COLUMBIA GATEWAY
URBAN RENEWAL AGENCY
A BLENDED COMPONENT UNIT OF
THE CITY OF THE DALLES, OREGON
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024
WITH
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT



COLUMBIA GATEWAY URBAN RENEWAL AGENCY The Dalles, Oregon Year Ended June 30, 2024

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BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Name and Address	Term Expires
Ben Wring 3443 Columbia View Drive The Dalles, Or 97058	December 31, 2024
Kristen Lillvik 710 E 18 th St. The Dalles, OR 97058	June 30, 2027
Darcy Long 313 Court Street The Dalles, OR 97058	as appointed
Dan Richardson 313 Court Street The Dalles, OR 97058	as appointed
Timothy McGlothlin 313 Court Street The Dalles, OR 97058	as appointed
Walter Denstedt 708 W 13 ² ; Street The Dalles, OR 97058	as appointed
Staci Coburn 460 E Knoll Drive The Dalles, OR 97058	as appointed
Scott Hege 511 Washington Street The Dalles, OR 97058	as appointed
Ben Wring 3443 Columbia View Dr The Dalles, OR 97058	as appointed
Marcus Swift 602 W 2nd St. The Dalles, OR 97058	as appointed

AGENCY ADDRESS

Administrative Offices 313 Court Street The Dalles, OR 97058

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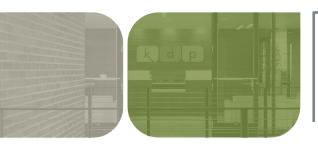


Columbia Gateway Urban Renewal Agency

Year ended June 30, 2024

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| Independent Auditor's Report







INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Agency Officials Columbia Gateway Urban Renewal Agency The Dalles, Oregon

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Columbia Gateway Urban Renewal Agency (the Agency), a component unit of the City of The Dalles, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Agency's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Agency, as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Agency, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Agency's ability to continue as a going concern for 12 months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud
 or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
 examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that
 are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Agency's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that
 raise substantial doubt about the Agency's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable
 period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that management's discussion and analysis and General Fund budgetary comparison information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to management's discussion and analysis in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

The General Fund budgetary comparison information, as listed in the table of contents, is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the General Fund budgetary comparison information as listed in the table of contents is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Agency's basic financial statements. The Debt Fund budgetary comparison information as listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Debt Fund budgetary comparison information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Oregon State Regulations

In accordance with *Oregon State Regulations*, we have also issued our report dated November 25, 2024, on our consideration of the Agency's compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes (ORS) as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-0000 through 162-10-0330 of the *Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations*. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing necessary to address the required provisions of ORS, and not to provide an opinion on compliance with such provisions.

Jeny L. Grupe, CPA, Partner

KDP Certified Public Accountants, LLP

Medford, Oregon December 4, 2024





| Management's Discussion and Analysis

This Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is presented to facilitate financial analysis and provide an overview of the financial activities of the Columbia Gateway Urban Renewal Agency (the Agency) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. Information in the MD&A is based on currently known facts, decisions and conditions. Please read it in conjunction with the basic financial statements and the accompanying notes to those financial statements.

HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets of the Agency exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$4,297,190 (net position).
- The Agency's total net position increased by \$900,790. This increase is attributable to an increase in investment earnings of \$127,081 due to increased interest rates.
- The Agency's total liabilities decreased by \$570,949. This was primarily the result of debt service payments of \$600,000, partially offset by an increase in other liabilities.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Agency's basic financial statements. The Agency's financial statements are comprised of three components:

- 1. Government-wide financial statements
- 2. Fund financial statements
- 3. Notes to the financial statements.

1. Government-wide financial statements

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Columbia Gateway Urban Renewal Agency's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on Agency's assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Agency is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's financial position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in a future fiscal period (e.g., uncollected property taxes).

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 1 and 2 of this report.

2. Fund financial statements

A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Agency, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements.

However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The Agency maintains two individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance for the two funds.

The Agency adopts an annual appropriated budget for its funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund and Debt Service Fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 3 through 6 of this report.

3. Notes To the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 7 through 16 of this report.

4. Required Supplementary Information and Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain supplementary information concerning the Agency's General Fund budget to actual statement. Required supplementary information can be found on page 17 of this report. Supplementary information including the Agency's Debt Service Fund budget to actual statement can be found on page 18 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Agency, assets exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$4,297,190 at the close of the most recent fiscal year. In fiscal 2023, the assets exceeded liabilities by \$3,396,400. The primary purpose of the Agency is to utilize tax increment financing to fund various improvement projects as identified in the revitalization plan of the City.

Summary Statements of Net Position for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023 are as follows:

	 2024	 2023
Assets	_	
Current and other assets	\$ 7,816,651	\$ 7,486,810
Capital assets	 95,534	 95,534
Total assets	 7,912,185	 7,582,344
Liabilities		
Long-term liabilities	3,541,052	4,168,020
Other liabilities	 73,943	 17,924
Total liabilities	 3,614,995	 4,185,944
Net position		
Net investment in capital assets	(3,445,518)	(4,072,486)
Restricted	6,377,594	6,134,687
Unrestricted	 1,365,114	 1,334,199
Total net position	\$ 4,297,190	\$ 3,396,400

The deficit in net investment in capital assets is the result of the Agency's liabilities used to finance the construction of public infrastructure assets, which are contributed to the City of The Dalles.

Summary Statements of Activities for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023 are as follows:

	2024		2023	
Revenues				_
Capital grants and contributions	\$	60,000	\$	-
General revenues:				
Property taxes		1,666,557		1,673,417
Other		321,540		(163,306)
Total revenues		2,048,097		1,510,111
Expenses				
General government		512,926		554,000
Interest on long-term debt		171,082		194,678
Total expenses		684,008		748,678
Special item - impairment loss		(463,299)		-
Change in net position		900,790		761,433
Net position - beginning of year		3,396,400		2,634,967
Net position - ending	\$	4,297,190	\$	3,396,400

Net position increased during the year by \$900,790 primarily due to property tax revenues exceeding expenses. Change in net position increased from fiscal 2023 due to an increase in investment earnings of \$127,081 due to increased interest rates and decreases in general government expenses of \$41,074 or 7.4% and interest on long term debt of \$23,596 or 12.1% due to the reduction of debt outstanding through annual principal payments. Additionally, the Agency realized a loss on disposal of assets held-for-sale in fiscal 2023 of \$355,315 which was nonrecurring in fiscal 2024; however, in the current year there was an impairment loss on assets held-for-sale in relation to demolition costs of the Tony's Building exceeding net realizable value. For further information regarding assets held-for-sale refer to Note 6.

The Agency's tax levy totaled \$1,688,155 and is restricted to urban renewal projects and the repayment of debt. The debt was issued to finance a number of improvements within the Urban Renewal District. The Agency's projects are constructed and, upon completion, ownership is transferred to the City of The Dalles, except for capital assets that are purchased to be refurbished and sold.

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The budget was based upon an effort by management to continue with projects identified in the urban renewal plan and with other projects as opportunities arise. The Agency's General Fund original legal appropriations totaled \$5,558,977. Expenditures in the General Fund were \$4,550,489 under budget, due to no capital outlay as budgeted projects were delayed to future years.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

As of June 30, 2024 the Agency had \$95,534 invested in capital assets. The Agency has no other capital assets since all of the projects become assets of the City of The Dalles. They have been transferred to the City and are no longer assets of the Agency. For further information regarding capital assets refer to Note 7.

Debt Outstanding

As of June 30, 2024, the Agency had \$3,541,052 in debt outstanding compared to \$4,168,020 in fiscal 2023. The \$626,968 decrease resulted from the annual principal payment of \$600,000 and amortization of the premium on debt of \$26,968. For further information regarding debt refer to Note 8.

ECONOMIC FACTORS

The Urban Renewal Agency continues to be an important partner in economic development within the City of The Dalles, providing necessary infrastructure improvements to support continued growth and quality of service to those within the Agency's boundaries. Urban Renewal projects that increase property values within the boundaries of the Agency result in greater tax increment resources. That tax increment is then used to pay debt service on bonds issued to fund projects and improvements.

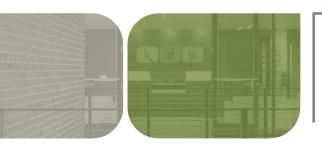
FINANCIAL CONTACT

The Agency's financial statements are designed to present citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the Agency's finances and to demonstrate the Agency's accountability. If you have questions about the report or need additional financial information, please contact the Agency's Finance Director at 313 Court Street, The Dalles, Oregon 97058.



| Basic Financial Statements





| Government-Wide Financial Statements

COLUMBIA GATEWAY URBAN RENEWAL AGENCY (A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE CITY OF THE DALLES, OREGON) STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2024

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 6,428,396
Property tax receivable	74,294
Notes receivable:	
Current	25,000
Noncurrent	282,445
Assets held-for-sale	1,006,516
Capital assets:	
Nondepreciable	95,534
Total assets	7,912,185
LIABILITIES:	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	59,616
Accrued interest payable	14,327
Long-term debt, net of unamortized premium	
Due within one year	652,983
Due in more than one year	2,888,069
Total liabilities	3,614,995
NET POSITION:	
Net investment in capital assets	(3,445,518)
Restricted for:	
Debt Service	801,925
System development	5,575,669
Unrestricted	1,365,114
Total net position	4,297,190
Total liabilities and net position	\$ 7,912,185

COLUMBIA GATEWAY URBAN RENEWAL AGENCY (A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE CITY OF THE DALLES, OREGON) STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

					Program	n Revenues			Revenu	(Expense) ue and Change let Position	
Functions/Programs	Operating Capita Charges for Grants and Grants a		Expenses		•		•		Capital ants and atributions		Total vernmental Activities
Governmental activities: General government Interest on long-term obligations	\$	512,926 171,082	\$	- -	\$	- -	\$	60,000	\$	(452,926) (171,082)	
Total governmen	\$	684,008	\$		\$		\$	60,000		(624,008)	
	Pro _l Inte	ral revenues: perty taxes re rest and inves cellaneous		earnings						1,666,557 316,522 5,018	
		Total genera	l revenu	ies						1,988,097	
	Speci	al item - impa	irment l	oss ¢ee Note	6)					(463,299)	
		Change i	n net po	sition						900,790	
	Net p	osition - begir	ning of	year						3,396,400	
	Net p	osition - endir	g of yea	ar					\$	4,297,190	





| Fund Financial Statements

COLUMBIA GATEWAY URBAN RENEWAL AGENCY (A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE CITY OF THE DALLES, OREGON) BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2024

	_G∈	eneral Fund	Debt Service Fund			
ASSETS:						
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables:	\$	5,626,471	\$	801,925	\$	6,428,396
Property taxes		74,294		_		74,294
Notes		307,445		-		307,445
Total assets	\$	6,008,210	\$	801,925	\$	6,810,135
LIABILITIES:						
Accounts payable and other current liabilities		59,616				59,616
Total liabilities		59,616				59,616
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:						
Unavailable revenue - Property taxes		65,480		-		65,480
Unavailable revenue - Notes receivable		307,445				307,445
Total deferred inflows of resources		372,925				372,925
FUND BALANCES:						
Restricted for:						
Debt Service		-		801,925		801,925
System development		5,575,669		-		5,575,669
Total fund balance		5,575,669		801,925		6,377,594
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources						
and fund balance	\$	6,008,210	\$	801,925	\$	6,810,135

COLUMBIA GATEWAY URBAN RENEWAL AGENCY (A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE CITY OF THE DALLES, OREGON) RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2024

TOTAL FUND BALANCE		\$ 6,377,594
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		95,534
Property tax receivable and notes receivable are not available to pay for current- period expenditures and, therefore, are not recognized in the governmental funds. Property tax receivable Notes receivable	\$ 65,480 307,445	272.025
Assets held-for-sale do not represent resources available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		372,925 1,006,516
Premium on long-term debt reported in the governmental activities is included in revenues in the fund financial statements on issuance of debt and therefore are not reported in the funds.		(71,052)
Long-term liabilities and accrued interest are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. Long-term debt Accrued interest	\$ (3,470,000) (14,327)	(3,484,327)
TOTAL NET POSITION		\$ 4,297,190

COLUMBIA GATEWAY URBAN RENEWAL AGENCY
(A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE CITY OF THE DALLES, OREGON)
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Ge	Debt Service General Fund Fund			Total Governmenta Funds		
REVENUES:					_		
Property taxes	\$	875,568	\$	794,712	\$	1,670,280	
Intergovernmental		60,000		4.000		60,000	
Interest on investments		311,622		4,900		316,522	
Miscellaneous		5,018				5,018	
Total revenues		1,252,208		799,612		2,051,820	
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
General government		493,076		-		493,076	
Capital outlay		515,412		-		515,412	
Debt service:							
Principal		-		600,000		600,000	
Interest				200,425		200,425	
Total expenditures		1,008,488		800,425		1,808,913	
Net changes in fund balances		243,720		(813)		242,907	
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING (as restated)		5,331,949		802,738		6,134,687	
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	5,575,669	\$	801,925	\$	6,377,594	

COLUMBIA GATEWAY URBAN RENEWAL AGENCY
(A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE CITY OF THE DALLES, OREGON)
RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Amounts reported in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances - governmental funds		\$ 242,907
Revenue in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds as follows: Property taxes	\$ (3,723)	(3,723)
Governmental funds report expendituers for improvements to assets held-for- sale while governmental activities capitalize improvements to assets held-for- sale not to exceed the lesser of cost or net realizable value.		32,263
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Change in accrued interest Amortization of bond premium	\$ 2,375 26,968	
Amortization of bond premium	20,900	29,343
Repayment of long-term obligations principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term obligations in the		
Statement of Net Position.		 600,000
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$ 900,790





| Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the Columbia Gateway Urban Renewal Agency (the Agency) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting standards. The more significant of the Agency accounting policies are described below.

The Financial Reporting Entity

The Agency was created in 1990 by the City of the Dalles (the City) to assist in the redevelopment of blighted and deteriorated areas within the City through tax increment financing. The Agency is organized under general laws pertaining to urban renewal agencies in the State of Oregon. The Agency was formed primarily to carry out the terms of the Urban Renewal Plan, which is to eliminate blighting influences found in the renewal area, implement certain goals and objectives of the City of The Dalles' Comprehensive Plan, and assist in meeting the City's economic development objectives through redevelopment of key sites, property rehabilitation, improving infrastructure in the renewal area, and assisting with the construction of needed public facilities.

The Agency's governing body is identical to that of the City, and because the services of the Agency are for the benefit of the City, a determination was made by using guidance provided for in generally accepted accounting principles (U.S. GAAP) that the Agency is a blended component unit of the City. As a result, the Agency's financial statements are blended with those of the City by including them in the appropriate statements and schedules of the City's Annual Financial Report. Copies of which may be obtained from the City Administrative Offices, 313 Court Street, The Dalles, OR 97058.

Financial Statement Presentation, Measurement Focus, and Basis of Accounting

Government-wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities report information on all of the activities of the Agency. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. In the case of the Agency, no business-type activities exist.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. The Agency does not have *program revenues* and reports taxes and investment earnings as *general revenues*.

The government-wide financial statements are accounted for using an economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of timing of related cash flows. Nonexchange transactions, in which the Agency receives value without giving equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the year for which the taxes are levied. Revenues from grants, entitlements and donations are recognized when all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. The effect of interfund activity within governmental activities such as transfers, advances and loans are eliminated.

The Agency applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purpose for which both restricted and unrestricted assets are available.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Fund Financial Statements

The Agency uses fund accounting to report its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance, and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain functions or activities.

A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Funds are classified into two categories: governmental and proprietary. Each category, in turn is divided into separate funds. In the case of the Agency, fund financial statements are only presented using the governmental fund type, as no proprietary activity exist.

The governmental fund financial statements are presented on a modified accrual basis of accounting with a current financial resources measurement focus whereby only current assets (deferred outflows) and current liabilities (deferred inflows) generally are included in the Balance Sheet, and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance present increases and decreases in those current net fund balances. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting where revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they become both measurable and available). "Measurable" means the amount can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. Principal and interest on general long-term debt are recorded as fund liabilities when due.

Property taxes are reflected as revenues in the fiscal period for which they were levied, provided they are due, or past due and receivable within the current period, and collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period (1 month). Otherwise, they are reported as deferred inflow of resources (unavailable revenue). Property taxes, which are held at year end by the collecting agency, Wasco County, and are remitted to the Agency within the 1 month period, are reported as "Taxes Receivable."

Licenses and permits, charges for services, fines and forfeits, and miscellaneous revenues (except investment earnings) are recorded as revenues when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned since they are measurable and available.

Intergovernmental revenues are recognized as revenues when all eligibility requirements are met. There are, however, essentially two types of intergovernmental revenues. In one, monies must be expended on the specific purpose or project before any amounts will be paid to the Agency; therefore, all eligibility requirements are determined to be met when the underlying expenditures are recorded. In the other, monies are virtually unrestricted as to the purpose of the expenditure and are usually revocable only for failure to comply with prescribed requirements; therefore, all eligibility requirements are determined to be met at the time of receipt or earlier if the susceptible to accrual criteria are met.

Financial operations of the Agency are accounted for in the following governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> – This fund accounts for the acquisition and development of capital improvement projects for the Agency. Revenues and other financing sources consist of property taxes, operating transfers from the debt service fund, bond proceeds, investment earnings and other miscellaneous revenues.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> - Includes tax revenue deposits and debt payments for long term and short-term borrowing, including intergovernmental agreements with the City and lines of credit.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Cash and Investments

The Agency's cash and investments include cash on hand, demand deposits, and investments in the Oregon State Treasury Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP).

The Agency maintains merged bank accounts and investments for its funds in a central pool of cash and investments that are commingled with the City of The Dalles. The investment policy of the Agency is to invest in LGIP and interest-bearing demand deposits with local banks and to transfer resources to the general checking account as the need arises. This policy is in accordance with ORS 294.035, which specifies the types of investments authorized for municipal corporations. The Agency allocates earnings on investments to each fund based on average monthly cash balances throughout the year.

Investments are stated at amortized cost, which approximates market value.

Receivables

Non-current property taxes and special assessments receivable are treated as deferred inflows of resources as unavailable revenue in the governmental funds. Property tax receivables are considered to be fully collectible. Accordingly, no provision for estimated uncollectible balances has been established for those accounts.

Transactions between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "interfund receivables/payables". All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Property Taxes Receivable

The Agency receives a tax increment under Section 1c, Article XI of the Oregon Constitution, and ORS Chapter 457. It states that the portion of the taxes representing the levy against the increase, if any, in true cash value of property located in the urban renewal area shall, after collection by the tax collector, be paid into a special fund of the Agency and shall be used to pay the principal and interest on indebtedness incurred by the Agency to finance or refinance the implementation of the Urban Renewal Plan. Property taxes receivable that are collected within 1-month after year-end are considered measurable and available and, therefore, are recognized as revenue. The remaining balance is recorded as deferred inflow of resources because it is not deemed available to finance operations of the current period. An allowance for doubtful accounts is not deemed necessary because uncollectable property taxes become a lien of the property. Ad valorem property taxes are a lien on all taxable property as of July 1. Property taxes are levied and payable on November 15. Taxes are administrated by the County. Collection dates are November 15, February 15, and May 15. Taxes are billed and collected by Wasco County and remittance to the Agency is made at periodic intervals. The Agency levied taxes at its maximum taxing authority of \$1,688,155.

Uncollected property taxes are shown in the combined balance sheet. Uncollected taxes are deemed to be substantially collectible or recoverable through liens; therefore, no allowance for uncollectible taxes has been established. The remaining balance of taxes receivable is recorded as unavailable revenue because it is not deemed available to finance operations of the current period.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Capital Assets

Capital assets include construction in progress and assets held for sale and are reported in the governmental activities column of the statement of net position in the government-wide financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquisition values as of the date received. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. The Agency maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000 and a useful life of over one year. The Agency has no depreciable capital assets.

Assets Held-for-Sale

Assets held-for-sale represent capital assets including land and other properties acquired to achieve the Agency's general purpose and are held until development or other opportunities are identified. Assets held-for-sale are recorded at the lower of cost or net realizable value.

Deferred Outflows/inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. There are no deferred outflows.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position and/or balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Agency has property taxes and notes receivable that fit into this classification.

Long-term Obligations

The Agency reports long-term debt on the statement of net position. These obligations will be met using receipts from property tax and other special levies.

For governmental fund types, bond premiums and discounts are recognized during the current period. Bond proceeds and associated premiums or discounts are reported separately as another financing sources. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premiums or discounts, if any.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the basic financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Net Position and Fund Balance

Net position comprises of the various net earnings from operations, nonoperating revenues, expenses and contributions of capital. The Agency's net position is classified in the following two categories:

Net investments in capital assets consists of net capital assets reduced by outstanding balances of any related debt obligations and deferred inflows of resources attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets and increase by balances of deferred outflows of resources related to those assets.

Restricted net position is considered restricted if their use is constrained to a particular purpose. Restrictions are imposed by external organizations such as federal or state laws or buyers of the bonds. Restricted net position is reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows or resources related to the restricted assets.

Unrestricted net position consists of all other net position that does not meet the definition of the above two components and is available for general use by the Agency.

In the fund financial statements, fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the Agency is bound to honor constraints on the specific purpose for which amounts in the funds can be spent. Fund balance is reported in five components: non-spendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned.

Non-spendable fund balance represents amounts not immediately converted to cash, such as prepaid items and inventory.

Restricted fund balance includes amounts that are restricted by external creditors, granters or contributors, or restricted by enabling legislation. Restrictions may be changed or lifted only with the consent of the resource providers.

Committed fund balance represents amounts that have been committed by resolution by the City Council which is the Agency's "highest level of decision-making authority." Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until the resources have been spent for the specified purpose or the City Council adopts another ordinance to remove or revise the limitation.

Assigned fund balance is also established by the Council through adoption or amendment of the budget as intended for specific purpose.

Unassigned fund balance represents the residual classification used for those balances not assigned to another category. Only the General Fund may have an unassigned balance.

There are no non-spendable, committed, assigned, or unassigned balances as of June 30, 2024.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Agency's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources, as they are needed. When unrestricted resources (committed, assigned, and unassigned) are available for use it is the Agency's policy to use committed resources first, then assigned, and then unassigned as they are needed.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Adoption of New GASB Pronouncements

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, the Agency implemented the following GASB Pronouncements:

GASB issued Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections. Issued in June 2022, the primary objective of this Statement is to enhance accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability.

Future GASB Pronouncements

The following GASB pronouncements have been issued, but are not effective as of June 30, 2024:

GASB Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*. Issued in June 2022, this Statement updates recognition and measurement guidelines for compensated absences and is effective for the Agency for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025.

GASB Statement No. 102, Certain Risk Disclosures. Issued in December 2023, this Statement requires governments to provide essential information about risks related to vulnerabilities due to certain concentrations or constraints that may limit the ability to acquire resources or control spending. This Statement will be effective for the Agency for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025.

GASB Statement No. 103, *Financial Reporting Model Improvements*. Issued in April 2024, this Statement updates key components of the financial reporting model to enhance the effectiveness of providing information essential for decision making and assessing accountability. This Statement will be effective for the Agency for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2026.

The Agency will implement new GASB pronouncements no later than the required effective date. The Agency is currently evaluating whether or not the above listed new GASB pronouncements will have a significant impact to the Agency's financial statements.

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with U.S. GAAP for all governmental funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

Oregon Local Budget Law establishes standard procedures relating to the preparation, adoption, and execution of the annual budget. The resolution authorizing appropriations for each fund sets the level by which expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations. For all funds, materials and services, capital outlay, debt service, transfers and contingency are the levels of control.

Original appropriations may be changed through resolutions by transferring amounts between appropriations in the same fund or by transferring from an appropriation in the general fund to an appropriation category in another fund. A supplemental budget is required if appropriations are expected to exceed authorized appropriation amounts. Budget amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the City Council. Expenditures were within authorized appropriations levels for the year ended June 30, 2024.

The Board of Directors must authorize all appropriation transfers and supplementary budgetary appropriations.

Note 3 - Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are comprised of the following as of June 30, 2024:

Carrying amount of demand deposits Carrying amount of investments	\$ 5,359,233 1,069,163
	\$ 6,428,396

The cash management policies are governed by state statutes. Statutes authorize investing in bankers acceptances, commercial paper, time certificates of deposit, repurchase agreements, obligations of the United States and its agencies and instrumentalities and the Oregon State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool.

All deposits are held by the City of The Dalles on behalf of the Agency. The Agency considers these items as a demand deposit account, whereby funds may be deposited or withdrawn without prior notice or penalty.

Deposits – The GASB has adopted U.S. GAAP, which include standards to categorize deposits to give an indication of the level of custodial credit risk assumed by the Agency at June 30, 2024. If bank deposits at year end are not entirely insured or collateralized with securities held by the Agency or by its agent in the Agency's name, the Agency must disclose the custodial credit risk that exists. Deposits with financial institutions are comprised of bank demand deposits. Any deposits with financial institutions will be covered up to \$250,000 by federal depository insurance, and the remaining deposited at an approved depository as prescribed by the Oregon State Treasurer.

The insurance and collateral requirements for deposits are established by banking regulations and Oregon law. Effective July 1, 2008, state statutes (ORS 295.002) allow public officials to deposit public funds in one or more depositories currently qualified pursuant to ORS 295.001 to 295.108. As long as the bank depository has entered into an agreement (ORS 295.008(2)(b)) and has deposited securities pursuant to state statutes (ORS 295.015(1)), there may now be on deposit at any one bank depository and its branches, a sum in excess of the amount insured by Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. For the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2024, the total carrying amount of the City's deposits, as pooled with the Agency, in various financial institutions was \$5,359,234 and the bank balance was \$5,359,278. All deposits are held in the name of the Agency. Of the bank balance, the entire amount was covered by federal depository insurance or collateralized.

Investments – The Agency has invested funds in the State Treasurer's Oregon Short-Term Fund LGIP during fiscal year 2024. The Oregon Short-Term Fund is the local government investment pool for local governments and was established by the State Treasurer. It was created to meet the financial and administrative responsibilities of federal arbitrage regulations. The investments are regulated by the Oregon Short-Term Fund Board and approved by the Oregon Investment Council (ORS 294.805 to 294.895). LGIP is an unrated external investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's office, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. The amounts invested in the pool are not classified by risk categories because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form as defined by GASB Statement No. 40.

In addition, the Oregon State Treasury LGIP distributes investment income on an amortized cost basis and participants' equity in the pool is determined by the amount of participant deposits, adjusted for withdrawals and distributed income. Accordingly, the adjustment to fair value would not represent an expendable increase in the City's cash position.

Investments in the Oregon State Treasury LGIP are made under the provisions of ORS 194.180. These funds are held in the Agency's name and are not subject to collateralization requirements or ORS 295.015. Investments are stated at cost, which approximates fair value.

Note 3 - Cash and Cash Equivalents (continued)

Credit risk – State statutes authorize the Agency to invest primarily in general obligations of the U.S. Government and its agencies, certain bonded obligations of Oregon municipalities, bank repurchase agreements, bankers' acceptances, certain commercial papers, and the State Treasurer's investment pool, among others. The Agency has no formal investment policy that further restricts its investment choices.

Concentration of credit risk – The Agency is required to provide information about the concentration of credit risk associated with its investments in one issuer that represent 5.00% or more of the total investments, excluding investments in external investment pools or those issued and explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. Government. The Agency has no such investments.

Interest rate risk – The Agency has no formal investment policy that explicitly limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value loss arising from increasing interest rates.

Note 4 - Fair Value Measurements

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Fair value measurements must maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. There is a hierarchy of three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value:

Level 1 - Unadjusted inputs using quoted prices in active markets for identical investments.

Level 2 - Other significant observable inputs other than level 1 prices, including, but are not limited to, quoted prices for similar investments, inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for investments (such as interest rates, prepayment speeds, credit risk, etc.) or other market corroborated inputs.

Level 3 - Significant inputs based on the best information available in the circumstances, to the extent observable inputs are not available.

As of June 30, 2024, the Agency had the following investments:

Investments Measured at Fair Value:	Total as of 6/30/2024	Level One	Level Two	Level Three	Amortized Cost Measurement Not Measured at Fair Value
Local Government Investment Pool	\$ 1,069,163	\$	\$	\$ -	\$ 1,069,163
Total	\$ 1,069,163	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,069,163

Cash and investments are comprised of the following as of June 30, 2024:

Demand deposits	\$ 5,359,233
Investments - LGIP	1,069,163
Total	\$ 6,428,396

Note 5 - Note Receivables

In April 2001, the Agency entered into a loan agreement to assist a borrower with an acquisition and rehabilitation project resulting in a note receivable. The principal on the note is due no later than December 31, 2026, and interest is payable at 1% annually. The note is secured by real property and is considered fully collectible. As of June 30, 2024, the outstanding principal balance is \$282,445. The agreement requires this amount to be paid on or before December 31, 2026.

In January 2019, the Agency entered into an agreement for the sale of a property for redevelopment resulting in a note receivable. The purpose of the redevelopment is to support public objectives of the Agency's Urban Renewal Plan. The eighth addendum to the agreement revised the schedule of contract payments and closings which includes various principal payments through October 2024. The note is secured by real property and is considered fully collectible. As of June 30, 2024, the outstanding principal balance is \$25,000. This amount is anticipated to be paid in fiscal year 2025.

Note 6 - Assets Held-for-Sale

The Agency acquires and refurbishes assets for the benefit of the City and local businesses, and any assets during this activity would become the property of the benefiting entity. During the year ended June 30, 2024, demolition costs of \$495,562 were incurred on a property held-for-sale with an initial cost of \$423,934 and an assessed value of \$456,200. As such, the difference of \$32,263 was capitalized and the remaining balance of \$463,299 in excess of the estimated net realizable value was recognized as an impairment loss on the Statement of Activities and reported as a special item.

The following is a summary of changes in assets held-for-sale during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024:

	Beginning			Ending		
	Balance	Additions	Deletions	Balance		
Assets held-for-sale	\$ 974,253	\$ 32,263	\$ -	\$ 1,006,516		

Note 7 - Capital Assets

The 3rd Street Streetscape project is in the early stages of design and engineering and the project is waiting on final approval for construction. Costs incurred to date are \$52,668, with the estimated costs of \$3 million. The 1st Street Parking Lot project has started. Cost incurred to date are \$42,866.

At June 30, 2024, the capital assets of the Agency consist of the following:

	eginning salance	Addit	Additions Deletions				Ending Balance		
Capital Assets, not being depreciated									
Construction in progress	\$ 95,534	\$		\$		\$	95,534		
Total Capital Assets	\$ 95,534	\$		\$		\$	95,534		

Note 8 - Long-Term Debt

The City issued \$12,100,000 in 2009 Full Faith and Credit Obligations in October of 2009. \$10,205,000 of the bonds was for the benefit of the Columbia Gateway Urban Renewal Agency and will be repaid from tax increment revenues within the Urban Renewal area with interest rates ranging from 2% to 5%, within an assistance agreement between the City and Agency. The bonds were issued to finance construction of public infrastructure improvements, urban renewal projects, to refinance the Urban Renewal Bonds Series 2002, to fund an urban renewal debt reserve, and to pay the costs of issuance. The Agency has pledged its tax increment revenues and earnings for repayment of the Agency portion of the obligation. If the bond is defaulted by failure to make required principal or interest payments or other covenants, action to enforce the financing agreement may take place for the outstanding balance of the obligation.

Future maturities are as follows:

Fiscal Year		Principal	 Interest	P	remium		Total	
	_			_		_		
2025	\$	630,000	\$ 171,925	\$	22,983	\$	824,908	
2026		660,000	142,000		18,802		820,802	
2027		695,000	109,000		14,424		818,424	
2028		725,000	74,250		9,822		809,072	
2029		760,000	 38,000		5,021		803,021	
	\$	3,470,000	\$ 535,175	\$	71,052	\$	4,076,227	

The following is a summary of changes in long-term debt during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024:

	6/30/2023 Balance Additions Reductions			6/30/2024 Reductions Balance			Due Within One Year		
Urban Renewal Portion Series 2009 FFCO Premium on Debt	\$ 4,070,000 98,020	\$	- -	\$	600,000 26,968	\$	3,470,000 71,052	\$	630,000 22,983
	\$ 4,168,020	\$		\$	626,968	\$	3,541,052	\$	652,983

Note 9 - Risk Management

The Agency is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the Agency carries commercial insurance. There has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from the prior year, and the Agency has not been required to pay any settlements in excess of insurance coverage during the past three fiscal years.

Note 10 - Tax Abatements

The City has authorized tax-exempt status for five qualified firms within the City: Escape The Dalles, Hydro USA, Powder Pure, 15 Mile Ventures, LLC, and Design, LLC. All properties are required to meet State and Federal funding requirements which include annual physical inspections and an annual audit of financial activity and programmatic compliance. The property tax exemption may be removed if the property is no longer eligible under the stated provisions of ORS 307.540 to 307.548. Section E of the renewal application requires the applicant to acknowledge compliance with the requirements annually. For fiscal year ending June 30, 2024, the foregone property tax revenue is \$1,543,170.





| Required Supplementary Information

COLUMBIA GATEWAY URBAN RENEWAL AGENCY
(A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE CITY OF THE DALLES, OREGON)
STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES, AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
GENERAL FUND
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Bud	dget Final	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:	Original	IIII	Actual	(Negative)
Property taxes Intergovernmental Interest on investments Miscellaneous	\$ 888,276 - 29,000 25,010	\$ 888,276 - 29,000 25,010	\$ 875,568 60,000 311,622 5,018	\$ (12,708) 60,000 282,622 (19,992)
Total revenues	942,286	942,286	1,252,208	309,922
EXPENDITURES: Current: General Government:				
Materials and services Capital outlay	2,975,595 2,583,382	2,975,595 2,583,382	493,076 515,412	2,482,519 2,067,970
Total expenditures	5,558,977	5,558,977	1,008,488	4,550,489
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(4,616,691)	(4,616,691)	243,720	4,860,411
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Proceeds from sale of property	2,824	2,824		(2,824)
Total other financing sources (uses)	2,824	2,824		(2,824)
Net changes in fund balance	(4,613,867)	(4,613,867)	243,720	4,857,587
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	4,613,867	4,613,867	5,331,949	718,082
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,575,669	\$ 5,575,669



| Supplementary Information

COLUMBIA GATEWAY URBAN RENEWAL AGENCY
(A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE CITY OF THE DALLES, OREGON)
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
DEBT SERVICE FUND
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Bud	dget			√ariance Positive		
	Original	Final		Actual		(Negative)	
REVENUES:	 						
Property taxes	\$ 794,712	\$	794,712	\$	794,712	\$	-
Interest on investments	 4,900		4,900		4,900		<u>-</u>
Total revenues	 799,612		799,612		799,612		
EXPENDITURES:							
Debt service:							
Principal	600,000		600,000		600,000		-
Interest	200,425		200,425		200,425		-
Contingency	 801,925		801,925				801,925
Total expenditures	 1,602,350		1,602,350		800,425		801,925
Net changes in fund balances	(802,738)		(802,738)		(813)		801,925
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	802,738		802,738		802,738		
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ 	\$	-	\$	801,925	\$	801,925





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT REQUIRED BY OREGON STATE REGULATIONS

Agency Officials Columbia Gateway Urban Renewal Agency The Dalles, Oregon

We have audited the basic financial statements of the Columbia Gateway Urban Renewal Agency (the Agency) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and have issued our report thereon dated December 4, 2024. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Agency's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, including the provisions of *Oregon Revised Statutes* (ORS) as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-010-0000 through 162-010-0330 of the *Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations*, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not the objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

We performed procedures to the extent we considered necessary to address the required comments and disclosures but were not limited to the following:

- Deposit of public funds with financial institutions under ORS Chapter 295.
- Indebtedness limitations, restrictions and repayment.
- Budgets legally required under ORS Chapter 294.
- Insurance and fidelity under bonds in force or required by law.
- Programs funded from outside sources.
- Authorized investment of surplus funds (ORS Chapter 294).
- Public contracts and purchasing under ORS Chapters 279A, 279B, 279C.

In connection with our audit testing, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe the Agency was not in substantial compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administration Rules 162-010-0000 through 162-010-0330 of the *Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations*.

OAR 162-010-0230 Internal Control

In planning and performing our audit of the General Statements, we considered the Agency's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Agency's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Agency's internal control over financial reporting.

Restrictions on Use

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the governing body and management of the Agency and the State of Oregon, Division of Audits and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Jeny L. Grupe, CPA, Partner

KDP Certified Public Accountants, LLP

Medford, Oregon December 4, 2024