

Department of Transportation

Region 1 Headquarters 123 NW Flanders Street Portland, OR 97209

Phone: (503) 731-8200

DATE: April 2, 2025

TO: Wesley Thomas, PE

Project Manager/Environmental Engineer

FROM: Jonathan Horowitz, PE

Resident Engineer – Consultant Projects

RE: TECHNICAL MEMORANDUM - SUPPLEMENTAL PROPOSED

MODIFICATION OF APPROVED SOURCE CONTROL MEASURES

ODOT FACILITY IN PORTLAND HARBOR PROJECT AREA

PURPOSE

The purpose of this supplemental technical memorandum is to provide the Oregon Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ) with supporting information to facilitate approval of additional proposed modifications to the previously approved Source Control Measures (SCMs) included in the Oregon Department of Transportation's (ODOT's) Final Portland Harbor Source Control Feasibility Study (Final FS) and Portland Harbor Source Control Supplemental US30 Feasibility Study (Supplemental FS). A previous technical memorandum was submitted to DEQ on May 14, 2024 seeking approval to adjust the type of treatment system from rain gardens/biofiltration swales to manufactured treatment devices (e.g. Biopods). Approval of these proposed changes was provided to ODOT on May 28, 2024. However, as the design work on the project has advanced, additional constraints require further modifications to the previously approved SCMs.

INTRODUCTION

The project team is currently working on the design of 26 SCM systems: a combination of 13 manufactured treatment devices (BioPods), 11 Proprietary Hydrodynamic Separators (PHS) and 2 Modular Wetland Systems (MWS) to be installed across 16 drainage areas. Table 1 below provides a summary of the drainage area, the treatment system proposed, and the drainage area treated (often split between ODOT and comingled stormwater).

Table 1

Basin	Outfall Improvement (SCM)	ODOT Drainage Area (Feasibility Study) (acres)	Total Design Treated Basin Area (acres) ODOT/non-ODOT acres	Proposed Outfall Improvement modification	Total Revised Design Basin Area Treated
WR-510 (St. Johns West)	PHS and BioPod	1.4	1.61 (1.61 ODOT / 0 non- ODOT)		
OF-52 (St. Johns East)	PHS and BioPod	1.9	2.77 (2.77 ODOT / 0 non- ODOT)		
Fremont Bridge West	PHS and BioPod	1.1	2.08 (2.08 ODOT / 0 non- ODOT)		
Fremont Bridge East	PHS and BioPod	1.1	2.08 (2.08 ODOT / 0 non- ODOT)		
WR-307 I405/Fremont Interchange	BioPod	40.06	61.8 (61.8 ODOT / 0 non- ODOT)		
OF 16	2 x BioPod		1.02 (1.02 ODOT / 0 non- ODOT)		
	BioPod	3.9	0.42 (0.42 ODOT / 0 non- ODOT)		
	PHS		47.94 (5.28 ODOT / 42.67 non-ODOT)	Remove	0
OF 17	PHS	4.5	19.6 (2.4 ODOT / 17.2 non- ODOT)		
OF 18	BioPod	5.7	0.55 (0.55 ODOT / 0 non- ODOT)		
	PHS		29.59 (6.51 ODOT / 22.37 non-ODOT)	Relocate PHS	7.65 (2.14 ODOT / 5.51 non-ODOT)
OF 19	PHS	10.0	21.9 (3.4 ODOT / 18.5 non- ODOT)		
OF 22C	PHS	12.1	39.6 (1.7 ODOT / 37.9 non- ODOT)		
WR 206	PHS and MWS	1.4	29.2 (0.9 ODOT / 28.3 non- ODOT)		
WR 208/211	BioPod	3.4	8.44 (7.77 ODOT / 0.67 non- ODOT)		
OF 22D	PHS and MWS	3.4	3.8 (1.6 ODOT / 2.2 non- ODOT)		
WR 126	BioPod	1.4	2.82 (1.76 ODOT / 1.06 non- ODOT)		

Basin	Outfall Improvement (SCM)	ODOT Drainage Area (Feasibility Study) (acres)	Total Design Treated Basin Area (acres) ODOT/non-ODOT acres	Proposed Outfall Improvement modification	Total Revised Design Basin Area Treated
WR 204	BioPod	2.3	14.57 (2.3 ODOT / 12.26 non- ODOT)		
	BioPod	2.3	4.31 (0.81 ODOT / 3.50 non- ODOT)		
WR 79	PHS	3.7	33.6 (1.8 ODOT / 31.8 non- ODOT)		
Totals		97.36 ODOT area	329.3 (108.56 ODOT / 218.43 non-ODOT)		257.81 (98.91 ODOT / 159.9 non- ODOT)

Table 1 illustrates, with approval of the proposed modifications, as detailed below, the project is still anticipated to treat more ODOT stormwater than the Final or Supplemental FSs indicated, in addition to treating 159.9 acres of non-ODOT and/or comingled stormwater.

PROPOSED MODIFICATIONS TO ARROVED SOURCE CONTROL MEASURES

Outfall OF16

The Final FS recommended multiple SCMs for Outfall OF16: rain gardens and a hydrodynamic separator (PHS). The May 2024 technical memo proposed modifying the rain gardens to manufactured treatment devices (Biopods). The design of the Biopods is advancing without significant issues. However, the initial proposed location for the PHS has identified several substantial design complications including substandard subsurface conditions (requiring the PHS to have a robust and expensive foundation) and utility conflicts. To find an alternate location for the PHS, a supplemental geotechnical investigation was completed. After completing the analysis of the field investigation, the alternate location was evaluated against the same five balancing factors utilized during the FS. The assessment indicates that an alternate location is not feasible due to significant utility conflicts, timeline for Right-of-Way acquisition within the current design schedule, budgetary constraints, and overall design complexity. At this time, ODOT is proposing to remove the PHS from the suite of SCMs to be installed as part of the project. Additional details are included in Attachment A.

Outfall OF18

Similar to OF16, the Final FS recommended multiple SCMs for Outfall OF18: rain gardens and a PH. The May 2024 technical memorandum proposed modifying the rain gardens to manufactured treatment devices (Biopods). However, as the design has progressed, significant design complications at the initial selected location for the proposed PHS have

been identified, including an active rail spur line (originally understood to be inactive) which would require a cascade of additional design considerations: shoring, permitting, flagging, etc. These factors make this location infeasible. In an effort to keep the improvement in the project, a supplemental geotechnical investigation was completed, searching for an alternate location. The results of the analysis identified two likely candidates, with one, locating the PHS east of the initial location as the preferred option. The alternate location was evaluated against the balancing factors and while the new location will treat less water than the initial location, it is feasible to complete the design and construction within the larger project budget and schedule constraints. At this time ODOT is proposing to relocate the PHS in the OF18 Outfall to near the Prologis NW parking area (east of the initial proposed location). Additional details are included in Attachment A.

CONCLUSIONS AND DESIGN PROGRESS UPDATE

Progress of the development of the plan set for the project is advancing and the 90% Final plans set is anticipated to be delivered in late May 2025. After further consideration within the design team and direction ODOT Region 1 leadership the project is now set to be delivered in one construction package, with work to begin in early 2026.

ATTACHMENTS – WSP Technical memorandum

ATTACHMENTS



MEMO

TO: Jonathan Horowitz, PE, ODOT Project Manager

FROM: Kelsey Harpham, WSP Project Manager

SUBJECT: K22552: OF 16-1 and OF 18-2 SCMs

DATE: 19 March 2025

This memorandum provides a summary of the preliminary analysis for alternative locations and design for facilities within the OF 16 and OF 18 basins. The recommendations provided in this memo are based on the best available information at this time. Note that survey has been completed but is not yet available for design team review, anticipated utility conflicts are based on conversations directly with utilities.

OF16-1

The proposed Proprietary Hydrodynamic Separator (PHS) water quality structure at OF 16-1 is one of four structures in the OF 16 basin. A PHS is a presettling device designed to trap debris and sediment in a sumped concrete structure where they can more easily be removed via a vacuum truck. The proposed facilities at OF16-2 and OF16-3 are BiopPds which together treat 1.44 acres of ODOT area. The proposed location from the Supplemental Feasibility Study (FS) for the 16-1 unit was off US30 on 26th Ave. During Draft and Final Acceptance Plan Design, the facility was sited in the cul-de-sac at the termination of US 26th Ave to avoid known utility conflicts and business access points. At this proposed location, the PHS was anticipated to treat 5.3 acres of ODOT area.

However, geotechnical borings completed as part of design revealed extensive woodchips to approximately 30ft below ground surface elevation. Due to the extent of subsurface woodchips present at this location and structural interventions needed to support PHS structure in the weak woodchip contaminated subgrade, the estimated revised construction cost at this site is \$3,457,200.

Several alternatives to this site were evaluated and presented to ODOT. These included:

- 1. Construction of a micropile foundation needed to support PHS structure
- 2. Relocation of the PHS structure to the east shoulder of US30
- Replacement of the singular centralized PHS system with a series of distributed BioPods on US30, and
- 4. Relocation of the PHS unit to the median of the road east of the intersection of US30 and 26^{th} Ave

The fourth option, placement of the PHS structure in the median, was eliminated because of the hydraulically complex connection of the PHS structure to the storm main with an bypass system needed traffic impacts associated with lane closures in both directions of US30 for the duration of



construction as the PHS unit, and traffic control and safety issues for maintaining a system in the roadway. The Supplemental Feasibility Study also notes that "PHS units that are sited in locations that are difficult to access (including within major travel lanes) will have low effectiveness, low long-term reliability, and low implementability."

The second option, relocation of the PHS structure to the east shoulder of US30, was considered to be the most feasible alternate solution and was evaluated further. Option one was eliminated due to complexity and cost of the micropile foundation, and option 3 was eliminated due to the cost relative to the acres of ODOT treated area.

Key site considerations for the locating the 16-1 facility on the east shoulder of US30 (Option 2):

Table 1: Key site considerations for 16-1, alternative 2

DISCIPLINE	NOTES				
Structure information	PHS structure approximately 13' x 20' Depth of bottom of structure at 23' below ground surface (BGS), approximately 7' below pipe. Shoring and dewatering needed.				
Geotechnical	An additional geotechnical boring was completed at the location east of the shoulder of US 30. No woodchips were present. Poorly graded sand and gravel is present at to 20' BGS, with wet silty sand below that.				
	20" diameter steel water main PWB, at approximately 3' BGS would be perpendicular to new connection pipes installed. This is assumed to be protected in place.				
Utilities	8" High pressure gas main would need relocated. NW Natural has stated they are unlikely to be able to do this before 2027.				
	Abandoned 18" BES sewer line in roadway perpendicular to connecting pipes.				
Right-of-Way	A new easement would be needed for TPAR (temporary pedestrian access route) around the construction work zone. The TPAR must be accessible, so it may involve building platforms/walkways or adding paved surfacing. ODOT recommended that this would need to be a temporary easement for work area, an access easement would not cover steel plates.				
Traffic	Construction at this site be performed primarily as night work to maintain two travel lanes in each direction during daytime hours. Trenching would need to be resurfaced during day, highway speed in this area does not allow for use of steel plates. Short duration lane closures would likely be required to allow deep trenching (~20ft) with protection of water main in place and placement of connecting pipes under water main.				

The summary of costs associated with the relocation of the OF16-1 structure to the east should of US30 are:



Table 2: 16- Cost Summary for option 2, shoulder of US30

Construction Costs	\$ 1,496,400.00	<- Includes 18% construction engineering and 20% contingency
Additional Investigation Cost	\$ -	Geotechnical exploration and testing completed
Engineering Costs	\$ 123,600.00	
Total Construction and Engineering Cost	\$ 1,620,000.00	Cost is total cost for design and construction, survey not included

The resulting evaluation considered the same factors as the Supplemental Feasibility Study: Effectiveness, Long-term reliability, Implementability (sic), Implementation Risk, and Cost Reasonableness. Scores of Low (L)/Medium (M) /High (H) are assigned in accordance with the information provided in the appendix of the Supplemental Feasibility Study.

Table 3: 16-1 Site Evaluation based on Feasibility Study Criteria, for option 2

Criteria	Scoring	Notes				
Effectiveness						
SCM	М	*same as FS, effectiveness of facility				
Effectiveness						
Area Treated		4.4 ODOT acres				
Long-term Reliability	Н	*same as FS				
Implementability	М	Challenges include ROW acquisition, utility relocation, and traffic impacts				
Implementation Risk	М	High risk in implementation, close to major traffic lanes				
Cost Reasonableness						
Capital Cost	\$1.6M	High capital cost but moderate in terms of cost per ODOT acre treated				

In summary, the proposed relocation of the PHS structure to the shoulder of US30 would treat 4.4 acres of ODOT area, at a cost of \$1.6M (approximately \$365,000 per acre). However, the utility conflicts, need for ROW, and design complexity at this site resulted in an overall medium ranking of the structure based on the Facility Study criteria.

OF18-2

The proposed water quality structure at location 18-2 is one of two water quality structures in the OF 18 basin. The structure at 18-1 is a BioPod which treats 0.55 acres of ODOT area. In the Supplemental FS, the PHS structure at 18-2 was proposed to be located on the south side of US30 on NW Yeon Frontage Road. The project team originally designed the facility near this location. During Draft DAP review, coordination with rail indicated that the rail lines near the proposed location were inactive. However, during Final DAP, further coordination and design review revealed that the nearest rail line to the proposed location was active on a nightly basis. Construction requirements, including permitting, shoring, and flagging, made this location for the facility infeasible. Multiple alternative options were assessed, including:

1. Relocation outside of Univar Solutions, approximately 350ft west of original location



- 2. Relocation outside Prologis NW, east of the original location outside of rail conflicts in a parking area
- 3. Relocation near 35th Ave/US 30 intersection in unpaved area
- 4. Relocation outside of Convoy Supply Co, approximately 1200ft east of original location
- 5. Inclusion of additional BioPods to increase ODOT treated area

Preliminary analysis at two locations – near 35th Ave and outside Prologis NW were selected as preferred options to move forward with detailed alternatives analysis. These options were the most cost effective and determined to be the most feasible in early analysis and discussion with ODOT.

Key factors considered in the analysis:

Table 4: Key site considerations for the preferred 18-2 alternatives

DISCIPLINE	NEAR 35 TH AVE	PROLOGIS NW PARKING			
Structure information	PHS structure approximately 8' x	15'.			
Geotechnical	Geological exploration in Feb 2025 revealed poorly graded sand with gravel and silt up to 17' bgs (anticipated base elevation of structure). Water table at time of boring was 17' bgs.	Geological exploration in Feb 2025 revealed gravelly sand and poorly graded sand with gravel and silt up to 15' bgs (anticipated base elevation of structure). 5' bgs soil is noted to become wet at time of drilling.			
Rail	The design would avoid active rail spurs. BNSF has confirmed they can close adjacent tracks during construction. Depending Rail requirements for disturbance of inactive rail, specialized pile wall design and ongoing coordination with the Rail may be required	The design would avoid rail spurs.			
Utilities	Significant signal utilities are known to be in the area, owned by BNSF and City of Portland. Overhead utility line impacts are likely based on street view and site visit. NW Natural confirmed location of 6" gas line running along south side of site. Impacts to other junction boxes and structures within the unpaved area are possible.	Overhead utility lines are not anticipated to be impacted. Gas lines identified by NW Natural are on the opposite side of the frontage road and are not anticipated to be impacted. Lumen has indicated that they have a vault in the area and are potholing to provide further information. ODOT has completed survey, waiting on upload of revised document.			



Right-of-Way	A new ROW file is needed for TPAR, as the design will impact sidewalk. There is no sidewalk on the opposite side of the street to reroute pedestrians.	None needed. The design is intended to avoid sidewalk impacts by installing the stormwater structure in the parking area, thereby eliminating the need for TPAR and an easement for that use.
Traffic	The location is on a side road and would not impact US30 travel lanes.	The location is on a side road and would not impact US30 travel lanes.

The summary of costs associated with the relocation of the preferred OF18-2 alternatives are:

Table 5: 18-2 cost summary

	Near 35 th Ave	Prologis NW Parking	
Construction Costs	\$1,416,000	\$1,038,000	Includes 18% construction engineering and 20% contingency
Additional Investigation Cost	\$0	\$0	Geotechnical exploration and testing completed
Engineering Costs	\$115,200	\$115,200	
Total Construction and Engineering Cost	\$1,531,200	\$1,153,200	Cost is total cost for design and construction, survey not included

The resulting evaluation considered the same factors as the Supplemental Feasibility Study, Effectiveness, Long-term reliability, Implementability, Implementation Risk, and Cost Reasonableness. Scores of L/M/H are assigned in accordance with the information provided in the appendix of the Supplemental Feasibility Study.



Table 6: 18-2 Site Evaluation based on FS Criteria

Criteria	Scoring	Notes
Near 35 th Ave		
Effectiveness		
SCM Effectiveness	М	*same as FS, effectiveness of facility
Area Treated		4.3 ODOT acres (5.6 in FS)
Long-term Reliability	Н	*same as FS
Implementability	М	Challenges include ROW acquisition and utility conflicts
Implementation Risk	М	Moderate risk in implementation due to site access constraints and utility conflicts
Cost Reasonableness		
Capital Cost	\$1.5M	High capital cost but moderate in terms of cost per ODOT acre treated
Prologis NW Parking		
Effectiveness		
SCM Effectiveness	М	*same as FS, effectiveness of facility
Area Treated		2.1 ODOT acres (5.6 in FS)
Long-term Reliability	Н	*same as FS
Implementability	Н	Challenges include unknown utility impacts
Implementation Risk	Н	Low risk in implementation (high score)
Cost Reasonableness		
Capital Cost	\$1.1M	Moderate capital cost but high in terms of cost per ODOT acre treated

Based on this analysis, the proposed location in the angled parking area near Prologis NW was evaluated with slightly higher scores than the alternative near the intersection of NW Yeon Ave and NW 35th Ave. The challenges at the site near NW 35th Ave, including utility conflicts and the need for acquisition of ROW, resulted in the slightly lower implementation risk score at this site. There is a slightly higher capital cost for the location near NW 35th Ave, but the treated area is also higher than the location near NW Prologis.



Summary

Considered within the larger context of the project, the alternative location and designs selected for sites OF16-1 and OF18-2 have implications for the overall construction cost of the project. The following table presents the costs considering various combinations of including the alternatives for OF16-1 and OF18-2 evaluated in this document. The total programmed amount for construction is \$29,900,000. The alternatives included in this table evaluate cost for the inclusion of facilities at both 16-1 and at each of the 18-2 sites, as well as the total with either 16-1 or 18-2 excluded from the project. Note that these costs *do not* account for other anticipated construction cost savings.

Table 7: Total project construction cost estimate implications

Construction cost estimate as submitted with Advanced Plans, 10/2024	\$ 30,821,031
Total Programmed Amount for Construction	\$ 29,900,000
Revised w/ 16-1 and 18-2 near 35 th *	\$ 30,449,622
Revised w/ 16-1 and 18-2 near Prologis NW*	\$ 30,071,622
Revised w/ 18-2 near 35 th , removing 16-1*	\$ 28,829,622
Revised w/ 18-2 near Prologis NW, removing 16-1*	\$ 28,451,622
Revised w/ 16-1 included, removing 18-2*	\$ 28,918,422

RECOMMENDATION

Based on the information provided above, the design team recommends the *removal of the PHS unit at 16-1, and moving forward with design and construction of 18-2 at the location near Prologis NW in the parking area.* The reduction in treated area is low compared to the cost savings and schedule implications of including the sites at either the 16-1 US30 location or at the intersection of NW35th and NW Yeon Ave. This recommendation is based on cost and schedule impacts as well as site constraints.

Cost:

 The construction of facilities in both locations exceeds the current construction budget. The option to remove the facility at 16-1 and include the 18-2 facility presents the most cost-effective alternative.

Schedule:

 ROW impacts at the proposed 16-1 and 18-2 location near 35th have significant potential to delay the entire project if ROW cannot be acquired.



O Design of these facilities will take significant time and effort. We are waiting on survey data and additional information from utilities on existing conflicts. As we are already progressing Final Design for all other sites, the addition of new locations at this time has the potential to delay the project schedule. We are mitigating this risk by recommending the inclusion of only the site at 18-2 in the parking area near Prologis NW which is anticipated to have the least complicated design, but a revised design schedule will be needed either progressing the design at 18-2 separately or delaying the submittal of the Final Design package in order to include 18-2 within the Final Design set.

• Site constraints:

- Utility conflicts and traffic management at 16-1 significantly increase the complexity of construction and facility maintenance.
- Utility conflicts at the 18-2 location near 35th Ave, particularly signals that include City of Portland owned facilities, which may impact construction costs and schedule. Extent and specific location of these conflicts is still being confirmed.

Kelsey Harpham Project Manager, WSP



APPENDIX A

OF16-1 Supporting Documentation

RhinoOne GEOTECHNICAL

BORING NUMBER TB 22552-33

PAGE 1 OF 2

		ECHNICAL ** **									
		SP / Oregon Department of Transportation	PROJECT	NAME	Willa	mette Rive	r: Stor	mwate	er Source C	ontrol Imp	roveme
		UMBER WSP-2023-017, ODOT Key Number 22552				Portland, C					
		TED <u>2/25/25</u> COMPLETED <u>2/25/25</u>									
DRILL	ING C	ONTRACTOR PLI Systems	GROUND ELEVATION 38 ft HOLE SIZE 5 inches								
DRILL	ING N	ETHOD Mud Rotary with Auto Hammer	GROUND	WATER	LEVE	LS:					
LOGG	ED B	LJG CHECKED BY PH	$oxtime \Delta$ at	TIME OF	DRILI	LING _20.0	00 ft / E	Elev 18	3.00 ft		
NOTE	s		AF	TER DRII	LLING						
o DEPTH (ft)	GRAPHIC LOG	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION		SAMPLE TYPE NUMBER	RECOVERY % (RQD)	BLOW COUNTS (N VALUE)	POCKET PEN. (tsf)	DRY UNIT WT. (pcf)	▲ SP 20 4 20 4 20 4 20 4 20 4 20 4 20 4 20	40 60	80 LL 80 T (%) □
		Asphalt Concrete (14-inches)							:	: :	:
 		Poorly-graded SAND with trace silt (SP); brown; moist; loc to medium-grained sand (Young Alluvium)	ose; fine	V 0.07							
				SPT 1	39	4-4-4 (8)	_		•		
<u> </u>	٥	Poorly-graded SAND with gravel and trace silt (SP); brown	n; moist	SPT 2/	0	3-3-2			A		
	。()) Ø	to wet; loose; fine- to medium-grained sand; fine rounded (Young Alluvium)	gravel <			\					
	。 。)			SPT/3	22	4-2-3 (5)	_		•		
10	。 。 。 。			SPT 4	33	3-4-4 (8)	-		•		
	, , ,			SDT		112	-				
 15				SPT 5	50	4-4-3 (7)	-				
	。() () ()			SPT 6	0	4-2-2 (4)	-				
	。() 。() 。()			SPT 7	0	3-3-3 (6)	_		A •		
20		☑ Silty SAND (SP); grey; wet; loose; fine sand (Young Alluvi	um)	SPT 8	0	4-3-2 (5)	-		4 •		
- · -											
 25											



BORING NUMBER TB 22552-33

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CLIENT WSP / Oregon Department of Transportation

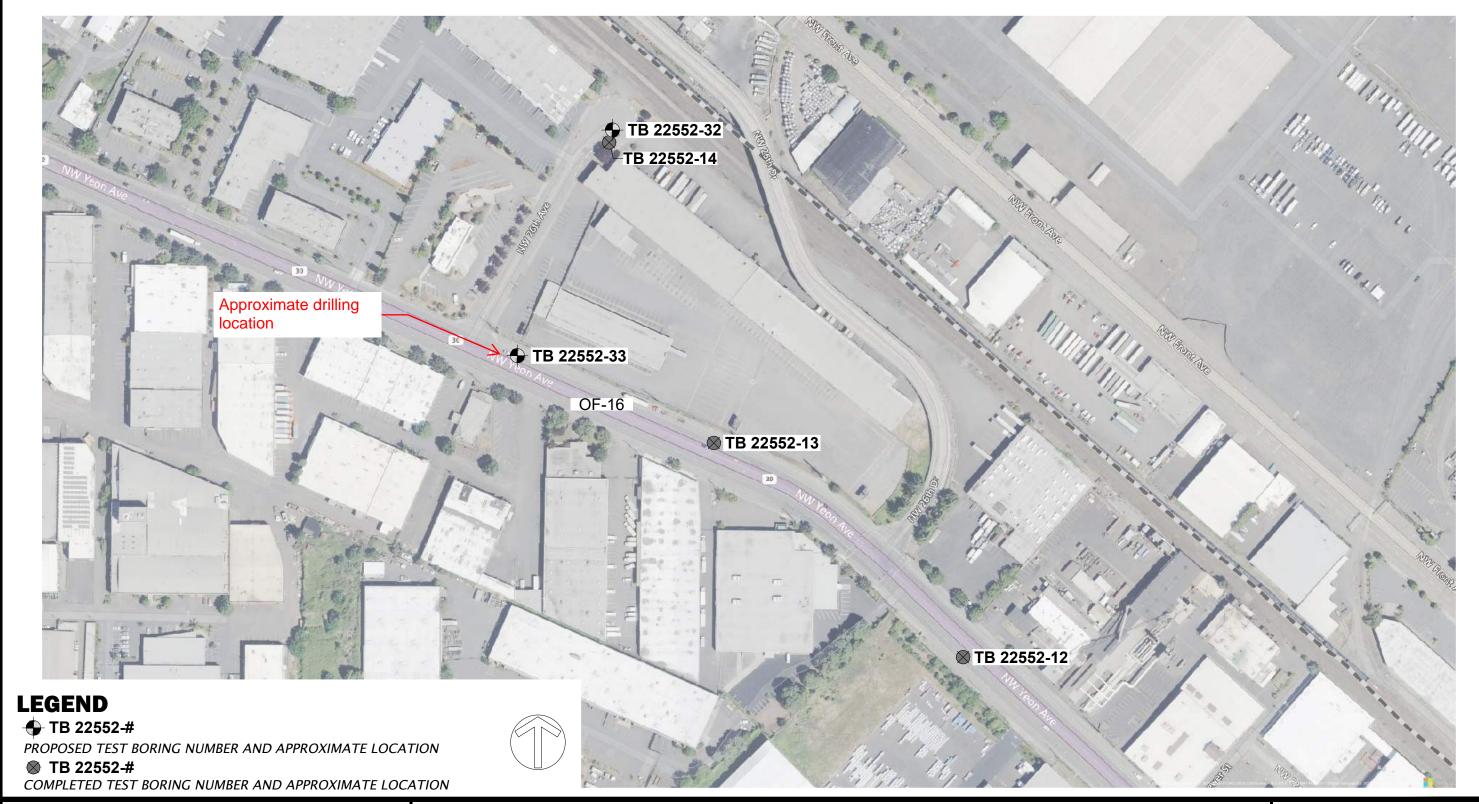
PROJECT NAME Willamette River: Stormwater Source Control Improvements

PROJECT NUMBER WSP-2023-017, ODOT Key Number 22552

PROJECT LOCATION Portland, Oregon

	PROJ	ECI N	UNIDER WSP-2023-017, ODOT Key Number 22552 PROJEC	LUCA	IION _	Portiano, C	regon		
	DEPTH (ft)	GRAPHIC LOG	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE TYPE NUMBER	RECOVERY % (RQD)	BLOW COUNTS (N VALUE)	POCKET PEN. (tsf)	DRY UNIT WT. (pcf)	A SPT N VALUE A 20 40 60 80 PL MC LL 20 40 60 80 □ FINES CONTENT (%) □ 20 40 60 80
-			Silty SAND (SP); grey; wet; loose; fine sand (Young Alluvium) (continued)	SPT 9	78	2-2-5 (7)	-		Å □ •
HASE II.GPJ	30		4-inch decomposed wood layer at 30 feet bgs 2-inch SILT layer at 30.3 feet bgs	SPT 10	72	1-2-3 (5)			
7			Bottom of borehole at 31.5 feet.	10		(5)			: : : :
GEOTECH BH PLOTS - OR_DOT 08272015.GDT - 3/7/25 08:14 - P.\TECHNICAL\GINT INFO\BENTLEY\GINT\PROJECTS\WSP-2023-017 ODOT SOURCE CONTROL PHASE II.GPJ									







2614 SE 129th Court, Vancouver, WA 98683 360-258-1738

WILLAMETTE RIVER SOURCE CONTROL IMPROVEMENT PROJECT

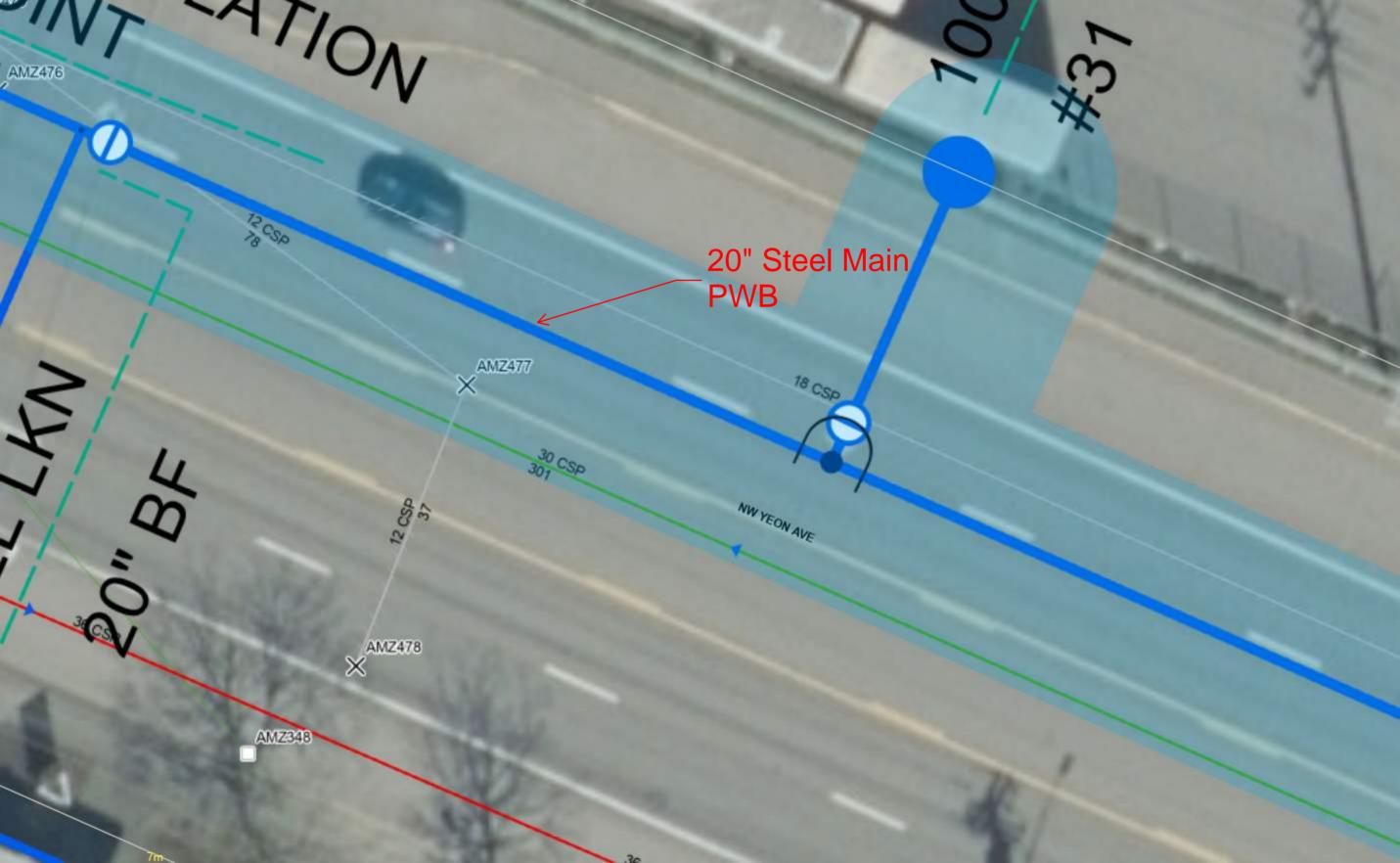
KEY NUMBER 22552 (PORTLAND HARBOR - HIGHWAY 30)
PORTLAND, MULTNOMAH COUNTY, OREGON

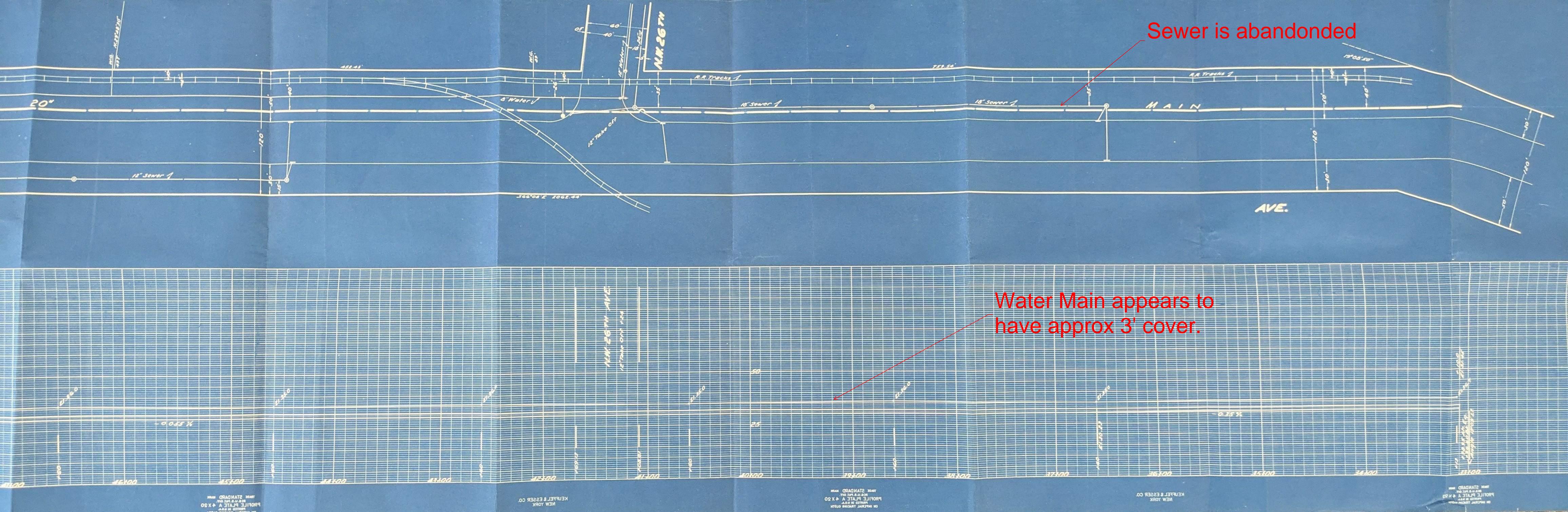
FIGURE 2A - SITE EXPLORATION PLAN

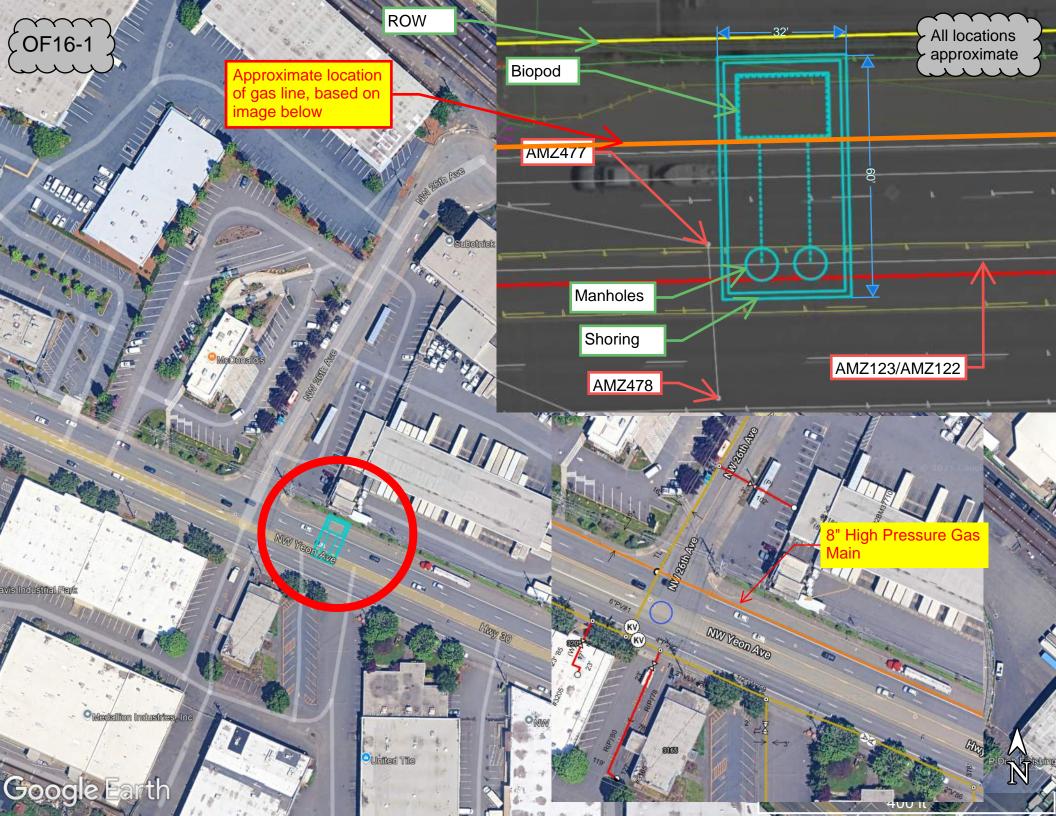
PROJECT

WSP-2023-017

DATE **JAN 2025**









POTHOLE REPORT SHEET

Date: 12/16/2024 WO# 10225935

Job Address: US 30 & 26th Ave, Portland

Customer: NWN

Operator: Jessie Siemers

Vac# 47021

PH# 2

Utility Owner/Operator: _NWN

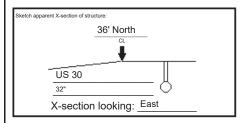
Utility Type: 8" HP STL

Pothole Location: US 30

NOTES:

Prepared by:
Chris Breazile | Lead Foreman
Ancillary Division | Loy Clark Construction
An MDU Construction Services Group, Inc. company
1902DA SW Copiole Rd. | Tualatin, OR 97/062
Office 803-844-2167 | Mobile 503-758-9861
chris breazile@loyclark.com | Joyclark.com

Set Utility tell-tale? no



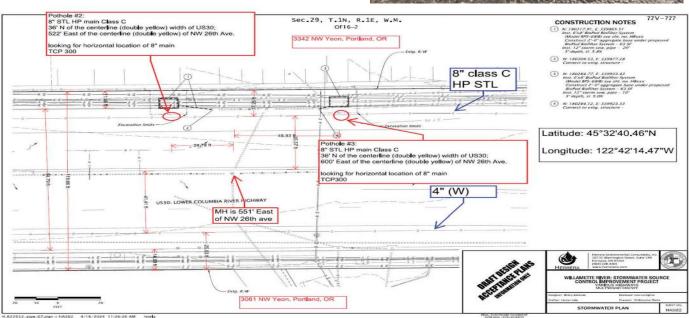
Lat: 45.544676 Long: -122.704065

Utility Material: HP STL
Hard Surface Core Depth: 20"
Cover Depth over Utility: 32"











APPENDIX B

OF16-1 Supporting Documentation





2614 SE 129th Court, Vancouver, WA 98683 360-258-1738

WILLAMETTE RIVER SOURCE CONTROL IMPROVEMENT PROJECT

KEY NUMBER 22552 (PORTLAND HARBOR - HIGHWAY 30)
PORTLAND, MULTNOMAH COUNTY, OREGON

FIGURE 2B - SITE EXPLORATION PLAN

PROJECT

WSP-2023-017

DATE **JAN 2025**





2614 SE 129th Court, Vancouver, WA 98683 360-258-1738

WILLAMETTE RIVER SOURCE CONTROL IMPROVEMENT PROJECT

KEY NUMBER 22552 (PORTLAND HARBOR - HIGHWAY 30)
PORTLAND, MULTNOMAH COUNTY, OREGON

FIGURE 2C - SITE EXPLORATION PLAN

PROJECT

WSP-2023-017

DATE **JAN 2025**

RhinoOne GEOTECHNICAL

BORING NUMBER TB 22552-34

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GE	UII	ECHNICAL ** II											
CLIEN	NT W	SP / Oregon Department of Transportation	PROJEC	T NAME	Willa	mette Rive	r: Stor	mwate	er Source Contro	ol Improv	vement		
PROJECT NUMBER WSP-2023-017, ODOT Key Number 22552 DATE STARTED 2/26/25 COMPLETED 2/26/25			PROJECT LOCATION Portland, Oregon										
												DRILLING CONTRACTOR PLI Systems	
1		IETHOD _Mud Rotary with Auto Hammer							<u> </u>				
		/ LJG CHECKED BY PH)() ft / F	=lev 20	0.00 ft				
		Ondones St. 111						_10 V Z	5.00 K				
11012				I LIX DIXI	LLING			I			-		
O DEPTH (ft)	GRAPHIC LOG	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION		SAMPLE TYPE NUMBER	RECOVERY % (RQD)	BLOW COUNTS (N VALUE)	POCKET PEN. (tsf)	DRY UNIT WT. (pcf)	20 40 PL Mi 20 40 PINES CON 20 40	60 8 C LL 60 8 NTENT (80 - 80 [%] □		
	, O C	Asphalt Concrete (1-inch)							: :	-	:		
	۰ .	Base Rock (6-inches)											
	。() () ()	Vacuumed to 7 feet bgs without sampling Poorly-graded SAND with gravel and silt (SP); Brown; Wet; Medium-grained sand; Fine rounded gravel	Loose;										
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55	0												
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	O		<	\leftarrow		>	<u> </u>				:		
	0.0		Ì	SPT	39	1-3-4			A •	:			
<u> </u>	Ø		<u>~</u>			(7)							
10	, O		,	\	\setminus	>							
10	0 0			SPT	M	245							
	O		$\setminus \bigvee$	2	50	2-4-5 (9)			•				
	。 O		\				1						
-	$ \circ \bigcirc$			<u> </u>						:	:		
-	Ø			SPT	56	4-4-5							
	o O			3	50	(9)			1 1 1 1	:	:		
	0 0									:	:		
15	0						1			:	. :		
<u> </u>	, O			SPT 4	33	3-4-5 (9)			•				
:	o ()					(-/	-			:			
3 	\.\.\.\.\.\.\.\.\.\.\.\.\.\.\.\.\.\.\.	Poorly-graded SAND with some silt (SP), grey; moist; loose	 e; fine							······································	· . · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
-		to medium-grained sand (Young Alluvium)		SPT	20	2-2-3							
				5	22	(5)				:	:		
-							1			:	:		
20							-						
[]				SPT 6	39	2-2-3					:		
-				b		(5)	1			:	:		
<u>-</u>									.				
<u> </u>											:		
<u>-</u>										:::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::			
25										:	:		



BORING NUMBER TB 22552-34

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CLIENT WSP / Oregon Department of Transportation PROJECT NAME Willamette River: Stormwater Source Control Improvements PROJECT NUMBER WSP-2023-017, ODOT Key Number 22552 PROJECT LOCATION Portland, Oregon ▲ SPT N VALUE ▲ SAMPLE TYPE NUMBER POCKET PEN. (tsf) ONIT WT. (pcf) RECOVERY 9 (RQD) GRAPHIC LOG BLOW COUNTS (N VALUE) 40 60 DEPTH (ft) LL MATERIAL DESCRIPTION 40 60 80 DR^{Y} ☐ FINES CONTENT (%) ☐ 25 60 40 Poorly-graded SAND with some silt (SP); grey; moist; loose; fine to medium-grained sand (Young Alluvium) (continued) SPT 3-3-5 (8) SILT with some trace sand (ML); grey; low to medium plasticity; wet; very soft; fine sand (Young Alluvium) GEOTECH BH PLOTS - OR DOT 08272015,GDT - 3/7/25 08:14 - P:/TECHNICAL/GINT INFO/BENTLEY/GINT/PROJECTS/WSP-2023-017 ODOT SOURCE CONTROL PHASE II.GR. 30 SPT 0-0-0 8 (0)ST 100 35 Becomes very soft 40 0-0-0 100 (0)45 0-2-3 100 (5) Elastic SILT with some sand (MH); grey; high plasticity; moist; medium stiff; fine sand (Young Alluvium) Bottom of borehole at 46.5 feet.

RhinoOne GEOTECHNICAL

BORING NUMBER TB 22552-35

PAGE 1 OF 2

UL	.01	LOT INICAL										
CLIEN	NT W	SP / Oregon Department of Transportation	PROJEC	Γ NAME	Willa	mette Rive	r: Stor	mwate	r Source	: Control Imp	orovement	
PROJ	ECT N	UMBER WSP-2023-017, ODOT Key Number 22552	LOCATION Portland, Oregon									
		TED <u>2/25/25</u> COMPLETED <u>2/25/25</u>		EAST								
		ONTRACTOR PLI Systems				36 ft						
								OLL	. 0.2L _ <u></u>	IIICIICS		
		IETHOD Mud Rotary with Auto Hammer	$\overline{}$					0.4	00 8			
1		CHECKED BY PH				LING _5.00		ev 31.	.00 π			
NOTE	S		AF'	TER DRI	LLING							
DEPTH (ft)	GRAPHIC LOG	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION		SAMPLE TYPE NUMBER	RECOVERY % (RQD)	BLOW COUNTS (N VALUE)	POCKET PEN. (tsf)	DRY UNIT WT. (pcf)	20 PL ⊢ 20	8PT N VALU 40 60 MC 40 60	80 LL 80	
				SAI	RE	ے د	8 8	R	□ FINE	ES CONTEN	٠,	
0		Asphalt Concrete (5-inches)							20	40 60	80 :	
	P 6 1	Concrete (10-inches)							:	: :	:	
	A A	Gravelly SAND with some silt (SP); brown; moist; loose;									:	
-		medium-grained sand (Young Alluvium)					-				:	
-				SPT 1	67	4-4-5 (9)			_◆	: :	:	
				A '		(9)				: :	:	
5 5		abla								: :	:	
3		Becomes wet		SPT		1-4-4					:	
				2/	56	(8)						
							1 \			: :	:	
	o O	Poorly-graded SAND with some gravel and silt (SP); brow medium dense; medium-grained sand; fine rounded grave	n; wet;			-					:	
	(O	Alluvium)	ei (Young \	SPT	/2/	5-5-6					:	
) Ø		~	$\sqrt{3}$		(11)				: :	:	
	0										:	
10		Poorly-graded SAND with some gravel and silt (SP); brow loose to medium dense; fine to medium-grained sand (Yo	n; wet;			/	-					
5		Alluvium)	~\s	SPT	56	4-5-5 (10)			 	, .	:	
			\ \	4		(10)					:	
		Poorly-graded SAND with some silt (SP), grey; wet; loose	fine							:	:	
5		sand (Young Alluvium)	, 11110	SPT		0.4.0				: :	:	
			_/	SPI 5	50	3-4-3 (7)			A : •	•	:	
						. ,	-					
15										: :	:	
				SPT		3-3-2				_ : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	:	
-				6	39	(5)			↑	•		
<u> </u>				`					\			
š	ø. O	Poorly-graded SAND with some gravel and silt (SP); grey	; wet;							: :	:	
- 5	0 🔘	medium dense; fine sand; fine rounded gravel (Young Allu	uvium)	SPT		7-7-7						
2	0			7	56	(14)						
-	, O						1				:	
20	. (ļ				-		. .			
5). · · ·			SPT	94	7-7-8						
<u>-</u>	Ø			8	"	(15)					:	
<u> </u>	0 ~						1					
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BORING NUMBER TB 22552-35

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CLIENT WSP / Oregon Department of Transportation

PROJECT NAME Willamette River: Stormwater Source Control Improvements

PROJECT NUMBER WSP-2023-017, ODOT Key Number 22552

PROJECT LOCATION Portland, Oregon

FROS	ILC I NO	JMBER WSP-2023-017, ODOT Key Number 22552 PROJEC	LOCA	1014	Portiand, C	regui		
(t) (t) 25	GRAPHIC LOG	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE TYPE NUMBER	RECOVERY % (RQD)	BLOW COUNTS (N VALUE)	POCKET PEN. (tsf)	DRY UNIT WT. (pcf)	A SPT N VALUE A 20 40 60 80 PL MC LL 20 40 60 80 □ FINES CONTENT (%) □ 20 40 60 80
		Poorly-graded SAND with some gravel and silt (SP); grey; wet; medium dense; fine sand; fine rounded gravel (Young Alluvium) (continued)	SPT 9	78	5-5-7 (12)			
30	000	Poorly-graded SAND with some silt (SP); grey; wet; loose; fine sand (Young Alluvium) Bottom of borehole at 31.5 feet.	SPT 10	44	5-5-4 (9)			
				\/ />				
					>			
30								



