced by this Code.

16.02.080 Regional, State and Federal Regulations

All development within the City shall adhere to all applicable regional, State and Federal air quality, water quality, noise, odor, building, wetlands, solid waste, natural resource, and other regulations and statutes.

16.02.090 Community Development Plan

This Code shall be administered in conjunction with, and in a manner that is consistent with, the policies and strategies adopted in the City of Sherwood, Oregon, Community Development Plan, Part 2 of the City Comprehensive Plan. The City Zoning Map, the Transportation Plan Map, the Natural Resources and Recreation Plan Map, the Water Service Plan Map, the Storm Drainage Plan Map, and the Sanitary Sewer Service Plan Map are extracted from the Community Development Plan, and attached to this Code as appendices. References to these maps shall be deemed to include all applicable policies, standards and strategies contained in Chapters 4, 5, 6, and 7 of the Community Development Plan.

Chapter 16.04

ESTABLISHMENT OF ZONING DISTRICTS*

Sections: 16.04.010 Districts

* Editor's Note: Some sections may not contain a history.

16.04.010 Districts

For the purposes of this Code, the City is hereby divided into the following zoning districts:

Very Low Density	VLDR	
Residential		
Low Density Residential	LDR	
Medium Density	MDRL	
Residential-Low		
Medium Density	MDRH	
Residential-High		
High Density Residential	HDR	
Neighborhood Commercial	NC	
Office Commercial	OC	
Office Retail	OR	
Retail Commercial	RC	
General Commercial	GC	
Light Industrial	LI	
General Industrial	GI	
Flood Plain Overlay	FP	
Institutional/Public	IP	
Old Town Overlay	OT	

16.04.020 Official Map

Zoning district boundaries are shown on the Official Plan and Zoning Map of the City. This Map is made part of this Code by reference, and shall be kept on file in the City Recorder's office. Any future changes to the zoning of land within the City shall be appropriately depicted on the Plan and Zoning Map and certified as to the date of amendment. The Official Plan and Zoning Map shall be the first and final reference point for verifying other land use mapping and in determining actual zoning district boundaries. A dated reproduction of the Official Plan and Zoning Map is attached as Appendix A.

16.04.030 Zoning District Boundaries

The Commission shall resolve any dispute over the exact location of a zoning district boundary. In interpreting the location of such boundaries on the Official Plan and Zoning Map, the Commission shall rely on the following guidelines:

- A. Unless otherwise indicated, zoning district boundaries are the centerlines of streets, roads, highways, alleys, or such lines extended.
- B. Where a boundary line follows or nearly coincides with a section, lot or property ownership line, the boundary shall be construed as following such line.
- C. In the event that a dedicated street, road, highway, or alley is vacated by ordinance, the zoning

regulations applicable to abutting property shall apply up to the centerline of such rights-of-way.

D. If a right-of-way is vacated in total to one (1) property, the zoning of that property shall apply to the total vacated right-of-way.

16.04.040 Urban Growth Area

The zoning districts shown on the Official Plan and Zoning Map, for land outside of the incorporated area of the City but within the Urban Growth Boundary, shall serve as a guide to development in these areas. Actual land use regulation and development shall be controlled under the terms of the Urban Planning Area Agreement between the City and Washington County. This Agreement is made part of this Code by reference and is attached as Appendix H. An area incorporated into the City shall, upon annexation, be given an interim zoning consistent with the Official Plan and Zoning Map. The City shall provide notice of this interim zoning as per Section 16.72.020. No hearing shall be required and the interim zoning shall be considered final thirty (30) days after mailing of said notice.

Chapter 16.06

PLANNING COMMISSION*

Sections:

16.06.010 Appointment and Membership 16.06.020 Officers, Minutes, and Voting 16.06.030 Conflicts of Interest 16.06.040 Powers and Duties

* Editor's Note: Some sections may not contain a history.

16.06.010 Appointment and Membership

- A. The City Planning Commission shall consist of seven (7) members to be appointed by the Council for terms of four (4) years. Two (2) members may be non-residents of the City, provided they reside within the Sherwood portion of the Urban Growth Boundary. Commission members shall receive no compensation for their services, but shall be reimbursed for duly authorized expenses.
- B. A Commission member may be removed by a majority vote of the Council for misconduct or non-performance of duty, as determined by the Council. Any vacancy shall be filled by the Council for the unexpired term of the predecessor in office.
- C. No more than two (2) Commission members shall be engaged principally in the buying, selling, or developing of real estate for profit as individuals, or be members of any partnership, or officers or employees of any corporation that is engaged principally in the buying, selling, or developing of real estate for profit. No more than two (2) members shall be engaged in the same kind of business, trade or profession.

16.06.020 Officers, Minutes, and Voting

A. The Commission shall, at its first meeting in each odd-numbered year, elect a chair and vice-chair who shall be voting members and who shall hold office at the pleasure of the Commission.

- B. Before any meeting of the Commission, public notice shall be given as required by State statute and this Code. Accurate records of all Commission proceedings shall be kept by the City, and maintained on file in the City Recorder's office.
- C. A majority of members of the Commission shall constitute a quorum. A majority vote of those members, not less than a quorum, present at an open meeting of the Commission shall be necessary to legally act on any matter before the Commission. The Commission may make and alter rules of procedure consistent with the laws of the State of Oregon, the City Charter, and City ordinances.

16.06.030 Conflicts of Interest

- A. Commission members shall not participate in any Commission proceeding or action in which they hold a direct or substantial financial interest, or when such interest is held by a member's immediate family. Additionally, a member shall not participate when an action involves any business in which they have been employed within the previous two (2) years, or any business with which they have a prospective partnership or employment.
- B. Any actual or potential interest by a Commission member in a land use action as per Subsection A of this Section shall be disclosed by that member at the meeting of the Commission where the action is being taken. Commission members shall also disclose any pre-hearing or ex parte contacts with applicants, officers, agents, employees, or any other parties to an application before the Commission. Ex-parte contacts shall not invalidate a final decision or action of the Commission, provided that the member receiving the contact indicates the substance of the ex-parte communication and of the right of parties to rebut said content at the first hearing where action will be considered or taken.

16.06.040 Powers and Duties

Except as otherwise provided by law, the Commission shall be vested with all powers and duties, and shall conduct all business, as set forth in the laws of the State of Oregon, the City Charter, and City ordinances.

Chapter 16.08

HEARINGS OFFICER*

Sections:

16.08.010 Appointment 16.08.020 Minutes 16.08.030 Conflicts of Interest 16.08.040 Powers and Duties

* Editor's Note: Some sections may not contain a history.

16.08.010 Appointment

- A. The City Council shall appoint a Hearings Officer to serve at the pleasure of the City Council. The Hearings Officer shall be selected as provided in the City's contracting rules for personal service contracts. The Hearings Officer may be terminated by a majority vote of the City Council.
 - B. The City Council may appoint another Hearings Officer to serve as a backup to the Hearings

Officer under § 16.08.010 A. above. The Hearings Officer appointed under § 16.08.010.A. shall notify the City when the Hearings Officer is unavailable.

C. If the office of the Hearings Officer is vacant or a Hearings Officer is unavailable, the Planning Commission shall perform all duties of the Hearings Officer. (Ord. No. 2010-002, § 2, 2-16-2010)

16.08.020 Minutes

Before any meeting of the Hearings Officer, public notice shall be given as required by state statute and this Code. Accurate records of all Hearings officer proceedings shall be kept by the City and maintained on file in the City Recorder's Office.

16.08.030 Conflicts of Interest

- A. The Hearings Officer shall not participate in any proceeding or action in which they hold a direct or substantial financial interest, or when such interest is held by a member's immediate family. Additionally, the Hearings Officer shall not participate when an action involves any business in which they have been employed within the previous two (2) years, or any business with which they have a prospective partnership or employment.
- B. Any actual or potential interest by the Hearings officer in a land use action shall be disclosed by the Hearings officer at the meeting where the action is being taken. The Hearings Officer shall also disclose any pre-hearing or ex-parte contacts with applicants, officers, agents, employees, or any other parties to an application before the Hearings Officer. Ex-parte contacts shall not invalidate a final decision or action of the Hearings Officer, provided that the Hearings Officer indicates the substance of the ex-parte communication and of the right of parties to rebut said content at the first hearing where action will be considered or taken.

16.08.040 Powers and Duties

Except as otherwise provided by law, the Hearings Officer shall be vested with all powers and duties, and shall conduct all business, as set forth in the laws of the State of Oregon, the City Charter, this Code, and City ordinances.

Chapter 16.10

DEFINITIONS*

Sections:

16.10.010 GENERALLY 16.10.020 SPECIFICALLY

* Editor's Note: Some sections may not contain a history.

16.10.010 GENERALLY

All words used in this Code, except where specifically defined herein, shall carry their customary meanings. Words used in the present tense include the future tense; words used in the future tense include the

present tense; the plural includes the singular, and the masculine includes the feminine and neuter. The word "building" includes the word "structure"; the word "shall" is mandatory; the word "will" or "may" are permissive; the words "occupied" and "uses" shall be considered as though followed by the words "or intended, arranged, or designed to be used or occupied."

Where terms are not defined, they shall have their ordinary accepted meanings within the context with which they are used. Webster's Third New International Dictionary of the English Language, Unabridged, copyright 1986, shall be considered as providing ordinarily accepted meanings.

16.10.020 SPECIFICALLY

The following terms shall have specific meaning when used in this Code:

Abut: Contiguous to, in contact with, or adjoining with a common property line; two properties separated by another parcel, lot, tract or right-of-way measuring twenty (20) feet in width or less, shall be considered abutting for the purposes of interpreting the infill-related development standards. See also, Adjacent.

Access: The way or means by which pedestrians and vehicles enter and leave property.

Accessory Building/Use: A subordinate building or use which is customarily incidental to that of the principal use or building located on the same property.

Adjacent: A relative term meaning nearby; may or may not be in actual contact with each other, but are not separated by things of the same kind. For example, a lot is adjacent to a lot across the street because the lots are separated by a street, not an intervening lot.

Alteration: An addition, removal, or reconfiguration which significantly changes the character of a historic resource, including new construction in historic districts.

Apartment: Each dwelling unit contained in a multi-family dwelling or a dwelling unit that is secondary to the primary use of a non-residential building.

Assisted Living Facilities: A program approach, within a physical structure, which provides or coordinates a range of services, available on a 24-hour basis, for support of resident independence in a residential setting.

Automobile Sales Area: An open area, other than a street, used for the display, sale, or rental of new or used automobiles, and where no repair work is done, except minor incidental repair of automobiles to be displayed, sold, or rented on the premises.

Base Flood: The flood having a one percent (1%) chance of being equaled or exceeded in any given year. Also referred to as the "100-year flood" or "100-year flood plain".

Basement: Any floor level below the first story in a building, except as otherwise defined in the Uniform Building Code and this Code.

Board-and-batten: Wall covering composed of solid wood wide boards, and solid wood narrow strips. Wide boards are attached vertically with small spaces remaining. Narrow strips, or batten, are attached over spaces between boards.

(Ord. 2006-009 § 2)

Boarding or Rooming House: Any building or portion thereof containing not more than five (5) guest rooms where rent is paid in money, goods, labor or otherwise.

Building: Any structure used, intended for, supporting or sheltering any use or occupancy. Each portion of a structure separated by a division wall without any openings shall be deemed a separate building.

Building Area: That portion of a property that can be occupied by the principal use, thus excluding the front, side and rear yards.

Building, Existing: Any building erected prior to the adoption of this Code or one for which a legal building permit has been issued.

Building Height: The vertical distance above a reference datum measured to the highest point of the coping of a flat roof or to the deck line of a mansard roof or to the average height of the highest gable of a pitched or hipped roof. The height of a stepped or terraced building is the maximum height of any segment of the building. The reference datum shall be selected by the following criteria, whichever yields the greater height:

- A. The elevation of the highest adjoining sidewalk or ground surface within a five (5) foot horizontal distance of the exterior wall of the building, when such sidewalk or ground surface is not more than ten (10) feet above lowest grade.
- B. An elevation ten (10) feet higher than the lowest grade, when the sidewalk or ground surface described in this Section is more than ten (10) feet above lowest grade.

Building Official: The City employee or agent charged with the administration and enforcement of the Uniform Building Code and other applicable regulations.

Building Permit: A permit issued under the terms of the Uniform Building Code.

Buffer: A landscaped area, wall, berm or other structure or use established to separate and protect land uses.

Change in Use: A change to a parcel of land, a premise or a building which creates a change in vehicular trip generation activities, which changes the minimum parking requirements of this Code, or which changes the use classification as defined by this Code or the Uniform Building Code.

Church: Any bona-fide place of worship, including Sunday School buildings, parsonages, church halls, and other buildings customarily accessory to places of worship.

City: The City of Sherwood, Oregon and its duly authorized officials, employees, consultants and

agents.

Clean Water Services: An agency of Washington County providing for sanitary sewer collection and treatment, and for storm water management.

Code: The City of Sherwood, Oregon Zoning and Community Development Code, Part 3 of the City of Sherwood Comprehensive Plan.

Co-Location: The placement of two or more antenna systems or platforms by separate FCC license holders on a structure such as a support structure, building, water tank or utility pole.

Commercial Trade School: Any private school or institution operated for profit that is not included in the definitions of an educational institution or school.

Commission: The City of Sherwood Planning Commission.

Common-Wall Dwelling: Dwelling units with shared walls such as two-family, and multi-family dwellings.

Community Development Plan: Part 2 of the City of Sherwood Comprehensive Plan.

Compatible: Any structures or uses capable of existing together in a harmonious, orderly, efficient, and integrated manner, considering building orientation, privacy, lot size, buffering, access and circulation.

Comprehensive Plan: The City of Sherwood Comprehensive Plan.

Conditional Use: A use permitted subject to special conditions or requirements as defined in any given zoning district and Chapter 16.82 of the Code.

Condominium: An individually-owned dwelling unit in a multi-family housing development with common areas and facilities.

Convalescent Homes: See Nursing Home in this Code.

Council: The City of Sherwood City Council.

Day-Care Facility: Any facility that provides day care to six (6) or more children, including a child day care center or group day care home, including those known under a descriptive name, such as nursery school, preschool, kindergarten, child playschool, child development center, except for those facilities excluded by law, and family day care providers as defined by this Code. This term applies to the total day care operation and it includes the physical setting, equipment, staff, provider, program, and care of children.

Deed Restriction: A covenant or contract constituting a burden on the use of private property for the benefit of property owners in the same subdivision, adjacent property owners, the public or the City of Sherwood, and designed to mitigate or protect against adverse impacts of a development or use to ensure compliance with a Comprehensive Plan.

Demolish: To raze, destroy, dismantle, deface or in any other manner cause partial or total ruin of a structure or resource.

Density: The intensity of residential land uses per acre, stated as the number of dwelling units per net buildable acre. Net acre means an area measuring 43,560 square feet after excluding present and future rights-of-way, environmentally constrained areas, public parks and other public uses.

Designated Landmark: A property officially recognized by the City of Sherwood as important in its history, culture, or architectural significance.

Designated Landmarks Register: The list of, and record of information about, properties officially recognized by the City of Sherwood as important in its history.

Development: Any man-made change to improved or unimproved real property or structures, including but not limited to construction, installation, or alteration of a building or other structure; change in use of a building or structure; land division; establishment or termination of rights of access; storage on the land; tree cutting; drilling; and any site alteration such as land surface mining, dredging, grading, construction of earthen berms, paving, parking improvements, excavation or clearing.

Development Plan: Any plan adopted by the City for the guidance of growth and improvement in the City.

Drive-In Restaurant: Any establishment dispensing food and/or drink, that caters primarily to customers who remain, or leave and return, to their automobile for consumption of the food and/or drink, including business designed for serving customers at a drive-up window or in automobiles.

Dwelling Unit: Any room, suite of rooms, enclosure, building or structure designed or used as a residence for one (1) family as defined by this Code, and containing sleeping, kitchen and bathroom facilities.

Dwelling, Single-Family: A structure containing one (1) dwelling unit.

Dwelling, Single-Family Attached: A single structure on two (2) lots, containing two (2) individual dwelling units, but with a common wall and a common property line. Otherwise identical to a two-family dwelling.

Dwelling, Two-Family: A single structure on one (1) lot containing two (2) individual dwelling units, sharing a common wall, but with separate entrances. Also referred to as a duplex.

Dwelling, Multi-Family: A single structure containing three (3) or more dwelling units.

Easement: The grant of the legal right to use of land for specified purposes.

Educational Institution: Any bona-fide place of education or instruction, including customary accessory buildings, uses, and activities, that is administered by a legally-organized school district; church or religious organization; the State of Oregon; or any agency, college, and university operated as an educational institution

under charter or license from the State of Oregon. An educational institution is not a commercial trade school as defined by Section 16.10.020.

Established Neighborhood: An existing residential area that is taken into consideration when infill development is proposed. See Chapter 16.68, Infill Development Standards, intended to promote compatibility between existing residential areas and new development through controls on the type, height, size, scale, or character of new buildings.

Environmentally Constrained Land: Any portion of land located within the floodway, 100 year floodplain, wetlands and/or vegetated corridor as defined by Clean Water Services.

Environmentally Sensitive Land: Land that does not meet the definition of environmentally constrained, but which is identified on the inventory of Regionally Significant Riparian and Wildlife Habitat Map adopted as Map V-2 of the Sherwood Comprehensive Plan, Part 2.

Expedited Land Division: A residential land division process which must be expedited within 63 days of receiving a complete application in accordance with ORS 197.360. The decision is rendered without a public hearing and must meet applicable land use regulation requirements. All appeals of expedited land divisions must be decided by a hearings officer.

Extraordinary Historic Importance: The quality of historic significance achieved outside the usual norms of age, association, or rarity.

Evergreen: A plant which maintains year-round foliage.

Ex-parte Contact: Contact or information passed between a party with an interest in a quasi-judicial land use decision and a member of the Council or Commission, when such information is not generally available to other members of the Council or Commission, or other interested persons. The member shall disclose any pre-hearing or ex-parte contacts with applicants, officers, agents, employees, or other parties to an application before the Council or Commission. Ex-parte contacts with a member of the Commission or Council shall not invalidate a final decision or action of the Commission or Council, provided that the member receiving the contact indicates the substance of the content of the ex-parte communication and of the right of parties to rebut said content at the first hearing where action will be considered or taken.

Extra Capacity Improvements: Improvements that are defined as necessary in the interest of public health, safety and welfare by Divisions V, VI, and VIII of this Code, and the Community Development Plan, to increase the capacities of collector or arterial streets; water, sewer, storm drainage or other utility facilities; and parks and open space.

Family: One (1) person living alone or two (2) or more persons related by blood, marriage, or adoption; or a group not exceeding five (5) persons living together as a single housekeeping unit, excluding occupants of a boardinghouse, fraternity, hotel, or similar use.

Family Day Care Provider: A day care provider which accommodates fewer than thirteen (13) children in the provider's home.

Fence: Any open or closed structure used to enclose any lot or parcel of ground, and usually constructed of wire, wood, brick, cement block, or stone.

Fiber Board (also pressboard or stucco board): A building material composed of wood chips or plant fibers bonded together with or without stucco and compressed into rigid sheets.

Fiber Cement Board (i.e. HardiPlank): A fire resistant building material composed of wood fiber and cement compressed into clapboard.

Fire District: Tualatin Valley Fire and Rescue.

Flag Lot: A building lot which is provided access to a public street by means of a narrow strip of land with minimal frontage.

Flood Plain: The flood-hazard area adjoining a river, stream or other water course, that is subject to inundation by a base flood. The flood plain includes the floodway and floodway fringe, and the City greenway, as defined by this Code.

Floodway: The channel of a river, stream or other watercourse, and the adjoining areas of the flood plain, required to discharge the base flood without cumulatively increasing the water surface elevation of said watercourse by more than one (1) foot.

Flood Fringe: The area of the flood plain lying outside of the floodway.

Footcandle: A unit of illumination. One footcandle is the intensity of illumination when a source of one (1) candlepower illuminates a screen one (1) foot away.

Frontage: That side of a parcel abutting on a street or right-of-way ordinarily regarded as the front of the parcel, except that the shortest side of a corner lot facing a street, shall not be deemed the lot frontage.

Garage: A building or a portion thereof which is designed to house, store, repair or keep motor vehicles.

Government Structure: Any structure used by a federal, state, local government, or special district agency.

Ground Floor Area: The total area of a building measured by taking the largest outside dimensions of the building, exclusive of open porches, breezeways, terraces, garages, exterior stairways, and secondary stairways.

Hard Surface: Any man-made surface that prevents or retards the saturation of water into land, or that causes water to run-off in greater quantities or increased rates, than existed under natural conditions prior to development. Common hard surfaces include but are not limited to: roofs, streets, driveways, sidewalks and walkways, patios, parking and loading areas, and other graveled, oiled, macadam or concrete surfaces. Also referred to as impermeable surface.

Hazardous Waste: Has the meaning given that term in ORS 466.005.

Hearing Authority: The City of Sherwood Planning Commission, City Council, Landmarks Advisory Board or Hearings Officer.

Hearings Officer: An individual appointed by the City Council to perform the duties as specified in this Code.

Historic Integrity: The quality of wholeness of historic location, design, setting, materials, workmanship, feeling, and/or association of a resource, as opposed to its physical condition.

Historic Resource: A building, structure, object, site, or district which meets the significance and integrity criteria for designation as a landmark. Resource types are further described as:

Object: A construction which is primarily artistic or commemorative in nature and not normally movable or part of a building or structure, e.g., statue, fountain, milepost, monument, sign, etc.

- A. **Site:** The location of a significant event, use, or occupation which may include associated standing, ruined, or underground features, e.g., battlefield, shipwreck, campsite, cemetery, natural feature, garden, food-gathering area, etc.
- B. **District:** A geographically defined area possessing a significant concentration of buildings, structures, objects, and/or sites which are unified historically by plan or physical development, e.g., downtown, residential, neighborhood, military reservation, ranch complex, etc.
- C. Primary, Secondary, & Contributing: Historic ranking in descending order based on four scoring criteria for surveyed properties -- historical, architectural, use considerations, and physical and site characteristics.

Historic Resources of Statewide Significance: Buildings, structures, objects, sites, and districts which are listed on the Federal National Register of Historic Places.

Hogged Fuel: Fuel generated from wood or other waste that has been fed through a machine that reduces it to a practically uniform size of chips, shreds, or pellets.

Home Occupation: An occupation or a profession customarily carried on in a residential dwelling unit by a member or members of a family residing in the dwelling unit and clearly incidental and secondary to the use of the dwelling unit for residential purposes.

Hotel: A building or buildings in which there are more than five (5) sleeping rooms occupied as temporary dwelling places, which rooms customarily do not contain full kitchen facilities, but may include kitchenettes.

Homeowners Association: A formally organized group of homeowners within a single housing development having shared responsibility for portions of the development such as building, landscaping, or parking maintenance, or other activities provided for by covenant or legal agreement.

Household: All persons occupying a group of rooms or a single room which constitutes a dwelling unit.

Inert Material: Solid waste material that remains materially unchanged by variations in chemical, environmental, storage, and use conditions reasonably anticipated at the facility.

Inventory of Historic Resources: The record of information about resources potentially significant in the history of the City of Sherwood as listed in the Cultural Resource Inventory (1989), and hereafter amended.

Junk: Materials stored or deposited in yards and open areas for extended periods, including inoperable or abandoned motor vehicles, inoperable or abandoned machinery, motor vehicle and machinery parts, broken or discarded furniture and household equipment, yard debris and household waste, scrap metal, used lumber, and other similar materials.

Junk-Yard: Any lot or site exceeding two hundred (200) square feet in area used for the storage, keeping, or abandonment of junk as defined by this Code.

Kennel: Any lot or premise on which four (4) or more dogs or cats more than four (4) months of age are kept.

Laboratory, Medical or Dental: A laboratory which provides bacteriological, biological, medical, x-ray, pathological and similar analytical or diagnostic services to doctors or dentists, and where no fabrication is conducted on the premises except the custom fabrication of dentures.

Landmarks Board: The City of Sherwood Landmarks Advisory Board.

Leachate: Liquid that has come into direct contact with solid waste and contains dissolved and/or suspended contaminants as a result of such contact.

Level of Service (LOS): A measure of the overall comfort afforded to motorists as they pass through a roadway segment or intersection, based on such things as impediments caused by other vehicles, number and duration of stops, travel time, and the reserve capacity of a road or an intersection (i.e., that portion of the available time that is not used). LOS generally is referred to by the letters "A" though "F", with LOS "E" or "F" being generally unacceptable. LOS generally is calculated using the methodology in the Highway Capacity Manual, Special Report 209, by the Transportation Research Board (1985).

Limited Land Use Decision: A final decision or determination in accordance with ORS 197.195 made by a local government pertaining to a site within an urban growth boundary which concerns: 1) the approval or denial of a subdivision or partition, or 2) the approval or denial of an application based on discretionary standards designed to regulate the physical characteristics of a use permitted outright but not limited to site review and design review.

Loading or Unloading Space: An off-street space or berth for the temporary parking of vehicles while loading or unloading merchandise or materials.

Lower Explosive Limit: The minimum concentration of gas or vapor in air that will propagate a flame at twenty-five degrees (25°C) Celsius in the presence of an ignition source.

Lot: A parcel of land of at least sufficient size to meet the minimum zoning requirements of this Code, and with frontage on a public street, or easement approved by the City. A lot may be:

- A. A single lot of record; or a combination of complete lots of record, or complete lots of record and portions of other lots of record.
- B. A parcel of land described by metes and bounds; provided that for a subdivision or partition, the parcel shall be approved in accordance with this Code.

Lot Area: The total horizontal area within the lot lines of a lot, exclusive of streets and access easements to other property.

Lot, Corner: A lot situated at the intersection of two (2) or more streets, other than an alley.

Lot Coverage: The proportional amount of land on a lot covered by buildings.

Lot Depth: The average horizontal distance between the front and rear lot lines measured in the direction of the side lot lines.

Lot Frontage: The distance parallel to the front lot line, measured between side lot lines at the street line.

Lot, Interior: A lot other than a corner lot.

Lot of Record: Any unit of land created as follows:

- A. A parcel in an existing, duly recorded subdivision or partition.
- B. An existing parcel for which a survey has been duly filed which conformed to all applicable regulations at the time of filing.
- C. A parcel created by deed description or metes and bounds provided, however, contiguous parcels created by deed description or metes and bounds under the same ownership and not conforming to the minimum requirements of this Code shall be considered one (1) lot of record.

Lot, Through: A lot having frontage on two (2) parallel or approximately parallel streets.

Lot Lines: The property lines bounding a lot.

Lot Line, Front: The line separating a lot from any street, provided that for corner lots, there shall be as many front lines as there are street frontages.

Lot Line, Rear: A lot line which is opposite and most distant from the front lot line, provided that for irregular and triangular lots, the rear lot line shall be deemed a line ten (10) feet in length within the lot, parallel to and at a maximum distance from the front lot line. On a corner lot, the shortest lot line abutting adjacent property that is not a street is considered a rear lot line.

Lot Line, Side: Any lot line not a front or rear lot line.

Lot Width: The horizontal distance between the side lot lines, ordinarily measured parallel to the front lot line, at the center of the lot, or, in the case of a corner lot, the horizontal distance between the front lot line and a side lot line.

Manufactured Home: A structure transportable in one or more sections, intended for permanent occupancy as a dwelling. All manufactured homes located in the City after the effective date of this Code shall meet or exceed the standards of the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development and shall have been constructed after June 15, 1976.

Manufactured Home Park: A lot, tract, or parcel with four (4) or more spaces within five-hundred (500) feet of one another available for rent or lease for the siting of manufactured homes.

Manufactured Home Space: A plot of land within a manufactured home park designed to accommodate one (1) manufactured home, on a rental or lease basis.

Mixed Solid Waste: Solid waste that contains recoverable or recyclable materials, and materials that are not capable of being recycled or recovered for future use.

Motel: See Hotel.

Municipal Solid Waste: Solid waste primarily from residential, business, and institutional uses.

Net Buildable Acre: Means an area measuring 43,560 square feet after excluding present and future rights-of-way, environmentally constrained areas, public parks and other public uses. When environmentally sensitive areas also exist on a property and said property is within the Metro urban growth boundary on or before January 1, 2002, these areas may also be removed from the net buildable area provided the sensitive areas are clearly delineated in accordance with this Code and the environmentally sensitive areas are protected via tract or restricted easement.

Non-Attainment Area: A geographical area of the State which exceeds any state or federal primary or secondary ambient air quality standard as designated by the Oregon Environmental Quality Commission and approved by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.

Non-Conforming Structure or Use: A lawful structure or use, existing as of the effective date of this Code, or any applicable amendments, which does not conform to the minimum requirements of the zoning district in which it is located.

Nursing Home: An institution for the care of children or the aged or infirm, or a place of rest for those suffering bodily disorders; but not including facilities for surgical care, or institutions for the care and treatment of mental illness, alcoholism, or narcotics addiction.

Occupancy Permit: The permit provided in the Uniform Building Code which must be issued prior to occupying a building or structure or portion thereof. For the purposes of this Code, "occupancy permit" includes

the final inspection approval for those buildings or structures not required to obtain an occupancy permit by the Uniform Building Code.

Occupy: To take or enter upon possession of.

Office: A room or building for the transaction of business, a profession or similar activities, including but not limited to administration, bookkeeping, record keeping, business meetings, and correspondence. Products may not be stored or manufactured in an office, except to accommodate incidental sales, display and demonstration.

Off-Street Parking: Parking spaces provided for motor vehicles on individual lots and not located on public street right-of-way.

Open Space: Open ground area which is not obstructed from the ground surface to the sky by any structure, except those associated with landscaping, or recreational facilities. Parking lots and storage areas for vehicles and materials shall not be considered open space.

Parks Board: The City of Sherwood Parks Advisory Board.

Partition: The dividing of an area or tract of land into two (2) or three (3) parcels within a calendar year when such area exists as a unit or contiguous units of land under single ownership at the beginning of each year. Partitions do not include: divisions of land resulting from lien foreclosures; divisions of land resulting from the creation of cemetery lots; divisions of land made pursuant to a court order, lot line adjustments where an additional parcel is not created and where the existing parcels are not reduced below the minimum requirements of this Code.

Partition Land: A sale or grant by a person to a public agency or public body for state highway, county road, city street or other right of way purposes provided that such road or right of way complies with the Comprehensive Plan and ORS 215.213 (2)(q) to (s) and 215.283 (2)(p) to (r).

Partition Plat: Partition plat includes a final map and other writing containing all the descriptions, locations, specifications, provisions and information concerning a land partition.

Pedestrian Facilities: Improvements and provisions made to accommodate or encourage walking, including but not limited to sidewalks, accessways, signalization, crosswalks, ramps, refuges, paths, and trails.

Pedestrian Way: A right-of-way for pedestrian traffic.

Person: A natural person, firm, partnership, association, social or fraternal organization, corporation, trust, estate, receiver, syndicate, branch of government, or any group or combination acting as a unit.

Plat: The final map, diagram, drawing, replat, or other writing containing all the descriptions, locations, specifications, dedications, provisions and information concerning a subdivision or partition.

Plat, Preliminary: A map and plan of a proposed subdivision, as specified by this Code.

Principal Building/Use: The main or primary purpose for which a structure, land, or use is designed, arranged, or intended, or for which the building or use may lawfully be occupied or maintained under the terms of this Code.

Professional Engineer: A professional engineer currently licensed to practice in the State of Oregon. The type of professional engineer may be specified in the ordinance (i.e., civil, structural, acoustic, traffic, etc.).

Professions: Members of professions, such as doctors, dentists, accountants, architects, artists, attorneys, authors, engineers, and others who are generally recognized professionals by virtue of experience or education.

Public Hearing: Hearings held by the Commission or the Council for which a form of prescribed public notice is given.

Public Park: A park, playground, swimming pool, reservoir, athletic field, or other recreational facility which is under the control, operation or management of the City or other government agency.

Public Place: Any premise whether, privately or publicly owned, which by physical nature, function, custom, or usage, is open to the public at times without permission being required to enter or remain.

Public Use Building: Any building or structure owned and operated by a government agency for the convenience and use of the general public.

Public Utility Facilities: Structures or uses necessary to provide the public with water, sewer, gas, telephone or other similar services.

Recycled Materials: Solid waste that is transformed into new products in such a manner that the original products may lose their identity.

Recycling: The use of secondary materials in the production of new items. As used here, recycling includes materials reuse.

Relocation: The removal of a resource from its historic context.

Regionally Significant Fish and Wildlife Habitat: Those areas identified on the Metro Regionally Significant Fish and Wildlife Habitat Inventory Map, adopted as Map V-2 of the Sherwood Comprehensive Plan, Part 2, as significant natural resource sites.

Residential Care Facility: A facility licensed by or under the authority of the Department of Human Resources under ORS 443.400 to 443.460 which provides residential care alone or in conjunction with treatment or training or a combination thereof for six (6) to fifteen (15) individuals who need not be related. Staff persons required to meet Department of Human Resources licensing requirements shall not be counted in the number of facility residents, and need not be related to each other or to any resident of the residential facility.

Residential Care Home: A residence for five (5) or fewer unrelated physically or mentally handicapped persons and for the staff persons who need not be related to each other or any other home resident.

Residential Structure: Any building or part of a building, used or constructed as a sleeping or other housekeeping accommodation, for a person or group of persons.

Restrictive Covenant: A legally binding limitation on the manner in which a tract of land or lot can be used, usually a condition placed on the deed.

Retail Trade: The sale of goods and products to the consumer generally for direct consumption and not for resale.

Retaining Wall: A structure constructed of stone, concrete, steel or other material designed to retain or restrain earth or rock.

Right-of-Way: The area between boundary lines of a street or other easement.

Road: The portion or portions of street rights-of-way developed for vehicular traffic.

Rural Zone: A land use zone adopted by a unit of local government that applies to land outside a regional urban growth boundary.

Sanitariums: An institution for the treatment of chronic diseases or for medically supervised recuperation.

School: See Educational Institution.

Sealed Container: A receptacle appropriate for preventing release of its contents, protecting its contents from the entry of water and vectors, and that will prevent the release of noxious odors if the contents are capable of emitting such odors.

Setback: The minimum horizontal distance between a public street right-of-way line, or side and rear property lines, to the front, side and rear lines of a building or structure located on a lot.

Sidewalk: A pedestrian walkway with hard surfacing.

Sight Distance: The distance along which a person can see approaching objects, such as automobiles or pedestrians, from a street intersection or a driveway along a street.

Sign: An identification, description, illustration, or device which is affixed to, or represented directly or indirectly upon a building, structure, or land, which directs attention to a product, place, activity, person, institution, or business.

Significant Vegetation: A tree exceeding six (6) inches in diameter measured four (4) feet above grade at the base of the tree or other vegetation more than four (4) feet above grade, but not including blackberry or other vines or weeds.

Skirting: A covering that totally obscures the undercarriage of a manufactured home, and extending

from the top of the undercarriage to the ground.

Soil Amendment: A material, such as yard waste compost, added to the soil to improve soil chemistry or structure.

Solid Waste: Has the meaning given that term in ORS 159.005.

Solid Waste Facility:

- A. **Conditionally Exempt Small Quantity Collection Facility:** A facility that receives, sorts, temporarily stores, controls, and processes for safe transport hazardous waste from conditionally exempt generators, as that term is defined in ORS 465.003.
- B. **Demolition Landfill:** A land disposal site for receiving, sorting and disposing only land clearing debris, including vegetation and dirt, building construction and demolition debris and inert materials, and similar substances.
- C. **Household Hazardous Waste Depot:** A facility for receiving, sorting, processing and temporarily storing household hazardous waste and for preparing that waste for safe transport to facilities authorized to receive, process, or dispose of such materials pursuant to federal or state law.
- D. Limited Purpose Landfill: A land disposal site for the receiving, sorting and disposing of solid waste material, including but not limited to asbestos, treated petroleum, contaminated soil, construction, land clearing and demolition debris, wood, treated sludge from industrial processes, or other special waste material other than unseparated municipal solid waste.
- E. Resource Recovery Facility: A facility for receiving, temporarily storing and processing solid waste to obtain useful material or energy.
- F. Mixed Construction and Demolition Debris Recycling Facility: A facility that receives, temporarily stores, processes, and recovers recyclable material from mixed construction and demolition debris for reuse, sale, or further processing.
- G. Solid Waste Composting Facility: A facility that receives, temporarily stores and processes solid waste by decomposing the organic portions of the waste by biological means to produce useful products, including, but not limited to, compost, mulch and soil amendments.
- H. Monofill: A land disposal site for receiving, sorting and disposing only one type of solid waste material or class of solid waste materials for burial, such as a facility which accepts only asbestos.
- I. Municipal Solid Waste Depot: A facility where sealed containers are received, stored up to seventy two (72) hours, staged, and/or transferred from one mode of transportation to

another.

- J. Small Scale Specialized Incinerator: A facility that receives, processes, temporarily stores, and burns a solid waste product as an accessory use to a permitted use, including incinerators for disposal of infections wastes as part of a medical facility, but not including mass burn solid waste incinerators, refuse-derived fuel technologies, human or animal remains crematorium, or any energy recovery process that burns unseparated municipal solid waste.
- K. Solid Waste Facilities: Any facility or use defined in this Section of this Code.
- L. Solid Waste Transfer Station: A facility that receives, processed, temporarily stores and prepares solid waste for transport to a final disposal site, with or without material recovery prior to transfer.
- M. Treatment and Storage Facility: A facility subject to regulation under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act. 42 USC Sections 6901-6987, for receiving, sorting, treating, and/or temporarily storing hazardous waste, and for processing such waste for safe transport to facilities authorized to receive, treat, or dispose of such materials pursuant to federal or state law. Treatment and storage facilities do not include facilities for on-site disposal of hazardous waste.
- N. Wood Waste Recycling Facility: A facility that receives, temporarily stores and processes untreated wood, which does not contain pressure treated or wood preservative treated wood, in the form of scrap lumber, timbers, or natural wood debris, including logs, limbs, and tree trunks, for reuse, fuel, fuel pellets, or fireplace logs.
- O. Yard Debris Depot: A facility that receives yard debris for temporary storage, awaiting transport to a processing facility.
- P. Yard Debris Processing Facility: A facility that receives, temporarily stores and processes yard debris into a soil amendment, mulch or other useful product through grinding and/or controlled biological decomposition.

Solid Waste Processing: An activity or technology intended to change the physical form or chemical content of solid waste or recycled material including, but not limited to, sorting, baling, composting, classifying, hydropulping, incinerating or shredding.

Special Care Facility: A facility licensed by the State of Oregon, defined in OAR and not otherwise defined in this Code. Uses wholly contained within the facility and not independently accessible to the non-resident public which are either essential or incidental to the primary use shall be permitted. Where such facility contains uses which are otherwise listed as conditional uses in the base zone then those uses must be subjected to the conditional use process if they are independently accessible to the non-resident public from the outside of the facility building(s).

Specialized Living Facility: Identifiable services designed to meet the needs of persons in specific target

groups which exist as the result of a problem, condition or dysfunction resulting from a physical disability or a behavioral disorder and require more than basic services of other established programs.

Story: That portion of a building included between the upper surface of any floor and the upper surface of the floor next above, except that the topmost story shall be that portion of a building included between the upper surface of the topmost floor and the ceiling or roof above. If the finished floor level directly above a usable or unused under-floor space is more than six (6) feet above grade for more than fifty percent (50%) of the total perimeter or is more than twelve (12) feet above grade at any point, such usable or unused under-floor space shall be considered as a story.

Story, First: The lowest story in a building, provided such floor level is not more than four (4) feet below grade, for more than 50 percent (50%) of the total perimeter, or not more than eight (8) feet below grade, at any point.

Story, Half: A story under a gable, hip, or gambrel roof, the wall plates of which, on at least two (2) exterior walls, are not more than three (3) feet above the floor of such story.

Street: A public or private road, easement or right-of-way that is created to provide access to one or more lots, parcels, areas or tracts of land. Categories of streets include:

- A. **Alley:** A narrow street, typically abutting to the rear lot or property line. [Figure 8-3a of the Transportation System Plan illustrates the alley cross-section]
- B. **Arterial:** Arterial streets provide connectivity at a regional level, but are not State routes. [Figure 8-2 of the Transportation System Plan illustrates arterial cross-sections.]
- C. **Bikeway:** Any road, path or way that is in some manner specifically open to bicycle travel, regardless of whether such facilities are designated for the exclusive use of bicycles or are shared with other transportation modes. Bikeways may include:
 - (1) Multi-use Path. A paved way (typically 8 to 12-feet wide) separate from vehicular traffic; typically shared with pedestrians, skaters, and other non-motorized users.
 - (2) Bike Lane. A portion of the street (typically 4 to 6-feet wide) that has been designated by permanent striping and pavement markings for the exclusive use of bicycles.
 - (3) Shoulder Bikeway. The paved shoulder of a street that does not have curbs or sidewalks that is 4 feet or wider and is typically shared with pedestrians.
 - (4) Shared Roadway. A travel lane that is shared by bicyclists and motor vehicles. Also called Bike Route.
 - (5) Multi-use Trail. An unpaved path that accommodates all-terrain bicycles; typically shared with pedestrians (NOTE: Figure 8-6 of the Transportation System Plan illustrates the multi-use path and trail cross-sections).

- D. Collector: Collectors are streets that provide citywide or district-wide connectivity.

 Collectors are primarily used or planned to move traffic between the local street system, and onto major streets, but may also accommodate through traffic. [Figure 8-4 of the Transportation System Plan illustrates collector cross-sections.]
- E. Cul-de-Sac: A short street that terminates in a vehicular turnaround. See Section 16.108.060.
- F. Half Street: A portion of the width of a street, usually along the edge of a development, where the remaining portion of the street has been or could be provided by another development.
- G. Local Street: Local streets provide the highest level of access to adjoining land uses. Local streets do not provide through connection at any significant regional, citywide or district level. [Figures 8-5a & 8-5b of the Transportation System Plan illustrate local street cross-sections.]
- H. Marginal Access Street (frontage or backage road): A minor street parallel and adjacent to a principal arterial or arterial street providing access to abutting properties, but protected from through traffic. [Figure 8-5a of the Transportation System Plan illustrates the cross-sections of a frontage or backage road.]
- I. Neighborhood Route: Neighborhood routes are streets that provide connections within or between neighborhoods, but not citywide. Neighborhood routes are primarily used or planned to move traffic between the local street system, and onto collectors and arterials. [Figure 8-5a of the Transportation System Plan illustrates the neighborhood route cross-section.]
- J. Principal Arterial: Principal arterials are streets that provide connectivity at a regional level, and are typically State routes. [Figures 8-2 and 8-3b in the Transportation System Plan illustrates the principal arterial cross-section].

Street Line: A dividing line between a lot and a street right-of-way.

Street Plug: A narrow strip of land located between a subdivision and other property, that is conveyed to the City for the purpose of giving the City control over development on the adjacent property.

Structure: A structure must be more than one foot from grade to be considered a structure. (Ord. 2006-009 § 1)

Structural Alterations: Any change in the supporting members of a building, such as bearing walls, columns, beams, or girders.

Stucco board: A fiber cement board core product that mimics the appearance of stucco.

Subdivision: The division of an area or tract of land into four (4) or more lots within a calendar year,

when such area or tract of land exists as a unit or contiguous units of land under a single ownership at the beginning of such year.

Subdivision Improvements: Construction of facilities such as streets; water, sewer, gas and telephone lines; storm drainage; and landscaping.

Surrounding: To be encircled on all or nearly all sides; as interpreted for property lines and land uses, a use is surrounded by another use when the other use is abutting on greater than 75% of its perimeter.

Temporary Use: A use of land, buildings or structures not intended to exceed twelve (12) months, unless otherwise permitted by this Code.

Townhomes: A single-family dwelling unit which is attached on one or both sides to a similar adjacent unit(s) on similar lot(s). The attachment is made along one or more common walls which are jointly owned. The units may either be on individual platted lots or may be located on a single lot as individual condominium units. The units are distinct from each other by scale, color, massing, or materials.

Transportation Facilities and Improvements: The physical improvements used to move people and goods from one place to another; i.e., streets, sidewalks, pathways, bike lanes, airports, transit stations and bus stops, etc.). Transportation improvements include the following:

- 1. Normal operation, maintenance repair, and preservation activities of existing transportation facilities.
- 2. Design and installation of culverts, pathways, multi-use paths or trails, sidewalks, bike lanes, medians, fencing, guardrails, lighting, curbs, gutters, shoulders, parking areas, and similar types of improvements within the existing right-of-way.
- 3. Projects identified in the adopted Transportation System Plan not requiring future land use review and approval.
- 4. Landscaping as part of a transportation facility.
- 5. Emergency measures necessary for the safety and protection of property.
- 6. Street or road construction as part of an approved land use application.
- 7. Transportation projects that are not designated improvements in the Transportation System Plan requires a site plan review and conditional use permit.
- 8. Transportation projects that are not planned, designed, and constructed as part of an approved land use application requires a site plan review and conditional use permit.

Unified Sewerage Agency: The former name of Clean Water Services; an agency of Washington County providing for sanitary sewer collection and treatment, and for storm water management.

Urban Growth Boundary: The Metropolitan Portland Urban Growth Boundary (UGB) as acknowledged by the State Land Conservation and Development Commission.

Urban Zone: A land use zone adopted by a unit of local government that applies to land inside a regional urban growth boundary.

Use: Any purpose for which a building or other structure or a tract of land may be designed, arranged, intended, maintained, or occupied, or any activity, occupation, business, or operation carried on, or intended to be carried on, in a building or other structure or on a tract of land.

Use by Right: A use which is a "use permitted outright" in any given zoning district established by this Code.

Warehouse: A structure or part of a structure used for storing and securing goods, wares or merchandise.

Wetlands: Those land areas that are inundated or saturated by surface or ground water at a frequency and duration sufficient to support, and that under normal circumstances do support, a prevalence of vegetation typically adapted for life in saturated soil conditions. Wetlands generally include swamps, marshes, bogs and similar areas. Wetlands are generally identified in the City's 1992 Local Wetland inventory, and the Metro 2004 Natural Resources Inventory, or in the absence of such identification, are based on the Federal Manual for Identifying and Delineating Jurisdictional Wetlands (1989).

Wholesale Trade: The sale of goods and products to an intermediary generally for resale.

Wireless Communication Facility: An unmanned facility for the transmission or reception of radio frequency (RF) signals usually consisting of an equipment shelter, cabinet or other enclosed structure containing electronic equipment, a support structure, antennas or other transmission and reception devices.

Yard: The existing or required space on a parcel which shall remain open, unoccupied, and unobstructed from the ground surface to the sky, except as otherwise provided by this Code. Categories of yards include:

- A. **Front Yard:** A yard extending across the full width of the lot between the front lot line and the nearest line or point of the building.
- B. **Rear Yard:** A yard, unoccupied except by a building or structure of an accessory type as provided by this Code, extending the full width of the lot between the rear lot line and the extreme rear line of a building.
- C. **Side Yard:** The yard along the side line of a lot and extending from the setback line to the rear yard.

Zero-Lot-Line: Attached or detached dwelling units which are constructed with only one side yard or no rear yard setbacks.

Division II.

LAND USE AND DEVELOPMENT

Chapter 16.12

RESIDENTIAL LAND USE DISTRICTS*

* Editors Note: Ord. No. 2011-03, § 2, adopted April 5, 2011, amended the Code by repealing former Ch. 16.12, §§ 16.12.010--16.12.070, in its entirety, and added a new Ch. 16.12. Former Ch. 16.12 pertained to the Very Low Density Residential zoning district, and derived from Ords. 86-851, 87-857, 88-919, 90-921, 1997-1019, 2000-1092, 2000-1108, 2003-1153, and 2006-021; and Ord. No. 2010-015, adopted October 5, 2010.

The residential districts are intended to promote the livability, stability and improvement of the City's neighborhoods.

SECTION:

16.12.010. Purpose and Density Requirements 16.12.020. Allowed Residential Land Uses 16.12.030 Residential Land Use Development Standards 16.12.040 Community Design 16.12.050 Flood Plain

16.12.010. Purpose and Density Requirements

A. Very Low Density Residential (VLDR)

The VLDR zoning district provides for low density, larger lot single-family housing and other related uses in natural resource and environmentally sensitive areas warranting preservation, but otherwise deemed suitable for limited development, with a density of 0.7 to 1 dwelling unit per acre.

- 1. If developed through the Planned Unit Development (PUD) process, as per Chapter 16.40, and if all floodplain, wetlands, and other natural resource areas are dedicated or remain in common open space, the permitted density of 1.4 to two (2) dwelling units per acre may be allowed. Minor land partitions shall be exempt from the minimum density requirement.
- 2. Special Density Allowances

Housing densities up to two (2) units per acre, and minimum lot sizes of 10,000 square feet, may be allowed in the VLDR zone when:

- a. The housing development is approved as a PUD, as per Chapter 16.40; and
- b. The following areas are dedicated to the public or preserved as common open space: floodplains, as per Section 16.134.020(Special Resource Zones); natural resources areas, per the Natural Resources and Recreation Plan Map, attached as Appendix C, or as specified in Chapter 5 of the Community Development Plan, and wetlands defined and regulated as per current Federal regulation and Division VIII of this Code; and

c. The Review Authority determines that the higher density development would better preserve natural resources as compared to one (1) unit per acre design.

B. Low Density Residential (LDR)

The LDR zoning district provides for single-family housing and other related uses with a density of 3.5 to 5 dwelling units per acre. Minor land partitions shall be exempt from the minimum density requirement.

C. Medium Density Residential (MDRL)

The MDRL zoning district provides for single-family and two-family housing, manufactured housing and other related uses with a density of 5.6 to 8 dwelling units per acre. Minor land partitions shall be exempt from the minimum density requirements.

D. Medium Density Residential High (MDRH)

The MDRH zoning district provides for a variety of medium density housing, including single-family, two-family housing, manufactured housing multi-family housing, and other related uses with a density of 5.5 to 11 dwelling units per acre. Minor land partitions shall be exempt from the minimum density requirement.

E. High Density Residential (HDR)

The HDR zoning district provides for higher density multi-family housing and other related uses with density of 16.8 to 24 dwelling units per acre. Minor land partitions shall be exempt from the minimum density requirement.

(Ord. No. 2011-003, § 2, 4-5-2011)

16.12.020. Allowed Residential Land Uses

A. Residential Land Uses

The table below identifies the land uses that are allowed in the Residential Districts. The specific land use categories are described and defined in Chapter 16.10.

USES	VLDR	LDR	MDRL	MDRH	HDR
RESIDENTIAL					
•Single-Family	P	P	P	P	P
Attached or Detached					
Dwellings					
•Two Family	N	N	P	P	P
Dwelling Units					
•Multi-family	N	N	N	P	P
Dwellings					
•Townhomes-subject	N	N	N	P	P
to Chapter 16.44					ļ.

•Planned Unit	P	P	P	P	P
Developments					
(PUDs)-subject to					
Chapter 16.40					
•Manufactured Homes	P	P	P	P	P
on Individual Lots					
•Manufactured Home	N	N	P	P	N
Park-subject to					
Chapter 16.46					
Accessory Dwelling	P	P	P	P	P
Unit-subject to					
Chapter 16.52					
•Group Homes ¹	P	P	P	P	P
Whereas P=Permitted, 0	C=Conditional, N=Not A	llowed			

Group homes not to exceed five (5) unrelated persons in residence provided such facilities are substantially identical, in the city's determination, in physical form to other types of housing allowed in the zoning district.

USES	VLDR	LDR	MDRL	MDRH	HDR
•Government-Assisted	P	P	P	P	P
housing ²					
ACCESSORY USES					
•Home	P	P	P	P	P
Occupations-subject					
to Chapter 16.42					
•Temporary	P	P	P	P	P
Uses-subject to					
Chapter 16.86					
•Family Daycare	P	P	P	P	P
Providers					
COMMERCIAL					
•Agricultural Uses ³	P	P	P	P	P
•Residential Care	P	P	P	P	P
Facilities					
•Special Care	С	С	С	С	P
Facilities (such as					
hospitals, sanitariums,					
and specialized living					
facilities)					
•Plant Nurseries ⁴	C	С	С	С	С
•Public and Private	С	С	С	С	С
Schools					
 Daycare Facilities 	С	C	C	C	C
 Any business, 	С	С	С	С	С
service, processing,					
storage, or display not					
conducted entirely					
within an enclosed					
building that is					
essential or incidental					
to any permitted or					
conditional use					
•Raising of Animals	С	С	С	С	C
other than Household					
Pets					
CIVIC		T	T	T	
•Public Recreational	P	P	P	P	P
Facilities ⁵					

•Religious	C	C	C	C	C
Institutions, Private					
Fraternal					
Organizations and					
Lodges, Country clubs					
or other similar clubs					
•Cemeteries and	C	С	С	N	N
crematory					
mausoleums					
•Civic	C	С	С	С	С
Buildings-(such as					
police and fire					
stations, post office)					
•Public Use	С	С	С	С	С
Buildings-(such as					
libraries, and					
community centers)					
Whereas P=Permitted, 0	C=Conditional, N=Not A	llowed			

⁵ Includes, but is not limited to parks, playfields, sports and racquet courts, but excludes golf courses

USES	VLDR	LDR	MDRL	MDRH	HDR
•Golf Courses	С	С	С	С	С
•Basic Utilities (such	С	С	С	С	С
as electric substations,					
public works yard)					
•Radio and	С	С	С	С	С
communications					
stations, on lots with a					
minimum width and					
depth equal to the					
height of any tower in					
conformance					
Whereas P=Permitted, 0	Whereas P=Permitted, C=Conditional, N=Not Allowed				

B. Any use not otherwise listed that can be shown to be consistent or associated with the permitted uses or conditionally permitted uses identified in the residential zones or contribute to the achievement of the objectives of the residential zones will be allowed or conditionally permitted using the procedure under Chapter

² Provided such facilities are substantially identical, in the city's determination, in physical form to other types of housing allowed in the zoning district.

³ Includes truck farming and horticulture, but excludes commercial building or structures or the raising of animals except as otherwise permitted by this code.

⁴ Includes other agricultural uses and associated commercial buildings and structures

16.88 (Interpretation of Similar Uses).

C. Any use that is not permitted or conditionally permitted under this zone that cannot be found to be consistent with the allowed or conditional uses identified as in B. is prohibited in the residential zone using the procedure under Chapter 16.88 (Interpretation of Similar Uses). (Ord. No. 2011-003, § 2, 4-5-2011)

16.12.030 Residential Land Use Development Standards

A. Generally

No lot area, setback, yard, landscaped area, open space, off-street parking or loading area, or other site dimension or requirement, existing on, or after, the effective date of this Code shall be reduced below the minimum required by this Code. Nor shall the conveyance of any portion of a lot, for other than a public use or right-of-way, leave a lot or structure on the remainder of said lot with less than minimum Code dimensions, area, setbacks or other requirements, except as permitted by Chapter 16.84. (Variance and Adjustments)

B. Development Standards

Except as modified under Chapter 16.68 (Infill Development), Section 16.144.030 (Wetland, Habitat and Natural Areas) Chapter 16.44 (Townhomes), or as otherwise provided, required minimum lot areas, dimensions and setbacks shall be provided in the following table.

C. Development Standards per Residential Zone

Development Standard by Residential Zone-	VLDR	VLDR- PUD	LDR	MDRL	MDRH	HDR
Minimum Lot areas:(in square ft.)						
•Single-Family Detached	40,000	10,000	7,000	5,000	5,000	5,000
•Single Family Attached	40,000	10,000	7,000	5,000	4,000	4,000
•Two or Multi-Family: for the first 2 units	X	X	X	10,000	8,000	8,000
•Multi-Family: each additional unit after first 2	X	X	X	X	3,200	1,500
Minimum Lot width at front property line: (in feet)	25	25	25	25	25	25
Minimum Lot width at building line ⁶ : (in feet)						
•Single-Family	None	None	60	50	50	50
•Two-Family	X	X	X	60	60	60
•Multi-family	X	X	X	X	60	60
Lot Depth	None	None	80	80	80	80
Maximum Height ⁷ (in feet)	30 or 2 stories	35 or 2.5 stories	40 or 3 stories			
•Chimneys, Solar or Wind Devices, Radio and TV aerials ⁸	50	50	50	50	55	60
Setbacks (in feet)						
•Front yard	20	20	20	20	20	20
•Interior side yard						
•Single-FamilyDetached	5	5	5	5	5	5
•Single-Family Attached	20	20	20	10	5	5
•Two Family	X	X	X	5	5	5
•Multi-Family						

	•18 ft. or in height	less X	X	X	X	5	5
	•Between 18-24 ft. i height		X	X	X	7	7
	•If over 2 in height	4 ft. X	X	X	X	§ 16.68 Infill	§ 16.68 Infill
•Corner lot stre	et side						
	•Single Family or Two Fa	mily 20	20	20	15	15	15
	•Multi-Family	X	X	X	X	20	30
•Rear yard		20	20	20	20	20	20

⁶ Minimum lot width at the building line on cul-de-sac lots may be less than that required in this Code if a lesser width is necessary to provide for a minimum rear yard.

(Ord. No. 2011-003, § 2, 4-5-2011)

16.12.040 Community Design

For standards relating to off-street parking and loading, energy conservation, historic resources, environmental resources, landscaping, access and egress, signs, parks and open space, on-site storage, and site design, *see* Divisions V, VIII, IX. (Ord. No. 2011-003, § 2, 4-5-2011)

16.12.050 Flood Plain

Except as otherwise provided, Section 16.134.020 shall apply. (Ord. No. 2011-003, § 2, 4-5-2011)

Chapter 16.14

RESERVED*

Chapter 16.16

RESERVED*

⁷ Maximum height is the lesser of feet or stories

⁸ Some accessory structures, such as chimneys, stacks, water towers, radio or television antennas, etc. may exceed these height limits with a conditional use permit, per Chapter 16.62 (Chimneys, Spires, Antennas and Similar Structures).

^{*} Editors Note: Ord. No. 2011-003, § 2, adopted April 5, 2011, amended the Code by repealing former Ch. 16.14, §§ 16.14.010--16.14.060, in its entirety. Former Ch. 16.14 pertained to Low Density Residential zoning districts, and derived from Ords. 86-851, 87-867, 88-879, 89-898, 91-922, 1997-1019, 2000-1092, 2000-1108, 2003-1153, and 2006-021; and Ord. No. 2010-015, adopted October 5, 2010.

* **Editors Note:** Ord. No. 2011-003, § 2, adopted April 5, 2011, amended the Code by repealing former Ch. 16.16, §§ 16.16.010--16.16.050, in its entirety. Former Ch. 16.16 pertained to Medium Density Residential Low zoning districts, and derived from Ords. 86-851, 87-867, 88-879, 89-898, 91-922, 2000-1092, 2000-1108, 2003-1153, and 2006-021; and Ord. No. 2010-015, adopted October 5, 2010.

Chapter 16.18

RESERVED*

* Editors Note: Ord. No. 2011-003, § 2, adopted April 5, 2011, amended the Code by repealing former Ch. 16.18, §§ 16.18.010--16.18.060, in its entirety. Former Ch. 16.18 pertained to Medium Density Residential High zoning districts, and derived from Ords. 86-851, 87-867, 88-879, 89-898, 91-922, 2000-1092, 2000-1108, 2001-1123, 2002-1126, 2003-1153, and 2006-021; and Ord. No. 2010-015, adopted October 5, 2010.

Chapter 16.20

RESERVED*

* **Editors Note:** Ord. No. 2011-003, § 2, adopted April 5, 2011, amended the Code by repealing former Ch. 16.20, §§ 16.20.010--16.20.060, in its entirety. Former Ch. 16.20 pertained to High Density Residential zoning districts, and derived from Ords. 86-851, 87-867, 88-879, 89-898, 91-922, 2000-1092, 2000-1108, 2001-1123, 2002-1126, 2003-1153, and 2006-021; and Ord. No. 2010-015, adopted October 5, 2010.

Chapter 16.22

OFFICE COMMERCIAL (OC)*

Sections:

16.22.010 Purpose

16.22.020 Permitted Uses

16.22.030 Conditional Uses

16.22.040 Prohibited Uses

16.22.050 Dimensional Standards

16.22.060 Special Criteria

16.22.070 Community Design

16.22.080 Floodplain

* Editor's Note: Some sections may not contain a history.

Note: The Office Commercial (OC) zone was originally established by Ord. 86-851; the zoning district designation was repealed in its entirety by Ord. 87-870. The zone was re-established by Ord. 90-921, and further amended.

16.22.010 Purpose

The OC zoning district provides areas for business and professional offices and related uses in locations where they can be closely associated with residential areas and adequate major streets. (Ord. 90-921, § 1)

16.22.020 Permitted Uses

The following uses are permitted outright, provided such uses meet the applicable environmental performance standards contained in Division VIII:

- A. Offices, studios or clinics of architects, artists, attorneys, dentists, engineers, physicians, or other similar professional services, excepting veterinarians.
- B. Offices of educational, financial, governmental, non-profit, real estate, research, or other similar service organizations whose activities are such that few visitors, other than employees, have reason to come to the premises.
- C. Restaurants, taverns and lounges (except as limited in 16.22.060).
- D. Other similar office uses, subject to Chapter 16.88.
- E. PUDs, subject to Chapter 16.40.
- F. Temporary uses, including but not limited to portable construction and real estate sales offices, subject to Chapter 16.86.
- G. Multi-family housing within a Planned Unit Development (PUD) subject to the provisions of Section 16.20.040 High Density Residential (HDR) Dimensional Standards (except as limited in 16.22.060).

(Ord. No. 2009-009, 7-21-2009; Ord. 90-921, § 1)

16.22.030 Conditional Uses

The following uses are permitted as conditional uses, provided such uses meet the applicable environmental performance standards contained in Division VIII, and are approved in accordance with Chapter 16.82:

- A. Hotels and motels.
- B. Apartments when located on the upper floors, in the rear of, or otherwise clearly secondary to a commercial building.
- C. Uses permitted outright in the RC zone, pursuant to Chapter 16.28 and as limited in 16.22.060.
- D. Public recreational facilities including parks, trails, playfields and sports and racquet courts on publicly owned property or under power line easements.

(Ord. No. 2009-009, 7-21-2009; Ord. 90-921, § 1)

16.22.040 Prohibited Uses

The following uses are expressly prohibited:

A. Adult entertainment businesses. (Ord. 90-921, § 1)

16.22.050 Dimensional Standards

No lot area, setback, yard, landscaped area, open space, off-street parking or loading area, or other site dimension or requirement, existing on, or after, the effective date of this Code shall be reduced below the minimum required by this Code. Nor shall the conveyance of any portion of a lot, for other than a public use or right-of-way, leave a lot or structure on the remainder of said lot with less than minimum Code dimensions, area, setbacks or other requirements, except as permitted by Chapter 16.84.

A. Lot Dimensions

Except as otherwise provided, required minimum lot areas and dimensions shall be:

1.	Lot area:	10,000 square feet
2.	Lot width at property line:	60 feet
3.	Lot width at building line:	60 feet

B. Setbacks

Except as otherwise provided, required minimum setbacks shall be:

1.	Front yard:	None
2.	Side yards:	None, except ten (10) feet when abutting a residential zone or public park.
3.	Rear yard:	None, except twenty (20) feet when abutting a residential zone or public park.
4.	Existing residential uses shall maintain minimum setbacks specified in Section 16.20.040.	

C. Height

Except as otherwise provided the maximum height of structures shall be two (2) stories or thirty (30) feet, whichever is less. Chimneys, solar and wind energy devices, radio and TV aerials, and similar structures attached to residential dwellings and accessory buildings, may exceed this height limitation by up to twenty (20) feet. Some accessory structures, such as chimneys, stacks, water towers, radio or television antennas, etc. may exceed these height limits with a conditional use permit, per Chapter 16.62. (Ord. No. 2010-015, § 2, 10-5-2010; Ord. 91-922, § 3; Ord. 90-921, § 1)

16.22.060 Special Criteria.

Within the Adams Avenue Concept Plan study area as identified in Ordinance 2009-00X the following additional standards apply:

- A. Retail uses and restaurants, taverns and lounges are limited to no more than 10% of the square footage of each development proposed. Drive-through restaurants are prohibited.
- B. Only non-residential uses are permitted on the ground floor. (Ord. No. 2009-009, 7-21-2009)

Editors Note: Ord. No. 2009-009, adopted July 21, 2009, amended the Code by renumbering former §§ 16.22.060 and 16.22.070 as §§ 16.22.070 and 16.22.080, and adding a new § 16.22.060.

16.22.070 Community Design

For standards relating to off-street parking and loading, energy conservation, historic resources, environmental resources, landscaping, access and egress, signs, parks and open space, on-site storage, and design, see Divisions V, VIII and IX.

(Ord. No. 2009-009, 7-21-2009; Ord. 91-922, § 3; 90-921)

Note: See editor's note, § 16.22.060.

16.22.080 Floodplain

Except as otherwise provided, Section 16.134.020 shall apply. (Ord. No. 2009-009, 7-21-2009; Ord. 2000-1092, § 3; 90-921)

Note: See editor's note, § 16.22.060.

Chapter 16.24

OFFICE RETAIL (OR)*

Sections:

16.24.010 Purpose

16.24.020 Permitted Uses

16.24.030 Conditional Uses

16.24.040 Prohibited Uses

16.24.050 Dimensional Standards

16.24.060 Special Criteria

16.24.070 Community Design

16.24.080 Floodplain

16.24.010 Purpose

The OR zoning district provides areas for business and professional offices and related uses in locations that are adjacent to housing and supported by an adequate road system. (Ord. 98-1035, § 1)

16.24.020 Permitted Uses

^{*} Editor's Note: Some sections may not contain a history.

The following uses are permitted outright, provided such uses meet the applicable environmental performance standards contained in Division VIII:

- A. Offices of architects, artists, attorneys, dentists, engineers, physicians and other similar professional services.
- B. Small animal clinic veterinarians with indoor kennels for small animal patient use only.
- C. Business and professional offices including educational, financial, governmental, non-profit, real estate, research, or other similar service organizations.
- D. Other similar offices uses, subject to Chapter 16.88.
- E. PUDs, subject to Chapter 16.40.
- F. Temporary uses, including but not limited to portable construction and real estate sales offices, subject to Chapter 16.86 and not to exceed one year.
- G. General retail trade, not exceeding 10,000 square feet of gross square footage.
- H. Other business services, including but not limited to duplicating, photocopying, mailing services, fax and computer facilities, employment agencies, business management services, office and communication equipment services and real estate offices.
- I. Other personal services, including but not limited to day cares, preschools, and kindergartens, when clearly secondary to a commercial use.
- J. Multi-family housing within a Planned Unit Development (PUD) subject to the provisions of Section 16.20.040 High Density Residential (HDR) Dimensional Standards.
 (Ord. 98-1035, § 1)

16.24.030 Conditional Uses

The following uses are permitted as conditional uses, provided such uses meet the applicable environmental performance standards contained in Division VIII, and are approved in accordance with Chapter 16.82:

- A. Hotels and motels.
- B. Multi-family residential, including apartments, condominiums and townhouses when located on the upper floors, in the rear of, or otherwise clearly secondary to a commercial building.
- C. Hospitals.
- D. Restaurants without drive-thru when located greater than 100 feet from any residential property.

- E. Taverns or lounges when clearly secondary to the primary use.
- F. Health clubs.

(Ord. 98-1035, § 1)

16.24.040 Prohibited Uses

The following uses are expressly prohibited:

- A. Adult entertainment businesses.
- B. Restaurants, taverns, and lounges with drive-thru.
- C. Wholesale trade, warehousing, commercial storage, and mini-warehousing.
- D. All automotive and equipment repair and service, unless clearly incidental and secondary to and customarily associated with a use permitted outright.
- E. Farm and garden supply stores, plant nurseries, and other agricultural uses, excluding florist shops which are permitted outright.
- F. Automobile, recreational vehicle, motorcycle, truck, manufactured home, boat, farm, and other equipment sales, parts sales, repairs, rentals or service including automobile service stations.
- G. Motion pictures and live theaters.
- H. Radio, television, and similar communication stations, including transmitters.
- I. Junkyards and salvage yards.
- J. Contractors storage and equipment yards.
- K. Building material sales and lumberyards.
- L. Churches and parsonages.
- M. Cemeteries and crematory mausoleums.
- N. Convenience stores.
- O. Pawn shops.
- P. Public and private utility buildings, including but not limited to telephone exchanges, electric substations, gas regulator stations, treatment plants, water wells, and public work yards.

Q. Kennels.

R. Grocery stores. (Ord. 98-1035, § 1)

16.24.050 Dimensional Standards

No lot area, setback, yard, landscaped area, open space, off-street parking or loading area, or other site dimension or requirement, existing on, or after, the effective date of this Code shall be reduced below the minimum required by this Code. Nor shall the conveyance of any portion of a lot, for other than a public use or right-of-way, leave a lot or structure on the remainder of said lot with less than minimum Code dimensions, area, setbacks or other requirements, except as permitted by Chapter 16.84.

A. Lot Dimensions

Except as otherwise provided, required minimum lot areas and dimensions shall be:

1.	Lot area:	10,000 square feet
2.	Lot width at property line:	85 feet
3.	Lot width at building line:	100 feet

B. Setbacks

Except as otherwise provided, required minimum setbacks shall be:

1.	Front yard:	None
2.	Side yards:	None, except thirty (30) feet when abutting a residential zone or public park.
3.	Rear yard:	None, except thirty (30) feet when abutting a residential zone or public park.
4.	Existing residential uses shall maintain minimum setbacks specified in Section 16.20.040.	

C. Height

Except as otherwise provided the maximum height of structures shall be three (3) stories or 45 feet, whichever is less, except that for every two (2) feet of increased setback the maximum height may be increased one (1) foot. Chimneys, solar and wind energy devices, radio and TV aerials, and similar structures attached to residential dwellings and accessory buildings, may exceed this height limitation by up to twenty (20) feet. Some accessory structures, such as chimneys, stacks, water towers, radio or television antennas, etc. may exceed these height limits with a conditional use permit, per Chapter 16.62. (Ord. No. 2010-015, § 2, 10-5-2010; Ord. 98-1035, § 1)

16.24.060 Special Criteria

- A. Retail uses shall be limited to 60,000 square feet of gross leasable area per building or business.
- B. Uses shall be conducted entirely within enclosed buildings, except for:
- 1. Exterior sales, display and storage for horticultural and food merchandise provided said exterior area does not exceed five percent (5%) of the gross floor area of each individual business establishment.
- 2. Circumstances where the nature of the permitted or conditional use clearly makes total enclosure impracticable provided that the exterior area shall be the minimum necessary to effectively conduct the use, as determined by the Commission.
- C. No more than four (4) permitted or conditional uses may be established within any single Office Retail (OR) zoning property.
- D. Permitted and conditional uses may operate only between the hours of 6:30 AM and 11:00 PM. (Ord. 98-1035, § 1)

16.24.070 Community Design

For standards relating to off-street parking and loading, energy conservation, historic resources, environmental resources, landscaping, access and egress, signs, parks and open space, on-site storage, and design, see Divisions V, VIII and IX. (Ord. 98-1035, § 1)

16.24.080 Floodplain

Except as otherwise provided, Section 16.134.020 shall apply. (Ord. 2000-1092, § 3; 98-1035)

Chapter 16.26

NEIGHBORHOOD COMMERCIAL (NC)*

Sections:

16.26.010 Purpose

16.26.020 Permitted Uses

16.26.030 Conditional Uses

16.26.040 Prohibited Uses

16.26.050 Special Criteria

16.26.060 Dimensional Standards

16.26.070 Community Design

16.26.080 Floodplain

* Editor's Note: Some sections may not contain a history.

16.26.010 Purpose

The NC zoning district provides for small scale, retail and service uses, located in or near residential areas and enhancing the residential character of those neighborhoods. (Ord. 87-870, § 5; Ord. 86-851)

16.26.020 Permitted Uses

The following uses are permitted outright provided such uses meet the applicable environmental performance standards contained in Division VIII:

- A. Professional services, including but not limited to financial, medical and dental, social services, real estate, legal, artistic, and similar uses.
- B. General retail trade, including bakeries where product distribution is limited to retailing on the premises only.
- C. Personal and business services, including day cares, preschools, and kindergartens.
- D. Postal substations when located entirely within and incidental to a use permitted outright.
- E. Temporary uses, including but not limited to portable construction offices and real estate sales offices, subject to Chapter 16.86.
- F. Multi-family housing within a Planned Unit Development (PUD) subject to the provisions of Section 16.20.040 High Density Residential (HDR) Dimensional Standards. (Ord. 87-870, § 5; Ord. 86-851)

16.26.030 Conditional Uses

The following uses are permitted as conditional uses, provided such uses meet the applicable environmental performance standards contained in Division VIII, and are approved in accordance with Chapter 16.82:

- A. Public and private schools providing education at the elementary school level or higher, but excluding commercial trade schools which are prohibited.
- B. Automotive service stations, except as excluded by Section 16.24.040F.
- C. Restaurants, taverns, and lounges, but excluding establishments with drive-in or take-out services which are prohibited.
- D. Government offices, including but not limited to administrative offices, post offices, and police and fire stations.
- E. Public use buildings, including but not limited to libraries, museums, community centers, and senior centers.

- F. Residential apartments when located on the upper floors, in the rear of, or otherwise clearly secondary to commercial buildings.
- G. Any incidental business, service, processing, storage or display, not otherwise permitted by Chapter 16.26, that is essential to and customarily associated with uses permitted outright. (Ord. 87-870, § 5; Ord. 86-851)

16.26.040 Prohibited Uses

The following uses are expressly prohibited:

- A. Adult entertainment businesses.
- B. Veterinarian offices and animal hospitals.
- C. Restaurants, taverns, and lounges with drive-in or take-out services.
- D. Wholesale trade, warehousing, commercial storage, and mini-warehousing.
- E. All automotive and equipment repair and service, unless clearly incidental and secondary to and customarily associated with a use permitted outright.
- F. Commercial trade schools.
- G. Farm and garden supply stores, plant nurseries, and other agricultural uses, excluding florist shops which are permitted outright.
- H. Automobile, recreational vehicle, motorcycle, manufactured home, boat, farm, and other large equipment sales, parts sales, rental or service.
- I. Blueprinting, printing, publishing or other reproduction services.
- J. Motion pictures and live theaters.
- K. Special care facilities, including but not limited to hospitals, sanitariums, convalescent homes, correctional institutions, and residential care facilities.
- L. Radio, television, and similar communication stations, including transmitters.
- M. Junkyards and salvage yards.
- N. Contractors storage and equipment yards.
- O. Building material sales and lumberyards.

- P. Churches and parsonages.
- Q. Cemeteries and crematory mausoleums.
- R. Public and private utility buildings, including but not limited to telephone exchanges, electric substations, gas regulator stations, treatment plants, water wells, and public work yards.
- S. Medical, dental, and similar laboratories.
- T. Motels or hotels.
- U. Private lodges, fraternal organizations, country clubs, sports and racquet clubs, golf courses, and other similar clubs.
- V. Public recreational facilities, including but not limited to parks, playfields, golf courses, and sports and racquet courts.

(Ord. 87-870, § 5; Ord. 86-851)

16.26.050 Special Criteria

All permitted and conditional uses shall be found by the Commission to conform to the purpose of the NC zone as stated in Section 16.26.010, and:

- A. Shall be conducted entirely within enclosed buildings, except for:
 - 1. Exterior sales, display and storage for horticultural and food merchandise provided said exterior area does not exceed five percent (5%) of the gross floor area of each individual business establishment.
 - 2. Circumstances where the nature of the permitted or conditional use clearly makes total enclosure impracticable, such as in the case of automotive service stations, provided that the exterior area shall be the minimum necessary to effectively conduct the use, as determined by the Commission.
- B. No more than four (4) permitted or conditional uses may be established within any single NC zoning district, and each use or establishment may occupy a maximum of four thousand (4,000) square feet of gross floor area, including any permitted exterior business areas.
- C. No single NC zoning district shall be greater than one (1) acre in area, and each district shall have a minimum width of eighty-five (85) feet at the front property line, and one-hundred (100) feet at the building line.
- D. Permitted and conditional uses may operate only between the hours of 7:00 AM and 10:00 PM. (Ord. 87-870, § 5)

16.26.060 Dimensional Standards

No lot area, setback, yard, landscaped area, open space, off-street parking or loading area, or other site dimension or requirement, existing on, or after, the effective date of this Code shall be reduced below the minimum required by this Code. Nor shall the conveyance of any portion of a lot, for other than a public use or right-of-way, leave a lot or structure on the remainder of said lot with less than minimum Code dimensions, area, setbacks or other requirements, except as permitted by Chapter 16.84.

A. Setbacks

- 1. Front yard: 20 feet.
- 2. Side yard: None, except that when abutting a residential zone, there shall be the same side yard as required in the residential zone.
- 3. Rear yard: None, except ten (10) feet when abutting a residential zone or public park.
- 4. Corner lots: Twenty (20) feet on any side facing a street.
- 5. Existing residential uses shall maintain minimum setbacks specified in Section 16.20.040.

B. Height

Except as otherwise provided, the maximum height of buildings in the NC zone shall be limited to the height requirements of the least restrictive abutting residential zone. Some accessory structures, such as chimneys, stacks, water towers, radio or television antennas, etc. may exceed these height limits with a conditional use permit, per Chapter 16.62.

(Ord. No. 2010-015, § 2, 10-5-2010; Ord. 87-870, § 5)

16.26.070 Community Design

For standards relating to off-street parking and loading, energy conservation, historic resources, environmental resources, landscaping, access and egress, signs, parks and open spaces, on-site storage, and site design, see Divisions V, VIII and IX. (Ord. 87-870, § 5)

16.26.080 Floodplain

Except as otherwise provided, Section 16.134.020 shall apply. (Ord. 2000-1092, § 3; 88-979; 87-870)

Chapter 16.28

RETAIL COMMERCIAL (RC)*

Sections: 16.28.010 Purpose

16.28.020 Permitted Uses 16.28.030 Conditional Uses 16.28.040 Prohibited Uses 16.28.050 Dimensional Standards 16.28.060 Community Design 16.28.070 Floodplain

16.28.010 Purpose

The RC zoning district provides areas for general retail and service uses that neither require larger parcels of land, nor produce excessive environmental impacts as per Division VIII. (Ord. 87-870, § 5; Ord. 86-851)

Note: Ord. 87-870 established the Retail Commercial zone, which repealed and replaced the former Community Commercial (CC) zone.

16.28.020 Permitted Uses

The following uses are permitted outright, provided such uses meet the applicable environmental performance standards contained in Division VIII:

- A. Professional services, including but not limited to financial, medical and dental, social services, real estate, legal, artistic, and similar uses.
- B. General retail trade, including bakeries where product distribution is limited to retailing on the premises only.
- C. Personal and business services, including day cares, preschools, and kindergartens.
- D. Postal substations when located entirely within and incidental to a use permitted outright.
- E. Temporary uses, including but not limited to portable construction offices and real estate sales offices, subject to Chapter 16.86.
- F. Farm and garden supply stores, and retail plant nurseries, but excluding wholesale plant nurseries, and commercial farm equipment and vehicle sales which are prohibited.
- G. Agricultural uses such as truck farming and horticulture, excluding commercial buildings and structures, or the raising of animals other than household pets.
- H. Commercial trade schools.
- I. Motion picture and live theaters, but excluding drive-ins which are prohibited.
- J. Restaurants, taverns, and lounges.
- K. Automotive and other appliance and equipment parts sales, but excluding junkyards and salvage

^{*} Editor's Note: Some sections may not contain a history.

- yards which are prohibited.
- L. Blueprinting, printing, publishing, or other reproduction services. (Ord. 91-922, § 3; 87-870)
- M. Multi-family housing with a Planned Unit Development (PUD) subject to the provisions of Section 16.20.040 High Density Residential (HDR) Dimensional Standards.
- N. Churches under 5,000 square feet in size. (Ord. 2002-1136 § 3; Ord. 91-922, § 3; 87-870)

16.28.030 Conditional Uses

The following uses are permitted as conditional uses, provided such uses meet the applicable environmental performance standards contained in Division VIII, and are approved in accordance with Chapter 16.82:

- A. Automotive service stations, including tire and wheel balancing, and incidental repair, when conducted entirely within an enclosed building.
- B. Automotive, light truck and small equipment repair and service, when conducted entirely within an enclosed building.
- C. Churches when all structures together total over 5,000 square feet in size.
- D. Cemeteries and crematory mausoleums.
- E. Public and private utility buildings, including but not limited to telephone exchanges, electric substations, gas regulator stations, sewage treatment plants, water wells, and public work yards.
- F. Government offices, including but not limited to administrative offices, post offices, and police and fire stations.
- G. Public use buildings, including but not limited to libraries, museums, community centers, and senior centers.
- H. Medical, dental, and similar laboratories.
- I. Private lodges, fraternal organizations, country clubs, sports and racquet clubs, and other similar clubs, but excluding golf courses which are prohibited.
- J. Motels or hotels.
- K. Residential apartments when located on the upper floors, in the rear of, or otherwise clearly secondary to commercial buildings as defined in Section 16.28.060B.
- L. Public recreational facilities, including but not limited to parks, playfields, and sports and racquet

courts, but excluding golf courses which are prohibited.

- M. Public and private schools providing education at the elementary school level or higher.
- N. Veterinarian offices and animal hospitals.
- O. Building material sales and lumber yards when conducted entirely within an enclosed building.
- P. Any incidental business, service, processing, storage or display, not otherwise permitted by Chapter 16.28, that is essential to and customarily associated with a use permitted outright, provided said incidental use is conducted entirely within an enclosed building.
- O. Residential care facilities.
- R. Special care facilities, including but not limited to hospitals, sanitariums, convalescent homes, nursing homes, specialized living facilities and assisted living facilities.

(Ord. 2002-1136 § 3; Ord. 98-1052 § 1; Ord. 91-922, § 3; 87-870, § 5)

16.28.040 Prohibited Uses

The following uses are expressly prohibited:

- A. Adult entertainment businesses.
- B. Junkyards and salvage yards.
- C. Drive-in motion picture theaters.
- D. Wholesale trade, warehousing, commercial storage, and mini-warehousing.
- E. Contractors storage and equipment yards.
- F. Automobile, recreational vehicle, motorcycle, truck, manufactured home, boat, farm, and other large equipment sales, rental, or service.
- G. Radio, telephone, and similar communication stations, including transmitters.
- H. Wholesale plant nurseries.
- I. Any other prohibited uses noted in Sections 16.28.020 or 16.28.030. (Ord. 97-1019 § 1; 87-870, § 5)

16.28.050 Dimensional Standards

No lot area, setback, yard, landscaped area, open space, off-street parking or loading area, or other site dimension or requirement, existing on, or after, the effective date of this Code shall be reduced below the

minimum required by this Code. Nor shall the conveyance of any portion of a lot, for other than a public use or right-of-way, leave a lot or structure on the remainder of said lot with less than minimum Code dimensions, area, setbacks or other requirements, except as permitted by Chapter 16.84.

A. Lot Dimensions

Except as otherwise provided, required minimum lot areas and dimensions shall be:

1.	Lot area:	5,000 sq ft
2.	Lot width at front property	40 feet
	line:	
3.	Lot width at building line:	40 feet

B. Setbacks

Except as otherwise provided, required minimum setbacks shall be:

1.	Front yard:	None, except when the lot abuts a residential zone, the front yard shall be that required in the residential zone.
2.	Side yard:	None, except ten (10) feet where adjoining a residential zone or public park.
3.	Rear yard:	None, except ten (10) feet where adjoining a residential zone or public park.

4. Existing residential uses shall maintain setbacks specified in Section 16.20.040.

C. Height

Except as otherwise provided, the maximum height of structures shall be fifty (50) feet, except that structures within one-hundred (100) feet of a residential zone shall be limited to the height requirements of that residential area. Structures over fifty (50) feet in height may be permitted as conditional uses, subject to Chapter 16.82.

(Ord. 91-922, § 3; Ord. 87-870, § 5)

16.28.060 Community Design

- A. For standards relating to off-street parking and loading, energy conservation, historic resources, environmental resources, landscaping, access and egress, signs, parks and open space, on-site storage, and site design, see Divisions V, VIII and IX.
 - B. The residential portion of a mixed-use can be considered clearly secondary to commercial uses in

mixed-use developments when traffic trips generated, dedicated parking spaces, signage and the road frontage of residential uses are all exceeded by that of the commercial component, and the commercial portion of a site is located primarily on the ground floor.

(Ord. 2002-1136 § 3; Ord. 87-870, § 5)

16.28.070 Floodplain

Except as otherwise provided, Section 16.134.020 shall apply. (Ord. 2000-1092, § 3; 88-979; 87-870)

Chapter 16.30

GENERAL COMMERCIAL (GC)*

Sections:

16.30.010 Purpose 16.30.020 Permitted Uses 16.30.030 Conditional Uses 16.30.040 Prohibited Uses 16.30.050 Dimensional Standards 16.30.060 Community Design 16.30.070 Floodplain

16.30.010 Purpose

The GC zoning district provides for commercial uses which require larger parcels of land, and or uses which involve products or activities which require special attention to environmental impacts as per Division VIII.

(Ord. 86-851, § 3)

16.30.020 Permitted Uses

The following uses are permitted outright, provided such uses meet the applicable environmental performance standards contained in Division VIII:

- A. Professional services, including but not limited to financial, medical and dental, social services, real estate, legal, artistic, and similar uses.
- B. General retail trade, including bakeries where product distribution is limited to retailing on the premises only.
- C. Personal and business services, including day cares, preschools, and kindergartens.
- D. Postal substations when located entirely within and incidental to a use permitted outright.
- E. Temporary uses, including but not limited to portable construction offices and real estate sales offices, subject to Chapter 16.86.

^{*} Editor's Note: Some sections may not contain a history.

- F. Farm and garden supply stores, and retail plant nurseries, but excluding wholesale plant nurseries, and commercial farm equipment and vehicle sales which are prohibited.
- G. Agricultural uses such as truck farming and horticulture, excluding commercial buildings and structures, or the raising of animals other than household pets.
- H. Commercial trade schools.
- I. Motion picture and live theaters, but excluding drive-ins which are prohibited.
- J. Restaurants, taverns, and lounges.
- K. Automotive and other appliance and equipment parts sales, but excluding junkyards and salvage yards which are prohibited.
- L. Blueprinting, printing, publishing, or other reproduction services.
- M. Automobile, recreational vehicle, motorcycle, truck, manufactured home, boat, farm, and other equipment sales, parts sales, repairs, rentals or service.
- N. Limited manufacturing, including only: beverage bottling plants, commercial bakeries, machine shops, and handicraft manufacturing.
- O. Building material sales, lumberyards, contractors storage and equipment yards, building maintenance services, and similar uses.
- P. Veterinarian offices and animal hospitals.
- Q. Agricultural uses including but not limited to farming and wholesale and retail plant nurseries, with customarily associated commercial buildings and structures permitted.
- R. Medical, dental, and similar laboratories.
- S. Truck and bus yards and terminals.
- T. Adult entertainment business, subject to Section 16.54.010.
- U. Wireless communication antennas co-located on an existing tower or on an existing building or structure not exceeding the roof of the structure provided the applicant can demonstrate to the satisfaction of the City that the location of the antenna on City-owned property would be unfeasible.
- V. Multi-family housing within a Planned Unit Development (PUD) subject to the provisions of Section 16.20.040 High Density Residential (HDR) Dimensional Standards.

W. Churches under 5,000 square feet in size. (Ord. 2002-1136 § 3; 91-922, § 3; 93-964; Ord. 86-851)

16.30.030 Conditional Uses

The following uses are permitted as conditional uses, provided such uses meet the applicable environmental performance standards contained in Division VIII, and are approved in accordance with Chapter 16.82:

- A. Special care facilities, including but not limited to hospitals, sanitariums, convalescent homes, correctional institutions, and residential care facilities.
- B. Radio, television, and similar communication stations, including transmitters and wireless communication towers except for towers located within 1,000 feet of the Old Town District which are prohibited.
- C. Churches when all structures together total over 5,000 square feet in size.
- D. Cemeteries and crematory mausoleums.
- E. Public and private utility buildings, including but not limited to telephone exchanges, electric substations, gas regulator stations, treatment plants, water wells, and public work yards.
- F. Government offices, including but not limited to administrative offices, post offices, and police and fire stations.
- G. Public use buildings including but not limited to libraries, museums, community centers and senior centers.
- H. Private lodges, fraternal organizations, country clubs, sports and racquet clubs, and other similar clubs, but excluding golf courses which are prohibited.
- I. Motels or hotels.
- J. Residential apartments when located on the upper floors, in the rear of, or otherwise clearly secondary to a commercial building as defined in Section 16.30.060(B).
- K. Public recreational facilities, including but not limited to parks, playfields, and sports and racquet courts, but excluding golf courses which are prohibited.
- L. Public and private schools providing education at the elementary school level or higher.
- M. Any incidental business, service, process, storage or display, not otherwise permitted by Chapter 16.30, that is essential to and customarily associated with any use permitted outright. (Ord. No. 2010-015, § 2, 10-5-2010; Ord. 2002-1136 § 3; Ord. 97-1019 § 1; Ord. 87-870, § 5; Ord. 86-851, § 3)

16.30.040 Prohibited Uses

The following uses are expressly prohibited:

- A. Junkyards and salvage yards.
- B. Industrial and manufacturing uses, except as specifically permitted by Sections 16.30.020 and 16.30.030.
- C. Any other prohibited use noted in Section 16.30.030. (Ord. 91-922, § 3; Ord. 87-870, § 5)

16.30.050 Dimensional Standards

No lot area, setback, yard, landscaped area, open space, off-street parking or loading area, or other site dimension or requirement, existing on, or after, the effective date of this Code shall be reduced below the minimum required by this Code. Nor shall the conveyance of any portion of a lot, for other than a public use or right-of-way, leave a lot or structure on the remainder of said lot with less than minimum Code dimensions, area, setbacks or other requirements, except as permitted by Chapter 16.84.

A. Lot Dimensions

Except as otherwise provided, required minimum lot areas and dimensions shall be:

1.	Lot area:	10,000 sq ft
2.	Lot width at front property	70 feet
	line:	
3.	Lot width at building line:	70 feet

B. Setbacks

Except as otherwise provided, required minimum setbacks shall be:

- 1. Front yard: None, unless the lot abuts a residential zone, then the front yard shall be that required in the residential zone.
- 2. Side yard: None, unless abutting a residential zone or public park property, then there shall be a minimum of twenty (20) feet.
- 3. Rear yard: None, unless abutting a residential zone, then there shall be minimum of twenty (20) feet.
- 4. Existing residential uses shall maintain setbacks specified in Section 16.20.040.

C. Height

Except as otherwise provided, the maximum height of structures shall be fifty (50) feet, except that structures within one-hundred (100) feet of a residential zone shall be limited to the height requirements of that residential area. Structures over fifty (50) feet in height may be permitted as conditional uses, subject to Chapter 16.82.

(Ord. 91-922, § 3; Ord. 86-851, § 3)

16.30.060 Community Design

- A. For standards relating to off-street parking and loading, energy conservation, historic resources, environmental resources, landscaping, access and egress, signs, parks and open space, on-site storage, and site design, see Division V, VIII and IX.
- B. The residential portion of a mixed use can be considered clearly secondary to commercial uses in mixed use developments when traffic trips generated, dedicated parking spaces, signage, and the road frontage of residential uses are all exceeded by that of the commercial component, and the commercial portion of a site is located primarily on the ground floor.

(Ord. 2002-1136 § 3; Ord. 91-922, § 3; Ord. 86-851)

16.30.070 Floodplain

Except as otherwise provided, Section 16.134.020 shall apply. (Ord. 2000-1092, § 3; 88-979; 87-867; Ord. 86-851)

Chapter 16.31

EMPLOYMENT INDUSTRIAL (EI)

Sections:

16.31.010 Purpose
16.31.020 Permitted Uses
16.31.030 Conditional Uses
16.31.040 Prohibited Uses
16.31.050 Commercial Nodes Use Restrictions
16.31.055 Tonquin Employment Area (TEA) Commercial Use Restrictions
16.31.060 Dimensional Standards
16.31.070 EI Lots Smaller than 3 Acres
160.31.080 Community Design
16.31.090 Floodplain
16.31.100 New Definitions

16.31.010 Purpose

The EI zoning district provides employment areas that are suitable for, and attractive to, key industries and industry clusters that have been identified by the State of Oregon and the City's economic development strategy as important to the state and local economy. The following are preferred industry sectors for areas zoned EI: Clean Technology; Technology and Advanced Manufacturing; and Outdoor Gear and Active Wear.

Land zoned EI shall provide for large and medium-sized parcels for industrial campuses and other industrial sites that can accommodate a variety of industrial companies and related businesses. Areas zoned EI

are also intended to provide the opportunity for flex building space within small- and medium-sized industrial campuses and business parks to accommodate research and development companies, incubator/emerging technology businesses, related materials and equipment suppliers, and or spin-off companies and other businesses that derive from, or are extensions of, larger campus users and developments. Retail and commercial uses are allowed only when directly supporting area employers and employees.

Industrial establishments and support services shall not have objectionable external features and shall feature well-landscaped sites and attractive architectural design, as determined by the Hearing Authority. (Ord. 2010-014, § 3, 10-5-2010)

16.31.020 Permitted Uses

The following uses are permitted outright, provided such uses meet the applicable design standards contained in Division V and environmental performance standards contained in Division VIII.

- A. Manufacturing, compounding, processing, assembling, packaging, treatment, fabrication or wholesaling of articles or products not prohibited in Section 16.31.040 and associated with the preferred industry sectors identified for the EI zone, particularly those uses associated with the following:
 - 1. Renewable energy/energy efficiency
 - 2. Sustainable environmental products
 - 3. Advanced manufacturing
 - 4. High technology
 - 5. Biotechnology and biopharmaceuticals
 - 6. Sports apparel and other recreation products
- B. Research and development and associated manufacturing, except as prohibited in Section 16.31.040.
- C. Contractor's offices, and other offices associated with an approved use in the EI zone.
- D. Public and private utilities.
- E. Laboratories.
- F. Dwelling unit for one (1) security person employed on the premises, and their immediate family.
- G. PUDs subject to the provisions of Chapter 16.40.
- H. Temporary uses, including but not limited to construction and real estate sales offices, subject to

Chapter 16.86.

- I. Wireless communication antennas co-located on an existing tower or on an existing building or structure not exceeding the roof of the structure provided the applicant can demonstrate to the satisfaction of the City that the location of the antenna on City-owned property would be unfeasible.
- J. Incidental retail sales or display/showroom directly associated with a permitted use pursuant to 16.31.020. Sales or display space shall be limited to a maximum of 10% of the total floor area of the business, as permitted in Section 16.31.050.

(Ord. 2010-014, § 3, 10-5-2010)

16.31.030 Conditional Uses

The following uses are permitted as Conditional Uses provided such uses meet the applicable environmental performance standards contained in Division VIII and are approved in accordance with Chapter 16.82:

- A. Any use not otherwise listed that can be shown to be consistent or associated with the uses allowed uses in 16.31.020(A) or contribute to the achievement of the objectives in 16.31.010.
- B. Government facilities, including but not limited to postal, police, fire, and vehicle testing stations.
- C. Light metal fabrication, machining, welding and casting or molding of semi-finished or finished metals.
- D. Transmitters and wireless communication towers.
- E. Restaurants without drive-thru that meet the requirements of 16.31.050 or 16.31.055, as applicable.
- F. Commercial trade schools.
- G. Power generation plants and associated facilities serving a permitted use.
- H. Daycares, preschools, and kindergartens that meet the requirements of 16.31.050 or 16.31.055, as applicable.
- I. Public or private outdoor recreational facilities including parks, playfields and sports and racquet courts.
- J. Personal services, including but not limited to financial, medical and dental, social services, and similar support services that meet the requirements of 16.31.050 or 16.31.055, as applicable. K. Business services, including but not limited to financial, real estate, legal, copying and blueprinting, and similar support services that meet the requirements of 16.31.050 or 16.31.055,

as applicable. (Ord. 2010-014, § 3, 10-5-2010)

16.31.040 Prohibited Uses

Any use that is not permitted or conditionally permitted under Section 16.31.20 or Section 16.31.030 is prohibited in the EI zone. In addition, the following uses are expressly prohibited, subject to the provisions of Chapter 16.48 Non-Conforming Uses:

- A. Adult entertainment businesses.
- B. Meat, fish, poultry and tannery processing.
- C. Auto wrecking and junk or salvage yards.
- D. Manufacture, compounding, processing, assembling, packaging, treatment, fabrication, wholesale, warehousing, or storage of toxins or explosive materials, or any product or compound determined by a public health official to be detrimental to the health, safety and welfare of the community.
- E. Rock crushing facilities.
- F. Aggregate storage and distribution facilities.
- G. Concrete or asphalt batch plants.
- H. General purpose solid waste landfills, incinerators, and other solid waste facilities.
- I. Restaurants with drive-thru facilities.
- J. Distribution, warehousing and storage not associated with a permitted use. (Ord. 2010-014, § 3, 10-5-2010)

16.31.050 Commercial Use Restrictions

Retail and professional services that cater to daily customers, such as restaurants and financial, insurance, real estate, legal, medical and dental offices, shall be limited in the EI zone. New buildings for stores, branches, agencies or other retail uses and services shall not occupy more than 5,000 square feet of sales or service area in a single outlet and no more than 20,000 square feet of sales or service area in multiple outlets in the same development project, and shall not be located on lots or parcels smaller than 5 acres in size. A "development project" includes all improvements proposed through a site plan application.

Notwithstanding the provisions of Section 16.31.055 "Commercial Nodes Use Restrictions", commercial development permitted under 16.31.050 may only be proposed concurrent with or after industrial development on the same parcel. Commercial development may not occur prior to industrial development on the same parcel.

16.31.055 Tonquin Employment Area (TEA) Commercial Nodes Use Restrictions

- A. Within the Tonquin Employment Area (TEA), only commercial uses that directly support industrial uses located within the TEA are permitted as conditional uses.
- B. Commercial development, not to exceed a total of five (5) contiguous acres in size, may be permitted.
- C. Commercial development may not be located within 300 feet of SW 124th Avenue or SW Oregon Street, and must be adjacent to the proposed east-west collector street. (Ord. 2010-014, § 3, 10-5-2010)

16.31.060 Dimensional Standards

No lot area, setback, yard, landscaped area, open space, off-street parking or loading area, or other site dimension or requirement, existing on, or after, the effective date of this Code shall be reduced below the minimum required by this Code. Nor shall the conveyance of any portion of a lot, for other than a public use or right-of-way, leave a lot or structure on the remainder of said lot with less than minimum Code dimensions, area, setbacks or other requirements, except as permitted by Chapter 16.84.

A. Lot Dimensions

Except as otherwise provided, required minimum lot areas and dimensions shall be:

1.	Lot area: Industrial Uses:	3 acres, except as exempted in Section 16.31.070 "EI Lots Smaller than 3 Acres"
	Commercial Uses (subject to Section 16.31.055):	10,000 square feet
2.	Lot width at front property line:	100 feet
3.	Lot width at building line:	100 feet
4.	Parcels larger than 50 acres:	
	Lots or parcels larger than 50 acres may be divided into smaller lots and parcels pursuant to a Planned Unit Development approved by the city so long as the resulting division yields at least one lot or parcel of at least 50 acres in size.	
5.	Partitioning 50 acre parcel:	

Lots or parcels 50 acres or	
larger, including those	
created pursuant to	
paragraph (4) of this	
subsection, may be divided	
into any number of smaller	
lots or parcels pursuant to a	
Planned Unit Development	
approved by the city so	
long as at least 40 percent	
of the area of the lot or	
parcel has been developed	
with industrial uses or uses	
accessory to industrial use.	

B. Setbacks.

Except as otherwise provided, required minimum setbacks shall be:

1.	Front yard:	Twenty (20) feet, except when abutting a residential zone, then there shall be a minimum of forty (40) feet.
2.	Side yard:	None, except when abutting a residential zone, then there shall be a minimum of forty (40) feet.
3.	Rear yard:	None, except when abutting a residential zone, then there shall be a minimum of forty (40) feet.
4.	Corner lots:	Twenty (20) feet on any side facing a street, except when abutting a residential zone, then there shall be a minimum of forty (40) feet.

C. Height

Except as otherwise provided, the maximum height shall be fifty (50) feet, except that structures within one-hundred (100) feet of a residential zone shall be limited to the height requirements of that residential zone.

(Ord. 2010-014, § 3, 10-5-2010)

16.31.070 EI Lots Smaller than 3 Acres

Lots of record prior to October 5, 2010 that are smaller than the minimum lot size required in 16.31.060.A. 1 may be developed if found consistent with other applicable requirements of Chapter 16.31 and this Code. Further subdivision of lots smaller than 3 acres shall be prohibited unless Section 16.31.055 applies. (Ord. 2010-014, § 3, 10-5-2010)

16.31.080 Community Design

For standards relating to off-street parking and loading, energy conservation, historic resources, environmental resources, landscaping, access and egress, signs, parks and open space, on-site storage, and site design, see Divisions V, VIII and IX. (Ord. 2010-014, § 3, 10-5-2010)

16.31.090 Floodplain

Except as otherwise provided, Section 16.134.020 shall apply. (Ord. 2010-014, § 3, 10-5-2010)

16.31.100 New Definitions

Advanced Manufacturing. The application of cutting edge concepts in electronics, computers, software and automation to enhance manufacturing capabilities and improve production. Advanced manufacturing technology is used in all areas of manufacturing, including design, control, fabrication, and assembly. This family of technologies includes robotics, computer-aided design (CAD), computer-aided engineering (CAE), manufacturing resource planning, automated materials handling systems, electronic data interchange (EDI), computer-integrated manufacturing (CIM) systems, flexible manufacturing systems, and group technology.

Biopharmaceuticals. Medical drugs derived from biological sources and produced using biotechnology.

Biotechnology. Technology based on biology, especially when used in agriculture, food science, and medicine, and includes any technological application that uses biological systems, living organisms, or derivatives thereof, to make or modify products or processes for specific use.

Clean Technology. A diverse range of products, services, and processes that harness renewable materials and energy sources, dramatically reduce the use of natural resources, and cut or eliminate emissions and wastes. Clean technology includes wind power, solar power, biomass, hydropower, biofuels, information technology, green transportation, electric motors, and innovations in lighting and other appliances related to energy efficiency.

High Technology. Scientific technology involving the production or use of highly advanced, sophisticated, or specialized systems or devices, especially those used in the fields of electronics and computers.

Renewable Energy. Energy derived from, or effectively using resources which may be naturally replenished. such as sunlight, wind, rain, tides and Renewable energy technologies include those associated with solar power, geothermal heat, wind power, hydroelectricity, and biofuels used for transportation.

Sustainable environmental products. Products that are designed to lessen negative impacts on the natural environment or to enhance the potential longevity of vital human ecological support systems, such as such as the planet's climatic system and systems of agriculture, industry, forestry, fisheries, and the systems on which they depend.

(Ord. 2010-014, § 3, 10-5-2010)

LIGHT INDUSTRIAL (LI)*

Sections:

16.32.010 Purpose

16.32.020 Permitted Uses

16.32.030 Conditional Uses

16.32.040 Prohibited Uses

16.32.050 Dimensional Standards

16.32.060 Community Design

16.32.070 Floodplain

* Editor's Note: Some sections may not contain a history.

16.32.010 Purpose

The LI zoning district provides for the manufacturing, processing, assembling, packaging and treatment of products which have been previously prepared from raw materials. Industrial establishments shall not have objectionable external features and shall feature well-landscaped sites and attractive architectural design, as determined by the Commission.

(Ord. 93-964 § 3; Ord. 86-851)

16.32.020 Permitted Uses

The following uses are permitted outright, provided such uses meet the applicable environmental performance standards contained in Division VIII. Incidental retail sales, limited to 10% of the total floor area of a business, may be permitted as a secondary function of a permitted or conditional use, subject to the review and approval of the Hearing Authority.

(Ord. 2001-1119, § 1; 93-964)

- A. Contractor's offices and other offices associated with a use permitted in the LI zone.
- B. Public and private utilities, including but not limited to telephone exchanges, electric substations, data centers, gas regulator stations, sewage treatment plants, water wells and public work yards.
- C. Glass installation and sales.
- D. Laboratories for testing and medical, dental, photographic, or motion picture processing, except as prohibited by Section 16.32.040(E).
- E. Industrial hand tool and supply sales primarily wholesaled to other industrial firms or industrial workers.
- F. Other similar light industrial uses subject to Chapter 16.88.
- G. Dwelling unit for one (1) security person employed on the premises, and their immediate family.
- H. PUDs, new and existing, subject to the provisions of Chapter 16.40. New PUDs may mix uses which are permitted within the boundaries of the PUD. Approved PUDs may elect to establish

uses which are permitted or conditionally permitted under the base zone text applicable at the time of final approval of the PUD.

(Ord. 98-1051 § 1; Ord. 86-851)

- I. Temporary uses, including but not limited to construction and real estate sales offices, subject to Chapter 16.86.
- J. Wireless communication antennas co-located on an existing tower or on an existing building or structure not exceeding the roof of the structure provided the applicant can demonstrate to the satisfaction of the City that the location of the antenna on City-owned property would be unfeasible.

(Ord. 97-1019 § 1)

K. Business and professional offices associated directly with another permitted use in this zone and do not cater to daily customers (such as financial, insurance, real estate, legal, medical and dental offices).

(Ord. No. 2010-05, § 2, 4-6-2010)

L. Business and professional offices in buildings that received land use approval prior to January 1, 2010 or that are not designated "industrial" on Metro's 2008 Title 4 Map that cater to daily customers (such as financial, insurance, real estate, legal, medical and dental offices).

(Ord. No. 2010-05, § 2, 4-6-2010)

M. Business and professional offices in buildings that received land use approval after January 1, 2010 that are designated "industrial" on Metro's 2008 Title 4 Map and that cater to daily customers (such as financial, insurance, real estate, legal, medical and dental offices) shall not occupy more than 5,000 square feet of sales or service area in a single outlet and no more than 20,000 square feet of sales or service area in multiple outlets in the same development project. (Ord. No. 2010-05, § 2, 4-6-2010)

- N. Training facilities whose primary purpose is to provide training to meet industrial needs. (Ord. No. 2010-05, § 2, 4-6-2010)
- O. Tool and equipment rental. (Ord. No. 2010-05, § 2, 4-6-2010)
- P. Blueprinting, printing, publishing, or other reproduction services. (Ord. No. 2010-05, § 2, 4-6-2010)
 - Q. Farm and garden supply stores and retail plant nurseries (limited in size similar to M. above), but excluding wholesale plant nurseries, and commercial farm equipment and vehicle sales which are prohibited.

(Ord. No. 2010-05, § 2, 4-6-2010)

R. Medical, dental and similar laboratories. (Ord. No. 2010-05, § 2, 4-6-2010)

- S. Manufacture, compounding, processing, assembling, packaging, treatment, fabrication, wholesaling, warehousing or storage of the following articles or products:
 - 1. Food products, including but not limited to candy, dairy products, beverages, coffee, canned goods and baked goods, and meat and poultry, except as prohibited by Section 16.32.040.
 - 2. Appliances, including but not limited to refrigerators, freezers, washing machines, dryers, small electronic motors and generators, heating and cooling equipment, lawn mowers, rototillers, and chain saws, vending machines, and similar products and associated small parts.
 - 3. Cosmetics, drugs, pharmaceuticals, toiletries, chemicals and similar products, except as prohibited by Section 16.32.040.
 - 4. Electrical, radio, television, optical, scientific, hearing aids, electronic, computer, communications and similar instruments, components, appliances and systems, and similar products and associated small parts.
 - 5. Building components and household fixtures, including but not limited to furniture, cabinets, and upholstery, ladders, mattresses, doors and windows, signs and display structures, and similar products and associated small parts.
 - 6. Recreational vehicles and equipment, including but not limited to bicycles, recreational watercraft, exercise equipment, and similar products and associated small parts, but excluding motorized equipment unless otherwise permitted by Section 16.32.020 or 16.32.030.
 - 7. Musical instruments, toys and novelties.
 - 8. Pottery and ceramics, limited to products using previously pulverized clay.
 - 9. Textiles and fiber products.
 - 10. Other small products and tools manufactured from previously prepared or semi-finished materials, including but not limited to bone, fur, leather, feathers, textiles, plastics, glass, wood products, metals, tobacco, rubber, and precious or semi-precious stones.

(Ord. No. 2010-05, § 2, 4-6-2010; Ord. 2002-1136 § 3; 2001-1119; 98-1051; 93-964; 91-922; Ord. 86-851)

16.32.030 Conditional Uses

The following uses are permitted as Conditional Uses provided such uses meet the applicable environmental performance standards contained in Division VIII and are approved in accordance with Chapter 16.82:

- A. Laundry, dry cleaning, dyeing or rug cleaning plants.
- B. Light metal fabrication, machining, welding and electroplating and casting or molding of semi-finished or finished metals.
- C. Offices associated with a use conditionally permitted in the LI zone.
- D. Sawmills.
- E. Radio, television and similar communication stations, including transmitters and wireless communication towers, except for towers located within 1,000 feet of the Old Town District which are prohibited.
- F. Restaurants without drive-thru limited in size similar to 16.32.020.M. (Ord. No. 2010-05, § 2, 4-6-2010)
 - G. Hospitals and emergency care facilities.
 - H. Automotive, recreational vehicle, motorcycle, truck, manufactured home, boat, farm and other equipment repair or service.
 - I. Commercial trade schools.
 - J. Wholesale building material sales, lumberyards, contractors storage and equipment yards, building maintenance services, and similar uses.
 - K. Retail uses for warehousing or manufacturing operations, limited to 10% of the total floor area and not to exceed 60,000 square feet of gross leaseable area per building or business. The retail area shall be physically separated by a wall or other barrier from the manufacturing or warehousing operation. Warehousing and storage areas shall not be used as showrooms.

(Ord. 2000-1092, § 3)

- L. Power generation plants and associated facilities.
- M. Veterinarians offices and animal hospitals.
- N. Automobile, boat, trailer and recreational vehicle storage. (Ord. 93-964 § 3)
 - O. Daycares and pre-schools, if fully integrated with and secondary to a use elsewhere permitted in Section 16.32.020 or 16.32.030.
 - P. Government facilities, including police, fire and vehicle testing stations.
 - Q. Public recreational facilities including parks, playfields and sports and racquet courts on publicly

owned property or under power line easements. (Ord. No. 2009-009, 7-21-2009; Ord. 2002-1136 § 3; 2001-1119; 98-1051; 93-964)

16.32.040 Prohibited Uses

The following uses are expressly prohibited:

A. Adult entertainment businesses. (Ord. 86-851, § 3)

- B. Any use permitted or conditionally permitted under this Chapter that is not specifically listed in this Section, and any use listed in this Section.
- C. Auto wrecking and junk or salvage yards.
- D. Distillation of oil, coal, wood or tar compounds and the creosote treatment of any products.
- E. Manufacture, compounding, processing, assembling, packaging, treatment, fabrication, wholesale, warehousing, or storage of the following products or substances, except for any incidental business, service, process, storage, or display that is essential to and customarily associated, in the City's determination, with any otherwise permitted or conditionally permitted use:
 - 1. Abrasives, acids, disinfectants, dyes and paints, bleaching powder and soaps and similar products.
 - 2. Ammonia, chlorine, sodium compounds, toxins, and similar chemicals.
 - 3. Celluloid or pyroxylin.
 - 4. Cement, lime, gypsum, plaster of Paris, clay, creosote, coal and coke, tar and tar-based roofing and waterproofing materials and similar substances.
 - 5. Explosives and radioactive materials.
 - 6. Fertilizer, herbicides and insect poison.
 - 7. Other similar products or compounds which are determined to be detrimental to the health, safety and welfare of the community.
- F. Metal rolling and extraction mills, forge plants, smelters and blast furnaces.
- G. Pulp mills and paper mills.
- H. Slaughter of livestock or poultry, the manufacture of animal by-products or fat rendering.

- I. Leather tanneries.
- J. General purpose solid waste landfills, incinerators, and other solid waste facilities. (Ord. 93-964 § 3)
 - K. Restaurants with drive-thru facilities.
- L. Business and professional offices in buildings that received land use approval after January 1, 2010 that are designated "industrial" on Metro's 2008 Title 4 Map and that cater to daily customers (such as financial, insurance, real estate, legal, medical and dental offices) that occupy more than 5,000 square feet of sales or service area in a single outlet and no more than 20,000 square feet of sales or service area in multiple outlets in the same development project.

 (Ord. No. 2010-05, § 2, 4-6-2010)

M. Retail trade, except as permitted by Section 16.32.020 above. (Ord. 2001-1119, § 1)

16.32.050 Dimensional Standards

No lot area, setback, yard, landscaped area, open space, off-street parking or loading area, or other site dimension or requirement, existing on, or after, the effective date of this Code shall be reduced below the minimum required by this Code. Nor shall the conveyance of any portion of a lot, for other than a public use or right-of-way, leave a lot or structure on the remainder of said lot with less than minimum Code dimensions, area, setbacks or other requirements, except as permitted by Chapter 16.84. (Ord. 91-922, § 3)

A. Lot Dimensions

Except as otherwise provided, required minimum lot areas and dimensions shall be:

1.	Lot area:	10,000 sq ft
2.	Lot width at front property	100 feet
	line:	
3.	Lot width at building line:	100 feet

B. Setbacks

Except as otherwise provided, required minimum setbacks shall be:

1.	Front yard:	Twenty (20) feet, except
		when abutting a residential
		zone or public park, then
		there shall be a minimum
		of forty (40) feet.
2.	Side yard:	None, except when
		abutting a residential zone,
		then there shall be a
		minimum of forty (40) feet.

3.	Rear yard:	None, except when
		abutting a residential zone,
		then there shall be a
		minimum of forty (40) feet.
4.	Corner lots:	Twenty (20) feet on any
		side facing a street, except
		when abutting a residential
		zone, then there shall be a
		minimum of forty (40) feet.

C. Height

Except as otherwise provided, the maximum height shall be fifty (50) feet, except that structures within one-hundred (100) feet of a residential zone shall be limited to the height requirements of that residential zone.

(Ord. 86-851, § 3)

16.32.060 Community Design

For standards relating to off-street parking and loading, energy conservation, historic resources, environmental resources, landscaping, access and egress, signs, parks and open space, on-site storage, and site design, see Divisions V, VIII and IX. (Ord. 91-922, § 3; Ord. 86-851)

16.32.070 Floodplain

Except as otherwise provided, Section 16.134.020 shall apply. (Ord. 2000-1092, § 3; 88-979; 87-867; Ord. 86-851)

Chapter 16.34

GENERAL INDUSTRIAL (GI)*

Sections:

16.34.010 Purpose 16.34.020 Permitted Uses 16.34.030 Conditional Uses 16.34.040 Prohibited Uses 16.34.050 Dimensional Standards 16.34.060 Community Design 16.34.070 Floodplain

* Editor's Note: Some sections may not contain a history.

16.34.010 Purpose

The GI zoning district provides for the manufacturing, processing, assembling, packaging and treatment of products from previously prepared or raw materials, providing such activities can meet and maintain minimum environmental quality standards and are situated so as not to create significant adverse effects to

residential and commercial areas of the City. The minimum contiguous area of any GI zoning district shall be fifty (50) acres.

(Ord. 86-851, § 3)

16.34.020 Permitted Uses

The following uses are permitted outright, provided such uses meet the applicable environmental performance standards contained in Division VIII.

A. Contracting and building material and equipment storage yards, cold storage facilities, equipment rental and sales, building materials sales, and building maintenance services yard, except as prohibited by Section 16.34.040.

(Ord. 93-964 § 3; Ord. 86-851)

- B. Public and private utilities, including but not limited to telephone exchanges, electric substations, gas regulator stations, sewage treatment plants, water wells, and public works yards. (Ord. 86-851, § 3)
- C. Laboratories for testing and medical, dental, photographic, or motion picture processing, except as prohibited by Section 16.34.040. (Ord. 93-964 § 3; Ord. 86-851)
 - D. Manufacture, compounding, processing, assembling, packaging, treatment, fabrication, wholesaling, warehousing, or storage of the following articles or products, except as prohibited in Section 16.34.040:
 - 1. Drugs, pharmaceuticals, toiletries, cosmetics, chemicals and similar products, except as prohibited in Section 16.34.040.
 - 2. Electrical, radio, television, optical, scientific, hearing aids, electronic, computer, communication and similar instruments, components appliances and systems, and similar products and associated small parts.
 - 3. Food products, including but not limited to candy, dairy products, beverages, coffee, canned goods, baked goods, and meat and poultry, except as per Section 16.34.040.
 - 4. Furniture, cabinetry, upholstery, and signs and display structures.
 - 5. Glass and ceramics.

(Ord. 86-851, § 3)

- 6. Iron, steel, sheetmetal, other metal products, hand tools, including machining, welding, electroplating, and casting and molding of semi-finished and finished metals, except as prohibited by Section 16.34.040.
- 7. Leather products, except as per Section 16.34.040.

- 8. Musical instruments, toys, and novelties.
- 9. Paper, wood, lumber and similar products, except as prohibited by Section 16.34.040.
- 10. Plastics and plastic products.
- 11. Recreational vehicles, and other motor vehicles, manufactured homes, trailers, boats and farm equipment and greenhouses.
- 12. Boxes and containers made from paper, wood, metal and other materials.
- 13. Textile and fiber products.

(Ord. 86-851, § 3)

- 14. Appliances, including but not limited to refrigerators, freezers, washing machines, dryers, small electric motors and generators, heating and cooling equipment, lawn mowers, rototillers, chain saws, vending machines, similar products or associated small parts.
- 15. Other small products and tools composed of previously prepared or semi-finished materials, building components and household fixtures, including but not limited to furniture, cabinets, and upholstery, ladders, mattresses, doors and windows, signs and display structures, and similar products and associated small parts.
- E. Wholesale plumbing supplies and service. (Ord. 93-964 § 3; Ord. 86-851)
- F. Blueprinting, printing, publishing or other reproduction services. (Ord. 86-851, § 3)
- G. Laundry, dry cleaning, dyeing, or rug cleaning plants. (Ord. 93-964 § 3)
- H. Truck and bus yards and terminals. (Ord. 86-851, § 3)
 - I. Wholesale trade, warehousing, commercial storage, and mini-warehousing, except as prohibited in Section 16.34.040.

(Ord. 93-964 § 3; Ord. 86-851)

- J. Other similar general industrial uses, subject to Chapter 16.88. (Ord. 86-851, § 3)
- K. Dwelling unit for one (1) security person employed on the premises and their immediate family. (Ord. 86-851, § 3)

L. PUDs, new and existing, subject to the provisions of Chapter 16.40. New PUDs may mix uses which are permitted in other underlying zoning within the boundaries of the PUD. Approved PUDs may elect to establish uses which were permitted or conditionally permitted under the base zone text applicable at the time of final approval of the PUD.

(Ord. 98-1051 § 1; Ord. 86-851)

M. Temporary uses, including but not limited to construction and real estate sales offices, subject to Chapter 16.86.

(Ord. 86-851, § 3)

N. Other uses permitted outright in the LI zone, Section 16.34.020, except for those uses listed as a conditional use in the GI zone and except for adult entertainment businesses which are prohibited.

(Ord. 93-946 § 3; Ord. 86-851)

O. Wireless communication antennas co-located on an existing tower or on an existing building or structure not exceeding the roof of the structure provided the applicant can demonstrate to the satisfaction of the City that the location of the antenna on City-owned property would be unfeasible.

(Ord. 97-1019 § 1)

P. Business and professional offices associated directly with another permitted use in this zone and do not cater to daily customers (such as financial, insurance, real estate, legal, medical and dental offices).

(Ord. No. 2010-05, § 2, 4-6-2010)

Q. Business and professional offices in building that received land use approval prior to January 1, 2010 or that are not designated "industrial" on Metro's 2008 Title 4 Map that cater to daily customers (such as financial, insurance, real estate, legal, medical and dental offices).

(Ord. No. 2010-05, § 2, 4-6-2010)

R. Business and professional offices in buildings that received land use approval after January 1, 2010 that are designated "industrial" on Metro's 2008 Title 4 Map and that cater to daily customers (such as financial, insurance, real estate, legal, medical and dental offices) shall not occupy more than 5,000 square feet of sales or service area in a single outlet and no more than 20,000 square feet of sales or service area in multiple outlets in the same development project. (Ord. No. 2010-05, § 2, 4-6-2010)

S. Training facilities whose primary purpose is to provide training to meet industrial needs. (Ord. No. 2010-05, § 2, 4-6-2010)

T. Tool and equipment rental. (Ord. No. 2010-05, § 2, 4-6-2010)

U. Building material sales (limited in size similar to R. above), lumberyards, contractors storage and equipment yards, building maintenance services, and similar uses.

(Ord. No. 2010-05, § 2, 4-6-2010)

V. Farm and garden supply stores and retail plant nurseries (limited in size similar to R. above), but excluding wholesale plant nurseries, and commercial farm equipment and vehicle sales which are prohibited.

(Ord. No. 2010-05, § 2, 4-6-2010)

W. Medical, dental and similar laboratories. (Ord. No. 2010-05, § 2, 4-6-2010; Ord. 98-1051 § 1)

16.34.030 Conditional Uses

The following uses are permitted as conditional uses provided such uses meet the applicable environmental performance standards contained in Division VIII and are approved in accordance with Chapter 16.82:

- A. Government facilities, including but not limited to postal, police and fire stations.
- B. Sand and gravel pits, rock crushers, concrete and asphalt mixing plants, and other mineral and aggregate extraction subject to Section 16.34.040 and Chapter 16.138.
- C. Radio, television and similar communication stations, including transmitters and wireless communication towers except for towers located within 1,000 feet of the Old Town District which are prohibited.
- D. Hospitals and emergency care facilities.
- E. Automotive, recreational vehicle, motorcycle, truck, manufactured home, boat, farm and other equipment repair or service.
- F. Power stations serving a permitted use.
- G. Restaurants without drive-thru limited in size similar to 16.34.020.R.
- H. Daycares and preschools if fully integrated with and secondary to a use elsewhere permitted in Section 16.34.020 or 16.34.030.
- I. Solid waste transfer stations.
- J. Commercial trade schools.
- K. Retail uses for warehousing or manufacturing operations, limited to 10% of the total floor area and not to exceed 60,000 square feet of gross leaseable area per building or business. The retail area shall be physically separated by a wall or other barrier from the manufacturing or warehousing operation. Warehousing and storage areas shall not be used as showrooms.

- L. Compounding, processing, assembling, packaging, treatment, fabrication, wholesaling, warehousing or storage of the following articles or products, except that outside storage of these materials shall be prohibited:
 - 1. Abrasives, acids, disinfectants, dyes and paints, bleaching powder and soaps and similar products.
 - 2. Ammonia, chlorine, sodium compounds, toxins, and similar chemicals.
 - 3. Fertilizer, herbicides and insecticides.
- M. Manufacture of biomedical compounds as regulated by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration. (Ord. No. 2010-05, § 2, 4-6-2010; Ord. 2002-1136, § 3; Ord. 2000-Metro title compliance; 98-1051; Ord. 97-1019; Ord. 93-964, § 3; 91-922; Ord. 86-851)

16.34.040 Prohibited Uses

The following uses are expressly prohibited:

- A. All uses permitted in residential or commercial zones not otherwise specifically permitted by Sections 16.34.020 and 16.34.030.
- B. Auto wrecking and junk or salvage yards.
- C. Distillation of oil, coal, wood or tar compounds and the creosote treatment of any products.
- D. Manufacture, compounding, processing, assembling, packaging, treatment, fabrication, wholesale, warehousing, or storage of the following products or substances, except for any incidental business, service, process, storage, or display that is essential to and customarily associated, in the City's determination, with any otherwise permitted or conditionally permitted use:
 - 1. Celluloid or pyroxylin.
 - 2. Cement, lime, gypsum, plaster of Paris, clay, creosote, coal and coke, tar and tar-based roofing and waterproofing materials and similar substances.
 - 3. Explosives and radioactive materials.
 - 4. Other similar products or compounds which are determined to be detrimental to the health, safety and welfare of the community.
- E. Metal rolling and extraction mills, forge plants, smelters and blast furnaces.
- F. Saw mills and paper mills.

- G. Slaughter of livestock or poultry, the manufacture of animal by-products or fat rendering.
- H. Leather tanneries.
- I. General purpose solid waste landfills, incinerators, and other solid waste facilities except as permitted per Section 16.34.030 and Chapter 16.140.
- J. Business and professional offices in buildings that received land use approval after January 1, 2010 that are designated "industrial" on Metro's 2008 Title 4 Map that cater to daily customers (such as financial, insurance, real estate, legal, medical and dental offices) that occupy more than 5,000 square feet of sales or service area in a single outlet or more than 20,000 square feet of sales or service area in multiple outlets in the same development project.

(Ord. No. 2010-05, § 2, 4-6-2010; Ord. 2002-1136, § 3; Ord. 93-964, § 3; ; 91-922; Ord. 86-851, § 3)

16.34.050 Dimensional Standards

No lot area, setback, yard, landscaped area, open space, off-street parking or loading area, or other site dimension or requirement, existing on, or after, the effective date of this Code shall be reduced below the minimum required by this Code. Nor shall the conveyance of any portion of a lot, for other than a public use or right-of-way, leave a lot or structure on the remainder of said lot with less than minimum Code dimensions, area, setbacks or other requirements, except as permitted by Chapter 16.84.

A. Lot Dimensions

Except as otherwise provided, required minimum lot areas and dimensions shall be:

1.	Lot area:	20,000 sq ft
2.	Lot width at front property	100 feet
	line:	
3.	Lot width at building line:	100 feet

B. Setbacks

Except as otherwise provided, required minimum setbacks shall be:

1.	Front yard:	None, except when abutting a residential zone, then there shall be a minimum of fifty (50) feet.
2.	Side yard:	None, except when abutting a residential zone, then there shall be a minimum of fifty (50) feet.
3.	Rear yard:	None, except when abutting a residential zone, then there shall be a minimum of fifty (50) feet.

4.	Corner lots:	None, except when
		abutting a residential zone,
		then there shall be a
		minimum of fifty (50) feet.

C. Height

Except as otherwise provided, the maximum height shall be fifty (50) feet, except that structures within one-hundred (100) feet of a residential zone shall be limited to the height requirements of that residential zone.

(Ord. 91-922, § 3; Ord. 86-851, § 3)

16.34.060 Community Design

For standards relating to off-street parking and loading, energy conservation, historic resources, environmental resources, landscaping, access and egress, signs, parks and open space, on-site storage, and site design, see Divisions V, VIII and IX.

(Ord. 91-922, § 3; Ord. 86-851)

16.34.070 Floodplain

Except as otherwise provided, Section 16.134.020 shall apply. (Ord. 2000-1092, § 3; 88-979; 87-867; Ord. 86-851)

Note: The Special Industrial (SI) Zoning District, originally established as Chapter 16.34 of the SZCDC by Ord. 86-851, was repealed by Ord. 91-922, § 3.

Chapter 16.36

INSTITUTIONAL AND PUBLIC (IP)*

Sections:

16.36.010 Purpose 16.36.020 Permitted Uses

16.36.030 Conditional Uses

16.36.040 Prohibited Uses

16.36.050 Dimensional Standards

16.36.060 Community Design

16.36.070 Floodplain

16.36.010 Purpose

The IP zoning district provides for major institutional and governmental activities such as schools, public parks, churches, government offices, utility structures, hospitals, correctional facilities and other similar public and quasi-public uses.

(Ord. 86-851, § 3)

^{*} Editor's Note: Some sections may not contain a history.

16.36.020 Permitted Uses

The following uses are permitted outright, provided such uses meet the applicable environmental performance standards contained in Division VIII:

- A. Wireless communication facilities on City-owned property.
- B. Wireless communication antennas mounted on an existing building or structure not exceeding the height of the roof of the structure provided the applicant can demonstrate to the satisfaction of the City that the location of the antennas on City-owned property would be unfeasible.

(Ord. 97-1019, § 1)

16.36.030 Conditional Uses

The following uses are permitted as conditional uses provided such uses meet the applicable environmental performance standards contained in Division VIII, and are approved in accordance with Chapter 16.82:

- A. Government offices, including but not limited to postal stations, administrative offices, police and fire stations.
- B. Public use buildings, including but not limited to libraries, museums, community centers, and senior centers.
- C. Churches and parsonages.
- D. Cemeteries and crematory mausoleums.
- E. Public recreational facilities, including but not limited to parks, playfields, golf courses, and sport and racquet courts.
- F. Public and private schools providing education at the preschool level or higher, excluding commercial trade schools.
- G. Public and private utilities, including but not limited to telephone exchanges, electric substations, gas regulator stations, treatment plants, water wells and public works yards.
- H. Radio, television and similar communication stations, including transmitters and wireless communication towers.

(Ord. 97-1019 § 1; Ord. 86-851)

I. Dwelling unit, including a manufactured home for one (1) security person employed on the premises and their immediate family, and other forms of residence normally associated with a conditional use, as determined by the Commission.

(Ord. 97-1019 § 3; Ord. 86-851)

16.36.040 Prohibited Uses

The following uses are expressly prohibited:

- A. Private lodges, fraternal organizations, country clubs, golf courses, and other similar clubs.
- B. Residential uses, except for as conditionally permitted in Section 16.36.030I. (Ord. 97-1019 § 1; 87-870; Ord. 86-851)

16.36.050 Dimensional Standards

No lot area, setback, yard, landscaped area, open space, off-street parking or loading area, or other site dimension or requirement existing on or after the effective date of this Code shall be reduced below the minimum required by this Code. Nor shall the conveyance of any portion of a lot, for other than a public use or right-of-way, leave a lot or structure on the remainder of said lot with less than minimum Code dimensions, area, setbacks or other requirements, except as permitted by Chapter 16.84.

A. Lot Dimensions

Except as otherwise provided, no minimum lot areas or dimensions are required.

B. Setbacks

Except as otherwise provided, the minimum required setbacks in the IP zone shall be:

- 1. Front yard: None, except that when the lot abuts a residential zone or public park property, the setback shall be a minimum of twenty (20) feet.
- 2. Side yard: None, except that when the lot abuts a residential zone or public park property, the setback shall be a minimum of twenty (20) feet.
- 3. Rear yard: None, except that when the lot abuts a residential zone or public park property, the setback shall be a minimum of twenty (20) feet.

C. Height

Except as otherwise provided, the maximum height of buildings in the IP zone shall be fifty (50) feet, except that structures within one hundred (100) feet of a residential zone shall be limited to the height requirements of that residential zone.

(Ord. 91-922, § 3)

16.36.060 Community Design

For standards relating to off-street parking and loading, energy conservation, historic resources, environmental resources, landscaping, access and egress, site design, parks and open space, on-site storage, and signs, see Divisions V, VIII and IX.

(Ord. 91-922, § 3; Ord. 86-851)

16.36.070 Floodplain

Except as otherwise provided, Section 16.134.020 shall apply. (Ord. 2000-1092, § 3; 88-979; 87-867; Ord. 86-851)

Chapter 16.38

SPECIAL USES*

Sections:

16.38.010 GENERAL PROVISIONS

* Editor's Note: Some sections may not contain a history.

16.38.010 GENERAL PROVISIONS

Special uses included in this Section are uses which, due to their effect on surrounding properties, must be developed in accordance with special conditions and standards. These conditions and standards may differ from the development standards established for other uses in the same zoning district. When a dimensional standard for a special use differs from that of the underlying zoning district, the standard for the special use shall apply.

(Ord. 86-851, § 3)

Chapter 16.40

PLANNED UNIT DEVELOPMENT (PUD)*

Sections:

16.40.010 Purpose 16.40.020 Preliminary Development Plan 16.40.030 Final Development Plan 16.40.040 General Provisions 16.40.050 Residential PUD 16.40.060 Non-Residential (Commercial or Industrial) PUD

* Editor's Note: Some sections may not contain a history.

16.40.010 Purpose

- A. PUDs integrate buildings, land use, transportation facilities, utility systems and open space through an overall site design on a single parcel of land or multiple properties under one or more ownerships. The PUD process allows creativity and flexibility in site design and review which cannot be achieved through a strict adherence to existing zoning and subdivision standards.
 - B. The PUD district is intended to achieve the following objectives:
 - 1. Encourage efficient use of land and resources that can result in savings to the community, consumers and developers.

- 2. Preserve valuable landscape, terrain and other environmental features and amenities as described in the Comprehensive Plan or through site investigations.
- 3. Provide diversified and innovative living, working or neighborhood shopping environments that take into consideration community needs and activity patterns.
- 4. Achieve maximum energy efficiency in land uses.
- 5. Promote innovative, pedestrian-friendly, and human scale design in architecture and/or other site features that enhance the community or natural environment.

(Ord. No. 2008-015, § 1, 10-7-2008; Ord. 2001-1119, § 1; Ord. 86-851, § 3)

16.40.020 Preliminary Development Plan

A. Generally

A PUD Preliminary Development Plan shall be submitted for the review and approval in accordance with Chapter 16.72. PUDs shall be considered: a.) on sites that are unusually constrained or limited in development potential, as compared to other land with the same underlying zoning designation, because of: natural features such as floodplains, wetlands, and extreme topography, or man-made features, such as parcel configuration and surrounding development; b.) on parcels of land within the Urban Renewal District where flexibility and creativity in design may result in greater public benefit than strict adherence to the code; or c.) in other areas deemed appropriated by Council during the adoption of a concept plan required by a Metro UGB expansion.

B. Content

The Preliminary Development Plan application shall include the following documentation:

- 1. Existing conditions map(s) showing: All properties, existing uses, and zoning districts within three hundred (300) feet, topography at five (5) foot intervals, floodplain, significant natural vegetation and features, private and public facilities including but not limited to utilities, streets, parks, and buildings, historic and cultural resources, property boundaries, lot lines, and lot dimensions and area.
- 2. Listing of all property owners adjacent to the PUD as per Section 16.72.020, including names and addresses, and a listing of all persons, including names and addresses, with an interest in the property subject to the PUD application.
- 3. Proposal map(s) showing: Alterations to topography, floodplain, natural vegetation, trees and woodlands, and other natural features, all streets, utility alignments and easements, parks and open space, historic and cultural resources, other public and utility structures, and any other dedicated land features or structures, the parceling, lot consolidation, adjustments, or subdivision of land including basic parcel dimensions and areas, the phasing of the PUD, siting and orientation of proposed new structures, including an identification of their intended use.

- 4. Narrative describing: the intent of the PUD and how general PUD standards as per this Chapter are met, details of the particular uses, densities, building types and architectural controls proposed, form of ownership, occupancy and responsibility for maintenance for all uses and facilities, trees and woodlands, public facilities to be provided, specific variations from the standards of any underlying zoning district or other provisions of this Code, and a schedule of development.
- 5. If the PUD involves the subdivision of land, the proposal shall also include a preliminary subdivision plat and meet all requirements of Chapter 16.122. The preliminary subdivision shall be processed concurrently with the PUD.
- 6. Architectural Pattern Book: A compendium of architectural elevations, details, and colors of each building type shall be submitted with any PUD application. The designs shall conform to the site plan urban design criteria in Section 16.90.020(G) or any other applicable standards in this Code. A pattern book shall act as the architectural control for the homeowner's association or the commercial owner. An Architectural Pattern Book shall address the following:
 - a. Illustrative areas within the development application covered by the pattern book.
 - b. An explanation of how the pattern book is organized, and how it is to be used.
 - c. Define specific standards for architecture, color, texture, materials, and other design elements.
 - d. Include a measurement or checklist system to facilitate review of the development for conformity with the pattern book.
 - e. Include the following information for each building type permitted outright or conditionally proposed in the PUD:
 - (1) Massing, facades, elevations, roof forms, proportions, materials, and color palette.
 - (2) Architectural relevance or vernacular to the Pacific Northwest.
 - (3) Doors, windows, siding, and entrances, including sash and trim details.
 - (4) Porches, chimneys, light fixtures, and any other unique details, ornamentation, or accents.
 - (5) A fencing plan with details that addresses the relationship between public space and maintaining individual privacy subject to Section 16.58.020.

C. Commission Review

The Commission shall review the application pursuant to Chapter 16.72 and may act to recommend to the Council approval, approval with conditions or denial. The Commission shall make their decision

based on the following criteria:

- 1. The proposed development is in substantial conformance with the Comprehensive Plan and is eligible for PUD consideration per 16.40.020.A.
- 2. The preliminary development plans include dedication of at least 15 percent of the buildable portion of the site to the public in the form of usable open space, park or other public space, (subject to the review of the Parks & Recreation Board) or to a private entity managed by a homeowners association. Alternatively, if the project is located within close proximity to existing public spaces such as parks, libraries or plazas the development plan may propose no less than 5% on-site public space with a detailed explanation of how the proposed development and existing public spaces will together equally or better meet community needs.
- 3. That exceptions from the standards of the underlying zoning district are warranted by the unique design and amenities incorporated in the development plan.
- 4. That the proposal is in harmony with the surrounding area or its potential future use, and incorporates unified or internally compatible architectural treatments, vernacular, and scale subject to review and approval in Subsection (B)(6).
- 5. That the system of ownership and the means of developing, preserving and maintaining parks and open spaces are acceptable.
- 6. That the PUD will have a beneficial effect on the area which could not be achieved using the underlying zoning district.
- 7. That the proposed development, or an independent phase of the development, can be substantially completed within one (1) year from date of approval.
- 8. That adequate public facilities and services are available or are made available by the construction of the project.
- 9. That the general objectives of the PUD concept and the specific objectives of the various categories of the PUDs described in this Chapter have been met.
- 10. The minimum area for a Residential PUD shall be five (5) acres, unless the Commission finds that a specific property of lesser area is suitable as a PUD because it is unusually constrained by topography, landscape features, location, or surrounding development, or qualifies as "infill" as defined in Section 16.40.050(C)(3).

D. Council Action

Upon receipt of the findings and recommendations of the Commission, the Council shall conduct a public hearing pursuant to Chapter 16.72. The Council may approve, conditionally approve, or deny the Preliminary Development Plan. A Council decision to approve the Preliminary Development Plan shall be by ordinance establishing a PUD overlay zoning district. The ordinance shall contain findings of fact

as per this Section, state all conditions of approval, and set an effective date subject to approval of the Final Development Plan as per Section 16.40.030.

E. Effect of Decision

Approval of the Preliminary Development Plan shall not constitute final acceptance of the PUD. Approval shall, however, be binding upon the City for the purpose of preparation of the Final Development Plan, and the City may require only such changes in the plan as are necessary for compliance with the terms of preliminary approvals.

(Ord. No. 2011-003, § 2, 4-5-2011; Ord. No. 2010-015, § 2, 10-5-2010; Ord. No. 2008-015, § 1, 10-7-2008; Ord. 2001-1119, § 1; 98-1053; Ord. 86-851, § 3)

16.40.030 Final Development Plan

A. Generally

Upon approval of the PUD overlay zoning district and preliminary development plan by the Council, the applicant shall prepare a detailed Final Development Plan as per this Chapter, for review and approval of the Commission. The Final Development Plan shall comply with all conditions of approval as per Section 16.40.020. In addition, the applicant shall prepare and submit a detailed site plan for any non-single-family structure or use not addressed under Section 16.40.020(B)(6), for review and approval, pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 16.90. The site plan shall be processed concurrently with the Final Development Plan.

B. Final Subdivision Plat

If the PUD involves the subdivision of land, a final plat shall be prepared and submitted for final approval, pursuant to Chapter 16.124.

(Ord. No. 2008-015, § 1, 10-7-2008; Ord. 86-851, § 3)

16.40.040 General Provisions

A. 1. Phasing

- a. The City may require that development be done in phases, if public facilities and services are not adequate to serve the entire development immediately.
- b. Any PUD which requires more than twenty four (24) months to complete shall be constructed in phases that are substantially complete in themselves and shall conform to a phasing plan approved as part of the Final Development Plan.

2. Failure to Complete

a. When substantial construction or development of a PUD, or any approved phase of a PUD, has not taken place within one (1) year from the date of approval of a Final Development Plan, the Commission shall determine whether or not the PUD's

continuation, in whole or in part, is in the public interest.

b. If continuation is found not to be in the public interest, the Commission shall recommend to the Council that the PUD be extinguished. The Council, after public hearing, may extend the PUD, extend with conditions, or extinguish the PUD.

B. Changes in Approved Plans

1. Major Changes

Proposed major changes in a Final Development Plan shall be considered the same as a new application, and shall be made in accordance with the procedures specified in this Chapter.

2. Minor Changes

Minor changes in a Final Development Plan may be approved by the Council without further public hearing or Commission review, provided that such changes do not increase densities, change boundaries or uses, or change the location or amount of land devoted to specific uses.

C. Multiple Zone Density Calculation

When a proposed PUD includes multiple zones, the density may be calculated based on the total permitted density for the entire project and clustered in one or more portions of the project, provided that the project demonstrates compatibility with the adjacent and nearby neighborhood(s) in terms of location of uses, building height, design and access.

(Ord. No. 2008-015, § 1, 10-7-2008; Ord. 86-851, § 3)

16.40.050 Residential PUD

A. Permitted Uses

The following uses are permitted outright in Residential PUD when approved as part of a Final Development Plan:

- 1. Varied housing types, including but not limited to single-family attached dwellings, zero-lot line housing, row houses, duplexes, cluster units, and multi-family dwellings.
- 2. Related NC uses which are designed and located so as to serve the PUD district and neighborhood.
- 3. All other uses permitted within the underlying zoning district in which the PUD is located. (Ord. 86-851, § 3)

B. Conditional Uses

A conditional use permitted in the underlying zone in which the PUD is located may be allowed as a

part of the PUD upon payment of the required application fee and approval by the Commission as per Chapter 16.82. (Ord. 86-851, § 3)

C. Development Standards

1. Density

The number of dwelling units permitted in a Residential PUD shall be the same as that allowed in the underlying zoning district, except as provided in Subsection (C)(2), below or 16.40.040.C above.

2. Density Transfer

Where the proposed PUD site includes lands within the base floodplain, wetlands and buffers, or steeply sloped areas which are proposed for public dedication, and such dedication is approved as a part of the preliminary development plan, then a density transfer may be allowed adding a maximum of 20% to the overall density of the land to be developed.

3. Minimum Lot Size

The minimum lot size required for single-family, detached dwellings is 5,000 square feet, unless the subject property qualifies as infill, defined as: parent parcel of 1.5 acres or less proposed for land division, where a maximum 15% reduction in lot size may be allowed from the minimum lot size. (Ord. 2001-1119 § 3; Ord. 86-851)

(Ord. No. 2008-015, § 1, 10-7-2008)

16.40.060 Non-Residential (Commercial or Industrial) PUD

A. Permitted Uses

Any commercial, industrial or related use permitted outright in the underlying zoning district in which the PUD is located, may be permitted in a Non-Residential PUD, subject to Division VIII. (Ord. 91-922, § 3; Ord. 86-851)

B. Conditional Uses

Conditional use permitted in the underlying zoning district in which the PUD is located may be allowed as part of the PUD upon payment of required application fee and approval by Commission. (Ord. 86-851, § 3)

C. Development Standards

1. Floor Area

The gross ground floor area of principal buildings, accessory buildings, and future additions shall not exceed sixty percent (60%) of the buildable portion of the PUD.

2. Site and Structural Standards

Yard setback, type of dwelling unit, lot frontage and width and use restrictions contained in this Code may be waived for the Non-Residential PUD, provided that the intent and objectives of this Chapter are complied with in the Final Development Plan. Building separations shall be maintained in accordance with the minimum requirements of the Fire District.

3. Perimeter Requirements

Unless topographical or other barriers within the PUD provide reasonable privacy for existing uses adjacent to the PUD, the Commission shall require that structures located on the perimeter of the PUD be:

- a. Setback in accordance with provisions of the underlying zoning district within which the PUD is located and/or:
- b. Screened so as to obscure the view of structures in the PUD from other uses.

4. Height

Maximum building height is unlimited, provided a sprinkler system is installed in all buildings over two (2) stories, as approved by the Fire District, excepting that where structures are within one hundred (100) feet of a residential zone, the maximum height shall be limited to that of the residential zone.

5. Community Design Standards

For standards relating to off-street parking and loading, energy conservation, historic resources, environmental resources, landscaping, access and egress, signs, parks and open space, on-site storage, and site design, see Divisions V, VIII and IX.

6. Density Transfer

Where the proposed PUD includes lands within the base floodplain, a density transfer may be allowed in accordance with Section 16.142.040.

7. Minimum Site Area

a. Commercial PUD

Minimum area for a Commercial PUD shall be five (5) acres. Development of a Commercial PUD of less than five (5) acres may be allowed if the PUD can be developed consistent with the intent and standards of this Chapter, as determined by the Commission.

b. Industrial PUD

The minimum site area for an Industrial PUD shall be twenty (20) acres. (Ord. 91-922, § 3; Ord. 86-851)

Chapter 16.42

HOME OCCUPATIONS

Sections:

16.42.010 Purpose

16.42.020 Authority

16.42.030 Exemptions

16.42.040 Class A and Class B Home Occupations

16.42.050 General Definition and Criteria for Home Occupations

16.42.060 Class B Home Occupation Criteria Defined

16.42.070 Class A Home Occupation Permit Criteria Defined

16.42.080 Prohibited Uses

16.42.090 Permit Procedures for Class A Home Occupations

16.42.100 Expiration and Revocation of Home Occupation Permits

16.42.110 Appeals

16.42.010 Purpose

It is the purpose of this chapter to permit residents an opportunity to use their homes to engage in small-scale business ventures. Home occupations are regulated to ensure that they do not alter the residential character of the neighborhood, nor infringe upon the rights of nearby residents to the peaceful enjoyment of their neighborhood and homes.

(Ord. No. 2011-003, § 2, 4-5-2011; Ord. 2002-1130 § 3; Ord. 86-851)

16.42.020 Authority

The provisions of this Code are intended to apply to those entities required to obtain a Sherwood business license under the provisions of the Sherwood Municipal Code Chapter 5.04. No person shall carry on a home occupation, or permit such use to occur on property, which that person owns or is in lawful control, contrary to the provisions of this ordinance. A person must first determine if a permit, for such use in the manner provided by this section, is required.

(Ord. No. 2011-003, § 2, 4-5-2011; Ord. 2002-1130 § 3; Ord. 86-851)

16.42.030 Exemptions

- A. For-profit production of produce or other food products grown on the premises. This may include temporary or seasonal sale of produce or other food products grown on the premises.
- B. Short-term sales from a residence shall not be deemed to fall under the regulations for home occupations. Such sales shall not exceed one (1) week in duration and a two (2) week period in any given calendar year. Examples of such uses are, but not limited to, garage sales, estate sales, rummage and craft sales. (Ord. No. 2011-003, § 2, 4-5-2011; Ord. 2002-1130 § 3; Ord. 86-851)

16.42.040 Class A and Class B Home Occupations

- A. Home occupations or professions shall be carried on wholly within the principal building and clearly secondary, in the City's determination, to the use of the building as a dwelling. All home occupations shall be administered as either Class A or B, distinguished by the potential impacts they represent to the neighborhood. Both Class A and Class B Home Occupations are required to apply for and maintain a City of Sherwood business license.
- B. Class B home occupations are exempt from the permitting process and defined by the listed criteria.

(Ord. No. 2011-003, § 2, 4-5-2011; Ord. 2002-1130 § 3; Ord. 86-851)

16.42.050 General Definition and Criteria for Home Occupations

- A. Home occupations or professions are businesses carried on wholly within a residential building requiring a City business license. Home occupations are clearly incidental and accessory to the use of the property as a dwelling, and they are not detrimental or disruptive in terms of appearance or operations to neighboring properties and residents. The occupation or profession does not require additional off-street parking nor upset existing traffic patterns in the neighborhood. All home occupations shall be in accordance with the following general criteria:
 - 1. All business operations shall comply with the current City of Sherwood noise ordinance and shall not produce any offensive vibration, smoke, dust, odors, heat, glare or electrical interference detectable to normal sensory perception at the property line.
 - 2. No exterior remodeling which alters the residential character of the structure shall be permitted.
 - 3. The occupation or profession shall not occupy more than twenty-five percent (25%) of the total floor area of all habitable buildings on the property, including customary accessory buildings. Home Occupations in the Old Town Overlay may occupy up to fifty percent (50%) of the entire floor area of all buildings on a lot per section 16.162.060.D.
 - 4. There shall be no storage and/or distribution of toxic or flammable materials and spray painting or spray finishing operations that involve toxic or flammable materials which in the judgment of the Fire Marshal pose a dangerous risk to the residence, its occupants, and/or surrounding properties. Those individuals who are engaged in home occupations shall make available to the Fire Marshal for review the Material Safety Data Sheets which pertain to all potentially toxic and/or flammable materials associated with the use.
 - 5. There shall be no exterior storage of vehicles of any kind used for the business with the exception of one commercially licensed vehicle of not more than one ton gross vehicle weight (GVW) that may be parked outside of a structure or screened area.

(Ord. No. 2011-003, § 2, 4-5-2011; Ord. 2002-1130 § 3; Ord. 86-851)

16.42.060 Class B Home Occupation Criteria Defined

- A. Class B home occupations shall be conducted in accordance with the following defined criteria:
- 1. Only the principal occupant(s) of a residential property may undertake home occupations.
- 2. Storage of materials is confined to the interior of the residence with no exterior indication of a home occupation.
- 3. No exterior signs that identify the property as a business location.
- 4. No clients or customers to visit the premises for any reason.
- 5. The address of the home shall not be given in any advertisement, including but not limited to commercial telephone directories, newspapers, magazines, off-premises signs, flyers, radio, television and any other advertising media.
- 6. Deliveries to the residence by suppliers may not exceed three per week and shall be prohibited on weekends.

(Ord. No. 2011-003, § 2, 4-5-2011; Ord. 2002-1130 § 3)

16.42.070 Class A Home Occupation Permit Criteria Defined

- A. Class A home occupations require a permit and shall be conducted in conformance with the following criteria:
 - 1. One non-illuminated exterior sign, not to exceed one (1) square foot. In addition to signs permitted for home occupations, one (1) non-illuminated, attached, exterior sign, up to a maximum of nine (9) square feet in surface area, may be permitted for each approved home occupation in the Old Town Overlay per section 16.162.070.E.
 - 2. The number of customers and clients shall not exceed 5 visits per day. Customers and clients may not visit the business between the hours of 10:00 PM and 7:00 AM, Monday through Friday and between 7:00 PM and 8:00 AM, Saturday and Sunday.
 - 3. Storage of materials on the premises shall be screened entirely from view of neighboring properties by a solid fence. Exterior/outside storage of materials shall not exceed five percent (5%) of the total lot area and shall not encroach upon required setback areas of the zone.
 - 4. Commercial pick-up and deliveries shall be limited to one (1) per day on weekdays and shall be prohibited on weekends.
 - 5. Number of Employees or Volunteers:
 - a. One volunteer or one FTE (full time equivalent) employee who does not live at the residence; or
 - b. If it can be shown that adequate off-street parking is available to accommodate both the

homeowners and the employees a total of two (2)FTE employees or volunteers will be permitted.

(Ord. No. 2011-003, § 2, 4-5-2011; Ord. 2002-1130 § 3)

16.42.080 Prohibited Uses

- A. Because of the potential adverse impacts they pose to residential neighborhoods, the following uses are not allowed as home occupations and must be conducted as allowed in a commercial or industrial zone:
 - 1. Auto body repair, restoration and painting.
 - 2. Commercial auto repair (auto repair for other than the property owners/tenants personal vehicles).
 - 3. Junk and salvage operations.
- 4. Storage and/or sale of fireworks. (Ord. No. 2011-003, § 2, 4-5-2011; Ord. 2002-1130 § 3; Ord. 86-851)

16.42.090 Permit Procedures for Class A Home Occupations

- A. An application for a Class A Home Occupation Permit shall be filed according to the application procedures of Chapter 16.72, in conjunction with a City business license, accompanied by the appropriate fee as per Section 16.74.010.
- B. The application shall identify the type of use and address the conditions contained in this chapter and other applicable sections of this Code.
- C. The City Manager or designee may impose additional conditions upon the approval of Class A home occupation permits to ensure compliance with the requirements of this Chapter.
- D. The action of the City Manager or designee may be appealed as per Chapter 16.76 (Appeals). (Ord. No. 2011-003, § 2, 4-5-2011; Ord. 2002-1130 § 3)

16.42.100 Expiration and Revocation of Home Occupation Permits

A. Class A Home Occupation Permit Expiration

A Class A home occupation permit shall be valid for a period of one (1) year. Renewal of the permit shall be accomplished in the same manner as an application for a new permit under this section.

B. Grounds for Revocation

The City Manager or designee may revoke a home occupation permit at any time for the following reasons:

- 1. A violation of any provision of this Chapter.
- 2. A violation of any term or condition of the permit.
- 3. Failure to pay the City of Sherwood Business License fee in a timely manner.

When a Class A home occupation permit has been revoked, a new Class A home occupation permit will not be issued to the applicant or other persons residing with the applicant for a period of up to twenty-four (24) months.

(Ord. No. 2011-003, § 2, 4-5-2011; Ord. 2002-1130 § 3)

16.42.110 Appeals

The action of the City Manager or designee may be appealed per the provisions of Chapter 16.76. (Ord. No. 2011-003, § 2, 4-5-2011; Ord. 2002-1130 § 3)

Chapter 16.44

TOWNHOMES*

Sections:

16.44.010 Townhome Standards

* Editor's Note: Some sections may not contain a history.

16.44.010 Townhome Standards

A. Generally

A townhome may be located on property zoned MDRH or HDR, or in other zones as specified in an approved Planned Unit Development, provided that the townhome meets the standards contained below, and other applicable standards of Division V - Community Design. Such developments that propose townhomes can do so as condominiums on one parent lot, or in a subdivision, but shall do so in groups known as "townhome blocks," which consist of groups no less than two attached single-family dwellings and no more than six in a block, that meet the general criteria of Subsection B below, and specific design and development criteria of this Chapter.

(Ord. 2002-1126, § 2)

B. Standards

- 1. Each townhome shall have a minimum dwelling area of twelve-hundred (1,200) square feet in the MDRH zone, and one-thousand (1,000) square feet in the HDR zone. Garage area is not included within the minimum dwelling area.
- 2. Lot sizes shall average a minimum of two-thousand five-hundred (2,500) square feet in the MDRH zone, and one-thousand eight-hundred (1,800) square feet in the HDR zone, unless the property qualifies as "infill," and meets the criteria of Subsection D below. If proposed as a subdivision, lots shall be platted with a width of no less than twenty (20) feet, and depth no less

than seventy (70) feet.

- 3. The townhome shall be placed on a perimeter foundation, the units must meet the front yard, street-side yard, and rear yard setbacks of the underlying zone, if abutting a residential zone designated for, or built as, single-family detached housing.
- 4. All townhomes shall include at least two (2) off-street parking spaces in the HDR zone, and two and one-half (2- 1/2) spaces in the MDRH zone; garages and/or designated shared parking spaces may be included in this calculation. The City Engineer may permit diagonal or angle-in parking on public streets within a townhome development, provided that adequate lane width is maintained. All townhome developments shall include a parking plan, to be reviewed and approved with the Site Plan application.
- 5. All townhomes shall have exterior siding and roofing which is similar in color, material and appearance to siding and roofing commonly used on residential dwellings within the City, or otherwise consistent with the design criteria of Subsection E, Design Standards.
- 6. All townhomes in the MDRH zone shall have an attached or detached garage.
- 7. All other community design standards contained in Divisions V, VIII and IX relating to off-street parking and loading, energy conservation, historic resources, environmental resources, landscaping, access and egress, signs, parks and open space, on-site storage, and site design that are not specifically varied by this Chapter, shall apply to townhome blocks.
- 8. Developments over two (2) acres shall accommodate an open space area no less than five percent (5%) of the total subject parcel. Parking areas may not be counted toward this five percent (5%) requirement.
- 9. Side yard setbacks shall be based on the length of the townhome block; a minimum setback to the property line* on the end of each "townhome block" shall be provided relative to the size of the block, as follows:

a.	100 feet to 150 feet	6 feet minimum
b.	Less than 100 feet	5 feet minimum

^{*} In the case of condominium projects where no property line may exist at the end of each townhome block, the setback shall be applied as a minimum area of separation, as applied to each townhome block. (Ord. 2002-1126, § 2)

C. Occupancy

- 1. No occupancy permit for any townhome shall be issued by the City until the requirements of site plan review and the conditions of the approved final site plan are met. Substantial alteration from the approved plan must be resubmitted to the City for review and approval, and may require additional site plan review before the original hearing authority.
- 2. The owner(s) of the townhomes, or duly authorized management agent, shall be held responsible

for all alterations and additions to a townhome block or to individual homes within the block, and shall ensure that all necessary permits and inspections are obtained from the City or other applicable authority prior to the alterations or additions being made.

(Ord. 2002-1126, § 2)

D. Infill Standard

The minimum lot size required for single-family, attached dwellings (townhomes) may be reduced by a maximum of 15% if the subject property is 1.5 acres or less, and the subject property is surrounded by properties developed at or in excess of minimum density for the underlying zone.

(Ord. 2002-1126, § 2)

E. Design Standards

Each townhome block development shall require the approval of a site plan, under the provisions of Section 16.90.020, and in compliance with the standards listed below. The site plan shall indicate all areas of townhome units, landscaping, off-street parking, street and driveway or alley locations, and utility access easements. The site plan shall also include a building elevation plan, which show building design, materials, and architectural profiles of all structures proposed for the site.

- 1. Building Mass: The maximum number and width of consecutively attached townhomes shall not exceed six (6) units or one-hundred fifty (150) feet from end-wall to end-wall.
- 2. Designation of Access/Alleys: Townhomes shall receive vehicle access only from the front or rear lot line exclusively, not both. If alleys are used for access they shall be created at the time of subdivision approval and built to City standards as illustrated in the Transportation System Plan.
- 3. Street Access: Townhomes fronting on a neighborhood route, collector, or arterial shall use alley access, either public or private, and comply with all of the following standards, in order to minimize interruption of adjacent sidewalks by driveway entrances and conflicts with other transportation users, slow traffic, improve appearance of the streets, and minimize paved surfaces for better stormwater management. Direct access to local streets shall only be used if it can be demonstrated that due to topography or other unique site conditions precludes the use of alleys.
 - a. Alley loaded garages shall be set back a minimum five feet to allow a turning radius for vehicles and provide a service area for utilities.
 - b. If garages face the street, the garage doors shall be recessed behind the front elevation (living area, covered porch, or other architectural feature) by a minimum of one (1) foot.
 - c. The maximum allowable driveway width facing the street is two (2) feet greater than the width of the garage door. The maximum garage door width per unit is sixty percent (60%) of the total building width. For example, a twenty (20) foot wide unit may have one 12-foot wide recessed garage door and a fourteen (14) foot wide driveway. A 24-foot wide unit may have a 14-foot, 4-inch wide garage door with a 16-foot, 4-inch wide

driveway.

- 4. Building Design: The intent of the following standards is to make each housing unit distinctive and to prevent garages and blank walls from being a dominant visual feature.
 - a. The front facade of a townhome may not include more than forty percent (40%) of garage door area.
 - b. The roofs of each attached townhome must be distinct from the other through either separation of roof pitches or direction, variation in roof design, or architectural feature. Hipped, gambrel, gabled, or curved (i.e. barrel) roofs are required. Flat roofs are not permitted.
 - c. A minimum of fifty percent (50%) of the residential units within a block's frontage shall have a front porch in the MDRH zone. Front porches may encroach six (6) feet beyond the perimeter foundation into front yard, street-side yard, and landscape corridor setbacks for neighborhood routes and collectors, and ten (10) feet for arterials, and are not subject to lot coverage limitations, in both the MDRH and HDR zones. Porches may not encroach into the clear vision area, as defined in Section 16.58.010.
 - d. Window trim shall not be flush with exterior wall treatment for all windows facing public right-of-ways. Windows shall be provided with architectural surround at the jamb, head and sill.
 - e. All building elevations visible from the street shall provide doors, porches, balconies, windows, or architectural features to provide variety in facade. All front street-facing elevations, and a minimum of fifty percent (50%) of side and rear street-facing building elevations, as applicable, shall meet this standard. The standard applies to each full and partial building story. Alternatively, in lieu of these standards, the Old Town Design Standards in Chapter 16.162 may be applied.
 - f. The maximum height of all townhomes shall be that of the underlying zoning district standard, except that: twenty-five percent (25%) of townhomes in the MDRH zone may be 3-stories, or a maximum of forty (40) feet in height if located more than one-hundred fifty (150) feet from adjacent properties in single-family (detached) residential use.
- 5. Vehicular Circulation: All streets shall be constructed in accordance with applicable City standards in the Transportation System Plan. The minimum paved street improvement width shall be:
 - a. Local Street: Twenty-eight (28) feet, with parking allowed on one (1) side.
 - b. Neighborhood Route: Thirty-six (36) feet, with parking on both sides.
 - c. Collector: Thirty-four (34) feet with parking on one side, fifty (50) feet with parking on both sides.

- d. In lieu of a new public street, or available connection to an existing or planned public street, a private 20 foot minimum driveway, without on-street parking, and built to public improvement standards, is allowed for infill properties as defined in Section 16.44.010(D). All townhome developments in excess of thirty (30) units require a secondary access.
- e. Any existing or proposed street within the townhome block that, due to volumes of traffic, connectivity, future development patterns, or street location, as determined by the City, functions as a neighborhood route or collector or higher functional classification street based on connectivity, shall be constructed to full City public improvement standards.

(Ord. 2002-1126, § 2)

Chapter 16.46

MANUFACTURED HOMES*

Sections:

16.46.010 Manufactured Homes on Individual Residential Lots 16.46.020 Manufactured Home Parks 16.46.030 Miscellaneous Uses of Manufactured Homes * Editor's Note: Some sections may not contain a history.

16.46.010 Manufactured Homes on Individual Residential Lots

A. Generally

One (1) manufactured home may be located on an individual lot zoned MDRL or MDRH, provided that the manufactured home meets the standards contained in Chapter 16.16 or 16.18, and subsection B of this Section.

B. Standards

- 1. Each manufactured home shall be multi-sectional and have a minimum floor area of one thousand (1,000) square feet.
- 2. The manufactured home shall be placed on an excavated and back-filled foundation and enclosed at the perimeter such that the manufactured home is located not more than twelve (12) inches above the ground.
- 3. The manufactured home shall have a pitched roof, with a slope of no less than a nominal three (3) feet in height for each twelve (12) feet in width.
- 4. The manufactured home, and attached or detached garage, shall have exterior siding and roofing which is similar in color, material and appearance to siding and roofing commonly used on residential dwellings within the City, or which is consistent with the predominant materials used

on surrounding dwellings, as determined by the City.

- 5. The manufactured home shall be certified by the manufacturer to have an exterior thermal envelope meeting performance standards which reduce energy levels equivalent to the performance standards required of single-family dwellings constructed under the State Building Code as defined in ORS 445.010.
- 6. The manufactured home shall have an attached or detached garage.
- 7. In addition to the provisions in paragraphs 1 to 6 of this subsection, the manufactured home and the lot upon which it is sited shall be subject to all other Code requirements to which a conventional single-family residential dwelling on the same lot would be subjected.

(Ord. 94-983-A § 3; 91-922, § 3)

16.46.020 Manufactured Home Parks

Manufactured home parks may be located in the MDRL zone only. Except as herein provided, the standards of this Section and the MDRL zone, shall apply to all manufactured home parks. The following additional standards shall also apply:

A. Generally

1. Sale Prohibited - Manufactured home park spaces shall be available for rental or lease only. Individual sale is prohibited.

2. Uses Permitted

No building, structure, or land within a manufactured home park shall be used for any purpose except for:

- a. Residential manufactured homes, together with normal accessory uses such as cabanas, patio slabs, ramadas, carport or garages, and storage and washroom buildings.
- b. Private and public utilities and services.
- c. Community recreation facilities, including swimming pools, operated for the residents and guests of the park only.
- d. One (1) manufactured home or other residence for the use of a manager or a caretaker responsible for maintaining and operating the park.

3. Occupancy

No occupancy permit for any manufactured home park, building, or facility shall be issued by the City until the park or an approved phase of the park has been completed according to the final site plan approved by the Commission. Deviations from the approved plan must be resubmitted to the Commission for review and approval.

4. Alterations and Additions

The owner(s) of the manufactured home park property, or duly authorized park management, shall be held responsible for all alterations and additional to a manufactured home park or to individual homes within the park, and shall ensure all necessary permits and inspections are obtained from the City or other applicable authority prior to alterations or additions being made.

B. Recreational Vehicles

- 1. The occupancy of recreational vehicles within manufactured home parks as permanent living quarters is prohibited.
- 2. Unoccupied recreational vehicles located in designated parking or storage areas within manufactured home parks are permitted.
- 3. If storage yards for recreational vehicles, boats or trailers are provided, an eight (8) foot high sight-obscuring fence shall be erected around the perimeter of the storage yard.

C. Design Standards

- 1. Spaces shall be a minimum of five thousand (5,000) square feet, with a width of no less than twenty-five (25) feet at the front space line and fifty (50) feet at the building line.
- 2. The boundaries of all spaces shall be surveyed or otherwise suitably and permanently marked on-site, as determined by the City.
- 3. Two (2) off-street parking spaces shall be provided for each manufactured home space. Additional off-street parking spaces shall be provided in the manufactured home park with not less than one (1) additional parking space per every ten (10) manufactured homes. All off-street parking spaces shall be paved.
- 4. A minimum four (4) foot wide sidewalk shall be required on one (1) side of all private streets within manufactured home parks.

D. Siting Standards

- 1. Only one (1) manufactured home shall be permitted on a space.
- 2. The supplementary siting standards contained in Chapter 16.58 shall apply to manufactured home parks, provided that space lines shall be deemed to be the equivalent to lot lines for the purposes of applying those standards.
- 3. Building setbacks shall be equivalent to setbacks required in the MDRL zone, Section

16.16.040B, provided, however, that either the front yard or rear yard setbacks for manufactured homes may be reduced by up to ten (10) feet from the MDRL standard. Space lines shall be deemed the equivalent to lot lines for the purposes of applying those setback standards. Ramadas, cabanas, awnings, carports and other attached structures shall be considered part of the manufactured home for setback purposes.

E. Unit Standards

- 1. Each Manufactured home shall be multi-sectional and have a minimum floor area of one-thousand (1,000) square feet.
- 2. Except as otherwise herein provided, accessory uses, buildings, and structures shall be treated as per Chapter 16.50.
- 3. All manufactured homes shall be placed on a foundation stand, adequate to provide a stable, fixed support. The stand shall be all-weather and surfaced with asphalt, concrete or crushed rock, and at least as large as the manufactured home.
- 4. All manufactured homes shall provide exterior finishing and construction as follows:
 - a. Skirting of moisture resistant, non-combustible material or fire retardant wood.
 - b. Pedestals or blocking supports, insuring adequate support and in compliance with the Oregon Department of Commerce manufactured home set-up procedures.
 - c. Awnings, carports, cabanas, and similar structures shall be of a material, size, color and pattern similar to the manufactured home and shall conform to all applicable building codes.

F. Utility Standards

- 1. All manufactured homes, service buildings and accessory structures shall be connected to public water and sewer systems in accordance with City standards.
- 2. Sufficient fire hydrants shall be installed so that no manufactured home, and other structure is farther than three hundred (300) feet from a hydrant, as measured down the center lines of streets, whether private or public.

G. Vehicular Circulation

- 1. Any private streets shall be constructed in accordance with applicable City standards and shall be curbed. The minimum paved street improvement width shall be:
 - a. Twenty-eight (28) feet with no on-street parking allowed.
 - b. Thirty-two (32) feet with on-street parking allowed on one (1) side.

- c. Thirty-six (36) feet with parking allowed on two (2) sides, provided that at least one (1) private street thirty-six (36) feet in width with no on-street parking allowed shall be constructed to intersect with an adjacent public street.
- 2. Any street within the manufactured home park that, due to volumes of traffic or street location, as determined by the City, functions as a minor collector or higher functional classification roadway, shall be constructed to full City public improvement standards.

H. Miscellaneous Park Standards

All other community design standards contained in Divisions V, VIII and IX relating to off-street parking and loading, energy conservation, historic resources, environmental resources, landscaping, access and egress, signs, parks and open space, on-site storage, and site design that are not specifically varied by Chapter 16.46 shall apply to manufactured home parks.

(Ord. No. 2010-015, § 2, 10-5-2010; Ord. 91-922, § 3; Ord. 86-851)

16.46.030 Miscellaneous Uses of Manufactured Homes

A. Generally

In addition to uses permitted by Sections 16.46.010 and 16.46.020, manufactured homes may be used for the following purposes:

- 1. Security person quarters, as per Sections 16.30.020 and 16.32.020.
- 2. Temporary uses as per Chapter 16.86, and where the proposed use is otherwise permitted in the zone in which the manufactured home is to be located.

(Ord. 91-922, § 3)

Chapter 16.48

NON-CONFORMING USES*

Sections:

16.48.010 Purpose 16.48.020 Exceptions

16.40.020 Exceptions

16.48.030 Non-Conforming Lots of Record

16.48.040 Non-Conforming Uses of Land

16.48.050 Non-Conforming Structures

16.48.060 Non-Conforming Uses of Structures

16.48.070 Permitted Changes to Non-Conformities

16.48.080 Conditional Uses

* Editor's Note: Some sections may not contain a history.

16.48.010 Purpose

Within the zones established by this Code or any amendments that may have been adopted there may exist lots, structures, uses of land and structures, and characteristics of use which were lawful before the

effective date of this Code, but which would be prohibited, regulated or restricted under the terms of this Code or any future amendments, or which do not meet in full all standards and provisions of this Code. This Chapter permits these nonconformities to continue until they are removed or discontinued, but does not encourage their perpetuation. Nonconformities shall not be enlarged, expanded or extended, nor be used as justification for adding other structures or uses not permitted elsewhere in the same zone, except as specifically provided elsewhere in this Section.

16.48.020 Exceptions

(Ord. 86-851, § 3)

A. Generally

Nothing in this Chapter shall require any change in the location, plans, construction, size or designated use of any building, structure, or part thereof, for which a required City building permit has been granted prior to enactment of this Code. If a building permit is revoked or for any reason becomes void, all rights granted by this Section are extinguished and the project shall thereafter be required to conform to all the provisions of this Code.

B. Old Town (OT) Zone

Certain exceptions to this Chapter are permitted in the OT overlay zone, as per Section 16.162.060F.

C. Any otherwise lawful residential structure or use located on property zoned commercial or industrial shall be deemed conforming for the purposes of sections 16.48.050B and 16.48.060E. (Ord. 94-983 § 3; Ord. 91-922, § 3; Ord. 86-851)

16.48.030 Non-Conforming Lots of Record

- A. Except as provided in this Chapter and Section 16.58.040, no nonconforming lot of record at the effective date of adoption or amendment of this Code shall be developed for any use, and no existing use on a nonconforming lot of record shall be enlarged, extended, or reconstructed. Nonconforming lots of record are those of a width, area or depth, or other requirements less than the minimums prescribed by this Code.
- B. In any district in which single-family dwellings are permitted, a single-family dwelling and customary accessory buildings may be constructed on a single lot of record existing at the effective date of adoption of, or amendment to, this Code, notwithstanding limitations imposed by other provisions of this Code. Such lot must be in separate ownership and not contiguous with other lots in the same ownership.
- C. If two (2) or more lots or combinations of lots and portions of lots in single ownership are on record at the effective date of this code and are made nonconforming by this Code, the lots involved shall be considered to be an undivided parcel for the purposes of this Code. No portion of said undivided parcel which does not meet requirements established by this Code shall be conveyed, transferred or used in any manner. No division of the parcel shall be made which results in any lot of less than the minimum requirements of this Code.

(Ord. 86-851, § 3)

16.48.040 Non-Conforming Uses of Land

Where at the time of adoption of this Code lawful use of land exists which would not be permitted by the regulations imposed by this Code, and where such use involves no structure or building, other than a single minor accessory structure or sign, the use may be continued as long as it remains otherwise lawful provided:

- A. No such use shall be enlarged, increased or extended to occupy a greater area of land or space than was occupied at the effective date of adoption or amendment of this Code, provided however, that such use may be enlarged or altered in a way that will not have a greater adverse impact on surrounding properties or will decrease its non-conformity, as per Section 16.48.070.
- B. No such use shall be moved in whole or in part to any portion of the lot other than that occupied by such use at the effective date of adoption or amendment of this Code.
- C. If any such use of land ceases for any reason for a period of more than one hundred and twenty (120) days, any subsequent use of land shall conform to the regulations specified by this Code for the zone in which such land is located.
- D. No additional structure, building or sign shall be constructed on the lot in connection with such use of land unless said structure, building, or sign reduces or further limits, in the City's determination, the existing non-conformity.

(Ord. 91-922, § 3; Ord. 86-851)

16.48.050 Non-Conforming Structures

Where a lawful structure exists at the effective date of adoption of or amendment to this Code that could not be built under the terms of this Code by reason of restrictions on lot area, lot coverage, height, yards, its location on the lot, or other requirements concerning the structure, such structure may be continued so long as it remains otherwise lawful, subject to the following provisions:

- A. No such structure may be enlarged or altered in a way which increases its non-conformity, but any structure or portion thereof may be enlarged or altered in a way that will not have a greater adverse impact on surrounding properties or will decrease its non-conformity, as per Section 16.48.070.
- B. Except as otherwise provided for in Section 16.48.020, should such structure or the non-conforming portion of a structure be destroyed by any means to an extent of more than sixty percent (60%) of its current value as established by the Washington County Assessor, it shall not be reconstructed except in conformity with the provisions of this Code; and
- C. Should such structure be moved for any reason for any distance whatever, it shall thereafter conform to the regulations for the zone in which it is located.

(Ord. 86-851, § 3)

16.48.060 Non-Conforming Uses of Structures

If a lawful use involving individual structures, or structure and premises in combination (except for a single, minor accessory structure) exists at the effective date of adoption or amendment of this Code that would not be allowed in the zone in which it is located; or which is non-conforming because of inadequate off-street parking, landscaping, or other deficiencies, the use may be continued so long as it remains otherwise lawful, subject to the following provisions:

- A. No existing structure devoted to a use not permitted by this Code in the zone in which it is located shall be enlarged, extended, constructed, reconstructed, moved, or structurally altered except to accommodate a changing of the use of the structure to a use permitted in the zone in which it is located.
- B. Any non-conforming use may be extended throughout any existing parts of a building which were manifestly arranged or designed for such use at the time of adoption or amendment of this ordinance, but not such use shall be extended to occupy any land outside such building.
- C. If such use of a structure and premises is changed to another use, such new use shall conform to all provisions of this ordinance.
- D. When such use of a structure and premises is discontinued or abandoned for one hundred and twenty (120) days, the structure and premises shall not thereafter be used except in full conformity with all regulations of the zone in which it is located. A use shall be deemed to be discontinued or abandoned upon the occurrence of the earliest of any of the following events:
 - 1. On the date when the structure and/or premises are vacated.
 - 2. On the date the use ceases active sales, merchandising, the provision of services, other non-conforming activity.
 - 3. On the date of termination of any lease or contract under which the non-conforming use has occupied the premises.
 - 4. On the date a request for final reading of water and power meters is made to the City.
- E. Where non-conforming uses status applies to a structure and premises, removal or destruction of the structure shall eliminate the nonconforming use status of the land. Destruction for the purpose of this subsection is defined as damage to an extent of more than sixty percent (60%) of its current value, as appraised by the Washington County Assessor. Except as otherwise provided for in Section 16.48.020, any subsequent use shall conform fully to all provisions of the zone in which it is located.

(Ord. No. 2010-015, § 2, 10-5-2010; Ord. 91-922, § 3; Ord. 86-851)

16.48.070 Permitted Changes to Non-Conformities

A. Repairs and Maintenance

On any non-conforming structure or portion of a structure containing a non-conforming use, normal

repairs or replacement on non-bearing walls, fixtures, wiring, or plumbing, may be performed in a manner not in conflict with the other provisions of this Section. Nothing in this Code shall be deemed to prevent the strengthening or restoring to a safe condition of any building or part thereof officially declared to be unsafe by any official charged with protecting the public safety.

- B. A non-conforming use or structure may be enlarged or altered as per Sections 16.48.030A or 16.48.040A if, in the Commission's determination, the change will not have greater adverse impact on surrounding properties or will decrease its non-conformity considering the following:
 - 1. The character and history of the development and of development in the surrounding area.
 - 2. The comparable degree of noise, vibration, dust, odor, fumes, glare or smoke detectable at the property line.
 - 3. The comparative numbers and kinds of vehicular trips to the site.
 - 4. The comparative amount of nature of outside storage, loading and parking.
 - 5. The comparative visual appearance.
 - 6. The comparative hours of operation.
 - 7. The comparative effect on existing vegetation.
 - 8. The comparative effect on water drainage.
 - 9. The degree of service or other benefit to the area.
 - 10. Other factors which tend to reduce conflicts or incompatibility with the character or needs of the area.
- C. Further exceptions to changes to non-conformities are permitted in the OT overlay zone, as per Section 16.162.060F.

(Ord. 91-922, § 3; Ord. 86-851, § 3)

16.48.080 Conditional Uses

A use existing before the effective date of this Code which is permitted as a conditional use shall not be deemed non-conforming if it otherwise conforms to the standards of the zone in which it is located. Enlargement, extension, reconstruction, or moving of such use shall only be allowed subject to Chapter 16.82. (Ord. 86-851, § 3)

Chapter 16.50

ACCESSORY STRUCTURES, ARCHITECTURAL FEATURES AND DECKS*

* Editors Note: Ord. No. 2011-003, § 2, adopted April 5, 2011, amended the Code by repealing former Ch. 16.50, §§ 16.50.010--16.50.030, and adding a new Ch. 16.50. Former Ch. 16.50 pertained to accessory uses, and derived from Ords. 86-851 and 2003-1151.

Sections:

16.50.010 Standards and Definition 16.50.020 Conditional Uses 16.50.030 Conflicts of Interpretation 16.50.040 Accessory Structure Exemptions 16.50.050 Architectural Features 16.50.060 Decks

16.50.010 Standards and Definition

A. Definition

Accessory Building or Structure: A structure whose use is incidental and subordinate to the main use of property, is located on the same lot as the main use, and is freestanding or is joined to the primary structure solely by non-habitable space as defined by the State Building Code.

B. Generally

For uses located within a residential zoning district, accessory uses, buildings, and structures shall comply with all requirements for principal uses, buildings, and structures except where specifically modified below; and shall also comply with the City of Sherwood Building Code as amended. Where this Code and the Building Code conflict, the most stringent shall apply.

- C. Dimension and Setback Requirements
- 1. Any accessory building shall have not more than six hundred (600) square feet of ground floor area and shall be no taller than 15 feet in height.
- 2. No accessory building or structure over three (3) feet in height shall be allowed in any required front yard. Accessory buildings may be allowed in required side and rear building setbacks as described below.
- 3. When a Building Permit is not required and the structure is less than 100 square of ground floor area feet and less than six feet tall, no rear or side yard setbacks are required and the structure may abut the rear or side property line.
- 4. When a Building Permit is not required and the structure is over 100 square feet of ground floor area, but under 200 square feet and under ten (10) feet in height:
 - a. Detached accessory structures shall maintain a minimum 3-foot distance from any side or rear property line.
 - b. Attached accessory structures shall be setback a minimum of three (3) feet from any side

property line and ten (10) feet from a rear property line.

- 5. When a Building Permit is required:
 - a. No accessory building or structure over three (3) feet in shall be located closer than five (5) feet to any side property line and ten (10) feet from any rear property line.
 - b. Any accessory building or structure attached by a common wall or permanent roof or foundation to the principal building or structure must comply with all setbacks for the principal building or structure.
- D. No accessory building or structure shall encroach upon or interfere with the use of any adjoining property or public right-of-way, including but not limited to streets, alleys, and public and/or private easements. (Ord. No. 2011-003, § 2, 4-5-2011)

16.50.020 Conditional Uses

Any accessory use and/or structure associated with a conditional use shall be allowed only after approval in accordance with Chapter 16.82. (Ord. No. 2011-003, § 2, 4-5-2011)

16.50.030 Conflicts of Interpretation

A conflict of interpretation concerning whether a use or structure is an accessory use or structure shall be resolved in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 16.88. (Ord. No. 2011-003, § 2, 4-5-2011)

16.50.040 Accessory Structure Exemptions

The following are not considered accessory structures, for the purposes of this section:

- A. Pergolas, arbors and trellises and other similar structures, if under ten (10) feet.
- B. Play structure and swing sets if under ten (10) feet.
- C. Flag poles limited to 20 feet
- D. Temporary and seasonal above ground pools
- E. Structures that are considered Accessory Dwelling Units and fall under the provisions of 16.52 Accessory Dwelling Units.

(Ord. No. 2011-003, § 2, 4-5-2011)

16.50.050 Architectural Features

Architectural features such as cornices, eaves, canopies, sunshades, gutters, signs, chimneys, and flues

may project up to five (5) feet into a front or rear required yard setback and two and one half (2 $\frac{1}{2}$) into the required side yard setback.

(Ord. No. 2011-003, § 2, 4-5-2011)

16.50.060 Decks

- A. Uncovered decks which are no more than 30 inches above grade may project into the required rear yard, but shall not be closer than five feet from the property line. If the ground slopes away from the edge of the deck, the deck height shall be measured at a point five feet away from the edge of the deck. Decks shall not be allowed in the required front or side yard setbacks.
- B. Uncovered decks 30 inches above grade that require a building permit placed on properties adjacent to wetland or open space tracts that are publicly dedicated or in public ownership, may project into the required rear yard, but shall not be closer than ten (10) feet from the rear property line. All other decks will comply with the required setbacks for the underlying zoning district. (Ord. No. 2011-003, § 2, 4-5-2011)

Chapter 16.52

ACCESSORY DWELLING UNITS*

Sections:

16.52.010 Purpose

16.52.020 Requirements for all Accessory Dwelling Units

* Editor's Note: Some sections may not contain a history.

16.52.010 Purpose

An Accessory Dwelling Unit (ADU) is a habitable living unit that provides the basic requirements for shelter, heating, cooking and sanitation. The purpose of an ADU is to provide homeowners with a means of obtaining rental income, companionship and security. ADU's provide Sherwood residents another affordable housing option and a means to live independently with relatives. (Ord. 2000-1108, § 3)

16.52.020 Requirements for all Accessory Dwelling Units

All Accessory Dwelling Units must meet the following standards:

- A. Creation: One Accessory Dwelling Unit per residence may only be created through the following methods:
 - 1. Converting existing living area, attic, basement or garage;
 - 2. Adding floor area;
 - 3. Constructing a detached ADU on a site with an existing house;

- 4. Constructing a new house with an internal or detached ADU.
- B. Owner Occupancy: The property owner, which shall include the holders and contract purchasers, must occupy either the principal unit or the ADU as their permanent residence, but not both, for at least six months out of the year, and at no time receive rent for the owner-occupied unit.
- C. Number of Residents: The total number of individuals that reside in both units may not exceed the number that is allowed for a household.
- D. Location of Entrances: The primary entrance to the ADU shall be located in such a manner as to be unobtrusive from the same view of the building which encompasses the entrance to the principal unit.
- E. Parking: Additional parking shall be in conformance with the off-street parking provisions for single-family dwellings.
- F. Floor Area: The maximum gross habitable floor area (GHFA) of the ADU shall not exceed 40% of the GHFA of the primary residence on the lot.
- G. Setbacks and Dimensional Requirements: The ADU shall comply with the setback and dimensional requirements of the underlying zone. In addition, there shall be a minimum ten (10) foot separation between the primary residence and the ADU.
- H. Design and Appearance: The ADU shall be designed so that, to the degree reasonably feasible, the appearance of the building conforms to the original design characteristics and style of the building, and appears to be a single-family residence.
- I. Partitioning: An ADU shall not be partitioned or divided off from the parent parcel. (Ord. 2000-1108, \S 3)

Chapter 16.54

ADULT ENTERTAINMENT*

Sections:

16.54.010 Adult entertainment

* Editor's Note: Some sections may not contain a history.

16.54.010 Adult entertainment

Where otherwise permitted by the provisions of this Code, an adult entertainment business shall not be located within one thousand (1,000) feet of an existing or previously approved adult entertainment business or within two hundred and fifty (250) feet of public parks, churches, schools, day care centers, or residentially zoned property. Both distances shall be measured in a straight line, without regard to intervening structures, from the closest structural wall of the adult entertainment business to either the closest structural wall of an existing or previously approved adult entertainment business, or to the closest property line of all impacted properties.

Chapter 16.56

OTHER LAND USE ACTIONS*

Sections:

16.56.010 Other Land Use Actions

* Editor's Note: Some sections may not contain a history.

16.56.010 Other Land Use Actions

Proposed land use actions or activities for which specific procedures and standards for application and review are not included in this Code shall be submitted to the Commission, on a form determined by the City and with a fee pursuant to Section 16.74.010. The Commission may recommend approval, approval with conditions, or denial of the request to the Council. The Council may approve, approve with conditions, or deny the request, or may elect to refer the request to a more appropriate approving authority. (Ord. 86-851, § 3)

16.58

CLEAR VISION AND FENCE STANDARDS*

* Editors Note: Ord. No. 2011-003, § 2, adopted April 5, 2011, amended the Code by repealing former Ch. 16.58, §§ 16.58.010, 16.58.020 and 16.58.040, and adding a new Ch. 16.58, § 16.58.010. Former § 16.58.030 was renumbered as a new § 16.58.020. Former Ch. 16.58 pertained to supplementary standards, and derived from Ords. 86-851, 96-1014, and 2006-021; and Ord. No. 2010-015, adopted October 5, 2010. The history for former § 16.58.030 has been retained after § 16.58.020.

Sections:

16.58.010 Clear Vision Areas 16.58.020 Fences, Walls and Hedges

16.58.010 Clear Vision Areas

- A. A clear vision area shall be maintained on the corners of all property at the intersection of two (2) streets, intersection of a street with a railroad, or intersection of a street with an alley or private driveway.
- B. A clear vision area shall consist of a triangular area, two (2) sides of which are lot lines measured from the corner intersection of the street lot lines for a distance specified in this regulation; or, where the lot lines have rounded corners, the lot lines extended in a straight line to a point of intersection, and so measured, and the third side of which is a line across the corner of the lot joining the non-intersecting ends of the other two (2) sides.
- C. A clear vision area shall contain no planting, sight obscuring fence, wall, structure, or temporary or permanent obstruction exceeding two and one-half (2 1/2) feet in height, measured from the top of the curb, or where no curb exists, from the established street center line grade, except that trees exceeding this height may be located in this area, provided all branches and foliage are removed to the height of seven (7) feet above the

ground on the sidewalk side and ten (10) feet on the street side.

The following requirements shall govern clear vision areas:

- 1. In all zones, the minimum distance shall be twenty (20) feet.
- 2. In all zones, the minimum distance from corner curb to any driveway shall be twenty-five(25) feet.
- 3. Where no setbacks are required, buildings may be constructed within the clear vision area.

GRAPHIC UNAVAILABLE: Click here (Ord. No. 2011-003, § 2, 4-5-2011)

16.58.020 Fences, Walls and Hedges.

A. Purpose: The fence standards promote the positive benefits of fences without negatively impacting the community or endangering public or vehicle safety. Fences can create a sense of privacy, protect children and pets, provide separation from busy streets, and enhance the appearance of property by providing attractive landscape materials. The negative effect of fences can include the creation of street walls that inhibit police and community surveillance, decrease the sense of community, hinder the safe movement of pedestrians and vehicles, and create an unattractive appearance. These standards are intended to promote the positive aspects of fences and to limit the negative ones.

B. Definition:

- 1. Fence: A freestanding structure that provides a barrier between properties or different uses on the same property and is generally used to provide privacy and security. A fence may be open, solid, wood, metal, wire, masonry or other materials and includes lattice or other decorative toppers.
- 2. Wall: A solid structural barrier that is not intended to alter the grade.
- 3. Retaining wall: A solid barrier that provides a barrier to the movement of earth, stone or water and is used to alter the grade.
- 4. Sound wall: An exterior wall designed to protect sensitive land uses including parks, residential zones and institutional public zones from noise generated by roadways, railways, commercial and industrial noise sources.
- 5. Landscape feature: A trellis, arbor or other decorative feature that is attached to or incorporated within the fence.
- 6. Hedges: A line of closely spaced vegetation specifically planted and trained in such a way as to form a barrier to mark the boundary of an area or visually screen an area.

- C. Applicability: The following standards apply to walls, fences, hedges, lattice, mounds, and decorative toppers. The standards do not apply to vegetation, sound walls and landscape features up to four (4) feet wide and at least twenty (20) feet apart.
 - D. Location--Residential Zone:
 - 1. Fences up to forty-two (42) inches high are allowed in required front building setbacks.
 - 2. Fences up to six (6) feet high are allowed in required side or rear building setbacks, except fences adjacent to public pedestrian access ways and alleys shall not exceed forty-two (42) inches in height unless there is a landscaped buffer at least three (3) feet wide between the fence and the access way or alley.
 - 3. Fences on corner lots may not be placed closer than eight (8) feet back from the sidewalk along the corner-side yard.
 - 4. All fences shall be subject to the clear vision provisions of Section 16.58.010.
 - 5. A sound wall is permitted when required as a part of a development review or concurrent with a road improvement project. A sound wall may not be taller than twenty (20) feet.
 - 6. Hedges are allowed up to eight (8) feet tall in the required side and rear setbacks.
 - E. Location--Non-Residential Zone:
 - 1. Fences up to eight (8) feet high are allowed along front, rear and side property lines, subject to Section 16.58.010. (Clear Vision) and building department requirements.
 - 2. A sound wall is permitted when required as a part of a development review or concurrent with a road improvement project. A sound wall may not be taller than twenty (20) feet.
 - 3. Hedges up to twelve (12) feet tall are allowed, however, when the non-residential zone abuts a residential zone the requirements of section 16.58.030.d.6. shall apply.
 - F. General Conditions--All Fences:
 - 1. In all cases, the following standards apply:
 - a. Fences must be structurally sound and maintained in good repair. A fence may not be propped up in any way from the exterior side.
 - b. Chain link fencing is not allowed in any required residential front yard setback.
 - c. The finished side of the fence must face the street or the neighboring property. This shall not preclude finished sides on both sides.

- d. Buffering: If a proposed development is adjacent to an dissimilar use such as commercial use adjacent to a residential use, or development adjacent to an existing farming operation, a buffer plan that includes, but is not limited to, setbacks, fencing, landscaping, and maintenance via a homeowner's association or managing company shall be submitted and approved as part of the preliminary plat or site plan review process per Section 16.90.020 and Chapter 16.122.
- e. In the event of a conflict between this section and the clear vision standards of Section 16.58.010, the standards in section 16.58.010 prevail.
- f. Fences and walls shall not be located within or over a public utility easement without an approved right-of-way permit.
- g. The height of a fence or wall is measured from the actual adjoining level of finished grade measured six (6) inches from the fence. In the event the ground is sloped, the lowest grade within six (6) inches of the fence shall be used to measure the height.

(Ord. No. 2011-003, § 2, 4-5-2011; Ord. No. 2011-001, §§ 1, 2, 2-15-2011; Ord. No. 2010-015, § 2, 10-5-2010; Ord. 2006-021; Ord. 96-1014 § 1; 93-964; Ord. 86-851)

Editors Note: See editor's note, Ch. 16.58.

GRAPHIC UNAVAILABLE: Click here

GRAPHIC UNAVAILABLE: Click here

Chapter 16.60

YARD REQUIREMENTS*

* **Editors Note:** Ord. No. 2011-003, § 2, adopted April 5, 2011, amended the Code by, in effect, repealing former Ch. 16.60, §§ 16.60.010--16.60.050, and adding a new Ch. 16.60. Former Ch. 16.60 pertained to similar subject matter, and derived from Ords. 86-851, 97-1022, 2004-002 and 2006-021; and Ord. No. 2010-015, adopted October 5, 2010.

Sections:

16.60.010 Through Lots 16.60.020 Corner Lots 16.60.030 Yards 16.60.040 Lot sizes and Dimensions

16.60.010 Through Lots

On a through lot the front yard requirements of the zone in which such a lot is located shall apply to the street frontage where the lot receives vehicle access; except where access is from an alley, the front yard

requirements shall apply to the street opposite the alley. (Ord. No. 2011-003, § 2, 4-5-2011)

16.60.020 Corner Lots

On a corner lot, or a reversed corner lot of a block oblong in shape, the short street side may be used as the front of the lot provided:

- A. The front yard setback shall not be less than twenty-five (25) feet; except where otherwise allowed by the applicable zoning district and subject to vision clearance requirements.
- B. The side yard requirements on the long street side shall conform to the front yard requirement of the zone in which the building is located.

(Ord. No. 2011-003, § 2, 4-5-2011)

16.60.030 Yards

- A. Except for landscaping, every part of a required yard (also referred to as minimum setback) shall be open and unobstructed from its lowest point to the sky, except that architectural features such as awnings, fire escapes, open stairways, chimneys, or accessory structures permitted in accordance with Chapter 16.50 (Accessory Structures) may be permitted when so placed as not to obstruct light and ventilation.
- B. Where a side or rear yard is not required, and a primary structure is not erected directly on the property line, it shall be set back at least three (3) feet. (Ord. No. 2011-003, § 2, 4-5-2011)

16.60.040 Lot Sizes and Dimensions

A. If a lot or the aggregate of contiguous lots or parcels recorded, or platted, prior to the effective date of this Code, has an area or dimension which does not meet the requirements of this Code, the lot of aggregate lots may be put to a use permitted outright, subject to the other requirements of the zone in which the property is located, except that a residential use shall be limited to a single-family dwelling, or to the number of dwelling units consistent with the density requirements of the zone. However, no dwelling shall be built on a lot with less area than thirty-two hundred (3,200) square feet, except as provided in Chapter 16.68 (Infill Development).

B. Exceptions

Yard requirements of the underlying zone may be modified for infill developments as provided in Chapter 16.68 (Infill).

(Ord. No. 2011-003, § 2, 4-5-2011)

Chapter 16.62

CHIMNEYS, SPIRES, ANTENNAS, AND SIMILAR STRUCTURES*

Sections:

16.62.010 Heights

16.62.020 Permit Required

16.62.030 Parapets

* Editor's Note: Some sections may not contain a history.

16.62.010 Heights

Except as otherwise provided, the height limits established by this Code shall not apply to chimneys, stacks, water towers, radio or television antennas, towers, windmills, grain elevators, silos, elevator penthouses, monuments, domes, spires, belfries, hangars, solar heating devices, and to wireless communication facilities two hundred (200) feet in height or less.

(Ord. 97-1019 § 1; Ord. 86-851)

16.62.020 Permit Required

Notwithstanding Section 16.62.010, a conditional use permit shall be required for all such structures that exceed the height limitations of a zoning district, except as specifically otherwise permitted in that district. (Ord. 91-922, § 3; Ord. 86-851)

16.62.030 Parapets

A parapet wall not exceeding four (4) feet in height may be erected above the height limit of the building on which it rests.

(Ord. 86-851, § 3)

Chapter 16.64

DUAL USE OF REQUIRED SPACE*

Sections:

16.64.010 Generally

* Editor's Note: Some sections may not contain a history.

16.64.010 Generally

Except as otherwise provided, no lot area, setback, yard, landscaped area, open space, off-street parking or loading area, which is required by this Code for one use, shall be allowed as the required lot area, yard, open space, off-street parking or loading area for another use. (Ord. 91-922, § 3)

Chapter 16.66

TRANSPORTATION FACILITIES AND IMPROVEMENTS*

Sections:

16.66.010 Generally

* Editor's Note: Some sections may not contain a history.

16.66.010 Generally

- A. Except as otherwise noted, transportation facilities and improvements as defined in Section 16.10.020 will be a permitted use in all zoning districts.
- B. Construction of Transportation Facilities and Improvements that are (1) not designated in the adopted City of Sherwood Transportation System Plan (TSP), and are (2) not designed and constructed as part of an approved subdivision or partition subject to site plan shall be subject to Conditional Use review.

Chapter 16.68

INFILL DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS*

Sections:

16.68.010 Purpose and Intent
16.68.020 Lot Sizes and Dimensions for Infill
16.68.030 Building Design on Infill Lots
16.68.040 Height
16.68.050 Yard Requirements for Infill Development
16.68.060 Public Notice

* Editor's Note: Some sections may not contain a history.

16.68.010 Purpose and Intent

This chapter provides standards for infill development, or the development of properties that have been skipped over by larger subdivisions and, due to their proximity to established residential neighborhoods, require special design controls and flexibility in the City's zoning and land division standards. This Chapter is intended to:

- A. Promote housing choice, transportation efficiency and compatibility between existing residential areas and new development;
- B. Allow for greater flexibility in lot size, dimensions and setbacks; and
- C. Control the type, height, size and scale of new buildings on infill properties.

16.68.020 Lot Sizes and Dimensions for Infill

The Approval Authority may approve modifications to the minimum lot size and/or lot dimensions of this Code for residential developments containing less than five (5) acres (i.e., is not otherwise eligible for a Planned Unit Development), subject to all of the following requirements:

- A. Lot area may be reduced below the minimum standard of the applicable zoning district through the land division or lot line adjustment process when the Approval Authority finds:
 - 1. The resulting lot size(s) and dimensions are not less than eighty-five percent (85%) of the standard minimum lot area of the zone; and

- 2. The resulting average lot size of the development (partition or subdivision) shall be no less than the minimum lot size of the zone in which it is located; the resulting density shall be no more than the allowable density of the zone. Areas reserved as open space, such as central greens, plaza, and other common open space may be counted toward the average lot size and density of the development when such areas are centrally located and accessible to every lot in the development; and;
- 3. The reduction in lot size and/or dimensions shall not be detrimental to any designated natural feature; the Approval Authority may require mitigation to protect and enhance such features, as applicable; and
- 4. All required local street connections, pedestrian access ways, utility easements, emergency access, and other Code requirements are met; the Approval Authority may require shared driveways (i.e., for two dwellings) for paired lots that individually have less than 40 feet of street frontage, except where driveway access is provided from an alley; and
- 5. The land division shall be conditioned, and a deed restriction recorded on each lot that contains less than the minimum lot size of the zone, requiring that building elevations and floor plans be submitted to the Planning Department for review and approval prior to issuance of a building permit on such lot, and such plans be binding on future building. Building plans required under this section shall meet the following standards as provided in Section 16.68.040;
 - a. Floor area ratio
 - b. Side setback plane; and
 - c. Garage orientation and design standards
- 6. The land division shall be conditioned, and a deed restriction shall be recorded on each lot that contains less than the minimum lot size of the zone, requiring that a landscape plan be submitted to the Planning Department for review and approval prior to issuance of a building permit on such lot. Landscape plans required under this section shall provide plant materials and irrigation that are equal to or better than those existing residential landscapes in the vicinity. The Approval Authority may consider plant species, quantity/volume of plant material, irrigation, slope, aspect, soil, and other relevant factors in determining the adequacy of landscape plans and in requiring additional landscaping.
- B. Lot dimension(s) may be reduced below the minimum standards of the applicable zoning district through the land division or lot line adjustment process provided that the development conforms to Section 16.68.020A, above, and all other applicable Code requirements are met.
- C. Lot width and frontage standards may be waived for rear lots created through partitioning where

an access easement or tract of not less than twenty (20) feet in width connects the subject lot to a public street with a driveway meeting City standards and the yard requirements for rear lots, as provided in Section 16.68.050, are met. The Approval Authority may require that such driveway be dedicated as a public alley and extended in accordance with local street network plans and connectivity requirements.

(Ord. No. 2010-015, § 2, 10-5-2010)

16.68.030 Building Design on Infill Lots

Structures exceeding twenty four (24) feet in height shall conform to the following standards:

- A. Floor Area: Floor area in any dwelling with a height greater than twenty four (24) feet shall not exceed the following floor area ratios, except that the first 200 square feet of floor area in a detached garage or other accessory structure shall be exempt, when the accessory structure is located behind a single family dwelling (dwelling is between accessory structure and abutting street), the lot is not a through lot, and the accessory structure does not exceed a height of eighteen (18) feet. Floor area shall not exceed:
 - 1. Low Density Residential (LDR): 50% of lot area
 - 2. Medium Density Residential Low (MDRL): 55% of lot area
 - 3. Medium Density Residential High (MDRH): 60% of lot area
 - 4. High Density Residential (HDR): 65% of lot area
- B. Interior Side Setback and Side Yard Plane. When a structure exceed twenty four (24) feet in height:
 - 1. The minimum interior side setback is five (5) feet, provided that elevations or portions of elevations exceeding twenty four (24) feet in height shall be setback from interior property line(s) an additional one-half (1/2) foot for every one (1) foot in height over twenty four (24) feet (see example below); and
 - 2. All interior side elevations exceeding twenty four (24) feet in height shall be divided into smaller areas or planes to minimize the appearance of bulk to properties abutting the side elevation: When the side elevation of such a structure is more than 750 square feet in area, the elevation shall be divided into distinct planes of 750 square feet or less. For the purposes of this standard, a distinct plane is an elevation or a portion of an elevation that is separated from other wall planes, resulting in a recessed or projecting section of the structure that projects or recedes at least two (2) feet from the adjacent plane, for a length of at least six (6) feet. The maximum side yard plane may be increased by ten percent (10%) for every additional five (5) feet of side yard setback provided beyond the five (5) foot minimum.

GRAPHIC UNAVAILABLE: Click here

- C. Garage Orientation. On lots with a minimum width of sixty (60) feet or less, the garage shall meet the following orientation and design standards:
 - 1. The garage shall not be located closer to the street than the dwelling, unless the combined width of garage opening(s) does not exceed fifty percent (50%) of the total width of the front (street-facing) elevation. For the purpose of meeting this standard, the exterior wall of at least one room of habitable space, which may include habitable space above the garage, shall be located closer to the street than the garage door. Any garage opening width beyond fifty percent (50%) standard shall be set back at least (2) feet further from the front property line than the facade of the other garage volume. Alternatively, and subject to the Approval Authority's approval, the front elevation may incorporate a decorative trellis, pergola or other architectural feature that provides a shadow line giving the perception that the garage opening is recessed;
 - 2. The standard in subsection c.1. above, does not apply where the average slope of a parcel of a lot exceeds twenty percent (20%) where the garage is proposed to be set back at least forty (40) feet from the public right-of-way, or where the garage is to be accessed from an alley;
 - 3. When the side or rear elevation of a front-loading garage is exposed to the street or an abutting property, such elevation(s) shall have more than one plane (offset or projection of 2 feet or more) or shall have window area equal to at least ten percent (10%) of the exposed garage wall.

(Ord. No. 2010-015, § 2, 10-5-2010)

16.68.040 Height

The maximum heights specified in the underlying zone shall be the maximum height for any infill development.

16.68.050 Yard Requirements for Infill Development

The Approval Authority may approve modifications to the minimum yard dimensions of this Code for residential developments containing less than five (5) acres (i.e., is not otherwise eligible for a Planned Unit Development), subject to all of the following requirements:

- A. Side and/or rear yard(s) may be reduced below the minimum standard of the applicable zoning district when the Approval Authority finds:
 - 1. The resulting yard(s) is/are not less than eighty-five percent (85%) of the standard of the zone; and
 - 2. Where a side or rear yard abuts another residential property outside the subject

development, it shall not be reduced to less than eighty five percent (85%) of the abutting yard dimension, except where the yard of the abutting property is less than the minimum standard of the zone, in which case a reduction equal to the yard of the abutting property may be permitted. In no case shall a yard of less than five (5) feet be permitted unless the structure is approved as a zero-lot line or common wall dwelling; and

- 3. The reduction in yard dimension shall not be detrimental to any designated natural feature; the Approval Authority may require mitigation to protect and enhance such features, as applicable; and
- 4. All required local street connections, pedestrian access ways, utility easements, emergency access, and other Code requirements are met.
- B. Front yards may be reduced below the minimum standard of the applicable zoning district when the Approval Authority finds:
 - 1. The front yard is reduced by no more than six (6) feet; and
 - 2. All garage openings are setback twenty (20) feet or more from all street rights-of-way.
 - 3. The reduction is to accommodate an unenclosed front porch; or
 - 4. The reduction is necessary to protect natural features on or adjacent to the subject lot; or
 - 5. The reduction allows for greater separation or buffering between infill development and existing residential uses(s) at lower densities (or larger lot sizes).
- C. Rear lots, also known as flag lots, are those that have less than twenty five (25) feet of street frontage, are oriented with their buildable area (flag) behind another lot that has standard street frontage, and receives access from a narrow strip of land (flag pole). The Approval Authority may approve a rear lot only upon finding that it has sufficient lot area after excluding the access drive (easement, tract, or flag pole), it meets emergency access and circulation requirements, and side lot lines adjacent to the access drive have adequate landscape buffering in accordance with Section 16.58.020D. Where two rear lots are proposed contiguous to one another, the Approval Authority may require the two lots share a common access and driveway to reduce the number of curb cuts and turning movement conflicts and to minimize impervious surfaces.
- D. In approving reductions to yard dimensions, the Approval Authority must find that the provisions of Sections 16.68.030 through 16.68.050, and all other applicable Code requirements, are met. (Ord. No. 2010-015, § 2, 10-5-2010)

16.68.060 Public Notice

The public shall be notified of pending land use applications for projects that are subject to Chapter 16.68, consistent with the provisions of Section 16.72.020, Mailed Notice. (Ord. 2006-021)

Division III.

ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURES

Chapter 16.70

GENERAL PROVISIONS*

Sections:

16.70.010 Pre-Application Conference 16.70.020 Neighborhood Meeting 16.70.030 Application Requirements 16.70.040 Application Submittal 16.70.050 Availability of Record for Review 16.70.060 Application Resubmission

* Editor's Note: Some sections may not contain a history.

16.70.010 Pre-Application Conference

Pre-application conferences are encouraged and shall be scheduled to provide applicants with the informational and procedural requirements of this Code; to exchange information regarding applicable policies, goals and standards of the Comprehensive Plan; to provide technical and design assistance; and to identify opportunities and constraints for a proposed land use action. An applicant may apply at one time for all permits or zone changes needed for a development project as determined in the pre-application conference. (Ord. No. 2010-015, § 2, 10-5-2010; Ord. 91-922, § 3; Ord. 86-851)

16.70.020 Neighborhood Meeting

- A. The purpose of the neighborhood meeting is to solicit input and exchange information about the proposed development.
- B. Applicants of Type III, IV and V applications are required to hold a meeting, at a public location for with adjacent property owners and recognized neighborhood organizations that are within 1,000 feet of the subject application, prior to submitting their application to the City. Affidavits of mailing, sign-in sheets and a summary of the meeting notes shall be included with the application when submitted. Applicants for Type II land use action are encouraged, but not required to hold a neighborhood meeting.
 - 1. Projects requiring a neighborhood meeting in which the City or Urban Renewal District is the property owner or applicant shall also provide published and posted notice of the neighborhood meeting consistent with the notice requirements in 16.72.020.

(Ord. No. 2010-015, § 2, 10-5-2010)

16.70.030 Application Requirements

A. Form

Any request for a land use action shall be made on forms prescribed and provided by the City and shall

be prepared and submitted in compliance with this Code. A land use application shall be reviewed against the standards and criteria effective at the time of application submittal. Original signatures from all owners or their legal representative must be on the application form.

B. Copies

To assist in determining the compliance of proposed land use actions with the Comprehensive Plan and provisions of this Code, applicants shall submit one (1) complete electronic copy of the full application packet, one reduced (8 $1/2 \times 11$) copy of the full application packet and the required number of hard copies as outlined on the applicable forms prescribed and provided by the City.

C. Content

- 1. In addition to the required application form, all applications for Type II-V land use approval must include the following:
 - a. Appropriate fee(s) for the requested land use action required based on the City of Sherwood Fee Schedule.
 - b. Documentation of neighborhood meeting per 16.70.020.
 - c. Tax Map showing property within at least 300 feet with scale (1'' = 100') or 1'' = 200' north point, date and legend.
 - d. Two (2) sets of mailing labels for property owners of record within 1,000 feet of the subject site, including a map of the area showing the properties to receive notice and a list of the property owners, addresses and tax lots. Ownership records shall be based on the most current available information from the Tax Assessor's office.
 - e. Vicinity Map showing the City limits and the Urban Growth Boundary.
 - f. A narrative explaining the proposal in detail and a response to the Required Findings for Land use Review for the land use approval(s) being sought.
 - g. Two (2) copies of a current preliminary title report.
 - h. Existing conditions plan drawn to scale showing: property lines and dimensions, existing structures and other improvements such as streets and utilities, existing vegetation, any floodplains or wetlands and any easements on the property.
 - i. Proposed development plans sufficient for the Hearing Authority to determine compliance with the applicable standards. Checklists shall be provided by the City detailing information typically needed to adequately review specific land use actions.
 - j. A trip analysis verifying compliance with the Capacity Allocation Program, if required per 16.108.070.

- k. A traffic study, if required by other sections of this code,
- 1. Other special studies or reports that may be identified by the City Manager or his or her designee to address unique issues identified in the pre-application meeting or during project review including but not limited to:
 - 1) Wetland assessment and delineation
 - 2) Geotechnical report
 - 3) Traffic study
 - 4) Verification of compliance with other agency standards such as CWS, DSL, Army Corps of Engineers, ODOT, PGE, BPA, Washington County, .

m. Plan sets must have:

- 1) The proposed name of the development. If a proposed project name is the same as or similar to other existing projects in the City of Sherwood, the applicant may be required to modify the project name.
- 2) The name, address and phone of the owner, developer, applicant and plan producer.
- 3) North arrow,
- 4) Legend,
- 5) Date plans were prepared and date of any revisions
- 6) Scale clearly shown. Other than architectural elevations, all plans must be drawn to an engineer scale.
- 7) All dimensions clearly shown.
- 2. Exemptions can be made when items in 16.70.030.C.1 are not necessary in order to make a land use decision, such as for text amendments to the development code. Additional written documentation may be necessary to adequately demonstrate compliance with the criteria.

(Ord. No. 2010-015, § 2, 10-5-2010; Ord. 91-922, § 3)

16.70.040 Application Submittal

A. Acceptance

An application for land use will not be accepted by the City without the required forms, the required

fee(s), the signature of the applicant and authorization from the property owner of record.

B. Completeness

Within thirty (30) calendar days of the date of initial submission, the City shall determine whether the application is complete and so notify the applicant in writing. The application will not be deemed complete unless the minimum application requirements are met as described on the application form provided by the City. Applicants will receive written notification of any application deficiencies. Information outlined in the letter of incompleteness must be submitted within 180 days of the date of the letter. Alternatively, within 14 days of the date of the letter, the applicant may submit a statement indicating refusal to submit the required items. If a refusal statement is provided, the application is considered complete on the 31st day from the date the application was submitted.

(Ord. No. 2010-015, § 2, 10-5-2010; Ord. 98-1053, § 1; 91-922)

16.70.050 Availability of Record for Review

A. Public Inspection

- 1. Except as provided herein, all application materials to be relied upon in public hearings on land use actions required by this Code shall be available for public inspection twenty (20) calendar days in advance of the initial hearing before the Commission or Council. If two (2) or more hearings are required on a land use action, all application materials shall be available for public inspection at least ten (10) calendar days in advance of the initial hearing before the Hearing Authority. All application materials to be relied upon for Type II decisions as indicated in Section 16.72.010 shall be available for public inspection fourteen (14) calendar days in advance of the staff decision on the application.
- 2. Application materials shall be available to the public for inspection at no cost. Copies of application materials will be provided to the public, upon request, at a cost defined by the City's fee schedule.

B. Continuance

If additional materials are provided in support of an application later than twenty (20) calendar days in advance of the initial hearing before the Hearing Authority, or later than ten (10) calendar days in advance of the initial hearing before the Commission or Council if two (2) or more hearings are required, or if the City or the applicant fails to meet any requirements of Chapter 16.72, any party to the application, or party notified of the hearing as per Section 16.72.020, may make request to the City, either verbally at the initial hearing or in writing at any time before the close of the hearing, for a hearing continuance. Any continuance or extension of the record requested by an applicant shall result in a corresponding extension of the time limitations. If, in the City's determination, there is a valid basis for the continuance request, said request shall be granted. (Ord. No. 2010-015, § 2, 10-5-2010; Ord. 99-1079, § 3; 98-1053; 91-922)

16.70.060 Application Resubmission

A land use application denied in accordance with this Code, shall not be accepted for resubmission for

one-hundred eighty (180) calendar days following the date of the denial, unless the application has been sufficiently modified to abrogate the reason for denial, as determined by the City. All applications resubmitted after being denied in accordance with this Code shall be required to provide new application materials, pay new fees, and shall be subject to the review process required by this Code for the land use action being considered. (Ord. No. 2010-015, § 2, 10-5-2010; Ord. 98-1053 § 1)

Chapter 16.72

PROCEDURES FOR PROCESSING DEVELOPMENT PERMITS*

Sections:

16.72.010 Generally
16.72.020 Public Notice and Hearing
16.72.030 Content of Notice
16.72.040 Planning Staff Reports
16.72.050 Conduct of Public Hearings
16.72.060 Notice of Decision
16.72.070 Registry of Decisions
16.72.080 Final Action on Permit or Zone Change

* Editor's Note: Some sections may not contain a history.

16.72.010 Generally

A. Classifications

Except for Final Development Plans for Planned Unit Developments, which are reviewed per Section 16.40.030, all quasi-judicial development permit applications and legislative land use actions shall be classified as one of the following:

1. Type I

The following quasi-judicial actions shall be subject to a Type I review process:

- a. Signs
- b. Property Line Adjustments
- c. Interpretation of Similar Uses
- d. Temporary Uses
- e. Final Subdivision Plats
- f. Final Site Plan Review
- g. Time extensions of approval, per Sections 16.90.020; 16.124.010
- h. Class A Home Occupation Permits

- i. Interpretive Decisions by the City Manager or his/her designee
- j. Tree Removal Permit a street trees over five (5) inches DBH, per Section 16.142.050.B.2 and 3.
- k. Adjustments

2. Type II

The following quasi-judicial actions shall be subject to a Type II review process:

- a. Land Partitions
- b. Expedited Land Divisions The Planning Director shall make a decision based on the information presented, and shall issue a development permit if the applicant has complied with all of the relevant requirements of the Zoning and Community Development Code. Conditions may be imposed by the Planning Director if necessary to fulfill the requirements of the adopted Comprehensive Plan, Transportation System Plan or the Zoning and Community Development Code.
- c. "Fast-track" Site Plan review, defined as those site plan applications which propose less than 15,000 square feet of floor area, parking or seating capacity of public, institutional, commercial or industrial use permitted by the underlying zone, or up to a total of 20% increase in floor area, parking or seating capacity for a land use or structure subject to conditional use permit, except as follows: auditoriums, theaters, stadiums, and those applications subject to Section 16.72.010.4, below.
- d. "Design Upgraded" Site Plan review, defined as those site plan applications which propose between 15,001 and 40,000 square feet of floor area, parking or seating capacity and which propose a minimum of eighty percent (80%) of the total possible points of design criteria in the "Commercial Design Review Matrix" found in Section 16.90.020.4.G.4.
- e. Industrial "Design Upgraded" projects, defined as those site plan applications which propose between 15,001 and 60,000 square feet of floor area, parking or seating capacity and which meet all of the criteria in 16.90.020.4.H.1.
- f. Class B Variance

3. Type III

The following quasi-judicial actions shall be subject to a Type III review process:

- a. Conditional Uses
- b. Site Plan Review -- between 15,001 and 40,000 square feet of floor area, parking or

seating capacity except those within the Old Town Overlay District, per Section 16.72.010.4, below.

c. Subdivisions -- Less than 50 lots.

4. Type IV

The following quasi-judicial actions shall be subject to a Type IV review process:

- a. Site Plan review and/or "Fast Track" Site Plan review of new or existing structures in the Old Town Overlay District.
- b. All quasi-judicial actions not otherwise assigned to a Hearing Authority under this section.
- c. Site Plans -- Greater than 40,000 square feet of floor area, parking or seating capacity.
- d. Site Plans subject to Section 16.90.020.4.G.6.
- e. Industrial Site Plans subject to Section 16.90.020.4.H.2.
- f. Subdivisions -- More than 50 lots.
- g. Class A Variance

5. Type V

The following legislative actions shall be subject to a Type V review process:

- a. Plan Map Amendments
- b. Plan Text Amendments
- c. Planned Unit Development -- Preliminary Development Plan and Overlay District.
- B. Hearing and Appeal Authority
- 1. Each Type V legislative land use action shall be reviewed at a public hearing by the Planning Commission with a recommendation made to the City Council. The City Council shall conduct a public hearing and make the City's final decision.
- 2. Each quasi-judicial development permit application shall potentially be subject to two (2) levels of review, with the first review by a Hearing Authority and the second review, if an appeal is filed, by an Appeal Authority. The decision of the Hearing Authority shall be the City's final decision, unless an appeal is properly filed within fourteen (14) days after the date on which the Hearing Authority took final action. In the event of an appeal, the decision of the Appeal

Authority shall be the City's final decision.

- f. Homeowner's association street tree removal and replacement program extension.
- 3. The quasi-judicial Hearing and Appeal Authorities shall be as follows:
 - a. The Type I Hearing Authority is the Planning Director and the Appeal Authority is the Planning Commission.
 - (1) The Planning Director's decision shall be made without public notice or public hearing. Notice of the decision shall be provided to the applicant.
 - (2) The applicant may appeal the Planning Director's decision.
 - b. The Type II Hearing Authority is the Planning Director and the Appeal Authority is the Planning Commission.
 - (1) The Planning Director's decision shall be made without a public hearing, but not until at least fourteen (14) days after a public notice has been mailed to the applicant and all property owners within 1,000 feet of the proposal. Any person may submit written comments to the Planning Director which address the relevant approval criteria of the Zoning and Development Code. Such comments must be received by the Planning Department within fourteen (14) days from the date of the notice.
 - (2) Any person providing written comments may appeal the Planning Director's decision.
 - c. The Type III Hearing Authority is the Hearings Officer and the Appeal Authority is the Planning Commission.
 - (1) The Hearings Officer shall hold a public hearing following public notice in accordance with Sections 16.72.020 through 16.72.080.
 - (2) Any person who testified before the Hearings Officer at the public hearing or submitted written comments prior to the close of the record may appeal the Hearings Officer's decision.
 - d. The Type IV Hearing Authority is the Planning Commission and the Appeal Authority is the City Council.
 - (1) The Planning Commission shall hold a public hearing following public notice in accordance with Sections 16.72.020 through 16.72.080.
 - (2) Any person who testified before the Planning Commission at the public hearing or submitted written comments prior to the close of the record may appeal the

Planning Commission's decision.

e. The Type V Hearing Authority is the City Council, upon recommendation from the Planning Commission and the Appeal Authority is the Land Use Board of Appeals (LUBA).

C. Approval Criteria

- 1. The approval criteria for each development permit application shall be the approval standards and requirements for such applications as contained in this Code. Each decision made by a Hearing Authority or Appeal Authority shall list the approval criteria and indicate whether the criteria are met. It is the applicant's burden to demonstrate to the Hearing Authority and Appeal Authority how each of the approval criteria are met. An application may be approved with conditions of approval imposed by the Hearing Authority or Appeal Authority. On appeal, the Appeal Authority may affirm, reverse, amend, refer, or remand the decision of the Hearing Authority.
- 2. In addition to Section 1 above, all Type IV quasi-judicial applications shall also demonstrate compliance with the Conditional use criteria of Section 16.82.020.

(Ord. No. 2011-003, § 2, 4-5-2011; Ord. No. 2011-001, §§ 1, 2, 2-15-2011; Ord. No. 2010-015, § 2, 10-5-2010; Ord. No. 2010-05, § 2, 4-6-2010; Ord. No. 2009-005, § 2, 6-2-2009; Ord. 2003-1148, § 3; 2001-1119; 99-1079; 98-1053)

16.72.020 Public Notice and Hearing

A. Newspaper Notice

Notices of all public hearings for Type III, IV and V land use actions required by this Code shall be published in a newspaper of general circulation available within the City two (2) calendar weeks prior to the initial scheduled hearing before the Hearing Authority and shall be published one additional time in the Sherwood Archer, Sherwood Gazette or similarly local publication, no less than 5 days prior to the initial scheduled hearing before the hearing authority.

B. Posted Notice

- 1. Notices of all Type II, III, IV and V land use actions required by this Code shall be posted by the City in no fewer than five (5) conspicuous locations within the City, not less than fourteen (14) calendar days in advance of the staff decision on Type II applications or twenty (20) calendar days in advance of the initial hearing before the Hearing Authority for Type III, IV and V applications.
- 2. Signage shall be posted on the subject property fourteen (14) calendar days in advance of the staff decision on Type II applications and twenty (20) calendar days in advance of the hearing before the Hearing Authority for Type III, IV and V applications.
 - a. on-site posted notice shall provide a general description of the land use action proposed,

the project number and where additional information can be obtained.

- b. On-site posted notice shall be designed to be read by motorists passing by; the exact size and font style to be determined by the City.
- c. On-site posted notice shall be located on the property in a manner to be visible from the public street. For large sites or sites with multiple street frontages, more than one sign may be required.

C. Mailed Notice

- 1. For Type II, III, IV and V actions specific to a property or group of properties, the City shall send written notice by regular mail to owners of record of all real property within one thousand (1,000) feet from the property subject to the land use action. Written notice shall also be sent to Oregon Department of Transportation (ODOT), Metro, the applicable transit service provider and other affected or potentially affected agencies. If the subject property is located adjacent to or split by a railroad crossing ODOT Rail Division shall also be sent public notice.
- 2. Written notice to property owners shall be mailed at least fourteen (14) calendar days prior to a decision being made on a Type II land use action and at least twenty (20) calendar days in advance of the initial public hearing before the Hearing Authority. If two (2) or more hearings are required on a land use action, notices shall be mailed at least ten (10) calendar days in advance of the initial hearing before the Commission or Council.
- 3. For the purposes of mailing the written notice, the names and addresses of the property owners of record, as shown on the most recent County Assessor's records in the possession of the City, shall be used. Written notice shall also be mailed to homeowners associations when the homeowners association owns common property within the notification area and is listed in the County Assessor's records.
- 4. For written notices required by this Code, other than written notices to property owners of record, the City shall rely on the address provided by the persons so notified. The City shall not be responsible for verifying addresses so provided.
- 5. If a zone change application proposes to change the zone of property which includes all or part of a manufactured home park, the City shall give written notice by first class mail to each existing mailing address for tenants of the manufactured home park at least twenty (20) days but not more than forty (40) days before the date of the first hearing on the application. Such notice costs are the responsibility of the applicant.

D. Failure to Receive Notice

1. The failure of a property owner or other party to an application to receive notice of a public hearing as provided in Code of this Chapter or to receive notice of continuances and appeals as provided by this Code due to circumstances beyond the control of the City, including but not limited to recent changes in ownership not reflected in County Assessors records, loss of the

notice by the postal service, or an inaccurate address provided by the County Assessor or the party to the application, shall not invalidate the applicable public hearing or land use action. The City shall prepare and maintain affidavits demonstrating that public notices were mailed, published, and posted pursuant to this Code.

2. Persons who should have received notice of a proposed land use action but can prove, to the City's satisfaction that notice was not received due to circumstances beyond their control, may be permitted, at the City's discretion, to exercise the right to appeal the action as per Chapter 16.76. All appeals filed under such conditions shall cite the circumstances resulting in the non-receipt of the notice.

(Ord. No. 2010-015, § 2, 10-5-2010; Ord. 2006-021; Ord. 2003-1148, § 3; 99-1079; 98-1053; 91-922, § 3; Ord. 86-851)

16.72.030 Content of Notice

Public notices shall include the following information:

- A. The nature of the application and proposed use(s).
- B. A list of the applicable Code or Comprehensive Plan criteria to be applied to the review of the proposed land use action.
- C. The location and street address of the property subject to the land use action (if any).
- D. The date, time, place, location of the public hearing.
- E. The name and telephone number of a local government representative to contact for additional information.
- F. The availability of all application materials for inspection at no cost, or copies at reasonable cost.
- G. The availability of the City planning staff report for inspection at no cost, or copies at a reasonable cost, at least seven (7) calendar days in advance of the hearing.
- H. The requirements for the submission of testimony and the procedures for conducting hearings, including notice that failure to raise an issue accompanied by statements or evidence sufficient to offer the City, applicant or other parties to the application the opportunity to respond, will preclude appeal on said issue to the Council or to the State Land Use Board of Appeals (LUBA).

(Ord. No. 2010-015, § 2, 10-5-2010; Ord. 98-1053 § 1; 91-922)

16.72.040 Planning Staff Reports

Recommended findings of fact and conditions of approval for each land use action shall be made in writing in a City planning staff report. Said staff report shall be published seven (7) calendar days in advance of the initial required public hearing before the Hearing Authority. Copies shall be provided to the applicant and the Hearing Authority no later than seven (7) calendar days in advance of the scheduled public hearing. Staff

reports shall be available to the public for inspection at no cost. Copies of the staff report shall be provided to the public, upon request, at a cost defined by the City's schedule of miscellaneous fees and charges. (Ord. 91-922, § 3)

16.72.050 Conduct of Public Hearings

A. Hearing Disclosure Statements

The following information or statements shall be verbally provided by the Hearing Authority at the beginning of any public hearing on a land use action:

- 1. The findings of fact and criteria specified by the Code that must be satisfied for approval of the land use action being considered by the Hearing Authority.
- 2. That public testimony should be limited to addressing said findings of fact and criteria, or to other City or State land use standards which the persons testifying believe apply to the proposed land use action.
- 3. That failure to raise an issue, or failure to raise an issue with sufficient specificity so as to provide the City, applicant, or other parties to the application with a reasonable opportunity to respond, will preclude appeal on said issue to the Council or to the State Land Use Board of Appeals (LUBA).
- 4. The rights of persons to request, as per this Code, that a hearing be continued or that the hearing record remain open.
- 5. That all persons testifying shall be deemed parties to the application, and must provide their name and full mailing address if they wish to be notified of continuances, appeals, or other procedural actions as required by this Code.

B. Persons Testifying

Any person, whether the applicant, a person notified of the public hearing as per Section 16.72.020, the general public, or the authorized representative of any of the foregoing persons, may testify at a public hearing on a land use action. Testimony may be made verbally or in writing. The applicant, the applicant's representative, or any person so testifying, or that person's authorized representative, shall be deemed a party to the application, and shall be afforded all rights of appeal allowed by this Code and the laws of the State of Oregon.

C. Hearing Record

1. Prior to the conclusion of the initial evidentiary hearing, any participant may request an opportunity to present additional evidence or testimony regarding the application. The local Hearing Authority shall grant such request by continuing the public hearing pursuant to paragraph 2 of this section or leaving the record open for additional written evidence or testimony pursuant to paragraph 3 of this section.

- 2. If the hearing authority grants a continuance, the hearing shall be continued to a date, time and place certain at least seven (7) days from the date of the initial evidentiary hearing. An opportunity shall be provided at the continued hearing for persons to present and rebut new evidence and testimony. If new written evidence is submitted at the continued hearing, any person may request, prior to the conclusion of the continued hearing, that the record be left open for at least seven (7) days to submit additional written evidence or testimony for the purpose of responding to the new written evidence.
- 3. If the Hearing Authority leaves the record open for additional written evidence or testimony, the record shall be left open for at least seven (7) days. Any participant may file a written request with the local government for an opportunity to respond to new evidence submitted during the period the record was left open. If such a request is filed, the Hearing Authority shall reopen the record pursuant to subsection 6 of this Section.
- 4. A continuance or extension granted pursuant to this section shall be subject to the limitations of ORS 215.427 or 227.178, unless the continuance or extension is requested or agreed to by the applicant.
- 5. Unless waived by the applicant, the local government shall allow the applicant at least seven (7) days after the record is closed to all other parties to submit final written arguments in support of the application. The applicant's final submittal shall be considered part of the record, but shall not include any new evidence.
- 6. When a Hearing Authority reopens a record to admit new evidence or testimony, any person may raise new issues which relate to the new evidence, testimony or criteria for decision-making which apply to the matter at issue.

D. Ex-parte Contacts

Ex-parte contacts with a member of the Hearing Authority shall not invalidate a final decision or action of the Hearing Authority, provided that the member receiving the contact indicates the substance of the content of the ex parte communication and of the right of parties to rebut said content at the first hearing where action will be considered or taken.

(Ord. No. 2010-015, § 2, 10-5-2010; Ord. 99-1079, § 3; 91-922, § 3)

16.72.060 Notice of Decision

Within seven (7) calendar days of a land use action by the Hearing Authority, the City shall notify the applicant in writing of said action. This notice of decision shall list the terms and conditions of approval or denial, and explain the applicant's rights of appeal. (Ord. 91-922, § 3)

16.72.070 Registry of Decisions

The City shall maintain a registry of all land use actions taken in the preceding twelve (12) months. This

registry shall be kept on file in the City Recorder's office and shall be made available to the public for inspection at no cost. Copies of the registry shall be provided to the public, upon request, at a cost defined by the City's fee schedule.

(Ord. No. 2010-015, § 2, 10-5-2010; Ord. 91-922, § 3)

16.72.080 Final Action on Permit or Zone Change

Except for plan and land use regulation amendments or adoption of new regulations that must be submitted to the Director of the State Department of Land Conservation and Development under ORS 197.610(1), final action on a permit, appeal, or zone change application shall be taken within one hundred and twenty (120) days of the application submittal. The one hundred and twenty (120) days may be extended for a reasonable period of time at the request of the applicant. An applicant whose application does not receive final consideration within one hundred and twenty (120) days after the application was accepted by the City may seek a writ of mandamus to compel issuance of the permit or zone change or a determination that approval would violate the City's Comprehensive Plan or land use regulations. (Ord. 91-922, § 3)

Chapter 16.74

APPLICATION FEES*

Sections: 16.74.010 Fees 16.74.020 Exceptions

* Editor's Note: Some sections may not contain a history.

16.74.010 Fees

Fees for land use actions are set by the "Schedule of Development Fees", adopted by Resolution of the Council. This schedule is included herein for the purposes of information, but is deemed to be separate from and independent of this Code.

(Ord. 91-922, § 3; Ord. 86-851)

16.74.020 Exceptions

Except when a land use action is initiated by the Planning Commission or Council, application fees shall be paid to the City upon the filing of all land use applications. Full or partial waiver of fees required by Section 16.74.010 or refund of the fees in excess of that identified in the fee schedule may be granted by the Council, based on a written request by the applicant showing cause for such reduction. (Ord. No. 2010-015, § 2, 10-5-2010; Ord. 86-851, § 3)

Chapter 16.76

APPEALS*

Sections: 16.76.010 Generally 16.76.020 Appeal Deadline * Editor's Note: Some sections may not contain a history.

16.76.010 Generally

A. Issues on Appeal

The only issues which may be raised on appeal are those issues which were raised on the record before the Hearing Authority with sufficient specificity so as to have provided the City, the applicant, or other persons with a reasonable opportunity to respond before the Hearing Authority.

B. Persons Eligible to Appeal

Except as otherwise provided in this Code, only those persons who submitted written comments or appeared in person before the Hearing Authority may appeal the decision of the Hearing Authority.

C. Dismissal on Appeal

If the Appeal Authority determines that the appellant was not a person to the action before the Hearing Authority, or the issue(s) that are the basis of the appeal were not properly raised per this Section, then the Appeal Authority shall dismiss the appeal of that appellant or those issues, in writing.

D. Exception

If the City either takes a land use action without providing a hearing as required by this Code, or takes a land use action which is substantially different than indicated in notice of the proposed action as per Section 16.72.030, an aggrieved person may, as provided by the laws of the State of Oregon, appeal directly to the State Land Use Board of Appeals (LUBA).

(Ord. No. 2010-015, § 2, 10-5-2010; Ord. 2003-1148, § 3; 2001-1119; 99-1079; 91-922)

16.76.020 Appeal Deadline

Land use actions taken pursuant to this Code shall be final unless a petition for review is filed with the Planning Director not more than fourteen (14) calendar days after the date on which the Hearing Authority took final action on the land use application, and written notice of the action has been mailed to the address provided by the person in the record. If the person did not provide a mailing address, then the appeal must be filed within fourteen (14) calendar days after the notice has been mailed to persons who did provide a mailing address. (Ord. 2003-1148, § 3; 2001-1119; 91-922)

16.76.030 Petition for Review

Every petition for review shall include the date and a description of the land use action, including adopted findings of fact, a statement of how the petitioner is aggrieved by the action, the specific grounds relied upon in requesting a review, and a fee pursuant to Section 16.74.010. The land use decision, supporting findings and conclusions, and evidence available upon the close of the record of the land use action and any City Staff review of the issues subject to the appeal shall be made a part of the record before the Appeal Authority.

(Ord. 2003-1148, § 3; 2001-1119; 91-922)

16.76.040 Appeal Authority Action

Except as otherwise provided or required by state law, the review of the appealed land use action shall include a public hearing conducted by the Appeal Authority, as determined by Section 16.72.010, at which time only those persons who testified before the Hearing Authority or submitted written comments may present evidence and argument relevant to the approval criteria. The record before the Appeal Authority shall include only the evidence and argument submitted on the record before the Hearing Authority (including all testimony, all materials submitted at any previous stage of the review, staff reports and audio tape or transcript of the minutes of the public hearing. New evidence may not be entered into the record.

Except for the hearing being on the record and no new persons being allowed, the public notice and hearing procedures for appeals shall be identical to the procedures used in initially taking the land use action which is being appealed. The Appeal Authority may act to affirm, reverse, remand, or amend the action being reviewed. The action of the Appeal Authority shall be the final City of Sherwood action on the application, unless remanded to the Hearing Authority. Upon remand, the decision of the Hearing Authority shall be the final City of Sherwood action.

(Ord. No. 2010-015, § 2, 10-5-2010; Ord. 2003-1148, § 3; 2001-1119; 99-1079; 91-922)

Division IV.

PLANNING PROCEDURES

Chapter 16.78

RESERVED*

Chapter 16.80

PLAN AMENDMENTS*

Sections:

16.80.010 Initiation of Amendments 16.80.020 Amendment Procedures 16.80.030 Review Criteria

16.80.010 Initiation of Amendments

An amendment to the City Zoning Map or text of the Comprehensive Plan may be initiated by the Council, Commission, or an owner of property within the City. (Ord. 86-851, § 3)

^{*} **Editors Note:** Ord. No. 2010-015, § 2, adopted October 5, 2010, amended the Code by repealing former ch. 16.78, § 16.78.010, in its entirety. Former ch. 16.78 pertained to application information requirements, and derived from Ord. 86-851.

^{*} Editor's Note: Some sections may not contain a history.

16.80.020 Amendment Procedures

Zoning Map or Text Amendment

- A. Application An application for a Zoning Map or text amendment shall be on forms provided by the City and shall be accompanied by a fee pursuant to Section 16.74.010.
- B. Public Notice Public notice shall be given pursuant to Chapter 16.72.
- C. Commission Review The Commission shall conduct a public hearing on the proposed amendment and provide a report and recommendation to the Council. The decision of the Commission shall include findings as required in Section 16.80.030.
- D. Council Review Upon receipt of a report and recommendation from the Commission, the Council shall conduct a public hearing. The Council's decision shall include findings as required in Section 16.80.030. Approval of the request shall be in the form of an ordinance.

(Ord. 91-922, § 3; Ord. 86-851)

16.80.030 Review Criteria

A. Text Amendment

An amendment to the text of the Comprehensive Plan shall be based upon a need for such an amendment as identified by the Council or the Commission. Such an amendment shall be consistent with the intent of the adopted Sherwood Comprehensive Plan, and with all other provisions of the Plan, the Transportation System Plan and this Code, and with any applicable State or City statutes and regulations, including this Section.

B. Map Amendment

An amendment to the City Zoning Map may be granted, provided that the proposal satisfies all applicable requirements of the adopted Sherwood Comprehensive Plan, the Transportation System Plan and this Code, and that:

- 1. The proposed amendment is consistent with the goals and policies of the Comprehensive Plan and the Transportation System Plan.
- 2. There is an existing and demonstrable need for the particular uses and zoning proposed, taking into account the importance of such uses to the economy of the City, the existing market demand for any goods or services which such uses will provide, the presence or absence and location of other such uses or similar uses in the area, and the general public good.
- 3. The proposed amendment is timely, considering the pattern of development in the area, surrounding land uses, any changes which may have occurred in the neighborhood or community to warrant the proposed amendment, and the availability of utilities and services to serve all potential uses in the proposed zoning district.

- 4. Other lands in the City already zoned for the proposed uses are either unavailable or unsuitable for immediate development due to location, size or other factors.
- C. Transportation Planning Rule Consistency
- 1. Review of plan and text amendment applications for effect on transportation facilities. Proposals shall be reviewed to determine whether it significantly affects a transportation facility, in accordance with OAR 660-12-0060 (the TPR). Review is required when a development application includes a proposed amendment to the Comprehensive Plan or changes to land use regulations.
- 2. "Significant" means that the transportation facility would change the functional classification of an existing or planned transportation facility, change the standards implementing a functional classification, allow types of land use, allow types or levels of land use that would result in levels of travel or access that are inconsistent with the functional classification of a transportation facility, or would reduce the level of service of the facility below the minimum level identified on the Transportation System Plan.
- 3. Per OAR 660-12-0060, Amendments to the Comprehensive Plan or changes to land use regulations which significantly affect a transportation facility shall assure that allowed land uses are consistent with the function, capacity, and level of service of the facility identified in the Transportation System Plan. This shall be accomplished by one of the following:
 - a. Limiting allowed uses to be consistent with the planned function of the transportation facility.
 - b. Amending the Transportation System Plan to ensure that existing, improved, or new transportation facilities are adequate to support the proposed land uses.
 - c. Altering land use designations, densities or design requirements to reduce demand for automobile travel and meet travel needs through other modes.

(Ord. 2010-015, § 2, 10-5-2010; Ord. 2005-006, § 8; Ord. 86-851, § 3)

Chapter 16.82

CONDITIONAL USES*

Sections:

16.82.010 Generally 16.82.020 Permit Approval

* Editor's Note: Some sections may not contain a history.

16.82.010 Generally

A. Authorization

Uses permitted in zoning districts as conditional uses may be established, enlarged, or altered by authorization of the Commission in accordance with the standards and procedures established in this Chapter. If the site or other conditions are found to be inappropriate for the use requested, the Commission or Hearings Officer (cited below as Hearing Authority) may deny the conditional use.

B. Changes in Conditional Uses

Changes in use or expansion of a legal non-conforming use, structure or site, or alteration of structures or uses classified as conditional uses, that either existed prior to the effective date of this Code or were established pursuant to this Chapter shall require the filing of a new application for review conforming to the requirements of this Chapter if the proposed changes would increase the size, square footage, seating capacity or parking of existing permitted improvements by twenty percent (20%) or more.

C. Application and Fee

An application for a Conditional Use Permit (CUP) shall be filed with the City and accompanied by the appropriate fee pursuant to Section 16.74.010. The applicant is responsible for submitting a complete application which addresses all criteria of this Chapter and other applicable sections of this Code. (Ord. No. 2010-015, § 2, 10-5-2010; Ord. 2001-1119, § 1; Ord. 86-851)

16.82.020 Permit Approval

- A. Hearing Authority Action
- 1. The Hearings Authority shall conduct a public hearing pursuant to Chapter 16.72 and take action to approve, approve with conditions, or deny the application. Conditions may be imposed by the Hearings Authority if necessary to fulfill the requirements of the adopted Comprehensive Plan, Transportation System Plan, or the Code. The decision shall include appropriate findings of fact as required by this Section, and an effective date.
- 2. Conditional uses may be approved at the hearing for a larger development (i.e. business campus or industrial park), to include future tenants of such development, if the range of uses allowed as conditional uses are considered, and specifically approved, at the time of original application.

B. Final Site Plan

Upon approval of a conditional use by the Hearing Authority, the applicant shall prepare a final site plan for review and approval pursuant to Section 16.90. The final site plan shall include any revisions or other features or conditions required by the Hearing Authority at the time of the approval of the conditional use.

C. Use Criteria

No conditional use shall be granted unless each of the following is found:

1. All public facilities and services to the proposed use, including but not limited to sanitary sewers, water, transportation facilities, and services, storm drains, electrical distribution, park and open

space and public safety are adequate; or that the construction of improvements needed to provide adequate services and facilities is guaranteed by binding agreement between the applicant and the City.

- 2. Proposed use conforms to other standards of the applicable zone and is compatible with abutting land uses in regard to noise generation and public safety.
- 3. The granting of the proposal will provide for a facility or use that meets the overall needs of the community and achievement of the goals and/or policies of the Comprehensive Plan, the adopted City of Sherwood Transportation System Plan and this Code.
- 4. Surrounding property will not be adversely affected by the use, or that the adverse effects of the use on the surrounding uses, the neighborhood, or the City as a whole are sufficiently mitigated by the conditions proposed.
- 5. The impacts of the proposed use of the site can be accommodated considering size, shape, location, topography and natural features.
- 6. The use as proposed does not pose likely significant adverse impacts to sensitive wildlife species or the natural environment.
- 7. For a proposed conditional use permit in the Neighborhood Commercial (NC), Office Commercial (OC), Office Retail (OR), Retail Commercial (RC), General Commercial (GC), Light Industrial (LI), and General Industrial (GI) zones, except in the Old Town Overlay Zone, the proposed use shall satisfy the requirements of Section 16.108.070 Highway 99W Capacity Allocation Program, unless excluded herein.
- 8. For wireless communication facilities, no conditional use permit shall be granted unless the following additional criteria is found:
 - a. The applicant shall demonstrate to the satisfaction of the City that the wireless communication facility cannot be located in an IP zone due to the coverage needs of the applicant.
 - b. The proposed wireless communication facility is designed to accommodate co-location or it can be shown that the facility cannot feasibly accommodate co-location.
 - c. The applicant shall demonstrate a justification for the proposed height of the tower or antenna and an evaluation of alternative designs which might result in lower heights.
 - d. The proposed wireless communication facility is not located within one-thousand (1,000) feet of an existing wireless facility or that the proposed wireless communication facility cannot feasibly be located on an existing wireless communication facility.
 - e. The proposed wireless communication facility is located a minimum of three-hundred (300) feet from residentially zoned properties.

- 9. The following criteria apply to transportation facilities and improvements subject to Conditional use approval (in addition to criteria 1--7) per 16.66. These are improvements and facilities that are (1) not designated in the adopted City of Sherwood Transportation System Plan (TSP), and are (2) not designed and constructed as part of an approved subdivision or partition subject to site plan review.
 - a. The project preserves or improves the safety and function of the facility through access management, traffic calming, or other design features.
 - b. The project includes provisions for bicycle and pedestrian access and circulation consistent with the Comprehensive Plan, the requirements of this Code, and the TSP.
 - c. Proposal inconsistent with TSP: If the City determines that the proposed use or activity or its design is inconsistent with the TSP, then the applicant shall apply for and obtain a plan and/or zoning amendment prior to or in conjunction with conditional use permit approval.
 - d. State transportation system facility or improvement projects: The Oregon Department of Transportation (ODOT) shall provide a narrative statement with the application demonstrating compliance with all of the criteria and standards in Section 1--7 and 9.a--9.d. Where applicable, an Environmental Impact Statement or Environmental Assessment may be used to address one or more of these criteria.

D. Additional Conditions

In permitting a conditional use or modification of an existing conditional use, additional conditions may be applied to protect the best interests of the surrounding properties and neighborhoods, the City as a whole, and the intent of this Chapter. These conditions may include but are not limited to the following:

- 1. Mitigation of air, land, or water degradation, noise, glare, heat, vibration, or other conditions which may be injurious to public health, safety or welfare in accordance with environmental performance standards.
- 2. Provisions for improvement of public facilities including sanitary sewers, storm drainage, water lines, fire hydrants, street improvements, including curb and sidewalks, and other above and underground utilities.
- 3. Increased required lot sizes, yard dimensions, street widths, and off-street parking and loading facilities.
- 4. Requirements for the location, number, type, size or area of vehicular access points, signs, lighting, landscaping, fencing or screening, building height and coverage, and building security.
- 5. Submittal of final site plans, land dedications or money-in-lieu of parks or other improvements, and suitable security guaranteeing conditional use requirements.

- 6. Limiting the number, size, location, height and lighting of signs.
- 7. Requirements for the protection and preservation of existing trees, soils, vegetation, watercourses, habitat areas and drainage areas.
- 8. Requirements for design features which minimize potentially harmful environmental impacts such as noise, vibration, air pollution, glare, odor and dust.

E. Time Limits

Unless approved under Section 16.82.020.A.2 for a larger development to include future tenants of such development, authorization of a conditional use shall be void after two (2) years or such lesser time as the approval may specify unless substantial construction, in the City's determination, has taken place. The Hearing Authority may extend authorization for an additional period, not to exceed one (1) year, upon a written request from the applicant showing adequate cause for such extension, and payment of an extension application fee as per Section 16.74.010.

F. Revocation

Any departure from approved plans not authorized by the Hearing Authority shall be cause for revocation of applicable building and occupancy permits. Furthermore, if, in the City's determination, a condition or conditions of CUP approval are not or cannot be satisfied, the CUP approval, or building and occupancy permits, shall be revoked.

(Ord. No. 2010-015, § 2, 10-5-2010; Ord. 2005-006, §§ 4, 6, 7; Ord. 2003-1148, § 3; Ord. 2001-1119, § 1; 97-1019; Ord. 86-851)

Chapter 16.84

VARIANCES*

SECTIONS 16.84.010 Purpose 16.84.020 Applicability 16.84.030 Types of Variances

16.84.010 Purpose

This Chapter provides standards and procedures for variances, which are modifications to land use or development standards that are not otherwise permitted elsewhere in this Code as exceptions to Code standards. This Chapter provides flexibility, while maintaining the purposes and intent of the Code. No variances shall be granted to allow the use of property for a purpose not authorized within the zone in which the proposed use is located. In granting a variance, conditions may be imposed when necessary to protect the best interests of surrounding properties and neighborhoods, and otherwise achieve the purposes of the adopted Comprehensive

^{*} **Editors Note:** Ord. No. 2011-003, § 2, adopted April 5, 2011, amended the Code by repealing former Ch. 16.84, §§ 16.84.010 and 16.84.020, and adding a new Ch. 16.84. Former Ch. 16.84 pertained to similar subject matter, and derived from Ords. 86-851, 91-922, 92-943, and 2003-1148; and Ord. No. 2010-015, adopted October 5, 2010.

Plan, the Transportation System Plan, and other Code provisions. (Ord. No. 2011-003, § 2, 4-5-2011)

16.84.020 Applicability

A. Exceptions and Modifications versus Variances

A code standard or approval criterion may be modified without approval of a variance if the applicable code section expressly allows exceptions or modifications. If the code provision does not expressly provide for exceptions or modifications then a variance is required to modify that code section and the provisions of Chapter 16.84 apply.

B. Combining Variances with Other Approvals; Permit Approvals by Other Agencies.

Variance requests may be combined with and reviewed concurrently by the City approval body with other land use and development applications (e.g., development review, site plan review, subdivision, conditional use, etc.); however, some variances may be subject to approval by other permitting agencies, such as ODOT in the case of State Highway access.

C. Adjustments and variances cannot be applied to change any existing Planned Unit Development (PUD). (Ord. No. 2011-003, § 2, 4-5-2011)

16.84.030 Types of Variances

As provided in this Section, there are three types of variances: Adjustments, Class A variance and Class B variance; the type of variance required depends on the extent of the variance request and the discretion involved in the decision making process.

A. Adjustments

- 1. Applicability: The following variances are reviewed using a Type I procedure, as governed by Chapter 16.72, using the approval criteria in Subsection 2, below:
 - a. Front yard setbacks Up to a 10 percent change to the front yard setback standard in the land use district.
 - b. Interior setbacks Up to a 10 percent reduction of the dimensional standards for the side and rear yard setbacks required in the base land use district so long as the three foot setback is maintained based on Building Code requirements where applicable.
 - c. Landscape area Up to a 10% reduction in landscape area (overall area or interior parking lot landscape area.
 - d. A 5% reduction in other Code standards or dimensions not otherwise specifically identified in this section and not applicable at the time of the subdivision or partition

approval.

- 2. Approval Criteria: Adjustments shall be granted if the applicant demonstrates compliance with all of the following criteria:
 - a. The adjustment requested is required due to the lot configuration, or other conditions of the site;
 - b. The adjustment does not result in the removal of trees, or it is proposed in order to preserve trees, if trees are present in the development area;
 - c. The adjustment will not result in violation(s) of any other adopted ordinance or code standard; each code standard to be modified shall require a separate adjustment request.
 - d. An application for an adjustment is limited to one lot or parcel per application.
 - e. No more than three adjustments may be approved for one lot or parcel in 12 months.

B. Class B Variances

1. Generally

- a. The Class B variance standards apply to individual platted and recorded lots only.
- b. A variance shall not be approved that would vary the "permitted uses" or "prohibited uses" of a land use zoning district.
- c. Front yard setbacks: Up to a 20 percent change to the front yard setback standard in the land use district.
- d. Interior setbacks: Up to a 20 percent reduction of the dimensional standards for the side and rear yard setbacks required in the base land use district so long as the three foot setback is maintained if required by the Building Code requirements.
- e. A 20% or less reduction in other Code standards or dimensions not otherwise specifically identified in this section.
- 2. Approval Process: Class B variances shall be reviewed using a Type II procedure. In addition to the application requirements contained in Chapter 16.72.010, the applicant shall provide a written narrative describing the reason for the variance, why it is required, alternatives considered, and compliance with the criteria in subsection 3.
- 3. Approval Criteria: The City shall approve, approve with conditions, or deny an application for a Class B Variance based on the following criteria:
 - a. The variance requested is required due to the lot configuration, or other conditions of the

site;

- b. The variance does not result in the removal of trees, or it is proposed in order to preserve trees, if trees are present in the development area;
- c. The variance will not result in violation(s) of any other adopted ordinance or code standard; each code standard to be modified shall require a separate variance request.
- d. An application for a Class B variance is limited to three or fewer lots per application.
- e. The variance will have minimal impact to the adjacent properties.
- f. The variance is the minimum needed to achieve the desired result and the applicant has considered alternatives.

C. Class A Variances

1. Generally

- a. The Class A variance procedure may be used to modify a standard for three (3) or fewer lots, including lots yet to be created through a partition process.
- b. An applicant who proposes to vary a standard for lots yet to be created through a subdivision process may not utilize the Class A variance procedure. Approval of a Planned Unit Development shall be required to vary a standard for lots yet to be created through a subdivision process, where a specific code section does not otherwise permit exceptions.
- c. A Class A Variance shall not be approved that would vary the "permitted, conditional or prohibited uses" of a land use district.

2. Approval Process:

- a. Class A Variances shall be processed using a Type IV procedure, as governed by Chapter 16.84, using the approval criteria in subsection 3, below.
- b. In addition to the application requirements contained in Chapter 16.72.010, the applicant shall provide a written narrative describing the reason for the variance, why it is required, alternatives considered, and compliance with the criteria in subsection 3.
- 3. Approval Criteria: The City shall approve, approve with conditions, or deny an application for a Class A Variance based on the following criteria:
 - a. The proposed variance will not be materially detrimental to the purposes of this Code, to any other applicable policies and standards, and to other properties in the same land use district or vicinity;

- b. A hardship to development exists which is peculiar to the lot size or shape, topography, or other similar circumstances related to the property over which the applicant has no control, and which are not applicable to other properties in the vicinity (e.g., the same land use district);
- c. The use proposed will be the same as permitted under this title and City standards will be maintained to the greatest extent that is reasonably possible while permitting reasonable economic use of the land;
- d. Existing physical and natural systems, such as but not limited to traffic, drainage, natural resources, and parks will not be adversely affected any more than would occur if the development occurred as specified by the subject Code standard;
- e. The hardship is not self-imposed; and
- f. The variance requested is the minimum variance that would alleviate the hardship. (Ord. No. 2011-003, § 2, 4-5-2011)

Chapter 16.86

TEMPORARY USES*

Sections:

16.86.010 Generally 16.86.020 Permit Approval

* Editor's Note: Some sections may not contain a history.

16.86.010 Generally

A. Purpose

Approval may be granted for structures or uses which are temporary or seasonal in nature, such as temporary real estate offices and construction offices, provided such uses are consistent with the intent of the underlying zoning district and comply with other provisions of this Code.

B. Application and Fee

An application for a temporary use shall be filed with the City and accompanied by the fee specified by Section 16.74.010. The applicant is responsible for submitting a complete application which addresses all review criteria. Temporary use permits shall be subject to the requirements set forth in Chapter 16.72. (Ord. No. 2010-015, § 2, 10-5-2010; Ord. 91-922, § 3; Ord. 86-851, § 3)

16.86.020 Permit Approval

A. Findings of Fact

A temporary use permit (TUP) may be authorized by the City Manager or his/her designee pursuant to Chapter 16.72 provided that the applicant demonstrates that the proposed use:

- 1. Generally conforms to the standards and limitations of the zoning district in which it is located.
- 2. Meets all applicable City and County health and sanitation requirements.
- 3. Meets all applicable Uniform Building Code requirements.
- B. Time Limits

The temporary use or structure shall be removed upon expiration of the temporary use permit, unless renewed by the City Manager or his/her designee. In no case shall a temporary use permit be issued for a period exceeding one (1) year, unless the permit is renewed pursuant to this Chapter.

C. Additional Conditions

In issuing a temporary use permit, the City Manager or his/her designee may impose reasonable conditions as necessary to preserve the basic purpose and intent of the underlying zoning district. These conditions may include, but are not limited to the following: increased yard dimensions; fencing, screening or landscaping to protect adjacent or nearby property; limiting the number, size, location or lighting of signs; restricting certain activities to specific times of day; and reducing the duration of the temporary use permit to less than one (1) year.

D. Revocation

Any departure from approved plans not authorized by the City Manager or his/her designee shall be cause for revocation of applicable building and occupancy permits. Furthermore if, in the City's determination, a condition or conditions of TUP approval are not or cannot be satisfied, the TUP approval, or building and occupancy permits, shall be revoked.

(Ord. No. 2010-015, § 2, 10-5-2010; Ord. 98-1053, § 1; 91-922; Ord. 86-851)

Chapter 16.88

INTERPRETATION OF SIMILAR USES*

Sections:

16.88.010 Generally 16.88.020 Application Content 16.88.030 Approvals

* Editor's Note: Some sections may not contain a history.

16.88.010 Generally

Where an interpretation is required as to the applicability of the provisions of this Code to a proposed land use which is not specifically listed or otherwise clearly indicated as allowed, conditionally allowed or prohibited, a written request for an interpretation may be submitted to the City Manager or his/her designee.

(Ord. 98-1053 § 1; Ord. 86-851)

16.88.020 Application Content

The request shall be submitted with a fee pursuant to Section 16.74.020 and shall include information on the following characteristics of the proposed use:

- A. Description of the activity to be conducted on the site.
- B. Noise and odor characteristics.
- C. Description of material or product storage requirements.
- D. Amount and type of traffic to be generated.
- E. Description of the structures required. (Ord. 86-851, § 3)

16.88.030 Approvals

The City Manager or his/her designee may authorize a use to be included among the allowed uses, if the use 1) is similar to and of the same general type as the uses specifically allowed; 2) is consistent with the Comprehensive Plan; and 3) has similar intensity, density, off-site impacts and impacts on community facilities as uses permitted in the zone. The action of the City Manager or his/her designee may be appealed to the Commission in accordance with Chapter 16.76.

(Ord. 98-1053 § 1; Ord. 86-851)

Division V.

COMMUNITY DESIGN

Chapter 16.90

SITE PLANNING*

Sections:

16.90.010 Purpose 16.90.020 Site Plan Review

* Editor's Note: Some sections may not contain a history.

16.90.010 Purpose

A. Generally

This Division is intended to establish a process and define a set of development standards to guide physical development in the City consistent with the Community Development Plan and this Code.

B. Objectives

Site planning review is intended to:

- 1. Encourage development that is compatible with the existing natural and manmade environment, existing community activity patterns, and community identity.
- 2. Minimize or eliminate adverse visual, aesthetic or environmental effects caused by the design and location of new development, including but not limited to effects from:
 - a. The scale, mass, height, areas, appearance and architectural design of buildings and other development structures and features.
 - b. Vehicular and pedestrian ways and parking areas.
 - c. Existing or proposed alteration of natural topographic features, vegetation and water-ways.

(Ord. No. 2010-015, § 2, 10-5-2010; Ord. 86-851, § 3)

16.90.020 Site Plan Review

A. Review Required

Except for single and two family uses, and manufactured homes located on individual residential lots as per Section 16.46.010, but including manufactured home parks, no substantial changes to the site or use shall be made, no building permit shall be issued for a new building or structure, or for the substantial alteration of an existing structure or use, and no sign permit shall be issued for the erection or construction of a sign relating to such building or structure until the proposed development has been reviewed in accordance with Chapter 16.72. For the purposes of Section 16.90.020, the term "substantial alteration" shall mean any development activity as defined by this Code that generally requires a building permit and may exhibit one or more of the following characteristics:

- 1. The activity alters the exterior appearance of a structure, building or property.
- 2. The activity involves changes in the use of a structure, building, or property from residential to commercial or industrial.
- 3. The activity involves non-conforming uses as defined in Chapter 16.48.
- 4. The activity constitutes a change in a City approved plan, as per Section 16.90.020.
- 5. The activity involves the cutting of more than five (5) existing mature trees per acre, per calendar year.
- 6. The activity is subject to site plan review by other requirements of this Code.

7. Review of any proposed activity indicates that the project does not meet the standards of Section 16.90.020.

B. Exemptions

The City shall make an initial determination whether a proposed project requires a site plan review or whether the project is exempt. The City Manager or his or her designee is authorized to waive site plan review when a proposed development activity clearly does not represent a substantial alteration to the building or site involved. The findings of the City Manager or his or her designee shall be made in writing to the applicant. The action of the City Manager or his or her designee may be appealed as per Chapter 16.76.

C. Plan Changes and Revocation

1. Changes

Construction, site development, landscaping, tree mitigation, habitat preservation, and other development activities shall be carried out in accordance with the site development plans per Chapter 16.72. Any proposed changes to approved plans shall be submitted for review to the City. Changes that are found to be substantial, as defined by Section 16.90.020, that conflict with original approvals, or that otherwise may conflict with the standards of Section 16.90.020, shall be submitted for supplemental review together with a fee equal to one-half (1/2) the original site plan review fee.

2. Revocation

Any departure from approved plans shall be cause for revocation of applicable building and occupancy permits. Furthermore if, in the City's determination, a condition or conditions of site plan approval are not or cannot be satisfied, the site plan approval, or building and occupancy permits, shall be revoked.

D. Required Findings

No site plan approval shall be granted unless each of the following is found:

- 1. The proposed development meets applicable zoning district standards and design standards in Division II, and all provisions of Divisions V, VI, VIII and IX.
- 2. The proposed development can be adequately served by services conforming to the Community Development Plan, including but not limited to water, sanitary facilities, storm water, solid waste, parks and open space, public safety, electric power, and communications.
- 3. Covenants, agreements, and other specific documents are adequate, in the City's determination, to assure an acceptable method of ownership, management, and maintenance of structures, landscaping, and other on-site features.
- 4. The proposed development preserves significant natural features to the maximum extent feasible,

including but not limited to natural drainage ways, wetlands, trees, vegetation (including but not limited to environmentally sensitive lands), scenic views, and topographical features, and conforms to the applicable provisions of Division VIII of this Code and Chapter 5 of the Community Development Code.

- 5. For a proposed site plan in the Neighborhood Commercial (NC), Office Commercial (OC), Office Retail (OR), Retail Commercial (RC), General Commercial (GC), Light Industrial (LI), and General Industrial (GI) zones, except in the Old Town Overlay Zone, the proposed use shall satisfy the requirements of Section 16.108.070 Highway 99W Capacity Allocation Program, unless excluded herein.
- 6. For developments that are likely to generate more than 400 average daily trips (ADTs), or at the discretion of the City Engineer, the applicant shall provide adequate information, such as a traffic impact analysis or traffic counts, to demonstrate the level of impact to the surrounding street system. The developer shall be required to mitigate for impacts attributable to the project. The determination of impact or effect and the scope of the impact study shall be coordinated with the provider of the affected transportation facility.
- 7. The proposed commercial, multi-family, institutional or mixed-use development is oriented to the pedestrian and bicycle, and to existing and planned transit facilities. Urban design standards shall include the following:
 - a. Primary, front entrances shall be located and oriented to the street, and have significant articulation and treatment, via facades, porticos, arcades, porches, portal, forecourt, or stoop to identify the entrance for pedestrians. Additional entrance/exit points for buildings, such as a postern, are allowed from secondary streets or parking areas.
 - b. Buildings shall be located adjacent to and flush to the street, subject to landscape corridor and setback standards of the underlying zone.
 - c. The architecture of buildings shall be oriented to the pedestrian and designed for the long term and be adaptable to other uses. Aluminum, vinyl, and T-111 siding shall be prohibited. Street facing elevations shall have windows, transparent fenestration, and divisions to break up the mass of any window. Roll up and sliding doors are acceptable. Awnings that provide a minimum 3 feet of shelter from rain shall be installed unless other architectural elements are provided for similar protection, such as an arcade.
 - d. As an alternative to the above standards 7a--7c, the following Commercial Design Review Matrix may be applied to any commercial, multi-family, institutional or mixed use development (this matrix may not be utilized for developments within the Old Town Overlay). A development must propose a minimum of 60 percent of the total possible points to be eligible for exemption from standards 7a--7c above. In addition, a development proposing between 15,001 and 40,000 square feet of floor area, parking or seating capacity and proposing a minimum of 80 percent of the total possible points from the matrix below may be reviewed as a Type II administrative review, per the standards of Section 16,72,010,A.2.

COMMERCIAL DESIGN REVIEW MATRIX

- (1) Building Design (21 Total Points Possible, Minimum 12 Points Required). Note: These standards may be applied to individual buildings or developments with multiple buildings.
 - (a) Materials: Concrete, artificial materials (artificial or "spray" stucco, etc) = 0; cultured stone, brick, stone, decorative-patterned masonry, wood = 1; a mixture of at least 2 materials (i.e. to break up vertical facade) = 2; a mixture of at least 3 materials (i.e. to break up vertical facade) = 3; a mixture of at least 3 of the following materials: brick, stone, cultured stone, decorative-patterned masonry, wood = 4. Note: No aluminum or T-111 siding permitted.
 - (b) Roof Form: Flat (no cornice) or single-pitch (no variation) = 0; distinctive from existing adjacent structures (not applicable to expansion of same building) or either variation in pitch or flat roof with cornice treatment = 1; distinctive from existing adjacent structures (not applicable to expansion of same building) and either variation in pitch or flat roof with cornice treatment = 2. Note: Pictures and/or artistic renderings must be submitted for review by the planning commission if metal roofs are proposed.
 - (c) Glazing: 0--20% glazing on street-facing side(s) = 0; >20% glazing on at least one street-facing side (inactive, display or facade windows) = 1; >20% glazing on all street-facing sides (inactive, display or facade windows) = 2 (2 points if there is only one street-facing side and it is >20% glazing with inactive windows); >20% glazing on at least one street-facing side (active glazing actual windows) = 3; >20% glazing on all street-facing sides (active glazing-actual windows) = 4.
 - (d) Fenestration (on street-facing elevation(s): One distinct "bay" with no vertical building elements = 0; multiple "bays" with one or more "bay" exceeding 30 feet in width = 1; vertical building elements with no "bay" exceeding 30 feet in width = 2; vertical building elements with no "bay" exceeding 20 feet in width = 3.
 - (e) Entrance Articulation: No weather protection provided = 0; weather protection provided via awning, porch, etc. = 1; weather protection provided via awning, porch, etc. and pedestrian amenities such as benches, tables and chairs, etc. provided near the entrance but not covered = 3; weather protection provided via awning, porch, etc. and pedestrian amenities such as benches, tables and chairs, etc provided near the entrance and covered = 4.

- (f) Structure Size: To discourage "big box" style development. Greater than 80,000 square feet = 0; 60,000--79,999 square feet = 1; 40,000 = 59,999 square feet = 2; 20,000--39,999 = 3; less than 20,000 square feet = 4. (Note: If multiple buildings are proposed, average the building sizes in the development)
- (2) Building Location and Orientation (6 Total Points Possible, Minimum 3 Points Required).
 - (a) Location: Building(s) not flush to any right-of-way (including required PUE adjacent to ROW, setbacks or visual corridor) (i.e. parking or drive aisle intervening) = 0; building(s) located flush to right-of-way on at least one side (with the exception of required setbacks, easements or visual corridors) = 1; building(s) flush to all possible rights-of-way (with the exception of required setbacks, easements or visual corridors) (i.e. "built to the corner") = 2. Note: If multiple buildings are proposed in one development, one point is awarded if one or more buildings are located adjacent to one or more rights-of-way and two points are awarded if there is at least one building adjacent to each right-of-way.
 - Orientation: Single-building site primary entrance oriented to parking lot = 0; single-building site primary entrance oriented to the pedestrian (i.e. entrance is adjacent to public sidewalk or adjacent to plaza area connected to public sidewalk and does not cross a parking area) = 2; multiple-building site primary entrance to anchor tenant or primary entrance to development oriented to parking lot = 0; multiple-building site primary entrance to anchor tenant or primary entrance to development oriented to the pedestrian = 2.
 - (c) Secondary public entrance: Secondary public pedestrian entrance provided adjacent to public sidewalk or adjacent to plaza area connected to public sidewalk = 2 (Note: if primary entrance is oriented to the pedestrian, the project is automatically given these points without need for a second entrance).
- (3) Parking and Loading Areas (13 Total Points Possible, Minimum 7 Points Required).
 - (a) Location of Parking: Greater than 50 percent of required parking is located between any building and a public street = 0; 25 to 50 percent of required parking is located between any building and a public street = 1; less than 25 percent of required parking is located between any building and a public street = 2; no parking is located between any building and a public street = 3.
 - (b) Loading Areas: Visible from public street and not screened = 0; visible

from public street and screened = 1; not visible from public street = 2.

- (c) Vegetation: At least one "landscaped" island every 13--15 parking spaces in a row = 0; at least one landscaped "island" every 10--12 parking spaces in a row = 1; at least one landscaped "island" every 8--9 parking spaces in a row = 2; at least one landscaped island every 6--7 parking spaces in a row = 3.
- (d) Number of Parking Spaces (% of minimum required): >120% = 0; 101--120% = 1; 100% = 2; <100% (i.e. joint use or multiple use reduction) = 1 bonus point.
- (e) Parking surface: Impervious = 0; some pervious paving (10-25%) = 1; partially pervious (26-50%) = 2; mostly pervious (>50%) = 3.
- (4) Landscaping (24 Total Points Possible, Minimum 14 Points Required).
 - (a) Tree Retention (based on tree inventory submitted with development application): Less than 50% of existing trees on-site retained = 0; 51--60% of existing trees on-site retained = 1; 61--70% of existing trees on-site retained = 2: 71--80% of existing trees on-site retained. = 3; 81--100% of existing trees on-site retained = 4.
 - (b) Mitigation trees: Trees mitigated off-site or fee-in-lieu = 0; 25--50% of trees mitigated on-site = 1; 51--75% of trees mitigated on-site = 2; 76--100% of trees mitigated on-site = 3. Note: When no mitigation is required, the project receives zero points.
 - (c) Landscaping trees (in addition to mitigated trees on-site, does not include Water Quality Facility Plantings): Less than one tree for every 500 square feet of landscaping = 0; 1 tree for every 500 square feet of landscaping = 1; 2 trees for every 500 square feet of landscaping = 2; 3 trees for every 500 square feet of landscaping = 3; 4 trees for every 500 square feet of landscaping = 4.
 - (d) Landscaped areas: Greater than 25% of landscaped areas are less than 100 square feet in size = 0; less than 25% of landscaped areas are less than 100 square feet in size = 1; no landscaped areas are less than 100 square feet in size = 2.
 - (e) Landscaping trees greater than 3" caliper: 50% = 2.
 - (f) Amount of Grass (shrubs and drought resistant ground cover are better): >75% of landscaped areas = 0; 50--75% of landscaped areas = 1; 25--49% of landscaped areas = 2; <25% of landscaped areas = 3. Note: Schools automatically receive the full 3 points and are not penalized for amount of

grass.

- (g) Total amount of site landscaping (including visual corridor): <10% of gross site = 0; 10--15% of gross site = 1; 16--20% of gross site = 2; 21--25% of gross site = 3; >25% of gross site = 4.
- (h) Automatic Irrigation: No = 0; partial = 1; yes = 2.
- (5) Miscellaneous (10 Total Points Possible, Minimum 5 Points Required).
 - (a) Equipment Screening (roof): Equipment not screened = 0; equipment partially screened = 1; equipment fully screened = 2; equipment fully screened by materials matching building architecture/finishing = 3.
 - (b) Fences and Walls (including retaining walls): Standard fencing and wall materials (i.e. wood fences, CMU walls, etc) = 0; fencing and wall materials match building materials = 2.
 - (c) On-site pedestrian amenities not adjacent to building entrances (benches, tables, plazas, water fountains, etc): No = 0; yes (1 per building) = 1; yes (more than 1 per building) = 2.
 - (d) Open Space provided for Public Use: No = 0; yes (1,000 square feet) = 3.
 - (e) Green building certification (LEED, Earth Advantage, etc.) = 3 bonus points.
- e. As an alternative to the above standards 7a--7c, the Old Town Design Standards (Chapter 16.162) may be applied to achieve this performance measure.
- f. As an alternative to the above standards 7a.--7e, an applicant may opt to have a design review hearing before the Planning Commission to demonstrate how the proposed development meets or exceeds the objectives in Section 16.90.010.B of this Code. This design review hearing will be processed as a Type IV review with public notice and a public hearing.
- 8. Industrial developments provide employment opportunities for citizens of Sherwood and the region as a whole. The proposed industrial development is designed to enhance areas visible from arterial and collector streets by reducing the "bulk" appearance of large buildings. Industrial design standards shall include the following:
 - a. Portions of the proposed industrial development within 200 feet of an arterial or collector street and visible to the arterial or collector (i.e. not behind another building) shall meet any four of the following six design criteria:
 - (1) A minimum 15% window glazing for all frontages facing an arterial or collector.

- (2) A minimum of two (2) building materials used to break up vertical facade street facing frontages (no T-111 or aluminum siding).
- (3) Maximum thirty-five (35) foot setback for all parts of the building from the property line separating the site from all arterial or collector streets (required visual corridor falls within this maximum setback area).
- (4) Parking is located to the side or rear of the building when viewed from the arterial or collector.
- (5) Loading areas are located to the side or rear of the building when viewed from the arterial or collector. If the loading area are visible from an arterial or collector, they must be screened with vegetation or a screen made of materials matching the building materials.
- (6) All roof-mounted equipment is screened with materials complimentary to the building design materials.
- b. As an alternative to 8.a above, an applicant may opt to have a design review hearing before the Planning Commission to demonstrate how the proposed development meets or exceeds the applicable industrial design objectives below (this design review hearing will be processed as a Type IV review):
 - (1) Provide high-value industrial projects that result in benefits to the community, consumers and developers.
 - (2) Provide diversified and innovative working environments that take into consideration community needs and activity patterns.
 - (3) Support the City's goals of economic development.
 - (4) Complement and enhance projects previously developed under the industrial design standards identified in Section 16.90.020.4.H.
 - (5) Enhance the appearance of industrial developments visible from arterials and collectors, particularly those considered "entrances" to Sherwood, including but not limited to: Highway 99W, Tualatin-Sherwood Road and Oregon Street.
 - (6) Reduce the "bulk" appearance of large industrial buildings as viewed from the public street by applying exterior features such as architectural articulation, windows and landscaping.
 - (7) Protect natural resources and encourage integration of natural resources into site design (including access to natural resources and open space amenities by the employees of the site and the community as a whole).

E. Approvals

The application shall be reviewed pursuant to Chapter 16.72 and action taken to approve, approve with conditions, or deny the application for site plan review. Conditions may be imposed by the Review Authority if necessary to fulfill the requirements of the adopted Comprehensive Plan, Transportation System Plan or the Zoning and Community Development Code. The action shall include appropriate findings of fact as required by Section 16.90.020. The action may be appealed to the Council in accordance with Chapter 16.76.

F. Time Limits

Site plan approvals shall be void after two (2) years unless construction on the site has begun, as determined by the City. The City may extend site plan approvals for an additional period not to exceed one (1) year, upon written request from the applicant showing adequate cause for such extension, and payment of an extension application fee as per Section 16.74.010. For site plan approvals granted on or after January 1, 2007 through December 31, 2009, the approval shall be extended until December 31, 2013. (Ord. No. 2010-015, § 2, 10-5-2010; Ord. No. 2010-06, § 2, 4-6-2010; Ord. No. 2010-05, § 2, 4-6-2010; Ord. No. 2009-005, § 2, 6-2-2009; Ord. 2006-021; Ord. 2005-009, § 8; Ord. 2003-1148, § 3; Ord. 98-1053, § 1; Ord. 91-922, § 3; Ord. 86-851)

Chapter 16.92

LANDSCAPING*

Sections:

16.92.010 Landscaping Plan 16.92.020 Landscaping Materials 16.92.030 Landscaping Standards 16.92.040 Installation and Maintenance

* Editor's Note: Some sections may not contain a history.

16.92.010 Landscaping Plan

All proposed developments for which a site plan is required pursuant to Section 16.90.020 shall submit a landscaping plan which meets the standards of this Chapter. All areas not occupied by structures, paved roadways, walkways, or patios shall be landscaped or maintained according to an approved site plan. Maintenance of existing non-invasive native vegetation is encouraged within a development and required for portions of the property not being developed. (Ord. 2006-021; Ord. 86-851, § 3)

16.92.020 Landscaping Materials

A. Varieties

Required landscaped areas shall include an appropriate combination of native evergreen or deciduous trees and shrubs, evergreen ground cover, and perennial plantings. Trees to be planted in or adjacent to public rights-of-way shall meet the requirements of this Chapter.

B. Establishment of Healthy Growth and Size

Required landscaping materials shall be established and maintained in a healthy condition and of a size sufficient to meet the intent of the approved landscaping plan. Specifications shall be submitted showing that adequate preparation of the topsoil and subsoil will be undertaken.

C. Non-Vegetative Features

Landscaped areas as required by this Chapter may include architectural features interspersed with planted areas, such as sculptures, benches, masonry or stone walls, fences, rock groupings, bark dust, semi-pervious decorative paving, and graveled areas. Impervious paving shall not be counted as landscaping. Artificial plants are prohibited in any required landscaped area.

D. Existing Vegetation

All developments subject to site plan review per Section 16.90.020 and required to submit landscaping plans per Section 16.92.020 shall preserve existing trees, woodlands and vegetation on the site to the maximum extent possible, as determined by the Review Authority, in addition to complying with the provisions of Section 16.142.060, and Chapter 16.144.

(Ord. No. 2010-015, § 2, 10-5-2010; Ord. 2006-021; Ord. 86-851 § 3)

16.92.030 Landscaping Standards

- A. Perimeter Screening and Buffering. A minimum six (6) foot high sight-obscuring wooden fence, decorative masonry wall, or evergreen screen shall be required along property lines separating single and two-family uses from multi-family uses, and along property lines separating residential zones from commercial or industrial uses. For new uses adjacent to inventoried environmentally sensitive areas, screening requirements shall be limited to vegetation only so as to preserve wildlife mobility. In addition, plants and other landscaping features may be required by the Review Authority in locations and sizes necessary to protect the privacy of residences and buffer any adverse effects of adjoining uses.
 - B. Parking and Loading Areas.
 - 1. Total Landscaped Area. A minimum of ten percent (10%) of the lot area used for the display or parking of vehicles shall be landscaped in accordance with this Chapter. In addition, all areas not covered by buildings, required parking, and/or circulation drives shall be landscaped with plants native to the Pacific Northwest in accordance with this Chapter.
 - 2. Adjacent to Public Rights-of-Way or Abutting Other Private Property.
 - a. A landscaped strip at least ten (10) feet in width shall be provided between rights-of-way and any abutting off-street parking, loading, or vehicle use areas. Landscaping shall include any combination of evergreen hedges, dense vegetation, earth berm, grade, change in grade, wall, bio-swales or fence, forming a permanent year-round screen, except in clear vision areas as per Section 16.58.020.

- b. The access drives to a rear lot (i.e. flag lot) shall be separated from abutting property(ies) by a minimum of forty-two-inch sight-obscuring fence or a forty-two-inch to seventy-two-inch high landscape hedge within a four-foot wide landscape buffer. Alternatively, where existing mature trees and vegetation are suitable, the City Manager or Manager's designee may waive the fence/buffer in order to preserve the mature vegetation.
- 3. Perimeter Landscaping. A ten (10) foot wide landscaped strip shall be provided between off-street parking, loading, or vehicular use areas on separate abutting properties or developments. A minimum six (6) foot high sight-obscuring fence or plantings shall also be provided, except where equivalent screening is provided by intervening buildings or structures.
- 4. Interior Landscaping. A minimum of fifty percent (50%) of required parking area landscaping shall be placed in the interior of the parking area. Landscaped areas shall be distributed so as to divide large expanses of pavement, improve site appearance, improve safety, and delineate pedestrian walkways and traffic lanes. Individual landscaped areas shall be no less than sixty-four (64) square feet in area and shall be provided after every fifteen (15) parking stalls in a row. Storm water bio-swales may be used in lieu of the interior landscaping standard.
- 5. Landscaping at Points of Access. When a private access-way intersects a public right-of-way or when a property abuts the intersection of two (2) or more public rights-of-way, landscaping shall be planted and maintained so that minimum sight distances shall be preserved pursuant to Section 16.58.010.
- 6. Exceptions. For properties with an environmentally sensitive area and/or trees or woodlands that merit protection per Chapters 16.142 and 16.144, the landscaping standards may be reduced, modified or "shifted" on-site where necessary in order to retain existing vegetation that would otherwise be removed to meet the above referenced landscaping requirements. The maximum reduction in required landscaping permitted through this exception process shall be no more than 50%. The resulting landscaping after reduction may not be less than five feet in width unless otherwise permitted by the underlying zone. Exceptions to required landscaping may only be permitted when reviewed as part of a land use action application and do not require a separate variance permit.
- C. Visual Corridors. Except as allowed by subsection 6 above, new developments shall be required to establish landscaped visual corridors along Highway 99W and other arterial and collector streets, consistent with the Natural Resources and Recreation Plan Map, Appendix C of the Community Development Plan, Part II, and the provisions of Chapter 16.142. Properties within the Old Town Overlay are exempt from this standard.

(Ord. No. 2011-003, § 2, 4-5-2011; Ord. No. 2011-001, §§ 1, 2, 2-15-2011; Ord. No. 2010-015, § 2, 10-5-2010; Ord. 2006-021; Ord. 91-922, § 3; Ord. 86-851 § 3)

16.92.040 Installation and Maintenance

A. Deferral of Improvements

Landscaping shall be installed prior to issuance of occupancy permits, unless security equal to 125% of the cost of the landscaping is filed with the City. "Security" may consist of a performance bond payable to the City, cash, certified check, or other assurance of completion approved by the City. If the installation of the landscaping is not completed within six (6) months, the security may be used by the City to complete the installation.

B. Maintenance of Landscaped Areas

All landscaping shall be maintained in a manner consistent with the intent of the approved landscaping plan. Failure to maintain landscaped areas shall result in the revocation of applicable occupancy permits and business licenses.

(Ord. No. 2010-015, § 2, 10-5-2010; Ord. 2006-021; Ord. 86-851 § 3)

Chapter 16.94

Off-Street Parking and Loading*

Sections:

16.94.010 Generally 16.94.020 Off-Street Parking Standards 16.94.030 Off-Street Loading Standards

* Editor's Note: Some sections may not contain a history.

16.94.010 Generally

A. Off-Street Parking Required.

No site shall be used for the parking of vehicles until plans are approved providing for off-street parking and loading space as required by this Code. Any change in uses or structures that reduces the current off-street parking and loading spaces provided on site, or that increases the need for off-street parking or loading requirements shall be unlawful and a violation of this Code, unless additional off-street parking or loading areas are provided in accordance with Section 16.94.020, or unless a variance from the minimum or maximum parking standards is approved in accordance with Chapter 16.84 Variances.

B. Deferral of Improvements

Off-street parking and loading spaces shall be completed prior to the issuance of occupancy permits, unless the City determines that weather conditions, lack of available surfacing materials, or other circumstances beyond the control of the applicant make completion impossible. In such circumstances, security equal to one hundred and twenty five percent (125%) of the cost of the parking and loading area is provided the City. "Security" may consist of a performance bond payable to the City, cash, certified check, or other assurance of completion approved by the City. If the installation of the parking or loading area is not completed within six (6) months, the security may be used by the City to complete the installation.

C. Joint Use

Two (2) or more uses or, structures on multiple parcels of land may utilize jointly the same parking and

loading spaces when the peak hours of operation do not substantially overlap, provided that satisfactory evidence is presented to the City, in the form of deeds, leases, or contracts, clearly establishing the joint use.

D. Multiple/Mixed Uses

When several uses occupy a single structure or parcel of land, the total requirements for off-street parking and loading shall be the sum of the requirements of the several uses computed separately, with a reduction of up to 25% to account for cross-patronage of adjacent businesses or services. If the applicant can demonstrate that the peak parking demands for the combined uses are less than 25% (i.e., the uses operate on different days or at different times of the day), the total requirements may be reduced accordingly.

E. Prohibited Uses

Required parking, loading and maneuvering areas shall not be used for long-term storage or sale of vehicles or other materials, and shall not be rented, leased or assigned to any person or organization not using or occupying the building or use served.

F. Location

- 1. Residential off-street parking spaces shall be located on the same lot as the residential use.
- 2. For other uses, required off-street parking spaces may include adjacent on-street parking spaces, nearby public parking and shared parking located within 500 feet of the use. The distance from the parking area to the use shall be measured from the nearest parking space to a building entrance, following a sidewalk or other pedestrian route. The right to use private off-site parking must be evidenced by a recorded deed, lease, easement, or similar written notarized letter or instrument.
- 3. Vehicle parking is allowed only on improved parking shoulders that meet City standards for public streets, within garages, carports and other structures, or on driveways or parking lots that have been developed in conformance with this code. Specific locations and types of spaces (car pool, compact, etc.) for parking shall be indicated on submitted plans and located to the side or rear of buildings where feasible. All new development shall include preferential spaces for car pool and van pools, if business employs 20 employees or more. Existing development may redevelop portions of designated parking areas for multi-modal facilities (transit shelters, park and ride, and bicycle parking), subject to meeting all other applicable standards, including minimum space standards.

G. Marking

All parking, loading or maneuvering areas shall be clearly marked and painted. All interior drives and access aisles shall be clearly marked and signed to show the direction of flow and maintain vehicular and pedestrian safety.

H. Surface and Drainage

- 1. All parking and loading areas shall be improved with a permanent hard surface such as asphalt, concrete or a durable pervious surface. Use of pervious paving material is encouraged and preferred where appropriate considering soils, location, anticipated vehicle usage and other pertinent factors.
- 2. Parking and loading areas shall include storm water drainage facilities approved by the City Engineer or Building Official.

I. Repairs

Parking and loading areas shall be kept clean and in good repair. Breaks in paved surfaces shall be repaired. Broken or splintered wheel stops shall be replaced. Painted parking space boundaries and directional symbols shall be maintained in a readable condition.

J. Parking and Loading Plan

An off-street parking and loading plan, drawn to scale, shall accompany requests for building permits or site plan approvals, except for single and two-family dwellings, and manufactured homes on residential lots. The plan shall show but not be limited to:

- 1. Delineation of individual parking and loading spaces and dimensions.
- 2. Circulation areas necessary to serve parking and loading spaces.
- 3. Location of accesses to streets, alleys and properties to be served, and any curb cuts.
- 4. Landscaping as required by Chapter 16.92.
- 5. Grading and drainage facilities.
- 6. Signing and bumper guard specifications.
- 7. Bicycle parking facilities as specified in Section 16.94.020.C.
- 8. Parking lots more than three (3) acres in size shall provide street-like features along major driveways including curbs, sidewalks, and street trees or planting strips.

K. Parking Districts

The City may establish a parking district (i.e., permits or signage) in residential areas in order to protect residential areas from spillover parking generated by adjacent commercial, employment or mixed-use areas, or other uses that generate a high demand for parking. The district request shall be made to the City Manager, who will forward a recommendation to the City Council for a decision.

(Ord. No. 2010-015, § 2, 10-5-2010; Ord. 2006-021; 2000-2001, § 3; Ord. 2000-2001, § 3; Ord. 86-851, § 3)

16.94.020 Off-Street Parking Standards

A. Generally

Where square feet are specified, the area measured shall be the gross building floor area primary to the functioning of the proposed use. Where employees are specified, persons counted shall be those working on the premises, including proprietors, during the largest shift at peak season. Fractional space requirements shall be counted as a whole space. Off-street parking and loading requirements for a use not specifically listed in this Section shall be determined by the review authority based upon the requirements of comparable uses.

Minimum and Maximum Parking Standards

(Metro spaces are based on 1 per 1,000 sq ft of gross leasable area)

	Minimum	Maximum A	Maximum B
Single, two-family & Manufactured Home on lot*	1 per du	None	None
Multi-Family	1 under 500 sf 1.25 per 1 bdr 1.5 per 2 bdr 1.75 per 3 bdr	None	None
Hotel or Motel	1 per room	None	None
Boarding House	None	None	None
General Retail or Personal Service	4.1 (244 sf)	5.1	6.2
Vehicle Sales, Nursery	4.1	5.1	6.2
Furniture/Appliance Store	4.1	5.1	6.2
Tennis Racquetball Court	1.0	1.3	1.5
Golf Course	None	None	None
Sports Club/Recreation Facility	4.3 (233 sf)	5.4	6.5
General Office	2.7 (370 sf)	3.4	4.1
Bank with Drive-thru	4.3 (233 sf)	5.4	6.5
Medical or Dental Office	3.9 (256 sf)	4.9	5.9
Eating or Drinking Establishment	15.3 (65 sf)	19.1	23.0
Fast Food Drive-thru	9.9 (101 sf)	12.4	14.9
Movie Theater	0.3 per seat	0.4	0.5
Day Care	None	None	None
Elementary & Jr High	None	None	None
High School & College	0.2 per student + teacher	0.3	0.3
Church	0.4 per seat	0.6	0.8
Nursing Home	None	None	None
Library	None	None	None
Industrial	1.6	None	None

^{*} An enclosed building or garage associated with any residential dwelling type cannot be counted towards the parking space requirement for that unit. Further, if the street on which the house has access is less than 28 feet wide, 2 off-street parking spaces are required per single-family residential unit (includes single-family detached or attached, two-family dwelling or a manufactured home on an individual lot). If the abutting street is 28-feet or wider, one standard (9 ft \times 18 ft) parking space is required.

B. Miscellaneous Standards

1. Dimensions

For the purpose of this Chapter, a "parking space" means a stall nine (9) feet in width and twenty (20) feet in length. Up to twenty five percent (25%) of required parking spaces may have a minimum dimension of eight (8) feet in width and eighteen (18) feet in length so long as they are signed as compact car stalls.

2. Layout

Parking space configuration, stall and access aisle size shall be of sufficient width for all vehicle turning and maneuvering. Groups of more than four (4) parking spaces shall be served by a driveway so as to minimize backing movements or other maneuvering within a street, other than an alley. All parking areas shall meet the minimum standards shown in Appendix G.

3. Wheel Stops

Parking spaces along the boundaries of a parking lot or adjacent to interior landscaped areas or sidewalks shall be provided with a wheel stop at least four (4) inches high, located three (3) feet back from the front of the parking stall as shown in Appendix G. Wheel stops adjacent to landscaping, bio-swales or water quality facilities shall be designed to allow storm water run off.

4. Service Drives

Service drives shall be clearly and permanently marked and defined through use of rails, fences, walls, or other barriers or markers, and shall have minimum vision clearance area formed by the intersection of the driveway center line, the street right-of-way line, and a straight line joining said lines through points fifteen (15) feet from their intersection.

5. Credit for On-Street Parking

- a. On-Street Parking Credit. The amount of off-street parking required shall be reduced by one off-street parking space for every on-street parking space adjacent to the development. On-street parking shall follow the established configuration of existing on-street parking, except that angled parking may be allowed for some streets, where permitted by City standards. The following constitutes an on-street parking space:
 - (1) Parallel parking, each 24 feet of uninterrupted curb;
 - (2) 45/60 degree diagonal, each with 10 feet of curb;
 - (3) 90 degree (perpendicular) parking, each with 8 feet of curb;
 - (4) Curb space must be connected to the lot which contains the use;
 - (5) Parking spaces that would not obstruct a required clear vision area, nor any other parking that violates any law or street standard; and;

On-street parking spaces credited for a specific use may not be used exclusively by that use, but shall be available for general public use at all times. No signs or actions limiting general public use of on-street spaces is permitted.

6. Reduction in Required Parking Spaces

Developments utilizing engineered storm water bio-swales or those adjacent to environmentally constrained or environmentally sensitive areas may reduce the amount of required parking by 10% when 25-49 parking spaces are required, 15% when 50-74 parking spaces are required and 20% when more than 75 parking spaces are required, provided the area that would have been used for parking is maintained as a habitat area or is generally adjacent to an environmentally sensitive or constrained area.

a. Parking Location and Shared Parking

Availability of facilities. Owners of off-street parking facilities may post a sign indicating that all parking on the site is available only for residents, customers and/or employees, as applicable.

C. Bicycle Parking Facilities

- 1. Location and Design. Bicycle parking shall be conveniently located with respect to both the street right-of-way and at least one building entrance (e.g., no farther away than the closest parking space). Bike parking may be located inside the main building or protected or otherwise covered near the main entrance. If the first two options are unavailable, a separate shelter provided on-site is appropriate as long as it is coordinated with other street furniture such as benches, street lights, planters and other pedestrian amenities. Bicycle parking in the Old Town Overlay District can be located on the sidewalk within the right-of-way. A standard inverted "U shaped" design is appropriate. Alternative, creative designs are strongly encouraged.
- 2. Visibility and Security. Bicycle parking shall be visible to cyclists from street sidewalks or building entrances, so that it provides sufficient security from theft and damage.
- 3. Options for Storage. Bicycle parking requirements for long-term and employee parking can be met by providing a bicycle storage room, bicycle lockers, racks, or other secure storage space inside or outside of the building.
- 4. Lighting. Bicycle parking shall be least as well lit as vehicle parking for security.
- 5. Reserved Areas. Areas set aside for bicycle parking shall be clearly marked and reserved for bicycle parking only.
- 6. Hazards. Bicycle parking shall not impede or create a hazard to pedestrians. Parking areas shall be located so as to not conflict with vision clearance standards.

MINIMUM REQUIRED BICYCLE PARKING SPACES

USE CATEGORIES	MINIMUM REQUIRED		
	SPACES		
Residential Categories	1		
Household Living	Multi-dwelling 2 or 1 per		
	10 auto spaces. All other		
	residential structure type		
	None.		
Group Living	1 per 20 auto spaces		
Commercial Categories			
Retail Sales/Service Office	2 or 1 per 20 auto spaces,		
	whichever is greater.		
Drive-Up Vehicle	None		
Servicing			
Vehicle Repair	None		
Commercial Parking	4 or 1 per 20 auto spaces,		
Facilities Commercial	whichever is greater.		
Outdoor Recreation Major			
Event Entertainment			
Self-Service Storage	None		
Industrial Categories/Service Categories			
Basic Utilities	2 or 1 per 40 spaces,		
	whichever is greater.		
Park and Ride Facilities	2 or 1 per 20 auto spaces		
Community Service	2 or 1 per 20 auto spaces,		
Essential Service Providers	whichever is greater.		
Parks and Open Areas			
Schools	High Schools 4 per		
	classroom		
	Middle Schools 2 per		
	classroom		
	Grade Schools 2 per 4th		
	& 5th grade classroom		
Colleges Medical Centers	2 or 1 per 20 auto spaces		
Religious Institutions	whichever is greater.		
Daycare Uses			
Other Categories			
Agriculture	None		
Aviation Facilities	Per CU review		
Detention Facilities			
Mining, Radio and TV	None		
Towers			
Utility Corridors	None		

(Ord. No. 2010-015, § 2, 10-5-2010; Ord. 2006-021; 2005-009 § 8; Ord. 2000-2001 § 3; Ord. 86-851 § 3)

16.94.030 Off-Street Loading Standards

A. Minimum Standards

- 1. A driveway designed for continuous forward flow of passenger vehicles for the purpose of loading and unloading passengers shall be located on the site of any school, or other public meeting place, which is designed to accommodate more than twenty five (25) persons at one time.
- 2. The minimum loading area for non-residential uses shall not be less than ten (10) feet in width

by twenty-five (25) feet in length and shall have an unobstructed height of fourteen (14) feet. Multiple uses on the same parcel or adjacent parcels may utilize the same loading area if it is shown in the development application that the uses will not have substantially overlapping delivery times. The following additional minimum loading space is required for buildings in excess of twenty thousand (20,000) square feet of gross floor area:

- 20,000 to 50,000 sq. ft. 500 sq. ft. a.
- 50,000 sq. ft. or more 750 sq. ft. h.

В. Separation of Areas

Any area to be used for the maneuvering of delivery vehicles and the unloading or loading of materials shall be separated from designated off-street parking areas and designed to prevent the encroachment of delivery vehicles onto off-street parking areas or public streets. Off-street parking areas used to fulfill the requirements of this Chapter shall not be used for loading and unloading operations. (Ord. No. 2010-015, § 2, 10-5-2010; Ord. No. 2009-005, § 2, 6-2-2009; Ord. 86-851, § 3)

Chapter 16.96

ON-SITE CIRCULATION*

Sections:

16.96.010 On-Site Pedestrian and Bicycle Circulation 16.96.020 Minimum Residential Standards 16.96.030 Minimum Non-Residential Standards 16.96.040 On-Site Vehicle Circulation * Editor's Note: Some sections may not contain a history.

16.96.010 ON-SITE PEDESTRIAN AND BICYCLE CIRCULATION

On-site facilities shall be provided that accommodate safe and convenient pedestrian access within new subdivisions, multi-family developments, planned unit developments, shopping centers and commercial districts, and connecting to adjacent residential areas and neighborhood activity centers within one half mile of the development. Neighborhood activity centers include but are not limited to existing or planned schools, parks, shopping areas, transit stops or employment centers. All new development, (except single family detached housing), shall provide a continuous system of private pathways/sidewalks.

Figure 5.401. On-Site Circulation System (Multi-Family Example)

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Α. Maintenance

No building permit or other City permit shall be issued until plans for ingress, egress and circulation have been approved by the City. Any change increasing any ingress, egress or

circulation requirements, shall be a violation of this Code unless additional facilities are provided in accordance with this Chapter.

B. Joint Access

Two (2) or more uses, structures, or parcels of land may utilize jointly the same ingress and egress when the combined ingress and egress of all uses, structures, or parcels of land satisfied the other requirements of this Code, provided that satisfactory legal evidence is presented to the City in the form of deeds, easements, leases, or contracts to clearly establish the joint use.

C. Connection to Streets

- 1. Except for joint access per this Section, all ingress and egress to a use or parcel shall connect directly to a public street, excepting alleyways.
- 2. Required private sidewalks shall extend from the ground floor entrances or the ground floor landing of stairs, ramps or elevators to the public sidewalk or curb of the public street which provides required ingress and egress.

D. Maintenance of Required Improvements

Required ingress, egress and circulation improvements shall be kept clean and in good repair.

E. Access to Major Roadways

Points of ingress or egress to and from Highway 99W and arterials designated on the Transportation Plan Map, attached as Appendix C of the Community Development Plan, Part II, shall be limited as follows:

- 1. Single and two-family uses and manufactured homes on individual residential lots developed after the effective date of this Code shall not be granted permanent driveway ingress or egress from Highway 99W and arterial roadways. If alternative public access is not available at the time of development, provisions shall be made for temporary access which shall be discontinued upon the availability of alternative access.
- 2. Other private ingress or egress from Highway 99W and arterial roadways shall be minimized. Where alternatives to Highway 99W or arterials exist or are proposed, any new or altered uses developed after the effective date of this Code shall be required to use the alternative ingress and egress.
- 3. All site plans for new development submitted to the City for approval after the effective date of this Code shall show ingress and egress from existing or planned local or collector streets, consistent with the Transportation Plan Map and Section VI of the Community Development Plan.

F. Service Drives

Service drives shall be provided pursuant to Section 16.94.030. (Ord. No. 2010-015, § 2, 10-5-2010; Ord. 2006-021; Ord. 2005-009, § 6; Ord. 86-851)

16.96.020 Minimum Residential Standards

Minimum standards for private, on-site circulation improvements in residential developments:

A. Driveways

- 1. Single-Family: One (1) driveway improved with hard surface pavement with a minimum width of ten (10) feet, not to exceed a grade of 14%. Permeable surfaces and planting strips between driveway ramps are encouraged in order to reduce stormwater runoff.
- 2. Two-Family: One (1) shared driveway improved with hard surface pavement with a minimum width of twenty (20) feet; or two (2) driveways improved with hard surface pavement with a minimum width of ten (10) feet each. Permeable surfaces and planting strips between driveway ramps are encouraged in order to reduce stormwater runoff.
- 3. Multi-Family: Improved hard surface driveways are required as follows:

		Minimum Width	
		One-Way	Two-Way
	·	·	·
Units	# Driveways	Pair	
3 - 49	1	15 feet	24 feet
50 & above	2	15 feet	24 feet

B. Sidewalks and Curbs

1. Single, Two-Family, and Manufactured Home on Individual Residential Lot: No on-site sidewalks and curbs are required when not part of a proposed partition or subdivision.

2. Multi-family:

- a. A system of private pedestrian sidewalks/pathways extending throughout the development site, shall connect each dwelling unit to vehicular parking areas, common open space, storage areas, recreation facilities, adjacent developments, transit facilities within 500 feet of the site, and future phases of development. Main building entrances shall also be connected to one another.
- b. Required private pathways/sidewalks shall extend from the ground floor entrances or the ground floor landing of stairs, ramps or elevators, on one side of approved driveways connecting to the public sidewalk or curb of the public street which provides required ingress and egress. Curbs shall also be required at a standard approved by the Commission.

- c. Private Pathway/Sidewalk Design. Private pathway surfaces shall be concrete, brick/masonry pavers, or other pervious durable surface, at least 5 feet wide and conform to ADA standards. Where the system crosses a parking area, driveway or street, it shall be clearly marked with contrasting paving materials or raised crosswalk (hump).
- d. Exceptions. Private pathways/sidewalks shall not be required where physical or topographic conditions make a connection impracticable, where buildings or other existing development on adjacent lands physically preclude a connection now or in the future considering the potential for redevelopment; or pathways would violate provisions of leases, restrictions or other agreements.

(Ord. No. 2010-015, § 2, 10-5-2010; Ord. 2006-021; Ord. 2005-009 §§ 5, 8; 91-922)

16.96.030 Minimum Non-Residential Standards

Minimum standards for private, on-site circulation improvements in non-residential developments:

A. Driveways

1. Commercial: Improved hard surface driveways are required as follows:

Required		Minimum Width	
Parking Spaces	# Driveways	One-Way Pair	Two-Way
1 - 49	1	15 feet	24 feet
50 & above	2	15 feet	24 feet

2. Industrial: Improved hard surfaced driveways are required as follows:

Required		Minimum Width	
Parking Spaces	# Driveways	One-Way Pair	Two-Way
1 - 249	1	15 feet	24 feet
250 & above	2	15 feet	24 feet

3. Surface materials are encouraged to be pervious when appropriate considering soils, anticipated vehicle usage and other pertinent factors.

B. Sidewalks and Curbs

1. A private pathway/sidewalk system extending throughout the development site shall be required to connect to existing development, to public rights-of-way with or without improvements, to parking and storage areas, and to connect all building entrances to one another. The system shall also connect to transit facilities within 500 feet of the site, future phases of development, and whenever possible to parks and open spaces.

- 2. Curbs shall also be required at a standard approved by the Hearing Authority. Private pathways/sidewalks shall be connected to public rights-of-way along driveways but may be allowed other than along driveways if approved by the Hearing Authority.
- 3. Private Pathway/Sidewalk Design. Private pathway surfaces shall be concrete, asphalt, brick/masonry pavers, or other pervious durable surface. Primary pathways connecting front entrances to the right of way shall be at least 6 feet wide and conform to ADA standards. Secondary pathways between buildings and within parking areas shall be a minimum of four (4) feet wide and/or conform to ADA standards. Where the system crosses a parking area, driveway or street, it shall be clearly marked with contrasting paving materials or raised crosswalk (hump). At a minimum all crosswalks shall include painted striping.
- 4. Exceptions. Private pathways/sidewalks shall not be required where physical or topographic conditions make a connection impracticable, where buildings or other existing development on adjacent lands physically preclude a connection now or in the future considering the potential for redevelopment; or pathways would violate provisions of leases, restrictions or other agreements.

(Ord. No. 2010-015, § 2, 10-5-2010; Ord. No. 2010-015, § 2, 10-5-2010; Ord. 2006-021; 2005-009, § 8; Ord. 86-851)

16.96.040 On-Site Vehicle Circulation

A. Maintenance

No building permit or other City permit shall be issued until plans for ingress, egress and circulation have been approved by the City. Any change increasing any ingress, egress or circulation requirements, shall be a violation of this Code unless additional facilities are provided in accordance with this Chapter.

B. Joint Access [See also Chapter 16.108]

Two (2) or more uses, structures, or parcels of land are strongly encouraged to utilize jointly the same ingress and egress when the combined ingress and egress of all uses, structures, or parcels of land satisfy the other requirements of this Code, provided that satisfactory legal evidence is presented to the City in the form of deeds, easements, leases, or contracts to clearly establish the joint use. In some cases, the City may require a joint access to improve safety, vision clearance, site distance, and comply with access spacing standards for the applicable street classification.

C. Connection to Streets

- 1. Except for joint access per this Section, all ingress and egress to a use or parcel shall connect directly to a public street, excepting alleyways.
- 2. Required private sidewalks shall extend from the ground floor entrances or the ground floor landing of stairs, ramps or elevators to the public sidewalk or curb of the public street which

provides required ingress and egress.

D. Maintenance of Required Improvements

Required ingress, egress and circulation improvements shall be kept clean and in good repair.

E. Service Drives

Service drives shall be provided pursuant to Section 16.94.030. (Ord. No. 2010-015, § 2, 10-5-2010; Ord. 2005-009 § 8)

Chapter 16.98

ON-SITE STORAGE*

Sections:

16.98.010 Recreational Vehicles And Equipment
16.98.020 Solid Waste and Recycling Storage
16.98.030 Material Storage
16.98.040 Outdoor Sales and Merchandise Display
* Editor's Note: Some sections may not contain a history.

16.98.010 Recreational Vehicles and Equipment

Recreational vehicles and equipment may be stored only within designated and improved off-street parking areas. Such areas shall meet the screening and landscaping requirements of Section 16.92.030.

16.98.020 Solid Waste and Recycling Storage

All uses shall provide solid waste and recycling storage receptacles which are adequately sized to accommodate all solid waste generated on site. All solid waste and recycling storage areas and receptacles shall be located out of public view. Solid waste and recycling receptacles for multi-family, commercial, industrial and institutional uses shall be screened by six (6) foot high sight-obscuring fence or masonry wall and shall be easily accessible to collection vehicles.

(Ord. No. 2010-015, § 2, 10-5-2010; Ord. 2006-021; Ord. 86-851, § 3)

16.98.030 Material Storage

- A. Generally. Except as otherwise provided herein, external material storage is prohibited, except in commercial and industrial zones where storage areas are approved by the Review Authority as part of a site plan or per Section 16.98.040.
- B. Standards. Except as per Section 16.98.040, all service, repair, storage, and merchandise display activities carried on in connection with any commercial or industrial activity, and not conducted within an enclosed building, shall be screened from the view of all adjacent properties and adjacent streets by a six (6) foot to eight (8) foot high, sight obscuring fence subject to chapter 16.58.020. In addition, unless adjacent parcels to the side and rear of the storage area have existing solid evergreen screening or sight-obscuring fencing in place, new evergreen screening no less than three (3) feet in height shall be planted along side and

rear property lines. Where other provisions of this Code require evergreen screening, fencing, or a landscaped berm along side and rear property lines, the additional screening stipulated by this Section shall not be required.

C. Hazardous Materials. Storage of hazardous, corrosive, flammable, or explosive materials, if such storage is otherwise permitted by this Code, shall comply with all local fire codes, and Federal and State regulations.

(Ord. No. 2011-003, § 2, 4-5-2011; Ord. No. 2011-001, §§ 1, 2, 2-15-2011; Ord. No. 2010-015, § 2, 10-5-2010; Ord. 89-901, § 1; Ord. 86-851, § 3)

16.98.040 Outdoor Sales and Merchandise Display

A. Sales Permitted

Outdoor sales and merchandise display activities shall be permitted when such activities are deemed by the Commission to be a customary and integral part of a permitted commercial or industrial use. Outdoor sales and merchandise display will be reviewed as conditional uses in accordance with Chapter 16.82.

B. Standards

- 1. Outdoor sales and merchandise display areas shall be kept free of debris. Merchandise shall be stacked or arranged, or within a display structure. Display structures shall be secured and stable.
- 2. Outdoor sales and merchandise display shall not be located within required yard, building, or landscape setbacks, except where there is intervening right-of-way of a width equal to or greater than the required setback; and shall not interfere with on-site or off-site pedestrian or vehicular circulation.
- 3. Outdoor retail sales and merchandise display areas for vehicles, boats, manufactured homes, farm equipment, and other similar uses shall be paved with asphalt surfacing, crushed rock, or other dust-free materials.
- 4. Additional standards may apply to outdoor sales and merchandise display in NC zones, as per Section 16.24.050A.

(Ord. No. 2010-015, § 2, 10-5-2010; Ord. 89-901, § 1)

Chapter 16.100

RESERVED

Chapter 16.102

SIGNS*

Sections: 16.102.010 Generally 16.102.020 Prohibited Signs 16.102.030 Sign Regulations by Zone 16.102.040 Temporary/Portable Signs
16.102.050 Portable A-Frame Signs
16.102.060 Temporary/Portable Signs/Over Roadway Signs
16.102.070 Banner Signs
16.102.080 Temporary/Portable Sign Violations
* Editor's Note: Some sections may not contain a history.

16.102.010 Generally

1. Sign Permits

A. Except as otherwise provided in this Section and Sections 16.102.040 through 16.102.070, a person may not construct, install, structurally alter or relocate any sign without first obtaining an administrative sign permit from the City as required by Chapter 16.72, including payment of the fee required by Section 16.74.010. In addition, all permitted illuminated signs are subject to the provisions of the State Electrical Code and any applicable permit fees. (Ord. 2009-002, § 2, 4-21-2009; Ord. 2005-002 § 5; 2002-1132)

2. Sign Application.

Application for a sign permit shall be made upon forms provided by the City and shall include the following information:

- A. Name, address and telephone number of the applicant. Name, address, telephone number and signature of the landowner.
- B. Location of the building structure, lot or parcel to which or upon which the sign is to be attached or erected.
- C. A scaled drawing showing sign design including colors, dimensions, sign size, height above ground, method of attachment, construction and materials, type, source and intensity of illumination and the relationship to any building to which the sign will be attached.
- D. A plot plan drawn to scale indicating the location of all buildings, property lines, existing signs, street lights, easements, and overhead power lines on the same premises.
- E. Name, address and telephone number of the person or firm who will erect, construct and maintain the sign. (Ord. 2009-002, § 2, 4-21-2009; Ord. 2004-006 § 3; Ord. 86-851)

3. Exceptions

The following signs do not require a sign permit but shall conform to all other applicable provisions of this Chapter:

- A. Traffic signs installed per the Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices and other federal, state and local traffic sign regulations.
- B. Nameplates not exceeding one (1) square foot in area.

- C. A legally erected, painted or printed advertising sign, theater marquee or similar sign specifically designed for the use of replaceable copy.
- D. On-site painting, repainting, cleaning and normal maintenance and repair of a sign.
- E. Memorial signs or tablets, names of buildings and date of erection when cut into any masonry surface or when constructed of bronze or other noncombustible materials.
- F. A sign that is accessory to a construction site and construction activities that does not exceed thirty-two (32) square feet in area, provided that such sign is removed within thirty (30) days from date of issuance of the final occupancy permit or within two (2) years, whichever is less.
- G. Portable/temporary signs allowed per Sections 16.102.040 through 16.102.070.
- H. Public utility signs and other signs required by law.
- I. Signs on private property three (3) square feet or less per sign face and under three (3) feet tall when freestanding and installed to be readable on private property. (Ord. 2009-002, § 2, 4-21-2009; Ord. 2002-1132 §3; Ord. 86-851)

4. Violations

The City may order the removal of any sign erected or maintained in violation of the provisions of this Chapter. If the City orders the removal of a sign under this Section, the City shall give ninety (90) days written notice to the owner of the sign or, if the owner of the sign cannot be notified, to the owner of the building, structure or premises on which such sign is located, to remove the sign or to bring it into compliance. After ninety (90) days the City may remove the sign at cost to the owner of the building, structure or premises. All costs incurred by the City will be a lien against the land or premises on which the sign is located and may be collected or foreclosed in the same manner as similar liens. (Ord. 2009-002, § 2, 4-21-2009; Ord. 86-851 §3)

5. Nonconforming Signs

- a. Signs that do not conform to the provisions of this Chapter are regarded as non-conforming signs and shall be brought into compliance with this Code's standards.
- b. Except as exempted in d below, a nonconforming sign in existence on the effective date of Ordinance 2005-002, shall be brought into compliance within five (5) years of the effective date of Ordinance 2005-002. A nonconforming sign erected after the effective date of Ordinance 2005-002 or made non-conforming by subsequent sign ordinance amendments, shall be brought into compliance within five (5) years of the issuance of a building permit to construct the sign or adoption of the ordinance creating the non-conformity. A nonconforming sign that is not brought into compliance within five (5) years shall be removed at the expense of the sign owner or, at the City's discretion, the owner of the property upon which it is located.
- c. Except as exempted in d below, a nonconforming sign that is structurally altered, relocated or replaced shall immediately be brought into compliance.

d. A sign that is 45 feet tall or less and that is 300 square feet or less in size is exempt from the requirement to come into compliance within 5 years and may remain until: a.) structurally altered, relocated or replaced, or b.) until such time as the property on which it is located goes through a major re-development as determined by the Commission as part of a Type IV land use application. (Ord. 2009-002, § 2, 4-21-2009; Ord. 2005-002 § 5; 2004-006)

6. Abandoned Signs

A person who owns or leases a sign shall remove the sign when the business advertised is discontinued or moves. The City shall give the owner of the building, structure or premises upon which an abandoned sign is located ninety (90) days written notice to remove the sign. After ninety (90) days the City may remove the sign at cost to the owner of the building, structure or premises. All costs incurred by the City may be a lien against the land or premises on which such sign is located and may be collected or foreclosed in the same manner as similar liens. (Ord. 2009-002, § 2, 4-21-2009; Ord. 86-851, § 3)

7. Reserved (Ord. 2009-002, § 2, 4-21-2009; Ord. 86-851, § 3)

8. Construction and Maintenance

Except as otherwise provided in this Code, the construction of all signs or sign structures shall conform to applicable provisions of the Uniform Building Code. All signs, supports, braces, guys and anchors and sign sites shall be kept in good repair and maintained in a clean, safe condition. (Ord. 86-851, § 3)

9. Definitions

- A. Off-Premise Sign: A sign placed at a location other than on the lot or property where the business or event being advertised or otherwise promoted is located.
- B. Sign Face Area: The area of the sign shall be measured as follows if the sign is composed of one or more individual cabinets or sides:
 - 1. The area around and enclosing the perimeter of each cabinet, sign face or module shall be summed and then totaled to determine total area. The perimeter of measurable area shall include all written advertising copy, symbols or logos.
 - 2. If the sign is composed of more than two sign cabinets, sign faces, or modules, the area enclosing the entire perimeter of all cabinets and/or modules within a single, continuous geometric figure shall be the area of the sign.
- C. Single Business Site: Any lot, or combination of lots legally bound together by a deed restriction, restrictive covenant or any other recorded document, having a single legally permitted business on the site.
- D. Commercial Center: Any lot, or combination of lots legally bound together by a deed restriction, restrictive covenant or other recorded document, having at least two (2) but no more than three (3) legally

permitted businesses on the site.

- E. Commercial Plaza: Any lot, or combination of lots legally bound together by a deed restriction, restrictive covenant or other recorded document, having four (4) or more legally permitted businesses on the site. Any legally permitted off-premise sign on the site must comply with the provisions of this Chapter.
 - F. Free-Standing Signs:
 - 1. Monument Sign: A sign constructed so that it is erected on grade or set into a hillside. If the monument sign is supported by poles, the sign shall extend to cover the support poles to within four (4) inches of the grade. Each free-standing monument sign shall have no more than two (2) faces.
 - 2. Column Sign: A sign supported by two square columns covered by wood, brick, metal or stone with a minimum width of twenty-four (24) inches or a single square column with a minimum width of thirty-six (36) inches.
 - 3. Pole Sign: A free-standing sign mounted on one (1) vertical support less than 36 inches wide.
 - G. Wall Sign: A sign attached to, erected against or painted on a wall of a building.
- H. Permanent Residential Development Sign: Any sign erected in association with a single-family attached, single-family detached, duplex or townhome subdivision or Planned Unit Development (PUD). (Ord. 2005-002 § 5; 2004-006)
 - I. Roof Signs: Signs erected in or directly above a roof or parapet of a building or structure.
- J. Electronic Message Signs: Consistent with 16.102.020.6, electronic message signs may not change more than once every 30 seconds. In addition, the change may not involve movement or, flashing. Electronic message signs are limited to no more than thirty-five (35) percent of the total allowable sign area per sign face. (Ord. 2004-006 § 3) (Ord. No. 2009-003, § 2, 2-17-2009)

16.102.020 Prohibited Signs

1. Unsafe or Unmaintained Signs

All signs and sign structures must be constructed, erected and maintained to withstand the wind, seismic and other loads as specified in the Uniform Building Code. No sign shall be constructed, erected or maintained in violation of the maintenance provisions of this Chapter. (Ord. 86-851, § 3)

2. Signs on Streets

No sign shall substantially obstruct free and clear vision along streets or by reason of the position, shape or color, may interfere with, obstruct the view of, or be confused with any authorized traffic signal or device. No sign shall use the words "stop", "look", "danger", or any other similar word, phrase, symbol or character that

interferes with or misleads motorists, pedestrians or bicyclists. (Ord. 86-851, § 3)

3. Obstructing Signs

No sign or sign structure shall be located or constructed so that it obstructs access to any fire escape, exit doorway or other means of egress from a building. No sign or supporting structure shall cover, wholly or partially, any window or doorway in any manner that will substantially limit access to the building in case of fire. (Ord. 86-851, § 3)

4. Rotating or Revolving Signs

Rotating or revolving signs are prohibited. (Ord. 86-851, § 3)

5. Illuminated Signs

Flashing signs, exposed reflective type bulbs, strobe lights, rotary beacons, par spots, zip lights and similar devices are prohibited. No exposed incandescent lamp which exceeds twenty-five (25) watts shall be used on the exterior surface of any sign so as to expose the face of such bulb or lamp to a public street. All permitted signs shall bear an approved Underwriters Laboratory label or equivalent third party product safety testing and certification organization. (Ord. 86851 § 3)

6. Changing Image Signs

Any sign that through the use of moving structural elements, flashing or sequential lights, lighting elements, or other automated method, resulting in movement, the appearance of movement or change of sign image or message are prohibited. Changing image signs do not include otherwise static signs where illumination is turned off and back on at a maximum of once every 30 seconds and such change does not involve movement or flashing. (Ord. 2003-1153, § 1)

- 7. Pole Signs, over six (6) feet in height (Ord. 2004-006 § 3)
- 8. Signs on Vacant Land

Any sign on unimproved property, unless allowed as a temporary sign under Sections 16.102.040 though 16.102.070 shall be prohibited. (Ord. 2004-006 § 3)

9. Permanent Residential Development Signs (Ord. 2005-002 § 5; 2004-006)

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10. Roof Signs (Ord. 2004-006 § 3) (Ord. No. 2009-003, § 2, 2-17-2009)
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16.102.030 Sign Regulations By Zone

1. Residential Zones

No sign requiring a permit shall be allowed in residential zones except for the following:

A. Public/Semi-Public Uses

For churches, schools and other public uses located within a residential or institutional public zone:

- 1. One (1) wall sign not exceeding thirty-six (36) square feet shall be permitted on a maximum of two (2) building elevations. Wall signs must be attached flat against the building face.
- 2. One (1) free-standing sign per street frontage not exceeding thirty-six (36) square feet per sign face shall be permitted. A minimum setback of fifteen (15) feet from property lines adjacent to public streets is required. The maximum height of any portion of a free-standing sign shall be limited to six (6) feet from ground level at its base.

B. Multi-Family Development Signs

One (1) non-illuminated free-standing sign per street frontage not exceeding thirty-six (36) square feet per sign face shall be permitted, the maximum height of any portion of a free-standing sign shall be limited to six (6) feet from ground level at its base. (Ord. 2005-002 § 5; 2004-006)

C. Non-Residential Signs

One (1) monument sign not more than sixteen (16) square feet in area identifying a permitted use in a residential zone shall be allowed. (Ord. 2005-002 § 5; 2004-006; 2002-1132)

D. Temporary/Portable Signs

The requirements of Sections 16.102.040 through 16.102.070 shall apply. (Ord. 2004-006 § 3)

2. Commercial Zones

No sign requiring a sign permit shall be allowed in commercial zones except for the following:

A. Free-Standing Signs

- 1. Number Permitted: Except as otherwise provided in a.-c. below, one (1) multi-faced, free-standing sign designating the principal goods or services available on the premises shall be permitted per lot. Any off-premise free-standing sign legally located on a site shall be considered the sole free-standing sign allowed on the site and shall comply with the provisions of this Chapter.
 - a. Where the total street frontage exceeds three-hundred (300) feet in length, one (1) additional free-standing sign is permitted. Except as otherwise permitted in b. or c. below, no more than one (1) free-standing sign per street frontage shall be permitted. Where two (2) or more signs are allowed due to multiple frontages, each sign shall be oriented to face a different direction or street frontage.

- b. One additional free-standing monument sign may be provided for fueling stations to provide required pricing information.
- c. A Commercial Center or Commercial Plaza with at least two (2) stand alone businesses may have one additional free-standing sign provided the site has more than three hundred (300) feet of frontage
- 2. Height Limit: The maximum sign height shall not exceed six (6) feet in all commercial zones except that in the locations identified in (a)--(d) below the height, for no more than one sign per single business site, commercial center or plaza, may be increased to no more than 20 feet to allow for the construction of a column sign only. The exception locations are identified as:
 - a. on or within one hundred (100) feet of Pacific Highway,
 - b. Tualatin-Sherwood Road between 99W and SW Olds Place,
 - c. Roy Rogers Road between 99W and Borchers
 - d. Sherwood Boulevard between 99W and Century Boulevard, and
 - e. Edy Road between 99W and Borchers.

The height of the sign shall be measured from the average grade of the building footprint located on site to the highest point of the sign. For sites with more than one (1) building, the average grade of the building closest to the location of the sign shall be used.

- 3. Clearance: Signs are prohibited over a driveway or parking area.
- 4. Area: The maximum sign area for all commercial zones shall not exceed thirty-six (36) square feet per sign face with a maximum of two (2) sign faces permitted except that in those areas identified in 16.102.030.2.A.2(a)--(e), the sign area for one sign may be increased up to one hundred (100) square feet for a commercial center or up to one hundred fifty (150) square feet for a commercial plaza.
- 5. Location: No free-standing sign or any portion of any free-standing sign shall be located within a public right-of-way. Free-standing signs must comply with the Clear Vision Area requirements of Section 16.58.010.
- 6. Off-Premise Signs: Sign area will be calculated as part of the permitting business's total square footage requirements as described in subsection (A)(4). Any off-premise free-standing sign legally located on a single business site shall be considered the sole free-standing sign allowed on the site and shall comply with the provisions of this Chapter.

All off-premise signs oriented to be viewed from State Highway 99W shall be subject to the standards and requirements of the Oregon Administrative Rules and Oregon Revised Statutes administered and enforced by the Oregon Department of Transportation (ODOT). Where there is

a conflict between the standards or requirements of the City and the State, the more restrictive standards or requirements shall apply.

B. Wall Signs

Wall signs in combination with banner and projecting signs placed per Section 16.102.070 and defined in Section 16.102.040C, shall not exceed twenty percent (20%) of the gross area face of the building to which the sign is attached. Signs placed on or within one (1) foot of display windows and designed to be viewed from the exterior of the building shall be included in determining the amount of signing. A minimum of thirty (30) square feet is guaranteed and the maximum shall be two-hundred fifty (250) square feet. Wall signs may not project more than one and one-half (1 1/2) feet from the wall to which they are attached.

C. Projecting Signs

Projecting signs supported by a wall of a building or structure shall be permitted under the following conditions:

- 1. Only one (1) projecting sign will be permitted on the same business frontage with wall signs.
- 2. No projecting sign shall be permitted on the same premises where there is a free-standing sign or roof sign.
- 3. A projecting sign shall be used solely to identify a business and shall not be used to advertise services or products sold on the premises.
- 4. No projecting sign shall extend more than three (3) feet above the roof line at the wall or the top of a parapet wall, whichever is higher.
- 5. No projecting sign shall be located within twenty (20) feet of another projecting sign in the same horizontal plane.
- 6. No projecting sign shall be supported by a frame, commonly known as an "A frame" or other visible frame located on the roof of a building.
- 7. No sign shall project to within two (2) feet of the curb of a public street or beyond five (5) feet from the building face, whichever is less.

D. Directional Signs

The requirements of subsection C shall apply. (Ord. 2004-006 § 3; 2002-1132)

E. Temporary/Portable Signs

The requirements of Sections 16.102.040 through 16.102.070 shall apply. (Ord. 2004-006 § 3; 2002-1132)

3. Industrial Zones

No sign requiring a permit shall be allowed in industrial zones except for the following:

A. Free Standing Signs

- 1. Industrial zoned properties that have an approved PUD and approval for permitted commercial uses, shall apply requirements in Section 16.102.030.2.A (a)--(c), 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, B, C, D and E.
- 2. Other than allowed under (1) above, industrial zones may have one (1) multi-faced free-standing sign designating the principal uses of the premise shall be permitted per street frontage provided the height does not exceed six (6) feet and the sign face does not exceed thirty-six (36) square feet per sign face for a maximum of seventy-two (72) square feet.

B. Directional Signs

The requirements of subsection C shall apply. (2004-006 § 3; 2002-1132)

C. Temporary/Portable Signs

The requirements of Sections 16.102.040 through 16.102.070 shall apply.

D. Wall Signs

The requirements of Section 16.102.030.2, Commercial Signs shall apply. (Ord. No. 2009-003, § 2, 2-17-2009)

16.102.040 Temporary/Portable Signs

1. Definitions

The following sign types are termed Temporary/Portable for the purposes of this Code.

- A. Portable A-Frame Sign -- a double-faced portable sign with an A-shaped frame, composed of two sign boards attached at the top and separated at the bottom, and not supported by a structure in the ground.
- B. Temporary/Portable Sign -- small movable sign used for a temporary period of time (A-frame signs are considered a Temporary Portable Sign when used for a limited time period as specified by this Code).
- C. Banner Sign -- a sign made of lightweight fabric or other non-rigid material characteristically supported by two or more points and hung on the side of a building.

D. Temporary Over-Roadway Banner Sign -- banner signs placed over a public roadway for a limited period of time.

(Ord. 2002-1132 § 3)

2. Placement Requirements

- A. Temporary/Portable signs must remain movable by hand and shall not be attached or anchored in any way to trees, vehicles, trailers, utility poles, pavement or any public property.
- B. Temporary/Portable signs shall not obstruct pedestrian and disabled accessible ADA routes of travel, including but not limited to, transit stop areas, disabled parking spaces, disabled access ramps, building entrances and fire escapes.
- C. Temporary/Portable signs shall not create a traffic hazard by blocking vehicular site distance or be placed within a vehicular travel lane.
- D. Temporary/Portable signs shall be kept in good condition and shall not be rusty, faded or splintered. (Ord. 2002-1132 § 3)

16.102.050 Portable A-Frame Signs

1. Prohibited Locations

A. Industrial Zoning Districts

To preserve industrial zoning districts as employment-based manufacturing areas and to encourage retail uses and retail signage in commercial zones, portable A-frame signs are prohibited in industrial zones, including General Industrial (GI) and Light Industrial (LI) zones.

B. Temporary/Portable signs are permitted per Section 16.102.060. (Ord. 2002-1132 § 3)

2. Permitted Locations

A. Commercial and Institutional Public Zoning Districts

Each business having a valid City of Sherwood business license which is physically located in the Neighborhood Commercial (NC), Office Commercial (OC), Office Retail (OR), Retail Commercial (RC), General Commercial (GC) or Institutional Public (IP) zoning district may display one (1) portable A-frame sign on private property within 25-feet of the main entrance to the business.

Each portable sign shall be a maximum of six (6) square feet per sign face.

Signs shall be sited per Section 16.102.040.

B. Multi-family zoning districts including High Density Residential (HDR) and Medium Density Residential High (MDRH).

One (1) portable A-frame sign on private property.

Each portable sign shall be a maximum of six (6) square feet per sign face.

Signs shall be sited per Section 16.102.040.

C. Old Town Overlay District

Businesses who have a valid City of Sherwood business license and are physically located within the Old Town Overlay District, may display two (2) portable signs on private property or within the public right-of-way in the Old Town Overlay District.

Each portable sign shall be a maximum of six (6) square feet per sign face. If a business wishes to place a portable sign on the sidewalk in front of someone else's property that business must receive written permission from the property owner whose property is adjacent to where the sign is placed. Signs shall be sited per Section 16.102.040.

(Ord. 2002-1132 § 3)

16.102.060 Temporary/Portable Signs/Over Roadway Signs

1. Prohibited Locations

Temporary/Portable and Over-the-Roadway Banner Signs are prohibited in the following locations, unless otherwise approved due to road construction and/or closure per subsection C:

- A. ODOT right-of-way, including but not limited to Highway 99W.
- B. Washington County right-of-way, including but not limited to Roy Rogers Road, Edy Road and Tualatin-Sherwood Road.

 (Ord. 2002-1132 § 3)

2. Temporary/Portable Sign Exemptions

- A. Four (4) off-site temporary/portable signs not exceeding six (6) square feet each per sign face may be displayed without permit from Thursday at 6:00 PM until Sunday at 8:00 PM and on Tuesday.
 - B. Public notice signs as required by Section 16.72.020.
- C. Tenants and property owners may display temporary/portable signs a maximum of eight (8) square feet per sign face without permit on private residential property where the tenant or owner resides.
 - D. Signs shall be sited per Section 16.102.040.

3. Permits Required

- A. Temporary/Portable sign users that are not exempt per this Section shall obtain a permit from the City of Sherwood. Permits shall be issued by the Planning Director without public notice of public hearing per Section 16.72.010A, Type I review action.
- B. A temporary/portable sign user may be permitted to display temporary signs a total of four (4) times in one (1) calendar year for a period of two (2) weeks prior to an event. The signs shall be removed two (2) days following the event. As an alternative to four, two-week periods, signs may be permitted for a two-month period per calendar year for seasonal, temporary events.
- C. In the event that the temporary sign is requested by a business whose regular access is blocked due to road construction and/or road closures, temporary/portable signs may be permitted to remain until construction is completed. These signs may be located in ODOT, City of Sherwood or Washington County right-of-ways if approved by these agencies.
- D. Signs shall be sited per Section 16.102.040. (Ord. 2002-1132 § 3)

4. Permit Forms

All temporary sign users requiring permits per this code shall make application on forms provided by the City. Such forms shall be created and maintained by the City Manager or his or her designee. A permit fee may be charged and setout in a City Council resolution. When placing signs on private property, an owner's signature granting permission to place the sign on their property is required.

(Ord. 2002-1132 § 3)

5. Permit Types

Temporary sign permits are classified as follows:

A. General Temporary Sign Permit

The sign user may display no more than one (1) temporary sign at up to ten (10) approved locations throughout the City. Temporary signs are limited to six (6) square feet per sign face and shall be spaced a minimum of ten (10) feet apart. Applications must be submitted to the City four (4) weeks prior to the requested date of sign placement.

A temporary sign may be permitted to be larger than six (6) square feet, if one or more of the following criteria is met:

1. The location where the sign is proposed is on a high-speed roadway, 35 mph or greater, that warrants a larger sign making the sign readable and improving traffic safety.

- 2. Installing a larger sign would eliminate the need for several smaller signs reducing visual clutter.
- 3. The proposed event for which the sign is being permitted is expected to attract a larger number of people and would require closing roads.

B. Temporary Over-the-Roadway Banner Signs

An applicant may be approved for one (1) temporary over-the-roadway banner sign to be attached to power poles. Over-the-roadway banner signs shall be installed only after receiving a permit from Portland General Electric (PGE) or its successor. Once a PGE permit is obtained, the applicant is required to receive a right-of-way permit from the City Engineer.

Over-the-roadway banner signs are allowed at the following locations:

- 1. North Sherwood Boulevard, north of the south property line of Sherwood Middle School and south of the north property line of Hopkins Elementary School.
- C. Pre-approved Temporary Portable Sign Permits

Temporary sign permits may be renewed for reoccurring annual events without submitting for a new permit to the City. However, over-the-roadway banner signs require a new permit from Portland General Electric (PGE). A new permit from the City is required if changes are made to the existing permit.

(Ord. 2002-1132 § 3)

16.102.070 Banner Signs

1. PLACEMENT REQUIREMENTS

- A. Except for banner signs exempted by this Section, banner signs shall be firmly attached to the side of a building only. No banner sign shall be attached to building roofs, fences, vehicles, trailers, or anything else that is not the side or part of the side of a building.
 - B. Banner signs shall not cover building windows.
- C. Banner signs shall be maintained in good condition. They shall not droop, have frayed ends, and shall be graphically clear and readable. Sun-faded, weather-damaged banner signs are prohibited.
- D. Banner signs shall be made of all-weather material. (Ord. 2002-1132 § 3)

2. Prohibited Locations

A. Banner signs are prohibited in all residential and industrial zoning districts. (Ord. 2002-1132 § 3)

3. Exemptions

A. Banner signs not intended to be viewed from a public street. (Ord. 2002-1132 § 3)

4. Permitted Locations

A. Commercial and Institutional Public Zoning Districts.

Each business having a valid City of Sherwood business license and who's business is physically located in the Neighborhood Commercial (NC), Office Commercial (OC), Office Retail (OR), Retail Commercial (RC), General Commercial (GC) or Institutional Public (IP) zoning district may display banner signs on private property.

Banner sign size shall be regulated per Section 16.102.030B.

Signs shall be displayed per this Section.

B. Multi-family zoning districts, including High Density Residential (HDR) and Medium Density Residential High (MDRH).

One banner sign not exceeding 32 square feet per tax lot.

Signs shall be displayed per this Section. (Ord. 2002-1132 § 3)

16.102.080 Temporary/Portable Sign Violations

A. Fines shall be set in a City Council resolution. (Ord. 2002-1132 § 3)

Temporary/Portable Signs, Banner Signs and Over-the-Roadway Banner Signs

Individuals in violation shall be subject to the sign being removed and a fine for the first offense and the fine doubled for each subsequent offense.

(Ord. 2002-1132 § 3)

1. Portable A-frame Signs

- A. First Violation -- Written warning stating corrective action required to bring the portable sign into conformance.
 - B. Second Violation -- Fine.
 - C. Third Violation -- Portable sign removed and held for 30 calendar days. During this period the

sign will be returned to the owner subject to a fine. After 30 days the City is no longer responsible for returning the sign.

D. Fourth Violation -- The business loses portable sign privileges for one year. City can remove signs and fine for each offense during this one year probation period. (Ord. 2006-021; 2005-002 § 5; 2002-1132)

APPENDIX G MINIMUM PARKING STANDARDS

GRAPHIC UNAVAILABLE: Click here

Angle of	Aisle Width		"A"		"B"		
ParkingDirectio							
n of Parking							
Stall Width		Stall Width		Stall Width			
8'	9'	8'	9'	8'	9'		
30°	Drive-In	12.5	12.5	17.8	18.2	18.0	19.0
45°	Drive-In	12.5	12.5	20.5	20.9	12.7	13.4
60°	Drive-In	19.0	18.0	21.8	22.1	10.4	11.0
60°	Back-In	17.0	17.0	21.8	22.1	10.4	11.0
90°	Drive-In	23.0	23.0	20.0	20.0	9.0	9.6
90°	Back-In	22.0	22.0	20.0	20.0	9.0	9.6

Division VI.

PUBLIC IMPROVEMENTS

Chapter 16.104

GENERAL PROVISIONS*

Sections:

16.104.010 Standards 16.104.020 Future Improvements 16.104.030 Improvement Procedures

16.104.010 Standards

To ensure the health, safety, and the economic stability of the community, and to establish a quality system of public improvements, the City shall require proposed buildings and development for which public facilities and public rights-of-way are not fully provided or improved to current City standards, to install said improvements. The Council may establish specifications to supplement the standards of this Code and other applicable ordinances. Except as otherwise provided or authorized, private improvements serving substantially the same function as equivalent public facilities, shall generally be provided and improved at the standards established by this Code and other City regulations.

^{*} Editor's Note: Some sections may not contain a history.

Green Street elements such as bioswales and porous pavement are encouraged where appropriate and feasible. Where a specific design standard supporting a green street concept is not included in the Construction Standard Drawings, the design will be considered by the Engineering Department, provided additional documentation is provided to the Engineering Department that documents the design is appropriate, has a design life equal to a traditional paved street, and can be maintained easily in that location. (Ord. 2006-021; 2005-006 § 5; Ord. 86-851)

16.104.020 Future Improvements

The location of future public improvements including water, sanitary sewer, storm water, streets, bicycle and pedestrian paths, and other public facilities and rights-of-way, as depicted in Chapters 4, 5, 6 and 7 of the Community Development Plan, are intended as general locations only. The precise alignments and locations of public improvements shall be established during the actual development process and shall be depicted on public improvement plans submitted and approved pursuant to Chapter 16.106 and other applicable sections of this Code.

(Ord. 2005-006 § 5; Ord. 86-851)

16.104.030 Improvement Procedures

Except as otherwise provided, all public improvements shall conform to City standards and specifications and shall be installed in accordance with Chapter 16.106. No public improvements shall be undertaken until an improvement plan review fee has been paid, improvement plans have been approved by the City, and an improvement permit has been issued. (Ord. 2005-006 § 5; Ord. 86-851)

Chapter 16.106

IMPROVEMENT PLAN REVIEW*

Sections:

16.106.010 Preparation and Submission 16.106.020 Construction Permit 16.106.030 Construction 16.106.040 Acceptance of Improvements

* Editor's Note: Some sections may not contain a history.

16.106.010 Preparation and Submission

Required improvement plans shall be prepared and stamped by a Registered Civil Engineer certifying compliance with City specifications. Two (2) sets of said plans shall be submitted to the City for review. Improvements plans shall be accompanied by a review fee as per this Section.

A. Review Fee

Plan review fees are calculated as a percentage of the estimated total cost of improvements and are set by the "Schedule of Development and Business Fees" adopted by Resolution of the Council. This schedule is included herein for the purposes of information, but is deemed to be

separate from and independent of this Code.

B. Engineering Agreement

A copy of an agreement or contract between the applicant and Registered Civil Engineer for:

- 1. Surveying sufficient to prepare construction plans.
- 2. Preparation of construction plans and specifications.
- 3. Construction staking, and adequate inspection.
- 4. Construction notes sufficient to develop accurate as-built plans.
- 5. Drawing of accurate as-built plans and submission of reproducible mylars to the City.
- 6. Certificate stating that construction was completed in accordance with required plans and specifications.

(Ord. No. 2010-015, § 2, 10-5-2010; Ord. 91-922, § 3; Ord. 86-851, § 3)

16.106.020 Construction Permit

A. Approval

The City will return one (1) set of plans to the applicant marked "approved" or "modify and resubmit." Plans marked for re-submittal must be corrected in accordance with notations or instructions. After correction and approval, additional plans shall be provided the City for office use, field inspection and submittal to affected agencies.

B. Permit and Fee

Upon approval the applicant shall obtain a construction permit. The construction permit fee is set by the "Schedule of Development Fees", adopted by Resolution of the Council. This schedule is included herein for the purposes of information, but is deemed to be separate from and independent of this Code.

C. Easement Documents

Necessary construction and/or permanent easements shall be provided in a form acceptable to the City prior to issuance of a construction permit.

D. Improvement Guarantees

Prior to issuance of a construction permit the applicant shall file the following documents with the City:

1. Liability Insurance

Evidence of public liability and property damage insurance adequate to protect the applicant and the City from all claims for damage or personal injury.

2. Performance Bond

To assure full and faithful performance in the construction of required improvements in accordance with approved construction plans, the applicant shall provide security in an amount equal to one hundred percent (100%) of the estimated cost of the improvements. In the event the applicant fails to carry out all provisions of the approved improvements plans and the City has non-reimbursed costs or expenses resulting from such failure, the City shall call on the security for reimbursement. Security may be provided in the form of a surety bond executed by a surety company authorized to transact business in the State of Oregon, a cash deposit, or other form of security acceptable to the City.

(Ord. No. 2010-015, § 2, 10-5-2010; Ord. 91-922, § 3; Ord. 86-851, § 3)

16.106.030 Construction

A. Initiation of Construction

Actual improvements shall not begin, or after a discontinuance, be restarted until the City is notified in writing.

B. Inspection

All construction shall be done to the City's specifications. The City shall perform inspections to verify compliance with approved plans and shall make a final inspection of the construction at such time as the improvements are complete. The City may require changes in typical sections and details, if unusual conditions warrant the change.

C. As-Built Plans

A complete set of reproducible plans showing the public improvements as built shall be filed with the City upon completion of the improvements.

D. Suspension of Improvements Activity

The City shall have the authority to cause a suspension of improvement construction or engineering when, in the opinion of the City, work is not being done to the City's satisfaction. (Ord. No. 2010-015, § 2, 10-5-2010; Ord. 86-851, § 3)

16.106.040 Acceptance of Improvements

A. Final Inspection

At such time as all public improvements, except those specifically approved for later installation, have been completed, the applicant shall notify the City of the readiness for final inspection.

B. Notification of Acceptance

The City shall give written notification of the acceptance of the improvements upon finding that the applicant has met the requirements of this Chapter and the specifications of all approved plans.

C. Maintenance Bond

At the time of City acceptance of public improvements, the applicant shall file with the City a maintenance bond computed at ten percent (10%) of the full value of the improvements, to provide for correction of any defective work or maintenance becoming apparent or arising within one (1) year after final acceptance of the public improvements.

(Ord. No. 2010-015, § 2, 10-5-2010; Ord. 86-851, § 3)

Chapter 16.108

STREETS*

Sections:

16.108.010 Generally
16.108.030 Required Improvements
16.108.040 Location and Design
16.108.050 Street Design
16.108.060 Sidewalks
16.108.070 Hwy. 99W Capacity Allocation Program (CAP)
16.108.080 Bike Paths

* Editor's Note: Some sections may not contain a history.

16.108.010 Generally

A. Creation

Public streets shall be created in accordance with provisions of this Chapter. Except as otherwise provided, all street improvements and rights-of-way shall conform to standards for the City's functional classification of said streets, as shown on the Transportation Plan Map, shown in Figure 1, in Chapter 6 of the Community Development Plan, and in other applicable City standards.

B. Street Naming

- 1. All streets created by the subdivision process will be named prior to submission of the final plat.
- 2. Any street created by a public dedication shall be named prior to or upon acceptance of the deed of dedication.
- 3. An action to name an unnamed street in the City may be initiated by the Council or by a person filing a petition as described in this Section.
- 4. All streets named shall conform to the general requirements as outlined in this Section.

5. Private streets, at the request of the owner(s), may be named and addresses issued with the approval of the City. Private streets are subject to the same street name standards as are public streets. All private street signs will be provided at the owner(s) expense.

C. Street Renaming

- 1. An action to rename a street in the City may be initiated by the Council:
 - a. On its own action; or
 - b. If a person files a petition as described in this section accompanied by a fee reasonably related to the costs of the process.
- 2. A petition for naming or renaming a street shall include the following:
 - a. A statement of the reasons for the proposed name change.
 - b. The names and addresses of all persons owning any real property abutting the road proposed to be renamed.
 - c. Signatures of either owners of sixty percent (60%) of the land abutting the subject road or sixty percent (60%) of the owners of land abutting the subject road.

3. Notice and Hearing

- a. When a proceeding has been initiated under this section, the Council shall establish a time and place for a hearing to consider whether the proposed name change is in the public interest.
- b. At least ten (10) days prior to the date of hearing, notice of the proposed name change shall be provided as follows:
 - (1) Notice by posting in no less than two (2) conspicuous places abutting the subject road; and
 - (2) Notice by publication in a newspaper of general circulation in the area of the subject road.
- c. During or before a hearing under this section, any person may file information with the Council that alleges any new matter relevant to the proceedings or controverts any matter presented to the Council.
- d. After considering the matters presented under this section, the Council shall determine whether the name change is in the public interest and shall adopt findings and an ordinance granting or denying the request.

- e. When the ordinance becomes final, the Council shall cause the ordinance to be recorded with the County Clerk who shall cause copies of the ordinance to be filed with the Department of Public Works, the Department of Assessment and Taxation and with the County Surveyor.
- f. For the purposes of this section, "owner" means the record holder of legal title to the land, except that if there is a purchaser of the land according to a recorded land sale contract, the purchaser is the owner.

D. Street Name Standards

- 1. All streets named or renamed shall comply with the following criteria:
 - a. Major streets and highways shall maintain a common name or number for the entire alignment.
 - b. Whenever practicable, names as specified in this Section shall be utilized or retained.
 - c. Hyphenated or exceptionally long names shall be avoided.
 - d. Similar names such as Farview and Fairview or Salzman and Saltzman shall be avoided.
 - e. Consideration shall be given to the continuation of the name of a street in another jurisdiction when it is extended into the City.
- 2. The following classifications (suffixes) shall be utilized in the assignment of all street names:
 - a. Boulevards: North/south arterials providing through traffic movement across the community.
 - b. Roads: East/west arterials providing through traffic movement across the community.
 - c. Avenues: Continuous, north/south collectors or extensions thereof.
 - d. Streets: Continuous, east-west collectors or extensions thereof.
 - e. Drives: Curvilinear collectors (less than 180 degrees) at least 1,000 feet in length or more.
 - f. Lanes: Short east/west local streets under 1,000 feet in length.
 - g. Terraces: short north/south local streets under 1,000 feet in length.
 - h. Court: All east/west cul-de-sacs.

- i. Place: All north/south cul-de-sacs.
- j. Ways: All looped local streets (exceeding 180 degrees).
- k. Parkway: A broad landscaped collector or arterial.
- 3. Except as provided for by this section, no street shall be given a name that is the same as, similar to, or pronounced the same as any other street in the City unless that street is an extension of an already-named street.
- 4. All proposed street names shall be approved, prior to use, by the City.
- E. Street Names

Whenever practicable, historical names will be considered in the naming or renaming of public roads. Historical factors to be considered shall include, but not be limited to the following:

- 1. Original holders of Donation Land Claims in Sherwood.
- 2. Early homesteaders or settlers of Sherwood.
- 3. Heirs of original settlers or long-time (50 or more years) residents of Sherwood.
- 4. Explorers of or having to do with Sherwood.
- 5. Indian tribes of Washington County.
- 6. Early leaders and pioneers of eminence.
- 7. Names related to Sherwood's flora and fauna.
- 8. Names associated with the Robin Hood legend.

(Ord. No. 2010-015, § 2, 10-5-2010; Ord. 2005-006, § 5; Ord. 92-947, § 1; Ord. 91-922)

Note: Section 16.108.020, Street Systems Improvement Fees (SIF) was repealed by Ordinance 91-922 § 19) and permanently relocated in the Municipal Code).

16.108.030 Required Improvements

A. Generally

Except as otherwise provided, all developments containing or abutting an existing or proposed street, that is either unimproved or substandard in right-of-way width or improvement, shall dedicate the necessary right-of-way prior to the issuance of building permits and/or complete acceptable improvements prior to issuance of occupancy permits.

B. Existing Streets

Except as otherwise provided, when a development abuts an existing street, the improvements requirement shall apply to that portion of the street right-of-way located between the centerline of the right-of-way and the property line of the lot proposed for development. In no event shall a required street improvement for an existing street exceed a pavement width of thirty (30) feet.

C. Proposed Streets

- 1. Except as otherwise provided, when a development includes or abuts a proposed street, in no event shall the required street improvement exceed a pavement width of forty (40) feet.
- 2. Half Streets: When a half street is created, a minimum of 22 feet of driving surface shall be provided by the developer.

D. Extent of Improvements

Streets required pursuant to this Chapter shall be dedicated and improved consistent with Chapter 6 of the Community Development Plan, the Transportation System Plan and applicable City standards and specifications included in the City of Sherwood Construction Standards, and shall include curbs, sidewalks, catch basins, street lights, and street trees. Improvements shall also include any bikeways designated on the Transportation System Plan map.

Catch basins shall be installed and connected to storm sewers and drainage ways. Upon completion of the improvements, monuments shall be re-established and protected in monument boxes at every public street intersection and all points of curvature and points of tangency of their center lines. Street signs shall be installed at all street intersections and street lights shall be installed and served from an underground source of supply unless other electrical lines in the development are not underground.

E. Street Modifications

- 1. Modifications to standards contained within this Chapter and Section 16.58.010 and the standard cross sections contained in Chapter 8 of the adopted Sherwood Transportation System Plan (TSP), may be granted in accordance with the procedures and criteria set out in this section.
- 2. Types of Modifications. Requests fall within the following two categories:
 - a. Administrative Modifications. Administrative modification requests concern the construction of facilities, rather than their general design, and are limited to the following when deviating from standards in this Chapter, Section 16.58.010, City of Sherwood Construction Standards or Chapter 8 contained in the adopted Transportation System Plan:
 - (1) Surfacing materials for roads or pedestrian facilities.
 - (2) Asphalt and/or base rock thickness less than required.
 - (3) Pavement marking layout.

- (4) Exceeding the maximum street grade.
- (5) Type and/or location of signage.
- (6) Channelization.
- (7) Intersection interior angles and curb radii less than required.
- (8) Utilizing the current set of standards in lieu of the standards that were in place when the applicant's proposed project was vested.
- (9) Access-related modifications onto collectors, arterials, and state routes provided other substantive criteria such as sight distance and limited access points are met; and provided further that access to a lesser classification of road is not available.
- (10) Needed changes as a result of a field investigation during construction.
- (11) Similar revisions to the standards.
- b. Design Modifications. Design modifications deal with the vertical and horizontal geometrics and safety related issues and include the following when deviating from this Chapter, Section 16.58.010 or Chapter 8 cross sections in the adopted Transportation System Plan:
 - (1) Reduced sight distances.
 - (2) Vertical alignment.
 - (3) Horizontal alignment.
 - (4) Geometric design (length, width, bulb radius, etc.).
 - (5) Design speed.
 - (6) Crossroads.
 - (7) Access policy.
 - (8) A proposed alternative design which provides a plan superior to these standards.
 - (9) All other standards.
- 3. Procedure. A modification request shall be classified as an administrative decision by the City Engineer. When a modification is requested to provide a green street element that is not included in the Construction Standards, the below process shall be followed, however no fee shall be

required.

- a. Administrative Modification. Administrative modifications may be requested at any time and are processed as Type II applications, unless defined under (C)(2) below. The application shall include sufficient technical analysis to enable a reasoned decision and shall include a letter of concurrency from the City Engineer.
- b. Design Modification. Design modifications shall be proposed in conjunction with the application for the underlying development proposal and processed as a Type III application. Design modification requests shall be processed in conjunction with the underlying development proposal unless it is submitted subsequent to the decision for the underlying development proposal. The design modification application shall:
 - (1) Include a written request stating the reasons for the request and the factors which would make approval of the request reasonable.
 - (2) Include a letter of Concurrency from the City Engineer.
 - (3) Be accompanied by a map showing the applicable existing conditions and proposed construction such as contours, wetlands, significant trees, lakes, streams and rivers, utilities, property lines, existing and proposed roads and driveways, existing and projected traffic patterns, and any unusual or unique conditions not generally found in other developments.
 - (4) In the case of modification requests based upon alleged disproportionality, include an engineering analysis of the standard sought to be modified which contrasts relevant traffic impacts from the development with the cost of complying with the standard.
 - (5) For crossroad and frontage construction and right-of-way dedication, the application shall include information indicating whether there are geographic or other factors which render connection/completion of the road unfeasible.
- 4. Street modifications may be granted when criterion 4a and any one of criteria 4b through 4f are met:
 - a. A letter of concurrency is obtained from the City Engineer or designee.
 - b. Topography, right-of-way, existing construction or physical conditions, or other geographic conditions impose an unusual hardship on the applicant, and an equivalent alternative which can accomplish the same design purpose is available.
 - A minor change to a specification or standard is required to address a specific design or construction problem which, if not enacted, will result in an unusual hardship.
 Self-imposed hardships shall not be used as a reason to grant a modification request.

- d. An alternative design is proposed which will provide a plan equal to or superior to the existing street standards.
- e. Application of the standards of this chapter to the development would be grossly disproportional to the impacts created.
- f. In reviewing a modification request, consideration shall be given to public safety, durability, cost of maintenance, function, appearance, and other appropriate factors, such as to advance the goals of the adopted Sherwood Comprehensive Plan and Transportation System Plan as a whole. Any modification shall be the minimum necessary to alleviate the hardship or disproportional impact.

(Ord. No. 2010-015, § 2, 10-5-2010; Ord. 2006-021; Ord. 2005-009 § 5; Ord. 91-922; Ord. 86-851, § 3)

16.108.040 Location and Design

A. Generally

The location, width and grade of streets shall be considered in their relation to existing and planned streets, topographical conditions, and proposed land uses. The proposed street system shall provide adequate, convenient and safe traffic and pedestrian circulation, and intersection angles, grades, tangents, and curves shall be adequate for expected traffic volumes. Street alignments shall be consistent with solar access requirements as per Chapter 16.156, and topographical considerations.

- B. Street Connectivity and Future Street Systems
- 1. Future Street Systems. The arrangement of public streets shall provide for the continuation and establishment of future street systems as shown on the Local Street Connectivity Map contained in the adopted Transportation System Plan (Figure 8-8).
- 2. Connectivity Map Required. New residential, commercial, and mixed use development involving the construction of new streets shall be submitted with a site plan that implements, responds to and expands on the Local Street Connectivity map contained in the TSP. A project is deemed to be consistent with the Local Street Connectivity map when it provides a street connection in the general vicinity of the connection(s) shown on the map, or where such connection is not practicable due to topography or other physical constraints, it shall provide an alternate connection approved by the Review Authority. Where a developer does not control all of the land that is necessary to complete a planned street connection, the development shall provide for as much of the designated connection as practicable and not prevent the street from continuing in the future. Where a development is disproportionately impacted by a required street connection, or it provides more than its proportionate share of street improvements along property line (i.e., by building more than 3/4 width street), the developer shall be entitled to System Development charge credits, as determined by the City Engineer.
- 3. Block Length. For new streets except arterials, block length shall not exceed 530 feet. The length of blocks adjacent to arterials shall not exceed 1,800 feet.

- 4. Where streets must cross water features identified in Title 3 of the Urban Growth Management Functional Plan (UGMFP), provide crossings at an average spacing of 800 to 1,200 feet, unless habitat quality or length of crossing prevents a full street connection.
- 5. Where full street connections over water features identified in Title 3 of the UGMFP cannot be constructed in centers, main streets and station communities (including direct connections from adjacent neighborhoods), or spacing of full street crossings exceeds 1,200 feet, provide bicycle and pedestrian crossings at an average spacing of 530 feet, unless exceptional habitat quality or length of crossing prevents a connection.
- 6. Pedestrian and Bicycle Connectivity. Paved bike and pedestrian accessways at least 8 feet wide, or consistent with cross section standards in Figure 8-6 of the TSP, shall be provided on public easements or right-of-way when full street connections are not possible, with spacing between connections of no more than 300 feet. Multi-use paths shall be built according to the Pedestrian and Bike Master Plans in the adopted Transportation System Plan.
- 7. Exceptions. Streets, bike, and pedestrian connections need not be constructed when any of the following conditions exists:
 - a. Physical or topographic conditions make a street or accessway connection impracticable. Such conditions include but are not limited to freeways, railroads, steep slopes, wetlands or other bodies of water where a connection could not reasonably be provided.
 - b. Buildings or other existing development on adjacent lands physically preclude a connection now or in the future considering the potential for redevelopment; or
 - c. Where streets or accessways would violate provisions of leases, easements, covenants, restrictions or other agreements existing as of May 1, 1995, which preclude a required street or accessway connection.

C. Underground Utilities

All public and private underground utilities, including sanitary sewers and storm water drains, shall be constructed prior to the surfacing of streets. Stubs for service connections shall be long enough to avoid disturbing the street improvements when service connections are made.

D. Additional Setbacks

Generally Additional setbacks apply when the width of a street right-of-way abutting a development is less than the standard width under the functional classifications in Section VI of the Community Development Plan. Additional setbacks are intended to provide unobstructed area for future street right-of-way dedication and improvements, in conformance with Section VI. Additional setbacks shall be measured at right angles from the centerline of the street.

	Classification	Additional Setback
1.	Major Arterial	61 feet
2.	Minor Arterial	37 feet

3.	Collector	29 feet
4.	Local	26 feet

(Ord. No. 2011-003, § 2, 4-5-2011; Ord. No. 2010-015, § 2, 10-5-2010; Ord. 2006-021; Ord. 2005-017 § 5; Ord. 2005-009, § 5; Ord. 91-922; Ord. 86-851)

16.108.050 Street Design

Standard cross sections showing street design and pavement dimensions are located in the City of Sherwood Transportation System Plan, and City of Sherwood Design and Construction Manual.

A. Reserve Strips

Reserve strips or street plugs controlling access or extensions to streets shall not be allowed unless necessary for the protection of the public welfare or of substantial property rights. All reserve strips shall be dedicated to the City.

B. Alignment

All proposed streets shall, as far as practicable, be in alignment with existing streets. In no case shall the staggering of streets create a "T" intersection or a dangerous condition. Street offsets of less than one hundred (100) feet will not be allowed.

C. Future Extension

Where necessary to access or permit future subdivision or development of adjoining land, streets shall extend to the boundary of the development. Dead-end streets less than 100' in length shall either comply with City cul-de-sac standards of Section 16.108.060, or shall provide an interim hammerhead turnaround at a location that is aligned with the future street system as shown on the local street connectivity map.

A durable sign shall be installed at the applicant's expense. These signs shall notify the public of the intent to construct future streets. The sign shall read as follows: "This road will be extended with future development. For more information contact the City of Sherwood at 503-625-4202.

D. Intersection Angles

- 1. Streets shall intersect as near to ninety (90) degree angles as practical, except where topography requires a lesser angle. In no case shall the permitted angle be less than eighty (80) degrees without an approved special intersection design. Streets which contain an acute angle of less than eighty (80) degrees or which include an arterial street shall have a minimum corner radius sufficient to allow for a roadway edge radius of twenty (20) feet and maintain a uniform width between the roadway and the right-of-way line.
- 2. Arterial, collector streets, or neighborhood routes intersecting with another street shall have at least one hundred (100) feet on tangent adjacent to intersections unless topography requires a lesser distance. Local streets, except alleys, shall have at least fifty

(50) feet on tangent adjacent to intersections.

E. Cul-de-sacs

- 1. All cul-de-sacs shall be no more than one hundred (100) feet in length, shall not provide access to more than 15 dwelling units and shall be used only when exceptional topographical constraints, existing development patterns, or compliance with other standards in this code preclude a street extension and circulation.
- 2. All cul-de-sacs shall terminate with a circular turnaround no more than 40 feet in radius (i.e. from center to edge of pavement) or hammerhead turnaround in accordance with the specifications in the Design and Construction Manual. The radius of circular turnarounds may be larger when they contain a landscaped island, parking bay in their center, Tualatin Valley Fire and Rescue submits a written request, or an industrial use requires a larger turnaround for truck access.
- 3. The length of the cul-de-sac shall be measured along the centerline of the roadway from the near side of the intersecting street to the farthest point of the cul-de-sac.
- 4. Public easements, tracts, or right-of-way shall provide paved pedestrian and bicycle accessways at least 6 feet wide where cul-de-sacs or dead-end streets are planned, to connect the ends of the streets together, connect to other streets, and/or connect to other existing or planned developments in accordance with the standards of this Chapter and other City standards.

F. Grades and Curves

Grades shall not exceed six percent (6%) for arterials, ten percent (10%) for collector streets or neighborhood routes, and twelve percent (12%) for other streets. Center line radii of curves shall not be less than two hundred (200) feet for arterials or one hundred (100) feet for other streets. Where existing conditions, such as topography, make buildable sites impractical, steeper grades and sharper curves may be approved. Finished street grades shall have a minimum slope of one-half percent (1/2%).

G. Streets Adjacent to Railroads

Streets adjacent to railroads shall run approximately parallel to the railroad and be separated by a distance suitable to allow landscaping and buffering between the street and railroad. Due consideration shall be given at cross streets for the minimum distance required for future grade separations and to provide sufficient depth to allow screening of the railroad.

H. Buffering of Major Streets

Where a development abuts Highway 99W, or an existing or proposed principal arterial, arterial or collector street, or neighborhood route, adequate protection for residential properties shall be provided and through and local traffic shall be separated and traffic conflicts minimized. In

addition, visual corridors pursuant to Section 16.142.030, and all applicable access provisions of Chapter 16.96, shall be met. Buffering may be achieved by: parallel access streets, lots of extra depth abutting the major street with frontage along another street, or other treatment suitable to meet the objectives of this Code.

I. Median Islands

As illustrated in Chapter 8 of the adopted Transportation System Plan, median islands may be used on arterial or collector streets for the purpose of controlling access, or for aesthetic purposes.

J. Curbs

Except in the Old Town Overlay District where curbless (woonerf) streets are permitted, or as otherwise approved by the City Engineer, curbs shall be installed on both sides of public streets and shall be at least six (6) inches in height.

K. Transit Facilities

Developments along existing or proposed transit routes, as illustrated in Figure 7-2 in the TSP, shall be required to provide areas and facilities for bus turnouts, shelters, and other transit-related facilities to Tri-Met specifications. Transit facilities shall also meet the following requirements:

- 1. Locate buildings within 20 feet of or provide a pedestrian plaza at major transit stops.
- 2. Provide reasonably direct pedestrian connections between the transit stop and building entrances on the site.
- 3. Provide a transit passenger landing pad accessible to disabled persons (if not already existing to transit agency standards).
- 4. Provide an easement or dedication for a passenger shelter and underground utility connection from the new development to the transit amenity if requested by the public transit provider.
- 5. Provide lighting at a transit stop (if not already existing to transit agency standards).

L. Traffic Controls

For developments of five (5) acres or more, the City may require a traffic impact analysis to determine the number and types of traffic controls necessary to accommodate anticipated traffic flow. Such analysis will be completed according to specifications established by the City. Review and approval of the analysis by the City, and any improvements indicated, shall be required prior to issuance of a construction permit.

M. Traffic Calming

- 1. The following roadway design features, including internal circulation drives, may be required by the City in new construction in areas where traffic calming needs are anticipated:
 - a. Curb extensions (bulb-outs).
 - b. Traffic diverters/circles.
 - c. Alternative paving and painting patterns.
 - d. Raised crosswalks, speed humps, and pedestrian refuges.
 - e. Other methods demonstrated as effective through peer reviewed engineering studies.
- 2. With approval of the City Engineer, traffic calming measures such as speed humps and additional stop signs can be applied to mitigate traffic operations and/or safety problems on existing streets. They should not be applied with new street construction unless approved by the City Engineer and Tualatin Valley Fire & Rescue.

N. Vehicular Access Management

All developments shall have legal access to a public road. Access onto public streets shall be permitted upon demonstration of compliance with the provisions of adopted street standards in the City of Sherwood Transportation Technical Standards and the standards of this Division.

- 1. Measurement: See the following access diagram where R/W = Right-of-Way; and P.I. = Point-of-Intersection where P.I. shall be located based upon a 90 degree angle of intersection between ultimate right-of-way lines.
 - a. Minimum right-of-way radius at intersections shall conform to city standards.
 - b. All minimum distances stated in the following sections shall be governed by sight distance requirements according to City Design and Construction Manual.
 - c. All minimum distances stated in the following sections shall be measured to the nearest easement line of the access or edge of travel lane of the access on both sides of the road.
 - d. All minimum distances between accesses shall be measured from existing or approved accesses on both sides of the road.
 - e. Minimum spacing between driveways shall be measured from Point "C" to Point "C" as shown below:

GRAPHIC UNAVAILABLE: Click here

2. Roadway Access

No use will be permitted to have direct access to a street or road except as specified below. Access spacing shall be measured from existing or approved accesses on either side of a street or road. The lowest functional classification street available to the legal lot, including alleys within a public easement, shall take precedence for new access points.

a. Local Streets:

Minimum right-of-way radius is fifteen (15) feet. Access will not be permitted within ten (10) feet of Point "B," if no radius exists, access will not be permitted within twenty-five (25) feet of Point "A." Access points near an intersection with a Neighborhood Route, Collector or Arterial shall be located beyond the influence of standing queues of the intersection in accordance with AASHTO standards. This requirement may result in access spacing greater than ten (10) feet.

b. Neighborhood Routes:

Minimum spacing between driveways (Point "C" to Point "C") shall be fifty (50) feet with the exception of single family residential lots in a recorded subdivision. Such lots shall not be subject to a minimum spacing requirement between driveways (Point "C" to Point "C"). In all instances, access points near an intersection with a Neighborhood Route, Collector or Arterial shall be located beyond the influence of standing queues of the intersection in accordance with AASHTO standards. This requirement may result in access spacing greater than fifty (50) feet.

c. Collectors:

All commercial, industrial and institutional uses with one-hundred-fifty (150) feet or more of frontage will be permitted direct access to a Collector. Uses with less than one-hundred-fifty (150) feet of frontage shall not be permitted direct access to Collectors unless no other alternative exists.

Where joint access is available it shall be used, provided that such use is consistent with Section 16.96.040, Joint Access. No use will be permitted direct access to a Collector within one-hundred (100) feet of any present Point "A." Minimum spacing between driveways (Point "C" to Point "C") shall be one-hundred (100) feet. In all instances, access points near an intersection with a Collector or Arterial shall be located beyond the influence of standing queues of the intersection in accordance with AASHTO standards. This requirement may

result in access spacing greater than one hundred (100) feet.

- d. Arterials and Highway 99W Points of ingress or egress to and from Highway 99W and arterials designated on the Transportation Plan Map, attached as Figure 1 of the Community Development Plan, Part II, shall be limited as follows:
 - (1) Single and two-family uses and manufactured homes on individual residential lots developed after the effective date of this Code shall not be granted permanent driveway ingress or egress from Highway 99W or arterials. If alternative public access is not available at the time of development, provisions shall be made for temporary access which shall be discontinued upon the availability of alternative access.
 - Other private ingress or egress from Highway 99W and arterial roadways shall be minimized. Where alternatives to Highway 99W or arterials exist or are proposed, any new or altered uses developed after the effective date of this Code shall be required to use the alternative ingress and egress. Alternatives include shared or crossover access agreement between properties, consolidated access points, or frontage or backage roads. When alternatives do not exist, access shall comply with the following standards:
 - (a) Access to Highway 99W shall be consistent with ODOT standards and policies per OAR 734, Division 51, as follows: Direct access to an arterial or principal arterial will be permitted provided that Point 'A' of such access is more than six hundred (600) feet from any intersection Point 'A' or other access to that arterial (Point 'C').
 - (b) The access to Highway 99W will be considered temporary until an alternative access to public right-of-ways is created. When the alternative access is available the temporary access to Highway 99W shall be closed.
 - (3) All site plans for new development submitted to the City for approval after the effective date of this Code shall show ingress and egress from existing or planned local, neighborhood route or collector streets, including frontage or backage roads, consistent with the Transportation Plan Map and Chapter 6 of the Community Development Plan.
- 3. Exceptions to Access Criteria for City-Owned Streets
 - a. Alternate points of access may be allowed if an access management plan which maintains the classified function and integrity of the applicable facility is reviewed and approved by the City Engineer after considering the applicant's compliance with this Chapter.
 - b. An application for an Access Management Plan shall explain the need for the

modification and demonstrate that the modification maintains the classified function and integrity of the facility. References to standards or publications used to prepare the Access Management Application shall be included with the application, including citations and numbers of engineering publications used to demonstrate compliance.

- c. An access management plan shall address the safety and operational problems which would be encountered should a modification to the access spacing standards be granted. An access management plan shall be prepared and certified by a traffic or civil engineer registered in the State of Oregon. An access management plan shall at minimum contain the following:
 - (1) The minimum study area shall include the length of the site's frontage plus the distance of the applicable access spacing standard on each side of the subject property, as set forth in Section 16.108.050.N.2., measured from the property lines or access point(s), whichever is greater. For example, a property with 500 feet of frontage on an arterial (required 600 foot access spacing standard) shall have a minimum study area which is 1,700 (1,200 + 500) feet in length.
 - (2) The access management plan shall address the potential safety and operational problems associated with the proposed access point. The access management plan shall review both existing and future access for all properties within the study area as defined above.
 - (3) The access management plan shall include a comparison of all alternatives examined. At a minimum, the access management plan shall evaluate the proposed modification to the access spacing standard and the impacts of a plan utilizing the County standard for access spacing. Specifically, the access management plan shall identify any impacts on the operations and/or safety of the various alternatives.
 - (4) The access management plan shall include a list of improvements and recommendations necessary to implement the proposed access modification, specifically addressing all safety and operational concerns identified.
 - (5) Notice for a proposed access management plan shall include all property owners within the study area defined above.
- 4. Access in the Old Town (OT) Overlay Zone
 - a. Access points in the OT Overlay Zone shown in an adopted plan such as the Transportation System Plan, are not subject to the access spacing standards and do not need a variance. However, the applicant shall submit a partial access management plan for approval by the City Engineer. The approved plan shall be

implemented as a condition of development approval.

- b. Partial Access Management Plan.
 - (1) A partial access management plan shall include:
 - (a) Drawings identifying proposed or modified access points.
 - (b) A list of improvements and recommendations necessary to implement the proposed or modified access.
 - (c) A written statement identifying impacts to and mitigation strategies for facilities related to the proposed access points, especially considering safety impacts to all travel modes, operations, and the streetscape including on-street parking, tree spacing and pedestrian and bike facilities. The lowest functional classification street available to the lot, including alleys within a public easement, shall take precedence for new access points.
 - (2) Access permits shall be required even if no other land use approval is requested.

(Ord. No. 2010-015, § 2, 10-5-2010; Ord. 2006-021; Ord. 2005-009, § 5; 2005-006, § 5; Ord. 86-851)

16.108.060 Sidewalks

- A. Required Improvements
- 1. Except as otherwise provided, sidewalks shall be installed on both sides of a public street and in any special pedestrian way within new development.
- 2. For Highway 99W, major or minor arterials, or in special industrial districts, the Commission may approve a development without sidewalks if alternative pedestrian routes are available.
- 3. In the case of approved cul-de-sacs serving less than fifteen (15) dwelling units, sidewalks on one side only may be approved by the Review Authority.
- B. Sidewalk Design Standards
- 1. Arterial and Collector Streets

Arterial and collector streets shall have minimum eight (8) foot wide sidewalks/multi-use path, located as required by this Code.

2. Local Streets

Local streets shall have minimum five (5) foot wide sidewalks, located as required by this Code.

3. Handicapped Ramps

Sidewalk handicapped ramps shall be provided at all intersections.

- C. Pedestrian and Bicycle Paths
- 1. Provide bike and pedestrian connections on public easements or right-of-way when full street connections are not possible, with spacing between connections of no more than 330 feet except where prevented by topography, barriers such as railroads or highways, or environmental constraints such as rivers and streams.

(Ord. No. 2010-015, § 2, 10-5-2010; Ord. 2005-009, § 5; 2000-1103; Ord. 86-851)

16.108.070 Hwy. 99W Capacity Allocation Program (CAP)

- A. Purpose The purpose of the Highway 99W Capacity Allocation Program is to:
- 1. Prevent failure of Highway 99W through Sherwood.
- 2. Preserve capacity on Highway 99W over the next 20 years for new development within Sherwood.
- 3. Preserve land values in Sherwood by preventing failure of one of the City's key transportation links.
- 4. Insure improvements to Highway 99W and adjacent primary roadways are constructed at the time development occurs.
- 5. Minimize the regulatory burden on developments that have minimal impact on Highway 99W.
- B. Exclusions

The following types of projects and activities are specifically excluded from the provisions of this program:

- 1. Churches.
- 2. Elementary, middle, and high schools.
- 3. Changes in use that do not increase the number of trips generated by the current use.
- C. Definitions
- 1. "Base Application" means the site plan or conditional use application which invokes the provisions of this chapter.

- 2. "Capacity" means the maximum number of peak hour vehicle trips that Highway 99W through Sherwood may accommodate at the Level of Service Standard assuming full build-out of all land zoned for residential and industrial development in Sherwood.
- 3. "Full Access Intersections" means the following intersections on Highway 99W in Sherwood:
 - Sunset, Meinecke, Edy/N. Sherwood, Tualatin-Sherwood/Scholls-Sherwood (Roy Rogers Road, and Home Depot (Adams Street).
- 4. "ITE Manual" means the latest edition of the public titled "Trip Generation" by the Institute of Transportation Engineers.
- 5. "Level of Service (LOS) Standard" means the lowest acceptable level of service on a transportation corridor within Sherwood as stated in the Standard Requirements Section.
- 6. "Mitigation" means improvements to the transportation system that increase or enhance capacity.
- 7. "Net Trips" means the number of trips generated by a regulated activity during the PM Peak Hours. Net trips equal new trips, diverted trips, and trips from existing activities on a site that will remain. Net trips do not include: Pass-by trips, Internal trips, trips from existing facilities that will be removed, and Trips Reduced due to implementation of transportation demand strategies.
- 8. "Peak Hour" means a consecutive sixty (60) minute period during the twelve (12) PM hours of an average day, which experience the highest sum of traffic volumes on a roadway.
- 9. "Regulated Activity" means project(s) or activities proposed in the base application.
- 10. "Site Trip Limit" means the trip limit multiplied by the acreage of the site containing the regulated activity.
- 11. "Trip Allocation Certificate" means a certificate or letter from the City Engineer specifying that a regulated activity meets the trip limit and specifying any required mitigation.
- 12. "Trip Analysis" means a study or report that specifies the net trips from a regulated activity and analyzes the trip distribution and assignment from the activity.
- 13. "Trip Limit" means the maximum number of trips per acre from regulated activities that can be accommodated without violating the LOS Standard.
- D. Standard Requirements
- 1. All regulated activities shall acquire a Trip Allocation Certificate prior to approval of their base application. Lack of a Trip Allocation Certificate shall be the basis for denial of a base application.

- 2. A Trip Analysis is required for all regulated activities prior to being considered for a Trip Allocation Certificate.
- 3. The Level of Service Standard for Highway 99W through Sherwood through the year 2020 is "E".
- 4. The trip limit for a regulated activity shall be forty-three (43) net trips per acre.
- 5. Mitigation to comply with the CAP shall not be required for regulated activities occurring on land zoned General Industrial (GI) or Light Industrial (LI) when the activity produces less than eight (8) net trips per acre.
- E. Trip Analysis

1. Purpose

The first step in the process of seeking a Trip Allocation Certificate is preparation of a Trip Analysis by the applicant for the regulated activity. The purpose of the Trip Analysis is to evaluate whether the net trips from a regulated activity exceed the site trip limit.

2. Timing

The Trip Analysis shall be submitted with the relevant base application. Base applications without a Trip Analysis shall be deemed incomplete.

3. Format

At a minimum, the Trip Analysis shall contain all the following information:

- a. The type and location of the regulated activity.
- b. A tax map clearly identifying the parcel(s) involved in the Trip Analysis.
- c. Square footage used to estimate trips, in accordance with methods outlined in the ITE Manual.
- d. Description of the type of activity, especially as it corresponds to activities described in the ITE Manual.
- e. Copy of the ITE Manual page used to estimate trips.
- f. Acreage of the site containing the regulated activity calculated to two (2) decimal points.
- g. Trip distributions and assignments from the regulated activity to all full access intersections impacted by ten (10) or more trips from the regulated activity with identification of the method used to distribute trips from the site.

- h. Copies of any other studies utilized in the Trip Analysis.
- i. Summary of the net trips generated by the regulated activity in comparison to the site trip limit.
- j. Signature and stamp of a professional engineer, registered in the State of Oregon, with expertise in traffic or transportation engineering, who prepared the analysis.

4. Methods

- a. The Trip Analysis and trip generation for an activity shall be based on the ITE Manual.
- b. If a trip generation for the proposed use is not available in the ITE Manual or the applicant wishes to dispute the findings in the ITE Manual, the trip generation calculation may be based on an analysis of trips from five (5) sites with the same type of activity as that proposed.
- 5. Modification of Trip Analysis Requirements

The City Engineer may waive, in writing, some of the requirements of the Trip Analysis if:

- a. The proposed regulated activity is part of a previously approved Trip Allocation Certificate that meets the requirements of this chapter and the applicant demonstrates, to the satisfaction of the City Engineer, that the applicable provisions of the previously approved Trip Allocation Certificate shall be met; or
- b. The City Engineer determines, upon receipt of a letter of request from the applicant, that less information is required to accomplish the purposes of this chapter.

F. Trip Allocation Certificate

1. General

- a. Trip Allocation Certificates shall be issued by the City Engineer.
- b. Trip Allocation Certificates shall be valid for the same period as the land use or other city approval for the regulated activity.
- c. The City Engineer may invalidate a Trip Allocation Certificate when, in the City Engineer's judgment, the Trip Analysis that formed the basis for award of the Trip Allocation Certificate no longer accurately reflects the activity proposed under the base application.

2. Approval Criteria

- a. Upon receipt of a Trip Analysis, the City Engineer shall review the analysis. The Trip Analysis shall meet both of the following criteria to justify issuance of a Trip Allocation Certificate for the regulated activity:
 - (1) Adequacy of analysis; and
 - (2) Projected net trips less than the site trip limit.

b. Adequacy of Analysis

The City Engineer shall judge this criterion based on the following factors:

- (1) Adherence to the Trip Analysis format and methods described in this chapter.
- (2) Appropriate use of data and assumptions; and
- (3) Completeness of the Trip Analysis.

3. Mitigation

- a. The Trip Allocation Certificate shall specify required mitigation measures for the regulated activity.
- b. Mitigation measures shall include improvements to Highway 99W and nearby transportation corridors that, in the judgment of the City Engineer, are needed to meet the LOS Standard and provide capacity for the regulated activity.
- c. Engineering construction plans for required mitigation measures shall be submitted and approved in conjunction with other required construction plans for the regulated activity.
- d. Mitigation measures shall be implemented in tandem with work associated with the regulated activity.
- e. Failure to implement required mitigation measures shall be grounds for revoking the regulated activity's base application approval.

G. Other Provisions

- 1. Acreage Calculation for a Regulated Activity
 - a. Acreage calculations used to calculate net trips per acre in the Trip Analysis must use the entire area of the tax lot(s) containing the regulated activity, less 100-year floodplain area, in accordance with FIRM map for Sherwood.
 - b. If the site contains existing uses, the net trips generated by these uses shall be included in the calculation of net trips generated from the site.

2. Partial Development of a Site

- a. If a regulated activity utilizes a portion of a vacant tax lot, such that the site could be further developed in the future, the applicant shall identify the potential uses for the vacant portion and reserve trips for that portion of the site in accordance with the uses identified. These reserve trips shall be included in the calculation of the net trips generated from the site.
- b. The Trip Allocation Certificate shall not be issued if the proposed future uses of the vacant area and the reserve trips are unrealistic in the opinion of the City Engineer. (Ord. No. 2010-015, § 2, 10-5-2010; Ord. 2005-009 § 5; 2000-1104)

16.108.080 BIKE PATHS

If shown on the Figure 6-1 of the Transportation System Plan, bicycle paths shall be installed in public rights-of-way, in accordance with City specifications. Bike lanes shall be installed on both sides of designated roads, should be separated from the road by a twelve (12) inch stripe, not a curb, and should be a minimum of five (5) feet wide. Bike paths should not be combined with a sidewalk. (Ord. No. 2010-015, § 2, 10-5-2010; Ord. 2005-009 § 5; 91-922)

Chapter 16.110

SANITARY SEWERS*

Sections:

16.110.010 Required Improvements 16.110.020 Design Standards 16.110.030 Service Availability

* Editor's Note: Some sections may not contain a history.

16.110.010 Required Improvements

Sanitary sewers shall be installed to serve all new developments and shall connect to existing sanitary sewer mains. Provided, however, that when impractical to immediately connect to a trunk sewer system, the use of septic tanks may be approved, if sealed sewer laterals are installed for future connection and the temporary system meets all other applicable City, Clean Water Services, Washington County and State sewage disposal standards.

(Ord. No. 2010-015, § 2, 10-5-2010; Ord. 86-851, § 3)

16.110.020 Design Standards

A. Capacity

Sanitary sewers shall be constructed, located, sized, and installed at standards consistent with this Code, the Sanitary Sewer Service Plan Map in the Sanitary Sewer Master Plan, and other applicable Clean Water Services and City standards, in order to adequately serve the proposed development and allow for future

extensions.

- B. Over-Sizing
- 1. When sewer facilities will, without further construction, directly serve property outside a proposed development, gradual reimbursement may be used to equitably distribute the cost of that over-sized system.
- 2. Reimbursement shall be in an amount estimated by the City to be a proportionate share of the cost for each connection made to the sewer by property owners outside of the development, for a period of ten (10) years from the time of installation of the sewers. The boundary of the reimbursement area and the method of determining proportionate shares shall be determined by the City. Reimbursement shall only be made as additional connections are made and shall be collected as a surcharge in addition to normal connection charges.

(Ord. No. 2010-015, § 2, 10-5-2010; Ord. 91-922, § 3; Ord. 86-851)

16.110.030 Service Availability

Approval of construction plans for new facilities pursuant to Chapter 16.106, and the issuance of building permits for new development to be served by existing sewer systems shall include certification by the City that existing or proposed sewer facilities are adequate to serve the development. (Ord. 86-851, § 3)

Chapter 16.112

WATER SUPPLY*

Sections:

16.112.010 Required Improvements 16.112.020 Design Standards 16.112.030 Service Availability

* Editor's Note: Some sections may not contain a history.

16.112.010 Required Improvements

Water lines and fire hydrants conforming to City and Fire District standards shall be installed to serve all building sites in a proposed development. All waterlines shall be connected to existing water mains or shall construct new mains appropriately sized and located in accordance with the Water System Master Plan. (Ord. 2009-008, § 3, 7-21-2009; Ord. 86-851, § 3)

16.112.020 Design Standards

A. Capacity

Water lines providing potable water supply shall be sized, constructed, located and installed at standards consistent with this Code, the Water System Master Plan, the City's Design and Construction Manual, and with other applicable City standards and specifications, in order to adequately serve the proposed development and

allow for future extensions.

B. Fire Protection

All new development shall comply with the fire protection requirements of Chapter 16.116, the applicable portions of Chapter 7 of the Community Development Plan, and the Fire District.

C. Over-Sizing

- 1. When water mains will, without further construction, directly serve property outside a proposed development, gradual reimbursement may be used to equitably distribute the cost of that over-sized system.
- 2. Reimbursement shall be in an amount estimated by the City to be the proportionate share of the cost of each connection made to the water mains by property owners outside the development, for a period of ten (10) years from the time of installation of the mains. The boundary of the reimbursement area and the method of determining proportionate shares shall be determined by the City. Reimbursement shall only be made as additional connections are made and shall be collected as a surcharge in addition to normal connection charges.
- 3. When over-sizing is required in accordance with the Water System Master Plan, it shall be installed per the Water System Master Plan. Compensation for over-sizing may be provided through direct reimbursement, from the City, after mainlines have been accepted. Reimbursement of this nature would be utilized when the cost of over-sizing is for system wide improvements.

(Ord. No. 2010-015, § 2, 10-5-2010; Ord. No. 2009-008, § 3, 7-21-2009; Ord. 91-922, § 3; Ord. 86-851)

16.112.030 Service Availability

Approval of construction plans for new water facilities pursuant to Chapter 16.106, and the issuance of building permits for new development to be served by existing water systems shall include certification by the City that existing or proposed water systems are adequate to serve the development. (Ord. 86-851, § 3)

Chapter 16.114

STORM WATER*

Sections:

16.114.010 Required Improvements 16.114.020 Design Standards 16.114.030 Service Availability

* Editor's Note: Some sections may not contain a history.

16.114.010 Required Improvements

Storm water facilities, including appropriate source control and conveyance facilities, shall be installed

in new developments and shall connect to the existing downstream drainage systems consistent with the Comprehensive Plan and the requirements of the Clean Water Services water quality regulations contained in their Design and Construction Standards R&O 04-9, or its replacement. (Ord. 2006-021; 2000-1092 § 3; 93-972)

(Note: Section 16.114.015, Street Systems Improvement Fees (SIF) was repealed by Ordinance 91-922 § 19) to be removed from the SZCDC and permanently located in the Municipal Code).

16.114.020 Design Standards

A. Capacity

Storm water drainage systems shall be sized, constructed, located, and installed at standards consistent with this Code, the Storm Drainage Master Plan Map, attached as Exhibit E, Chapter 7 of the Community Development Plan, other applicable City standards, the Clean Water Services Design and Construction standards R&O 04-9 or its replacement, and hydrologic data and improvement plans submitted by the developer.

B. On-Site Source Control

Storm water detention and groundwater recharge improvements, including but not limited to such facilities as dry wells, detention ponds, and roof top ponds shall be constructed according to Clean Water Services Design and Construction Standards.

C. Conveyance System

The size, capacity and location of storm water sewers and other storm water conveyance improvements shall be adequate to serve the development and accommodate upstream and downstream flow. If an upstream area discharges through the property proposed for development, the drainage system shall provide capacity to the receive storm water discharge from the upstream area. If downstream drainage systems are not sufficient to receive an increase in storm water caused by new development, provisions shall be made by the developer to increase the downstream capacity or to provide detention such that the new development will not increase the storm water caused by the new development.

(Ord. No. 2010-015, § 2, 10-5-2010; Ord. 2006-021; 2000-1092 § 3; 91-922; Ord. 86-851 § 3)

16.114.030 Service Availability

Approval of construction plans for new storm water drainage facilities pursuant to Chapter 16.106, and the issuance of building permits for new development to be served by existing storm water drainage systems shall include certification by the City that existing or proposed drainage facilities are adequate to serve the development.

(Ord. 86-851, § 3)

Chapter 16.116

FIRE PROTECTION*

Sections:

16.116.010 Required Improvements 16.116.020 Standards 16.116.030 Miscellaneous Requirements

* Editor's Note: Some sections may not contain a history.

16.116.010 Required Improvements

When land is developed so that any commercial or industrial structure is further than two hundred and fifty (250) feet or any residential structure is further than five hundred (500) feet from an adequate water supply for fire protection, as determined by the Fire District, the developer shall provide fire protection facilities necessary to provide adequate water supply and fire safety. (Ord. 86-851, § 3)

16.116.020 Standards

A. Capacity

All fire protection facilities shall be approved by and meet the specifications of the Fire District, and shall be sized, constructed, located, and installed consistent with this Code, Chapter 7 of the Community Development Plan, and other applicable City standards, in order to adequately protect life and property in the proposed development.

B. Fire Flow

Standards published by the Insurance Services Office, entitled "Guide for Determination of Required Fire Flows" shall determine the capacity of facilities required to furnish an adequate fire flow. Fire protection facilities shall be adequate to convey quantities of water, as determined by ISO standards, to any outlet in the system, at no less than twenty (20) pounds per square inch residual pressure. Water supply for fire protection purposes shall be restricted to that available from the City water system. The location of hydrants shall be taken into account in determining whether an adequate water supply exists.

C. Access to Facilities

Whenever any hydrant or other appurtenance for use by the Fire District is required by this Chapter, adequate ingress and egress shall be provided. Access shall be in the form of an improved, permanently maintained roadway or open paved area, or any combination thereof, designed, constructed, and at all times maintained, to be clear and unobstructed. Widths, height clearances, ingress and egress shall be adequate for District firefighting equipment. The Fire District, may further prohibit vehicular parking along private accessways in order to keep them clear and unobstructed, and cause notice to that effect to be posted.

D. Hydrants

Hydrants located along private, accessways shall either have curbs painted yellow or otherwise marked prohibiting parking for a distance of at least fifteen (15) feet in either direction, or where curbs do not exist, markings shall be painted on the pavement, or signs erected, or both, given notice that parking is prohibited for

at least fifteen (15) feet in either direction. (Ord. No. 2010-015, § 2, 10-5-2010; Ord. 91-922, § 3; Ord. 86-851, § 3)

16.116.030 Miscellaneous Requirements

A. Timing of Installation

When fire protection facilities are required, such facilities shall be installed and made serviceable prior to or at the time any combustible construction begins on the land unless, in the opinion of the Fire District, the nature or circumstances of said construction makes immediate installation impractical.

B. Maintenance of Facilities

All on-site fire protection facilities, shall be maintained in good working order. The Fire District may conduct periodic tests and inspection of fire protection and may order the necessary repairs or changes be made within ten (10) days.

C. Modification of Facilities

On-site fire protection facilities, may be altered or repaired with the consent of the Fire District; provided that such alteration or repairs shall be carried out in conformity with the provisions of this Chapter. (Ord. No. 2010-015, § 2, 10-5-2010; Ord. 86-851, § 3)

Chapter 16.118

PUBLIC AND PRIVATE UTILITIES*

Sections:
16.118.010 Purpose
16.118.020 Standard
16.118.030 Underground Facilities
16.118.040 Exceptions
16.118.050 Private Streets

* Editor's Note: Some sections may not contain a history.

16.118.010 Purpose

Public telecommunication conduits as well as conduits for franchise utilities including, but not limited to, electric power, telephone, natural gas, lighting, and cable television shall be installed to serve all newly created lots and developments in Sherwood.

16.118.020 Standard

- A. Installation of utilities shall be provided in public utility easements and shall be sized, constructed, located and installed consistent with this Code, Chapter 7 of the Community Development Code, and applicable utility company and City standards.
 - B. Public utility easements shall be a minimum of eight (8) feet in width unless a reduced width is

specifically exempted by the City Engineer. An eight-foot wide public utility easement (PUE) shall be provided on private property along all public street frontages. This standard does not apply to developments within the Old Town Overlay.

- C. Where necessary, in the judgment of the City Manager or his designee, to provide for orderly development of adjacent properties, public and franchise utilities shall be extended through the site to the edge of adjacent property(ies).
- D. Franchise utility conduits shall be installed per the utility design and specification standards of the utility agency.
- E. Public Telecommunication conduits and appurtenances shall be installed per the City of Sherwood telecommunication design standards.
- F. Exceptions: Installation shall not be required if the development does not require any other street improvements. In those instances, the developer shall pay a fee in lieu that will finance installation when street or utility improvements in that location occur. (Ord. No. 2009-005, § 2, 6-2-2009)

16.118.030 Underground Facilities

Except as otherwise provided, all utility facilities, including but not limited to, electric power, telephone, natural gas, lighting, cable television, and telecommunication cable, shall be placed underground, unless specifically authorized for above ground installation, because the points of connection to existing utilities make underground installation impractical, or for other reasons deemed acceptable by the City.

16.118.040 Exceptions

Surface-mounted transformers, surface-mounted connection boxes and meter cabinets, temporary utility service facilities during construction, high capacity electric and communication feeder lines, and utility transmission lines operating at fifty thousand (50,000) volts or more may be located above ground. The City reserves the right to approve location of all surface-mounted transformers. (Ord. 2005-17 § 5; 91-922)

16.118.050 Private Streets

The construction of new private streets, serving single-family residential developments shall be prohibited unless it provides principal access to two or fewer residential lots or parcels i.e. flag lots. Provisions shall be made to assure private responsibility for future access and maintenance through recorded easements. Unless otherwise specifically authorized, a private street shall comply with the same standards as a public street identified in the Community Development Code and the Transportation System Plan. A private street shall be distinguished from public streets and reservations or restrictions relating to the private street shall be described in land division documents and deed records. A private street shall also be signed differently from public streets and include the words "Private Street".

(Ord. No. 2009-005, § 2, 6-2-2009; Ord. No. 2009-005, § 2, 6-2-2009; Ord. 2005-009 § 5; Ord. 86-851)

Division VII.

SUBDIVISIONS AND PARTITIONS

Chapter 16.120

GENERAL PROVISIONS*

Sections: 16.120.010 Purpose 16.120.020 Platting Authority

* Editor's Note: Some sections may not contain a history.

16.120.010 Purpose

Subdivision and land partitioning regulations are intended to promote the public health, safety and general welfare; lessen traffic congestion; provide adequate light and air; prevent overcrowding of land; and facilitate adequate water supply, sewage and drainage.

(Ord. 86-851, § 3)

16.120.020 Platting Authority

- A. Approval Authority
- 1. The approving authority for preliminary and final plats of subdivisions and partitions shall be in accordance with Section 16.72.010 of this Code.
- 2. Approval of subdivisions and partitions is required in accordance with this Code before a plat for any such subdivision or partition may be filed or recorded with Washington County. Appeals to a decision may be filed pursuant to Chapter 16.76.
- B. Future Partitioning

When subdividing tracts into large lots which may be resubdivided, the City shall require that the lots be of a size and shape, and apply additional building site restrictions, to allow for the subsequent division of any parcel into lots of smaller size and the creation and extension of future streets.

C. Required Setbacks

All required building setback lines as established by this Code, shall be shown in the subdivision plat or included in the deed restrictions.

D. Property Sales

No property shall be disposed of, transferred, or sold until required subdivision or partition approvals are obtained, pursuant to this Code.

(Ord. No. 2010-015, § 2, 10-5-2010; Ord. 98-1053 § 1; Ord. 86-851, § 3)

Chapter 16.122

PRELIMINARY PLATS*

Sections:

16.122.010 Generally

* Editor's Note: Some sections may not contain a history.

16.122.010 Generally

A. Approval Required

All subdivisions and partitions are subject to preliminary plat approval through the Type II, Type III or Type IV review processes. Approval of the preliminary plat shall not constitute final acceptance of the plat for recording. Approval shall however, be binding upon the City for the purpose of preparation of the final plat or map, and the City may only require such changes in the plat or map as are necessary for compliance with the terms of preliminary plat approval.

B. Action

The City shall review preliminary plat applications submitted in accordance with Section 16.70 and approve, approve with conditions, or deny the application. Conditions may be imposed by the Hearing Authority if necessary to fulfill the requirements of the adopted Comprehensive Plan, Transportation System Plan or the Zoning and Community Development Code. The action of the City shall be noted on two (2) copies of the preliminary plat, including references to any attached documents describing any conditions or restrictions. One (1) copy shall be returned to the applicant with a notice of decision and one (1) retained by the City along with other applicable records.

C. Required Findings

No preliminary plat shall be approved unless:

- 1. Streets and roads conform to plats approved for adjoining properties as to widths, alignments, grades, and other standards, unless the City determines that the public interest is served by modifying streets or road patterns.
- 2. Streets and roads held for private use are clearly indicated on the plat and all reservations or restrictions relating to such private roads and streets are set forth thereon.
- 3. The plat complies with Comprehensive Plan and applicable zoning district regulations.
- 4. Adequate water, sanitary sewer, and other public facilities exist to support the use of land proposed in the plat.
- 5. Development of additional, contiguous property under the same ownership can be accomplished in accordance with this Code.

- 6. Adjoining land can either be developed independently or is provided access that will allow development in accordance with this Code.
- 7. Tree and woodland inventories have been submitted and approved as per Section 16.142.060. (Ord. No. 2010-015, § 2, 10-5-2010; Ord. 98-1053, § 1; Ord. 94-991, § 1; Ord. 91-922, § 3; Ord. 86-851)

Chapter 16.124

FINAL PLATS*

Sections: 16.124.010 Generally 16.124.020 Final Plat Review 16.124.030 Creation of Streets

* Editor's Note: Some sections may not contain a history.

16.124.010 Generally

A. Time Limits

Within two (2) years after approval of the preliminary plat, a final plat shall be submitted. The subdivider shall submit to the City six (6) copies of the final plat, and all supplementary information required by or pursuant to this Code. Upon approval of the final plat drawing, the applicant may submit the mylar for final signature.

B. Extensions

After the expiration of the two (2) year period following preliminary plat approval, the plat must be resubmitted for new approval. The City may, upon written request by the applicant, grant a single extension up to one (1) year upon a written finding that the facts upon which approval was based have not changed to an extent sufficient to warrant refiling of the preliminary plat and that no other development approval would be affected. For preliminary plat approvals granted on or after January 1, 2007 through December 31, 2009, the approval shall be extended until December 31, 2013.

C. Staging

The City may authorize platting and development to proceed in stages that exceed two (2) years, but in no case shall the total time period for all stages be greater than five (5) years. Each stage shall conform to the applicable requirements of this Code. Portions platted or developed after the passage of two (2) years may be required to be modified in accordance with any change to the Comprehensive Plan or this Code.

D. Shown on Plat

The following information shall be shown on the final plat:

1. Date of approval, scale, north arrow, legend, and controlling topography such as creeks,

highways, and railroads.

- 2. Legal description of the plat boundaries.
- 3. Existing surveys related to the plat by distances and bearings, and referenced as follows:
 - a. The location and description of all stakes, monuments, and other evidence used to determine the boundaries of the subdivision.
 - b. Adjoining corners of all contiguous subdivisions.
 - c. Section, township, range, donation land claim lines and boundaries of any lots within previously recorded subdivision plats within or adjacent to the plat.
 - d. Location and description of all monuments found or established in making the survey of the subdivision or required to be installed by the provisions of this Code.
- 4. Tract, block and lot boundary lines, and street rights-of-way and centerlines, with dimensions, bearings, radii, arcs, delta angles, points of curvature and tangent bearings. Normal highwater lines for any creek or other body of water shall be shown. Error of closure shall be within the limits of one (1) foot in four thousand (4,000) feet. No ditto marks shall be used. Lots containing one (1) acre or more shall be shown to the nearest 0.01 feet. Bearings shall be shown to the nearest thirty (30) seconds with basis of bearings.
- 5. The width of streets being dedicated, the width of any existing rights-of-way, and the widths on each side of the centerline. For streets on curvature, curve data shall be based on the street centerline, and in addition to centerline dimensions shall indicate the radius and central angle. This data may be shown in a table.
- 6. Easements within or adjacent to the plat denoted by fine dotted lines, clearly identified, and, if already of record, a recorded reference. If any easement is not of record, a statement of the easement showing the widths of the easement and the lengths and bearings of the lines thereof, and sufficient ties thereto, shall be properly referenced in the certificate of dedication.
- 7. Lot numbers beginning with the number "1" and numbered consecutively in each block. Block numbers, if used, should begin with the number "1" and continue consecutively without omission or duplication. The numbers shall be solid, of sufficient size and thickness to stand out, and so placed as not to obliterate any figure. Block numbers in addition to a subdivision of the same name shall be a continuation of the numbering in the plat last filed.
- 8. Land parcels to be dedicated for any purpose are to be distinguished from lots intended for sale, and titled to identify their intended use.
- 9. The following certificates, which may be combined where appropriate:
 - a. A certificate signed and acknowledged by all parties having any record title interest in

- and to the land subdivided, consenting to the preparation and recording of the map and dedicating all parcels of land shown on the final map and intended for public use.
- b. An affidavit signed by the engineer or the surveyor responsible for the survey and final map, the signature of such engineer or surveyor to be accompanied by a professional seal.
- c. Provisions for all other certifications required.

E. Submitted With Plat

The following information shall be submitted with the final plat:

- 1. A preliminary title report issued by a title insurance company in the name of the owner of the land, showing the interest of all parties.
- 2. Sheets and drawings showing the following:
 - a. Traverse data showing the error of closure, including the coordinates of the boundary of the subdivision and ties to section corners and donation land claim corners.
 - b. Ties to existing monuments, proposed monuments, adjacent subdivisions, street corners, and state highway stationing.
- 3. Copies of any deed restrictions and dedications, including building setbacks.
- 4. Proof that all taxes and assessments on the tract are paid for the current year. (Ord. No. 2010-015, § 2, 10-5-2010; Ord. No. 2010-06, § 2, 4-6-2010; Ord. 2003-1148, § 3; Ord. 98-1053 § 1; Ord. 86-851, § 3)

16.124.020 Final Plat Review

A. Subdivision Agreement

The subdivider shall either install required improvements and repair existing streets and other public facilities damaged in the development of the subdivision pursuant to the Division VI, or execute and file with the City an agreement specifying the period within which all required improvements and repairs shall be completed, and providing that if such work is not completed within the period specified, the City may complete the same and recover the full cost and expense thereof from the subdivider. Such agreement may also provide for the construction of the improvements in stages.

B. Performance Security

The subdivider shall provide monetary assurance of full and faithful performance in the form of a bond, cash, or other security acceptable to the City in an amount equal to one hundred percent (100%) of the estimated cost of the improvements.

C. Staff Review

If City review determines that the final plat is in full conformance with the preliminary plat and this Code, the final plat shall be referred to the City Manager or his/her designee for final approval. If the final plat is not in full conformance, the subdivider shall be advised of necessary changes or additions.

D. Plat Approval

When the City Manager or his/her designee determines that the plat conforms to all requirements, the plat shall be approved. Approval of the plat does not constitute an acceptance by the City of the responsibility for maintenance or development of any street or other easement shown on the plat.

E. County Approval

After approval, the City shall authorize the transmittal of the final map, tracing, and other data to Washington County, to determine that there has been compliance with all provisions of State and local statutes. The County may make such checks in the field as necessary to verify that the map is sufficiently correct on the ground. When the County finds the documents in full conformance and has been paid the statutory fee for such service, approval of the plat shall be given by applicable County officers. Approval of the final plat shall be null and void if the plat is not recorded within sixty (60) days after the date of the last required approving signatures have been obtained.

F. Effective Date

Subdivision approval shall become final upon the recording with the County of the approved subdivision plat or partition map together with any required documents. Development permits may be issued only after final approval, except for activities at the preliminary plat phase, specifically authorized by this Code.

G. Required Findings

No final subdivision plat shall be approved unless:

- 1. All required public streets and floodplain areas are dedicated without any reservation or restriction other than easements for public utilities and facilities.
- 2. Streets and roads held for private use have been approved by the City.
- 3. The plat complies with the standards of the underlying zoning district and other applicable standards of this Code and is in conformity with the approved preliminary plat.
- 4. The plat dedicates to the public all required common improvements and areas, including but not limited to streets, floodplains, parks, sanitary sewer, storm water, and water supply systems.
- 5. Adequate water, sanitary sewer and other public facilities exist to support the proposed use of the subdivided land, as determined by the City and are in compliance with City standards. For the purposes of this section:

- a. Adequate water service shall be deemed to be connection to the City water supply system.
- b. Adequate sanitary sewer service shall be deemed to be connection to the City sewer system.
- c. The adequacy of other public facilities such as storm water and streets shall be determined by the City based on applicable City policies, plans, and standards for said facilities.
- 6. Adjoining land can be developed, or is provided access that will allow future development, in accordance with this Code.

(Ord. No. 2010-015, § 2, 10-5-2010; Ord. 98-1053 § 1; 94-991; Ord. 86-851, § 3)

16.124.030 Creation of Streets

A. Approval

The final plat shall provide for the dedication of all streets for which approval has been given by the City. Approval of the final plat shall constitute acceptance of street dedications.

B. Exceptions

The Council, upon recommendation by the City Manager, may approve the creation and dedication of a street without full compliance with this Code. The applicant may be required to submit additional information and justification necessary to determine the proposal's acceptability. The City may attach such conditions as necessary to provide conformance to the standards of this Code. One or more of the following conditions must apply:

- 1. The street creation is required by the City and is essential to general traffic circulation.
- 2. The tract in which the road or street is to be dedicated is an isolated ownership of one (1) acre or less.

C. Easements

Any access which is created to allow partitioning for the purpose of development, or transfer of ownership shall be in the form of a dedicated street, provided however that easements may be allowed when:

- 1. The access is to a parcel exceeding five (5) acres in size, and used for agriculture, horticulture, grazing, or timber growing, or
- 2. The easement is the only reasonable method by which the rear portion of an unusually deep lot, large enough to warrant partitioning into two (2) or more parcels, may obtain access. Such easement shall conform to all other access provisions of this Code.

Chapter 16.126

DESIGN STANDARDS*

Sections:

16.126.010 Blocks 16.126.020 Easements 16.126.030 Pedestrian and Bicycle Ways 16.126.040 Lots

* Editor's Note: Some sections may not contain a history.

16.126.010 Blocks

- A. Connectivity
- 1. Block Size. The length, width, and shape of blocks shall be designed to provide adequate building sites for the uses proposed, and for convenient access, circulation, traffic control and safety.
- 2. Block Length. Block length standards shall be in accordance with Section 16.108.040. Generally, blocks shall not exceed five-hundred thirty (530) feet in length, except blocks adjacent to principal arterial, which shall not exceed one thousand eight hundred (1,800) feet. The extension of streets and the formation of blocks shall conform to the Local Street Network map contained in the Transportation System Plan.
- 3. Pedestrian and Bicycle Connectivity. Paved bike and pedestrian accessways shall be provided on public easements or right-of-way consistent with Figure 7.401.

Figure 7.401 -- Block Connectivity

GRAPHIC UNAVAILABLE: Click here (Ord. No. 2010-015, § 2, 10-5-2010; Ord. 2006-021; 2005-009, § 5; 2000-1103, § 3; Ord. 86-851, § 3)

16.126.020 Easements

A. Utilities

Easements for sewers, drainage, water mains, electric lines, or other utilities shall be dedicated or provided for by deed. Easements shall be a minimum of ten (10) feet in width and centered on rear or side lot lines; except for tie-back easements, which shall be six (6) feet wide by twenty (20) feet long on side lot lines at the change of direction.

B. Drainages

Where a subdivision is traversed by a watercourse, drainage way, channel or street, drainage easements or rights-of-way shall be provided conforming substantially to the alignment and size of the drainage. (Ord. No. 2010-015, § 2, 10-5-2010; Ord. 86-851, § 3)

16.126.030 Pedestrian and Bicycle Ways

Pedestrian or bicycle ways may be required to connect cul-de-sacs, divide through an unusually long or oddly shaped block, or to otherwise provide adequate circulation. (Ord. 86-851, § 3)

16.126.040 Lots

A. Size and Shape

Lot size, width, shape, and orientation shall be appropriate for the location and topography of the subdivision, and shall comply with applicable zoning district requirements, with the following exceptions:

1. Lots in areas not served by public sewer or water supply, shall conform to any special Washington County Health Department standards.

B. Access

All lots in a subdivision shall abut a public street, except as allowed for infill development under Chapter 16.68.

C. Double Frontage

Double frontage and reversed frontage lots are prohibited except where essential to provide separation of residential development from railroads, traffic arteries, adjacent nonresidential uses, or to overcome specific topographical or orientation problems. A five (5) foot wide or greater easement for planting and screening may be required.

D. Side Lot Lines

Side lot lines shall, as far as practicable, run at right angles to the street upon which the lots face, except that on curved streets side lot lines shall be radial to the curve of the street.

E. Grading

Grading of building sites shall conform to the following standards, except when topography of physical conditions warrant special exceptions:

- 1. Cut slopes shall not exceed one and one-half (1 1/2) feet horizontally to one (1) foot vertically.
- 2. Fill slopes shall not exceed two (2) feet horizontally to one (1) foot vertically. (Ord. No. 2010-015, § 2, 10-5-2010; Ord. 2006-021; Ord. 86-851 § 3)

Chapter 16.128

LAND PARTITIONS*

Sections: 16.128.010 Generally 16.128.020 Subdivision Compliance 16.128.030 Dedications 16.128.040 Filing Requirements

* Editor's Note: Some sections may not contain a history.

16.128.010 Generally

A. Approval Required

A tract of land or contiguous tracts under a single ownership shall not be partitioned into two (2) or more parcels until a partition application has been approved by the City Manager or his/her designee.

B. City Action

The City Manager or his/her designee shall review the partition applications submitted in accordance with Section 16.70 and shall approve, approve with conditions or deny the application. The action of the City Manager or his/her designee shall be noted on two (2) copies of the partition, including references to any attached documents describing any conditions or restrictions. One (1) copy shall be returned to the applicant with a notice of decision and one (1) retained by the City with other applicable records.

C. Required Findings

Partitions shall not be approved unless:

- 1. The partition complies with the standards of the underlying zoning district and other applicable standards of this Code.
- 2. The partition dedicates to the public all required common improvements and areas including but not limited to streets, parks, floodplains, and sanitary sewer, storm water, and water supply systems.
- 3. Adequate water, sanitary sewer and other public facilities exist to support the proposed use of the partitioned land, as determined by the City and are in compliance with City standards. For the purposes of this section:
 - a. Adequate water service shall be deemed to be connection to the City water supply system.
 - b. Adequate sanitary sewer service shall be deemed to be connection to the City sewer system if sewer lines are within one-hundred fifty (150) feet of the partition or if the lots created are less than 15,000 square feet in area. Installation of private sewage disposal

facilities shall be deemed adequate on lots of 15,000 square feet or more if the private system is permitted by County Health and City sewer lines are not within one hundred fifty (150) feet.

- c. The adequacy of other public facilities such as storm water and streets shall be determined by the City Manager or his/her designee based on applicable City policies, plans and standards for said facilities.
- 4. Adjoining land can be developed, or is provided access that will allow future development, in accordance with this Code.

D. Future Development Ability

In addition to the findings required by Section 16.128.010, the City Manager or his/her designee must find, for any partition creating lots averaging one (1) acre or more, that the lots may be re-partitioned or resubdivided in the future in full compliance with the standards of this Code. The City Manager or his/her designee may require the applicant to submit partition drawings or other data confirming that the property can be resubdivided. If re-partitioning or resubdividing in full compliance with this Code is determined not to be feasible, the City Manager or his/her designee shall either deny the proposed partition, require its redesign, or make a finding and condition of approval that no further partitioning or subdivision may occur, said condition to be recorded against the property.

(Ord. No. 2010-015, § 2, 10-5-2010; Ord. 2006-021; Ord. 98-1053, § 1; 91-922, § 3; Ord. 86-851)

16.128.020 Subdivision Compliance

A. Generally

If a partition exceeds two (2) acres and within one (1) year is re-partitioned into more than two (2) parcels, and any single parcel is less than one (1) acre in size, full compliance with the subdivision regulations of this Code may be required.

(Ord. No. 2010-015, § 2, 10-5-2010; Ord. 86-851, § 3)

16.128.030 Dedications

A. Generally

The City's requirements for dedication of public lands as per this Code, including road rights-of-way and greenways, shall apply to partitions. Actual public improvements may not be required at the time of partition, at the discretion of the City Manager or his/her designee.

B. Dedications Acceptance

The City Manager shall accept all public dedications by his or her signature on the partition plat prior to filing with the County.

C. Owner Declaration

If a property is being dedicated or donated for public use, the mortgage of trust deed holder of the property shall sign a declaration to that effect on the partition plat, or file an affidavit consenting to the plat. (Ord. No. 2010-015, § 2, 10-5-2010; Ord. 98-1053 § 1; Ord. 86-851, § 3)

16.128.040 Filing Requirements

A. Generally

Within twelve (12) months after City approval of a land partition, a partition plat shall be submitted to Washington County in accordance with its final partition plat and recording requirements.

B. Extension

After expiration of the twelve (12) months period following partition approval, the partition must be resubmitted for new approval. The City Manager or his/her designee may, upon written request by the applicant, grant an extension up to twelve (12) months upon a written finding that the facts have not changed to an extent sufficient to warrant refiling of the partition and that no other development approval would be affected. For partitions granted on or after January 1, 2007 through December 31, 2009, the approval shall be extended until December 31, 2013.

(Ord. No. 2010-015, § 2, 10-5-2010; Ord. No. 2010-06, § 2, 4-6-2010; Ord. 86-851, § 3)

Chapter 16.130

PROPERTY LINE ADJUSTMENTS*

Sections:

16.130.010 Generally 16.130.020 Filing Requirements

* Editor's Note: Some sections may not contain a history.

16.130.010 Generally

- A. The City Manager or his or her designee may approve a property line adjustment without public notice or a public hearing provided that:
 - 1. No new lots are created
 - 2. The adjusted lots comply with the applicable zone requirements.
 - 3. The adjusted lots continue to comply with other regulatory agency or department requirements.
- B. If the property line adjustment is processed with another development application, all applicable standards of the Code shall apply.

(Ord. No. 2010-015, § 2, 10-5-2010; Ord. 86-851, § 3)

16.130.020 Filing Requirements

If a property line adjustment is approved by the City, it does not become final until reviewed and approved by Washington County in accordance with its property line adjustment recording requirements. (Ord. No. 2010-015, § 2, 10-5-2010; Ord. 86-851, § 3)

Division VIII.

ENVIRONMENTAL RESOURCES

Chapter 16.132

GENERAL PROVISIONS*

Sections:

16.132.010 Purpose

* Editor's Note: Some sections may not contain a history.

16.132.010 Purpose

This Division is intended to protect, preserve, and otherwise properly manage the City's natural and environmental resources for the benefit of the general public, to regulate land development so as to protect the public from natural and environmental hazards, and to establish performance standards allowing the City to properly and uniformly assess the impact of residential, commercial, industrial, and institutional development and activities on the quality of the City's environment. (Ord. 91-922, § 3)

Chapter 16.134

FLOODPLAIN (FP) OVERLAY*

Sections:

16.134.010 Generally

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* Editor's Note: Some sections may not contain a history.

16.134.010 Generally

Special resource zones are established to provide for preservation, protection, and management of unique natural and environmental resources in the City that are deemed to require additional standards beyond those contained elsewhere in this Code. Special resource zones may be implemented as underlying or overlay zones depending on patterns of property ownership and the nature of the resource. A property or properties may be within more than one (1) resource zone. In addition, the City may identify special resource areas and apply a

PUD overlay zone in advance of any development in order to further protect said resources. (Ord. 91-922, § 3)

16.134.020 Purpose

- A. The FP zoning district is an overlay district that controls and regulates flood hazard areas in order to protect the public health, safety and general welfare; to reduce potential flood damage losses; and to protect floodways and natural drainageways from encroachment by uses which may adversely affect water quality and water flow and subsequent upstream or downstream flood levels. The FP zone shall be applied to all areas within the base flood, and shall supplement the regulations of the underlying zoning district.
- B. FP zoning districts are defined as areas within the base flood as identified by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) in a Flood Insurance Study (FIS) and in Flood Insurance Rate Maps (FIRM) published for the City and surrounding areas, or as otherwise identified in accordance with Section 16.134.020C. These FEMA documents are adopted by reference as part of this Code, and are on file at the City.
- C. When base flood elevation data is not available from the FIS or FIRM, the City shall obtain, review, and reasonably utilize any base flood elevation and floodway data available from a Federal, State, or other source, and standards developed by the FEMA, in order to administer the provisions of this Code. (Ord. No. 2010-015, § 2, 10-5-2010; Ord. 2000-1092, § 3; 88-870)

16.134.030 Greenways

The FP zoning districts overlaying the Rock Creek and Cedar Creek floodplains are designated greenways in accordance with Chapter 5 of the Community Development Plan. All development in these two floodplains shall be governed by the policies in Division V, Chapter 16.142 of this Code, in addition to the requirements of this Section and the Clean Water Services Design and Construction Standards R&O 00-7, or its replacement.

(Ord. No. 2010-015, § 2, 10-5-2010; Ord. 2000-1092, § 3; 88-879)

16.134.040 Development Application

- A. Provided land is not required to be dedicated as per this Section, Greenways, a conditional use permit (CUP) shall be approved before any use, construction, fill, or alteration of a floodplain, floodway, or watercourse, or any other development begins within any FP zone, except as provided in this Section, Permitted Uses.
- B. Application for a CUP for development in a floodplain shall conform to the requirements of Chapter 16.82 and may include, but is not limited to, plans and scale drawings showing the nature, location, dimensions, and elevations of the area in question, existing or proposed structures, fill, storage of materials, and drainage facilities.
- C. The following specific information is required in a floodplain CUP application and shall be certified and verified by a Registered Civil Engineer or Architect. The City shall maintain such certifications as part of the public record. All certifications shall be based on the as-built elevations of lowest building floors.

- 1. Elevations in relation to mean sea level of the lowest floor (including basement) of all structures;
- 2. Elevations in relation to mean sea level to which any structure has been flood proofed.
- 3. That the flood proofing methods for any structure meet the requirements of this Section, Floodplain Structures.
- 4. Description of the extent to which any watercourse will be altered or relocated as a result of the proposed development.
- 5. A base flood survey and impact study made by a Registered Civil Engineer.
- 6. Proof all necessary notifications have been sent to, and permits have been obtained from, those Federal, State, or other local government agencies for which prior approval of the proposed development is required.
- 7. Any other information required by this Section, by any applicable Federal regulations, or as otherwise determined by the City to be necessary for the full and proper review of the application.
- D. Where elevation data is not available as per subsection B of this Section, or from other sources as per Section 16.134.020.C, a floodplain CUP shall be reviewed using other relevant data, as determined by the City, such as historical information, high water marks, and other evidence of past flooding. The City may require utility structures and habitable building floor elevations, and building flood proofing, to be at least two (2) feet above the probable base flood elevation, in such circumstances where more definitive flood data is not available.

(Ord. No. 2010-015, § 2, 10-5-2010; Ord. 91-922, § 3; 88-879)

16.134.050 Permitted Uses

In the FP zone the following uses are permitted outright, and do not require a CUP, provided that floodway flow, or floodplain capacity, will not be impeded, as determined by the City, and when greenway dedication is not required as per this Section, Greenways:

- A. Agricultural uses, provided that associated structures are not allowed, except for temporary building and boundary fences that do not impede the movement of floodwaters and flood-carried materials.
- B. Open space, park and recreational uses, and minor associated structures, if otherwise allowed in the underlying zoning district, that do not impede the movement of floodwaters and flood-carried materials.
- C. Public streets and appurtenant structures, and above and underground utilities, subject to the provisions of this Section, Floodplain Development and Floodplain Structures.
- D. Other accessory uses allowed in the underlying zoning district that do not involve structures, and

will not, in the City's determination, materially alter the stability or storm drainage absorption capability of the floodplain.

(Ord. No. 2010-015, § 2, 10-5-2010; Ord. 2000-1092, § 3; 91-922)

16.134.060 Conditional Uses

In the FP zone the following uses are permitted as conditional uses, subject to the provisions of this Section and Chapter 16.82, when greenway dedication is not required as per this Section.

Greenways:

A. Any permitted or conditional use allowed in the underlying zoning district, when located in the flood fringe only, as specifically defined by this Code. (Ord. No. 2010-015, § 2, 10-5-2010; Ord. 91-922, § 3; 88-879)

16.134.070 Prohibited Uses

In the FP zone the following uses are expressly prohibited:

- A. The storage or processing of materials that are buoyant, flammable, contaminants, explosive, or otherwise potentially injurious to human, animal or plant life.
- B. Public and private sewerage treatment systems, including drainfields, septic tanks and individual package treatment plants.
- C. Any use or activity not permitted in the underlying zoning district.
- D. Any use or activity that, in the City's determination, will materially alter the stability or storm drainage absorption capability of the floodplain.
- E. Any use or activity that, in the City's determination, could create an immediate or potential hazard to the public health, safety and welfare, if located in the floodplain.
- F. Any use, activity, or encroachment located in the floodway, including fill, new construction, improvements to existing developments, or other development, except as otherwise allowed by this Section, Permitted Uses, and unless certification by a Registered Engineer or Architect is provided demonstrating that the use, activity, or encroachment shall not result in any increase to flood levels during the occurrence of the base flood discharge.

(Ord. No. 2010-015, § 2, 10-5-2010; Ord. 88-879, § 3)

16.134.080 Floodplain Development

- A. Floodplain Alterations
- 1. Floodplain Survey

The floodplain, including the floodway and flood fringe areas, shall be surveyed by a Registered Civil Engineer, and approved by the City, based on the findings of the Flood Insurance Study and other available data. Such delineation shall be based on mean sea level data and be field-located from recognized valid benchmarks.

2. Grading Plan

Alteration of the existing topography of floodplain areas may be made upon approval of a grading plan by the City. The plan shall include both existing and proposed topography and a plan for alternate drainage. Contour intervals for existing and proposed topography shall be included and shall be not more than one (1) foot for ground slopes up to five percent (5%) and for areas immediately adjacent to a stream or drainage way, two (2) feet for ground slopes between five and ten percent (5% to 10%), and five (5) feet for greater slopes.

3. Fill and Diked Lands

- a. Proposed floodplain fill or diked lands may be developed if a site plan for the area to be altered within the floodplain is prepared and certified by a Registered Civil Engineer and approved by the Commission pursuant to the applicable provisions of this Code.
- b. Vehicular access shall be provided from a street above the elevation of the base flood to any proposed fill or dike area if the area supports structures for human occupancy. Unoccupied fill or dike areas shall be provided with emergency vehicle access.

4. Alteration Site Plan

The certified site plan prepared by a Registered Civil Engineer or Architect for an altered floodplain area shall show that:

- a. Proposed improvements will not alter the flow of surface water during flooding such as to cause a compounding of flood hazards or changes in the direction or velocity of floodwater flow.
- b. No structure, fill, storage, impervious surface or other uses alone, or in combination with existing or future uses, will materially reduce the capacity of the floodplain or increase in flood heights.
- c. Proposed floodplain fill or diked areas will benefit the public health, safety and welfare and incorporate adequate erosion and storm drainage controls, such as pumps, dams and gates.
- d. No serious environmental degradation shall occur to the natural features and existing ecological balance of upstream and downstream areas.
- e. On-going maintenance of altered areas is provided so that flood-carrying capacity will not be diminished by future erosion, settling, or other factors.

5. Subdivisions and Partitions

All proposed subdivisions or partitions including land within an FP zone shall establish the boundaries of the base flood by survey and shall dedicate said land as per this Section, Greenways. The balance of the land and development shall:

- a. Be designed to include adequate drainage to reduce exposure to flood damage, and have public sewer, gas, electrical and other utility systems so located and constructed to minimize potential flood damage, as determined by the City.
- b. Provide for each parcel or lot intended for structures, a building site which is at or above the base flood elevation, and meets all setback standards of the underlying zoning district.
- c. Where base flood elevation data is not provided, or is not available from an authoritative source, it shall be generated by the applicant for subdivision proposals and other proposed developments which contain at least fifty (50) lots or five (5) acres, whichever is less.

(Ord. No. 2010-015, § 2, 10-5-2010; Ord. 88-879, § 3)

16.134.090 Floodplain Structures

Structures in the FP zone permitted in accordance with this section, shall be subject to the following conditions, in addition to the standards of the underlying zoning district:

A. Generally

- 1. All structures, including utility equipment, and manufactured housing, shall be anchored to prevent lateral movement, floatation, or collapse during flood conditions, and shall be constructed of flood-resistant materials, to standards approved by the City, State Structural and Plumbing Specialty Codes and applicable building codes.
- 2. The lowest floor elevation of a structure designed for human occupancy shall be at least one and one-half (1 1/2) feet above the base flood elevation and the building site shall comply with the provisions of subsection A of Floodplain Development.
- 3. The lower portions of all structures shall be flood proofed according to the provisions of the State Structural and Plumbing Specialty Code to an elevation of at least one and one-half (1 1/2) feet above the base flood elevation.
- 4. The finished ground elevation of any under floor crawl space shall be above the grade elevation of an adjacent street, or natural or approved drainage way unless specifically approved by the City. A positive means of drainage from the low point of such crawl space shall be provided.

B. Utilities

- 1. Electrical, heating, ventilation, plumbing and air-conditioning equipment and other service facilities located within structures shall be designed and/or otherwise elevated or located so as to prevent water from entering or accumulating within the components during conditions of flooding.
- 2. Electrical service equipment, or other utility structures, shall be constructed at or above the base flood elevation. All openings in utility structures shall be sealed and locked.
- 3. Water supply and sanitary sewer systems shall be approved by the Washington County Health Department, and shall be designed to minimize or eliminate the infiltration of floodwaters into the systems, or any discharge from systems into floodwaters.

C. Residential Structures

- 1. All residential structures shall have the lowest floor, including basement, elevated to at least one and one-half (1 1/2) feet above the base flood elevation.
- 2. Fully enclosed areas below the lowest floor that are subject to flooding are not permitted unless they are designed to automatically equalize hydrostatic flood forces on exterior walls by allowing for the entry and exit of floodwaters. Designs for meeting this requirement must either be certified by a Registered Engineer or Architect, or must meet or exceed the following minimum criteria:
 - a. A minimum of two (2) openings having a total net area of not less than one (1) square inch for every square foot of enclosed area subject to flooding shall be provided.
 - b. The bottom of all openings shall be no higher than one (1) foot above grade.
 - c. Openings may be equipped with screens, louvers, or other coverings or devices, provided they permit the automatic entry and exit of floodwaters.

D. Non-Residential Construction

- 1. All commercial, industrial or other non-residential structures shall have either the lowest floor, including basement, elevated to the level of the base flood elevation; or, together with attendant utility and sanitary facilities, shall:
 - a. Be flood proofed so that below the base flood level the structure is watertight with walls substantially impermeable to the passage of water.
 - b. Have structural components capable of resisting hydrostatic and hydrodynamic loads and effects of buoyancy.
 - c. Be certified by a Registered Professional Engineer or Architect that the design

and methods of construction are in accordance with accepted standards of practice for meeting all provisions of this Section.

d. Nonresidential structures that are elevated and not flood proofed, must meet the same standards for space below the lowest floor as per subsection C2 of Floodplain Structures.

(Ord. No. 2010-015, § 2, 10-5-2010; Ord. 88-879, § 3)

16.134.100 Additional Requirements

- A. Dimensional standards or developments in the FP zone shall be the same as in the underlying zoning district, except as provided in this Section, Additional Requirements.
- B. Approval of a site plan pursuant to Chapter 16.90, that includes portions of the FP overlay may be conditioned by the City to protect the best interests of the surrounding area or the community as a whole, and to carry out the terms of the Comprehensive Plan. These conditions may include, but are not limited to:
 - 1. Increasing the required lot sizes, yard dimensions, modifying street widths, or off-street parking spaces.
 - 2. Limiting the height, size, or location of buildings.
 - 3. Controlling the location and number of vehicle access points.
 - 4. Limiting the number, size, location, or lighting of signs.
 - 5. Requiring diking, fencing, screening, landscaping, or other facilities to protect the proposed development, or any adjacent or nearby property.
 - 6. Designating sites for open space or water retention purposes.
- 7. Construction, implementation, and maintenance of special drainage facilities and activities. (Ord. No. 2010-015, § 2, 10-5-2010; Ord. 88-879, § 3)

Chapter 16.136

PROCEDURES*

Sections:

16.136.010 Applicability 16.136.020 Conformance 16.136.030 Additional Information 16.136.040 Referenced Statutes and Rules 16.136.050 Exceptions

* Editor's Note: Some sections may not contain a history.

16.136.010 Applicability

The standards of this Chapter, and applicable portions of Chapter 5 of the Community Development Plan, shall apply to any new uses or changes to existing uses in commercial, industrial and institutional zones, except as per Section 16.136.050. (Ord. 91-922, § 3)

16.136.020 Conformance

Conformance with the standards of this Chapter shall, at a minimum, be certified in writing by a professional engineer and submitted with the application for site plan review required by Chapter 16.90, except as per Section 16.136.050. The written certification shall include:

- A. Statement certifying that the proposed commercial, industrial or institutional use, if properly managed and operated, will comply with City environmental performance standards, and citing evidence supporting the certification.
- B. Copies of any applicable State permits or recent test results, if available, which would indicate compliance with City environmental performance standards.

 (Ord. 91-922, § 3)

16.136.030 Additional Information

- A. Prior to accepting any land use application to which this Chapter applies, the City Manager or his or her designee, may determine that additional expertise in evaluating the application, due to the complexity of its impact on environmental resources, is warranted. Under such circumstances, the City may contract with a professional engineer or other qualified consultant to evaluate and make recommendations on specific application elements relative to City environmental resource standards.
- B. Upon the City's determination that additional expertise is needed, the applicant shall deposit a sum equal to the estimated cost, as determined by the City, of such professional services. If the actual cost of such services is more than estimated, the applicant shall be responsible for the difference, provided however, that the applicant's financial responsibilities will not exceed ten percent (10%) of the estimate without prior written authorization. If the cost of such services is less than the estimate, the balance of the deposit shall be returned to the applicant upon final action on their land use application. (Ord. 91-922, § 3)

16.136.040 Referenced Statutes and Rules

The Federal, State or regional statutes and rules cited in this Chapter are made part of this Code by reference. The statutes and rules cited are as current at the time of adoption of this Code. If a referenced statute or rule is amended by Federal, State or regional agencies, this Code must be amended for the new statute or rule to take precedence.

16.136.050 Exceptions

The City shall make an initial determination whether a proposed development is subject to any of the standards of this Chapter, or whether the development is exempt. The City Manager or his or her designee is

authorized to waive all or some of these standards when a proposed development clearly does not represent a substantial impact on the City's environmental resource standards as per this Chapter. The findings of the City Manager or his or her designee shall be made in writing, and copies shall be forwarded to the applicant and the Commission. The action of the City Manager or his or her designee may be appealed as per Chapter 16.76. (Ord. 91-922, § 3)

Chapter 16.138

MINERAL RESOURCES*

Sections:

16.138.010 Permitted Activities 16.138.020 Special Conditions

* Editor's Note: Some sections may not contain a history.

16.138.010 Permitted Activities

Mineral extraction and processing, including sand and gravel pits, rock crushers, concrete and asphalt mixing plants, are permitted in the GI zone as conditional uses, subject to Chapter 16.82, and the following special conditions.

(Ord. 91-922, § 3)

16.138.020 Special Conditions

The following special conditions apply to mineral extraction and processing activities:

- A. The applicant shall provide a plan for the land from which the sand and gravel will be excavated showing contours on at least five (5) foot intervals, and all improvements on the land and within three-hundred (300) feet of the property.
- B. Mineral extraction and processing shall not be permitted closer than thirty (30) feet to the boundary of adjacent property, nor closer than three-hundred (300) feet to any existing residence, unless the owner or owners of such adjacent property sign a written consent to a lesser distance, and the Commission approves such lesser distance. The Commission may set greater separations as warranted by specific site conditions.
- C. The Commission shall specify depth, degree of bank slopes and the distance from any public structures, for all excavations made in or near stream beds. The Commission shall determine setbacks from public rights-of-way when excavations are near such rights-of-way.
- D. Sand and gravel shall be excavated in such a manner so as to leave an average of two (2) feet, or more if specified by the Commission, of undisturbed material over the entire excavation tract. Excavations shall be conducted so that excavated areas will not collect and retain stagnant water.
- E. After dry pit sand and gravel excavations have been completed, the operator shall evenly spread excess waste materials over the bottom of the pit, and then shall evenly spread topsoil to a minimum depth of one and one-half (1- 1/2) feet, unless evidence is produced that the land

- excavated had less than one and one-half (1- 1/2) feet of topsoil prior to commencement of operations.
- F. Haulage roads within the excavation tract shall be maintained in a reasonably dust-free condition. Hours of operation, unless otherwise specified by the Commission, shall be from 6:00 AM to 7:00 PM.
- G. Rock crushers, concrete and asphalt mixing plants may be permitted, providing that the crushers and plants are accessory to the sand and gravel operations and primarily use materials excavated on-site.
- H. The operator shall post security in a form acceptable to the City in a sum equal to the number of acres within the excavation tract, multiplied by five-hundred dollars (\$500.00), to ensure full compliance with all of the terms and regulations pertaining to the extraction and processing of sand and gravel. The minimum amount of such bond shall be two-thousand, five-hundred dollars (\$2,500.00) and the maximum amount twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000.00).
- I. The operator shall furnish evidence of liability insurance of not less than fifty-thousand dollars (\$50,000.00) for any negligent act or omission in the operation or maintenance of sand and gravel pit, and the extraction and production of sand and gravel, and all activities connected with, or incidental thereto.
- J. Prior to Commission action on a conditional use permit, the action shall be advertised as per Chapter 16.72 and the property shall be posted as to the proposed use for a period of fifteen (15) days. This posting shall consist of a sign or signs, the number of which shall be determined by the City, three (3) feet by four (4) feet, posted in conspicuous locations visible from public rights-of-way.

Chapter 16.140

SOLID WASTE*

Sections:

16.140.010 Solid Waste Facilities

16.140.020 Solid Waste Incinerators

16.140.030 Accessory Use Solid Waste Facilities

16.140.040 Multiple Purpose Solid Waste Facility

16.140.050 Temporary Solid Waste Facility

16.140.060 Application Contents

16.140.070 Review Procedures and Burden of Proof

16.140.080 Conditions of Approval and Enforcement

16.140.090 Site Improvement

* Editor's Note: Some sections may not contain a history.

16.140.010 Solid Waste Facilities

Solid waste facilities are defined in 16.10.020 of this Code and are permitted in the General Industrial (GI) and Light Industrial (LI) zones as described in those sections of the Code. Permitted solid waste facilities are subject to the review procedures, site improvements and other standards of this Chapter.

16.140.020 Solid Waste Incinerators

The operation of solid waste incinerators for any commercial, industrial, or institutional purpose is prohibited in the City. For the purposes of this section, solid waste is defined as per ORS 459.005(24), and includes infectious wastes as per ORS 459.386(4). Provided said incineration or burning is otherwise properly permitted, this prohibition shall not apply to furnaces, incinerators, or stoves burning wood or wood-based products, petroleum products, natural gas, or to other fuels or materials not defined as solid waste, to yard debris burning, or to small-scale specialized incinerators utilizing solid waste produced as a by-product on-site and used only for energy recovery purposes. Said small-scale specialized incinerators must be integral to and part of, but clearly ancillary secondary and incidental to, a permitted or conditionally permitted use in the City, and cannot utilize infectious wastes or any fuels derived from infectious wastes. This prohibition shall not apply to solid waste incinerators lawfully permitted to operate prior to September 5, 1990, but shall apply to any expansion, alteration, or modification of such a use or any applicable permits.

(Ord. No. 2010-015, § 2, 10-5-2010; Ord. 91-922, § 3)

16.140.030 Accessory Use Solid Waste Facilities

- A. The following solid waste facilities are permitted, subject to the applicable regulations of the zone, as an accessory use to a permitted or conditional use without being subject to the conditional use review:
 - 1. Household hazardous waste depot, provided the facility is accessory to a public facility or to a use in an industrial zone.
 - 2. Small scale specialized incinerator, provided the facility complies with Section 16.140.020 and does not accept more than two-hundred twenty (220) pounds per day of waste from off-site.
- 3. Recycling drop boxes, provided they also comply with Section 16.140.090.E.5. (Ord. No. 2010-015, § 2, 10-5-2010; Ord. 93-966, § 3; 91-922)

16.140.040 Multiple Purpose Solid Waste Facility

A solid waste facility may include more than one kind of facility as defined in Section 16.10.020, Definitions. Any application that includes more than one kind of facility is permitted in a given zone only if all of the uses proposed in the facility are permitted in that zone. If any of the uses proposed are allowed only as a conditional use in the zone, then all of the uses proposed shall be considered conditional uses. (Ord. No. 2010-015, § 2, 10-5-2010; Ord. 93-966, § 3; 91-922)

16.140.050 Temporary Solid Waste Facility

A. The following solid waste facilities may be approved as a temporary use in any zone without being subject to conditional use review if the use operates not more than three (3) days per calendar month, subject only to the dimensional requirements of the underlying zone (e.g., setbacks and height), and the applicable provisions of Section 16.140.090, Site Improvements and the appropriate requirements of Sections 16.140.060 through 16.140.080:

- 1. Household hazardous waste.
- 2. Resource Recovery Facility.
- 3. Yard debris depot. (Ord. No. 2010-015, § 2, 10-5-2010; Ord. 93-966, § 3; 91-922)

16.140.060 Application Contents

- A. In addition to submitting land use application forms provided by the City of Sherwood, and in accordance with other sections of this Code, the applicant shall describe at least the following features of the proposed facility:
 - 1. Capacity and project life.
 - 2. The population or industries to be served.
 - 3. The amount of solid waste that is expected to be accommodated at the facility from the population or industries to be served, including maximum daily and monthly amounts and average annual volume and weight of waste to be received.
 - 4. For a landfill, planned future uses of the site after closure.
 - 5. The quantity of each type of waste stream projected to be accommodated at the facility. Examples of waste streams include domestic waste, commercial and institutional waste, industrial waste, construction and demolition waste, agricultural waste, sewage sludge, and contaminated clean-up materials.
 - 6. The operating characteristics of the facility, including equipment used, hours of operation, and volume, distribution, and type of traffic associated with the use and a traffic study, if required by Section 16.140.090 of this Code.
 - 7. The kind or kinds of facility or facilities proposed based on the solid waste facility definitions in Section 16.10.020, Definitions.
- B. The applicant shall submit the following information as part of the application, unless the Planning Director finds that, given the scale and nature of the facility, a requested item will not materially aid the approval authority in reviewing the proposal, and the item is not otherwise required to be submitted under this Code.
 - 1. A written description of the location of the site with respect to known or easily identifiable landmarks and access routes to and from the area the facility will serve.
 - 2. A legal description of the tract or tracts to be used for the facility.

- 3. Except for an accessory facility, a map or maps showing the location of the site, existing and approved land uses within a minimum two-hundred fifty (250) foot radius of the boundary of the site inside the regional urban growth boundary or within a minimum five-hundred (500) foot radius of the site outside the regional urban growth boundary; public water supply wells, surface waters, access roads within that radius; historic sites, areas of significant environmental concern or resources, or significant environmental features identified in the Community Development Plan, Part 2, within the applicable radius; other existing or approved manmade or natural features relating to the facility; and a north arrow, bar scale, and drawing table.
- 4. Except for an accessory use or temporary facility, an aerial photograph of the site and the area within the relevant radius with the boundary of the site outlined.
- 5. Except for an accessory or temporary facility, a map or maps showing the existing topography of the site with contour intervals not to exceed two (2) feet if slopes are less than five percent (5%), not to exceed five (5) feet if slopes are more than five percent (5%), and not to exceed ten (10) feet if slopes are more than twenty percent (20%); natural features of the site including water bodies wetlands; the boundary of the one-hundred (100) year floodplain based on Federal Emergency Management Agency data; public easements of record; manmade features including buildings, utilities, fences, roads, parking areas, and drainage features; boundaries of existing waste disposal areas and soil borrow areas, if any; locations of borings, piezometers, monitoring wells, test pits, water supply wells, and facility monitoring or sampling points and devices; a benchmark; and a north arrow, bar scale, and drawing date.
- 6. For a landfill, data regarding average and monthly precipitation and evaporation and prevailing wind direction and velocity, based on data from the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration or other federal or state agency, or from on-site measurements.
- 7. For a landfill, information regarding minimum, maximum, and average annual flow rates and monthly variations of streams on the site, based on stream gauging data collected by the U.S. Geological Service or other federal or state agency supplemented with reliable site specific data as available.
- 8. A map or maps showing and describing the type and size of existing vegetation on the site, and identifying vegetation to be removed and retained.
- 9. A grading plan showing site elevations when grading is completed, including any modifications to drainage channels and any required retaining walls or other means of retaining cuts or fills.
- 10. A site plan showing proposed structures, signs, parking, outdoor storage, landscaping, berms, fencing, and other features of the facility.
- 11. Responses to the applicable standards of Section 16.140.090 of this Code.
- 12. If other local, state or federal permits are required for construction and operation of the proposed facility:

- a. The applicant shall submit a copy of such permit(s); or
- b. The applicant shall submit:
 - (1) A schedule for submitting the required permits; a description of the requirements of the laws and regulations applicable to such other local, state or federal permits; a summary of how the applicant proposes to comply with the requirements; a list of which regulations require local land use approval; and a list of potentially conflicting local, state or federal standards; and
 - (2) A copy of any application filed for another local, state or federal permit for the proposed facility within ten (10) working days after it is filed with the local, state or federal agency; and
- c. A copy of any written correspondence or published notice from the local, state or federal agency regarding that application within ten (10) working days after the applicant receives that correspondence or notice from the local, state or federal agency.

(Ord. No. 2010-015, § 2, 10-5-2010; Ord. 93-966, § 3; 91-922)

16.140.070 Review Procedures and Burden of Proof

- A. Before accepting an application as complete, the Planning Director may decide additional expertise is warranted to evaluate it due to exceptional circumstances, the complexity of the proposed facility, or its potential impacts. The Planning Director may hire a professional engineer with the necessary expertise to make a written evaluation of the specific application elements required pursuant to this Code.
 - 1. The written evaluations shall be available no later than thirty (30) days after the applicant submits a deposit to pay for the work. Within ten (10) days after the written evaluation is available, the Planning Director shall determine whether the application is complete and advise the applicant in writing accordingly, listing any additional information required to make the application complete.
 - 2. The Planning Director shall draft a work program and estimate the cost of hiring a professional engineer with the necessary expertise for the written evaluation and shall advise the applicant of that cost, which shall not exceed ten (10) times the application fee (or other reasonable limit) unless approved by the applicant. The applicant shall deposit a sum equal to the estimated cost of such services before the application is deemed complete. If the cost of such services is less than estimated, the City shall refund any excess to the applicant. If the cost of such services is more than estimated, the City shall bill the applicant for such additional cost; provided the cost of such services shall not exceed one-hundred ten percent (110%) of the estimated cost unless the applicant or the City agrees in writing to assume such additional cost.
 - 3. The provision does not authorize the City to collect money from an applicant for independent evaluation of on-going operations or performance review of a facility. A fee may be required pursuant to Section 16.140.080F before renewal, but not at the time of application or approval.

- B. An application for a solid waste facility under this Code is complete if any written evaluation required under this Section has been completed, and if:
 - 1. The application includes substantial evidence that the proposed facility will comply with the applicable development standards in Section 16.140.090 or conditions that may be necessary to ensure compliance; or
 - 2. The application includes substantial evidence that the proposed facility is likely to comply with the applicable development standards in Section 16.140.090, identifies any necessary evidence not yet submitted, and provides a reasonable schedule for its submission.
 - 3. The application includes information required to be submitted under Section 16.140.060 of this Code, except to the extent waived by the Planning Director.
- C. The City shall provide public notice and an opportunity for submission of written information and/or for a public hearing to consider compliance within the terms of this Code.
- D. An applicant for a solid waste facility bears the burden of proving that a facility complies with this Code. The following presumptions and procedures apply when evaluating compliance with the burden of proof:
 - 1. An applicant is rebuttably presumed to have met the burden of proof if the application includes substantial evidence that the facility will comply with the standards for establishment of the facility in Section 16.140.090 and conditions proposed by the Planning Director to ensure such compliance.
 - 2. Substantial evidence can be rebutted only by evidence of equal or greater probative value. For instance, testimony from a professional engineer about a given subject in which an engineer has expertise may be rebutted only by testimony or evidence from another professional engineer or a person similarly qualified about that subject. Testimony from an expert witness regarding matters relevant to the expertise of the witness cannot be rebutted by testimony from a non-expert witness. This subsection does not limit what may be introduced as testimony; it affects the weight to be accorded that testimony.
 - 3. If evidence of equal probative value is offered that a given facility does and does not comply with a given standard or that a proposed condition is or is not adequate to ensure compliance, the approval authority shall weight the evidence, identify which evidence it accepts as the basis for its decision, and explain why that evidence is accepted and why contrary evidence is rejected.
 - 4. The approval authority shall issue all necessary land use compatibility statements to the applicant or to applicable local, state, or federal agencies, and a final decision with appropriate findings, conclusions and conditions of approval if, after the appropriate review process, it finds there is substantial evidence that the facility complies with all applicable provisions of this Code and City laws incorporated by reference, subject to appropriate conditions, and that such evidence was not effectively rebutted and does not need to be supplemented.

- 5. If, after a public hearing (or another initial level of review; for instance, the close of the public record following public notice and an opportunity to file written comments), the approval authority finds that:
 - a. There is substantial evidence that the facility complies with some applicable provisions of this Code and such evidence was not rebutted and does not need to be supplemented to resolve disputes.
 - b. There is not substantial evidence that the facility complies with one or more applicable provisions of this Code, or evidence necessary for approval was rebutted or requires augmenting to resolve disputes; and
 - c. It is likely that the applicant will provide the remaining necessary substantial evidence within six (6) months, the approval authority shall:
 - (1) Issue a written final decision approving the proposed facility in concept that, among other things:
 - (a) Identifies standards with which the application complies and provide findings and conclusions showing why it complies, based on substantial evidence in the record, and subject to appropriate conditions of approval;
 - (b) Identifies evidence the applicant must submit to show the proposed facility complies with other applicable provisions of this Code, imposes a schedule for its submission, and includes any requirements pursuant to subsection A above; and
 - (c) Describes how that substantial evidence will be reviewed, including any public notice and hearing requirements.
 - (2) Issues all necessary land use compatibility statements to the applicant or to applicable local, state or federal agencies.
- 6. The approval authority shall issue a final decision that denies the application if, after the appropriate review process, it finds that:
 - a. The record does not contain substantial evidence that the facility complies with all applicable provisions of this Code or could comply given the imposition of conditions, in which case the decision shall identify the section(s) about which the record does not contain substantial evidence; or
 - b. There is more persuasive and at least equally substantial evidence contrary to evidence that the proposed use complies with applicable standards of this Code or could comply given the imposition of conditions, in which case the decision shall identify the provisions for which evidence against the facility overwhelmed the evidence in favor, and

c. The applicant declines to supplement the record regarding standards identified pursuant to subsections D and 6a and 6b above, or it is not likely that substantial evidence necessary to address standards identified pursuant to subsections D and 6a and 6b above will be available within six (6) months after the date of the decision.

(Ord. 93-966, § 3; 91-922)

16.140.080 Conditions of Approval and Enforcement

- A. The approval authority may approve an application for a facility subject to conditions of approval. Conditions of approval shall be reasonably related to impacts of the facility, the requirements of this Code and provisions incorporated herein. In no instance may an approval authority impose as a condition of approval a requirement that a facility be publicly or privately owned. All facilities approved pursuant to this Code shall be subject to a condition requiring that landscaping, air and water quality structures and devices, signs, structures, paved areas, and other features of the facility be maintained in good condition, and that such features be replaced if they fail to survive or are rendered ineffective over time.
- B. Conditions of approval may require an applicant to submit a written statement or permit from state or federal agencies responsible for administering a regulation to which the proposed facility is subject, if the record does not contain such a statement or permit.
 - 1. Such a condition may fulfill provisions of Code Sections relating to Noise, Odors, Ground and Surface Water, Air Quality and Treatment and Storage that the facility comply with state or federal regulations, subject to a further condition that the applicant submit a written statement or permit showing the proposed facility complies with the applicable state or federal regulation before a building permit is issued for the facility; and
 - 2. Such a condition shall require appropriate review and allow modification of the decision and conditions of approval regarding the application if a state or federal permit substantially changes a proposed facility from what was approved by the City in ways relevant to applicable provisions of Section 16.140.090.
- C. All facilities approved pursuant to this Code shall comply with applicable state and federal regulations as a condition of approval. Approval of a facility pursuant to this Code does not preclude imposition of more stringent state or federal regulations adopted after the effective date of this Code.
- D. Any facility that is required to obtain a franchise or license from the Metropolitan Service District (Metro) shall obtain the franchise or license and provide a copy of it to the City before a building permit is issued for the facility.
- E. The City shall enforce the conditions of approval pursuant to Section 16.02.040, Violations. If Metro issues a franchise or license for the facility, the City shall send to Metro a copy of any written correspondence or notices City sends to the applicant regarding enforcement of conditions of approval. Metro may remedy violations of conditions of approval regarding the facility and charge the franchisee or licensee for the cost of such remedial action unless provided otherwise in the franchise or license.

F. The City may periodically conduct a performance review of an approved facility to determine whether it continues to comply with the criteria and standards then applicable and to modify conditions of approval that apply to the facility so that it continues to comply. The approval authority shall specify the time for any performance review. The City may impose a fee for performance review. (Ord. 93-966, § 3; 91-922)

16.140.090 Site Improvement

- A. Setbacks, Landscaping and Site Design Impacts:
- 1. The facility shall comply with the setback requirements and height limits of the underlying zone. However, if the facility adjoins a commercial zone, the minimum setback shall be one-hundred (100) feet, and if the facility adjoins a residential or open space zone, the minimum setback shall be two-hundred (200) feet.
- 2. Structures, exterior storage and processing areas, and vehicle maneuvering and parking are prohibited in setbacks required pursuant to subsection A1 above, except that:
 - a. The approval authority may reduce the required setback if it finds that a lesser setback will not adversely affect the privacy, use, or visual character of existing uses on adjoining land, based on the scale and design of the use or structure(s), landscaping and buffers, or on the topography, vegetation, or other natural features of the site.
 - b. Minor building features such as eaves, chimneys, fire escapes, bay windows, uncovered stairs, wheelchair ramps, and uncovered decks no more than three (3) feet above grade may extend up to twenty percent (20%) into a required setback.
 - c. Attached mechanical structures such as heat pumps, air conditioners, emergency generators, and water pumps may extend into a required setback, except adjoining or across a street from an abutting residential zone.
 - d. Fences, walls, berms, landscaping, access drives, and an entry sign(s) are permitted in the setback; and
 - e. Notwithstanding the preceding, structures shall be situated so they comply with the Uniform Building Code, State of Oregon Structural Specialty Code, as adopted in Oregon.
- 3. Exterior building surfaces shall be finished. Metal used on the exterior of the building shall be anodized or painted; galvanized or coated steel shall not be left unpainted.
- 4. Buildings with walls containing more than twenty-five hundred (2,500) square feet above grade shall incorporate fascias, canopies, arcades, or multiple colors or building materials to break up large wall surfaces visually into areas of one-thousand (1,000) square feet or less, unless it would be contrary to the purpose of the wall, such as for retaining earth or for structural support.

- 5. Attached mechanical structures and roof-mounted equipment shall be screened from ground-level view at adjoining public streets and property zoned residential or open space. Screening may include landscaping, sight obscuring fencing or other features.
- 6. The facility shall not cause glare or lights to shine off-site in excess of one-half (0.5) footcandle onto non-industrial zoned land, based on a written statement certified by a professional engineer.
- 7. Structures shall not obstruct scenic views or vistas identified in the Community Development Plan, Part 2, although structures may be visible from off-site.
- 8. Major activity areas of the site, such as loading and delivery areas, shall be oriented away from adjoining land zoned for residential or open space uses.
- 9. At least twenty percent (20%) of the facility site shall be landscaped with living vegetation in an appropriate medium, such as yard debris compost. Landscaped areas shall have a permanent irrigation system equipped with automatic controls. Where landscaping is situated in required setbacks or adjoins buildings and other structures, it shall include evergreen species at least six (6) feet above grade at planting and situated not farther apart than the radius of the crown of a mature specimen. The approval authority may waive or reduce the level of landscaping where necessary to allow sight distance for vehicular traffic, to enable views of signs or other features of the facility that should be visible to enhance the function of the facility, or to protect solar access to adjoining property. The approval authority may require larger or more numerous trees where necessary to reduce the potential adverse visual effects of a facility. Existing significant vegetation shall be retained, where feasible, and may substitute for other required vegetation. Landscaping in setbacks and parking lots counts toward the twenty percent (20%).

B. Historic Resource Impacts

The facility shall not adversely affect historic resources listed in the Community Development Plan, Part 2 (or inventory of historic resources adopted by the City). A facility complies with this standard if the site and adjoining land do not contain an identified historic resource and are not in an historic district. If the site or adjoining land contains such a resource, then the applicant shall show the facility design preserves the historic resource character.

C. Operating Impacts

- 1. Exterior activities are prohibited between 10:00 PM and 7:00 AM daily, except that vehicles may continue to enter and exit the site and maintenance may be conducted at all hours if they do not violate applicable provisions of Chapters 16.142, Noise, 16.144, Vibration, and subsections A6, A8 and I2 of this Section during any hours.
- 2. For a solid waste transfer station, most solid waste may be stored in an open pit or floor inside a building for up to twenty-four (24) hours or in a sealed container on the site for up to seventy-two (72) hours. Separated recycled materials may be stored on the site for up to thirty (30) days in unsealed containers.

- D. Signage Impacts
- 1. Signs shall comply with sign regulations of Chapter 16.102, except as provided herein.
- 2. If the facility is open to the public, the applicant shall provide a sign(s) at each public entrance to the facility that is clearly legible and visible from the adjoining public road. The sign shall identify the name of the facility, the name and telephone number of the operator, and hours of operation of the facility. The entry sign(s) may be up to thirty-two (32) square feet per side and up to ten (10) feet above grade, unless the zone allows larger signs. Directional information to orient drivers shall be included on the entry sign(s) or on interior signs.
- 3. A sign(s) describing recommended access routes to the facility, materials accepted, instructions for correct preparation of accepted materials, recycling services, and fees for disposing materials shall be posted at the facility. Signs interior to the site shall be coordinated and consistent in appearance.
- 4. Signs that use recycled materials, including recycled plastic, are encouraged. Sign quality and appearance shall be appropriate to the character of the area, as determined by the approval authority.
- E. Outdoor Storage Impacts
- 1. No mixed solid waste or recovered material shall be stored outside in unsealed containers, except;
 - a. In a landfill or composting facility approved for that purpose.
 - b. Solid waste or recovered material that is inert; or
 - c. As otherwise allowed in subsection E of this Section. In all circumstances, outdoor storage of hazardous waste is prohibited.
- 2. Source-separated materials other than yard debris and wood waste shall be stored in containers in an area enclosed on at least three (3) sides and roofed except that in a rural zone, such material shall be enclosed on any side visible from adjoining public or private property and roofed.
- 3. Wood waste, yard debris, and solid waste in sealed containers may be stored outdoors if it complies with the applicable dimensional and design standards. Yard debris shall be removed from the site on at least a weekly basis.
- 4. Storage areas larger than two (2) cubic yards for recovered materials shall be enclosed.
- 5. Drop boxes for recyclable materials on the site of a solid waste facility shall be painted and maintained in good repair, situated on a paved surface and emptied before collected items exceed the height of the box or within five (5) days of becoming full. The applicant shall post a notice on any recycling drop box, stating that only domestic recyclable or reusable materials, such as

paper, cardboard, glass, tin, aluminum, plastic and clothing are permitted. The notice shall also state that yard debris, appliances, or other large items that may be repairable, recyclable or reusable are prohibited, unless the box is designed for that purpose. The name and telephone number of the operator shall also be posted on the box.

6. Outdoor storage areas shall not be visible when viewed from a height of five (5) feet at the edge of the property, except as provided above. A facility complies with this standard when outdoor storage is enclosed within a sight obscuring fence, wall, berm, or landscaping at least six (6) feet high, but not more than ten (10) feet high. A wood fence is sight obscuring when attached vertical or horizontal fence boards are separated by not more than one-fourth (1/4) inch. A metal fence consisting of chain link or woven fabric is sight obscuring when water and insect resistant wood or plastic slats are inserted in the fence material so they are separated by not more than three-eighths (3/8) inch. Landscaping is sight obscuring when it includes evergreen material at least six (6) feet high and not more than two (2) feet on center at planting.

F. Litter Impacts

- 1. For purposes of litter control, an area described as the "Primary Impact Area" shall be established around the proposed facility. The Primary Impact Area is the area within which litter and illegally dumped solid waste is presumed to be a result of the presence of a solid waste facility. Illegally dumped waste consists of solid waste in excess of two (2) cubic yards at a given location and litter includes lesser amounts of solid waste at a given location.
- 2. The Primary Impact Area shall extend at least one-half (1/2) mile from the facility boundary along primary routes to the facility, as identified in the traffic study. The approval authority may expand the Primary Impact Area based on specific conditions or if otherwise warranted based on annual review of illegal dumping and litter patterns in the area.
- 3. Except as specified in Subsection 5 of this Section, the applicant shall submit to the City a plan to eliminate litter in the Primary Impact Area. The plan shall include at least the following:
 - a. A proposed delineation of the Primary Impact Area.
 - b. Appropriate gates, signs and other traffic control devices to direct traffic to the facility along approved routes that, to the extent possible, avoid public parks, residential and retail districts and major public attractions.
 - c. Establishment of a patrol to remove litter along designated routes within the Primary Impact Area on a schedule that, in the opinion of the approval authority, is sufficient to prevent accumulation of litter.
 - d. Provisions for the removal of illegally dumped waste within the primary impact area within twenty-four (24) hours of discovery.
 - e. Provisions to make available written information that describes access routes to the facility, fees for wastes permitted at the facility, surcharges for delivery of uncovered

loads, if appropriate, and recycling incentives; and

- f. For a landfill, a description of measures to be used to minimize blowing of litter from the site, such as periodic application of cover material, spraying with liquid, or use of portable fencing.
- 4. The facility operator shall be responsible for the cost of collecting, removing and disposing of litter and illegally dumped waste within the Primary Impact Area. In addition, the operator shall take reasonable measures to assist the City in identifying sources of illegal waste. If the City identifies a source of illegal waste, the City may take measures to reimburse the operator for the cost of collection and proper disposal of the waste.
- 5. The requirements of this subsection shall not apply to a facility that is not open to the public and receives waste only in sealed containers, or to any facility involved exclusively in recycling.

G. Vector Control Impacts

For any facility where solid waste could sustain or attract rodents or insects, because of the solid waste in question or the environmental characteristics of the site, the applicant shall submit and implement a plan to reduce the potential for rodent and insect propagation using methods designed to minimize nuisance conditions and health hazards.

H. Traffic Circulation and Access

- 1. Access requirements for a facility shall be based on the number and type of vehicle trips generated by the facility. The number of trips generated per day shall be based on the most recent version of the Trip Generation Manual of the Institute of Traffic Engineers, except that the applicant may submit a trip generation study certified by a professional traffic engineer of other similar facilities as the basis for trip generation by the proposed facility. If a proposed facility is not listed in the Trip Generation Manual and a trip generation study of other similar facilities is not available, then the number and type of vehicle trips generated by the proposed facility shall be based on the figures for the use most similar to the proposed facility for which the Trip Generation Manual contains data.
- 2. The applicant shall identify designated routes for vehicular traffic generated by the proposed facility and shall provide written information to facility users describing and promoting use of those routes. Designated routes shall be selected to minimize traffic on non-arterial streets and shall not include streets in residential zones if nonresidential streets provide access.
- 3. For a facility that generates more than two-hundred (200) vehicle trips per day, the applicant shall submit a traffic study by a professional engineer that shows the facility will not cause traffic volumes that exceed the capacity of the street based on the capacity assumptions of the Transportation Master Plan of the City, or that cause any intersection affected by that traffic to have a Level of Service E. If the proposed facility will cause street capacity to be exceeded or create a Level of Service E at any intersection, the applicant shall propose street modifications acceptable to the City to meet the requirements of this subsection. Unless otherwise provided by

- agreement with the City, all expenses related to street improvements necessitated by the proposed facility shall be borne by the applicant.
- 4. A facility in an urban zone shall provide for a deceleration/turn lane at proposed access points to separate facility-bound traffic from other traffic if deemed warranted by the traffic study required in subsection H.3 of this Section. The lane shall accommodate at least two (2) stacked vehicles and shall taper at a ratio of not less than twenty-five in one (25:1) to match the standard roadway width.
- I. Odor Impacts
- 1. The applicant shall demonstrate that the facility meets the requirements of Chapter 16.152, and:
 - a. Will incorporate the best practicable design and operating measures to reduce the potentials or odors detectable off-site from such things as waste stored or being processed on site, spillage of waste, venting of dust, residual amounts of waste in operating areas of the site, and vehicle odors in stacking, maneuvering and staging areas; and
 - b. Will not cause unusual or annoying odors, considering the density of the surrounding population, the duration of the emissions, and other factors relevant to the impact of such emissions.
- 2. Open burning of solid waste will not be allowed unless:
 - a. Open burning is consistent with standards of the DEQ; or
 - b. The facility is outside the area where open burning is banned, and a permit is not required by DEQ.
- J. Ground and Surface Water Impacts
- 1. The applicant shall demonstrate that the facility will:
 - a. Collect all waste water from production, washing down of equipment and vehicles, and similar activities and discharge the water to a public sanitary sewer if:
 - (1) The sewer adjoins or can be extended to the site based on applicable rules of the sewer service provider, and
 - (2) The sewer has the capacity to accommodate waste water from the facility as determined by the sewer service provider or by a professional civil engineer; or
 - b. Incorporate an alternative sanitary waste disposal method that is or will be approved by DEQ; or
 - c. Incorporate an alternative waste disposal method that is consistent with applicable water

- quality standards and will not cause drinking water supplies to violate applicable water quality standards; or
- d. Not generate waste water, and will divert and/or contain storm water so that it does not enter solid waste on the site.
- 2. Prior to construction of the facility, the applicant shall obtain all required permits relating to discharges of waste water and storm water from the facility. The operator of the facility shall comply with all directives of state and federal agencies related to protection of ground and surface water resources potentially affected by the facility.
- 3. At the request of the approval authority, the applicant shall submit to the approval authority copies of any groundwater self-monitoring programs and analyses of potential surface and groundwater impacts related to the facility that are required to be submitted to the DEQ.
- 4. At the request of the approval authority, an applicant for a landfill, mixed waste compost facility, wood waste recycling facility, yard debris depot or processing facility shall submit copies of its leachate collection and treatment plan and program prepared by a professional civil engineer for submittal to the DEQ, if one has been required by the DEQ.
- 5. An applicant for a household hazardous waste depot, hazardous waste treatment and storage facility, material recovery facility, solid waste depot or transfer station shall submit and implement a plan and program prepared by a professional civil engineer to collect, pre-treat and dispose waste water from the floor or operating area of such facility and to prevent surface water from mixing with solid waste spills.
- 6. The applicant shall submit and implement a plan prepared by a professional civil engineer to reduce the amount of waste water caused by hosing down equipment, tipping areas, platforms and other facility features, such as by using high pressure/low flow washing systems, compressed air or vacuum equipment for cleaning.
- 7. The applicant shall submit and implement a plan prepared by a professional civil engineer or landscape architect to collect storm water from all impervious areas of the site and to properly manage storm water. The applicant shall comply with state and federal regulations governing storm water discharges, and obtain required storm water discharge permits in a timely fashion. To the extent consistent with a storm water discharge permit issued for the facility, storm water shall be managed in the following manner:
 - a. Storm water disposal shall comply with the Storm Drainage Master Plan of the City.
 - b. If a storm sewer with adequate capacity is not available, the applicant shall:
 - (1) Retain storm water on site; and/or
 - (2) Detail storm water on-site and discharge it from the site at no greater rate than before development of the facility; or

- (3) Discharge storm water at full rate to public drainage features, such as a roadside ditch or regional drainage facility, if there is adequate capacity to accommodate it as determined by a professional civil engineer or landscape architect. If discharging water at full rate would exceed the capacity of downstream drainage features, the applicant shall:
 - (a) Provide a detention pond or ponds to contain water in excess of the system's capacity; and/or
 - (b) Identify improvements to downstream drainage features necessary to accommodate the increased volume or rate of flow without adversely affecting adjoining property and either:
 - (i) Provide such improvements before operation of the facility, or
 - (ii) Contribute necessary funds to the City and USA so that the City and USA can undertake such improvements.
 - (c) If off-site improvements are required to accommodate storm water from the site, prior to issuance of a building permit for the facility, the applicant, the City and USA shall execute an agreement to pay back the applicant for the cost of improvements to the extent those improvements exceed the storm drainage needs generated by the facility.
- 8. Except as otherwise provided by the storm drainage master plan of the City and USA, the collection and disposal system shall be sized to accommodate peak flows from a twenty-five (25) year storm event, based on the flow from the area that includes the site and the basin that drains onto it, assuming permitted development of that area, as determined by a professional civil engineer or landscape architect.
- 9. Before storm water is discharged from the site or into the ground, the applicant will direct it through features to remove sediment, grease and oils, and water soluble materials in the water. Such features shall comply with the storm drainage standards of the City and USA.
- 10. The applicant shall submit and implement a plan prepared by a professional civil engineer or landscape architect to reduce the potential for erosion along natural and constructed drainageways and across slopes during and after construction.
- 11. For a landfill, the approval authority may require that the applicant submit a copy of its closure plan as prepared for submittal to the DEQ.
- K. Methane Gas Impacts
- 1. The applicant shall submit a statement from a professional engineer that the facility will not generate significant quantities of methane gas emissions; or

- 2. The applicant shall submit and implement a methane gas control program prepared by a professional engineer that describes how:
 - a. The facility will not generate methane gas in excess of twenty-five percent (25%) of the lower explosive limit for methane in facility structures or in excess of the lower explosive limit at the facility boundary;
 - b. The gas shall be collected and vented, incinerated, or put to or prepared for a productive use; and
 - c. Methane will be measured in structures and at the facility boundary, consistent with applicable DEQ standards.

L. Air Quality Impacts

A facility shall not cause detrimental air quality impacts. A facility complies with this standard if the applicant obtains all required Air Contaminant Discharge Permits and the facility is operated in conformance with Chapter 16.150 and all applicable DEQ air quality standards and requirements.

M. Treatment and Storage Facilities (Hazardous Waste)

The applicant for a proposed treatment and storage facility shall comply with Oregon Administrative Rules Chapter 340, Division 340, Division 120, and any other applicable state or federal law, by obtaining all state and federal permits necessary for operation of the facility. (Ord. No. 2010-015, § 2, 10-5-2010; Ord. 93-966, § 3)

Chapter 16.142

PARKS, OPEN SPACES AND TREES*

Sections:

16.142.010 Purpose

16.142.020 Multi-Family Developments

16.142.030 Visual Corridors

16.142.040 Park Reservation

16.142.050 Street Trees

16.142.060 Trees on Property Subject to Certain Land Use Applications

16.142.070 Trees on Private Property -- not subject to a land use action

16.142.080 Recommended Street Trees

* Editor's Note: Some sections may not contain a history.

16.142.010 Purpose

This Chapter is intended to assure the provision of a system of public and private recreation and open space areas and facilities consistent with this Code and applicable portions of Chapter 5 of the Community Development Plan Part 2.

(Ord. 2006-021; 91-922, § 3)

16.142.020 Multi-Family Developments

A. Standards

Except as otherwise provided, recreation and open space areas shall be provided in new multi-family residential developments to the following standards:

1. Open Space

A minimum of twenty percent (20%) of the site area shall be retained in common open space. Required yard parking or maneuvering areas may not be substituted for open space.

2. Recreation Facilities

A minimum of fifty percent (50%) of the required common open space shall be suitable for active recreational use. Recreational spaces shall be planted in grass or otherwise suitably improved. A minimum area of eight-hundred (800) square feet and a minimum width of fifteen (15) feet shall be provided.

3. Minimum Standards

Common open space and recreation areas and facilities shall be clearly shown on site development plans and shall be physically situated so as to be readily accessible to and usable by all residents of the development.

4. Terms of Conveyance

Rights and responsibilities attached to common open space and recreation areas and facilities shall be clearly specified in a legally binding document which leases or conveys title, including beneficial ownership to a home association, or other legal entity. The terms of such lease or other instrument of conveyance must include provisions suitable to the City for guaranteeing the continued use of such land and facilities for its intended purpose; continuity of property maintenance; and, when appropriate, the availability of funds required for such maintenance and adequate insurance protection.

(Ord. No. 2010-015, § 2, 10-5-2010; Ord. 91-922, § 3)

16.142.030 Visual Corridors

A. Corridors Required

New developments located outside of the Old Town Overlay with frontage on Highway 99W, or arterial or collector streets designated on Figure 8-1 of the Transportation System Plan shall be required to establish a landscaped visual corridor according to the following standards:

	Category	Width
1.	Highway 99W	25 feet
2.	Arterial	15 feet

3.	Collector	10 feet	
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In residential developments where fences are typically desired adjoining the above described major street the corridor may be placed in the road right-of-way between the property line and the sidewalk. In all other developments, the visual corridor shall be on private property adjacent to the right-of-way.

B. Landscape Materials

The required visual corridor areas shall be planted as specified by the review authority to provide a continuous visual and/or acoustical buffer between major streets and developed uses. Except as provided for above, fences and walls shall not be substituted for landscaping within the visual corridor. Uniformly planted, drought resistant street trees and ground cover, as specified in Section 16.142.050, shall be planted in the corridor by the developer. The improvements shall be included in the compliance agreement. In no case shall trees be removed from the required visual corridor.

C. Establishment and Maintenance

Designated visual corridors shall be established as a portion of landscaping requirements pursuant to Chapter 16.92. To assure continuous maintenance of the visual corridors, the review authority may require that the development rights to the corridor areas be dedicated to the City or that restrictive covenants be recorded prior to the issuance of a building permit.

D. Required Yard

Visual corridors may be established in required yards, except that where the required visual corridor width exceeds the required yard width, the visual corridor requirement shall take precedence. In no case shall buildings be sited within the required visual corridor, with the exception of front porches on townhomes, as permitted in Section 16.44.010(E)(4)(c).

- E. Pacific Highway 99W Visual Corridor
- 1. Provide a landscape plan for the highway median paralleling the subject frontage. In order to assure continuity, appropriate plant materials and spacing, the plan shall be coordinated with the City Planning Department and ODOT.
- 2. Provide a visual corridor landscape plan with a variety of trees and shrubs. Fifty percent (50%) of the visual corridor plant materials shall consist of groupings of at least five (5) native evergreen trees a minimum of ten (10) feet in height each, spaced no less than fifty (50) feet apart, if feasible. Deciduous trees shall be a minimum of four (4) inches DBH and twelve (12) feet high, spaced no less than twenty-five (25) feet apart, if feasible.

(Ord. No. 2010-015, § 2, 10-5-2010; Ord. 2009-005, § 2, 6-2-2009; Ord. 2006-021)

16.142.040 Park Reservation

Areas designated on the Natural Resources and Recreation Plan Map, in Chapter 5 of the Community Development Plan, which have not been dedicated pursuant to Section 16.142.030 or 16.134.020, may be

required to be reserved upon the recommendation of the City Parks Board, for purchase by the City within a period of time not to exceed three (3) years.

(Ord. No. 2010-015, § 2, 10-5-2010; Ord. 2006-021; 91-922, § 3)

16.142.050 Street Trees

A. Installation of Street Trees on New or Redeveloped Property.

Trees are required to be planted to the following specifications along public streets abutting or within any new development or re-development. Planting of such trees shall be a condition of development approval. The City shall be subject to the same standards for any developments involving City-owned property, or when constructing or reconstructing City streets. After installing street trees, the property owner shall be responsible for maintaining the street trees on the owner's property or within the right-of-way adjacent to the owner's property.

- 1. Location: Trees shall be planted within the planter strip along a newly created or improved streets. In the event that a planter strip is not required or available, the trees shall be planted on private property within the front yard setback area or within public street right-of-way between front property lines and street curb lines or as required by the City.
- 2. Size: Trees shall have a minimum trunk diameter of two (2) inches DBH and minimum height of six (6) feet. Diameter at breast height (DBH) shall be measured as defined by the International Society of Arboriculture.
- 3. Types: Developments shall include a variety of street trees. The trees planted shall be chosen from those listed in 16.142.080 of this Code.
- 4. Required Street Trees and Spacing:
 - a. The minimum spacing is based on the maximum canopy spread identified in the recommended street tree list in section 16.142.080 with the intent of providing a continuous canopy without openings between the trees. For example, if a tree has a canopy of forty (40) feet, the spacing between trees is forty (40) feet. If the tree is not on the list, the mature canopy width must be provided to the planning department by a certified arborist.
 - b. All new developments shall provide adequate tree planting along all public streets. The number and spacing of trees shall be determined based on the type of tree and the spacing standards described in a. above and considering driveways, street light locations and utility connections. Unless exempt per c. below, trees shall not be spaced more than forty (40) feet apart in any development.
 - c. A new development may exceed the forty-foot spacing requirement under section b. above, under the following circumstances:
 - (1) Installing the tree would interfere with existing utility lines and no substitute tree

is appropriate for the site; or

- (2) There is not adequate space in which to plant a street tree due to driveway or street light locations, vision clearance or utility connections, provided the driveways, street light or utilities could not be reasonably located elsewhere so as to accommodate adequate room for street trees; and
- (3) The street trees are spaced as close as possible given the site limitations in (1) and (2) above.
- (4) The location of street trees in an ODOT or Washington County right-of-way may require approval, respectively, by ODOT or Washington County and are subject to the relevant state or county standards.
- (5) For arterial and collector streets, the City may require planted medians in lieu of paved twelve-foot wide center turning lanes, planted with trees to the specifications of this subsection.
- B. Removal and Replacement of Street Trees.

The removal of a street tree shall be limited and in most cases, necessitated by the tree. A person may remove a street tree as provided in this section. The person removing the tree is responsible for all costs of removal and replacement. Street trees less than five (5) inches DBH can be removed by right by the property owner or his or her assigns, provided that they are replaced. A street tree that is removed must be replaced within six (6) months of the removal date.

- 1. Criteria for All Street Tree Removal for trees over five (5) inches DBH. No street tree shall be removed unless it can be found that the tree is:
 - a. Dying, becoming severely diseased, or infested or diseased so as to threaten the health of other trees, or
 - b. Obstructing public ways or sight distance so as to cause a safety hazard, or
 - c. Interfering with or damaging public or private utilities, or
 - d. Defined as a nuisance per City nuisance abatement ordinances.
- 2. Street trees between five (5) and ten (10) inches DBH may be removed if any of the criteria in 1. above are met and a tree removal permit is obtained.
 - a. The Tree Removal Permit Process is a Type I land use decision and shall be approved subject to the following criteria:
 - (1) The person requesting removal shall submit a Tree Removal Permit application that identifies the location of the tree, the type of tree to be removed, the proposed

replacement and how it qualifies for removal per Section 1. above.

- (2) The person shall post a sign, provided by the City, adjacent to the tree for ten (10) calendar days prior to removal that provides notice of the removal application and the process to comment on the application.
- (3) If an objection to the removal is submitted by the City or to the City during the ten (10) calendar day period, an additional evaluation of the tree will be conducted by an arborist to determine whether the tree meets the criteria for street tree removal in Section 1. above. The person requesting the Tree Removal Permit shall be responsible for providing the arborist report and associated costs.
- (4) Upon completion of the additional evaluation substantiating that the tree warrants removal per Section 1. above or if no objections are received within the ten-day period, the tree removal permit shall be approved.
- (5) If additional evaluation indicates the tree does not warrant removal, the Tree Removal Permit will be denied.
- 3. Street trees over ten (10) inches DBH may be removed through a Type I review process subject to the following criteria.
 - a. The applicant shall provide a letter from a certified arborist identifying:
 - (1) The tree's condition,
 - (2) How it warrants removal using the criteria listed in Section 1. above, and identifying any reasonable actions that could be taken to allow the retention of the tree.
 - b. The applicant shall provide a statement that describes whether and how the applicant sought assistance from the City, HOA or neighbors to address any issues or actions that would enable the tree to be retained.
 - c. The person shall post a sign, provided by the City, adjacent to the tree for ten (10) calendar days prior to removal that provides notice of the removal application and the process to comment on the application.
 - d. Review of the materials and comments from the public confirm that the tree meets the criteria for removal in Section 1. above.
- C. Homeowner's Association Authorization.

The Planning Commission may approve a program for the adoption, administration and enforcement by a homeowners' association (HOA) of regulations for the removal and replacement of street trees within the geographic boundaries of the association.

- 1. An HOA that seeks to adopt and administer a street tree program must submit an application to the City. The application must contain substantially the following information:
 - a. The HOA must be current and active. The HOA should meet at least quarterly and the application should include the minutes from official HOA Board meetings for a period not less than eighteen (18) months (six (6) quarters) prior to the date of the application.
 - b. The application must include proposed spacing standards for street trees that are substantially similar to the spacing standards set forth in 16.142.050.A above.
 - c. The application must include proposed street tree removal and replacement standards that are substantially similar to the standards set forth in 16.142.050.B above.
 - d. The application should include a copy of the HOA bylaws as amended to allow the HOA to exercise authority over street tree removal and replacement, or demonstrate that such an amendment is likely within ninety (90) days of a decision to approve the application.
 - e. The application should include the signatures of not less than seventy-five (75) percent of the homeowners in the HOA in support of the application.
- 2. An application for approval of a tree removal and replacement program under this section shall be reviewed by the City through the Type IV land use process. In order to approve the program, the City must determine:
 - a. The HOA is current and active.
 - b. The proposed street tree removal and replacement standards are substantially similar to the standards set forth in 16.142.050.B above.
 - c. The proposed street tree spacing standards are substantially similar to the standards set forth in 16.142.050.A above.
 - d. The HOA has authority under its bylaws to adopt, administer and enforce the program.
 - e. The signatures of not less than seventy-five (75) percent of the homeowners in the HOA in support of the application.
- 3. A decision to approve an application under this section shall include at least the following conditions:
 - a. Beginning on the first January 1 following approval and on January 1 every two (2) years thereafter, the HOA shall make a report to the city planning department that provides a summary and description of action taken by the HOA under the approved program. Failure to timely submit the report that is not cured within sixty (60) days shall result in the immediate termination of the program.

- b. The HOA shall comply with the requirements of Section12.20 of the Sherwood Municipal Code.
- 4. The City retains the right to cancel the approved program at any time for failure to substantially comply with the approved standards or otherwise comply with the conditions of approval.
 - a. If an HOA tree removal program is canceled, future tree removals shall be subject to the provisions of section 16.142.050.
 - b. A decision by the City to terminate an approved street tree program shall not affect the validity of any decisions made by the HOA under the approved program that become final prior to the date the program is terminated.
 - c. If the city amends the spacing standards or the removal and replacement standards in this section (SZCDC 16.142.050) the City may require that the HOA amend the corresponding standards in the approved street tree program.
- 5. An approved HOA tree removal and replacement program shall be valid for five (5) years; however the authorization may be extended as approved by the City, through a Type II Land Use Review.
- D. Exemption from Replacing Street Trees.

A street tree that was planted in compliance with the Code in effect on the date planted and no longer required by spacing standards of section A.4. above may be removed without replacement provided:

- 1. Exemption is granted at the time of street tree removal permit or authorized homeowner's association removal per Section 16.142.050.C. above.
- 2. The property owner provides a letter from a certified arborist stating that the tree must be removed due to a reason identified in the tree removal criteria listed in Section 16.142.050.B.1. above, and
- 3. The letter describes why the tree cannot be replaced without causing continued or additional damage to public or private utilities that could not be prevented through reasonable maintenance.
- E. Notwithstanding any other provision in this section, the city manager or the manager's designee may authorize the removal of a street tree in an emergency situation without a tree removal permit when the tree poses an immediate threat to life, property or utilities. A decision to remove a street tree under this section is subject to review only as provided in ORS 34.100.
 - F. Trees on Private Property Causing Damage.

Any tree, woodland or any other vegetation located on private property, regardless of species or size, that interferes with or damages public streets or utilities, or causes an unwarranted increase in the

maintenance costs of same, may be ordered removed or cut by the City Manager or his or her designee. Any order for the removal or cutting of such trees, woodlands or other vegetation, shall be made and reviewed under the applicable City nuisance abatement ordinances.

G. Penalties. The abuse, destruction, defacing, cutting, removal, mutilation or other misuse of any tree planted on public property or along a public street as per this Section, shall be subject to the penalties defined by Section 16.02.040, and other penalties defined by applicable ordinances and statutes, provided that each tree so abused shall be deemed a separate offense.

(Ord. No. 2011-001, §§ 1, 2, 2-15-2011; Ord. No. 2010-015, § 2, 10-5-2010; Ord. 2006-021; Ord. 91-922, § 3)

16.142.060 Trees on Property Subject to Certain Land Use Applications

A. Generally

The purpose of this Section is to establish processes and standards which will minimize cutting or destruction of trees and woodlands within the City. This Section is intended to help protect the scenic beauty of the City; to retain a livable environment through the beneficial effect of trees on air pollution, heat and glare, sound, water quality, and surface water and erosion control; to encourage the retention and planting of tree species native to the Willamette Valley and Western Oregon; to provide an attractive visual contrast to the urban environment, and to sustain a wide variety and distribution of viable trees and woodlands in the community over time.

- 1. All Planned Unit Developments subject to Chapter 16.40, site developments subject to Section 16.92.020, and subdivisions subject to Chapter 16.122, shall be required to preserve trees or woodlands, as defined by this Section to the maximum extent feasible within the context of the proposed land use plan and relative to other policies and standards of the City Comprehensive Plan, as determined by the City. This Section shall not apply to any PUD, site development or subdivision, or any subdivision phase of any PUD, having received an approval by the Commission prior to the effective date of Ordinance No. 94-991, except for Subsection C5 of this Section, which shall apply to all building permits issued after the effective date to that Ordinance.
- 2. For the inventory purposes of this Section, a tree is a living woody plant having a trunk diameter as specified below at four and one-half (4- 1/2) feet above mean ground level at the base of the trunk, also known as Diameter Breast Height (DBH). Trees planted for commercial agricultural purposes, and/or those subject to farm forest deferral, such as nut and fruit orchards and Christmas tree farms, are excluded from this definition and from regulation under this Section, as are any living woody plants under five (5) inches DBH.
 - a. Douglas fir, ponderosa pine, western red cedar, white oak, big leaf maple, American chestnut, ten (10) inches or greater.
 - b. All other tree species, five (5) inches or greater.

In addition, any trees of any species of five (5) inches or greater DBH that are proposed for removal as per the minimally necessary development activities defined in subsection C3 of this

Section shall be inventoried.

3. For the inventory purposes of this Section, a woodland is a biological community dominated by trees covering a land area of 20,000 square feet or greater at a density of at least fifty (50) trees per every 20,000 square feet with at least fifty percent (50%) of those trees of any species having a five (5) inches or greater DBH. Woodlands planted for commercial agricultural purposes and/or subject to farm forest deferral, such as nut and fruit orchards and Christmas tree farms, are excluded from this definition, and from regulation under this Section.

B. Tree and Woodland Inventory

1. To assist the City in making its determinations on the retention of trees and woodlands, the land use applications referenced in subsection A of this Section shall include a tree and woodland inventory and report, in both map and narrative form, addressing the standards in subsection C of this Section, and a written report by an arborist, forester, landscape architect, botanist, or other qualified professional, as determined by the City, that generally evaluates the nature and quality of the existing trees and woodlands on the site and also provides information as to the extent and methods by which trees and woodlands will be retained. The inventory shall include a resume detailing the qualified professional's applicable background and experience. The City may also require the submission of additional information as per Section 16.136.030.

Trees removed on the property within one year prior to the submittal of the development application shall also be included in the inventory. In the event that adequate data is not available to address the specific inventory requirements below, an aerial photo may be utilized to determine the approximate number, size and type of trees on the property.

- 2. In addition to the general requirements of this Section, the tree and woodland inventory's mapping and reports shall include, but are not limited to, the following specific information. Mapping shall include a composite map, illustrating as much required information as possible while retaining map readability.
 - a. The location of the property subject to the land use application and tree and woodland inventory, including street addresses, assessors' map and tax lot numbers, and a vicinity map.
 - b. Mapping indicating the location of trees and woodlands, as defined by subsections A2 through 3. Mapping shall include typical tree root zones, given tree species, size, condition and location. For any woodland, inventory data and mapping is required only for the group, rather than on a tree by tree basis.
 - c. Mapping and other inventory data shall include, but is not limited to, the boundaries and/or types of soils, wetlands, and floodplains underlying the tree or woodland; site hydrology, drainage, and slope characteristics; the condition, density, form, root zone and aspect of the tree or woodland, including in the case of a woodland, associated understory.

- d. Mapping and other inventory data shall be of sufficient detail and specificity to allow for field location of trees and woodlands by the City, and shall include but is not limited to, existing and proposed property lines, topography at the intervals otherwise specified for the type of land use application being considered, and any significant man-made or natural features that would tend to aid in such field location.
- e. The number, size, species, condition, and location of trees and woodlands proposed for removal, the timing and method of such removal, and the reason(s) for removal.
- f. The number, size, species, condition, and location of trees and woodlands proposed for retention, and the methods by which such trees and woodlands shall be maintained in a healthy condition both during and subsequent to development activity.
- g. Proposed mitigation and replacement efforts as per subsection D of this Section, including a description of how proposed replacement trees will be successfully replanted and maintained on the site.

C. Tree and Woodland Retention

- 1. The review authority shall make findings identifying all trees and woodlands, or additional trees not inventoried, that merit retention. Alternatively, the City may require planting of new trees in lieu of retention as per subsection D1 through D3 of this Section, or acquire said trees and woodlands as per subsection D4 of this Section. Prior to making any such determinations or recommendations, the review authority may seek the recommendations of the City Parks Advisory Board. Special consideration shall be given in making these determinations to the retention or replanting of trees native to the Willamette Valley and Western Oregon, except in areas where such trees are prohibited as per Section 16.142.050B.
- 2. To require retention of trees or woodlands as per subsection B of this Section, the Commission or Council must make specific findings that retention of said trees or woodlands furthers the purposes and goals of this Section, is feasible and practical both within the context of the proposed land use plan and relative to other policies and standards of the City Comprehensive Plan, and are:
 - a. Within a Significant Natural Area, 100-year floodplain, City greenway, jurisdictional wetland or other existing or future public park or natural area designated by the City Comprehensive Plan, or
 - b. A landscape or natural feature as per applicable policies of the City Comprehensive Plan, or are necessary to keep other identified trees or woodlands on or near the site from being damaged or destroyed due to windfall, erosion, disease or other natural processes, or
 - c. Necessary for soil stability and the control of erosion, for managing and preserving surface or groundwater quantities or quality, or for the maintenance of a natural drainageway, as per Unified Sewerage Agency stormwater management plans and standards or the City Comprehensive Plan, or

- d. Necessary as buffers between otherwise incompatible land uses, or from natural areas, wetlands and greenways, or
- e. Otherwise merit retention because of unusual size, historic association or species type, habitat or wildlife preservation considerations, or some combination thereof, as determined by the City.
- 3. In general, the City shall permit only the removal of trees, woodlands, and associated vegetation, regardless of size and/or density, minimally necessary to undertake the development activities contemplated by the land use application under consideration. For the development of PUDs and subdivisions, minimally necessary activities will typically entail tree removal for the purposes of constructing City and private utilities, streets, and other infrastructure, and minimally required site grading necessary to construct the development as approved. For site developments, minimally necessary activities will typically entail tree removal for the purposes of constructing City and private utilities, streets and other infrastructure, minimally required site grading necessary to construct the development as approved, construction of permitted buildings, and City required site improvements such as driveways and parking lots.
- 4. The Notice of Decision issued for the land use applications subject to this Section shall indicate which trees and woodlands will be retained as per subsection C2 of this Section, which may be removed or shall be retained as per subsection B of this Section, and which shall be mitigated as per subsection D of this Section, and any limitations or conditions attached thereto. The applicant shall prepare and submit a Final Tree and Woodland Plan prior to issuance of any construction permits, illustrating how identified trees and woodlands will be retained, removed or mitigated as per the Notice of Decision. Such Plan shall specify how trees and woodlands will be protected from damage or destruction by construction activities, including protective fencing, selective pruning and root treatments, excavation techniques, temporary drainage systems, and like methods. At a minimum, trees to be protected shall have the area within the drip line of the tree protected from grading, stockpiling, and all other construction related activity unless specifically reviewed and recommended by a certified arborist.
- 5. At the time of building permit issuance for any development of a site containing trees or woodlands identified as per subsection C of this Section, the Building Official shall permit only the removal of trees, woodlands and associated vegetation, regardless of size and/or density, minimally necessary to undertake the development activities contemplated by the building permit application under consideration. The permit shall specify how trees and woodlands will be protected from damage or destruction by construction activities, including protective fencing, selective pruning and root treatments, excavation techniques, temporary drainage systems, and like methods. Minimally necessary activities will typically entail tree removal for the purposes of construction of City and private utilities, streets and other infrastructure, minimally required site grading necessary to construct the development as approved, construction of permitted buildings, and City required site improvements such as driveways and parking lots. A fee for this inspection shall be established as per Section 16.74.010, provided however that said inspection is not deemed to be a land use action.

- 6. When a tree or woodland within an approved site plan, subdivision or Planned Unit Development subsequently proves to be so located as to prohibit the otherwise lawful siting of a building or use, retention of said trees or woodlands may be deemed sufficient cause for the granting of a variance as per Chapter 16.84, subject to the satisfaction of all other applicable criteria in Chapter 16.84.
- 7. All trees, woodlands, and vegetation located on any private property accepted for dedication to the City for public parks and open space, greenways, Significant Natural Areas, wetlands, floodplains, or for storm water management or for other purposes, as a condition of a land use approval, shall be retained outright, irrespective of size, species, condition or other factors. Removal of any such trees, woodlands, and vegetation prior to actual dedication of the property to the City shall be cause for reconsideration of the land use plan approval.

D. Mitigation

- 1. The City may require mitigation for the removal of any trees and woodlands identified as per subsection C of this Section if, in the City's determination, retention is not feasible or practical within the context of the proposed land use plan or relative to other policies and standards of the City Comprehensive Plan. Such mitigation shall not be required of the applicant when removal is necessitated by the installation of City utilities, streets and other infrastructure in accordance with adopted City standards and plans. Provided, however, that the City may grant exceptions to established City street utility and other infrastructure standards in order to retain trees or woodlands, if, in the City's determination, such exceptions will not significantly compromise the functioning of the street, utility or other infrastructure being considered. Mitigation shall be in the form of replacement by the planting of new trees.
- 2. Replacement trees required as part of mitigation as per this Section shall, as determined by the City, be generally of a substantially similar species, size and quantity to those trees proposed for removal, taking into account soils, slopes, hydrology, site area, and other relevant characteristics of the site on which the mitigation is proposed. In consideration of the foregoing factors the City may require replacement trees to be replanted at greater than a 1:1 caliper inch ratio. Exotic or non-native trees shall generally be replaced with species native to the Willamette Valley or Western Oregon, except where such native trees are prohibited by Section 16.142.050B2. Said replacement trees shall be in addition to trees along public streets required by Section 16.142.050A. Standards for trees along public streets may be different than those for trees required for retention or replacement under this Section.
- 3. If replacement trees of the species, size or quantity being removed are not available, or cannot be successfully replanted due to soils, slopes, hydrology, site area, or other relevant characteristics of the site, the City may require:
 - a. Different species of trees to be submitted, or
 - b. Replacement trees to be planted on another, more suitable site within the City, or
 - c. Cash payments equivalent to the fair market value of the otherwise required replacement

trees, including estimated installation costs, said payments to be set aside by the City in a dedicated fund for eventual purchase and planting of trees when suitable sites become available.

4. The Commission may also make recommendation to the Council, based on the recommendation of the Parks Advisory Board, that trees or woodlands identified as per this Section be purchased by the City, if such trees cannot otherwise be retained as part of the proposed land use plan, obtained as a parks and open space or other dedication to the City, or otherwise be mitigated as per subsection D of this Section.

E. Penalties

Violations of this Section shall be subject to the penalties defined by Section 16.02.040, provided that each designated tree or woodland unlawfully removed or cut shall be deemed a separate offense. (Ord. 2006-021; Ord. 91-922, § 3)

16.142.070 Trees on Private Property -- not subject to a land use action

A. Generally

In general, existing mature trees on private property shall be retained unless determined to be a hazard to life or property. For the purposes of this section only, existing mature trees shall be considered any deciduous tree greater than ten (10) inches diameter at the breast height (dbh) or any coniferous tree greater than twenty (20) inches dbh.

B. Standards

In the event a property owner determines it necessary to remove existing mature trees on their property that are not a hazard, they may remove up to 5 trees per acre per calendar year by right, not to exceed 100 inches total dbh. The property owner shall document the number of trees and the date removed for their records and shall notify the City Planning Department 48 hours prior to tree removal. Failure to notify the Planning Department shall not result in a violation of this code unless it is determined that the tree removal is in excess of that permitted outright.

If the property owner determines that it is necessary to remove more trees than is permitted by right, the act is considered to be an alteration of the exterior appearance of the property and site plan review is required. In that instance, the requirements of Section 16.142.060 shall apply. The review authority shall be determined by the square footage of the area to be disturbed.

(Ord. 2006-021)

16.142.080 Recommended Street Trees

A. Recommended Street Trees:

Common Name	Botanical Name	Canopy Spread (feet)
Acer - Maple		
Cavalier Norway Maple	Acer platanoides cavalier	

Cleveland Norway Maple	p. Cleveland	30
Cleveland II Norway	p. Cleveland	25
Maple	•	
Columnar Norway Maple	p. columnare	15
Fairway Sugar Maple	p. fairway	40
(sugar maple)		20. 25
Olmsted Norway Maple	p. olmsted	2025
Roughbark Maple Trident Maple	Acer triflorum Acer buergeranum	20
Rocky Mountain Glow	Acer grandidentatum	15
Maple Maple	'Schmidt'	
David's Maple	Acer davidii	20
Metro Gold Hedge Maple	Acer campestre 'Panacek'	25
Red Sunset Maple (Old	Acer rubrum red sunset -	2540
Town)	Red Sunset Maple (Old	
	Town) (Provided that a	
	root barrier is installed)	20.07
Royal Red Maple	r. royal red	2025
Gerling Red Maple	r. gerling	2535
Tilford Red Maple	r. tilford	30
Carpinus - Hornbeam		
Pyramidal European	Carpinus betulus	3040
Hornbeam	pyramidalis b. columnaris	15
Pyramidal European Hornbeam	b. columnaris	15
Pyramidal European	b. fastigiata	1520
Hornbeam	b. fastigiata	1320
Eastern Redbud	Cercic, canadenis -	1020
	Canadian Red Bud	
Fraxinus - Ash		
Dr. Pirone Ash	augustifolia dr. pirone	3550
Raywood Ash	raywoodi	20
Oregon Ash	latifolia	2540
Ginkgo		
Autumn Gold	biloba	2535
Fairmount	biloba	1525
Gleditsia		
Honey Locust	triacanthos sunburst	2030
Liquidamber		
American Sweetgum	styraciflua	40
Liriodenrod	Styraciiiua	3050
Magnolia		
Evergreen Magnolia	grandiflora vars	
Southern Magnolia	grandiflora	40
Dr. Merrill Magnolia	kobus dr. merrill	1520
Edith Bogue Magnolia	Magnolia grandiflora	15
D CI DI	'Edith Bogue'	
Purnus - Cherry - Plum		
Double Flowering Cherry	avium plena	3040
Scanlon Globe Cherry	avium scanlon	3040
Japanese Cherry	serrulata vars	1530
Okoma Charry	(nonweeping)	20. 20
Okame Cherry Blireana Plum	okame blireana	2030
Pissardi Plum	pissardi	10
Krauter's Vesuvius Plum	Vesuvius	15
Amur Chokecherry	maacki	2530
1 min Chokecherry		50

Redbark Cherry	serrula	2030
European Birdcherry	padus	35
Bigflowered Birdcherry	grandiflora	1020
Rancho Birdcherry	berg	1520
Purpleleaf Birdcherry	purpurea	1020
Prairifire Crabapple	Malus 'Prairifire'	20
Quercus		
Crimson Spire Oak	Quercus alba x Q. robur 'Crimschmidt'	15
Pin Oak	palustris	35
Tilia - Linden		
American Linden	americana	3540
Little Leaf Linden	cordata	40
Crimean Linden	euchlora	2030
Silver Linden	tomentosa	40
Bicentennial Linden	bicentennial	30
Greenspire Linden	greenspire	20
Salem Linden	salem	2030
Chancellor Linden	Tiliacordata 'Chancole'	20

B. Recommended Street Trees under Power Lines:

Acer ginnala -- Amur Maple 20' spread

Acer campestre -- Hedge Maple 30' spread

Acer palmatum -- Japanese Maple 25' spread

Acer griseum -- Paperbark Maple 20' spread

Acer circinatum -- Vine Maple 25' spread

Amelanchier x grandiflora -- Apple Serviceberry 20' spread

Amelanchier Canadensis -- Shadblow Serviceberry 20' spread

Cercis Canadensis -- Eastern Redbud 25--30' spread

Clerodendrum trichotomum -- Glorybower Tree 20' spread

Cornus florida -- Flowering Dogwood 20-25' spread

Cornus kousa -- Japanese Dogwood 25' spread

Crataegus phaenopyrum -- Washington Hawthorn 25' spread

Crataegus x lavellei -- Lavelle Hawthorn 20' spread

Fraxinus excelsior globosum -- Globe-Headed European Ash 12--15' spread

Fraxinus ornus -- Flowering Ash 20--30' spread

Fraxinus oxycarpa aureopolia -- Golden Desert Ash 18' spread

Koelreuteria paniculata -- Goldenrain Tree 10--20' spread

Laburnum x waterii -- Golden Chain Tree 15' spread

Malus -- Flowering Crabapple 20-25' spread

Prunus -- Flowering Cherry 20--25' spread

Pyrus calleryana -- Flowering Pear "Cleveland Select" 20' spread

Styrax japonica -- Japanese Snowbell 25' spread

Syringa reticulata -- Japanese Tree Lilac 20--25' spread

C. Prohibited Street Trees:

Acer, Silver Maple

Acer, Boxelder

Ailanthus, gladulosa - Tree-of-heaven

Betula; common varieties of Birch

Ulmus; common varieties of Elm

Morus; common varieties of Mulberry

Salix; common varieties of willow

Coniferous Evergreen (Fir, Pine, Cedar, etc.)

Populus; common varieties of poplar, cottonwood and aspen

Female Ginkgo

D. Alternative Street Trees: Trees that are similar to those on the recommended street tree list can be proposed provided that they are non-fruit bearing, non-invasive and not listed on the prohibited street tree list. A letter from a certified arborist must be submitted, explaining why the tree is an equivalent or better street tree than the recommended street trees that are identified in this section.

(Ord. No. 2011-001, §§ 1, 2, 2-15-2011; Ord. No. 2010-015, § 2, 10-5-2010)

Chapter 16.144

WETLAND, HABITAT AND NATURAL AREAS*

Sections: 16.144.010 Generally 16.144.020 Standards 16.144.030 Exceptions to Standards

* Editor's Note: Some sections may not contain a history.

16.144.010 Generally

Unless otherwise permitted, residential, commercial, industrial, and institutional uses in the City shall comply with the following wetland, habitat and natural area standards if applicable to the site as identified on the City's Wetland Inventory, the Comprehensive Plan Natural Resource Inventory, the Regionally Significant Fish and Wildlife Habitat Area map adopted by Metro, and by reference into this Code and the Comprehensive Plan. Where the applicability of a standard overlaps, the more stringent regulation shall apply. (Ord. 2006-021; 2001-1119 § 1; 91-922)

16.144.020 Standards

- A. The applicant shall identify and describe the significance and functional value of wetlands on the site and protect those wetlands from adverse effects of the development. A facility complies with this standard if it complies with the criteria of subsections A.1.a and A.1.b, below:
 - 1. The facility will not reduce the area of wetlands on the site, and development will be separated from such wetlands by an area determined by the Clean Water Services Design and Construction Standards R&O 00-7 or its replacement provided Section 16.140.090 does not require more than the requested setback.
 - a. A natural condition such as topography, soil, vegetation or other feature isolates the area of development from the wetland.
 - b. Impact mitigation measures will be designed, implemented, and monitored to provide effective protection against harm to the wetland from sedimentation, erosion, loss of surface or ground water supply, or physical trespass.
 - c. A lesser setback complies with federal and state permits, or standards that will apply to state and federal permits, if required.
 - 2. If existing wetlands are proposed to be eliminated by the facility, the applicant shall demonstrate that the project can, and will develop or enhance an area of wetland on the site or in the same drainage basin that is at least equal to the area and functional value of wetlands eliminated.
- B. The applicant shall provide appropriate plans and text that identify and describe the significance and functional value of natural features on the site (if identified in the Community Development Plan, Part 2)

and protect those features from impacts of the development or mitigate adverse effects that will occur. A facility complies with this standard if:

- 1. The site does not contain an endangered or threatened plant or animal species or a critical habitat for such species identified by Federal or State government (and does not contain significant natural features identified in the Community Development Plan, Part 2, Natural Resources and Recreation Plan).
- 2. The facility will comply with applicable requirements of the zone.
- 3. The applicant will excavate and store topsoil separate from subsurface soil, and shall replace the topsoil over disturbed areas of the site not covered by buildings or pavement or provide other appropriate medium for re-vegetation of those areas, such as yard debris compost.
- 4. The applicant will retain significant vegetation in areas that will not be covered by buildings or pavement or disturbed by excavation for the facility; will replant areas disturbed by the development and not covered by buildings or pavement with native species vegetation unless other vegetation is needed to buffer the facility; will protect disturbed areas and adjoining habitat from potential erosion until replanted vegetation is established; and will provide a plan or plans identifying each area and its proposed use.
- 5. Development associated with the facility will be set back from the edge of a significant natural area by an area determined by the Clean Water Services Design and Construction standards R&O 00-7 or its replacement, provided Section 16.140.090A does not require more than the requested setback. Lack of adverse effect can be demonstrated by showing the same sort of evidence as in subsection A.1 above.
- C. When the Regionally Significant Fish and Wildlife Habitat map indicates there are resources on the site or within 50 feet of the site, the applicant shall provide plans that show the location of resources on the property. If resources are determined to be located on the property, the plans shall show the value of environmentally sensitive areas using the methodologies described in Sections 1 and 2 below.

The Metro Regionally Significant Fish and Wildlife Habitat map shall be the basis for determining the location and value of environmentally sensitive habitat areas. In order to specify the exact locations on site, the following methodology shall be used to determine the appropriate boundaries and habitat values:

- 1. Verifying boundaries of inventoried riparian habitat. Locating habitat and determining its riparian habitat class is a four-step process:
 - a. Located the Water Feature that is the basis for identifying riparian habitat.
 - 1. Locate the top of bank of all streams, rivers, and open water within 200 feet of the property.
 - 2. Locate all flood areas within 100 feet of the property.

- 3. Locate all wetlands within 150 feet of the property based on the Local Wetland Inventory map and on the Metro 2002 Wetland Inventory map (available from the Metro Data Resource Center, 600 NE Grand Ave., Portland, OR 97232). Identified wetlands shall be further delineated consistent with methods currently accepted by the Oregon Division of State Lands and the US Army Corps of Engineers.
- b. Identify the vegetative cover status of all areas on the property that are within 200 feet of the top of bank of streams, rivers, and open water, are wetlands or are within 150 feet of wetlands, and are flood areas or are within 100 feet of flood areas. Vegetative cover status shall be as identified on the Metro Vegetative Cover map. In the event of a discrepancy between the Metro Vegetative Cover map and the existing site conditions, document the actual vegetative cover based on the following definitions along with a 2002 aerial photograph of the property;
 - 1. Low structure vegetation or open soils -- Areas that are part of a contiguous area one acre or larger of grass, meadow, crop-lands, or areas of open soils located within 300 feet of a surface stream (low structure vegetation areas may include areas of shrub vegetation less than one acre in size if they are contiguous with areas of grass, meadow, crop-lands, orchards, Christmas tree farms, holly farms, or areas of open soils located within 300 feet of a surface stream and together form an area of one acre in size or larger).
 - 2. Woody vegetation -- Areas that are part of a contiguous area one acre or larger of shrub or open or scattered forest canopy (less than 60% crown-closure) located within 300 feet of a surface stream.
 - 3. Forest canopy -- Areas that are part of a contiguous grove of trees of one acre or larger in area with approximately 60% or greater crown closure, irrespective of whether the entire grove is within 200 feet of the relevant water feature.
- c. Determine whether the degree that the land slopes upward from all streams, rivers, and open water within 200 feet of the property is greater than or less than 25% (using the Clean Water Services Vegetated Corridor methodology); and
- d. Identify the riparian habitat classes applicable to all areas on the property using Table 8-1 below:

Distance in feet from	Development/Vegetation Status						
Water Feature							
Developed areas not	Low structure vegetation or	Woody vegetation (shrub	Forest Canopy (closed to				
providing vegetative cover	open soils	and scatted forest canopy)	open forest canopy)				
Surface Streams							
0-50	Class II	Class I	Class I	Class I			
50-100		Class II	Class I	Class I			
100-150		Class II if slope >25%	Class II if slope >25%	Class II			
150-200		Class II if slope >25%	Class II if slope >25%	Class II if slope >25%			
Wetlands (Wetland feature itself is a Class I Riparian Area)							

0-100			Class I	Class I			
100-150				Class II			
Flood Areas (undeveloped portion of a flood area is a Class I Riparian area)							
0-100			Class II	Class II			

2. Verifying boundaries of inventoried upland habitat. Upland habitat was identified based on the existence of contiguous patches of forest canopy, with limited canopy openings. The "forest canopy" designation is made based on analysis of aerial photographs, as part of determining the vegetative cover status of land within the region. Upland habitat shall be as identified on the HCA map. The perimeter of an area delineated as "forest canopy" on the Metro Vegetative Cover map may be adjusted to more precisely indicate the drip line of the trees within the canopied area.

(Ord. 2006-021; 2001-1119, § 1; 91-922)

16.144.030 Exceptions to Standards

In order to protect environmentally sensitive areas that are not also governed by floodplain, wetland and Clean Water Services vegetated corridor regulations, the City allows flexibility of the specific standards in exchange for the specified amount of protection inventoried environmentally sensitive areas as defined in this code.

A. Process

The flexibility of standards is only applicable when reviewed and approved as part of a land use application and shall require no additional fee or permit provided criteria is addressed. In the absence of a land use application, review may be processed as a Type 1 administrative interpretation.

B. Standards modified

- 1. Lot size -- Not withstanding density transfers permitted through Chapter 16.40, when a development contains inventoried regionally significant fish and wildlife habitats as defined in Section 16.144.020 above, lot sizes may be reduced up to ten percent (10%) below the minimum lot size of the zone when an equal amount of inventoried resource above and beyond that already required to be protected is held in a public or private open space tract or otherwise protected from further development.
- 2. Setbacks -- For residential zones, the setback may be reduced up to thirty percent (30%) for all setbacks except the garage setback provided the following criteria are satisfied:
 - a. The setback reduction must result in an equal or greater amount of significant fish and/or wildlife habitat protection. Protection shall be guaranteed with deed restrictions or public or private tracts.
 - b. In no case shall the setback reduction supersede building code and/or Tualatin Valley Fire and Rescue separation requirements.

- c. In no case shall the setback be reduced to less than five feet unless otherwise provided for by the underlying zone.
- 3. Density -- per Section 16.10.020 (Net Buildable Acre definition), properties with environmentally sensitive areas on site may opt to exclude the environmentally sensitive areas from the minimum density requirements provided the sensitive areas are protected via tract or restrictive easement. A proposal to remove said area from the density calculation must include: a delineation of the resource in accordance with Section 16.144.020C, the acreage being protected, and the net reduction below the normally required minimum for accurate reporting to Metro.
- 4. Parking -- Per Section 16.94.020.B.6, 10-25% of the required parking spaces may be reduced in order to protect inventoried regionally significant fish and wildlife habitat areas, provided these resources are protected via deed restrictions or held in public or private tracts.
- 5. Landscaping -- Per Section 16.92.030.B.6, exceptions may be granted to the landscaping standards in certain circumstances as outlined in that section.

(Ord. No. 2010-015, § 2, 10-5-2010; Ord. 2006-021)

Chapter 16.146

NOISE*

Sections:

16.146.010 Generally 16.146.020 Noise Sensitive Uses 16.146.030 Exceptions

* Editor's Note: Some sections may not contain a history.

16.146.010 Generally

All otherwise permitted commercial, industrial, and institutional uses in the City shall comply with the noise standards contained in OAR 340-35-035. The City may require proof of compliance with OAR 340-35-035 in the form of copies of all applicable State permits or certification by a professional acoustical engineer that the proposed uses will not cause noise in excess of State standards. (Ord. 91-922, § 3)

16.146.020 Noise Sensitive Uses

When proposed commercial and industrial uses do not adjoin land exclusively in commercial or industrial zones, or when said uses adjoin special care, institutional, or parks and recreational facilities, or other uses that are, in the City's determination, sensitive to noise impacts, then:

A. The applicant shall submit to the City a noise level study prepared by a professional acoustical engineer. Said study shall define noise levels at the boundaries of the site in all directions.

- B. The applicant shall show that the use will not exceed the noise standards contained in OAR 340-35-035, based on accepted noise modeling procedures and worst case assumptions when all noise sources on the site are operating simultaneously.
- C. If the use exceeds applicable noise standards as per subsection B of this Section, then the applicant shall submit a noise mitigation program prepared by a professional acoustical engineer that shows how and when the use will come into compliance with said standards.

(Ord. 91-922, § 3)

16.146.030 Exceptions

This Chapter does not apply to noise making devices which are maintained and utilized solely as warning or emergency signals, or to noise caused by automobiles, trucks, trains, aircraft, and other similar vehicles when said vehicles are properly maintained and operated and are using properly designated rights-of-way, travel ways, flight paths or other routes. This Chapter also does not apply to noise produced by humans or animals. Nothing in this Chapter shall preclude the City from abating any noise problem as per applicable City nuisance and public safety ordinances. (Ord. 91-922, § 3)

Chapter 16.148

VIBRATIONS*

Sections: 16.148.010 Generally 16.148.020 Exceptions

* Editor's Note: Some sections may not contain a history.

16.148.010 Generally

All otherwise permitted commercial, industrial, and institutional uses shall not cause discernible vibrations that exceed a peak of 0.002 gravity at the property line of the originating use, except for vibrations that last five (5) minutes or less per day, based on a certification by a professional engineer. (Ord. 91-922, § 3)

16.148.020 Exceptions

This Chapter does not apply to vibration caused by construction activities including vehicles accessing construction sites, or to vibrations caused by automobiles, trucks, trains, aircraft, and other similar vehicles when said vehicles are properly maintained and operated and are using properly designated rights-of-way, travelways, flight paths or other routes. Nothing in this Chapter shall preclude the City from abating any vibration problem as per applicable City nuisance and public safety ordinances. (Ord. 91-922, § 3)

Chapter 16.150

AIR QUALITY*

Sections:

16.150.010 Generally 16.150.020 Proof of Compliance 16.150.030 Exceptions

* Editor's Note: Some sections may not contain a history.

16.150.010 Generally

All otherwise permitted commercial, industrial, and institutional uses shall comply with applicable State air quality rules and statutes:

- A. All such uses shall comply with standards for dust emissions as per OAR 340-21-060.
- B. Incinerators, if otherwise permitted by Section 16.140.020, shall comply with the standards set forth in OAR 340-25-850 through 340-25-905.
- C. Uses for which a State Air Contaminant Discharge Permit is required as per OAR 340-20-140 through 340-20-160 shall comply with the standards of OAR 340-220 through 340-20-276. (Ord. 91-922, § 3)

16.150.020 Proof of Compliance

Proof of compliance with air quality standards as per Section 16.150.010 shall be in the form of copies of all applicable State permits, or if permits have not been issued, submission by the applicant, and acceptance by the City, of a report certified by a professional engineer indicating that the proposed use will comply with State air quality standards. Depending on the nature and size of the use proposed, the applicant may, in the City's determination, be required to submit to the City a report or reports substantially identical to that required for issuance of State Air Contaminant Discharge Permits. (Ord. 91-922, § 3)

16.150.030 Exceptions

Nothing in this Chapter shall preclude the City from abating any air quality problem as per applicable City nuisance and public safety ordinances. (Ord. 91-922, § 3)

Chapter 16.152

ODORS*

Sections:

16.152.010 Generally 16.152.020 Standards 16.152.030 Exceptions

^{*} Editor's Note: Some sections may not contain a history.

16.152.010 Generally

All otherwise permitted commercial, industrial, and institutional uses shall incorporate the best practicable design and operating measures so that odors produced by the use are not discernible at any point beyond the boundaries of the development site.

(Ord. 91-922, § 3)

16.152.020 Standards

The applicant shall submit a narrative explanation of the source, type and frequency of the odorous emissions produced by the proposed commercial, industrial, or institutional use. In evaluating the potential for adverse impacts from odors, the City shall consider the density and characteristics of surrounding populations and uses, the duration of any odorous emissions, and other relevant factors. (Ord. 91-922, § 3)

16.152.030 Exceptions

Nothing in this Chapter shall preclude the City from abating any odor problem as per applicable City nuisance and public safety ordinances. (Ord. 91-922, § 3)

Chapter 16.154

HEAT AND GLARE*

Sections:

16.154.010 Generally 16.154.020 Exceptions

16.154.010 Generally

Except for exterior lighting, all otherwise permitted commercial, industrial, and institutional uses shall conduct any operations producing excessive heat or glare entirely within enclosed buildings. Exterior lighting shall be directed away from adjoining properties, and the use shall not cause such glare or lights to shine off site in excess of one-half (0.5) foot candle when adjoining properties are zoned for residential uses. (Ord. 93-966, § 3; 91-922)

16.154.020 Exceptions

Nothing in this Chapter shall preclude the City from abating any heat and glare problem as per applicable City nuisance and public safety ordinances. (Ord. 93-966, § 3; 91-922)

Chapter 16.156

ENERGY CONSERVATION*

^{*} Editor's Note: Some sections may not contain a history.

Sections:

16.156.010 Purpose 16.156.020 Standards

16.156.030 Variance to Permit Solar Access

* Editor's Note: Some sections may not contain a history.

16.156.010 Purpose

This Chapter and applicable portions of Chapter 5 of the Community Development Plan provide for natural heating and cooling opportunities in new development. The requirements of this Chapter shall not result in development exceeding allowable densities or lot coverage, or the destruction of existing trees. (Ord. 91-922, § 3)

16.156.020 Standards

- A. Building Orientation The maximum number of buildings feasible shall receive sunlight sufficient for using solar energy systems for space, water or industrial process heating or cooling. Buildings and vegetation shall be sited with respect to each other and the topography of the site so that unobstructed sunlight reaches the south wall of the greatest possible number of buildings between the hours of 9:00 AM and 3:00 PM, Pacific Standard Time on December 21st.
- B. Wind The cooling effects of prevailing summer breezes and shading vegetation shall be accounted for in site design. The extent solar access to adjacent sites is not impaired vegetation shall be used to moderate prevailing winter wind on the site. (Ord. 91-922, § 3)

16.156.030 Variance to Permit Solar Access

Variances from zoning district standards relating to height, setback and yard requirements approved as per Chapter 16.84 may be granted by the Commission where necessary for the proper functioning of solar energy systems, or to otherwise preserve solar access on a site or to an adjacent site. (Ord. 91-922, § 3)

Division IX.

HISTORIC RESOURCES

Chapter 16.158

GENERAL PROVISIONS*

Sections:

16.158.010 PURPOSE

* Editor's Note: Some sections may not contain a history.

16.158.010 PURPOSE

This Division is intended to protect, preserve, and otherwise properly manage the City's historic and cultural resources for the benefit and education of the general public, to retain and strengthen the community's historic heritage and unique identity, and to establish performance standards allowing the City to properly and uniformly assess the impact of residential, commercial, industrial, and institutional development and activities on the quality of the City's historic and cultural resources.

(Ord. 94-990 § 1; 92-946; Ord. 86-851)

Chapter 16.160

SPECIAL RESOURCE ZONES*

Sections:

16.160.010 GENERALLY

* Editor's Note: Some sections may not contain a history.

16.160.010 GENERALLY

Special resource zones are established to provide for the preservation, protection, and management of unique historic and cultural resources in the City that are deemed to require additional standards beyond those contained elsewhere in this Code. Special resource zones may be implemented as underlying or overlay zones depending on patterns of property ownership and the nature of the resource. A property or properties may be within more than one (1) resource zone. In addition, the City may identify special resource areas and apply a PUD overlay zone in advance of any development in order to further protect said resources. (Ord. 94-990 § 1; 92-946; Ord. 86-851)

Chapter 16.162

OLD TOWN (OT) OVERLAY DISTRICT*

Sections:

16.162.010 Purpose

16.162.020 Objectives

16.162.030 Permitted Uses

16.162.040 Conditional Uses

16.162.050 Prohibited Uses

16.162.060 Dimensional Standards

16.162.070 Community Design

16.162.080 Standards for All Commercial, Institutional and Mixed-Use Structures in the Old Cannery Area.

16.162.090 OLD TOWN SMOCKVILLE DESIGN STANDARDS

16.162.100 Architectural Guidelines.

* Editor's Note: Some sections may not contain a history.

16.162.010 Purpose

The Old Town (OT) Overlay District is intended to establish objectives and define a set of development standards to guide physical development in the historic downtown of the City consistent with the Community Development Plan and this Code.

The OT zoning district is an overlay district generally applied to property identified on the Old Town Overlay District Map, and applied to the Sherwood Plan and Zone Map in the Smockville Subdivision and

surrounding residential and commercial properties, generally known as Old Town. The OT overlay zone recognizes the unique and significant characteristics of Old Town, and is intended to provide development flexibility with respect to uses, site size, setbacks, heights, and site design elements, in order to preserve and enhance the area's commercial viability and historic character. The OT overlay zone is designated a historic district as per Chapters 16.166 and 16.168. Furthermore, the OT District is divided into two distinct areas, the "Smockville" and the "Old Cannery Area," which have specific criteria or standards related to architectural design, height, and off-street parking.

(Ord. 2006-009 § 2; 2002-1128 § 3; 94-990; 92-946; 87-859)

16.162.020 Objectives

Land use applications within the Old Town Overlay District must demonstrate substantial conformance with the standards and criteria below:

- A. Encourage development that is compatible with the existing natural and man-made environment, existing community activity patterns, and community identity.
- B. Minimize or eliminate adverse visual, aesthetic or environmental effects caused by the design and location of new development, including but not limited to effects from:
 - 1. The scale, mass, height, areas, appearances and architectural design of buildings and other development structures and features.
 - 2. Vehicular and pedestrian ways and parking areas.
 - 3. Existing or proposed alteration of natural topographic features, vegetation and waterways.

(Ord. 2002-1128 § 3; 94-990)

16.162.030 Permitted Uses

The following uses are permitted outright, provided such uses meet the applicable environmental performance standards contained in Division VIII:

A. Uses permitted outright in the RC zone, Section 16.28.020; the HDR zone, Section 16.20.020; and the MDRL zone, Section 16.16.020; provided that uses permitted outright on any given property are limited to those permitted in the underlying zoning district, unless otherwise specified by this Section and Section 16.162.040.

- B. In addition to the home occupations permitted under Section 16.42.020, antique and curio shops, cabinet making, arts and crafts galleries, artists cooperatives, and bookshops, are permitted subject to the standards of Chapter 16.42 and this Chapter, in either the underlying RC or MDRL zones.
- C. Boarding and rooming houses, bed and breakfast inns, and similar accommodations, containing

not more than five (5) guest rooms, in the underlying RC, HDR and MDRL zones.

- D. Motels and hotels, in the underlying RC zone only.
- E. Residential apartments when located on upper or basement floors, to the rear of, or otherwise clearly secondary to commercial buildings, in the underlying RC zone only.
- F. Other similar commercial uses or similar home occupations, subject to Chapter 16.88.
- G. Offices or architects, artists, attorneys, dentists, engineers, physicians, accountants, consultants and similar professional services.
- H. Uses permitted outright in the RC zone are allowed within the HDR zone when limited to the first floor, adjacent to and within 100 feet of, Columbia Street within the Old Town Overlay District

(Ord. 2002-1128 § 3; 94-990; 92-946; 87-859)

16.162.040 Conditional Uses

The following uses are permitted as conditional uses, provided such uses meet the applicable environmental performance standards contained in Division VIII, and are approved in accordance with Chapter 16.82:

A. Uses permitted as conditional uses in the RC zone, Section 16.28.020, HDR zone, Section 16.20.020, and the MDRL zone, Section 16.16.020, provided that uses permitted as conditional uses on any given property are limited to those permitted in the underlying zoning district, unless otherwise specified by Section 16.162.030 and this Section.

(Ord. 2002-1128 § 3; 94-990; 92-946; 87-859)

B. Townhouses (shared wall single-family attached) subject to Chapter 16.44. In addition, any garages shall use alley access. RC zone setback standards may be used in lieu of other applicable standards.

(Ord. 2006-009 § 2)

16.162.050 Prohibited Uses

The following uses are expressly prohibited in the OT overlay zone, notwithstanding whether such uses are permitted outright or conditionally in the underlying RC, HDR or MDRL zones:

- A. Adult entertainment businesses.
- B. Manufactured homes on individual lots.
- C. Manufactured home parks.
- D. Restaurants with drive-through.

(Ord. 2002-1128 § 3; 94-990; 92-946; 87-859)

E. Stand alone cellular or wireless communication towers and facilities. Co-location of existing legally permitted facilities is acceptable.

(Ord. 2006-009 § 2)

16.162.060 Dimensional Standards

In the OT overlay zone, the dimensional standards of the underlying RC, HDR and MDRL zones shall apply, with the following exceptions:

- A. Lot Dimensions Minimum lot area (RC zoned property only): Twenty-five hundred (2,500) square feet.
- B. Setbacks Minimum yards (RC zoned property only): None, including structures adjoining a residential zone, provided that Uniform Building Code, Fire District regulations, and the site design standards of this Code, not otherwise varied by this Chapter, are met.
- C. Height The purpose of this standard is to encourage 2 to 4 story mixed-use buildings in the Old Town area consistent with a traditional building type of ground floor active uses with housing or office uses above.

Except as provided in Section 16.162.080, subsection C below, the maximum height of structures in RC zoned property shall be forty (40) feet (3 stories) in the "Smockville Area" and fifty (50) feet (4 stories) in the "Old Cannery Area". Limitations in the RC zone to the height of commercial structures adjoining residential zones, and allowances for additional building height as a conditional use, shall not apply in the OT overlay zone. However, five foot height bonuses are allowed under strict conditions. Chimneys, solar and wind energy devices, radio and TV antennas, and similar devices may exceed height limitations in the OT overlay zone by ten (10) feet.

Minimum height: A principal building in the RC and HDR zones must be at least sixteen (16) feet in height.

(Ord. 2006-009 § 2)

D. Coverage - Home occupations permitted as per Chapter 16.42 and Section 16.162.030 may occupy up to fifty percent (50%) of the entire floor area of all buildings on a lot. (Ord. 2002-1128 § 3; 94-946; 87-859)

16.162.070 Community Design

Standards relating to off-street parking and loading, environmental resources, landscaping, historic resources, access and egress, signs, parks and open space, on-site storage, and site design as per Divisions V, VIII and this Division shall apply, in addition to the Old Town design standards below:

A. Generally

In reviewing site plans, as required by Chapter 16.90, the City shall utilize the design standards of Section 16.162.080 for the "Old Cannery Area" and the "Smockville Design Standards" for all proposals in that portion of the Old Town District.

(Ord. 2006-009 § 2)

B. Landscaping for Residential Structures

- 1. Perimeter screening and buffering, as per Section 16.92.030, is not required for approved home occupations.
- 2. Minimum landscaped areas are not required for off-street parking for approved home occupations.
- 3. Landscaped strips, as per Sections 16.92.030 and 16.142.030A, may be a minimum of five (5) feet in width, except when adjoining alleys, where landscaped strips are not required.
- 4. Fencing and interior landscaping, as per Section 16.92.030, are not required.

C. Off-Street Parking

For all property and uses within the "Smockville Area" of the Old Town Overlay District off-street parking is not required. For all property and uses within the "Old Cannery Area" of the Old Town Overlay District, requirements for off-street automobile parking shall be no more than sixty-five percent (65%) of that normally required by Section 16.94.020. Shared or joint use parking agreements may be approved, subject to the standards of Section 16.94.010.

(Ord. 2006-009 § 2)

D. Off-Street Loading

1. Off-street loading spaces for commercial uses in the "Old Cannery Area" may be shared and aggregated in one or several locations in a single block, provided that the minimum area of all loading spaces in a block, when taken together, shall not be less than sixty-five percent (65%) of the minimum standard that is otherwise required by Section 16.94.030B.

(Ord. 2006-009 § 2)

- 2. For all property and uses within the "Smockville Area" of the Old Town Overlay District, off-street loading is not required.
- E. Signs In addition to signs otherwise permitted for home occupations, as per Section 16.42.010, one (1) non-illuminated, attached, exterior sign, up to a maximum of nine (9) square feet in surface area, may be permitted for each approved home occupation.

- F. Non-conforming Uses When a nonconforming lot, use, or structure within the OT overlay zone has been designated a landmark as per Chapter 16.166, or when a nonconforming lot within the OT overlay zone is vacant, and the proposed change will, in the City's determination, be fully consistent with the goals and standards of the OT overlay zone and other City guidelines to preserve, restore, and enhance historic resources, nonconforming use restrictions contained in Chapter 16.48 may be waived by the Commission.
- G. Downtown Street Standards All streets shall conform to the Downtown Street Standards in the City of Sherwood Transportation System Plan and Downtown Streetscape Master Plan, and as hereafter amended. Streetscape improvements shall conform to the Construction Standards and Specifications, and as hereafter amended.

(Ord. 2006-009 § 2; 2002-1128 § 3; 94-990; 92-946; 87-859)

H. Color - The color of all exterior materials shall be earth tone. A color palette shall be submitted and reviewed as part of the land use application review process and approved by the hearing authority.

(Ord. 2006-009 § 2)

16.162.080 Standards for All Commercial, Institutional and Mixed-Use Structures in the Old Cannery Area.

The standards in this section apply to development of all new principal commercial, institutional and mixed-use structures in the "Old Cannery Area" of the Old Town Overlay District. These standards also apply to exterior alterations in this zone, when the exterior alteration requires full compliance with the requirements of applicable building codes.

(Ord. 2006-009 § 2)

A. Building Placement and the Street. The purpose of this standard is to create an attractive area when commercial or mixed-use structures are set back from the property line. Landscaping, an arcade, or a hard-surfaced expansion of the pedestrian path must be provided between a structure and the street.

Structures built to the street lot line are exempt from the requirements of this subsection. Where there is more than one street lot line, only those frontages where the structure is built to the street lot line are exempt from the requirements of this paragraph. All street-facing elevations must comply with one of the following options:

- 1. Option 1: Foundation landscaping. All street-facing elevations must have landscaping along their foundation. This landscaping requirement does not apply to portions of the building facade that provide access for pedestrian or vehicles to the building. The foundation landscaping must meet the following standards:
 - a. The landscaped area must be at least thirty (30%) of the linear street frontage.
 - b. There must be at least one (1) three-gallon shrub for every 3 lineal feet of foundation in the landscaped area; and,

- c. Ground cover plants must fully cover the remainder of the landscaped area.
- 2. Option 2: Arcade. All street-facing elevations must have an arcade as a part of the primary structure, meeting the following requirements:
 - a. The arcade must be at least four (4) feet deep between the front elevation and the parallel building wall.

- b. The arcade must consist of one or a series of arched openings that are at least six (6) feet wide. The arcade, or combination of them, should cover a minimum of sixty (60%) of the street facing elevation;
- c. The arcade elevation facing a street must be at least fourteen (14) feet in height and at least twenty-five percent (25%) solid, but no more than fifty percent (50%) solid; and,
- d. The arcade must be open to the air on 3 sides; none of the arcade's street facing or end openings may be blocked with walls, glass, lattice, glass block or any other material; and,
- e. Each dwelling that occupies space adjacent to the arcade must have its main entrance opening into the arcade.
- 3. Option 3: Hard-surface sidewalk extension. The area between the building and the street lot line must be hard-surfaced for use by pedestrians as an extension of the sidewalk:
 - a. The building walls may be set back no more than six (6) feet from the street lot line.
 - b. For each one-hundred (100) square feet of hard-surface area between the building and the street lot line at least one of the following amenities must be provided.
 - (1) A bench or other seating.
 - (2) A tree.
 - (3) A landscape planter.
 - (4) A drinking fountain.
 - (5) A kiosk.
- B. Reinforce the Corner. The purpose of this standard is to emphasize the corners of buildings at public street intersections as special places with high levels of pedestrian activity and visual

interest. On structures with at least two frontages on the corner where two city walkways meet, the building must comply with at least two of these options.

Option 1: The primary structures on corner lots at the property lines must be at or within 6 feet of both street lot lines. Where a site has more than one corner, this requirement must be met on only one corner.

Option 2: The highest point of the building's street-facing elevations at a location must be within 25 feet of the corner.

Option 3: The location of a main building entrance must be on a street-facing wall and either at the corner, or within 25 feet of the corner.

Option 4: There is no on-site parking or access drives within 40 feet of the corner.

Option 5: Buildings shall incorporate a recessed entrance(s) or open foyer(s), a minimum of 3 feet in depth to provide architectural variation to the facade. Such entrance(s) shall be a minimum of ten percent (10%) of the ground-floor linear street frontage.

C. Residential Buffer. The purpose of this standard is to provide a transition in scale where the Old Cannery Area is adjacent to a lower density residential zone, outside the District. Where a site in the Old Cannery Area abuts or is across a street from a residential zone, the following is required:

(Ord. 2006-009 § 2)

- 1. On sites that directly abut a residential zone the following must be met:
 - a. In the portion of the site within 25 feet of the residential zone, the building height limits are those of the adjacent residential zone; and,
 - b. A 6-foot deep area landscaped with, at a minimum, the materials listed in Section 16.92.030B is required along the property line abutting or across the street from the lower density residential zone. Pedestrian and bicycle access is allowed, but may not be more than 6 feet wide.

- D. Main Entrance. The purpose of this standard is to locate and design building entrances that are safe, accessible from the street, and have weather protection.
 - 1. Location of main entrance. The main entrance of the principal structure must face a public street (or, where there is more than one street lot line, may face the corner). For residential developments these are the following exceptions:
 - a. For buildings that have more than one main entrance, only one entrance must meet this requirement.

- b. Entrances that face a shared landscaped courtyard are exempt from this requirement.
- 2. Front porch design requirement. There must be a front porch at the main entrance to residential portions of a mixed-use development, if the main entrance faces a street. If the porch projects out from the building it must have a roof. If the roof of a required porch is developed as a deck or balcony it may be flat, otherwise it must be articulated and pitched. If the main entrance is to a single dwelling unit, the covered area provided by the porch must be at least six (6) feet wide and six (6) feet deep. If the main entrance is to a porch that provides the entrance to two or more dwelling units, the covered area provided by the porch must be at least 9 feet wide and 8 feet deep. No part of any porch may project into the public right-of-way or public utility easements, but may project into a side yard consistent with Section 16.60.040.

(Ord. 2006-009 § 2)

- E. Off-Street Parking and Loading Areas. The purpose of this standard is to emphasize the traditional development pattern in Old Town where buildings connect to the street, and where off-street vehicular parking and loading areas are of secondary importance.
 - 1. Access to off-street parking areas and adjacent residential zones Access to off-street parking and loading areas must be located at least twenty (20) feet from any adjacent residential zone.
 - 2. Parking lot coverage No more than fifty percent (50%) of the site may be used for off-street parking and loading areas.
 - 3. Vehicle screening Where off-street parking and loading areas are across a local street from a residential zone, there must be a 6-foot wide landscaped area along the street lot line that meets the material requirements in Section 16.92.020B.

(Ord. 2006-009 § 2)

- F. Exterior Finish Materials. The purpose of this standard is to encourage high quality materials that are complementary to the traditional materials used in Old Town.
 - 1. Plain or painted concrete block, plain concrete, corrugated metal, full-sheet plywood, fiberboard or sheet pressboard (i.e. T-111), vinyl and aluminum siding, and synthetic stucco (i.e. DryVit and stucco board), are not allowed as exterior finish material, except as secondary finishes if they cover no more than ten percent (10%) of a surface area of each facade and are not visible from the public right-of-way. Natural building materials are preferred, such as clapboard, cedar shake, brick, and stone. Composite boards manufactured from wood in combination with other products, such as hardboard or fiber cement board (i.e. HardiPlank) may be used when the board product is less than six (6) inches wide. Foundation materials may be plain concrete or block when the foundation material does not extend for more than an average of three (3) feet above the finished grade level adjacent to the foundation wall.

- 2. Where there is an exterior alteration to an existing building, the exterior finish materials on the portion of the building being altered or added must visually match the appearance of those on the existing building. However, if the exterior finishes and materials on the existing building do not meet the standards of subsection F.1 above, any material that meets the standards of subsection F.1 may be used.
- G. Roof-Mounted Equipment. The purpose of this standard is to minimize the visual impact of roof-mounted equipment. All roof-mounted equipment, including satellite dishes and other communications equipment, must be screened using one of the methods listed below. Solar heating panels are exempt from this standard.
 - 1. A parapet as tall as the tallest part of the equipment.
 - 2. A screen around the equipment that is as tall as the tallest part of the equipment.
 - 3. The equipment is set back from the street-facing perimeters of the building 3 feet for each foot of height of the equipment. On corner lots with two street facing areas, all equipment shall be centered.

- H. Ground Floor Windows. The purpose of this standard is to encourage interesting and active ground floor uses where activities within buildings have a positive connection to pedestrians in Old Town. All exterior walls on the ground level which face a street lot line, sidewalk, plaza or other public open space or right-of-way must meet the following standards:
 - 1. Windows must be at least fifty percent (50%) of the length and twenty-five percent (25%) of the total ground-level wall area. Ground-level wall areas include all exterior wall areas up to nine (9) feet above the finished grade. This requirement does not apply to the walls of residential units or to parking structures when set back at least five (5) feet and landscaped to at least the Section 16.92.030C standard.
 - 2. Required window areas must be either windows that allow views into working areas or lobbies, pedestrian entrances, or display windows set into the wall. The bottom of the windows must be no more than four (4) feet above the adjacent exterior grade.
- I. Distinct Ground Floor. The purpose of this standard is to emphasize the traditional development pattern in Old Town where the ground floor of buildings is clearly defined. This standard applies to buildings that have any floor area in non-residential uses. The ground level of the primary structure must be visually distinct from upper stories. This separation may be provided by one or more of the following:
 - 1. A cornice above the ground level.
 - 2. An arcade.

- 3. Changes in material or texture; or
- 4. A row of clerestory windows on the building's street-facing elevation.
- J. Roof. The purpose of this standard is to encourage traditional roof forms consistent with existing development patterns in Old Town. Roofs should have significant pitch, or if flat, be designed with a cornice or parapet. Buildings must have either:
 - 1. A sloped roof with a pitch no flatter than 6/12; or
 - 2. A roof with a pitch of less than 6/12 and a cornice or parapet that meets the following:
 - a. There must be two parts to the cornice or parapet. The top part must project at least six (6) inches from the face of the building and be at least two (2) inches further from the face of the building than the bottom part of the cornice or parapet.
 - b. The height of the cornice or parapet is based on the height of the building as follows:
 - (1) Buildings sixteen (16) to twenty (20) feet in height must have a cornice or parapet at least twelve (12) inches high.
 - (2) Buildings greater than twenty (20) feet and less than thirty (30) feet in height must have a cornice or parapet at least eighteen (18) inches high.
 - (3) Buildings thirty (30) feet or greater in height must have a cornice or parapet at least twenty-four (24) inches high.
- K. Base of Buildings. Buildings must have a base on all street-facing elevations. The base must be at least two (2) feet above grade and be distinguished from the rest of the building by a different color and material.

(Ord. 2002-1128 § 3)

- L. Height Bonus: A five foot height bonus shall be granted if at least two of the following amenities are included in the overall design:
 - 1. Awnings or Marquees subject to Section 16.162.090 -- Commercial Standard.
 - 2. Public art installation subject to Cultural Arts Commission and City Council approval.
 - 3. Additional public bike parking: 1 additional space per residential unit.
- 4. A courtyard or plaza facing the street open to the public subject to Commission approval. (Ord. 2006-009 § 2)

16.162.090 OLD TOWN SMOCKVILLE DESIGN STANDARDS

A. Purpose

The purpose of the Old Town Smockville Design Standards is to respect and enhance the character of Sherwood's original business district and core area while maintaining the city's traditional, small town, vernacular architectural heritage. The Old Town area has been the commercial and residential heart of the community since Sherwood's settlement in the late 1800s and it is the intent of the City to retain a strong connection with that history as new construction, alteration, or additions to existing structures occurs.

Building upon previous studies in the City, the Cultural Resources Inventory (1989), and the adopted Natural Resources Element of the Comprehensive Plan (1991), the Old Town Smockville Design Standards are based upon common architectural designs, materials, and other built characteristics typical of Sherwood's original building forms. Using these historic models as a template for new construction allows growth and development that respects Sherwood's history and builds upon our vaunted quality of life. It is not the intent of the design standards to freeze time and halt progress or restrict an individual property owner's creativity, but rather to guide proposals and provide a set of parameters for new construction and remodeling within the Old Town area to assure compatibility with and respect for their historic surroundings. The Old Town Smockville Design Standards do direct new design toward the modest architectural character that is traditional in the Old Town area, specifically prohibiting certain materials and design elements to avoid the introduction of overly grandiose designs at variance with our history. However, within those limitations, personal choice can and should be expressed within the basic framework of the standards.

The Old Town Smockville Design Standards also direct exterior remodeling projects to retain the modest, traditional character that exists by retaining original architectural elements on structures within the Old Town Overlay District. To this end, the design standards will provide the exterior design framework for property owners that want to participate in the Urban Renewal District's Facade Grant program.

That is, the Standards ensure that any remodeling efforts of existing vintage buildings retain their modest architectural characteristics by retaining as many original parts as possible. In the same way that an old car becomes a valuable collector's classic because it retains its original parts, so it goes with vintage buildings. The building that retains all its original parts, including windows, doors, chimneys and trim, and keeps them maintained, grows in value for both the property owner and the community. As an incentive, historic renovations that meet the applicable local standards are more likely to meet federal and state historic designation standards and therefore qualify for various city incentive programs.

Under the procedures of the City's Design Review Process established by this Division of this Code an applicant must demonstrate the proposal meets all of the following design standards in order for the decision making body to approve the proposal. As such, the standards should help increase objectivity and reduce subjectivity. As per Chapter 16.160, the Landmarks Advisory Board, which includes the Planning Commission, is the decision-making authority for applications under the following Standards. The Landmarks Advisory Board reviews and values all comments, suggestions, and recommendations prior to approval or denial of any application.

B. Applicability

The following standards are intended as an "overlay" to the underlying Old Town Overlay zoning district and shall be used as part of the land use approval process when exterior remodeling and new development is proposed in the "Smockville" portion of the Old Town Overlay District. Except in specific situations described herein, these Standards shall apply equally to all projects within the Smockville portion of the Old Town District. Applicants seeking variance from these Standards must demonstrate to the review body that compliance would result in an unnecessary and unavoidable hardship. Variances from the Standards will not be allowed unless such hardship is adequately demonstrated and proven by the applicant. The variance process is provided in Chapter 16.84 of the SZCDC. These standards are not required for the "Old Cannery Area" portion of the Old Town District, but may be used in lieu of Section 16.162.080. The Old Cannery Area portion is still subject to the design standards in Section 16.162.080.

C. REMODELING OF EXISTING RESIDENTIAL AND COMMERCIAL STRUCTURES

Remodeling Standard 1: Original Elements

Elements that are original to a vintage, traditional or historic structure (defined in this standard as primary, secondary, or any structure 50 years or older that is eligible for landmark designation and professionally surveyed) are an important characteristic. These elements enhance appeal and retain the overall historic fabric of a neighborhood. In most cases, buildings with these original parts can and should be restored, first by restoring the original and, if that is not possible, replacing only those parts that are missing or badly damaged with in-kind material. With few exceptions, total replacements are unnecessary unless the original materials were not historically compatible or traditional at the time of construction. The Secretary of the Interior's Standards for Rehabilitation should be consulted in situations not covered by these standards. Where alterations to an exterior structure are proposed, they shall conform to the following:

- a. Doors: The original door and opening shall be retained, unless beyond local repair. If a new door must be used the style should match the original whenever possible.
- b. Windows: Original windows shall be retained and, if necessary, restored to working condition. If desired, they can be insulated using the energy conservation methods listed below. Original glass should be retained whenever possible. If all of the above is not possible, then the frame shall be retained and a true retrofit sash replacement shall be installed that matches the glass pattern of the original window.
- c. Chimneys: Chimneys made of brick or stone shall be retained, and repaired using proper masonry techniques and compatible mortar that will not chemically react with the original masonry and cause further deterioration. If the chimney is no longer in use, the opening should be covered with a metal or concrete cap. If the chimney is to be used, but has been determined to be unsound, the chimney masonry should be retained, as above, and a new flue inserted into the opening.

- d. Skylights: Skylights should be placed on the side of the structure not visible from the public right of way, and should be of a low profile type design.
- e. Gutters: Original gutters should be retained, if possible. Half round gutters and round downspouts are highly desirable, and can be obtained from local manufacturers.
- f. Architectural Elements: Window trim, corner board trim, sills, eave decorations, eave vents, porch posts, and other types of original architectural trim should be retained. If parts are missing, they should be replicated using the same dimensions and materials as the original. If only a portion is damaged, the portion itself should be repaired or replaced, rather than replacing the whole element.
- g. Siding: Original siding should be maintained; first repairing damaged sections then, if that is not possible, replacing damaged or missing sections with in-kind matching material. In some cases, original siding may have been overlaid during a later historic period with combed cedar siding, which is a historically appropriate material that may be retained if desired.
- h. Weatherization & Energy Conservation: Modern energy conservation results can be obtained, by using traditional conservation methods. Attics and floors should be insulated to conserve heat loss in the winter and insulate against the heat in the summer. Windows and doors should be caulked around the inside trim, and copper leaf spring type weather stripping or similar installed to seal leaks. Storm windows (exterior or interior mounted) should be put up during the winter months to create insulation. Windows can be further insulated in winter using insulated-type curtains or honeycomb blinds; in summer, curtains or blinds reflect heat. Using deciduous trees and plants for additional sun protection.

D. Remodeling Standard 2: Front Facing Presentation

Traditionally, the portions of a structure facing the public right of way were considered the most important for presenting an aesthetically pleasing appearance. Skylights were not used, and there was very little venting since the structures were not tightly enclosed and wrapped as they are today. Therefore, keeping all modern looking venting and utilities to the side that is not visible from the public right of way is important and greatly adds to the appearance.

- a. Skylights: Skylights shall be placed on the side of the structure not visible from the public right-of-way, and shall be of a low profile design.
- b. Roof vents: Roof vents should, wherever possible, be placed on the side of the structure least visible from the public right of way, and painted to blend with the color of the roofing material. Where possible, a continuous ridge vent is preferred over roof jacks for venting purposes. In the case of using a continuous ridge vent with a vintage structure, care should be taken in creating inconspicuous air returns in the eave of the building.
- c. Plumbing vents: Vents should, wherever possible, be placed on the side of the structure

least visible from the public right of way, and painted to blend with the color of the roofing material.

E. COMMERCIAL STRUCTURES:

The traditional commercial core area of Sherwood, including those properties in the Smockville Plat and First Addition Plat, reflect the historic character of the community as a small, agricultural service area. Buildings here have historically been of modest scale and construction, consistent with the community's vernacular design heritage. In order to maintain that basic character in the core the following standards govern all new commercial construction and remodeling projects requiring a structural building permit.

NOTE: The City encourages applicants to consider mixed-use projects. The following standards covering commercial structures shall apply for all mixed-use projects in the Old Town Smockville Area. The massing of a building includes its overall bulk, orientation, and placement on the site, forming the visual relationship between the building and its surroundings. Individual aspects of massing, particularly height, are subject to specific Standards below:

Commercial Standard 1: Volume & Mass

- a. Orientation: All buildings will be sited with the primary facade facing the public right-of-way. For corner buildings with a corner-facing entry, both street-facing elevations will be considered "facades" for purposes of this Standard.
- b. Setback: All buildings will be located directly upon the property line with zero setback from the public right-of-way. Portions of the facade, such as recessed entryways or similar features, are exempted from this Standard provided they total less than 50% of the total facade width.
- c. Width: Buildings shall extend from side lot line to side lot line to create a solid streetscape along the public right-of-way. An exception to this standard may be granted to provide for plazas, courtyards, dining areas, or pedestrian access. [See Standard 5, below, regarding vertical divisions).

Commercial Standard 2: Openings

To maintain and insure a pedestrian-friendly scale within Sherwood's traditional commercial core, storefronts and upper facades shall reflect the following:

- a. Verticality: All facade window openings shall maintain a generally vertical proportion (1.5:1 height/width ratio or greater, i.e. a 24" wide window must be a minimum 36" tall). An exception to this standard is allowed for large fixed storefront windows. Transom panels, spanning the entire storefront glazed area, are encouraged.
- b. Transparency: Ground floor storefronts should be predominately "transparent," with a minimum of 75% glazed surface area, including entry doors.

- c. Symmetry: Openings should generally reflect the bi-lateral symmetry of the traditional commercial development pattern. Asymmetrical facades that result from corner or other non-central entryways, or that result from varied massed forms joined into a single use are excluded from this Standard.
- d. Prohibited Opening Types: To maintain the traditional commercial character of the core area, the following are prohibited:
 - 1. Sliding or "French" entry door sets on the Facade (such doors are permitted on side and rear elevations only).
 - 2. Roll-up garage doors (metal or wood), on the Facade (such doors are permitted on side and rear elevations only). Uses requiring large garage openings on the facade may use sliding or bi-fold doors, or metal with six over six windows. Wood and glass doors are encouraged.
 - 3. Reflective glazing, "mirror glass" and similar.
 - 4. Horizontal slider windows (i.e. vertically oriented slider windows).
 - 5. Arched or "fan light" type windows, except where inset into an articulated structural opening.

Commercial Standard 3: Height

In order to increase opportunities to transit, reduce transportation impacts, and promote pedestrian activity, multiple story commercial or mixed-use construction is encouraged. All new commercial and mixed-use construction in the zone is subject to the following standards:

- a. Maximum: No building may be greater than 40 feet in overall height.
- b. Minimum: No single story building shall have a plate height of less than 16 feet high at the public right-of-way.
- c. Variation: Building height shall be differentiated a minimum of 6" from the average height of adjacent buildings to avoid a solid street wall of uniform height. An exception to this standard will be made for buildings that incorporate a projecting vertical division in the facade treatment that visually separates the facade from adjacent buildings, such as a column, pilaster or post.

Commercial Standard 4: Horizontal Facade Rhythm

To maintain the rhythm of Sherwood's traditional architecture, all new commercial construction shall respect the three-part "base-shaft-capital" facade system common to pre-WWII commercial designs.

a. Base: Buildings shall provide a visually articulated foundation or "base" feature, at

ground level, typically rising to the bottom of the sill height. A "base" may be created by detail or a change in material or form that differentiates the base from the upper portions of the facade. (i.e. a brick or tiled "base" on a concrete building, or a paneled wood base on a horizontal sided wood building) This standard may also be met by projecting elements or change in surface planes that employ a common

- b. material, i.e. a projecting brick sill and "apron" on a brick wall or a cast concrete shoulder that projects away from a concrete wall.
- c. Stringcourse: Prominent horizontal lines shall be maintained between all floor levels, visually dividing the facade into horizontal sections that reflect the interior levels. Such features may be projecting or incised bands of common materials (as in brick or concrete) or applied trim, as in a wooden "bellyband."
- d. Cornice Details: All buildings shall have a "cap" element at the uppermost portion of the facade that visually terminates the main facade surface. Cornice details may be integrated into a stepped or decorative parapet or consist of an articulated line that projects from the main surface plane. Modest marker blocks stating building name and date of construction are strongly encouraged.

Commercial Standard 5: Vertical Facade Rhythm

Reflecting the narrow underlying land divisions common in Sherwood's downtown and creating visual interest that enhances the pedestrian scale, commercial facades shall have strong and clearly articulated vertical elements.

- a. Multiple Bays: All storefronts shall be divided into vertical "bays" through the use of structural members such as columns, pilasters, and posts, or by the use of other surface detailing that divides large walls into narrower visual panels. No structure shall have a single "bay" larger than 30 feet, based upon the lot width of the "Original Smockville Plat" of the Town of Sherwood. Buildings occupying one or more original town lots (i.e., greater than 30 feet in width) shall be visually divided into multiple bays of 30' or one-half the overall lot width, whichever is the lesser. For example, the facade of a 50-foot wide structure shall be visually divided into two 25' wide bays. An 80' foot structure may be divided into two 30' bays and one 20' bay or into four 20' bays, either of which will meet this standard.
- b. Edge Definition: All storefronts shall use a pilaster, engaged column, or other structural or decorative vertical element at each side lot line, to create visual division from the adjacent structure. (See Standard 3(C), above, regarding the use of projecting elements) For structures that do not extend from sideline to sideline (as per Standard 1(C) above) the outermost building corner will be treated as the edge for compliance with this Standard.

Commercial Standard 6: Sense of Entry

All commercial buildings shall have a clearly defined "sense of entry," with the primary public access serving as a focal point in the visual organization of the facade. This can be accomplished via structural articulation, such as in a recessed entry, or through the use of trim, materials, or other elements. A clear and defined sense of entry facilitates retail activity and adds significantly to the pedestrian interest of the street.

- a. Doors: Primary commercial entrances shall be primarily "transparent with no less than 50% of the total surface consisting of glass.
- b. Integration: Entryways shall be architecturally integrated into the vertical and horizontal rhythms of the facade.
- c. Depth: Recessed porches shall be no less than three (3) feet in depth.

Commercial Standard 7: Roof Forms

Traditional commercial roof forms, including flat, single-slope, or bowstring and other trussed roofs, are all typical of downtown Sherwood. Other roof forms, particularly gables, were screened from the public right-of-way.

- a. Gable, hipped or similar residential style roof forms are prohibited for commercial buildings unless screened from the public right-of-way by a parapet or false front facade.
- b. Mansard-type projecting roof elements, other than small, pent elements of 6/12 pitch or less that are incorporated into a cornice treatment, are prohibited for commercial buildings in the Old Town Area.

Commercial Standard 8: Exterior Surface Materials

Exterior building materials shall be consistent with those traditionally used in commercial construction in Old Town Sherwood. These materials include but are not limited to:

- Horizontal wood siding, painted (concrete fiber cement siding, or manufactured wood-based materials are acceptable under this standard provided they present a smooth finished surface, not "rustic" wood grain pattern)
- True board and batten vertical wood siding, painted
- Brick: Traditional use of red brick laid in common bond is preferred. Rustic, split-faced or "Roman" brick may be appropriate for bulkheads or detail treatments but is prohibited as a primary building material. Highly decorative "washed", glazed, or molded brick forms are prohibited.
- Stucco (for foundations and decorative panels only)
- Poured concrete (painted or unpainted)

- Concrete block: Split faced concrete block is appropriate for foundations, bulkhead, or detail treatments but is prohibited as a primary building material. Smooth-faced Concrete Masonry Units (CMU) is prohibited when visible from the public right-of-way.
- Ceramic tile, as a detail treatment, particularly for use in bulkhead or storefront areas.

Use of the following exterior materials are specifically prohibited within the zone:

- Stucco, as a primary wall surface
- Stucco-clad foam (EIFS) and similar foam-based systems
- Standing seam metal sheet goods for siding or visible roofing
- T-111 or similar 4' × 8' sheet materials and plywood
- Horizontal metal or vinyl siding
- Metal/Glass curtain wall construction
- Plastic (vacuum-formed or sheetgoods)
- Faux stone (slumpstone, fake marble, cultured stone) and all similar stone veneer surface treatments) with the exception of 10% of frontal area is allowed of a brick-type faux material
- Shingle siding, log construction, fake "rustic" wood, pecky cedar and similar products designed to create a "Frontier" era effect.

Commercial Standard 9: Awnings and Marquees

Awnings and marquees projecting from the facade over the public right-of-way are a traditional commercial element and enhance pedestrian interest and use by providing shelter. Such features are encouraged but are not required in the zone. Where awnings or marquees are an element in a proposal they shall conform to the following and are eligible to receive a five foot height bonus:

- a. Scale: Awnings and marquees shall be proportionate in size to the facade and shall not obscure architectural detail.
- b. Placement: Awnings should fit entirely within the window or door openings, retaining the vertical line of columns and wall surfaces. Storefront awnings may be full width, crossing interior posts, to a maximum of 25 feet, provided the edge-definition (See Standard 5(B), above) remains visible.
- c. Materials: Awnings
 - 1. Cotton, acrylic canvas, or canvas-like materials are required for use in the zone.

The use of vinyl awnings is specifically prohibited.

- 2. Fixed metal awnings of corrugated metal are permitted provided the pitch is 5/12 or less.
- 3. Wood shingle awnings are permitted provided the pitch is 5/12 or less.

d. Materials: Marquees

- 1. Natural or painted metal surfaces over an internal structural framework are traditional marquee design and are preferred.
- 2. Painted wood marquees are permitted.
- 3. Plastic panels or any form of internally illuminated marquees are prohibited.
- 4. Glass or transparent elements that reveal other light sources are prohibited.
- e. Shapes: Traditional single-slope awnings are preferred. "Bubble" or rounded shapes are specifically prohibited except when used with rounded structural openings of the facade wall such as arch-topped windows.
- f. Lighting: Internal awning lighting is prohibited.
- g. Signage: Signs or painted graphics are limited to the valance or "edge" of the awning or marquee only.
- h. Height Bonus: In addition to awnings or marquees, the overall design shall include at least one of the following amenities:
- Public art installation subject to Cultural Arts Commission and City Council approval.
- Additional public bike parking: 1 additional space per residential unit.
- A courtyard or plaza facing the street open to the public subject to Commission approval.

Commercial Standard 10: Secondary Elevations

By nature, non-street or alley-facing elevations were less detailed than the primary facade. Rear and sidewall elevation should accordingly be significantly less detailed than storefronts and built of simple materials.

a. Public Rear Entrance: When a rear or alley entry serves as the primary or secondary public entrance, modest detail or highlight should create a "sense of entry" as in Standard 6, above. Rear entrances, even when intended as the primary entrance to the use, should remain essentially functional in character, reinforcing the primacy of the street-facing

elevation.

b. Corner Entrances: When a storefront includes a corner entry, both adjacent facades facing the public right-of-ways shall be treated as the "facade" for purposes of these Standards. When a storefront has a visible sidewall elevation as the result of Standard 1(C), above, that elevation shall be treated as a facade in addition to the primary facade.

Commercial Standard 11: Additions to Existing Buildings

Additions to existing commercial buildings in the Old Town Sherwood area are subject to the same standards as new construction, except as limited by the following:

- a. Compatibility: Additions to existing properties that are visible from the public right-of-way will continue the existing character of the resource or return to the documented original character in scale, design, and exterior materials. The creation of non-documented elements outside the traditional vernacular character such as towers, turrets, elaborate surface decoration and similar "earlying-up" is prohibited. [Earlying-up is defined as the process of creating a false and more elaborate history than is appropriate within an area's traditional development pattern. In Sherwood "earlying-up" would include the use of elaborate architectural styles, materials, or construction forms only found in San Francisco, Portland, or other larger cities].
- b. Attachment: Additions should "read" as such, and be clearly differentiated from the historic portion of the structure and shall be offset or "stepped" back from the original volume a minimum of four (4) inches to document the sequence of construction. An exception to this standard is allowed for the reconstruction of previously existing-volumes that can be documented through physical or archival evidence.
- c. Storefront volumes: Additions that extend the storefront/facade of a structure, even when creating a joined internal space, shall be treated as a new and separate building facade for review under these Standards.
- d. Non-Compatible Materials: Repair of existing non-compatible materials is exempt from Standards 11(A). Rear-facing additions to existing buildings may continue the use of these materials so long as they are a continuation of the attached materials.
- e. Rear Additions, Excluded: Storage with no physical attachment to the existing volume or other functional additions of less than 1,000 square feet located to the rear of an existing volume, and not visible from the public right-of-way are excluded from compliance with these Standards. Such functional additions shall include covered porches, loading docks, and similar features provided they are not intended for public use or access.

Commercial Standard 12: Front-Facing Presentation

Traditionally, the portions of a structure facing the public right of way were considered the most important for presenting an aesthetically pleasing appearance. Skylights were not used, and there was

very little venting since the structures were not tightly enclosed and wrapped as they are today. Therefore, keeping all modern looking venting and utilities to the side that is not visible from the public right of way is important and greatly adds to the appearance.

- a. Skylights: Skylights shall be placed on the side of the structure not visible from the public right of way, and shall be of a low profile design.
- b. Roof vents: Roof vents should, wherever possible, be placed on the side of the structure least visible from the public right of way, and painted to blend with the color of the roofing material. Where possible, a continuous ridge vent is preferred over roof jacks for venting purposes. In the case of using a continuous ridge vent with a vintage structure, care should be taken in creating inconspicuous air returns in the eave of the building.
- c. Plumbing vents: Vents should, wherever possible, be placed on the side of the structure least visible from the public right of way, and painted to blend with the color of the roofing material.

F. RESIDENTIAL STRUCTURES

Historically, the Old Town District contained both commercial and residential structures, often intermixed on the same block. Today, many of the city's oldest residential structures remain as private dwellings while others have been converted to professional office or other commercial uses. The following standards are intended to reinforce the traditional mixed architectural character of the district and apply equally to all residential designs, including those now used for other commercial purposes, such as professional offices, restaurants, antique stores, and other similar uses. However, the International Building Code still dictates any requirements for interior remodeling.

Residential Standard 1: Volume & Mass

Historically, residential architecture in the Old Town core was comprised of multiple volumes or articulations, with extended porches, intersecting roof lines, dormers, and other features creating a complex whole rather than a single large volume. To maintain that traditional visual character the following standards apply:

- a. Verticality: Buildings shall have a generally vertical character or are comprised of a primary vertical element surrounded by more horizontally appearing wings.
- b. Complexity: Single large volumes are prohibited. Total area shall be contained within a minimum of two intersecting volumes, one of which may be a porch under a separate roof element. An attached garage does not constitute a second volume for purposes of this standard.
- c. Height: No building may be greater than 40 feet in overall height. Major roof ridges shall be no lower than 16 feet in height. [Note: this lower limit is designed to encourage steeper gables as opposed to low-pitched roof forms]

Residential Standard 2: Roof Forms

Roofs play a significant role in the overall character of a structure and, in combination with Standard 1, shelter the complex volumes typical of the traditional development pattern.

- a. Pitch: Roof pitches of less than 6/12 for gables are prohibited. Roof pitches of less than 5/12 for hipped roofs are prohibited. Flat roofs visible from the street are prohibited. An exception to this standard may be made for porch roofs attached to the primary volume.
- b. Complexity: As per Standard 1(B), single large roof forms are prohibited. A single roof form with two or more dormers is considered a complex roof form and accordingly will meet this Standard.
- c. Materials: Roofs shall be of historically appropriate materials, including asphalt shingle, wood shingle, or wood shake. The use of metal roofing, concrete tile roofing, hot-mopped asphalt, rolled asphalt, terra cotta tiles and other non-historic materials are prohibited in view of the public right-of-way.

Residential Standard 3: Siding/Exterior Cladding

Generally, vertical appearance of historic volumes in Sherwood was typically balanced by strong horizontal wood siding. The following standard requires a continuation of this horizontal character. All structures shall employ one or more of the following siding types:

- Horizontal wood siding, maximum 8" exposed to weather: Concrete or manufactured wood-based materials are acceptable under this Standard. This includes so-called "Cottage Siding" of wide panels scored to form multiple horizontal lines. Applicants are strongly encouraged to use smooth surfaces, not "rustic" or exposed wood grain pattern materials, which are inconsistent with Sherwood's architecture.
- Wood Shingle siding (painted shingles are preferred, with a maximum 12" to weather)
- True board and batten vertical wood siding, painted
- Brick
- Brick and stone veneer (see below)

Use of the following non-historic exterior materials are specifically prohibited within the zone:

Stucco (other than as foundation cladding or a secondary detail material, as in a gable end or enframed panel.).

- Stucco-clad foam (EIFS, DryVit, and similar)
- T-111 or similar 4x8 sheet materials or plywood

- Horizontal metal or vinyl siding
- Plastic or fiberglass
- Faux stone (slumpstone, fake marble, cultured stone, and similar)
- Brick veneer or any other masonry-type material, when applied over wood-frame construction, of less than twelve (12) inches width in any visible dimension. This Standard specifically excludes the use of brick or similar veneered "columns" on one face of an outside corner, as typically used to frame garage openings.

Residential Standard 4: Trim and Architectural Detailing

The vernacular residential architecture of Sherwood reflects the construction techniques of the late 19th and early 20th century, when buildings had "parts" that allowed for easy construction in a pre-power saw era. Today, many of these traditional elements are considered "trim," as newer materials better shed water and eliminate the original functional aspects of various historic building elements. This Standard provides for sufficient architectural detail within the Old Town Area to assure compatibility between new and old construction and create a rich and visually interesting streetscape. All residential construction shall employ at least FOUR (4) of the following elements to meet this Standard:

- Watertable or decorative foundation treatments (including stucco)
- Corner boards
- Eave Returns
- Stringcourse or other horizontal trim at plate or floor levels
- Eave brackets or support elements
- Bargeboards/Raking cornice (decorative roof "edge" treatments)
- Decorative projecting rafter tails
- Decorative gable end wall details, including change of materials (shingle bands), decorative venting, eave compass features and similar
- Wide cornice-level frieze and wall treatments.

Residential Standard 5: Openings [Windows & Doors]

Doors and windows form the "eyes" and "mouth" of a building and play a significant role in forming its character.

Windows

- a. Verticality: All windows will reflect a basic vertical orientation with a width-to-height ratio of 1.5 to 2, or greater (i.e., a 24" wide window must be a minimum 36" tall). Larger window openings shall be formed by combining multiple window sash into groupings.
- b. Types: The following windows types are permitted:
 - 1. Single and double hung windows.
 - 2. Hopper and transom-type windows.
 - 3. Casement windows.
 - 4. Any combination of the above, including groupings containing a central single pane fixed window flanked by two or more operable windows.
 - 5. Glass block windows.
 - 6. Fixed leaded or stained glass panels.

The following window types are specifically prohibited within the area:

- 1. Fixed pane windows (when not within a grouping, as in #4, above).
- 2. Horizontal slider windows (when visible from the public right-of-way).
- 3. Arched windows and fanlights, including "Palladian" window groupings, are inconsistent with the vernacular character of the area and are prohibited when visible from the public-right-of-way.
- c. Lights: (internal divisions of window, formed by "muntins" or "mullions") True-divided lights are preferred. "Pop-In" or fake muntins are not historic, nor appropriate within Sherwood's vernacular tradition, and are prohibited when visible from the public right-of-way.
- d. Sash Materials: Wood windows or enameled metal clad windows are most consistent with the vernacular tradition and are preferred. Vinyl windows or paintable fiberglass windows are allowed. Anodized or mill-finish aluminum windows or storm windows are prohibited.
- e. Mirror Glazing: The use of "mirror" or reflective glass visible from the public right-of-way is prohibited.

Doors

a. Transparency: Primary entry doors will retain a degree of transparency, with no less than

25% of the surface being glazed, either in clear, leaded, or stained glass materials. Solid, flat single, panel doors are prohibited.

b. Materials: Doors may be of wood, metal-clad wood, or metal. Other materials that can be painted or stained, such as cast fiberglass, so as to reflect traditional materials are permitted.

Trim

- a. Sills: All windows will have a projecting sill and apron.
- b. Side and Head Casing: Door and window trim will including side and head casing that sits no less than 1/2" proud of the surrounding wall surface. Trim mounted in plane with siding is not permitted in the Old Town area. Trim mounted atop siding is not recommended.
- c. Other Trim Elements: As discussed in Standard 4, above, the use of trim to articulate the construction process was a standard character-defining element of Sherwood's vernacular architecture. Although not required by this Standard, the use of the following traditional door and window trim elements are encouraged, particularly on the primary facade.
 - Simple window "hoods," mounted over the window opening. Such features are traditionally treated as pents and clad with roofing material
 - Parting bead, between the side and head casings
 - Crown moldings
 - Decorative corner elements at the head, apron, or both
 - Single or dual flanking sidelights at entryways
 - Transom windows above the major door or window openings

Residential Standard 6: Porches/Entrances

In combination with doors, front porches help create a "sense of entry" and typically serve as the focal point of the front-facing facade of the structure. Porches should be encouraged and adequately detailed to create that sense of entry and serve as a primary element of the exterior character.

- a. Depth: Projecting or recessed porches should be a minimum of five (5) feet deep. Projecting covered stoops should be a minimum of three (3) feet deep.
- b. Width: Projecting or recessed porches should be a minimum of ten (10) feet wide or 25% of the primary facade width, which ever is the lesser. Projecting covered stoops should be a minimum of five (5) feet wide.

- c. Supports: To assure appropriate visual weight for the design, vertical porch supports shall have a "base" of no less than six (6) inches square in finished dimension from floor level to a minimum 32" height. Upper posts shall be no less than four (4) inches square.
 - 1. Base features may be of boxed wood, brick, stone, true stucco, or other materials that reflect a support structure. The use of projecting "caps" or sills is encouraged at the transition between the base and column.
 - 2. When the entire support post is a minimum of six (6) inches square no base feature is required.
 - 3. Projecting covered stoops, with no full-height vertical support, shall utilize members of no less than four (4) inches square.

Residential Standard 7: Landscape, Fencing, and Perimeter Definition

Fencing or other edge-defining perimeter features, including the use of landscape materials, are traditional elements in Old Town Sherwood's residential areas. Please refer to Chapter 16.92 of the SZCDC for applicable landscaping standards and requirements. In addition to those provisions, such features within the Smockville Area shall also comply with the following Standard to maintain the area's character.

- a. Materials: The following fencing materials are permitted in the Smockville Area:
 - 1. Brick.
 - 2. Concrete, including concrete block, "split faced" concrete block and similar.
 - 3. Stone.
 - 4. Wood, including vertical or horizontal board, pickets, split rail, and similar traditional fence designs.
 - 5. Woven-metal (arch-top wire), construction cloth (square-patterned) and similar.
 - 1. Vinyl, when used in simple plain board, picket, or post and board installations. (see #3, below)
 - 2. Natural metal colored or black-coated chain link fencing is permitted, but discouraged when visible from the public-right-of-way.
 - 3. The mixed use of materials, as in brick columns with wood or woven wire "fields" is encouraged.
- b. The following fencing materials are prohibited in the Smockville area:

- 1. Plywood or other solid wood panel systems.
- 2. Open pattern concrete elements except as decorative elements.
- 3. Vinyl, that includes the use of arches, latticework, finials, acorn tops, and other elaborate detailing not consistent with Old Town Sherwood's vernacular tradition.
- 4. Vinyl or wood slat inserts in chain link fencing when in view from the public right-of-way.
- 5. Faux stone, including cultured stone, slumpstone, and similar materials.
- 6. Molded or cast aluminum.
- a. Transparency: Solid barriers of any material built to the maximum allowable height are prohibited facing the public right of way(s). Pickets or wood slats should provide a minimum 1/2" spacing between vertical elements with large spacing encouraged. Base elements, as in a concrete "curb" or foundation element are excluded from this standard provided they are no higher than twelve (12) inches above grade.
- b. Gates/Entry Features: In order to create a sense of entry, gates, arbors, pergolas, or similar elements integrated into a perimeter fence are strongly encouraged. Such features may exceed the maximum fence height limit of four (4) feet provided they are less than eight (8) feet in overall height, are located more than ten (10) feet from any public intersection, and do not otherwise reduce pedestrian or vehicular safety.

Residential Standard 8: Additions to Existing Buildings

- a. Compatibility: Additions to existing properties will continue the existing character of the resource or return to the documented original character in scale, design, and exterior materials. The creation of non-documented elements outside the traditional vernacular character such as towers, turrets, elaborate surface decoration and similar "earlying-up" is prohibited.
- b. Attachment: Additions should "read" as such, and be clearly differentiated from the historic portion of the structure and shall be offset or "stepped" back from the original volume a minimum of four (4) inches to document the sequence of construction. An exception to this standard is allowed for the reconstruction of previously existing volumes that can be documented through physical or archival evidence.
- c. Non-Compatible Materials: Repair of existing non-compatible materials is exempt from Standard 8(A). Rear-facing additions to existing buildings may continue the use of these materials so long as they are a continuation of the attached materials.

Residential Standard 9: Front-Facing Presentation

Traditionally, the portions of a structure facing the public right of way were considered the most important for presenting an aesthetically pleasing appearance. Skylights were not used, and there was very little venting since the structures were not tightly enclosed and wrapped as they are today. Therefore, keeping all modern looking venting and utilities to the side that is not visible from the public right of way is important and greatly adds to the appearance.

- a. Skylights: Skylights shall be placed on the side of the structure not visible from the public right of way, and shall be of a low profile design.
- b. Roof vents: Roof vents should, wherever possible, be placed on the side of the structure least visible from the public right of way, and painted to blend with the color of the roofing material. Where possible, a continuous ridge vent is preferred over roof jacks for venting purposes. In the case of using a continuous ridge vent with a vintage structure, care should be taken in creating inconspicuous air returns in the eave of the building.
- c. Plumbing vents: Vents should, wherever possible, be placed on the side of the structure least visible from the public right of way, and painted to blend with the color of the roofing material.

16.162.100 Architectural Guidelines.

The Old Town Design Guidelines were developed to assist applicants during the architectural design, development and review process with illustrative examples of recommended designs. The guidelines are a user-friendly compendium of recommended designs that reference applicable sections of Chapter 16.162, and are hereby adopted and effective hereafter as amended. For any architectural definitions not listed in Chapter 16.10, A Visual Dictionary of Architecture (Francis DK Ching -1997) shall be used as a reference. (Ord. 2006-009 § 2)

Chapter 16.164

LANDMARK REVIEW*

Sections:

16.164.010 GENERALLY

* Editor's Note: Some sections may not contain a history.

16.164.010 GENERALLY

The Planning Commission shall act as the Landmarks Advisory Board (LAB) and the designated review and approval authority for historic and cultural landmarks unless otherwise stated herein; and

A. Recommend to the Council the designation of certain historic and cultural resources, structures, buildings, places, sites, landscapes and areas as landmarks or historic districts, in accordance with Chapter 16.166. Subject to the approval of the Council, the City Manager or designee may employ the services of a qualified architect or historian in the designation process. The landmark alteration criteria contained in Chapter 16.168 shall only apply to designated landmarks or

historic districts.

- B. Review and take action, or make policy recommendations, on new building applications in accordance with Chapter 16.168. If a proposed addition is less than 250 SF, and/or is an exterior renovation only of a designated landmark, the application shall be processed as a Type 2 administrative review consistent with Section 16.72.010B. The latter requires a third party review by a qualified professional in historic preservation. All other proposals shall be processed as a Type 4 consistent with Chapter 16.72. Landmark designation applications shall be Type 5 and follow Chapter 16.166.
- C. Cooperate with and enlist the assistance of persons, organizations, corporations, foundations, and public agencies in matters involving historic preservation, rehabilitation, and reuse.
- D. Advise and assist owners of landmarks on the physical and financial aspects of historic preservation, rehabilitation, and reuse, especially with respect to publishing or making available guidelines on historic preservation, and identifying and publicizing tax benefits, as well as grant and loan opportunities.
- E. Determine an appropriate system of marks and signs for designated landmarks and historic districts subject to Council approval.

(Ord. 2006-009 § 2)

Chapter 16.166

LANDMARK DESIGNATION*

Sections:

16.166.010 Generally 16.166.020 Effect of Designation 16.166.030 Procedures 16.166.040 Standards

* Editor's Note: Some sections may not contain a history.

16.166.010 Generally

- A. The Landmarks Advisory Board shall make recommendations to the City Council on the designation of structures, buildings, places, landscapes and sites, having special historical, architectural, or cultural significance, as historic landmarks or historic districts.
- B. Subject to the procedures and standards of Sections 16.166.030 and 16.166.040, historic resources may be designated as landmarks having Primary, Secondary, or Contributing significance based on the historic, architectural, site, and use evaluation criteria contained in Section 16.166.040. (Ord. 2006-009 § 2; 94-990 § 1; 92-946; Ord. 86-851)

16.166.020 Effect of Designation

A. Any historic resource designated as per this Chapter, shall be subject to Chapter 16.168, except as otherwise provided by this Code. Any building or site that is considered for landmarks designation, but

rejected as per this Chapter, may not be reconsidered for a minimum period of two (2) years. The classification of any designated landmark once established as per this Chapter may not be reconsidered for a minimum period of two (2) years.

- B. The landmark alteration criteria contained in Chapter 16.168 shall apply only to designated landmarks or historic districts. Historic resources designated as landmarks of either Primary or Secondary significance that are within a special historic resource zone or historic district are subject to Chapter 16.168. Historic resources designated as landmarks of either Primary or Secondary significance that are not within a special historic resource zone or historic district are subject to Chapter 16.168.
- C. Notwithstanding its listing and rating in, or omission from, a historic resources inventory, or its designation or rejection as a landmark, any structure, building, place, landscape, site, or area within a special historic resource zone may be subject to the standards of that zone. Any structure, building, place, site, or area within a designated historic district shall be subject to Chapter 16.168 where so required by this Code, and may be subject to the standards of that district. (Ord. 94-990 § 1; 92-946; Ord. 86-851)
- D. If a property, building, or other feature has been designated as a historic resource after the effective date of this amendment, the owner shall be notified and consent to such designation consistent with ORS 197.772. The owner of an existing historic resource may also petition the City Council to remove the property from said designation unless the original designation was done voluntarily. (Ord. 2006-009 § 2)

16.166.030 Procedures

- A. Except as otherwise provided herein, the Council or the owners of a potential landmark, or a citizen may initiate historic landmark or district designation in accordance with this Chapter. Application for landmark designation shall be made on forms provided by the City. A proposed designation shall be processed as a plan amendment. The Landmarks Advisory Board shall conduct a public hearing concerning the proposed designation and provide public notice in accordance with Chapter 16.72 of this Code. The Landmarks Advisory Board shall provide a report and recommendation on the proposed designation to the Council.
- B. Initiation of consideration of a new historic district designation, or amendment to any established historic district, may be initiated by the Council, or by petition specifying a proposed district boundary and signed by at least twenty-five percent (25%) of the property owners within the proposed district. A proposed designation shall be processed as a plan amendment. The Landmarks Advisory Board shall conduct a public hearing concerning the proposed designation and provide public notice in accordance with Chapter 16.72 of this Code. The Landmarks Advisory Board shall provide a report and recommendation on the proposed designation to the Council.
- C. Upon receipt of the report and recommendation of the Landmarks Advisory Board, the Council shall conduct a second public hearing as per Chapter 16.72. Approval of the landmark or district designation shall be in the form of an ordinance. If a resource or area is approved for designation by the Council, it shall be listed as a designated historic landmark or district in the Community Development Plan element of the City Comprehensive Plan. An official landmark map shall also be created, maintained, and updated with each change to a landmark designation.

D. Once City action on a historic district designation is complete, the designation shall not go into effect until the City has adopted design guidelines and standards for the district, similar to those adopted for the Old Town Historic District. Unless otherwise impractical, historic district design guidelines and standards should be developed and considered concurrently with historic district designation. (Ord. 2006-009 § 2; 94-990 § 1; 92-946; Ord. 86-851)

16.166.040 Standards

In determining whether historic resources or groups of historic resources should be designated as landmarks of Primary, Secondary or Contributing significance, or as historic districts, the Landmarks Advisory Board and Council shall make written findings with respect to the following factors: (Ord. 2006-009 § 2)

- A. That the potential historic resource has a quality or significance in American or local history, architecture, archeology, engineering, or culture, and retains its historic integrity in terms of location, design, setting, materials, workmanship, feeling and association, and:
 - 1. Is associated with events or persons significant in American or local history; or
 - 2. Embodies the distinctive characteristics of a type, style, period, or method of construction or architecture, or represents the work of a master craftsperson, architect or builder, or possesses significant artistic, aesthetic or architectural values; or
 - 3. Has yielded, or may be likely to yield, information important in American or local prehistory or history.
- B. The Landmarks Advisory Board and Council shall also examine and make findings regarding specific uses allowed in the zoning districts where the proposed landmark lies, identify consistencies and/or conflicts with the allowed uses and proposed designation, and determine the economic, social, environmental and energy (ESEE) impacts of designation on the proposed landmark and adjacent allowed uses. Findings shall also indicate those elements of a property, including interior, landscape, and archaeological features that are directly related to the designation and subject to review under the provisions of the Code.

(Ord. 2006-009 § 2)

C. The Landmarks Advisory Board, after considering the criteria in subsection A of this Section and the ESEE analysis required by subsection B, shall recommend to the Council approval of the landmark's designation as a Primary, Secondary, or Contributing historic resource, approval with conditions, or determine that the resource should not receive any landmark designation. The Council's final decision on the Landmarks Advisory Board's recommendation shall be in the form of an ordinance amending the Community Development Plan element of the City Comprehensive Plan and listing the resource as a designated historic site, approving the designation with conditions, or determining that the resource should not receive any landmark designation.

(Ord. 2006-009 § 2; 94-990 § 1; 92-946; Ord. 86-851)

Chapter 16.168

LANDMARK ALTERATION*

Sections:

16.168.010 PROCEDURES 16.168.020 ALTERATION STANDARDS 16.168.030 VARIANCES TO ALTERATION STANDARDS

* Editor's Note: Some sections may not contain a history.

16.168.010 PROCEDURES

1. Alteration Application

- A. Application for any alteration of a designated landmark, except as per this Section, shall be made on forms provided by the City.
 - B. The following information shall be required in an application for alteration of a landmark:
 - 1. The applicant's name and address.
 - 2. The property owner's name(s) and address(es), if different from the applicant(s) and a statement of authorization to act on behalf of the owner signed by the owner.
 - 3. The street address or other easily understood geographical reference to the landmark property.
 - 4. A drawing or site map illustrating the location of the landmark.
 - 5. A statement explaining compliance with the applicable approval criteria of this Chapter, as appropriate.
 - 6. Ten (10) sets of plan drawings to include site, landscaping and elevations, drawn to scale.
 - 7. Photographs of the landmark which show all exterior features.
 - 8. A list of owners of property (fee title) within one hundred (100') feet of the subject property together with their current mailing addresses.
 - 9. Any other information deemed necessary by the City Manager or his or her designee.
- C. The Landmarks Advisory Board shall conduct a public hearing concerning the proposed landmark alteration and provide public notice in accordance with Chapter 16.72 of this Code. The Landmarks Advisory Board decision shall be based on compliance with the review standards in Section 16.168.020 and shall consider the original finding made in the landmark designation process as per Chapter 16.166. (Ord. 2006-009 § 2)

D. In any alteration action, the Landmarks Advisory Board shall give full consideration and weight to the importance of the landmark, its landmark classification and designation, any adverse economic or visual impacts on adjacent landmarks, special historic resource zones, or historic districts, and, if the proposed landmark is within a special historic resource zone or designated historic district, the standards and guidelines of that zone or district.

(Ord. 2006-009 § 2; 94-990 § 1; 92-946; Ord. 86-851)

2. Appeals

A decision rendered by the Landmarks Advisory Board regarding approval, approval with conditions, or denial of a permit for construction, alteration, removal, or demolition of a designated landmark, may be appealed to the Council as per Chapter 16.76. (Ord. 2006-009 § 2; 94-990 § 1; 92-946; Ord. 86-851)

3. Exceptions

- A. Nothing in this Section shall be construed to prevent the maintenance or repair of any exterior architectural feature which does not involve a change in design, material or appearance of such feature, or which the Building Official shall determine is required for the public safety due to an unsafe or dangerous condition. Except as otherwise provided in this Chapter and subsection B of this Section, if no City building permit or land use approval is otherwise required, facade alterations which, in the City's determination, adversely impact or lessen a landmarks historic character, shall be subject to landmark alteration review. Such alterations subject to review could include, but are not limited to: painting of facade elements or construction of materials normally left unpainted within the historic context of the landmark; replacement of windows, transoms, awnings, doors, exterior lighting, or other exterior features; the addition and replacement of exterior heating, ventilating and air conditioning equipment, except for temporary equipment such as portable in-window air conditioners; or any overlay of an existing facade with new siding materials.
- B. Normal maintenance and repair of historic resources are not subject to landmark alteration review, except as specified in subsection A of this Section. Normal maintenance and repair activities generally exempted from this Section shall include, but are not limited to:
 - 1. Repairing or providing a new foundation that does not result in raising or lowering the building elevation provided, however, that the City must find that foundation materials and craftsmanship do not contribute to the historical and architectural significance of the landmark.
 - 2. Installation of storm windows and doors, insulation, caulking, weather-stripping and other energy efficient improvements which complement or match the existing color, detail and proportions of the landmark.
 - 3. Painting, sandblasting, chemical treatments, and related exterior surface preparation, except for surface preparations that result in the landmark becoming further removed from its original historic appearance, where the landmark would not have been originally painted, or where the preparation could damage exterior surfaces.
 - 4. Repair or replacement of electrical, plumbing, mechanical systems, sewer, water and other utility

systems, and equipment which does not alter a designated landmark's exterior appearance.

- 5. Repair or replacement of building and site features when work is done in kind to closely match existing materials and form. Such features include fencing, roofing, vents, porches, cornices, siding, doors, balustrades, stairs, trim, windows, driveways, parking areas, retaining walls, signs, awnings, gutters and roof drain systems, hand rails and guardrails.
- 6. Necessary structural repairs, as determined by the City Building Official that do not significantly alter or destroy the landmark's historic appearance.
- 7. Masonry repair or cleaning, including repointing and rebuilding chimneys, if mortar is matched to original composition, and powerwashing if done at no more than 600 psi with mild detergent.
- 8. Any other exterior repair, replacement or maintenance that, in the City's determination, does not result in the landmark becoming further removed from its original historic appearance.
- C. Landmarks designated as Primary and Secondary historic resources as per Chapter 16.166 that are not within special historic resource zones or historic districts shall be subject to landmarks alteration review. Landmarks designated as Contributing historic resources as per Chapter 16.166 that are not within special historic resource zones or designated historic districts shall be subject to review, but such review shall be advisory and non-binding.
- D. Except as otherwise provided in this Chapter, interior alterations not visually or structurally modifying a designated landmark's external appearance or facade shall not be subject to landmarks alteration review, unless the interior is specifically cited as part of the reason for the landmarks designation, as per Section 16.166.040.
- E. Signs shall be subject to Chapter 16.102 only, provided that the City Manager or his or her designee finds that the proposed sign or signs comply with the standards of this Chapter, and the guidelines and standards of any applicable special historic resource zones or designated historic districts. These findings shall be prepared and reviewed as per subsection B of this Section.

16.168.020 ALTERATION STANDARDS

The following general standards are applied to the review of alteration, construction, removal, or demolition of designated landmarks that are subject to this Chapter. In addition, the standards and guidelines of any applicable special resource zone or historic district shall apply. In any landmark alteration action, the Landmarks Advisory Board shall make written findings indicating compliance with these standards. (Ord. 2006-009 § 2; 94-990 § 1; 92-946; Ord. 86-851)

1. Generally

- A. Every reasonable effort has been made by the property owner, in the City's determination, to provide a use of the landmark which requires minimal alteration of the structure, site, or area.
 - B. In cases where the physical or structural integrity of a landmark is questionable the proposed

alterations are the minimum necessary to preserve the landmarks physical or structural integrity, or to preserve the feasibility of the continued occupation, or use of the landmark given its structural condition.

- C. In cases where the landmark has been significantly altered in the past, that it is technically feasible to undertake alterations tending to renovate, rehabilitate, repair or improve the landmark to historic standards given those prior alterations.
- D. The compatibility of surrounding land uses, and the underlying zoning designation of the property on which the historic resource is sited, with the historic resources continued use and occupation, and with the renovation, rehabilitation, repair, or improvement of the resource to historic standards.
- E. Alterations shall be made in accordance with the historic character of the landmark as suggested by the historic resources inventory and other historic resources and records. Alterations to landmarks within special historic districts shall, in addition, be made in accordance with the standards and guidelines of that zone or district.
- F. Alterations that have no historic basis and that seek to create a thematic or stylistic appearance unrelated to the landmark or historic district's architectural history and vernacular based on the original architecture or later architecturally or historically significant additions shall not be permitted. (Ord. 2006-009 § 2; 94-990 § 1; 92-946; Ord. 86-851)

2. Architectural Features

- A. The distinguished original qualities or character of a landmark shall not be destroyed. The removal or alteration of any historic material or distinctive architectural features shall be avoided. Distinctive stylistic or architectural features or examples of skilled craftsmanship which characterize a landmark shall be preserved.
- B. Deteriorated architectural features shall be restored wherever possible. In the event replacement is necessary, the new materials should match the material being replaced in composition, design, color, texture, and other visual qualities.
- C. Repair or replacement of missing architectural features should be based, wherever possible, on accurate duplications of said features, substantiated by historic, physical, or pictorial evidence, rather than on conjectural designs or the availability of different architectural elements from other buildings or structures.
- D. The surface cleaning of landmarks shall be undertaken using methods generally prescribed by qualified architects and preservationists. Sandblasting and other cleaning methods that will damage historic building materials shall not be undertaken.
- E. Contemporary design for alterations and additions to landmarks may be allowed when such alterations and additions do not, in the City's determination, destroy significant historical, architectural, or cultural features, and such design is compatible with the size, scale, color, material, and character of the designated landmark or historical district.
 - F. Whenever possible, new additions or alterations to landmarks shall be done in such a manner

that, if such additions or alterations were removed in the future, the historic form and integrity of the landmark would be unimpaired.

(Ord. 94-990 § 1; 92-946; Ord. 86-851)

16.168.030 VARIANCES TO ALTERATION STANDARDS

Generally

- A. Any variances to landmark alteration standards shall be considered as per Chapter 16.84, provided, however, that the Landmarks Advisory Board shall first receive and consider a report and recommendation from city staff, in addition to considering the criteria specified in subsection B of this Section. Variances to landmark alteration standards, as per Chapter 16.84, shall be considered only if the landmark has been subject to the full landmark alteration review procedure as per Section 16.168.010.
- B. In any variance action, the Landmarks Advisory Board shall give full consideration and weight to the importance of the landmark, its classification and designation as a landmark, the standards and guidelines of any applicable special historic resource zones or designated historic districts, the standards of this Section, and to any adverse economic or visual impacts and any variance on adjacent landmarks, special historic resource zones, or designated historic districts.

(Ord. 2006-009 § 2; 94-990 § 1; 92-946; Ord. 86-851)

Chapter 16.170

LANDMARK DESIGNATION INCENTIVES*

Sections:

16.170.010 Generally 16.170.020 Incentives

* Editor's Note: Some sections may not contain a history.

16.170.010 Generally

To facilitate the purposes of this Chapter and in recognition of the extraordinary costs sometimes associated with the appropriate preservation of historic resources, incentives shall be made available at the time such resources undergo an alteration subject to Chapter 16.168. Such incentives shall be in addition to the activities of the Landmarks Advisory Board required by Section 16.164.010D through E.

16.170.020 Incentives

Any landmark designated as per this Chapter, whether Primary, or within or outside of a special historic resource zone or historic district, may be granted one or more of the following incentives, provided that in exercising or accepting any incentive contained herein, a landmark not otherwise subject to Chapter 16.168, shall thereafter be subject to all the terms and conditions of that Section. Incentives shall be granted only if the proposed alteration has undergone landmarks alteration review and is fully consistent with Chapter 16.168 and the landmark's designation as per Chapter 16.166. Monetary incentives, such as property tax rebates and planning fee waivers, may be granted in any combination, as determined by a recommendation of the

Landmarks Advisory Board and decision by the City Council, provided however, that the total amount of the monetary incentives shall not exceed the additional cost of the historically appropriate alteration over that of a more conventional improvement, also as determined by the Landmarks Advisory Board. (Ord. 2006-009 § 2)

A. Property Tax Rebates:

1. A property owner who has expended funds for labor and materials necessary to comply with Chapter 16.168, may apply to the City for rebate of the City's portion of real property taxes levied and collected by the Washington County Department of Assessment and Taxation for the fiscal real property tax year following the tax year in which the investment for labor and materials was made by the owner, and for each subsequent tax year thereafter not to exceed ten (10) tax years. In no event shall the total rebates paid by the City to the applicant exceed 50 percent of the total cost of the labor and materials expense necessary to comply with Chapter 16.168. The applicant shall submit with the application, on a form to be provided by the City, such verification of the expenditures for labor and materials, as shall be determined sufficient by the City.

(Ord. 2006-009 § 2)

2. No rebates shall be allowed for any property that receives benefits under the State Special Assessment Program (ORS 358.475), for which real property tax payments are delinquent, nor shall rebates continue to be paid for a property which ceases to meet the standards of this ordinance as a qualifying historical resource. No rebates shall be allowed for tax payments made in the year the funds are expended for compliance with Chapter 16.168, or any year prior thereto.

(Ord. 2006-009 § 2)

3. Nothing in this section shall be deemed to obligate the City to rebate any taxes levied and paid for the benefit of any other governmental entity, and shall apply only to real property taxes assessed, levied, and payable to the City of Sherwood by the Washington County Department of Assessment and Taxation.

B. City Fee Waiver:

1. The City Manager or his designee shall have the authority to waive all or some of the required land use application fees established by the City that would normally be applicable to a landmarks alteration, including any fees for processing the landmarks alteration application itself.

(Ord. 2006-009 § 2)

C. Building Codes:

Consistent with Section 3407 of the International Building Code (IBC) and Section R119 of the Oregon Residential Specialty Code, the Building Official is authorized to permit alterations to designated landmarks without compromising all other building code requirements or other applicable codes adopted by the City provided:

(Ord. 2006-009 § 2; 94-990 § 1; 92-946; Ord. 86-851)

- 1. The landmark has been designated as per Chapter 16.166, and the alteration is fully consistent with Chapter 16.168.
- 2. The altered landmark will be no more hazardous based on life safety, fire safety, and sanitation than the existing landmark.
- 3. Unsafe conditions are corrected.

(Ord. 2006-009 § 2)

4. The alteration is approved by the Landmarks Advisory Board.

(Ord. 2006-009 § 2)

DEVELOPMENT CODE CROSS REFERENCES TABLE

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8.200	Ch. 16.134
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8.300	Not codified
8.301	Ch. 16.136
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8.301.02	16.136.020
8.301.03	16.136.030
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8.304	Ch. 16.142
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8.304.04	16.142.030
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9.401.03	16.166.030
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9.502	16.168.020
9.502.019.502.02	16.168.020
9.503	16.168.030
9.503.01	16.168.030
9.504	Ch. 16.170
9.504.01	16.170.010
9.504.02	16.170.020

STATUTORY REFERENCES

FOR

OREGON CITIES

The statutory references listed below refer the code user to state statutes applicable to Oregon cities. They are up to date through July, 2010.

General Provisions

Incorporation of cities

ORS § 221.005 et seq.

City charters

Oregon Const. Art. XI, § 2

Charter amendments

ORS § 221.210

Boundary changes

ORS ch. 222

Ordinances

ORS § 221.275 et seq.

Enforcement of ordinances

ORS §§ 30.315 and 221.315

Procedures for infractions, violations and traffic offenses

ORS ch. 153

Elections

ORS §§ 221.180, 221.200, 221.230

Initiative and referendum

ORS §§ 221.210 and 250.255 et seq.

Administration and Personnel

City officers

ORS § 221.110 et seq.

Municipal courts

ORS §§ 221.140, 221.336 et seq.

Public meetings

ORS § 192.610 et seq.

Emergency management and services

ORS ch. 401

Planning commissions

ORS § 227.010 et seq.

Revenue and Finance

Financial administration

ORS ch. 294

Public contracts and purchasing

ORS chs. 279A--279C

Assessments for local improvements

ORS ch. 223

Limitations on powers of city to assist corporations

Oregon Const. Art. XI § 9

Revenue sharing for cities

Business Licenses and Regulations

Taxation of liquor prohibited

ORS § 473.190

Animals

Animal control

ORS ch. 609

Rabies control

ORS § 433.340 et seq.

Health and Safety

General authority

ORS § 221.410

Health Hazard Abatement Law

ORS § 222.840 et seq.

Camping by homeless

ORS § 203.077 et seq.

Fireworks

ORS § 480.110 et seq.

Public Peace, Morals and Welfare

General authority

ORS § 221.410

State penal code

ORS title 16

Curfew
ORS § 419C.680
Firearms regulation
ORS § 166.170 et seq.
Public intoxication
ORS § 430.325
Oregon vehicle code
ORS title 59
Local authority
ORS §§ 801.038, 801.040
Rules of the road
ORS ch. 811
Driving under influence of intoxicants
ORS ch. 813
Off-road vehicles
ORS ch. 821
Abandoned vehicles
ORS ch. 819
Parking offenses
ORS § 221.275 et seq.
Bicycles
ORS § 814.400 et seq.

Vehicles and Traffic

Streets, Sidewalks and Public Places

City improvements and works	
ORS ch. 223	
City parks, memorials and cemeteries	
ORS ch. 226	
	Public Services
Municipal utilities	
ORS ch. 225	
Regulation of public utilities	
ORS § 221.420 et seq.	
City sewers and sanitation	
ORS ch. 224	
System development charges	
ORS § 223.297 et seq.	
	Buildings and Construction
State building code	
ORS ch. 455	
Adoption of codes by reference	
ORS § 221.330	
Radio antennas	
ORS § 221.295	
	Subdivisions
Subdivisions and partitions	

Zoning

City planning and zoning

ORS ch. 227

RESOLUTION LIST

Resolution Number	
03-015	Approves indebtedness of
03-013	the agency in the form of
	an intergovernmental
	agreement (Special)
03-080	Authorizes loan and enters
03-080	into contract (Special)
03-086	Declares to acquire certain
03-080	property (Special)
03-087	Authorizes city manager to
03 007	enter into an agreement
	(Special)
03-088	Set fees for certain traffic
03 000	violations (Special)
03-089	Approves
	intergovernmental
	agreement (Special)
03-090	Appoints Mr. Cam Durrell
	to the planning advisory
	committee (Special)
03-091	Adopts procedures for
	disposition of surplus
	municipal property
	(Special)
03-096	Authorizes city manager to
	sign the agreement
	(Special)
04-001	Amends Ord. 2003-089,
	intergovernmental
	agreement (Special)
04-002	Appoints John Urban to the
	library advisory board
	(Special)
04-003	Authorizes city manager to
	enter into contract
	(Special)
04-004	Appoints Lisa Thoele to
	the Sherwood cultural arts
	commission (Special)
04-005	Approves financing
04.006	agreement (Special)
04-006	Amends parks, recreation
	and open space master plan
04.007	(Special)
04-007	Grants permanent road
04.000	easement (Special)
04-008	Authorizes city manager to
	enter into contract
	(Special)

enter into contract (Special) 04-010 Authorizes sale of general obligation refunding bonds (Special) 04-011 Adopts supplemental budget and making appropriations (Special) 04-012 Approves \$610,000 of indebtedness for an indoor soccer field public facility (Special) 04-013 Authorizes city manager to sign an amendment to a well protection easement (Special) 04-014 Revises membership of the Sherwood urban renewal planning advisory committee (Special) 04-015 Declares April 5, 2004 through April 10, 2004 as court amnesty week (Special) 04-016 Authorizes city manager to enter into an agreement (Special) 04-017 Authorizes city manager to enter into design contract (Special) 04-018 Appoints Mr. Dan Balza to a four-year term on planning commission (Special) 04-019 Establishes policy for neighborhood traffic management devices and superseding Res. 2001-975 (Special) 04-020 Appoints Matt Nolan to the planning commission (Special) 04-021 Awards the bid for the Oregon-Murdock roundabout landscape improvements (Special) 04-022 Approves 2004 council goals (Special) 04-023 Authorizes issuance of a request for proposals (Special) 04-024 Reappoints Mr. Patrick Allen to the planning commission (Special) 04-025 Updates the parks and recreation system development charges methodology and rates	04-009	Authorized eitz menegen to
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04-025 Updates the parks and recreation system development charges methodology and rates		Allen to the planning
recreation system development charges methodology and rates		
development charges methodology and rates	04-025	
methodology and rates		
(Special)		
(Special)		(Special)

04-026	Authorizes issuance of a
04-026	
	request for proposals (Special)
04-027	Authorizes the city
04-027	
	manager to sign contract
	documents with Portland
	General Broadband
04.020	(Special)
04-028	Appoints the budget officer
	for fiscal year 2004-05
0.4.020	(Special)
04-029	Appoints Dan King to the
	planning commission
	(Special)
04-030	Adjusts solid waste
	collection rates (Special)
04-031	Authorizes the city
	manager to enter into a
	design contract (Special)
04-032	Appoints Stacie Gordon to
	the Sherwood cultural arts
	commission (Special)
04-033	Appoints independent
	auditors for fiscal years
	ending 2004-06 (Special)
04-034	Approves the contract with
	Portland general broadband
	(Special)
04-035	Awards contract for
	upgrade of the high school
	football field to Field
	Turfbuilders (Special)
04-036	Establishes voluntary water
	conservation campaign
	(Special)
04-037	Authorizes city manager to
	sign an intergovernmental
	agreement (Special)
04-038	Adopts schedule of fees
	(Special)
04-039	Establishes
	telecommunications fund
	(Special)
04-040	Appoints Marilyn Smith to
	the Sherwood cultural arts
	commission (Special)
04-041	Approves the adoption of
	maintenance standards
	(Special)
04-042	Authorizes city manager to
	enter into contract
	(Special)
04-043	Confirms names of city
	parks and naming of
	pioneer park (Special)
04-044	Amends Res. 2001-983, to
	ratify the tentative
	agreement (Special)
	agreement (Special)

04.045	A
04-045	Awards bid for 2004 street
	slurry seal program for
	fiscal year 2004-2005
04-046	(Special)
04-046	Adopts 2004-05 budget
04.047	(Special) Declares election to receive
04-047	
04.040	state revenues (Special)
04-048	Disburses funds to cities
04.050	(Special)
04-050	Approves annexation
04.051	proposal (Special)
04-051	Establishes percentage
04.052	public utility fee (Special)
04-052	Adopts supplemental
	budget and making
04.054	appropriations (Special)
04-054	Approves increase fund for
	senior center classroom
04-056	addition project (Special)
04-056	Appoints Andrea Hackett
	to the library advisory
04-057	board (Special)
04-057	Approves the Sherwood
	civic building design
04-058	(Special)
04-038	Authorizes city manager to enter into a design contract
	(Special)
04-059	Authorizes city manager to
04-039	enter into a design contract
	(Special)
04-060	Authorizes city manager to
04-000	sign a renewal of the
	intergovernmental
	agreement (Special)
04-061	Grants solid waste
01 001	collection franchise
	(Special)
04-062	Authorizes city manager to
	enter into agreement
	(Special)
04-063	Authorizes city manager to
	enter into contract
	(Special)
04-065	Special election (Special)
04-066	Approves
	intergovernmental
	agreement (Special)
04-067	Authorizes change of
	banks for selected services
	(Special)
04-068	Approves substandard
	cul-de-sac within the
	Darlakay court preliminary
	subdivision plat (Special)
04-069	Updates signers for
	transactions with financial
	institutions (Special)

[T=
04-070	Designates the urban
	renewal district manager
	Jim Patterson city manager
	pro tem (Special)
04-071	Appoints Jeffrey Crapper
	to the parks and recreation
	board (Special)
04-072	Appoints Joel Thompson to
	the parks and recreation
	board (Special)
04-073	Authorizes city manager to
	enter into contract
	(Special)
04-074	Opposes the formation of
	electric people's utility
	districts (Special)
04-075	Adopts findings for the city
	council denial of an appeal
	(Special)
04-077	Updates the parks and
	recreation system
	development charges
	methodology and rates
	(Special)
04-078	Amends the parks and
0.070	recreation system
	development charges rates
	(Special)
04-079	Authorizes an interfund
0.072	loan (Special)
04-080	Authorizes city manager to
04 000	enter into an agreement
	(Special)
04-081	Authorizes city manager to
04-001	enter into contract
	(Special)
04-082	Establishes the
04-082	telecommunication
	advisory board (Special)
04-089	Expresses its opposition to
04-089	state ballot measure 37
	(Special)
04-090	Authorizes the formation
04-090	of the Area 59 citizen's
	advisory committee
	(Special)
04-091	Appoints to the cannery
U-1-U 71	site development advisory
	committee (Special)
04-092	Awards the bid for Sunset
0 4- 032	Park - Phase 3 (Special)
04-093	
04-093	Approves contract for
	upgrade of the high school
04.004	lights (Special)
04-094	Amends schedule of fees
04.005	(Special)
04-095	Updates the parks system
İ	
	development charges (Special)

	D 11 17 1 2001
04-096	Proclaims November, 2004
	election results and
	directing the record
	(Special)
04-097	Appoints Councilor Lee
	Weislogel and Mayor Mark
	Cottle to a two years term
	to the Sherwood urban
	renewal planning advisory
	committee (Special)
04-098	Appoints an Area 59
	citizen's advisory
	committee (Special)
04-099	Grants the raindrops to
	refuge (R2R) organization
	(Special)
04-100	Appoints
	telecommunications
	advisory board (Special)
04-101	Adopts storm sewer system
	(MS4) permit renewal
	(Special)
04-102	Authorizes city manager to
0.10 2	enter into contract
	(Special)
04-103	Adopts salary schedules for
0.103	AFSCME (Special)
04-104	Authorized city manager to
04-104	proceed with final design
	(Special)
05-001	Appoints Debbi Canepa
03-001	and reappointing Jan
	Chambers, Liz Myers and
	Holli Robinson to the
	library advisory board
	(Special)
05-002	Appoints the budget officer
03-002	for fiscal year 2005-2006
	(Special)
05-003	Approves amendments to a
03-003	financing agreement
	(Special)
05-004	
05-004	Adopts supplemental budget and making
	appropriations (Special)
05-005	Authorizes the mayor or
03-003	
	his designee to sign an
	intergovernmental
05.006	agreement (Special)
05-006	Adopts public contracting
05.007	rules (1.10)
05-007	Approves a settlement with
	DLR group architects
	relative to the design and
05.000	construction (Special)
05-008	Calls for an election to
	submit a new home rule
	charter (Charter)
05-009	Authorizes city manager to
05-009	

05-010	(Failed)
05-011	Appoints Mark Batemand
	and Ron Kachergius to the
	budget committee (Special)
05-012	Approves minor change to
	planned unit development
07.010	(Special)
05-013	Authorizes city manager to
	enter into contract
05-014	(Special) Renames Wapato Street to
03-014	Roellich Avenue (Repealed
	by 05-017)
05-015	Reappoints Patrick Allen
	and Matt Nolan to a
	four-year term on planning
	commission (Special)
05-016	Authorizes the city to enter
	into an agreement (Special)
05-017	Repeals Res. 05-014
05.010	(Repealer)
05-018	Authorizes the
	reappointment of Kristyana Lationalis and the
	appointment of Jeff Munro,
	Glen Foster, Julie Lebrun
	and Blake Hasley to the
	parks and recreation board
	(Special)
05-019	Appoints Todd Skelton to
	an eleven-month term and
	Russell Griffin to a
	four-year term on planning
05.020	commission (Special)
05-020	Reappoints Karen Tasker Mathews and Bernie
	Danylchuk to a two-year
	term to the Sherwood
	cultural arts commission
	(Special)
05-021	Awards the Sherwood
	fieldhouse re-roof, re-bid
	contract (Special)
05-022	Authorizes Robinson
05.022	construction (Special)
05-023	Adopts 2005 city council
05.024	goals (Special)
05-024	Approves change of funding source for the
	Sherwood high school turf
	field (Special)
05-025	Directs staff to prepare
	appropriate legislation
	(Special)
05-026	Reappoints Robyn Folsom
	and Shelly Lamb and
	appointing Pamela
	McCormick to the
	Sherwood cultural arts
	commission (Special)

05-027	Ratifies city of Sherwood
	police department's
	intergovernmental
	agreement (Special)
05-028	(Failed)
05-029	Supports grant application for the Brookman addition
05-030	concept plan (Special) Supports grant application
03-030	for the quarry area concept
	plan (Special)
05-031	Approves
	intergovernmental
	agreement (Special)
05-032	Imposes a requirement for
	the mandatory
	prequalification for all
	persons desiring to bid on
	the contract for acting as general contractor for
	S
	building the downtown streetscape improvements
	project - Phase A (Special)
05-033	Adopts supplemental
	budget and making
	appropriations (Special)
05-034	Adopts schedule of fees as
	authorized by the city
	zoning and community
	development code
05-035	(Special) Adopts 2005-2006 budget
03-033	(Special)
05-036	Declares election to receive
	state revenues (Special)
05-037	Disburses funds to cities
07.000	(Special)
05-038	Approves financing
05-039	agreement (Special) Authorizes an interfund
03-039	loan (Special)
05-040	Ratifies intergovernmental
	agreement (Special)
05-041	Awards bid for city Slurry
	seal services for fiscal year
	2005-2006 (Special)
05-042	Authorizes city manager to
	enter into an agreement
05.042	(Special) Calls for an election for
05-043	Willamette river water
	(Special)
05-044	Authorizes city manager to
* * *	sign updated
	intergovernmental
	agreement (Special)
05-045	Authorizes transfer of real
	property (Special)
05-046	(Number not used)
05-047	Amends intergovernmental
	agreement (Special)

05.049	A 41
05-048	Authorizes city manager to
	enter into an agreement (Special)
05-049	Appoints Ann Roseberry
03-049	and Colin Woodbury
	library advisory board
	(Special)
05-050	Adjusts solid waste
05 050	collection rates (Special)
05-051	Directs city recorder to
	publish notice of selling
	real property (Special)
05-052	Awards downtown
	streetscape improvements -
	Phase A contract (Special)
05-053	Authorizes city manager to
	execute a contract (Special)
05-054	Sets out a proposed ballot
	title for a measure (Special)
05-055	Sets out a draft ballot title
	for a measure (Special)
05-056	Authorizes city manager to
	enter into a contract
27.27	(Special)
05-057	Accepts water system
05.050	master plan (Special)
05-058	Calls for an election on
	November 8, 2005
05-059	(Special)
05-059	Authorizes participation in a study of the SE
	Sherwood study area
	(Special)
05-060	Authorizes city manager to
03-000	execute a lease agreement
	(Special)
05-061	Designates oversight to the
	parks and recreation board
	(Special)
05-062	Approves cooperative
	library advisory board
	structure and governance
	changes (Special)
05-063	Authorizes city manager to
	complete the sale (Special)
05-064	Approves issuance of city
	purchasing card (Special)
05-066	Authorizes city manager to
	complete the sale of library
05.060	(Special)
05-068	Approves local matching
	grant to Metro for the
	Tonquin Creek Trail
05.000	(Special)
05-069	Disapproves method for distribution of funds
05-070	(Special)
03-070	Supports code assistance application for the creation
	of infill standards (Special)
	or mini sundards (Special)

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05-071	Approves the Washington
	County cooperative library
	advisory board structure
	and governance changes (Special)
05-072	Authorizes the city
03-072	manager to enter into a
	contract (Special)
05-073	Repeals Res. 2001-962
	(Repealer)
05-074	Adopts construction
	standards for installation of
	conduit and splice
	(Special)
05-075	Vacates a portion of
	highland street (Special)
05-076	Grants authority to city
	manager to waive
	development and
05-077	construction fees (Special) Authorizes lines of credit
03-011	to finance water rights and
	improvements (Special)
06-001	Adopts salary schedule for
00 001	non-represented employees
	(Special)
06-002	Establishes utilization and
	management of parking
	spaces behind the new city
	hall library (Special)
06-003	Authorizes city manager to
	enter into standardize
LID A OC 002	service contract (Special)
URA 06-003	Adopts 2006-07 budget of urban renewal agency
	(Special)
06-004	Authorizes the city
00 004	manager to enter into an
	agreement (Special)
06-005	Changes fees for parks
	systems development
	charges (Special)
06-006	Approves renewal of the
	agreement with Sherwood
	Senior Citizens, Inc.
06.007	(Special)
06-007	Updates Sherwood water
	system development
	charges methodology and rates (Special)
06-008	Approves annexation
00 000	proposal (Special)
06-009	Renames Sunset Park to
***	Snyder Park (Special)
06-010	Appoints budget officer for
	fiscal year 2006-07
	(Special)
06-011	Appoints Perry Francis and
	re-appoints Steve
	Munsterman to the budget
	committee (Special)

06-012	Reappoints Colin Woodbury and appoints Nancy Ellingson to the library advisory board (Special)
06-013	Authorizes city manager to donate to the Friends of the Refuge for their grand opening ceremonies (Special)
06-014	Approves increase to the Sherwood broadband 2005 asset construction project (Special)
06-015	2006 metro bond potential projects map (Special)
06-016	Supports the proposed 2006 metro bond measure (Special)
06-017	Approves concept plan map Area 59 (Special)
06-018	Authorizes the interim financing loan agreement (Special)
06-019	Authorizes city manager to oversee city office center management (Special)
06-020	Appoints Todd Skelton to the planning commission (Special)
06-021	Appoints Jennifer Squires to the budget committee (Special)
06-022	Approves 2006 council goals (Special)
06-023	Authorizes city manager to proceed with final design and construction of the American legion parking lot (Special)
06-024	Reappoints Adrian Emery to the planning commission (Special)
06-025	Directs staff to prepare an ordinance vacating a portion of Handley Street and placing a public utility easement over the vacated portion of the street (Special)
06-026	Directs staff to install "No Parking" sign on Dewey Drive (Special)
06-027	Adopts schedule of fees as authorized by the city zoning and community development code (Special)
06-028	Assists the state officer responsible for disbursing funds to cities (Special)

06 020	Dealars the situle -1ti-
06-029	Declares the city's election
	to receive state revenues
0.1.020	(Special)
06-030	Directs staff to install
	"Loading Zone 15
	Minute Parking" sign on
	Main Street in front of the
	McCormick building
	(Special)
06-031	Authorizes city manager to
	enter into an
	intergovernmental
	agreement with
	Washington County
	(Special)
06-032	(Not used)
06-033	(Not used)
06-034	Adopts supplemental
	budget and makes
	appropriations (Special)
06-035	Adopts 20062007 budget
	(Special)
06-036	Authorizes city manager to
00 030	enter into an
	intergovernmental
	agreement (Special)
06-037	Approves the 2006
00-037	revisions to Washington
	CountySherwood urban
	_
	planning area agreement (Special)
06-038	
00-038	Adopts the national
	incident management
06.020	system (NIMS) (Special)
06-039	Canvasses returns of the
	May 16, 2006 election
0 < 0.40	(Special)
06-040	(Not used)
06-041	(Not used)
06-042	Approves financing
	agreements for costs of
	urban renewal projects
	(Special)
06-043	(Passed)
06-044	Awards bid for janitorial
	services for fiscal year
	20062007 (Special)
06-045	Approves to increase a
	contract with Howard S.
	Wright Construction Co.
	(Special)
06-046	Authorizes two
/	reappointments to the parks
	and recreation board
	(Special)
06-047	Authoring appointment to
00-04/	
	the parks and recreation
	board (Special)

06-048	Directs staff to prepare an
00-048	ordinance to vacate the
	current row for the
	proposed SW Galbreath
0.5.0.40	Road (Special)
06-049	Declares the need to
	acquire certain property for
	the construction of Pine
	Street (Special)
06-050	Proclaims annexation of
	land with a zoning
	designation of very low
	density residential
	(Special)
06-051	Ratifies the contract
	agreement between the city
	and Afscme local 1777
	(Special)
06-052	Authorizes to enter into a
	change order agreement for
	construction of a pavement
	overlay (Special)
06-053	Requires immediate
00-033	possession of certain
	property for right-of-way
	purposes (Special)
06-054	Approves modification to
00-034	Woodhaven PUD (PUD
	93-3) to allow development
06-055	in phases (Special) Establishes date and fee
06-055	
	schedule for calculation of
	system development
	charges, transportation
	impact fees and connection
0.5.0.5.5	charges (Special)
06-056	Supports the Sherwood
	school district ballot
	measure 34-130 (Special)
06-057	Approves new parks
	master plan and authorizes
	the initiation of a plan
	amendment to the
	comprehensive plan
	(Special)
06-058	Supports the levy renewal
	for maintaining public
	safety countywide
	servicesmeasure 34-127
	(Special)
06-059	Supports the Washington
	County cooperative library
	servicesballot measure
	34-126 (Special)
06-060	Authorizes city manager to
00-000	enter into a contract
06 061	(Special)
06-061	(Number not used)

06-062	Adopts the transportation
00-002	
	system development charge
	methodology and rate
	study (Special)
06-063	Appoints Nathan Forster to
	the library advisory board
	(Special)
06-064	Authorizes city manager to
	enter into an
	intergovernmental
	agreement (Special)
06-065	(Tabled)
06-066	Urges the state to support
	the residences of
	manufactured home parks
	(Special)
06-067	Authorizes city manager to
	enter into a contract
	(Special)
06-068	Establishes taxable fringe
	benefits policy (Special)
06-069	Initiates a street name
	change (Special)
06-070	Authorizes an
	intergovernmental
	agreement (Special)
06-071	Proclaims November 7,
	2006 general election
	results and directing the
	record (Special)
L	(Special)

ORDINANCE LIST AND DISPOSITION TABLE

As of Supplement No. 9, this table will be replaced with the "Code Comparative Table and Disposition List."

Ordinance Number	
57	Water franchise (Special)
62	Grants franchise to
	Tualatin Valley Electric
	Co. (Special)
63	Grants lighting franchise to
	Tualatin Valley Electric
	Co. (Special)
1	(Repealed by 536)
2	(Repealed by 526)
3	(Repealed by 526)
4	(Repealed by 536)
5	(Repealed by 536)
6	(Repealed by 526)
7	(Repealed by 536)
8	(Repealed by 536)
9	
٦	Budget and tax levy
10	(Special)
10	(Repealed by 536)
	(Repealed by 526)
12	(Repealed by 536)
13	(Repealed by 526)
14	(Repealed by 536)
15	(Repealed by 39)
16	(Repealed by 526)
17	(Repealed by 526)
18	(Repealed by 526)
19	(Repealed by 526)
20	(Repealed by 536)
21	(Repealed by 526)
22	(Repealed by 536)
23	Budget and tax levy
	(Special)
24	(Repealed by 526)
25	(Repealed by 526)
26	(Repealed by 526)
27	(Repealed by 526)
28	Budget and tax levy
	(Special)
29	(Repealed by 526)
30	Grants franchise to
	Tualatin Valley Electric
	Co. (Special)
31	Budget and tax levy
	(Special)
32	(Repealed by 526)
33	(Repealed by 526)
34	(Repealed by 526)
35	(Repealed by 526)
33	(Repealed by 320)

26	(Damaslad by 526)
36	(Repealed by 526) Budget and tax levy
37	(Special)
38	(Repealed by 105)
39	Repeals Ord. 15 (Repealer)
40	(Repealed by 526)
41	Budget and tax levy
41	(Special)
42	Budget and tax levy
72	(Special)
43	(Repealed by 526)
44	Street vacation (Special)
45	(Repealed by 526)
46	(Repealed by 536)
47	Budget and tax levy
• •	(Special)
48	(Repealed by 526)
48A	Sidewalk improvement
	(Special)
49	[5-13-21] (Repealed by
	526)
49	[6-8-21] Street
	improvement (Special)
49A	Budget and tax levy
	(Special)
50	Grants oil storage franchise
	(Special)
51	(Missing)
52	Bond issuance (Special)
53	(Repealed by 526)
54	(Repealed by 526)
55	Budget and tax levy
	(Special)
56	(Repealed by 526)
57	Budget and tax levy
	(Special)
58	Special election (Special)
59	Budget and tax levy
	(Special)
60	(Repealed by 526)
61	Sanitary sewer assessment
	(Special)
62	Sewer assessment (Special)
63	Grants franchise to
	Tualatin Valley
	Electric Co. (Special)
64	Street grades (Special)
65	Sewer bonds (Special)
66	(Repealed by 77)
67	Street improvement
	(Special)
68	Street improvement
	(Special)
69	(Special)
	Street improvement
70	Street improvement
70	Street improvement (Special) Street improvement (Special)
70 71	Street improvement (Special) Street improvement

72	Street improvement
	(Special)
73	Street improvement
	(Special)
74	Street improvement
	(Special)
75	Street improvement
, 5	(Special)
76	Street improvement
70	(Special)
77	
77	Repeals Ord. 66 (Repealer)
78	Street improvement
	(Special)
79	Street improvement
	(Special)
80	Street improvement
	(Special)
81	Street assessment (Special)
82	(Repealed by 91)
83	Street assessment (Special)
84	Street assessment (Special)
85	Street assessment (Special)
86	Street assessment (Special)
87	Street improvement
07	(Special)
00	
88	Street assessment (Special)
89	Street assessment (Special)
90	Bond issuance (Special)
91	Repeals Ord. 82 (Repealer)
92	Street improvement
	(Special)
93	Bond issuance (Special)
94	Street assessment (Special)
95	
	Street assessment (Special)
96	Street improvement
	(Special)
97	Budget and tax levy
	(Special)
98	Street improvement
	(Special)
99	[4-14-26] Authorizes lease
	(Special)
00	
99	[5-7-26] Grants franchise
100	to Yamhill (Special)
100	Budget and tax levy
	(Special)
101	(Repealed by 536)
102	(Repealed by 536)
103	Budget and tax levy
	(Special)
104	(Repealed by 536)
105	Repeals Ord. 38 (Repealer)
106	Budget and tax levy
	(Special)
107	(Repealed by 536)
108	Budget and tax levy
	(Special)
109	Grants franchise to West
	Coast
	Coust

	Telephone Company
	(Special)
110	Budget and tax levy
	(Special)
111	Grants franchise to
	Portland Gas and Coke
	(Special)
112	Street vacation (Special)
113122	(Missing)
123	Grants franchise to
	Yamhill Electric Co.
	(Special)
124	Pinball games, game
	tables, electronic and other
	game devices (5.08)
125139	(Missing)
140	(Repealed by 536)
141	(Missing)
142	[8-4-45] Grants franchise
	to West
	Coast Telephone Company
	(Special)
142	[11-7-46] Increases
	franchise fee (Special)
143198	(Missing)
199	(Repealed by 555)
200	(Repealed by 536)
200Y2	Bond issuance (Special)
200Y2a	Bond issuance (Special)
200'/2b	Annexation (Special)
201	(Repealed by 526)
202	Annexation (Special)
400	Initiative and referendum
	powers (Repealed by
	98-1038)
401	Special election (Special)
402	(Repealed by 588)
403	Sewer facility charges
	(13.12)
404	(Missing)
405	Grants franchise to West
	Coast Telephone Co.
	(Special)
406	(Repealed by 526)
407	Delinquent sewer service
	charges (13.12)
408	(Repealed by 644)
409	Sewer improvement
	(Special)
410	Sewer assessment (Special)
411	(Repealed by 536)
412	Grants garbage disposal
	franchise (Special)
413	Special election (Special)
413A	Street vacation (Special)
414	Grants franchise (Repealed
	by 623 and 627)
500	(Repealed by 526)
501	Special election (Special)
502	Bond issuance (Special)

503	(Repealed by 526)
504	Bond issuance (Special)
505	Grants franchise to
	Portland Gas and Coke Co.
	(Special)
506	(Repealed by 546)
507	Amends Ord. 403, sewer
T00	facility charges (Not sent)
508	(Repealed by 584)
509	(Repealed by 726)
310	Street name change (Special)
511	(Repealed by 526)
512	Grants franchise to West
	Coast Telephone Co.
	(Repealed by 607)
513	Amends Ord. 403, sewer
514	facility charges (Not sent)
J14	Water service (Repealed by 01-1115)
515	(Repealed by 588)
516	(Repealed by 588)
517	Swimming pools,
	fishponds and other
	decorative bodies of water
	(15.12)
518	(Repealed by 652)
519	House numbering (Not
520	sent) (Repealed by 567)
521	City Hall sinking fund
321	(Special)
522	Special election (Special)
523	Special election (Special)
524	(Repealed by 588)
525	Annexation (Special)
526	Repeals Ords. 2, 3, 6, 11,
	13, 16, 17, 18, 19, 21, 24,
	25, 26, 27, 29, 32, 33, 34,
	35, 36, 40, 43, 45, 48, 49, 53, 54, 56, 60, 201, 406,
	500, 503, 511, 516
	(Repealer)
527	(Repealed by 641)
528	(Repealed by 573)
529	Alcoholic liquor (5.20)
530	Sewer system (13.08)
531	(Repealed by 641)
532	Amends Ord. 124, pinball
	games, game tables,
	electronic and other game devices (Not codified)
533	(Repealed by 599)
534	Amends Ord. 514, water
551	service (Not sent)
535	(Repealed by 641)
536	Repeals Ords. 1, 4, 5, 7, 8,
	10, 12, 14, 20, 46, 101,
	102, 104, 107, 140, 200,
	411 (Repealer)

537	Bond issuance (Special)
538	Annexation (Special)
539	Annexation (Special)
540	Annexation (Special)
541	(Special)
542	(Repealed by 588)
543	Special election (Special)
544	Special election (Special)
545	(Repealed by 611)
546	(Repealed by 644)
547	Annexation (Special)
548	Annexation (Special)
549	Business licenses and
	regulation (Repealed by 08-001)
550	Public library (Repealed by 88-889)
551	Amends Ord. 514, water service (Not sent)
552	Withdraws certain parcels
	from rural fire protection
	district (Special)
553	Amends Ord. 403, sewer
<i>EE 1</i>	facility charges (13.12)
554	Grants garbage disposal
555	franchise (Special) Adds § 11 to Ord. 549,
333	business licenses and
	regulation (Not codified)
556	Grants garbage disposal
330	franchise (Special)
557	Annexation (Special)
558	Annexation (Special)
559	Annexation (Special)
560	Dumping (9.36)
561	(Repealed by 629)
562	Special election (Special)
563	Annexation (Special)
564	(Repealed by 588)
565	Annexation (Special)
566	Zone change, annexation
	and boundary change fees
5.67	(Repealed by 98-1049)
567	Adds §§ 415, 417, 418 and
	419 to and amends §§ 401 and 413 of Ord. 530, sewer
	system (13.08)
568	(Repealed by 588)
569	Annexation (Special)
570	(Repealed by 588)
571	Annexation (Special)
572	(Repealed by 652)
573	Fire prevention (Repealed by 98-1049)
574	Annexation (Special)
575	(Repealed by 588)
576	Annexation (Special)
577	Special election (Special)
578	Annexation (Special)
579	Bond issuance (Special)
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580	Bond issuance (Special)
581	Annexation (Special)
582	Special election (Special)
583	Special election (Special)
584	(Repealed by 658)
585	(Repealed by 644)
586	(Repealed by 588)
587	(Repealed by 588)
588	Repeals Ords. 586 and 587
	(Repealed by 726)
589	Easement vacation
	(Special)
590	Annexation (Special)
591	City supervisor (Repealed by 98-1049)
592	Sewer improvement (Special)
593	Water line repair and
	replacement sinking fund
	(Special)
594	Sewer line repair and
	replacement sinking fund
595	(Special)
596	(Repealed by 644) Adds § 416 to Ord. 530,
396	sewer system (13.08)
597	Sewer improvement
	(Special)
598	(Repealed by 644)
599	Vehicles and traffic;
	repeals Ord. 533 (10.08,
	10.12)
600	Standard specifications for
	street construction (Not codified)
601	Bond issuance (Special)
602	Amends §§ 4 and 5 of Ord.
002	514, water service
	(Repealed by 01-1115)
603	(Superseded by 816)
604	Sewer improvements
	(Special)
605	Criminal procedure
606	(Repealed by 98-1043)
606	Sewer improvements
607	(Special) Grants franchise to General
007	Telephone Co. of the
	Northwest, Inc. (Special)
608	Adopts and ratifies the fire
	prevention code adopted by
	Tualatin rural fire
	protection district
	(Repealed by 98-1049)
609	Bond issuance (Special)
610	Rezone (Special)
611	Planning commission
(12	(Repealed by 98-1049)
612 613	Special election (Special) Bond issuance (Special)
013	Bolid Issualice (Special)

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614	Amends Ord. 599, vehicles
	and traffic (Repealed by
	86-837)
615	(Superseded by 816)
616	Bond issuance (Special)
617	Amends §§ 4 and 5 of Ord.
	514, water service
	(Repealed by 01-1115)
618	Garbage collection rates
	(Special)
619	Right-of-way acquisition
	(Special)
620	(Repealed by 726)
621	(Repealed by 726)
622	(Repealed by 726)
623	Grants franchise to
023	Portland General Electric
624	Co. (Special)
624	Annexation (Special)
625	Annexation (Special)
626	Budget and tax levy
	(Special)
627	Grants franchise to
	Portland General Electric
	Co. (Special)
628	Annexation (Special)
629	Adds § 8 to Ch. VIII of
	Ord. 599, vehicles and
	traffic (10.08)
630	Rezone (Special)
631	Amends § 6 of Ord. 549,
	business licenses and
	regulation (Repealed by
	08-001)
632	Budget and tax levy
	(Special)
633	Budget and tax levy
	(Special)
634	(Repealed by 726)
635	(Repealed by 726)
636	Amends Ord. 599, vehicles
030	and traffic (Repealed by
	86-837)
637	Amends Ord. 600, standard
031	specifications for street
	construction (Not codified)
638	Annexation (Special)
639	Rezone (Special)
640	Amends §§ 3 and 4 of Ord.
	549, business licenses and
	regulation (Repealed by
Z41	08-001)
641	Police code; repeals Ords.
	527, 531, 535 and §§ 2, 4,
	5 and 17 of Ord. 529 (9.04,
	9.08. 9.12, 9.16, 9.20, 9.24,
	9.28, 9.32, 9.36, 9.44)
642	Amends Ord. 599, vehicles
	and traffic (Repealed by
	86-837)

643	Amends §§ 25 of Ord.
	611, planning commission
	(Repealed by 98-1049)
644	(Repealed by 742)
645	Budget and tax levy
043	(Special)
646	
646	(Repealed by 726)
647	Budget and tax levy
	(Special)
648	Water hookup outside city
	for certain private
	residence (Special)
649	Budget and tax levy
	(Special)
650	Special election (Special)
651	Budget and tax levy
031	(Special)
652	(Repealed by 726)
653	Public areas and parks
055	(12.12)
C5.4	
654	Rezone (Special)
655	Sewer assessment (Special)
656	Special election (Special)
657	Amends §§ 36, 10 and 11
	of Ord. 514, water service
	(Repealed by 01-1115)
658	Dog control; repeals Ord.
	584 (6.04)
659	Authorizes condemnation
037	proceedings for acquisition
	of park land (Special)
660	Dispenses with fund
000	•
	established by Ord. 593
661	(Special)
661	Budget and tax levy
	(Special)
662	Grants franchise to
	Northwest Natural Gas Co.
	(Special)
663	Annexation (Special)
664	Public contract procedure
	(Repealed by 94-993)
665	Equipment rental (Special)
666	Budget and tax levy
-	(Special)
667	Amends Ord. 599, vehicles
	and traffic (10.08)
668	Amends §§ 36; repeals §
000	8 of Ord. 500, public
	library (Repealed by 88-889)
660	·
669	Special election (Special)
670	Amends Ord. 599, vehicles
	and traffic (Repealed by
	86-837)
671	Amends Ord. 599, vehicles
	and traffic (Repealed by
	86-837)
672	Amends §§ 1 and 4 of Ord.
	591, city supervisor
	(Repealed by 98-1049)

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673	Garbage disposal
	(Repealed by 816)
674	Amends § 417 of Ord. 530,
	sewer service (Repealed by
	91-927)
675	Garbage rates (Special)
676	Annexation (Special)
677	Annexation (Special)
678	(Repealed by 726)
679	Amends §§ 3 and 4 of Ord.
	549, business licenses and
	regulation (Repealed by
	08-001)
680	(Repealed by 742)
681	Equipment rental
001	(Repealed by 05-004)
682	Sidewalks (12.08)
683	(Special)
684	Rezone (Special)
685	Rezone (Special)
686	Personnel system
607	(Repealed by 02-1129)
687	(Repealed by 726)
688	(Repealed by 726)
689	(Superseded by 726)
690	Grants certain conditional
101	use (Special)
691	Adds § 7A to Ord. 514,
	water system (Repealed by
	99-1076)
692	(Special)
693	Grants certain conditional
40.4	use (Special)
694	Rezone (Special)
695	Rezone (Special)
696	Grants certain conditional
	use (Special)
697	Building reserve fund
	(Special)
698	Amends Ord. 673, garbage
	disposal (Repealed by 816)
699	(Repealed by 726)
700	Moving buildings (15.08)
701	Rezone (Special)
702	Annexation (Special)
703	Amends § 9(a)(2) of Ch. 8
	of Ord. 599, vehicles and
	traffic (10.08)
704	Rezone (Special)
705	(Repealed by 726)
706	(Repealed by 726)
707	Rezone (Special)
708	Grants certain conditional
	use (Special)
709	Elects to receive state
	revenue sharing funds
	(Special)

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710	Establishes Rock Creek
	water and sewer
	improvement district
	(Special)
711	Rezone (Special)
712	Adds § 9(a)(7) to Ch. 8 of
	Ord. 599, vehicles and
	traffic (10.08)
713	(Repealed by 726)
714	Rezone (Special)
715	(Repealed by 747)
716	Establishes Willamette
	Street sewer improvement
	district (Special)
717	Rezone (Special)
718	Amends Ord. 673, garbage
	disposal (Repealed by 816)
719	Special election (Special)
720	Elects to receive state
	revenue sharing funds
	(Special)
721	Amends § 5 of Ord. 514,
	water service (Repealed by
	01-1115)
722	Rezone (Special)
723	Grants certain conditional
	use (Special)
724	Special election (Special)
725	Special election (Special)
726	Adopts comprehensive
	plan; repeals Ords. 509,
	588, 652, 699 and 706
	(Repealed by 86-851)
727	Grants certain conditional
	use (Special)
728	Storm drainage systems
	development charge
	(Repealed by 91-927)
729	Grants certain conditional
	use (Special)
730	Water and sewer
	improvement assessment
	(Special)
731	Water and sewer
	improvement assessment
	(Special)
732	Annexation (Special)
733	Amends Ord. 731, water
	and sewer improvement
	assessment (Special)
734	Land use decision (Special)
735	Amends Ord. 726,
	comprehensive plan
	(Repealed by 86-851)
735A	Grants franchise to General
	Telephone Company of the
	Northwest, Inc. (Special)
736	Annexation (Special)
737	Amends Ord. 726,
	comprehensive plan
	(Repealed by 86-851)

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738	Local improvement procedures (3.04)
739	Elects to receive state
739	revenue sharing funds
	(Special)
740	Amends Ord. 726,
740	
	Comprehensive plan
741	(Repealed by 86-851)
741	Amends §§ 18 of Ord.
	124, pinball games, game tables, electronic and other
	game devices (5.08)
742	Buildings and construction;
742	repeals Ord. 644 (Repealed
742	by 90-912)
743	(Vetoed)
/44	Amends § 3 of Ord. 550,
	public library (Repealed by
745	88-889)
745	Street vacation (Special)
746	Rezone (Special)
747	Cable communications;
	repeals Ord. 715 (Repealed
7.40	by 2003-1143)
748	Annexation (Special)
749	Street vacation (Special)
750	Annexation (Special)
751	Grants certain conditional
	use (Special)
752	Annexation (Special)
753	Grants certain conditional
	use (Special)
754	Grants certain land use
	permit (Special)
755	Rezone (Special)
756	Rezone (Special)
757	Annexation (Special)
758	Amends Ord. 726,
	comprehensive plan
==0	(Repealed by 86-851)
759	Water and sewer
	improvement assessment
7. 0	(Special)
760	Water and sewer
	improvement assessment
5.1	(Special)
761	Establishes Cedar Creek
	sanitary sewer
	improvement district
5.0	(Special)
762	Grants certain land use
= -0	permit (Special)
763	Grants certain conditional
	use (Special)
764	Bridle paths (10.12)
765	Annexation (Special)
766	Bond issuance (Special)
767	Elects to receive state
	revenue sharing funds
	(Special)

768	Amends § 4 of Ord. 514,
/00	
	water service (Repealed by
7.00	91-927)
769	Rezone (Special)
770	Special election (Special)
770A	Rezone (Special)
771	Establishes Murdock Road
	street and sanitary sewer
	improvement district
	(Special)
772	Establishes Sunset
	Boulevard street
	improvement district
	(Special)
773	Establishes
	Highland-Willamette street
	improvement district
	(Special)
774	Water and sewer
	improvement assessment
	(Special)
775	Street improvement
	assessment (Special)
776	Street and sewer
	improvement assessment
	(Special)
777	Street improvement
	assessment (Special)
778	Sewer improvement
	assessment (Special)
779	Bond issuance (Special)
780	Rezone (Special)
781	Grants certain conditional
	use (Special)
782	Adds § 12A to Ord. 738,
	local improvement
	procedures (3.04)
783	Annexation (Special)
784	Annexation (Special)
785	Rezone (Special)
786	Reapportions certain sewer
	improvement assessment
	(Special)
787	Grants certain conditional
	use (Special)
788	Amends Ord. 726,
	comprehensive plan
	(Repealed by 86-851)
789	Rezone (Special)
790	Amends § 4(a) of Ord. 591,
	city supervisor (Repealed
	by 98-1049)
791	Taxicab services (5.24)
792	Bonding of assessments in
	certain local improvement
	districts (Special)
793	Bond issuance (Special)
793A	Amends Ord. 673, garbage
175A	disposal (Repealed by 816)
	uisposai (inchedieu by 610)

794	Amends §§ 4 and 5 of Ord.
,,,,	514, water service
	(Repealed by 01-1115)
795	Amends § 417 of Ord. 530,
	sewer service (Repealed by
	91-927)
796	Reapportions certain water
	and sewer improvement
	assessment (Special)
797	Amends Ord. 726,
	comprehensive plan
	(Repealed by 86-851)
798	Establishes Edy Road
	water and sewer
	improvement district
700	(Special)
799	Disposition of abandoned
	or unclaimed property (2.28)
800	Special election (Special)
801	Special election (Special)
802	Special election (Special)
803	Amends § 4 of Ord. 514,
003	water service (Repealed by
	91-927)
804	Elects to receive state
	revenue sharing funds
	(Special)
805	Special election (Special)
806	Street vacation (Special)
807	Nomination of candidates
	to elective offices
	(Repealed by 05-008)
808	Amends Ord. 806, street
	vacation (Special)
809	Water and sewer
	improvement assessment
810	(Special) Bonding of assessments in
810	certain local improvement
	districts (Special)
811	Special election (Special)
812	Special election (Special)
813	Amends Ord. 599, vehicles
	and traffic (Repealed by
	86-837)
814	Parks and recreation board
	(2.16)
815	Bingo and lotto games
	(Repealed by 88-872)
816	Solid waste management;
	repeals Ords. 673 and
	793A (Repealed by
017	89-899)
817	Rezone (Special)
818	Amends Ord. 726,
	comprehensive plan (Repealed by 86-851)
819	Interim financing for repair
017	and improvement of streets
	(Special)
İ	(Special)

Amends Ord. 726, comprehensive plan (Repealed by 86-851) 821	000	1
Repealed by 86-851	820	Amends Ord. 726,
821 Amends § 5 of Ord. 514, water service (Repealed by 01-1115) 822 (Not passed) 823 Street light service charge (Expired) 824 Special election (Special) 825 Reapportions certain sewer improvement assessments (Special) 826 Elects to receive state revenue sharing funds (Special) 827 Rezone (Special) 828 Reapportions certain sewer improvement assessment (Special) 829 Amends Ord. 726, comprehensive plan (Repealed by 86-851) 830 Amends Ord. 726, comprehensive plan (Repealed by 86-851) 831 Changes city boundaries and corporate limits (Special) 832 Amends § 417 of Ord. 530, sewer service (Repealed by 91-927) 833 Parking regulations (Not sent) 86-834 Amends Ord. 726, comprehensive plan (Repealed by 86-851) 86-835 Amends Ord. 726, comprehensive plan (Repealed by 86-851) 86-836 Amends Ord. 726, comprehensive plan (Repealed by 86-851) 86-837 Motor vehicle code; amends § 17 of Ch. VIII of Ord. 599; repeals Chs. IVII and § 26 of Ch. IX of Ord. 599 (10.04, 10.08) 86-838 Grants garbage disposal franchise (Special) 86-840 (Number not used)		comprehensive plan
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827 Rezone (Special) 828 Reapportions certain sewer improvement assessment (Special) 829 Amends Ord. 726, comprehensive plan (Repealed by 86-851) 830 Amends Ord. 726, comprehensive plan (Repealed by 86-851) 831 Changes city boundaries and corporate limits (Special) 832 Amends § 417 of Ord. 530, sewer service (Repealed by 91-927) 833 Parking regulations (Not sent) 86-834 Amends Ord. 726, comprehensive plan (Repealed by 86-851) 86-835 Amends Ord. 726, comprehensive plan (Repealed by 86-851) 86-836 Amends Ord. 726, comprehensive plan (Repealed by 86-851) 86-837 Motor vehicle code; amends § 17 of Ch. VIII of Ord. 599; repeals Chs. IVII and § 26 of Ch. IX of Ord. 599 (10.04, 10.08) 86-838 Grants garbage disposal franchise (Special) 86-839 Special election (Special) 86-840 (Number not used) 86-841 Parking regulations (10.08) 86-843 Segregation of assessment (Special) 86-844 Election to receive state		
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Sent Amends Ord. 726, comprehensive plan (Repealed by 86-851)	833	Parking regulations (Not
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86-841 Parking regulations (10.08) 86-842 Rezone (Special) 86-843 Segregation of assessment (Special) 86-844 Election to receive state		
86-842 Rezone (Special) 86-843 Segregation of assessment (Special) 86-844 Election to receive state		
86-842 Rezone (Special) 86-843 Segregation of assessment (Special) 86-844 Election to receive state	86-841	Parking regulations (10.08)
86-843 Segregation of assessment (Special) 86-844 Election to receive state	86-842	
(Special) 86-844 Election to receive state		
86-844 Election to receive state		
	96 944	
revenues (Special)	00-844	
(revenues (Special)

06 045	Amonda 88 2 14 - £ 0 1
86-845	Amends §§ 3 and 4 of Ord. 549, business licenses and
	regulation (Repealed by
	08-001)
86-846	Amends community
00 0 10	development code Ch. 1, §
	5.01 (Repealed by 86-851)
86-847	Special election (Special)
86-848	Approves certain planned
	unit development (Special)
86-849	Special election (Special)
86-850	(Failed)
86-851	Adopts revised zoning and
	community development
	code (16.02, 16.04, 16.06,
	16.08, 16.10, 16.12, 16.14,
	16.16, 16.18, 16.20, 16.22,
	16.24, 16.26, 16.28, 16.30,
	16.32, 16.34, 16.36, 16.38,
	16.40, 16.42, 16.44, 16.46,
	16.48, 16.50, 16.52, 16.54, 16.56, 16.58, 16.60, 16.62,
	16.64, 16.66, 16.68, 16.70,
	16.72, 16.74, 16.76, 16.78,
	16.80, 16.82, 16.84, 16.86,
	16.88, 16.90, 16.92, 16.94,
	16.96, 16.98, 16.100,
	16.102, 16.104, 16.106,
	16.108, 16.110, 16.112,
	16.114, 16.116, 16.118,
	16.120, 16.122, 16.124,
	16.126, 16.128, 16.130,
	16.132, 16.134, 16.136)
86-852	Parking regulations (10.08)
86-853	Rezone (Special)
86-854	Rezone (Special)
87-855	Authorizes extension of
	city water service to certain
	property outside the city limits (Special)
87-856	(Failed)
87-857	
01-031	Vehicle impoundment (Repealed by 95-1000)
87-858	Renumbers §§ 1726 to be
07 030	1827, adds new § 17 and
	repeals and replaces §§ 15
	and 16 of Ch. IX of Ord.
	599, vehicles and traffic
	(10.12)
87-859	Incorporates the Old Town
	overlay zone into the
	zoning and community
	development code
	(Repealed by 92-946)
87-860	Amends zoning map to
	implement Old Town
	overlay zone (Special)

97 961	Adds subspations (a) and
87-861	Adds subsections (g) and
	(h) to and amends §§ 5 and
	11 of Ord. 514, water
	service (Repealed by 01-1115)
87-862	Amends § 11(a) of Ord.
87-802	514, water service
	(Repealed by 01-1115)
87-863	Amends § 6 of Ord. 816,
07-005	solid waste management
	(Repealed by 98-1049)
87-864	Amends §§ 8(4) and 8(5)
0, 00.	of Ord. 816, solid waste
	management (Repealed by
	89-899)
87-865	Amends § 5(f) of Ord. 514,
	water service (Repealed by
	01-1115)
87-866	Elects to receive state
	revenue sharing funds
	(Special)
87-867	Repeals and replaces §§
	1.202.40 through 1.202.52
	and 2.114 of the
	community development
	code, floodplain
07 060	regulations (16.08)
87-868	Fees and charges for city
	services (Repealed by 98-1049)
87-869	Repeals and replaces §
0. 00)	5.803.01 of the community
	zoning and development
	code (16.120)
87-870	Adds definitions to §
	1.202; repeals and replaces
	§§ 2.1072.109 and
	repeals § 2.106 of and
	deletes all references to
	office commercial zone in
	community zoning and
	development code (16.08,
97 971	16.22, 16.24, 16.26)
87-871 88-872	Rezone (Special)
00-0/2	Bingo, lotto and raffle games; repeals Ord. 815
	(5.12)
88-873	Zones certain property
00 013	(Special)
88-874	Special election (Special)
88-875	Rezone (Special)
88-876	Rezone (Special)
88-877	Rezone (Special)
88-878	Rezone (Special)
88-879	Repeals and replaces §
	2.114 of the zoning and
	community development
	code (16.108)
	- (/

88-880	Adds § 3(f) to Ord. 549,
88-880	business licenses and
	regulations (Repealed by
	08-001)
88-881	Special election (Special)
88-882	Elects to receive state
~ ~ ~ ~ ~	revenue sharing funds
	(Special)
88-883	Rezone (Special)
88-884	Rezone (Special)
88-885	Special election (Special)
88-886	Approves certain planned
86-880	unit development overlay
	zoning district (Special)
88-887	Segregation of assessments
00-007	(Special)
88-888	Amends solid waste
00 000	collection rates (Repealed
	by 98-1049)
88-889	Library board; repeals Ord.
	550 (Repealed by 03-1142)
88-890	Rezone (Special)
89-891	Approves certain planned
	unit development overlay
	zoning district (Special)
89-892	Rezone (Special)
89-893	Solid waste collection rates
	(Repealed by 98-1049)
89-894	Alarm systems (8.08)
89-895	Adds § 5(c) to Ord. 549,
	business licenses and
	regulation (Repealed by
	08-001)
89-896	Elects to receive state
	revenue sharing funds
00.005	(Special)
89-897	Solid waste collection rates
90, 909	(Repealed by 98-1049)
89-898	Amends §§ 2.205 and 2.206 of, repeals §§
	1.202.01 and 7.600 of and
	deletes references to manufactured home
	subdivisions in §
	2.101.02B in the zoning
	and community
	development code (16.40)
89-899	Solid waste management;
	repeals Ords. 673, 793A,
	816, 864 and § 4 of Ord.
	893 (8.20)
89-900	Amends §§ 5.602, 6.302
	and 6.602 of the zoning
	and community
	development code
	(D 1 - 1 h 01 027)
	(Repealed by 91-927)
89-901	Adds § 5.504 to and
89-901	Adds § 5.504 to and amends § 5.503 of the
89-901	Adds § 5.504 to and

89-902	Amends § 5 of Ord. 514,
05 502	water system (Repealed by
	01-1115)
89-903	Approves certain planned
	unit development plan and
	district (Repealed by
90.004	90-909)
89-904 90-905	Rezone (Special)
90-905	Bond issuance (Special) Amends Ch. 3, §§ 4.100,
70-700	4.603 and 5.102 of and
	repeals § 4.200.02 of
	zoning and community
	development code (16.48,
	16.50, 16.52, 16.54, 16.64,
00.007	16.66, 16.98)
90-907	Special election (Special)
90-908	Adopts agreements between city and unified
	sewerage agency for
	sanitary sewerage and
	surface water services
	(13.16)
90-909	Approves certain planned
	unit development plan and
	overlay zoning district; repeals Ord. 89-903
	(Special)
90-910	Amends §§ 7 and 8 of Ord.
	735 [735A], telephone
	franchise fees (Special)
90-911	Special election (Special)
90-912	Buildings and construction;
	repeals Ord. 742 (Repealed
90-913	by 93-958) Elects to receive state
70-713	revenue sharing funds
	(Special)
90-914	Street vacation (Special)
90-915	Amends Ord. 89-897, solid
	waste collection rates;
	amends § 3(13)(a) of Ord.
	89-899, solid waste management (8.20)
90-916	Segregation of assessments
	(Special)
90-917a	Utility easement vacation
	(Special)
90-917	Special election (Special)
90-918	Special election (Special)
90-919	Transfer of assessments
90-920	(Special) Adopts comprehensive
70-740	revision of city zoning map
	(Special)
90-921	Adds § 2.106 to and
	amends § 2.101 of zoning
	and community
	development code (16.10,
	16.20)

[0.1 0.00	
91-922	Adopts update of
	comprehensive land use
	plan (Not codified)
91-923	Amends §§ 5(a) and (b);
	repeals § 5(f) of Ord. 514,
	water service (Repealed by
01.004	01-1115)
91-924	Special election (Special)
91-925	Amends §§ 3 and 4 of Ord.
	549, business licenses and
	regulations (Repealed by 08-001)
91-926	Amends § 4(d) of Ord.
91-920	88-889, library board
	(2.12)
91-927	System development
71-721	charges; repeals § 4 of Ord.
	514, §§ 417, 418 and 419
	of Ord. 530, Ord. 728, and
	§§ 6.302, 6.602 and
	8.304.02 of zoning and
	community development
	code (Repealed by 07-011)
91-928	Rezone (Special)
91-929	Amends Ord. 90-915, solid
	waste collection rates
	(Repealed by 98-1049)
91-930	Grants franchise to General
	Telephone Company of the
21.221	Northwest, Inc. (Special)
91-931	Elects to receive state
	revenue sharing funds
91-932	(Special) Fees and charges for
91-932	miscellaneous city services
	(Repealed by 98-1049)
91-933	Amends Ord. 91-930,
71 700	franchise grant (Special)
91-934	Amends Ord. 91-929, solid
	waste collection rates
	(Repealed by 98-1049)
91-935	Zones certain annexed
	property (Special)
91-936	Zones certain annexed
	property (Special)
91-937	Zones certain annexed
01.020	property (Special)
91-938	Zones certain annexed
01.020	property (Special)
91-939	Street name change (Special)
91-940	Rezone (Special)
91-941	Repeals and replaces § 19
/1 /71	of Art. VIII of Ord. 641,
	police code (9.36)
92-942	Public records (2.20)
92-943	Approves certain
	legislative amendments to
	the zoning and
	development code (16.60,
	16.116)

92-944	Special election (Special)
92-945	Amends §§ 5(a) and (b) of
	Ord. 514, water service
	(Repealed by 01-1115)
92-946	Repeals and replaces Ch. 9
	of zoning and community
	development code, historic
	preservation (Repealed by
	94-990)
92-947	Adds § 6.301.02 to zoning
	and community
	development code, street
92-948	naming (16.82) Election to receive state
92-948	revenue sharing funds
	(Special)
92-949	Amends Ord. 91-929, solid
72-747	waste collection rates
	(Repealed by 98-1049)
92-950	Zones certain annexed
	property (Special)
92-951	Grants franchise to
	Portland General Electric
	(Special)
92-952	Zones certain annexed
	property (Special)
92-953	Special election (Special)
92-954	Advisory board members
	(2.08)
92-955	Amends § 4(d) of Ord.
	814, parks and recreation
22.27	board (2.16)
93-956	Street name change
02.057	(Special)
93-957	Adopts Tualatin Valley fire and rescue fire codes;
	repeals Res. 91-492
	(Repealed by 98-1049)
93-958	Buildings and construction;
73 730	repeals Ord. 90-912
	(Repealed by 96-1015)
93-959	Zones certain annexed
	property (Special)
93-960	Utility easement vacation
	(Special)
93-961	Amends §§ 5(a) and (b) of
	Ord. 514, water service
	(Repealed by 01-1115)
93-962	Connection to city water
	system (Repealed by
02.062	01-115)
93-963	Special election (Special)
93-964	Approves certain
	legislative amendments to
	zoning and development
	code (16.26, 16.28, 16.30, 16.46)
93-965	Approves certain planned
/J=7UJ	unit development district
	(Special)
	(Special)

02.066	I A
93-966	Approves certain
	legislative amendments to zoning and development
	code (16.08, 16.28, 16.30,
	16.114, 16.118, 16.124)
93-967	Fees and charges for city
93-907	services (Repealed by
	98-1049)
93-968	Election to receive state
73-700	revenue sharing funds
	(Special)
93-969	Amends § 15(d) of Ord.
73-707	514, water service
	(Repealed by 01-1115)
93-970	Amends § 5(a) and (b) of
73 770	Ord. 514, water service
	(Repealed by 01-1115)
93-971	Amends § 3 of Ord. 549,
73 771	business licenses and
	regulation (Repealed by
	08-001)
93-972	Stormwater master plan
	(Special)
93-973	Amends Ord. 92-949, solid
	waste collection rates
	(Repealed by 98-1049)
93-974	Approves certain planned
	unit development district
	(Special)
93-975	Zones certain annexed
	property (Special)
94-976	Special election (Special)
94-977	Zones certain annexed
	property (Special)
94-978	Special election (Special)
94-979	Approves certain planned
	unit development district
	(Special)
94-980	Zones certain annexed
	property (Special)
94-981	Rezone (Special)
94-982	Approves certain planned
	unit development district
0.4.000.4	(Special)
94-983A	Approves certain
	legislative amendments to
	community development
	code (16.10, 16.12, 16.14,
04.002D	16.16, 16.18)
94-983B	Approves certain
	legislative amendments to
	community development
	code (16.10, 16.12, 16.14, 16.16, 16.18)
04.092C	1
94-983C	Approves certain
	legislative amendments to community development
	code (16.42)
94-984	Approves certain planned
ノ ¬⁻ ノ∪⊤	unit development district
	(Special)
	(Special)

04.005	Cracial election (Cracial)
94-985	Special election (Special) Amends Ord. 93-973, solid
94-900	waste collection rates;
	repeals and replaces §
	7(1)(1) of Ord. 89-899,
	solid waste management
	(8.20)
94-987	Election to receive state
	revenue sharing funds
	(Special)
94-988	Amends § 5(a) of Ord. 514,
	water service; repeals §
	5(b) of Ord. 514 (Repealed
04.090	by 01-1115) (Defeated)
94-989	Repeals and replaces Ch. 9
94-990	of the zoning and
	community development
	code, historic preservation
	(16.128, 16.130, 16.132,
	16.134, 16.136)
94-991	Amends Ch. 8 of the
	zoning and community
	development code,
	protection of trees (16.08,
	16.36, 16.68, 16.96,
04.002	16.116)
94-992	Street vacation (Special)
94-993	Public contracting and
	purchasing; repeals Ord. 664 (Repealed by 99-1070)
95-994	Approves certain planned
73-774	unit development district
	(Special)
95-995	Amends §§ 2.104.04.B.2.b,
	2.105.04.A.1 and
	2.105.04.B.2.b of the
	zoning and community
	development code (16.16,
27.004	16.18)
95-996	Special election (Special)
95-997	Approves certain planned
	unit development district (Special)
95-998	Amends § 5(a) of Ord. 514,
75-770	water service (Repealed by
	01-1115)
95-999	Election to receive state
	revenue sharing funds
	(Special)
95-1000	Repeals and replaces Ord.
	87-857, vehicle
	impoundment (Repealed by
0.7.1001	96-1010)
95-1001	Building official appeals
	board (Repealed by
05 1002	96-1015)
95-1002	Repeals and replaces Art. VII, § 12, of Ord. 641,
	vII, § 12, of Ord. 641, curfew (9.40)
95-1003	(Pending)
JJ-100J	(i chung)

95-1004	Road vacation (Special)
96-1005	Approves certain planned
	unit development district
	(Special)
96-1006	Amends § 5(a) of Ord. 514,
	water service (Repealed by
0 < 1007	01-1115)
96-1007	Rezone (Special)
96-1008	Election to receive state
	revenue sharing funds (Special)
96-1009	Submits ballot question
76 1667	(Special)
96-1010	Repeals and replaces Ord.
	95-1000, vehicle
	impoundment (Repealed by
	97-1032)
96-1011	Submits ballot question
04.404	(Special)
96-1012	Submits ballot question
06.1012	(Special)
96-1013 96-1014	Road vacation (Special) Amends §§ 2.301.01 and
96-1014	2.303.01 of zoning and
	community development
	code (16.46)
96-1015	Buildings and construction;
	repeals Ords. 93-958 and
	95-1001 (Repealed by
	97-1028)
96-1016	Right-of-way vacation
	(Special)
96-1017	Road vacation (Special)
96-1018	Amends § 5(a) of Ord. 514,
	water service (Repealed by 01-1115)
97-1019	Amends §§ 1.200, 2.109,
77 1017	2.110, 2.111, 2.113, 2.306
	and 4.302.03 of zoning and
	community development
	code (16.08, 16.26, 16.28,
	16.30, 16.32, 16.46, 16.58)
97-1020	Amends §§ 2.109.01 and
	2.109.02 of zoning and
	community development code (16.26)
97-1021	Amends § 3.103.02 of and
77-1021	repeals § 3.103.01 of
	zoning and community
	development code (16.48)
97-1022	Adds § 2.305.05 to zoning
	and community
	development code (16.46)
97-1023	Adds § 3(7) to Ord.
	94-993, public contracting
	and purchasing (Not
07.1024	codified)
97-1024	Property maintenance code
	(8.16)

	I
97-1025	Election to receive state
	revenue sharing funds
	(Special)
97-1026	Amends §§ 4(17) and 17(2)
	of Art. VIII of Ord. 641,
	police code (9.36)
97-1027	Fire code (Repealed by
	00-1084)
97-1028	Buildings and construction;
7, 1020	repeals Ords. 93-958,
	95-1001 and 96-1015
	(Repealed by 06-008)
97-1029	Road vacation (Special)
97-1029	
97-1030	Amends § 19 of Art. VIII
	of Ord. 641, police code
	(9.36)
97-1031	Adds §§ 2(6), 3(1)(h),
	3(2)(c)(g) and 4 to Ord.
	94-993, local contract
	review board (Not
	codified)
97-1032	Repeals and replaces Ord.
	96-1010, vehicle
	impoundment (8.04)
97-1033	Street vacation (Special)
97-1034	Amends Ord. 560,
	dumping (9.36)
98-1035	Amends §§ 1.102.01, 2.107
	of the zoning and
	community development
	code (16.04, 16.22)
98-1036	Street vacation (Special)
98-1037	Amends Ord. 97-1024 §
76-1037	303.9, property
	maintenance code (8.16)
98-1038	Repeals and replaces Ord.
98-1038	
	400, initiative and
00.4020	referendum powers (1.08)
98-1039	Amends Ord. 529 §§ 5, 13
	and 26; repeals Ord. 529 §
	15, alcoholic liquors (5.20)
98-1040	Amends Ord. 530 §§ 402,
	413 and 802, sewers
	(13.08)
98-1041	Adds Ord. 549 § 3(f);
	amends Ord. 549 §§ 6(c)
	and 9, business licenses
	and regulation (Repealed
	by 08-001)
98-1042	Amends Ord. 86-837 § 2
	and Ord. 599 Ch. VIII §§
	6, 8 and 9(b) and Ch. IX §§
	6 and 24; repeals Ch. IX §
	17, vehicles and traffic
	(10.04, 10.08, 10.12)
98-1043	Offense procedure; repeals
70 10 10	Ord. 605 (9.48)
i	O14. 002 (2.40)

00 1044	A LL O L CAL A L VIII 8
98-1044	Adds Ord. 641 Art. VIII §
	19(d); amends Ord. 641
	Art. I, Art. II §§ 1, 3, 4 and
	8, Arts. III, IV and V, Art.
	VI §§ 4, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15,
	16, 17, 19(2) and 20, Art.
	VII, Art. VIII §§ 1, 4, 5, 6,
	7, 8, 10(3), 11(3), 12(11),
	13(2), 14(3), 16, 17(2),
	18(d) and 20(2), Art. IX §§
	4, 5 and 6; repeals Ord. 641
	Art. VI § 18, Art. VIII §§
	2, 3, 9 and 15, police code
	(9.04, 9.08, 9.12, 9.16,
	9.20, 9.24, 9.28, 9.32, 9.36,
	9.40, 9.44)
98-1045	Amends Ord. 738 §§ 1, 4,
	7 and 9, public
	improvements and
	assessments (3.04)
98-1046	Adds § 3(f) to Ord. 799;
	amends Ord. 799 § 6,
	disposition of abandoned
	or unclaimed property
	(2.28)
98-1047	Amends Ord. 807 §§ 6 and
	9, nomination of candidates
	to elective offices
	(Repealed by 05-008)
98-1048	General provisions (1.04)
98-1049	Amends Ord. 517 § 4, Ord.
98-1049	Amends Ord. 517 § 4, Ord. 653 § 24, Ord. 658 § 2(6),
98-1049	653 § 24, Ord. 658 § 2(6),
98-1049	653 § 24, Ord. 658 § 2(6), Ord. 682 §§ 9 and 11, Ord.
98-1049	653 § 24, Ord. 658 § 2(6), Ord. 682 §§ 9 and 11, Ord. 700 § 4, Ord. 747 § 7(a),
98-1049	653 § 24, Ord. 658 § 2(6), Ord. 682 §§ 9 and 11, Ord. 700 § 4, Ord. 747 § 7(a), Ord. 899 § 3(13)(a)(ii) and
98-1049	653 § 24, Ord. 658 § 2(6), Ord. 682 §§ 9 and 11, Ord. 700 § 4, Ord. 747 § 7(a), Ord. 899 § 3(13)(a)(ii) and zoning and development
98-1049	653 § 24, Ord. 658 § 2(6), Ord. 682 §§ 9 and 11, Ord. 700 § 4, Ord. 747 § 7(a), Ord. 899 § 3(13)(a)(ii) and
98-1049	653 § 24, Ord. 658 § 2(6), Ord. 682 §§ 9 and 11, Ord. 700 § 4, Ord. 747 § 7(a), Ord. 899 § 3(13)(a)(ii) and zoning and development code § 8.308.01(C); repeals Ords. 566, 573, 591, 608,
98-1049	653 § 24, Ord. 658 § 2(6), Ord. 682 §§ 9 and 11, Ord. 700 § 4, Ord. 747 § 7(a), Ord. 899 § 3(13)(a)(ii) and zoning and development code § 8.308.01(C); repeals Ords. 566, 573, 591, 608, 611, 643, 672, 790, 863,
98-1049	653 § 24, Ord. 658 § 2(6), Ord. 682 §§ 9 and 11, Ord. 700 § 4, Ord. 747 § 7(a), Ord. 899 § 3(13)(a)(ii) and zoning and development code § 8.308.01(C); repeals Ords. 566, 573, 591, 608,
98-1049	653 § 24, Ord. 658 § 2(6), Ord. 682 §§ 9 and 11, Ord. 700 § 4, Ord. 747 § 7(a), Ord. 899 § 3(13)(a)(ii) and zoning and development code § 8.308.01(C); repeals Ords. 566, 573, 591, 608, 611, 643, 672, 790, 863, 868, 888, 893, 897, 915 §
98-1049	653 § 24, Ord. 658 § 2(6), Ord. 682 §§ 9 and 11, Ord. 700 § 4, Ord. 747 § 7(a), Ord. 899 § 3(13)(a)(ii) and zoning and development code § 8.308.01(C); repeals Ords. 566, 573, 591, 608, 611, 643, 672, 790, 863, 868, 888, 893, 897, 915 § 1, 929, 932, 934, 949, 957,
98-1049	653 § 24, Ord. 658 § 2(6), Ord. 682 §§ 9 and 11, Ord. 700 § 4, Ord. 747 § 7(a), Ord. 899 § 3(13)(a)(ii) and zoning and development code § 8.308.01(C); repeals Ords. 566, 573, 591, 608, 611, 643, 672, 790, 863, 868, 888, 893, 897, 915 § 1, 929, 932, 934, 949, 957, 967 and 973, various
98-1049	653 § 24, Ord. 658 § 2(6), Ord. 682 §§ 9 and 11, Ord. 700 § 4, Ord. 747 § 7(a), Ord. 899 § 3(13)(a)(ii) and zoning and development code § 8.308.01(C); repeals Ords. 566, 573, 591, 608, 611, 643, 672, 790, 863, 868, 888, 893, 897, 915 § 1, 929, 932, 934, 949, 957, 967 and 973, various subjects (6.04, 8.20, 12.08,
98-1049	653 § 24, Ord. 658 § 2(6), Ord. 682 §§ 9 and 11, Ord. 700 § 4, Ord. 747 § 7(a), Ord. 899 § 3(13)(a)(ii) and zoning and development code § 8.308.01(C); repeals Ords. 566, 573, 591, 608, 611, 643, 672, 790, 863, 868, 888, 893, 897, 915 § 1, 929, 932, 934, 949, 957, 967 and 973, various subjects (6.04, 8.20, 12.08, 12.12, 15.08, 15.12,
	653 § 24, Ord. 658 § 2(6), Ord. 682 §§ 9 and 11, Ord. 700 § 4, Ord. 747 § 7(a), Ord. 899 § 3(13)(a)(ii) and zoning and development code § 8.308.01(C); repeals Ords. 566, 573, 591, 608, 611, 643, 672, 790, 863, 868, 888, 893, 897, 915 § 1, 929, 932, 934, 949, 957, 967 and 973, various subjects (6.04, 8.20, 12.08, 12.12, 15.08, 15.12, 16.122)
98-1050	653 § 24, Ord. 658 § 2(6), Ord. 682 §§ 9 and 11, Ord. 700 § 4, Ord. 747 § 7(a), Ord. 899 § 3(13)(a)(ii) and zoning and development code § 8.308.01(C); repeals Ords. 566, 573, 591, 608, 611, 643, 672, 790, 863, 868, 888, 893, 897, 915 § 1, 929, 932, 934, 949, 957, 967 and 973, various subjects (6.04, 8.20, 12.08, 12.12, 15.08, 15.12, 16.122) Road vacation (Special)
98-1050	653 § 24, Ord. 658 § 2(6), Ord. 682 § § 9 and 11, Ord. 700 § 4, Ord. 747 § 7(a), Ord. 899 § 3(13)(a)(ii) and zoning and development code § 8.308.01(C); repeals Ords. 566, 573, 591, 608, 611, 643, 672, 790, 863, 868, 888, 893, 897, 915 § 1, 929, 932, 934, 949, 957, 967 and 973, various subjects (6.04, 8.20, 12.08, 12.12, 15.08, 15.12, 16.122) Road vacation (Special)
98-1050	653 § 24, Ord. 658 § 2(6), Ord. 682 § § 9 and 11, Ord. 700 § 4, Ord. 747 § 7(a), Ord. 899 § 3(13)(a)(ii) and zoning and development code § 8.308.01(C); repeals Ords. 566, 573, 591, 608, 611, 643, 672, 790, 863, 868, 888, 893, 897, 915 § 1, 929, 932, 934, 949, 957, 967 and 973, various subjects (6.04, 8.20, 12.08, 12.12, 15.08, 15.12, 16.122) Road vacation (Special) Amends §§ 2.111 and 2.112, zoning and
98-1050	653 § 24, Ord. 658 § 2(6), Ord. 682 § § 9 and 11, Ord. 700 § 4, Ord. 747 § 7(a), Ord. 899 § 3(13)(a)(ii) and zoning and development code § 8.308.01(C); repeals Ords. 566, 573, 591, 608, 611, 643, 672, 790, 863, 868, 888, 893, 897, 915 § 1, 929, 932, 934, 949, 957, 967 and 973, various subjects (6.04, 8.20, 12.08, 12.12, 15.08, 15.12, 16.122) Road vacation (Special) Amends §§ 2.111 and 2.112, zoning and development code (16.28, 16.30)
98-1050 98-1051	653 § 24, Ord. 658 § 2(6), Ord. 682 § § 9 and 11, Ord. 700 § 4, Ord. 747 § 7(a), Ord. 899 § 3(13)(a)(ii) and zoning and development code § 8.308.01(C); repeals Ords. 566, 573, 591, 608, 611, 643, 672, 790, 863, 868, 888, 893, 897, 915 § 1, 929, 932, 934, 949, 957, 967 and 973, various subjects (6.04, 8.20, 12.08, 12.12, 15.08, 15.12, 16.122) Road vacation (Special) Amends §§ 2.111 and 2.112, zoning and development code (16.28,
98-1050 98-1051	653 § 24, Ord. 658 § 2(6), Ord. 682 § § 9 and 11, Ord. 700 § 4, Ord. 747 § 7(a), Ord. 899 § 3(13)(a)(ii) and zoning and development code § 8.308.01(C); repeals Ords. 566, 573, 591, 608, 611, 643, 672, 790, 863, 868, 888, 893, 897, 915 § 1, 929, 932, 934, 949, 957, 967 and 973, various subjects (6.04, 8.20, 12.08, 12.12, 15.08, 15.12, 16.122) Road vacation (Special) Amends § § 2.111 and 2.112, zoning and development code (16.28, 16.30) Amends zoning and
98-1050 98-1051	653 § 24, Ord. 658 § 2(6), Ord. 682 § § 9 and 11, Ord. 700 § 4, Ord. 747 § 7(a), Ord. 899 § 3(13)(a)(ii) and zoning and development code § 8.308.01(C); repeals Ords. 566, 573, 591, 608, 611, 643, 672, 790, 863, 868, 888, 893, 897, 915 § 1, 929, 932, 934, 949, 957, 967 and 973, various subjects (6.04, 8.20, 12.08, 12.12, 15.08, 15.12, 16.122) Road vacation (Special) Amends § § 2.111 and 2.112, zoning and development code (16.28, 16.30) Amends zoning and development code (16.08,
98-1050 98-1051 98-1052	653 § 24, Ord. 658 § 2(6), Ord. 682 §§ 9 and 11, Ord. 700 § 4, Ord. 747 § 7(a), Ord. 899 § 3(13)(a)(ii) and zoning and development code § 8.308.01(C); repeals Ords. 566, 573, 591, 608, 611, 643, 672, 790, 863, 868, 888, 893, 897, 915 § 1, 929, 932, 934, 949, 957, 967 and 973, various subjects (6.04, 8.20, 12.08, 12.12, 15.08, 15.12, 16.122) Road vacation (Special) Amends §§ 2.111 and 2.112, zoning and development code (16.28, 16.30) Amends zoning and development code (16.08, 16.18, 16.24) Amends and zoning and
98-1050 98-1051 98-1052	653 § 24, Ord. 658 § 2(6), Ord. 682 §§ 9 and 11, Ord. 700 § 4, Ord. 747 § 7(a), Ord. 899 § 3(13)(a)(ii) and zoning and development code § 8.308.01(C); repeals Ords. 566, 573, 591, 608, 611, 643, 672, 790, 863, 868, 888, 893, 897, 915 § 1, 929, 932, 934, 949, 957, 967 and 973, various subjects (6.04, 8.20, 12.08, 12.12, 15.08, 15.12, 16.122) Road vacation (Special) Amends §§ 2.111 and 2.112, zoning and development code (16.28, 16.30) Amends zoning and development code (16.08, 16.18, 16.24) Amends and zoning and development code (16.08, 16.18, 16.24)
98-1050 98-1051 98-1052	653 § 24, Ord. 658 § 2(6), Ord. 682 §§ 9 and 11, Ord. 700 § 4, Ord. 747 § 7(a), Ord. 899 § 3(13)(a)(ii) and zoning and development code § 8.308.01(C); repeals Ords. 566, 573, 591, 608, 611, 643, 672, 790, 863, 868, 888, 893, 897, 915 § 1, 929, 932, 934, 949, 957, 967 and 973, various subjects (6.04, 8.20, 12.08, 12.12, 15.08, 15.12, 16.122) Road vacation (Special) Amends §§ 2.111 and 2.112, zoning and development code (16.28, 16.30) Amends zoning and development code (16.08, 16.18, 16.24) Amends and zoning and development code (16.08, 16.34, 16.36, 16.38, 16.48, 16.48,
98-1050 98-1051 98-1052	653 § 24, Ord. 658 § 2(6), Ord. 682 §§ 9 and 11, Ord. 700 § 4, Ord. 747 § 7(a), Ord. 899 § 3(13)(a)(ii) and zoning and development code § 8.308.01(C); repeals Ords. 566, 573, 591, 608, 611, 643, 672, 790, 863, 868, 888, 893, 897, 915 § 1, 929, 932, 934, 949, 957, 967 and 973, various subjects (6.04, 8.20, 12.08, 12.12, 15.08, 15.12, 16.122) Road vacation (Special) Amends §§ 2.111 and 2.112, zoning and development code (16.28, 16.30) Amends zoning and development code (16.08, 16.18, 16.24) Amends and zoning and development code (16.08, 16.34, 16.36, 16.38, 16.48, 16.50, 16.60, 16.62, 16.64,
98-1050 98-1051 98-1052	653 § 24, Ord. 658 § 2(6), Ord. 682 §§ 9 and 11, Ord. 700 § 4, Ord. 747 § 7(a), Ord. 899 § 3(13)(a)(ii) and zoning and development code § 8.308.01(C); repeals Ords. 566, 573, 591, 608, 611, 643, 672, 790, 863, 868, 888, 893, 897, 915 § 1, 929, 932, 934, 949, 957, 967 and 973, various subjects (6.04, 8.20, 12.08, 12.12, 15.08, 15.12, 16.122) Road vacation (Special) Amends §§ 2.111 and 2.112, zoning and development code (16.28, 16.30) Amends zoning and development code (16.08, 16.18, 16.24) Amends and zoning and development code (16.08, 16.34, 16.36, 16.38, 16.48, 16.50, 16.60, 16.62, 16.64, 16.66, 16.70, 16.76, 16.94,
98-1050 98-1051	653 § 24, Ord. 658 § 2(6), Ord. 682 §§ 9 and 11, Ord. 700 § 4, Ord. 747 § 7(a), Ord. 899 § 3(13)(a)(ii) and zoning and development code § 8.308.01(C); repeals Ords. 566, 573, 591, 608, 611, 643, 672, 790, 863, 868, 888, 893, 897, 915 § 1, 929, 932, 934, 949, 957, 967 and 973, various subjects (6.04, 8.20, 12.08, 12.12, 15.08, 15.12, 16.122) Road vacation (Special) Amends §§ 2.111 and 2.112, zoning and development code (16.28, 16.30) Amends zoning and development code (16.08, 16.18, 16.24) Amends and zoning and development code (16.08, 16.34, 16.36, 16.38, 16.48, 16.50, 16.60, 16.62, 16.64,

00.1074	
98-1054	Construction standards for
	commercial and residential
00.1055	driveways (12.04)
98-1055	Elects to receive state
	revenues for fiscal year
00.1057	1998-99 (Special)
98-1056	Amends §§ 3 and 4 of Ord.
	700, moving buildings
00.1057	(15.08)
98-1057	Amends Ord. 97-10287 §
	1, city code and code
	administration (Repealed by 06-008)
98-1058	Amends § 8 of Ord. 514,
98-1038	
	water service (Repealed by 01-1115)
98-1059	Special election (Special)
98-1060	Code adoption (1.01)
98-1061	Amends §§ 2 and 3 of Ord.
70-1001	
	98-1059, special election (Special)
98-1062	(Number not used)
98-1062 98-1063	Amends Ord. 98-1050,
70-1003	property vacation (Special)
00 1064	(Number not used)
98-1064 98-1065	Adopts city construction
98-1005	drawing standards
	(Repealed by 06-002)
98-1066	Property assessment for
98-1000	nuisance abatement
	(Special)
98-1067	Property assessment for
90-1007	nuisance abatement
	(Special)
99-1068	Rezone (Special)
99-1069	Extends franchise (Special)
99-1070	Adopts rules of city local
<i>yy</i> 1070	contract review board;
	repeals Ord. 94-993
	(Repealed by 01-1120)
99-1071	Amends § 5a of Ord. 514,
	water service (Repealed by
	01-1115)
99-1072	Approves PUD (Special)
99-1073	Amends §§ 25 of Ord.
	814, parks and recreation
	advisory board (2.16)
99-1074	Rezone (Special)
99-1075	Extends franchise (Special)
99-1076	Establishes provisions for
	water conservation; repeals
	§ 13.04.070 (13.20)
99-1077	Adopts city construction
	standards (Repealed by
	06-002)
99-1078	Declares election to receive
	state revenues (Special)
99-1079	Amends zoning and
	development code (Not
	codified)
99-1080	Extends franchise (Special)
	(ar 10141)

00-1081	Annexation (Special)
00-1082	Rezone (Special)
00-1083	Amends Charter § 3.1, council membership (Repealed by Res. 2005-008)
00-1084	Adopts Tualatin Valley Fire and Rescue Fire Codes; repeals Ord. 97-1027, fire prevention code (8.12)
00-1085	Approves Appendix Ch. 9, Division III of the Uniform Building Code (Not codified)
00-1086	Adds § 10.08.080, disabled persons parking (10.08)
00-1087	Amends § 13.04.200, water charges (Repealed by 01-1115)
00-1088	Amends Table 8.20.080, solid waste collection rates (8.20)
00-1089	Amends §§ 2.12.020(A), (B) and (D), 2.12.030(A) and (B), 2.12.040(B) and 2.12.060, library advisory board (Repealed by 03-1142)
00-1090	Annexation (Special)
00-1091	Provides for city council to act as urban renewal agency (Not codified)
00-1092	Approves amendments to comprehensive plan and zoning code to comply with Titles 3 and 4 of Metro urban growth management plan (16.88, 16.108, 16.118)
00-1093	Adds Charter § 8.5, tie votes (Repealed by Res. 2005-008)
00-1094	Amends Charter § 7.5(3), filling council vacancies (Repealed by Res. 2005-008)
00-1095	Adds Charter § 4.8, city manager ineligible to be city recorder (Repealed by Res. 2005-008)
00-1096	Amends Charter § 5.3, recorder's absence (Repealed by Res. 2005-008)
00-1097	Adds Charter § 11.9, city attorney (Repealed by Res. 2005-008)
00-1098	Adopts urban renewal plan (Not codified)

00-1099	Amends § 15.04.190, fee
	policy (15.04)
00-1100	(Number not used)
00-1101	(Number not used)
00-1102	Annexation (Special)
00-1103	Approves amendments to
	comprehensive plan and
	zoning code to comply
	with Title 6 of Metro urban
	growth management plan
00.1104	(16.82, 16.100, 16.116)
00-1104	Adopts Highway 99W capacity allocation
	program; amends zoning
	and development code
	(16.20, 16.22, 16.24, 16.26,
	16.58, 16.66, 16.83)
00-1105	Adopts Highway 99W
	capacity improvement
	funding program (Not
	codified)
00-1106	(Number not used)
00-1107	Adopts cross-connection
	and backflow program;
	repeals §§ 13.04.150(A)
	and (D), water service system (13.04, 13.05)
00-1108	
00-1108	Approves amendments to comprehensive plan and
	zoning code to comply
	with Title 1 of Metro urban
	growth management plan
	(16.08, 16.10, 16.12, 16.14,
	16.16, 16.18, 16.34)
00-1109	Annexation (Special)
00-2000	Amends Ord. 73-631
	[631], business license
	requirements (Repealed by 08-001)
00-2001	/
00-2001	Approves amendments to comprehensive plan and
	zoning code to comply
	with Title 2 of Metro urban
	growth management plan
	(16.70, 16.130)
01-1110	Annexation (Special)
01-1111	(Pending)
01-1112	Amends Ord. 99-1073,
	parks and recreation
01 1111	advisory board (2.16)
01-1111	Animal noise disturbance
01-1113	(6.04) Amends Ord. 89-889
01-1113	Amends Ord. 89-889 [89-899], solid waste
	management (8.20)
01-1114	Public improvement
V. 1111	reimbursement districts
	(13.24)
01-1115	Repeals Ord. 514, water
	service (13.04)
01-1116	Prohibiting of noise (9.52)

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01-1117	Prohibits use of tobacco
	products on city property (9.56)
01-1118	Parks and recreation
	system development
	charges in new
	development; amends Ord.
	91-927 (15.16, 15.20)
01-1119	Amends §§ 2.111 [2.110],
	2.202, 3.200, 3.400, 4.300,
	8.305 and Appendix J of
	Chapter 8 of the zoning
	and development code
	(16.28, 16.36, 16.50, 16.52,
	16.58, 16.116 and 16.118)
01-1120	Adopts rules of city local
	contract review board;
	repeals Ord. 99-1070
	(Repealed by 05-003)
01-1121	Adds § 11.10, use of
	Willamette River for
	residential drinking water
	(Repealed by Res.
	2005-008)
01-1122	Amends Ord. 91-927,
	system development
	charges (15.16)
01-1123	Adds prior code § 2.204;
	amends prior code §§
	2.104 and 2.105, zoning
	and community
	development code (16.16,
	16.39)
01-1124	Amends § 16.76.030(C),
	signs (16.76)
02-1125	Adds Ch. 5.28, liquor
	licenses (Repealed by
	04-009)
02-1126	Amends § 16.39.020,
	townhome standards
02.1125	(16.39)
02-1127	Rezone (Special)
02-1128	Amends Ch. 16.130,
	special resource zones
02.1120	(16.130)
02-1129	Repeals and replaces Ord.
	686, personnel system
02.1120	(2.36)
02-1130	Amends Ch. 16.38, home
	occupations (16.38)
02-1131	Tax levy (Repealed by
02.1122	08-011)
02-1132	Amends zoning code
	(Special)
02-1133	Approves planned unit
	development (Special)
02-1134	Amends Ord. 98-1057,
	mechanical code (15.04)
02-1135	Noxious weeds abatement
	(9.46)

02-1136	Changes use designations
02-1130	in zoning districts (Special)
02-1137	Annexation (Special)
02-1137	(Number not used)
02-1139	Adds Ch. 5.28 [5.30],
	public utility fees
	(Repealed by 08-011)
02-1140	Tax levy (Repealed by
	08-011)
02-1141	Approves planned unit
	development (Special)
03-1142	Repeals Ords. 550, 88-889
	and 2000-189; adds Ch.
	2.12, library advisory
	board (2.12)
03-1143	Repeals and replaces Ch.
	5.16, telecommunications
	facilities (Repealed by
	08-011)
03-1144	Amends urban renewal
	plan (Special)
03-1145	Special election (Special)
03-1146	Annexation (Special)
03-1146	Annexation (Special) Approves planned unit
03-1147	
02 1140	development (Special)
03-1148	Amends comprehensive
	plan (Special)
03-1149	Adds § 1.04.075, attorneys
	fees (1.04)
03-1150	Repeals and replaces Ch.
	2.32, administrative fees
	(2.32)
03-1151	Right-of-way vacation
	(Special)
03-1152	Adopts creations of exempt
	classes of public contracts
	(Special)
03-1153	Amends §§ 16.10.040,
	16.12.040, 16.14.040,
	16.16.040, 16.18.040,
	16.76.020 and Ch. 16.44,
	zoning and community
	development code (16.10,
	16.12, 16.14, 16.16, 16.18,
	16.44, 16.76)
03-1154	Adds Ch. 9.50, possession,
	manufacture or delivery of
	drug paraphernalia (9.50)
04-001	Approves plan map
0.301	amendment (Special)
04-002	Amends § 16.46.050,
04-002	zoning and community
	development code (16.46)
04 004	•
04-004	Amends Ch. 10.08, state
	vehicle code statutes,
	parking (10.08)
04-005	Amends Ch. 8.04,
	abandoned, discarded and
	hazardously located
	vehicles (8.04)

04.006	A d- 16 00 000 1 C
04-006	Amends 16.08.020 and Ch. 16.76, zoning and
	community development
	code (16.08, 16.76)
04-007	Amends §§ 2.200 and
	2.202 of the zoning and
	community development
	code (16.34, 16.36)
04-008	Approves planned unit
	development and comprehensive plan map
	(Special)
04-009	Repeals and replaces Ch.
	5.28, process and fees for
	liquor licenses (5.28)
04-010	Adds § 8.20.045; amends
	§§ 8.20.040, 8.20.060,
	8.20.070, 8.20.080 and 8.20.110, solid waste
	management (8.20)
04-011	Approves planned unit
	development and
	comprehensive plan map
	(Special)
04-012	Amends Ord. 98-1057 and
	§ 15.04.110, construction
	codes (Repealed by 06-008)
04-013	Amends § 5.04.030,
04-013	business licenses (Repealed
	by 08-001)
04-014	Adds §§ 6.04.040 and
	6.04.100, dogs (6.04)
04-015	Amends Ch. 2.16, parks
04-017	and recreation board (2.16) Adds Ch. 3.10, measure 37
04-017	claims procedure (3.10)
05-001	Approves plan map
03 001	amendment (Special)
05-002	Approves plan text
	amendment (Special)
05-003	Repeals Ch. 2.24
27.22	(Repealer)
05-004	Repeals Ch. 3.08
05-005	(Repealer) Amends § 13.12.010,
03-003	sewer service rate and
	charges (13.12)
05-006	Adds Ch. 1.10, public
	contracting rules (1.10)
05-007	Adds Ch. 4.04, city
	telecommunications utility
07.000	(4.04)
05-008	Repeals and replaces Ch.
05-009	2.04, elections (2.04) Approves text amendment
UJ-UU7	(Special)
05.010	(Special)
(1)-(1)()	Renames certain streets
05-010	Renames certain streets (Special)
05-010	Renames certain streets (Special) Renames certain streets

05-012	Damamas aautain atmaats		
03-012	Renames certain streets (Special)		
05-013	Renames certain streets (Special)		
05-014	Approves plan text		
	amendment (Special)		
05-015	Adds § 6.04.050, dogs		
	(6.04)		
05-016	Approves plan map		
05-017	amendment (Special) Amends Ch. 6 of the		
03-017	zoning and community		
	development code (16.78,		
	16.80, 16.82, 16.83, 16.84,		
0.4.004	16.86, 16.88, 16.90, 16.92)		
06-001	Street vacation (Special)		
06-002	Repeals Ords. 98-1065 and 99-1077 (Repealer)		
06-003	Amends § 15.04.140,		
	construction codes (15.04)		
06-004	Amends § 8.12.010, fire		
	prevention code (8.12)		
06-005	Amends § 15.04.120,		
06-006	construction codes (15.04) Amends § 15.04.130,		
00-000	construction codes (15.04)		
06-007	Amends § 15.04.150,		
	construction codes (15.04)		
06-008	Repeals § 15.04.110		
	(Repealer)		
06-009	Approves plan text		
	amendment to zoning and community development		
	code (16.02, 16.04, 16.06,		
	16.07, 16.08, 16.128,		
	16.130, 16.131, 16.132,		
06.010	16.134, 16.136)		
06-010	Adds § 6.04.035, dogs (6.04)		
06-011	Street vacation (Special)		
06-012	Amends Ord. 06-001,		
	street vacation (Special)		
06-013	Amends Ord. 06-011,		
06.014	street vacation (Special)		
06-014	Right-of-way vacation (Special)		
06-015	Amends § 10.12.010,		
00 010	miscellaneous traffic		
	regulations (10.12)		
06-016	Grants franchise to		
	Northwest Natural Gas		
06-017	Company (Special) (Failed)		
06-017	(Passed)		
06-019	Amends §§ 8.08.010,		
	8.08.020, 8.08.040 and		
	8.08.0708.08.110; repeals		
	§ 8.08.120, alarm systems		
	(8.08)		

06.020	A 11 CL 12 02
06-020	Adds Ch. 12.02; repeals
	Res. 93-567, right-of-way permits (12.02)
06-021	Approves plan text
00-021	amendment to zoning and
	community development
	code (16.08, 16.10, 16.12,
	16.14, 16.16, 16.18, 16.46,
	16.66, 16.68, 16.70, 16.72,
	16.78, 16.80, 16.82, 16.88,
	16.100, 16.116, 16.118)
07-001	Renames certain streets
	(Special)
07-002	Amends comprehensive
	plan (Special)
07-003	Amends comprehensive
	plan (Special)
07-004	Adds Ch. 15.21; repeals §
	15.04.180, dangerous
	buildings (15.21)
07-005	Adds Ch. 9.60, inventory
07.006	procedures (9.60)
07-006	Approves plan map
07-007	amendment (Special)
07-007	Adds § 12.02.035,
	right-of-way permits (12.02)
07-008	Grants cable franchise
07-008	agreement to Verizon
	Northwest Inc. (Special)
07-009	Right-of-way vacation
	(Special)
07-010	Utility easement vacation
	(Special)
07-011	System development
	charges; repeals Ord.
	91-927, Resos. 92-518,
	93-561 and 01-979 (15.16)
07-012	Repeals and replaces §
	15.16.090, system
	development charges
07.012	(15.16)
07-013	Amends § 8.12.010, fire
08-001	prevention code (8.12) Repeals and replaces Ch.
00-001	5.04, business licenses
	(5.04)
08-002	(Not adopted)
08-003	Amends comprehensive
0000	plan and zoning map
	(Special)
08-004	Adds Ch. 13.09, sanitary
	sewer interceptors (13.09)
08-005	Adds Ch. 3.12, monies
	owed city (3.12)
08-006	Amends § 15.04.150,
	construction codes (15.04)
08-007	Adds § 15.04.110,
	construction codes (15.04)
08-008	Amends § 15.04.130,
	construction codes (15.04)

08-009	Amends § 15.04.120,		
	construction codes (15.04)		
08-010	Confirms SW Baker Road		
	name as the official name		
	(Special)		
08-011	Adds Ch. 12.16; repeals		
	Chs. 5.16 and 5.30 and		
	Ords. 02-1131 and		
	02-1140, utility facilities in		
	public right-of-way (12.16)		
08-012	Right-of-way and utility		
	easement vacation		
	(Special)		
08-013	Adds Ch. 15.24, erosion		
	control and sediment		
	control (15.24)		
08-014	Adds Ch. 15.28,		
	enforcement and remedies		
	(15.28)		

As of Supplement No. 9, this table will be replaced with the "Code Comparative Table and Disposition List."

CODE COMPARATIVE TABLE AND DISPOSITION LIST

This is a chronological listing of the ordinances of Sherwood, Oregon beginning with Supplement No. 9, included in this Code.

Ordinance Number	Date	Description	Section	Section this Code
2008-015	10- 7-2008	Planned unit developments	1	16.40.010 16.40.050
2009-001	3-17-2009	Business recycling	1 Added	5.04.090
			2	Ch. 5.04(tit.)
2009-002	4-21-2009	Sign code	2	16.102.010. 16.
			Rpld	16.102.010.7
2009-003	2-17-2009	Sign code	2	16.102.010.9
				16.102.020
				16.102.030
2009-005	6- 2-2009	Zoning and community development	2	16.72.010
				16.90.020
				16.94.030
				16.118.020
				16.118.050
				16.142.030
2009-006	6-16-2009	Emergency code	1 Added	2.38.010 2.38.040
2009-007	6-16-2009	Water regulations	1 Added	13.10.005 13.10.105
			2 Rpld	13.05.010 13.05.050
			Added	13.05.010 13.05.050
			3 Rpld	13.20.010 13.20.120
			Added	13.20.010 13.20.120
2009-008	7-21-2009	Water System Master Plan	3	16.112.010, 16.112.020
2009-009	7-21-2009	Adams Avenue Concept Plan		16.22.020
				16.22.030
			Rnbd	16.22.060, 16.22.070
			as	16.22.070, 16.22.080
			Added	16.22.060
				16.32.030.Q
2009-010	8- 4-2009	Clean water service regulations	Rpld	13.08.010 13.08.080
				13.12.010, 13.12.020
				13.16.010 13.16.070
			Added	13.08.010 13.08.025
2009-011	9-15-09	Effective date of ordinances	2 Rpld	1.08.060
2009-012				Did not pass
2009-013	10- 6-2009	Boards and commissions	1	2.08.010
<u> </u>				2.12.020

				2.12.030
			Rpld	2.08.020
2009-014	12- 1-2009	Vacation of city-owned right-of-way		Omit
2010-001	2-16-2010	Transfer of the Newberg Garbage Service Franchise to Pride Dispoal		Omit
2010-002	2-16-2010	Appointment of Hearings Officer	2	16.08.020
2010-003	3- 2-2010	Renaming SW Orchard Heights Court to SW Orchard Heights Place		Omit
2010-004	3- 2-2010	Approving Planned Unit Development to be known as Sherwood Cannery Square		Omit
2010-005	4- 6-2010	Industrial design standards	2	16.32.020
				16.32.040
				16.34.020
				16.34.040
				16.72.010
				16.90.020
				16.98.030
2010-006	4- 6-2010	Land use approval time extensions	2	16.90.020.6
				16.124.010
				16.128.040
2010-008	5-18-2010	Criminal background inquiries of nonpolice applicants for employment and volunteer positions	14 Added	2.36.050
2010-009	8- 3-2010	2010 Oregon Structural Specialty Code	1	15.04.110
2010-010	8- 3-2010	2010 Oregon Mechanical Specialty Code	1 Added	15.04.120
2010-011	8- 3-2010	2010 Oregon Fire Code	1	8.12.010
2010-012	8- 3-2010	Enforcements and remedies	1	15.28.010 15.28.040 15.28.07015.28.100
2010 012	0.17.2010	Dani	1 D. 11	
2010-013	8-17-2010	Dogs	1 Rpld Added	6.040.010 6.04.100 6.04.005 6.04.050
2010-014	10- 5-2010	Tonquin Employment Area Concept Plan	3 Added	16.31.01016.31.090
2010-015	10- 5-2010	Update of Zoning and Community Development Code	2	16.12.010, 16.12.030
				16.12.040
				16.12.070
				16.14.010 16.14.040
				16.16.010
				16.16.020
				16.16.040
				16.18.010
				16.18.020
				10.10.020

	16.18.040
	16.20.010
	16.20.020
	16.20.040
	16.22.050
	16.24.050
	16.26.060
	16.30.030
	16.40.020
	16.46.020
	16.48.060
	16.54.010
	16.58.010
	16.58.030
	16.60.010
	16.60.030 16.60.050
	16.66.010
	16.68.020
	16.68.030
	16.68.050
	16.70.010 16.70.060
	16.72.010 16.72.030
	16.72.050
	16.72.070
	16.74.020
	16.76.010
	16.76.040
	16.80.030
	16.82.010
	16.82.020
	16.84.010
	16.84.020
	16.86.010
	16.86.020
	16.90.010
	16.90.020
	16.92.020 16.92.040
	16.94.010 16.94.030
	16.96.010 16.96.040
	16.98.020 16.98.040
	16.106.010 16.106.040
	16.108.010
	16.108.030 16.108.080
	16.110.010
	16.110.020

				16.112.020
				16.114.020
				16.116.020
				16.116.030
				16.120.020
				16.122.010
				16.124.010 16.124.030
				16.126.010
				16.126.020
				16.126.040
				16.128.010 16.128.040
				16.130.010
				16.130.020
				16.134.020
				16.140.010 16.140.060
				16.140.090
				16.142(tit.)
				16.142.020 16.142.050
				16.142.080
				16.144.030
			Rpld	16.78.010
			Added	16.134.030 16.134.100
2011-001	2-15-2011	Zoning and community development amendments	1, 2	16.58.030
				16.72.010
				16.92.030
				16.98.030
				16.142.050
				16.142.080
2011-002	2-15-2011	Trees on other public property and homeowners association authorization to review tree removal	1, 2 Rnbd	12.12.190 12.12.240
			as	12.12.200 12.12.250
			Added	12.12.190
				12.20.010 12.20.040
2011-003	4- 5-2011	Zoning and Community Development Code	2	16.40.020. B.6(e)(5)
				16.42.010 16.42.110
				16.68.050.C
				16.72.010
				16.92.030.B.2.a
				16.98.030.B
			Rpld	16.12.010 16.12.070
				16.14.010 16.14.060
				16.16.010 16.16.050
				16.18.010 16.18.060

2011-007	5-17-2011	Council Authority fees rates and charges	1 Added	2.24.010
			3 Rpld	8.12.020 8.12.160
2011-006	4-19-2011	Fire prevention code	2 Added	8.12.015
2011-005	4-19-2011	Oregon Solar Installation Specialty Code	1 Added	15.04.180
2011-004	4-19-2011	Plumbing code	1 4111	15.04.130
			as	16.58.020
			Rnbd	16.58.030
				16.108.040.D
				16.84.010 16.84.030
				16.60.010 16.60.040
				16.58.010
				16.50.01016.50.060
			Added	16.12.010 16.12.050
				16.84.020
				16.84.010
				16.60.010 16.60.050
				16.58.040
				16.58.020
				16.58.010
				16.50.010 16.50.030
				16.20.010 16.20.060