RISK-BASED CORRECTIVE ACTION DETERMINATION





FORMER 12TH AVENUE MOTOR SERVICE LUST FACILITY #26-23-0131 2436 SE 12TH AVENUE PORTLAND, MULTNOMAH COUNTY, OREGON

Report Prepared for and Reliance Provided to:

SKYHOOK FITNESS, INC. 2436 SE 12TH AVENUE PORTLAND, OREGON 97214

Point Source Solutions Project No: OR230123-3B February 20, 2025 Field Work Conducted and Report Prepared in General Accordance with the following:

ASTM Standard Practice E1903

Oregon State Board of Geologist Examiners Professional Practices Guideline (May 2014)

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Point Source Solutions LLC (Point Source) is pleased to provide the results from the Risk-Based Corrective Action Determination Investigation prepared for the Former Twelfth Avenue Motor Service Site, LUST #26-23-0131, located at 2436 SE 12th Avenue, Portland, Oregon, 97214 ("Site").

1.0 PURPOSE

The purpose of this investigation is to:

- Assess onsite subsurface conditions to evaluate if there has been a release of hazardous substances; determine the nature and extent of the impacts to soil, soil vapor and groundwater, if any; and evaluate potential threats from these releases to the beneficial use of the Site.
- Develop a Conceptual Site Model (CSM).
- Complete a Beneficial Land and Water Use Determination (BLWUD).
- Develop a list of Contaminants of Interest (COI) based upon the characteristics of the identified release.
- Compare Contaminants of Potential Concern (COPC) concentrations to the ODEQ's Risk Based Concentrations (RBCs) for potentially complete exposure pathways.

This investigation was completed in general accordance with ASTM E1903-11, Standard Practice for Environmental Site Assessments: Phase II Environmental Site Assessment Process. These methodologies are described as representing good commercial and customary practice for conducting a Phase II ESA of a property for the purpose of evaluating recognized environmental conditions.

The information provided in this report describes the work performed and provides documentation of the data and evaluation that constitutes the factual findings of the investigation.

2.0 BACKGROUND INFORMATION

Point Source performed a Phase I Environmental Site Assessment (ESA) of the Site (Project Number OR231023-3 dated February 6, 2023). Below is an excerpt from the Phase I report:

Based on a review of city directories, Sanborn Fire Insurance Maps and City of Portland building permit files it was disclosed that the subject property operated as a service station from 1927 through 1972. The dispenser island for the former service station is still present and according to the long-time owner of the subject property, USTs related to past use of the service station are located beneath a concrete pad fronting the subject property.

Additional features related to past use of the subject property building as a service station such as grease pits or in-ground hydraulic lifts were not observed or depicted on plan sheets.

Point Source provided a proposal for an environmental investigation to address the recognized environmental conditions outlined in the Phase I ESA.

On February 7, 2023, Pacific Geophysics conducted a geophysical survey of the Site in an attempt to locate the USTs referenced in the Phase I ESA, as well as any subsurface infrastructure relating to former auto repair operations in the interior of the Site building. Two USTs were identified in the south corner of the Site at the intersection of SE 12th and SE Elliott Avenues. Both USTs were found to be buried approximately 2.5 feet below ground surface, each measuring 4.0 feet in diameter and 12 feet in length.



No other USTs were found onsite. No hoists or "grease pits," as referenced in the Phase I ESA, were identified in the Site building interior. Four boring locations were cleared at the ends of the USTs, and two were cleared in the interior near a former bay of the original auto repair shop and a floor drain.

Following the geophysical survey, Point Source filed sidewalk and parking closure permits with the Portland Bureau of Transportation before starting the investigation. Once the permits were approved, Point Source mobilized to the Site on February 22 and 28, 2023 to complete the investigation.

Soil contamination was observed in the two borings advanced on the south ends of the USTs. A sample of the highest observed impact using a handheld photoionization detector was collected from each of the south end borings. Impact was not observed in any of the borings advanced on the north side of the USTs or in the Site building's interior. The highest level of contamination returned in the laboratory analytical results (B2-S1-11), amounted to 2,200 mg/kg of gasoline-range petroleum hydrocarbons (TPH-Gx), and 2,000 mg/kg of diesel-range petroleum hydrocarbons (TPH-Dx). The TPH-Dx result was qualified on the analytical report as not conforming to the chromatographic standard, most likely indicating that the TPH-Dx result was largely driven by weathered gasoline.

Within 72 hours of receipt of these results, Point Source reported the release to the Oregon Department of Environmental Quality (ODEQ) on March 3, 2023. The Site was assigned LUST file number #26-23-0131. An Initial 20-Day Report Form was filed by Point Source with ODEQ on March 15, 2023.

Point Source' Phase II Subsurface Investigation is included in **Appendix A**.

Based on these results, Skyhook Fitness requested that Point Source provide a scope of work to decommission USTs, clean up accessible contaminated soil encountered, delineate remaining contamination subsequent to the decommissioning, and evaluate the vapor intrusion exposure pathway. Point Source provided Skyhook with a work proposal that addressed the listed tasks. Skyhook authorized Point Source's UST decommissioning and cleanup scope of work in May 2023.

After having received authorization, Point Source filed a 30 day notice to decommission the two USTs with ODEQ on May 15, 2023, notifying ODEQ that the decommissioning of the USTs was to begin on June 12. During this time, the proper permits for sidewalk closure with PBOT and UST decommissioning with Portland Fire and Rescue were applied for and received. Point Source gave notification to Mark Drouin of ODEQ three working days prior to the scheduled work start date.

The USTs were decommissioned by removal by Soil Solutions Environmental Services (SSES). A total of 12.03 tons of PCS were removed from an approximately 200 square foot excavation and hauled under non-hazardous waste profile #140298OR to the Waste Management – Hillsboro Landfill. A copy of the transaction history of the waste profile used for the excavation is included as **Appendix B**.

As evidenced by the laboratory analytical results of select post-excavation confirmation samples, pockets of TPH-Gx contaminated soil remain in one area adjacent to the excavation where accessibility and feasibility concerns prohibited the crew from continuing its removal.

The following sections detail confirmation samples, delineation of remaining PCS, and soil gas samples collected during subsurface investigations subsequent to the excavation.

A site location map (Figure 1), site plan (Figure 2), topographic map (Figure 3), soil sample location diagram (Figure 4), and soil gas sample location diagram (Figure 5) with Site setting, soil and soil gas sample locations, and remaining pockets of contamination are attached. Soil analytical results (Table 1)



and soil gas analytical **(Table 2)** are attached. Laboratory analytical reports for the soil samples described above are included in **Appendix C**. A photo log documenting project activities is included as **Appendix D**.

3.0 SOILS, GEOLOGY & GROUNDWATER CHARACTERISTICS

The Site is situated in the Willamette Valley (Orr, Orr, Baldwin, 1992). Sediments collected in this area record multiple Ice Age floods that originated in Montana, poured through the Cascades via the Columbia River, and backed up in the valley before eventually draining to the Pacific Ocean. No bedrock was observed in the vicinity of the Site. The estimated depth to bedrock at the *subject property* is greater than 200 feet below the ground surface.

According to the USDA Soil Conservation Service Soil Survey of Multnomah County (NRCS Web Soil Survey), the Site is mapped predominantly as Urban Land-Latourelle Complex. This component is found on terraces. The parent material consists of medium textured alluvium. The natural drainage class is well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is moderately high.

According to a well log search conducted on the Oregon Water Resources Department (OWRD) website, shallow groundwater has been encountered in borings and wells advanced in the vicinity of the Site at depths of approximately 20 feet below ground surface. No on-site water wells or springs were observed during the Site reconnaissance. Domestic water is supplied to the Site by the City of Portland and is reportedly obtained primarily from surface water.

The United States Geological Survey (USGS) Portland, Oregon Quadrangle 7.5 minute series topographic map was reviewed for this ESA. This map was published by the USGS in 1990. According to the contour lines on the topographic map, the Site elevation is approximately 55 feet above mean sea level. The contour lines in the area of the Site indicate groundwater flow beneath the Site is likely to the west southwest toward the Willamette River. The Site is shaded in grey on this map indicating an urban setting. No production wells or other significant surface features are depicted on the Site on the USGS map.

A copy of the topographic map is included as Figure 2.

4.0 SCOPE OF WORK

The scope of work is intended to determine the nature and extent of impacts to soil and soil vapor, if any, that may remain subsequent to remedial activities, evaluate potential threats from these releases to the beneficial use of the Site, and support closure of the leaking underground storage tank release with the ODEQ.

4.1 Subsurface Investigation Area of Potential Concern, Borings and Analysis

Based upon the data obtained during Point Source' initial Phase II Investigation which resulted in LUST file #26-23-0131, the following area was identified for investigation.

Area of Potential Concern	Borings/Confirmation Samples
Impacted soil associated with the release of TPH-Gx from where two 1,000-gallon gasoline USTs were formerly buried.	NPW-S1-8, EPW-S1-8, NPB-S1-8, NPB-S2-11, WPW-S1-11, SWPW-S1-10, SPB-S1-11, SPW-S1-11, SEPW-S1-11.5, CPB-S1-11.5, NPW2-S1-9, NWPW-S1-10, NPB2-S1-11.5, SB7-S1-12, SB8-S1-12, SB9-S1-12, SB10-S1-12



Samples	Media	Analytical Methods	Detection Limit
NPW-S1-8, EPW-S1-8, NPB-S1-8, NPB-S2-11, WPW-S1-11, SWPW-S1- 10, SPB-S1-11, SPW-S1-11, SEPW- S1-11.5, CPB-S1-11.5, NPW2-S1-9, NWPW-S1-10, NPB2-S1-11.5, SB7- S1-12, SB8-S1-12, SB9-S1-12, SB10- S1-12	Soil	NWTPH-Gx, EPA 8260 (VOC)s and Select VOCs	RBCs for Leaching to Groundwater in an occupational/commercial setting.
SS1, SS2, SG1, SG2, SG3, SG4	Soil Gas	TO-15 VOCs	RBCsv soil vapor intrusion for commercial and residential receptors.

4.2 Utility Locating

Prior to initiating the field activities, Oregon law requires that, at least 48 hours prior to the initiation of any subsurface work (drilling, backhoe operation, etc.), a utility inspection be performed at the Site. This inspection consists of the marking of underground utility locations by authorized utility locating personnel. The utility inspection was performed prior to the drilling and excavation activities.

4.3 Health and Safety Plan

A written site specific Safety Plan was read by field personnel. A safety meeting was conducted at the site prior to the commencement of the fieldwork. Topics included potential exposure to contaminants of interest, personal protective equipment (drilling and media contact), location of first aid kit, and location/directions to closest emergency medical facility.

5.0 SAMPLING METHODOLOGY and QA/QC

5.1 Soil Samples

SSES was contracted to perform limited access delineation soil sampling surrounding the impacted soils that were left in place after UST decommissioning and soil removal. Borings SB7 through SB10 were advanced using a Geoprobe LB sampler with a PVC liner, which was advanced using limited access direct push drilling equipment using 2 foot long by 1.6 inch diameter drill rods. The sampler was driven into the subsurface to allow undisturbed soil to enter the open sampler barrel and retrieved in 2-foot intervals to recover the soil-filled liners.

All excavation confirmation samples were collected from the inside of an excavator bucket. The bucket was decontaminated with phosphate-free detergent and water between confirmation samples.

Soils were field-screened using visual, sheen, and olfactory observations, and for the presence of volatile organic compounds (VOCs) using a photoionization detector (PID). Headspace vapor screening was conducted on representative samples placed in a sealed plastic bag. The tip of a PID was inserted into a hole in the bag, and the presence of VOCs was measured. Readings are collected in parts per million (ppm).

Soil samples were collected in 4-ounce glassware with Teflon-lined lids and 40-ml VOA vials containing methanol as a preservative. Each sample was labeled for identification and stored in an iced cooler.



5.2 Groundwater Samples

Groundwater was not encountered during site assessment of tank decommissioning activities. Therefore, groundwater samples were not collected.

5.3 Soil Gas Samples

Sub-slab vapor samples were collected via prefabricated stainless steel sampling points (VaporPinTM) which were inserted into 5/8-inch holes drilled through the building floor. Samples were collected in a laboratory-provided Summa vacuum canister (EPA Method TO-15). The sampling train included 12 inches of Teflon tubing, brass swage fittings, and a laboratory-provided Summa vacuum canister. After approximately 20-minutes of equilibration time the air volume within the collection apparatus and Teflon tubing was purged for a minimum of three volumes. A silicon sleeve, hydrated bentonite seal, and a water dam was placed around the vapor pin to act as a vapor seal and primary leak check.

Soil gas samples were collected via GeoProbe PRT vapor sampling system assembly driven 5 feet below ground surface and connected to a sampling train that included approximately 7 feet of Teflon tubing, brass swage fittings, and a laboratory-provided Summa vacuum canister. After approximately 20-minutes of equilibration time the air volume within the collection apparatus and Teflon tubing was purged for a minimum of three volumes.

All sampling equipment was thoroughly cleaned and decontaminated before, between, and after use with Liquinox[™] or an equivalent phosphate-free detergent solution to reduce the risk of cross-contamination. Nitrile gloves were worn whenever handling samples, equipment, or any other potentially contaminated items. Dedicated tubing was disposed of and new materials were utilized for each sampling location.

6.0 SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION/EXCAVATION

6.1 Soil Sampling

Please refer to Point Source' Phase II Subsurface Environmental Investigation report (attached as **Appendix A**) for analytical results of soil samples collected previous to excavation and delineation efforts that are outlined here.

A total of 12.03 tons of PCS was removed from an approximately 200 square foot excavation and hauled under non-hazardous waste profile #140298OR to Waste Management – Hillsboro landfill. A copy of the transaction history of the waste profile used for the excavation is included as **Appendix B**.

Confirmatory samples NPW-S1-8, EPW-S1-8, NPB-S1-8, NPB-S2-11, WPW-S1-11, SWPW-S1-10, SPB-S1-11, SPW-S1-11, SEPW-S1-11.5, CPB-S1-11.5, NPW2-S1-9, NWPW-S1-10, NPB2-S1-11.5 were all collected from the excavation.

- NPW-S1-8 was collected from the north pit wall of the excavation at a depth of 8 feet below ground surface (bgs). Staining and odor were not noted in this boring.
- EPW-S1-8 was collected from the east pit wall of the excavation at a depth of 8 feet bgs. Staining and odor were not noted in this boring.
- NPB-S1-8 was collected from the north pit bottom of the excavation at a depth of 8 feet bgs.
 Staining and odor were not noted in this boring.
- NPB-S2-11 was collected from the north pit bottom of the excavation at a depth of 11 feet bgs.



Staining and odor were not noted in this boring. This appears to be the vertical extent of remaining PCS at the Site.

- NPW2-S1-9 was collected from the north pit wall of the excavation at a depth of 9 feet bgs. Staining and odor were noted in this boring. Gx contamination was confirmed analytically.
- WPW-S1-11 was collected from the west pit wall of the excavation at a depth of 11 feet bgs. Staining and odor were not noted in this boring.
- SWPW-S1-10 was collected from the southwest pit wall of the excavation at a depth of 10 feet bgs.
 Staining and odor were not noted in this boring.
- SPB-S1-11 was collected from the south pit bottom of the excavation at a depth of 11 feet bgs. Staining and odor were not noted in this boring.
- SPW-S1-11 was collected from the south pit wall of the excavation at a depth of 11 feet bgs. Staining
 and odor were not noted in this boring.
- SEPW-S1-11.5 was collected from the southeast pit wall of the excavation at a depth of 11.5 feet bgs. Staining and odor were not noted in this boring.
- CPB-S1-11.5 was collected from the center pit bottom of the excavation at a depth of 11.5 feet bgs. Staining and odor were not noted in this boring.
- NWPW-S1-10 was collected from the northwest pit wall of the excavation at a depth of 10 feet bgs. Staining and odor were not noted in this boring.
- NPB2-S1-11.5 was collected from the north pit bottom of the excavation at a depth of 11.5 feet bgs.
 Staining and odor were not noted in this boring.

The subsequent subsurface investigation was conducted on October 08, 2024. During this phase, soil borings were advanced by SSES.

- Boring SB7 was advanced to a maximum explored depth of 12.0 feet bgs approximately 5 feet north
 of antecedent excavation soil sample NPW2-S1-9. The intention of this boring was to delineate
 remining soil impacts to the north of the presumed remaining soil plume. A soil sample was
 collected from this boring at 12.0 feet. Petroleum staining and odor was not observed in screened
 soils extracted from this boring. VOCs were noted in this boring at 8.1 ppm via PID.
- Boring SB8 was advanced to a maximum explored depth of 12.0 feet bgs approximately 10 feet east
 of antecedent excavation soil sample NPW2-S1-9. The intention of this boring was to delineate
 remining soil impacts to the east of the presumed remaining soil plume. A soil sample was collected
 from this boring at 12.0 feet. Petroleum staining and odor was not observed in screened soils
 extracted from this boring. VOCs were noted in this boring at 1.7 ppm via PID.
- Boring SB9 was advanced to a maximum explored depth of 12.0 feet bgs approximately 10 feet north of antecedent excavation soil sample NPW2-S1-9. The intention of this boring was to delineate remining soil impacts to the north of the presumed remaining soil plume. A soil sample was collected from this boring at 12.0 feet. Petroleum staining and odor was not observed in screened soils extracted from this boring. VOCs were noted in this boring at 0.1 ppm via PID.
- Boring SB10 was advanced to a maximum explored depth of 12.0 feet bgs approximately 10 feet
 west of antecedent excavation soil sample NPW2-S1-9. The intention of this boring was to delineate
 remining soil impacts to the west of the presumed remaining soil plume. A soil sample was
 collected from this boring at 12.0 feet. Petroleum staining and odor was not observed in screened



soils extracted from this boring. VOCs were noted in this boring at 4.0 ppm via PID.

Boring locations are illustrated on Figure 4.

6.2 Soil Gas Sampling

Soil gas sampling was conducted to evaluate the potential risk of exposure scenarios for onsite and offsite receptors. Two sub-slab samples were collected from the interior of the Site building in locations that were near the remaining soil plume, and in the east and west directions onsite and offsite to address structures that were within 100 feet of the remaining soil plume.

The subsequent subsurface soil gas investigations were conducted on October 08, 2024, November 14, 2024, and January 23, 2025.

- Sub slab sample SS1 was advanced immediately beneath the concrete slab of the Site building in the
 northeast portion of the building. The intention of this boring was to evaluate volatilization to
 indoor air from contaminated soil.
- Sub slab sample SS2 was advanced immediately beneath the concrete slab of the Site building in the northwest portion of the building. The intention of this boring was to evaluate volatilization to indoor air from contaminated soil.
- Soil gas sample SG1 was advanced to 5 feet bgs beneath the concrete slab of the exterior portion of
 the Site approximately 8 feet east of the contaminated soil plume. The intention of this boring was
 to evaluate soil gas conditions in effort to demonstrate no offsite migration of vapors.
- Soil gas sample SG2 was advanced to 5 feet bgs beneath the concrete slab of the exterior portion of the Site approximately 8 feet west of contaminated soil plume. The intention of this boring was to evaluate soil gas conditions in effort to demonstrate no offsite migration of vapors.
- Soil gas sample SG3 was advanced to 5 feet bgs beneath the sidewalk west of SE 12th Avenue approximately 50 feet west of the contaminated soil plume. The intention of this boring was to evaluate soil gas conditions for offsite receptors to the west of the Site.
- Soil gas sample SG4 was advanced to 5 feet bgs beneath a landscaped area east of SE Elliot Avenue approximately 50 feet east of the contaminated soil plume. The intention of this boring was to evaluate soil gas conditions for offsite receptors to the east of the Site.

Soil gas sampling locations are illustrated on **Figure 5**.

6.3 Laboratory Analytical Results

Soil and soil gas samples collected during project activities were transported under chain of custody to Friedman and Bruya Environmental Chemists, Inc of Seattle, Washington for analysis.

Soils

- 17 soil samples (13 excavation confirmatory and 4 subsequent delineation samples) were analyzed by Method NWTPH-GX and NWTPG-Dx and for gasoline and diesel range hydrocarbons. Of the seventeen samples, only one soil sample (NPW2-S1-9) demonstrated petroleum impacts and therefore was further analyzed for VOC constituents via EPA Method 8260 and lead via EPA Method 6020B. The remaining 16 samples were below method reporting limits for NWTPH-GX and NWTPG-Dx and therefore further constituent analysis was not performed.
- Concentrations of gasoline range hydrocarbons in soil sample NPW2-S1-9 was 9,700 mg/kg



exceeding the leaching to groundwater RBC of 130 mg/kg. Diesel range hydrocarbons was 310 mg/kg, although this concentration was flagged by the laboratory with an "x" indicating it was outside the chromatographic expected range and thus most likely is attributable to the gasoline detection.

• Various VOCs including ethylbenzene, xylenes, 1,3,5 TMB, 1,2,4 TMB, and naphthalene exceeded their respective screening levels for the Leaching to Groundwater RBC. Please refer to Table 1 in the attached figures of this report for concentrations and comparison to screening values.

Please refer to **Table 1** in the attachments of this report for concentrations and comparative screening values.

Soil Gas

- Sub slab samples SS1 and SS2 reported analytical results below all of their respective screening levels (RBCsv) for gasoline range hydrocarbons and select VOCs for commercial receptors.
- Soil gas samples SG1 and SG2 exceeded their respective screening levels (RBCsv) for gasoline range hydrocarbons, ethylbenzene, naphthalene, and xylenes. As a result of this analysis, subsequent sampling was performed to address offsite receptors.
- Soil gas samples SG3 and SG4 exceeded their respective screening levels (RBCsv) for two constituents. Full list 8260 was analyzed in these samples with only acrolein and 1,3 butadiene exceeding their respective screening levels (RBCsv) for residential receptors.

Please refer to **Table 2** in the attachments of this report for concentrations and comparative screening values.

Laboratory analytical reports and chain-of-custody forms are included as Appendix C.

6.4 Quality Assurance/Quality Control Review

Laboratory QA/QC measures were performed through data validation of available analytical data generated as part of these sampling events. Data validation considered the following:

- Method Detection and/or Reporting Limits
- Laboratory Matrix Blanks
- Sample Holding Times
- Surrogate and Matrix Spike Recoveries, and
- Laboratory Duplicate Analysis Results

Select VOCs results from delineation soil gas samples were noted to be qualified by a "ve" qualifier by Friedman & Bruya. According to the glossary of the lab report, a "ve" qualifier denotes that the analyte response exceeded the valid instrument calibration range, and that the reported value is an estimate.

Diesel range organics were qualified with an "x" in all detections. An "x" denotes results outside of the expected chromatographic range which is interpreted to be from gasoline range hydrocarbons.

Other than these qualified results, the labs did not report any other qualifiers which would indicate problems with the sample results. According to the lab reports, all analyses were performed with the appropriate Batch QC (including Sample Duplicates, Matrix Spikes and/or Matrix Spike Duplicates) in



order to meet or exceed method and regulatory requirements. In cases where there is insufficient sample material provided for Sample Duplicates and/or Matrix Spikes, a Lab Control Sample Duplicate (LCS Dup) is analyzed to demonstrate accuracy and precision of the extraction and analysis.

7.0 NATURE AND EXTENT OF CONTAMINATION

7.1 Primary Source(s) of Contamination

The primary source of contamination includes the following:

A release of gasoline and associated VOCs to soil. The source of the release was a leaking gasoline UST(s) that was associated with the historical use of the Site as a service station.

7.1.1 Soil

Gasoline-range petroleum hydrocarbons as well as various VOCs were detected in subsurface investigations and excavation confirmation soil samples (8.0 to 11.5 feet bgs on north excavation wall-corresponding to soil sample NPW2-S1-9). PCS has been left in place in one area abutting the excavation along the north excavation wall due to access restrictions.

Based on field screening (visual observation and PID) conducted during the investigation, and confirmation soil samples collected following excavation of impacted soils, contamination is not present in shallow (0-3 feet bgs) soils in the vicinity of this remaining PCS.

Point Source estimates the quantity of petroleum hydrocarbon impacted soil present on the Site to be approximately 10-20 cubic yards, based on the calculated yardage of the layer of PCS from 8.0 to 11.5 feet bgs in the north wall of the excavation and lateral observations and soil delineation data. The plume size is depicted on sample location diagrams included as **Figures 4 and 5**.

7.2 Contaminants of Interest/Contaminants of Potential Concern

To identify compounds detected in site soils that are most likely to be of concern to human health, detected concentrations of these contaminants were compared to a series of risk-based screening criteria that cover the range of potential human activities that may be practiced on the Site currently or in the future.

Compounds with detected concentrations were identified as being COIs. It should be noted that the identification of COIs does not indicate that an unacceptable risk or that a threat exists. Also, COI identification does not necessarily indicate that remediation of a specific environmental media is required. Screening criteria are purposely conservative so chemicals that may contribute to site risk can be further evaluated.

The COIs for the Site include gasoline-range petroleum hydrocarbons and associated VOCs detected in soil samples. These are the highest concentrations of soil remaining at the Site.

CONTAMINANTS OF INTEREST							
Contaminant	Soil Max Concentration mg/kg	Depth					
TPH-GX	9,700	9.0' along north pit wall of excavation					
Ethylbenzene	56.0	9.0' along north pit wall of excavation					
1,3,5 – TMB	110	9.0' along north pit wall of excavation					
1,2,4 - TMB	350	9.0' along north pit wall of excavation					



CONTAMINANTS OF INTEREST						
Contaminant	Soil Max Concentration mg/kg	Depth				
Naphthalene	33.0	9.0' along north pit wall of excavation				
Xylenes	335.0	9.0' along north pit wall of excavation				

COIs that have concentrations less than their RBCs can be screened out. Constituents that remain after the screening are COPCs. Lead concentrations are below regional background for the Portland Basin and are not considered a COPC.

The COPCs have been carried forward for the risk screening discussed below.

8.0 BENEFICIAL LAND AND WATER USE DETERMINATION

The purpose of the BLWUD is to collect and document information regarding the current and reasonably likely future beneficial uses of land and water in the locality of the facility (LOF). Beneficial use determinations provide the basis for the development of exposure scenarios discussed later in this report. The BLWUD was completed in accordance with the ODEQ's Guidance for Conducting Beneficial Water Use Determinations at Environmental Cleanup Sites (ODEQ, 1998) and Guidance for Consideration of Land Use (ODEQ, 1998).

8.1 Locality of Facility

The LOF is defined by ODEQ as any point where human or ecological receptors may reasonably come into contact with site-related contaminants. Point Source assumes that the LOF extends to an area bound by the Site boundaries.

8.2 Summary of Water Use

The Site is provided water by the City of Portland's Municipal Water System. According to the City of Portland, the primary source of drinking water to In-town customers is sourced from surface water obtained from the Bull Run Watershed.

The Site is identified as Multnomah County tax lot 1S1E02CD07800. All well log records available from the Oregon Water Resources Department (OWRD) for ¼ ¼ sections of Section 02 T.1S, R.1E within 1,000 feet of the Site were reviewed.

Research of well logs filed with the OWRD revealed no drinking water supply wells within 1,000 feet of the Site.

8.3 Summary of Land Use

The current zoning of 2436 SE 12th Avenue is CM2-Commercial Mixed Use 2 by the City of Portland – The CM2 zone is a medium-scale, commercial mixed-use zone intended for sites in a variety of centers and corridors, in other mixed use areas that are well served by frequent transit, or within larger areas zoned for multi-dwelling development. Buildings in this zone are generally expected to be up to four stories, except in locations where bonuses allow up to five stories. Adjoining properties are zoned as EX – Central Employment, RM2 – Residential Multi Dwelling, and R5-Residential 5,000.

9.0 CONCEPTUAL SITE MODEL

A CSM defines the potentially complete exposure pathways through which human or ecological receptors may be exposed to site contaminants under current or anticipated future land use conditions.



A discussion of Site geology and hydrogeology, potential contaminant sources, and the nature and extent of contamination are presented above. An evaluation of current and reasonably likely future receptor-exposure pathway analysis is presented below.

A Conceptual Site Model Summary, which includes the reasoning for accepting or rejecting exposure scenarios, is included below:

SUMMARY OF CSM							
Pathway	Receptor	Applicable RBC?	Basis for selection/exclusion				
			SOIL				
Ingestion, Dermal Contact, and Inhalation	Residential (Future)	No	Impacted soils were not observed above 3.0 feet bgs				
innalation	Occupational (Current and Future)	No					
	Construction worker (Current and Future)	Yes	Impacted subsurface soils may become accessible during future construction as				
	Excavation Worker (Current and Future)	Yes	a result of redevelopment of the Site				
Leaching to Groundwater	Residential (Future)	No	Groundwater was not encountered during the excavation or in any of the soil borings advanced to a maximum explored depth of 12 feet bgs. Nearby well logs				
	Commerciall (Current and Future)	No	indicate static groundwater is approximately 20 feet bgs.				
			SOIL GAS				
Volatilization to Outdoor Air	Residential (Future)	Yes	Contaminated call is present within 100' of commercial structures				
	Commercial (Current and Future)	Yes	Contaminated soil is present within 100' of commercial structures				
Vapor Intrusion into Buildings	Residential (Future)	Yes	Contaminated call is present within 100° of regidential -trusture-				
	Commercial (Current and Future)	Yes	Contaminated soil is present within 100' of residential structures				

A copy of the CSM is attached as **Appendix G.**

9.1 Potential Human Receptors

Potential receptors are those individuals who might be likely exposed to the COIs under current and reasonably likely future land-use conditions. Current land use at the site and surrounding areas is zoned CM2-Commercial Mixed Use 2, which allows for commercial use and/or multi story residential buildings. Based on vapor intrusion conditions that currently exist on the Site, it is unlikely future development would pose an increased risk. The Site is currently occupied by a rock climbing gym and there are no current plans for Site redevelopment. Current and potential human receptors that have been identified in the risk-based screening include the following:

- Adults in the occupational scenario (current Site use);
- Adults and children in the residential scenario (possible future on-site use and current off-site use)
- Adults in the construction/excavation worker scenario (should redevelopment occur).



9.1.1 Exposure Pathways for Soil and Soil Gas

The following summarizes the potential and/or complete exposure pathways for soil.

- Soil Ingestion, Dermal Contact, and Inhalation This exposure pathway is considered incomplete for
 occupational and residential receptors. This exposure pathway is considered potentially complete
 for construction and excavation workers, however, contaminated soil is at least 8 feet bgs, greater
 than the typical 5 foot depth worker zone.
- Volatilization to Outdoor Air This exposure pathway is considered potentially complete for on-site occupational and residential receptors.
- Vapor Intrusion into Buildings This exposure pathway is considered potentially complete for occupational and residential receptors.
- Leaching to Groundwater This exposure pathway is considered incomplete as groundwater in the vicinity as reported in boring logs identified on the OWRD database indicate local static water levels to be approximately 20 feet bgs.

9.2 Potential Ecological Receptors

Ecological risk was assessed according to guidance outlined in "Conducting Ecological Risk Assessments" (ODEQ, September 2020). A Basic Site Information Checklist with supporting documentation is included as **Appendix E**.

No ecological zones at risk of impact from the Site release were identified.

10.0 RISK SCREENING

The COPCs for the Site include gasoline-range petroleum hydrocarbons and VOCs. Analytical results were compared to ODEQ RBCs (May 2018 and March 2024) for the applicable exposure pathways discussed above.

A summary of COPCs that exceed applicable RBCs is presented below.

10.1 Soil

COPCs detected in soil exceed the following RBCs.

- TPH-Gx levels in soil (highest 9,700 mg/kg) exceed leaching to groundwater RBC for occupational receptors (Sample NPW2-S1-9).
- Ethylbenzene levels in soil (highest 56.0 mg/kg) exceed leaching to groundwater RBC for occupational receptors (Sample NPW2-S1-9).
- Xylene levels in soil (highest 335.0 mg/kg) exceed leaching to groundwater RBC for occupational receptors (Sample NPW2-S1-9).
- 1,3,5 TMB levels in soil (highest 110.0 mg/kg) exceed leaching to groundwater RBC for occupational receptors (Sample NPW2-S1-9).
- 1,3,5 TMB levels in soil (highest 350.0 mg/kg) exceed leaching to groundwater RBC for occupational receptors (Sample NPW2-S1-9).
- Naphthalene levels in soil (highest 33.0 mg/kg) exceed leaching to groundwater RBC for occupational receptors (Sample NPW2-S1-9).



Exposure via the leaching to groundwater pathways is not expected as groundwater in the vicinity is reported in boring logs identified on the OWRD database indicate local static water levels to be approximately 20 feet bgs.

Soil sample NPB-S2-11.0 taken along the north tank pit wall was non-detect for GX and DX. This appears to be the vertical extent of remaining PCS at the Site.

10.2 Soil Gas

- Gasoline levels in soil gas (highest 110,000 ug/m³) exceed volatilization to indoor air RBCsv for occupational receptors (Sample SG2).
- Ethylbenzene levels in soil gas (highest 3,800 ug/m³) exceed volatilization to indoor air RBCsv for occupational receptors (Sample SG2).
- Xylene levels in soil gas (highest 23,500 ug/m³) exceed volatilization to indoor air RBCsv for occupational receptors (Sample SG2).
- Naphthalene levels in soil gas (highest 88 ug/m³) exceed volatilization to indoor air RBCsv for occupational receptors (Sample SG2).
- Acrolein levels in soil gas (highest 4.8 ug/m³) exceed volatilization to indoor air RBCsv for occupational receptors (Sample SG3).
- 1,3 Butadiene levels in soil gas (highest 18.0 ug/m³) exceed volatilization to indoor air RBCsv for occupational receptors (Sample SG4).

Exposure scenarios for onsite soil gas concentrations of gasoline ethylbenzene, xylenes, and naphthalene are considered incomplete as Site building sub slab samples were all below applicable RBCs for vapor intrusion into buildings.

Acrolein and 1,3 butadiene which exceeded residential VI RBCs in west and east delineating samples are not considered to be from a Site source. These constituents are commonly found under roadways as they are a result of combustion and degradation of tire products from vehicles. All other COIs that were established on Site, do not appear in west and east delineating samples (SG3 and SG4).

11.0 FINDINGS

The investigation, field observations, and laboratory analytical results indicated the following:

- Soils impacted by TPH-Gx and associated VOCs identified during Point Source' Phase II Subsurface Investigation have been mostly removed. A total of 12.03 tons of petroleum contaminated soils were removed and hauled to Wast Management's Hillsboro Subtitle D Landfill.
- Seventeen confirmation and/or delineation samples were collected from the pit bottom and walls surrounding the excavation and surrounding the remaining PCS. Of these Seventeen, one confirmation sample returned results showing TPH-Gx and/or VOC concentrations exceeding any applicable RBCs. The soils represented by this sample, NPW2-S1-9, was successfully delineated near the north portion of the excavation.

Point Source estimates the quantity of PCS remaining on the Site to be approximately 10-20 cubic yards, based on the calculated yardage of the layer of PCS from 8.0 to 11.5 feet bgs in the north wall of the excavation.



12.0 CONCLUSIONS

Based on the CSM and upon the soil and soil gas sampling results, none of the COPCs exceed the RBCs for applicable exposure scenarios. No further corrective action is recommended at this time.

Future development of the Site may result in open exposure pathways. Point Source recommends that a CMMP be developed prior to future construction or excavation work on the Site that may disturb the pockets of PCS that remain along north end of the excavation.

Point Source recommends no further cleanup action concerning gasoline impacted soils in this area. It is Point Source's understanding that the intended future use of the Site is for commercial purposes. Residential properties within a 100 foot radius have been addressed for the vapor intrusion pathway.

As a result of this cleanup and further investigation presented is this Risk Based Corrective Action Report, Point Source recommends that an NFA for LUST #26-23-0131 be issued.

If you have any questions regarding this report, please do not hesitate to contact the undersigned.

Prepared by: Conor McGeehan, Project Manager

Reviewed By: Gil Cobb, Registered Geologist (Oregon #G1440)



Expires 12/31/2025

Point Source Solutions, LLC 5317 NE St Johns Rd, Suite D Vancouver, WA 98661

Phone: 503.236.5885 Fax: 503.224.0449

www.pointsourcesolutions.com



FIGURES





FIGURE 2 - TOPOGRAPHIC MAP

Source: USGS 7.5 Minute Topographic Map Portland, OR Quadrangle 1990

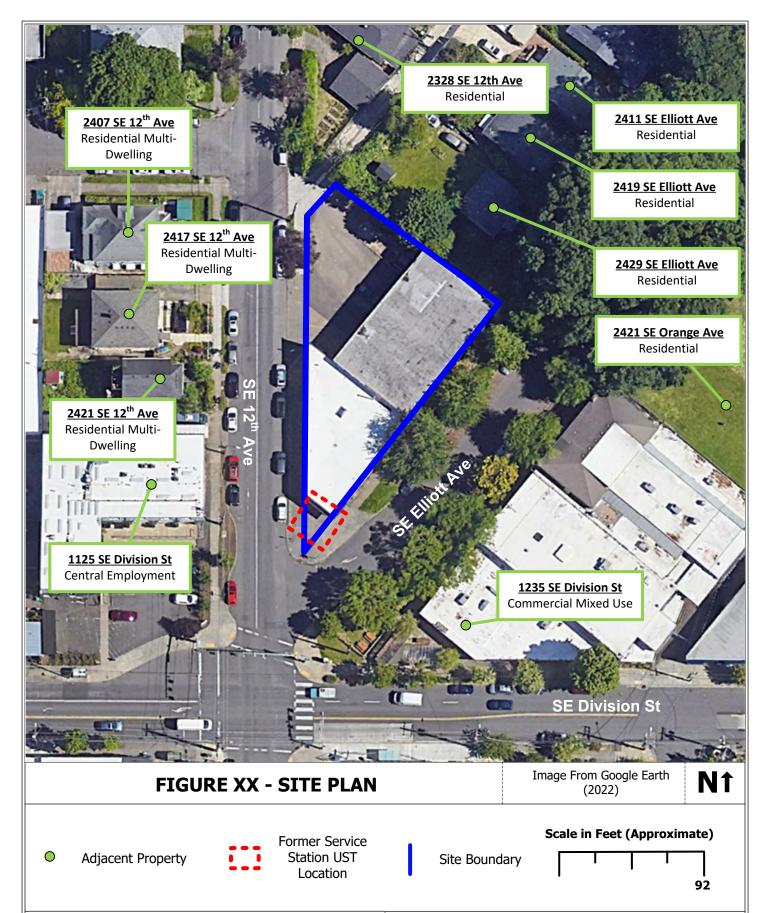
N↑



Site Name: Commercial Property

2436 SE 12th Avenue Portland, Oregon 97214

LUST Number: 26-23-0131

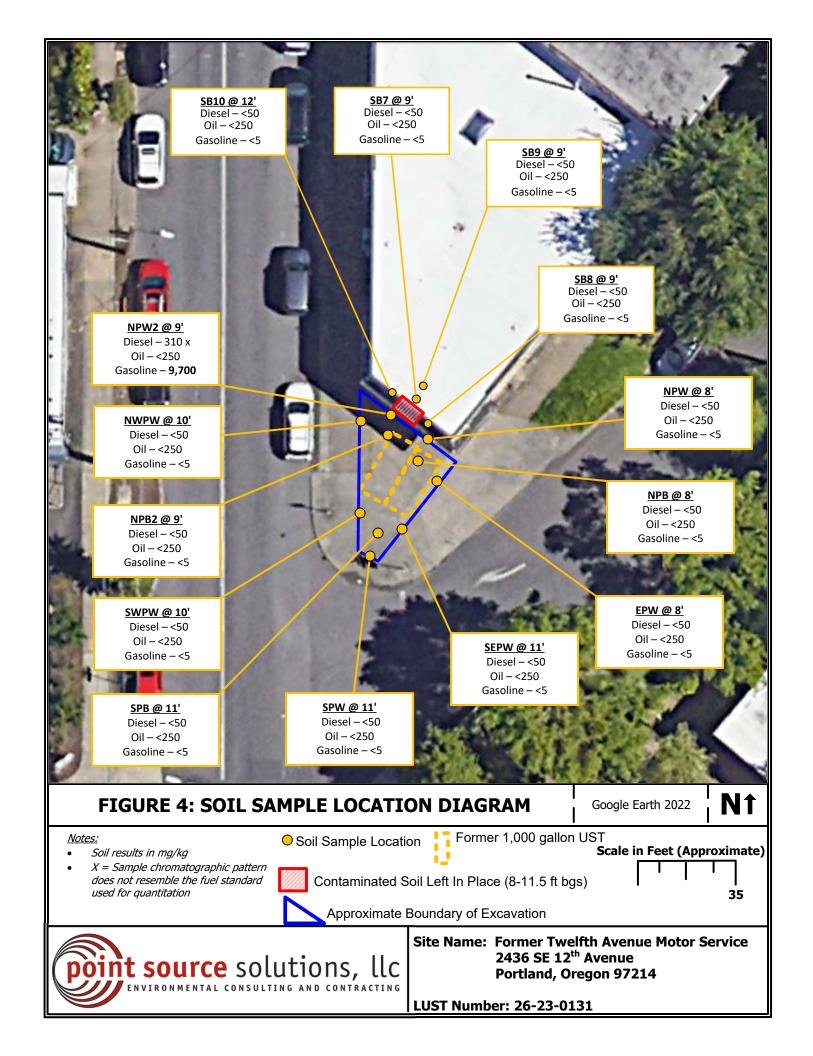


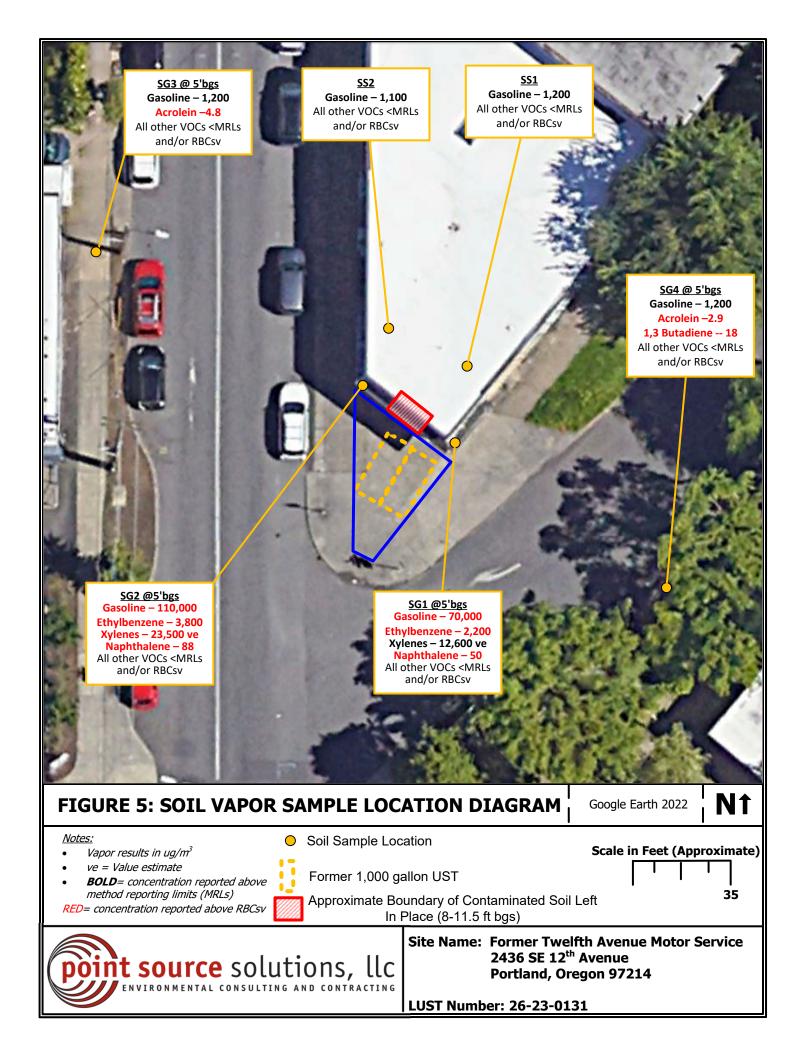


Site Name: Former Twelfth Avenue Motor Service

2436 SE 12th Avenue Portland, OR 97214

LUST Number: 26-23-0131







TABLES

TABLE 1 – SOIL SAMPLES LABORATORY ANALYTICAL RESULTS – (MG/KG)								
Sample #	Depth (ft.)	Date	DX	GX	EPA 8260 VOCS	EPA 8270 PAHS	EPA 6020 LEAD	
NPW-S1-8	8	6/13/23	<50	<5	NA	NA	NA	
EPW-S1-8	8	6/13/23	<50	<5	NA	NA	NA	
NPB-S1-8	8	6/13/23	<50	<5	NA	NA	NA	
NPB-S2-11	11	6/14/23	<50	<5	NA	NA	NA	
WPW-S1-11	11	6/14/23	<50	<5	NA	NA	NA	
SWPW-S1-10	10	6/14/23	<50	<5	NA	NA	NA	
SPB-S1-11	11	6/14/23	<50	<5	NA	NA	NA	
SPW-S1-11	11	6/14/23	<50	<5	NA	NA	NA	
SEPW-S1-11.5	11.5	6/15/23	<50	<5	NA	NA	NA	
CPB-S1-11.5	11.5	6/15/23	<50	<5	NA	NA	NA	
NPW2-S1-9	9	6/15/23	310x	9,700	Ethylbenzene – 56 Xylenes – 335 Isopropylbenzene – 12 1,3,5-TMB – 110 1,2,4- TMB – 350 Naphthalene 33	NA	35.4	
NWPW-S1-10	10	6/15/23	<50	<5	NA	NA	NA	
NPB2-S1-11.5	11.5	6/15/23	<50	<5	NA	NA	NA	
SB7-S1-12	12	10/8/24	<50	<5	NA	NA	NA	
SB8-S1-12	12	10/8/24	<50	<5	NA	NA	NA	
SB9-S1-12	12	10/8/24	<50	<5	NA	NA	NA	
SB10-S1-12	12	10/8/24	<50	<5	NA	NA	NA	
ODEQ Soil Leaching to Groundwater – Occupational			>Max	130	Ethylbenzene – 0.9 Xylenes – 100 Isopropylbenzene – NV 1,3,5- TMB – 53 1,2,4- TMB – 48 Naphthalene – 0.34	NV	30	
ODEQ Soil Inge V	nstruction	4000	9700	Ethylbenzene – 1700 Xylenes – 20000 Isopropylbenz – 2700 1,3,5- TMB – 2900 1,2,4- TMB – 2900 Naphthalene – 580				

Table 1 Notes:

Concentrations are only presented for regulated VOCs. Various VOCs were detected without corresponding RBCs. NA = Not Analyzed.

NV = No Value.

- = Not Applicable
- < MRLs = Concentrations of ODEQ regulated substances were not detected above method reporting limits.

Bold: Indicates compounds exceeding 1 or more regulatory screening levels.

x= Result flagged with "x" qualifier indicating that the sample chromatographic pattern does not resemble the fuel standard used for quantitation.

ve= valued estimate

TABLE 2 – SOIL VAPOR SAMPLES LABORATORY ANALYTICAL RESULTS – (UG/M³)								
Sample #	Depth (ft.)	Date	GX	EPA 8260 VOCS	2-Propanol			
SS1	Sub-slab	10/8/24	1,200	Ethylbenzene – <2.4 Xylenes – 10.2 Naphthalene – <1 Toluene – <42 Benzene – <1.8	-			
SS2	Sub-slab	10/8/24	1,100	Ethylbenzene – <2.4 Xylenes – 8.8 Naphthalene – <1.4 Toluene – <41 Benzene – <1.8	-			
SG1 On site	5	11/14/24	<mark>70,000</mark>	Ethylbenzene – 2,200 Xylenes – 12,600 ve Naphthalene – 50 Toluene – <830 Benzene – <35	-			
SG2 On site	5	11/14/24	110,000	Ethylbenzene – 3,800 Xylenes – 23,500 ve Naphthalene – 88 Toluene – <900 Benzene – <38	-			
SG3 Off site	5	1/23/25	1,200	Ethylbenzene – 16 Xylenes – 87 Naphthalene – <1.3 Toluene – 95 Benzene – 7.6 1,3 Butadiene – 8.9 Acrolein – 4.8 Tetrahydrofuran – 81 MEK51	<42			
SG4 Off site		1/23/25	1,100	Ethylbenzene – 14 Xylenes – 72 Naphthalene – <0.26 Toluene – 75 Benzene – 6 1,3 Butadiene – 18 Acrolein – 2.9 Chloroform – 1.2 Tetrahydrofuran – 62 MEK43	<42			
	Soil Vapor Scree mmercial Recept		Gx - 40,000	MEK – 730,000 Tetrahydrofuran – 8,800 Chlorobenzene – 7,300 Tert-Butylbenzene – NITI Styrene – 150,000 1,2,4 TMB – 8,800 Benzene – 52 Ethylbenzene – 160 Naphthalene – 12 Toluene – 730,000 1,3 Butadiene – 14	-			

	TABLE 2 – SOIL VAPOR SAMPLES LABORATORY ANALYTICAL RESULTS – (UG/M³)							
Sample #	Sample # Depth Date GX EPA 8260 VOCS							
				Acrolein – 2.9 Chloroform – 18 Total Xylenes – 15,000				
	Soil Vapor Screer sidential Recepto	-	Gx - 10,000	MEK – 170,000 Tetrahydrofuran – 70,000 Chlorobenzene – 1,700 Tert-Butylbenzene – NITI Styrene – 35,000 1,2,4 TMB – 2,100 Benzene – 12 Ethylbenzene – 37 Naphthalene – 2.8 Toluene – 170,000 1,3 Butadiene – 3.1 Acrolein – 0.70 Chloroform – 4.1 Total Xylenes – 3,500				

Table 2 Notes:

Concentrations are only presented for regulated VOCs. Various VOCs were detected without corresponding RBCs. NA = Not Analyzed.

NV = No Value.

- = Not Applicable
- < MDLs = Concentrations of ODEQ regulated substances were not detected above method detection limits.

Bold: Indicates compounds exceeding 1 or more regulatory screening levels.

x = Result flagged with "x" qualifier indicating that the sample chromatographic pattern does not resemble the fuel standard used for quantitation.

ve= valued estimate



APPENDICES



APPENDIX A MARCH 2023 SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION



Mr. Cody Knope-Jenkins Skyhook Fitness, Inc.

March 10, 2023

RE: Subsurface Environmental Investigation Former Service Station 2436 SE 12th Avenue Portland, Oregon 97214

Point Source Solutions Project No.: OR230123-3A

Dear Mr. Knope-Jenkins,

Point Source Solutions, LLC (Point Source) is pleased to provide the results from the Subsurface Environmental Investigation performed at 2436 SE 12th Avenue, Portland, Oregon ("Site").

The Site is identified on **Figure 1** (Site Location Map), **Figure 2** (Topographic Map), and **Figure 3** (Sample Location Diagram) attached to this report.

PURPOSE

The purpose of this investigation is to assess potential impacts to the subsurface at the above referenced Property, relative to the former use of the Site as a service station.

BACKGROUND INFORMATION

Point Source Solutions, LLC (Point Source) performed a Phase I Environmental Site Assessment (ESA) of the Site (Project Number OR231023-3 dated February 6, 2023). Below is an excerpt from the Phase I report:

Based on a review of city directories, Sanborn Fire Insurance Maps and City of Portland building permit files it was disclosed that the subject property operated as a service station from 1927 through 1972. The dispenser island for the former service station is still present and according to the long-time owner of the subject property, USTs related to past use of the service station are located beneath a concrete pad fronting the subject property.

Additional features related to past use of the subject property building as a service station such as grease pits or in-ground hydraulic lifts were not observed or depicted on plan sheets.

Point Source provided a proposal for an environmental investigation to address the recognized environmental conditions outlined in the Phase I ESA. Point Source was then authorized by Skyhook Fitness Inc. to execute the scope of work described in the sections below.

SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

On February 7, 2023, Pacific Geophysics conducted a geophysical survey of the Site in an attempt to locate the USTs referenced in the Phase I ESA, as well as any subsurface infrastructure relating to former auto repair operations in the interior of the Site building.

Two USTs were identified in the south corner of the Site at the intersection of SE 12th and SE Elliott Avenues. Both USTs were found to be buried approximately 2.5 feet below ground surface, each measuring 4.0 feet in diameter and 12 feet in length. No other USTs were found onsite. No hoists or "grease pits," as referenced in the Phase I ESA, were identified in the Site building interior. Four boring locations were cleared on the ends



of the USTs, and two were cleared in the interior near a former bay of the original auto repair shop and a floor drain.

Following the geophysical survey, Point Source filed sidewalk and parking closure permits with the Portland Bureau of Transportation before starting the investigation. Once the permits were approved, Point Source mobilized to the Site on February 22 and 28, 2023 to complete the investigation.

- Boring B1 was advanced to 13.0 feet below ground surface (bgs) adjacent to the south tank end of the
 UST on the east side of the corner, labelled T1. Progress refusal was met at 13.0 feet bgs. Soil
 contamination in the form of staining, odor, and volatile organic compound (VOC) detections with a
 hand-held photo-ionization detector (PID) was noted in this boring. A soil sample was collected from
 below the tank bottom at the highest observed impact, 11.0 feet deep bgs.
- Boring B2 was advanced to 16.0 feet bgs adjacent to the south tank end of the UST on the west side of
 the corner, labelled T2. Progress refusal was met at 16.0 feet bgs. Soil contamination in the form of
 staining, odor, or VOC detections with a PID was noted in this boring. A soil sample was collected from
 below the tank bottom at the highest observed impact, 11.0 feet bgs, and at terminal depth, 16.0 feet
 bgs.
- Boring B3 was advanced to 10.0 feet bgs adjacent to the north tank end of T2 and the west side of the
 dispenser island. Progress refusal was met at 10.0 feet bgs. Soil contamination in the form of staining,
 odor, or VOC detections with a PID was not noted in this boring. A soil sample was collected from below
 the dispenser island at 4.0 feet bgs, and at terminal depth, 10.0 feet bgs.
- Boring B4 was advanced to 11.0 feet bgs adjacent to the north tank end of T1 and the east side of the
 dispenser island. Soil contamination in the form of staining, odor, or VOC detections with a PID was not
 noted in this boring. A soil sample was collected from below the dispenser island at 4.0 feet bgs, and at
 terminal depth, 11.0 feet bgs.
- Boring B5 was advanced to 4.0 feet bgs adjacent to a subsurface sewer line plumbed into the floor drain
 in the Site building interior. Soil contamination in the form of staining, odor, or VOC detections with a
 PID was not noted in this boring. A soil sample was collected from below the sewer line at terminal
 depth, 4.0 feet bgs.
- Boring B6 was advanced to 4.0 feet bgs adjacent to a former garage bay in the original auto repair shop
 area of the Site building interior. Soil contamination in the form of staining, odor, or VOC detections
 with a PID was not noted in this boring. A soil sample was collected from below the terminal depth of
 the boring at 4.0 feet bgs.

Borings B1 through B4 were advanced using Geoprobe DT22 dual-tube tooling driven by a truck-mounted probe. Soils were collected continuously from the surface using 4-foot-long, 2.25-inch diameter sample tooling lined with PVC sleeves. The sampling tooling was driven in 4-foot intervals until the target depth was achieved.

Borings B5 and B6 were advanced using Geoprobe LB tooling with a PVC liner driven by an electric jackhammer. Soil samples were obtained continuously from the surface using 2-foot-long, 1.5-inch diameter sample tooling lined with PVC sleeves. The sampling tooling was driven in 2-foot intervals until the target depth was achieved.

Soils observed during the subsurface investigation consisted predominantly of silty clay and well graded gravel.



Notes on visual appearance, odor and PID readings were recorded on boring logs included as Appendix A.

All drilling and sampling equipment were thoroughly cleaned and decontaminated before, between, and after use with LiquinoxTM or an equivalent phosphate-free detergent solution to reduce the risk of cross-contamination. Nitrile gloves were worn whenever handling samples, equipment, or any other potentially contaminated items.

Laboratory Analytical Results

Samples were transported to Friedman and Bruya, Inc. of Seattle, Washington, an Oregon-accredited laboratory. Soil samples were analyzed by Method NWTPH-Dx (diesel-range petroleum hydrocarbons), Method NWTPH-Gx (gasoline-range petroleum hydrocarbons), EPA Method 8260 (volatile organic compounds), EPA Method 8270 (semi-volatile organic compounds), and EPA Method 6020 (Lead).

Sample analytical results are summarized in the tables below:

TABLE 1 – SOIL SAMPLES LABORATORY ANALYTICAL RESULTS – (MG/KG)									
Sample #	Depth (ft.)	Date	DX	GX	EPA 8260 (VOCS)	EPA 8270 (PAHS)	EPA 6020 (LEAD)		
B1-S1	10	2/22/23	< MDL	<mark>230</mark>	NA	NA	NA		
B2-S1 11 2/22/23		DX-2,000*	<mark>2,200</mark>	Ethylbenzene – 0.085 Xylenes – 0.23 Isopropylbenzene – 0.58 1,3,5-TMB – 1.8 1,2,4-TMB – 1.6	Fluorene – 0.074 Phenanthrene – 0.061 Fluoranthene – 0.011 Pyrene – 0.013	8.07			
B2-S2	16	2/22/23	< MDL	7.8	NA	NA	NA		
B3-S1	4	2/22/23	< MDL	<5	NA	NA	NA		
B3-S2	10	2/22/23	< MDL	<5	NA	NA	NA		
B4-S1	4	2/22/23	< MDL	<5	NA	NA	NA		
B4-S2	11	2/22/23	< MDL	<5	NA	NA	NA		
B5-S1	4	2/28/23	< MDL	<5	NA	NA	NA		
B6-S1	4	2/28/23	< MDL	<5	NA	NA	NA		
ODEQ Soil Leaching to Groundwater – Occupational			>Max	130	Ethylbenzene – 0.9 Xylene – 100 Isopropylbenzene – NV 1,3,5- TMB – 53 1,2,4- TMB – 48	NV	30		
•	il Vapor Intr ngs – Reside		>Max	94	Ethylbenzene – 17 Xylene – NV Isopropylbenzene – NV 1,3,5- TMB – NV 1,2,4- TMB – NV	NV	NV		

Table 1 Notes:

Concentrations are only presented for regulated VOCs. Various VOCs were detected without corresponding RBCs.

NA = Not Analyzed.



NV = No Value.

< MDLs = Concentrations of ODEQ regulated substances were not detected above method detection limits.

Bold: Indicates compounds exceeding 1 or more regulatory screening levels.

- * = Result flagged with "x" qualifier indicating that the sample chromatographic pattern does not resemble the fuel standard used for quantitation.
- ** = Residential receptor noted as multi-family residential development is present across SE Elliott Street to the east.

Laboratory analytical report and chain-of-custody form is included as Appendix B.

Quality Assurance/Quality Control Review

Laboratory QA/QC measures were performed through data validation of available analytical data generated as part of these sampling events. Data validation considered the following:

- Method Detection and/or Reporting Limits
- Laboratory Matrix Blanks
- Sample Holding Times
- Surrogate and Matrix Spike Recoveries, and
- Laboratory Duplicate Analysis Results

Friedman and Bruya reported an "x" qualifier for one sample. According to the qualifier glossary in the analytical report, an "x" qualifier indicates that "the sample chromatographic pattern does not resemble the fuel standard used for quantitation." This qualifier does not indicate a problem with the sample results. According to the lab report, all analyses were performed with the appropriate Batch QC (including Sample Duplicates, Matrix Spikes and/or Matrix Spike Duplicates) in order to meet or exceed method and regulatory requirements. Exceptions are qualified in the analytical report. In cases where there is insufficient sample material provided for Sample Duplicates and/or Matrix Spikes, a Lab Control Sample Duplicate (LCS Dup) is analyzed to demonstrate accuracy and precision of the extraction and analysis.

SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS

Based on the results of this sampling event, the following conclusions have been developed:

- Diesel and gasoline-range petroleum hydrocarbons were detected in borings B1 and B2, adjacent to the south tank ends of T1 and T2. A maximum concentration of 2,200 mg/kg of gasoline was detected at 11 foot below ground surface in boring B2.
- Follow up analysis of sample B2-S1-11 showed a range of VOCs and PAHs at trace levels; however none were detected above the most stringent ODEQ risk-based concentrations (RBCs).
- Petroleum hydrocarbons were not detected in the borings advanced adjacent to the dispenser island and north tank ends.
- Petroleum hydrocarbons were not detected in the borings advanced in the Site building interior.



RECOMMENDATIONS

- A release of gasoline and diesel to soil has been identified at the Site. As required by statute, Point Source has informed ODEQ of the release. The Site has been logged as Leaking Underground Storage Tank (LUST) Site Number 26-23-0131.
- Point Source recommends delineation samples to be collected in three cardinal directions from the confirmed release area in order to define the lateral extent of soil contamination. As the right-of-way is immediately adjacent to the USTs, a test bore permit, along with a permit for sidewalk and parking closure would be required to be filed with Portland Bureau of Transportation (PBOT) prior to the advancement of borings. Both soil and soil vapor samples should be collected.
- Following soil plume delineation, Point Source recommends that the USTs be decommissioned by removal by an Oregon-certified UST service provider in order to close the Site's LUST file. During the decommissioning, any observed soils contaminated with petroleum hydrocarbons above regulatory action limits will need to be removed and hauled under a waste profile to a Subtitle D landfill, e.g. Hillsboro Landfill. As the USTs were reported to have been filled with sand, it will be necessary to sample and analyze any solid contents they may contain for hazardous constituents prior to their disposal.

This investigation was completed in general accordance with ASTM E1903-11, Standard Practice for Environmental Site Assessments: Phase II Environmental Site Assessment Process. These methodologies are described as representing good commercial and customary practice for conducting a Phase II ESA of a property for the purpose of evaluating recognized environmental conditions.

Point Source appreciates the opportunity to provide these services. If you have any questions concerning this report, or if we can assist you in any other matter, please contact Gil Cobb or Jeff Jackman at 503.236.5885.

Prepared by:

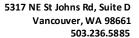
Kyle Fisher, Project Manager

Reviewed By:

Gil Cobb, Registered Geologist (Oregon #G1440)



Expires 12/31/2023





Attachments:

Figure 1 – Site Location Map

Figure 2 – Topographic Map

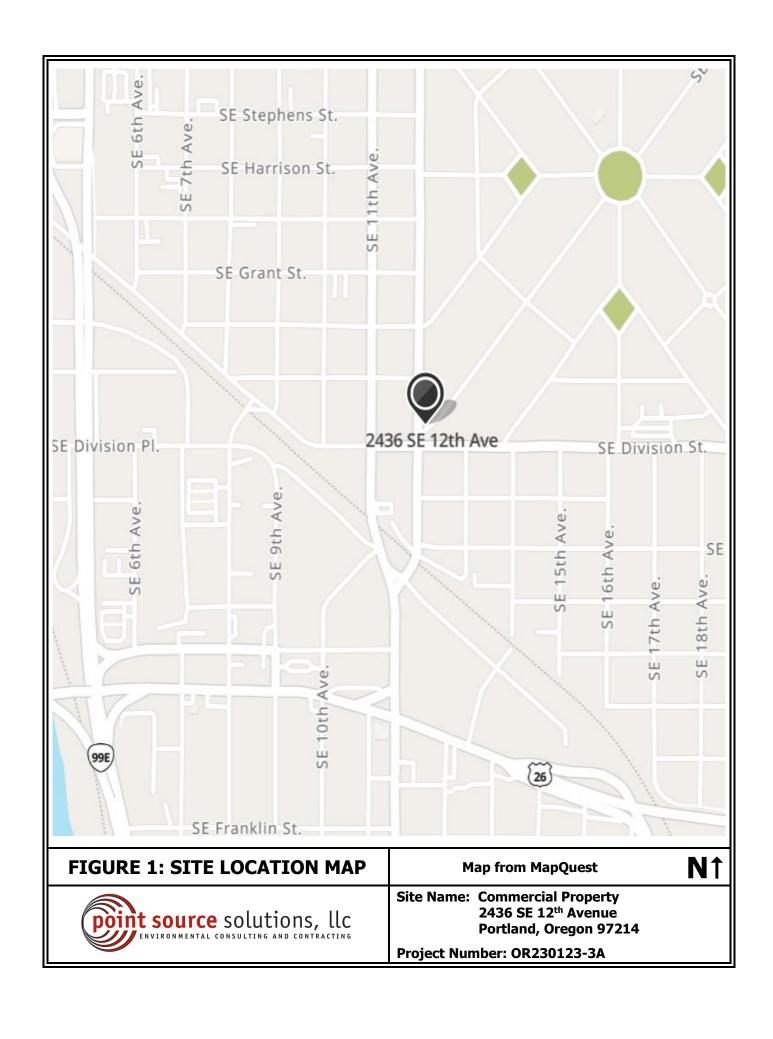
Figure 3 – Sample Location Diagram

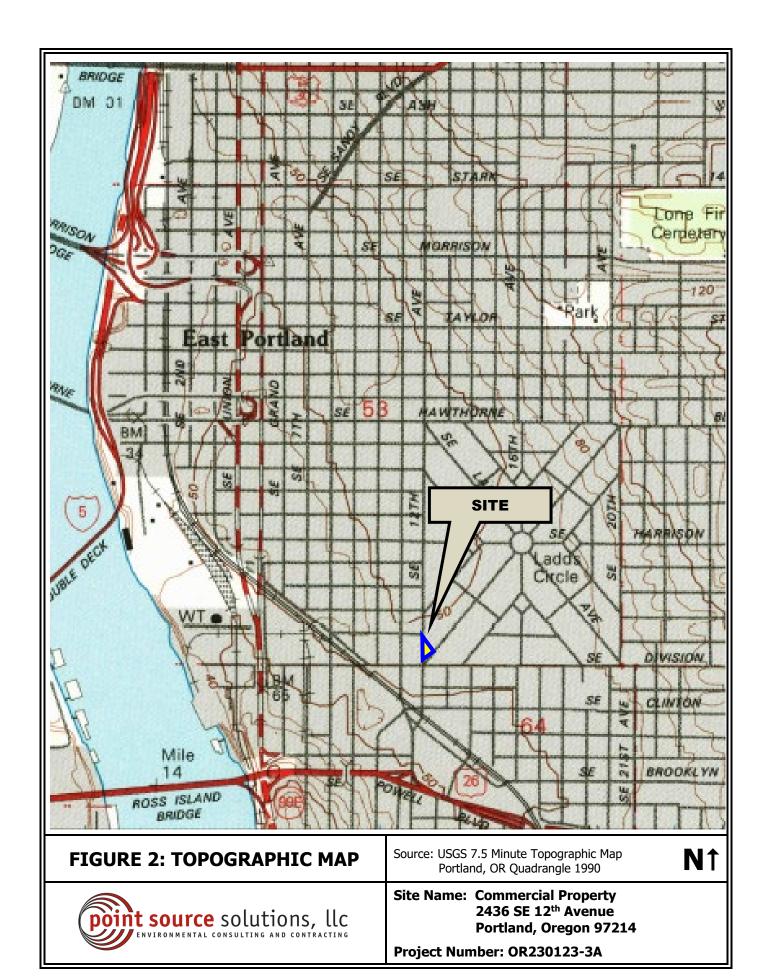
Appendix A – Field Boring Logs

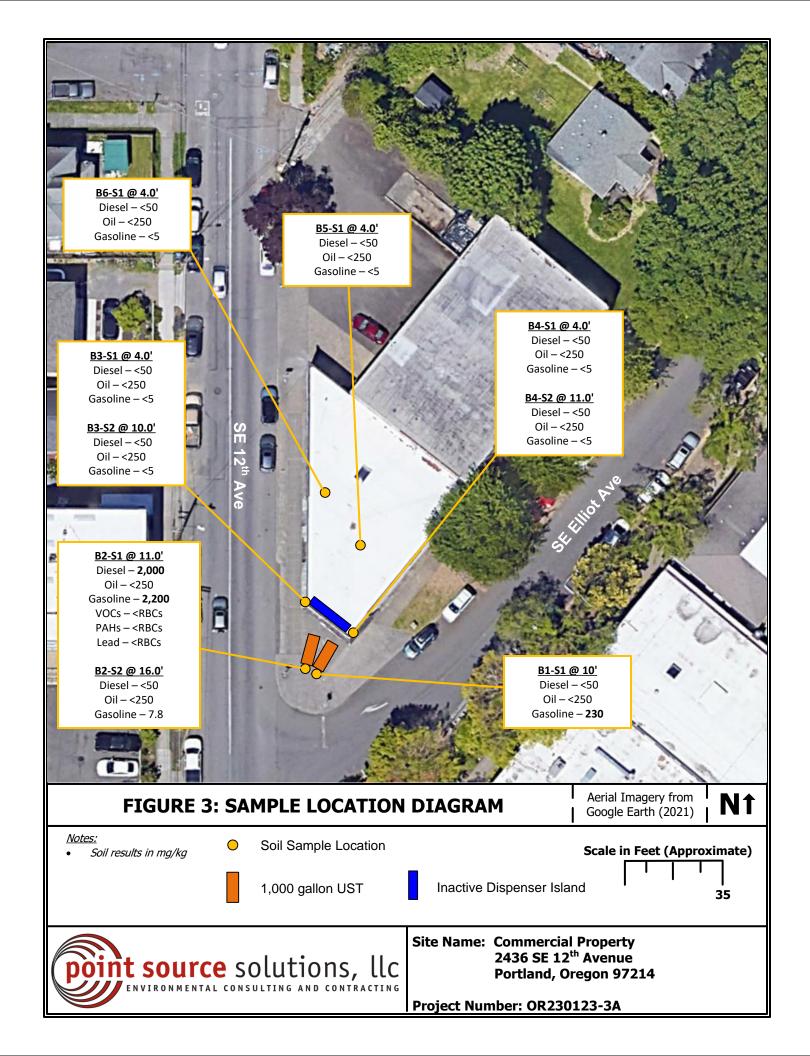
Appendix B – Laboratory Analytical Report



FIGURES









APPENDICES



APPENDIX A FIELD BORING LOGS



Client: Skyhook Fitness

Project: 2436 SE 12th Ave

Address: 2436 SE 12th Ave, Portland, OR

BORING LOG

1 of 1

Boring No. B1

Page:

Drilling Start Date: 2/22/23

Drilling End Date: 2/22/23

Drilling Company: Point Source Solutions

Drilling Method: Direct Push
Drilling Equipment: Geoprobe DT22

Driller: JR
Logged By: KF

Boring Depth (ft): 13

Boring Diameter (in): 2.25

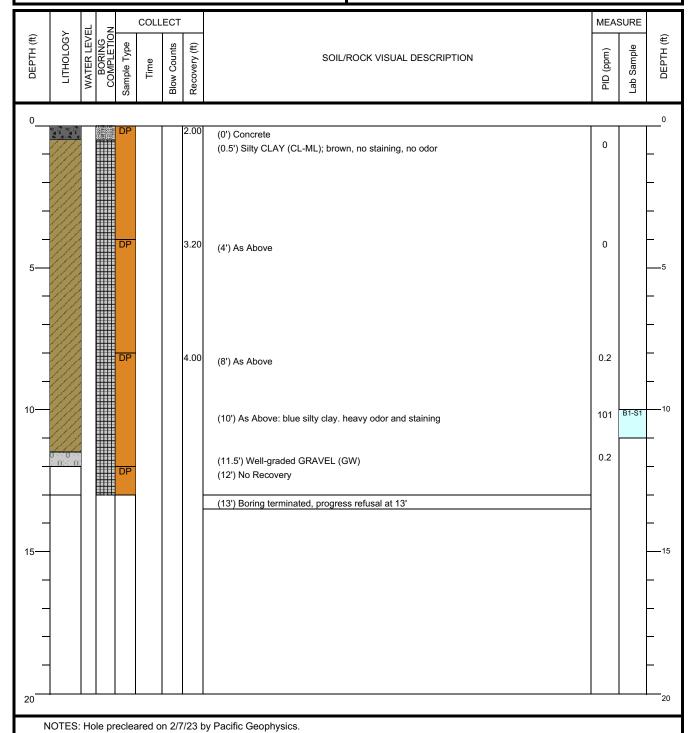
Sampling Method(s): Direct Push

DTW During Drilling (ft): N/A

DTW After Drilling (ft): N/A

Ground Surface Elev. (ft): N/A

Location (Lat, Long): N/A





Client: **Skyhook Fitness**

Project: 2436 SE 12th Ave

Address: 2436 SE 12th Ave, Portland, OR **BORING LOG**

B2-S2

1 of 1

Boring No. B2

Page:

Drilling Start Date: 2/22/23

Drilling End Date: 2/22/23

Drilling Company: Point Source Solutions

Drilling Method: **Direct Push** Drilling Equipment: Geoprobe DT22

KF Driller:

Boring Depth (ft): 16

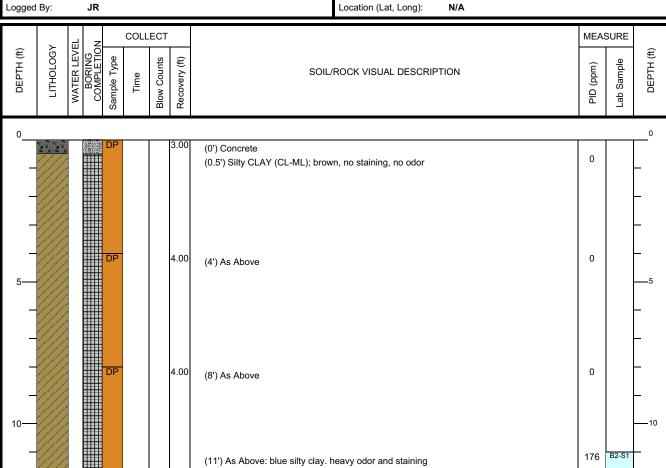
Boring Diameter (in): 2.25

Sampling Method(s): **Direct Push**

DTW During Drilling (ft):

DTW After Drilling (ft): N/A Ground Surface Elev. (ft): N/A

N/A



(12') Clayey SAND with gravel (SC); fine-medium grained, some fine-coarse gravel,

NOTES: Hole precleared on 2/7/23 by Pacific Geophysics.

1.20

bluish-gray, light staining and odor

(16') Boring terminated, progress refusal at 16'



Client: Skyhook Fitness

Project: 2436 SE 12th Ave

Address: 2436 SE 12th Ave, Portland, OR

BORING LOG

Boring No. B3
Page: 1 of 1

Drilling Start Date: 2/22/23

Drilling End Date: 2/22/23

Drilling Company: Point Source Solutions

Drilling Method: Direct Push
Drilling Equipment: Geoprobe DT22

Driller: KF
Logged By: JR

Boring Depth (ft): 10

Boring Diameter (in): 2.25

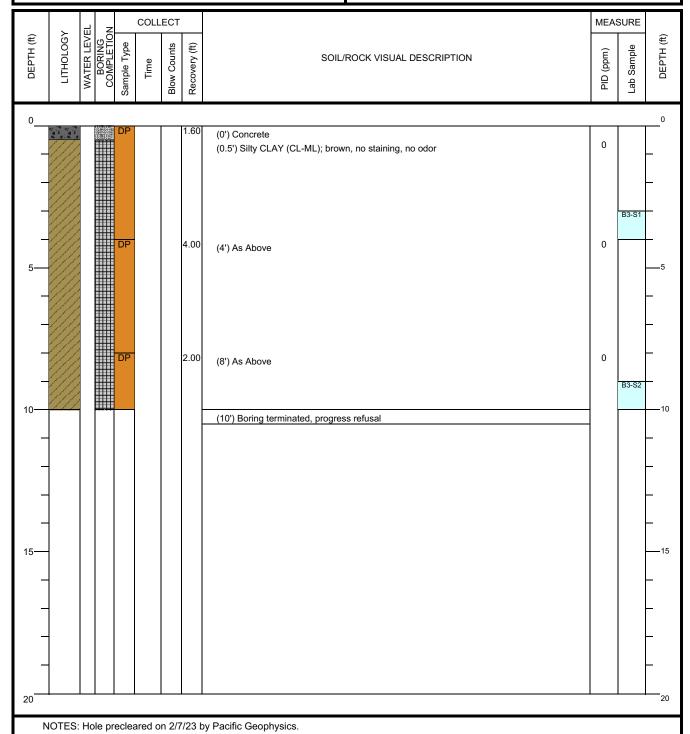
Sampling Method(s): Direct Push

DTW During Drilling (ft): N/A

DTW After Drilling (ft): N/A

Ground Surface Elev. (ft): N/A

Location (Lat, Long): N/A





Client: Skyhook Fitness

Project: 2436 SE 12th Ave

Address: 2436 SE 12th Ave, Portland, OR

BORING LOG

Boring No. B4
Page: 1 of 1

Drilling Start Date: 2/22/23

Drilling End Date: 2/22/23

Drilling Company: Point Source Solutions

Drilling Method: Direct Push
Drilling Equipment: Geoprobe DT22

Driller: KF Logged By: JR Boring Depth (ft): 11

Boring Diameter (in): 2.25

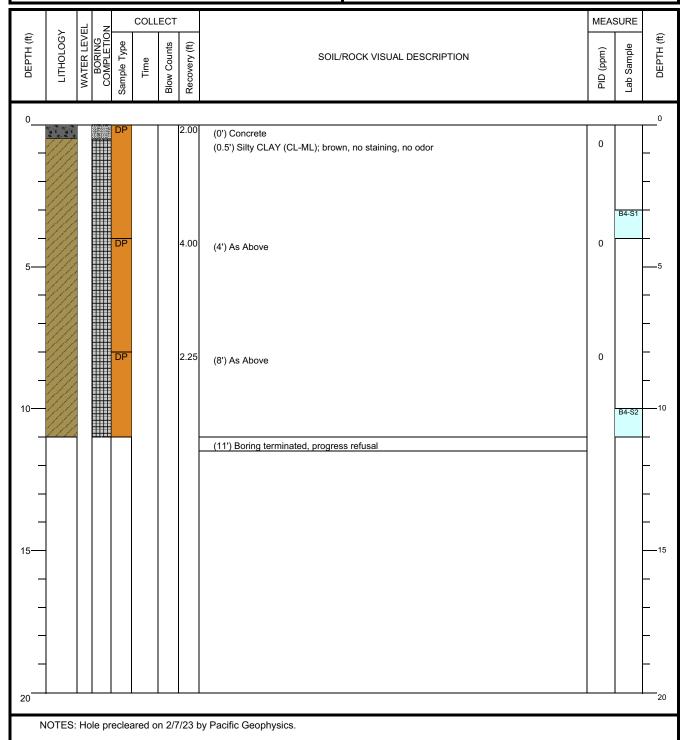
Sampling Method(s): Direct Push

DTW During Drilling (ft): N/A

DTW After Drilling (ft): N/A

Ground Surface Elev. (ft): N/A

Location (Lat, Long): N/A





Client: **Skyhook Fitness**

Project: 2436 SE 12th Ave

Address: 2436 SE 12th Ave, Portland, OR **BORING LOG**

Boring No. **B5** Page: 1 of 1

Drilling Start Date: 2/28/23

Drilling End Date: 2/28/23

Drilling Company: Point Source Solutions

Drilling Method: **Direct Push** Drilling Equipment: Geoprobe LB

KF Driller: KF Logged By:

Boring Depth (ft): 4

Boring Diameter (in): 1.25

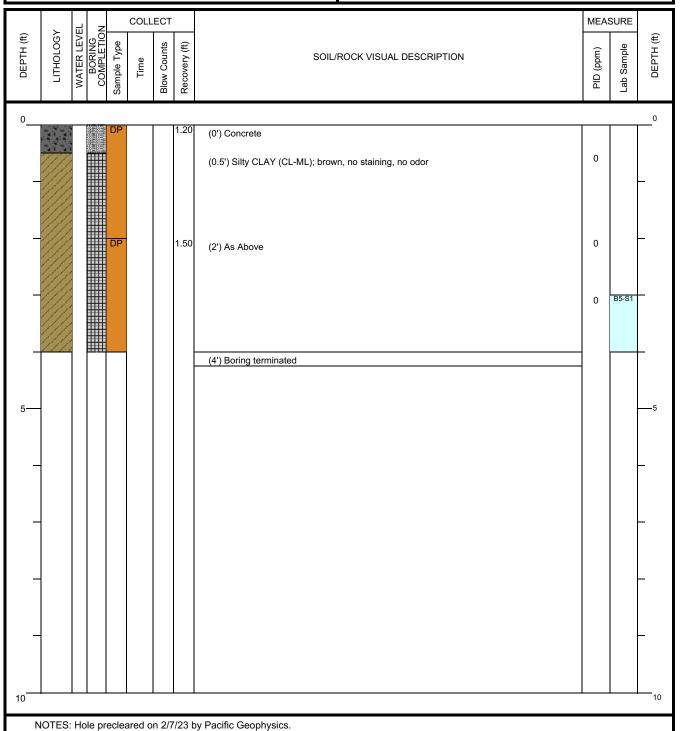
Sampling Method(s): **Direct Push**

DTW During Drilling (ft): N/A

DTW After Drilling (ft): N/A Ground Surface Elev. (ft): N/A

N/A

Location (Lat, Long):





Client: Skyhook Fitness

Project: 2436 SE 12th Ave

Address: 2436 SE 12th Ave, Portland, OR

BORING LOG

Boring No. B6
Page: 1 of 1

Drilling Start Date: 2/28/23

Drilling End Date: 2/28/23

Drilling Company: Point Source Solutions

Drilling Method: Direct Push
Drilling Equipment: Geoprobe LB

Driller: KF Logged By: KF Boring Depth (ft): 4

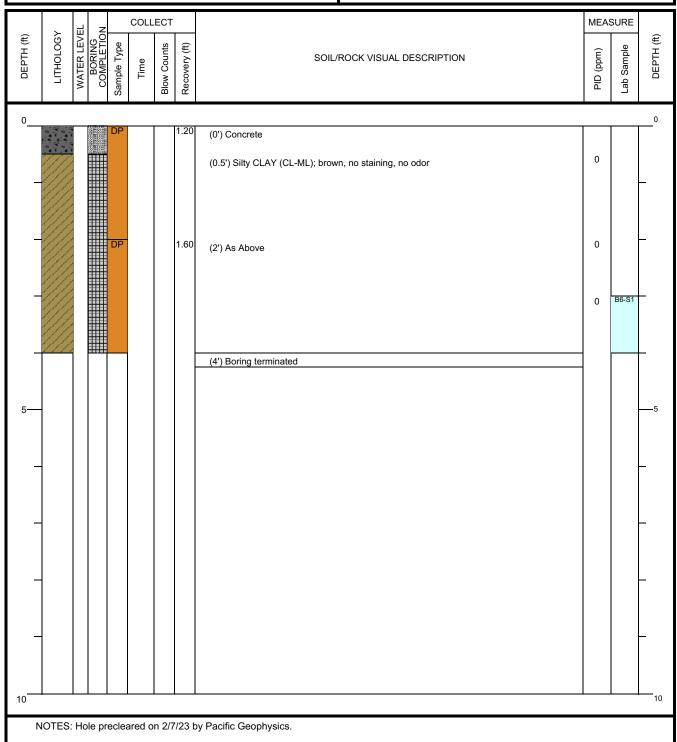
Boring Diameter (in): 1.25

Sampling Method(s): Direct Push

DTW During Drilling (ft): N/A

DTW After Drilling (ft): N/A
Ground Surface Elev. (ft): N/A

Location (Lat, Long): N/A





APPENDIX B LABORATORY ANALYTICAL REPORT

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

James E. Bruya, Ph.D. Yelena Aravkina, M.S. Michael Erdahl, B.S. Vineta Mills, M.S. Eric Young, B.S.

5500 4th Avenue South Seattle, WA 98108 (206) 285-8282 fbi@isomedia.com www.friedmanandbruya.com

March 3, 2023

Gil Cobb, Project Manager Point Source Solutions 5317 NE St Johns Rd. Suite D Vancouver, WA 98661

Dear Mr Cobb:

Included are the results from the testing of material submitted on February 27, 2023 from the 2436 SE 12th Ave, F&BI 302353 project. There are 6 pages included in this report. Any samples that may remain are currently scheduled for disposal in 30 days, or as directed by the Chain of Custody document. If you would like us to return your samples or arrange for long term storage at our offices, please contact us as soon as possible.

We appreciate this opportunity to be of service to you and hope you will call if you should have any questions.

Sincerely,

FRIEDMAN & BRUYA, INC.

Michael Erdahl Project Manager

Enclosures

c: Johnny Ramus, Jeff Jackman, Kyle Fisher

PSS0303R.DOC

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

CASE NARRATIVE

This case narrative encompasses samples received on February 27, 2023 by Friedman & Bruya, Inc. from the Point Source Solutions 2436 SE 12th Ave, F&BI 302353 project. Samples were logged in under the laboratory ID's listed below.

<u>Laboratory ID</u>	Point Source Solutions
302353 -01	B1-S1-10
302353 -02	B2-S1-11
302353 -03	B2-S2-16
302353 -04	B3-S1-4
302353 -05	B3-S2-10
302353 -06	B4-S1-4
302353 -07	B4-S2-11

All quality control requirements were acceptable.

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Date of Report: 03/03/23 Date Received: 02/27/23

Project: 2436 SE 12th Ave, F&BI 302353

Date Extracted: 02/28/23 Date Analyzed: 03/01/23

RESULTS FROM THE ANALYSIS OF SOIL SAMPLES FOR TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS AS GASOLINE USING METHOD NWTPH-Gx

Results Reported on a Dry Weight Basis Results Reported as mg/kg (ppm)

Sample ID Laboratory ID	Gasoline Range	Surrogate (<u>% Recovery</u>) (Limit 58-139)
B1-S1-10 302353-01	230	ip
B2-S1-11 302353-02 1/20	2,200	ip
B2-S2-16 302353-03	7.8	105
B3-S1-4 302353-04	<5	94
B3-S2-10 302353-05	<5	102
B4-S1-4 302353-06	<5	100
B4-S2-11 302353-07	<5	100
Method Blank 03-467 MB	<5	109

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Date of Report: 03/03/23 Date Received: 02/27/23

Project: 2436 SE 12th Ave, F&BI 302353

Date Extracted: 02/27/23 Date Analyzed: 02/27/23

RESULTS FROM THE ANALYSIS OF SOIL SAMPLES FOR TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS AS DIESEL AND MOTOR OIL USING METHOD NWTPH-Dx

Results Reported on a Dry Weight Basis Results Reported as mg/kg (ppm)

Sample ID Laboratory ID	$rac{ ext{Diesel Range}}{ ext{(C}_{10} ext{-C}_{25})}$	$rac{ ext{Motor Oil Range}}{ ext{(C}_{25} ext{-C}_{36} ext{)}}$	Surrogate (% Recovery) (Limit 50-150)
B1-S1-10 302353-01	<50	<250	107
B2-S1-11 302353-02	2,000 x	<250	112
B2-S2-16 302353-03	<50	<250	107
B3-S1-4 302353-04	<50	<250	110
B3-S2-10 302353-05	<50	<250	108
B4-S1-4 302353-06	<50	<250	107
B4-S2-11 302353-07	<50	<250	104
Method Blank 03-492 MB	<50	<250	107

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Date of Report: 03/03/23 Date Received: 02/27/23

Project: 2436 SE 12th Ave, F&BI 302353

QUALITY ASSURANCE RESULTS FOR THE ANALYSIS OF SOIL SAMPLES FOR TPH AS GASOLINE USING METHOD NWTPH-Gx

Laboratory Code: 302344-01 (Duplicate)

		Sample	Duplicate	
	Reporting	Result	Result	RPD
Analyte	Units	(Wet Wt)	(Wet Wt)	(Limit 20)
Gasoline	mg/kg (ppm)	<5	<5	nm

Laboratory Code: Laboratory Control Sample

			1 ercent		
	Reporting	Spike	Recovery	Acceptance	
Analyte	Units	Level	LCS	Criteria	
Gasoline	mg/kg (ppm)	20	100	70-130	-

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Date of Report: 03/03/23 Date Received: 02/27/23

Project: 2436 SE 12th Ave, F&BI 302353

QUALITY ASSURANCE RESULTS FROM THE ANALYSIS OF SOIL SAMPLES FOR TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS AS DIESEL EXTENDED USING METHOD NWTPH-Dx

Laboratory Code: 302229-04 (Matrix Spike)

			(Wet wt)	Percent	Percent		
	Reporting	Spike	Sample	Recovery	Recovery	Acceptance	RPD
Analyte	Units	Level	Result	MS	MSD	Criteria	(Limit 20)
Diesel Extended	mg/kg (nnm)	5.000	3 400	124	110	70-130	12

Laboratory Code: Laboratory Control Sample

			Percent	
	Reporting	Spike	Recovery	Acceptance
Analyte	Units	Level	LCS	Criteria
Diesel Extended	mg/kg (ppm)	5,000	102	70-130

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Data Qualifiers & Definitions

- a The analyte was detected at a level less than five times the reporting limit. The RPD results may not provide reliable information on the variability of the analysis.
- b The analyte was spiked at a level that was less than five times that present in the sample. Matrix spike recoveries may not be meaningful.
- ca The calibration results for the analyte were outside of acceptance criteria, biased high; or, the calibration results for the analyte were outside of acceptance criteria, biased high, with a detection for the analyte in the sample. The value reported is an estimate.
- c The presence of the analyte may be due to carryover from previous sample injections.
- cf The sample was centrifuged prior to analysis.
- d The sample was diluted. Detection limits were raised and surrogate recoveries may not be meaningful.
- dv Insufficient sample volume was available to achieve normal reporting limits.
- f The sample was laboratory filtered prior to analysis.
- fb The analyte was detected in the method blank.
- fc The analyte is a common laboratory and field contaminant.
- hr The sample and duplicate were reextracted and reanalyzed. RPD results were still outside of control limits. Variability is attributed to sample inhomogeneity.
- hs Headspace was present in the container used for analysis.
- ht The analysis was performed outside the method or client-specified holding time requirement.
- ip Recovery fell outside of control limits due to sample matrix effects.
- j The analyte concentration is reported below the standard reporting limit. The value reported is an estimate.
- J The internal standard associated with the analyte is out of control limits. The reported concentration is an estimate.
- jl The laboratory control sample(s) percent recovery and/or RPD were out of control limits. The reported concentration should be considered an estimate.
- js The surrogate associated with the analyte is out of control limits. The reported concentration should be considered an estimate.
- k The calibration results for the analyte were outside of acceptance criteria, biased high, and the analyte was not detected in the sample.
- lc The presence of the analyte is likely due to laboratory contamination.
- L The reported concentration was generated from a library search.
- nm The analyte was not detected in one or more of the duplicate analyses. Therefore, calculation of the RPD is not applicable.
- pc The sample was received with incorrect preservation or in a container not approved by the method. The value reported should be considered an estimate.
- ve The analyte response exceeded the valid instrument calibration range. The value reported is an estimate.
- vo The value reported fell outside the control limits established for this analyte.
- x The sample chromatographic pattern does not resemble the fuel standard used for quantitation.

Gil Cobb

Company Point Scure Solutions

Address 5317 NE St Johns Rd, StED

City, State, ZIP Vancouver, NA

SAMPLE CHAIN OF CUSTODY

02/27/23

2

PROJECT NAME
PO#

2436 SE 12th Aug

REMARKS
INVOICE TO

Project Specific RLs - Yes / No

Other_

Page # _____ of ____
TURNAROUND TIME

X Standard Turnaround
RUSH______
Rush charges authorized by:

SAMPLE DISPOSAL
Dispose after 30 days
Archive Samples

-	 	 								_
		B4-52-11	B4-51-4	B3-82-16	B3-Si-4	B2-52-16	82-51-11	B1-S1-10	Sample ID	
13		7	8	05	04	03	Q Z	01 A-C	Lab ID	
SIGNATURE		ι, η	[1] N	F.	z	E E	2	2/22/23	Date Sampled	
	-	14:52	14544	13:58	13:43	12:16	11:58	10037	Time Sampled	
		8011	1:05	50.7	Sail	Soil	Soil	Soil	Sample Type	
PRI		w	w	w	w	w	w	W	# of Jars	
		*	×	×	× ×	×	×	×	NWTPH-Dx	
PRINT NAME		×	×	×	×	×	×	*	NWTPH-Gx	
되									BTEX EPA 8021	
	Sa								VOCs EPA 8260	A
	 T T				<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	PAHs EPA 8270	IAN
	 Je		<u> </u>						PCBs EPA 8082	YSE
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COMPANY	mples received									ANALYSES REQUESTED
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DATE TIME	ဂိ								Notes	
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Friedman & Bruya, Inc. 3012 16th Avenue West Seattle, WA 98119-2029
Ph. (206) 285-8282

	SIGNATURE	PRINT NAME	COMPANY	DATE TIME	TIME
è Bruya, Inc.	Relinquished by:	John Ramus	Point Source	2/27/23 1:33	1.23
venue West	Received by:	ANHPHAN	F8b	02/27/23 11:23	11:23
98119-2029	98119-2029 Relinquished by:				
35-8282	Received by:				

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

James E. Bruya, Ph.D. Yelena Aravkina, M.S. Michael Erdahl, B.S. Vineta Mills, M.S. Eric Young, B.S.

5500 4th Avenue South Seattle, WA 98108 (206) 285-8282 fbi@isomedia.com www.friedmanandbruya.com

March 10, 2023

Gil Cobb, Project Manager Point Source Solutions 5317 NE St Johns Rd, Suite D Vancouver, WA 98661

Dear Mr Cobb:

Included are the additional results from the testing of material submitted on February 27, 2023 from the 2436 SE 12th Ave, F&BI 302353 project. There are 13 pages included in this report.

We appreciate this opportunity to be of service to you and hope you will call if you should have any questions.

Sincerely,

FRIEDMAN & BRUYA, INC.

Michael Erdahl Project Manager

Enclosures

c: Johnny Ramus, Jeff Jackman, Kyle Fisher

PSS0310R.DOC

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

CASE NARRATIVE

This case narrative encompasses samples received on February 27, 2023 by Friedman & Bruya, Inc. from the Point Source Solutions 2436 SE 12th Ave, F&BI 302353 project. Samples were logged in under the laboratory ID's listed below.

<u>Laboratory ID</u>	Point Source Solutions
302353 -01	B1-S1-10
302353 -02	B2-S1-11
302353 -03	B2-S2-16
302353 -04	B3-S1-4
302353 -05	B3-S2-10
302353 -06	B4-S1-4
302353 -07	B4-S2-11

The 8260D matrix spike and matrix spike duplicate failed the relative percent difference for several compounds. The analytes were not detected therefore the data were acceptable.

The 8260D laboratory control sample exceeded the acceptance criteria for bromomethane. The compound was not detected, therefore the data were acceptable.

All other quality control requirements were acceptable.

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Analysis For Total Metals By EPA Method 6020B

Client ID: B2-S1-11 Client: Point Source Solutions

Date Received: 02/27/23 Project: 2436 SE 12th Ave, F&BI 302353

 Date Extracted:
 03/07/23
 Lab ID:
 302353-02

 Date Analyzed:
 03/07/23
 Data File:
 302353-02.105

 Matrix:
 Soil
 Instrument:
 ICPMS2

Units: mg/kg (ppm) Dry Weight Operator: SP

Concentration

Analyte: mg/kg (ppm)

Lead 8.07

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Analysis For Total Metals By EPA Method 6020B

Client ID: Method Blank Client: Point Source Solutions

Date Received: Not Applicable Project: 2436 SE 12th Ave, F&BI 302353

Date Extracted: 03/07/23 Lab ID: I3-165 mb
Date Analyzed: 03/07/23 Data File: I3-165 mb.078
Matrix: Soil Instrument: ICPMS2

Units: mg/kg (ppm) Dry Weight Operator: SP

Concentration

Analyte: mg/kg (ppm)

Lead <1

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Analysis For Volatile Compounds By EPA Method 8260D

Client Sample ID: B2-S1-11 Client: Point Source Solutions

Date Received: 02/27/23 Project: 2436 SE 12th Ave, F&BI 302353

03/07/23 Lab ID: Date Extracted: 302353-02 Date Analyzed: 03/07/23 Data File: 030712.DMatrix: Soil Instrument: GCMS4 Units: mg/kg (ppm) Dry Weight Operator: lm

		Lower	Upper
Surrogates:	% Recovery:	Limit:	Limit:
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	98	90	109
Toluene-d8	103	89	112
4-Bromofluorobenzene	102	84	115

Compounds:	Concentration mg/kg (ppm)	Compounds:	Concentration mg/kg (ppm)
Dichlorodifluoromethane	< 0.5	1,3-Dichloropropane	< 0.05
Chloromethane	< 0.5	Tetrachloroethene	< 0.025
Vinyl chloride	< 0.05	Dibromochloromethane	< 0.05
Bromomethane	< 0.5	1,2-Dibromoethane (EDB)	< 0.05
Chloroethane	< 0.5	Chlorobenzene	< 0.05
Trichlorofluoromethane	< 0.5	Ethylbenzene	0.085
Acetone	<5 ca	1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	< 0.05
1,1-Dichloroethene	< 0.05	m,p-Xylene	0.23
Hexane	< 0.25	o-Xylene	< 0.05
Methylene chloride	< 0.5	Styrene	< 0.05
Methyl t-butyl ether (MTBE)	< 0.05	Isopropylbenzene	0.58
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	< 0.05	Bromoform	< 0.05
1,1-Dichloroethane	< 0.05	n-Propylbenzene	0.48
2,2-Dichloropropane	< 0.05	Bromobenzene	< 0.05
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	< 0.05	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	1.8
Chloroform	< 0.05	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	< 0.05
2-Butanone (MEK)	<1	1,2,3-Trichloropropane	< 0.05
1,2-Dichloroethane (EDC)	< 0.05	2-Chlorotoluene	< 0.05
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	< 0.05	4-Chlorotoluene	< 0.05
1,1-Dichloropropene	< 0.05	tert-Butylbenzene	0.12
Carbon tetrachloride	< 0.05	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	1.6
Benzene	< 0.03	sec-Butylbenzene	2.0
Trichloroethene	< 0.02	p-Isopropyltoluene	3.6
1,2-Dichloropropane	< 0.05	1,3-Dichlorobenzene	< 0.05
Bromodichloromethane	< 0.05	1,4-Dichlorobenzene	< 0.05
Dibromomethane	< 0.05	1,2-Dichlorobenzene	< 0.05
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	<1	1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	< 0.5
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	< 0.05	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	< 0.25
Toluene	< 0.05	Hexachlorobutadiene	< 0.25
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	< 0.05	Naphthalene	< 0.05
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	< 0.05	1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	< 0.25
2-Hexanone	< 0.5		

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Analysis For Volatile Compounds By EPA Method 8260D

Client Sample ID: Method Blank Client: Point Source Solutions

Date Received: Not Applicable Project: 2436 SE 12th Ave, F&BI 302353

03/06/23 Lab ID: Date Extracted: 03-0372 mbDate Analyzed: 03/06/23 Data File: 030605.DSoil GCMS4 Matrix: Instrument: Units: mg/kg (ppm) Dry Weight Operator: lm

		Lower	\cup pper
Surrogates:	% Recovery:	Limit:	Limit:
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	100	90	109
Toluene-d8	103	89	112
4-Bromofluorobenzene	96	84	115

	Concentration		Concentration
Compounds:	mg/kg (ppm)	Compounds:	mg/kg (ppm)
Dichlorodifluoromethane	< 0.5	1,3-Dichloropropane	< 0.05
Chloromethane	< 0.5	Tetrachloroethene	< 0.025
Vinyl chloride	< 0.05	Dibromochloromethane	< 0.05
Bromomethane	< 0.5	1,2-Dibromoethane (EDB)	< 0.05
Chloroethane	< 0.5	Chlorobenzene	< 0.05
Trichlorofluoromethane	< 0.5	Ethylbenzene	< 0.05
Acetone	<5	1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	< 0.05
1,1-Dichloroethene	< 0.05	m,p-Xylene	< 0.1
Hexane	< 0.25	o-Xylene	< 0.05
Methylene chloride	< 0.5	Styrene	< 0.05
Methyl t-butyl ether (MTBE)	< 0.05	Isopropylbenzene	< 0.05
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	< 0.05	Bromoform	< 0.05
1,1-Dichloroethane	< 0.05	n-Propylbenzene	< 0.05
2,2-Dichloropropane	< 0.05	Bromobenzene	< 0.05
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	< 0.05	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	< 0.05
Chloroform	< 0.05	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	< 0.05
2-Butanone (MEK)	<1	1,2,3-Trichloropropane	< 0.05
1,2-Dichloroethane (EDC)	< 0.05	2-Chlorotoluene	< 0.05
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	< 0.05	4-Chlorotoluene	< 0.05
1,1-Dichloropropene	< 0.05	tert-Butylbenzene	< 0.05
Carbon tetrachloride	< 0.05	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	< 0.05
Benzene	< 0.03	sec-Butylbenzene	< 0.05
Trichloroethene	< 0.02	p-Isopropyltoluene	< 0.05
1,2-Dichloropropane	< 0.05	1,3-Dichlorobenzene	< 0.05
Bromodichloromethane	< 0.05	1,4-Dichlorobenzene	< 0.05
Dibromomethane	< 0.05	1,2-Dichlorobenzene	< 0.05
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	<1	1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	< 0.5
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	< 0.05	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	< 0.25
Toluene	< 0.05	Hexachlorobutadiene	< 0.25
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	< 0.05	Naphthalene	< 0.05
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	< 0.05	1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	< 0.25
2-Hexanone	< 0.5		

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Analysis For Semivolatile Compounds By EPA Method 8270E

Client Sample ID: B2-S1-11 Client: Point Source Solutions

Date Received: 02/27/23 Project: 2436 SE 12th Ave, F&BI 302353

Date Extracted: 03/06/23 Lab ID: 302353-02 1/5 Date Analyzed: 03/06/23 Data File: 030616.DSoil Matrix: Instrument: GCMS9 Units: mg/kg (ppm) Dry Weight VMOperator:

Upper Lower % Recovery: Surrogates: Limit: Limit: Nitrobenzene-d5 130 198 10 2-Fluorobiphenyl 85 117 45 2,4,6-Tribromophenol 81 11 158 50 124

Terphenyl-d14 100 Concentration Compounds: mg/kg (ppm) Naphthalene < 0.01 2-Methylnaphthalene 0.151-Methylnaphthalene 0.17 Acenaphthylene < 0.01 Acenaphthene < 0.01 Fluorene 0.074 Phenanthrene 0.061 Anthracene < 0.01 Fluoranthene 0.011 Pyrene 0.013 Benz(a)anthracene < 0.01 Chrysene < 0.01 Benzo(a)pyrene < 0.01 Benzo(b)fluoranthene < 0.01 Benzo(k)fluoranthene < 0.01 Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene < 0.01 Dibenz(a,h)anthracene < 0.01 Benzo(g,h,i)perylene < 0.01

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Analysis For Semivolatile Compounds By EPA Method 8270E

Client Sample ID: Method Blank Client: Point Source Solutions

Date Received: Not Applicable Project: 2436 SE 12th Ave, F&BI 302353

Date Extracted: 03/06/23 Lab ID: 03-527 mb 1/5 Date Analyzed: 03/06/23 Data File: 030615.DSoil Matrix: Instrument: GCMS12 Units: mg/kg (ppm) Dry Weight VMOperator:

Upper Lower Surrogates: % Recovery: Limit: Limit: 137 Nitrobenzene-d5 102 16 2-Fluorobiphenyl 95 122 46 2,4,6-Tribromophenol 105 17 154 Terphenyl-d14 98 31 167

Concentration Compounds: mg/kg (ppm) Naphthalene < 0.01 2-Methylnaphthalene < 0.01 1-Methylnaphthalene < 0.01 Acenaphthylene < 0.01 Acenaphthene < 0.01 Fluorene < 0.01 Phenanthrene < 0.01 Anthracene < 0.01 Fluoranthene < 0.01 Pyrene < 0.01 Benz(a)anthracene < 0.01 Chrysene < 0.01 Benzo(a)pyrene < 0.01 Benzo(b)fluoranthene < 0.01 Benzo(k)fluoranthene < 0.01 Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene < 0.01 Dibenz(a,h)anthracene < 0.01 Benzo(g,h,i)perylene < 0.01

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Date of Report: 03/10/23 Date Received: 02/27/23

Project: 2436 SE 12th Ave, F&BI 302353

QUALITY ASSURANCE RESULTS FOR THE ANALYSIS OF SOIL SAMPLES FOR TOTAL METALS USING EPA METHOD 6020B

Laboratory Code: 303073-01 x5 (Matrix Spike)

			Sample	Percent	Percent		
	Reporting	Spike	Result	Recovery	Recovery	Acceptance	RPD
Analyte	Units	Level	(Wet wt)	MS	MSD	Criteria	(Limit 20)
Lead	mg/kg (ppm)	50	<5	90	96	75-125	6

Laboratory Code: Laboratory Control Sample

			$\operatorname{Percent}$	
	Reporting	Spike	Recovery	Acceptance
Analyte	Units	Level	LCS	Criteria
Lead	mg/kg (ppm)	50	96	80-120

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Date of Report: 03/10/23 Date Received: 02/27/23

Project: 2436 SE 12th Ave, F&BI 302353

QUALITY ASSURANCE RESULTS FOR THE ANALYSIS OF SOIL SAMPLES FOR VOLATILES BY EPA METHOD 8260D

Laboratory Code: 303040-01 (Matrix Spike)

· ·	1 /		Sample	Percent	Percent		
	Reporting	Spike	Result	Recovery	Recovery	Acceptance	RPD
Analyte	Units	Level	(Wet wt)	MS	MSD	Criteria	(Limit 20)
Dichlorodifluoromethane	mg/kg (ppm)	2	< 0.5	27	19	10-142	35 vo
Chloromethane	mg/kg (ppm)	2	< 0.5	56	43	10-126	26 vo
Vinyl chloride	mg/kg (ppm)	$\frac{2}{2}$	< 0.05	52	43 99	10-138	19
Bromomethane Chloroethane	mg/kg (ppm) mg/kg (ppm)	2	<0.5 <0.5	74 70	99 62	10-163 10-176	29 vo 12
Trichlorofluoromethane	mg/kg (ppm)	2	< 0.5	69	60	10-176	14
Acetone	mg/kg (ppm)	10	<5	65	51	10-170	24 vo
1.1-Dichloroethene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	< 0.05	78	68	10-160	14
Hexane	mg/kg (ppm)	2	< 0.25	63	54	10-137	15
Methylene chloride	mg/kg (ppm)	2	< 0.5	80	67	10-156	18
Methyl t-butyl ether (MTBE)	mg/kg (ppm)	2	< 0.05	90	81	21-145	11
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	< 0.05	82	73	14-137	12
1,1-Dichloroethane	mg/kg (ppm)	2 2	<0.05 <0.05	81 88	71 81	19-140 10-158	13 8
2,2-Dichloropropane cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	mg/kg (ppm) mg/kg (ppm)	2	< 0.05	84	77	25-135	9
Chloroform	mg/kg (ppm)	2	< 0.05	89	80	21-145	11
2-Butanone (MEK)	mg/kg (ppm)	10	<1	88	76	19-147	15
1,2-Dichloroethane (EDC)	mg/kg (ppm)	2	< 0.05	88	79	12-160	11
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	mg/kg (ppm)	2	< 0.05	94	83	10-156	12
1,1-Dichloropropene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	< 0.05	82	74	17-140	10
Carbon tetrachloride	mg/kg (ppm)	2	< 0.05	90	81	9-164	11
Benzene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	< 0.03	87	77	29-129	12
Trichloroethene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	<0.02	86	77	21-139	11
1,2-Dichloropropane Bromodichloromethane	mg/kg (ppm) mg/kg (ppm)	$\frac{2}{2}$	<0.05 <0.05	80 92	70 82	30-135 23-155	13 11
Dibromomethane	mg/kg (ppm)	2	< 0.05	90	79	23-145	13
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	mg/kg (ppm)	10	<1	96	84	24-155	13
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	< 0.05	88	77	28-144	13
Toluene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	< 0.05	84	74	35-130	13
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	< 0.05	86	76	26-149	12
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	mg/kg (ppm)	2	< 0.05	82	72	10-205	13
2-Hexanone	mg/kg (ppm)	10	< 0.5	95	84	15-166	12
1,3-Dichloropropane Tetrachloroethene	mg/kg (ppm)	$\frac{2}{2}$	<0.05 <0.025	86 96	76 85	31-137 20-133	12 12
Dibromochloromethane	mg/kg (ppm) mg/kg (ppm)	2	< 0.025	86 86	89 78	28-150	10
1,2-Dibromoethane (EDB)	mg/kg (ppm)	2	< 0.05	84	74	28-142	13
Chlorobenzene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	< 0.05	89	79	32-129	12
Ethylbenzene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	< 0.05	89	79	32-137	12
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	mg/kg (ppm)	2	< 0.05	89	80	31-143	11
m,p-Xylene	mg/kg (ppm)	4	< 0.1	89	78	34-136	13
o-Xylene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	< 0.05	86	78	33-134	10
Styrene	mg/kg (ppm)	$\frac{2}{2}$	< 0.05	88 93	79 83	35-137	11 11
Isopropylbenzene Bromoform	mg/kg (ppm) mg/kg (ppm)	2	<0.05 <0.05	93 89	82	31-142 21-156	8
n-Propylbenzene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	< 0.05	87	81	23-146	7
Bromobenzene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	< 0.05	91	84	34-130	8
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	< 0.05	89	82	18-149	8
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	mg/kg (ppm)	2	< 0.05	92	87	28-140	6
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	mg/kg (ppm)	2	< 0.05	83	77	25-144	7
2-Chlorotoluene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	0.65	73 b	60 b	31-134	20 b
4-Chlorotoluene	mg/kg (ppm)	$\frac{2}{2}$	< 0.05	85 92	79	31-136 30-137	7
tert-Butylbenzene 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	mg/kg (ppm) mg/kg (ppm)	2	<0.05 <0.05	92 87	85 81	30-137 10-182	8 7
sec-Butylbenzene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	0.087	90	82	23-145	9
p-Isopropyltoluene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	< 0.05	91	84	21-149	8
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	< 0.05	89	83	30-131	7
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	< 0.05	91	84	29-129	8
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	< 0.05	90	84	31-132	7
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	mg/kg (ppm)	2	< 0.5	80	75	11-161	6
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	< 0.25	93	83	22-142	11
Hexachlorobutadiene	mg/kg (ppm)	2 2	<0.25	120	105	10-142	13 10
Naphthalene 1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	mg/kg (ppm) mg/kg (ppm)	2	<0.05 <0.25	88 94	80 83	14-157 20-144	10 12
1,2,0 IIICIIIOIODEIIZEIIE	mg/rg (ppm)	2	~0.20	J4	99	20-144	14

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Date of Report: 03/10/23 Date Received: 02/27/23

Project: 2436 SE 12th Ave, F&BI 302353

QUALITY ASSURANCE RESULTS FOR THE ANALYSIS OF SOIL SAMPLES FOR VOLATILES BY EPA METHOD 8260D

Laboratory Code: Laboratory Control Sample

		Percent				
	Reporting	Spike	Recovery	Acceptance		
Analyte	Units	Level	LCS	Criteria		
Dichlorodifluoromethane	mg/kg (ppm)	2	53	10-146		
Chloromethane	mg/kg (ppm)	2	69	27-133		
Vinyl chloride	mg/kg (ppm)	2	72	22-139		
Bromomethane	mg/kg (ppm)	$\frac{2}{2}$	143 vo	38-114		
Chloroethane Trichlorofluoromethane	mg/kg (ppm)	2	91 92	9-163 10-196		
Acetone	mg/kg (ppm) mg/kg (ppm)	10	92 72	52-141		
1.1-Dichloroethene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	92	47-128		
Hexane	mg/kg (ppm)	2	86	43-142		
Methylene chloride	mg/kg (ppm)	2	92	10-184		
Methyl t-butyl ether (MTBE)	mg/kg (ppm)	2	99	60-123		
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	92	67-129		
1,1-Dichloroethane	mg/kg (ppm)	2	91	68-115		
2,2-Dichloropropane	mg/kg (ppm)	2 2	98	52-170		
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene Chloroform	mg/kg (ppm) mg/kg (ppm)	2	95 98	72-127 66-120		
2-Butanone (MEK)	mg/kg (ppm)	10	95	30-120		
1,2-Dichloroethane (EDC)	mg/kg (ppm)	2	95	56-135		
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	mg/kg (ppm)	2	106	62-131		
1,1-Dichloropropene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	92	69-128		
Carbon tetrachloride	mg/kg (ppm)	2	103	60-139		
Benzene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	94	71-118		
Trichloroethene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	99	63-121		
1,2-Dichloropropane	mg/kg (ppm)	$\frac{2}{2}$	86	72-127		
Bromodichloromethane Dibromomethane	mg/kg (ppm) mg/kg (ppm)	2	100 99	57-126 62-123		
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	mg/kg (ppm)	10	99	45-145		
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	93	67-122		
Toluene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	89	66-126		
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	88	72-132		
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	mg/kg (ppm)	2	84	64-115		
2-Hexanone	mg/kg (ppm)	10	99	33-152		
1,3-Dichloropropane	mg/kg (ppm)	2 2	89	72-130		
Tetrachloroethene Dibromochloromethane	mg/kg (ppm) mg/kg (ppm)	2	102 93	72-114 55-121		
1,2-Dibromoethane (EDB)	mg/kg (ppm)	2	95 88	74-132		
Chlorobenzene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	92	76-111		
Ethylbenzene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	92	64-123		
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	mg/kg (ppm)	2	94	64-121		
m,p-Xylene	mg/kg (ppm)	4	92	78-122		
o-Xylene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	93	77-124		
Styrene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	92	74-126		
Isopropylbenzene Bromoform	mg/kg (ppm)	2 2	98 97	76-127 56-132		
n-Propylbenzene	mg/kg (ppm) mg/kg (ppm)	2	93	74-124		
Bromobenzene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	99	72-122		
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	98	76-126		
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	mg/kg (ppm)	2	88	56-143		
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	mg/kg (ppm)	2	88	61-137		
2-Chlorotoluene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	94	74-121		
4-Chlorotoluene	mg/kg (ppm)	$\frac{2}{2}$	92	75-122		
tert-Butylbenzene	mg/kg (ppm)	$\frac{2}{2}$	99 96	73-130		
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene sec-Butylbenzene	mg/kg (ppm) mg/kg (ppm)	2	96 97	76-125 71-130		
p-Isopropyltoluene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	97	70-132		
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	98	75-121		
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	99	74-117		
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	100	76-121		
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	mg/kg (ppm)	2	89	58-138		
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	96	64-135		
Hexachlorobutadiene	mg/kg (ppm)	2 2	107	50-153		
Naphthalene 1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	mg/kg (ppm) mg/kg (ppm)	2 2	92 95	63-140 63-138		
1,2,0-111CHIOTODEHZEHE	mg/kg (ppm)	4	ฮย	09-190		

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Date of Report: 03/10/23 Date Received: 02/27/23

Project: 2436 SE 12th Ave, F&BI 302353

QUALITY ASSURANCE RESULTS FOR THE ANALYSIS OF SOIL SAMPLES FOR SEMIVOLATILES BY EPA METHOD 8270E

Laboratory Code: 303077-11 1/5 (Matrix Spike)

			Sample	Percent	Percent		
	Reporting	Spike	Result		Recovery	Acceptance	RPD
Analyte	Units	Level	(Wet wt)	MS	MSD	Criteria	(Limit 20)
Naphthalene	mg/kg (ppm)	0.83	< 0.01	84	81	50-150	4
2-Methylnaphthalene	mg/kg (ppm)	0.83	< 0.01	92	87	50-150	6
1-Methylnaphthalene	mg/kg (ppm)	0.83	< 0.01	94	89	50-150	5
Acenaphthylene	mg/kg (ppm)	0.83	< 0.01	98	94	50-150	4
Acenaphthene	mg/kg (ppm)	0.83	< 0.01	89	85	50-150	5
Fluorene	mg/kg (ppm)	0.83	< 0.01	97	93	50-150	4
Phenanthrene	mg/kg (ppm)	0.83	< 0.01	90	89	10-170	1
Anthracene	mg/kg (ppm)	0.83	< 0.01	90	89	50-150	1
Fluoranthene	mg/kg (ppm)	0.83	< 0.01	96	94	10-203	2
Pyrene	mg/kg (ppm)	0.83	< 0.01	89	86	10-208	3
Benz(a)anthracene	mg/kg (ppm)	0.83	< 0.01	95	93	37-146	2
Chrysene	mg/kg (ppm)	0.83	< 0.01	93	90	36-144	3
Benzo(a)pyrene	mg/kg (ppm)	0.83	< 0.01	91	90	40-150	1
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	mg/kg (ppm)	0.83	< 0.01	94	91	45-157	3
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	mg/kg (ppm)	0.83	< 0.01	89	88	50-150	1
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	mg/kg (ppm)	0.83	< 0.01	82	81	24-145	1
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	mg/kg (ppm)	0.83	< 0.01	79	76	31-137	4
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	mg/kg (ppm)	0.83	< 0.01	75	71	14-141	5

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Date of Report: 03/10/23 Date Received: 02/27/23

Project: 2436 SE 12th Ave, F&BI 302353

QUALITY ASSURANCE RESULTS FOR THE ANALYSIS OF SOIL SAMPLES FOR SEMIVOLATILES BY EPA METHOD 8270E

Laboratory Code: Laboratory Control Sample 1/5

			Percent	
Analyte	Reporting Units	Spike Level	Recovery LCS	Acceptance Criteria
Naphthalene	mg/kg (ppm)	0.83	89	58-108
2-Methylnaphthalene	mg/kg (ppm)	0.83	96	67-109
1-Methylnaphthalene	mg/kg (ppm)	0.83	98	66-107
Acenaphthylene	mg/kg (ppm)	0.83	105	70-130
Acenaphthene	mg/kg (ppm)	0.83	97	66-112
Fluorene	mg/kg (ppm)	0.83	103	67-117
Phenanthrene	mg/kg (ppm)	0.83	98	70-130
Anthracene	mg/kg (ppm)	0.83	98	70-130
Fluoranthene	mg/kg (ppm)	0.83	103	70-130
Pyrene	mg/kg (ppm)	0.83	97	70-130
Benz(a)anthracene	mg/kg (ppm)	0.83	101	70-130
Chrysene	mg/kg (ppm)	0.83	100	70-130
Benzo(a)pyrene	mg/kg (ppm)	0.83	95	68-120
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	mg/kg (ppm)	0.83	95	69-125
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	mg/kg (ppm)	0.83	92	70-130
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	mg/kg (ppm)	0.83	92	67-129
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	mg/kg (ppm)	0.83	87	67-128
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	mg/kg (ppm)	0.83	85	67-127

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Data Qualifiers & Definitions

- a The analyte was detected at a level less than five times the reporting limit. The RPD results may not provide reliable information on the variability of the analysis.
- b The analyte was spiked at a level that was less than five times that present in the sample. Matrix spike recoveries may not be meaningful.
- ca The calibration results for the analyte were outside of acceptance criteria, biased high; or, the calibration results for the analyte were outside of acceptance criteria, biased high, with a detection for the analyte in the sample. The value reported is an estimate.
- c The presence of the analyte may be due to carryover from previous sample injections.
- cf The sample was centrifuged prior to analysis.
- d The sample was diluted. Detection limits were raised and surrogate recoveries may not be meaningful.
- dv Insufficient sample volume was available to achieve normal reporting limits.
- f The sample was laboratory filtered prior to analysis.
- fb The analyte was detected in the method blank.
- fc The analyte is a common laboratory and field contaminant.
- hr The sample and duplicate were reextracted and reanalyzed. RPD results were still outside of control limits. Variability is attributed to sample inhomogeneity.
- hs Headspace was present in the container used for analysis.
- ht The analysis was performed outside the method or client-specified holding time requirement.
- ip Recovery fell outside of control limits due to sample matrix effects.
- j The analyte concentration is reported below the standard reporting limit. The value reported is an estimate.
- J The internal standard associated with the analyte is out of control limits. The reported concentration is an estimate.
- jl The laboratory control sample(s) percent recovery and/or RPD were out of control limits. The reported concentration should be considered an estimate.
- js The surrogate associated with the analyte is out of control limits. The reported concentration should be considered an estimate.
- k The calibration results for the analyte were outside of acceptance criteria, biased high, and the analyte was not detected in the sample.
- lc The presence of the analyte is likely due to laboratory contamination.
- L The reported concentration was generated from a library search.
- nm The analyte was not detected in one or more of the duplicate analyses. Therefore, calculation of the RPD is not applicable.
- pc The sample was received with incorrect preservation or in a container not approved by the method. The value reported should be considered an estimate.
- ve The analyte response exceeded the valid instrument calibration range. The value reported is an estimate.
- vo The value reported fell outside the control limits established for this analyte.
- x The sample chromatographic pattern does not resemble the fuel standard used for quantitation.

Ph. (206) 285-8282 Seattle, WA 98119-2029 3012 16th Avenue West Friedman & Bruya, Inc. B4-52-11 City, State, ZIP Vancouver, NA B4-51-4 302353 Report To Address 5317 NEST Johns Rd, StED B3-82-10 B3-81-4 Company Point Source Solutions B2-52-16 B2-51-11 Bi-Si-10 Sample ID Gil C065 Received by: Relinquished by: Received by: Relinquished by: _Email_ P 8 2 b3 04 S S 01 A-C Lab ID tow Year SIGNATURE ۲ ۶. 2/22/23 7 2 E ţ. Date Sampled 7 ť 3 14:44 14:52 13:58 13:43 12:16 Time Sampled i en 3:7 11:58 SAMPLE CHAIN OF CLISTODY Project Specific RLs - Yes SAMPLERS (signature) REMARKS PROJECT NAME 2436 SE 12+ Au 7.105 8011 <u>~</u> & Soil Sil Soi/ 50. Sample Type John Rowanie ANHROTALS PRINT ZAME w w تى w # of Jars W w W メ X X X X X NWTPH-Dx Z the Mein X X X × X NWTPH-Gx BTEX EPA 8021 Sample \$ received VOCs EPA 8260 AN ALYSES REQUESTED PAHs EPA 8270 INVOICE TO PCBs EPA 8082 **P**0# Point Source L end COMPANY X Standard Turnaround 23 Rush charges authorized by a **Archive Samples** Dispose after 30 days TURNAROUND TIME Page # SAMPLE DISPOSAL 9 ကိ 02/27/23 11 2 27 23 16 DATE 2/3/23 1 Der KF Notes of

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ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

James E. Bruya, Ph.D. Yelena Aravkina, M.S. Michael Erdahl, B.S. Vineta Mills, M.S. Eric Young, B.S.

5500 4th Avenue South Seattle, WA 98108 (206) 285-8282 fbi@isomedia.com www.friedmanandbruya.com

March 8, 2023

Gil Cobb, Project Manager Point Source Solutions 5317 NE St Johns Rd. Suite D Vancouver, WA 98661

Dear Mr Cobb:

Included are the results from the testing of material submitted on March 2, 2023 from the 2436 SE 12th Ave, F&BI 303042 project. There are 6 pages included in this report. Any samples that may remain are currently scheduled for disposal in 30 days, or as directed by the Chain of Custody document. If you would like us to return your samples or arrange for long term storage at our offices, please contact us as soon as possible.

We appreciate this opportunity to be of service to you and hope you will call if you should have any questions.

Sincerely,

FRIEDMAN & BRUYA, INC.

Michael Erdahl Project Manager

Enclosures

c: Johnny Ramus, Jeff Jackman, Kyle Fisher

PSS0308R.DOC

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

CASE NARRATIVE

This case narrative encompasses samples received on March 2, 2023 by Friedman & Bruya, Inc. from the Point Source Solutions 2436 SE 12th Ave, F&BI 303042 project. Samples were logged in under the laboratory ID's listed below.

<u>Laboratory ID</u>	Point Source Solutions
303042 -01	B5-S1-4
303042 -02	B6-S1-4

All quality control requirements were acceptable.

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Date of Report: 03/08/23 Date Received: 03/02/23

Project: 2436 SE 12th Ave, F&BI 303042

Date Extracted: 03/03/23

Date Analyzed: 03/06/23 and 3/07/23

RESULTS FROM THE ANALYSIS OF SOIL SAMPLES FOR TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS AS GASOLINE USING METHOD NWTPH-Gx

Results Reported on a Dry Weight Basis Results Reported as mg/kg (ppm)

Sample ID Laboratory ID	Gasoline Range	Surrogate (<u>% Recovery</u>) (Limit 58-139)
B5-S1-4 303042-01	<5	133
B6-S1-4 303042-02	<5	129
Method Blank _{03-473 MB2}	<5	91

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Date of Report: 03/08/23 Date Received: 03/02/23

Project: 2436 SE 12th Ave, F&BI 303042

Date Extracted: 03/03/23 Date Analyzed: 03/03/23

RESULTS FROM THE ANALYSIS OF SOIL SAMPLES FOR TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS AS DIESEL AND MOTOR OIL USING METHOD NWTPH-Dx

Results Reported on a Dry Weight Basis Results Reported as mg/kg (ppm)

Sample ID Laboratory ID	$rac{ ext{Diesel Range}}{ ext{(C}_{10} ext{-C}_{25})}$	Motor Oil Range (C ₂₅ -C ₃₆)	Surrogate (% Recovery) (Limit 50-150)
B5-S1-4 303042-01	<50	<250	98
B6-S1-4 303042-02	<50	<250	99
Method Blank	<50	<250	103

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Date of Report: 03/08/23 Date Received: 03/02/23

Project: 2436 SE 12th Ave, F&BI 303042

QUALITY ASSURANCE RESULTS FOR THE ANALYSIS OF SOIL SAMPLES FOR TPH AS GASOLINE USING METHOD NWTPH-Gx

Laboratory Code: 303015-01 (Duplicate)

		Sample	Duplicate	
	Reporting	Result	Result	RPD
Analyte	Units	(Wet Wt)	(Wet Wt)	(Limit 20)
Gasoline	mg/kg (ppm)	<5	<5	nm

			Percent	
	Reporting	Spike	Recovery	Acceptance
Analyte	Units	Level	LCS	Criteria
Gasoline	mg/kg (ppm)	20	95	70-130

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Date of Report: 03/08/23 Date Received: 03/02/23

Project: 2436 SE 12th Ave, F&BI 303042

QUALITY ASSURANCE RESULTS FROM THE ANALYSIS OF SOIL SAMPLES FOR TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS AS DIESEL EXTENDED USING METHOD NWTPH-Dx

Laboratory Code: 303043-01 (Matrix Spike)

			(Wet wt)	Percent	Percent		
	Reporting	Spike	Sample	Recovery	Recovery	Acceptance	RPD
Analyte	Units	Level	Result	MS	MSD	Criteria	(Limit 20)
Diesel Extended	mg/kg (nnm)	5.000	<50	106	104	70-130	2

			Percent	
	Reporting	Spike	Recovery	Acceptance
Analyte	Units	Level	LCS	Criteria
Diesel Extended	mg/kg (ppm)	5,000	104	70-130

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Data Qualifiers & Definitions

- a The analyte was detected at a level less than five times the reporting limit. The RPD results may not provide reliable information on the variability of the analysis.
- b The analyte was spiked at a level that was less than five times that present in the sample. Matrix spike recoveries may not be meaningful.
- ca The calibration results for the analyte were outside of acceptance criteria, biased high; or, the calibration results for the analyte were outside of acceptance criteria, biased high, with a detection for the analyte in the sample. The value reported is an estimate.
- c The presence of the analyte may be due to carryover from previous sample injections.
- cf The sample was centrifuged prior to analysis.
- d The sample was diluted. Detection limits were raised and surrogate recoveries may not be meaningful.
- dv Insufficient sample volume was available to achieve normal reporting limits.
- f The sample was laboratory filtered prior to analysis.
- fb The analyte was detected in the method blank.
- fc The analyte is a common laboratory and field contaminant.
- hr The sample and duplicate were reextracted and reanalyzed. RPD results were still outside of control limits. Variability is attributed to sample inhomogeneity.
- hs Headspace was present in the container used for analysis.
- ht The analysis was performed outside the method or client-specified holding time requirement.
- ip Recovery fell outside of control limits due to sample matrix effects.
- j The analyte concentration is reported below the standard reporting limit. The value reported is an estimate.
- J The internal standard associated with the analyte is out of control limits. The reported concentration is an estimate.
- jl The laboratory control sample(s) percent recovery and/or RPD were out of control limits. The reported concentration should be considered an estimate.
- js The surrogate associated with the analyte is out of control limits. The reported concentration should be considered an estimate.
- k The calibration results for the analyte were outside of acceptance criteria, biased high, and the analyte was not detected in the sample.
- lc The presence of the analyte is likely due to laboratory contamination.
- L The reported concentration was generated from a library search.
- nm The analyte was not detected in one or more of the duplicate analyses. Therefore, calculation of the RPD is not applicable.
- pc The sample was received with incorrect preservation or in a container not approved by the method. The value reported should be considered an estimate.
- ve The analyte response exceeded the valid instrument calibration range. The value reported is an estimate.
- vo The value reported fell outside the control limits established for this analyte.
- x The sample chromatographic pattern does not resemble the fuel standard used for quantitation.

City, State, ZIP Vanconver, WA 78661 Address____ Company___ Report To___ 303042 Seattle, WA 98119-2029 Friedman & Bruya, Inc. Ph. (206) 285-8282 3012 16th Avenue West B6-51-4 BS-51-4 Sample ID 5317 NE ST Point Some Solytions 61 666 Email_ Relinquished by: Relinquished by: Received by: Received by: 01 01 A-C 2 128/23 Lab ID Johns Rd Ste. 0 SIGNATURE 2/28/23 Sampled SAMPLE CHAIN OF CUSTODY 03/02/83 NI Sampled 12.1 4:10 Time PROJECT NAME SAMPLERS (signature) REMARKS Project Specific RLs - Yes / No 2436 SE 112th Ave Sample Type Jars # of PRINT NAME NWTPH-Dx NWTPH-Gx BTEX EPA 8021 VOCs EPA 8260 ANALYSES REQUESTED PAHs EPA 8270 INVOICE TO PCBs EPA 8082 P0# COMPANY SS Samples received at 2 °C Standard Turnaround Rush charges authorized by: Other_ Archive Samples Dispose after 30 days TURNAROUND TIME Page#__ SAMPLE DISPOSAL 2000 DATE Notes TIME



APPENDIX B DISPOSAL TRANSACTION HISTORY



Reprint Ticket# 1685981

Volume

SOIL SOLUTIONS ENVIR

Customer Name POINT SOURCE SOLUTIONS POINT Carrier

Ticket Date 06/15/2023
Payment Type Credit Account

Manual Ticket# Hauling Ticket#

Route

State Waste Code Manifest NA

Destination

PΟ

Profile 1402980R (Diesel Fuel/Fuel Oil Contaminated Soil)
Generator 133-SKYHOOK HOLDINGS 2436 SKYHOOK HOLDINGS LLC 2436 SE 12TH AVE PORTLAND OR

Operator Scale Inbound Gross 54520 lb In 06/15/2023 07:58:02 Inbound 2 Out 06/15/2023 08:11:46 Outbound tlong5 Tare 30460 lb 24060 lb MLAWREN4 Net 12.03 Tons

Vehicle# 28

DAN

Billing # 0003349 Gen EPA ID

Container

Driver

Check#

Grid

Comments

Consumer Comments? We want to know. Please call.

Prod	uct	LD%	Qty	UOM	Rate	Tax	Amount	Origin
1 2	Cont Soil Pet-RGC- ENERGY-Energy Surc		12.03	Tons %				MULT-IN

Total Tax Total Ticket



Reprint Ticket# 1686055

Volume

SOIL SOLUTIONS ENVIR

Customer Name POINT SOURCE SOLUTIONS POINT Carrier

Ticket Date 06/15/2023
Payment Type Credit Account

Manual Ticket# Hauling Ticket#

Route

State Waste Code Manifest NA

Grid

Vehicle# 28

DAN

Billing # 0003349 Gen EPA ID

Container

Driver

Check#

Destination PΟ

Profile 1402980R (Diesel Fuel/Fuel Oil Contaminated Soil)
Generator 133-SKYHOOK HOLDINGS 2436 SKYHOOK HOLDINGS LLC 2436 SE 12TH AVE PORTLAND OR

Scale Operator Inbound Gross 54180 lb In 06/15/2023 11:11:46 Inbound 2 mramos14 Out 06/15/2023 11:28:36 Outbound MLAWREN4 Tare 30400 lb 23780 lb Net 11.89 Tons

Comments

Consumer Comments? We want to know. Please call.

Prod	uct	LD%	Qty	UOM	Rate	Tax	Amount	Origin
1 2	Cont Soil Pet-RGC- ENERGY-Energy Surc		11.89	Tons %				MULT-IN

Total Tax Total Ticket



Reprint Ticket# 1686125

Volume

Customer Name POINT SOURCE SOLUTIONS POINT Carrier

Ticket Date 06/16/2023
Payment Type Credit Account

Manual Ticket# Hauling Ticket#

Route

State Waste Code Manifest NA

Destination

PΟ

Profile 1402980R (Diesel Fuel/Fuel Oil Contaminated Soil)
Generator 133-SKYHOOK HOLDINGS 2436 SKYHOOK HOLDINGS LLC 2436 SE 12TH AVE PORTLAND OR

Operator Scale Inbound Gross 55280 lb In 06/16/2023 06:37:04 Inbound 1 ecobb Out 06/16/2023 06:50:34 Outbound tlong5 Tare 30380 lb 24900 lb Net 12.45 Tons

Container

Driver

Check#

Grid

Carrier SOIL SOLUTIONS ENVIR Vehicle# 28 Vo

DAN

Billing # 0003349 Gen EPA ID

Comments

Consumer Comments? We want to know. Please call.

Prod	luct	LD%	Qty	MOU	Rate	Tax	Amount	Origin
1 2	Cont Soil Pet-RGC- ENERGY-Energy Surc		12.45	Tons				MULT-IN MULT-IN

Total Tax Total Ticket



Reprint Ticket# 1686620

Volume

Customer Name POINT SOURCE SOLUTIONS POINT Carrier

Ticket Date 06/21/2023
Payment Type Credit Account

Manual Ticket# Hauling Ticket#

Route State Waste Code Manifest NA

Destination

PΟ

Profile 1402980R (Diesel Fuel/Fuel Oil Contaminated Soil)
Generator 133-SKYHOOK HOLDINGS 2436 SKYHOOK HOLDINGS LLC 2436 SE 12TH AVE PORTLAND OR

Scale Operator Inbound Gross 55580 lb 06/21/2023 08:31:55 Inbound 1 Igillila 06/21/2023 08:46:04 Outbound tlong5 Tare 31300 lb Tn Out 06/21/2023 08:46:04 Outbound Net 24280 lb 12.14 Tons

Container

Driver

Check#

Grid

Carrier SOIL SOLUTIONS ENVIR Vehicle# 28 Vo

DAN

Billing # 0003349 Gen EPA ID

Comments

Consumer Comments? We want to know. Please call.

Prod	luct	LD%	Qty	UOM	Rate	Tax	Amount	Origin
1 2	Cont Soil Pet-RGC- ENERGY-Energy Surc		12.14	Tons				MULT-IN

Total Tax Total Ticket



APPENDIX C LABORATORY ANALYTICAL REPORTS

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

James E. Bruya, Ph.D. Yelena Aravkina, M.S. Michael Erdahl, B.S. Vineta Mills, M.S. Eric Young, B.S.

5500 4th Avenue South Seattle, WA 98108 (206) 285-8282 fbi@isomedia.com www.friedmanandbruya.com

June 27, 2023

Gil Cobb, Project Manager Point Source Solutions 5317 NE St Johns Rd. Suite D Vancouver, WA 98661

Dear Mr Cobb:

Included are the results from the testing of material submitted on June 20, 2023 from the 2436 SE 12th Ave, F&BI 306309 project. There are 13 pages included in this report. Any samples that may remain are currently scheduled for disposal in 30 days, or as directed by the Chain of Custody document. If you would like us to return your samples or arrange for long term storage at our offices, please contact us as soon as possible.

We appreciate this opportunity to be of service to you and hope you will call if you should have any questions.

Sincerely,

FRIEDMAN & BRUYA, INC.

Michael Erdahl Project Manager

Enclosures

c: Point Source Reports, Kyle Fisher

PSS0627R.DOC

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

CASE NARRATIVE

This case narrative encompasses samples received on June 20, 2023 by Friedman & Bruya, Inc. from the Point Source Solutions 2436 SE 12th Ave, F&BI 306309 project. Samples were logged in under the laboratory ID's listed below.

Point Source Solutions
NPW-S1-8
EPW-S1-8
NPB-S1-8
NPB-S2-11
WPW-S1-11
SWPW-S1-10
SPB-S1-11
SPW-S1-11
SEPW-S1-10
CPB-S1-11.5
NPW2-S1-9
NWPW-S1-10
NPB2-S1-11.5

The 8260D calibration standard exceeded the acceptance criteria for several compounds. They were not detected, therefore the results do not represent an out of control condition.

The 8260D calibration standard failed the acceptance criteria for 2-butanone and 2-hexanone. The data were flagged accordingly.

All other quality control requirements were acceptable.

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Date of Report: 06/27/23 Date Received: 06/20/23

Project: 2436 SE 12th Ave, F&BI 306309

Date Extracted: 06/21/23 Date Analyzed: 06/21/23

RESULTS FROM THE ANALYSIS OF SOIL SAMPLES FOR TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS AS GASOLINE USING METHOD NWTPH-Gx

Results Reported on a Dry Weight Basis Results Reported as mg/kg (ppm)

Sample ID Laboratory ID	Gasoline Range	Surrogate (<u>% Recovery</u>) (Limit 50-150)
NPW-S1-8 306309-01	<5	118
EPW-S1-8 306309-02	<5	110
NPB-S1-8 306309-03	<5	116
SWPW-S1-10 306309-06	<5	116
SPB-S1-11 306309-07	<5	120
SPW-S1-11 306309-08	<5	111
SEPW-S1-10 306309-09	<5	106
NPW2-S1-9 306309-11 1/20	9,700	ip
NWPW-S1-10 306309-12	<5	112
NPB2-S1-11.5 306309-13	<5	109
Method Blank 03-1392 MB	<5	111

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Date of Report: 06/27/23 Date Received: 06/20/23

Project: 2436 SE 12th Ave, F&BI 306309

Date Extracted: 06/21/23 Date Analyzed: 06/21/23

RESULTS FROM THE ANALYSIS OF SOIL SAMPLES FOR TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS AS DIESEL AND MOTOR OIL USING METHOD NWTPH-Dx

Results Reported on a Dry Weight Basis Results Reported as mg/kg (ppm)

Sample ID Laboratory ID	$rac{ ext{Diesel Range}}{ ext{(C}_{10} ext{-C}_{25})}$	$\frac{ ext{Motor Oil Range}}{ ext{(C}_{25} ext{-C}_{36})}$	Surrogate (% Recovery) (Limit 50-150)
NPW-S1-8 306309-01	<50	<250	97
EPW-S1-8 306309-02	<50	<250	94
NPB-S1-8 306309-03	<50	<250	92
SWPW-S1-10 306309-06	<50	<250	94
SPB-S1-11 306309-07	<50	<250	93
SPW-S1-11 306309-08	<50	<250	92
SEPW-S1-10 306309-09	<50	<250	92
NPW2-S1-9 306309-11	310 x	<250	91
NWPW-S1-10 306309-12	<50	<250	92
NPB2-S1-11.5 306309-13	<50	<250	92
Method Blank 03-1495 MB2	<50	<250	91

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Analysis For Total Metals By EPA Method 6020B

Client ID: NPW2-S1-9 Client: Point Source Solutions

Date Received: 06/20/23 Project: 2436 SE 12th Ave, F&BI 306309

 Date Extracted:
 06/22/23
 Lab ID:
 306309-11

 Date Analyzed:
 06/23/23
 Data File:
 306309-11.038

 Matrix:
 Soil
 Instrument:
 ICPMS2

Units: mg/kg (ppm) Dry Weight Operator: SP

Concentration

Analyte: mg/kg (ppm)

Lead 35.4

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Analysis For Total Metals By EPA Method 6020B

Client ID: Method Blank Client: Point Source Solutions

Date Received: NA Project: 2436 SE 12th Ave, F&BI 306309

Units: mg/kg (ppm) Dry Weight Operator: SP

Concentration

Analyte: mg/kg (ppm)

Lead <1

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Analysis For Volatile Compounds By EPA Method 8260D

Client Sample ID: NPW2-S1-9 Client: Point Source Solutions

Date Received: 06/20/23 Project: 2436 SE 12th Ave, F&BI 306309

06/21/23 Lab ID: Date Extracted: 306309-11 1/10 Date Analyzed: 06/21/23 Data File: 062113.DMatrix: Soil Instrument: GCMS4 Units: mg/kg (ppm) Dry Weight Operator: MD

Surrogates:	% Recovery:	Lower Limit:	Upper Limit:
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	103	90	109
Toluene-d8	103	86	115
4-Bromofluorobenzene	100	84	115

	Concentration		Concentration
Compounds:	mg/kg (ppm)	Compounds:	mg/kg (ppm)
Dichlorodifluoromethane	<5	1,3-Dichloropropane	< 0.5
Chloromethane	<5	Tetrachloroethene	< 0.25
Vinyl chloride	< 0.5	Dibromochloromethane	< 0.5
Bromomethane	<5 k	1,2-Dibromoethane (EDB)	< 0.5
Chloroethane	<5 k	Chlorobenzene	< 0.5
Trichlorofluoromethane	<5 k	Ethylbenzene	56
Acetone	< 50	1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	< 0.5
1,1-Dichloroethene	< 0.5	m,p-Xylene	240
Hexane	< 2.5	o-Xylene	95
Methylene chloride	<5	Styrene	< 0.5
Methyl t-butyl ether (MTBE)	< 0.5	Isopropylbenzene	12
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	< 0.5	Bromoform	< 0.5
1,1-Dichloroethane	< 0.5	n-Propylbenzene	45
2,2-Dichloropropane	< 0.5	Bromobenzene	< 0.5
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	< 0.5	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	110
Chloroform	< 0.5	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	< 0.5
2-Butanone (MEK)	<10 ca	1,2,3-Trichloropropane	< 0.5
1,2-Dichloroethane (EDC)	< 0.5	2-Chlorotoluene	< 0.5
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	< 0.5	4-Chlorotoluene	< 0.5
1,1-Dichloropropene	< 0.5	tert-Butylbenzene	< 0.5
Carbon tetrachloride	< 0.5	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	350
Benzene	< 0.3	sec-Butylbenzene	5.1
Trichloroethene	< 0.2	p-Isopropyltoluene	2.5
1,2-Dichloropropane	< 0.5	1,3-Dichlorobenzene	< 0.5
Bromodichloromethane	< 0.5	1,4-Dichlorobenzene	< 0.5
Dibromomethane	< 0.5	1,2-Dichlorobenzene	< 0.5
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	<10	1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	<5
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	< 0.5	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	< 2.5
Toluene	< 0.5	Hexachlorobutadiene	< 2.5
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	< 0.5	Naphthalene	33
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	< 0.5	1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	< 2.5
2-Hexanone	<5 ca		

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Analysis For Volatile Compounds By EPA Method 8260D

Client Sample ID: Method Blank Client: Point Source Solutions

Date Received: Not Applicable Project: 2436 SE 12th Ave, F&BI 306309

Lab ID: Date Extracted: 06/21/2303-1452 mbDate Analyzed: 06/21/23 Data File: 062106.DMatrix: Soil Instrument: GCMS4 Units: mg/kg (ppm) Dry Weight Operator: MD

		Lower	Upper
Surrogates:	% Recovery:	Limit:	Limit:
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	104	90	109
Toluene-d8	97	86	115
4-Bromofluorobenzene	94	84	115

	Concentration		Concentration
Compounds:	mg/kg (ppm)	Compounds:	mg/kg (ppm)
Dichlorodifluoromethane	< 0.5	1,3-Dichloropropane	< 0.05
Chloromethane	< 0.5	Tetrachloroethene	< 0.025
Vinyl chloride	< 0.05	Dibromochloromethane	< 0.05
Bromomethane	<0.5 k	1,2-Dibromoethane (EDB)	< 0.05
Chloroethane	<0.5 k	Chlorobenzene	< 0.05
Trichlorofluoromethane	<0.5 k	Ethylbenzene	< 0.05
Acetone	<5	1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	< 0.05
1,1-Dichloroethene	< 0.05	m,p-Xylene	< 0.1
Hexane	< 0.25	o-Xylene	< 0.05
Methylene chloride	< 0.5	Styrene	< 0.05
Methyl t-butyl ether (MTBE)	< 0.05	Isopropylbenzene	< 0.05
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	< 0.05	Bromoform	< 0.05
1,1-Dichloroethane	< 0.05	n-Propylbenzene	< 0.05
2,2-Dichloropropane	< 0.05	Bromobenzene	< 0.05
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	< 0.05	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	< 0.05
Chloroform	< 0.05	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	< 0.05
2-Butanone (MEK)	<1 ca	1,2,3-Trichloropropane	< 0.05
1,2-Dichloroethane (EDC)	< 0.05	2-Chlorotoluene	< 0.05
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	< 0.05	4-Chlorotoluene	< 0.05
1,1-Dichloropropene	< 0.05	tert-Butylbenzene	< 0.05
Carbon tetrachloride	< 0.05	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	< 0.05
Benzene	< 0.03	sec-Butylbenzene	< 0.05
Trichloroethene	< 0.02	p-Isopropyltoluene	< 0.05
1,2-Dichloropropane	< 0.05	1,3-Dichlorobenzene	< 0.05
Bromodichloromethane	< 0.05	1,4-Dichlorobenzene	< 0.05
Dibromomethane	< 0.05	1,2-Dichlorobenzene	< 0.05
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	<1	1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	< 0.5
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	< 0.05	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	< 0.25
Toluene	< 0.05	Hexachlorobutadiene	< 0.25
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	< 0.05	Naphthalene	< 0.05
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	< 0.05	1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	< 0.25
2-Hexanone	<0.5 ca		

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Date of Report: 06/27/23 Date Received: 06/20/23

Project: 2436 SE 12th Ave, F&BI 306309

QUALITY ASSURANCE RESULTS FOR THE ANALYSIS OF SOIL SAMPLES FOR TPH AS GASOLINE USING METHOD NWTPH-Gx

Laboratory Code: 306309-01 (Duplicate)

		Sample	Duplicate	
	Reporting	Result	Result	RPD
Analyte	Units	(Wet Wt)	(Wet Wt)	(Limit 20)
Gasoline	mg/kg (ppm)	<5	<5	nm

			I GICGIII	
	Reporting	Spike	Recovery	Acceptance
Analyte	Units	Level	LCS	Criteria
Gasoline	mg/kg (ppm)	40	97	70-130

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Date of Report: 06/27/23 Date Received: 06/20/23

Project: 2436 SE 12th Ave, F&BI 306309

QUALITY ASSURANCE RESULTS FROM THE ANALYSIS OF SOIL SAMPLES FOR TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS AS DIESEL EXTENDED USING METHOD NWTPH-Dx

Laboratory Code: 306312-01 (Matrix Spike)

			(Wet wt)	Percent	Percent		
	Reporting	Spike	Sample	Recovery	Recovery	Acceptance	RPD
Analyte	Units	Level	Result	MS	MSD	Criteria	(Limit 20)
Diesel Extended	mg/kg (nnm)	5.000	5 500	64	82	64-136	25

			Percent	
	Reporting	Spike	Recovery	Acceptance
Analyte	Units	Level	LCS	Criteria
Diesel Extended	mg/kg (ppm)	5,000	94	78-121

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Date of Report: 06/27/23 Date Received: 06/20/23

Project: 2436 SE 12th Ave, F&BI 306309

QUALITY ASSURANCE RESULTS FOR THE ANALYSIS OF SOIL SAMPLES FOR TOTAL METALS USING EPA METHOD 6020B

Laboratory Code: 306309-11 x5 (Matrix Spike)

			Sample	Percent	Percent		
	Reporting	Spike	Result	Recovery	Recovery	Acceptance	RPD
Analyte	Units	Level	(Wet wt)	MS	MSD	Criteria	(Limit 20)
Lead	mg/kg (ppm)	50	28.6	86 b	95 b	75-125	10 b

			Percent	
	Reporting	Spike	Recovery	Acceptance
Analyte	Units	Level	LCS	Criteria
Lead	mg/kg (ppm)	50	95	80-120

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Date of Report: 06/27/23 Date Received: 06/20/23

Project: 2436 SE 12th Ave, F&BI 306309

QUALITY ASSURANCE RESULTS FOR THE ANALYSIS OF SOIL SAMPLES FOR VOLATILES BY EPA METHOD 8260D

Laboratory Code: 306325-03 (Matrix Spike)

· ·	1 /		Sample	Percent	Percent		
	Reporting	Spike	Result	Recovery	Recovery	Acceptance	RPD
Analyte	Units	Level	(Wet wt)	MS	MSD	Criteria	(Limit 20)
Dichlorodifluoromethane	mg/kg (ppm)	2	< 0.5	37	34	10-142	8
Chloromethane	mg/kg (ppm)	2	< 0.5	54	54	10-126	0
Vinyl chloride	mg/kg (ppm)	$\frac{2}{2}$	< 0.05	60	59	10-138	2 3
Bromomethane Chloroethane	mg/kg (ppm) mg/kg (ppm)	2	<0.5 <0.5	69 69	67 68	10-163 10-176	3 1
Trichlorofluoromethane	mg/kg (ppm)	2	< 0.5	82	83	10-176	1
Acetone	mg/kg (ppm)	10	<5	82	80	10-176	2
1.1-Dichloroethene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	< 0.05	81	82	10-160	1
Hexane	mg/kg (ppm)	2	< 0.25	68	70	10-137	3
Methylene chloride	mg/kg (ppm)	2	< 0.5	79	79	10-156	0
Methyl t-butyl ether (MTBE)	mg/kg (ppm)	2	< 0.05	82	83	21-145	1
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	< 0.05	84	83	14-137	1
1,1-Dichloroethane	mg/kg (ppm)	2 2	<0.05 <0.05	77 77	76 76	19-140 10-158	1 1
2,2-Dichloropropane cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	mg/kg (ppm) mg/kg (ppm)	2	< 0.05	80	81	25-135	1
Chloroform	mg/kg (ppm)	2	< 0.05	76	76	21-145	0
2-Butanone (MEK)	mg/kg (ppm)	10	<1	68	67	19-147	1
1,2-Dichloroethane (EDC)	mg/kg (ppm)	2	< 0.05	72	71	12-160	1
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	mg/kg (ppm)	2	< 0.05	76	74	10-156	3
1,1-Dichloropropene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	< 0.05	76	76	17-140	0
Carbon tetrachloride	mg/kg (ppm)	2	< 0.05	75	75	9-164	0
Benzene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	< 0.03	78	78	29-129	0
Trichloroethene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	<0.02	80	80	21-139	0
1,2-Dichloropropane Bromodichloromethane	mg/kg (ppm) mg/kg (ppm)	$\frac{2}{2}$	<0.05 <0.05	77 75	78 75	30-135 23-155	1 0
Dibromomethane	mg/kg (ppm)	2	< 0.05	79	79	23-145	0
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	mg/kg (ppm)	10	<1	78	79	24-155	1
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	< 0.05	77	76	28-144	1
Toluene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	< 0.05	83	84	35-130	1
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	< 0.05	73	75	26-149	3
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	mg/kg (ppm)	2	< 0.05	79	80	10-205	1
2-Hexanone	mg/kg (ppm)	10	< 0.5	67	69	15-166	3
1,3-Dichloropropane Tetrachloroethene	mg/kg (ppm)	$\frac{2}{2}$	<0.05 <0.025	78 86	79 88	31-137 20-133	$\frac{1}{2}$
Dibromochloromethane	mg/kg (ppm) mg/kg (ppm)	2	< 0.025	78	88 82	28-150	5
1,2-Dibromoethane (EDB)	mg/kg (ppm)	2	< 0.05	80	81	28-142	1
Chlorobenzene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	< 0.05	82	83	32-129	1
Ethylbenzene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	< 0.05	78	80	32-137	3
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	mg/kg (ppm)	2	< 0.05	80	83	31-143	4
m,p-Xylene	mg/kg (ppm)	4	< 0.1	81	84	34-136	4
o-Xylene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	< 0.05	80	81	33-134	1
Styrene	mg/kg (ppm)	$\frac{2}{2}$	< 0.05	81	83 82	35-137	$\frac{2}{1}$
Isopropylbenzene Bromoform	mg/kg (ppm) mg/kg (ppm)	2	<0.05 <0.05	81 79	82 82	31-142 21-156	4
n-Propylbenzene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	< 0.05	78	79	23-146	1
Bromobenzene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	< 0.05	81	83	34-130	2
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	< 0.05	81	81	18-149	0
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	mg/kg (ppm)	2	< 0.05	78	79	28-140	1
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	mg/kg (ppm)	2	< 0.05	74	75	25-144	1
2-Chlorotoluene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	< 0.05	77	78	31-134	1
4-Chlorotoluene	mg/kg (ppm)	$\frac{2}{2}$	< 0.05	77 81	77 82	31-136 30-137	0
tert-Butylbenzene 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	mg/kg (ppm) mg/kg (ppm)	2	<0.05 <0.05	81 79	82 80	30-137 10-182	1 1
sec-Butylbenzene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	< 0.05	81	82	23-145	1
p-Isopropyltoluene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	< 0.05	83	84	21-149	1
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	< 0.05	83	83	30-131	0
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	< 0.05	83	83	29-129	0
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	< 0.05	82	83	31-132	1
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	mg/kg (ppm)	2	< 0.5	69	71	11-161	3
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	< 0.25	87	88	22-142	1
Hexachlorobutadiene	mg/kg (ppm)	2 2	< 0.25	85 84	87 86	10-142	2 2
Naphthalene 1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	mg/kg (ppm) mg/kg (ppm)	2	<0.05 <0.25	84 95	86 102	14-157 20-144	7
1,2,0 IIICIIIOIODEIIZEIIE	mg/rg (ppm)	2	~0.20	30	102	20-144	'

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Date of Report: 06/27/23 Date Received: 06/20/23

Project: 2436 SE 12th Ave, F&BI 306309

QUALITY ASSURANCE RESULTS FOR THE ANALYSIS OF SOIL SAMPLES FOR VOLATILES BY EPA METHOD 8260D

			Percent	
	Reporting	Spike	Recovery	Acceptance
Analyte	Units	Level	LCS	Criteria
Dichlorodifluoromethane	mg/kg (ppm)	2	59	10-146
Chloromethane	mg/kg (ppm)	2	65	27-133
Vinyl chloride	mg/kg (ppm)	2	77	22-139
Bromomethane	mg/kg (ppm)	$\frac{2}{2}$	81	10-201
Chloroethane Trichlorofluoromethane	mg/kg (ppm)	2 2	76 106	10-163 10-196
Acetone	mg/kg (ppm) mg/kg (ppm)	10	83	52-141
1.1-Dichloroethene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	98	47-128
Hexane	mg/kg (ppm)	2	90	43-142
Methylene chloride	mg/kg (ppm)	2	92	10-184
Methyl t-butyl ether (MTBE)	mg/kg (ppm)	2	95	60-123
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	99	64-132
1,1-Dichloroethane	mg/kg (ppm)	2	90	64-135
2,2-Dichloropropane	mg/kg (ppm)	2 2	84	52-170
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene Chloroform	mg/kg (ppm) mg/kg (ppm)	2	93 90	64-135 61-139
2-Butanone (MEK)	mg/kg (ppm)	10	74	30-197
1,2-Dichloroethane (EDC)	mg/kg (ppm)	2	86	56-135
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	mg/kg (ppm)	2	88	62-131
1,1-Dichloropropene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	90	64-136
Carbon tetrachloride	mg/kg (ppm)	2	88	60-139
Benzene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	93	65-136
Trichloroethene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	95	63-139
1,2-Dichloropropane	mg/kg (ppm)	$\frac{2}{2}$	90 89	61-145
Bromodichloromethane Dibromomethane	mg/kg (ppm) mg/kg (ppm)	2	92	57-126 62-123
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	mg/kg (ppm)	10	92 92	45-145
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	88	65-143
Toluene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	96	66-126
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	83	65-131
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	mg/kg (ppm)	2	92	62-131
2-Hexanone	mg/kg (ppm)	10	77	33-152
1,3-Dichloropropane	mg/kg (ppm)	2 2	90	67-128
Tetrachloroethene Dibromochloromethane	mg/kg (ppm) mg/kg (ppm)	2	99 92	68-128 55-121
1,2-Dibromoethane (EDB)	mg/kg (ppm)	2	92 92	66-129
Chlorobenzene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	94	67-128
Ethylbenzene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	90	64-123
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	mg/kg (ppm)	2	93	64-121
m,p-Xylene	mg/kg (ppm)	4	93	68-128
o-Xylene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	94	67-129
Styrene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	95	67-129
Isopropylbenzene Bromoform	mg/kg (ppm) mg/kg (ppm)	$\frac{2}{2}$	92 95	68-128 56-132
n-Propylbenzene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	95 88	68-129
Bromobenzene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	93	69-128
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	91	69-129
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	mg/kg (ppm)	2	86	56-143
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	mg/kg (ppm)	2	84	61-137
2-Chlorotoluene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	88	69-128
4-Chlorotoluene	mg/kg (ppm)	$\frac{2}{2}$	87	67-127
tert-Butylbenzene	mg/kg (ppm)	2 2	91 89	69-129
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene sec-Butylbenzene	mg/kg (ppm) mg/kg (ppm)	2	91	69-128 69-130
p-Isopropyltoluene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	92	69-130
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	93	69-127
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	93	68-126
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	93	69-127
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	mg/kg (ppm)	2	82	58-138
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	93	64-135
Hexachlorobutadiene	mg/kg (ppm)	$\frac{2}{2}$	95	50-153
Naphthalene 1.2,3-Trichlorobenzene	mg/kg (ppm) mg/kg (ppm)	2 2	89 94	62-128 61-126
1,2,0-111CHIOTODEHZEHE	mg/vg (hhiii)	4	54	01-120

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Data Qualifiers & Definitions

- a The analyte was detected at a level less than five times the reporting limit. The RPD results may not provide reliable information on the variability of the analysis.
- b The analyte was spiked at a level that was less than five times that present in the sample. Matrix spike recoveries may not be meaningful.
- ca The calibration results for the analyte were outside of acceptance criteria, biased low; or, the calibration results for the analyte were outside of acceptance criteria, biased high, with a detection for the analyte in the sample. The value reported is an estimate.
- c The presence of the analyte may be due to carryover from previous sample injections.
- cf The sample was centrifuged prior to analysis.
- d The sample was diluted. Detection limits were raised and surrogate recoveries may not be meaningful.
- dv Insufficient sample volume was available to achieve normal reporting limits.
- f The sample was laboratory filtered prior to analysis.
- fb The analyte was detected in the method blank.
- fc The analyte is a common laboratory and field contaminant.
- hr The sample and duplicate were reextracted and reanalyzed. RPD results were still outside of control limits. Variability is attributed to sample inhomogeneity.
- hs Headspace was present in the container used for analysis.
- ht The analysis was performed outside the method or client-specified holding time requirement.
- ip Recovery fell outside of control limits due to sample matrix effects.
- j The analyte concentration is reported below the standard reporting limit. The value reported is an estimate.
- J The internal standard associated with the analyte is out of control limits. The reported concentration is an estimate.
- jl The laboratory control sample(s) percent recovery and/or RPD were out of control limits. The reported concentration should be considered an estimate.
- js The surrogate associated with the analyte is out of control limits. The reported concentration should be considered an estimate.
- k The calibration results for the analyte were outside of acceptance criteria, biased high, and the analyte was not detected in the sample.
- lc The presence of the analyte is likely due to laboratory contamination.
- L The reported concentration was generated from a library search.
- nm The analyte was not detected in one or more of the duplicate analyses. Therefore, calculation of the RPD is not applicable.
- pc The sample was received with incorrect preservation or in a container not approved by the method. The value reported should be considered an estimate.
- ve The analyte response exceeded the valid instrument calibration range. The value reported is an estimate.
- vo The value reported fell outside the control limits established for this analyte.
- x The sample chromatographic pattern does not resemble the fuel standard used for quantitation.

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	dat 4 °C	Samples received at	Samp								Received by:	ı. (206) 285-8282
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	6/19/13 9:47	Š	PSS	'	Fisher	53.3	yle	2).	& h	Relinquished by:	iedman & Bruya, Inc.
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	Notes		PAHs EPA 8270 PCBs EPA 8082	VOCs EPA 8260	NWTPH-Gx BTEX EPA 8021	NWTPH-Dx	# of Jars	Sample Type	Time Sampled	Date Sampled	Lab ID	Sample ID
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Report To 306309 (066

City, State, ZIP.

Address

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Source Solutions

SAMPLE CHAIN OF CUSTODY

SAMPLERS (signature)

PRØJECT NAME

Project Specific RLs - Yes / No

REMARKS 2436

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Page # _____of______
TURNAROUND TIME

Rush charges authorized by: KStandard Turnaround SAMPLE DISPOSAL
Dispose after 30 days
Archive Samples

INVOICE TO

Ph. (206) 285-8282

Received by:

Samples received at

æ

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

James E. Bruya, Ph.D. Yelena Aravkina, M.S. Michael Erdahl, B.S. Vineta Mills, M.S. Eric Young, B.S.

5500 4th Ave South Seattle, WA 98108-2419 (206) 285-8282 office@friedmanandbruya.com www.friedmanandbruya.com

October 18, 2024

Conor McGeehan, Project Manager Point Source Solutions 5317 NE St Johns Rd, Suite D Vancouver, WA 98661

Dear Mr McGeehan:

Included are the results from the testing of material submitted on October 10, 2024 from the Skyhook Fitness, F&BI 410220 project. There are 4 pages included in this report. Any samples that may remain are currently scheduled for disposal in 30 days, or as directed by the Chain of Custody document. If you would like us to return your samples or arrange for long term storage at our offices, please contact us as soon as possible.

We appreciate this opportunity to be of service to you and hope you will call if you should have any questions.

Sincerely,

FRIEDMAN & BRUYA, INC.

Michael Erdahl Project Manager

Enclosures

c: Point Source Reports

PSS1018R.DOC

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

CASE NARRATIVE

This case narrative encompasses samples received on October 10, 2024 by Friedman & Bruya, Inc. from the Point Source Solutions Skyhook Fitness, F&BI 410220 project. Samples were logged in under the laboratory ID's listed below.

<u>Laboratory ID</u>	Point Source Solutions
410220 -01	SB7-S1-12
410220 -02	SB8-S1-12
410220 -03	SB9-S1-12
410220 -04	SB10-S1-12

All quality control requirements were acceptable.

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Date of Report: 10/18/24 Date Received: 10/10/24

Project: Skyhook Fitness, F&BI 410220

Date Extracted: 10/15/24 Date Analyzed: 10/16/24

RESULTS FROM THE ANALYSIS OF SOIL SAMPLES FOR TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS AS GASOLINE USING METHOD NWTPH-Gx

Results Reported on a Dry Weight Basis Results Reported as mg/kg (ppm)

Sample ID Laboratory ID	<u>Gasoline Range</u>	Surrogate (<u>% Recovery</u>) (Limit 50-150)
SB7-S1-12 410220-01	<5	86
SB8-S1-12 410220-02	<5	88
SB9-S1-12 410220-03	<5	90
SB10-S1-12 410220-04	<5	92
Method Blank 04-2413 MB	<5	90

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Date of Report: 10/18/24 Date Received: 10/10/24

Project: Skyhook Fitness, F&BI 410220

QUALITY ASSURANCE RESULTS FOR THE ANALYSIS OF SOIL SAMPLES FOR TPH AS GASOLINE USING METHOD NWTPH-Gx

Laboratory Code: 410191-01 (Duplicate)

		Sample	Duplicate	
	Reporting	Result	Result	RPD
Analyte	Units	(Wet Wt)	(Wet Wt)	(Limit 20)
Gasoline	mg/kg (ppm)	<5	<5	nm

			I GICGIII	
	Reporting	Spike	Recovery	Acceptance
Analyte	Units	Level	LCS	Criteria
Gasoline	mg/kg (ppm)	40	80	70-130

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Data Qualifiers & Definitions

- a The analyte was detected at a level less than five times the reporting limit. The RPD results may not provide reliable information on the variability of the analysis.
- b The analyte was spiked at a level that was less than five times that present in the sample. Matrix spike recoveries may not be meaningful.
- ca The calibration results for the analyte were outside of acceptance criteria, biased low; or, the calibration results for the analyte were outside of acceptance criteria, biased high, with a detection for the analyte in the sample. The value reported is an estimate.
- c The presence of the analyte may be due to carryover from previous sample injections.
- cf The sample was centrifuged prior to analysis.
- d The sample was diluted. Detection limits were raised and surrogate recoveries may not be meaningful.
- dv Insufficient sample volume was available to achieve normal reporting limits.
- f The sample was laboratory filtered prior to analysis.
- fb The analyte was detected in the method blank.
- fc The analyte is a common laboratory and field contaminant.
- hr The sample and duplicate were reextracted and reanalyzed. RPD results were still outside of control limits. Variability is attributed to sample inhomogeneity.
- hs Headspace was present in the container used for analysis.
- ht The analysis was performed outside the method or client-specified holding time requirement.
- ip Recovery fell outside of control limits due to sample matrix effects.
- j The analyte concentration is reported below the standard reporting limit. The value reported is an estimate.
- J The internal standard associated with the analyte is out of control limits. The reported concentration is an estimate.
- jl The laboratory control sample(s) percent recovery and/or RPD were out of control limits. The reported concentration should be considered an estimate.
- js The surrogate associated with the analyte is out of control limits. The reported concentration should be considered an estimate.
- k The calibration results for the analyte were outside of acceptance criteria, biased high, and the analyte was not detected in the sample.
- lc The presence of the analyte is likely due to laboratory contamination.
- L The reported concentration was generated from a library search.
- nm The analyte was not detected in one or more of the duplicate analyses. Therefore, calculation of the RPD is not applicable.
- pc The sample was received with incorrect preservation or in a container not approved by the method. The value reported should be considered an estimate.
- ve The analyte response exceeded the valid instrument calibration range. The value reported is an estimate.
- vo The value reported fell outside the control limits established for this analyte.
- x The sample chromatographic pattern does not resemble the fuel standard used for quantitation.

5310-51-12 539-81-12 538-51-12 Phone Syl. 390. 8 WK Email (Swee Point Source 5 Project Specific RLs - Yes / No City, State, ZIP Vancover, Address 5377 Company_ Report To Uma N Huhan Ph. (206) 285-8282 Seattle, WA 98119-2029 3012 16th Avenue West Friedman & Bruya, Inc. \$137-51-12 Orgoin Sample ID P85 ME ST Relinquished by: Relinquished by: Received by: Received by: 9 Q 2 01 A-E Lab ID Johns. SIGNATURE Sampled 10/8/24 22 SAMPLE CHAIN OF CUSTODY 1032 Sampled 4101 250 PROJECT NAME SAMPLERS (signature) REMARKS Skylook Homes Sample Type K S Jars 3 PRINT NAME Hhah NWTPH-Dx 6 X NWTPH-Gx BTEX EPA 8021 Samp VOCs EPA 8260 ANALYSES REQUESTED PAHs EPA 8270 INVOICE TO (C) PCBs EPA 8082 PO# 10/10/24 VSAI/ N2 FBI 289 COMPANY 1400 Rush charges authorized by: Standard Turnaround Other_ **Archive Samples** Dispose after 30 days S TURNAROUND TIME SAMPLE DISPOSAL 10/10/24 10/9/24 DATE Notes 06:00 TIME 2

SAMPLE CONDITION UPON RECEIPT CHECKLIST

PROJECT # 410220 CLIENT Point	Source	INITIALS DATE:	10/1	10/24
If custody seals are present on cooler, are t	they intact?	Ø NA	□ YES	□ NO
Cooler/Sample temperature		Therm	ometer ID: F	2 °C
Were samples received on ice/cold packs?				□ NO
How did samples arrive? ☐ Over the Counter ☐ Picked	up by F&BI	FedEx/	UP\$/GS	9
Is there a Chain-of-Custody* (COC)? *or other representative documents, letters, and/or shippi	YES No	O Initia Date	als/ AP	10/24
Number of days samples have been sitting	prior to receipt a	at laborato	ry <u>2</u>	days
Are the samples clearly identified? (explain "n	no" answer below)		× YES	□ NO
Were all sample containers received intact leaking etc.)? (explain "no" answer below)	(i.e. not broken,		✓ YES	□ №
Were appropriate sample containers used?	⊅ YI	ES 🗆 NC		Unknown
If custody seals are present on samples, are	they intact?	✓ NA	□ YES	□ NO
Are samples requiring no headspace, heads	space free?	Ø NA	□ YES	□ NO
Is the following information provided on the (explain "no" answer below)	ne COC, and does	s it match t	he samp	ole label?
Sample ID's		П	Not on C	COC/label
Date Sampled				
Time Sampled				
# of Containers				
Relinquished				
Requested analysis Yes On Hold				
Other comments (use a separate page if neede	d)	,		
Air Samples: Were any additional canisters Number of unused TO15 canisters** **Fill out Green manifolds billing sheet		•	□ YES 7 tubes	□ NO

about:bla

GLS.

Ship From
POINT SOURCE SOLUTIONS
CONOR MCGEHAN
5317 NE ST JOHNS RD, SUITE D
VANCOUVER, WA 98661

FRIEDMAN & BRUYA, INC SAMPLE RECEIVING 5500 4TH AVE S SEATTLE, WA 98108

COD: \$0.00 Weight: 0 lb(s)

Reference:

Delivery Instructions:

Signature Type: NOT REQUIRED

Tracking #: 561676522

PDS

800-322-5555 www.gls-us.com



SEATTLE

S06437C



KNT WA980-7C0

Print Date: 7/9/2024 11:05 AN

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

James E. Bruya, Ph.D. Yelena Aravkina, M.S. Michael Erdahl, B.S. Vineta Mills, M.S. Eric Young, B.S.

5500 4th Ave South Seattle, WA 98108-2419 (206) 285-8282 office@friedmanandbruya.com www.friedmanandbruya.com

October 28, 2024

Conor McGeehan, Project Manager Point Source Solutions 5317 NE St Johns Rd, Suite D Vancouver, WA 98661

Dear Mr McGeehan:

Included are the results from the testing of material submitted on October 10, 2024 from the Skyhook Fitness, F&BI 410221 project. There are 6 pages included in this report.

We appreciate this opportunity to be of service to you and hope you will call if you should have any questions.

Sincerely,

FRIEDMAN & BRUYA, INC.

Michael Erdahl **Project Manager**

Enclosures

c: Point Source Reports

PSS1028R.DOC

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

CASE NARRATIVE

This case narrative encompasses samples received on October 10, 2024 by Friedman & Bruya, Inc. from the Point Source Solutions Skyhook Fitness, F&BI 410221 project. Samples were logged in under the laboratory ID's listed below.

<u>Laboratory ID</u>	Point Source Solutions
410221 -01	SS1
410221 -02	SS2

The TO-15 gasoline range concentrations were quantified using a single point calibration at 80 ppbv.

All quality control requirements were acceptable.

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

bat

Analysis For Volatile Compounds By Method TO-15

Client Sample ID:	SS1	Client:	Point Source Solutions
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Date Received: 10/10/24 Project: Skyhook Fitness, F&BI 410221

Date Collected: Lab ID: 410221-01 1/5.6 10/08/24 Date Analyzed: 101112.D10/11/24 Data File: GCMS7 Matrix: Instrument: Air Units: ug/m3 Operator:

% Lower Upper Surrogates: Recovery: Limit: Limit:

4-Bromofluorobenzene	89	70	130
	Concer	ntration	
Compounds:	ug/m3	ppbv	
Benzene	<1.8	< 0.56	
Toluene	<42	<11	
Ethylbenzene	< 2.4	< 0.56	
m,p-Xylene	7.3	1.7	
o-Xylene	2.9	0.67	
Naphthalene	<1.5	< 0.28	
Gasoline Range Organics	1,200	290	

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Analysis For Volatile Compounds By Method TO-15

Client Sample ID: SS2 Client: Point Sou	Source Solutions
---	------------------

Date Received: 10/10/24 Project: Skyhook Fitness, F&BI 410221

Lab ID: Date Collected: 410221-02 1/5.5 10/08/24 Date Analyzed: Data File: 101113.D 10/11/24 Matrix: GCMS7 Air Instrument: Units: ug/m3 Operator: bat

	%	Lower	Upper
Surrogates:	Recovery:	Limit:	Limit:
4-Bromofluorobenzene	88	70	130

Compounds:	Conce ug/m3	entration ppbv
Benzene	<1.8	< 0.55
Toluene	<41	<11
Ethylbenzene	< 2.4	< 0.55
m,p-Xylene	6.2	1.4
o-Xylene	2.6	0.59
Naphthalene	<1.4	< 0.28
Gasoline Range Organics	1,100	280

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Analysis For Volatile Compounds By Method TO-15

Client Sample ID:	Method Blank	Client:	Point Source Solutions
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Date Received: Not Applicable Project: Skyhook Fitness, F&BI 410221

Date Collected: Not Applicable Lab ID: 04-2495 MB
Date Analyzed: 10/11/24 Data File: 101111.D
Matrix: Air Instrument: GCMS7
Units: ug/m3 Operator: bat

	%	Lower	Upper
Surrogates:	Recovery:	Limit:	Limit:
4-Bromofluorobenzene	87	70	130
	(1	- 4 4 :	

	Conce	ntration
Compounds:	ug/m3	ppbv
Benzene	< 0.32	< 0.1
Toluene	< 7.5	<2
Ethylbenzene	< 0.43	< 0.1
m,p-Xylene	< 0.87	< 0.2
o-Xylene	< 0.43	< 0.1
Naphthalene	< 0.26	< 0.05
Gasoline Range Organics	<200	< 50

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Date of Report: 10/28/24 Date Received: 10/10/24

Project: Skyhook Fitness, F&BI 410221

QUALITY ASSURANCE RESULTS FOR THE ANALYSIS OF AIR SAMPLES FOR VOLATILES BY METHOD TO-15

Laboratory Code: 410221-02 1/5.5 (Duplicate)

	Reporting	Sample	Duplicate	RPD
Analyte	Units	Result	Result	(Limit 30)
Benzene	ug/m3	<1.8	<1.8	nm
Toluene	ug/m3	<41	<41	nm
Ethylbenzene	ug/m3	< 2.4	< 2.4	nm
m,p-Xylene	ug/m3	6.2	6.3	2
o-Xylene	ug/m3	2.6	2.6	0
Naphthalene	ug/m3	<1.4	<1.4	nm

Laboratory Code: Laboratory Control Sample

			Percent	
	Reporting	Spike	Recovery	Acceptance
Analyte	Units	Level	LCS	Criteria
Benzene	ug/m3	43	107	70-130
Toluene	ug/m3	51	114	70-130
Ethylbenzene	ug/m3	59	110	70-130
m,p-Xylene	ug/m3	120	114	70-130
o-Xylene	ug/m3	59	119	70-130
Naphthalene	ug/m3	71	119	70-130

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Data Qualifiers & Definitions

- a The analyte was detected at a level less than five times the reporting limit. The RPD results may not provide reliable information on the variability of the analysis.
- b The analyte was spiked at a level that was less than five times that present in the sample. Matrix spike recoveries may not be meaningful.
- ca The calibration results for the analyte were outside of acceptance criteria, biased low; or, the calibration results for the analyte were outside of acceptance criteria, biased high, with a detection for the analyte in the sample. The value reported is an estimate.
- c The presence of the analyte may be due to carryover from previous sample injections.
- cf The sample was centrifuged prior to analysis.
- d The sample was diluted. Detection limits were raised and surrogate recoveries may not be meaningful.
- dv Insufficient sample volume was available to achieve normal reporting limits.
- f The sample was laboratory filtered prior to analysis.
- fb The analyte was detected in the method blank.
- fc The analyte is a common laboratory and field contaminant.
- hr The sample and duplicate were reextracted and reanalyzed. RPD results were still outside of control limits. Variability is attributed to sample inhomogeneity.
- hs Headspace was present in the container used for analysis.
- ht The analysis was performed outside the method or client-specified holding time requirement.
- ip Recovery fell outside of control limits due to sample matrix effects.
- j The analyte concentration is reported below the standard reporting limit. The value reported is an estimate.
- J The internal standard associated with the analyte is out of control limits. The reported concentration is an estimate.
- jl The laboratory control sample(s) percent recovery and/or RPD were out of control limits. The reported concentration should be considered an estimate.
- js The surrogate associated with the analyte is out of control limits. The reported concentration should be considered an estimate.
- k The calibration results for the analyte were outside of acceptance criteria, biased high, and the analyte was not detected in the sample.
- lc The presence of the analyte is likely due to laboratory contamination.
- L The reported concentration was generated from a library search.
- nm The analyte was not detected in one or more of the duplicate analyses. Therefore, calculation of the RPD is not applicable.
- pc The sample was received with incorrect preservation or in a container not approved by the method. The value reported should be considered an estimate.
- ve The analyte response exceeded the valid instrument calibration range. The value reported is an estimate.
- vo The value reported fell outside the control limits established for this analyte.
- x The sample chromatographic pattern does not resemble the fuel standard used for quantitation.

Report To Conol N Company PSS Address S317 City, State, ZIP Jan Phone S41.310-8805 Er Sample Name Sample Name	Email Can Lab Can D S O	SAMPLE CHAIN SAMPLERS (signa PROJECT NAME PROJECT NAME PROJECT NAME REPORTING LEV Field Initial Field Interest of the press. Initial Field REPORTING LEV REPORTING LEV REPORTING LEV REPORTING LEV	Flow Contr. ID	SAMPLE CHAIN OF CUSTODY SAMPLERS (signature) PROJECT NAME SKY Wook LT w. 8) REPORTING LEVEL Lindgor Air Skib Slab/Soil Gas Field Field Initial Field Initial Field Press. Initial Press. Final Sampled (Hg) Time (Hg) Time 16/19/2 - 28 957 - 5 906	SAMPLERS (signu PROJECT NAME PROJECT NAME REPORTING LEX REPORTING LEX Sub Slab/Soil Gas Field Initial Fi Inappled (Hg) Ti (Mg/n -28 9	SAMPLERS (signature) PROJECT NAME Sky Wook Franks REPORTING LEVEL Indoor Air Sub Slab/Soil Gas Field Field Initial Field Final Date Press. Initial Press. Ampled (Hg) Time (Hg) Sydy -28 857 -5	Field Final Field Press. Final (Hg) Time	TODY oil Gas rab Field Final Time	TO-15 Full Scan NALLYSIS REQUESTED TO-15 cVOCs PO# PO# PO# PO# PO# PO# PO# PO	TO-15 BTEXN XX IV	TO-15 BTEXN SIS REQUES TO-15 cVOCs FO # FO # TO-15 cVOCs TO-15 cVOCs TO-15 cVOCs TO-15 cVOCs	Y GX UEST TO 24	Page #ofTURNAROUND TIME TURNAROUND TIME TURNAROUND TIME RUSHRUSHRush charges authorized by: SAMPLE DISPOSAL Dispose after 30 days Archive Samples Other Notes	of OUND T uthorized a DISPOS of 30 days ples
Sample Name	Lab ID	Canister ID	Flow Contr.	Date Sampled	Field Initial Press. (Hg)	Field Initial Time	Field Final Press. (Hg)	Field Final Time	TO-15 Full Scan	TO-15 BTEXN		Gx	Note	, i
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Friedman & Bruya, Inc. 3012 16th Avenue West	Relinquished by:	SIGNATURE ned by:				PR	PRINT NAME	ME	5			COM	COMPANY DA	DATE
Seattle, WA 98119-2029 Ph. (206) 285-8282	Received by: Relinquished by:	ned by:	h			Anh	Anh Phan					FB.		2/0
Fax (206) 283-5044	Received by:	y:												
FORMS\COC\COCTO-15.DOC														

SAMPLE CONDITION UPON RECEIPT CHECKLIST

PROJECT # 410221 CLIENT Point Source	INITIALS/ DATE:	AP 10/1	10/24
If custody seals are present on cooler, are they intact?	NA I	□ YES	□ NO
Cooler/Sample temperature	Thormon	notov ID: E	2 °C
Were samples received on ice/cold packs?		YES	□ NO
How did samples arrive? ☐ Over the Counter ☐ Picked up by F&BI	FedEx/U	PS/GS	9
Is there a Chain-of-Custody* (COC)? YES INCOME NOT STATE OF THE TOTAL TO	O Initial Date: _	s/ AP 10/	10/24
Number of days samples have been sitting prior to receipt a	at laboratory	<i>z</i> _2_	days
Are the samples clearly identified? (explain "no" answer below)	R	YES	□ NO
Were all sample containers received intact (i.e. not broken, leaking etc.)? (explain "no" answer below)	Ş	YES	□ NO
Were appropriate sample containers used?	ES 🗆 NO	_ 1	Unknown
If custody seals are present on samples, are they intact?	Ø NA [YES	□ NO
Are samples requiring no headspace, headspace free?	Ø NA [YES	□ NO
Is the following information provided on the COC, and does (explain "no" answer below)	s it match th	e samp	ole label?
Sample ID's Yes No		ot on C	OC/label
Date Sampled		ot on C	OC/label
Time Sampled Yes D No	D N	ot on C	OC/label
# of Containers			
Relinquished			
Requested analysis Yes On Hold			
Other comments (use a separate page if needed)			
Air Samples: Were any additional canisters/tubes received? Number of unused TO15 canisters** Number of uniters** Number of uniters**		YES	Ø NO

GLS.

Ship From
POINT SOURCE SOLUTIONS
CONOR MCGEHAN
5317 NE ST JOHNS RD, SUITE D
VANCOUVER, WA 98661

FRIEDMAN & BRUYA, INC SAMPLE RECEIVING 5500 4TH AVE S SEATTLE, WA 98108

COD: \$0.00 **Weight:** 0 lb(s)

Reference:

Delivery Instructions:

Signature Type: NOT REQUIRED

Tracking #: 561676522

PDS

800-322-5555 www.gls-us.com



SEATTLE

S06437C



KNT WA980-7C0

Print Date: 7/9/2024 11:05 AM

DRAFT

Date of Report: 10/22/24 Date Received: 10/10/24

Project: Skyhook Fitness, F&BI 410220

Date Extracted: 10/21/24 Date Analyzed: 10/21/24

RESULTS FROM THE ANALYSIS OF SOIL SAMPLES FOR TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS AS DIESEL AND MOTOR OIL USING METHOD NWTPH-Dx

Results Reported on a Dry Weight Basis Results Reported as mg/kg (ppm)

			Surrogate
Sample ID	<u>Diesel Range</u>	Motor Oil Range	(% Recovery)
Laboratory ID	$(C_{10}-C_{25})$	$(C_{25}-C_{36})$	(Limit 50-150)
SB7-S1-12 410220-01	<50	<250	83
SB8-S1-12 410220-02	<50	<250	86
SB9-S1-12 410220-03	<50	<250	84
SB10-S1-12 410220-04	<50	<250	83
Method Blank 04-2577 MB	<50	<250	91

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

James E. Bruya, Ph.D. Yelena Aravkina, M.S. Michael Erdahl, B.S. Vineta Mills, M.S. Eric Young, B.S. 5500 4th Ave South Seattle, WA 98108-2419 (206) 285-8282 office@friedmanandbruya.com www.friedmanandbruya.com

December 5, 2024

Conor McGeehan, Project Manager Point Source Solutions 5317 NE St Johns Rd, Suite D Vancouver, WA 98661

Dear Mr McGeehan:

Included are the results from the testing of material submitted on November 15, 2024 from the Skyhook Fitness, F&BI 411255 project. There are 6 pages included in this report.

We appreciate this opportunity to be of service to you and hope you will call if you should have any questions.

Sincerely,

FRIEDMAN & BRUYA, INC.

Michael Erdahl Project Manager

Enclosures

c: Point Source Reports

PSS1205R.DOC

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

CASE NARRATIVE

This case narrative encompasses samples received on November 15, 2024 by Friedman & Bruya, Inc. from the Point Source Solutions Skyhook Fitness, F&BI 411255 project. Samples were logged in under the laboratory ID's listed below.

<u>Laboratory ID</u>	Point Source Solutions
411255 -01	SG1
411255 -02	$\operatorname{SG2}$

The TO-15 gasoline range concentrations were quantified using a single point calibration at 80 ppbv.

The m,p-xylene concentration in the samples exceeded the calibration range of the instrument. The data were flagged accordingly.

All other quality control requirements were acceptable.

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Analysis For Volatile Compounds By Method TO-15

Client Sample ID:	SG1	Client:	Point Source Solutions
-------------------	-----	---------	------------------------

Date Received: 11/15/24 Project: Skyhook Fitness, F&BI 411255

Date Collected: 11/24/24 Lab ID: 411255-01 1/110

Date Analyzed: 11/21/24 Data File: 112029.D Matrix: Air Instrument: GCMS7 Units: ug/m3 Operator: bat

	%	Lower	Upper
Surrogates:	Recovery:	Limit:	Limit:
4-Bromofluorobenzene	117	70	130

Compounds:	Concentration ug/m3 ppb		
Benzene	<35	<11	
Toluene	<830	<220	
Ethylbenzene	2,200	520	
m,p-Xylene	9,800 ve	2,300 ve	
o-Xylene	2,800	630	
Naphthalene	50	9.5	
Gasoline Range Organics	70,000	17,000	

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Analysis For Volatile Compounds By Method TO-15

Date Received: 11/15/24 Project: Skyhook Fitness, F&BI 411255

Date Collected: 11/24/24 Lab ID: 411255-02 1/120

Date Analyzed: 11/21/24 Data File: 112030.D Matrix: Air Instrument: GCMS7 Units: ug/m3 Operator: bat

	%	Lower	Upper
Surrogates:	Recovery:	Limit:	Limit:
4-Bromofluorobenzene	117	70	130

	Concentration		
Compounds:	ug/m3	ppbv	
_			
Benzene	<38	<12	
Toluene	<900	<240	
Ethylbenzene	3,800	870	
m,p-Xylene	18,000 ve	4,100 ve	
o-Xylene	5,500	1,300	
Naphthalene	88	17	
Gasoline Range Organics	110,000	26,000	

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Analysis For Volatile Compounds By Method TO-15

Client Sample ID:	Method Blank	Client:	Point Source Solutions
-------------------	--------------	---------	------------------------

Date Received: Not Applicable Project: Skyhook Fitness, F&BI 411255

Date Collected: Not Applicable Lab ID: $04\text{-}2850~\mathrm{MB}$ 11/20/24 112012.DDate Analyzed: Data File: GCMS7 Matrix: Air Instrument: ug/m3 Units: Operator: bat

Surrogates:	% Recovery:	Lower Limit:	Upper Limit:
4-Bromofluorobenzene	99	70	130
	Conce	ntration	
Compounds:	ug/m3	ppbv	

Benzene < 0.32 < 0.1 Toluene < 7.5 <2 Ethylbenzene < 0.1 < 0.43 m,p-Xylene < 0.87 < 0.2 o-Xylene < 0.43 < 0.1 Naphthalene < 0.26 < 0.05 Gasoline Range Organics <200 < 50

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Date of Report: 12/05/24 Date Received: 11/15/24

Project: Skyhook Fitness, F&BI 411255

QUALITY ASSURANCE RESULTS FOR THE ANALYSIS OF AIR SAMPLES FOR VOLATILES BY METHOD TO-15

Laboratory Code: 411262-04 1/8.0 (Duplicate)

	Reporting	Sample	Duplicate	RPD
Analyte	Units	Result	Result	(Limit 30)
Benzene	ug/m3	< 2.6	< 2.6	nm
Toluene	ug/m3	<60	<60	nm
Ethylbenzene	ug/m3	< 3.5	< 3.5	nm
m,p-Xylene	ug/m3	< 6.9	< 6.9	nm
o-Xylene	ug/m3	< 3.5	< 3.5	nm
Naphthalene	ug/m3	11	9.6	14

Laboratory Code: Laboratory Control Sample

	Percent			
	Reporting	Spike	Recovery	Acceptance
Analyte	Units	Level	LCS	Criteria
Benzene	ug/m3	43	109	70-130
Toluene	ug/m3	51	117	70-130
Ethylbenzene	ug/m3	59	114	70-130
m,p-Xylene	ug/m3	120	116	70-130
o-Xylene	ug/m3	59	117	70-130
Naphthalene	ug/m3	71	101	70-130

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Data Qualifiers & Definitions

- a The analyte was detected at a level less than five times the reporting limit. The RPD results may not provide reliable information on the variability of the analysis.
- b The analyte was spiked at a level that was less than five times that present in the sample. Matrix spike recoveries may not be meaningful.
- ca The calibration results for the analyte were outside of acceptance criteria, biased low; or, the calibration results for the analyte were outside of acceptance criteria, biased high, with a detection for the analyte in the sample. The value reported is an estimate.
- c The presence of the analyte may be due to carryover from previous sample injections.
- cf The sample was centrifuged prior to analysis.
- d The sample was diluted. Detection limits were raised and surrogate recoveries may not be meaningful.
- dv Insufficient sample volume was available to achieve normal reporting limits.
- f The sample was laboratory filtered prior to analysis.
- fb The analyte was detected in the method blank.
- fc The analyte is a common laboratory and field contaminant.
- hr The sample and duplicate were reextracted and reanalyzed. RPD results were still outside of control limits. Variability is attributed to sample inhomogeneity.
- hs Headspace was present in the container used for analysis.
- ht The analysis was performed outside the method or client-specified holding time requirement.
- ip Recovery fell outside of control limits due to sample matrix effects.
- j The analyte concentration is reported between the method detection limit and the lowest calibration point. The value reported is an estimate.
- J The internal standard associated with the analyte is out of control limits. The reported concentration is an estimate.
- jl The laboratory control sample(s) percent recovery and/or RPD were out of control limits. The reported concentration should be considered an estimate.
- js The surrogate associated with the analyte is out of control limits. The reported concentration should be considered an estimate.
- k The calibration results for the analyte were outside of acceptance criteria, biased high, and the analyte was not detected in the sample.
- lc The presence of the analyte is likely due to laboratory contamination.
- L The reported concentration was generated from a library search.
- nm The analyte was not detected in one or more of the duplicate analyses. Therefore, calculation of the RPD is not applicable.
- pc The sample was received with incorrect preservation or in a container not approved by the method. The value reported should be considered an estimate.
- ve The analyte response exceeded the valid instrument calibration range. The value reported is an estimate.
- vo The value reported fell outside the control limits established for this analyte.
- x The sample chromatographic pattern does not resemble the fuel standard used for quantitation.

Report To City, State, ZIP_ Phone 54. 390.888 Email Comice printsource Address Company Seattle, WA 98119-2029 Friedman & Bruya, Inc. Ph. (206) 285-8282 3012 16th Avenue West Fax (206) 283-5044 411255 2013 193 Sample Name ST PNE 555 Ins M Grecher Vancounds WA Received by: Received by: Relinquished by: Relinquished by: 0 So Commo PM. Lab ID Canister ID hr 22 3312 SIGNATURE Contr. Flow B 0 ID SAMPLE CHAIN OF CUSTODY Sampled = Date □ Indoor Air ▼Sub Slab/Soil Gas SAMPLERS (signature) REPORTING LEVEL PROJECT NAME Press. Initial Field -28 (Hg) 92-Sky hork Atress may M Whachen 950 Field Time Initial 100 Anh Phan PRINT NAME ☐ Deep Soil Gas☐ SVE/Grab Press. Final Field (Hg) 2 ئے Final 1958 Hear. Time Field ANALYSIS REQUESTED TO-15 Full Scan TO-15 BTEXN INVOICE TO 11 15 24 Sam PO# TO-15 cVOCs es of FBT COMPANY P50 received GRO × ☐ Archive Samples Rush charges authorized by: O RUSH Bispose after 30 days Standard 50 TURNAROUND TIME Page # SAMPLE DISPOSAL Notes 11/15/24 11:54 DATE $\overline{\infty}$ 12 mil 1 å TIME 14 ST

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SAMPLE CONDITION UPON RECEIPT CHECKLIST

PROJECT # 411 255	CLIENT	Point Sou	VCe	INITIALS DATE:	11/15	124
If custody seals are p	present on coo	ler, are they in	tact?	Ø NA	□ YES	□ NO
Cooler/Sample temp	erature			Thern	nometer ID: Flu	8 °C ke 96312917
Were samples receiv	ed on ice/cold	packs?			□ YES	NO NO
How did samples ar	r ive? ne Counter	□ Picked up by	F&BI	FedEx	/UPS/GSO	<u> </u>
Is there a Chain-of-C	Custody* (COC	/-	YES NO) Initi Date	als/ AP	124
Number of days sam	ples have been	n sitting prior	to receipt a	t laborato	ory	_ days
Are the samples clea	arly identified	? (explain "no" answ	er below)		Ø YES	□ NO
Were all sample con leaking etc.)? (explain			ot broken,		YES	□ NO
Were appropriate sa	ample containe	ers used?	Z YE	S D NO	O D U	Jnknown
If custody seals are	present on sar	nples, are they	intact?	/ NA	□ YES	□ NO
Are samples requiri	ng no headspa	ce, headspace	free?	D NA	□ YES	□ NO
Is the following info	ormation provi	ded on the CO	C, and does	s it match	the samp	le label?
(explain "no" answer below Sample ID's	l⊓ Yes □ No	· ·	* 8		Not on C	OC/label
Date Sampled	□ Yes □ No		×		Not on C	OC/label
Time Sampled	□ Yes □ No			[Not on C	OC/label
# of Containers	□ Yes □ No					
Relinquished						
Requested analysis		Iold				
Other comments (us	se a separate pag					
Air Samples: Were a	any additional	canisters/tube	s received?	NA □ NA	□ YES	Ø NO

GLS

Ship From
POINT SOURCE SOLUTIONS
CONOR MCGEHAN
5317 NE ST JOHNS RD, SUITE D
VANCOUVER, WA 98661

Ship To FRIEDMAN & BRUYA, INC SAMPLE RECEIVING 5500 4TH AVE S SEATTLE, WA 98108

COD: \$0.00 Weight: 0 lb(s) Reference:

Delivery Instructions:

Signature Type: NOT REQUIRED

about:blank

800-322-5555 www.gls-us.com

Tracking #: 561676527

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SEATTLE

S06437C



KNT WA980-7C0

12087825

Print Date: 7/9/2024 11:05 AM

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Elizabeth Webber-Bruya Ann Webber-Bruya Michael Erdahl Vineta Mills Eric Young 5500 4th Ave South Seattle, WA 98108-2419 (206) 285-8282 office@friedmanandbruya.com www.friedmanandbruya.com

February 5, 2025

Conor McGeehan, Project Manager Point Source Solutions 5317 NE St Johns Rd, Suite D Vancouver, WA 98661

Dear Mr McGeehan:

Included are the results from the testing of material submitted on January 24, 2025 from the Skyhook, F&BI 501333 project. There are 9 pages included in this report. Any samples that may remain are currently scheduled for disposal in 30 days, or as directed by the Chain of Custody document. If you would like us to return your samples or arrange for long term storage at our offices, please contact us as soon as possible.

We appreciate this opportunity to be of service to you and hope you will call if you should have any questions.

Sincerely,

FRIEDMAN & BRUYA, INC.

Mac Goldman Project Manager

Enclosures

c: Point Source Reports

PSS0205R.DOC

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

CASE NARRATIVE

This case narrative encompasses samples received on January 24, 2024 by Friedman & Bruya, Inc. from the Point Source Solutions Skyhook, F&BI 501333 project. Samples were logged in under the laboratory ID's listed below.

<u>Laboratory ID</u>	Point Source Solutions
501333 -01	SG3

501333 -02 SG4

The TO-15 calibration standard did not meet the acceptance criteria for ethanol. The data were flagged accordingly.

The TO-15 calibration standard for 4-methyl-2-pentanone exceeded the acceptance criteria. The compound was not detected, therefore this did not represent an out of control condition, and were qualified with a "k" qualifier.

The TO-15 gasoline range concentrations were quantified using a single point calibration at 80 ppbv.

All other quality control requirements were acceptable.

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Analysis For Volatile Compounds By Method TO-15

Client Sample ID: SG3Client: Point Source Solutions Date Received: Project: Skyhook, F&BI 501333 01/24/25 Lab ID: 501333-01 1/4.9 Date Collected: 01/23/25 012422.DDate Analyzed: 01/25/25Data File:

Matrix: Air Instrument: GCMS8
Units: ug/m3 Operator: bat

	%	Lower	$_{ m Upper}$
Surrogates:	Recovery:	Limit:	Limit:
4-Bromofluorobenzene	99	70	130

	Conce	ntration		Conce	ntration
Compounds:	ug/m3	ppbv	Compounds:	ug/m3	ppbv
Propene	63	37	1,2-Dichloropropane	<1.1	< 0.24
Dichlorodifluoromethane	<4.8	< 0.98	1,4-Dioxane	<1.8	< 0.49
Chloromethane	<18	<8.8	2,2,4-Trimethylpentane	<23	<4.9
F-114	<10	<1.5	Methyl methacrylate	<20	<4.9
Vinyl chloride	<1.3	< 0.49	Heptane	<20	<4.9
1,3-Butadiene	8.9	4.0	Bromodichloromethane	< 0.33	< 0.049
Butane	36	15	Trichloroethene	< 0.53	< 0.098
Bromomethane	<19	<4.9	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	<4.4	< 0.98
Chloroethane	<13	<4.9	4-Methyl-2-pentanone	<40 k	<9.8 k
Vinyl bromide	< 2.1	< 0.49	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	< 2.2	< 0.49
Ethanol	62 ca	33 ca	Toluene	95	25
Acrolein	4.8	2.1	1,1,2-Trichloroethane	< 0.27	< 0.049
Pentane	<29	< 9.8	2-Hexanone	<20	<4.9
Trichlorofluoromethane	<11	<2	Tetrachloroethene	<33	<4.9
Acetone	160	67	Dibromochloromethane	< 0.42	< 0.049
2-Propanol	<42	<17	1,2-Dibromoethane (EDB)	< 0.38	< 0.049
1,1-Dichloroethene	< 1.9	< 0.49	Chlorobenzene	<2.3	< 0.49
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	<1.9	< 0.49	Ethylbenzene	16	3.8
Methylene chloride	<170	<49	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	< 0.67	< 0.098
t-Butyl alcohol (TBA)	<59	<20	Nonane	<26	<4.9
3-Chloropropene	<15	<4.9	Isopropylbenzene	<48	<9.8
CFC-113	<7.5	< 0.98	2-Chlorotoluene	<25	<4.9
Carbon disulfide	<31	<9.8	Propylbenzene	<24	<4.9
Methyl t-butyl ether (MTBE)	<35	<9.8	4-Ethyltoluene	<24	<4.9
Vinyl acetate	<35	<9.8	m,p-Xylene	63	15
1,1-Dichloroethane	<2	< 0.49	o-Xylene	$\frac{33}{24}$	5.5
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	<1.9	< 0.49	Styrene	<4.2	< 0.98
Hexane	<17	<4.9	Bromoform	<10	< 0.98
Chloroform	< 0.24	< 0.049	Benzyl chloride	< 0.25	< 0.049
Ethyl acetate	<35	<9.8	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	<24	<4.9
Tetrahydrofuran	81	27	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	<24	<4.9
2-Butanone (MEK)	51	17	1,3-Dichlorobenzene	<2.9	< 0.49
1,2-Dichloroethane (EDC)	< 0.2	< 0.049	1,4-Dichlorobenzene	<1.1	< 0.19
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	<2.7	< 0.49	1,2-Dichlorobenzene	<2.9	< 0.19
Carbon tetrachloride	<1.5	<0.43	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	<3.6	< 0.49
Benzene	7.6	$\frac{0.24}{2.4}$	Naphthalene	<0.0 <1.3	<0.49
	<34	<9.8	Hexachlorobutadiene	<1.5 <1	< 0.24
Cyclohexane			Hexacmorobutadiene	\ 1	~ 0.098
Gasoline Range Organics	1,200	290			

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Analysis For Volatile Compounds By Method TO-15

Client Sample ID: SG4Client: Point Source Solutions Date Received: Project: Skyhook, F&BI 501333 01/24/25 Lab ID: Date Collected: 501333-02 1/4.9 01/23/25 Date Analyzed: 01/25/25Data File: 012421.DMatrix: GCMS8Air Instrument:

Operator:

bat

ug/m3

Units:

	Conce	ntration		Conce	ntration
Compounds:	ug/m3	ppbv	Compounds:	ug/m3	ppbv
	8	PP~	F	g	PP ···
Propene	130 ve	76 ve	1,2-Dichloropropane	<1.1	< 0.24
Dichlorodifluoromethane	<4.8	< 0.98	1,4-Dioxane	<1.8	< 0.49
Chloromethane	<18	<8.8	2,2,4-Trimethylpentane	<23	<4.9
F-114	<10	<1.5	Methyl methacrylate	<20	<4.9
Vinyl chloride	<1.3	< 0.49	Heptane	<20	<4.9
1,3-Butadiene	18	7.9	Bromodichloromethane	< 0.33	< 0.049
Butane	36	15	Trichloroethene	< 0.53	< 0.098
Bromomethane	<19	<4.9	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	<4.4	< 0.98
Chloroethane	<13	<4.9	4-Methyl-2-pentanone	<40 k	<9.8 k
Vinyl bromide	< 2.1	< 0.49	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	< 2.2	< 0.49
Ethanol	<37 ca	<20 ca	Toluene	75	20
Acrolein	2.9	1.3	1,1,2-Trichloroethane	< 0.27	< 0.049
Pentane	<29	<9.8	2-Hexanone	<20	<4.9
Trichlorofluoromethane	<11	<2	Tetrachloroethene	<33	<4.9
Acetone	110	47	Dibromochloromethane	< 0.42	< 0.049
2-Propanol	<42	<17	1,2-Dibromoethane (EDB)	< 0.38	< 0.049
1,1-Dichloroethene	<1.9	< 0.49	Chlorobenzene	< 2.3	< 0.49
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	<1.9	< 0.49	Ethylbenzene	14	3.1
Methylene chloride	<170	<49	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	< 0.67	< 0.098
t-Butyl alcohol (TBA)	< 59	<20	Nonane	<26	<4.9
3-Chloropropene	<15	<4.9	Isopropylbenzene	<48	<9.8
CFC-113	< 7.5	< 0.98	2-Chlorotoluene	<25	<4.9
Carbon disulfide	<31	<9.8	Propylbenzene	<24	<4.9
Methyl t-butyl ether (MTBE)	<35	<9.8	4-Ethyltoluene	<24	<4.9
Vinyl acetate	<35	<9.8	m,p-Xylene	52	12
1,1-Dichloroethane	<2	< 0.49	o-Xylene	20	4.6
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	<1.9	< 0.49	Styrene	<4.2	< 0.98
Hexane	<17	<4.9	Bromoform	<10	< 0.98
Chloroform	1.2	0.24	Benzyl chloride	< 0.25	< 0.049
Ethyl acetate	<35	<9.8	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	<24	<4.9
Tetrahydrofuran	62	21	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	<24	<4.9
2-Butanone (MEK)	43	15	1,3-Dichlorobenzene	< 2.9	< 0.49
1,2-Dichloroethane (EDC)	< 0.2	< 0.049	1,4-Dichlorobenzene	<1.1	< 0.19
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	< 2.7	< 0.49	1,2-Dichlorobenzene	< 2.9	< 0.49
Carbon tetrachloride	<1.5	< 0.24	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	<3.6	< 0.49
Benzene	6.0	1.9	Naphthalene	<1.3	< 0.24
Cyclohexane	<34	<9.8	Hexachlorobutadiene	<1	< 0.098
Gasoline Range Organics	1,100	280			

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Analysis For Volatile Compounds By Method TO-15

Client Sample ID: Method Blank Client: Point Source Solutions
Date Received: Not Applicable Project: Skyhook, F&BI 501333

Lab ID: Date Collected: 01/24/25 05-0173 mb 01/24/25 Date Analyzed: Data File: 012411.DMatrix: Air Instrument: GCMS8Units: ug/m3 Operator: bat

	%	Lower	Upper
Surrogates:	Recovery:	Limit:	Limit:
4-Bromofluorobenzene	91	70	130

	Conce	ntration		Conce	ntration
Compounds:	ug/m3	ppbv	Compounds:	ug/m3	ppbv
Propene	<1.4	< 0.8	1,2-Dichloropropane	< 0.23	< 0.05
Dichlorodifluoromethane	< 0.99	< 0.2	1,4-Dioxane	< 0.36	< 0.1
Chloromethane	< 3.7	<1.8	2,2,4-Trimethylpentane	< 4.7	<1
F-114	< 2.1	< 0.3	Methyl methacrylate	<4.1	<1
Vinyl chloride	< 0.26	< 0.1	Heptane	<4.1	<1
1,3-Butadiene	< 0.044	< 0.02	Bromodichloromethane	< 0.067	< 0.01
Butane	<4.8	<2	Trichloroethene	< 0.11	< 0.02
Bromomethane	<3.9	<1	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	< 0.91	< 0.2
Chloroethane	< 2.6	<1	4-Methyl-2-pentanone	<8.2 k	<2 k
Vinyl bromide	< 0.44	< 0.1	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	< 0.45	< 0.1
Ethanol	<7.5 ca	<4 ca	Toluene	< 7.5	<2
Acrolein	< 0.11	< 0.05	1,1,2-Trichloroethane	< 0.055	< 0.01
Pentane	< 5.9	<2	2-Hexanone	<4.1	<1
Trichlorofluoromethane	< 2.2	< 0.4	Tetrachloroethene	< 6.8	<1
Acetone	<4.8	<2	Dibromochloromethane	< 0.085	< 0.01
2-Propanol	<8.6	< 3.5	1,2-Dibromoethane (EDB)	< 0.077	< 0.01
1,1-Dichloroethene	< 0.4	< 0.1	Chlorobenzene	< 0.46	< 0.1
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	< 0.4	< 0.1	Ethylbenzene	< 0.43	< 0.1
Methylene chloride	<35	<10	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	< 0.14	< 0.02
t-Butyl alcohol (TBA)	<12	<4	Nonane	< 5.2	<1
3-Chloropropene	<3.1	<1	Isopropylbenzene	<9.8	<2
CFC-113	<1.5	< 0.2	2-Chlorotoluene	< 5.2	<1
Carbon disulfide	< 6.2	<2	Propylbenzene	<4.9	<1
Methyl t-butyl ether (MTBE)	< 7.2	<2	4-Ethyltoluene	< 4.9	<1
Vinyl acetate	<7	<2	m,p-Xylene	< 0.87	< 0.2
1,1-Dichloroethane	< 0.4	< 0.1	o-Xylene	< 0.43	< 0.1
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	< 0.4	< 0.1	Styrene	< 0.85	< 0.2
Hexane	< 3.5	<1	Bromoform	< 2.1	< 0.2
Chloroform	< 0.049	< 0.01	Benzyl chloride	< 0.052	< 0.01
Ethyl acetate	< 7.2	<2	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	< 4.9	<1
Tetrahydrofuran	< 0.88	< 0.3	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	< 4.9	<1
2-Butanone (MEK)	< 5.9	<2	1,3-Dichlorobenzene	< 0.6	< 0.1
1,2-Dichloroethane (EDC)	< 0.04	< 0.01	1,4-Dichlorobenzene	< 0.23	< 0.038
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	< 0.55	< 0.1	1,2-Dichlorobenzene	< 0.6	< 0.1
Carbon tetrachloride	< 0.31	< 0.05	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	< 0.74	< 0.1
Benzene	< 0.32	< 0.1	Naphthalene	< 0.26	< 0.05
Cyclohexane	< 6.9	<2	Hexachlorobutadiene	< 0.21	< 0.02
Gasoline Range Organics	<200	< 50			

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Date of Report: 02/05/25 Date Received: 01/24/25

Project: Skyhook, F&BI 501333

QUALITY ASSURANCE RESULTS FOR THE ANALYSIS OF AIR SAMPLES FOR VOLATILES BY METHOD TO-15

Laboratory Code: 501326-08 1/5.3 (Duplicate)

Laboratory Code: 501326-08 1/	· •			
	Reporting	Sample	Duplicate	RPD
Analyte	Units	Result	Result	(Limit 25)
Propene	ug/m3	<7.3	<7.3	nm
Dichlorodifluoromethane	ug/m3	< 5.2	< 5.2	nm
Chloromethane	ug/m3	<20	<20	nm
F-114	ug/m3	<11	<11	nm
Vinyl chloride	ug/m3	<1.4	<1.4	nm
1,3-Butadiene	ug/m3	< 0.23	< 0.23	nm
Butane	ug/m3	<25	<25	nm
Bromomethane	ug/m3	<21	<21	nm
Chloroethane	ug/m3	<14	<14	nm
Vinyl bromide	ug/m3	< 2.3	<2.3	nm
Ethanol	ug/m3	<40	<40	nm
Acrolein	ug/m3	< 0.61	< 0.61	nm
Pentane	ug/m3	<31	<31	nm
Trichlorofluoromethane	ug/m3	<12	<12	nm
Acetone	ug/m3	<25	<25	nm
2-Propanol	ug/m3	<46	<46	nm
1,1-Dichloroethene	ug/m3	< 2.1	< 2.1	nm
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	ug/m3	< 2.1	< 2.1	nm
Methylene chloride	ug/m3	<180	<180	nm
t-Butyl alcohol (TBA)	ug/m3	<64	<64	nm
3-Chloropropene	ug/m3	<17	<17	nm
CFC-113	ug/m3	<8.1	<8.1	nm
Carbon disulfide	ug/m3	<33	<33	nm
Methyl t-butyl ether (MTBE)	ug/m3	<38	<38	nm
Vinyl acetate	ug/m3	<37	<37	nm
1,1-Dichloroethane	ug/m3	<2.1	<2.1	nm
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	ug/m3	< 2.1	< 2.1	nm
Hexane	ug/m3	<19	<19	nm
Chloroform	ug/m3	23	24	4
Ethyl acetate	ug/m3	<38	<38	nm
Tetrahydrofuran	ug/m3	<4.7	<4.7	nm
2-Butanone (MEK)	ug/m3	<31	<31	nm
1,2-Dichloroethane (EDC)	ug/m3	< 0.21	< 0.21	nm
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ug/m3	< 2.9	< 2.9	nm
Carbon tetrachloride	ug/m3	<1.7	<1.7	nm
Benzene	ug/m3	<1.7	<1.7	nm
Cyclohexane	ug/m3	<36	<36	nm
1,2-Dichloropropane	ug/m3	<1.2	<1.2	nm
1,4-Dioxane	ug/m3	<1.9	<1.9	nm
2,2,4-Trimethylpentane	ug/m3	<25	<25	nm

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Date of Report: 02/05/25 Date Received: 01/24/25

Project: Skyhook, F&BI 501333

QUALITY ASSURANCE RESULTS FOR THE ANALYSIS OF AIR SAMPLES FOR VOLATILES BY METHOD TO-15

Laboratory Code: 501326-08 1/5.3 (Duplicate)

Reporting	Sample	Duplicate	RPD
Units	Result	Result	(Limit 25)
ug/m3	<22	<22	nm
ug/m3	<22	<22	nm
ug/m3	0.39	< 0.36	nm
ug/m3	< 0.57	< 0.57	nm
ug/m3	<4.8	<4.8	nm
ug/m3	<43	<43	nm
ug/m3	< 2.4	< 2.4	nm
ug/m3	<40	<40	nm
ug/m3	< 0.29	< 0.29	nm
ug/m3	<22	<22	nm
ug/m3	<36	<36	nm
ug/m3	< 0.45	< 0.45	nm
ug/m3	< 0.41	< 0.41	nm
ug/m3	< 2.4	< 2.4	nm
ug/m3	< 2.3	< 2.3	nm
ug/m3	< 0.73	< 0.73	nm
ug/m3	<28	<28	nm
ug/m3	<52	<52	nm
ug/m3	<27	<27	nm
ug/m3	<26	<26	nm
ug/m3			nm
ug/m3	<4.6	<4.6	nm
ug/m3	< 2.3	< 2.3	nm
ug/m3	<4.5	<4.5	nm
ug/m3			nm
ug/m3			nm
ug/m3	<26	<26	nm
ug/m3	<26	<26	nm
ug/m3	< 3.2	< 3.2	nm
ug/m3	<1.2	<1.2	nm
ug/m3	< 3.2	< 3.2	nm
ug/m3	<3.9	<3.9	nm
ug/m3	<1.4	<1.4	nm
ug/m3	<1.1	<1.1	nm
	ug/m3	Units Result ug/m3 <22	Units Result Result ug/m3 <22

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Date of Report: 02/05/25 Date Received: 01/24/25

Project: Skyhook, F&BI 501333

QUALITY ASSURANCE RESULTS FOR THE ANALYSIS OF AIR SAMPLES FOR VOLATILES BY METHOD TO-15

Laboratory Code: Laboratory Control Sample

Laboratory Code. Laboratory Co	nuoi bampie		Percent	
	Reporting	Spike	Recovery	Acceptance
Analyte	Units	Level	LCS	Criteria
Propene	ug/m3	23	87	70-130
Dichlorodifluoromethane	ug/m3	67	97	70-130
Chloromethane	ug/m3	28	74	70-130
F-114	ug/m3	94	88	70-130
Vinyl chloride	ug/m3	35	94	70-130
1,3-Butadiene	ug/m3	30	95	70-130
Butane	ug/m3	32	90	70-130
Bromomethane	ug/m3	52	101	70-130
Chloroethane	ug/m3	36	94	70-130
Vinyl bromide	ug/m3	59	91	70-130
Ethanol	ug/m3	25	64 vo	70-130
Acrolein	ug/m3	31	82	70-130
Pentane	ug/m3	40	83	70-130
Trichlorofluoromethane	ug/m3	76	101	70-130
Acetone	ug/m3	32	89	70-130
2-Propanol	ug/m3	33	77	70-130
1,1-Dichloroethene	ug/m3	54	105	70-130
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	ug/m3	54	104	70-130
Methylene chloride	ug/m3	94	100	70-130
t-Butyl alcohol (TBA)	ug/m3	41	100	70-130
3-Chloropropene	ug/m3	42	91	70-130
CFC-113	ug/m3	100	102	70-130
Carbon disulfide	ug/m3	42	102	70-130
Methyl t-butyl ether (MTBE)	ug/m3	49	95	70-130
Vinyl acetate	ug/m3	48	88	70-130
1,1-Dichloroethane	ug/m3	55	103	70-130
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	ug/m3	54	101	70-130
Hexane	ug/m3	48	96	70-130
Chloroform	ug/m3	66	103	70-130
Ethyl acetate	ug/m3	49	92	70-130
Tetrahydrofuran	ug/m3	40	94	70-130
2-Butanone (MEK)	ug/m3	40	86	70-130
1,2-Dichloroethane (EDC)	ug/m3	55	106	70-130
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ug/m3	74	105	70-130
Carbon tetrachloride	ug/m3	85	97	70-130
Benzene	ug/m3	43	98	70-130
Cyclohexane	ug/m3	46	87	70-130
1,2-Dichloropropane	ug/m3	62	99	70-130
1,4-Dioxane	ug/m3	49	106	70-130
2,2,4-Trimethylpentane	ug/m3	63	99	70-130

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Date of Report: 02/05/25 Date Received: 01/24/25

Project: Skyhook, F&BI 501333

QUALITY ASSURANCE RESULTS FOR THE ANALYSIS OF AIR SAMPLES FOR VOLATILES BY METHOD TO-15

Laboratory Code: Laboratory Control Sample

			Percent	
	Reporting	Spike	Recovery	Acceptance
Analyte	Units	Level	LCS	Criteria
Methyl methacrylate	ug/m3	55	92	70-130
Heptane	ug/m3	55	91	70-130
Bromodichloromethane	ug/m3	90	100	70-130
Trichloroethene	ug/m3	73	108	70-130
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	ug/m3	61	104	70-130
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	ug/m3	55	116	70-130
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	ug/m3	61	99	70-130
Toluene	ug/m3	51	104	70-130
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	ug/m3	74	104	70-130
2-Hexanone	ug/m3	55	95	70-130
Tetrachloroethene	ug/m3	92	113	70-130
Dibromochloromethane	ug/m3	120	101	70-130
1,2-Dibromoethane (EDB)	ug/m3	100	104	70-130
Chlorobenzene	ug/m3	62	108	70-130
Ethylbenzene	ug/m3	59	105	70-130
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ug/m3	93	103	70-130
Nonane	ug/m3	71	99	70-130
Isopropylbenzene	ug/m3	66	110	70-130
2-Chlorotoluene	ug/m3	70	112	70-130
Propylbenzene	ug/m3	66	111	70-130
4-Ethyltoluene	ug/m3	66	111	70-130
m,p-Xylene	ug/m3	120	98	70-130
o-Xylene	ug/m3	59	112	70-130
Styrene	ug/m3	58	108	70-130
Bromoform	ug/m3	140	106	70-130
Benzyl chloride	ug/m3	70	101	70-130
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	ug/m3	66	117	70-130
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	ug/m3	66	113	70-130
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ug/m3	81	118	70-130
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ug/m3	81	117	70-130
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ug/m3	81	118	70-130
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	ug/m3	100	108	70-130
Naphthalene	ug/m3	71	105	70-130
Hexachlorobutadiene	ug/m3	140	115	70-130

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Data Qualifiers & Definitions

- a The analyte was detected at a level less than five times the reporting limit. The RPD results may not provide reliable information on the variability of the analysis.
- b The analyte was spiked at a level that was less than five times that present in the sample. Matrix spike recoveries may not be meaningful.
- ca The calibration results for the analyte were outside of acceptance criteria, biased low; or, the calibration results for the analyte were outside of acceptance criteria, biased high, with a detection for the analyte in the sample. The value reported is an estimate.
- c The presence of the analyte may be due to carryover from previous sample injections.
- cf The sample was centrifuged prior to analysis.
- d The sample was diluted. Detection limits were raised and surrogate recoveries may not be meaningful.
- dv Insufficient sample volume was available to achieve normal reporting limits.
- f The sample was laboratory filtered prior to analysis.
- fb The analyte was detected in the method blank.
- fc The analyte is a common laboratory and field contaminant.
- hr The sample and duplicate were reextracted and reanalyzed. RPD results were still outside of control limits. Variability is attributed to sample inhomogeneity.
- hs Headspace was present in the container used for analysis.
- ht The analysis was performed outside the method or client-specified holding time requirement.
- ip Recovery fell outside of control limits due to sample matrix effects.
- j The analyte concentration is reported between the method detection limit and the lowest calibration point. The value reported is an estimate.
- J The internal standard associated with the analyte is out of control limits. The reported concentration is an estimate.
- jl The laboratory control sample(s) percent recovery and/or RPD were out of control limits. The reported concentration should be considered an estimate.
- js The surrogate associated with the analyte is out of control limits. The reported concentration should be considered an estimate.
- k The calibration results for the analyte were outside of acceptance criteria, biased high, and the analyte was not detected in the sample.
- lc The presence of the analyte is likely due to laboratory contamination.
- L The reported concentration was generated from a library search.
- nm The analyte was not detected in one or more of the duplicate analyses. Therefore, calculation of the RPD is not applicable.
- pc The sample was received with incorrect preservation or in a container not approved by the method. The value reported should be considered an estimate.
- ve The analyte response exceeded the valid instrument calibration range. The value reported is an estimate.
- vo The value reported fell outside the control limits established for this analyte.
- x The sample chromatographic pattern does not resemble the fuel standard used for quantitation.

52/333 Report To (1)40 Company_ Phone 54 . 370. 3805 City, State, ZIP Address___

SAMPLE
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CUSTODY

01/24/25

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Notes	Helium	Chlorinated VOCs	АРН	TO15 BTEXN	TO15 Full Scan	Field Final Time	Final Vac. ("Hg)	Field Initial Time	Initial Vac.	Date Sampled	Reporting Level: IA=Indoor Air SG=Soil Gas (Circle One)	Flow Cont.	Canister ID	Lab	Sample Name	Sam
	TED	ANALYSIS REQUESTED	SRE	LYS	AN.										SAMPLE INFORMATION	SAMPLE IN

FORMS\COC\COCTO-15.DOC Fax (206) 283-50 Ph. (206) 285-82 Seattle, WA 9810 5500 4th Avenue Friedman & Bru

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Ship From 5317 NE ST JOHNS RD, SUITE D CONOR MCGEHAN POINT SOURCE SOLUTIONS. VANCOUVER, WA 98661

SEATTLE, WA 98108 SAMPLE RECEIVING FRIEDMAN & BRUYA, INC 5500 4TH AVE S

COD: \$0.00 Reference: Weight: 0 lb(s)

Delivery Instructions: Signature Type: NOT REQUIRED

Tracking #: 558546437

PDS

www.gls-us.com 800-322-5555

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SAMPLE CONDITION UPON RECEIPT CHECKLIST

PROJECT # 501333 CLIENT PSS	INITIALS/ Op 01/24/
If custody seals are present on cooler, are they intact?	Ø NA □ YES □ NO
Cooler/Sample temperature	
	Thermometer ID: Fluke 9631291
Were samples received on ice/cold packs?	□ YES Ø NO
How did samples arrive? ☐ Over the Counter ☐ Picked up by F&BI	▼ FedEx/UPS/GSO
Is there a Chain-of-Custody* (COC)? *or other representative documents, letters, and/or shipping memos	IO Initials/ (AP) 01/24
Number of days samples have been sitting prior to receipt	at laboratory days
Are the samples clearly identified? (explain "no" answer below)	⊄ YES □ NC
Were all sample containers received intact (i.e. not broken leaking etc.)? (explain "no" answer below)	, dyes onc
Were appropriate sample containers used?	ES 🗆 NO 🗆 Unknown
If custody seals are present on samples, are they intact?	Ø NA □ YES □ NC
Are samples requiring no headspace, headspace free?	√NA □YES □ NC
Is the following information provided on the COC, and doe (explain "no" answer below)	es it match the sample label
Sample ID's Yes D No	Not on COC/label
Date Sampled Yes D No	
Time Sampled Yes D No	Not on COC/label
# of Containers	
Relinquished Z Yes D No	
Requested analysis Z Yes D On Hold	
Other comments (use a separate page if needed)	
Air Samples: Were any additional canisters/tubes received Number of unused TO15 canisters Number of un	

Transaction Record



TRACKING NO .:

771451961559

SHIP DATE:

Jan 15, 2025

ESTIMATED SHIPPING CHARGES:

14.44 USD

From address

Sample Receiving

Friedman & Bruya, Inc. 5500 4th Avenue South

98108 WA Seattle

US

Phone: 2062858282 fbi@isomedia.com To address

CONNOR McGREEHEN

POINT SOURCE 5404 NW HARNEY ST 98663 WA VANCOUVER

US

Phone: 5413908805

Package information

Pieces

Weight

Dimensions (LxWxH)

Carriage value

Package options

1 x

9.00 lb

10 x 10 x 15 in

r

Packaging type:

Your Packaging

Service:

FedEx Ground

Pickup / drop-off type:

I have already scheduled a pickup at my

location

Billing information

Bill transportation cost to:

*****359

Bill duties, taxes and fees to:

Your reference:

P.O. No.:

Invoice No.:

Department No.:

Please note: This transaction record is neither a statement nor an invoice, and does not confirm shipment tendered to FedEx or payment. FedEx will not be responsible for any claim in excess of \$100 per package, whether the result of loss, damage, delay, non-delivery, misdelivery, or misinformation, unless you declare a higher value, pay an additional charge, document your actual loss and file a timely claim. Limitations found in the current FedEx Service Guide apply. Your right to recover from FedEx for any loss, including intrinsic value of the package, loss of sales, income interest, profit, attorney's fees, costs, and other forms of damage whether direct, incidental, consequential, or special is limited to the greater of \$100 or the authorized declared value. Recovery cannot exceed actual documented loss. Maximum for items of time limits; Consult the applicable FedEx Service Guide for details. The estimated shipping charge may be different than the actual charges for your shipment. Differences may occur based on actual weight, dimensions, and other factors. Consult the applicable FedEx Service Guide or the FedEx Rate Sheets for details on how shipping charges are calculated.



APPENDIX D PHOTO LOG

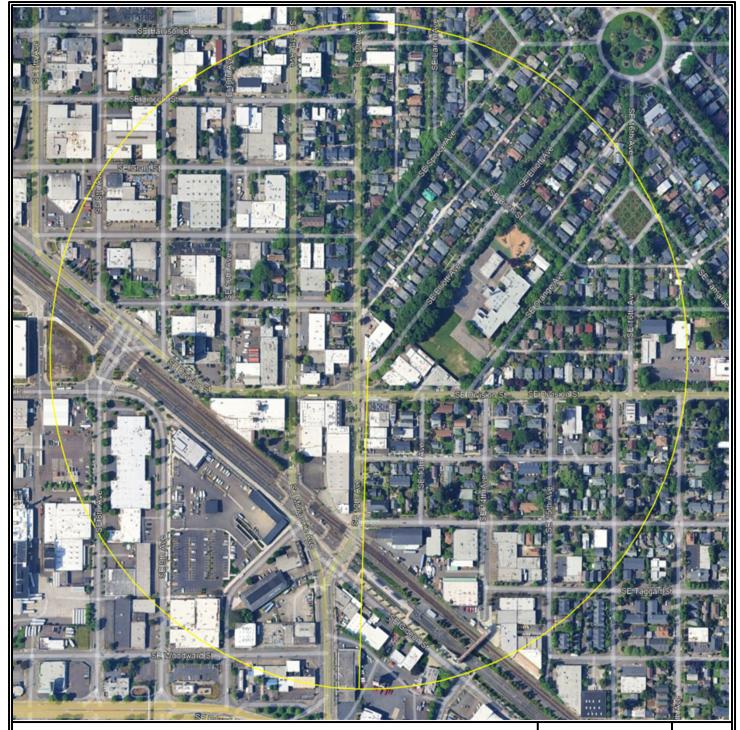








APPENDIX E ECOLOGICAL RISK ASSESSMENT RADIUS MAP



ECOLOGICAL RISK ASSESSMENT

Google Earth

Nt



APPROXIMATELY 1/4 MI RADIUS



Site Name: Former 12th Avenue Motor Service

2436 SE 12th Avenue Portland, OR 97214

LUST Number: 26-23-0131



APPENDIX F NOTIFICATIONS AND PERMITS



OREGON DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANK PROGRAM

Initial (Twenty Day) Report Form for UST Cleanup Projects

Guanty	This report is due twenty (20) days from the date of the release.
DEQ USTC File No.	
DEQ Facility ID No.	26-23-0131
Site Name:	Former Twelfth Avenue Motor Service
Site Address:	2436 SE 12th Avenue
INITIAL CLEAN	NUP INFORMATION
Gasolin	nation (check √ all that apply): e
(2) Estimate quantit <100 gal.	y of release (based on information known to date – ● select only one): 100-499 gal. 500-999 gal. 1,000-5,000 gal. >5,000 gal.
SITE INFORMA	$\underline{\text{TION}}$ (check $\underline{}$ yes or $\underline{}$ no)
(3) Y V	Did any water enter the excavation? If yes, please describe and identify the depth to groundwater in feet below ground surface:
(4) Y V	Was a sheen or odor observed on any water in the excavation?
	ter is encountered, soil samples from the soil/water interface must be collected and analyzed e appropriate TPH method.
	sel or other non-gasoline products have been released, the water may also have to be for polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs). <i>Please refer to OAR 340-122-0218.</i>
(5) Y V	Was water pumped from the excavation?
Y <u></u> N	If yes, did groundwater recharge within 24 hours after pumping?
Please describe	the pumping procedure and disposal option selected for the purged excavation water:
(6) Y V	Were any water samples collected from the excavation? If yes, please describe:
(7) Y L	Have any soil and/or water sample results been received at this time?
	If so, please attach any lab reports.

IF GROUNDWATER HAS BEEN ENCOUNTERED, PLEASE ANSWER QUESTIONS #8-13, BELOW. IF NO WATER HAS BEEN ENCOUNTERED, PLEASE SKIP TO QUESTION #14

(8) What are the known uses of groundwater within a 500-foot radius of the release site (check √ all that apply non-use industrial agricultural drinking supply	y)?
(9) If groundwater in this area is being used as a drinking water supply, please check √ the type and size of population served by the supply:	
Community (community well used for drinking water year round – • select only one)	
size: <1,000 people 1,000 - 5,000 people >5,000 people	
Intermittent use (public water used for drinking water only on a part-time basis – • select only one)	
size: <pre> <50 people</pre>	
Private wells (individual private well or wells used for drinking water – • select only one)	
size: <10 people 10 - 25 people >25 people	
(10) Y N Is there any evidence this water supply has been or is likely to be impacted from the petroleum product release? If yes, estimate how difficult it would be to replace the existing supply:	
on-site water treatment; bulk water delivery; new wells are available	
able to connect to existing water supply	
do not know what alternatives would be available	
(11) Y N Are/were vapors present in on-site or nearby buildings? If yes:	
A. Are you monitoring and/or mitigating any potential fire and safety hazards posed by vapor	rs
and free product? Explain:	
B. Estimate the number of people potentially affected by vapors – • select only one: 1-2 people 3-10 people >10 people	
(12) Y N Are vapors or is petroleum contamination present in the utility corridors?	
If yes, please explain:	
(13) Y N Are natural areas located within 1/4 mile of the site? If so, please describe types (pa	rks,
rivers, wetlands, sensitive habitats, etc.) and proximity:	
(14) Y N If groundwater was not encountered in the excavation, do you believe that this cleanuproject can be conducted under the requirements for an UST Cleanup Matrix site? If yes, the refer to OAR 340-122-0305 through 0360.	

<u>ARE</u>	A/SITE CONDITIONS:
(15)	Mean annual rainfall: <a> <20 inches <a> 20-45 inches <a> >45 inches
(16)	Soil type(s) of the naturally occurring soils, not the backfill around the tank − • select only one:
	clays, compact tills, shales, and unfractured metamorphic and igneous rocks
	sandy loams, loamy sands, silty clays, clay loams, moderately permeable limestone, dolomite, sandstones, moderately fractured igneous and metamorphic rock
	fine and silty sands, sands and gravels, highly fractured igneous and metamorphic rock, permeable basalts and lavas, karst limestones and dolomites
<u>SOIL</u>	MANAGEMENT
(17)	If soil sample results have been received:
	Y Will the level of contamination detected require removal of contaminated soil for treatment or disposal?
(18)	All contaminated soil temporarily stockpiled on-site prior to treatment or disposal must be contained within a bermed area, kept covered, and the entire area secured to prevent unauthorized access by the public. you haven't done this, please explain why:
	It is a violation to stockpile petroleum contaminated soil (PCS) on-site for greater than 30 days out a DEQ Solid Waste Letter Authorization (SWLA) Permit.
(19)	If contaminated soil is currently stockpiled on-site, please indicate when disposal will occur or when treatment will begin:
(20)	Estimated volume of contaminated soil (specify tons or cubic yards):
(21)	Intended disposition of soils (please • select only one):
	On-site/off-site treatment, Solid Waste Letter Authorization Permit Application attached.
	Thermal treatment off-site at an authorized facility.
	Facility name:
	Name of Landfill: Hillsboro Landfill

Note: Please attach additional information as necessary to explain any unusual circumstances associated with this project.

This initial report is intended to provide the Department with the basic initial information about activities associated with the release. Future reports should provide a more detailed and complete picture of the cleanup project.

Please be aware that a DEQ permit/authorization is required for the following activities:

- 1) Soil aeration, bioremediation (on-site or off-site), or on-site thermal treatment.
- 2) Water discharges to a stream/storm drain from the excavation or treatment tank.

If these activities will be included in your cleanup project, contact the regional DEQ office for the appropriate application forms, information on permit fees and guidance documents.

THIS REPORT WAS PREPARED BY:

Individual:	Kyle Fisher	Date: 3/15/23
Company:	Point Source Solutions	Phone: 5038608811
Address:	5317 NE St Johns Rd	
	Suite D	
City:	Vancouver	State WA Zip 98661

- 1. Please return this form to the regional office in which the site is located. If you have questions, call the contact person in your regional office.
- 2. For all tanks, except heating oil tanks, you must submit an UST Decommissioning

 Checklist and Site Assessment Report to the appropriate regional office

 within 30 days of the UST decommissioning.

 Failure to do so can result in delays to your project and
 may result in continued billing for the annual tank permit fees.
 - 3. Addresses and phone numbers for the regional offices can be found in the *UST Cleanup Manual* or viewed and downloaded from this DEQ Webpage: http://www.deq.state.or.us/about/locations.htm
- 4. Copies of the *UST Cleanup Manual* and other UST program forms and checklists can be viewed and downloaded from DEQ's Website:

 http://www.deq.state.or.us/lq/tanks/ust/index.htm

or in the Portland area by calling Steve Paiko at 503-229-6652

or outside the Portland area leaving a message on the UST Help Line (toll-free in Oregon) at 1-800-742-7878

KEEP A COPY OF THIS REPORT FOR YOUR FACILITY RECORDS

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

James E. Bruya, Ph.D. Yelena Aravkina, M.S. Michael Erdahl, B.S. Vineta Mills, M.S. Eric Young, B.S.

5500 4th Avenue South Seattle, WA 98108 (206) 285-8282 fbi@isomedia.com www.friedmanandbruya.com

March 3, 2023

Gil Cobb, Project Manager Point Source Solutions 5317 NE St Johns Rd. Suite D Vancouver, WA 98661

Dear Mr Cobb:

Included are the results from the testing of material submitted on February 27, 2023 from the 2436 SE 12th Ave, F&BI 302353 project. There are 6 pages included in this report. Any samples that may remain are currently scheduled for disposal in 30 days, or as directed by the Chain of Custody document. If you would like us to return your samples or arrange for long term storage at our offices, please contact us as soon as possible.

We appreciate this opportunity to be of service to you and hope you will call if you should have any questions.

Sincerely,

FRIEDMAN & BRUYA, INC.

Michael Erdahl Project Manager

Enclosures

c: Johnny Ramus, Jeff Jackman, Kyle Fisher

PSS0303R.DOC

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

CASE NARRATIVE

This case narrative encompasses samples received on February 27, 2023 by Friedman & Bruya, Inc. from the Point Source Solutions 2436 SE 12th Ave, F&BI 302353 project. Samples were logged in under the laboratory ID's listed below.

<u>Laboratory ID</u>	Point Source Solutions
302353 -01	B1-S1-10
302353 -02	B2-S1-11
302353 -03	B2-S2-16
302353 -04	B3-S1-4
302353 -05	B3-S2-10
302353 -06	B4-S1-4
302353 -07	B4-S2-11

All quality control requirements were acceptable.

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Date of Report: 03/03/23 Date Received: 02/27/23

Project: 2436 SE 12th Ave, F&BI 302353

Date Extracted: 02/28/23 Date Analyzed: 03/01/23

RESULTS FROM THE ANALYSIS OF SOIL SAMPLES FOR TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS AS GASOLINE USING METHOD NWTPH-Gx

Results Reported on a Dry Weight Basis Results Reported as mg/kg (ppm)

Sample ID Laboratory ID	Gasoline Range	Surrogate (<u>% Recovery</u>) (Limit 58-139)
B1-S1-10 302353-01	230	ip
B2-S1-11 302353-02 1/20	2,200	ip
B2-S2-16 302353-03	7.8	105
B3-S1-4 302353-04	<5	94
B3-S2-10 302353-05	<5	102
B4-S1-4 302353-06	<5	100
B4-S2-11 302353-07	<5	100
Method Blank 03-467 MB	<5	109

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Date of Report: 03/03/23 Date Received: 02/27/23

Project: 2436 SE 12th Ave, F&BI 302353

Date Extracted: 02/27/23 Date Analyzed: 02/27/23

RESULTS FROM THE ANALYSIS OF SOIL SAMPLES FOR TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS AS DIESEL AND MOTOR OIL USING METHOD NWTPH-Dx

Results Reported on a Dry Weight Basis Results Reported as mg/kg (ppm)

Sample ID Laboratory ID	$rac{ ext{Diesel Range}}{ ext{(C}_{10} ext{-C}_{25})}$	$rac{ ext{Motor Oil Range}}{ ext{(C}_{25} ext{-C}_{36} ext{)}}$	Surrogate (% Recovery) (Limit 50-150)
B1-S1-10 302353-01	<50	<250	107
B2-S1-11 302353-02	2,000 x	<250	112
B2-S2-16 302353-03	<50	<250	107
B3-S1-4 302353-04	<50	<250	110
B3-S2-10 302353-05	<50	<250	108
B4-S1-4 302353-06	<50	<250	107
B4-S2-11 302353-07	<50	<250	104
Method Blank 03-492 MB	<50	<250	107

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Date of Report: 03/03/23 Date Received: 02/27/23

Project: 2436 SE 12th Ave, F&BI 302353

QUALITY ASSURANCE RESULTS FOR THE ANALYSIS OF SOIL SAMPLES FOR TPH AS GASOLINE USING METHOD NWTPH-Gx

Laboratory Code: 302344-01 (Duplicate)

		Sample	Duplicate	
	Reporting	Result	Result	RPD
Analyte	Units	(Wet Wt)	(Wet Wt)	(Limit 20)
Gasoline	mg/kg (ppm)	<5	<5	nm

Laboratory Code: Laboratory Control Sample

			1 ercent		
	Reporting	Spike	Recovery	Acceptance	
Analyte	Units	Level	LCS	Criteria	
Gasoline	mg/kg (ppm)	20	100	70-130	-

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Date of Report: 03/03/23 Date Received: 02/27/23

Project: 2436 SE 12th Ave, F&BI 302353

QUALITY ASSURANCE RESULTS FROM THE ANALYSIS OF SOIL SAMPLES FOR TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS AS DIESEL EXTENDED USING METHOD NWTPH-Dx

Laboratory Code: 302229-04 (Matrix Spike)

			(Wet wt)	Percent	Percent		
	Reporting	Spike	Sample	Recovery	Recovery	Acceptance	RPD
Analyte	Units	Level	Result	MS	MSD	Criteria	(Limit 20)
Diesel Extended	mg/kg (nnm)	5,000	3 400	124	110	70-130	12

Laboratory Code: Laboratory Control Sample

			Percent	
	Reporting	Spike	Recovery	Acceptance
Analyte	Units	Level	LCS	Criteria
Diesel Extended	mg/kg (ppm)	5,000	102	70-130

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Data Qualifiers & Definitions

- a The analyte was detected at a level less than five times the reporting limit. The RPD results may not provide reliable information on the variability of the analysis.
- b The analyte was spiked at a level that was less than five times that present in the sample. Matrix spike recoveries may not be meaningful.
- ca The calibration results for the analyte were outside of acceptance criteria, biased high; or, the calibration results for the analyte were outside of acceptance criteria, biased high, with a detection for the analyte in the sample. The value reported is an estimate.
- c The presence of the analyte may be due to carryover from previous sample injections.
- cf The sample was centrifuged prior to analysis.
- d The sample was diluted. Detection limits were raised and surrogate recoveries may not be meaningful.
- dv Insufficient sample volume was available to achieve normal reporting limits.
- f The sample was laboratory filtered prior to analysis.
- fb The analyte was detected in the method blank.
- fc The analyte is a common laboratory and field contaminant.
- hr The sample and duplicate were reextracted and reanalyzed. RPD results were still outside of control limits. Variability is attributed to sample inhomogeneity.
- hs Headspace was present in the container used for analysis.
- ht The analysis was performed outside the method or client-specified holding time requirement.
- ip Recovery fell outside of control limits due to sample matrix effects.
- j The analyte concentration is reported below the standard reporting limit. The value reported is an estimate.
- J The internal standard associated with the analyte is out of control limits. The reported concentration is an estimate.
- jl The laboratory control sample(s) percent recovery and/or RPD were out of control limits. The reported concentration should be considered an estimate.
- js The surrogate associated with the analyte is out of control limits. The reported concentration should be considered an estimate.
- k The calibration results for the analyte were outside of acceptance criteria, biased high, and the analyte was not detected in the sample.
- lc The presence of the analyte is likely due to laboratory contamination.
- L The reported concentration was generated from a library search.
- nm The analyte was not detected in one or more of the duplicate analyses. Therefore, calculation of the RPD is not applicable.
- pc The sample was received with incorrect preservation or in a container not approved by the method. The value reported should be considered an estimate.
- ve The analyte response exceeded the valid instrument calibration range. The value reported is an estimate.
- vo The value reported fell outside the control limits established for this analyte.
- x The sample chromatographic pattern does not resemble the fuel standard used for quantitation.

Gil Cobb

Company Point Scure Solutions

Address 5317 NE St Johns Rd, StED

City, State, ZIP Vancouver, NA

SAMPLE CHAIN OF CUSTODY

02/27/23

2

PROJECT NAME
PO#

2436 SE 12th Aug

REMARKS
INVOICE TO

Project Specific RLs - Yes / No

Other_

Page # _____ of ____
TURNAROUND TIME

X Standard Turnaround
RUSH______
Rush charges authorized by:

SAMPLE DISPOSAL
Dispose after 30 days
Archive Samples

	 	 								_
		B4-52-11	B4-51-4	B3-82-16	B3-Si-4	B2-52-16	82-51-11	B1-S1-10	Sample ID	
13		7	8	05	04	03	Q Z	01 A-C	Lab ID	
SICNATIRE		ι, η	[1] N	F.	z	E E	2	2/22/23	Date Sampled	
	-	14:52	14544	13:58	13:43	12:16	11:58	10037	Time Sampled	
		8011	1:05	50.7	Sail	Soil	Soil	Soil	Sample Type	
PRI		w	w	w	w	w	w	W	# of Jars	
		*	×	×	× ×	×	×	×	NWTPH-Dx	
PRINT NAME		×	×	×	×	×	×	*	NWTPH-Gx	
되									BTEX EPA 8021	
	Sa								VOCs EPA 8260	A
	 T T				<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	PAHs EPA 8270	IAN
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Friedman & Bruya, Inc. 3012 16th Avenue West Seattle, WA 98119-2029
Ph. (206) 285-8282

	SIGNATURE	PRINT NAME	COMPANY	DATE TIME	TIME
è Bruya, Inc.	Relinquished by:	John Ramus	Point Source	2/27/23 1:33	1.23
venue West	Received by:	ANHPHAN	F8b	02/27/23 11:23	11:23
98119-2029	98119-2029 Relinquished by:				
35-8282	Received by:				

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

James E. Bruya, Ph.D. Yelena Aravkina, M.S. Michael Erdahl, B.S. Vineta Mills, M.S. Eric Young, B.S.

5500 4th Avenue South Seattle, WA 98108 (206) 285-8282 fbi@isomedia.com www.friedmanandbruya.com

March 10, 2023

Gil Cobb, Project Manager Point Source Solutions 5317 NE St Johns Rd, Suite D Vancouver, WA 98661

Dear Mr Cobb:

Included are the additional results from the testing of material submitted on February 27, 2023 from the 2436 SE 12th Ave, F&BI 302353 project. There are 13 pages included in this report.

We appreciate this opportunity to be of service to you and hope you will call if you should have any questions.

Sincerely,

FRIEDMAN & BRUYA, INC.

Michael Erdahl Project Manager

Enclosures

c: Johnny Ramus, Jeff Jackman, Kyle Fisher

PSS0310R.DOC

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

CASE NARRATIVE

This case narrative encompasses samples received on February 27, 2023 by Friedman & Bruya, Inc. from the Point Source Solutions 2436 SE 12th Ave, F&BI 302353 project. Samples were logged in under the laboratory ID's listed below.

<u>Laboratory ID</u>	Point Source Solutions
302353 -01	B1-S1-10
302353 -02	B2-S1-11
302353 -03	B2-S2-16
302353 -04	B3-S1-4
302353 -05	B3-S2-10
302353 -06	B4-S1-4
302353 -07	B4-S2-11

The 8260D matrix spike and matrix spike duplicate failed the relative percent difference for several compounds. The analytes were not detected therefore the data were acceptable.

The 8260D laboratory control sample exceeded the acceptance criteria for bromomethane. The compound was not detected, therefore the data were acceptable.

All other quality control requirements were acceptable.

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Analysis For Total Metals By EPA Method 6020B

Client ID: B2-S1-11 Client: Point Source Solutions

Date Received: 02/27/23 Project: 2436 SE 12th Ave, F&BI 302353

 Date Extracted:
 03/07/23
 Lab ID:
 302353-02

 Date Analyzed:
 03/07/23
 Data File:
 302353-02.105

 Matrix:
 Soil
 Instrument:
 ICPMS2

Units: mg/kg (ppm) Dry Weight Operator: SP

Concentration

Analyte: mg/kg (ppm)

Lead 8.07

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Analysis For Total Metals By EPA Method 6020B

Client ID: Method Blank Client: Point Source Solutions

Date Received: Not Applicable Project: 2436 SE 12th Ave, F&BI 302353

Date Extracted: 03/07/23 Lab ID: I3-165 mb
Date Analyzed: 03/07/23 Data File: I3-165 mb.078
Matrix: Soil Instrument: ICPMS2

Units: mg/kg (ppm) Dry Weight Operator: SP

Concentration

Analyte: mg/kg (ppm)

Lead <1

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Analysis For Volatile Compounds By EPA Method 8260D

Client Sample ID: B2-S1-11 Client: Point Source Solutions

Date Received: 02/27/23 Project: 2436 SE 12th Ave, F&BI 302353

03/07/23 Lab ID: Date Extracted: 302353-02 Date Analyzed: 03/07/23 Data File: 030712.DMatrix: Soil Instrument: GCMS4 Units: mg/kg (ppm) Dry Weight Operator: lm

		Lower	Upper
Surrogates:	% Recovery:	Limit:	Limit:
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	98	90	109
Toluene-d8	103	89	112
4-Bromofluorobenzene	102	84	115

Compounds:	Concentration mg/kg (ppm)	Compounds:	Concentration mg/kg (ppm)
Dichlorodifluoromethane	< 0.5	1,3-Dichloropropane	< 0.05
Chloromethane	< 0.5	Tetrachloroethene	< 0.025
Vinyl chloride	< 0.05	Dibromochloromethane	< 0.05
Bromomethane	< 0.5	1,2-Dibromoethane (EDB)	< 0.05
Chloroethane	< 0.5	Chlorobenzene	< 0.05
Trichlorofluoromethane	< 0.5	Ethylbenzene	0.085
Acetone	<5 ca	1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	< 0.05
1,1-Dichloroethene	< 0.05	m,p-Xylene	0.23
Hexane	< 0.25	o-Xylene	< 0.05
Methylene chloride	< 0.5	Styrene	< 0.05
Methyl t-butyl ether (MTBE)	< 0.05	Isopropylbenzene	0.58
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	< 0.05	Bromoform	< 0.05
1,1-Dichloroethane	< 0.05	n-Propylbenzene	0.48
2,2-Dichloropropane	< 0.05	Bromobenzene	< 0.05
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	< 0.05	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	1.8
Chloroform	< 0.05	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	< 0.05
2-Butanone (MEK)	<1	1,2,3-Trichloropropane	< 0.05
1,2-Dichloroethane (EDC)	< 0.05	2-Chlorotoluene	< 0.05
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	< 0.05	4-Chlorotoluene	< 0.05
1,1-Dichloropropene	< 0.05	tert-Butylbenzene	0.12
Carbon tetrachloride	< 0.05	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	1.6
Benzene	< 0.03	sec-Butylbenzene	2.0
Trichloroethene	< 0.02	p-Isopropyltoluene	3.6
1,2-Dichloropropane	< 0.05	1,3-Dichlorobenzene	< 0.05
Bromodichloromethane	< 0.05	1,4-Dichlorobenzene	< 0.05
Dibromomethane	< 0.05	1,2-Dichlorobenzene	< 0.05
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	<1	1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	< 0.5
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	< 0.05	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	< 0.25
Toluene	< 0.05	Hexachlorobutadiene	< 0.25
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	< 0.05	Naphthalene	< 0.05
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	< 0.05	1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	< 0.25
2-Hexanone	< 0.5		

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Analysis For Volatile Compounds By EPA Method 8260D

Client Sample ID: Method Blank Client: Point Source Solutions

Date Received: Not Applicable Project: 2436 SE 12th Ave, F&BI 302353

03/06/23 Lab ID: Date Extracted: 03-0372 mbDate Analyzed: 03/06/23 Data File: 030605.DSoil GCMS4 Matrix: Instrument: Units: mg/kg (ppm) Dry Weight Operator: lm

		Lower	$\cup \mathrm{pper}$
Surrogates:	% Recovery:	Limit:	Limit:
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	100	90	109
Toluene-d8	103	89	112
4-Bromofluorobenzene	96	84	115

	Concentration		Concentration
Compounds:	mg/kg (ppm)	Compounds:	mg/kg (ppm)
Dichlorodifluoromethane	< 0.5	1,3-Dichloropropane	< 0.05
Chloromethane	< 0.5	Tetrachloroethene	< 0.025
Vinyl chloride	< 0.05	Dibromochloromethane	< 0.05
Bromomethane	< 0.5	1,2-Dibromoethane (EDB)	< 0.05
Chloroethane	< 0.5	Chlorobenzene	< 0.05
Trichlorofluoromethane	< 0.5	Ethylbenzene	< 0.05
Acetone	<5	1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	< 0.05
1,1-Dichloroethene	< 0.05	m,p-Xylene	< 0.1
Hexane	< 0.25	o-Xylene	< 0.05
Methylene chloride	< 0.5	Styrene	< 0.05
Methyl t-butyl ether (MTBE)	< 0.05	Isopropylbenzene	< 0.05
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	< 0.05	Bromoform	< 0.05
1,1-Dichloroethane	< 0.05	n-Propylbenzene	< 0.05
2,2-Dichloropropane	< 0.05	Bromobenzene	< 0.05
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	< 0.05	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	< 0.05
Chloroform	< 0.05	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	< 0.05
2-Butanone (MEK)	<1	1,2,3-Trichloropropane	< 0.05
1,2-Dichloroethane (EDC)	< 0.05	2-Chlorotoluene	< 0.05
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	< 0.05	4-Chlorotoluene	< 0.05
1,1-Dichloropropene	< 0.05	tert-Butylbenzene	< 0.05
Carbon tetrachloride	< 0.05	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	< 0.05
Benzene	< 0.03	sec-Butylbenzene	< 0.05
Trichloroethene	< 0.02	p-Isopropyltoluene	< 0.05
1,2-Dichloropropane	< 0.05	1,3-Dichlorobenzene	< 0.05
Bromodichloromethane	< 0.05	1,4-Dichlorobenzene	< 0.05
Dibromomethane	< 0.05	1,2-Dichlorobenzene	< 0.05
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	<1	1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	< 0.5
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	< 0.05	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	< 0.25
Toluene	< 0.05	Hexachlorobutadiene	< 0.25
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	< 0.05	Naphthalene	< 0.05
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	< 0.05	1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	< 0.25
2-Hexanone	< 0.5		

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Analysis For Semivolatile Compounds By EPA Method 8270E

Client Sample ID: B2-S1-11 Client: Point Source Solutions

Date Received: 02/27/23 Project: 2436 SE 12th Ave, F&BI 302353

Date Extracted: 03/06/23 Lab ID: 302353-02 1/5 Date Analyzed: 03/06/23 Data File: 030616.DSoil Matrix: Instrument: GCMS9 Units: mg/kg (ppm) Dry Weight VMOperator:

Upper Lower % Recovery: Surrogates: Limit: Limit: Nitrobenzene-d5 130 198 10 2-Fluorobiphenyl 85 117 45 2,4,6-Tribromophenol 81 11 158 50 124

Terphenyl-d14 100 Concentration Compounds: mg/kg (ppm) Naphthalene < 0.01 2-Methylnaphthalene 0.151-Methylnaphthalene 0.17 Acenaphthylene < 0.01 Acenaphthene < 0.01 Fluorene 0.074 Phenanthrene 0.061 Anthracene < 0.01 Fluoranthene 0.011 Pyrene 0.013 Benz(a)anthracene < 0.01 Chrysene < 0.01 Benzo(a)pyrene < 0.01 Benzo(b)fluoranthene < 0.01 Benzo(k)fluoranthene < 0.01 Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene < 0.01 Dibenz(a,h)anthracene < 0.01 Benzo(g,h,i)perylene < 0.01

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Analysis For Semivolatile Compounds By EPA Method 8270E

Client Sample ID: Method Blank Client: Point Source Solutions

Date Received: Not Applicable Project: 2436 SE 12th Ave, F&BI 302353

Date Extracted: 03/06/23 Lab ID: 03-527 mb 1/5 Date Analyzed: 03/06/23 Data File: 030615.DSoil Matrix: Instrument: GCMS12 Units: mg/kg (ppm) Dry Weight VMOperator:

Upper Lower Surrogates: % Recovery: Limit: Limit: 137 Nitrobenzene-d5 102 16 2-Fluorobiphenyl 95 122 46 2,4,6-Tribromophenol 105 17 154 Terphenyl-d14 98 31 167

Concentration Compounds: mg/kg (ppm) Naphthalene < 0.01 2-Methylnaphthalene < 0.01 1-Methylnaphthalene < 0.01 Acenaphthylene < 0.01 Acenaphthene < 0.01 Fluorene < 0.01 Phenanthrene < 0.01 Anthracene < 0.01 Fluoranthene < 0.01 Pyrene < 0.01 Benz(a)anthracene < 0.01 Chrysene < 0.01 Benzo(a)pyrene < 0.01 Benzo(b)fluoranthene < 0.01 Benzo(k)fluoranthene < 0.01 Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene < 0.01 Dibenz(a,h)anthracene < 0.01 Benzo(g,h,i)perylene < 0.01

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Date of Report: 03/10/23 Date Received: 02/27/23

Project: 2436 SE 12th Ave, F&BI 302353

QUALITY ASSURANCE RESULTS FOR THE ANALYSIS OF SOIL SAMPLES FOR TOTAL METALS USING EPA METHOD 6020B

Laboratory Code: 303073-01 x5 (Matrix Spike)

			Sample	Percent	Percent		
	Reporting	Spike	Result	Recovery	Recovery	Acceptance	RPD
Analyte	Units	Level	(Wet wt)	MS	MSD	Criteria	(Limit 20)
Lead	mg/kg (ppm)	50	<5	90	96	75-125	6

Laboratory Code: Laboratory Control Sample

			$\operatorname{Percent}$	
	Reporting	Spike	Recovery	Acceptance
Analyte	Units	Level	LCS	Criteria
Lead	mg/kg (ppm)	50	96	80-120

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Date of Report: 03/10/23 Date Received: 02/27/23

Project: 2436 SE 12th Ave, F&BI 302353

QUALITY ASSURANCE RESULTS FOR THE ANALYSIS OF SOIL SAMPLES FOR VOLATILES BY EPA METHOD 8260D

Laboratory Code: 303040-01 (Matrix Spike)

· ·	1 /		Sample	Percent	Percent		
	Reporting	Spike	Result	Recovery	Recovery	Acceptance	RPD
Analyte	Units	Level	(Wet wt)	MS	MSD	Criteria	(Limit 20)
Dichlorodifluoromethane	mg/kg (ppm)	2	< 0.5	27	19	10-142	35 vo
Chloromethane	mg/kg (ppm)	2	< 0.5	56	43	10-126	26 vo
Vinyl chloride	mg/kg (ppm)	$\frac{2}{2}$	< 0.05	52	43 99	10-138	19
Bromomethane Chloroethane	mg/kg (ppm)	2	<0.5 <0.5	74 70	99 62	10-163 10-176	29 vo 12
Trichlorofluoromethane	mg/kg (ppm) mg/kg (ppm)	2	< 0.5	69	60	10-176	14
Acetone	mg/kg (ppm)	10	<5	65	51	10-170	24 vo
1.1-Dichloroethene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	< 0.05	78	68	10-160	14
Hexane	mg/kg (ppm)	2	< 0.25	63	54	10-137	15
Methylene chloride	mg/kg (ppm)	2	< 0.5	80	67	10-156	18
Methyl t-butyl ether (MTBE)	mg/kg (ppm)	2	< 0.05	90	81	21-145	11
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	< 0.05	82	73	14-137	12
1,1-Dichloroethane	mg/kg (ppm)	2 2	<0.05 <0.05	81 88	71 81	19-140 10-158	13 8
2,2-Dichloropropane cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	mg/kg (ppm) mg/kg (ppm)	2	< 0.05	84	77	25-135	9
Chloroform	mg/kg (ppm)	2	< 0.05	89	80	21-145	11
2-Butanone (MEK)	mg/kg (ppm)	10	<1	88	76	19-147	15
1,2-Dichloroethane (EDC)	mg/kg (ppm)	2	< 0.05	88	79	12-160	11
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	mg/kg (ppm)	2	< 0.05	94	83	10-156	12
1,1-Dichloropropene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	< 0.05	82	74	17-140	10
Carbon tetrachloride	mg/kg (ppm)	2	< 0.05	90	81	9-164	11
Benzene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	< 0.03	87	77	29-129	12
Trichloroethene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	<0.02	86	77	21-139	11
1,2-Dichloropropane Bromodichloromethane	mg/kg (ppm) mg/kg (ppm)	$\frac{2}{2}$	<0.05 <0.05	80 92	70 82	30-135 23-155	13 11
Dibromomethane	mg/kg (ppm)	2	< 0.05	90	79	23-145	13
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	mg/kg (ppm)	10	<1	96	84	24-155	13
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	< 0.05	88	77	28-144	13
Toluene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	< 0.05	84	74	35-130	13
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	< 0.05	86	76	26-149	12
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	mg/kg (ppm)	2	< 0.05	82	72	10-205	13
2-Hexanone	mg/kg (ppm)	10	< 0.5	95	84	15-166	12
1,3-Dichloropropane Tetrachloroethene	mg/kg (ppm)	$\frac{2}{2}$	<0.05 <0.025	86 96	76 85	31-137 20-133	12 12
Dibromochloromethane	mg/kg (ppm) mg/kg (ppm)	2	< 0.025	86 86	89 78	28-150	10
1,2-Dibromoethane (EDB)	mg/kg (ppm)	2	< 0.05	84	74	28-142	13
Chlorobenzene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	< 0.05	89	79	32-129	12
Ethylbenzene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	< 0.05	89	79	32-137	12
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	mg/kg (ppm)	2	< 0.05	89	80	31-143	11
m,p-Xylene	mg/kg (ppm)	4	< 0.1	89	78	34-136	13
o-Xylene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	< 0.05	86	78	33-134	10
Styrene	mg/kg (ppm)	$\frac{2}{2}$	< 0.05	88 93	79 83	35-137	11 11
Isopropylbenzene Bromoform	mg/kg (ppm) mg/kg (ppm)	2	<0.05 <0.05	93 89	82	31-142 21-156	8
n-Propylbenzene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	< 0.05	87	81	23-146	7
Bromobenzene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	< 0.05	91	84	34-130	8
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	< 0.05	89	82	18-149	8
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	mg/kg (ppm)	2	< 0.05	92	87	28-140	6
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	mg/kg (ppm)	2	< 0.05	83	77	25-144	7
2-Chlorotoluene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	0.65	73 b	60 b	31-134	20 b
4-Chlorotoluene	mg/kg (ppm)	$\frac{2}{2}$	< 0.05	85 92	79	31-136 30-137	7
tert-Butylbenzene 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	mg/kg (ppm) mg/kg (ppm)	2	<0.05 <0.05	92 87	85 81	30-137 10-182	8 7
sec-Butylbenzene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	0.087	90	82	23-145	9
p-Isopropyltoluene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	< 0.05	91	84	21-149	8
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	< 0.05	89	83	30-131	7
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	< 0.05	91	84	29-129	8
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	< 0.05	90	84	31-132	7
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	mg/kg (ppm)	2	< 0.5	80	75	11-161	6
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	< 0.25	93	83	22-142	11
Hexachlorobutadiene	mg/kg (ppm)	2 2	<0.25	120	105	10-142	13 10
Naphthalene 1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	mg/kg (ppm) mg/kg (ppm)	2	<0.05 <0.25	88 94	80 83	14-157 20-144	10 12
1,2,0 IIICIIIOIODEIIZEIIE	mg/rg (ppm)	2	~0.20	J4	99	20-144	14

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Date of Report: 03/10/23 Date Received: 02/27/23

Project: 2436 SE 12th Ave, F&BI 302353

QUALITY ASSURANCE RESULTS FOR THE ANALYSIS OF SOIL SAMPLES FOR VOLATILES BY EPA METHOD 8260D

Laboratory Code: Laboratory Control Sample

			Percent	
	Reporting	Spike	Recovery	Acceptance
Analyte	Units	Level	LCS	Criteria
Dichlorodifluoromethane	mg/kg (ppm)	2	53	10-146
Chloromethane	mg/kg (ppm)	2	69	27-133
Vinyl chloride	mg/kg (ppm)	2	72	22-139
Bromomethane	mg/kg (ppm)	$\frac{2}{2}$	143 vo	38-114
Chloroethane Trichlorofluoromethane	mg/kg (ppm)	2	91 92	9-163 10-196
Acetone	mg/kg (ppm) mg/kg (ppm)	10	92 72	52-141
1.1-Dichloroethene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	92	47-128
Hexane	mg/kg (ppm)	2	86	43-142
Methylene chloride	mg/kg (ppm)	2	92	10-184
Methyl t-butyl ether (MTBE)	mg/kg (ppm)	2	99	60-123
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	92	67-129
1,1-Dichloroethane	mg/kg (ppm)	2	91	68-115
2,2-Dichloropropane	mg/kg (ppm)	2 2	98	52-170
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene Chloroform	mg/kg (ppm) mg/kg (ppm)	2	95 98	72-127 66-120
2-Butanone (MEK)	mg/kg (ppm)	10	95	30-120
1,2-Dichloroethane (EDC)	mg/kg (ppm)	2	95	56-135
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	mg/kg (ppm)	2	106	62-131
1,1-Dichloropropene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	92	69-128
Carbon tetrachloride	mg/kg (ppm)	2	103	60-139
Benzene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	94	71-118
Trichloroethene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	99	63-121
1,2-Dichloropropane	mg/kg (ppm)	$\frac{2}{2}$	86	72-127
Bromodichloromethane Dibromomethane	mg/kg (ppm) mg/kg (ppm)	2	100 99	57-126 62-123
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	mg/kg (ppm)	10	99	45-145
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	93	67-122
Toluene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	89	66-126
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	88	72-132
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	mg/kg (ppm)	2	84	64-115
2-Hexanone	mg/kg (ppm)	10	99	33-152
1,3-Dichloropropane	mg/kg (ppm)	2 2	89	72-130
Tetrachloroethene Dibromochloromethane	mg/kg (ppm) mg/kg (ppm)	2	102 93	72-114 55-121
1,2-Dibromoethane (EDB)	mg/kg (ppm)	2	95 88	74-132
Chlorobenzene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	92	76-111
Ethylbenzene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	92	64-123
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	mg/kg (ppm)	2	94	64-121
m,p-Xylene	mg/kg (ppm)	4	92	78-122
o-Xylene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	93	77-124
Styrene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	92	74-126
Isopropylbenzene Bromoform	mg/kg (ppm) mg/kg (ppm)	$\frac{2}{2}$	98 97	76-127 56-132
n-Propylbenzene	mg/kg (ppm) mg/kg (ppm)	2	93	74-124
Bromobenzene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	99	72-122
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	98	76-126
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	mg/kg (ppm)	2	88	56-143
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	mg/kg (ppm)	2	88	61-137
2-Chlorotoluene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	94	74-121
4-Chlorotoluene	mg/kg (ppm)	$\frac{2}{2}$	92	75-122
tert-Butylbenzene	mg/kg (ppm)	2 2	99 96	73-130
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene sec-Butylbenzene	mg/kg (ppm) mg/kg (ppm)	2	96 97	76-125 71-130
p-Isopropyltoluene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	97	70-132
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	98	75-121
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	99	74-117
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	100	76-121
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	mg/kg (ppm)	2	89	58-138
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	mg/kg (ppm)	2	96	64-135
Hexachlorobutadiene	mg/kg (ppm)	2 2	107	50-153
Naphthalene 1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	mg/kg (ppm) mg/kg (ppm)	2 2	92 95	63-140 63-138
1,2,0-111CHIOTODEHZEHE	mg/vg (hhiii)	4	ฮย	09-190

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Date of Report: 03/10/23 Date Received: 02/27/23

Project: 2436 SE 12th Ave, F&BI 302353

QUALITY ASSURANCE RESULTS FOR THE ANALYSIS OF SOIL SAMPLES FOR SEMIVOLATILES BY EPA METHOD 8270E

Laboratory Code: 303077-11 1/5 (Matrix Spike)

			Sample	Percent	Percent		
	Reporting	Spike	Result		Recovery	Acceptance	RPD
Analyte	Units	Level	(Wet wt)	MS	MSD	Criteria	(Limit 20)
Naphthalene	mg/kg (ppm)	0.83	< 0.01	84	81	50-150	4
2-Methylnaphthalene	mg/kg (ppm)	0.83	< 0.01	92	87	50-150	6
1-Methylnaphthalene	mg/kg (ppm)	0.83	< 0.01	94	89	50-150	5
Acenaphthylene	mg/kg (ppm)	0.83	< 0.01	98	94	50-150	4
Acenaphthene	mg/kg (ppm)	0.83	< 0.01	89	85	50-150	5
Fluorene	mg/kg (ppm)	0.83	< 0.01	97	93	50-150	4
Phenanthrene	mg/kg (ppm)	0.83	< 0.01	90	89	10-170	1
Anthracene	mg/kg (ppm)	0.83	< 0.01	90	89	50-150	1
Fluoranthene	mg/kg (ppm)	0.83	< 0.01	96	94	10-203	2
Pyrene	mg/kg (ppm)	0.83	< 0.01	89	86	10-208	3
Benz(a)anthracene	mg/kg (ppm)	0.83	< 0.01	95	93	37-146	2
Chrysene	mg/kg (ppm)	0.83	< 0.01	93	90	36-144	3
Benzo(a)pyrene	mg/kg (ppm)	0.83	< 0.01	91	90	40-150	1
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	mg/kg (ppm)	0.83	< 0.01	94	91	45-157	3
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	mg/kg (ppm)	0.83	< 0.01	89	88	50-150	1
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	mg/kg (ppm)	0.83	< 0.01	82	81	24-145	1
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	mg/kg (ppm)	0.83	< 0.01	79	76	31-137	4
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	mg/kg (ppm)	0.83	< 0.01	75	71	14-141	5

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Date of Report: 03/10/23 Date Received: 02/27/23

Project: 2436 SE 12th Ave, F&BI 302353

QUALITY ASSURANCE RESULTS FOR THE ANALYSIS OF SOIL SAMPLES FOR SEMIVOLATILES BY EPA METHOD 8270E

Laboratory Code: Laboratory Control Sample 1/5

			Percent	
Analyte	Reporting Units	Spike Level	Recovery LCS	Acceptance Criteria
Naphthalene	mg/kg (ppm)	0.83	89	58-108
2-Methylnaphthalene	mg/kg (ppm)	0.83	96	67-109
1-Methylnaphthalene	mg/kg (ppm)	0.83	98	66-107
Acenaphthylene	mg/kg (ppm)	0.83	105	70-130
Acenaphthene	mg/kg (ppm)	0.83	97	66-112
Fluorene	mg/kg (ppm)	0.83	103	67-117
Phenanthrene	mg/kg (ppm)	0.83	98	70-130
Anthracene	mg/kg (ppm)	0.83	98	70-130
Fluoranthene	mg/kg (ppm)	0.83	103	70-130
Pyrene	mg/kg (ppm)	0.83	97	70-130
Benz(a)anthracene	mg/kg (ppm)	0.83	101	70-130
Chrysene	mg/kg (ppm)	0.83	100	70-130
Benzo(a)pyrene	mg/kg (ppm)	0.83	95	68-120
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	mg/kg (ppm)	0.83	95	69-125
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	mg/kg (ppm)	0.83	92	70-130
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	mg/kg (ppm)	0.83	92	67-129
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	mg/kg (ppm)	0.83	87	67-128
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	mg/kg (ppm)	0.83	85	67-127

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTS

Data Qualifiers & Definitions

- a The analyte was detected at a level less than five times the reporting limit. The RPD results may not provide reliable information on the variability of the analysis.
- b The analyte was spiked at a level that was less than five times that present in the sample. Matrix spike recoveries may not be meaningful.
- ca The calibration results for the analyte were outside of acceptance criteria, biased high; or, the calibration results for the analyte were outside of acceptance criteria, biased high, with a detection for the analyte in the sample. The value reported is an estimate.
- c The presence of the analyte may be due to carryover from previous sample injections.
- cf The sample was centrifuged prior to analysis.
- d The sample was diluted. Detection limits were raised and surrogate recoveries may not be meaningful.
- dv Insufficient sample volume was available to achieve normal reporting limits.
- f The sample was laboratory filtered prior to analysis.
- fb The analyte was detected in the method blank.
- fc The analyte is a common laboratory and field contaminant.
- hr The sample and duplicate were reextracted and reanalyzed. RPD results were still outside of control limits. Variability is attributed to sample inhomogeneity.
- hs Headspace was present in the container used for analysis.
- ht The analysis was performed outside the method or client-specified holding time requirement.
- ip Recovery fell outside of control limits due to sample matrix effects.
- j The analyte concentration is reported below the standard reporting limit. The value reported is an estimate.
- J The internal standard associated with the analyte is out of control limits. The reported concentration is an estimate.
- jl The laboratory control sample(s) percent recovery and/or RPD were out of control limits. The reported concentration should be considered an estimate.
- js The surrogate associated with the analyte is out of control limits. The reported concentration should be considered an estimate.
- k The calibration results for the analyte were outside of acceptance criteria, biased high, and the analyte was not detected in the sample.
- lc The presence of the analyte is likely due to laboratory contamination.
- L The reported concentration was generated from a library search.
- nm The analyte was not detected in one or more of the duplicate analyses. Therefore, calculation of the RPD is not applicable.
- pc The sample was received with incorrect preservation or in a container not approved by the method. The value reported should be considered an estimate.
- ve The analyte response exceeded the valid instrument calibration range. The value reported is an estimate.
- vo The value reported fell outside the control limits established for this analyte.
- x The sample chromatographic pattern does not resemble the fuel standard used for quantitation.

Ph. (206) 285-8282 Seattle, WA 98119-2029 3012 16th Avenue West Friedman & Bruya, Inc. B4-52-11 City, State, ZIP Vancouver, NA B4-51-4 302353 Report To Address 5317 NEST Johns Rd, StED B3-82-10 B3-81-4 Company Point Source Solutions B2-52-16 B2-51-11 Bi-Si-10 Sample ID Gil C065 Received by: Relinquished by: Received by: Relinquished by: _Email_ P 8 2 b3 04 S S 01 A-C Lab ID tow Year SIGNATURE ۲ ۶. 2/22/23 7 2 E ţ. Date Sampled 7 ť 3 14:44 14:52 13:58 13:43 12:16 Time Sampled i en 3:7 11:58 SAMPLE CHAIN OF CLISTODY Project Specific RLs - Yes SAMPLERS (signature) REMARKS PROJECT NAME 2436 SE 12+ Au 7.105 8011 <u>~</u> & Soil Sil Soi/ 50. Sample Type John Rowanie ANHROTALS PRINT ZAME w w تى w # of Jars W w W メ X X X X X NWTPH-Dx Z the Mein X X X × X NWTPH-Gx BTEX EPA 8021 Sample \$ received VOCs EPA 8260 AN ALYSES REQUESTED PAHs EPA 8270 INVOICE TO PCBs EPA 8082 **P**0# Point Source L end COMPANY X Standard Turnaround 23 Rush charges authorized by a **Archive Samples** Dispose after 30 days TURNAROUND TIME Page # SAMPLE DISPOSAL 9 ကိ 02/27/23 11 2 27 23 16 DATE 2/3/23 1 Der KF Notes of

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OREGON DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANK PROGRAM

30-DAY NOTICE OF INTENT TO DECOMMISSION USTS OR COMPLETE A CHANGE-IN-SERVICE

1. FACI	1. FACILITY (Location of Tanks) (<i>Please Print</i>) 2. PERMITTEE (<i>Please Print</i>)								
Name:	Former Twelfth Avenue Motor Service			Name:	Wanda Osgood				
Address:	2436 SE 12th	Avenue		Address:	PO Box 22				
	Portland, Ore	gon 97214			West Linn, Oregon 97068				
Phone:	503-901-961	0		Phone:	503-901-9610				
	ral Permit Operat	ting Certificate Nu	mber:	-					
Work To B	se Performed By:	Point Source S	Solutions		L	icense # 27085	5		
(Permittee, Tank	Owner, Property (Owner or Lices	nsed Service Pr	ovider)	(Serv	vice Provider)		
Phone: 50	3-236-5885		Mobile Phone	503-860-8	811				
YOU MUST CONTACT YOUR LOCAL DEQ REGIONAL OFFICE 3-DAYS BEFORE STARTING ANY DECOMMISSIONING WORK. (Phone numbers are listed on Page 2) Will tank removal or potential cleanup affect adjacent property or Right-of-Way property? Yes No Date decommissioning is scheduled to begin: 6/12/23									
	, ,				TO BE ACED?				
TANK ID#	DEQ-UST PERMIT #	TANK SIZE IN GALLONS	PRESENT	NEW	TANK REMOVAL	CLOSURE IN PLACE♦	CHANGE IN SERVICE◆	YES*	NO
T1		1,000	unknown		\checkmark				✓
T2		1,000	unknown		✓				✓
	* If decommissioned tank(s) are to be replaced by new underground storage tanks you must submit a General Permit								

- * If decommissioned tank(s) are to be replaced by new underground storage tanks you must submit a *General Permit Registration Form to Install and Operate USTs* for the new tanks **30 days** before installing them.
- Submit a soil sampling plan to the DEQ regional office and receive plan approval prior to starting work if (1) tank is to be decommissioned in-place, (2) tank contents are changed to an unregulated substance or (3) tank contains a regulated substance other than petroleum.

Permittee: Kyle Fisher (authorized representative)	
Permittee: Kyle Fisher (authorized representative) (Please Print)	_
Permittee:	Date: 5/15/23
(Signature)	



Issued By: 1/2

STATE OF OREGON **DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY** Receipt

184595

State of Oregon Department of Environmental Quality	Issuing Office: DECLERATION OF THE PROPERTY OF	Point	Source	Solut	6/98/4/1.
	Address:			ZIP	Code:
Reason for On-Site Sewag On-Site Surcha	ge Permit	Amount \$ 1000 \$ \$ 100	Payme Cash Check# MO # Total		Fees Received \$ 1000





*** DISPLAY THIS SIDE UP - CENTER OF DASH ***

Temporary Street Use Permit

Permit Nbr: 041754 000 00 SS

Class: Other

Name: POINT SOURCE SOLUTIONS LLC

Location: SE 12TH AVE between SE ELLIOT AVE-SPRUCE AVE

ALY and SE ELLIOTT AVE

To close East side sidewalk 6/12/23-6/16/23, All Hours Mon-Fri To reserve East side parking 6/12/23-6/16/23, All Hours Mon-Fri

Reserve: 120ft, 6 Barricade Spaces For Fence / TME

Neighborhood: Non Metered

Work Description: Tank removal at 2436 SE 12th Ave. Trackit: 2578369 INS IVR: 4908897 **Conditions:**Barricades: Reserved "No Parking" signs that accompany this permit are enforceable by Parking Enforcement only if the Barricade Procedure process is followed; you must follow the procedure to have a vehicle towed. Please see: www.tsup.info for details. The permittee is responsible for contacting Parking Enforcement at 503.823.5195 ext 3 if there are questions about the barricade procedure & enforcement. The permit shall be clearly displayed on the dashboard of vehicles using the reserved spaces.

Sidewalk Closure: The work area shall be protected in accordance with the current PBOT Traffic Manual and MUTCD (with Oregon Supplement). Permittee may not remove or block access to the following without prior approval: pay station (503-823-7275), transit stop (foc@trimet.org), public art (503-823-5404), public bicycle parking (503-823-9863), BikeTown racks (503-823-7191), signal and street lighting equipment (503-823-6702), trash cans (503-823-7202). Any costs associated with removal or relocation of City assets are the responsibility of the permittee.

No Passenger Vehicles or SUVs allowed.

Date	Time	Installer	Bags	Del	Plasi
	T 111110		Bugs		1 1451

This permit is not valid for parking of any vehicle or equipment over 6 ft in height within 50 ft of a non-signalized intersection.

The Above applies for a permit in accordance with the provisions of the Charter, Title 16, Vehicles and Traffic, and Title 17, Public Improvements, of the City of Portland for use of the street area The permittee agrees to perform the uses authorized by this permit in accordance with all provisions of the Charter, Title 16 and 17 of the City Code, the conditions expressed on the back of this permit and any other additional conditions specified and attached to this permit. THIS PERMIT DOES NOT AUTHORIZE ANY CONSTRUCTION OR INSTALLATION WITHIN, UPON OR ABOVE ANY PUBLIC RIGHT OF WAY EXCEPT AS NOTED HEREIN.

Contact: KYLE FISHER Phone: (503) 860-8811 (Primary)

Generated Date: 5/16/23 Generated Time: 06:21am Generated By: Stewart Approved by:

By accepting and using this permit from the City of Portland, the permittee agrees to comply with all permit conditions and traffic control conditions.

PBOT SS IVR: 4925020





*** DISPLAY THIS SIDE UP – CENTER OF DASH ***

Temporary Street Use Permit

Permit Nbr: 041769 000 00 SS

Class: Other

Original Nbr:041754 000 00 SS

Name: POINT SOURCE SOLUTIONS LLC

Location: SE ELLIOTT AVE between SE 12TH AVE and SE BIRCH ST

To close West side sidewalk 6/12/23-6/16/23, All Hours Mon-Fri To reserve West side parking 6/12/23-6/16/23, All Hours Mon-Fri

Reserve: 100ft, 5 Barricade Spaces For Fence / TME

Neighborhood: Non Metered

Work Description: Tank removal at 2436 SE 12th Ave. Trackit: 2578379 INS IVR: 4908897 **Conditions:**Barricades: Reserved "No Parking" signs that accompany this permit are enforceable by Parking Enforcement only if the Barricade Procedure process is followed; you must follow the procedure to have a vehicle towed. Please see: www.tsup.info for details. The permittee is responsible for contacting Parking Enforcement at 503.823.5195 ext 3 if there are questions about the barricade procedure & enforcement. The permit shall be clearly displayed on the dashboard of vehicles using the reserved spaces.

Sidewalk Closure: The work area shall be protected in accordance with the current PBOT Traffic Manual and MUTCD (with Oregon Supplement). Permittee may not remove or block access to the following without prior approval: pay station (503-823-7275), transit stop (foc@trimet.org), public art (503-823-5404), public bicycle parking (503-823-9863), BikeTown racks (503-823-7191), signal and street lighting equipment (503-823-6702), trash cans (503-823-7202). Any costs associated with removal or relocation of City assets are the responsibility of the permittee.

No Passenger Vehicles or SUVs allowed.

Date	Time	Installer	Bags	Del	Plasi

This permit is not valid for parking of any vehicle or equipment over 6 ft in height within 50 ft of a non-signalized intersection.

The Above applies for a permit in accordance with the provisions of the Charter, Title 16, Vehicles and Traffic, and Title 17, Public Improvements, of the City of Portland for use of the street area The permittee agrees to perform the uses authorized by this permit in accordance with all provisions of the Charter, Title 16 and 17 of the City Code, the conditions expressed on the back of this permit and any other additional conditions specified and attached to this permit. THIS PERMIT DOES NOT AUTHORIZE ANY CONSTRUCTION OR INSTALLATION WITHIN, UPON OR ABOVE ANY PUBLIC RIGHT OF WAY EXCEPT AS NOTED HEREIN.

Contact: KYLE FISHER Phone: (503) 860-8811 (Primary)

Generated Date: 5/16/23 Generated Time: 07:12am Generated By: Stewart Approved by:

By accepting and using this permit from the City of Portland, the permittee agrees to comply with all permit conditions and traffic control conditions.

PBOT SS IVR: 4925036



CITY OF PORTLAND, OREGON PORTLAND FIRE & RESCUE



Prevention Division 1300 SE Gideon St., Portland OR 97202-2419

FIRE SYSTEMS PERMIT 23-046107-000-00-FS

Site Address: 2436 SE 12TH AVE Issued: 6/2/23

PROJECT INFORMATI	ION	Occ. Group	Const. Type			
Hazardous Materials		Removal				
Project Description: HAZARDOUS / TANK - REMOVAL OF (2) USTs. CONSTRUCTION AND CONTENTS OF TANKS UNKNOWN (TANKS ARE BELIEVED TO BE APPROX. 1,000 GALLONS EACH)						
APPLICANT	Point Source Solu	utions *Kyle Fisher*	Phone:	(503) 860-8811		
PROPERTY OWNER SKYHOOK HOLDINGS LLC			Phone:			
CONTRACTOR	Point Source Solu	ıtions *Kyle Fisher*	Phone:			
Project Details Project Details						
Building, New Const or Existing Existing Decommission			Remova	al		
Fire System Valuation 45009 Location		Underg	round			
Product Stored in Tank UNKNOWN						

6/2/23 - PERMIT EMAILED TO APPLICANT NO RELATED PERMITS FOUND OVER THE COUNTER

CERTIFICATION REQUIRED

With the exception of Fire Alarm, Special Hazards, and Paint booth permits, All permitted work must be performed by or under the direct supervision of an individual with a valid Certificate of Fitness from the Fire Marshal's Office.

CITY CONTACT Phone: (503) 823-3712

E-Mail: pfrpc@portlandoregon.gov Fax: (503) 823-3925

INSPECTION REQUEST PHONE NUMBERS

FIRE SYSTEM PERMITS - Call before 6:00 am, Mon. - Fri. (503) 823-1199

TDD: (503) 823-6868

IVR Inspection Request Number: 4929627