

**FEDERAL FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE
AWARD OF DOMESTIC GRANT 24-DG-11062752-629
Between
COUNTY OF WASCO
And The
USDA, FOREST SERVICE
PACIFIC NORTHWEST REGION**

Project Title: Wasco Red Zone Partnering on Wildfire Mitigation in the Nation's Highest Risk Communities

Upon execution of this document, an award to COUNTY OF WASCO, hereinafter referred to as "Recipient," in the amount of **\$5,945,661.00**, is made under the authority of Infrastructure Investment & Jobs Act, PL 117-58, Section 40803 (c)(12) and (f). The Federal Assistance Listing (formerly Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance - CFDA) number and name are 10.720 Community Wildfire Defense Grant. Recipient accepts this award for the purpose described in the application narrative. Your application for Federal financial assistance, dated 07/03/2024, and the attached Forest Service provisions, 'Forest Service Award Provisions,' are incorporated into this letter and made a part of this award.

This authority requires a match of 4:1, however match has been waived under the provision of Public Law 117-58 (Infrastructure Investment & Jobs Act) and based on assurance from the Cooperator that 100% of the work and funding will benefit disadvantaged communities, which your organization has shown in the attached application, financial plan and narrative.

This is an award of Federal financial assistance. Prime and sub-recipients to this award are subject to the OMB guidance in subparts A through F of 2 CFR Part 200 as adopted and supplemented by the USDA in 2 CFR Part 400. Adoption by USDA of the OMB guidance in 2 CFR 400 gives regulatory effect to the OMB guidance in 2 CFR 200 where full text may be found.

Electronic copies of the CFRs can be obtained at the following internet site: www.ecfr.gov. If you are unable to retrieve these regulations electronically, please the Forest Service Administrative Contact listed under section B, Forest Service Principal Contacts.

The following administrative provisions apply to this award:

- A. LEGAL AUTHORITY. Recipient shall have the legal authority to enter into this award, and the institutional, managerial, and financial capability to ensure proper planning, management, and completion of the project, which includes funds sufficient to pay the non-Federal share of project costs, when applicable.



- B. PRINCIPAL CONTACTS. Individuals listed below are authorized to act in their respective areas for matters related to this award.

Principal Cooperator Contacts:

Cooperator Program Contact	Cooperator Administrative Contact
Kelly Howsley - Glover 2705 East Second St The Dalles, OR 97058 Telephone: 541-506-2565 Email: kellyg@co.wasco.or.us	Kelly Howsley - Glover 2705 East Second St The Dalles, OR 97058 Telephone: 541-506-2565 Email: kellyg@co.wasco.or.us

Principal Forest Service Contacts:

Forest Service Program Manager Contact	Forest Service Administrative Contact
Kristen Bowles Telephone: 541-903-2869 Email: Kristen.bowles@usda.gov	Michael Gaddis Grants Management Specialist Email: Michael.gaddis@usda.gov
Forest Service Alternate Program Manager Contact	
Micah Johnson Telephone: 360-765-2221 Email: micah.d.johnson@usda.gov	

- C. SYSTEM FOR AWARD MANAGEMENT REGISTRATION REQUIREMENT (SAM). Recipient shall maintain current organizational information and the original Unique Entity Identifier (UEI) provided for this agreement in the System for Award Management (SAM) until receipt of final payment. This requires annual review and updates, when needed, of organizational information after the initial registration. More frequent review and updates may be required for changes in organizational information or agreement term(s). Any change to the original UEI provided in this agreement will result in termination of this agreement and de-obligation of any remaining funds. For purposes of this agreement, System for Award Management (SAM) means the Federal repository into which an entity must provide information required for the conduct of business as a Cooperative. Additional information about registration procedures may be found at the SAM Internet site at www.sam.gov.

D. ADVANCE AND REIMBURSABLE PAYMENTS – FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE.

Advance and reimbursable payments are approved under this award. Only costs for those project activities approved in (1) the initial award, or (2) modifications thereto, are allowable. Requests for payment must be submitted on Standard Form 270 (SF-270), Request for Advance or Reimbursement, and must be submitted no more than monthly. In order to approve a Request for Advance Payment or Reimbursement, the Forest Service shall review such requests to ensure advances or payments for reimbursement are in compliance and otherwise consistent with OMB, USDA, and Forest Service regulations.

Advance payments must not exceed the minimum amount needed or no more than is needed for a 30-day period, whichever is less. If the Recipient receives an advance payment and subsequently requests an advance or reimbursement payment, then the request must clearly demonstrate that the previously advanced funds have been fully expended before the Forest Service can approve the request for payment. Any funds advanced, but not spent, upon expiration of this award must be returned to the Forest Service.

The Program Manager reserves the right to request additional information prior to approving a payment.

The invoice must be sent by one of three methods:	Send a copy to:
EMAIL (preferred): SM.FS.asc_ga@usda.gov	Kristen.bowles@usda.gov and
FAX: 877-687-4894	micah.d.johnson@usda.gov
POSTAL: USDA Forester Service Budget & Finance - Grants and Agreements 4000 Masthead St, NE Albuquerque, NM 87109	

- E. ELECTION OF DE MINIMIS INDIRECT RATE. Recipient has elected to use the *de minimis* indirect cost rate of 10% of modified total direct costs (MTDC) as allowed under 2 CFR 200.414 (f). This rate must be used consistently for all Federal awards until such time as Recipient chooses to negotiate for a rate, which they may apply to do at any time. If a new rate is negotiated and utilized the *de minimis* rate can no longer be utilized.
- F. PRIOR WRITTEN APPROVAL. Recipient shall obtain prior written approval pursuant to conditions set forth in 2 CFR 200.407.
- G. MODIFICATIONS. Modifications within the scope of this award must be made by mutual consent of the parties, by the issuance of a written modification signed and dated by all properly authorized signatory officials, prior to any changes being performed. Requests for modification should be made, in writing, at least 60 days prior

to implementation of the requested change. The Forest Service is not obligated to fund any changes not properly approved in advance.

- H. PERIOD OF PERFORMANCE. This agreement is executed as of the date of the Forest Service signatory official signature.

The end date, or expiration date is **five years from last date of signature**. This instrument may be extended by a properly executed modification. *See Modification Provision above.*

- I. AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVES. By signature below, each party certifies that the individuals listed in this document as representatives of the individual parties are authorized to act in their respective areas for matters related to this award. In witness whereof the parties hereto have executed this award.


STEVE KRAMER
Board of County Commissioners

9/4/2024
Date

KELLY KANE
Digitally signed by KELLY KANE
Date: 2024.09.09 13:28:12 -08'00'

KELLY KANE, Acting Director
Fire, Fuels, and Aviation Management
U.S. Forest Service Pacific Northwest Region

Date

The authority and the format of this award have been reviewed and approved for signature.

ELIZABETH ACEVES
Digitally signed by ELIZABETH ACEVES
Date: 2024.08.23 15:34:11 -07'00'

ELIZABETH ACEVES
U.S. Forest Service Grants Management Specialist

Date

ATTACHMENT A: FOREST SERVICE AWARD PROVISIONS

- A. COLLABORATIVE ARRANGEMENTS. Where permitted by terms of the award and Federal law, Recipient a may enter into collaborative arrangements with other organizations to jointly carry out activities with Forest Service funds available under this award.
- B. FOREST SERVICE LIABILITY TO THE RECIPIENT. The United States shall not be liable to Recipient for any costs, damages, claims, liabilities, and judgments that arise in connection with the performance of work under this award, including damage to any property owned by Recipient or any third party.
- C. NOTICES. Any notice given by the Forest Service or Recipient will be sufficient only if in writing and delivered in person, mailed, or transmitted electronically by e-mail or fax, as follows:

To the Forest Service Program Manager, at the address specified in the award.

To Recipient, at the address shown in the award or such other address designated within the award.

Notices will be effective when delivered in accordance with this provision, or on the effective date of the notice, whichever is later.

- D. SUBAWARDS. Prior approval is required to issue subawards under this grant. The intent to subaward must be identified in the approved budget and scope of work and approved in the initial award or through subsequent modifications. Approval of each individual subaward is not required, however the cooperator must document that each sub-recipient does NOT have active exclusions in the System for Award Management (sam.gov).

The Cooperator must also ensure that they have evaluated each subrecipient's risk in accordance with 2 CFR 200.332 (b).

Any subrecipient under this award must be notified that they are subject to the OMB guidance in subparts A through F of 2 CFR Part 200, as adopted and supplemented by the USDA in 2 CFR Part 400. Any sub-award must follow the regulations found in 2 CFR 200.331 through .333.

All subawards \$30,000 or more must be reported at fsrs.gov in compliance with 2 CFR 170. *See Attachment B for full text.*

- E. FINANCIAL STATUS REPORTING. A Federal Financial Report, Standard Form SF-425 (and Federal Financial Report Attachment, SF-425A, if required for reporting multiple awards), must be submitted quarterly. These reports are due 30 days after the reporting period ending March 31, June 30, September 30, December 31. The final SF-

425 (and SF-425A, if applicable) must be submitted either with the final payment request or no later than 120 days from the expiration date of the award. These forms may be found at grants.gov/forms/forms-repository/post-award-reporting-forms

- F. PROGRAM PERFORMANCE REPORTS. The recipient shall perform all actions identified and funded in application/modification narratives within the performance period identified in award.

In accordance with 2 CFR 200.301, reports must relate financial data to performance accomplishments of the federal award.

Recipient shall submit annual performance reports. These reports are due 90 days after the reporting period ending December 31. The final performance report shall be submitted either with Recipient's final payment request, or separately, but not later than 120 days from the expiration date of the award.

- G. NOTIFICATION. Recipient shall immediately notify the Forest Service of developments that have a significant impact on the activities supported under this award. Also, notification must be given in case of problems, delays or adverse conditions that materially impair the ability to meet the objectives of the award. This notification must include a statement of the action taken or contemplated, and any assistance needed to resolve the situation.
- H. CHANGES IN KEY PERSONNEL. Any revision to key personnel identified in this award requires notification of the Forest Service Program Manager by email or letter.
- I. USE OF FOREST SERVICE INSIGNIA. In order for Recipient to use the Forest Service insignia on any published media, such as a Web page, printed publication, or audiovisual production, permission must be granted by the Forest Service's Office of Communications (Washington Office). A written request will be submitted by Forest Service, Program Manager, to the Office of Communications Assistant Director, Visual Information and Publishing Services prior to use of the insignia. The Forest Service Program Manager will notify Recipient when permission is granted.
- J. PURCHASE OF EQUIPMENT. Equipment approved for purchase under this award is available only for use as authorized. Title to the equipment rests with the Recipient as long as the equipment is used for its intended purpose.

The Forest Service reserves an interest in any equipment where the Forest Service's proportionate share of the per-unit value is \$5,000 or greater. Valuation is based on current fair-market value. To ensure that the federal interest is properly recorded, the recipient shall file a UCC1 form with the applicable State government agency and provide evidence of the filing to the Forest Service Program Manager at the time payment is requested for the equipment purchase, or within 30 days of an advance of funds for the purchase. The recipient is expected to maintain the UCC filing until the

equipment has a fair market value of less than \$5,000 or is otherwise disposed of following instructions from the Forest Service. The equipment may not be used as collateral, sold, or otherwise transferred to another party without the written permission of the Forest Service.

The Recipient shall inventory equipment acquired in part or in whole with Forest Service funds annually and shall submit a copy of the inventory to the Program Manager. A final inventory shall be submitted for closeout. The Recipient may use Tangible Personal Property Report Standard Forms (SF) 428 and SF-428-S, Supplemental Sheet, or Recipient's equivalent inventory report. The annual/biannual (select one) report must be filed December 31, due within 90 days, but no later than March 31 of the following year. The final report must be due within 120 days from the expiration date of the award.

The Recipient shall use the Tangible Personal Property Report Standard Forms (SF) 428 and SF-428-C, Disposition Request, should the Recipient determine any item of equipment is no longer needed or has been lost, destroyed, or stolen. After receipt of the SF-428-C, the Forest Service shall issue disposition instructions within 120 days.

- K. PUBLIC NOTICES. It is Forest Service's policy to inform the public as fully as possible of its programs and activities. Recipient is encouraged to give public notice of the receipt of this award and, from time to time, to announce progress and accomplishments.

Recipient may call on Forest Service's Office of Communication for advice regarding public notices. Recipient is requested to provide copies of notices or announcements to the Forest Service Program Manager and to Forest Service's Office Communications as far in advance of release as possible.

- L. FOREST SERVICE ACKNOWLEDGED IN PUBLICATIONS, AUDIOVISUALS, AND ELECTRONIC MEDIA. Recipient shall acknowledge Forest Service support in any publications, audiovisuals, and electronic media developed as a result of this award. Follow direction in USDA Supplemental 2 CFR 415.2.

- M. COPYRIGHTING. Recipient is/are granted sole and exclusive right to copyright any publications developed as a result of this award. This includes the right to publish and vend throughout the world in any language and in all media and forms, in whole or in part, for the full term of copyright and all renewals thereof in accordance with this award.

No original text or graphics produced and submitted by the Forest Service shall be copyrighted. The Forest Service reserves a royalty-free, nonexclusive, and irrevocable right to reproduce, publish, or otherwise use, and to authorize others to use the work for federal government purposes.

This right shall be transferred to any sub-awards or subcontracts.

This provision includes:

- The copyright in any work developed by Recipient under this award.
- Any right of copyright to which Recipient purchase(s) ownership with any federal contributions.

N. NONDISCRIMINATION STATEMENT – PRINTED, ELECTRONIC, OR AUDIOVISUAL MATERIAL. Recipient shall include the following statement, in full, in any printed, audiovisual material, or electronic media for public distribution developed or printed with any Federal funding.

In accordance with Federal law and U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) civil rights regulations and policies, this institution is prohibited from discriminating on the basis of race, color, national origin, sex, age, disability, and reprisal or retaliation for prior civil rights activity. (Not all prohibited bases apply to all programs.)

Program information may be made available in languages other than English. Persons with disabilities who require alternative means of communication for program information (e.g., Braille, large print, audiotape, and American Sign Language) should contact the responsible State or local Agency that administers the program or USDA's TARGET Center at (202) 720-2600 (voice and TTY) or contact USDA through the Federal Relay Service at (800) 877-8339.

To file a program discrimination complaint, a complainant should complete a Form AD-3027, USDA Program Discrimination Complaint Form, which can be obtained online at <https://www.ocio.usda.gov/document/ad-3027>, from any USDA office, by calling (866) 632-9992, or by writing a letter addressed to USDA. The letter must contain the complainant's name, address, telephone number, and a written description of the alleged discriminatory action in sufficient detail to inform the Assistant Secretary for Civil Rights (ASCR) about the nature and date of an alleged civil rights violation. The completed AD-3027 form or letter must be submitted to USDA by:

- (1) Mail: U.S. Department of Agriculture, Office of the Assistant Secretary for Civil Rights, 1400 Independence Avenue SW, Washington, D.C. 20250-9410; or*
- (2) Fax: (833) 256-1665 or (202) 690-7442; or*
- (3) Email: program.intake@usda.gov.*

If the material is too small to permit the full Non-Discrimination Statement to be included, the material will, at a minimum, include the alternative statement:

“This institution is an equal opportunity provider.”

O. DISPUTES. In the event of any issue of controversy under this agreement, the parties may pursue Alternate Dispute Resolution (ADR) procedures to voluntarily resolve those issues. These procedures may include, but are not limited to conciliation, facilitation, mediation, and fact finding.

Should the parties be unable to resolve the issue of controversy through ADR, then the Signatory Official will make the decision. A written copy of the decision will be provided to the Cooperator.

Decisions of the Signatory Official shall be final unless, within 30 days of receipt of the decision of the Signatory Official, the Cooperator appeals the decision to the Forest Service's Deputy Chief, State, Private, and Tribal Forestry (SPTF). Any appeal made under this provision shall be in writing and addressed to the Deputy Chief, SPTF, USDA, Forest Service, Washington, DC 20024. A copy of the appeal shall be concurrently furnished to the Signatory Official.

A decision under this provision by the Deputy Chief, SPTF, is final. The final decision by the Deputy Chief, SPTF, does not preclude the Cooperator from pursuing remedies available under the law.

- P. AWARD CLOSEOUT. Recipient must submit, no later than 120 calendar days after the end date of the period of performance, all financial, performance, and other reports as required by the terms and conditions of the Federal award.

Any unobligated balance of cash advanced to Recipient must be immediately refunded to the Forest Service, including any interest earned in accordance with 2 CFR 200.344(d).

If this award is closed without audit, the Forest Service reserves the right to disallow and recover an appropriate amount after fully considering any recommended disallowances resulting from an audit which may be conducted later.

- Q. TERMINATION. This award may be terminated, in whole or part pursuant to 2 CFR 200.340.

- R. DEBARMENT AND SUSPENSION. Recipient shall immediately inform the Forest Service if they or any of their principals are presently excluded, debarred, or suspended from entering into covered transactions with the federal government according to the terms of 2 CFR Part 180. Additionally, should Recipient or any of their principals receive a transmittal letter or other official federal notice of debarment or suspension, then they shall notify the Forest Service without undue delay. This applies whether the exclusion, debarment, or suspension is voluntary or involuntary. The Recipient shall adhere to 2 CFR Part 180 Subpart C in regards to review of sub-recipients or contracts for debarment and suspension.

All subrecipients and contractors must complete the form AD-1048, Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion, Lower Tier Covered Transactions. Blank forms are available electronically. Completed forms must be kept on file with the primary recipient.

- S. MEMBERS OF CONGRESS. Pursuant to 41 U.S.C. 22, no member of, or delegate to, Congress shall be admitted to any share or part of this award, or benefits that may arise therefrom, either directly or indirectly.
- T. SCIENTIFIC INTEGRITY: USDA is committed to the highest levels of integrity in all of our scientific activities and decision making. This includes to performing, recording and reporting the results of scientific activities with honesty, objectivity, and transparency. All persons performing under this agreement shall adhere to the principles of scientific integrity described in [Departmental Regulation \(DR\) 1074-001](#).
- U. GEOSPATIAL DATA. All data collected will meet the requirements of the Geospatial Data Act of 2018 where applicable. This will always include the documentation of all relevant metadata standards, use of standard data formats; description of quantitative measures of uncertainty and source of uncertainty and sources of uncertainty associated with the data. Additionally, the data must meet specific standards specified elsewhere to ensure the data is useful to support the USDA's mission. The recipient/cooperator agrees to comply with USDA's Department-wide enterprise geospatial data management policy implemented in [Departmental Regulation 3465-001](#) which establishes the USDA policy for defining the strategic direction necessary to optimize the management of the USDA geospatial data and geospatial infrastructure, including all geospatial data created for, by, and enhanced by USDA.
- V. PUBLIC ACCESS TO SCHOLARLY PUBLICATIONS AND DIGITAL SCIENTIFIC RESEARCH DATA. The recipient agrees to comply with USDA's Department-wide [public access policy](#) implemented in [Departmental Regulation 1020-006](#) which establishes the USDA policy for public access to scholarly publications and digital scientific research data assets. The USDA will make all peer-reviewed, scholarly publications and digital scientific research data assets arising from unclassified scientific research supported wholly or in part by the USDA accessible to the public, to the extent practicable.
- W. BUY AMERICA BUILD AMERICA. Recipients of an award of Federal financial assistance from a program for infrastructure are hereby notified that none of the funds provided under this award may be used for an infrastructure project unless:
- (1) All iron and steel used in the project are produced in the United States—this means all manufacturing processes, from the initial melting stage through the application of coatings, occurred in the United States;
 - (2) All manufactured products used in the project are produced in the United States— this means the manufactured product was manufactured in the United States; and the cost of the components of the manufactured product that are mined, produced, or manufactured in the United States is greater than 55 percent of the

total cost of all components of the manufactured product, unless another standard that meets or exceeds this standard has been established under applicable law or regulation for determining the minimum amount of domestic content of the manufactured product; and

(3) All construction materials are manufactured in the United States—this means that all manufacturing processes for the construction material occurred in the United States. The construction material standards are listed below.

Incorporation into an infrastructure project. The Buy America Preference only applies to articles, materials, and supplies that are consumed in, incorporated into, or affixed to an infrastructure project. As such, it does not apply to tools, equipment, and supplies, such as temporary scaffolding, brought to the construction site and removed at or before the completion of the infrastructure project. Nor does a Buy America Preference apply to equipment and furnishings, such as movable chairs, desks, and portable computer equipment, that are used at or within the finished infrastructure project, but are not an integral part of the structure or permanently affixed to the infrastructure project.

Categorization of articles, materials, and supplies. An article, material, or supply should only be classified into one of the following categories: (i) Iron or steel products; (ii) Manufactured products; (iii) Construction materials; or (iv) Section 70917(c) materials. An article, material, or supply should not be considered to fall into multiple categories. In some cases, an article, material, or supply may not fall under any of the categories listed in this paragraph. The classification of an article, material, or supply as falling into one of the categories listed in this paragraph must be made based on its status at the time it is brought to the work site for incorporation into an infrastructure project. In general, the work site is the location of the infrastructure project at which the iron, steel, manufactured products, and construction materials will be incorporated.

Application of the Buy America Preference by category. An article, material, or supply incorporated into an infrastructure project must meet the Buy America Preference for only the single category in which it is classified.

Determining the cost of components for manufactured products. In determining whether the cost of components for manufactured products is greater than 55 percent of the total cost of all components, use the following instructions:

(a) For components purchased by the manufacturer, the acquisition cost, including transportation costs to the place of incorporation into the manufactured product (whether or not such costs are paid to a domestic firm), and any applicable duty (whether or not a duty-free entry certificate is issued); or

(b) For components manufactured by the manufacturer, all costs associated with the manufacture of the component, including transportation costs as described in

paragraph (a), plus allocable overhead costs, but excluding profit. Cost of components does not include any costs associated with the manufacture of the manufactured product.

Construction material standards. The Buy America Preference applies to the following construction materials incorporated into infrastructure projects. Each construction material is followed by a standard for the material to be considered “produced in the United States.” Except as specifically provided, only a single standard should be applied to a single construction material.

(1) Non-ferrous metals. All manufacturing processes, from initial smelting or melting through final shaping, coating, and assembly, occurred in the United States.

(2) Plastic and polymer-based products. All manufacturing processes, from initial combination of constituent plastic or polymer-based inputs, or, where applicable, constituent composite materials, until the item is in its final form, occurred in the United States.

(3) Glass. All manufacturing processes, from initial batching and melting of raw materials through annealing, cooling, and cutting, occurred in the United States.

(4) Fiber optic cable (including drop cable). All manufacturing processes, from the initial ribboning (if applicable), through buffering, fiber stranding and jacketing, occurred in the United States. All manufacturing processes also include the standards for glass and optical fiber, but not for non-ferrous metals, plastic and polymer-based products, or any others.

(5) Optical fiber. All manufacturing processes, from the initial preform fabrication stage through the completion of the draw, occurred in the United States.

(6) Lumber. All manufacturing processes, from initial debarking through treatment and planning, occurred in the United States.

(7) Drywall. All manufacturing processes, from initial blending of mined or synthetic gypsum plaster and additives through cutting and drying of sandwiched panels, occurred in the United States.

(8) Engineered wood. All manufacturing processes from the initial combination of constituent materials until the wood product is in its final form, occurred in the United States.

Waivers. When necessary, recipients may apply for, and the agency may grant, a waiver from these requirements. The agency should notify the recipient for information on the process for requesting a waiver from these requirements.

When the Federal agency has made a determination that one of the following exceptions applies, the awarding official may waive the application of the Buy America Preference in any case in which the agency determines that:

- (1) applying the Buy America Preference would be inconsistent with the public interest;
- (2) the types of iron, steel, manufactured products, or construction materials are not produced in the United States in sufficient and reasonably available quantities or of a satisfactory quality; or
- (3) the inclusion of iron, steel, manufactured products, or construction materials produced in the United States will increase the cost of the overall project by more than 25 percent.

A request to waive the application of the Buy America Preference must be in writing. The agency will provide instructions on the format, contents, and supporting materials required for any waiver request. Waiver requests are subject to public comment periods of no less than 15 days and must be reviewed by the Made in America Office.

There may be instances where an award qualifies, in whole or in part, for an existing waiver described at [USDA Buy America Waivers for Federal Financial Assistance | USDA](#).

Definitions

“Buy America Preference” means the “domestic content procurement preference” set forth in section 70914 of the Build America, Buy America Act, which requires the head of each Federal agency to ensure that none of the funds made available for a Federal award for an infrastructure project may be obligated unless all of the iron, steel, manufactured products, and construction materials incorporated into the project are produced in the United States.

“Construction materials” means articles, materials, or supplies that consist of only one of the items listed in paragraph (1) of this definition, except as provided in paragraph (2) of this definition. To the extent one of the items listed in paragraph (1) contains as inputs other items listed in paragraph (1), it is nonetheless a construction material.

- (1) The listed items are:

- (i) Non-ferrous metals;
- (ii) Plastic and polymer-based products (including polyvinylchloride, composite building materials, and polymers used in fiber optic cables);
- (iii) Glass (including optic glass);
- (iv) Fiber optic cable (including drop cable);
- (v) Optical fiber;
- (vi) Lumber;
- (vii) Engineered wood; and
- (viii) Drywall.

(2) Minor additions of articles, materials, supplies, or binding agents to a construction material do not change the categorization of the construction material.

“Infrastructure” means public infrastructure projects in the United States, which includes, at a minimum, the structures, facilities, and equipment for roads, highways, and bridges; public transportation; dams, ports, harbors, and other maritime facilities; intercity passenger and freight railroads; freight and intermodal facilities; airports; water systems, including drinking water and wastewater systems; electrical transmission facilities and systems; utilities; broadband infrastructure; and buildings and real property; and structures, facilities, and equipment that generate, transport, and distribute energy including electric vehicle (EV) charging.

“Infrastructure project” means any activity related to the construction, alteration, maintenance, or repair of infrastructure in the United States regardless of whether infrastructure is the primary purpose of the project. See also paragraphs (c) and (d) of 2 CFR 184.4.

“Iron or steel products” means articles, materials, or supplies that consist wholly or predominantly of iron or steel or a combination of both.

X. TRAFFICKING IN PERSONS.

1. Provisions applicable to a Recipient that is a private entity.
 - a. You as the Recipient, your employees, Subrecipients under this award, and Subrecipients’ employees may not:
 - (1) Engage in severe forms of trafficking in persons during the period of time that the award is in effect;
 - (2) Procure a commercial sex act during the period of time that the award is in effect; or

- (3) Use forced labor in the performance of the award or subawards under the award.
 - b. We as the Federal awarding agency may unilaterally terminate this award, without penalty, if you or a Subrecipient that is a private entity:
 - (1) Is determined to have violated a prohibition in paragraph a.1 of this award term; or
 - (2) Has an employee who is determined by the agency official authorized to terminate the award to have violated a prohibition in paragraph a.1 of this award term through conduct that is either:
 - i. Associated with performance under this award; or
 - ii. Imputed to you or the subrecipient using the standards and due process for imputing the conduct of an individual to an organization that are provided in 2 CFR part 180, “OMB Guidelines to Agencies on Government wide Debarment and Suspension (Nonprocurement),”.
2. Provision applicable to a Recipient other than a private entity. We as the Federal awarding agency may unilaterally terminate this award, without penalty, if a subrecipient that is a private entity:
- a. Is determined to have violated an applicable prohibition in paragraph a.1 of this award term; or
 - b. Has an employee who is determined by the agency official authorized to terminate the award to have violated an applicable prohibition in paragraph a.1 of this award term through conduct that is either—
 - (1) Associated with performance under this award; or
 - (2) Imputed to the subrecipient using the standards and due process for imputing the conduct of an individual to an organization that are provided in 2 CFR part 180, “OMB Guidelines to Agencies on Governmentwide Debarment and Suspension (Nonprocurement),”
3. Provisions applicable to any recipient.
- a. You must inform us immediately of any information you receive from any source alleging a violation of a prohibition in paragraph a.1 of this award term.
 - b. Our right to terminate unilaterally that is described in paragraph a.2 or b of this section:
 - (1) Implements section 106(g) of the Trafficking Victims Protection Act of 2000 (TVPA), as amended (22 U.S.C. 7104(g)), and
 - (2) Is in addition to all other remedies for noncompliance that are available to us under this award.
 - c. You must include the requirements of paragraph a.1 of this award term in any subaward you make to a private entity.
4. Definitions. For purposes of this award term:
- a. “Employee” means either:
 - (1) An individual employed by you or a subrecipient who is engaged in the

- performance of the project or program under this award; or
- (2) Another person engaged in the performance of the project or program under this award and not compensated by you including, but not limited to, a volunteer or individual whose services are contributed by a third party as an in-kind contribution toward cost sharing or matching requirements.
- b. “Forced labor” means labor obtained by any of the following methods: the recruitment, harboring, transportation, provision, or obtaining of a person for labor or services, through the use of force, fraud, or coercion for the purpose of subjection to involuntary servitude, peonage, debt bondage, or slavery.
- c. “Private entity”:
 - (1) Means any entity other than a State, local government, Indian tribe, or foreign public entity, as those terms are defined in 2 CFR 175.25.
 - (2) Includes:
 - i. A nonprofit organization, including any nonprofit institution of higher education, hospital, or tribal organization other than one included in the definition of Indian tribe at 2 CFR 175.25(b).
 - ii. A for-profit organization.
- d. “Severe forms of trafficking in persons,” “commercial sex act,” and “coercion” have the meanings given at section 103 of the TVPA, as amended (22 U.S.C. 7102).

Y. DRUG-FREE WORKPLACE.

1. Recipient agree(s) that it will publish a drug-free workplace statement and provide a copy to each employee who will be engaged in the performance of any project/program that receives federal funding. The statement must
 - a. Tell the employees that the unlawful manufacture, distribution, dispensing, possession, or use of a controlled substance is prohibited in its workplace;
 - b. Specify the actions Recipient will take against employees for violating that prohibition; and
 - c. Let each employee know that, as a condition of employment under any award, the employee:
 - (1) Shall abide by the terms of the statement, and
 - (2) Shall notify Recipient in writing if they are convicted for a violation of a criminal drug statute occurring in the workplace, and shall do so no more than 5 calendar days after the conviction.
2. Recipient agree(s) that it will establish an ongoing drug-free awareness program to inform employees about
 - a. The dangers of drug abuse in the workplace;
 - b. The established policy of maintaining a drug-free workplace;
 - c. Any available drug counseling, rehabilitation and employee assistance programs; and
 - d. The penalties that you may impose upon them for drug abuse violations occurring in the workplace.

3. Without the Program Manager's expressed written approval, the policy statement and program must be in place as soon as possible, no later than the 30 days after the effective date of this instrument, or the completion date of this award, whichever occurs first.
4. Recipient agrees to immediately notify the Program Manager if an employee is convicted of a drug violation in the workplace. The notification must be in writing, identify the employee's position title, the award number of each award on which the employee worked. The notification must be sent to the Program Manager within 10 calendar days after Recipient learns of the conviction.
5. Within 30 calendar days of learning about an employee's conviction, Recipient must either
 - a. Take appropriate personnel action against the employee, up to and including termination, consistent with the requirements of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 USC 794), as amended, or
 - b. Require the employee to participate satisfactorily in a drug abuse assistance or rehabilitation program approved for these purposes by a Federal, State or local health, law enforcement, or other appropriate agency.

Z. PROHIBITION AGAINST USING FUNDS WITH ENTITIES THAT REQUIRE CERTAIN INTERNAL CONFIDENTIALITY AGREEMENTS.

1. The recipient may not require its employees, contractors, or subrecipients seeking to report fraud, waste, or abuse to sign or comply with internal confidentiality agreements or statements prohibiting or otherwise restricting them from lawfully reporting that waste, fraud, or abuse to a designated investigative or law enforcement representative of a Federal department or agency authorized to receive such information.
2. The recipient must notify its employees, contractors, or subrecipients that the prohibitions and restrictions of any internal confidentiality agreements inconsistent with paragraph (1) of this award provision are no longer in effect.
3. The prohibition in paragraph (1) of this award provision does not contravene requirements applicable to any other form issued by a Federal department or agency governing the nondisclosure of classified information.
4. If the Government determines that the recipient is not in compliance with this award provision, it;
 - a. Will prohibit the recipient's use of funds under this award in accordance with sections 743, 744 of Division E of the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2016, (Pub. L. 114-113) or any successor provision of law; and
 - b. May pursue other remedies available for the recipient's material failure to comply with award terms and conditions.

AA. ELIGIBLE WORKERS. Recipient shall ensure that all employees complete the I-9 form to certify that they are eligible for lawful employment under the Immigration and

Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1324(a)). Recipient shall comply with regulations regarding certification and retention of the completed forms. These requirements also apply to any contract or supplemental instruments awarded under this award.

- BB. FREEDOM OF INFORMATION ACT (FOIA). Public access to award or agreement records must not be limited, except when such records must be kept confidential and would have been exempted from disclosure pursuant to Freedom of Information regulations (5 U.S.C. 552). Requests for research data are subject to 2 CFR 315(e).

Public access to culturally sensitive data and information of Federally-recognized Tribes may also be explicitly limited by P.L. 110-234, Title VIII Subtitle B §8106 (2009 Farm Bill).

- CC. TEXT MESSAGING WHILE DRIVING. In accordance with Executive Order (EO) 13513, “Federal Leadership on Reducing Text Messaging While Driving,” any and all text messaging by Federal employees is banned: a) while driving a Government owned vehicle (GOV) or driving a privately owned vehicle (POV) while on official Government business; or b) using any electronic equipment supplied by the Government when driving any vehicle at any time. All Cooperators, their Employees, Volunteers, and Contractors are encouraged to adopt and enforce policies that ban text messaging when driving company owned, leased or rented vehicles, POVs or GOVs when driving while on official Government business or when performing any work for or on behalf of the Government.

- DD. PROMOTING FREE SPEECH AND RELIGIOUS FREEDOM. As a recipient of USDA financial assistance, you will comply with the following:

1. Do not discriminate against applicants for sub-grants on the basis of their religious character.
2. 7 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) part 16.3(a), Rights of Religious Organizations.
3. Statutory and National policy requirements, including those prohibiting discrimination and those described in Executive Order 13798 promoting free speech and religious freedom, 2 CFR 200.300.

- EE. PROHIBITION ON CERTAIN TELECOMMUNICATIONS AND VIDEO SURVEILLANCE SERVICES OR EQUIPMENT. The cooperator (including subrecipients) is responsible for compliance with the prohibition on certain telecommunications and video surveillance services or equipment identified in 2 CFR 200.216. See Public Law 115-232, Section 889 for additional information.

In accordance with 2 CFR 200.216, the grantee (including subrecipients) is prohibited from obligating or expending loan or grant funds for covered telecommunications equipment or services to:

- (1) procure or obtain, extend or renew a contract to procure or obtain;
- (2) enter into a contract (or extend or renew a contract) to procure; or
- (3) obtain the equipment, services or systems.

ATTACHMENT B: 2 CFR PART 170

Appendix A to Part 170—Award Term

I. Reporting Subawards and Executive Compensation

a. *Reporting of first-tier subawards.*

1. *Applicability.* Unless you are exempt as provided in paragraph d. of this award term, you must report each action that equals or exceeds \$30,000 in Federal funds for a subaward to a non-Federal entity or Federal agency (see definitions in paragraph e. of this award term).
2. *Where and when to report.*
 - i. The non-Federal entity or Federal agency must report each obligating action described in paragraph a.1. of this award term to <http://www.fsrs.gov>.
 - ii. For subaward information, report no later than the end of the month following the month in which the obligation was made. (For example, if the obligation was made on November 7, 2010, the obligation must be reported by no later than December 31, 2010.)
3. *What to report.* You must report the information about each obligating action that the submission instructions posted at <http://www.fsrs.gov> specify.

b. *Reporting total compensation of recipient executives for non-Federal entities.*

1. *Applicability and what to report.* You must report total compensation for each of your five most highly compensated executives for the preceding completed fiscal year, if—
 - i. The total Federal funding authorized to date under this Federal award equals or exceeds \$30,000 as defined in 2 CFR 170.320;
 - ii. in the preceding fiscal year, you received—
 - (A) 80 percent or more of your annual gross revenues from Federal procurement contracts (and subcontracts) and Federal financial assistance subject to the Transparency Act, as defined at 2 CFR 170.320 (and subawards), and
 - (B) \$25,000,000 or more in annual gross revenues from Federal procurement contracts (and subcontracts) and Federal financial assistance subject to the Transparency Act, as defined at 2 CFR 170.320 (and subawards); and,
 - iii. The public does not have access to information about the compensation of the executives through periodic reports filed under section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78m(a), 78o(d)) or section 6104 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986. (To determine if the public has access to the compensation information, see the U.S. Security and Exchange Commission total compensation filings at <http://www.sec.gov/answers/execomp.htm>.)
2. *Where and when to report.* You must report executive total compensation described in paragraph b.1. of this award term:
 - i. As part of your registration profile at <https://www.sam.gov>.
 - ii. By the end of the month following the month in which this award is made, and annually thereafter.

c. *Reporting of Total Compensation of Subrecipient Executives.*

1. *Applicability and what to report.* Unless you are exempt as provided in paragraph d. of this award term, for each first-tier non-Federal entity subrecipient under this award, you shall report the names and total compensation of each of the subrecipient's five most

highly compensated executives for the subrecipient's preceding completed fiscal year, if—

- i. in the subrecipient's preceding fiscal year, the subrecipient received—
 - (A) 80 percent or more of its annual gross revenues from Federal procurement contracts (and subcontracts) and Federal financial assistance subject to the Transparency Act, as defined at 2 CFR 170.320 (and subawards) and,
 - (B) \$25,000,000 or more in annual gross revenues from Federal procurement contracts (and subcontracts), and Federal financial assistance subject to the Transparency Act (and subawards); and
 - ii. The public does not have access to information about the compensation of the executives through periodic reports filed under section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78m(a), 78o(d)) or section 6104 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986. (To determine if the public has access to the compensation information, see the U.S. Security and Exchange Commission total compensation filings at <http://www.sec.gov/answers/execomp.htm>.)
2. *Where and when to report.* You must report subrecipient executive total compensation described in paragraph c.1. of this award term:
 - i. To the recipient.
 - ii. By the end of the month following the month during which you make the subaward. For example, if a subaward is obligated on any date during the month of October of a given year (*i.e.*, between October 1 and 31), you must report any required compensation information of the subrecipient by November 30 of that year.
- d. *Exemptions.*
If, in the previous tax year, you had gross income, from all sources, under \$300,000, you are exempt from the requirements to report:
- i. Subawards, and
 - ii. The total compensation of the five most highly compensated executives of any subrecipient.
- e. *Definitions.* For purposes of this award term:
1. Federal Agency means a Federal agency as defined at 5 U.S.C. 551(1) and further clarified by 5 U.S.C. 552(f).
 2. Non-Federal *entity* means all of the following, as defined in 2 CFR part 25:
 - i. A Governmental organization, which is a State, local government, or Indian tribe;
 - ii. A foreign public entity;
 - iii. A domestic or foreign nonprofit organization; and,
 - iv. A domestic or foreign for-profit organization
 3. *Executive* means officers, managing partners, or any other employees in management positions.
 4. *Subaward:*
 - i. This term means a legal instrument to provide support for the performance of any portion of the substantive project or program for which you received this award and that you as the recipient award to an eligible subrecipient.
 - ii. The term does not include your procurement of property and services needed to carry out the project or program (for further explanation, see 2 CFR 200.331).
 - iii. A subaward may be provided through any legal agreement, including an agreement that you or a subrecipient considers a contract.

5. *Subrecipient* means a non-Federal entity or Federal agency that:
 - i. Receives a subaward from you (the recipient) under this award; and
 - ii. Is accountable to you for the use of the Federal funds provided by the subaward.
6. *Total compensation* means the cash and noncash dollar value earned by the executive during the recipient's or subrecipient's preceding fiscal year and includes the following (for more information see 17 CFR 229.402(c)(2)).

END OF ATTACHMENT B: 2 CFR PART 170

ATTACHMENT C: WHISTLEBLOWER NOTICE

Whistleblowers perform an important service to USDA and the public when they come forward with what they reasonably believe to be evidence of wrongdoing. They should never be subject to reprisal for doing so. Federal law protects federal employees as well as personal services contractors and employees of Federal contractors, subcontractors, grantees, and subgrantees against reprisal for whistleblowing. USDA bears the responsibility to ensure that nothing in a non-disclosure agreement which a contractor, subcontractor, grantee, or subgrantee requires their employees to sign should be interpreted as limiting their ability to provide information to the Office of Inspector General (OIG).

41 U.S.C. § 4712 requires the head of each executive agency to ensure that its contractors inform their workers in writing of the rights and remedies under the statute. Accordingly, it is illegal for a personal services contractor or an employee of a Federal contractor, subcontractor, grantee, or subgrantee to be discharged, demoted, or otherwise discriminated against for making a protected whistleblower disclosure. In this context, these categories of individuals are whistleblowers who disclose information that the individual reasonably believes is evidence of one of the following:

- Gross mismanagement of a Federal contract or grant;
- A gross waste of Federal funds;
- An abuse of authority relating to a Federal contract or grant;
- A substantial and specific danger to public health or safety; or
- A violation of law, rule, or regulation related to a Federal contract (including the competition for or negotiation of a contract) or grant.

To be protected under 41 U.S.C. § 4712, the disclosure must be made to one of the following:

- A Member of Congress, or a representative of a committee of Congress;
- The OIG;
- The Government Accountability Office (GAO);
- A Federal employee responsible for contract or grant oversight or management at USDA;
- An otherwise authorized official at USDA or other law enforcement agency;
- A court or grand jury; or
- A management official or other employee of the contractor, subcontractor, or grantee who has the responsibility to investigate, discover, or address misconduct.

Under 41 U.S.C. § 4712, personal services contractors as well as employees of contractors, subcontractors, grantees, or subgrantees may file a complaint with OIG, who will investigate the matter unless they determine that the complaint is frivolous, fails to allege a violation of the prohibition against whistleblower reprisal, or has been addressed in another proceeding. OIG's investigation is then presented to the head of the executive agency who evaluates the facts of the investigation and can order the contractor, subcontractor, grantee, or subgrantee

to take remedial action, such as reinstatement or back pay.

Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) Subpart 3.903, *Whistleblower Protections for Contractor Employees, Policy*, prohibits government contractors from retaliating against a contract worker for making a protected disclosure related to the contract. FAR Subpart 3.909-1 prohibits the Government from using funds for a contract with an entity that requires its employees or subcontractors to sign internal confidentiality statements prohibiting or restricting disclosures of fraud, waste, or abuse to designated persons. This prohibition does not contravene agreements pertaining to classified information. The regulation also requires contracting officers to insert FAR clause 52.203-17, *Contractor Employee Whistleblower Rights and Requirement to Inform Employees of Whistleblower Rights*, in all solicitations and contracts that exceed the Simplified Acquisition Threshold as defined in FAR Subpart 3.908. This clause requires notification to contractor employees that they are subject to the whistleblower rights and remedies referenced in 41 U.S.C. § 4712.

In order to make a complaint alleging any of the violations mentioned above, one should complete the OIG Hotline form located at: <https://www.usda.gov/oig/hotline>. For additional information, they may also visit the WPC's webpage at: <https://www.usda.gov/oig/wpc> or they may directly contact the WPC at OIGWPC@oig.usda.gov.



2705 East Second Street • The Dalles, OR 97058 • www.co.wasco.or.us
road dept: [541] 506-2640 • weed & pest: [541] 506-2653 • fax: [541] 506-2641

Pioneering pathways to prosperity.

July 3, 2024

To: Kristen Bowles and Micah Johnson

RE: CWDG Grant

Dear Ms. Bowles and Mr. Johnson,

Enclosed are the additional documents requested by the United States Forest Service to complete our Community Wildfire Defense Grant application for Wasco County Red Zone: Partnering on wildfire mitigation in the nation's highest risk communities. This includes:

1. SF-424
2. SF-424 Signed
3. SF-424A
4. FS-1500-22
5. Expanded Budget
6. SF-424B
7. Project Timeline
8. Project Narrative
9. FS-1500-34
10. AD-1047
11. AD-1049
12. FS 1500-35

We are requesting de minimus indirect and seeking the amount of \$5,945,661 to support our work on this grant.

Sincerely,

Kelly Howsley Glover
Community Development Director
Wasco County

Application for Federal Assistance SF-424		
* 1. Type of Submission: ☐ Preapplication ☒ Application ☐ Changed/Corrected Application		
* 2. Type of Application: ☒ New ☐ Continuation ☐ Revision		
* If Revision, select appropriate letter(s): * Other (Specify): 		
* 3. Date Received: 07/03/2024		4. Applicant Identifier:
5a. Federal Entity Identifier: 		5b. Federal Award Identifier: 24-DG-11062752-629
State Use Only:		
6. Date Received by State: 		7. State Application Identifier:
8. APPLICANT INFORMATION:		
* a. Legal Name: County of Wasco		
* b. Employer/Taxpayer Identification Number (EIN/TIN): 93-6002315		* c. UEI: EMKLL2MZ2NH9
d. Address:		
* Street1: 511 Washington Street		
Street2: Suite 207		
* City: The Dalles		
County/Parish:		
* State: OR: Oregon		
Province:		
* Country: USA: UNITED STATES		
* Zip / Postal Code: 97058-4052		
e. Organizational Unit:		
Department Name: Community Development		Division Name:
f. Name and contact information of person to be contacted on matters involving this application:		
Prefix: Dr.		* First Name: Kelly
Middle Name:		
* Last Name: Howsley Glover		
Suffix:		
Title: Community Development Director		
Organizational Affiliation: Wasco County		
* Telephone Number: 541-506-2565		Fax Number:
* Email: kellyg@co.wasco.or.us		

Application for Federal Assistance SF-424

* 9. Type of Applicant 1: Select Applicant Type:

B: County Government

Type of Applicant 2: Select Applicant Type:

Type of Applicant 3: Select Applicant Type:

* Other (specify):

* 10. Name of Federal Agency:

United States Forest Service

11. Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Number:

10.720

CFDA Title:

Community Wildfire Defense Grant Program

* 12. Funding Opportunity Number:

USDA-FS-2023-CWDG-CWSF

* Title:

Western States and Territories Community Wildfire Defense Grants

13. Competition Identification Number:

NA

Title:

Not applicable

14. Areas Affected by Project (Cities, Counties, States, etc.):

Wasco County Red Zone Project Map.pdf

Add Attachment

Delete Attachment

View Attachment

* 15. Descriptive Title of Applicant's Project:

Wasco County Red Zone: Partnering on Wildfire Mitigation in the Nation's Highest Risk Communities

Attach supporting documents as specified in agency instructions.

Add Attachments

Delets Attachments

View Attachments

Application for Federal Assistance SF-424**16. Congressional Districts Of:*** a. Applicant * b. Program/Project

Attach an additional list of Program/Project Congressional Districts if needed.

Add Attachment

Delete Attachment

View Attachment

17. Proposed Project:* a. Start Date:

Date of last signature

* b. End Date: five years from date of
last signature**18. Estimated Funding (\$):**

* a. Federal	5,945,661.00
* b. Applicant	0.00
* c. State	0.00
* d. Local	0.00
* e. Other	0.00
* f. Program Income	0.00
* g. TOTAL	5,945,661.00

*** 19. Is Application Subject to Review By State Under Executive Order 12372 Process?**

- ☐ a. This application was made available to the State under the Executive Order 12372 Process for review on
- ☐ b. Program is subject to E.O. 12372 but has not been selected by the State for review.
- ☒ c. Program is not covered by E.O. 12372.

*** 20. Is the Applicant Delinquent On Any Federal Debt? (If "Yes," provide explanation in attachment.)**☐ Yes ☒ No

If "Yes", provide explanation and attach

Add Attachment

Delete Attachment

View Attachment

21. *By signing this application, I certify (1) to the statements contained in the list of certifications and (2) that the statements herein are true, complete and accurate to the best of my knowledge. I also provide the required assurances** and agree to comply with any resulting terms if I accept an award. I am aware that any false, fictitious, or fraudulent statements or claims may subject me to criminal, civil, or administrative penalties. (U.S. Code, Title 18, Section 1001)**

☒ ** I AGREE

** The list of certifications and assurances, or an internet site where you may obtain this list, is contained in the announcement or agency specific instructions.

Authorized Representative:

Prefix: * First Name:

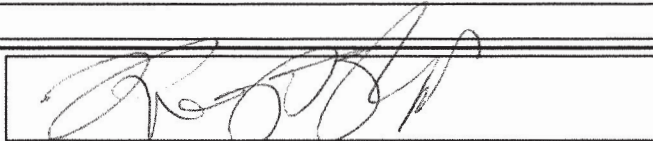
Middle Name:

* Last Name:

Suffix:

* Title: * Telephone Number: Fax Number: * Email:

* Signature of Authorized Representative:

* Date Signed:

7.5.24

BUDGET INFORMATION - Non-Construction Programs

OMB Number: 4040-0006
Expiration Date: 02/28/2025

SECTION A - BUDGET SUMMARY

Grant Program Function or Activity (a)	Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Number (b)	Estimated Unobligated Funds		New or Revised Budget		
		Federal (c)	Non-Federal (d)	Federal (e)	Non-Federal (f)	Total (g)
1. Wasco County Red Zone: Partnering on wildfire mitigation in the nation's highest risk communities.	10.720	\$	\$	\$ 5,945,661.00	\$	\$ 5,945,661.00
2.						
3.						
4.						
5. Totals		\$	\$	\$ 5,945,661.00	\$	\$ 5,945,661.00

SECTION B - BUDGET CATEGORIES

6. Object Class Categories	GRANT PROGRAM, FUNCTION OR ACTIVITY				Total (5)
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	
	Wasco County Red Zone: Partnering on wildfire mitigation in the nation's highest risk communities.				
a. Personnel	\$ 543,971.00	\$	\$	\$	\$ 543,971.00
b. Fringe Benefits	139,191.00				139,191.00
c. Travel	15,000.00				15,000.00
d. Equipment	75,000.00				75,000.00
e. Supplies	62,500.00				62,500.00
f. Contractual	55,925.00				55,925.00
g. Construction					
h. Other	4,972,316.00				4,972,316.00
i. Total Direct Charges (sum of 6a-6h)	5,863,903.00				\$ 5,863,903.00
j. Indirect Charges	81,758.00				\$ 81,758.00
k. TOTALS (sum of 6i and 6j)	\$ 5,945,661.00	\$	\$	\$	\$ 5,945,661.00
7. Program Income	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$

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SECTION C - NON-FEDERAL RESOURCES

(a) Grant Program	(b) Applicant	(c) State	(d) Other Sources	(e)TOTALS
8. Wasco County Red Zone: Partnering on wildfire mitigation in the nation's highest risk communities.	\$	\$	\$	\$
9.				
10.				
11.				
12. TOTAL (sum of lines 8-11)	\$	\$	\$	\$

SECTION D - FORECASTED CASH NEEDS

	Total for 1st Year	1st Quarter	2nd Quarter	3rd Quarter	4th Quarter
13. Federal	\$ 75,000.00	\$	\$	\$	\$ 75,000.00
14. Non-Federal	\$				
15. TOTAL (sum of lines 13 and 14)	\$ 75,000.00	\$	\$	\$	\$ 75,000.00

SECTION E - BUDGET ESTIMATES OF FEDERAL FUNDS NEEDED FOR BALANCE OF THE PROJECT

(a) Grant Program	FUTURE FUNDING PERIODS (YEARS)			
	(b)First	(c) Second	(d) Third	(e) Fourth
16. Wasco County Red Zone: Partnering on wildfire mitigation in the nation's highest risk communities.	\$ 2,377,012.07	\$ 1,222,569.40	\$ 1,124,740.00	\$ 114,339.53
17.				
18.				
19.				
20. TOTAL (sum of lines 16 - 19)	\$ 2,377,012.07	\$ 1,222,569.40	\$ 1,124,740.00	\$ 114,339.53

SECTION F - OTHER BUDGET INFORMATION

21. Direct Charges: 5863903	22. Indirect Charges: 81758
23. Remarks: We revised the supply and contractual budgets to align with federal classification of categories. Indirect is not assessed on the sub-recipient costs	

Additional support to original proposal

	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Total	Notes
Wasco County							
							Total Includes Coordinator and Overhead Lines
Wildfire Coordinati	\$85,260.00	\$87,391.00	\$90,013.00	\$92,713.00	\$95,494.00	\$543,971.00	
Overhead (Manage	\$18,620.00	\$18,620.00	\$18,620.00	\$18,620.00	\$18,620.00		
Fringe	\$27,800.00	\$27,810.00	\$27,820.00	\$27,870.00	\$27,891.00	\$139,191.00	
Travel	\$3,000.00	\$3,000.00	\$3,000.00	\$3,000.00	\$3,000.00	\$15,000.00	
Equipment	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	
Supplies	\$12,500.00	\$12,500.00	\$12,500.00	\$12,500.00	\$12,500.00	\$62,500.00	
Contractual	\$11,185.00	\$11,185.00	\$11,185.00	\$11,185.00	\$11,185.00	\$55,925.00	
							Includes \$75,000 in equipment for
Other	\$1,039,988.89	\$1,060,447.18	\$1,043,080.40	\$942,501.00	\$961,298.53	\$5,047,316.00	Wamic
Indirect Costs	\$16,353.00	\$16,352.00	\$16,351.00	\$16,351.00	\$16,351.00	\$81,758.00	
Total	\$1,214,706.89	\$1,237,305.18	\$1,222,569.40	\$1,124,740.00	\$1,146,339.53	\$5,945,661.00	

*Estimated Indirect Costs to show calculation for five year indirect costs, total award amount should not exceed \$5,945,661.00

Wasco County

Total

A) Personnel (position*rate*time)	Wildfire Coordinator @ \$7,104.97/mo with annual step increases @ 2.5%	\$450,871.00
	Support Staff @ \$36/hr for 150/hours/year	\$27,000.00
	Supervision by Planning Director @ \$60/hr for 176.6/hr/yr	\$53,000.00
	<i>Subtotal</i>	\$543,971.00
B) Fringe Benefits - % Personnel		
	<i>Subtotal</i>	\$139,191.00
C) Travel #people*#trips*perdiem /mileage	Air travel @ \$625/year for 4 years	\$2,500.00
	Annual IAFC Wildland Urban Interface Conference (or similar conference) \$425/year for 4 years	\$1,700.00
	Hotel Accomodations \$575 average/year for two night stay	\$2,300
	.67/mile for 2537/miles/year	\$8,500
	<i>Subtotal</i>	\$15,000.00
D) Equipment[1]>\$5000 (inventory list)		
	<i>Subtotal</i>	
E) Supplies type*qty*cost		
	Website and Domain name purchase (\$600/year)	\$3,000.00
	Handouts (.25/page x 1000 x 10 events)	\$2,500.00
	Posters \$1.5/page x 1000 flyers)	\$1,500.00
	Annual Targeted Mailer (\$4000 for postage and printing/year)	\$20,000.00
	Purchase and disbursement of fire resistant plants	\$18,500.00
	Software licensing @3400/year (This is for annual subscriptions to online software tools specifically for outreach and education including: graphic arts editing, newsletter tool, video conferencing tool, social media management)	\$17,000.00
	<i>Subtotal</i>	\$62,500.00
F) Contractual eg. cost/acres	Translation Services (\$1,500 year for event and material translation into Spanish, average rate of \$75/hr @20/hrs/year)	\$7,500.00
	Guest Speaker \$1000 speaker fee + per diem and lodging (1x)	\$5,785.00
	Buses to transport residents, annual cost \$1,500 for one-two annual events	\$7,500.00
	Confederated Tribes of Warm Springs honorarium \$59 + \$98 (per diem, lodging) x 2 people, 2x annually	\$3,140.00

	Contract to apply chipped material to farm lands	\$32,000.00
<i>Subtotal</i>		\$55,925.00
G) Construction detail		
<i>Subtotal</i>		
H) Other (specify) detail	Venue rental for outreach events @\$100 x 2/year	\$1,000.00
	Sub-awards (Wamic Fire, ODF, Wasco SWCD, Mid-Columbia Fire and Rescue, OSU, Grant County SWCD; see proposal for estimated amounts to each)	\$5,047,316.00
<i>Subtotal</i>		\$5,048,316
Total Direct Costs		
I) Indirect Charges - include federally approved cost agreement	10% indirect cost rate (excludes sub-awards)	\$81,758.00
Project Total		\$5,946,661.00

Wasco County Red Zone: Partnering on wildfire mitigation in the nation's highest risk communities Project Narrative (provides high level summary of original proposal)

This project aims to implement priority actions in the 2022 Wasco County CWPP to augment ongoing collaborative efforts in wildfire planning and mitigation across the county, and to reduce wildfire risks to rural, fire vulnerable communities in central Wasco County. The project area encompasses five rural communities (Maupin, Pine Grove, Pine Hollow, Tygh Valley, and Wamic) with extreme wildfire risk (ranging from 97-100% more risk relative to other US communities) and significant vulnerabilities. Previous natural disasters including prolonged periods of drought and recent wildfires have established a strong partnership focused on wildfire risk reduction. This partnership is comprised of local fire districts, county, state and federal land management and emergency service agencies, local NGOs and others. In the support of the next phase of this partnership, Wasco County Planning Department and partners propose to address three priority actions necessary to reduce community wildfire risk in these at-risk communities within the project footprint:

1. **INCREASING CAPACITY:** Increase collaborative wildfire planning capacity by a) establishing a full-time Wildfire Coordinator in Wasco County Planning Department to coordinate wildfire preparedness and resilience efforts with partners around the county, and b) engaging in two targeted wildfire risk assessments to ascertain vegetation conditions on the 80,000 acres of private forest and rangelands in the project footprint.
2. **BUFFERING COMMUNITIES** - Establish buffers between at-risk communities and neighboring wildlands to moderate fire behavior and minimize spread from wildlands into populated areas by a) removing hazard fuel and developing 100ft+ wide fuel breaks along 60 roadside miles within the project footprint to aid in the establishment of containment lines during wildfire incidents, and to reduce fire ignitions and spread into communities, and b) reduce fuel loads on 508 forested acres of the White River Wildlife Area, prioritized based on its location as a buffer between the Mt. Hood National Forest and four at-risk communities in the project footprint (Pine Hollow, Pine Grove, Tygh Valley, and Wamic).
3. **PROTECTING HOMES** - Reduce residential structure ignitability with an emphasis on supporting socially and economically vulnerable residents through resources and education by a) removing 160 hazard trees around homes; b) providing direct service via free defensible space assessments and mitigation crew assistance to qualifying residents and c) conducting annual community outreach activities focused on home hardening and defensible space, landscape projects, and sharing information about available resources (e.g., hazard tree removal, defensible space, and assessment services). Landscape projects include the funding to purchase fire resistant plants as part of the defensible space promotion and education.

Task	Months	Year	Responsible Party
Hire a Wildfire Coordinator	Sept-Nov	1	Wasco County
Host one community outreach event	Dec-May or Sep	1	Wasco County
Train field crews to statewide defensible space standards		1	Oregon State Fire Marshal's Office
Train assessment staff, conduct outreach to landowners, develop forest resilience assessment		1	OSU Extension Fire Program (OSU)
Roadside fuels reduction treatments (20 road miles)		1	Wasco County Soil and Water Conservation District (SWCD)
Defensible space service for high priority residents (50 homes)	March-Oct	1	Wamic Rural Fire Protection District (WRFPD) and Mid-Columbia Fire and Rescue (MCFR)
Purchase equipment and hire crew	Oct-March	1	WRFPD
Solicit bids for hack & squirt and mastication	Nov-Jan	1	Oregon Department of Forestry (ODF)
Begin fuel treatment on White River Wildlife Refuge (Target 70 acres)	Mar-Sept	1	ODF
Host two community outreach events	TBA	2	Wasco County
Defensible space service (115 homes)	March-Oct	2	Wamic Rural Fire Protection District (WRFPD) and Mid Columbia Fire and Rescue (MCFR)
Roadside fuels reduction treatments (25 road miles)		2	Wasco County Soil and Water Conservation District (SWCD)
Begin hack & squirt treatment on 253 acres; Continue fuel treatment on White River Wildlife Refuge (target 185 acres)	Oct-Sept	2	ODF
Begin hazard tree removal (40 trees)	Oct-Sept	2	ODF
Conduct forest health and fire resilience assessment and report results		2	OSU/ODF
Host two community outreach events		3	Wasco County
Defensible space service (120 homes)	March-Oct	3	Wamic Rural Fire Protection District (WRFPD) and Mid-Columbia Fire and Rescue (MCFR)
Roadside fuels reduction treatments (20 road miles)		3	Wasco County Soil and Water Conservation District (SWCD)
Finish hack & squirt on 253 acres; Continue fuel treatment on White River Wildlife Refuge (Target 70 acres)	Oct-Sept	3	ODF
Hazard tree removal (40 trees)	Oct-Sept	3	ODF
Host two community outreach events	TBA	4	Wasco County
Defensible space service (120 homes)	March-Oct	4	Wamic Rural Fire Protection District (WRFPD) and Mid-Columbia Fire and Rescue (MCFR)
Roadside fuels reduction treatments (20 road miles)		4	Wasco County Soil and Water Conservation District (SWCD)
Finish fuel treatment on White River Wildlife Refuge (Target 183 acres)	Oct - Sept	4	ODF

Hazard tree removal (40 trees)	Oct-Sept	4	ODF
Host one community outreach event	TBA	5	Wasco County
Defensible space service (30 homes)	March-Oct	5	Wamic Rural Fire Protection District (WRFPD) and Mid-Columbia Fire and Rescue (MCFR)
Roadside fuels reduction treatments on any remaining roads		5	Wasco County Soil and Water Conservation District (SWCD)
Hazard tree removal (40 trees)	Oct-Aug	5	ODF
Purchase grass seed, ODFW will spread as in-kind	June	5	ODF

Application :: OR / Wasco County

Submitted on Nov 2, 2023

[Applications](#)

Grant Sections	Reviews			Average
	#1	#2	#3	
2. Expiration Date	0	0	0	0.00
4. Purpose	0	0	0	0.00
5. Grant Component Type	0	0	0	0.00
6. At-Risk Community	0	0	0	0.00
7. Roofing Code/Ordinance	0	0	0	0.00
8. Grant Waiver	0	0	0	0.00
9. Project Description	9	10	8	9.00
11. Budget Explanation	10	10	9	9.67
12. Accomplishments	10	10	9	9.67
13. Collaboration	10	10	8	9.33
14. Landscape Impacts	10	10	10	10.00
15. Project Sustainability	8	9	9	8.67
16. Low-Income Community	10	10	10	10.00
17. Severe Disaster Impact	10	10	10	10.00
18. Wildfire Hazard Potential	20	20	20	20.00
Review Total Score:	97	99	93	96.33
Review Rank:	4	1	3	2.67

FY 2023 USDA Forest Service Community Wildfire Defense Grant Application	File Name			
	State:	OR	Keyword:	Wasco County
	Region:		Priority:	
	Id:			
	Administration Information			
	Funds Requested:		\$5,945,661	
	Match:			
Score:	Ranking:	Project Funding:		
96.33		\$5,945,661		

1	Proposal Cooperator [OR]			
	Cooperator Organization:			
	Contact Person:			
	Address:			
	City:	State:	ZIP Code:	
	Phone:	Email:		

1	Applicant Information [OR]			
	Applicant:	Wasco County		
	Contact Person:	Private Information Removed for Privacy		
	Address:	Private Information Removed for Privacy		
	City:	The Dalles	State:	OR
	Phone (work/cell):	Private Information Removed	Fax:	Private Information Removed for Privacy
	Email:	Private Information Removed for Privacy		
Federal Tax ID:	93-6002315	UEI:	EMKLL2MZ2NH9	

Provide the expiration date for your sams.gov Unique Entity Identifier (UEI) number registration. Note: The UEI# and an active sam.gov registration are needed to apply for the grant.

UEI # and Sams.gov Expiration Date

EMKLL2MZ2NH9 7/26/24

Project Information

3	Name of the Project:	Wasco County Red Zone: Partnering on wildfire mitigation in the nation's highest-risk communities
	Community Name(s):	Maupin, Pine Grove, Pine Hollow, Tygh Valley, and Wamic
	Counties:	Wasco
	Congressional District:	2nd

GIS Coordinates

Ref. Point Name: Central Wasco County

Lat/Long: 45.202620, -121.273300

Description: High hazard communities in Central Wasco County

3

Area Name:

Boundary Lat/Longs:

Description:

Provide a brief overview and purpose statement for the project, addressing the overall intent of this program to assist communities with planning and mitigating their risk against wildfire.

Brief Project Overview and Purpose

This project aims to implement priority actions in the 2022 Wasco County CWPP to augment ongoing collaborative efforts in wildfire planning and mitigation across the county, and to reduce wildfire risks to rural, fire vulnerable communities in central Wasco County. The project area encompasses five rural communities (Maupin, Pine Grove, Pine Hollow, Tygh Valley, and Wamic) with extreme wildfire risk (ranging from 97-100% more risk relative to other US communities) and significant vulnerabilities. Previous natural disasters including prolonged periods of drought and recent wildfires have established a strong partnership focused on wildfire risk reduction. This partnership is comprised of local fire districts, county, state and federal land management and emergency service agencies, local NGOs and others. In the support of the next phase of this partnership, Wasco County Planning Department and partners propose to address three priority actions necessary to reduce community wildfire risk in these at-risk communities within the project footprint:

4 ADDING CAPACITY: Increase collaborative wildfire planning capacity by a) establishing a full-time Wildfire Coordinator in Wasco County Planning Department to coordinate wildfire preparedness and resilience efforts with partners around the county, and b) engaging in two targeted wildfire risk assessments to ascertain vegetation conditions on the 80,000 acres of private forest and rangelands in the project footprint.

BUFFERING COMMUNITIES - Establish buffers between at-risk communities and neighboring wildlands to moderate fire behavior and minimize spread from wildlands into populated areas by a) removing hazard fuel and developing 100ft+ wide fuel breaks along 60 roadside miles within the project footprint to aid in the establishment of containment lines during wildfire incidents, and to reduce fire ignitions and spread into communities, and b) reduce fuel loads on 508 forested acres of the White River Wildlife Area, prioritized based on its location as a buffer between the Mt. Hood National Forest and four at-risk communities of in the project footprint (Pine Hollow, Pine Grove, Tygh Valley, and Wamic).

PROTECTING HOMES - Reduce residential structure ignitability with an emphasis on supporting socially and economically vulnerable residents through resources and education by a) establishing a program to remove 160 hazard trees around homes; b) providing direct service via free defensible space assessments and mitigation crew assistance to qualifying residents and c) conducting annual community outreach activities focused on home hardening and defensible space, landscape projects, and sharing information about available resources (e.g., hazard tree removal, defensible space, and assessment services).

A map of the project area and supporting documentation for this proposal can be found here: <https://tinyurl.com/49huka58>

Respond with the grant component type that applies to the application: (please select only one per application)

1.) Creating or Updating a Community Wildfire Protection Plan (CWPP) that is more than five (5) years old.

2.) Project described in a CWPP that is less than ten (10) years old. Include the Name and Date of the CWPP. (See NOFO for CWPP alternative requirements such as Hazard Mitigation Plans)

Grant Component Type

5 This proposal seeks funding to support implementation activities identified in Wasco County's Community Wildfire Protection Plan (CWPP). This plan was updated over a two-year period ending with final approval by county commissioners in December of 2022, and approval by FEMA in the spring of 2023. This phase of implementation of Wasco County's CWPP focuses on three key areas: 1) increase collaborative planning and mapping capacity to sustain further CWPP implementation and partnership

efforts, 2) establishing buffers between at-risk communities and neighboring wildlands to slow fire spread and provide additional time for evacuation and response efforts, and 3) protect homes and reducing risk for vulnerable populations in some of the county's most at-risk communities.

Please respond yes or no if the community is considered "at-risk" (please refer to the definition within the NOFO). Provide a web link to the verification source. (Note: At-Risk is a basic eligibility requirement of this grant opportunity. If the answer to this question is "no," do not proceed with the application process.)

Is your community considered "at-risk"

6 Yes, these communities are considered at-risk. According to the online tool Wildfire Risk to Communities, the entirety of Wasco County is at Very High Risk of wildfire higher than 95% of counties in the United States. The unincorporated communities within the south county project footprint area include Maupin, Pine Hollow, Pine Grove, Tygh Valley, and Wamic. Out of those communities, Maupin has the lowest risk of wildfire at a very high risk of wildfire higher than 97% of communities in the U.S. Wamic and Pine Grove are at very high risk, higher than 100% of communities in the U.S. All of these communities have vulnerable populations and rank above the local median with residents that live in mobile homes and experience disabilities.

Do you currently have, or will you adopt prior to grant award, an ordinance or regulation that requires that roofs for new building construction, as well as the reroofing or replacement of a roof on existing buildings, adheres to standards that are similar to, or more stringent than, the roof construction standards established by the National Fire Protection Association or applicable model building code established by the International Code Council (this is not a requirement for eligibility but determines the source of funds).

Roofing Code/Ordinance

Currently no roofing code or ordinance.

7

Are you planning on applying for a grant match waiver based on the project serving an underserved community? Please respond yes or no. If yes, include sufficient supporting documentation in your waiver request to demonstrate that the community is disadvantaged by either using the Climate and Economic Justice Screening Tool (CEJST) or by meeting the Low-Income definition. Note: Underserved communities are eligible to request a match waiver, as well as Tribes, Pacific Island Territories, and the USVI.

Grant Waiver

Yes, we are applying for a cost-share waiver. The footprint is contained within Wasco County.

8 Wasco County, OR, is considered an underserved county and is eligible to apply for a cost-share waiver. It is identified as "disadvantaged" in the Climate and Economic Justice Screening Tool.

(Source: Council on Environmental Quality. (2022). Climate and Economic Justice Screening Tool, version 1.0. As reported by the CWDG Data Tool, <https://wildfirerisk.org/cwdg-tool/41065>)

10 points. 9000 characters including spaces.

Clearly define the scope of the project, what the project proposes to accomplish, why it is important, and how it supports the Cohesive Wildland Fire Management Strategy and relevant State Forest Action Plan (or equivalent Tribal plan). Provide a comprehensive but succinct overview of the proposed project that includes basic details of who is doing what, where, and why this is important. Explain how the project is described in a CWPP (or acceptable alternative as described in the NOFO). Specify if benefits to traditionally underserved or marginalized audiences are a component of the work.

Project Description

The project footprint is a 161,776 acre polygon near the southeastern base of Mt Hood that encompasses the five rural communities of Pine Hollow, Pine Grove, Tygh Valley, Wamic, and Maupin, Oregon. On the western edge of the project area, the landscape transitions from a dense, mixed conifer forest type to steep-sided canyons topped by sagebrush and grasslands. Vegetation in the project area includes oak and pine woodlands, juniper, sagebrush, grasslands, and agriculture. Central Wasco County has recently been subjected to repeated droughts (e.g., 2015, 2020, 2021, 2022, 2023); dry fuel conditions coupled with regular high winds drive fires that start on the east flanks of Mt. Hood across this landscape and into these WUI areas. In the past three years, two major fires have destroyed structures and forced evacuations in these communities (White River Fire of 2020 and Miller Road Fire of 2022). Past projects aimed at improving landscape resilience have focused on cross-boundary fuels reduction projects on and near the MHN. These successes highlighted the value of a collaborative approach, while also illuminating gaps in collective capacity and community protection. In the 2022 update of the Wasco CWPP, partners identified these additional opportunities areas, which are the focus of this proposal. We also engaged the five targeted communities in dialogue to understand their conceptions of wildfire risk and priorities for mitigation over 18 months of community outreach. This

project thus proposes three interlocking strategies to be implemented over five years, described in detail below: 1) increasing collective capacity, 2) buffering at-risk communities, and 3) protecting homes.

1. INCREASING CAPACITY

1a) Wildfire Coordinator: To increase our collective capacity to plan, implement, track and evaluate wildfire mitigation efforts, Wasco County Planning Department proposes to fund a full-time Wildfire Coordinator. This position will coordinate the implementation of the CWPP in collaboration with partner agencies, conduct county-wide wildfire adaptation efforts, and support long-range wildfire planning efforts. Assigning this position is Action 1 in the 2020 Wasco County CWPP (p. 53) and prioritized in Wasco's 2019 Natural Hazard Mitigation Plan (NHMP) (p. 3-11).

1b) Planning assessments: To advance strategic planning of future community risk reduction and fuels management projects in Wasco County, OSU Extension will conduct two wildfire risk assessments:

A) A county-wide relative risk assessment following protocols from Schmidt et al. (2022) will support Wasco County wildfire partners to construct a shared understanding of risk and support the collaborative prioritization of risk mitigation projects. OSU will lead, with support from GIS technicians at Grant County Soil and Water Conservation District (GCSWCD). This is listed as a priority action in the 2022 CWPP (section 1, pg. 53).

B) A rapid, parcel-level vegetation assessment of conditions on 80,000+ acres of private lands will offer a vital and missing component to fuels and fire risk mitigation planning, allowing partner agencies to strategically plan, and increase connectivity of, future fuels reduction projects at a landscape scale, and offer landowners a decision-making tool. OSU will lead this project, GIS technicians at GCSWCD (who have engaged this protocol on over 200,000 acres in Grant County) will provide technical expertise and develop the maps, and ODF will conduct field-based accuracy-testing and collection of site-specific data, and lead on landowner engagement. The 2022 CWPP prioritizes increased support for collaborative efforts at building resilient landscapes (section 8, pg. 53).

2. BUFFERING COMMUNITIES

2a) Roadside Treatments: To reduce the spread of wind-driven fires as they approach populated areas, local RFPDs, working in partnership with Wasco County Soil and Water Conservation District (WCSWCD) and adjacent landowners, have prioritized 80 road miles where clearing roadside vegetation will augment existing firebreaks. Activities will include clearing brush and removing dead and dying juniper trees 60 on either roadside to minimize the spread of spot fires. These enhanced fuel breaks will slow the spread of fire, improve wildfire response, and increase safety during evacuations. This work will be managed by WSWCD and Wamic Crew 2; contractors will be engaged to conduct the work. This project is outlined as a high priority in CWPP Appendix E: Fire Agency Priorities (p. 109).

2b) Fuels Treatments: The communities of Pine Grove, Pine Hollow, Tygh Valley and Wamic are at extreme risk from wildfire (between 97%-100% relative risk to structures in comparison to other US towns (WildfireRisk.org)) in part due to their direct exposure to wildfire from adjacent federal lands. The White River Wildlife Area (WRWA) includes nearly 30,000 acres of forestlands situated between the Mount Hood National Forest (MHNF) and these communities. Conducting fuels treatments on the WRWA offers the opportunity to build a buffer that can moderate fire behavior as it blows off Mt. Hood and approaches these populations. Oregon Department of Fish and Wildlife and Oregon Department of Forestry have identified 508 acres to treat via hack and squirt, thinning, mastication, and pile burning; planning and surveying is already underway through another funding mechanism. These shovel-ready projects will allow for rapid implementation. These project areas were identified as high priority by ODF and ODFW, and outlined in CWPP Appendix E: Fire Agency Priorities (p. 106).

3) PROTECTING HOMES

3a) Hazard tree removal: Drought and beetle kill have resulted in hundreds of dead and dying trees near homes, but they are often cost-prohibitive for residents to remove. ODF has received estimates from certified arborists for a cost averaging \$2,500/tree. The funding will support the removal of 160 hazard trees. Priority will be given to households with one or more of the 8 social and economic factors identified in the Vulnerable Population Data Methodology and used by the Wildfire Risk to Communities tool: family in poverty, people with disabilities, people over 65 years, people under 5 years, people of color, difficulty with English, households with no car, and/or residents in mobile homes (wildfirerisk.org). This strategy is supported by the CWPP Action 6, on offering incentives for risk reduction (p. 52).

3b) Defensible Space: To reduce barriers for residents to manage vegetation around their homes and thus reduce structure ignitability, local fire districts (led by Mid-Columbia Fire and Rescues wildfire division and the Wamic Fire Department) will assess and treat hazardous vegetation around a total of 435 homes in the project footprint. Using the same methodology as in project 3a, support for vulnerable households will be prioritized. The CWPP prioritizes increased defensible space work in Project concept #3 (p. 108).

3c) Community Education: The Wildfire Coordinator, in collaboration with partners, will facilitate at least 8 community education and engagement events in the five prioritized communities over the 5-year grant period to 1) support landowner and homeowner decision-making about individual risk reduction strategies and community organizing (i.e., Firewise), and 2) promote the hazard tree and defensible space programs available to residents. Resident transportation and incentives for participation will be provided to increase accessibility. The CWPP prioritizes education in action item 10 (p. 53).

CONNECTION TO NATIONAL AND STATE STRATEGIC PLANS: The projects described above and prioritized in the 2022 Wasco County CWPP, also align with numerous federal and state strategic plans. In 2021, USDA Forest Service released the 10-Year Wildfire Crisis Strategy. Wasco County was identified as one of the highest risk fireheds in the western United States, and in 2022 was designated a National Priority Landscape. The designation will provide additional capacity and funding to accelerate fuels reduction activities on federal lands adjacent to the WRWA and communities of Pine Grove, Pine Hollow, and Wamic. This designation will further the goal of creating Resilient Landscapes, one of the three pillars of the Cohesive Wildland Fire Management Strategy. This proposal also furthers the creation of Fire Adapted Communities and supports Safe Effective

fire management strategy. This proposal also furthers the creation of fire adapted communities and supports safe, effective, Risk-based Wildfire Response. Oregon's State Forest Action Plan identified priority issues that align with the goals of this proposal, including Diversity, Equity, Inclusion, and Social Justice; Wildfire Prevention, Mitigation, Response, and Recovery; and Forest Health.

Applicant Budget [OR]				
	Grant		Match	
	Funds Requested	Applicant	Non-Federal Contributors	Total Project Cost
10	Personnel / Labor:	\$543,971		\$543,971
	Fringe Benefits:	\$139,191		\$139,191
	Travel:	\$15,000		\$15,000
	Equipment:			
	Supplies:	\$62,500		\$95,500
	Contractual:	\$55,925		\$23,925
	Other:	\$5,046,316		\$5,046,316
	Indirect Costs:	\$81,759		\$81,758
	TOTAL:	\$5,945,661		\$5,945,661

10 points. 5000 characters including spaces.
 Provide any additional remarks needed to clarify your budget request. Clearly explain how the budget will be spent by line item, sources of match, and how expenditures are applicable and relevant to the goals and objectives of the project. The budget narrative must describe how the grant funds will be spent with specific detail for each grant expenditure. It must describe how expenditures are applicable and relevant to the goals and objectives of the project. A project proposal must also show how the applicant will meet matching requirements or qualify for a waiver. If qualified for a waiver, you do not need to show funding in the match column.

Project Budget Explanation

Wasco County proposes to fund a Wildfire Coordinator position and support programming related to county-wide coordination and education, in the following categories:

PERSONNEL: We have calculated the position with an annual step increase for a five-year total of \$543,971. Included is an additional \$80,000 for position support and supervision from existing County staff

FRINGE: The fringe category for the wildfire coordinator position for five years is \$139,191.

TRAVEL: Travel expenses for vehicle mileage, gas, maintenance, flights, and overnight accommodations for conferences and meetings for a five-year total of \$15,000.

SUPPLIES: These expenses include education and outreach materials, mailed notices, handouts, development of a dedicated website, software licensing expressly for outreach and education above what the County supplies under indirect, and funding to purchase fire resistant plants as part of the defensible space promotion and education. The total supply budget is \$62,500.

CONTRACTUAL: Education and outreach events (total=8 events) require \$23,925 in contractual expenses over 5 years, including: \$7,500 to provide translation services, \$5,785 to bring in guest speakers, \$7,500 to contract buses for residents to attend as they are low income and elderly and would not be able to otherwise attend, and \$3,140 as honorarium for representatives from Confederated Tribes of the Warm Springs to participate. We have also included \$32,000 to contract a local organization to apply chipped materials to farm lands to enrich soil and help with improving fire fuel breaks.

INDIRECT COSTS: The County is seeking a de minimus of 10% for indirect costs; the five-year total is \$81,758.

OTHER: Wasco County is serving as fiscal agency and lead implementer for this project. The six (6) partners tasked with project work will sign an intergovernmental agreement with the county to meet the grant objectives and receive pass-through funding, all categorized as OTHER, detailed below:

1 Wasco SWCD is committed to a total of \$1,571,489 to clear 750 acres of roadside along 60 miles of identified roads and manage landowner contacts for defensible space services provided by MCFR Crew 22. Contract work to clear roadside vegetation: \$1,126,400. Materials and supplies to replace and repair fences after detangling them from juniper trees: \$7,500. Personnel for project management and HIZ assessments: \$399,273. Travel: \$15,000.

Mid-Columbia Fire and Rescue is committed to \$428,180 for 45 weeks of Crew 22 defensible space direct service around 260 homes within the project footprint, with associated equipment and fuel.

Wamic Fire is committed to \$978 101 to hire and equip a 2-person mitigation crew to conduct direct service defensible space

Wamic Fire is committed to \$978,101 to hire and equip a 2 person mitigation crew to conduct direct service defensible space work around homes. Personnel: \$666,883 (salary, fringe) to cover crew wages to work for 34 weeks (March-October). Equipment purchases include \$40,000 for a dump trailer and \$35,000 for a chipper, as well as \$181,217 to cover fuel costs and \$42,000 in maintenance costs. Wamic priced rental of dump trailer and chipper, and found the cost to be in excess of \$160,000 for the time needed (March-October) over five years. Additional equipment purchases including battery-powered saws and tools: \$13,000.

ODFs budget is \$1,963,544: Personnel - \$516,768: 1 Forest Manager for 6 mo. Project coordination/oversight (\$42,366); 2 Foresters @ 18 mo. Each for contract admin/landowner coordination/outreach (\$254,670); 1 Technician for 6 mo. field data collection (\$25,944); Fringe @ 60% for all staff (\$193,788). Travel - \$36,000: ODF travel for landowner property assessments, project sign ups, contract admin, training sessions, coordination meetings, and outreach events. Supplies - \$2500: Tablet for map data collection, flagging for unit layout/data, report and contract printing. Contractual - \$1,224,312: Planning on 2 Contracts for treatment on state wildlife area including hack & squirt on 323 acres (\$258,400) and mastication or thinning & piling on 508 acres (\$558,800). Purchase of grass seed to apply across 508 acres (\$7,112). Also, up to \$2,500 per tree removal for certified arborists on 160 dead/dying hazard trees around homes (\$400,000). Indirect cost (18.3%) - \$183,964: Indirect will be applied to personnel, travel, supplies and \$50,000 of the contractual budget.

OSU Extension Fire Program is requesting at total of \$38,706 to lead the two risk assessments, as follows: \$18,095 in personnel costs (salary, fringe) for salary of Dr. Leavell, in his role as a technical advisor and training instructor; \$4848 in travel costs for 2 OSU faculty members (Dr. Bordelon and Dr. Leavell) to make a total of 8 trips over 2 years to facilitate trainings, workshops, and fieldwork; \$6,100 in supplies for direct mailings to invite landowner participation, resource packets to participating landowners, and costs associated with partner trainings and landowner workshops; and \$9,663 in indirect costs, at the negotiated indirect cost rate of 36%. The on campus indirect rate is required as Dr. Bordelon and Dr. Leavell's analysis and other work will happen primarily on campus.

Grant County SWCD is requesting a total of \$66,296 to provide the GIS expertise and technicians to assist in the two risk assessments, as follows: \$51,675 in personnel costs (salary, fringe) for two GIS technicians to deliver mapping products (\$43,700), as well as project management by the District Manager over two years (\$7975); \$5,580 in travel costs for GCSWCD staff to support the field-based trainings; and \$9,041 in indirect costs, at the negotiated indirect cost rate of 15.79%.

10 points. 8000 characters including spaces.

Clearly define how the project will be accomplished, including at least one of the quantitative accomplishment measures provided in the measurable outcomes table. Identify measurable outcomes and timelines (are the proposed activities clear and achievable, goals defined, outcomes measurable, # of acres treated, # of education/outreach programs, planning/assessment efforts clearly described, etc.). Include metrics for measuring progress towards the accomplishment(s). Describe any applicable less quantifiable return on investments.

Accomplishments

Quantifiable accomplishments from the partners, expected to be completed by the end of the 5-year grant period:

Hire a Wildfire Coordinator to coordinate partner activities and lead education and outreach on wildfire mitigation in the county. Hiring for this position will occur at the beginning of the grant period, and the Wildfire Coordinator will work with partners to put on a minimum of 8 community outreach events focused on risk reduction for vulnerable populations and members of at-risk communities. (Wasco County Planning Department)

Treatment of 508 acres of public lands adjacent to at-risk communities. (Oregon Dept of Forestry)

Expand existing fire breaks beyond public right of way onto private land along 80 road miles within the project footprint, including removal of red and dead juniper hazard trees to create fire breaks a minimum of 120 feet wide. (Wasco SWCD and rural fire protection districts)

Defensible space and ladder fuel treatment around 260 homes in Tygh Valley and Juniper Flat fire districts. (MCFR Crew 22)

Defensible space, ladder fuel removal, and chipping around 175 homes within the Wamic RFPD district. (Wamic Fire Crew 2)

Removal of 160 hazard trees around homes (Oregon Dept of Forestry)

Creation of a GIS mapping tool to assess forest and range conditions on the 80,000 acres of non-industrial private lands in the project footprint (OSU Fire Extension, ODF, and Grant County SWCD).

Train assessment providers annually on state-defensible space standards and national best practices for reducing structure ignition, 4 minimum. (Oregon State Fire Marshal).

1 Year 1: Hire Wildfire Coordinator, plan and host 1 educational event (COORDINATOR), begin unified outreach to vulnerable populations and landowners within project footprint (COORDINATOR, Wasco SWCD, Wamic Fire), to assess structures, vegetation (OSU) and trees (ODF), and build list of qualifying residents for programs. Train field crews and assessment staff to HIZ and mapping standards. Establish contracts with sub-contractors, and begin roadside veg treatment (Target 20 road miles) and dispatch Crews 2 and 22 to high-priority residents with multiple risk factors (50 homes). Purchase equipment, and hire Crew 2 (Wamic Fire). Begin treatment on 70 acres on wildlife area.

Year 2: Plan and host 2 educational events (COORDINATOR), continue outreach and field assessment work, train crews and field staff, dispatch crews to 115 homes (MCFR and Wamic Fire), roadside veg treatment on 25 miles, remove 40 hazard trees, hack and squirt 253 acres on wildlife area, begin mastication work on 508 acres. Complete GIS mapping tool, and complete landowner engagement along with final report.

Year 3: Plan and host 2 education events, dispatch crews to 120 homes, 20 miles roadside veg treatment, remove 40 hazard trees, finish hack and squirt on 253 acres, +70 acres of mastication on wildlife area. Continue HIZ assessments and maintain mapping

mapping.

Year 4: 2 education events, dispatch crews to 120 homes, 20 miles roadside veg treatment, remove 40 hazard trees and sign up final 35 landowners, 183 acres mastication on wildlife area. ODFW staff burning piles as in-kind

Year 5: Plan and host 1 educational event, dispatch crews to 30 homes, complete any remaining roadside veg treatment, remove final 40 trees. Wildlife area: purchase grass seed, ODFW to spread as in-kind.

One of the less quantifiable but invaluable returns on this investment will be the continued opportunity for the county's wildfire partners to work together on planning and project development. A large project like this poses a tremendous opportunity to take a more cohesive approach to developing fire-adapted communities that border resilient landscapes. These communities were selected because they represent the area where the most impact can be made, given the incredibly high-risk ratings in the area. All of the involved partners recognize wildfire as a common challenge, and this project would provide an opportunity for those partners to utilize a shared funding source to meet common goals. This funding would be the first significant amount of funding to come to the local county government and allow the county to build leadership capacity and implementation momentum for wildfire risk reduction. State and federal partners have historically been very involved in high-risk areas, but this funding would provide a more comprehensive and coordinated approach that can be utilized long after the term of the grant. It also poses an opportunity for cooperators to work consistently together on messaging and education, which can be invaluable in a landscape with such a wide variety of federal, state, and local partners.

10 points. 8000 characters including spaces.

The application should clearly define collaborative elements, including support from partners, agencies, landowners, and communities. A project proposal must identify partners that will be actively engaged in carrying out the project and add value to project planning and implementation, with a description of each partner's role. Collaboration may be qualitative in nature, and the contribution of a partner may be more than the number of partners involved.

1.) Identify partners that have demonstrated a commitment and add value towards planning and carrying out the project.

2.) Describe what these partners and collaborators contribute.

3.) Demonstrate residual positive benefits as a result of collaboration related to capacity, skills, knowledge, infrastructure, or a replicable approach, among others.

Collaboration

Wasco County Planning Department (WCPD) will serve as project lead and fiscal sponsor. They will hire and house the Wildfire Coordinator (WC) position and set up pass-through agreements with partner agencies who will take the lead on implementing the funded supporting activities.

Multiple partners are involved in this project, each responsible for their respective areas of expertise. This proven model for this collaborative group builds on past and current projects within and adjacent to this project footprint. Strong interagency coordination has been in place for many years in Wasco County. Community members and partner agencies have been actively engaged in developing and supporting cross-boundary projects to meet the objectives of the National Cohesive Strategy. Most recently, the Mt. Hood National Forest (MHNH) has been collaborating on several forest resilience and wildfire mitigation projects across federal lands adjacent to this project footprint. The MHNH has been identified as a Priority Landscape through the Wildfire Crisis Strategy, bringing millions of dollars to the forest for treatment of federal land through the Bipartisan Infrastructure Law. Local agencies have received Joint Chiefs funding for 2 adjacent Wasco County projects - treating federal, state, City, and private lands within and adjacent to this project. Since 2017, there has been a Good Neighbor Authority agreement in place between the MHNH and Oregon Department of Forestry (ODF), increasing the pace and scale of treatment on adjacent federal lands. The Natural Resources Conservation Service has Conservation Implementation Strategy (CIS) projects in place across Wasco County, providing forest health & wildfire fuel reduction assistance through the Environmental Quality Incentives Program (EQIP). In 2022, a state-funded Landscape Resilience Program cross-boundary fuels treatment grant was awarded in Wasco County, accomplishing nearly 3000 acres of fuels mitigation treatment on federal, state, and private lands. To bolster a safe and effective response, Oregon Department of State Fire Marshal (OSFM) funded rural Fire Districts for extra staffing capacity to conduct defensible space/HIZ treatments and suppression, in addition to equipment acquisition to support local fire response efforts. Building more fire-adapted communities, the Wasco County Soil and Water Conservation District (SWCD) and Farm Services Agency (FSA) received funding to assist landowners with post-fire recovery activities such as fence repair, weed spraying, removal of burned trees, and reforestation efforts within and adjacent to this project footprint.

WCPD has been key in identifying and addressing wildfire-related hazards and risks. In 2018, they were selected for a grant to for fire experts to produce a county-specific report, through the Community Planning Assistance for Wildfire (CPAW) program. Community engagement and participation informed the final product, which was used during the process of updating the county Natural Hazard Mitigation Plan (NHMP, 2019) and Community Wildfire Protection Plan (CWPP, 2022). County staff also received recent grant funding to inventory and assess local roads for mitigation work and to update the NHMP.

Given the extent of wildland-urban interface across Wasco County, partner agencies have collaborated regularly on community outreach and education events. Events have covered numerous topics, including planned/ongoing treatment on nearby federal/state land, funding sources available to landowners for treatment, defensible space measures, and evacuation planning. These events have also provided community engagement and feedback to help inform fire managers and planners of priority areas of concern. The project footprint is an area of particular concern by local residents and communities, given the overstocked dying
1 timber stands on adjacent public lands, extreme summer weather conditions, strong westerly winds, homes intermingled with
2 forestland and light/flashy understory brush, and communities designated as low income and socially vulnerable. Each partner

- listed in this grant has been instrumental in helping make those events highly successful and feedback from the community has been overwhelmingly positive.

Partners directly involved in project implementation are as follows:

WCPD -Lead applicant/fiscal sponsor. Will hire/house the WC position, funded through this project. The WC will focus on bringing partners together in a more coordinated and formalized manner with the goal of developing long-term priorities and strategies for this and other landscape-scale, cross-boundary projects. The WC will also assist with coordination and facilitation of public outreach events planned through this proposal. WCPD will be responsible for pass-through agreements with partners administering other grant-funded activities, and will manage the budget and accomplishment reporting.

OSU EXTENSION SERVICE FIRE PROGRAM Will lead and facilitate development of a county-wide relative risk & private lands vegetation assessment for partner use on this project and to aid in developing future project treatment areas.

GRANT COUNTY SWCD -- Will be funded to provide GIS expertise on the two assessment projects led by OSU Extension; they are crossing county lines to collaborate due to their unique expertise and experience designing and implementing these assessment tools alongside OSU in Grant County in 2020-22.

ODF- Will assist with forest stand condition validation on private properties to be incorporated into the mapping tool. ODF will coordinate with the Oregon Department of Fish & Wildlife (ODFW) for administration fuels reduction activities on the state-managed White River Wildlife Area (WRWA). This includes hack & squirt, mastication or pre-commercial thinning, piling, and burning. ODFW will provide in-kind time by conducting pile burning and grass seed application. ODF will work with private landowners to administer removal of complex individual dead or dying hazard trees adjacent to homes. This will be coordinated with Mid-Columbia Fire & Rescue (MCFR) and Wamic RFD, who will be providing additional defensible space treatments with their fuels crew around homes in the project footprint.

MCFR - Will use an in-house fuels crew to conduct defensible space treatment around home sites in the project footprint. For homes needing complex hazard trees removed, MCFR will coordinate with ODF to facilitate getting trees removed through certified arborists.

WAMIC RFD - Will hire an in-house, season crew to 1) conduct roadside fuel treatments and 2) conduct defensible space treatment around homes in their district. They will also coordinate with ODF to remove complex hazard trees, where needed.

SWCD - Through coordination with Juniper Flat & Tygh Valley Rural Fire Protection Districts and Wasco County Public Works, will coordinate and oversee a contract crew conducting roadside fuel breaks and invasive species treatment along critical road systems within their fire districts.

CITY OF MAUPIN - Maupin obtained state grant funds to build a local program called Stop the Spread. Additional support from this grant will provide financial incentives for residents to remove flammable vegetation around homes.

OSFM -While not directly receiving funding through this grant, OSFM has played an integral role in coordination with rural fire districts and Wasco Co. SWCD to develop the project treatments being administered within the local districts. OSFM will also be providing in-kind coordination for this project as well as support in planning and executing educational events slated for the grant period. Indirect partners have played an active role in the local successes we have seen to date through collaboration on planning efforts, outreach and project administration across Wasco County. Partners include: USFS, NRCS, East Cascades Oak Partnership, FSA, and Wasco County Forest Collaborative.

10 points. 8000 characters including spaces.

Clearly define the scale of the project, including relationships with past, present, or future projects that, when combined, offer more benefits than when taken individually. Describe the overall landscape and land ownership that the project influences in addition to the defined project area. Specify areas targeted for planning or mitigation. Clearly describe each proposed activity and include details on where they will be occurring. Include the approximate number of structures that will benefit from the proposed action.

Landscape Impacts

Wasco County's landscape is extensive and diverse in vegetation composition and fire risk. The west side includes overstocked, dense mixed conifer stands on national forest and state wildlife area lands, transitioning as it moves east to a dominant Pine/Oak woodland, sagebrush steppe, and mixed vegetation understory species including rangeland and agricultural lands. These forested areas, which have been impacted by drought and insect & disease outbreaks, are interspersed with rural homes and small communities that are easily impacted by the threat of wildfires. Within the footprint, there are an estimated 2128 structures on private land, all of which will benefit indirectly from the forest and roadside treatments, and an estimated 20% of these structures will benefit directly from the direct assistance provided. This footprint was selected due to the need for assistance in these low-income and socially vulnerable areas. It was also selected for its proximity to recently completed, ongoing, or planned future projects across multiple jurisdictions both within and adjacent to this project boundary. Several on-the-ground activities in this proposal are designed to conduct specific fuels reduction mitigation treatment that currently has no other funding mechanism to accomplish this type of work on private lands. Through the Wasco County CWPP, planned activities have been identified as priority projects that this CWDG program is well suited for. Target goals under this project dovetail with other planned and active projects designed to accomplish treatment across federal, state and private lands within and adjacent to this project boundary. Ongoing and planned projects will be stitched together with the proposed activities in this application to fill needed gaps in hazard mitigation. By leveraging this work, partners aim to broaden the amount of landscape scale, cross-boundary activities, which will enhance protection buffers between local communities and the adjacent fuel-loaded public lands. On three units, contracted hack and squirt treatment will occur on <6 oaks to prevent resprouting, followed in subsequent years by contract mastication, or piling & burning, to mitigate fuel loading. One unit only needs fuels reduction thinning, piling & burning. Native grass seed will be applied post-treatment. ODFW staff will burn residual piles and apply the grass seed, through in-kind time. ODF will also manage removal of 160 dead or dying hazard tree around homes for landowners. This will remove complex trees by a certified arborist on properties that are unable to have the MCFR or Wamic crew perform this task during their defensible space work, or on properties that only need hazard tree removal. In total, this project will treat 508 acres on public lands adjacent to the at-risk communities. This work will also slowly restore historic vegetation and forest conditions, providing future opportunities to apply prescribed fire.

Another piece of the cross-boundary nature of the proposed project includes roadside vegetation treatments within the project footprint. Between the Wasco Soil and Water Conservation District and Wamic RFPD, crews will remove fuel loading along 80 miles of roadside. In order to increase the effectiveness of these roadways as firebreaks and leverage them as opportunities to

stop wind-driven fires, vegetation management will include and extend beyond the public right of way onto private land. SWCD and Wamic RFPD have already worked with local landowners to obtain permission to do this work. Maps highlighting the targeted roads can be found in this grants supplemental materials: <https://tinyurl.com/49huka58>

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- For the at-risk communities in these landscapes, funding for defensible space assistance and hazard tree mitigation is a major gap identified by partners and community members. Within the project footprint, 10% of families are living in poverty, 18.6% have disabilities, and 23.4% are over 65 years of age, indicating that these populations either lack the funds to pay for the work to be done or lack the physical capability to do it themselves (WildfireRisk.org, ACS) MCFR will employ a fuels crew to conduct defensible space and ladder fuel treatment around 260 homes on underserved private lands across the project area. Wamic RFPD will employ a fuels crew to conduct defensible space, ladder fuel removal and chipping around 175 homes within their district. They will also conduct roadside fuel break treatment through thinning and chipping/burning along 20 miles of county roads within their district, critical for establishing strategic locations to hold a fire. Additional assistance with hazard trees will be provided by ODF.

The proposed vegetation management pieces of this project treatment on public lands, roadside treatment, and defensible space around homes are directly reflective of the National Cohesive Strategy. Treatment on public lands will increase the wildfire resiliency of forested lands, as well as enhance wildlife habitat and recreation opportunities. Roadside treatment will reduce fuel near critical transportation and utility infrastructure (power lines are above ground and run along roadsides), reducing ignition risk and enhancing the safety of roads for evacuation and response. Defensible space work and direct assistance in these communities will decrease the likelihood of structure loss, especially for mobile homes (28.3% of homes in the project footprint are mobile homes). These strategies implemented together will significantly reduce the wildfire risk in these areas. The data gathering and educational activities also proposed in this project will ensure that these projects are being informed by conditions on the ground and that members of the community are able to access information and services.

Additional, complimentary project areas within the county that have been led by this collaborative, interagency group include several projects on the USFS MHN: the Rocky Restoration Project, Grasshopper Restoration Project, Gate Insect & Disease Project, and 27 Road Fuel Break Project. Funded projects include: USFS/NRCS - Central Wasco Joint Chiefs Project, 2020-23 (\$6,047,010 4823 acres- mastication, thinning, piling, burning), North Wasco Joint Chiefs Project, 2023-26 (Year 1: \$2,747,211 on 1413 acres; Full funding request of \$7,781,729 on 12,320 acres); NRCS EQIP East Cascades Forest Health Initiative CIS, 2017-21 (\$1,355,000 1300 acres thin, brush, masticate, burn), and Barlow CIS, 2022-26 (\$819,175 first 2 of 5 year program); USFS/ODF Good Neighbor Authority Agreement, 2017-current (\$786,258.88 920 acres - thin, brush, Rx line prep, masticate); ODF Forest Resilience Program Wasco County, 2021-22 (\$1,216,742 3000 acres - mastication, thin, brush, burn, road access, invasive treatment); ECOP, 2021-27 Oregon Watershed Enhancement Board Focused Investment Partnership (\$7,200,000 15,000 acres fuels reduction, oak release, invasive species treatment, Rx burning, pre/post monitoring plots); OSFM Community Wildfire Risk Reduction & Staffing grants, 2021-current (\$1,502,100 to Wasco County Fire Districts for increased suppression staffing & equipment, and funding for defensible space/HIZ mitigation work).

10 points. 8000 characters including spaces.

Clearly define how or if the project will sustain itself after the grant period is over. Describe any plans or steps that will be taken to continue the project benefits beyond the life of the grant as well as who or what organizations are responsible.

Project Sustainability

he group of partners committed to this work will continue long after the grant period is over. Wasco County is committed to sustaining the Wildfire Coordinator position after the grant period, and that position will continue to provide guidance and cohesion to integrated wildfire mitigation and planning efforts county-wide. Completed fuel mitigation projects will continue to inform county-wide risk assessments, as well as help guide the locations of additional forest treatment and resilience initiatives in the Mt Hood National Forest and neighboring lands. Oregon Department of Fish and Wildlife will also be working with partner agencies to develop a cross boundary Rx fire program that will aid in ongoing maintenance of these treated units into future years. Specific activities within this grant, such as the proposed hack and squirt treatment conducted prior to the mastication or cutting and piling activities, will have a significantly higher success rate over the long term and have broader benefits, including improved wildlife habitat. This large project also provides the framework upon which to build a comprehensive wildfire risk reduction program in Wasco County, modeled after Project Wildfire in Deschutes County and housed within the Wasco County Planning Department. Education and outreach messaging will expand access to direct service to highly vulnerable populations, including people with disabilities and residents of mobile homes, but it will also promote long-term behavior change and incentivize risk reduction and fire prevention. This project also helps position these communities to readily meet future defensible space code requirements, which will likely take effect in 2025 or 2026 in Oregon, with the guidance of their local fire districts and the Oregon State Fire Marshal.

10 points. 3000 characters including spaces.

Does this project benefit a low-income community as defined in the NOFO?

Please respond yes or no. Provide a description and web link to the verification source.

Does this project benefit a low-income community?

Yes, this project benefits several low-income communities.

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- Specifically, this project will benefit three communities that have median household incomes under 80% of Oregon's median household income of \$56,067. These communities include Maupin (median household income=\$47,500), Pine Grove (median household income=\$21,382), and Pine Hollow (median household income=\$49,700). (Source: U.S. Census Bureau. (2021). American Community Survey. Washington, DC. As reported by the CWDG Data Tool, <https://wildfirerisk.org/cwdg-tool/4100046500>)

10 points. 3000 characters including spaces.

Has this community been impacted by a severe disaster within the previous 10 years? Please respond yes or no. Provide a description and web link to the verification source. Clearly demonstrate and document whether the project benefits a community that has been impacted by a severe disaster within the previous ten (10) years, and clearly exhibit how the severe disaster increased wildfire risk and/or hazard and was of a scale and scope to have had landscape impacts (please see full definition later in this NOFO). Note: simply listing a disaster will not suffice; you must explain how this disaster has impacted the community's wildfire risk and hazard (not all disasters will qualify for points if it cannot be shown they have influenced the community's risk or hazard).

Has this community been impacted by a severe disaster?

Climatological impacts such as drought, high winds, and severe winter weather have adversely affected the forested landscape in Wasco County. Overstocked stands have created stressors that allow for insect and disease infestations, which are severely impacting thousands of acres of federal, state, and private lands. Specifically, there is a vast swath of dead and dying timber stands within and adjacent to communities associated with the project footprint.

In 2019, the MHNH was designated as a National Priority Landscape, having met the 3 criteria for Landscape Scale Area Designations (declining forest health, at risk for increased tree mortality, and hazard trees which pose imminent risk to public infrastructure, health, or safety). These factors contribute greatly to the dense fuel load and extreme fire behavior seen during wildfire events and have caused damage, loss or destruction which significantly increases the risk and hazards as threatened by wildfires. Numerous emergency declarations have been filed at the County, State and Federal level in recent years.

Wasco Countys Board of Commissioners Drought Declarations include 2015 Resolution 15-003, 2020 Order 20-035, 2021 Order 21-032, 2022 Resolution 22-008, 2023 Resolution 23-003. Oregon Governors Office has declared several Drought Emergencies for Wasco County, including 2015 Executive Order #15-05, 2020 Executive Order #20-31, 2021 Executive Order #21-16, 2022 Executive Order #22-09, 2023 Executive Order #23-10.

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USDA FSA documents disasters that have affected Wasco County, through a Secretarial or Presidential Natural Disaster Declaration (SNDD/PNDD). Wasco County is directly listed due to Drought on the following declarations: 2020 SNDD (DIS-017, S4681); 2021 SNDD (DIS-043, S4927); 2022 SNDD (DIS-064, S5157); 2023 SNDD (DIS-081, S5417). Contiguously listings due to drought, severe winter storms, snowstorms, freeze, frost rain, straight-line winds, flooding, landslides, and/or mudslides: most recent declarations include 2021 PNDD (DIS-050, M4599); 2022 PNDD (DIS-066, M4650; DIS-069, M4650). Additional declarations: <https://tinyurl.com/49huka58>

Wildfires have had a devastating effect across Wasco County over the past decade. Several have been FEMA FMAG fires and had the Oregon Governors Conflagration declared. Specific wildfire events have caused the loss of life, homes, infrastructure, and property to communities across the county and leave ongoing fire risk on the landscape. FEMA fires between 2013-2022 include: Government Flats Complex (FM-5046-OR); South Valley Road Fire (FM-5265-OR); Mosier Creek Fire (FM-5327-OR); White River Fire (FM-5341-OR); Miller Road Fire (FM-5446-OR). Non-FEMA emergencies include the Rowena Fire, 2014 (FM-5073-OR); Substation Fire, 2018 (FM-5255-OR); Wildfires and Straight-Line Winds, 2020 (DR-4562-OR).

(Source: Federal Emergency Management Agency. (2023). Disaster Declarations Summary. As reported by the CWDG Data Tool, <https://wildfirerisk.org>

20 points. 3000 characters including spaces.

Please respond yes or no, if this project is located within an area identified as having high or very high wildfire hazard potential as defined by a state, regional, tribal, territorial, or national wildfire hazard potential assessment. Provide a description and web link to the verification source.

Does the project location have wildfire hazard potential?

Yes. Wasco County, OR meets the "wildfire hazard potential" criteria and has a higher wildfire risk to homes than 100% of counties in the state. (Source: Wildfire Risk to Communities. Scott JH, Gilbertson-Day JW, Moran C, Dillon GK, Short KC, & Vogler KC. (2020). Wildfire Risk to Communities: Spatial datasets of landscape-wide wildfire risk components for the United States. Fort Collins, CO: Forest Service Research Data Archive. Updated 25 November 2020. As reported by the CWDG Data Tool, <https://wildfirerisk.org/cwdg-tool/41065>)

WildfireRisk.org | UDA Forest Service:

Wamic: Very High Risk higher than 100% of communities in the U.S.

Tygh Valley: Very High Risk higher than 98% of communities in the U.S

Pine Hollow: Very High Risk - higher than 99% of communities in the U.S

Pine Grove: Very High Risk higher than 100% of communities in the U.S

Maupin: Very High Risk higher than 97% of communities in the U.S

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Exposure of human Communities to wildfire in the Pacific Northwest | Pyrologix, USDA Forest Service

At the request of the United States Forest Service Pacific Northwest Regional Office, Pyrologix assessed the exposure to wildfire of housing units within named human communities across the Pacific Northwest Region (Oregon and Washington). The purpose

of the assessment was to identify the communities most threatened by wildfire. The communities in the project footprint rank very high on the annual burn probability metric, indicating a very high burn probably and a heightened risk that structures will be impacted.

Mean annual burn probability (out of 377)

Wamic: 2 (2nd highest in the state)

Tygh Valley: 27

Pine Hollow: 3 (3rd highest in the state)

Pine Grove: 6

Maupin: 66

Source: https://pyrologix.com/wp-content/uploads/2019/11/RiskToCommunities_OR-WA_BriefingPaper.pdf

COUNTY OF WASCO

Unique Entity ID EMKLL2MZ2NH9	Certification Validity From: Mon Apr 01 11:00:44 EDT 2024	Purpose of Registration All Awards
CAGE/NCAGE 1N2A0	Certification Validity To: Tue Apr 01 11:00:44 EDT 2025	

Financial Assistance General Certifications and Representations

As the duly authorized representative of the COUNTY OF WASCO, I certify that COUNTY OF WASCO:

- (1) Has the legal authority to apply for Federal assistance and the institutional, managerial and financial capability to ensure proper planning, management and completion of any financial assistance project covered by this Certifications and Representations document (See 2 C.F.R. § 200.113 Mandatory disclosures, 2 C.F.R. § 200.214 Suspension and debarment, OMB Guidance A- 129, "Policies for Federal Credit Programs and Non-Tax Receivables");
- (2) Will give the awarding agency, the Comptroller General of the United States and, if appropriate, the State, through any authorized representative, access to and the right to examine all records, books, papers, or documents related to the award; and will establish a proper accounting system in accordance with generally accepted accounting standards or agency directives (See 2 C.F.R. § 200.302 Financial Management and 2 C.F.R. § 200.303 Internal controls);
- (3) Will disclose in writing any potential conflict of interest to the Federal awarding agency or pass through entity in accordance with applicable Federal awarding agency policy (See 2 C.F.R. § 200.112 Conflict of interest);
- (4) Will comply with all limitations imposed by annual appropriations acts;
- (5) Will comply with the U.S. Constitution, all Federal laws, and relevant Executive guidance in promoting the freedom of speech and religious liberty in the administration of federally-funded programs (See 2 C.F.R. § 200.300 Statutory and national policy requirements and 2 C.F.R. § 200.303 Internal controls);
- (6) Will comply with all applicable requirements of all other Federal laws, executive orders, regulations, and public policies governing financial assistance awards and any Federal financial assistance project covered by this certification document, including but not limited to:
 - (a) Trafficking Victims Protection Act (TVPA) of 2000, as amended, 22 U.S.C. § 7104(g);
 - (b) Drug Free Workplace, 41 U.S.C. § 8103;
 - (c) Protection from Reprisal of Disclosure of Certain Information, 41 U.S.C. § 4712;
 - (d) National Environmental Policy Act of 1969, as amended, 42 U.S.C. § 4321 et seq.;
 - (e) Universal Identifier and System for Award Management, 2 C.F.R part 25;
 - (f) Reporting Subaward and Executive Compensation Information, 2 C.F.R. part 170;
 - (g) OMB Guidelines to Agencies on Governmentwide Debarment and Suspension (Non-procurement), 2 C.F.R. part 180;
 - (h) Civil Actions for False Claims Act, 31 U.S.C. § 3730;
 - (i) False Claims Act, 31 U.S.C. § 3729, 18 U.S.C. §§ 287 and 1001;
 - (j) Program Fraud and Civil Remedies Act, 31 U.S.C. § 3801 et seq.;
 - (k) Lobbying Disclosure Act of 1995, 2 U.S.C. § 1601 et seq.;
 - (l) Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, 42 U.S.C. § 2000d et seq.;
 - (m) Title VIII of the Civil Rights Act of 1968, 42 U.S.C. § 3601 et seq.;
 - (n) Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972, as amended, 20 U.S.C. § 1681 et seq.;
 - (o) Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended, 42 U.S.C. § 794; and.
 - (p) Age Discrimination Act of 1975, as amended, 42 U.S.C. § 6101 et seq.

I have read each of the certifications and representations presented on this page. By submitting this certification, I, Shayla Maki, am attesting to the accuracy of the certifications and representations contained herein. I understand that I may be subject to criminal prosecution under Section 1001, Title 18 of the United States Code or civil liability under the False Claims Act if I misrepresent COUNTY OF WASCO by providing false, fictitious, or fraudulent information to the U.S. Government.

(End of Provision)