

Oregon Air Quality Monitoring Annual Report: 2019

October 2020



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DEQ is a leader in
restoring, maintaining and
enhancing the quality of
Oregon's air, land and
water.



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Glossary of Air Quality Terms used in this report:

AQI –	Air Quality Index – standardized EPA method of reporting air quality
BScat –	Beta Scattering - a light scattering unit used for visibility
CO –	Carbon monoxide – An odorless, colorless gaseous pollutant
CO2 –	Carbon dioxide – Primary greenhouse gas
CO2e -	Carbon dioxide equivalent – A unit linking GHG to CO2
WF -	Wildfire
GHG –	Greenhouse Gas
HAPs –	Hazardous Air Pollutant as defined in Title III of the Clean Air Act
MMTCO2e -	Million metric tons of carbon dioxide equivalent
NAAQS –	National Ambient Air Quality Standards – federal air quality standards
NO –	Nitrogen oxide
NO2 –	Nitrogen dioxide - a reddish-brown gaseous pollutant.
NOx –	Nitrogen oxides – reddish brown gaseous pollutant - mainly NO and NO2
O3 –	Ozone – a gaseous pollutant and a component of smog at ground level
PM2.5 –	Particulate Matter 2.5 micrometers in diameter and smaller
PM10 -	Particulate Matter 10 micrometers in diameter and smaller
ppm –	Parts per million - air pollutant concentration.
ppb –	Parts per billion - air pollutant concentration.
SO2 –	Sulfur dioxide - a colorless, pungent gaseous pollutant.
TSP -	Total Suspended Particulates
USG –	Unhealthy for Sensitive Groups – an AQI air quality category
µg/m ³ –	Microgram per meters cubed - air pollutant concentration
VOC –	Volatile Organic Compounds
Standard Exceedance –	Occur when the NAAQS is surpassed.
Standard Violation –	The NAAQS provides a cushion which allows for a few exceedances every year. (e.g. the ozone NAAQS is compared to the 4th highest day of the year. So a city can have three exceedances without a violation.)
Non-Attainment -	An area is non-attainment if its three year average violates the NAAQS and EPA formally declares it non-attainment.

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Air Quality Annual Report

DEQ's Mission Statement

The Department of Environmental Quality's (DEQ) mission is to be a leader in restoring, maintaining and enhancing the quality of Oregon's air, land and water.

Each year DEQ updates the annual report including the most recent year. The air pollutants of greatest concern in Oregon are:

- Fine particulate matter (mostly from combustion sources) known as **PM2.5** (2.5 micrometers and smaller diameter)
- **Air Toxics** - pollutants that cause or may cause cancer or other serious health effects
- Ground-level **ozone**, a component of smog
- **Greenhouse gas** (GHG) emissions and global climate change are also concerns in Oregon. Oregon state agencies track GHG emissions from a wide variety of products, services, utilities, and fuel providers. These emissions data are available on DEQ's web site under Air Quality/AQ Programs / Greenhouse Gas Reporting Home. <http://www.oregon.gov/DEQ/AQ/Pages/Greenhouse-Gas-Inventory-Report>

There is much more information about climate change on the Oregon Global Warming Commission's web page <http://www.keeporegoncool.org/>

Oregon's 2019 Ambient Air Quality in Summary:

- **PM2.5**

PM2.5 from non-wildfire sources was below the federal health standards in 2019 except in Oakridge which was just above the standard. There were a few Wildfire smoke impacts in Southern Oregon in the last week of July.

Air toxics

Some air toxics such as benzene and acetaldehyde, remain near or above ambient benchmark concentrations. *Ambient benchmark concentrations are levels at which, if exposed over a lifetime, an individual's risk of getting cancer is increased by one in a million, or non-cancer health effects could occur.*

- **ozone** (smog)

The ozone concentrations had one day above the standard in both Portland and Medford. The rest of the days were below the National Ambient Air Quality Standard in these cities and in the rest of the state.

- **Carbon monoxide, nitrogen dioxide, sulfur dioxide and PM10**

These pollutants are far below the criteria pollutant federal health standard. These pollutants have been trending mostly downward for most locations over the last ten years.

Air Quality Index

The Air Quality Index (AQI) converts ambient air pollutant concentrations into categories of health concern. The AQI uses index numbers, levels of health risk, and colors to communicate six categories of health concern (Table 1), and identifies air quality levels that range from good to hazardous.

Table 1 Air Quality Index Health Category Descriptors.

Air Quality	AQI	Health Advisory
Good	0-50	No health impacts expected .
Moderate	51-100	Unusually sensitive people should consider reducing prolonged or heavy outdoor exertion.
Unhealthy for Sensitive Groups	101-150	People with heart disease, respiratory disease (such as asthma), older adults, and children should reduce prolonged or heavy exertion. Active healthy adults should also limit prolong outdoor exertion.
Unhealthy	151-200	People with heart disease, respiratory disease (such as asthma), older adults, and children should avoid prolonged or heavy outdoor exertion. Everyone else should reduce prolonged or heavy outdoor exertion.
Very Unhealthy (Alert)	201-300	People with heart disease, respiratory disease (such as asthma), older adults, and children should avoid all physical activity outdoors. Everyone else should avoid prolonged or heavy exertion.

How the AQI is computed

The AQI is computed for PM2.5, PM10, ozone, nitrogen dioxide, sulfur dioxide, and carbon monoxide but the PM2.5 and ozone AQI's are typically the highest in Oregon and usually drive the health category. EPA provides all states with the AQI equation for national uniformity. See EPA's AIRNow web site for more detail about the AQI.

Table 2. Air Quality Index Ranges and Episode Stages for PM2.5 and ozone.

Air Quality Rating	Air Quality Index (AQI)	PM _{2.5} 24-hour Average ($\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)	Ozone 8-hour Average (ppm)
GOOD	0 - 50	0.0 - 12.0	0.000 - 0.054
MODERATE	51 - 100	12.1 - 35.4	0.055 - 0.070
UNHEALTHY FOR SENSITIVE GROUPS	101 - 150	35.5 - 55.4	0.071 - 0.085
UNHEALTHY	151 - 200	55.5 - 150.4	0.086 - 0.105
VERY UNHEALTHY	201 - 300	150.5 - 250.4	0.106 - 0.200
HAZARDOUS	>300	>250.5	>0.200

WF = Wildfire Smoke Impact

USG = Unhealthy for Sensitive Groups

2019 Oregon Air Quality Index by City

The AQI provides a review of the health levels over the past year. The Figures below display the AQI health levels over the past year for all the areas where DEQ and LRAPA monitor air quality. **Note:** A summary of all the AQI days are shown in Appendix G.

Table 3. Figure Key for 2019 Air Quality Index.

Figure	City or Area	Figure	City or Area	Figure	City or Area
1	Albany	16	Enterprise	31	Mt. Hood Wilderness
2	Applegate Valley	17	Eugene/Springfield	32	Oakridge
3	Ashland	18	Florence	33	Pendleton
4	Baker City	19	Forest Grove	34	Portland
5	Beaverton	20	Grants Pass	35	Prineville
6	Bend	21	Hermiston	36	Roseburg
7	Burns	22	Hillsboro	37	Salem
8	Cave Junction	23	John Day	38	Sauvie Island
9	Chiloquin	24	Klamath Falls	39	Shady Cove
10	Corvallis	25	La Grande	40	Silverton
11	Cottage Grove	26	Lakeview	41	Sisters
12	Coos Bay	27	Lyons	42	Sweet Home
13	Cove	28	Madras	43	The Dalles
14	Crater Lake	29	Medford	44	Tualatin at I-5
15	Detroit Lake	30	Mill City		

2019 Albany Air Quality Index

Based on PM2.5

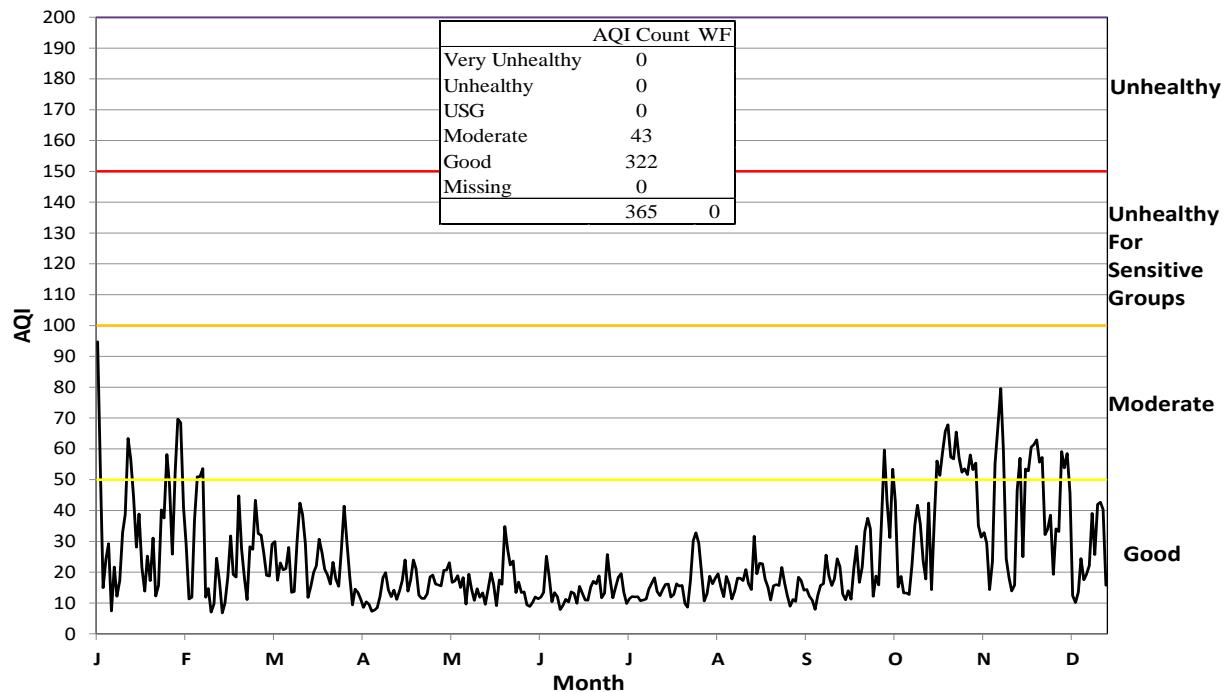


Figure 1. 2019 Albany Air Quality Index Summary.

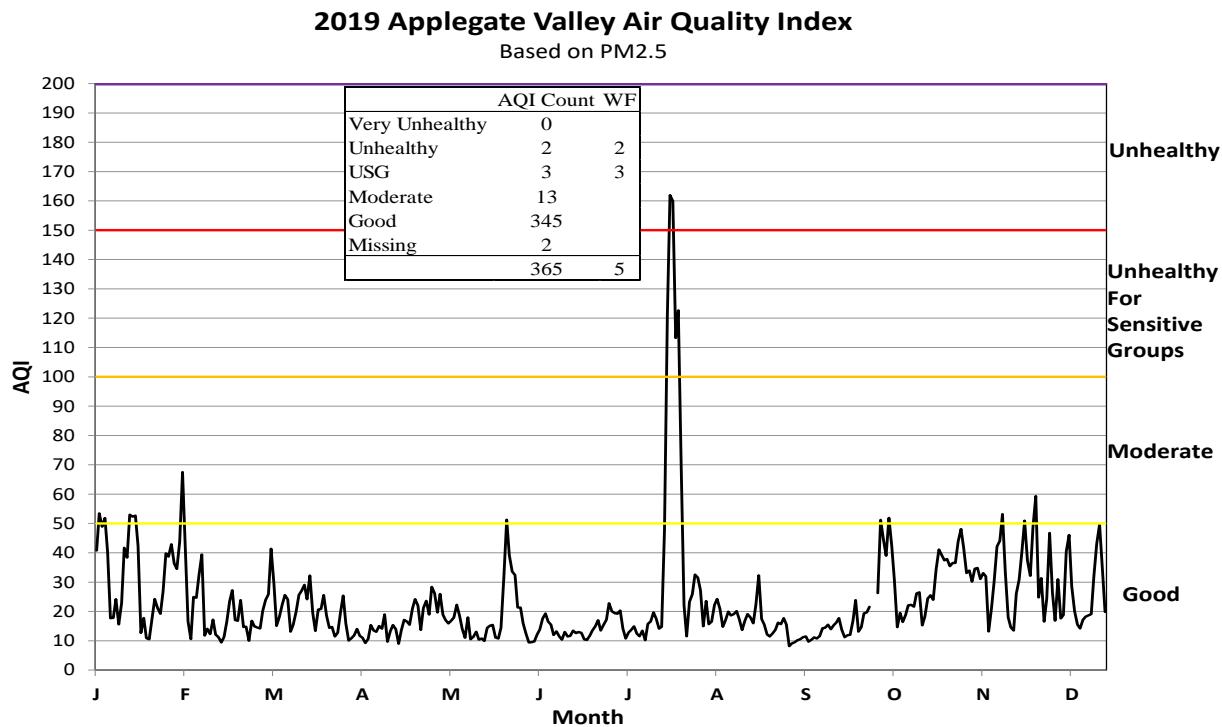


Figure 2. 2019 Applegate Valley Air Quality Summary.

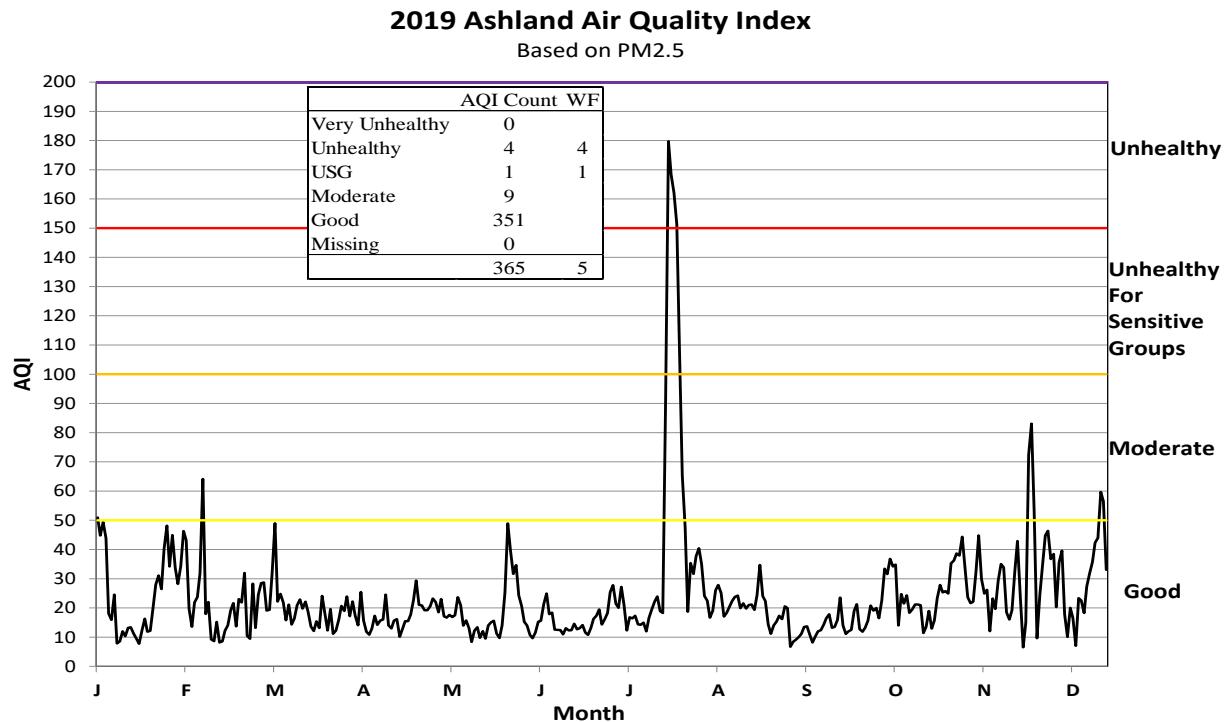


Figure 3. 2019 Ashland Air Quality Index Summary.

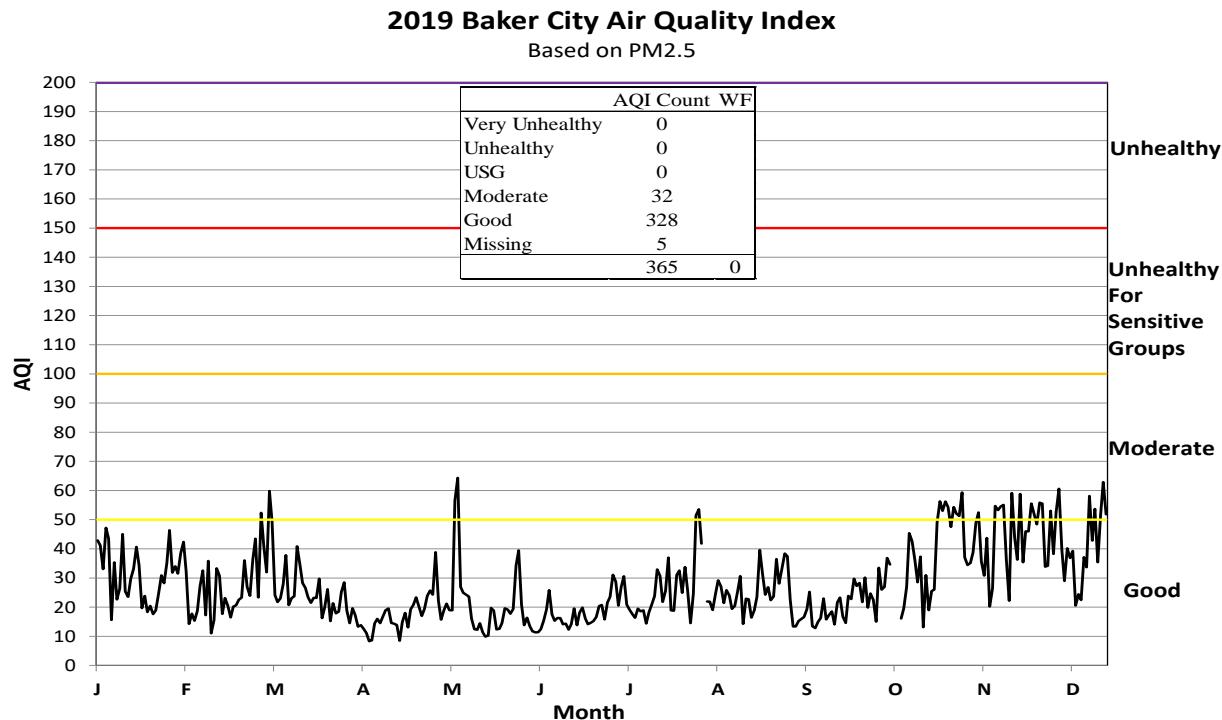


Figure 4. 2019 Baker City Air Quality Index Summary.

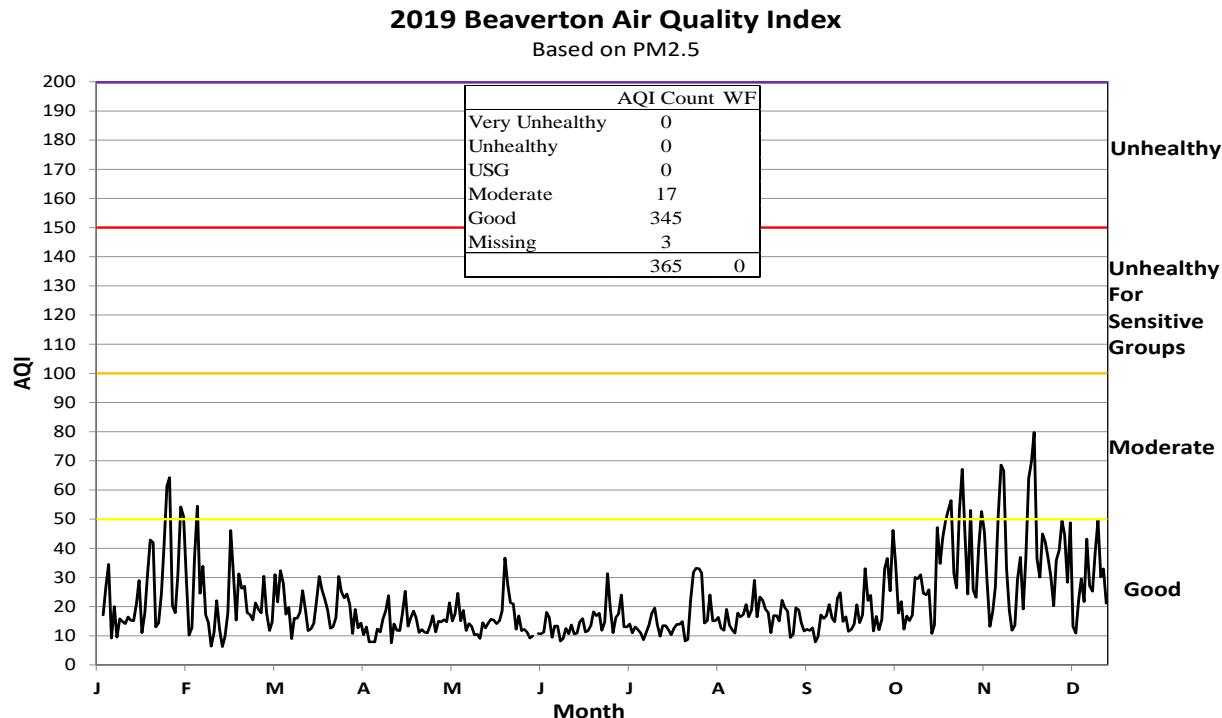


Figure 5. 2019 Beaverton Air Quality Index Summary.

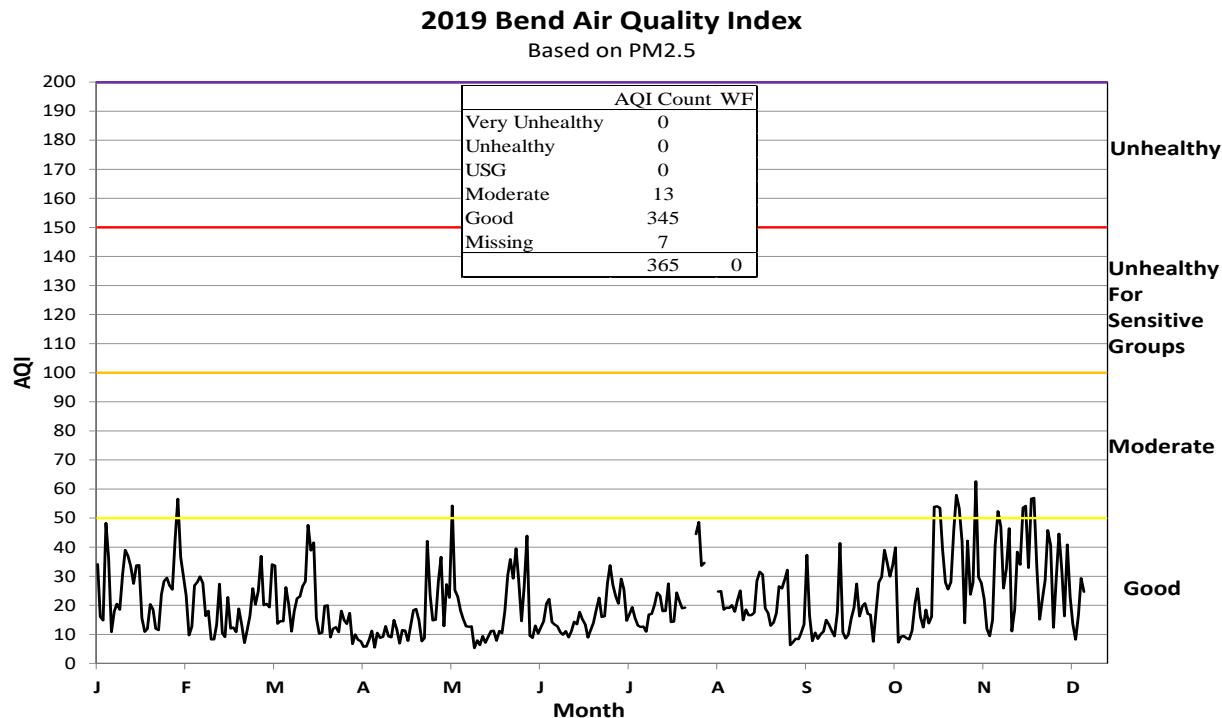


Figure 6. 2019 Bend Air Quality Index Summary.

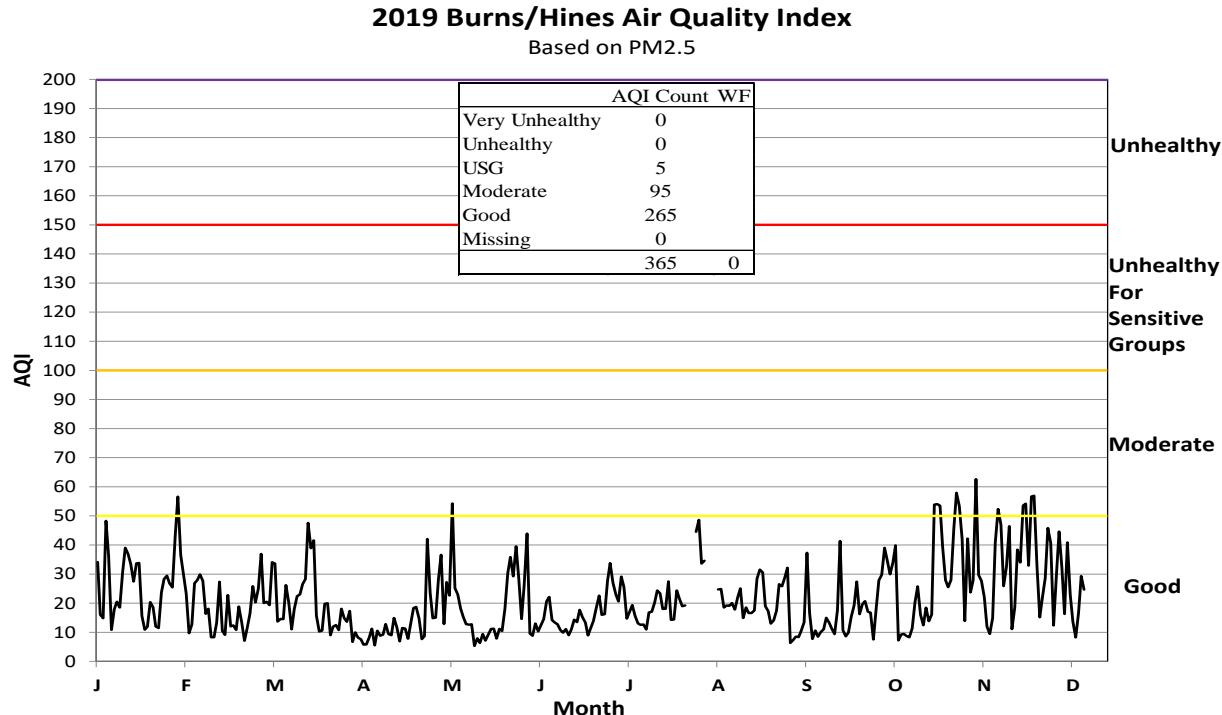


Figure 7. 2019 Burns/Hines Air Quality Index Summary.

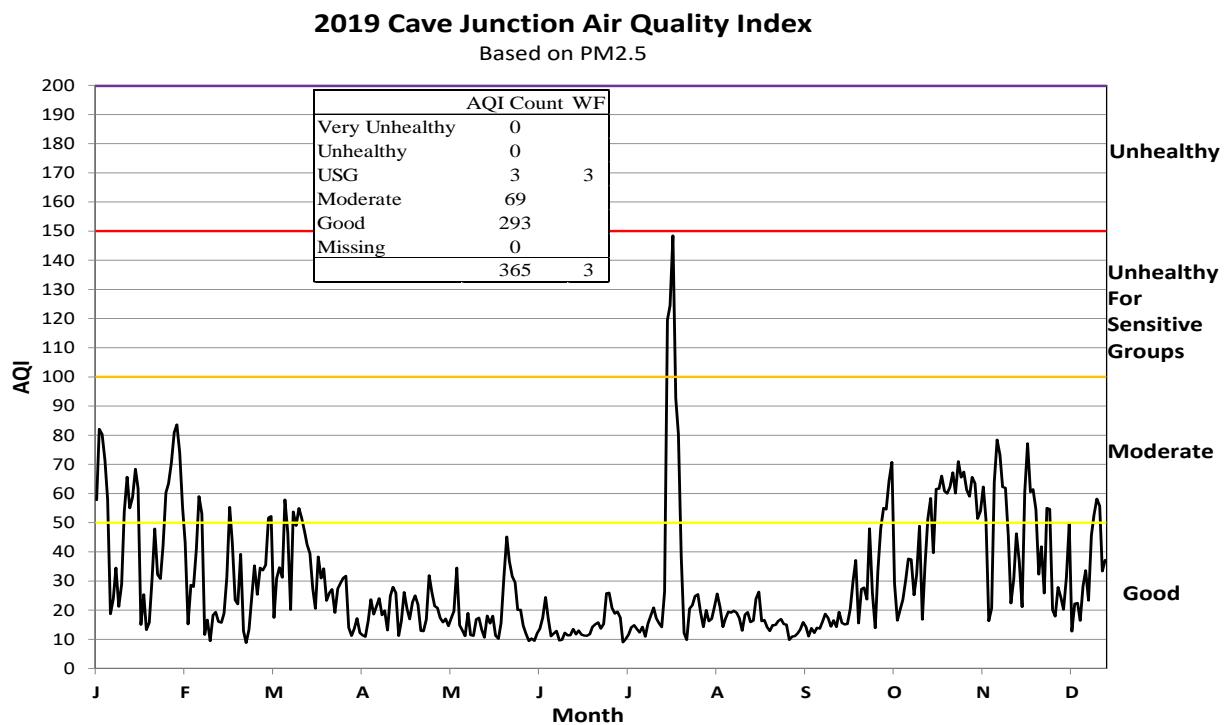


Figure 8. 2019 Cave Junction Air Quality Index Summary.

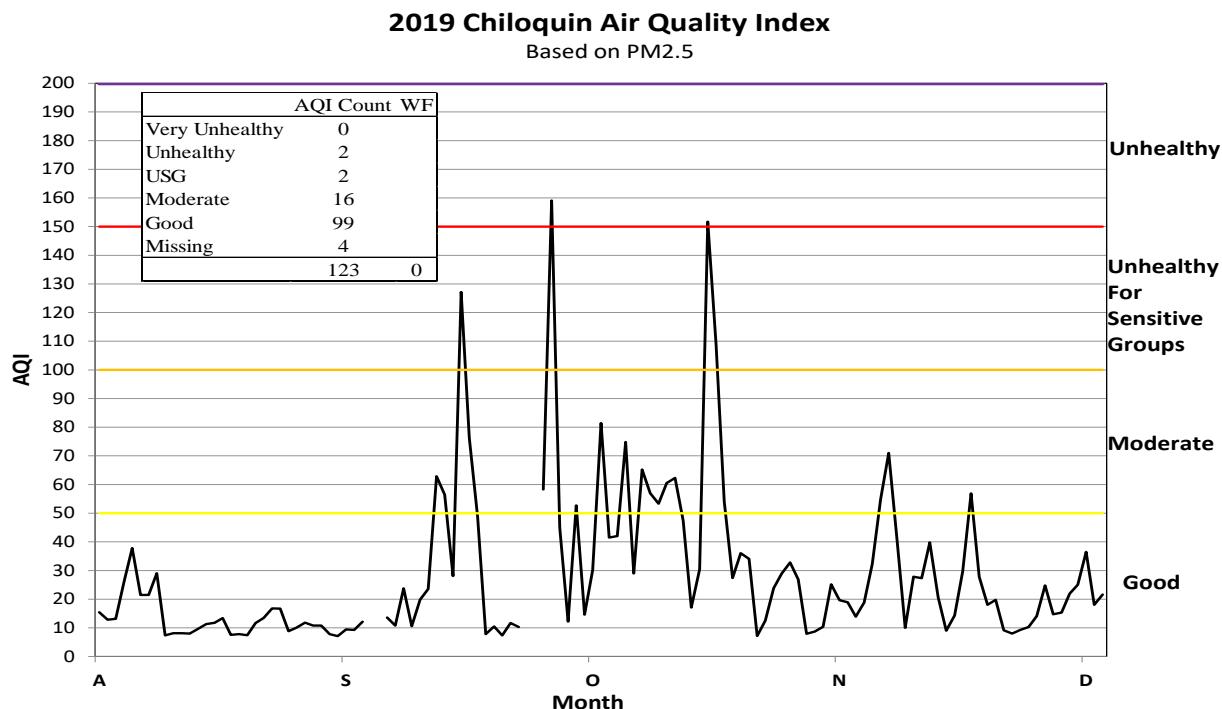


Figure 9. 2019 Chiloquin Air Quality Index Summary.
Monitoring started on August 31th, 2019

2019 Coos Bay Air Quality Index

Based on PM2.5

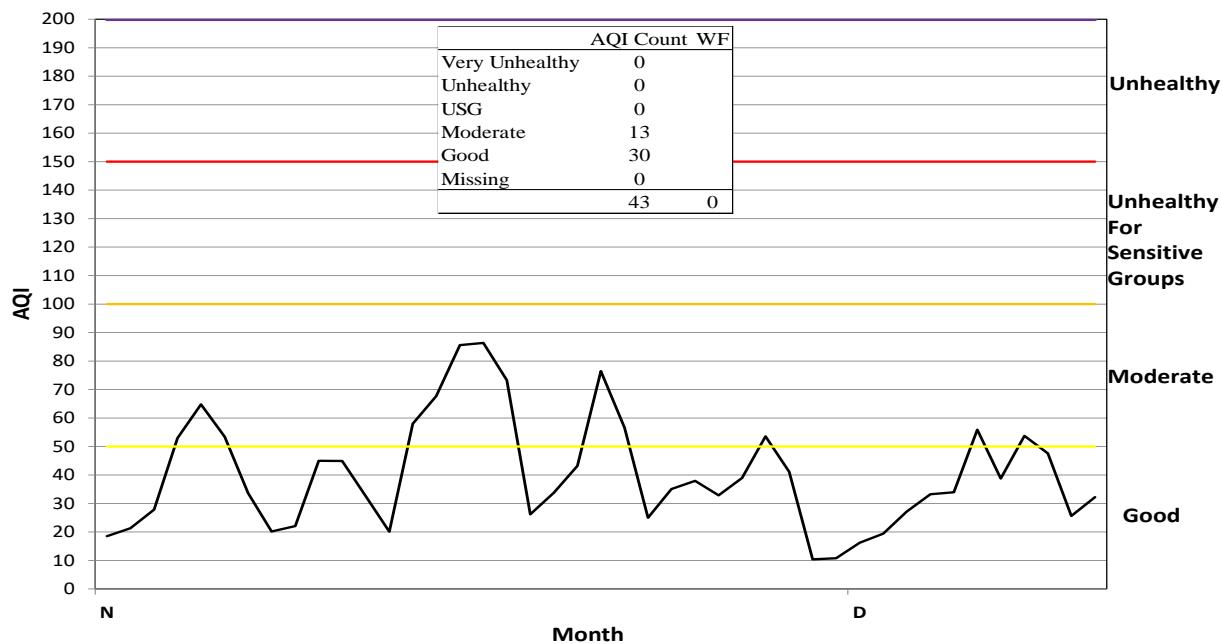


Figure 10. 2019 Coos Bay Air Quality Index Summary.
Monitoring started on November 18th, 2019

2019 Corvallis Air Quality Index

Based on PM2.5

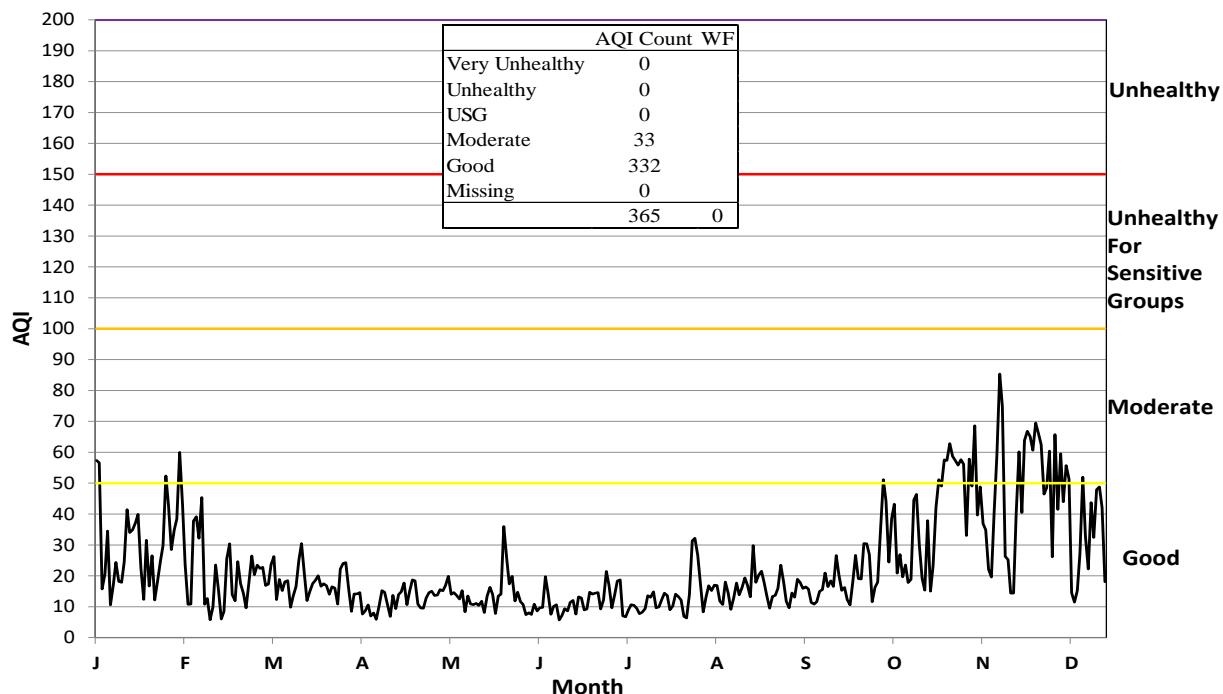


Figure 11. 2019 Corvallis Air Quality Index Summary.

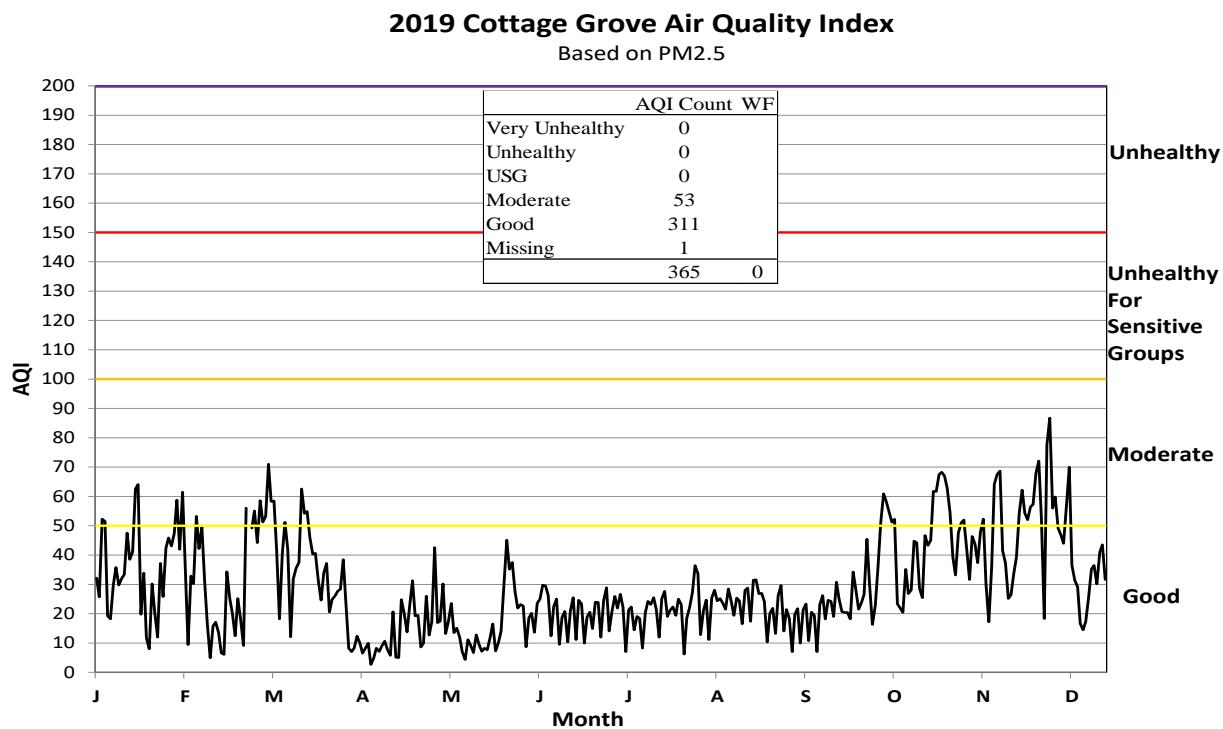


Figure 12. 2019 Cottage Grove Air Quality Index Summary.

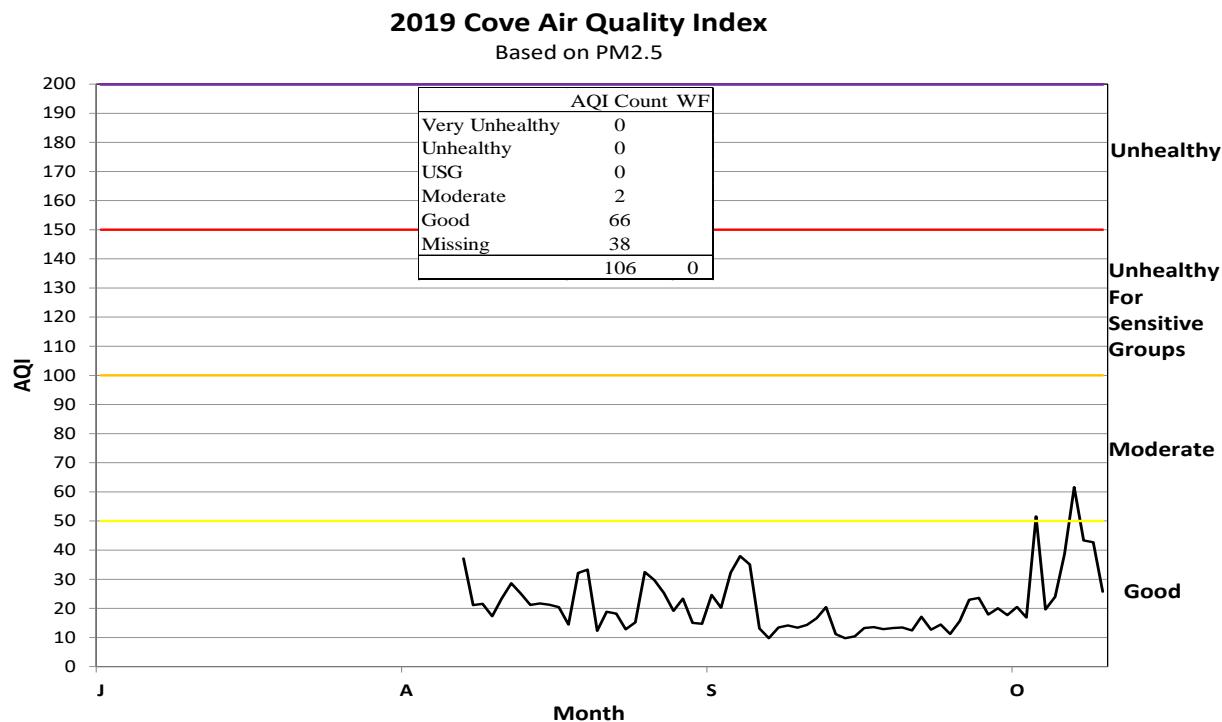


Figure 13. 2019 Cove Air Quality Index Summer Summary
Monitoring from August 8th to October 14th.

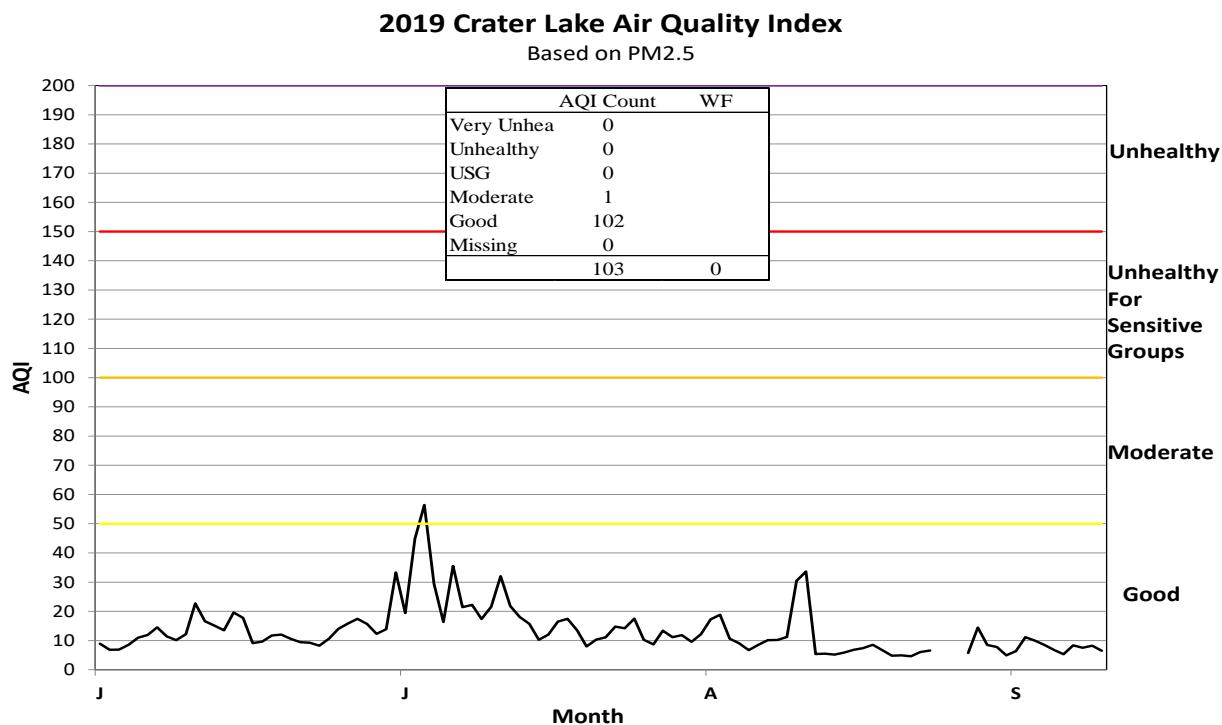


Figure 14. 2019 Crater Lake Summer Air Quality Index Summary.
Monitoring from June 25th to October 8th.

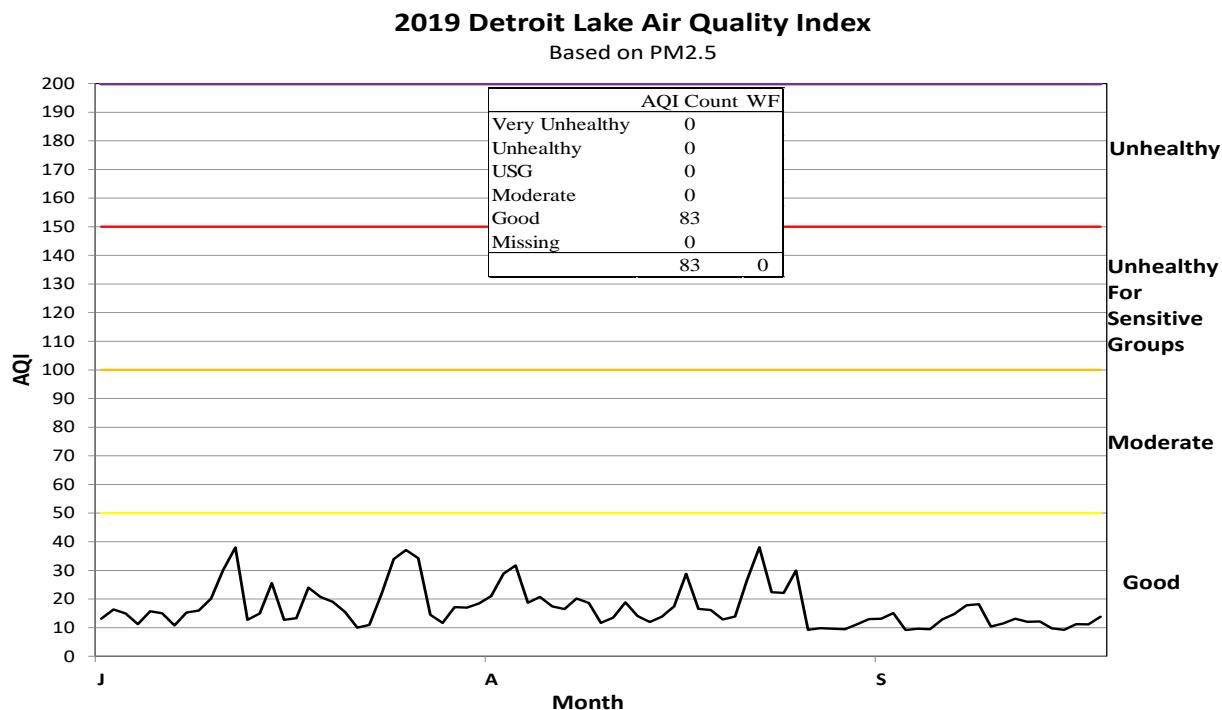


Figure 15. 2019 Detroit Lake Summer Air Quality Index Summary.
Monitoring from July 12th to October 2nd.

2019 Enterprise Air Quality Index

Based on PM2.5

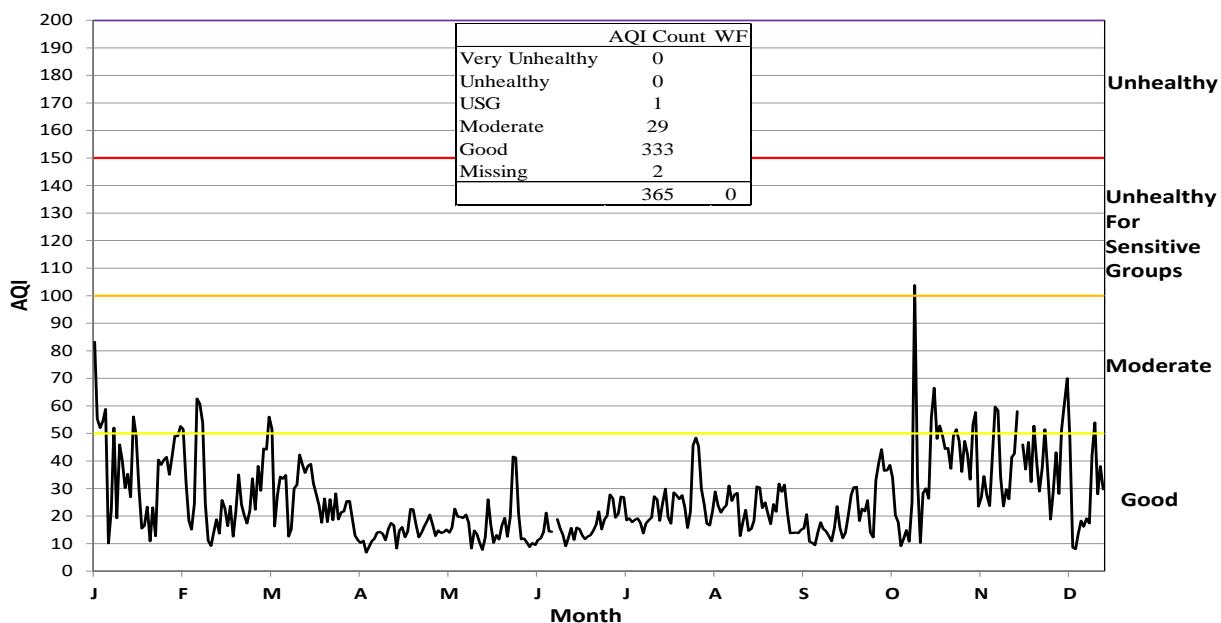


Figure 16. 2019 Enterprise Air Quality Index Summary.

2019 Eugene-Springfield Air Quality Index

Based on PM2.5 and Ozone

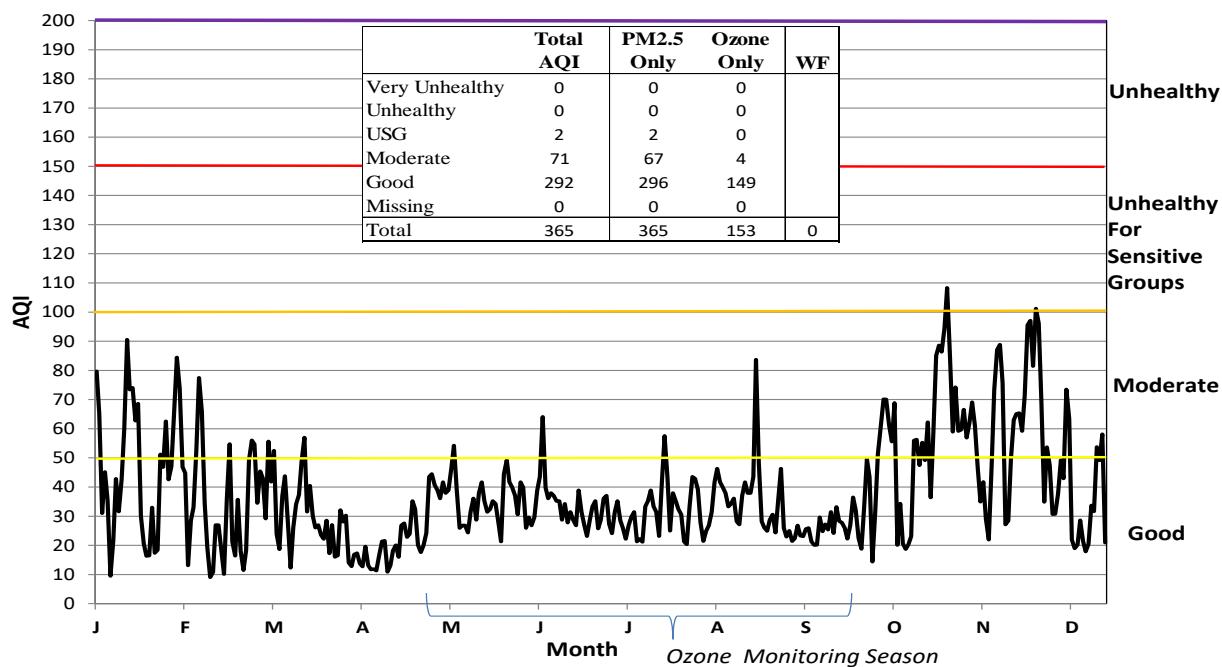


Figure 17. 2019 Eugene/Springfield Air Quality Index Summary.

Note: only the maximum ozone AQI or PM2.5 AQI is reported each day during ozone season.

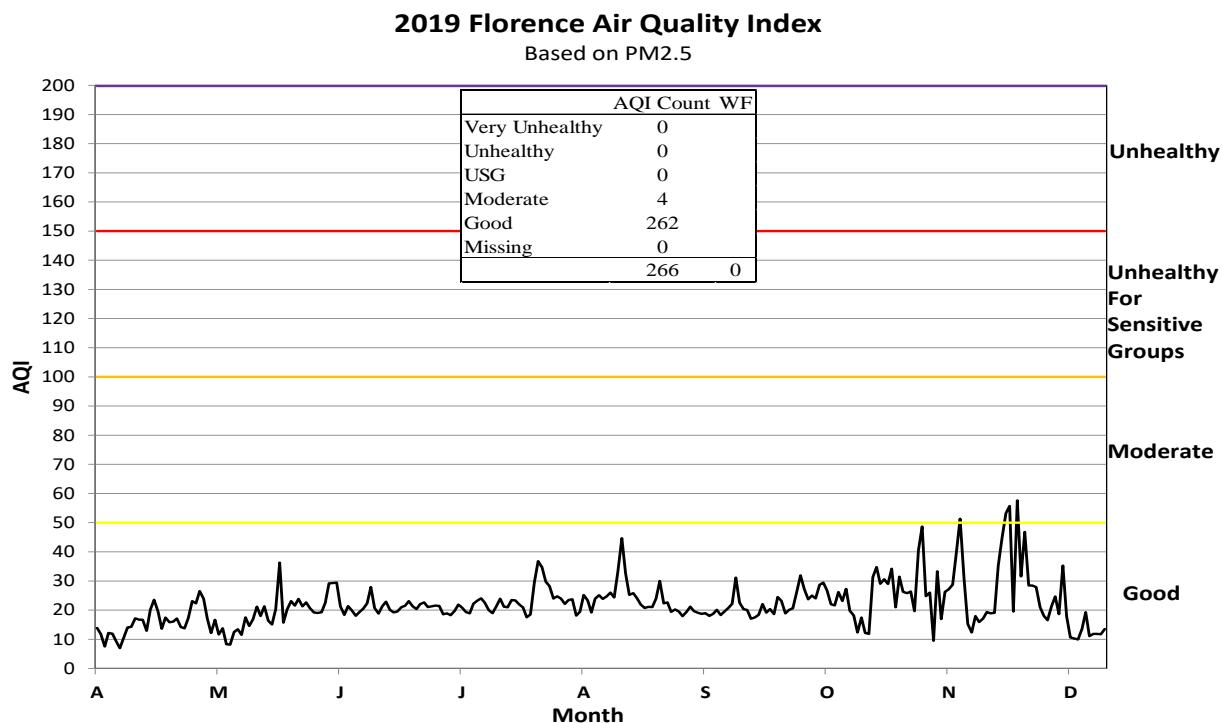


Figure 18. 2019 Florence Air Quality Index Summary.
Monitoring started on April 10th, 2019.

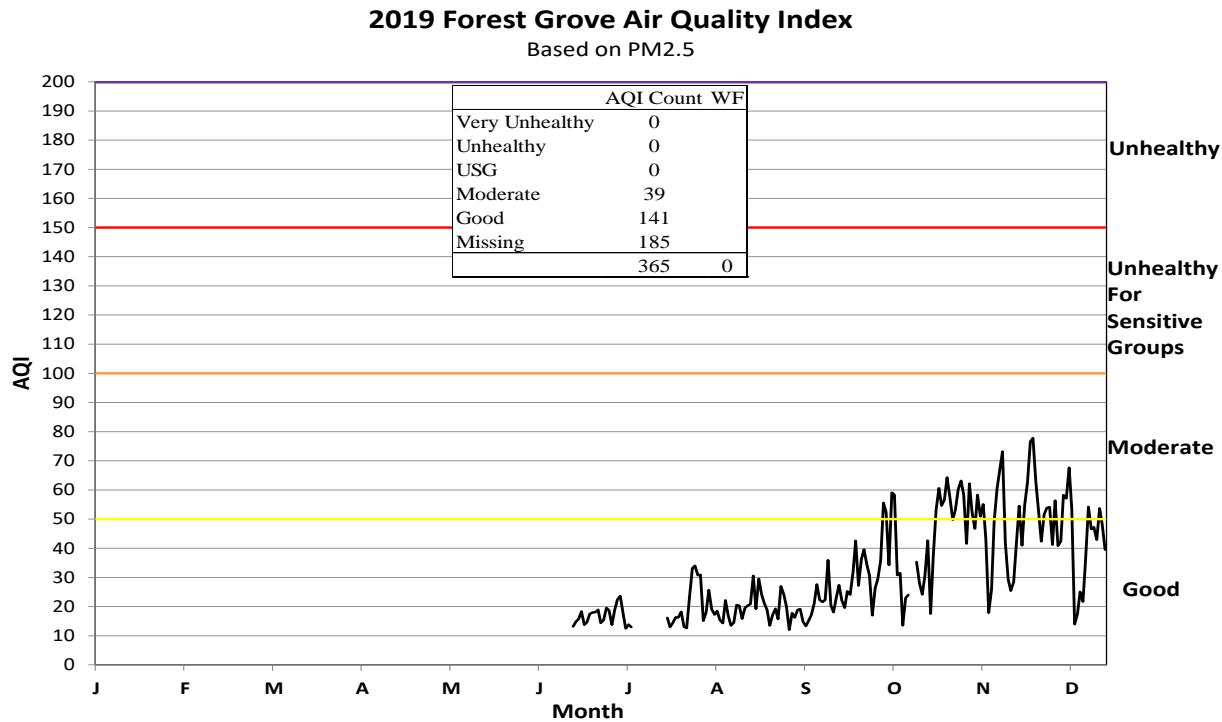


Figure 19. 2019 Forest Grove Air Quality Index Summary.
Monitoring started on July 5th, 2019.

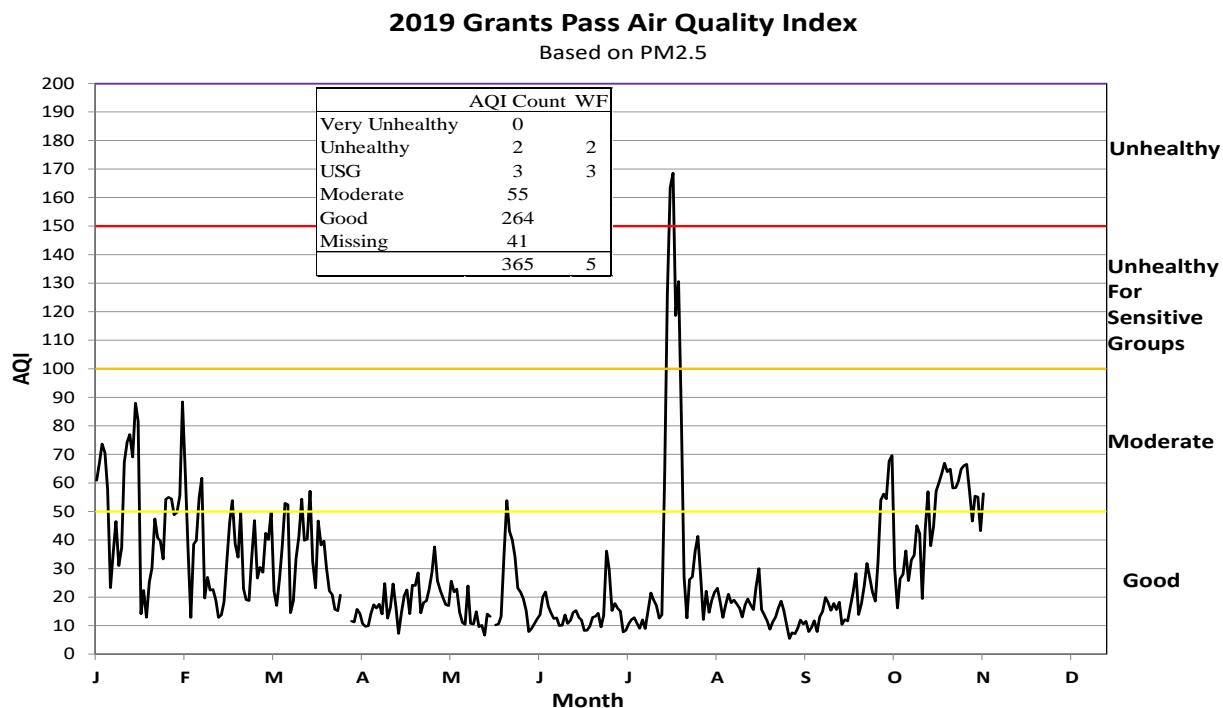


Figure 20. 2019 Grants Pass Air Quality Index Summary.

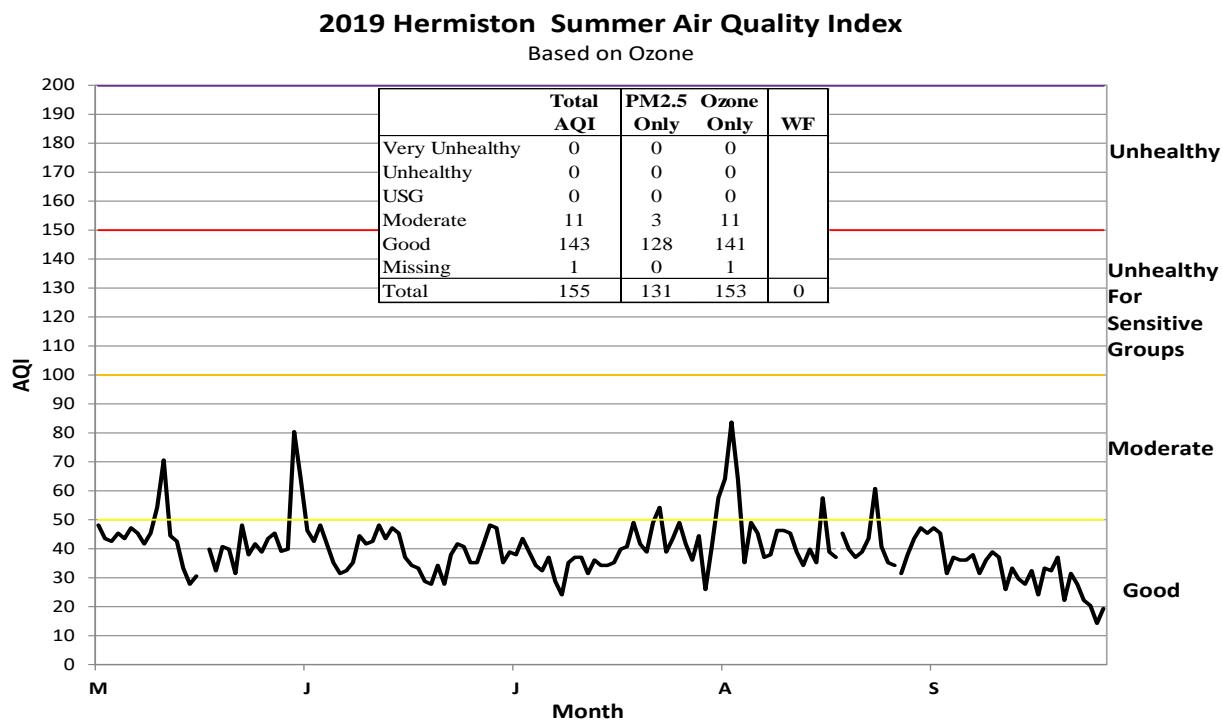


Figure 21. 2019 Hermiston Summer Air Quality Index Summary.
Monitoring from May 1st to October 2nd.

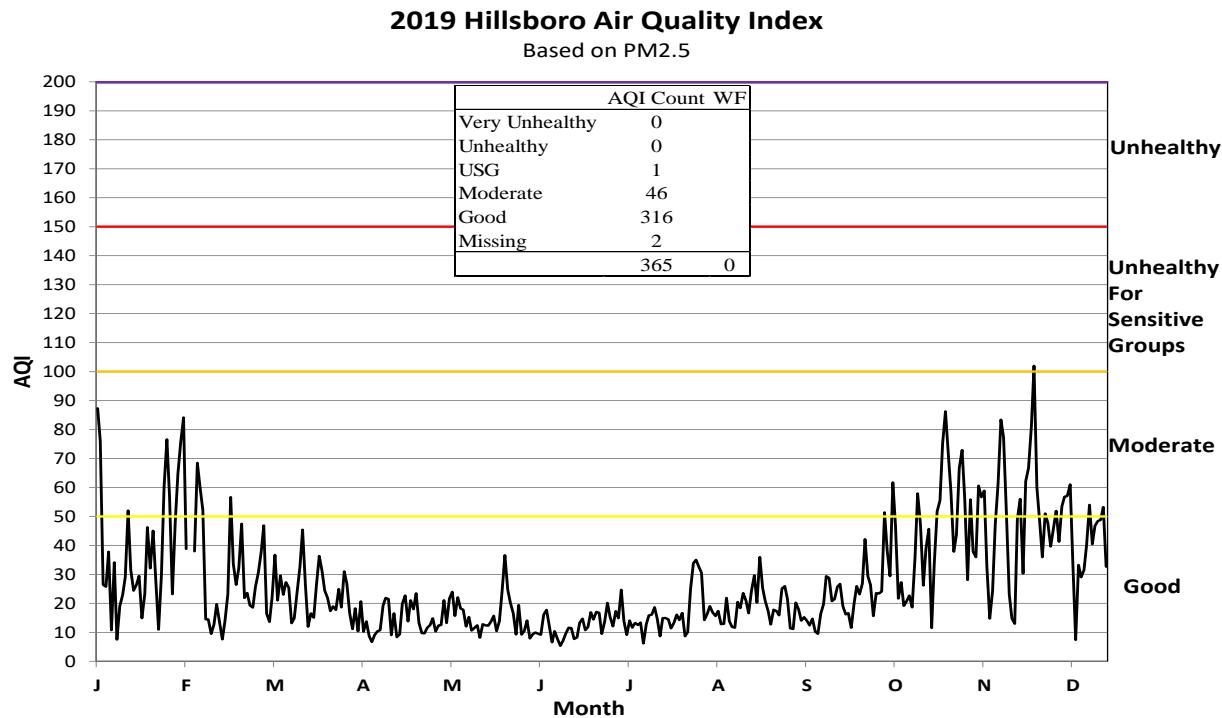


Figure 22. 2019 Hillsboro Air Quality Index Summary.

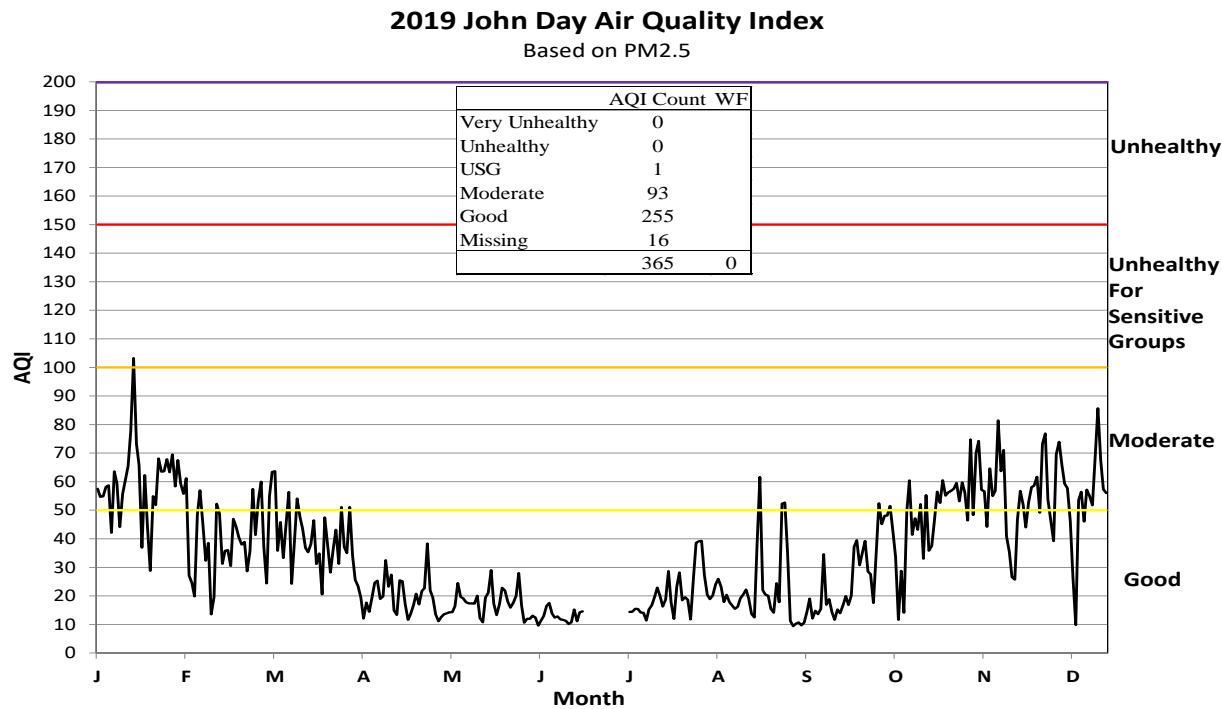


Figure 23. 2019 John Day Air Quality Index Summary.

2019 Klamath Falls Air Quality Index

Based on PM2.5

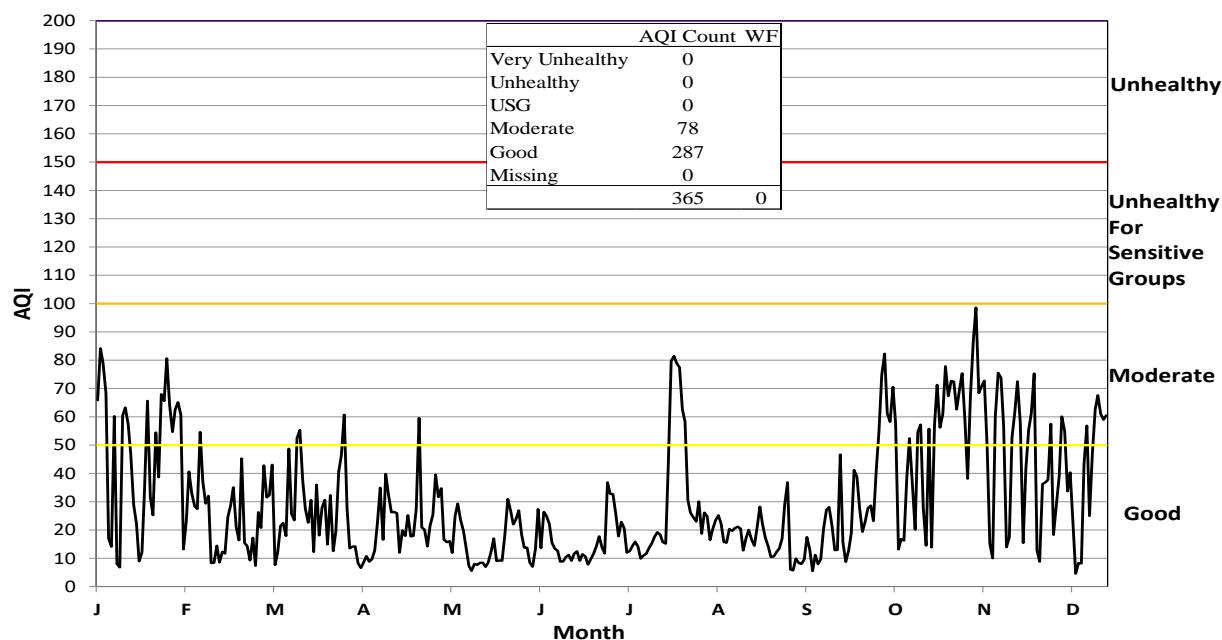


Figure 24. 2019 Klamath Falls Air Quality Index Summary.

2019 La Grande Air Quality Index

Based on PM2.5

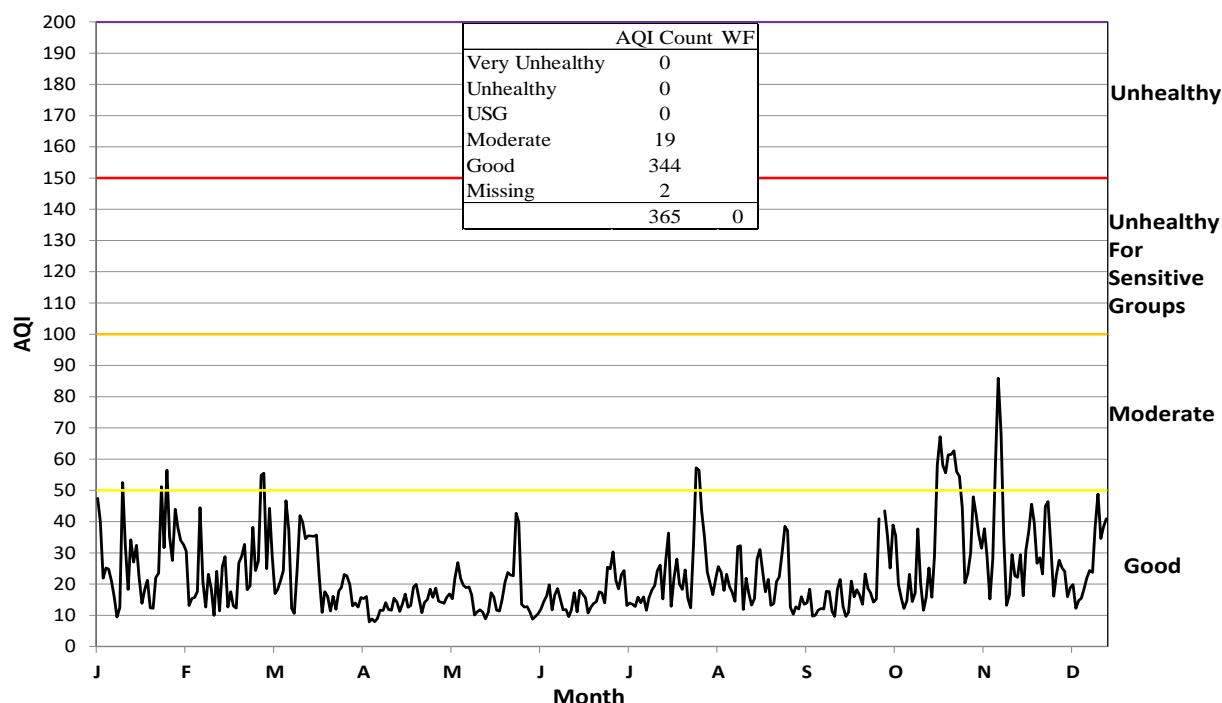


Figure 25. 2019 La Grande Air Quality Index Summary.

2019 Lakeview Air Quality Index

Based on PM2.5

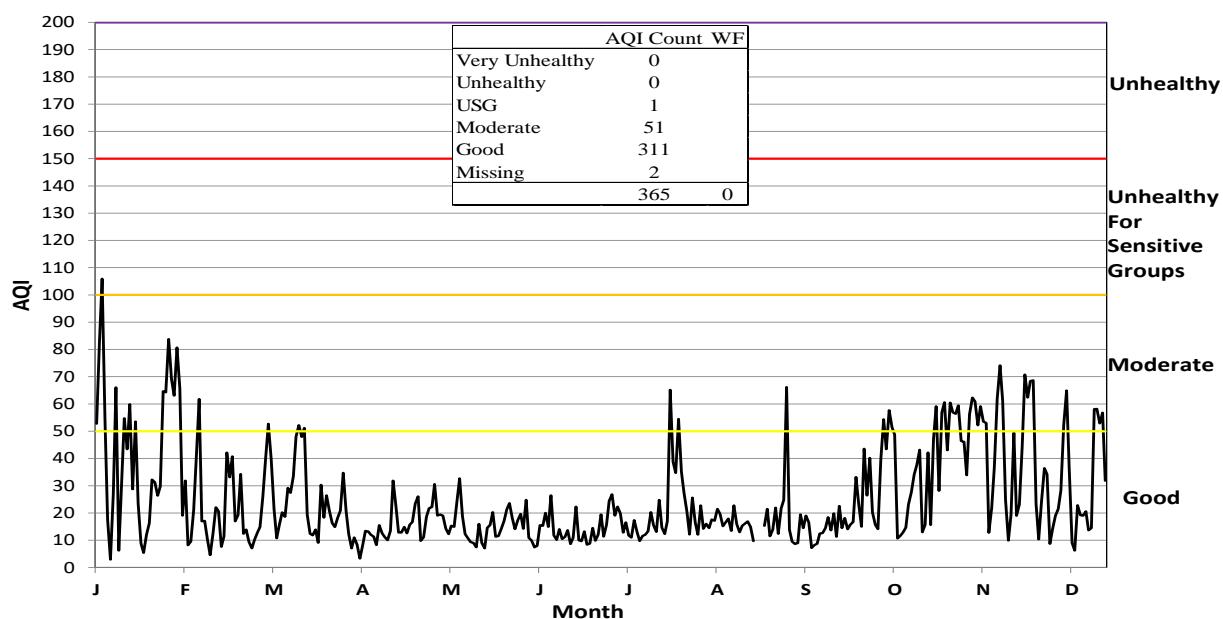


Figure 26. 2019 Lakeview Air Quality Index Summary.

2019 Lyons Air Quality Index

Based on PM2.5

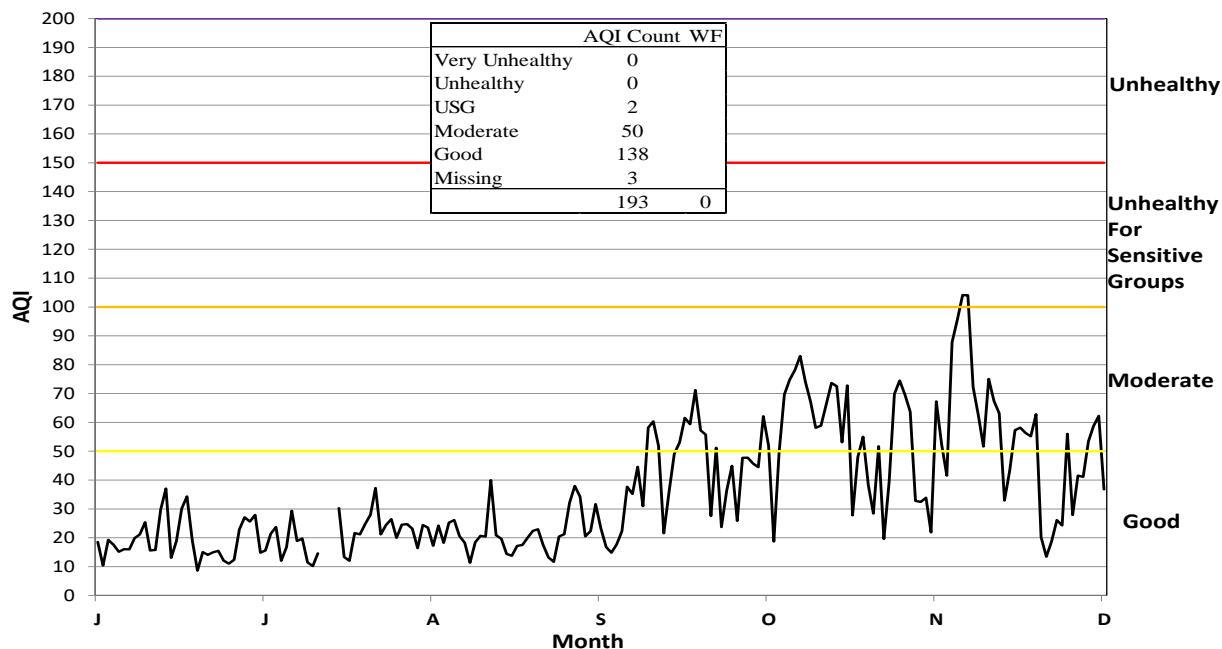


Figure 27. 2019 Lyons Air Quality Index Summary.

Monitoring June 22nd through December 31st.

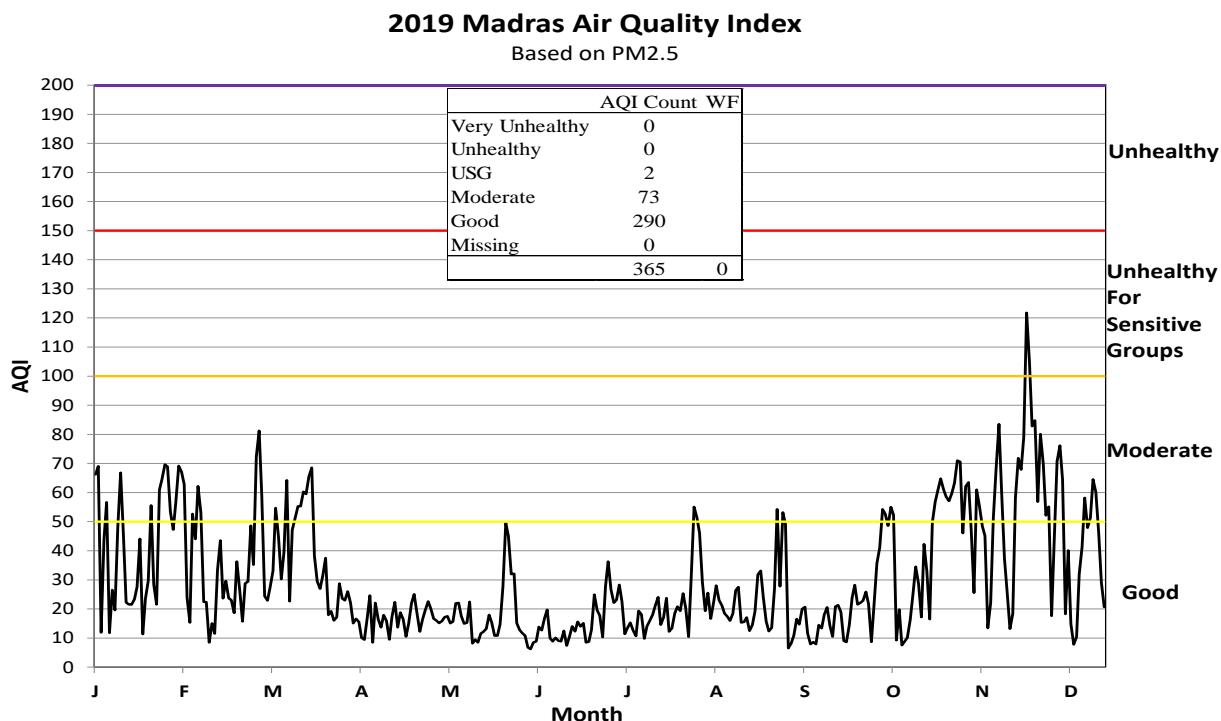


Figure 28. 2019 Madras Air Quality Index Summary.

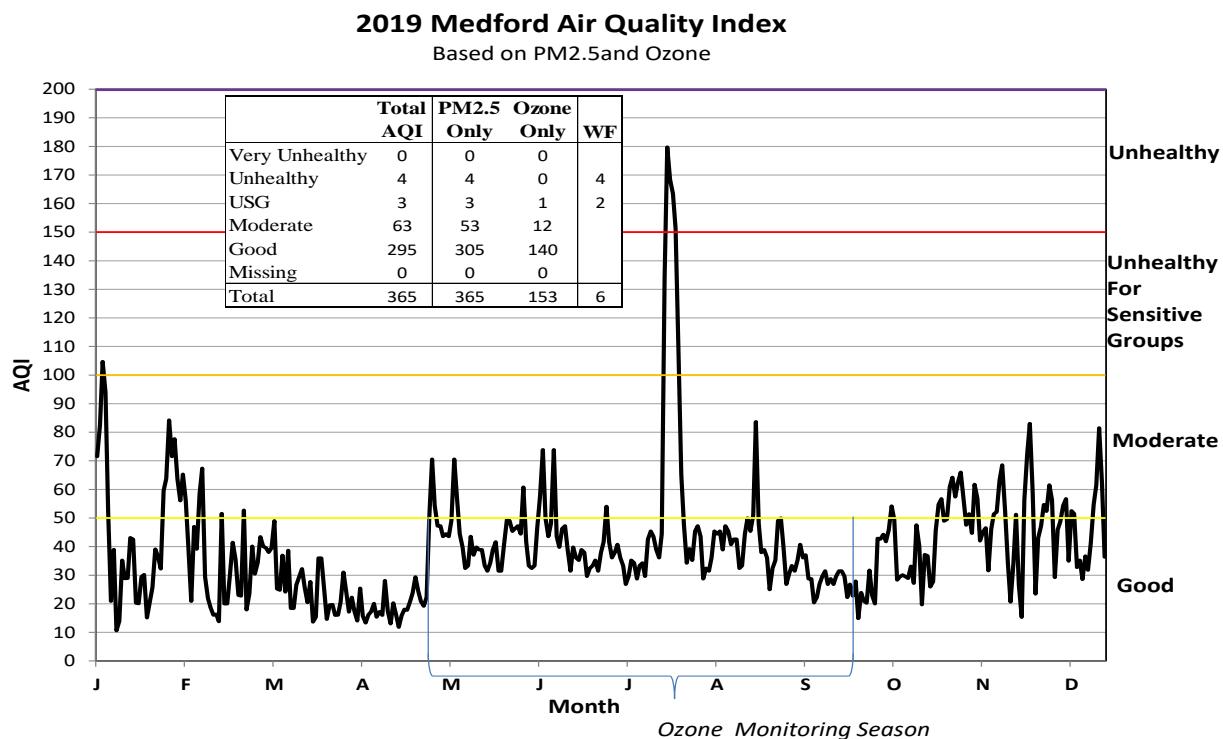


Figure 29. 2019 Medford Air Quality Index Summary.

Note: only the maximum ozone AQI or PM2.5 AQI is reported each day during ozone season.

2019 Mill City Air Quality Index
Based on PM2.5

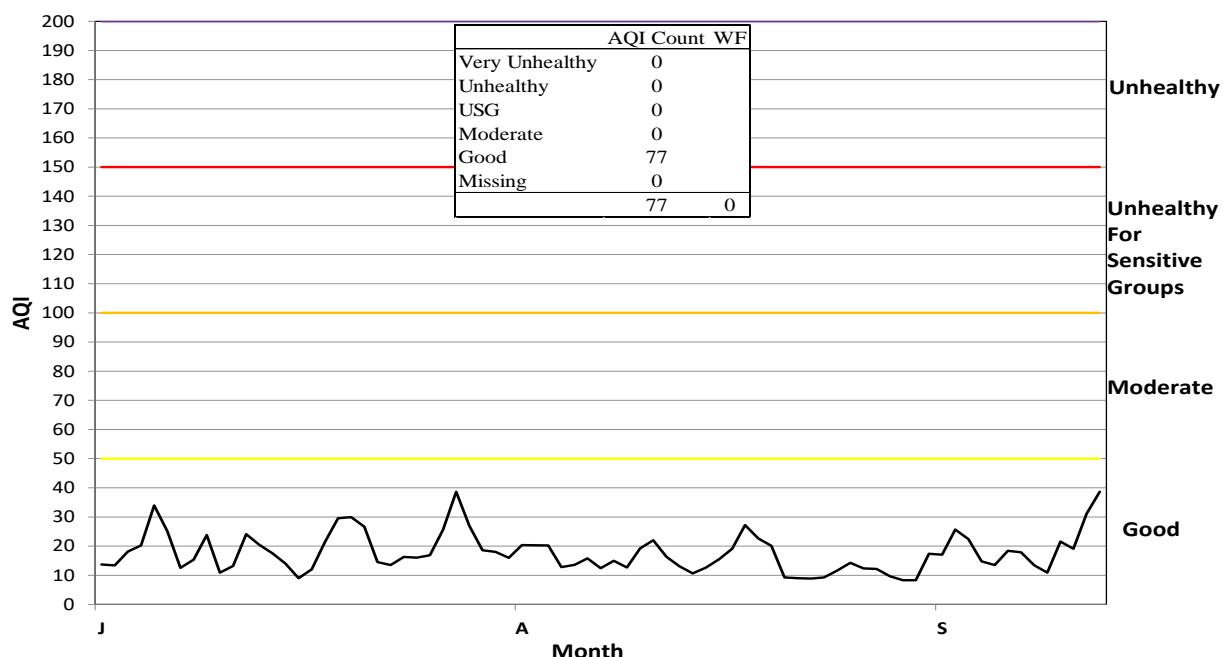


Figure 30. 2019 Mill City Summer Air Quality Index Summary.
Monitoring from July 18th through October 2nd.

2019 Mt. Hood Air Quality Index
Based on PM2.5

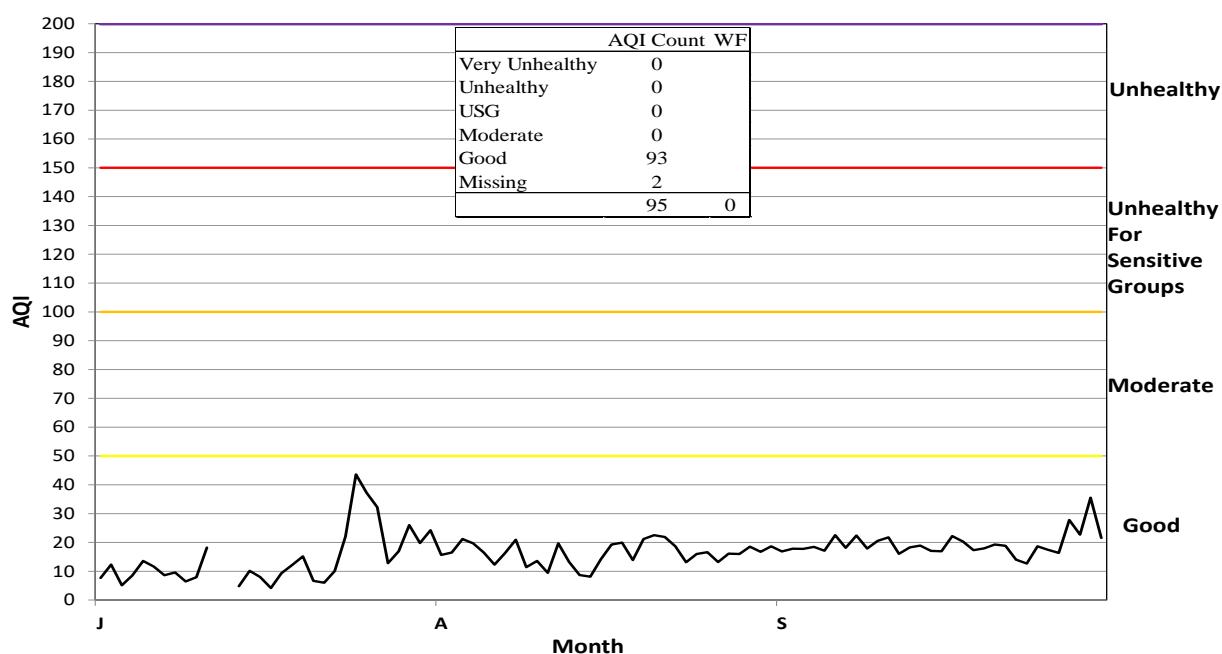


Figure 31. 2019 Mt. Hood Summer Air Quality Index Summary.
Monitoring from July 12th through October 14th.

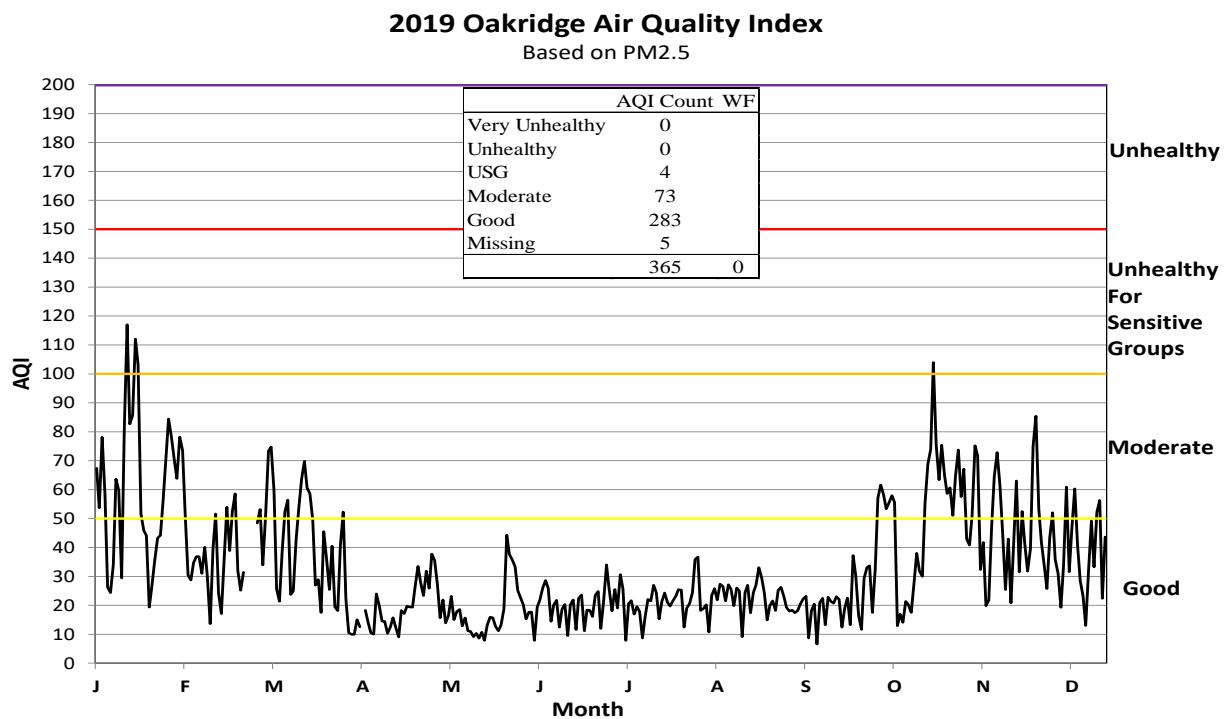


Figure 32. 2019 Oakridge Air Quality Index Summary.

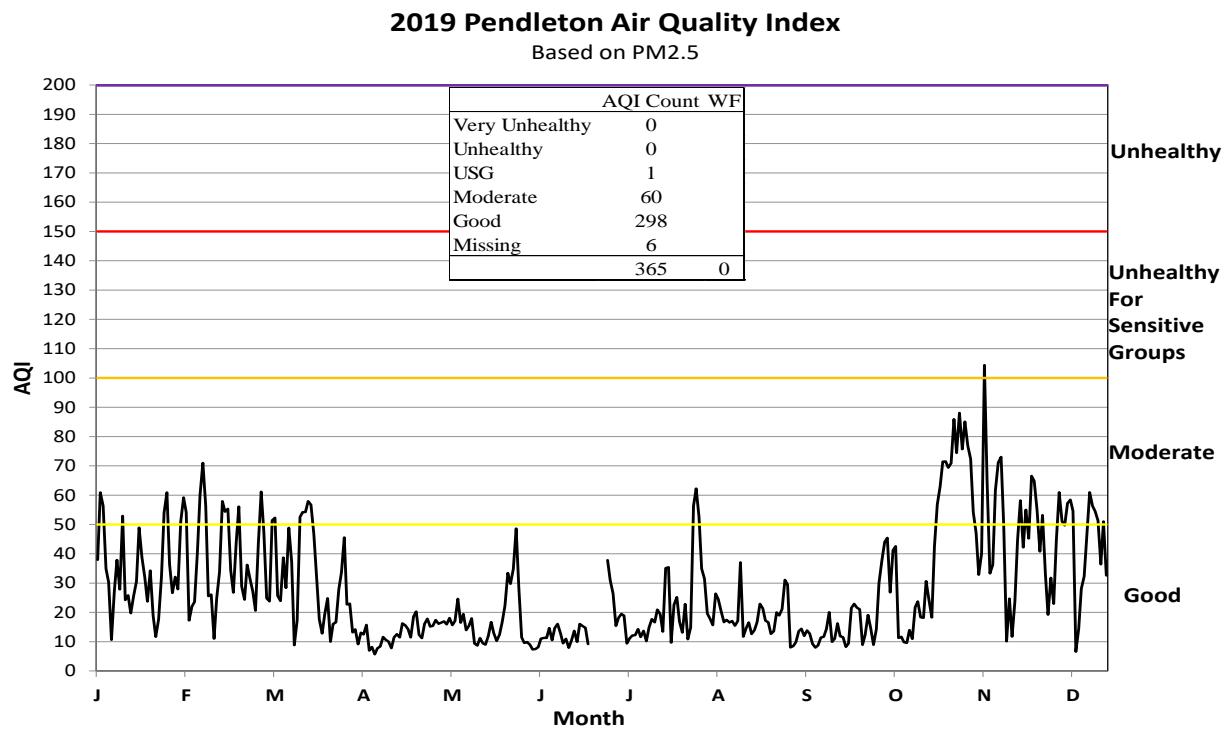


Figure 33. 2019 Pendleton Air Quality Index Summary.

2019 Portland Air Quality Index

Based on PM2.5, Ozone, Carbon Monoxide, Nitrogen Dioxide, and Sulfur Dioxide

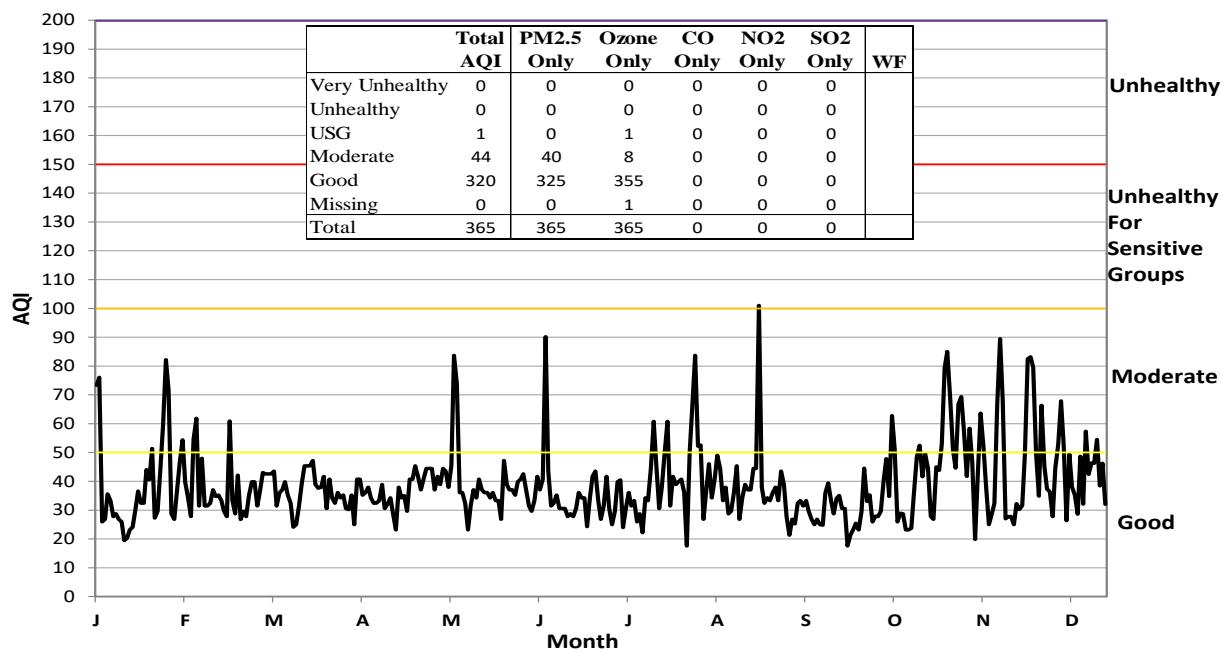


Figure 34. 2019 Portland Air Quality Index Summary.

Note: only the maximum AQI pollutant type is reported for each day.

2019 Prineville Air Quality Index

Based on PM2.5

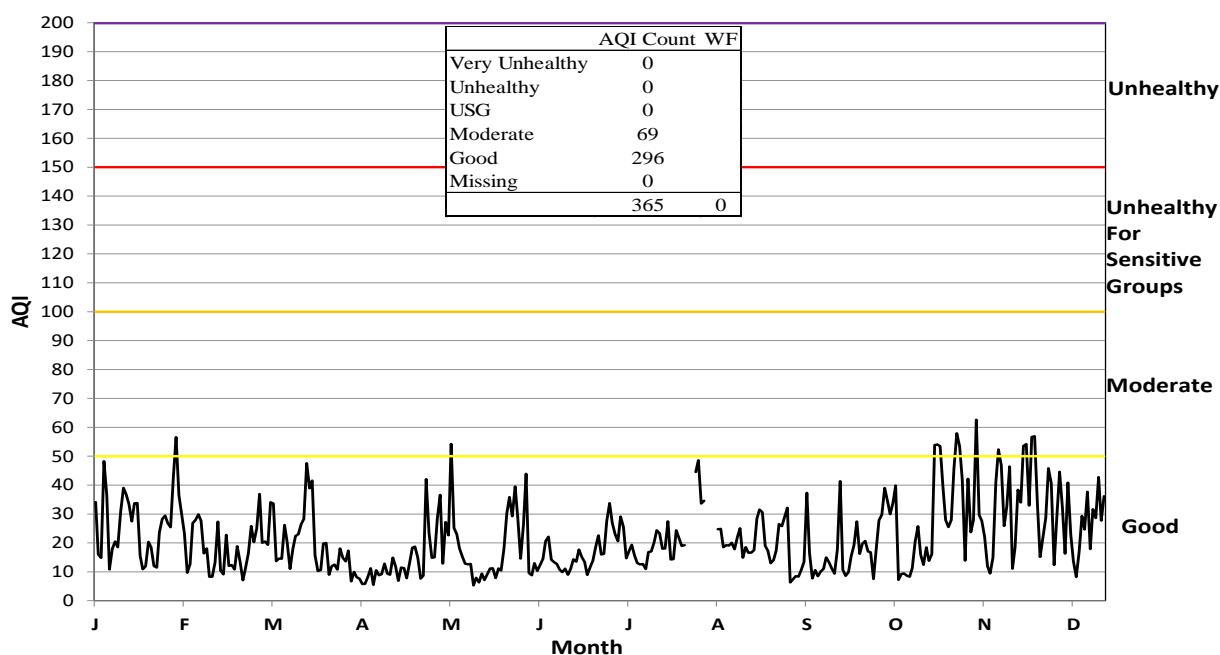


Figure 35. 2019 Prineville Air Quality Index Summary.

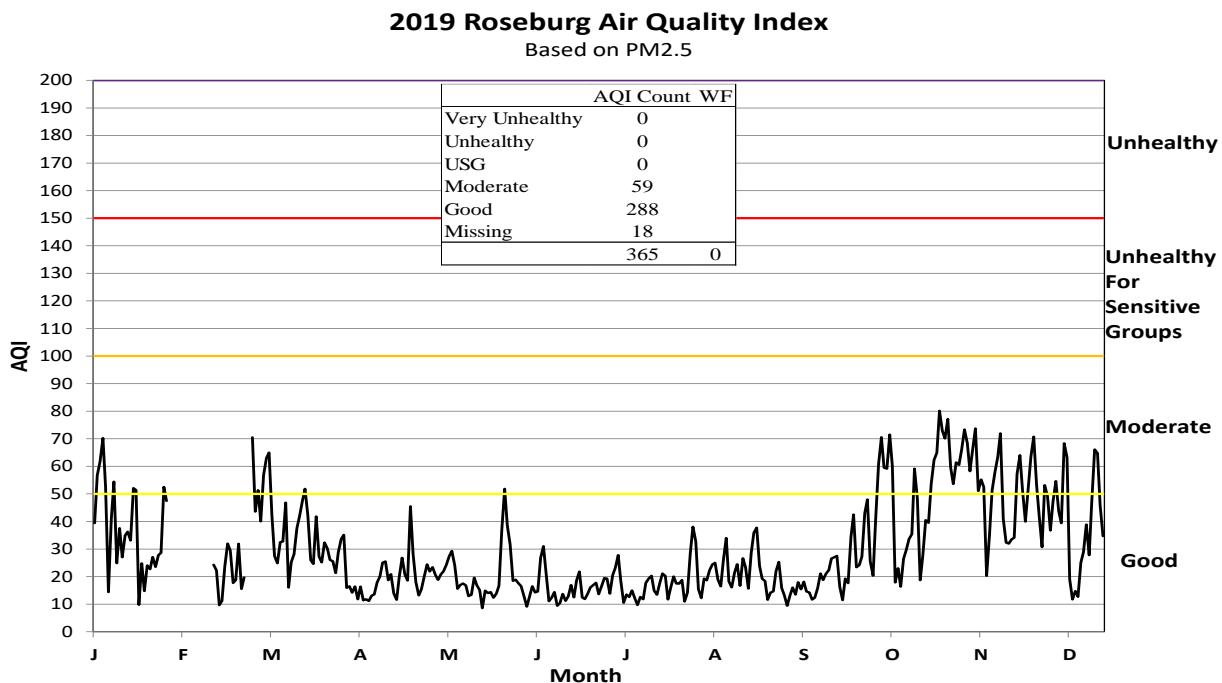


Figure 36. 2019 Roseburg Air Quality Index Summary.

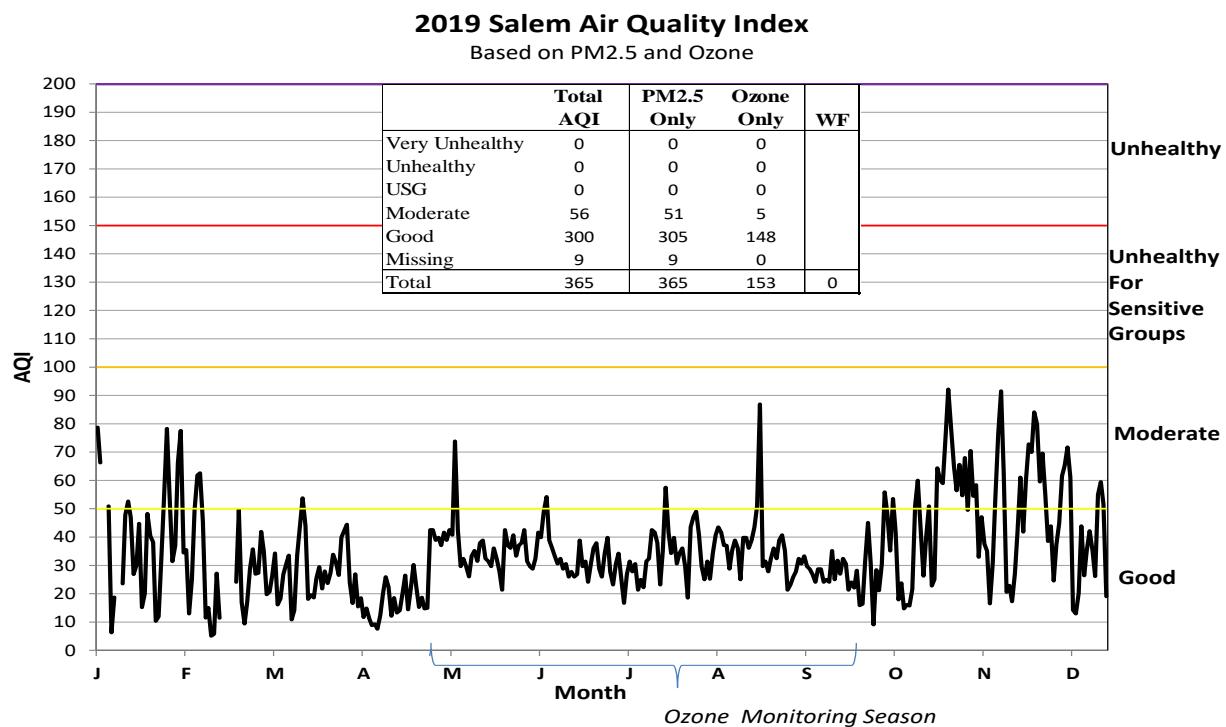


Figure 37. 2019 Salem Air Quality Index Summary.

Note: only the maximum ozone AQI or PM2.5 AQI is reported each day during ozone season.

2019 Sauvie Island Air Quality Index

Based on PM2.5

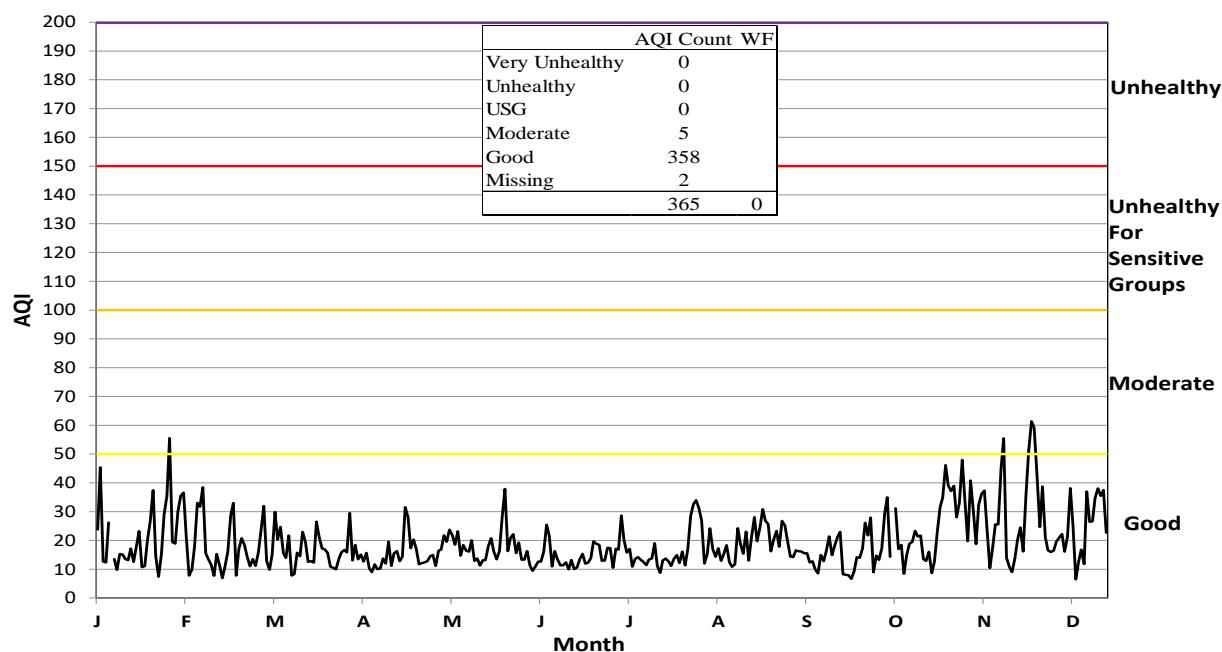


Figure 38. 2019 Sauvie Island Air Quality Index Summary.

2019 Shady Cove Air Quality Index

Based on PM2.5

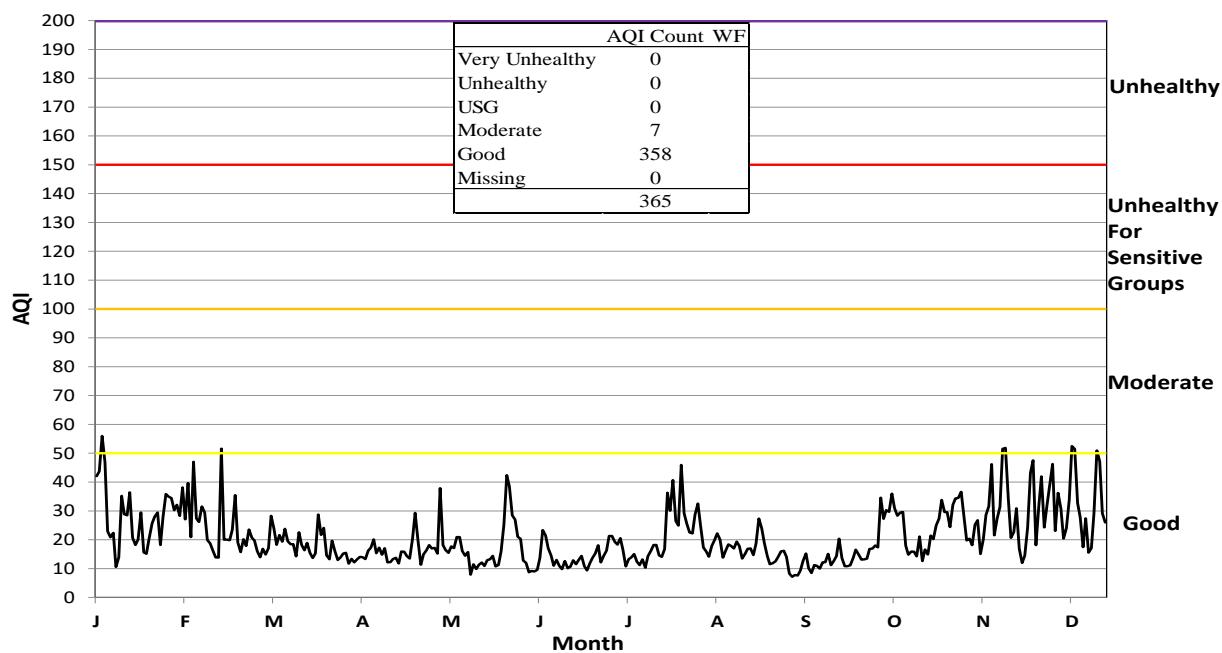


Figure 39. 2019 Shady Cove Air Quality Index Summary.

2019 Silverton Air Quality Index

Based on PM2.5

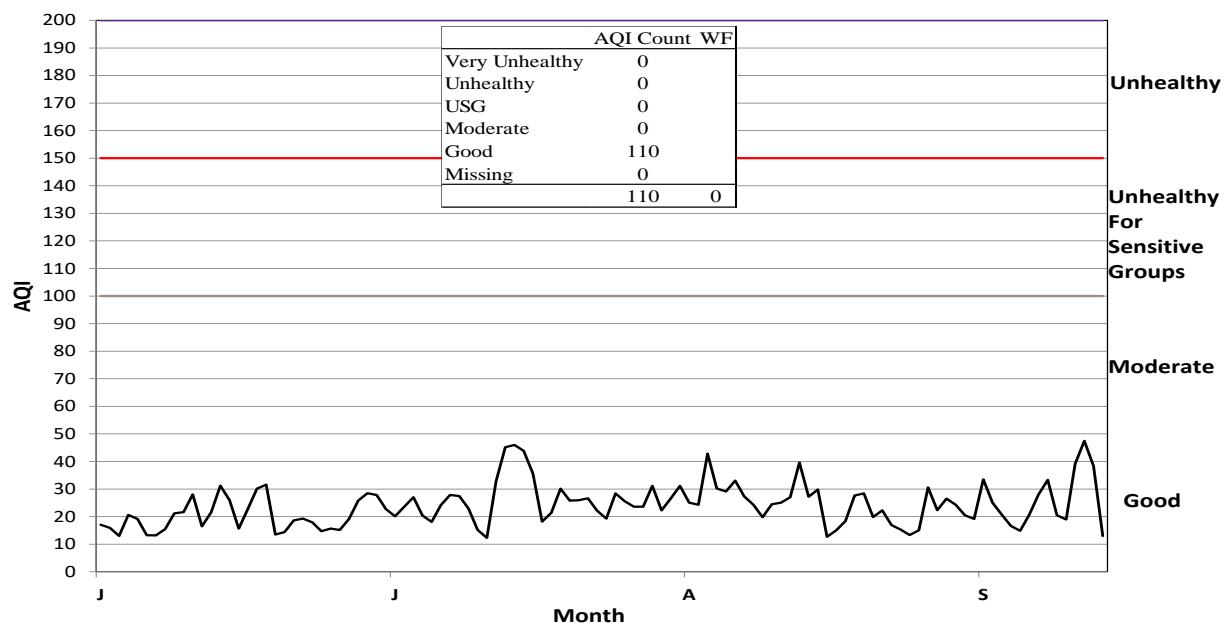


Figure 40. 2019 Silverton Summer Air Quality Index Summary.
Monitoring from June 21st through October 8th.

2019 Sisters Air Quality Index

Based on PM2.5

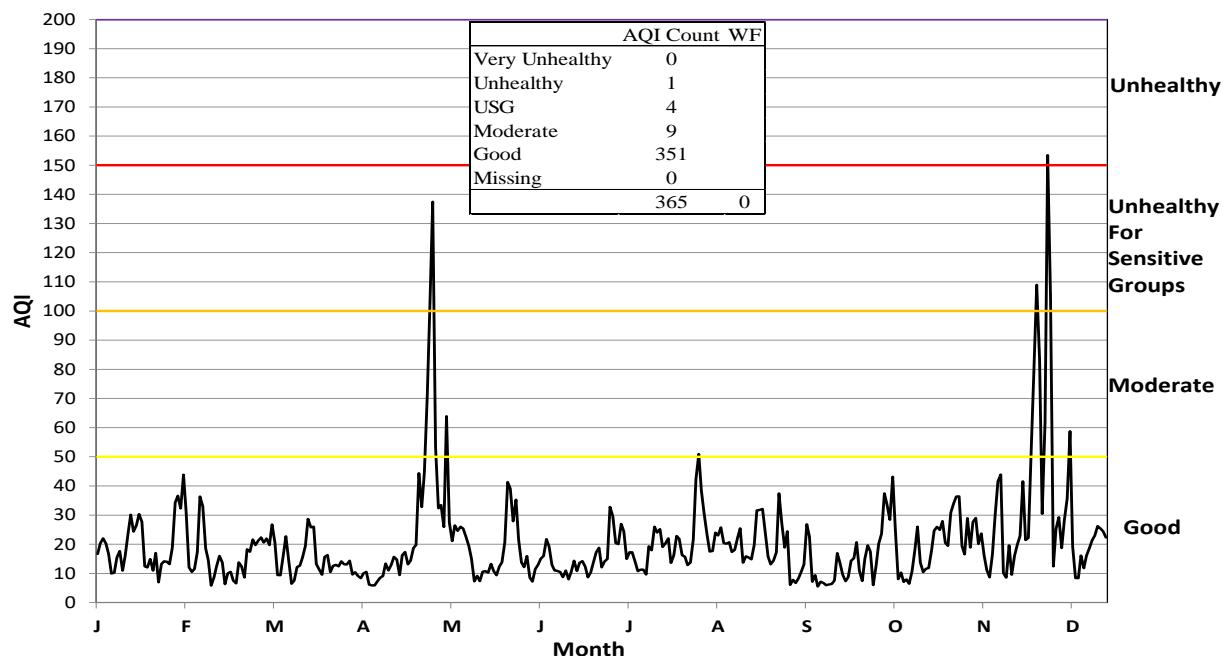


Figure 41. 2019 Sisters Air Quality Index Summary.

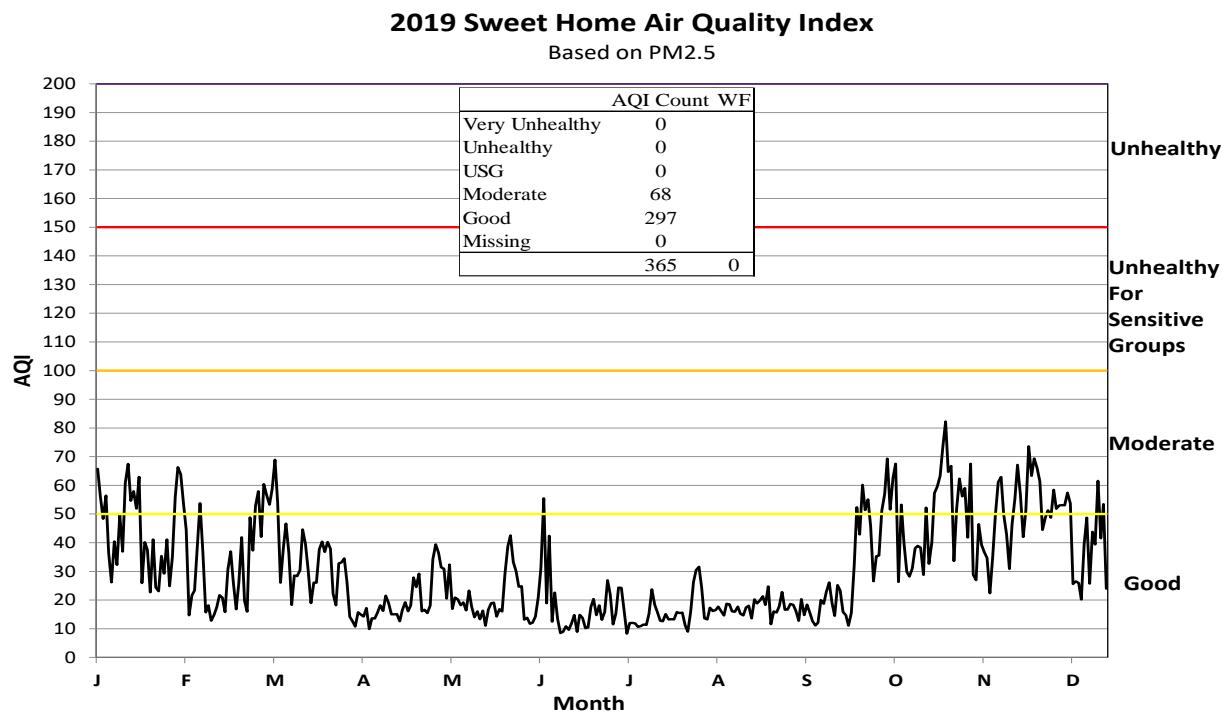


Figure 42. 2019 Sweet Home Air Quality Index Summary.

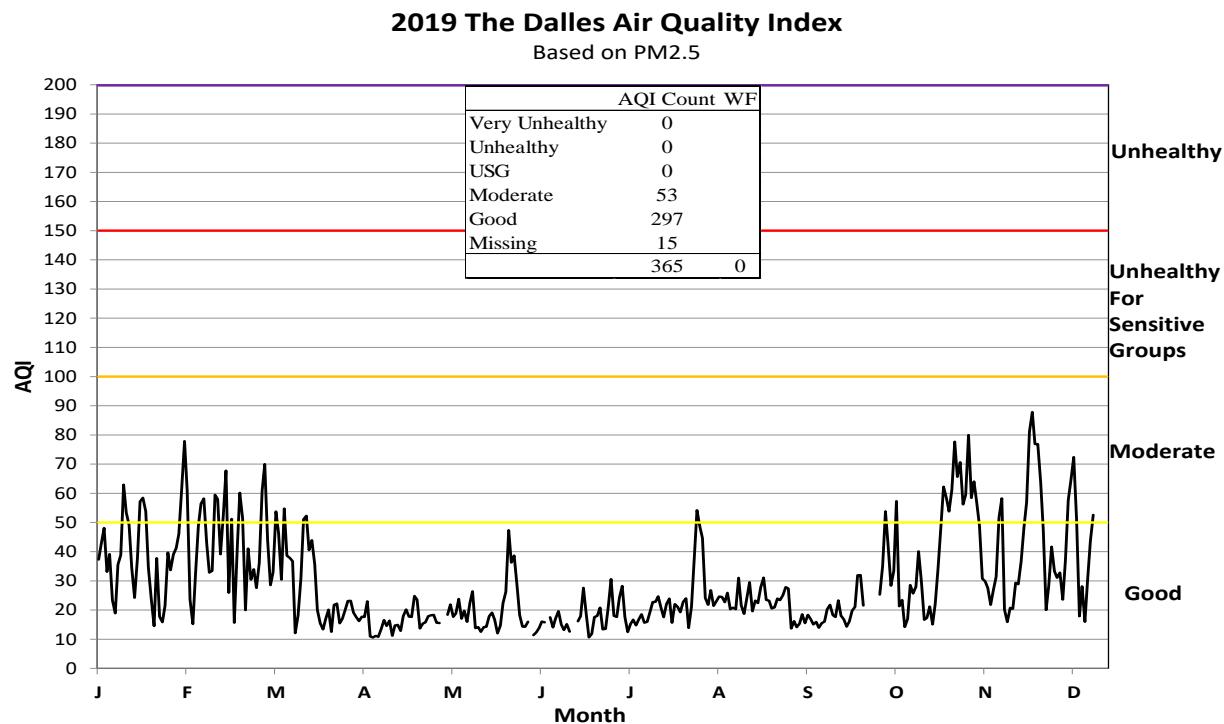


Figure 43. 2019 The Dalles Air Quality Index Summary.

2019 Tualatin I-5 Air Quality Index

Based on PM2.5

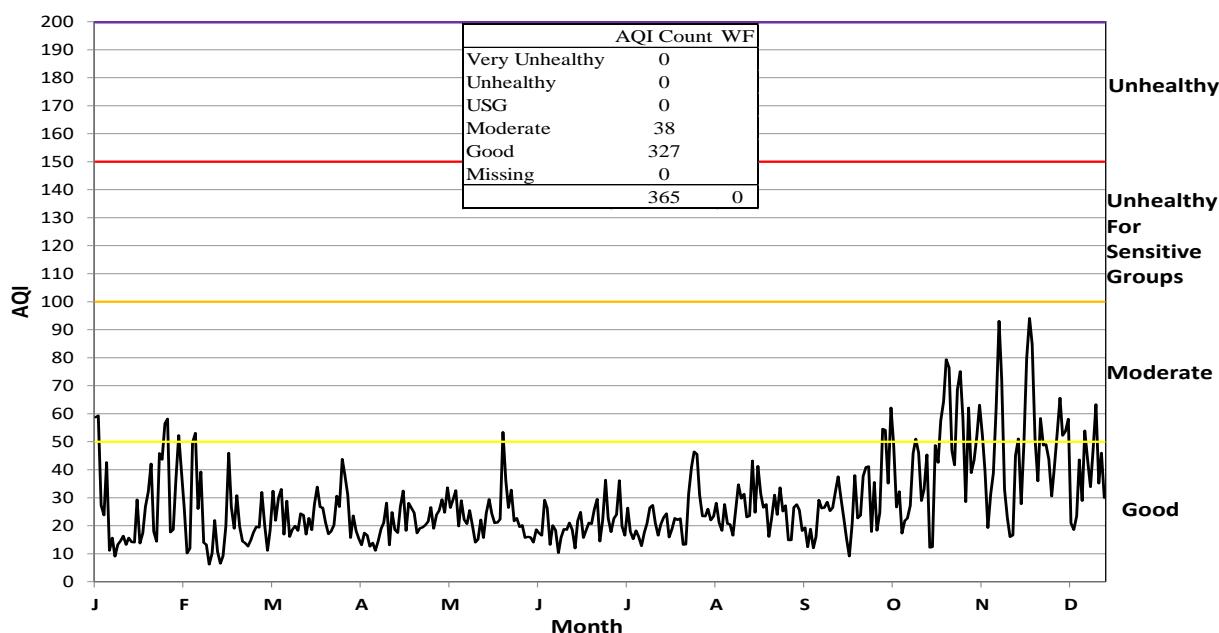


Figure 44. 2019 Tualatin Interstate-5 Near-Road Air Quality Index Summary

Table 4. Oregon 2019 AQI Summary.

2019 AQI Summary	Good	Moderate	USG	Unhealthy	Very Unhealthy	Missing days	Sum	Comment
Albany	322	43	0	0	0	0	365	
Applegate Valley	345	13	3	2	0	2	365	
Ashland	351	9	1	4	0	0	365	
Baker City	328	32	0	0	0	5	365	
Beaverton	345	17	0	0	0	3	365	
Bend	345	13	0	0	0	7	365	
Burns	265	95	5	0	0	0	365	
Cave Junction	293	69	3	0	0	0	365	
Chiloquin	99	16	2	2	0	246	365	Started 8/31
Corvallis	332	33	0	0	0	0	365	
Cottage Grove	311	53	0	0	0	1	365	
Coos Bay	30	13	0	0	0	322	365	
Cove	66	2	0	0	0	38	106	8/8 - 10/14
Crater Lake	102	1	0	0	0	0	103	6/25 - 10/8
Detroit Lake	83	0	0	0	0	0	83	7/12 - 10/2
Enterprise	333	29	1	0	0	2	365	
Eugene/ Springfield	292	71	2	0	0	0	365	

2019 AQI Summary	Good	Moderate	USG	Unhealthy	Very Unhealthy	Missing days	Sum	Comment
Florence	262	4	0	0	0	99	365	started 4/10
Forest Grove	141	39	0	0	0	185	365	started 7/5
Grants Pass	264	55	3	2	0	41	365	
Hermiston	143	11	0	0	0	1	155	5/1 - 10/2
Hillsboro	316	46	1	0	0	2	365	
John Day	255	93	1	0	0	16	365	
Klamath Falls	287	78	0	0	0	0	365	
La Grande	344	19	0	0	0	2	365	
Lakeview	311	51	1	0	0	2	365	
Lyons	138	50	2	0	0	3	193	Started 6/22
Madras	290	73	2	0	0	0	365	
Medford	295	63	3	4	0	0	365	
Mill City	77	0	0	0	0	0	77	7/18 - 10/2
Mt. Hood	93	0	0	0	0	2	95	7/12 - 10/14
Oakridge	283	73	4	0	0	5	365	
Pendleton	298	60	1	0	0	6	365	
Portland	320	44	1	0	0	0	365	
Prineville	296	69	0	0	0	0	365	
Roseburg	288	59	0	0	0	18	365	
Salem	300	56	0	0	0	9	365	
Sauvie Island	358	5	0	0	0	2	365	
Shady	358	7	0	0	0	0	365	
Silverton	110	0	0	0	0	0	110	6/21 - 10/8
Sisters	351	9	4	1	0	0	365	
Sweet Home	297	68	0	0	0	0	365	
The Dalles	297	53	0	0	0	15	365	
Tualatin Interstate-5	327	38	0	0	0	0	365	

Air Quality Trends

Ozone Trends

Ozone is a secondary pollutant formed when there are elevated levels of nitrogen dioxide and volatile organic compounds that undergo chemical reactions in high temperatures, and sunlight. In Oregon, elevated ozone occurs in the summer and can be formed by human-caused pollution from fossil fuel combustion and also by naturally caused pollution from wildfire smoke, which contains NO₂ and VOCs. In 2017 and 2018, most of the state experienced elevated ozone because the wildfire smoke introduced natural precursors on top of the human-caused emissions.

The graphs below show the air quality trends compared to the National Ambient Air Quality Standard (NAAQS). Data with wildfire contributions are included because it is very difficult to determine if the ozone would have exceeded the NAAQS without the smoke from wildfires.

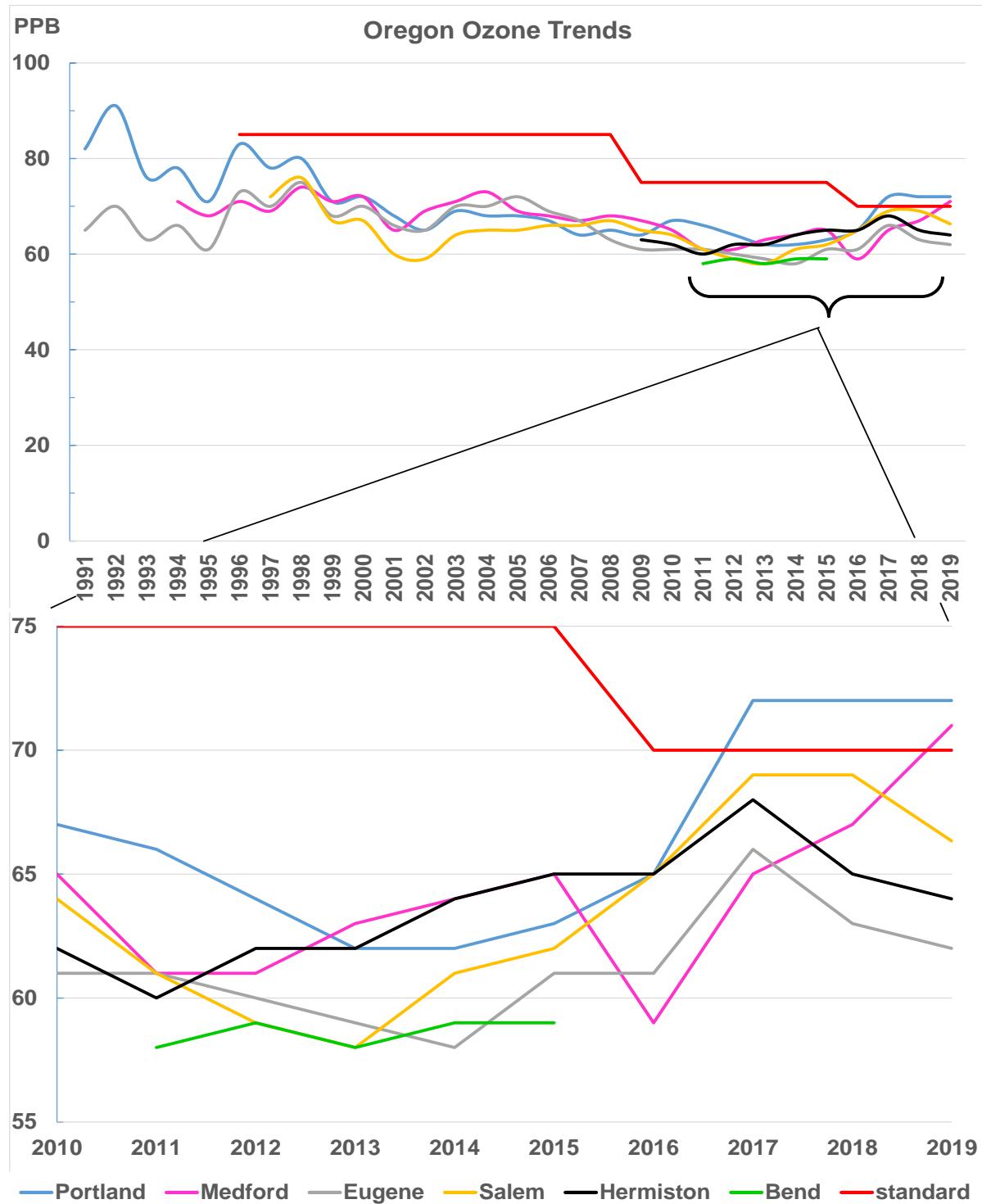


Figure 45. Oregon ozone trend.

The data is the three year average of the 4th highest annual daily 8 hour average.

For more detail, see the charts by region below.

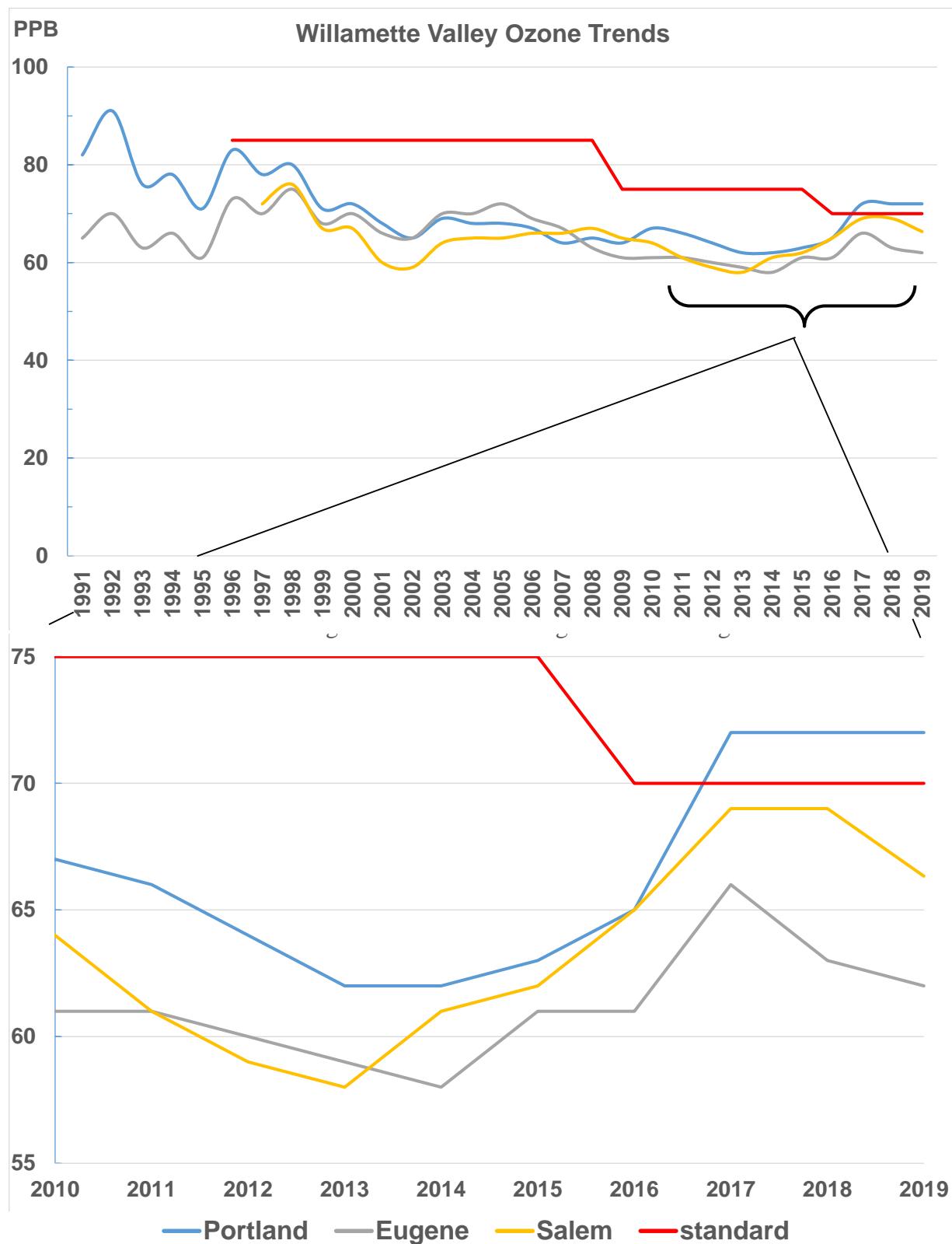


Figure 46. Willamette Valley ozone trends

The data is the three year average of the 4th highest annual daily 8 hour average.

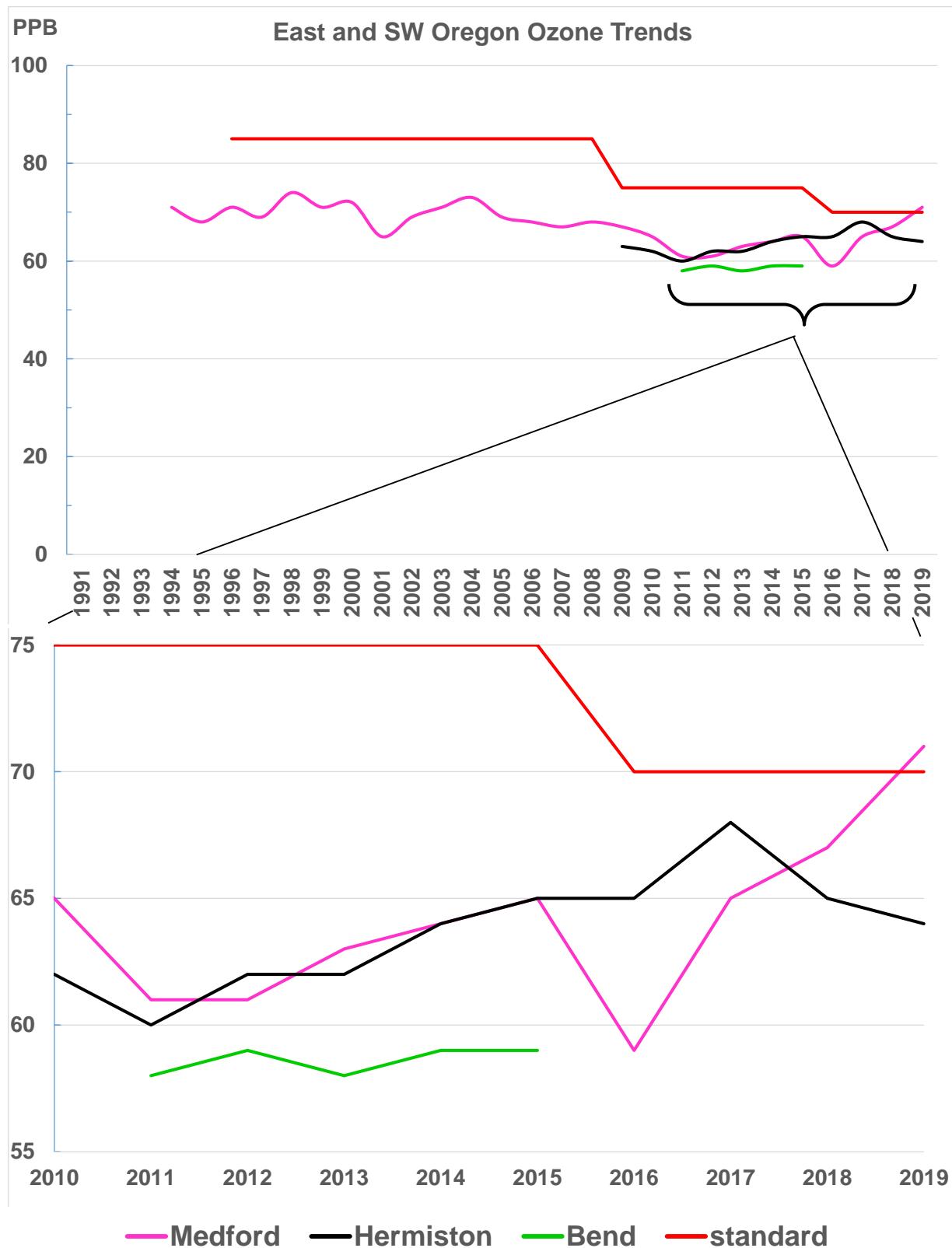


Figure 47. Southwest and Eastern Oregon ozone trends
The data is the three year average of the 4th highest annual daily 8 hour average.

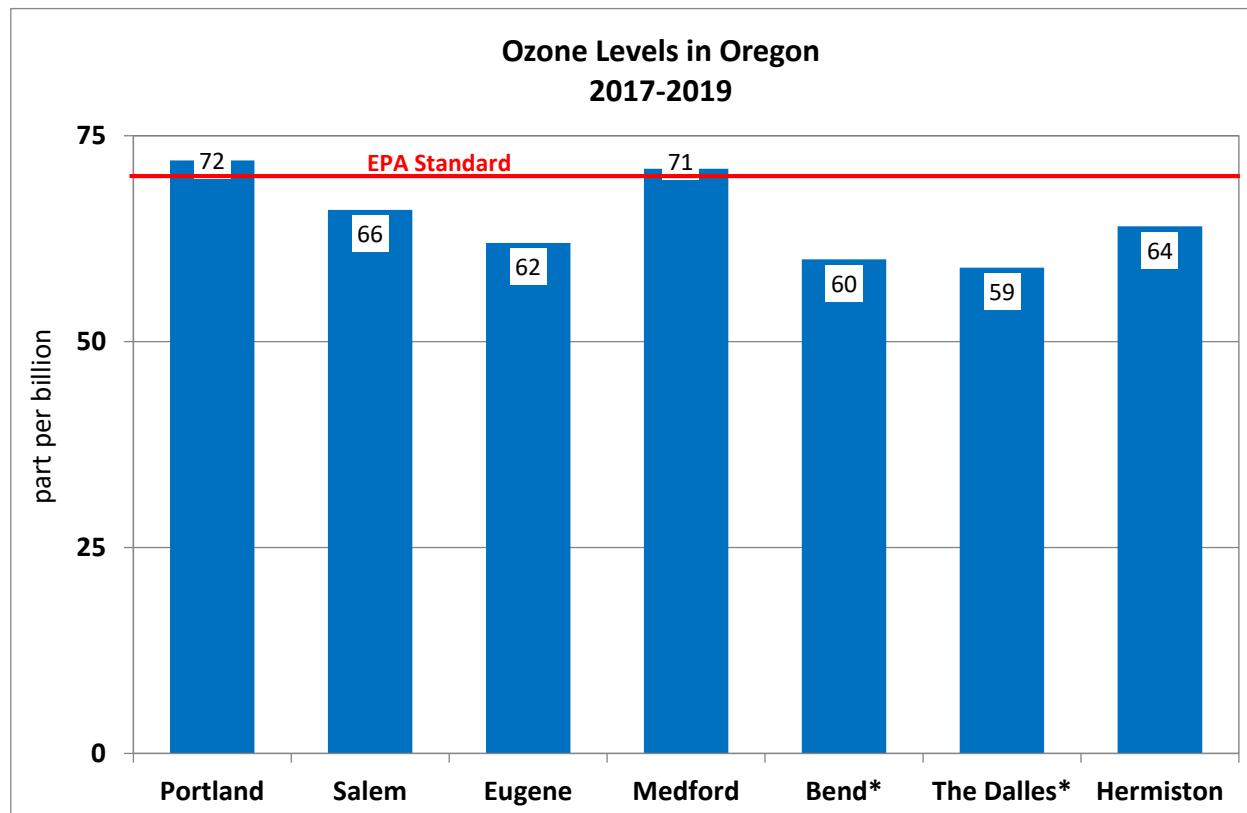


Figure 48. Oregon cities 2017-2019 Ozone Levels

The data is the three year average of the 4th highest annual daily 8 hour average.

* Bend and The Dalles no longer have monitors. The Bend data is for 2013-15, The Dalles data is for 2016-2018.

Note that the wildfire smoke in 2017 and 2018 contributed to the elevated ozone levels and most likely caused Portland and Medford to violate the NAAQS. However, since high ozone occurs in the summer months precisely when wildfire smoke impacts occur, it is very difficult to determine what the ozone level would have been but for the wildfire smoke.

PM2.5 Trends

The charts below show the trends for the 98th percentile and annual average PM2.5. The 98th Percentile is used for comparison to the daily standard. Wildfire data was separated for daily standard comparison.

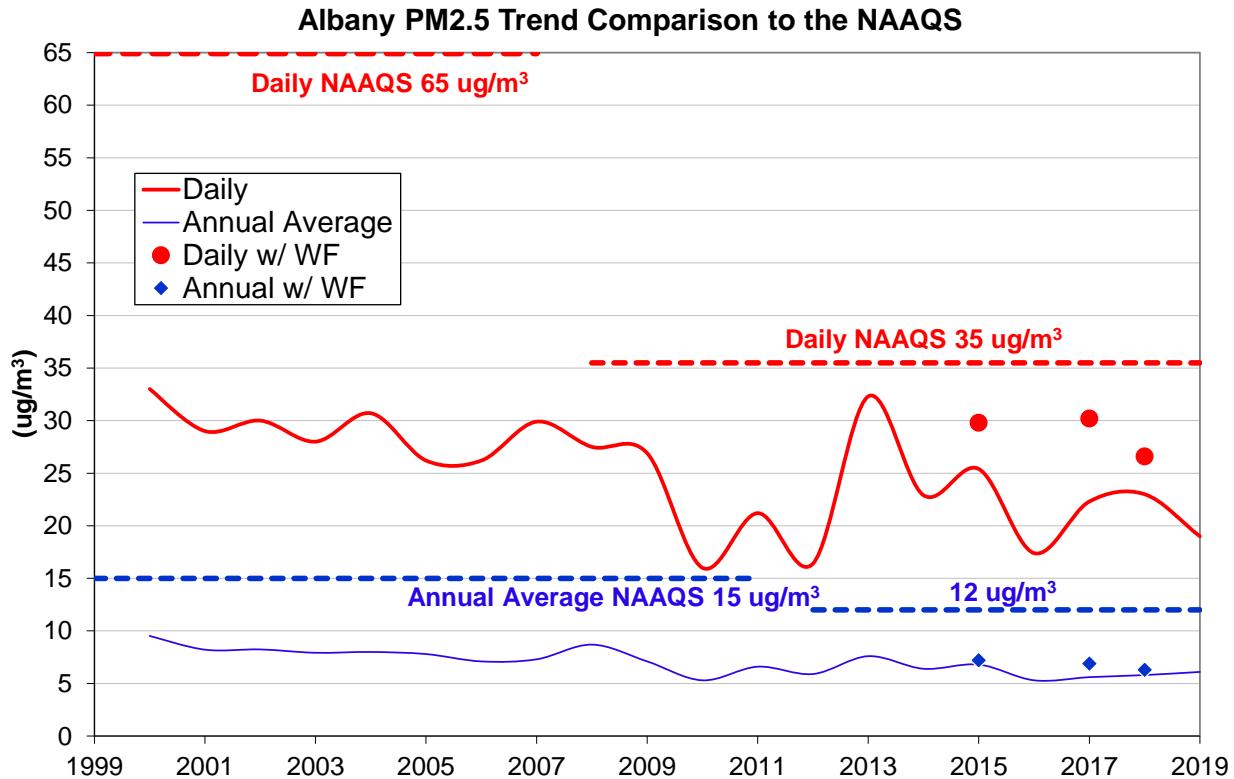


Figure 49. Albany PM2.5 trends

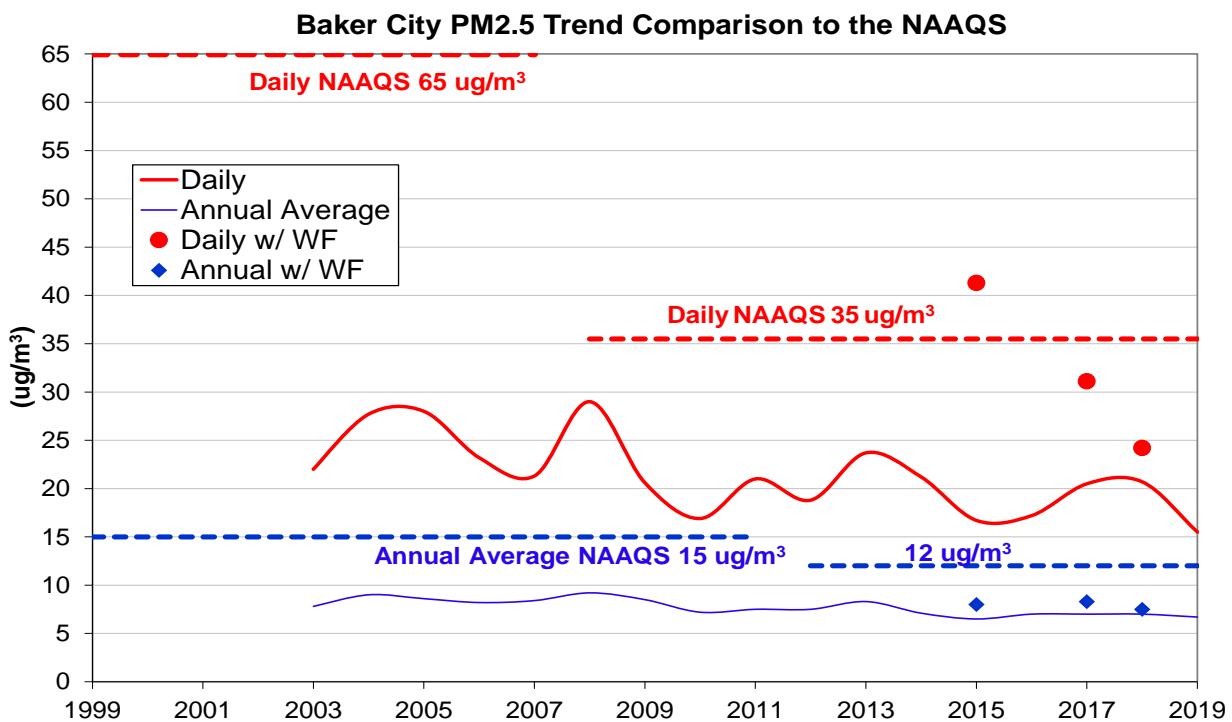


Figure 50. Baker City PM2.5 trends

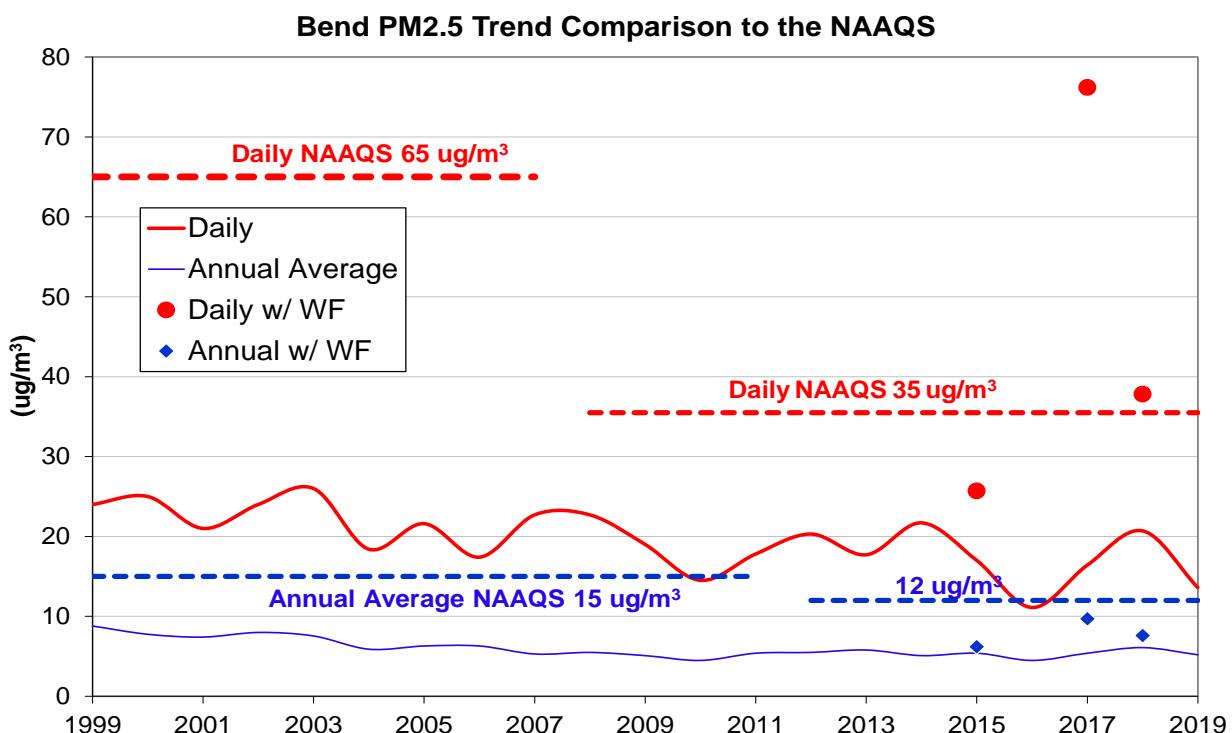


Figure 51. Bend PM2.5 trends

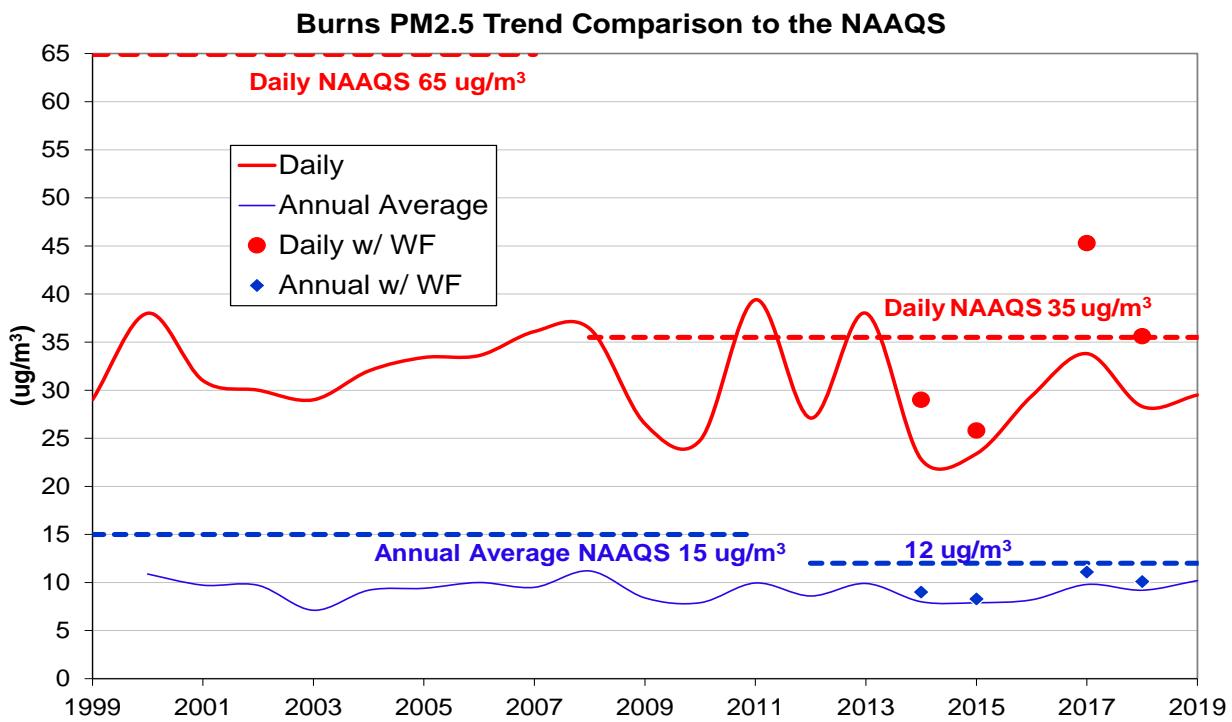


Figure 52. Burns PM2.5 trend.

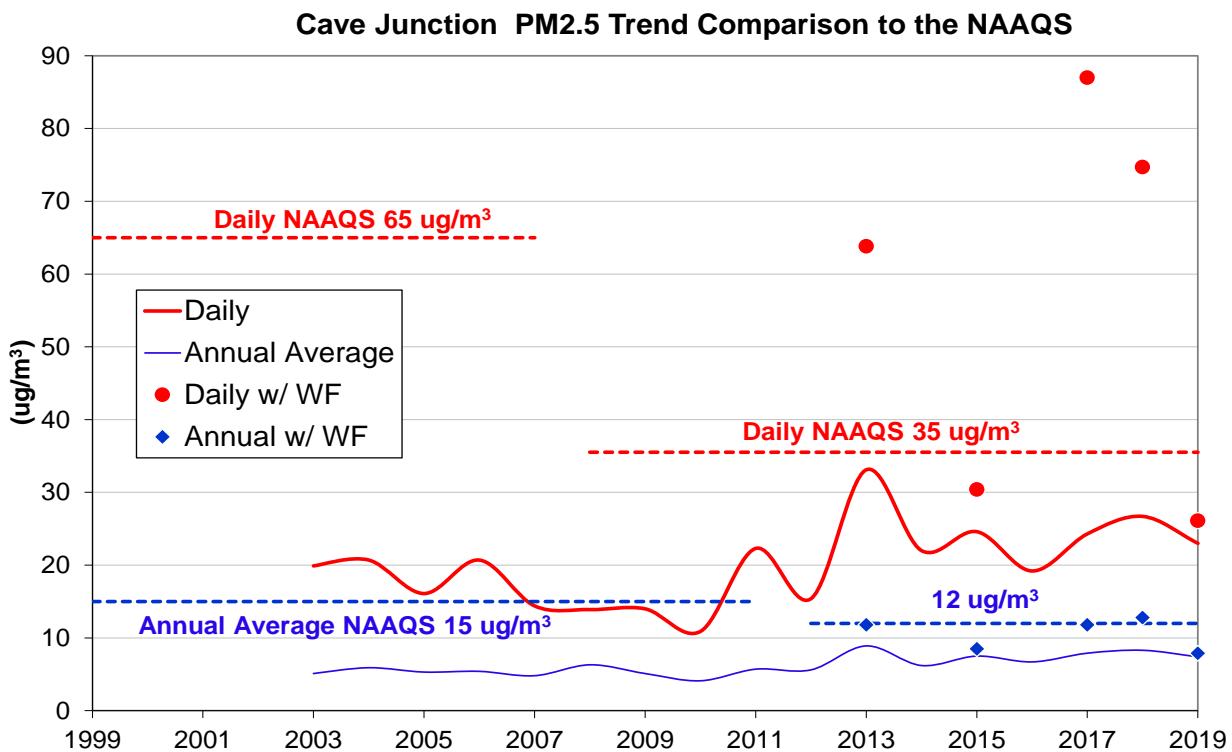


Figure 53. Cave Junction PM2.5 trend.

WF = Wildfire Smoke Impact

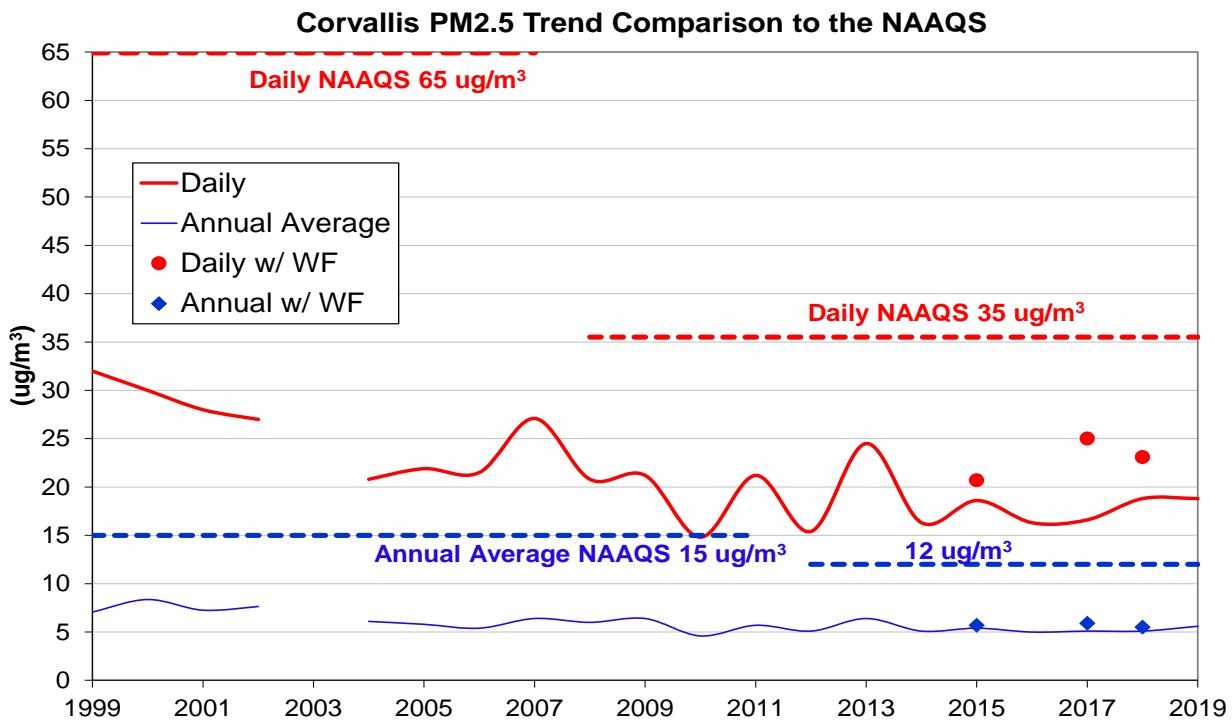


Figure 54. Corvallis PM2.5 trend.

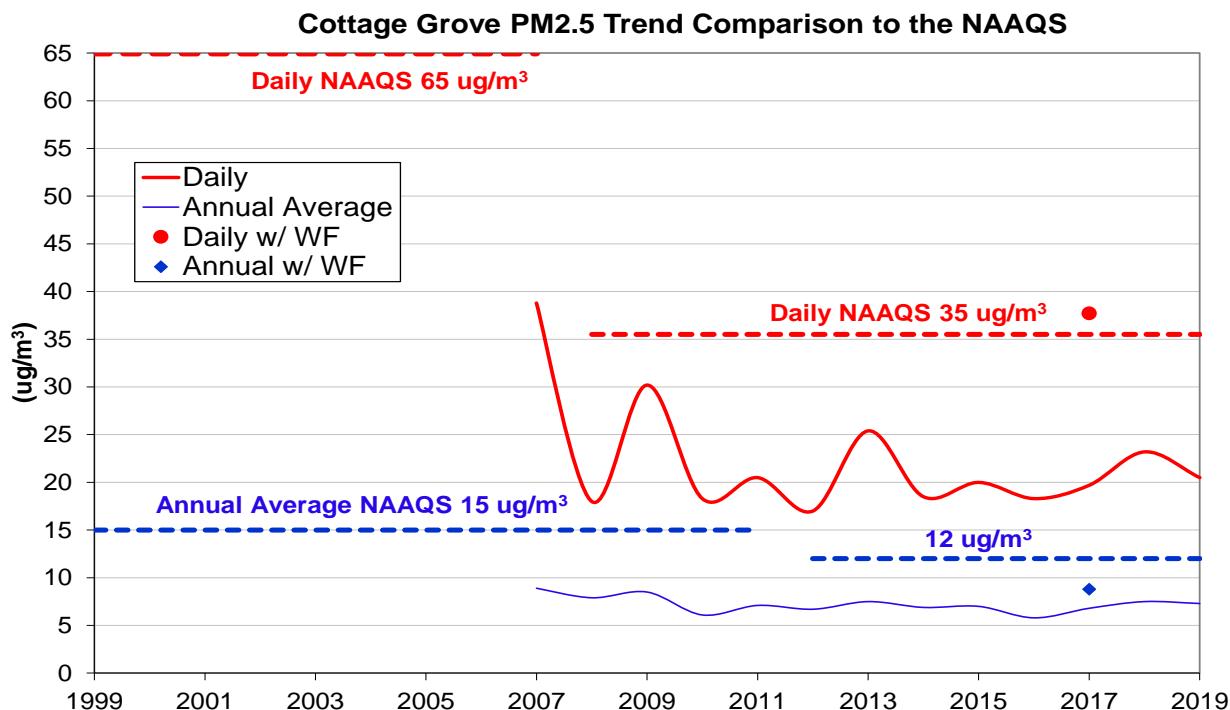


Figure 55. Cottage Grove PM2.5 trends.

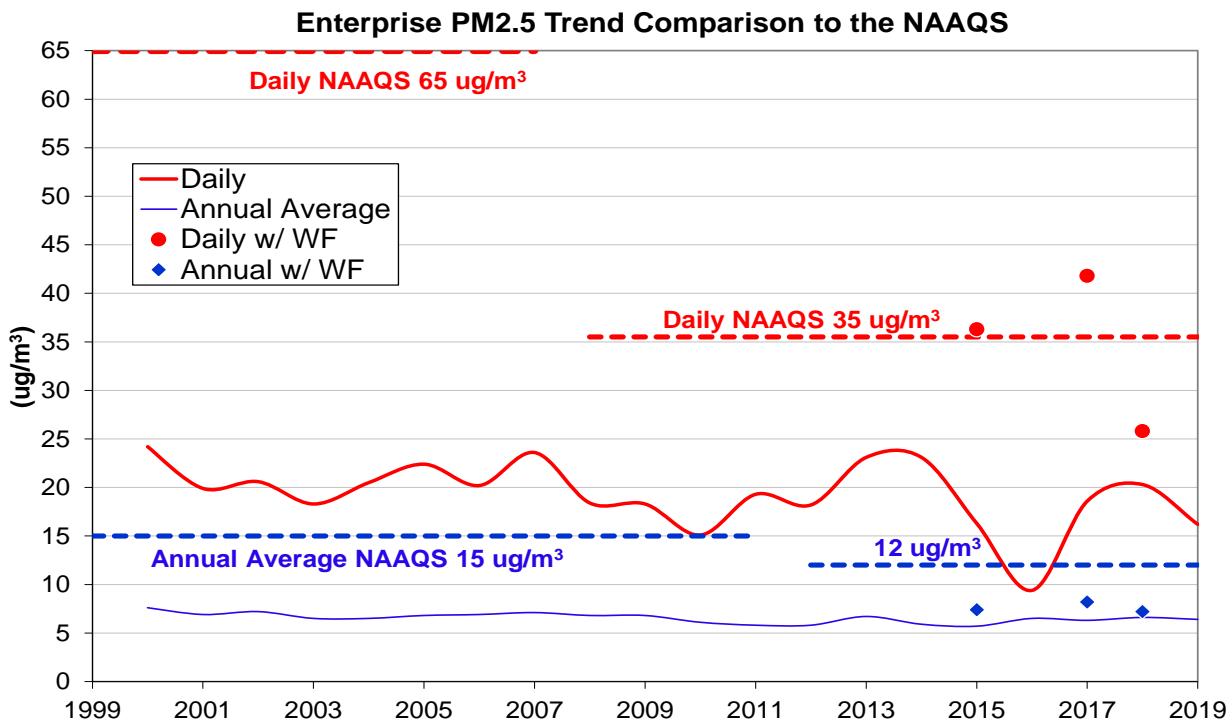


Figure 56. Enterprise PM_{2.5} trends.

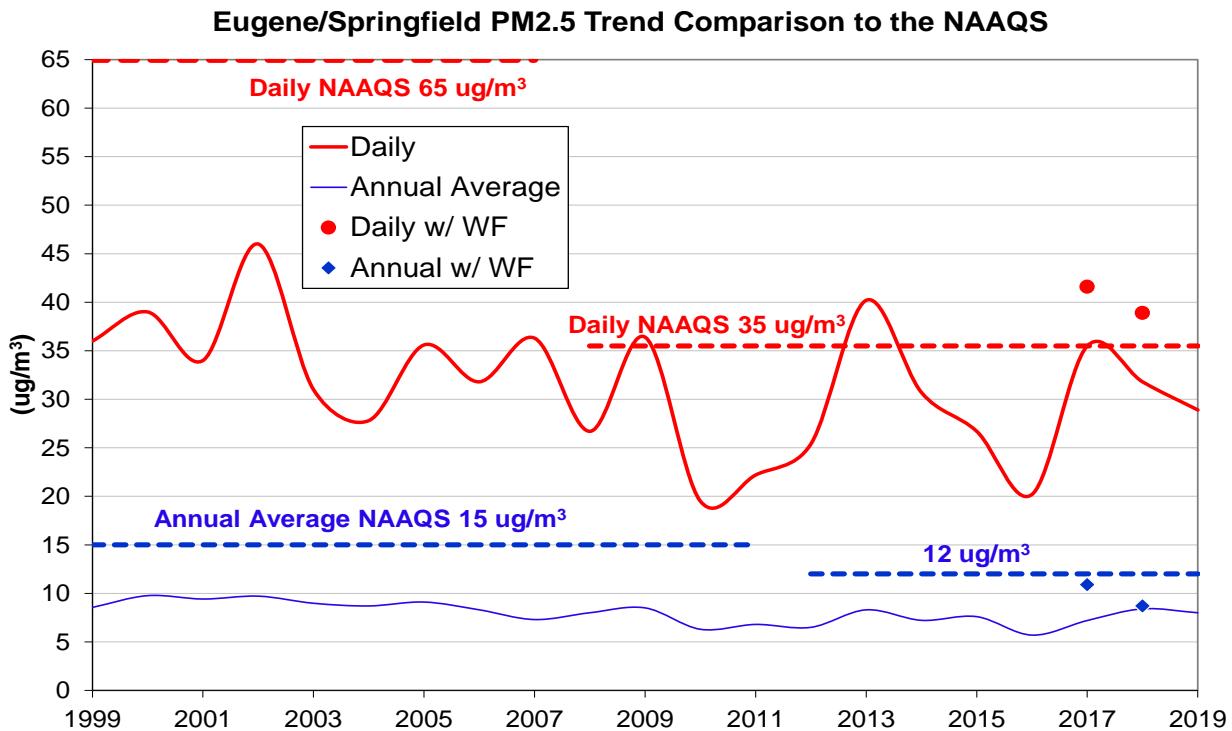


Figure 57. Eugene/Springfield PM_{2.5} trends.

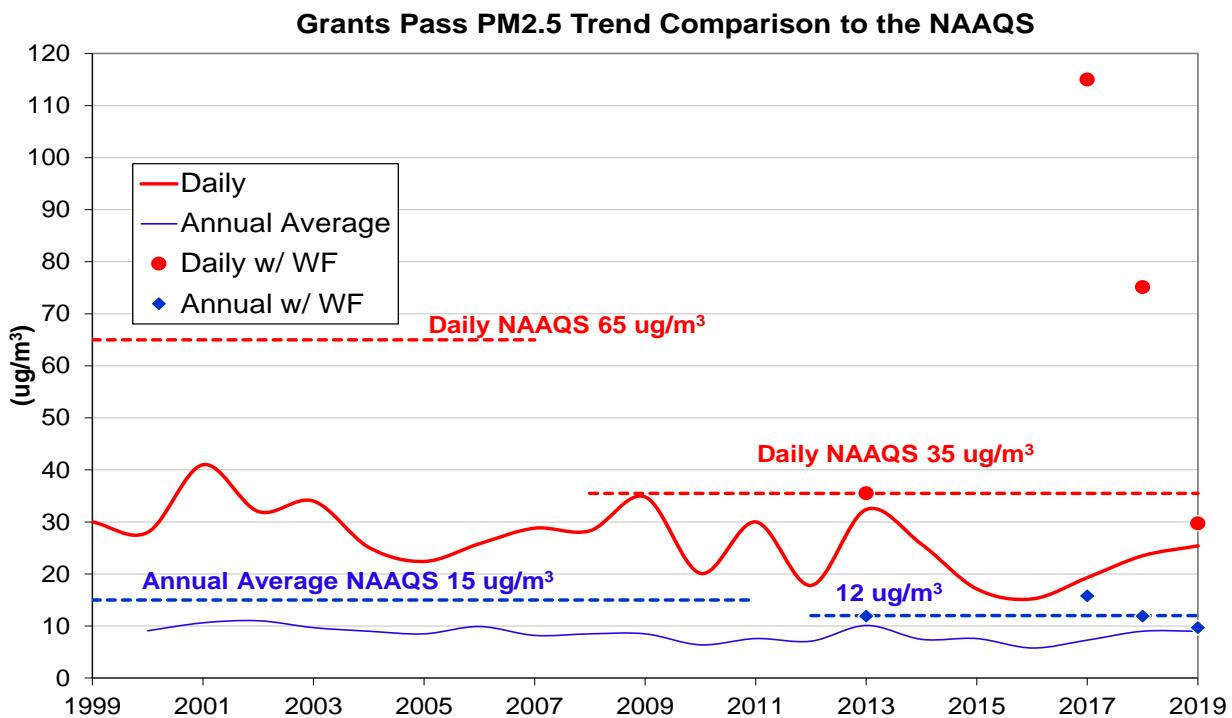


Figure 58. Grants Pass PM2.5 trends.

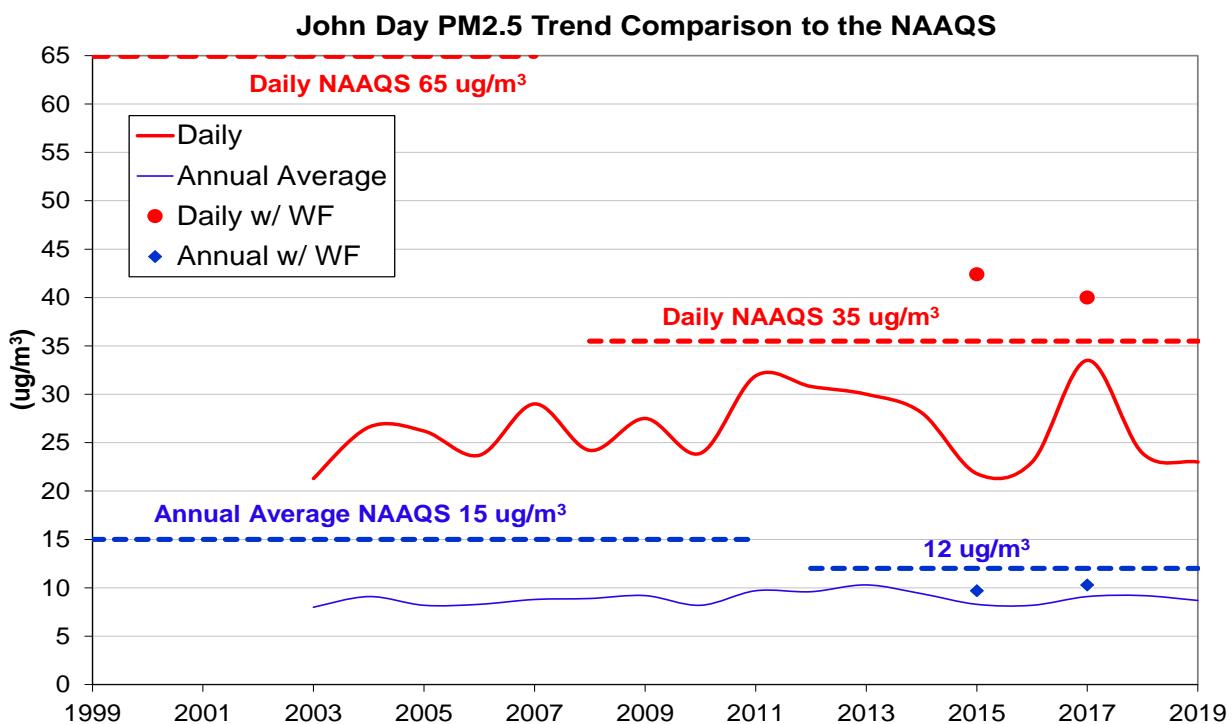


Figure 59. John Day PM2.5 trends.

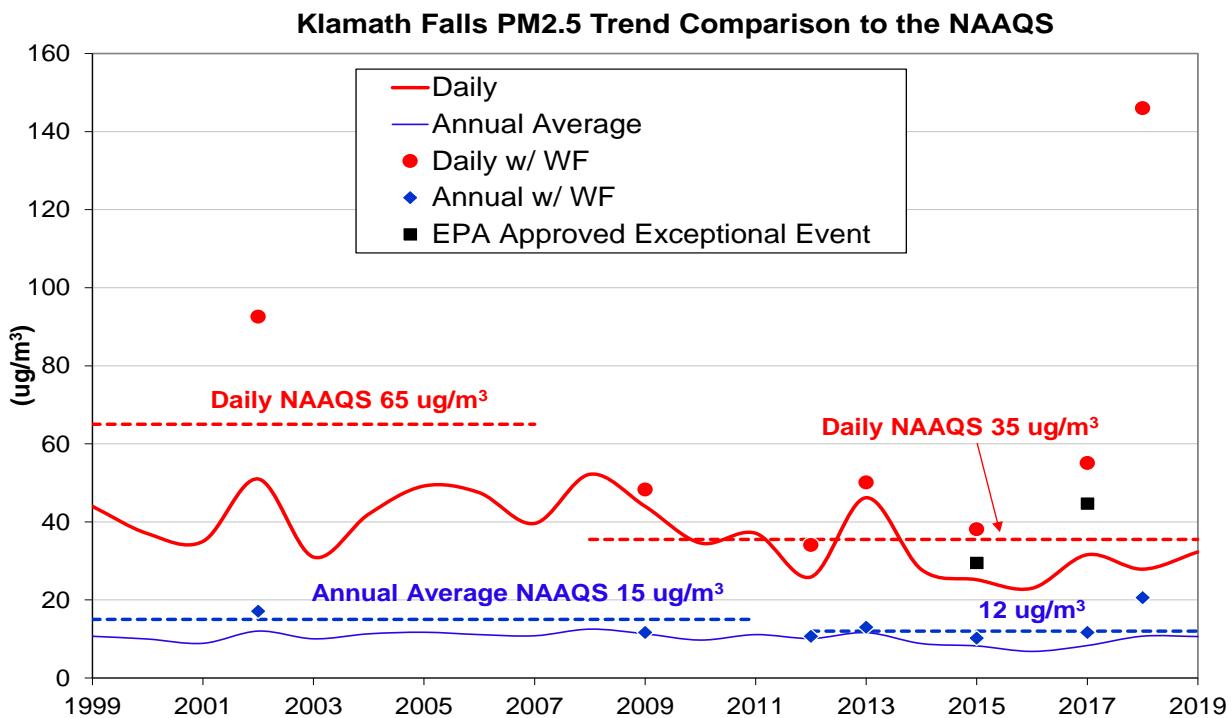


Figure 60. Klamath Falls PM2.5 trends.

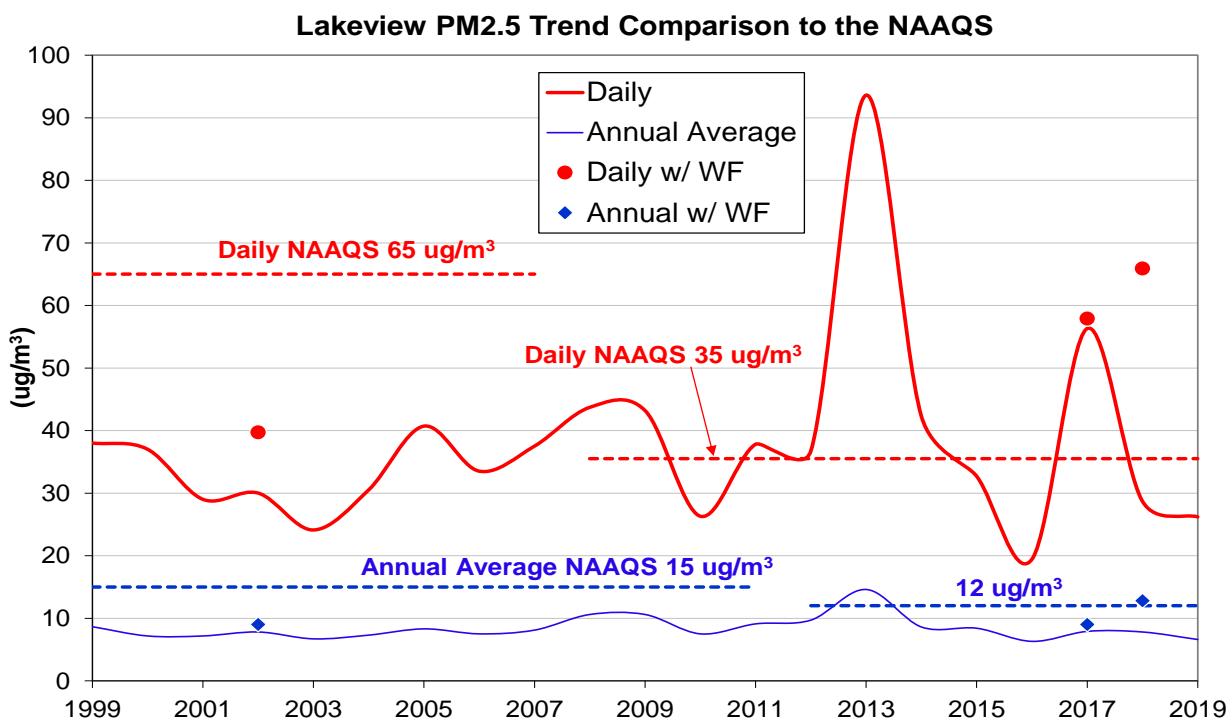


Figure 61. Lakeview PM2.5 trends.

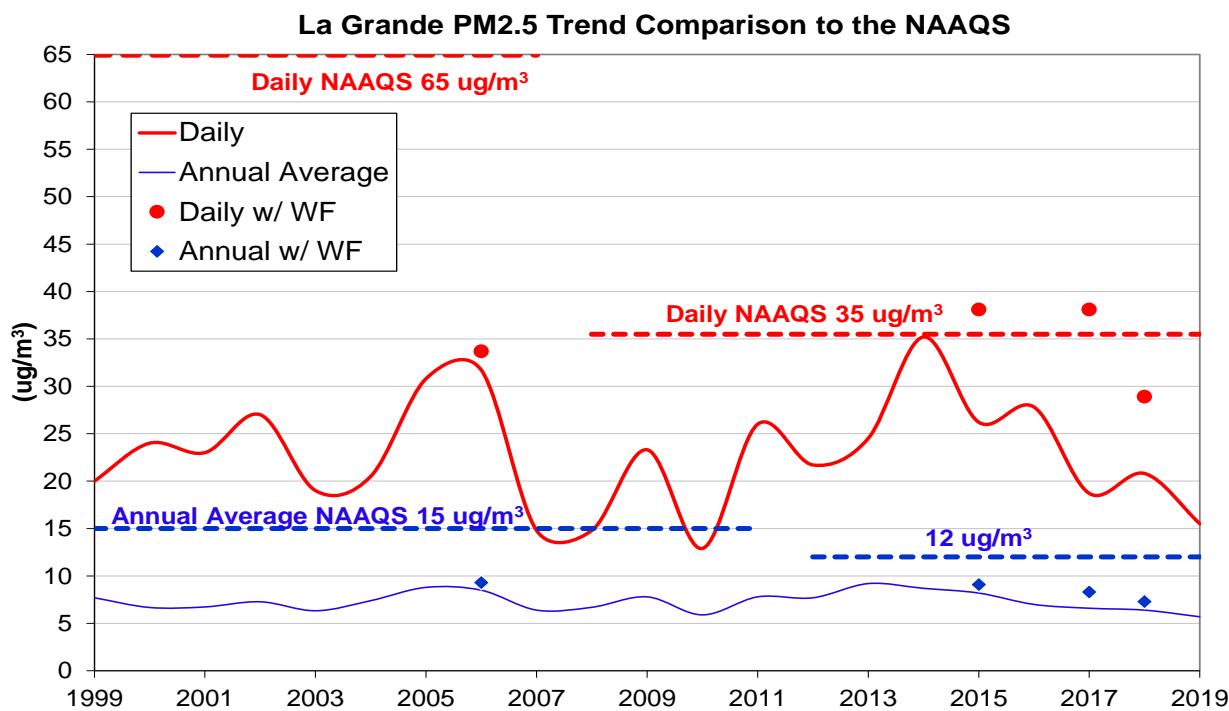


Figure 62. La Grande PM_{2.5} trends.

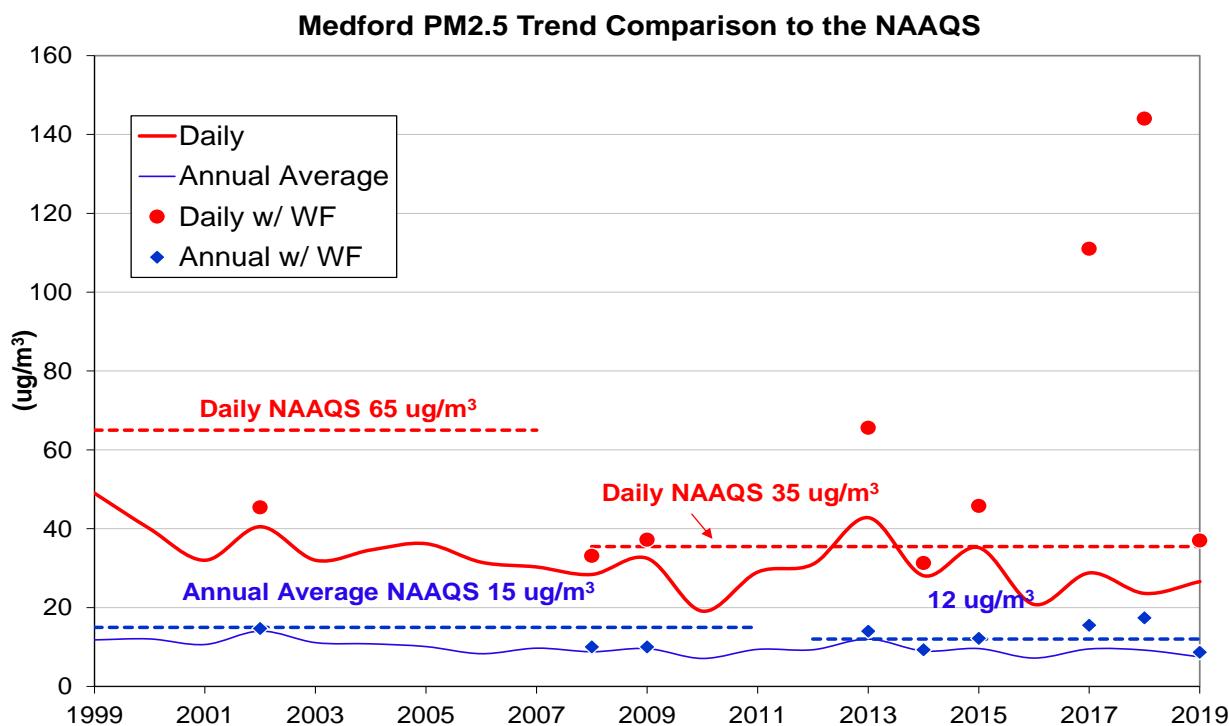


Figure 63. Medford PM_{2.5} trends.

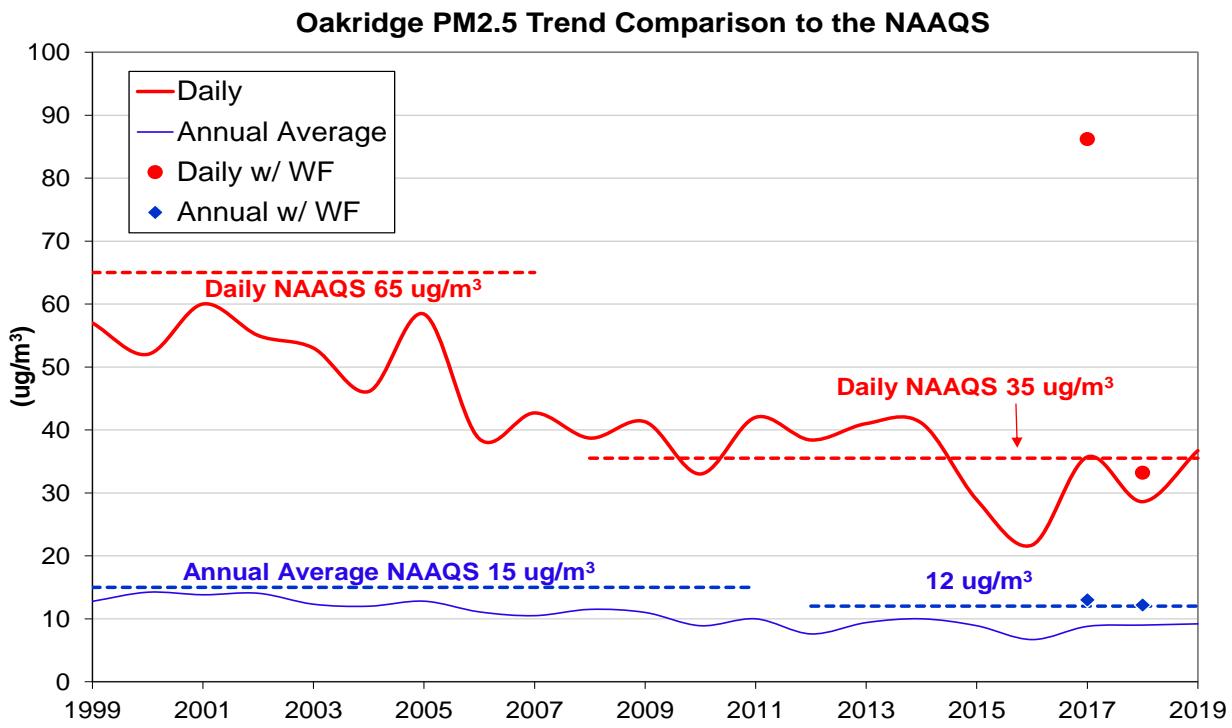


Figure 64. Oakridge PM2.5 trends.

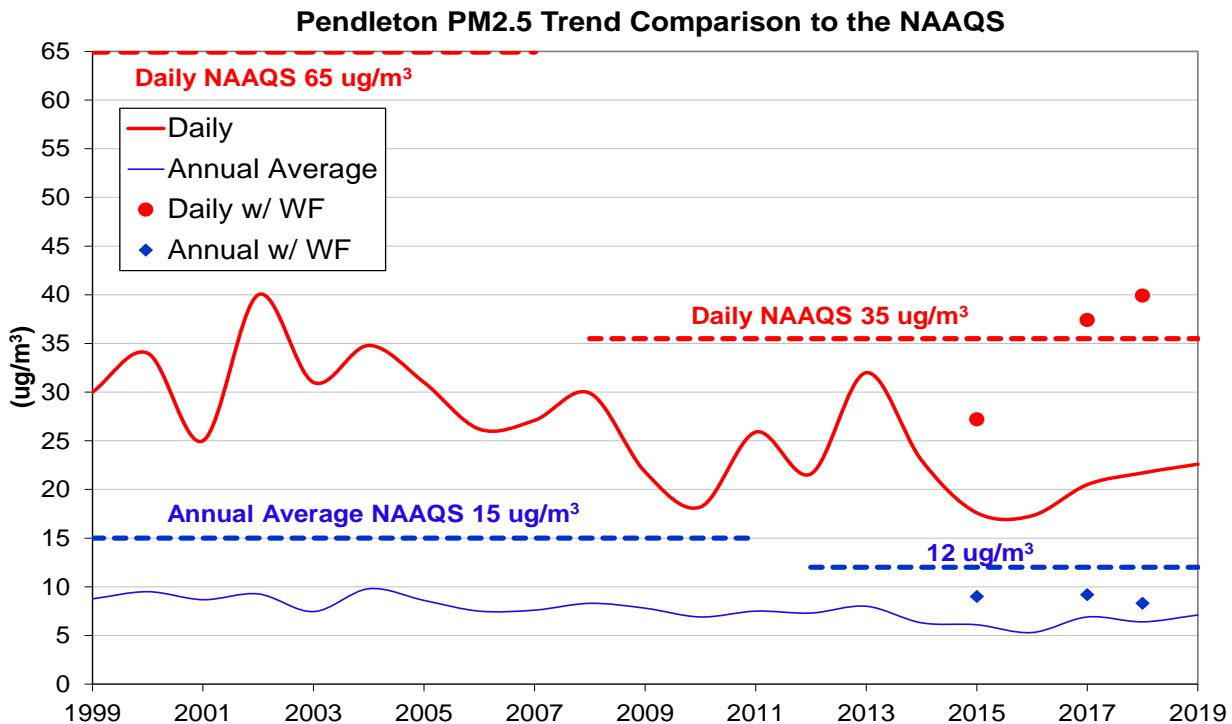


Figure 65. Pendleton PM2.5 trends.

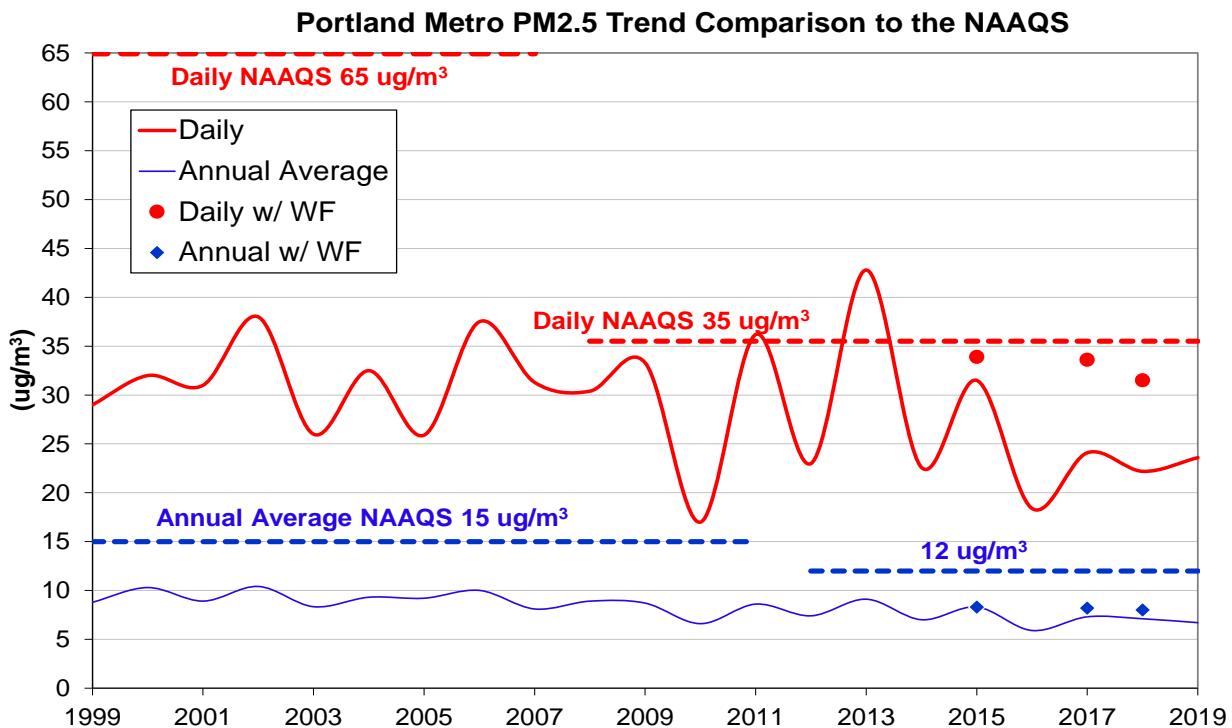


Figure 66. Portland Metro PM2.5 trends.

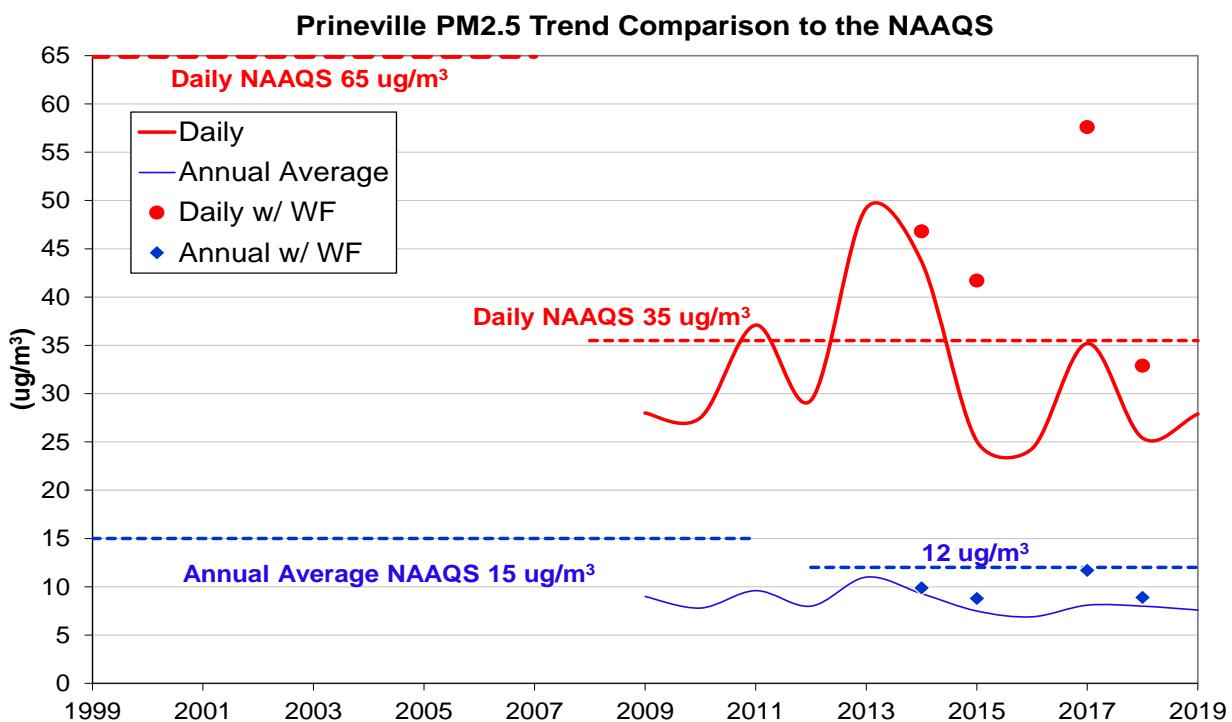


Figure 67. Prineville PM2.5 trends.

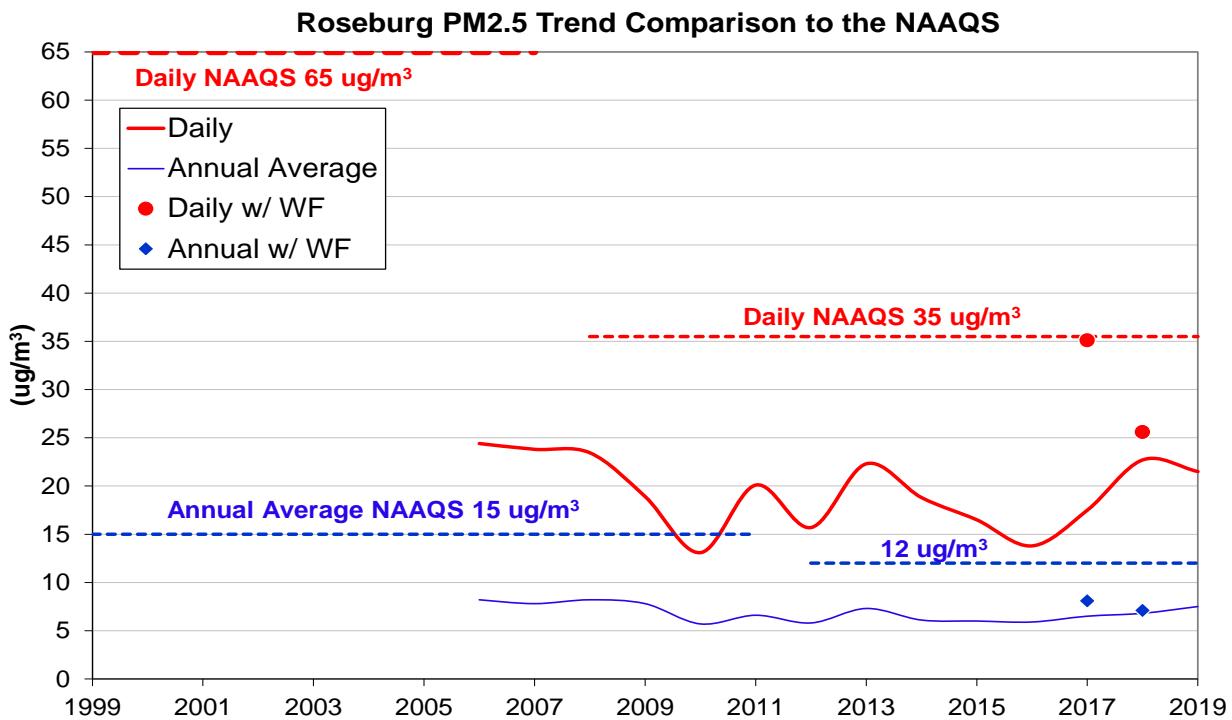


Figure 68. Roseburg PM2.5 trends.

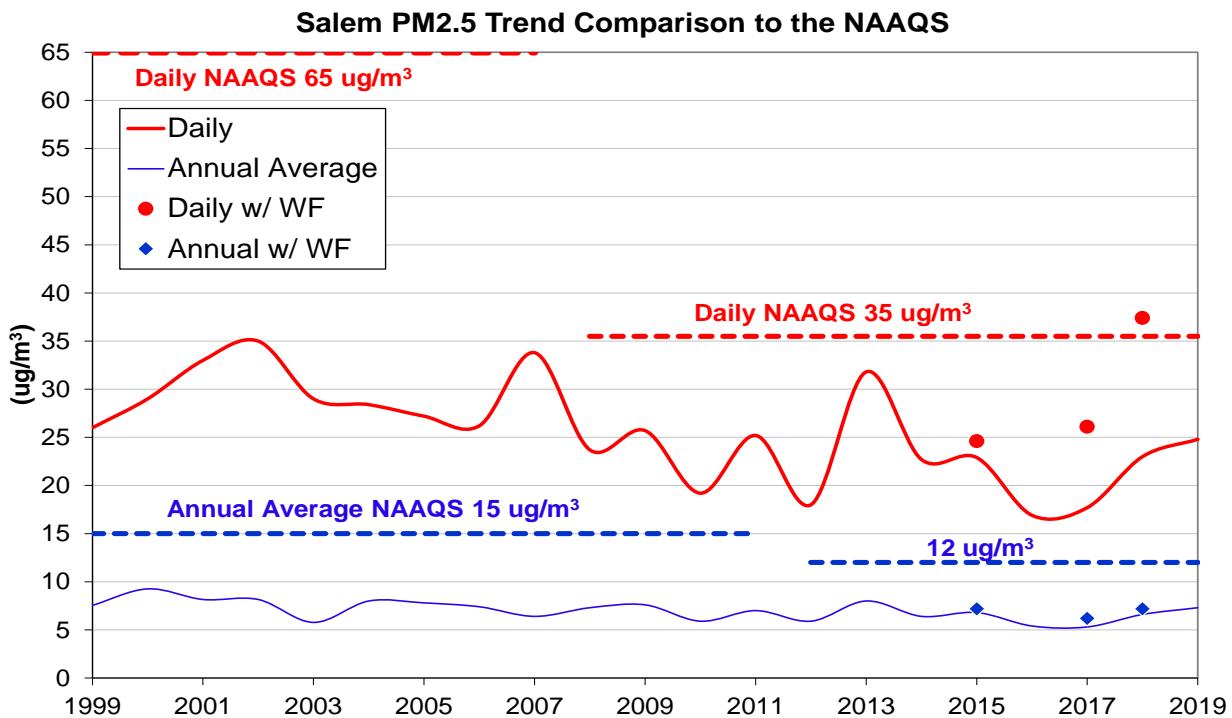


Figure 69. Salem PM2.5 trends.

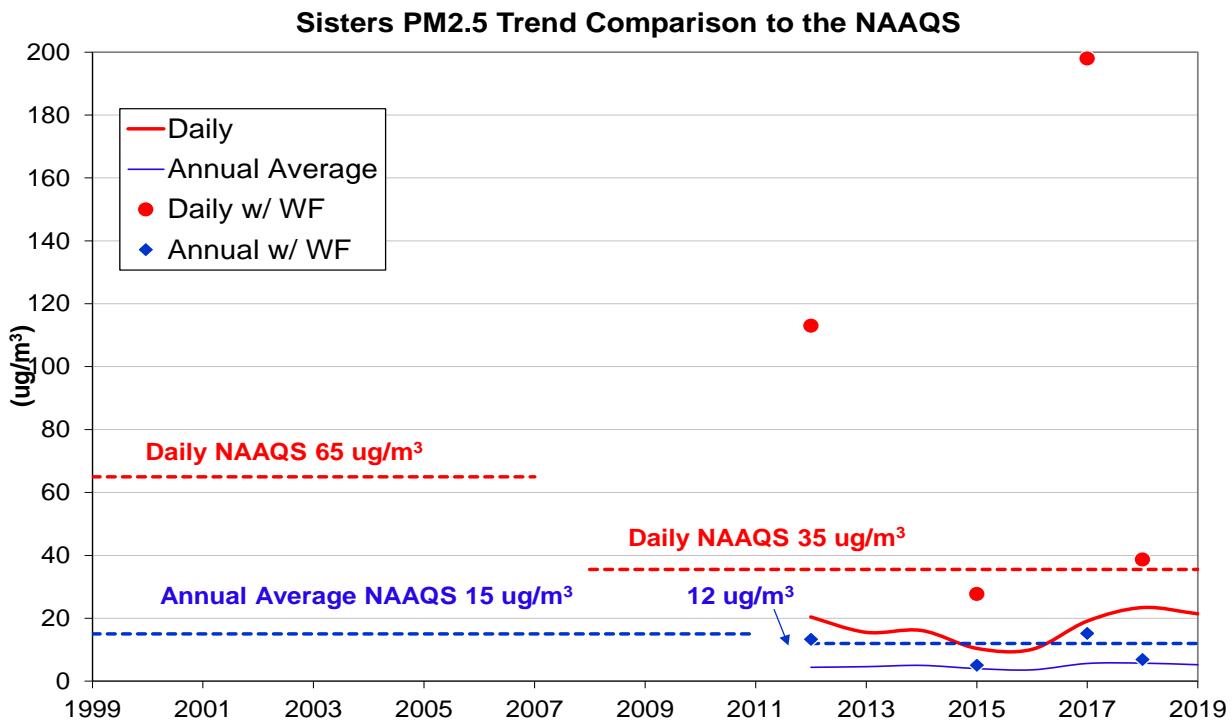


Figure 70. Sisters PM2.5 trends.

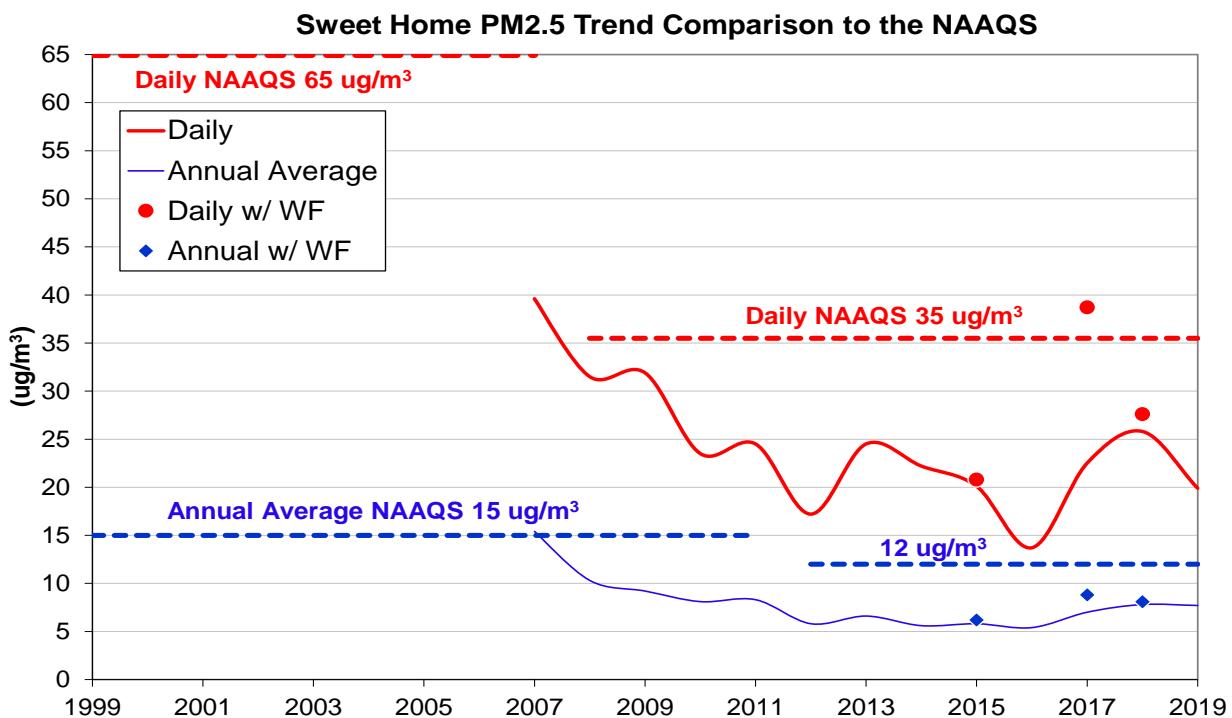


Figure 71. Sweet Home PM2.5 trends.

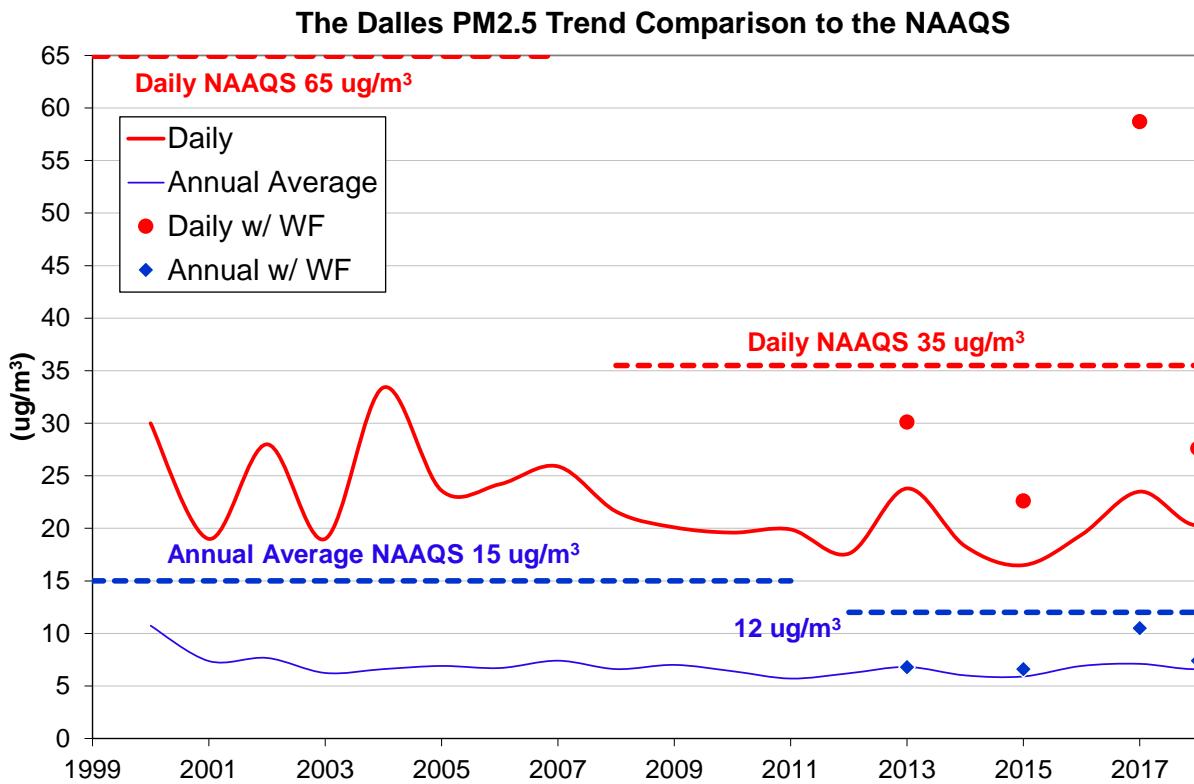
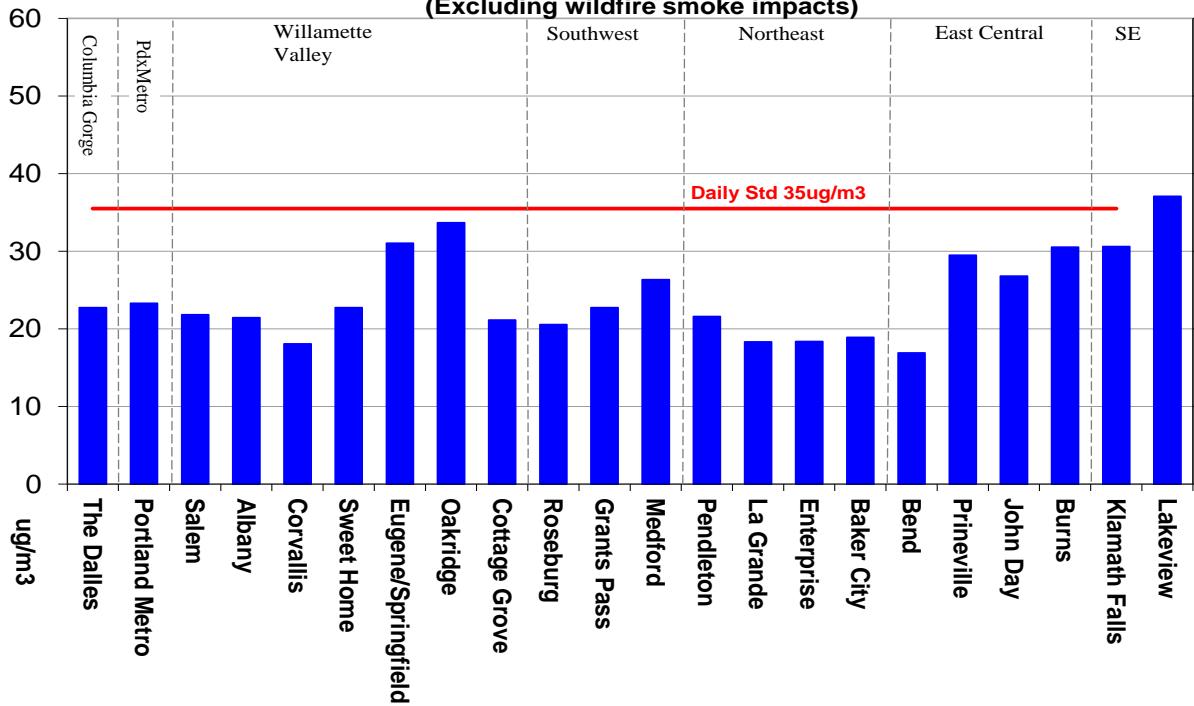


Figure 72. The Dalles PM2.5 trends.

The figures below show the three year average 98th Percentile PM2.5 (daily standard) and annual average PM2.5 (annual standard) levels with and without wildfire smoke impacts. It is useful to understand how much wildfire smoke contributed to raise PM2.5 concentrations above the National Ambient Air Quality Standard and what the levels would be with wildfire emissions excluded. Removing wildfire contributions show the effectiveness of local air quality improvement efforts in communities with PM2.5 reduction plans. Wildfire data would be excluded in determining airshed attainment status because it is considered an exceptional event that cannot be controlled locally.

**2017-2019 Oregon Cities Compared to the New Daily PM2.5 Standard
(Excluding wildfire smoke impacts)**



**2017-2019 Oregon Cities Compared to the New Daily PM2.5 Standard
(Including wildfire smoke impacts)**

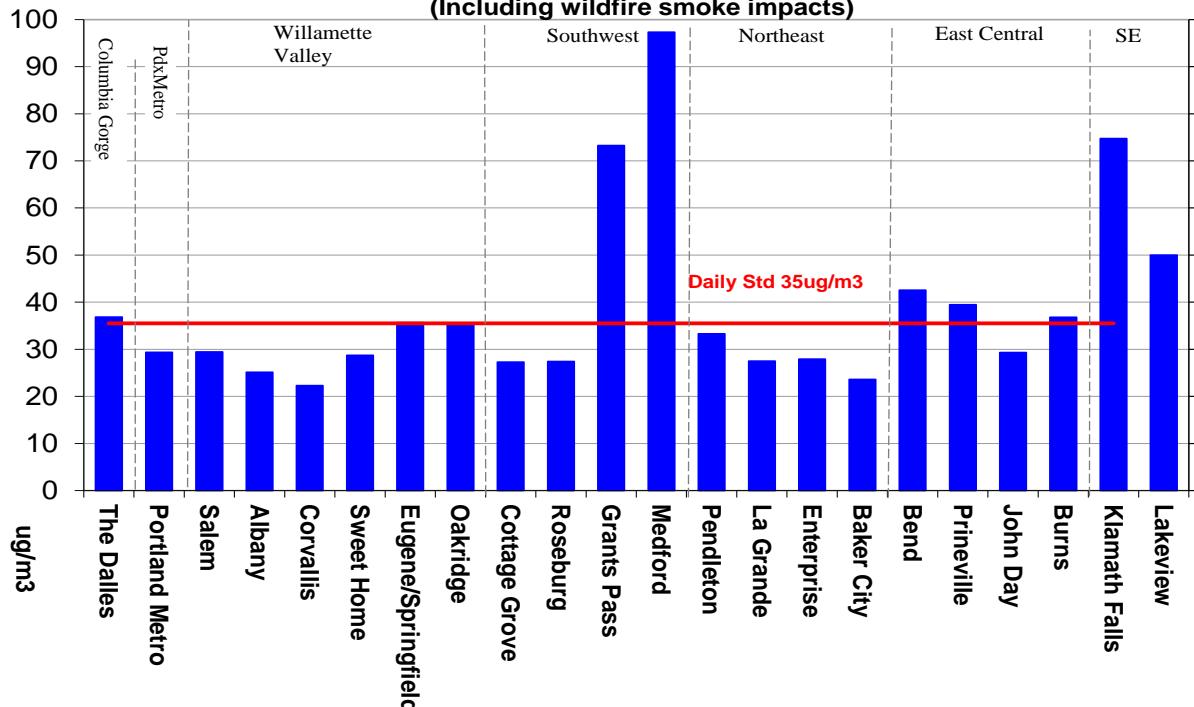
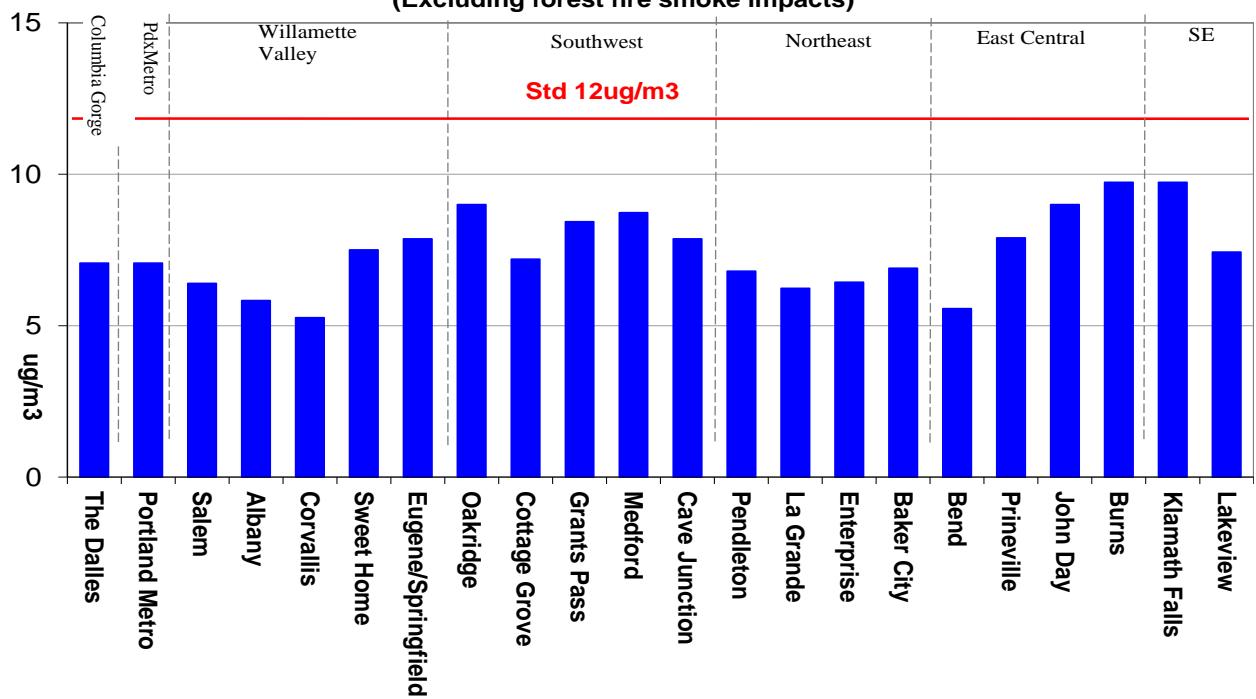


Figure 73. Oregon cities 2017-2019 daily PM2.5 comparison.

The chart shows the three year average 98th percentile. Wildfire data excluded and included.

**2017-2019 Oregon Cities Compared to the Annual PM2.5 Standard
(Excluding forest fire smoke impacts)**



**2017-2019 Oregon Cities Compared to the Annual PM2.5 Standard
(Including forest fire smoke impacts)**

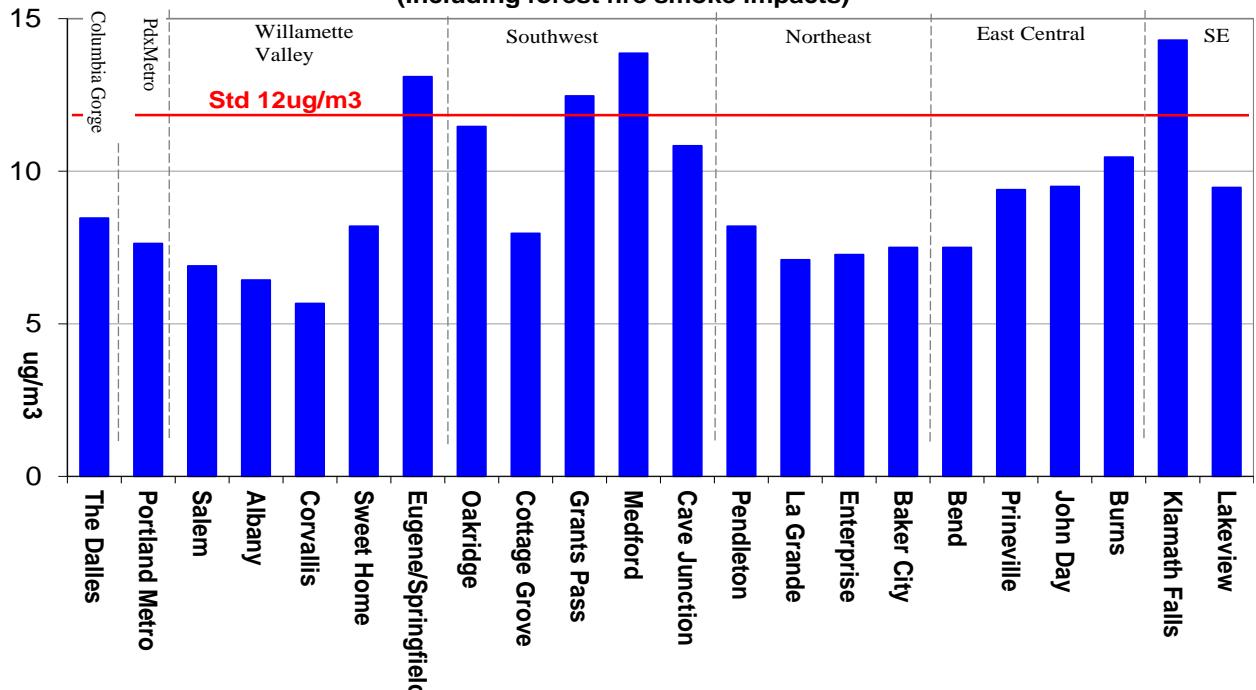


Figure 74. Oregon cities 2016-2019 annual average PM2.5 comparison.
The chart shows the three year average of the annual average with wildfire data included.

PM10 Trends

The PM10 trend chart shows the values in cities with the highest, average, and lowest concentrations. All cities are well below the National Ambient Air Quality Standard.

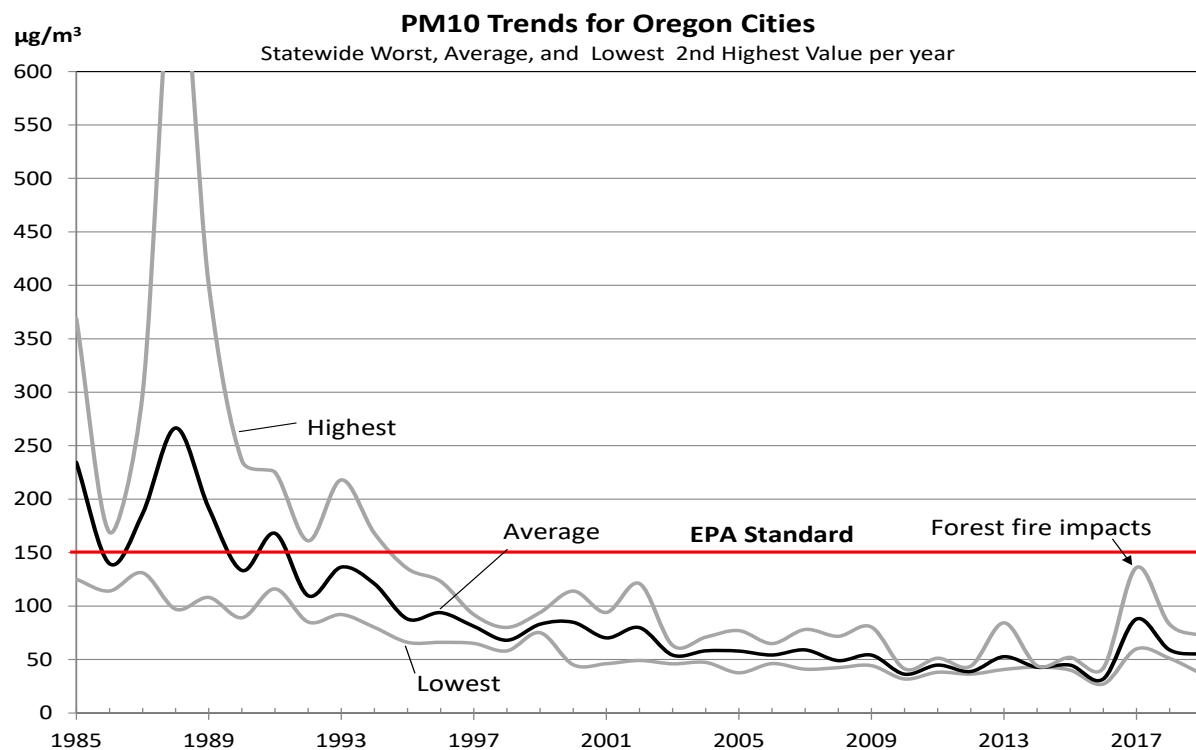


Figure 75. Oregon PM10 trends

Carbon Monoxide Trends

The figure below shows the CO trend in comparison to the National Ambient Air Quality Standard.

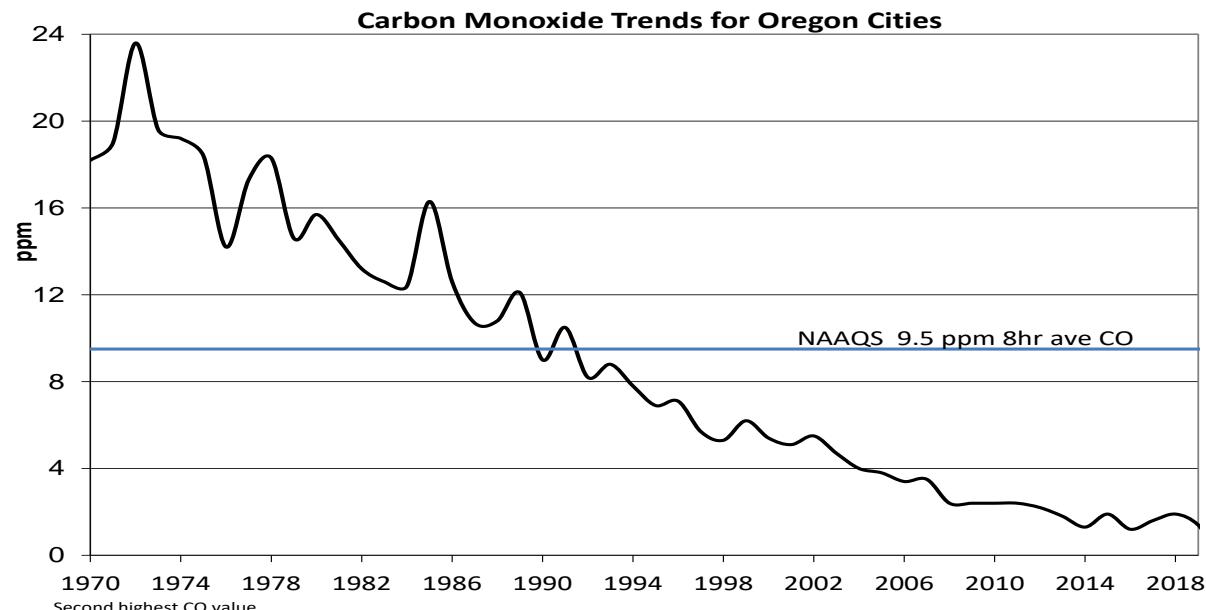


Figure 76. Oregon carbon monoxide Trend.

Trend chart uses the second highest annual, eight hour average.

Sulfur Dioxide Trends

The figure below shows the SO₂ trends in comparison to the federal standard.

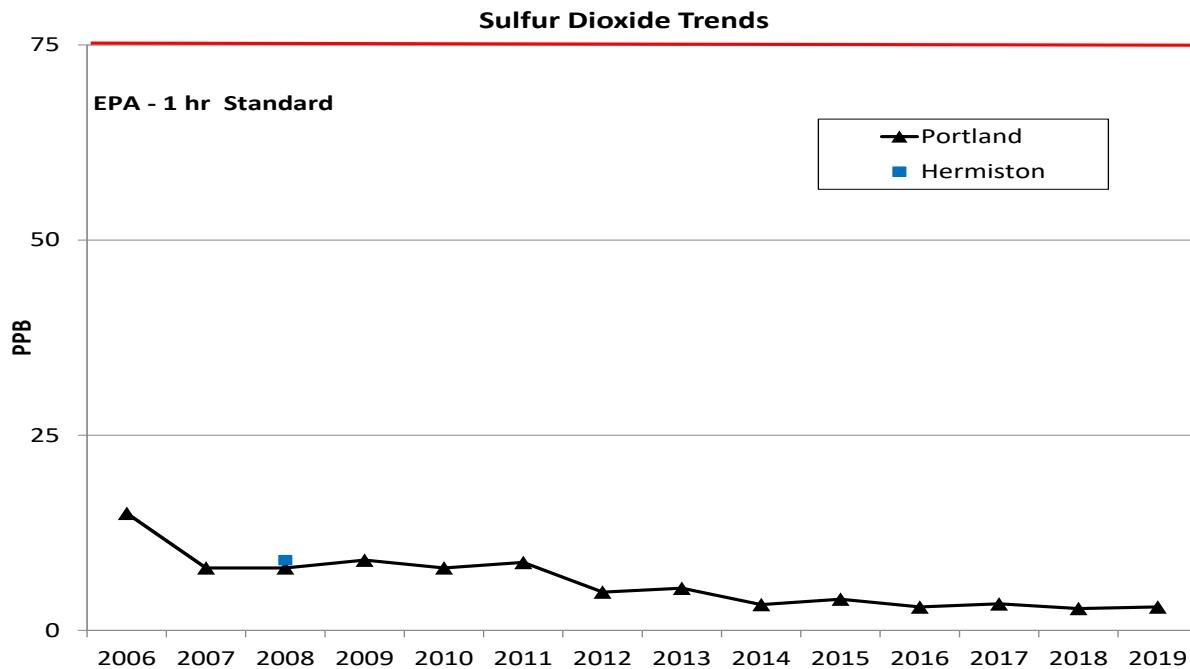


Figure 77. Oregon sulfur dioxide one hour average trends.

Nitrogen Dioxide Trends

The Figure below shows the NO₂ trends in comparison to the federal standard.

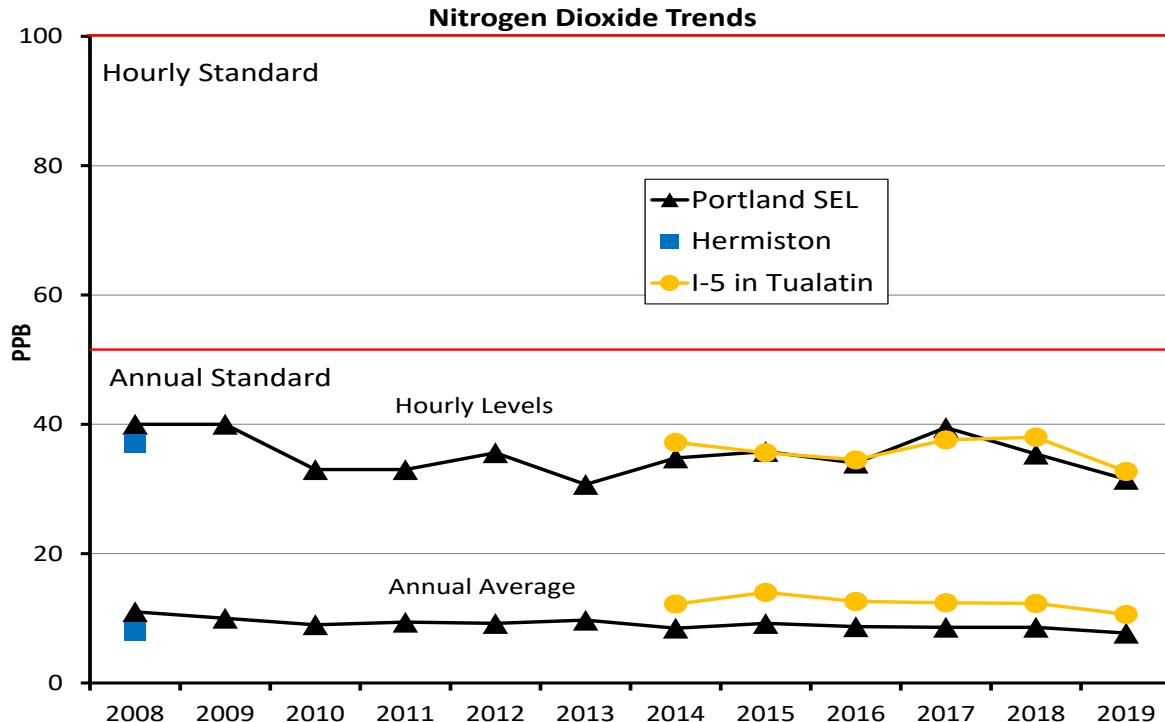


Figure 78. Oregon nitrogen dioxide one hour and annual average trends.

Air Toxics Trends

Oregon DEQ and LRAPA began sampling for air toxics in Oregon in 1999. The Figures below show the trends for some air toxics of concern. More air toxic information can be found in Appendix H and at EPA's Air Data web site. The values are compared to the Oregon ambient concentration health benchmarks which are the levels where people exposed for a lifetime have an additional one in a million risk of cancer or of experiencing non-cancer health effects.

This information is for neighborhood monitoring only and does not include monitoring next to industrial facilities. That information is presented in separate reports specific to the monitoring project and facility. These graphs were made using the air toxics summary data from EPA's Air Data Web page which summarizes the air toxics data that the state and local agencies load into EPA's AQS database. Oregon DEQ loads all the sampled data below into EPA's database.

Note that years with < 50% data completeness were not included. Years with data competition between 50% and 74% are denoted with an asterisk “ * ” in the graphs.

Note that MDL = Minimum Detection Limit. Values below the MDL are below the detection limit of the analysis method. EPA defines the MDL as “the minimum concentration of a substance that can be measured and reported with 99% confidence that the analyte concentration is greater than zero and is determined from analysis of a sample in a given matrix containing the analyte”.

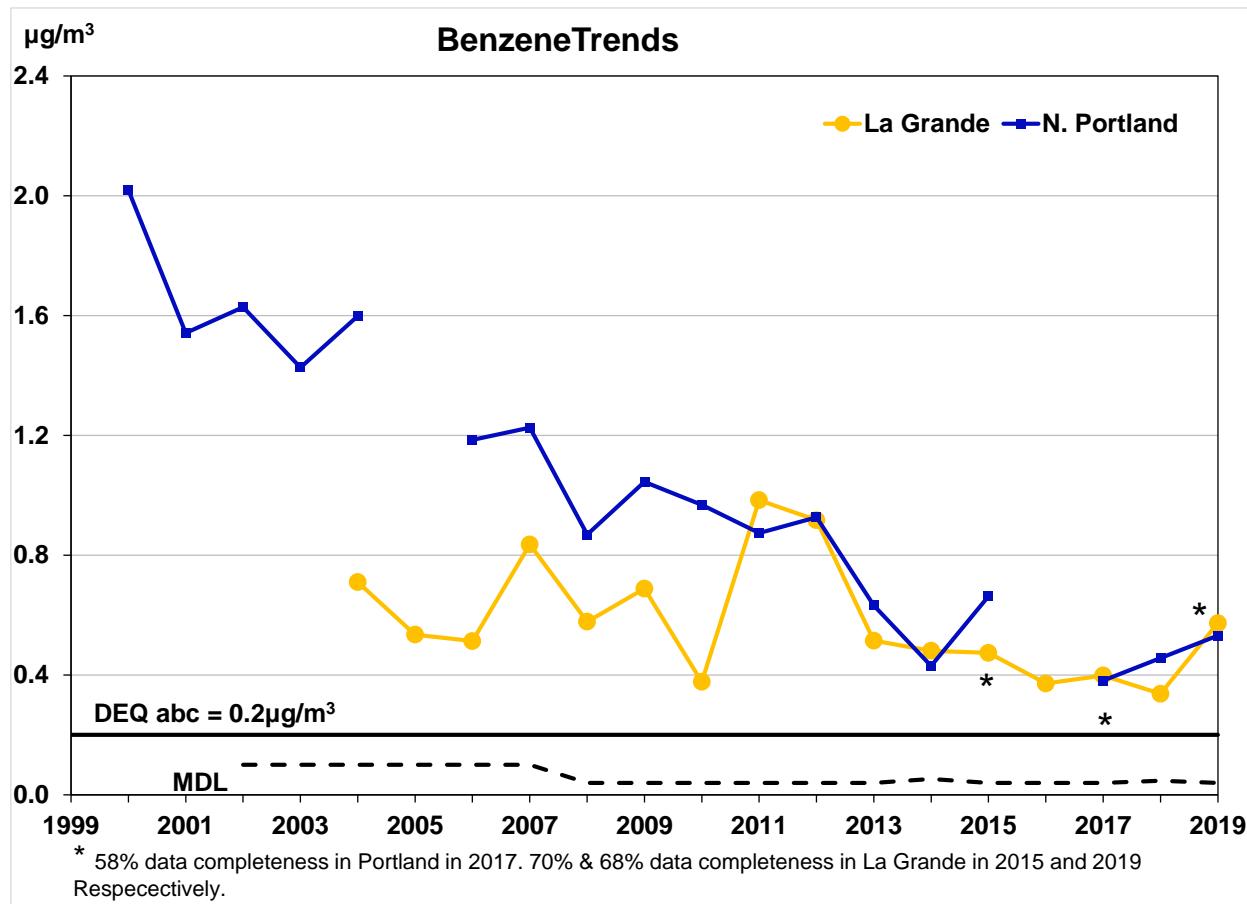


Figure 79. Oregon benzene trends.

Units are in Standard Temperature and Pressure (25°C). The MDL definition is above the graphs.

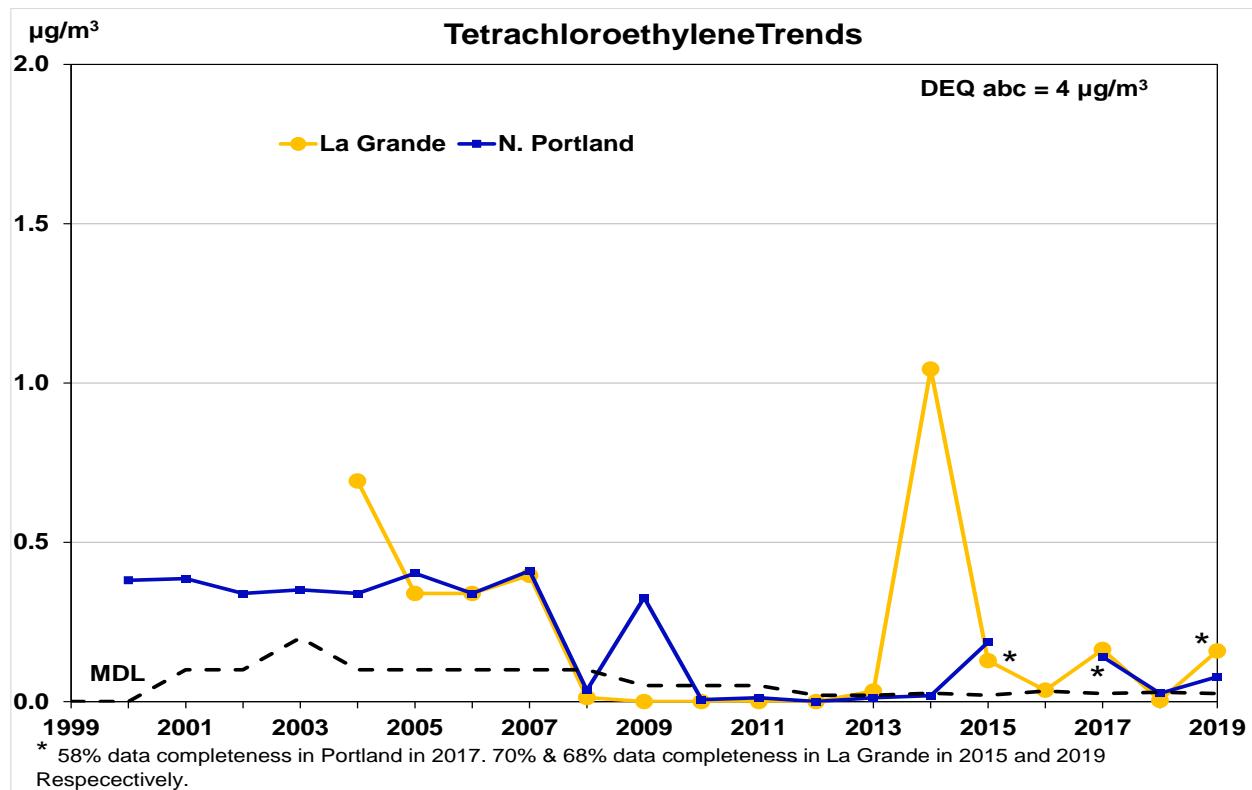


Figure 80. Oregon tetrachloroethylene (PERC) trends.

Units are in Standard Temperature and Pressure (25°C). The MDL definition is above the graphs.

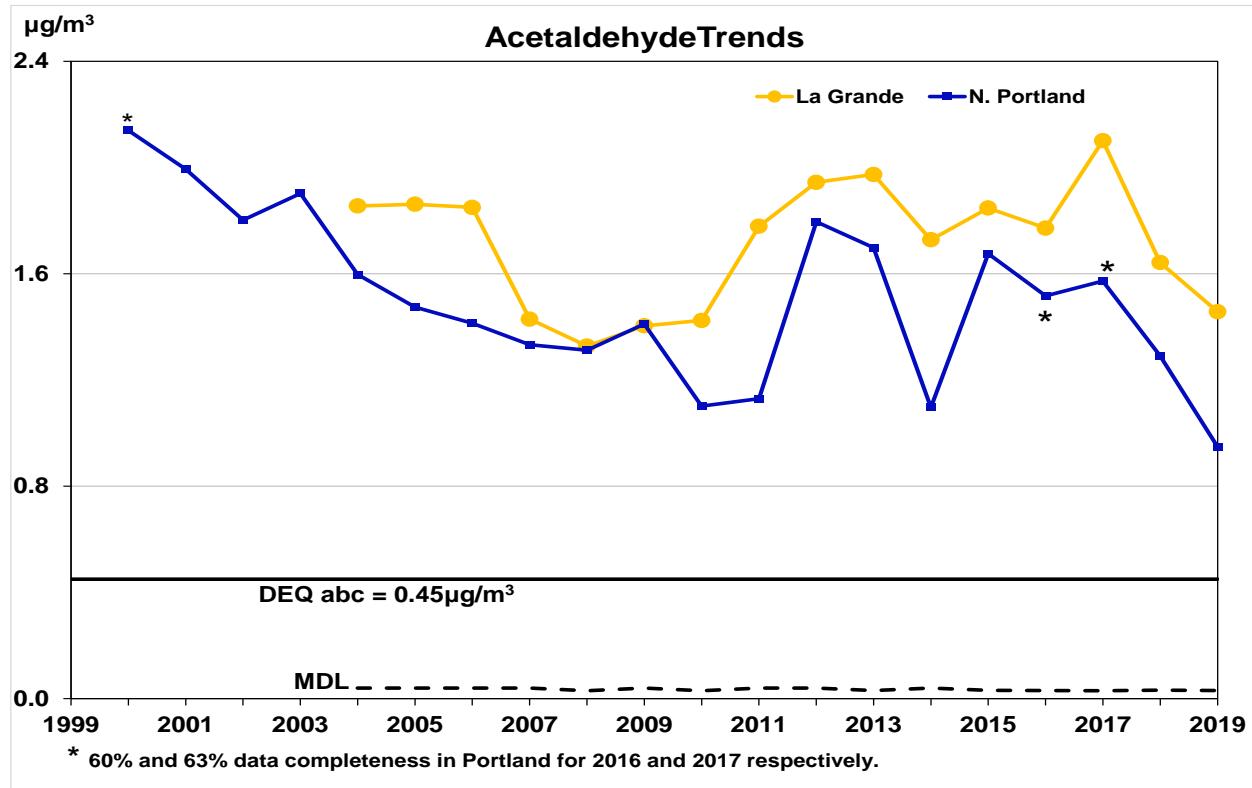


Figure 81. Oregon acetaldehyde trends.

Units are in Standard Temperature and Pressure (25°C). The MDL definition is above the graphs.

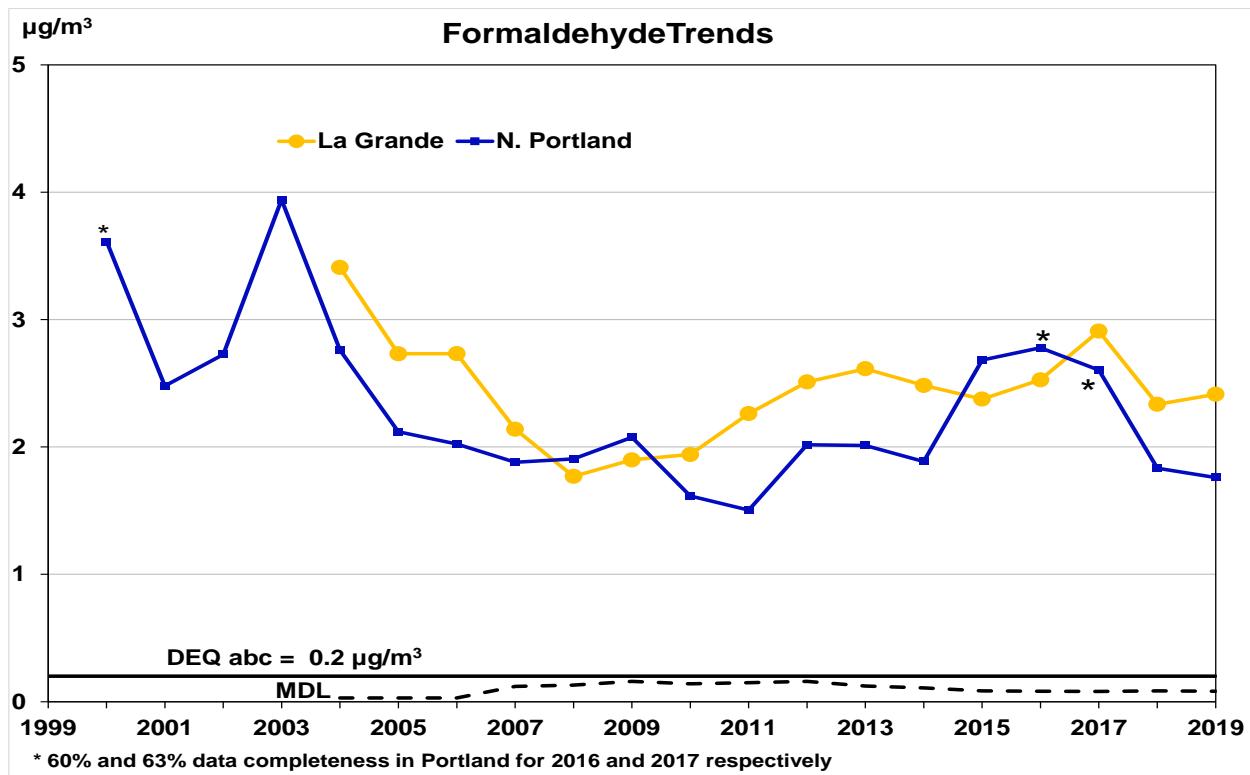


Figure 82. Oregon formaldehyde trends.

Units are in Standard Temperature and Pressure (25°C). The MDL definition is above the graphs.

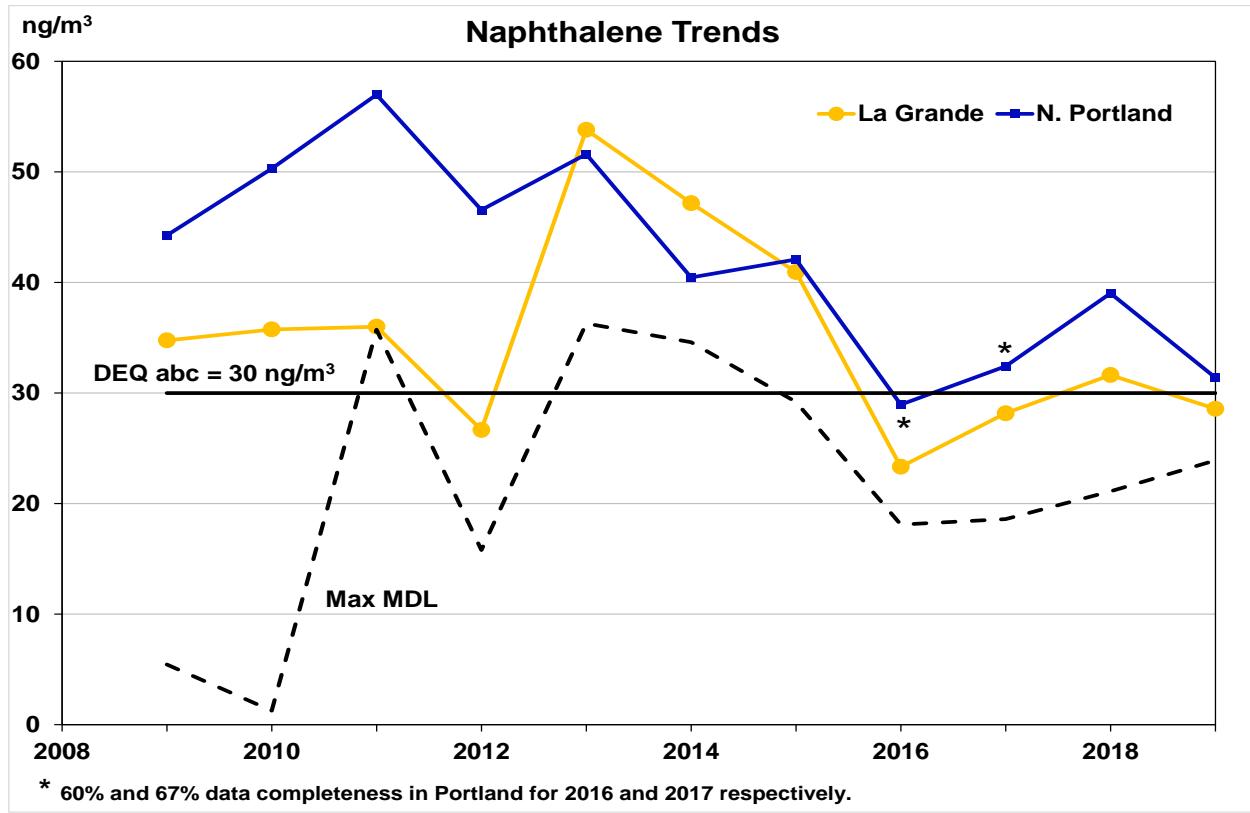


Figure 83. Oregon TSP naphthalene trends

Units are in Standard Temperature and Pressure (25°C). The MDL definition is above the graphs.

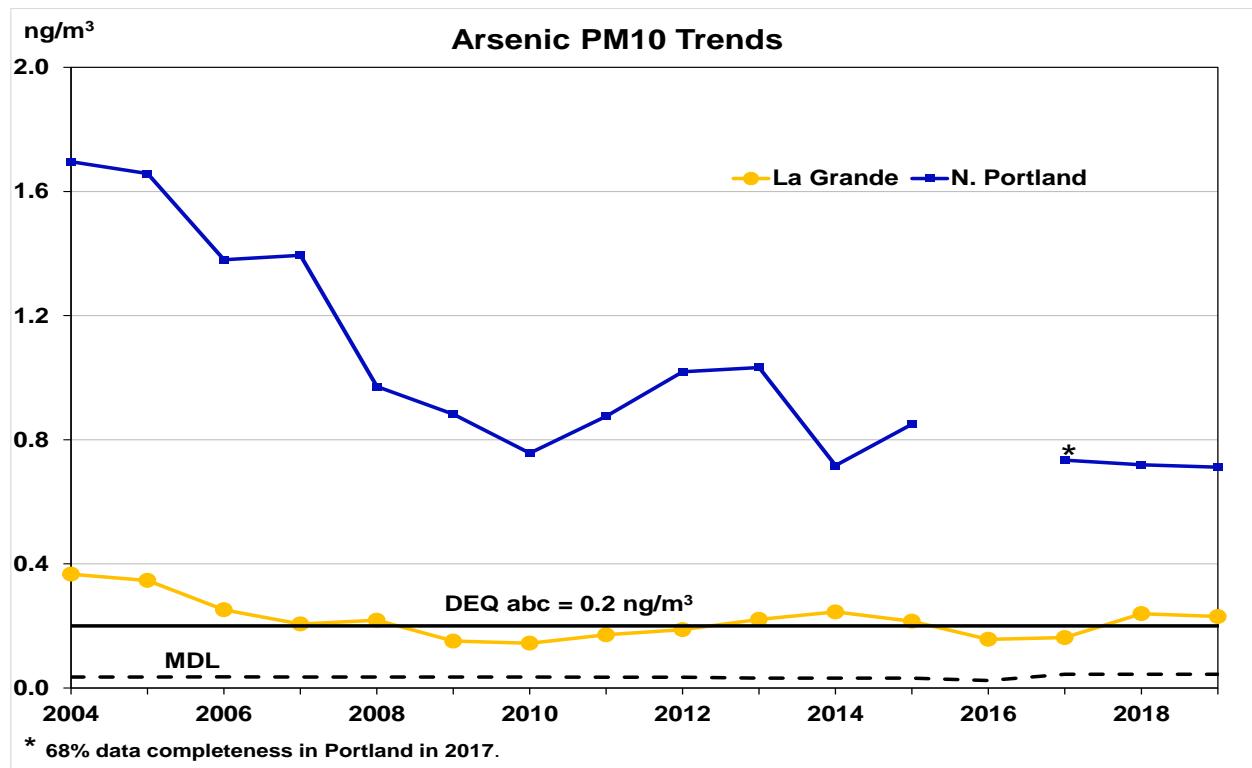


Figure 84. Oregon PM10 arsenic trends.
Units are in Standard Temperature and Pressure (25°C) until 2011, then they are in Local Temperature and Pressure. The MDL definition is above the graphs.

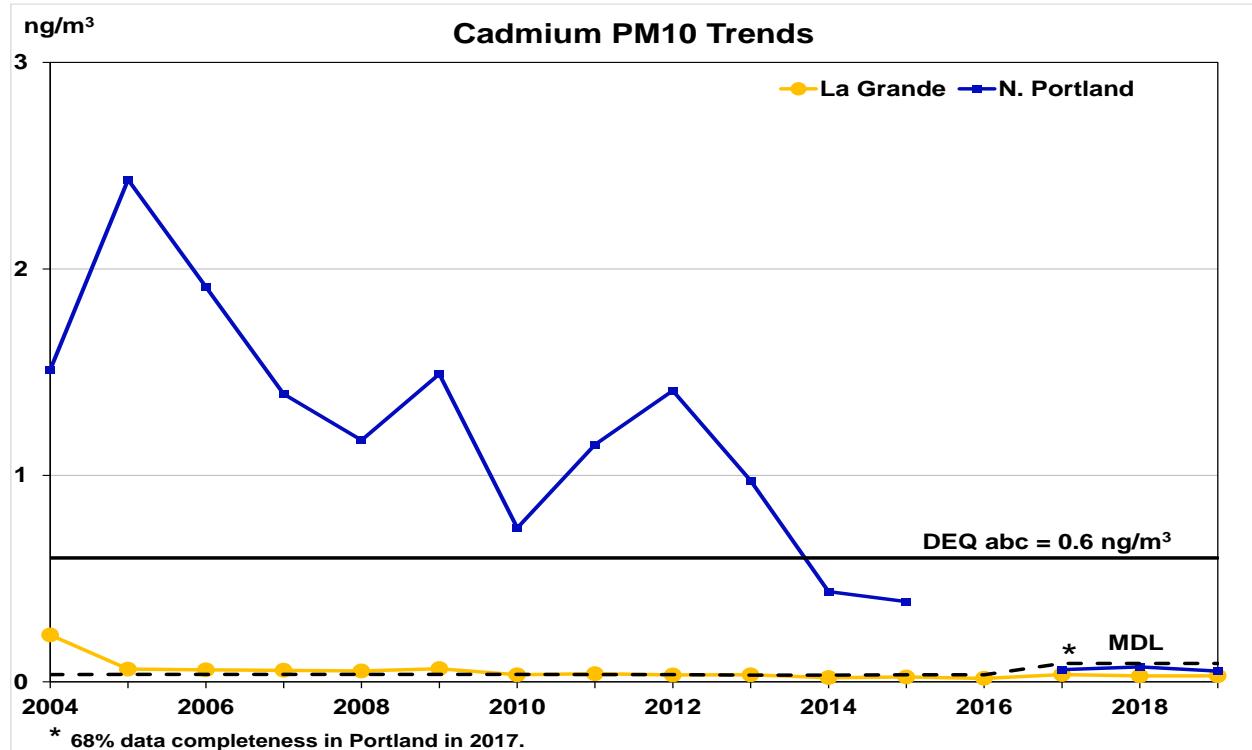


Figure 85. Oregon PM10 cadmium trends.
Units are in Standard Temperature and Pressure (25°C) until 2011, then they are in Local Temperature and Pressure. The MDL definition is above the graphs.

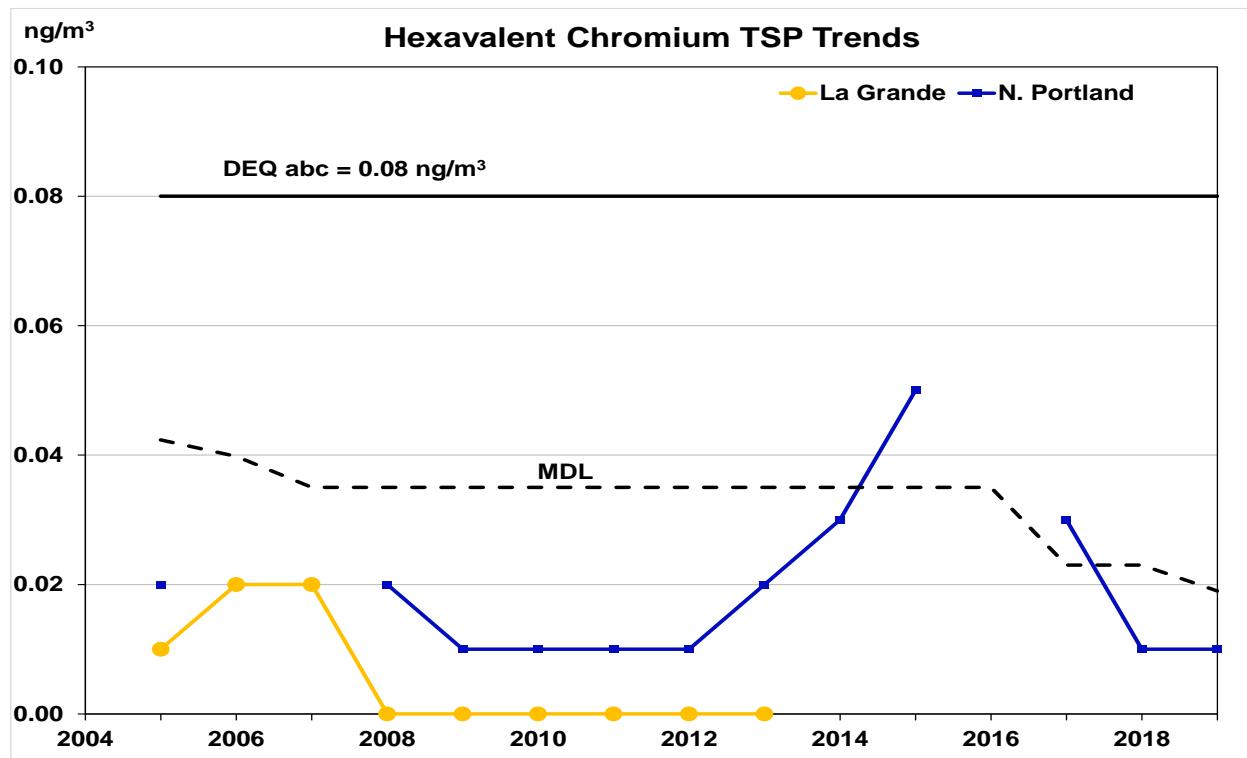


Figure 86. Oregon TSP hexavalent chromium trends

Units are in Standard Temperature and Pressure (25°C) until 2011, then they are in Local Temperature and Pressure. The MDL definition is above the graphs.

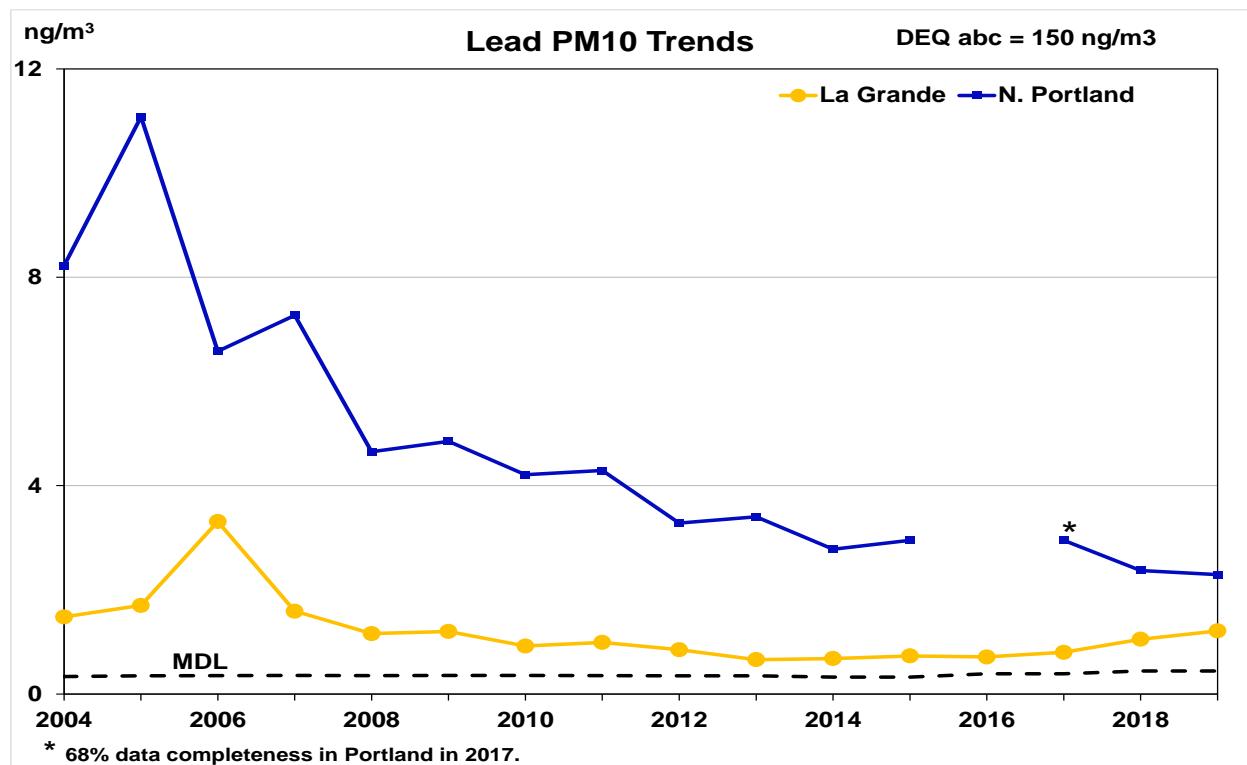


Figure 87. Oregon PM10 lead trends.

Units are in Standard Temperature and Pressure (25°C) until 2011, then they are in Local Temperature and Pressure. The MDL definition is above the graphs.

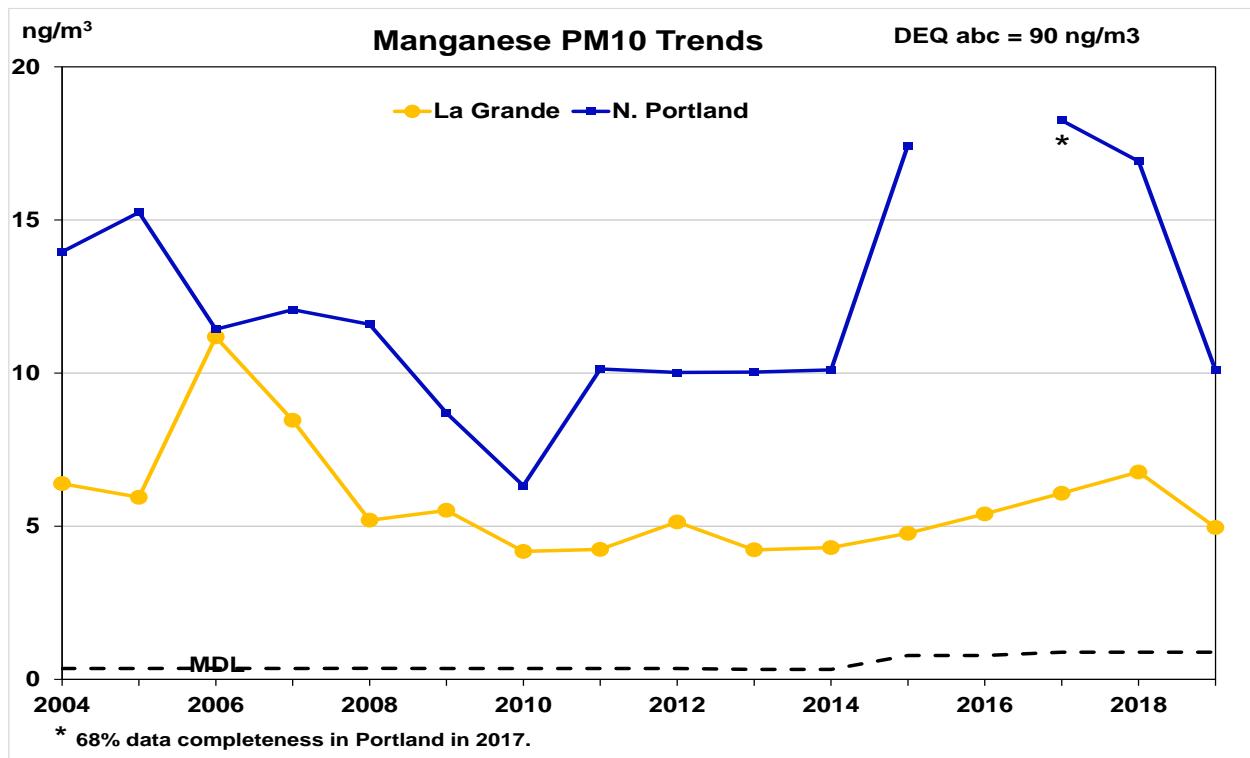


Figure 88. Oregon PM10 manganese trends.

Units are in Standard Temperature and Pressure (25°C) until 2011, then they are in Local Temperature and Pressure. The MDL definition is above the graphs.

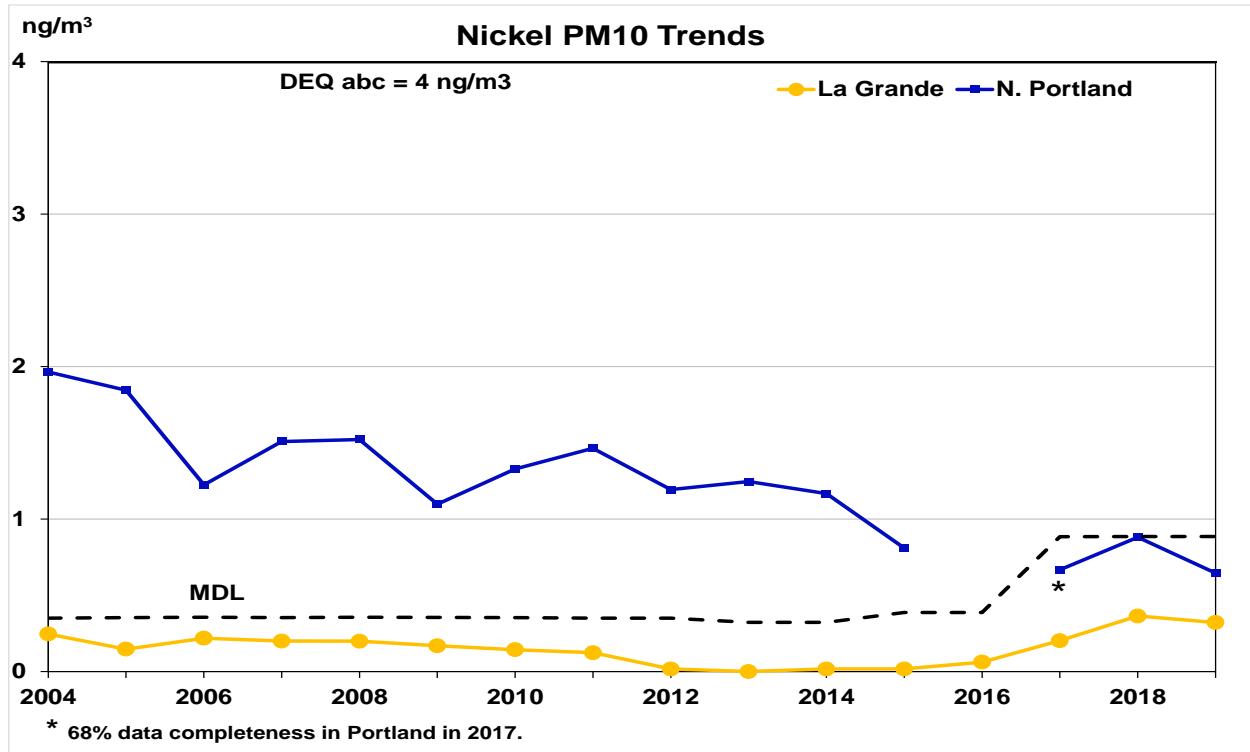


Figure 89. Oregon PM10 nickel trends.

Units are in Standard Temperature and Pressure (25°C) until 2011, then they are in Local Temperature and Pressure. The MDL definition is above the graphs.

Oregon Greenhouse Gas (GHG) Emissions Trends

Oregonians produce greenhouse gas emissions directly from activities like driving cars and heating homes. We also indirectly contribute to greenhouse gas emissions when we purchase electricity, goods or food manufactured in other states or countries. These emissions are contributing to global climate change.

DEQ divides statewide greenhouse gas emissions into two categories:

- Sector-based Emissions: Emissions produced in Oregon from transportation, residential, commercial, industrial, and agriculture sectors, including electricity produced elsewhere but used in state.
- Consumption-based Emissions: Emissions produced around the world due to Oregon's consumption of energy, goods and services. Over half of Oregon's consumption-based emissions occur in other states or nations but still impact Oregonians because climate change is a global problem.

Trends:

Oregon's sector-based emissions are 10 percent above 1990 levels. Consumption-based emissions are 42 percent above 1990 levels. See chart below. Oregon has goals to reduce emissions 10 percent below 1990 levels by 2020 and 75 percent by 2050.

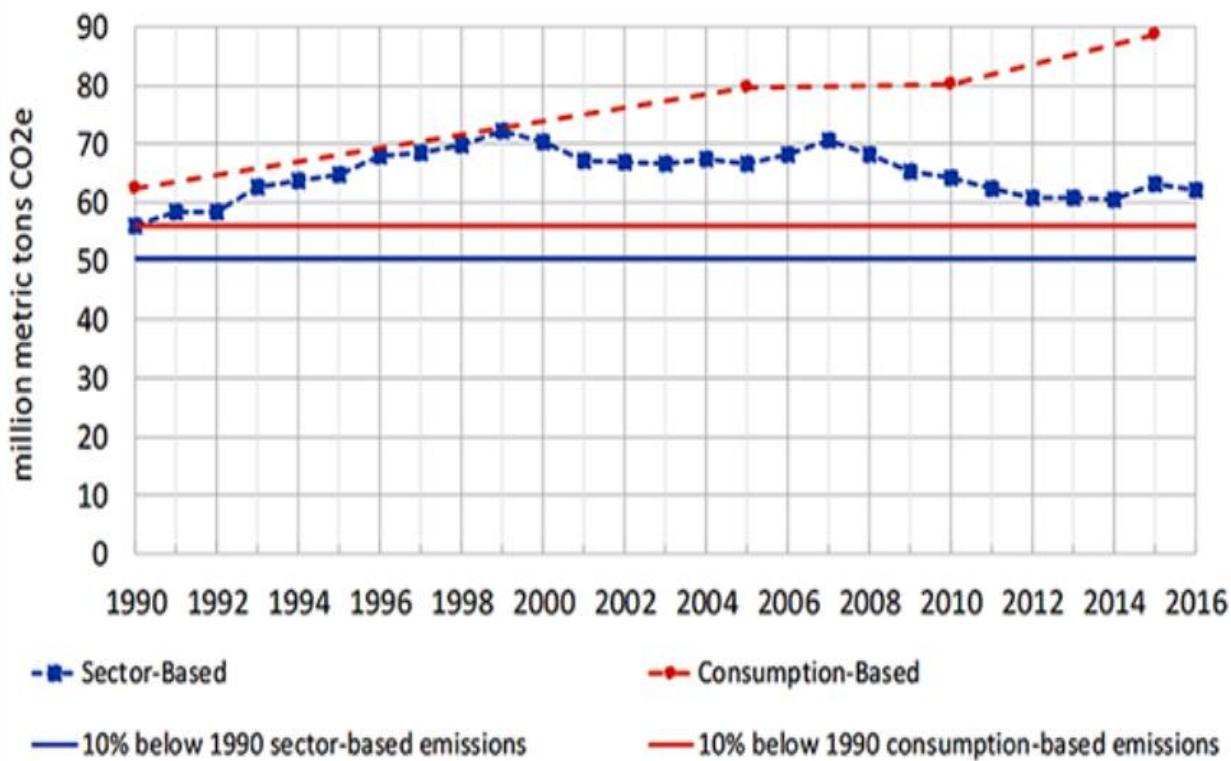


Figure 90. Oregon total greenhouse gas emissions by sector 1990-2016

DEQ publishes a comprehensive report every five years that evaluates Oregon's greenhouse gas emissions with data from the sector-based and consumption-based inventories. The latest report is the [Oregon's Greenhouse Gas Emissions through 2015](#) published May 2018. More information can be found on DEQ's [Oregon Greenhouse Gas Reporting](#) web page.

Sector-based GHG Emission Trends:

Oregon's Sector-based emissions are human-caused greenhouse gas emissions produced within Oregon by economic sector. These emissions also includes the emissions associated with the electricity used in Oregon regardless of where it is generated. The chart below shows the Sector based greenhouse gas emissions for Oregon.

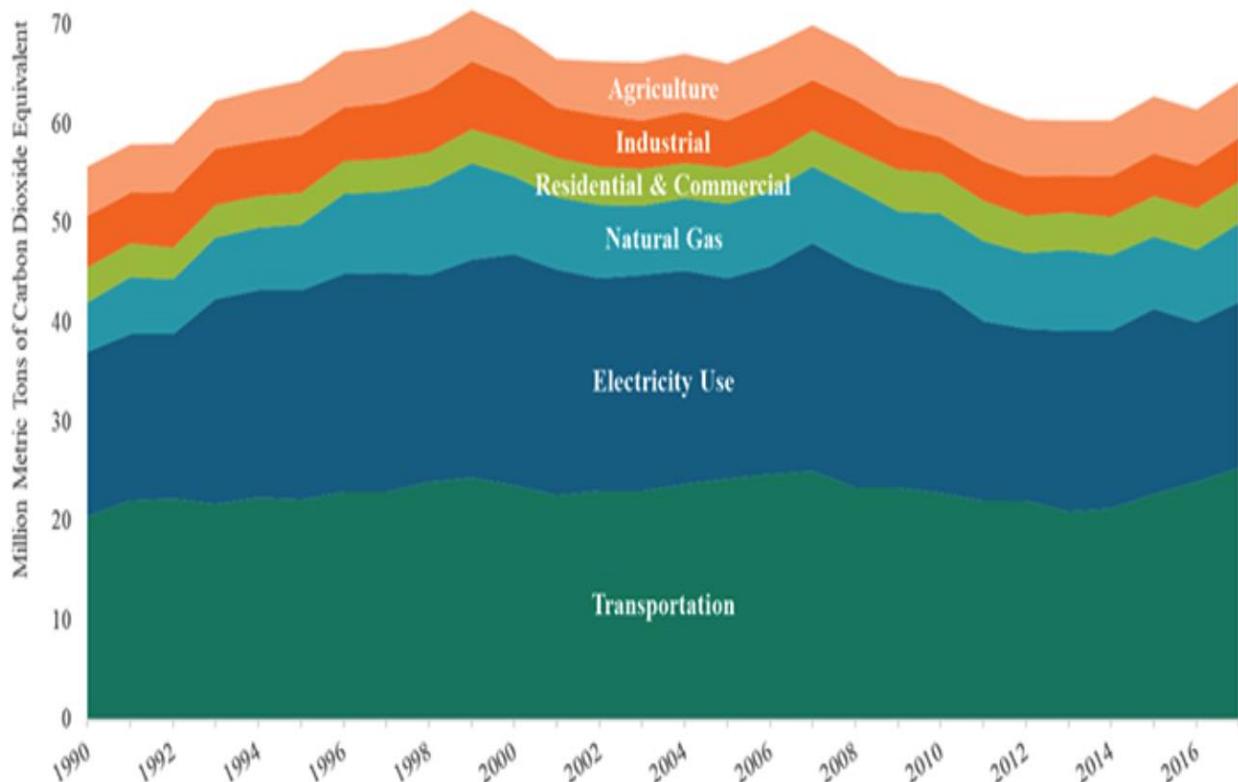


Figure 91. Oregon total Sector-based emissions by economic sector.

Emissions from transportation and electricity use are Oregon's largest sources of greenhouse gas emissions.

Consumption-based GHG Emission Trends:

Oregon's consumption-based greenhouse gas emissions are produced to meet the state's consumption of goods and services like cars, food, fuels, appliances and clothing—most of which are produced in other states or overseas. This inventory accounts for total emissions from producing, using and disposing of a product. More than half of the consumption-based emissions occur in other states or nations but are driven by Oregon consumption. The chart below shows the 2015 emissions by consumption type.

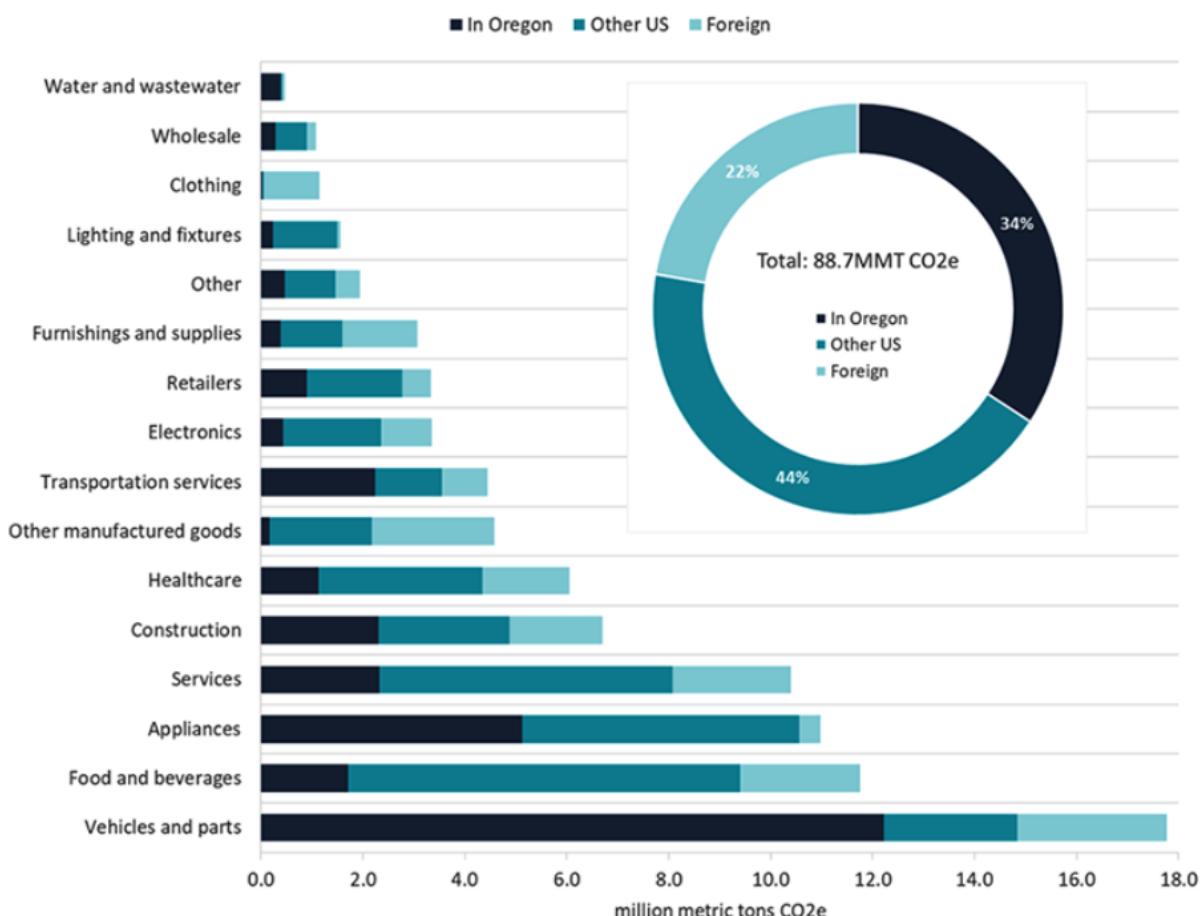


Figure 92. Oregon total Consumption-based GHG emissions by consumption type.

The consumption-based greenhouse gas emissions inventory tracks emissions produced in Oregon and around the world due to the products and services Oregonians consume.

National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS)

The EPA has established primary NAAQS to protect public health and secondary NAAQS to protect public welfare such as agriculture. The following Table has the NAAQS standards for the criteria pollutants. EPA summarizes the NAAQS at: <https://www.epa.gov/criteria-air-pollutants/naaqs-table>

Table 5. 2017 National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS).

Pollutant	Averaging Time	National Ambient Air Quality Standard (NAAQS) Violation Determination	Primary NAAQS Exceedance Level	Secondary NAAQS Exceedance Level
Carbon monoxide	1-hour	Not to be exceeded more than once/year.	35 ppm	-
	8-hour	Not to be exceeded more than once/year.	9 ppm	-
Lead	Three Months	Rolling 3 Month Average	0.15 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$	0.15 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$
Nitrogen dioxide	Annual	Annual arithmetic mean	53 ppb	53 ppb
	1-hour	3yr average of the maximum daily 98 th percentile one hour average.	100 ppb	-
Ozone	8-hour	3-year average of the annual 4th highest daily maximum 8-hour average.	0.070 ppm	0.070 ppm
PM2.5	24-hour	3-year average of the 24 hour average daily 98 th percentile.	35 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$	35 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$
	Annual Average	3-year average of the annual arithmetic mean	12 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$	12 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$
PM10	24-hour	Not to be exceeded more than once per year on average over 3 years.	150 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$	150 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$
Sulfur dioxide	1-hour	3yr average of the maximum daily 99 th percentile one hour average.	75 ppb	-
	3-hour	Not to be exceeded more than once per year.	-	0.5 ppm

Notes: $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ = micrograms of pollutant per cubic meter of air

ppm = parts per million

ppb = parts per billion

Exceedances vs. Violation

Exceedances occur when the NAAQS is surpassed but is not necessarily violated. Violations occur when the standards described in the table above are surpassed. An area can have multiple exceedances without violating the NAAQS. For example, an ozone violation is the three year average of the fourth highest, maximum daily eight hour average. For one year the fourth highest day may exceed the NAAQS but the other two years in the average may be below the NAAQS, bringing the three year average below the NAAQS. During wildfires or other events outside of the control of the community, a violation can be excused by EPA as an exceptional event.

Recent NAAQS Exceedances.

The following Tables summarize Oregon's NAAQS exceedances for the last 10 years for PM2.5, PM10, CO, and Ozone. PM2.5 comparison to the NAAQS is determined by the 98th percentile.

Table 6. PM2.5 98th Percentile – Eastern Oregon.

Year	Bend	Burns	Klamath Falls	La Grande	Lakeview	Pendleton	Prineville	The Dalles
2010	14.5	24.8	34.6	12.9	26.3	18.2	27.5	<i>19.6</i>
2011	<i>17.8</i>	39.4	37.1	<i>26.0</i>	37.8	25.9	37.1	<i>19.9</i>
2012	<i>20.3</i>	27.1	34.1	<i>21.7</i>	36.7	21.6	29.3	<i>17.6</i>
2013	<i>17.7</i>	38.0	46.5	<i>32.9</i>	93.6	32.0	49.2	<i>30.1</i>
2014	<i>21.7</i>	29.0	29.6	<i>35.2</i>	42.3	23.0	46.8	<i>18.3</i>
2015	<i>17.0</i>	25.8	25.2	<i>26.2</i>	32.7	17.6	41.7	<i>16.7</i>
2016	<i>11.1</i>	29.4	23.0	<i>27.8</i>	19.4	17.3	24.3	<i>19.4</i>
2017	<i>16.4</i>	33.8	31.6	<i>18.7</i>	56.3	20.5	35.2	<i>23.5</i>
2017 [¶]	<i>76.2</i>	45.3	55.1	<i>38.1</i>	57.9	37.4	57.6	<i>58.7</i>
2018	<i>20.7</i>	28.3	27.9	<i>20.8</i>	28.7	21.7	25.4	<i>20.3</i>
2018 [¶]	<i>37.8</i>	35.6	146	<i>28.9</i>	65.9	39.9	32.9	<i>27.6</i>
2019	<i>13.6</i>	29.5	32.3	<i>15.5</i>	26.2	22.6	27.9	<i>24.4</i>
2019 [¶]			33.5					

Table 7. PM2.5 98th Percentile – Western Oregon.

Year	Albany	Beaverton	Cottage Grove	Corvallis	Eugene/Springfield	Grants Pass	Hillsboro	Medford	Oakridge	Portland	Salem
2010	<i>16.0</i>	<i>15.0</i>	<i>14.8</i>	18.3	19.5	20.1	15.8	19.1	33.0	17.0	<i>19.2</i>
2011	<i>21.2</i>	<i>23.4</i>	<i>21.2</i>	20.5	22.2	30.0	36.2	29.0	42.0	36.1	<i>25.2</i>
2012	<i>16.4</i>	<i>17.9</i>	<i>15.4</i>	17.0	25.4	17.8	17.8	31.0	38.4	15.7	<i>18</i>
2013	<i>32.3</i>	<i>27.3</i>	<i>24.5</i>	31.1	40.2	32.4	42.8	65.6	41.0	35.6	<i>31.8</i>
2014	<i>22.9</i>	<i>20.4</i>	<i>16.3</i>	21.3	31.6	25.7	27.7	31.3	41.1	22.1	<i>22.7</i>
2015	<i>25.4</i>	<i>17.8</i>	<i>18.6</i>	20.1	26.7	18.4	33.9	35.2	28.9	29.9	<i>22.9</i>
2016	<i>17.1</i>	<i>12.8</i>	<i>16.3</i>	18.3	25.9	15.2	18.4	20.8	21.7	13.6	<i>16.9</i>
2017	<i>22.3</i>	<i>16.8</i>	<i>16.6</i>	19.7	37.0	19.3	24.1	28.8	35.7	22.2	<i>17.7</i>
2017 [¶]	<i>30.2</i>	<i>34.5</i>	<i>25.0</i>	37.7	41.6	115	33.0	111	86.2	25.7	<i>26.1</i>
2018	<i>23.0</i>	<i>16.6</i>	<i>18.8</i>	23.2	31.8	23.5	22.2	23.6	28.6	17.4	<i>23.0</i>
2018 [¶]	<i>26.2</i>	<i>23.7</i>	<i>23.1</i>	23.7	38.9	75.1	31.5	144	33.2	20.3	<i>37.4</i>
2019	<i>19.0</i>	<i>17.0</i>	<i>18.8</i>	20.5	28.9	25.4	23.6	26.6	36.7	20.0	<i>24.8</i>
2019 [¶]						29.7		37.0			

Notes:

1. *Blue, italicized* values are from a non-Federal Reference Method and are informational.
2. [¶]Wildfire smoke impact data included
3. NAAQS is 35.5 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$

Table 8. PM10 Number of Exceedances per year.

Year	Portland	Oakridge	Medford	Grants Pass	Eugene/ Springfield	Cottage Grove	Pendleton	Lakeview	La Grande	Klamath Falls	Burns	Bend
2010	-	-	0	0	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-
2011	-	-	0	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2012	-	-	0	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2013	-	-	0	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2014	-	-	0	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2015	-	-	0	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2016	-	-	0	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2017 ^{pg}	-	-	0	0	-	-	-	-	-	3	0	1
2017	-	-	0	0	-	-	-	-	-	0	0	0
2018	-	-	0	0	-	-	-	-	-	0	0	0
2019	-	-	0	0	-	-	-	-	-	0	0	0

^{pg}Wildfire smoke impact data included

Table 9. Carbon Monoxide Number of Exceedances per year.

Year	Eugene	Portland
2010	0	0
2011	-	0
2012	-	0
2013	-	0
2014	-	0
2015	-	0
2016	-	0
2017	-	0
2018	-	0
2019	-	0

Table 10. Ozone Number of Exceedances per year.

Year	Bend	Eugene	Medford	Portland	Salem	Hermiston	The Dalles
2010	0	0	0	2	1	0	-
2011	0	0	0	0	0	0	-
2012	0	0	0	0	0	0	-
2013	0	0	0	0	0	0	-
2014	0	0	0	1	1	0	-
2015	0	1	1	0	1	0	-
Standard lowered from 0.075 to 0.070ppm							
2016	-	0	0	0	0	1	0
2017	-	5	5	9	6	7	1
2018	-	0	6	4	0	0	0
2019	-	0	1	1	0	0	-

Appendix 1. Data Summaries

Oregon's Air Quality Monitors collect criteria pollutant data using EPA Federal Reference Methods. DEQ and LRAPA use other EPA approved methods for PM2.5 estimates for the AQI, and methods used for air toxics. The criteria data are summarized for comparison to the NAAQS. PM2.5 estimate and ozone AQI data are provided and Air Toxics are compared to Oregon Ambient Benchmark Concentration.

DEQ Air Monitoring Methods:

Appendix 1 -A&B. Particulate (PM10 and PM2.5)

- A. The PM2.5 annual average is determined by averaging the quarterly means.
- B. The PM2.5 maximum daily sample is determined by taking the highest daily sample for the year.
- C. The PM2.5 98th percentile is the value on the 98th percent highest day. (# of days sampled*0.98). E.g. 120 sample days*0.98 = 118; 120 is the highest day, 118th day is the third highest day.
- D. The PM10 maximum daily sample is determined by taking the highest 24 hour sample for the year.
- E. The PM10 2nd highest daily sample is determined by taking the 2nd highest sample for the year.

Appendix 1-C. Ozone (O₃)

- A. Maximum daily, eight hour ozone average is calculated using a rolling eight hour average.
- B. Fourth highest eight hour average is determined from the data in C.

Appendix 1-D. Oxides of Nitrogen (NO₂ and NO)

- A. The one hour value is calculated using the 98th percentile of the maximum daily, hourly average.
- B. The annual standard is determined by averaging the annual one hour values.

Appendix 1-E. Sulfur Dioxide (SO₂)

- A. The one hour value is calculated using the 99th percentile of the maximum daily, hourly average.
- B. The maximum three hour average is calculated using three consecutive hours.

Appendix 1-F. Carbon Monoxide (CO)

- A. Maximum eight hour CO average is determined by calculating an eight hour rolling average.
- B. Second highest eight hour average CO is determined from the data in A. Only one maximum per CO episode is used to count to the second highest.

Appendix 1-G. Air Quality Index based on PM2.5 and ozone

- A. PM2.5 FRM filter data is used first if available.
- B. Where PM2.5 FRM filter data is unavailable, nephelometer data is used to estimate PM2.5.
- C. The maximum eight hour average daily ozone is used to calculate the daily ozone AQI.
- D. Where ozone and PM2.5 are both available, the higher AQI of the two is used for the day.

Appendix 1-H. Air Toxics (Hazardous Air Pollution)

- A. Air toxic levels are compared to benchmark levels.
- B. The annual averages are determined by taking the arithmetic mean of the quarterly averages. Where the values are below the minimum detection limit (MDL), the MDL is halved prior to inclusion in the average. If the quarterly average is below the MDL, the MDL is used.

The lists of the Federal Reference Methods and codes are at: <http://www.epa.gov/ttnamti1/>

Table 11. Ambient Air Quality Monitoring Methods

Pollutant	Method Code	Method Description
PM2.5	117, 118, 145	Low volume filter sampler and pre and post filter weighing.
	170	FEM Beta Attenuation
	238	FEM Light Scattering
PM10	127	Low volume filter sampler and pre and post filter weighing.
	141	High volume filter sampler and pre and post filter weighing.
	122	FEM Beta Attenuation
	239	FEM Light Scattering
PM10 Lead	811	Low volume filter sampler and XRF analysis
Ozone	047, 087,214	Ultraviolet photometry (214 method starting in 2019)
NO ₂	590, 186, 200	Chemiluminescent Detection
SO ₂	592, 100	Ultraviolet fluorescence spectrometer
CO	588, 093	Nondispersive infrared trace monitor
Visibility	027	Beta Light Scattering
PM2.5 Est	027/145 791/145	Beta Light Scattering correlated with PM2.5 filter sampling
Air Toxics		
Carbonyls	156	Cartridge-DNPH-Silica-SEP-PAK/ HPLC photodiode Array
Volatile Organic Compounds	176	6L Sub-ambient Canister sampling, GC/MS analysis
Poly Aromatic Hydrocarbon	118	TSP High Volume sampling on PUF/XAD media, Soxhlet Extraction, GCMS analysis.
PM10 Metals	501	High Volume PM10 with ICP/MS analysis on a Quartz Filter
Diesel Particulate	886	Aethalometer (optical absorption) black carbon surrogate

APPENDIX 1A PM2.5

PM2.5 Data Summary

Portland Area					
City and Station	Year	Sample days: Actual/ Expected	Arithmetic mean	Maximum ($\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)	98 th Percentile ($\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)
Hillsboro (HHF)	2010	93/122	6.6	40 (11/25)	16 (10/20)
Hare Field	2011	111/121	8.6	54 (12/05)	36 (01/03)
EPA # 410670004	2012	109/122	7.2	39 (01/13)	22 (11/11)
<i>↳ forest fire data included</i>	2013	119/122	9.1	55 (12/12)	43 (11/30)
* forest fire flagged data removed	2014	117/122	7.0	37 (01/26)	23 (12/31)
	2015 [↳]	120/121	8.3	58 (08/22)	34 (11/29)
	2015*	119/121	7.6	34 (11/29)	32 (01/03)
	2016	120/122	5.9	21 (12/17)	18 (10/12)
	2017 [↳]	119/122	8.2	40 (08/02)	33 (08/08)
	2017*	115/122	7.3	36 (01/13)	24 (01/16)
	2018 [↳]	116/122	8.0	52 (08/21)	32 (11/13)
	2018*	114/122	7.2	32 (11/13)	22 (12/22)
	2019	114/121	6.7	36 (12/05)	24 (11/02)
S.E. Portland (SEL)	2010	117/122	6.3	31 (11/25)	17 (02/07)
SE Lafayette and 57 th	2011	111/121	8.3	42 (02/11)	36 (12/11)
EPA # 410510080	2012	118/122	7.4	35 (01/28)	23 (09/18)
<i>↳ forest fire data included</i>	2013	120/122	8.7	42 (11/30)	36 (01/19)
* forest fire flagged data removed	2014	120/122	6.3	30 (02/10)	15 (01/17)
	2015 [↳]	121/121	7.2	56 (08/22)	29 (01/03)
	2015*	120/121	6.8	30 (11/23)	24 (01/24)
	2016	122/122	5.6	28 (12/26)	14 (02/21)
	2017 [↳]	119/122	7.9	53 (09/16)	34 (08/29)
	2017*	115/122	6.8	24 (12/21)	22 (10/16)
	2018 [↳]	120/122	7.4	48 (08/21)	20 (11/13)
	2018*	118/122	6.8	20 (11/13)	17 (11/07)
	2019	121/121	6.5	30 (11/23)	20 (11/05)
Tualatin	2016	108/122	6.3	22 (10/12)	18 (12/17)
Bradbury Court (I-5 site)	2017 [↳]	118/122	7.9	50 (09/16)	36 (08/29)
EPA # 410670005	2017*	115/122	6.9	24 (12/15)	20 (10/31)
<i>↳ forest fire data included</i>	2018 [↳]	121/122	7.7	47 (08/21)	19 (11/13)
* forest fire flagged data removed	2018*	119/122	7.1	19 (11/13)	17 (10/20)
	2019	120/121	6.8	32 (11/23)	21 (11/08)

APPENDIX 1A PM2.5

Eugene Area					
City and Station	Year	Sample days: Actual/ Expected	Arithmetic mean	Maximum ($\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)	98 th Percentile ($\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)
Eugene Amazon Park (AMZ)	2010	356/365	5.7	21 (01/29)	16 (01/03)
EPA # 410390060	2011	119/121	6.5	25 (02/02)	21 (12/05)
<i>↪ forest fire data included</i>	2012	121/122	6.4	32 (01/13)	25 (02/06)
<i>* forest fire flagged data removed</i>	2013	122/122	7.8	52 (12/09)	39 (11/27)
	2014	123/122	7.2	36 (01/26)	31 (11/16)
	2015 [↪]	121/121	7.4	55 (08/22)	27 (11/26)
	2016	122/122	5.4	38 (01/01)	20 (01/04)
	2017 [↪]	119/122	9.0	145 (09/04)	42 (01/16)
	2017*	115/122	6.9	42 (01/06)	37 (12/12)
	2018 [↪]	121/122	7.5	40 (08/21)	32 (11/13)
	2018*	120/122	7.2	34 (12/07)	29 (11/10)
	2019	120/121	7.3	30 (11/23)	25 (12/05)
Eugene Hwy 99 (E99)	2010	119/122	6.3	23 (12/07)	20 (01/29)
Pacific Hwy 99 N	2011	115/121	6.8	27 (01/03)	22 (10/18)
EPA# 410390059	2012	118/122	6.5	30 (02/06)	21 (10/18)
<i>↪ forest fire data included</i>	2013	122/122	8.3	55 (12/09)	40 (11/24)
<i>* forest fire flagged data removed</i>	2014	120/122	7.2	44 (01/26)	31 (11/16)
	2015 [↪]	122/121	8.0	55 (08/22)	27 (11/26)
	2016	119/122	5.7	18 (01/04)	16 (02/09)
	2017 [↪]	120/122	10.9	330 (09/04)	43 (01/16)
	2017*	117/122	7.2	43 (01/16)	32 (12/12)
	2018 [↪]	122/122	8.7	46 (11/13)	39 (11/19)
	2018*	121/122	8.4	46 (11/13)	32 (12/07)
	2019	121/121	8.0	31 (01/12)	29 (11/02)
Springfield	2010	63/61	5.8	18 (08/06)	14 (09/29)
City Hall (SCH)	2011	63/61	5.6	19 (01/03)	15 (12/14)
EPA# 410391009	2012	66/61	5.6	18 (10/18)	15 (09/18)
<i>↪ forest fire data included</i>	2013	61/61	6.3	19 (11/24)	17 (01/22)
<i>* forest fire flagged data removed</i>	2014	61/61	6.4	36 (11/19)	14 (12/07)
	2015 [↪]	60/60	6.3	54 (08/22)	13 (10/27)
	2016	58/61	4.7	10 (01/01)	9 (06/05)
	2017 [↪]	58/61	13.6	287 (09/04)	134 (08/29)
	2017*	56/61	6.2	28 (12/12)	21 (12/15)

APPENDIX 1A PM2.5

Western Oregon					
City and Station	Year	Sample days: Actual/ Expected	Arithmetic mean	Maximum ($\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)	98 th Percentile ($\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)
Cottage Grove	2010	121/122	6.9	21 (12/07)	18 (12/22)
City Shops (CGS)	2011	119/121	7.1	32 (02/02)	21 (12/23)
EPA # 410399004	2012	119/122	6.7	25 (01/13)	17 (11/02)
<i>↪ forest fire data included</i>	2013	120/122	7.5	38 (12/09)	25 (11/27)
<i>* forest fire flagged data removed</i>	2014	124/122	6.9	34 (11/19)	21 (12/04)
	2015 [↪]	118/121	7.3	40 (08/22)	20 (02/23)
	2016	121/122	5.8	26 (01/01)	18 (11/02)
	2017 [↪]	117/122	8.8	116 (09/04)	38 (09/07)
	2017*	111/122	6.8	28 (01/16)	20 (12/28)
	2018 [↪]	123/122	7.8	44 (08/21)	24 (11/13)
	2018*	122/122	7.5	26 (12/07)	23 (11/19)
	2019	120/121	7.3	29 (12/11)	21 (11/23)
Grants Pass	2010	57/61	6.4	36 (12/04)	20 (10/29)
Parkside School (GPP)	2011	61/61	7.6	32 (12/23)	30 (11/11)
EPA # 410330114	2012	61/61	7.1	19 (01/04)	18 (11/17)
<i>↪ forest fire data included</i>	2013 [↪]	61/61	11.9	90 (08/02)	36 (11/24)
<i>* forest fire flagged data removed</i>	2013*	59/61	10.1	36 (11/24)	32 (12/12)
	2014	61/61	7.4	43 (11/19)	26 (01/05)
	2015 [↪]	57/60	8.2	24 (08/28)	18 (08/22)
	2016	61/61	5.8	17 (12/20)	15 (10/21)
	2017 [↪]	58/61	15.8	283 (09/04)	115 (08/29)
	2017*	54/61	7.4	24 (01/01)	19 (08/11)
	2018 [↪]	61/61	11.9	99 (08/06)	75 (07/25)
	2018*	58/61	9.0	31 (11/16)	24 (11/10)
	2019 [↪]	59/60	9.7	46 (07/26)	30 (01/15)
	2019*	60/61	9.0	30 (01/15)	25 (12/17)
Medford	2010	117/122	7.1	22 (12/04)	19 (11/19)
Grant & Belmont (MGB)	2011	113/121	9.4	43 (12/11)	29 (12/23)
902 Grant Ave.	2012	119/122	9.3	33 (01/28)	31 (01/13)
EPA # 410290133	2013 [↪]	121/122	14.2	157 (07/30)	66 (12/12)
	2013*	118/122	12.0	66 (12/12)	43 (01/19)
	2014 [↪]	122/122	9.3	39 (01/02)	31 (01/20)
	2014*	121/122	9.1	39 (01/02)	28 (12/31)
Welch & Jackson	2015 [↪]	119/121	12.1	112 (08/01)	46 (08/22)
EPA # 410292129	2015*	115/121	9.6	36 (11/23)	35 (11/14)
Moved to Welch and Jackson	2016	120/122	7.2	25 (12/17)	21 (01/04)
In 2018	2017 [↪]	117/122	15.5	151 (09/04)	111 (08/29)
	2017*	110/122	10.2	37 (12/15)	29 (01/16)
	2018 [↪]	120/122	17.4	180 (08/09)	144 (08/06)
<i>↪ forest fire data included</i>	2018*	105/122	9.2	26 (01/14)	24 (11/16)
<i>* forest fire flagged data removed</i>	2019 [↪]	117/119	8.7	105 (07/26)	37 (01/03)
	2019*	119/121	7.5	37 (01/03)	27 (12/29)

APPENDIX 1A PM2.5

Western Oregon					
City and Station	Year	Sample days: Actual/ Expected	Arithmetic mean	Maximum ($\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)	98 th Percentile ($\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)
Oakridge	2010	119/122	8.9	43 (02/22)	33 (02/19)
Willamette Cntr. (OAK)	2011	119/121	10.0	48 (12/23)	42 (02/02)
School St.	2012	116/122	7.6	50 (01/13)	38 (02/06)
EPA # 410392013	2013	120/122	9.8	55 (12/09)	41 (01/19)
^b forest fire data included	2014	122/122	10.0	46 (01/05)	41 (11/16)
* forest fire flagged data removed	2015	121/121	8.9	39 (11/29)	29 (02/23)
	2016	120/122	6.7	31 (12/08)	22 (02/24)
	2017 ^b	125/122	13.0	200 (09/04)	86 (09/01)
	2017*	116/122	8.8	42 (12/12)	36 (01/07)
	2018 ^b	114/122	12.2	62 (08/21)	33 (11/13)
	2018*	114/122	9.0	35 (02/13)	29 (12/07)
	2019	354/365	9.2	42 (01/12)	37 (10/30)
Eastern Oregon					
Burns	2010	118/122	7.9	32 (01/05)	25 (12/01)
Washington Park (BWS)	2011	116/121	10.0	47 (01/06)	39 (11/11)
EPA # 410250003	2012	121/122	8.6	49 (09/21)	27 (11/11)
^b forest fire data included	2013	119/122	9.9	39 (12/12)	38 (12/09)
* forest fire flagged data removed	2014 ^b	119/122	9.0	61(08/06)	29 (12/04)
	2015 ^b	360/365	8.3	46 (08/29)	26 (01/28)
	2016	118/122	8.2	30 (11/17)	29 (11/05)
	2017 ^b	122/122	11.1	90 (09/07)	45 (09/04)
	2017*	119/122	9.8	52 (01/16)	34 (12/27)
	2018 ^b	116/122	10.1	88 (08/21)	36 (01/05)
	2018*	115/122	9.2	36 (12/16)	28 (11/16)
	2019	350/365	10.2	48 (02/01)	30 (01/31)
Klamath Falls	2010	118/122	9.8	53 (11/25)	35 (01/05)
Peterson School (KFP)	2011	115/121	11.1	38 (11/26)	37 (02/11)
4856 Clinton St.	2012	115/122	10.7	43 (08/28)	34 (08/31)
EPA # 410350004	2013*	112/122	11.6	50 (01/16)	46 (12/09)
^b forest fire data included	2014	118/122	8.8	31 (08/03)	30 (01/20)
* forest fire flagged data removed	2015 ^b	112/121	10.2	85 (08/01)	44 (08/19)
	2015*	108/121	8.2	38 (11/29)	25 (11/14)
	2016	118/122	6.8	29 (12/08)	23 (01/07)
	2017 ^b	122/122	11.7	102 (09/04)	55 (08/20)
	2017*	115/122	8.5	32 (12/12)	32 (12/15)
	2018 ^b	117/122	20.6	156 (08/03)	146 (07/31)
	2018*	103/122	10.7	28 (12/13)	22 (02/13)
	2019 ^b	361/365	10.6	39 (10/12)	34 (11/09)
	2019*	357/365	10.2	39 (10/12)	32 (12/05)

APPENDIX 1A PM2.5

Eastern Oregon					
City and Station	Year	Sample days: Actual/ Expected	Arithmetic mean	Maximum ($\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)	98 th Percentile ($\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)
Lakeview Center and M Street (LCM) EPA # 410370001 <i>✓ forest fire data included</i> <i>* forest fire flagged data removed</i>	2010	116/122	7.5	34 (12/31)	26 (01/05)
	2011	110/121	9.1	58 (01/03)	38 (01/27)
	2012	113/122	9.7	42 (11/15)	37 (01/10)
	2013	121/122	14.6	104 (01/19)	94 (01/16)
	2014	120/122	8.6	47 (01/20)	42 (01/14)
	2015	115/121	8.4	45 (11/29)	33 (01/06)
	2016	106/122	6.3	70 (12/29)	19 (02/09)
	2017 [✓]	108/122	11.0	64 (12/12)	58 (09/04)
	2017*	107/122	8.3	64 (12/12)	56 (12/08)
	2018 [✓]	101/122	12.8	112 (07/31)	66 (08/24)
	2018*	91/122	7.8	30 (11/13)	29 (12/07)
	2019	121/121	6.6	38 (01/03)	26 (01/30)
Prineville Davidson Park (PDP) EPA # 410130100 <i>✓ forest fire data included</i> <i>* forest fire flagged data removed</i>	2010	75/92	7.8	28 (01/02)	28 (12/07)
	2011	99/121	9.6	40 (02/02)	37 (12/17)
	2012	119/122	8.0	37 (11/26)	29 (09/21)
	2013	122/122	11.0	56 (12/27)	49 (11/27)
	2014 [✓]	119/122	9.9	69 (07/19)	47 (02/10)
	2014*	118/122	9.4	48 (01/17)	44 (11/16)
	2015 [✓]	108/121	8.9	83 (08/13)	42 (08/22)
	2015*	104/121	7.5	42 (01/06)	25 (01/21)
	2016	116/122	6.9	41 (12/17)	24 (12/11)
	2017 [✓]	112/122	11.7	131(09/07)	58 (09/04)
	2017*	107/122	8.5	50 (12/15)	35 (12/18)
	2018 [✓]	113/122	8.9	60 (08/21)	33 (10/17)
	2018*	110/122	8.0	33 (10/17)	25 (11/19)
	2019	116/121	7.6	33 (09/06)	28 (12/05)

APPENDIX 1B PM10

PM10 Data Summary

City and Station	Year	Sample days: Actual/ Expected	Days >150	24-Hour Averages ($\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)	
				Maximum (date)	2nd Highest (date)
Eugene Area					
Eugene Pacific Hwy 99 N (EKB)	2010	116/122	0	49 (08/24)	41 (02/19)
Eugene Hwy 99 N (E99)	2011	65/61	0	58 (09/06)	38 (01/03)
EPA# 410390059	2012	61/61	0	47 (08/13)	43 (09/06)
^b <i>forest fire data included</i>	2013	60/61	0	59 (08/20)	42 (11/24)
* forest fire flagged data removed	2014	61/61	0	46 (11/19)	37 (09/08)
	2015 ^b	60/60	0	97 (08/22)	53 (07/29)
	2016	60/61	0	57 (08/22)	42 (09/13)
	2017 ^b	355/365	3	239 (09/04)	226 (09/03)
	2017*	338/365	0	57 (01/16)	52 (12/09)
	2018 ^b	339/365	0	134 (08/21)	83 (08/20)
	2019	354/365	0	77 (08/26)	31 (08/27)
Amazon Park (AMZ) EPA#410390060	2019	58/61	0	33 (08/19)	31 (11/23)
La Grande					
Ash Street (LAS)	2010	55/61	0	37 (07/25)	32 (08/06)
EPA # 410610119	2011	56/61	0	32 (09/24)	32 (09/12)
^b <i>forest fire data included</i>	2012	57/61	0	37 (08/07)	36 (08/13)
	2013	62/61	0	76 (01/22)	35 (12/06)
	2014	60/61	0	50 (11/19)	43 (11/13)
	2015 ^b	60/60	0	69 (08/22)	41 (08/28)
Moved to Hall and N Street (Sept, 2016)	2016	45/61	0	45 (11/02)	27 (12/20)
Hall and North St. (LHN)	2017 ^b	56/61	0	64 (08/11)	55 (08/05)
EPA # 410610123	2018 ^b	61/61	0	54 (07/14)	51 (08/06)
	2019	61/61	0	48 (03/16)	36 (11/05)
Klamath Falls					
Peterson School (KFP)	2019	361/365	0	62 (10/12)	58 (10/15)
EPA # 410350004					
Medford					
Welch & Jackson (MWJ)	2012 ^b	44/61	0	37 (01/28)	36 (08/13)
EPA # 410292129	2013 ^b	58/61	0	91 (08/08)	84 (08/14)
^b <i>forest fire data included</i>	2014	54/61	0	41 (01/05)	35 (12/31)
* forest fire flagged data removed	2015 ^b	57/60	0	61 (08/22)	52 (08/28)
	2016	53/61	0	33 (12/20)	28 (01/07)
	2017 ^b	58/61	1	175 (09/04)	136 (08/29)
	2017*	53/61	0	47 (01/31)	39 (12/09)
	2018 ^b	55/61	0	99 (07/25)	66 (07/19)
	2019 ^b	58/61	0	118 (07/26)	54 (01/03)

APPENDIX 1B PM10

City and Station	Year	Sample days: Actual/ Expected	Days >150	24-Hour Averages ($\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)	
				Maximum (date)	2nd Highest (date)
Oakridge	2010	118/122	0	51 (02/22)	39 (01/05)
Willamette Center Trailer (OAK)	2011	59/61	0	53 (12/23)	49 (02/02)
EPA# 410392013	2012	63/61	0	47 (02/03)	44 (01/04)
* forest fire flagged data removed	2013	61/61	0	53 (12/30)	41 (01/22)
▫ forest fire data included	2014	61/61	0	55 (01/05)	43 (08/27)
	2015	60/60	0	37 (02/17)	32 (02/23)
	2016	60/61	0	30 (12/08)	25 (02/24)
	2017*	336/365	0	55 (12/07)	44 (12/13)
	2017▫	352/365	4	210 (09/04)	173 (09/05)
	2018▫	354/365	0	76 (08/21)	60 (08/22)
	2019	354/365	0	53 (05/04)	49 (06/14)
Portland Area	2010	117/122	0	38 (11/25)	31 (11/10)
SE Portland (SEL)	2011	111/121	0	56 (02/11)	51 (12/23)
SE Lafayette	2012	111/122	0	45 (01/28)	34 (09/18)
EPA# 410510080	2013	120/122	0	44 (12/12)	43 (12/12)
	2014	120/122	0	37 (02/10)	30 (09/11)
	2015▫	119/121	0	68 (08/22)	33 (11/24)
	2016	119/122	0	34 (08/19)	32 (12/26)
	2017▫	120/122	0	70 (09/16)	59 (08/02)
▫ forest fire data included	2018▫	117/122	0	54 (08/15)	27 (02/07)
* forest fire flagged data removed	2019	119/122	0	33 (11/23)	29 (12/05)
N. Portland (PNR)	2010	57/61	0	22 (08/24)	22 (01/26)
N. Emerson (N. Roselawn)	2011	59/61	0	38 (12/23)	35 (12/11)
EPA # 410510246	2012	58/61	0	36 (01/28)	35 (09/18)
▫ forest fire data included	2013	61/61	0	43 (11/30)	40 (12/12)
Site shut down, restarted as PHS in 2017	2014	60/61	0	18 (09/14)	17 (11/19)
	2015▫	58/60	0	73 (08/22)	45 (11/24)
N. Portland (PHS)	2017▫	46/61	0	52 (09/16)	29 (08/29)
Humboldt School	2018	61/61	0	29 (02/07)	27 (10/17)
EPA # 410512010	2019	61/61	0	29 (11/23)	28 (12/05)
Hillsboro (HHF)					
Hare Field	2019	56/61	0	35 (12/05)	32 (07/14)
EPA # 410670004					
Gresham (GLC)					
Learning Center	2017▫	57/61	0	90 (09/16)	62 (09/04)
EPA # 410512008	2017*	54/61	0	34 (12/21)	34 (01/07)

APPENDIX 1C Ozone

Ozone Data Summary

Station Location and Number	Year	Sample days: Actual/ Expected	8 Hr Aver. Maximum (ppm)	4th Highest 8hr Aver. (ppm)	# of Days >Std	3 Yr Aver. of 4th High (ppb)
Eugene Area	2010	153/153	73 (08/25)	56 (07/07)	0	59
Eugene	2011	153/153	72 (09/10)	59 (09/09)	0	59
Amazon Park (AMZ)	2012	153/153	65 (08/12)	59 (05/13)	0	58
EPA# 410390060	2013	153/153	57 (07/09)	53 (05/03)	0	57
<i>Wildfire smoke – this can elevate ozone concentrations</i>	2014	153/153	61 (07/15)	58 (08/26)	0	56
	2015 ^b	152/153	78 (07/02)	68 (07/30)	1	59
	2016	153/153	64 (08/19)	57 (08/13)	0	61
	2017 ^b	153/153	91 (08/02)	70 (08/08)	3	65
	2018 ^b	148/153	65 (07/25)	60 (08/21)	0	62
	2019	153/153	62 (08/27)	54 (05/10)	0	61
Saginaw (SAG)	2010	150/153	74 (08/25)	60 (08/13)	0	61
79980 Delight Valley	2011	152/153	68 (09/10)	59 (08/20)	0	61
School Road	2012	152/153	65 (09/17)	62 (09/13)	0	60
EPA# 410391007	2013	153/153	59 (07/09)	56 (07/26)	0	59
<i>Wildfire smoke – this can elevate ozone concentrations</i>	2014	153/153	62 (07/15)	58 (08/01)	0	58
	2015	153/153	80 (07/02)	71 (08/19)	1	61
	2016	153/153	63 (08/19)	56 (07/28)	0	61
	2017 ^b	153/153	91 (08/02)	73 (08/01)	4	66
	2018 ^b	153/153	68 (07/25)	60 (07/12)	0	63
	2019	153/153	65 (08/27)	55 (07/25)	0	62
Bend	2010	153/153	65 (07/29)	59 (08/05)	0	-
Road Dept. (BRD)	2011	135/153	61 (09/12)	57 (06/20)	0	58
EPA# 410170121	2012	152/153	67 (07/11)	62 (08/12)	0	59
	2013	153/153	59 (05/02)	56 (07/21)	0	58
	2014	153/153	65 (07/10)	60 (07/15)	0	59
	2015	153/153	71 (07/03)	63 (06/10)	0	60
Hermiston	2010	150/153	68 (07/29)	63 (08/17)	0	63
Municipal	2011	152/153	63 (09/09)	58 (09/11)	0	60
Airport (HMA)	2012	150/153	73 (05/15)	68 (08/07)	0	63
EPA # 410591003	2013	151/153	66 (07/19)	62 (05/07)	0	62
<i>Wildfire smoke – this can elevate ozone concentrations</i>	2014	146/153	67 (07/12)	64 (08/03)	0	64
	2015	151/153	73 (07/03)	70 (08/19)	0	65
	2016	137/153	74 (06/07)	63 (07/14)	0	65
	2017 ^b	153/153	80 (08/08)	73 (08/09)	7	68
	2018 ^b	97/153	66 (07/13)	60 (05/22)	0	65
	2019	152/153	65 (08/06)	59 (06/01)	0	64

*Parts per million

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The 8 hr standard is the 3-year average of the 4th highest value.

APPENDIX 1C Ozone

Station Location and Number	Year	Sample days: Actual/ Expected	8 Hr Aver. Maximum (ppm)	4th Highest 8hr Aver. (ppm)	# of Days >Std	3 Yr Aver. of 4th High (ppb)
The Dalles						
Cherry Heights (TDC)						
EPA# 410670007	2016	152/153	62 (05/12)	56 (05/31)	0	-
<i>¶ forest fire data included</i>	2017 [¶]	148/153	73 (08/09)	68 (08/11)	1	-
<i>*Insufficient data completion</i>	2018*	118/153	69 (09/16)	53 (07/24)	0	59*
Medford Area	2010	153/153	68 (08/25)	61 (08/24)	0	65
Talent (TAL)	2011	153/153	63 (09/07)	57 (09/10)	0	61
7112 Rapp Lane	2012	153/153	73 (08/14)	66 (07/11)	0	61
EPA# 410290201	2013	149/153	70 (07/09)	67 (08/06)	0	63
<i>¶ Wildfire smoke – this can elevate ozone concentrations</i>	2014	152/153	64 (07/16)	59 (07/10)	0	64
	2015 [¶]	140/153	86 (08/01)	69 (07/03)	1	64
	2016	131/153	50 (05/13)	49 (05/11)	0	58
	2017 [¶]	150/153	83 (08/02)	78 (08/03)	5	65
	2018 [¶]	153/153	76 (07/23)	74 (07/24)	6	67
	2019 [¶]	153/153	80 (07/26)	62 (06/15)	1	71
Salem Area	2010	152/153	78 (08/25)	57 (08/24)	1	64
Cascade Jr High (CJH)	2011	153/153	68 (09/10)	58 (09/09)	0	61
Turner	2012	150/153	68 (09/14)	63 (08/04)	0	59
EPA# 410470004	2013	150/153	62 (08/21)	55 (05/10)	0	58
<i>¶ Wildfire smoke – this can elevate ozone concentrations</i>	2014	145/153	81 (09/15)	62 (07/12)	1	59
	2015	153/153	78 (08/18)	65 (06/27)	1	60
	2016	150/153	69 (08/18)	65 (08/12)	0	64
	2017 [¶]	152/153	85 (08/03)	78 (08/28)	6	69
	2018 [¶]	150/153	70 (08/14)	66 (07/25)	0	69
	2019	149/153	66 (08/28)	55 (08/27)	0	66
State Hospital (SSH)						
EPA# 410470041	2018 [¶]	109/153	58 (07/16)	55 (07/15)	0	-
	2019	151/153	64 (08/28)	52 (08/27)	0	-
Portland Metro Area	2010	153/153	94 (07/08)	66 (08/05)	0	67
Carus (SPR)	2011	153/153	68 (09/07)	63 (09/10)	0	66
13575 Spangler Road	2012	153/153	73 (08/17)	65 (05/13)	0	64
Canby	2013	153/153	65 (09/11)	59 (05/06)	0	62
EPA# 410050004	2014	153/153	72 (08/11)	62 (09/14)	0	62
<i>¶ Wildfire smoke – this can elevate ozone concentrations</i>	2015	147/153	73 (08/18)	69 (07/30)	0	63
	2016	153/153	63 (08/19)	64 (07/28)	0	65
	2017 [¶]	147/153	116 (08/03)	83 (08/28)	8	72
	2018 [¶]	149/153	76 (08/22)	70 (08/07)	3	72
	2019	152/153	71 (08/28)	65 (08/05)	1	72

*Parts per million

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The 8 hr standard is the 3-year average of the 4th highest value.

APPENDIX 1C Ozone

Station Location And Number	Year	Sample days: Actual/ Expected	8-Hour Average Maximum (ppb)	4th Highest 8-Hour Average (ppb)	# Of Days >Std**	3 Year Avg Of 4th High (ppb)
Sherwood (SLR)	2010	153/153	71 (08/25)	56 (08/24)	0	-
EPA# 410671004	2011	152/153	67 (09/07)	56 (09/08)	0	59
<i>Wildfire smoke – this can elevate ozone concentrations</i>	2012	153/153	70 (08/17)	62 (09/14)	0	58
	2013	153/153	55 (05/06)	52 (05/04)	0	56
	2014	151/153	76 (08/11)	57 (05/14)	1	57
	2015	153/153	70 (08/23)	63 (06/27)	0	57
	2016	150/153	60 (08/12)	58 (05/13)	0	59
<i>Site discontinued after 2017</i>	2017 ^b	153/153	93 (08/03)	76 (08/02)	6	65
SE Portland (SEL)	2010	362/365	64 (08/25)	54 (08/16)	0	58
SE 57 & SE Lafayette	2011	362/365	76 (09/11)	57 (09/07)	1	57
EPA# 410510080	2012	364/366	63 (08/16)	61 (05/14)	0	57
<i>Wildfire smoke – this can elevate ozone concentrations</i>	2013	359/365	58 (06/30)	53 (05/06)	0	57
	2014	364/365	75 (08/11)	55 (05/01)	0	56
	2015	363/365	62 (08/18)	57 (08/01)	0	55
	2016	357/366	60 (08/12)	55 (08/12)	0	55
	2017 ^b	317/365	87 (08/02)	68 (08/09)	1	60
	2018 ^b	353/365	76 (08/08)	67 (07/15)	2	63
	2019	330/365	66 (08/28)	58 (07/21)	0	64
Sauvie Island (SIS)	2010	147/153	61 (08/25)	49 (06/23)	0	56
Social Security	2011	152/153	57 (09/11)	51 (09/07)	0	53
Beach	2012	144/153	57 (05/13)	53 (05/14)	0	51
EPA# 410090004	2013	150/153	52 (08/21)	47 (05/04)	0	50
<i>Wildfire smoke – this can elevate ozone concentrations</i>	2014	153/153	56 (05/01)	50 (05/13)	0	50
	2015	150/153	63 (07/30)	58 (07/01)	0	52
	2016	152/153	58 (08/18)	51 (08/12)	0	54
	2017 ^b	149/153	86 (08/02)	64 (08/04)	2	57
	2018 ^b	152/153	55 (08/21)	53 (08/08)	0	56
	2019	150/153	65 (06/12)	51 (08/04)	0	56
Tualatin	2014	231/365	72 (08/11)	53 (09/07)	1	-
Near Road I-5	2015	361/365	67 (08/23)	52 (07/04)	0	-
EPA# 410670005	2016	355/366	57 (06/05)	48 (04/18)	0	51
<i>Wildfire smoke – this can elevate ozone concentrations</i>	2017 ^b	315/365	85 (08/03)	71 (08/02)	4	57
	2018 ^b	336/365	56 (07/15)	54 (08/15)	0	57
	2019	152/153	65 (08/28)	50 (05/11)	0	58

*Parts per million

The 8 hr standard is the 3-year average of the 4th highest value.

APPENDICES 1D Nitrogen Dioxide, 1E Sulfur Dioxide, 1F Carbon Monoxide

Nitrogen Dioxide Data Summary

Station Location And Number	Year	Sample days: Actual/ Expected	Annual Arithmetic Mean (ppb)	98th Percentile Of Daily Maximum (ppb)	3Yr Aver. of 98 th Percentile Daily Max (ppb)
Portland SE Lafayette at 57th (SEL) EPA # 410510080	2010	363/365	9	33	-
	2011	348/365	9	33	35
	2012	348/366	9	36	34
	2013	351/365	10	33	33
	2014	340/365	8	35	34
	2015	365/365	9	36	34
	2016	366/366	9	34	35
	2017	346/365	9	40	36
	2018	337/365	9	35	36
	2019	352/365	8	32	36
Tualatin Bradbury Ct. (TBC) (25meters from I-5) EPA# 410670005	2015	332/365	14	36	-
	2016	363/366	13	35	-
	2017	361/365	12	38	36
	2018	341/365	12	38	37
	2019	326/365	11	33	36

Sulfur Dioxide Data Summary

Station Location And Number	Year	Sample days: Actual/ Expected	One Hr Aver. 99 th Percentile (ppb)	3 Hr Aver. Maximum (ppb)	3 Hr Aver. 2 nd Highest (ppb)
Portland SE Lafayette at 57th (SEL) EPA # 410510080	2010	365/365	8	8	8
	2011	343/365	9	6	6
	2012	334/366	10	5	5
	2013	342/365	5	6	6
	2014	343/365	3	4	4
	2015	359/365	4	8	8
	2016	353/366	3	3	3
	2017	332/365	3	4	4
	2018	330/365	3	3	3
	2019	345/365	3	3	3

Carbon Monoxide Data Summary

Station Location And Number	Year	Sample days: Actual/ Expected	Days > std	8-Hr Aver.	
				Maximum (ppm)	2 ND Highest (ppm)
Portland SE Lafayette at 57th (SEL) EPA # 410510080	2010	365/365	0	2.4	2.4
	2011	365/365	0	2.6	2.4
	2012	349/366	0	2.3	2.2
	2013	337/365	0	2.0	1.8
	2014	356/365	0	1.3	1.3
	2015	365/365	0	2.0	1.9
	2016	311/366	0	1.5	1.5
	2017	215/365	0	1.7	1.6
	2018	361/365	0	1.6	1.6
	2019	244/365	0	1.6	1.4
Tualatin Bradbury Ct. (TBC) (25meters from I-5) EPA# 410670005	2015	336/365	0	1.3	1.3
	2016	317/366	0	1.3	1.3
	2017	296/365	0	1.4	1.3
	2018	325/365	0	1.0	1.0
	2019	355/365	0	1.0	1.0

ppm - parts per million
ppb - parts per billion

APPENDIX G Air Quality Index

Air Quality Index Summary

Number of days in each health category by year.

Portland Metro		Good	Moderate	USG	Unhealthy	Very Unhealthy	Hazardous	Missing days
Portland (Includes: PM2.5, Ozone, CO, NO ₂ , & SO ₂)	2010	342	21	2	0	0	0	0
	2011	310	49	6	0	0	0	0
	2012	330	35	0	0	0	0	1
	2013	282	77	5	0	0	0	1
	2014	332	32	1	0	0	0	0
	2015	305	58	0	2	0	0	0
	2016	340	26	0	0	0	0	0
	2017	309	41	9	5	1	0	0
	2018	301	54	9	1	0	0	0
	2019	320	44	1	0	0	0	0
Hillsboro (PM2.5 only)	2010	338	17	1	0	0	0	9
	2011	308	50	7	0	0	0	0
	2012	334	29	1	0	0	0	2
	2013	281	71	8	1	0	0	4
	2014	324	40	1	0	0	0	0
	2015	309	54	1	1	0	0	0
	2016	331	33	0	0	0	0	2
	2017	298	60	5	0	0	0	2
	2018	306	51	6	0	0	0	2
	2019	316	46	1	0	0	0	2
Beaverton (PM2.5 only)	2010	358	6	0	0	0	0	1
	2011	337	24	0	0	0	0	4
	2012	354	12	0	0	0	0	0
	2013	307	53	5	0	0	0	0
	2014	349	16	0	0	0	0	0
	2015	338	24	1	1	0	0	1
	2016	357	9	0	0	0	0	0
	2017	334	23	7	0	0	0	1
	2018	328	28	6	0	0	0	3
	2019	345	17	0	0	0	0	3
Forest Grove (PM2.5 only)	2019	141	39	0	0	0	0	185
	Started 7/5							
McMinnville (PM2.5 only) Shut down	2010	360	3	0	0	0	0	2
	2011	183	4	0	0	0	0	0
Coast								
Florence (PM2.5 only)	2019	262	4	0	0	0	0	99
	Started 4/1							

APPENDIX G Air Quality Index

Willamette Valley		Good	Moderate	USG	Unhealthy	Very Unhealthy	Hazardous	Missing days
Salem (PM2.5 and Ozone)	2010	346	18	1	0	0	0	0
	2011	355	10	0	0	0	0	0
	2012	340	24	0	0	0	0	2
	2013	283	71	5	0	0	0	6
	2014	322	42	1	0	0	0	0
	2015	311	51	1	2	0	0	0
	2016	326	35	0	0	0	0	5
	2017	301	53	6	2	0	0	3
	2018	294	37	7	1	0	0	26
	2019	300	56	0	0	0	0	9
Albany (PM2.5 only)	2010	348	11	0	0	0	0	6
	2011	329	30	1	0	0	0	5
	2012	354	12	0	0	0	0	0
	2013	305	56	4	0	0	0	0
	2014	335	28	2	0	0	0	0
	2015	305	43	2	3	0	0	12
	2016	343	23	0	0	0	0	0
	2017	320	39	3	3	0	0	0
	2018	328	34	3	0	0	0	0
	2019	322	43	0	0	0	0	0
Sweet Home (PM2.5 only)	2010	310	48	0	0	0	0	7
	2011	329	32	1	0	0	0	3
	2012	355	9	0	0	0	0	2
	2013	284	70	5	0	0	0	6
	2014	336	27	0	0	0	0	2
	2015	332	31	0	2	0	0	0
	2016	346	19	0	0	0	0	1
	2017	299	57	4	5	0	0	0
	2018	299	65	1	0	0	0	0
	2019	297	68	0	0	0	0	0
Corvallis (PM2.5 only) *Site closed in summer	2010	358	6	0	0	0	0	1
	2011	343	18	0	0	0	0	4
	2012	348	7	0	0	0	0	11
	2013	302	52	1	0	0	0	10
	2014	344	19	1	0	0	0	1
	2015	333	30	1	1	0	0	0
	2016*	185	9	0	0	0	0	172*
	2017	319	36	2	0	0	0	8
	2018	340	23	2	0	0	0	0
	2019	332	33	0	0	0	0	0

APPENDIX G Air Quality Index

Willamette Valley		Good	Moderate	USG	Unhealthy	Very Unhealthy	Hazardous	Missing days
Eugene/ Springfield (PM2.5 and Ozone)	2010	341	24	0	0	0	0	0
	2011	324	41	0	0	0	0	0
	2012	333	32	1	0	0	0	0
	2013	282	69	0	1	0	0	0
	2014	301	59	5	0	0	0	0
	2015	282	77	4	2	0	0	0
	2016	335	30	0	0	0	0	1
	2017	290	57	10	5	2	1	0
	2018	290	69	6	0	0	0	0
	2019	292	71	2	0	0	0	0
SW OR Oakridge (PM2.5 only)	2010	309	48	6	0	0	0	2
	2011	296	54	15	0	0	0	0
	2012	339	19	6	0	0	0	2
	2013	272	80	13	0	0	0	0
	2014	277	75	13	0	0	0	0
	2015	286	71	6	1	0	0	1
	2016	330	36	0	0	0	0	0
	2017	267	74	13	8	2	0	1
	2018	286	74	2	1	0	0	2
	2019	283	73	4	0	0	0	5
Cottage Grove (PM2.5 only)	2010	354	11	0	0	0	0	0
	2011	349	16	0	0	0	0	0
	2012	348	18	0	0	0	0	0
	2013	296	65	3	0	0	0	1
	2014	323	40	1	1	0	0	0
	2015	329	34	1	1	0	0	0
	2016	346	20	0	0	0	0	0
	2017	295	60	3	7	0	0	0
	2018	318	45	1	0	0	0	1
	2019	311	53	0	0	0	0	1
Roseburg (PM2.5 only)	2010	361	2	0	0	0	0	2
	2011	336	23	1	0	0	0	5
	2012	354	8	0	0	0	0	4
	2013	301	64	0	0	0	0	0
	2014	330	34	0	0	0	0	1
	2015	326	35	1	0	0	0	3
	2016	314	14	0	0	0	0	27
	2017	303	49	4	3	0	0	6
	2018	293	43	2	0	0	0	27
	2019	288	59	0	0	0	0	18

APPENDIX G Air Quality Index

SW Oregon		Good	Moderate	USG	Unhealthy	Very Unhealthy	Hazardous	Missing days
Grants Pass (PM2.5 only)	2010	342	17	1	0	0	0	5
	2011	326	34	1	0	0	0	4
	2012	343	20	0	0	0	0	3
	2013	262	91	2	6	2	1	1
	2014	323	40	2	0	0	0	0
	2015	307	55	2	1	0	0	0
	2016	322	39	0	0	0	0	5
	2017	265	81	2	9	4	1	3
	2018	252	85	9	14	0	0	5
	2019	264	55	3	2	0	0	41
Cave Junction (PM2.5 only)	2010	361	1	0	0	0	0	3
	2011	337	18	0	0	0	0	10
	2012	357	7	0	0	0	0	2
	2013	267	83	6	7	1	1	0
	2014	327	38	0	0	0	0	0
	2015	275	71	3	1	0	0	15
	2016	337	29	0	0	0	0	0
	2017	273	75	4	7	4	0	2
	2018	261	71	18	15	0	0	0
	2019	293	69	3	0	0	0	0
Applegate Valley (PM2.5 only)	2010	358	6	1	0	0	0	0
	2011	350	7	0	0	0	0	8
	2012	356	2	0	0	0	0	8
	2013	311	37	1	8	2	0	6
	2014	349	16	0	0	0	0	0
	2015	330	27	3	2	0	0	3
	2016	360	5	0	0	0	0	1
	2017	298	39	5	9	5	1	8
	2018	288	40	6	19	0	0	12
	2019	345	13	3	2	0	0	2
Shady Cove (PM2.5 only)	2010	362	2	0	0	0	0	1
	2011	360	1	0	0	0	0	4
	2012	364	0	0	0	0	0	2
	2013	308	46	4	5	0	0	2
	2014	341	20	1	0	0	0	3
	2015	333	15	9	6	1	1	0
	2016	346	5	0	0	0	0	15
	2017	294	32	9	11	1	0	18
	2018	303	25	9	27	1	0	0
	2019	358	7	0	0	0	0	0

APPENDIX G Air Quality Index

SW Oregon		Good	Moderate	USG	Unhealthy	Very Unhealthy	Hazardous	Missing days
Medford (PM2.5 and Ozone)	2010	331	34	0	0	0	0	0
	2011	283	74	4	0	0	0	4
	2012	286	79	1	0	0	0	0
	2013	222	126	10	5	2	0	0
	2014	276	88	1	0	0	0	0
	2015	248	99	11	7	0	0	0
	2016	312	54	0	0	0	0	0
	2017	238	98	14	9	5	1	0
	2018	232	87	8	22	3	0	13
	2019	295	63	3	4	0	0	0
Ashland (PM2.5 only)	2016	163	8	0	0	0	0	195
	2017	300	43	7	11	1	2	1
	2018	300	26	11	20	4	0	4
	2019	351	9	1	4	0	0	0
Central OR								
Bend (PM2.5 only)	2010	357	8	0	0	0	0	0
	2011	349	16	0	0	0	0	0
	2012	343	15	3	0	0	0	5
	2013	332	33	0	0	0	0	0
	2014	335	29	1	0	0	0	0
	2015	329	33	2	1	0	0	0
	2016	335	5	1	0	0	0	25
	2017	291	48	4	8	3	0	11
	2018	307	47	5	4	0	0	2
	2019	345	13	0	0	0	0	7
Prineville (PM2.5 only)	2010	333	26	0	0	0	0	6
	2011	293	56	7	0	0	0	9
	2012	313	45	2	0	0	0	6
	2013	255	97	11	2	0	0	0
	2014	289	66	4	6	0	0	0
	2015	290	63	6	2	0	0	4
	2016	288	59	1	0	0	0	18
	2017	260	81	8	8	0	0	8
	2018	289	71	3	2	0	0	0
	2019	296	69	0	0	0	0	0
Madras (PM2.5 only)	2019	290	73	2	0	0	0	0

APPENDIX G Air Quality Index

Central OR		Good	Moderate	USG	Unhealthy	Very Unhealthy	Hazardous	Missing days
Sisters (PM2.5 only)	2012	334	10	1	11	2	3	4
	2013	348	16	0	0	0	0	1
	2014	350	15	0	0	0	0	0
	2015	332	31	0	2	0	0	0
	2016	346	1	0	0	0	0	19
	2017	286	29	2	15	8	0	22
	2018	317	33	7	3	0	0	5
	2019	351	9	4	1	0	0	0
Madras Summer (PM2.5 only)	2010	323	24	0	0	0	0	18
	2011	145	19	1	0	0	0	12
	2012	63	7	0	0	0	0	0
	2013	76	16	0	0	0	0	0
	2014	61	19	0	2	0	0	0
	2015	75	13	3	1	0	0	0
	2016	119	1	0	0	0	0	2
	2017	58	25	5	3	1	0	0
	2018	135	46	6	1	0	0	177
	Annual	290	73	2	0	0	0	0
John Day (PM2.5 only)	2010	331	33	1	0	0	0	0
	2011	289	59	4	0	0	0	13
	2012	302	58	2	1	0	0	3
	2013	221	127	3	0	0	0	14
	2014	266	91	1	1	0	0	6
	2015	279	75	4	5	0	0	2
	2016	285	56	0	0	0	0	25
	2017	257	89	9	3	0	0	7
	2018	251	104	1	2	0	0	7
	2019	255	93	1	0	0	0	16
Burns (PM2.5 only)	2010	308	51	0	0	0	0	6
	2011	292	64	8	0	0	0	1
	2012	314	49	1	0	0	0	2
	2013	266	89	8	0	0	0	2
	2014	277	83	3	2	0	0	0
	2015	282	80	3	0	0	0	0
	2016	279	77	1	0	0	0	8
	2017	248	109	6	2	0	0	9
	2018	251	104	1	2	0	0	7
	2019	265	95	5	0	0	0	0

APPENDIX G Air Quality Index

SE Oregon		Good	Moderate	USG	Unhealthy	Very Unhealthy	Hazardous	Missing days
Klamath Falls (PM2.5 only)	2010	295	57	5	0	0	0	8
	2011	274	75	11	0	0	0	5
	2012	280	70	9	0	0	0	7
	2013	220	118	21	3	0	0	3
	2014	274	89	2	0	0	0	0
	2015	263	92	8	2	0	0	0
	2016	292	71	0	0	0	0	3
	2017	246	93	13	8	1	0	4
	2018	219	105	11	25	3	0	2
	2019	287	78	0	0	0	0	0
Lakeview (PM2.5 only)	2010	334	27	2	0	0	0	2
	2011	296	50	13	5	0	0	1
	2012	292	48	8	2	0	0	16
	2013	262	63	18	20	0	0	2
	2014	302	48	12	1	0	0	2
	2015	294	68	3	0	0	0	0
	2016	318	41	0	1	0	0	6
	2017	288	57	17	1	0	0	2
	2018	277	59	13	9	0	0	7
	2019	311	51	1	0	0	0	2
NE Oregon	2010	340	24	1	0	0	0	0
The Dalles (PM2.5 only)	2011	349	16	0	0	0	0	0
	2012	350	15	0	0	0	0	1
	2013	322	35	3	1	0	0	4
	2014	331	33	1	0	0	0	0
	2015	326	30	0	2	0	0	7
	2016	319	31	0	0	0	0	16
	2017	287	59	6	8	1	0	4
	2018	293	33	4	2	0	0	33
	2019	297	53	0	0	0	0	15
	2010	139	10	0	0	0	0	4
Hermiston (Ozone - summer only)	2011	150	2	0	0	0	0	1
	2012	130	19	0	0	0	0	4
	2013	140	11	0	0	0	0	2
	2014	132	11	0	0	0	0	10
	2015	133	18	0	0	0	0	2
	2016	115	19	1	0	0	0	18
	2017	103	43	6	1	0	0	0
	2018	90	7	0	0	0	0	56
	PM2.5 & ozone	2019	143	11	0	0	0	1

APPENDIX G Air Quality Index

NE Oregon		Good	Moderate	USG	Unhealthy	Very Unhealthy	Hazardous	Missing days
Pendleton (PM2.5 only)	2010	325	38	0	0	0	0	2
	2011	317	44	1	0	0	0	3
	2012	339	24	0	0	0	0	3
	2013	298	58	6	0	0	0	3
	2014	312	40	0	0	0	0	13
	2015	312	47	2	2	0	0	2
	2016	341	25	0	0	0	0	0
	2017	279	74	7	2	1	0	2
	2018	276	40	5	3	1	0	40
	2019	298	60	1	0	0	0	6
La Grande (PM2.5 only)	2010	339	23	1	0	0	0	2
	2011	318	39	3	1	0	0	4
	2012	332	31	1	0	0	0	2
	2013	286	73	6	0	0	0	0
	2014	291	66	6	0	0	0	2
	2015	285	59	8	3	0	0	10
	2016	329	35	0	0	0	0	2
	2017	308	49	5	3	0	0	0
	2018	322	35	5	1	0	0	2
	2019	344	19	0	0	0	0	2
Enterprise (PM2.5 only)	2010	355	5	0	1	0	0	4
	2011	342	18	0	0	0	0	5
	2012	340	13	1	0	0	0	12
	2013	323	41	0	0	0	0	1
	2014	329	33	3	0	0	0	0
	2015	322	34	3	5	0	0	1
	2016	318	31	0	0	0	0	17
	2017	291	50	6	3	0	0	15
	2018	272	46	2	0	0	0	45
	2019	333	29	1	0	0	0	2
Baker City (PM2.5 only)	2010	343	13	0	0	0	0	9
	2011	324	26	0	0	0	0	15
	2012	349	15	2	0	0	0	0
	2013	302	63	0	0	0	0	0
	2014	317	48	0	0	0	0	0
	2015	326	29	8	2	0	0	0
	2016	339	27	0	0	0	0	0
	2017	307	52	3	3	0	0	0
	2018	313	35	1	1	0	0	15
	2019	328	32	0	0	0	0	5

APPENDIX 1H Air Toxics

Air Toxics Trends Summary

Urban National Air Toxics Trends Site

Pollutant		Acet aldehyde	Form aldehyde	Benzene	1,3-butadiene	Perchloro ethylene	Arsenic	Cadmium	Chromium (VI) TSP	Lead	Manganese	Nickel
Units		(µg/m³)	(µg/m³)	(µg/m³)	(µg/m³)	(µg/m³)	(ng/m³)	(ng/m³)	(ng/m³)	(ng/m³)	(ng/m³)	(ng/m³)
City/Site	Year	Samples	Samples	Samples	Samples	Samples	Samples	Samples	Samples	Samples	Samples	Annual Average
Portland	2003	57	2.0	57	4.2	58	1.5	<0.2	58	<0.7	54	<1.0
NE Portland	2004	59	1.7	59	2.9	58	1.6	* *	59	<0.5	56	1.8
N Roselawn	2005	55	1.5	58	2.2	*	*	<0.2	59	<0.7	59	1.7
24 N Emerson (PNR)	2006	57	1.5	54	2.1	56	1.2	61	<0.2	61	1.4	60
	2007	53	1.4	52	2.0	56	1.2	57	<0.4	57	<0.7	56
	2008	45	1.4	52	1.9	50	0.8	49	<0.2	52	<0.7	56
	2009	57	1.4	57	2.1	43	1.0	45	<0.2	50	<0.3	56
	2010	55	1.1	53	1.6	46	1.1	52	<0.2	52	<0.3	55
	2011	61	1.2	61	1.6	46	0.8	60	0.11	60	0.14	59
	2012	57	1.8	57	2.1	58	0.9	58	0.09	58	<0.1	57
	2013	61	1.7	61	2.0	51	0.7	53	0.09	51	0.14	61
	2014	52	1.1	52	1.8	49	0.5	50	<0.09	49	0.14	60
	2015	59	1.7	59	2.7	52	0.7	52	0.13	52	0.22	58
N. Portland Humboldt (PHS)	2017	38	1.6	38	2.6	35	0.4	35	0.03	35	0.14	41
	2018	56	1.3	56	1.8	51	0.5	51	0.02	51	0.03	61
	2019	59	0.9	59	1.8	59	0.5	59	0.04	59	0.08	61
ODEQ Benchmarks		0.45	0.2	0.13	0.03	4	0.2	0.6	0.08	150	90	4

APPENDIX 1H Air Toxics

Rural National Air Toxics Trends Site

Pollutant		Acet aldehyde	Form aldehyde	Benzene	1,3-butadiene	Perchloro ethylene	Arsenic ³	Cadmium ³	Chromium (VI) TSP	Lead ³	Manganese ³	Nickel ³	
Units		(µg/m ³)	(ng/m ³)	(ng/m ³)									
City/Site	Year	Samples	Samples	Annual Average	Annual Average	Samples	Samples	Samples	Annual Average	Samples	Annual Average	Annual Average	
La Grande Ash St. (LAS)	2004	52	1.9	52	3.4	50	0.6	50	<0.2	50	<0.5	48	0.33
	2005	52	1.8	56	2.6	55	<0.3	55	<0.2	55	<0.7	60	0.33
	2006	53	1.8	52	2.7	57	0.5	58	<0.2	58	<0.7	58	0.23
	2007	53	1.4	52	2.1	54	0.8	55	<0.4	55	<0.7	56	0.19
	2008	48	1.3	51	1.7	52	0.5	54	<0.4	54	<0.7	51	0.21
	2009	58	1.4	58	1.8	42	0.7	47	<0.4	47	<0.3	53	0.14
	2010	52	1.4	53	1.9	51	0.5	46	<0.2	50	<0.3	55	0.13
	2011	56	1.7	56	2.2	57	0.9	57	0.09	57	<0.3	59	0.16
	2012	55	2.0	55	2.5	55	0.9	55	0.09	55	<0.1	59	0.18
	2013	60	2.0	60	2.6	54	0.6	57	0.1	57	0.17	62	0.22
	1 outlier removed from average	58	1.7	58	2.5	50	0.5	50	0.1	49	0.15	60	0.25
	2014	51	1.8	51	2.4	40	0.5	42	0.1	42	0.19	59	0.21
	2015	59	1.8	59	2.5	58	0.4	49	0.04	58	0.04	60	0.16
N. Hall Ave. & E N St. (LHN)	2017	61	2.1	61	2.9	58	0.4	58	0.02	58	0.2	56	0.17
	2018	59	1.6	59	2.3	58	0.3	58	0.01	58	0.004	61	0.24
	2019	47	1.5	47	2.4	41	0.6	41	0.05	41	0.2	61	0.23
ODEQ Benchmarks		0.45	0.2	0.13	0.03	4	0.2	0.6	0.08	150	90	4	

APPENDIX 1H Air Toxics

DEQ analyzes more air toxics than are shown in the table above. Here is list of the main air toxics and some additional compounds not classified as air toxics that DEQ measures. Summary data for all air toxics can be found in EPA's "air data" web site which you can access from EPA AIRNow.

Carbonyl		PAH	
Parameter	CAS #	Parameter	CAS #
Acetaldehyde	75070	Acenaphthene	83329
Benzaldehyde	100527	Acenaphthylene	208968
Butyraldehyde	123728	Anthracene	120127
Crotonaldehyde	123739	Benzo(a)anthracene	56553
Formaldehyde	50000	Benzo(a)pyrene	50328
Heptaldehyde	111717	Benzo(a)pyrene-d12	
Hexaldehyde	66251	Benzo(b)fluoranthene	205992
Isovaleraldehyde	590863	Benzo(e)pyrene	197972
m-Tolualdehyde	620235	Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	191242
o-Tolualdehyde	529204	Benzo(k)fluoranthene	207089
Propionaldehyde	123386	Chrysene	218019
p-Tolualdehyde	104870	Coronene	191071
Valeraldehyde	110623	Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	53703
Metals		Dibenzofuran	132649
Antimony, Total		Dibenzothiophene	132650
Arsenic, Total		Fluoranthene	206440
Beryllium, Total		Fluoranthene-d10	
Cadmium, Total		Fluorene	86737
Chromium, Total		Fluorene-d10	
Cobalt, Total		Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	193395
Hexavalent Chromium [Cr(VI)]		Naphthalene	91203
Lead, Total		Perylene	198550
Manganese, Total		Phenanthrene	85018
Nickel, Total		Pyrene	129000
Selenium, Total		Pyrene-d10	

APPENDIX 1H Air Toxics

VOC			
Parameter	CAS #	Parameter	CAS #
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	71556	Carbon disulfide	75150
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	79345	Carbon tetrachloride	56235
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	79005	Chlorobenzene	108907
1,1-Dichloroethane	75343	Chloroethane	75003
1,1-Dichloroethylene	75354	Chloroform	67663
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	120821	Chloromethane	74873
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95636	cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	156592
1,2-Dibromoethane (EDB)	106934	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	10061015
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	95501	Cyclohexane	110827
1,2-Dichloroethane (EDC)	107062	Dibromochloromethane	124481
1,2-Dichloropropane	78875	Dichlorodifluoromethane (Freon 12)	75718
O-Xylene	95476	Dichlorotetrafluoroethane (Freon 114)	76142
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	108678	Ethylbenzene	100414
1,3-Butadiene	106990	Hexachloro-1,3-butadiene	87683
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	541731	Isopropanol	67630
p-Xylene + m-Xylene	106423 + 108383	Methyl tert-butyl ether (MTBE)	1634044
2,5-Dimethylbenzaldehyde	5779942	Methylene chloride	75092
2-Butanone (MEK)	78933	Methylmethacrylate	80626
Chloroprene	126998	n-Heptane	142825
2-Hexanone	591786	n-Hexane	110543
4-Ethyltoluene	622968	1,4-Dichlorobenzene	106467
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone (MIBK)	108101	Perchloroethylene (Perc)	127184
Acetonitrile	75058	Styrene	100425
Acrolein	107028	Tetrahydrofuran	109999
Acrylonitrile	107131	Toluene	108883
Benzene	71432	trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	156605
Benzyl chloride	100447	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	10061026
Bromodichloromethane	75274	Trichloroethylene	79016
Bromofluorobenzene	460004	Trichlorofluoromethane (Freon 11)	75694
Bromoform	75252	Trichlotrifluoroethane (Freon 113)	76131
Bromomethane	74839	Vinyl chloride	75014

APPENDIX 2 Oregon Ambient Air Monitoring Network

Appendix 2. Oregon Air Quality Monitoring Network

The following tables and map describe the air quality monitoring network.
The following abbreviations are used in the network location tables and maps:

BP	Barometric pressure
CO	Carbon monoxide
DT	Delta temperature (inversion indicator)
HAPS	Air Toxics (Hazardous Air Pollutants)
IMPROVE	EPA visibility program
Lead	Lead sampling
NADP	National Atmospheric Deposition Program
NO ₂	Nitrogen dioxide
O ₃	Ozone
PM2.5	Fine particulate (2.5 microns) based on filter sampling
PM2.5 Estimate	PM2.5 estimate based on light scattering.
PM2.5 Spec	PM2.5 chemically speciated
PM10	Fine particulate (10 micron)
RH	Relative humidity
SO ₂	Sulfur dioxide
SR	Solar radiation
Temp	Temperature
WS/WD	Wind direction and speed

Table 12. Oregon Ambient Air Monitoring Network.

City	Address	Site Code	EPA#	SR		RH	BP	DT	TEMP	WSWD	Lead	HAPS	PM10	PM2.5 Spec
				PM2.5 Est	PM2.5									
Albany	Calapooia School	ACS	410430009		x									
Applegate	Provolt	PSO	410330011			x								
Bend	Bend Pump Station	BPS	410170120			x								
	Road Department	BRD	410140121							x	x		x	x
Baker City	Forest Service	BFS	410010004			x								
Burns	Washington St.	BWS	410250003			x	x	x		x	x		x	
Cave Junction	USFS Station	CJFS	410330036			x								
Corvallis	FD #3, Circle Blvd	CCB	410030013			x								
Cottage Grove	City Shops	CGC	410399004			x	x							
Crater Lake	Lodge at Rim	CLM	410351002			x								
Detroit Lake	USFS Station	DFS	410470123			x								
Eugene	Pacific Highway 99N	E99	410390059			x	x		x					
	Amazon Park	AMZ	410390060			x	x	x						
(Saginaw)	Wilkes Drive	EWD	41039				x				x			
	Delight Valley Road	SAG	410391007		x	x								
Enterprise	Forest Service	EFS	410630001			x								
Florence	Forestry Department	FDF	410390100				x							
Grants Pass	Parkside School	GPP	410330114			x	x			x	x			
Hermiston	Municipal Airport	HMA	410591003		x	x				x	x			
John Day	Davidson Street	JDD	410230002			x								
Klamath Falls	Peterson School	KFP	410350004			x	x			x	x	x	x	
La Grande	N Hall Ave & E N St	LHN	410610123			x		x	x	x	x	x	x	
(Cove)	City Hall	CCH	410610120			x				x				
Lakeview	Center & M Streets	LCM	410370001			x	x			x	x	x		
Lyons	Mari-lynn School	LMS	410432003			x								
Madras	Westside School	MWS	410310007			x								
Medford	Rapp Rd Talent	TAL	410290201		x									
	Rossanley Drive	MTV	410291002							x	x	x	x	x
(Ashland)	Welch & Jackson	MWJ	410292129		x	x		x	x					
	Fire Department	AFD	410290203		x									
Mill City	High School	MCS	410430104			x								
Mt. Hood	Multorpor	MUL	410050102			x								
Oakridge	School Street	OAK	410392013			x	x		x		x			
Pendleton	SW Marshall Place	PMC	410590121			x								

Oregon Ambient Air Monitoring Network. (Continued)

City	Address	EPA#	Site Code	SR	RH	BP	DT	TEMP	WSWD	Lead	HAPS	PM10	PM2.5 Spec	PM2.5 Est	PM2.5	Ozone	NO2	CO	SO2
Portland	57 th &SE Lafayette	SEL	410510080	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
	Tualatin – I-5	NRS	410670005		x	x	x	x	x			x	x						x
(Beaverton)	Humboldt School	PHS	410512010							x	x	x							
(Carus)	Jefferson High Sch.	PJH	410511191										x						
(Hillsboro)	Highland Park Sch.	BHP	410670111					x											
(Sauvie Is)	Spangler Rd.	SPR	410050004			x		x					x	x				x	x
Prineville	NE Grant Street	HHF	410670004				x	x		x	x					x	x	x	x
Roseburg	NW Garden Valley	RGV	410190002						x										
Salem	Salem State Hosp.	SSH	410470041			x		x											
(Turner)	Cascade Jr. High	CJH	410470004			x							x	x					
Shady Cove	Shady Cove School	SCS	410290019					x											
Sisters	USFS office	SFS	410170004					x											
Springfield	City Hall	SCH	410391009				x	x					x					x	
Sweet Home	Fire Department	SFD	410432002				x												
The Dalles	Cherry Heights	TDC	410650007				x												
	Wasco Co. Library	TWL	410650008				x		x	x	x	x							

Table 13. Oregon Ambient Air Monitoring Visibility and Forest Health Network.

Region	Location	EPA & IMPROVE Code	Neph	IMPROVE	WS/WD
Visibility Sites					
Crater Lake NP	Park HQ	CRLA	x	x	x
Eagle Cap Wild.	Strawberry Mt.	STAR		x	
Kalmiopsis Wild.	Kalmiopsis	KALM		x	
Mt Hood Wild.	Multopor	410050102/ MOHO	x	x	x
Three Sisters Wild.	Three Sisters	THIS		x	
Forest Health Sites (funded by USFS & BLM)					
Wallolla -Whitman NF	Baker City	410010003	x		
Malheur & Ochoco NF	Burns	410250003	x		
Wallolla-Whitman NF	Enterprise	410630001	x		
Siskiyou NF	Grants Pass	410330114	x		
Siskiyou NF	Cave Junction	410330036	x		
Malheur NF	John Day	410230002	x		
Winema, Fremont NF	Klamath Falls	410350004	x		
Siskiyou NF	Provolt	410330011	x		
	Roseburg	410190002	x		
Rogue River NF	Shady Cove	410290019	x		
	Sisters	410170004	x		
Ag Burning Sites					
Willamette Valley	Carus,	410050004	x		x
Willamette Valley	Silverton	410470007	x		x
Willamette Valley	Lyons	410432003	x		
Willamette Valley	Mill City	410430104	x		
Willamette Valley	Detroit Lake	410470123	x		
Willamette Valley	Salem	410470041	x		
Union County	Cove	410610120	x		x

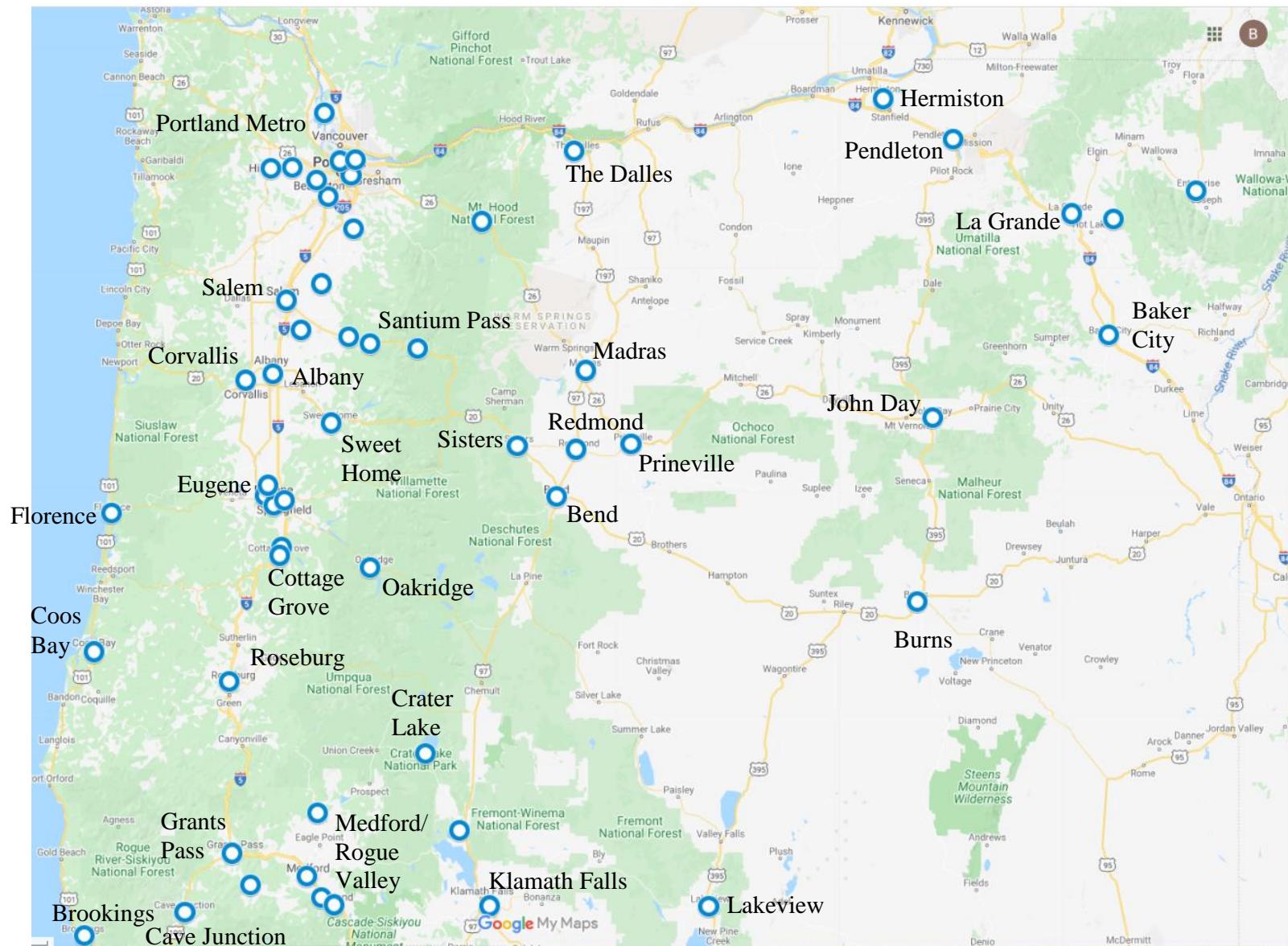


Figure 93. 2019 Ambient Air Quality Monitoring Network.

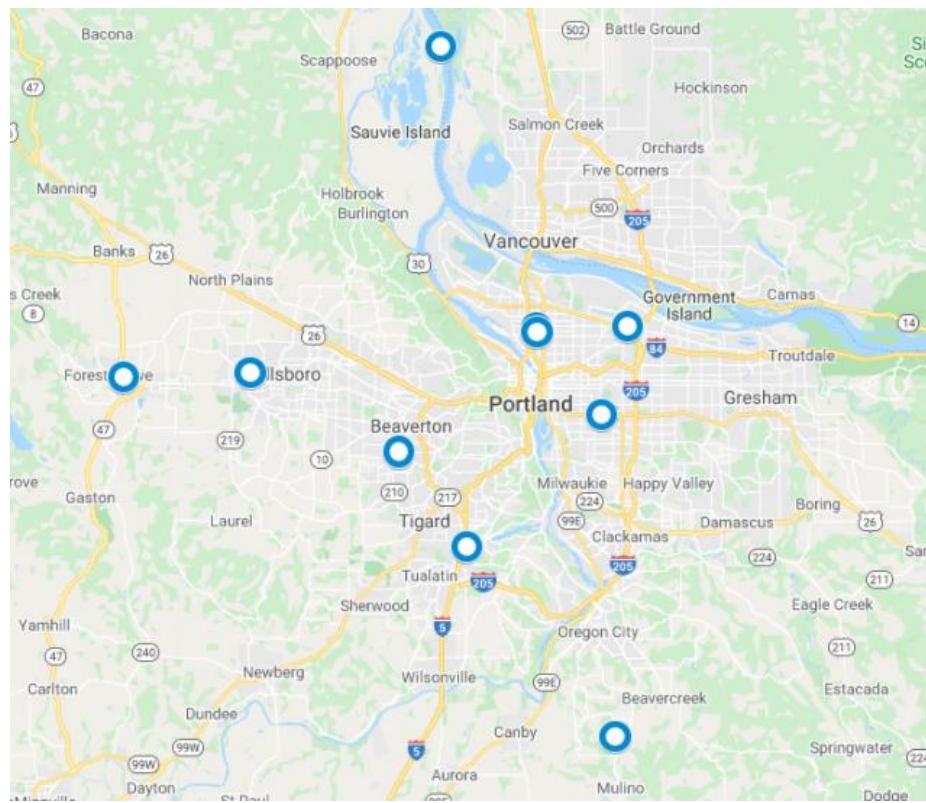


Figure 94. 2019 Portland Metro Ambient Air Quality Monitoring Network

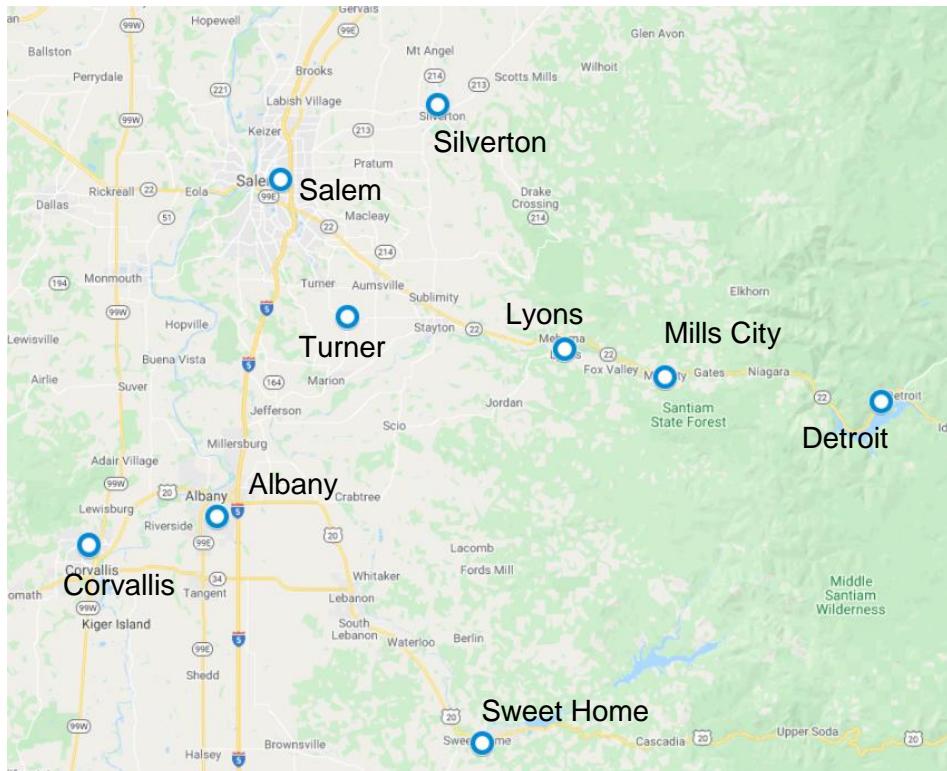


Figure 95. 2019 Mid Willamette Valley Ambient Air Quality Monitoring Network

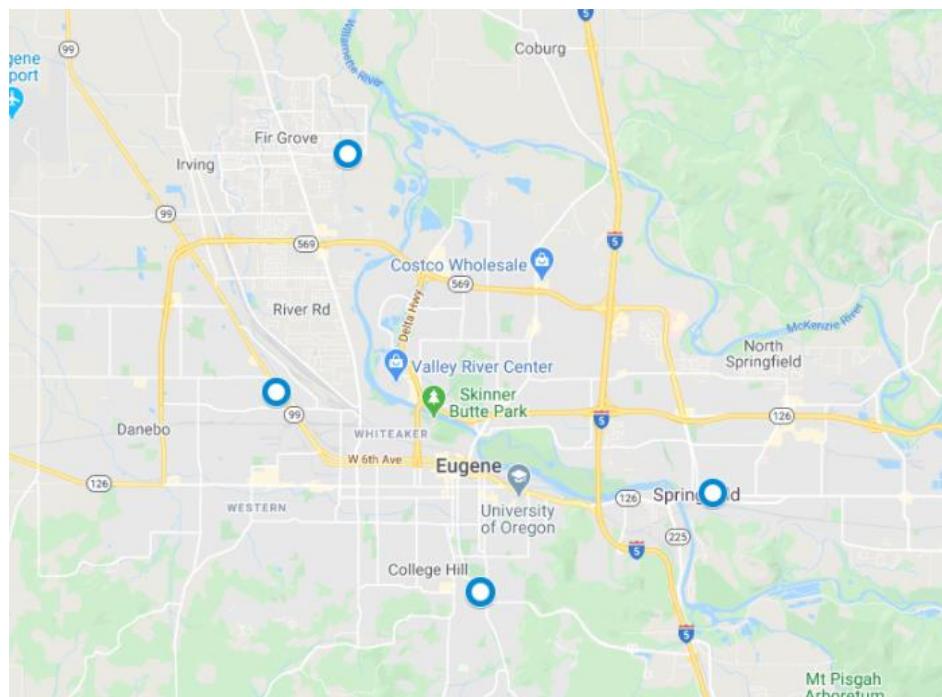


Figure 96. 2019 Eugene-Springfield Ambient Air Quality Monitoring Network

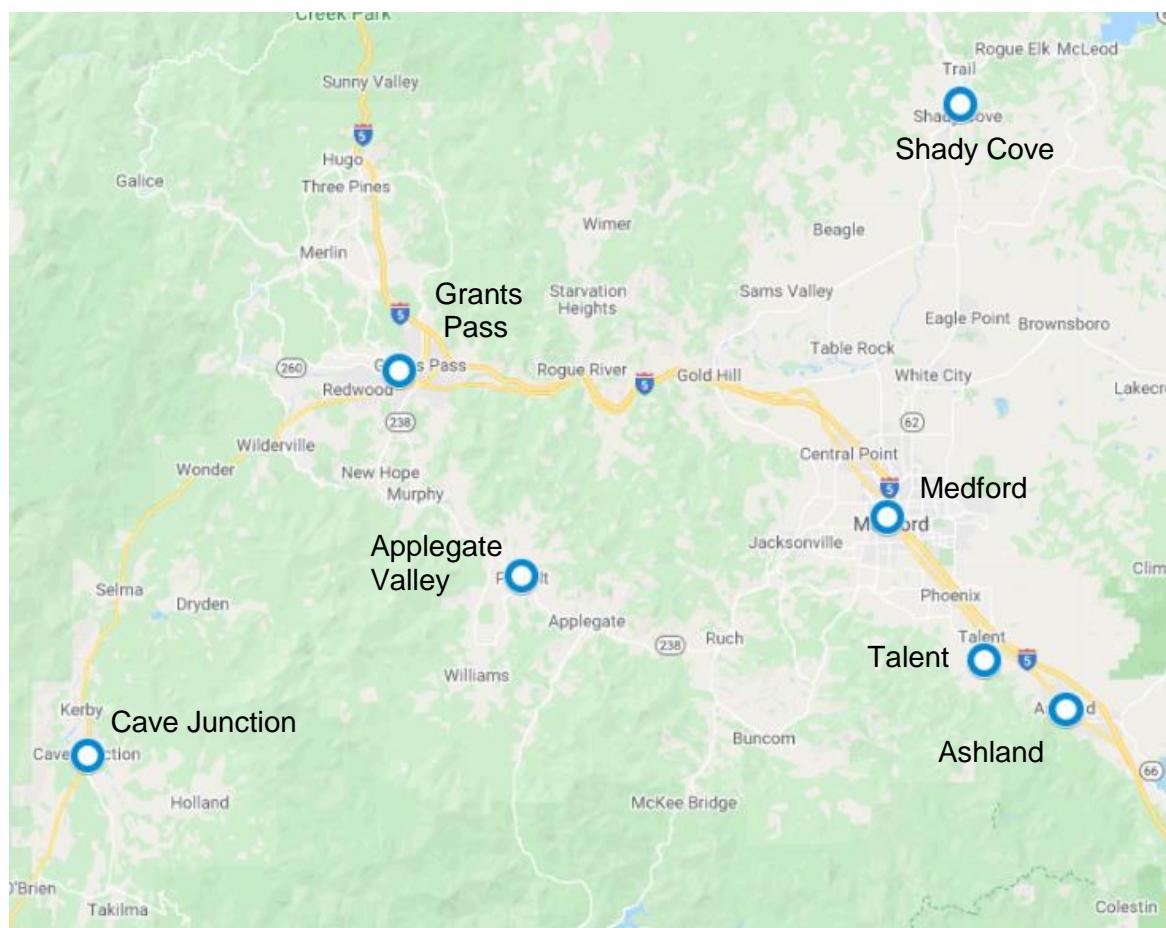


Figure 97. 2019 SW Oregon Ambient Air Quality Monitoring Network

Appendix 3 Data Quality

Quality Assurance

It is a policy of DEQ that all data used by the Department will be of sufficient quality to support the regulatory decisions based upon them. The minimum quality assurance requirements set by EPA are consistently met or exceeded by DEQ.

The continued assurance of data quality requires carrying out the two complimentary tasks discussed below:

Quality Control

The ambient air quality monitoring and sampling done by the Department follows a number of procedures intended to maintain the system within control. Standard operating procedures are documented and followed throughout. Federal Reference or Equivalent Methods are used wherever applicable. Care in using accepted methodology is what makes the Department's air quality data representative and also comparable to the data collected in other states. Routine preventative maintenance and periodic calibrations, using National Institute of Standards Technology gases or other primary standards, are used to achieve a database sufficient in quantity and quality to meet the needs of the Air Quality Program.

Quality Assessment

Evaluations of data quality are made in several ways. At least each quarter, DEQ conducts a system audit in which each sampling and monitoring site is visited to evaluate whether the site location is still appropriate, whether procedures are being followed, and to ensure that documentation is complete. Data quality is assessed in terms of precision, accuracy, and completeness. Precision, or repeatability, is determined by analysis of a known control sample or by replicate analyses. Accuracy, or the ability to measure a "true" value, is assessed by quarterly audits of analyzer performance or sampler flow. DEQ reports these assessments to EPA as summary statistics. Completeness is measured by the amount of data actually captured relative to the amount which ideally could have been collected. EPA also hires independent contractors to evaluate Oregon's sites for accuracy.

For more information, refer to [Quality Assurance Project Plan Air Quality Monitoring for the Measurement of Criteria Air Pollutants, April 2018](#) (DEQ09-LAB-0004-QAP Version 2.0). This is available upon request. If you have further questions, contact us at: AQM.Questions@deq.state.or.us.