# **RISK EVALUATION REPORT**

Galvanizers Company 2406 NW 30<sup>th</sup> Avenue Portland, Oregon DEQ ECSI No. 1196

For Galvanizers Company and the Oregon Department of Environmental Quality November 22, 2023

Project: Galvanizer-1-02-03

November 22, 2023

Oregon Department of Environmental Quality 700 NE Multnomah Street, Suite 600 Portland, OR 97232

Attention: Jim Orr

Risk Evaluation Report
Galvanizers Company
2406 NW 30th Avenue
Portland, Oregon
DEQ ECSI No. 1196
Project: Galvanizer-1-02-03

NV5 is pleased to submit this risk evaluation report on behalf of Galvanizers Company (Galvanizers), for the Galvanizers facility located at 2406 NW 30<sup>th</sup> Avenue in Portland, Oregon (subject property). This report summarizes the environmental investigations conducted at the subject property and evaluates the potential risks to human health and the environment.

**\* \* \*** 

Please contact us if you have questions concerning this submittal.

Sincerely,



Mike F. Coenen, P.E. Principal Engineer

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JKP:MFC:sn
Attachments
One copy submitted
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# **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

# ACRONYMS AND ABBREVIATIONS

1.0	INTRODUCTION	1
2.0	BACKGROUND	1
	2.1 Subject Property Description	1
	2.2 Subject Property History	1
3.0	GEOLOGICAL AND HYDROGEOLOGICAL SETTING	2
4.0	SUMMARY OF ENVIRONMENTAL INVESTIGATIONS	2
	4.1 Previous On-Site Investigations	3
	4.2 Previous Off-Site Investigations	15
5.0	NATURE AND EXTENT OF CONTAMINATION	24
	5.1 Soil	24
	5.2 Groundwater	26
6.0	CONCEPTUAL SITE MODEL	27
	6.1 Source and Release Mechanisms	27
	6.2 Fate and Transport	28
	6.3 Locality of Facility	28
	6.4 Beneficial Water Use Determination	29
	6.5 Ecological Risk Assessment	31
	6.6 Current and Future Exposure Scenarios	32
	6.7 Risk Screening	33
7.0	CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS	34
REFE	RENCES	36
FIGUE	RES	
	Vicinity Map	
Fi	igure 1	
	Site Plan	Figure 2
	Potentiometric Surface and Cross Sections	Figure 3
	Cross Section A-A'	Figure 4
	Cross Section B-B'	Figure 5
	Cross Section C-C'	Figure 6
	Previous Investigation Sample Location - On site	Figure 7
	Previous Investigation Sample Location – Off Site	Figure 8
	Site Plan – Isoconcentration Contours – Dissolved Zinc 2012	Figure 9
	Site Plan - Isoconcentration Contours - Dissolved Zinc 2017	Figure 10
	Conceptual Site Model	Figure 11

NIV15

B-1

# TABLE OF CONTENTS

TABLES	
Historical Chemical Analytical Soil Sample Matrix	Table 1
Historical Chemical Analytical Groundwater Sample Matrix	Table 2
Summary of Soil Sample Chemical Analytical Results - Total Petroleum	
Hydrocarbons and PCBs	Table 3
Summary of Soil Sample Chemical Analytical Results - Total Metals, TCLI	P
Metals, and pH	Table 4
Summary of Soil Sample Chemical Analytical Results - VOCs	Table 5
Summary of Soil Sample Chemical Analytical Results - PAHs	Table 6
Summary of Groundwater Sample Chemical Analytical Results – Total Per Hydrocarbons and PCBs Table 7	troleum
Summary of Groundwater Sample Chemical Analytical Results - pH and 1	Гotal
and Dissolved Metals	Table 8
Summary of Groundwater Sample Chemical Analytical Results - VOCs	Table 9
Summary of Groundwater Sample Chemical Analytical Results - PAHs	Table 10
APPENDICES	
Appendix A	
BWUD Documentation	A-1
Summary of Water Well Database Search - Water Wells Potentially Lo	ocated
Within 1 Mile of Subject Property	Table A-1
Appendix B	

Level I Ecological Scoping Documentation

#### **ACRONYMS AND ABBREVIATIONS**

1,1-DCA 1,1-dichloroethane

Amec AMEC Earth and Environmental, Inc.

Anchor Anchor Environmental LLC BCC Balch Consolidation Conduit

BGS below ground surface

BTEX benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and xylenes

BWUD Beneficial Water Use Determination

cfs cubic feet per second

CMMP Contaminated Media Management Plan

COP City of Portland

CSM conceptual site model

DEQ Oregon Department of Environmental Quality

DRO diesel-range organics
ECS Enviro-Comp Services, Inc.

ECSI Environmental Cleanup Site Information
EEM Evergreen Environmental Management, Inc.
EPA U.S. Environmental Protection Agency

ERA ecological risk assessment
ESA environmental site assessment

Galvanizers Galvanizers Company gpm gallons per minute

gpm/ft gallons per minute per foot

I.D. identificationLOF locality of facilityMDL method detection limit

MFA Maul Foster & Alongi, Inc.
mg/kg milligrams per kilogram
mg/L milligrams per liter
MRL method reporting limit
MWH MWH Americas, Inc.

MZR Metaullics Zinkoff Recovery
NA not applicable or not available

NC not calculated
NE not established

NITI no inhalation toxicity information

NON notice of noncompliance
NWES Northwest EnviroSearch, Inc

OWRD Oregon Water Resources Department

PA preliminary assessment

PAH polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbon

PCB polychlorinated biphenyl

PCE tetrachloroethene
POA point of appropriation
POD point of diversion

POTW publicly owned treatment works

PWB Portland Water Bureau

RBDM Risk-Based Decision Making for the Remediation of Petroleum-

**Contaminated Sites** 

RCRA Resource Conservation and Recovery Act

RSL regional screening level
SCD Source Control Decision
SCE Source Control Evaluation
SIM selective ion monitoring

STI Soil Tech, Inc.

SVOC semi-volatile organic compound

TCE trichloroethene

TCLP toxicity characteristic leaching procedure

TMB trimethylbenzene

TPH total petroleum hydrocarbon(s)

μg/L micrograms per liter

UST underground storage tank

VC vinyl chloride

VOC volatile organic compound

XPA Expanded Preliminary Assessment

#### 1.0 INTRODUCTION

On behalf of Galvanizers Company (Galvanizers), this report has been prepared to evaluate the risks associated with soil and groundwater impacts at the Galvanizers facility located at 2406 NW 30<sup>th</sup> Avenue in Portland, Oregon (subject property). The DEQ ECSI database number for the subject property is 1196. This report summarizes groundwater delineation activities, summarizes previous soil and groundwater data, and provides a CSM. Lastly, it provides human health and ecological risk screening to evaluate potential risks to human health and the environment.

The subject property is shown relative to surrounding physical features on Figure 1. The subject property layout and surrounding properties are shown on Figure 2. Acronyms and abbreviations used herein are defined above, immediately following the Table of Contents.

#### 2.0 BACKGROUND

#### 2.1 SUBJECT PROPERTY DESCRIPTION

#### 2.1.1 General

The subject property is located at 2406 NW 30<sup>th</sup> Avenue in Portland, Oregon, in the northwest quarter of the southwest quarter of Section 29, Township 1 North, Range 1 East (Willamette Meridian). The subject property is bound by industrial and commercial properties to the north and south, NW 30<sup>th</sup> Avenue to the west, and NW 29<sup>th</sup> Avenue to the east. A maintenance building, office, and paved yard are west of NW 30<sup>th</sup> Avenue, across from the main plant building.

Metal parts are galvanized in the main plant building, which houses the process tanks in an L-shaped configuration. A steel staging yard and steel products yard are north and west of the main plant building. Before 2021, the Galvanizers' office building was north of the steel products yard. In 2021, office personnel relocated to the Lindsey Building, which is on the west side of NW 30<sup>th</sup> Avenue. The former office building was demolished, which allowed for expansion of the steel products yard. The Russell Building, between the main plant and NW 29<sup>th</sup> Avenue, is used for storage. Building 14, east of the main plant building and south of the Russell Building, houses the acid recovery system and a parts shop. A gravel storage area is on the southeast corner of the subject property. The gravel rack yard and the Quonset hut are also south of the main plant building. Figure 2 presents the subject property and facility layout.

#### 2.1.2 Land Use and Zoning

The area is zoned heavy industrial (IH) with a prime industrial (k) overlay. The subject property is within the Guild's Lake Industrial Sanctuary plan district. This designation protects the area for industrial uses as stipulated by COP zoning code, Chapter 33.531. Based on this designation, the area will likely remain zoned for heavy industrial use for the foreseeable future.

#### 2.2 SUBJECT PROPERTY HISTORY

Galvanizers has operated at the subject property since the 1940s. Galvanizers ceased operations on October 31, 2019. In 2019, Galvanizers sold its assets and its right, title, and interest in and to its business to ZinkPower-Portland, LLC. Before the 1940s, the subject property was undeveloped.



The galvanizing plant has remained fundamentally unchanged since operations began in 1941. The galvanizing process is performed in an L-shaped configuration within the main plant building (see Figure 2), beginning with the caustic bath and caustic rinse tanks, followed by the acid process tanks and acid rinse tanks, the flux tank, and the molten-zinc tanks.

Over its decades-long history, Galvanizers completed the following improvements to the facility:

- Converting the boiler used to make steam heat for the process tanks from heating oil to natural gas.
- Paving the storage yard and installing a drywell. The drywell was subsequently removed in 2001 as part of stormwater management improvements.
- Replacing the steam sparge system with a zirconium heat-exchanger system in 1974. The
  zirconium heat-exchanger prevented the acid tanks from spilling over on the occasions when
  excess condensate from the steam sparge system overfilled the tanks.
- Installing an asphalt berm containment around the process tanks, which was replaced with concrete containment in 1993.
- Installing a pretreatment system for stormwater in 2009 with upgrades added in 2011.
- Installing an MZR system in July 2012. The MZR system recovers free zinc for reuse in the hot dip galvanizing kettles.

#### 3.0 GEOLOGICAL AND HYDROGEOLOGICAL SETTING

Before the early 1900s, the area near the subject property was covered by the historical Guilds Lake. Starting in approximately 1913, Guilds Lake was filled using soil sluiced from the nearby hillside and dredged fill from the Willamette River.

Based on nearby explorations, subsurface conditions generally consist of sand to a depth of approximately 16 feet BGS underlain by silt to a depth of approximately 20 feet BGS. Sand with silt underlies the silt to the total depths explored. The sand unit is interpreted as the sluiced fill or dredged fill that was reportedly used to fill Guilds Lake. The silt and sand with silt units are interpreted as the former bottom of Guilds Lake. A potentiometric surface and geologic cross sections showing the subsurface lithology and groundwater elevations are shown on Figures 3 through 6.

Shallow groundwater at the subject property has been encountered at depths between approximately 9 feet and 14 feet BGS. Groundwater is inferred to flow southwest to northeast, toward the Willamette River.

# 4.0 SUMMARY OF ENVIRONMENTAL INVESTIGATIONS

The subject property has an extensive history of investigations dating back to the 1990s. During these investigations, soil and groundwater samples were collected from on-site and off-site locations. The following sections summarize the previous investigations.

Figures 7 and 8 present the locations of previous on-site and off-site explorations, respectively. Matrices summarizing historical samples and chemical analyses conducted to evaluate



contaminants in soil and groundwater are presented in Tables 1 and 2, respectively. Summaries of soil sample chemical analytical results for TPH and PCBs, metals (total and TCLP) and pH, VOCs, and PAHs in soil are presented in Tables 3 through 6, respectively. Summaries of groundwater sample chemical analytical results for TPH and PCBs, pH and metals (total and dissolved), VOCs, and PAHs are presented in Tables 7 through 10, respectively.

#### 4.1 PREVIOUS ON-SITE INVESTIGATIONS

The following summarizes the on-site investigations conducted to date.

#### **4.1.1 1992 – 1993 Plant Building Soil Sampling (STI, 1993)**

In 1993, Galvanizers completed site upgrades, which included removing soil and installing secondary containment under the process tanks. Approximately 517 cubic yards of soil were excavated around the process tanks. The excavated soil was pH adjusted with lime and disposed of off site in accordance with applicable regulations at that time. Additionally, the low pH soil below the secondary containment was neutralized and the excavation was backfilled with limestone aggregate. STI's report indicates that it collected 12 confirmation soil samples of soil remaining in place and five stockpile samples and analyzed each sample for TCLP metals, pH, or both. One groundwater sample was collected from an excavation and analyzed for pH, total zinc, and total iron. Soil sample results for TCLP metals and pH are summarized on Table 4. TCLP metals results were less than the RCRA allowable concentrations of a characteristic hazardous waste. Total zinc was detected in the groundwater sample at a concentration of 2,330,000  $\mu$ g/L, total iron was detected in the groundwater sample at a concentration of 2,040,000  $\mu$ g/L, and pH was measured in the groundwater sample at 4.7 (see Table 8 for metals and pH results in groundwater). Sample locations are shown on Figure 7.

#### 4.1.2 1996 Phase II ESA (ECS, 1996a)

In 1996, a Phase II ESA was conducted in response to DEQ correspondence notifying Galvanizers that DEQ planned to include the subject property on DEQ's Confirmed Release List. The Phase II ESA included drilling eight borings and collecting eight groundwater samples and 20 soil samples. Borings were drilled in the storage yard and plant area (see Figure 7). Additionally, one water sample (#1 – Tank Test Hole) was collected from a plastic pipe between two process tanks. Based on a site plan in the Phase II ESA, the pipe appears to be near the sulfuric acid tanks.

The groundwater samples were analyzed for pH, dissolved lead, and dissolved zinc. Soil samples were analyzed for TCLP lead and pH. The water sample from the pipe was analyzed for pH and total metals (cadmium, chromium, iron, lead, nickel, and zinc). Soil and groundwater results are presented on Tables 4 and 8, respectively. Dissolved lead was detected in one groundwater sample at a concentration of 210  $\mu$ g/L; dissolved zinc concentrations ranged between 808 and 172,000  $\mu$ g/L. TCLP lead was not detected in the soil samples collected during this investigation. Soil pH ranged from 4.5 to 6.9 and groundwater pH ranged from 3.8 to 6.5.

#### 4.1.3 1996 Gasoline UST Sampling (ECS, 1996b)

In response to a NON from DEQ, Galvanizers enlisted the services of ECS to investigate the decommissioning of two gasoline USTs. The USTs, which are west of the process area, were reportedly decommissioned in 1990. However, the UST service provider did not conduct the

3



decommissioning in accordance with the applicable regulatory requirements. To address the NON, ECS advanced four borings to a depth of approximately 8 feet BGS and collected soil samples. Samples were analyzed for total petroleum HCID with follow-up diesel- and oil-range hydrocarbon analyses. Soil sample results indicated gasoline and diesel concentrations were less than the laboratory MRLs. Heavy oil was detected in the four samples at concentrations ranging from 450 to 15,000 mg/kg. TPH soil sample results are summarized on Table 3. Sample locations are shown on Figure 7.

# **4.1.4 1998 HOT Decommissioning (ECS, 1998)**

In 1998, a 2,000-gallon heating oil UST formerly in the southeast corner of the yard near the main plant building was decommissioned by removal. Two confirmation soil samples were collected from each end of the UST and analyzed for TPH-HCID with follow up diesel-range hydrocarbons analysis, as needed. Diesel-range hydrocarbons were detected in sample 1-North-B at a concentration of 5,710 mg/kg. The soil was left in place as allowed by applicable DEQ standards at the time the UST was decommissioned. The UST excavation was backfilled with the excavated soil and crushed gravel. TPH soil sample results are summarized on Table 3. Sample locations are shown on Figure 7.

#### 4.1.5 1999 Soil and Groundwater Investigation (ECS, 1999a)

In 1999, Galvanizers conducted a soil and groundwater investigation to evaluate soil and groundwater for potential contamination in preparation for planned subject property improvements. Borings were drilled in the following locations:

- The yard between the maintenance building and the Lindsey Building
- The area around the drywell (before its removal in 2001)
- The area around the former heating oil UST
- The alley east of the main plant building
- The area near the flux tank

Sample locations are shown on Figure 7. A summary of the soil and groundwater results is provided below.

# 4.1.5.1 Soil Sampling Results

During the investigation, 14 soil samples were collected and analyzed for one or more of the following:

- TPH-HCID
- TPH-Dx (based on TPH-HCID results)
- Total metals (chromium, lead, and zinc)
- TCLP metals (chromium and lead)
- VOCs
- pH

A summary of the soil sample results is provided below. A summary of the analytical results is presented in Tables 3, 4, and 5.



# 4.1.5.1.1 TPH

Three soil samples were analyzed for TPH-HCID analysis (S-1-1, S-5-4, and S-5-8) with follow up analysis for diesel- and heavy oil-range hydrocarbons on two samples (S-1-1 and S-5-8). Sample S-1-1 was collected from a boring drilled in the paved area between the maintenance building and the Lindsey Building. Samples S-5-4 and S-5-8 were collected from a boring drilled near the former heating oil UST. Heavy oil-range hydrocarbons were detected in S-1-1 and S-5-8 at concentrations of 123 mg/kg and 66.4 mg/kg, respectively. Diesel-range hydrocarbons were not detected in either sample. Results are summarized on Table 3.

# 4.1.5.1.2 Total Metals, TCLP Metals, and pH

Thirteen soil samples were analyzed for total chromium and total lead. ¹ Total chromium was detected in the 13 samples at concentrations ranging between 11.2 mg/kg (S-5-1) and 201 mg/kg (S-8-1). Total lead was detected in 12 of the 13 samples at concentrations ranging between 16.6 mg/kg (S-8-10) and 4,090 mg/kg (Surface A). Sample Surface A was collected from accumulated material on top of the concrete pad in the plant area. Therefore, results from this sample are not representative of soil conditions at the subject property. Nine soil samples were analyzed for total zinc. Total zinc concentrations in the samples ranged between 74.8 mg/kg (S-1-1) and 106,000 mg/kg (S-8-1).

Six samples were analyzed for TCLP chromium and eight samples were analyzed for TCLP lead. TCLP chromium concentrations ranged between 0.011 mg/L (S-8-10) and 0.089 mg/L (S-8-1). TCLP lead was detected in one soil sample (S-8-1) at a concentration of 0.255 mg/L. TCLP lead was detected in both samples collected from the accumulated material in the plant area (Surface A and Surface B) at concentrations of 6.58 mg/L and 7.77 mg/L. These samples were collected to characterize the material for future removal and disposal. TCLP lead concentrations exceeded the RCRA toxicity concentrations for hazardous waste. Therefore, the accumulated material would require disposal as hazardous waste.

The pH was laboratory measured in the 11 soil samples and the two samples collected from accumulated material on top of the concrete pad in the plant area. The pH results in the soil samples ranged between 3.51 (S-8-4) and 7.10 (S-10-1). Table 4 summarizes total metals, TCLP metals, and pH.

# 4.1.5.1.3 VOCs

One soil sample (S-1-1) was analyzed for VOCs during this investigation. VOC concentrations were less than the laboratory MRLs. VOC results are summarized in Table 5.

# 4.1.5.2 Groundwater Sampling Results

Four groundwater samples were collected from the borings drilled in the yard between the maintenance building and the Lindsey Building (S-1-W), in the alley east of the main plant building (S-7-W), near the flux tank (S-8-W), and near the former drywell (S-9-W). According to the 1999 Soil and Groundwater Investigation report, groundwater sample S-1-W was not analyzed because soil contamination was not present in the corresponding boring. Three of the four

5

NIV 5

Galvanizer-1-02-03:112223

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Two samples were collected from "dirt (gravel and clay absorbents)" that had accumulated over the concrete in the plant area.

groundwater samples were analyzed for total chromium, total lead, and total zinc. The pH of the groundwater samples was also field measured using litmus paper. Results are summarized on Table 8. Total chromium, total lead, and total zinc were detected in the three groundwater samples analyzed as summarized below:

- Total chromium: 404 μg/L (S-7-W), 945 μg/L (S-8-W), and 925 μg/L (S-9-W)
- Total lead: 265 μg/L (S-7-W), 5,100 μg/L (S-8-W), and 5,400 μg/L (S-9-W)
- Total zinc: 130,000 μg/L (S-7-W), 845,000 μg/L (S-8-W), 75,000 μg/L (S-9-W)

Field measured pH in groundwater ranged from 0 (S-7-W) to 5.5 (S-8-W and S-9-W). As noted above, pH was measured using litmus paper, which has limited accuracy when compared to a calibrated pH measurement. Therefore, these pH measurements are considered qualitative, indicating the groundwater was acidic at best.

# 4.1.6 1999 Building 14 Area Sampling, Kettle Gravels, and Alley Soil Sampling Between Plant & Building 14 (ECS, 1999b)

In June 1999, Galvanizers conducted soil sampling activities near Building 14, the kettle area, and the alley between the main plant building and Building 14. Samples were collected from test pits to assess subsurface conditions and characterize soil for disposal purposes. Samples were collected from the following locations:

- Six soil samples from the gravel lot near the southwest corner of Building 14.
- One sample of sludge in the flux tank.
- Three soil samples from the alley between the plant and Building 14.
- One composite soil sample collected from the alley and west of the kettle.

The 11 samples were analyzed for TCLP metals (barium, chromium, and lead). Except for the composite sample, soil samples were analyzed for pH by a chemical analytical laboratory. Results are summarized on Table 4. TCLP metals results indicated leachable concentrations of barium and lead from the soil. The leachable lead concentration exceeded the RCRA hazardous waste concentration in one sample (Bldg. 14-Acid Recovery-"Extra") collected near Building 14. The pH results ranged from 3.98 (Galvco-Alley-North-"C") to 7.80 (Bldg.14 W-Pit-3').

#### 4.1.7 1999 Kettle Foundation Soils Assessment and Disposal (ECS, 1999c)

In 1999, two soil samples were collected as part of soil characterization activities to support a planned kettle project in the main plant building. Samples G-1 and G-2 were collected from the west part of the main plant building and submitted for metals (lead only) and TCLP metals (cadmium, chromium, and lead) analyses. Results are summarized on Table 4. Lead was detected in samples G-1 and G-2 at concentrations of 1,800 mg/kg and 294 mg/kg, respectively. TCLP metals results indicated that leachable metals concentrations for cadmium, chromium, and lead were less than respective RCRA hazardous waste concentrations.

#### 4.1.8 Building 14 Unknowns (ECS, 1999d)

One additional investigation was conducted in 1999. Suspect soil and/or fill material was observed during excavation activities at the southwest corner of Building 14. The soil was described as black soil, green-mixed unknown, acid-burned soil, and gray/white unknown



material. Samples of the four separate fill materials were collected and analyzed for one or more of the following constituents: TPH, metals, TCLP metals (cadmium, chromium, lead), VOCs, TCLP VOCs, and pH.

The sample described as Black Soil was submitted for TPH-HCID and follow-up diesel- and heavy oil-range hydrocarbon analyses. Heavy oil was detected and quantified at a concentration of 15,200 mg/kg. Results are summarized on Table 3.

Samples Acid Burned Soil, Green Mixed Unk, and Gray/White Unk were analyzed for total and TCLP metals (cadmium, chromium, and lead) and pH. The detected totals and TCLP metals are summarized below:

- Total cadmium: 1.69 mg/kg (Acid Burned Soil), 6.51 mg/kg (Green Mixed Unk), and 546 mg/kg (Gray/White Unk)
- TCLP cadmium: 0.0140 mg/L (Black Soil), 0.0170 mg/L (Green Mixed Unk), and 2.13 mg/L (Gray/White Unk)
- Total chromium: 10.8 mg/kg (Gray/White Unk), 103 mg/kg (Acid Burned Soil), and 119 mg/kg (Green Mixed Unk)
- Total lead: 651 mg/kg (Acid Burned Soil), 9,630 mg/kg (Green Mixed Unk), and 10,100 mg/kg (Gray/White Unk)
- TCLP lead: 0.885 mg/L (Black Soil), 15.9 mg/L (Green Mixed Unk), 18.8 mg/L (Gray/White Unk)

TCLP lead results for Green Mixed Unk and TCLP lead and cadmium results for Gray/White Unk indicated those soils were a RCRA characteristic hazardous waste. The pH ranged from 4.22 to 6.26. Results for pH, metals, and TCLP metals are summarized on Table 4.

Sample Black Soil was analyzed for VOCs and TCLP VOCs. PCE and TCE were detected at concentrations of 1.37 mg/kg and 0.12 mg/kg, respectively. Results for TCLP VOCs were less than the laboratory MRLs.

The fill material discussed during this investigation were subsequently removed in 2001.

#### 4.1.9 Rick Russell Site Sampling (ECS, 2000)

As part of a real estate transaction, the previous owner decommissioned three heating oil USTs on the Rick Russell property. On behalf of the buyer (GalvCo, LLC), ECS reviewed the closure documentation. Based on historical site knowledge, ECS identified inconsistencies with respect to the depth to groundwater at the subject property. In 2000, ECS collected soil and groundwater samples to evaluate the closure method used to decommission three heating oil USTs on the Rick Russell property. The investigation was conducted in two phases – the first in July 2000 and the second in September 2000. Sampling results from both investigations are summarized below.

# 4.1.9.1 July 2000 Investigation

During the first phase of the investigation, ECS drilled 11 borings to depths up to 16 feet BGS and collected eight soil samples and two groundwater samples. To the extent practicable,



samples were co-located with samples previously collected by the Seller's environmental contractor. Soil and groundwater samples were analyzed for diesel- and oil-range hydrocarbons, BTEX, and PAHs. One groundwater sample was also analyzed for total and dissolved metals (chromium, lead, and zinc). Soil sample analytical results for diesel- and oil-range hydrocarbons, BTEX, and PAHs are summarized on Tables 3, 5, and 6, respectively. Groundwater sample analytical results for diesel- and oil-range hydrocarbons, total and dissolved metals, VOCs (BTEX), and PAHs are summarized on Tables 7, 8, 9, and 10, respectively.

#### 4.1.9.1.1 Soil Sampling Results

Diesel-range hydrocarbons were detected in five of the eight samples at concentrations ranging between 306 mg/kg and 13,300 mg/kg. Heavy oil-range hydrocarbons were detected in four of the eight samples at concentrations ranging between 67.0 mg/kg and 1,160 mg/kg.

Ethylbenzene was detected in two samples (A-11 and C-13) at concentrations of 4.47 mg/kg and 1.69 mg/kg, respectively. Xylenes were detected in four samples (A-11, B-13, C-13, and C-14) at concentrations ranging from 0.446 mg/kg (B-13) to 11.7 mg/kg (A-11).

One or more PAHs were detected in six of the eight samples. Concentrations ranged from 0.0377 mg/kg (A-16, benzo(a)pyrene) to 3.970 mg/kg (C-13, fluorene).

#### 4.1.9.1.2 Groundwater Sampling Results

Diesel- and oil-range hydrocarbons were detected in both groundwater samples. Diesel-range hydrocarbon concentrations were 16,300  $\mu$ g/L in sample B-water and 3,690  $\mu$ g/L in sample F-water. Heavy oil-range hydrocarbons were detected in samples B-water and F-water at concentrations of 2,330  $\mu$ g/L and 883  $\mu$ g/L, respectively.

Reported separately from the HOT investigation, ECS requested total and dissolved metals analyses (chromium, lead, and zinc) for groundwater sample B-water. Total chromium and total lead were detected in the sample at concentrations of 257  $\mu$ g/L and 164  $\mu$ g/L, respectively. Dissolved chromium and dissolved lead results were less than the laboratory MRLs. Total and dissolved zinc were detected at concentrations of 53,100  $\mu$ g/L and 25,900  $\mu$ g/L, respectively.

Ethylbenzene was detected in samples B-water and F-water at concentrations of 4.77  $\mu$ g/L and 0.820  $\mu$ g/L, respectively. Toluene was detected in sample F-water only at a concentration of 0.525  $\mu$ g/L. Xylenes were detected in samples B-water and F-water at concentrations of 33.8  $\mu$ g/L and 3.41  $\mu$ g/L, respectively.

Fluorene was detected in samples B-water and F-water at concentrations of 2.52  $\mu$ g/L and 1.48  $\mu$ g/L, respectively. Phenanthrene was detected in sample B-water at a concentration of 0.958  $\mu$ g/L.

#### 4.1.9.2 September 2000 Investigation

During the second phase of the investigation, ECS drilled six borings to depths up to 20 feet BGS and collected 13 soil samples and two groundwater samples to further assess and delineate petroleum contamination associated with the HOT closure in the Russell Building. Soil and groundwater samples were analyzed for diesel- and oil-range hydrocarbons. One soil sample



(I-12) and one groundwater sample (I-W) were also analyzed for BTEX and PAHs. Table 3 summarizes the diesel- and oil-range analytical results for the soil samples. Table 7 summarizes the diesel- and oil-range analytical results for the groundwater sample. BTEX and PAHs analytical results for groundwater are summarized on Tables 9 and 10, respectively.

#### 4.1.9.2.1 Soil Sampling Results

Diesel-range hydrocarbons were detected in soil samples I-12 and J-14 at concentrations of 4,410 mg/kg and 3,970 mg/kg, respectively. Heavy oil-range hydrocarbons were detected in soil samples G-15, H-10, H-15, I-12, and J-14. Heavy oil-range hydrocarbon concentrations ranged between 126 mg/kg (H-15) and 572 mg/kg (H-10).

As noted above, I-12 was analyzed for BTEX and PAHs. BTEX results for soil sample I-12 indicated the presence of ethylbenzene, toluene, and xylenes at concentrations of 1.32 mg/kg, 0.0635 mg/kg, and 1.53 mg/kg, respectively.

Fluorene, phenanthrene, and pyrene were detected at concentrations of 2.060 mg/kg, 2.860 mg/kg, and 0.204 mg/kg, respectively.

# 4.1.9.2.2 Groundwater Sampling Results

Diesel-range hydrocarbons were detected in groundwater samples I-W and L-W at concentrations of 1,420  $\mu$ g/L and 557  $\mu$ g/L, respectively. Oil-range hydrocarbon results were less than the laboratory MRLs for both samples.

As noted above, I-W was analyzed for BTEX and PAHs. Ethylbenzene was detected at a concentration of 2.65  $\mu$ g/L. Results for benzene, toluene, and xylenes were less than the laboratory MRLs.

The following PAHs and associated concentrations were detected in groundwater sample I-W:

Acenaphthene: 0.226 μg/L
Fluorene: 0.777 μg/L
Phenanthrene: 0.491 μg/L.

# 4.1.10 2001 Building 14 Area Confirmation Samples (ECS, 2001a)

In 2001, Galvanizers removed contaminated soil discovered in 1999. After removing the contaminated soil near Building 14, ECS collected three confirmation soil samples from the floor and walls of the excavation. The three samples (Pit North Wall, Pit Bottom, and Trench Pit Wall) were analyzed for diesel- and oil-range hydrocarbons, TCLP metals (cadmium, chromium, and lead), and pH. Diesel- and heavy oil-range hydrocarbons were detected at concentrations ranging from 32.9 mg/kg (Trench Pit Wall) to 1,340 mg/kg (Pit North Wall) and from 118 mg/kg (Trench Pit Wall) to 3,020 mg/kg (Pit Bottom), respectively. Results for leachable chromium were less than the laboratory MRLs in the three confirmation soil samples. Leachable cadmium was detected in the Trench Pit Wall sample at a concentration of 0.0734 mg/L and leachable lead was detected in the three samples at concentrations ranging from 0.0978 mg/L to 1.40 mg/L.



#### 4.1.11 2001 Stormwater System Improvements and Drywell Closure (ECS, 2001b)

Also in 2001, confirmation soil samples were collected from the sidewalls and bottom of the drywell excavation as part of the drywell decommissioning and stormwater system improvements at the subject property. Ten soil samples were collected and analyzed for one or more of the following constituents:

- TPH identification with follow-up analysis for:
  - Gasoline-range hydrocarbons
  - Diesel-range hydrocarbons
  - Heavy oil-range hydrocarbons
- Total and TCLP metals
- Hq
- VOCs (BTEX only)
- PAHs

Four soil samples were analyzed for TPH identification. Gasoline-range hydrocarbons were identified in three of the four soil samples analyzed, diesel- and oil-range hydrocarbons were identified in the four soil samples analyzed. Follow-up analyses quantified gasoline-range hydrocarbons at concentrations ranging from 28.1 mg/kg (Bottom-14') to 201 mg/kg (North-4'). Diesel-range hydrocarbons were detected at concentrations ranging from 161 mg/kg (West-4') to 5,220 mg/kg (North-9'). Heavy oil-range hydrocarbons were detected at concentrations ranging from 290 mg/kg (West-4') to 10,900 mg/kg (North-9'). TPH analytical results in soil are summarized on Table 3.

Four soil samples were analyzed for total cadmium, total chromium, and total zinc. Total cadmium was detected at concentrations ranging between 1.71 mg/kg (Bottom-14') and 87.7 mg/kg (North-4'). Total chromium was detected at concentrations ranging between 15.1 mg/kg (East-6') and 256 mg/kg (North-9'). Total zinc was detected at concentrations ranging from 191 mg/kg (East-6') to 14,500 mg/kg (North-4'). One soil sample was analyzed for total copper with a detected concentration of 3.09 mg/kg. Nine of the ten soil samples collected were analyzed for total lead. Total lead concentrations in the soil ranged from 317 mg/kg (West-12') to 5,710 mg/kg (South-9'). The 10 soil samples were analyzed for TCLP lead except for samples West-4' and West-12'. The greatest detected concentration of TCLP lead was 7.31 mg/L in sample South-9'. The pH was tested in select samples from the excavation. The pH in soil ranged between 4.10 and 6.78. Total and TCLP metals and pH results in soil are summarized in Table 4.

Samples North-9' and Bottom-14' were analyzed for BTEX. Analytical results were less than the laboratory MRLs for the four compounds analyzed. These two soil samples were also analyzed for PAHs. The following summarizes the detected PAHs and the respective concentrations:

- Benz(a)anthracene: 0.141 mg/kg (North-9')
- Benz(b)fluoranthene: 0.214 mg/kg (North-9') and 0.180 mg/kg (Bottom-14')
- Benzo(g,h,i)perylene: 0.143 mg/kg (North-9')
- Chrysene: 0.373 mg/kg (North-9') and 0.286 mg/kg (Bottom-14')
- Fluoranthene: 0.0.815 mg/kg (North-9') and 0.628 mg/kg (Bottom-14')



- Phenanthrene: 0.461 mg/kg (North-9') and 0.444 mg/kg (Bottom-14')
- Pyrene: 0.528 mg/kg (North-9') and 0.414 mg/kg (Bottom-14')

Approximately 166 tons of excavated soil were transported to Arlington Landfill for disposal as hazardous waste. Approximately 503 tons of excavated soil were transported to Hillsboro Landfill for disposal as non-hazardous contaminated soil. Confirmation soil samples collected from the drywell excavation indicated leachable lead concentrations of 0.559 mg/L in sample South Wall-9'-#2 and 0.229 mg/L in sample Pit Bottom-14.5'-#2.

# 4.1.12 2002 Alley Soil Assessment (ECS, 2002)

In 2002, ECS conducted an alley assessment report summarizing soil samples collected in October 2001. The soil samples were collected as part of field activities performed during the stormwater improvements and drywell closure. Nine test pits were excavated in the alley east of the main plant building. Test pits were excavated to depths up to 5.5 feet BGS. Soil samples were analyzed for one or more of the following constituents:

- Gasoline-range hydrocarbons
- Diesel- and oil-range hydrocarbons
- BTEX
- PAHs

Gasoline-range hydrocarbons were detected in six of the seven soil samples analyzed at concentrations up to 674 mg/kg (TP3-2'). Diesel- and heavy oil-range hydrocarbons were detected in 9 of 10 soil samples analyzed, at concentrations up to 7,440 mg/kg (TP3-2') and 7,020 mg/kg (TP5-4.5'), respectively. Ethylbenzene, toluene, and xylenes were detected in Sample TP1-1.5' at concentrations of 0.0906 mg/kg, 0.0795 mg/kg, and 2.42 mg/kg, respectively.

PAHs were detected in two of the three samples analyzed, as summarized below:

- Benz(a)anthracene: 0.407 mg/kg (TP1-1.5') and 0.0136 mg/kg (TP1-2.5')
- Benz(a)pyrene: 0.629 mg/kg (TP1-1.5') and 0.0221 mg/kg (TP1-2.5')
- Benzo(b)fluoranthene: 0.845 mg/kg (TP1-1.5') and 0.0223 mg/kg (TP1-2.5')
- Benzo(g,h,i)perylene: 0.726 mg/kg (TP1-1.5') and 0.0264 mg/kg (TP1-2.5')
- Benzo(k)fluoranthene: 0.563 mg/kg (TP1-1.5') and 0.0208 mg/kg (TP1-2.5')
- Chrysene: 0.637 mg/kg (TP1-1.5') and 0.0188 mg/kg (TP1-2.5')
- Fluoranthene: 0.536 mg/kg (TP1-1.5') and 0.0157 mg/kg (TP1-2.5')
- Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene: 0.592 mg/kg (TP1-1.5') and 0.0219 mg/kg (TP1-2.5')
- Phenanthrene: 1.180 mg/kg (TP1-1.5')
- Pyrene: 0.697 mg/kg (TP1-1.5') and 0.0240 mg/kg (TP1-2.5')

Results indicated the excavated soil was non-hazardous. The soil was transported to Waste Management's landfill in Hillsboro.



# 4.1.13 2003 Heating Oil UST Decommissioning; 2429 NW 29th Avenue (NWES, 2003)

In 2003, a 675-gallon heating oil UST under the sidewalk east of Building 14 was decommissioned. Soil samples were collected using a direct-push drill rig at the north and south edges of the UST. Soil samples were analyzed for TPH identification. TPH identification results were less than the laboratory MRLs. Analytical results are summarized in Table 3. The report indicated the fuel in the heating oil UST was removed before the investigation. Shortly after the investigation, the heating oil UST was decommissioned in place and filled with CDF.

# 4.1.14 Preliminary Assessment (NWES, 2004) and Expanded Preliminary Assessment (Anchor, 2006, 2007a, 2007b, 2007c, 20008a, and 2008b)

Between 2004 and 2009, Galvanizers conducted a PA and XPA under DEQ supervision. The PA and XPA included sampling of stormwater, stormwater solids, soil, and groundwater. Sampling of stormwater and stormwater solids were addressed in the SCE (MFA, 2010) and the SCE Addendum (GeoDesign, 2014) and will not be discussed in this report. DEQ issued its SCD in March 2021 (DEQ, 2021). The following summarizes soil and groundwater sampling conducted during the PA and XPA for the subject property.

# 4.1.14.1 Soil Sampling Results

In 2005 as part of the XPA, six monitoring wells were installed on the subject property. During well installations, continuous soil samples were collected from each boring using a direct push drill rig. Three soil samples from each boring were submitted for laboratory analysis from the following depth intervals:

- 0 to 2.5 feet BGS
- 2.5 to 5 feet BGS
- Soil just above the water table

Soil samples were analyzed for total metals. Additionally, soil samples collected from boring MW-6 were analyzed for diesel- and heavy oil-range hydrocarbons, VOCs, and PAHs. Heavy oil-range hydrocarbons were detected at concentrations ranging from 77.7 mg/kg [MW-6 (10-12)] to 1,910 mg/kg [MW-6 (0-2.5)]. Analytical results for diesel- and heavy oil-range hydrocarbons, total metals, and VOCs are summarized on Tables 3, 4, and 5, respectively. As shown on Table 5, analytical results for VOCs were less than the laboratory MRLs.

Eighteen soil samples were analyzed for total metals. The range of total metals detected in the 18 samples analyzed is summarized as follows:

- Arsenic: 0.656 mg/kg [MW-5 (0-2.5)] to 73.4 mg/kg [MW-1 (0-2.5)]
- Barium: 58.0 mg/kg [MW-5 (0-2.5)] to 542 mg/kg [MW-1 (11.5-12)]
- Cadmium: 0.0343 mg/kg [MW-2 (2.5-5]) to 2.030 mg/kg [MW-6 (0-2.5)]
- Chromium: 10.3 mg/kg [MW-2 (13-13.5)] to 29.9 mg/kg [MW-5 (2.5-5)]
- Copper: 7.56 mg/kg [MW-4 (11.5-12)] to 85.8 mg/kg [MW-5 (2.5-5)]
- Lead: 2.33 mg/kg [MW-4 (11.5-12)] to 997 mg/kg [MW-6 (0-2.5)]
- Manganese: 77.3 mg/kg [MW-6 (2.5-5)] to 1,130 mg/kg [MW-1 (11.5-12)]
- Mercury: 0.00826 mg/kg [MW-2 (13-13.5)] to 2.16 mg/kg [MW-6 (0-2.5)]
- Nickel: 3.77 mg/kg [MW-5 (0-2.5)] to 25.2 mg/kg [MW-1 (11.5-12)]



- Selenium: 0.0830 mg/kg [MW-4 (11.5-12)] to 0.117 mg/kg [MW-5 (0-2.5)]
- Silver: 0.0473 mg/kg [MW-2 (2.5-5)] to 1.05 mg/kg [MW-1(2.5-5)]
- Thallium: 0.0477 mg/kg [MW-4 (11.5-12)] to 0.136 mg/kg [MW-6 (2.5-5)]
- Zinc: 33.4 mg/kg [MW-2 (2.5-5)] to 9,990 mg/kg [MW-6 (0-2.5)]

PAHs were detected in two of the three soil samples collected from boring MW-6, as summarized below:

- Acenaphthylene: 0.0140 mg/kg [MW-6 (0-2.5)]
- Benz(a)anthracene: 0.0273 mg/kg [MW-6 (0-2.5)] and 0.00733 mg/kg [MW-6 (10-12)]
- Benz(a)pyrene: 0.0327 mg/kg [MW-6 (0-2.5)] and 0.00733 mg/kg [MW-6 (10-12)]
- Benzo(b)fluoranthene: 0.0407 mg/kg [MW-6 (0-2.5)] and 0.00867 mg/kg [MW-6 (10-12)]
- Benzo(g,h,i)perylene: 0.0447 mg/kg [MW-6 (0-2.5)] and 0.00933 mg/kg [MW-6 (10-12)]
- Chrysene: 0.0360 mg/kg [MW-6 (0-2.5)] and 0.00867 mg/kg [MW-6 (10-12)]
- Dibenz(a,h)anthracene: 0.0127 mg/kg [MW-6 (0-2.5)]
- Fluoranthene: 0.0220 mg/kg [MW-6 (0-2.5)] and 0.0107 mg/kg [MW-6 (10-12)]
- Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene: 0.0253 mg/kg [MW-6 (0-2.5)] and 0.00733 mg/kg [MW-6 (10-12)]
- Naphthalene: 0.0113 mg/kg [MW-6 (10-12)]
- Phenanthrene: 0.0173 mg/kg [MW-6 (0-2.5)] and 0.0153 mg/kg [MW-6 (10-12)]
- Pyrene: 0.0327 mg/kg [MW-6 (0-2.5)] and 0.0113 mg/kg [MW-6 (10-12)]

Analytical results for PAHs are summarized on Table 6.

# 4.1.14.2 Groundwater Sampling Results

In 2005, groundwater samples were collected from the six groundwater monitoring wells (MW-1 through MW-6). Groundwater samples from the six monitoring wells were analyzed for total and dissolved metals and field tested for pH. Additionally, groundwater samples collected from MW-3 and MW-6 were analyzed for diesel- and oil-range hydrocarbons, VOCs, and PAHs.

In 2007 and 2008, five rounds of quarterly groundwater monitoring were conducted. As part of the monitoring program, samples were collected from the six groundwater monitoring wells and were analyzed for total and dissolved metals and tested for pH.

During the PA and XPA, diesel-range hydrocarbons were detected in groundwater samples at concentrations ranging from 748  $\mu$ g/L (MW-6) to 1,690  $\mu$ g/L (MW-3) and oil-range hydrocarbons were detected at concentrations ranging from 1,090  $\mu$ g/L (MW-6) to 1,620  $\mu$ g/L (MW-3).

One or more total and dissolved metals were detected in groundwater during each monitoring event. Results are summarized on Table 8. Generally, concentrations were greater in samples collected from MW-6, which was installed in the approximate location of the former drywell.

BTEX, chloroform, 1,1-DCA, 1,1,1-trichloroethane, and VC were detected in groundwater samples from MW-3 and MW-6 analyzed in 2005. Concentrations were not detected at concentrations exceeding applicable RBCs and are summarized in Table 9.



PAHs were detected in groundwater samples collected from MW-3 and MW-6, as summarized below:

Acenaphthene: 0.0601 μg/L (MW-6)

• Fluorene: 0.0801 µg/L (MW-6)

Naphthalene: 0.101 μg/L (MW-3) and 0.140 μg/L (MW-6)
 Phenanthrene: 0.0707 μg/L (MW-3) and 0.130 μg/L (MW-6)

Results from the PA and XPA groundwater sampling are summarized on Tables 7 through 10.

# 4.1.15 SCE (MFA, 2010)

In 2009, Galvanizers collected groundwater samples from on-site wells to assess the on-site distribution of zinc in groundwater and to continuously monitor water levels during COP dewatering events to assess whether water levels under the site might be influenced by off-site groundwater pumping.

Groundwater samples were collected from the six on-site monitoring wells and analyzed for diesel- and oil-range hydrocarbons, total and dissolved metals (antimony, arsenic, cadmium, chromium, copper, lead, mercury, nickel, selenium, silver, thallium, and zinc), field measured pH, VOCs, PAHs, and SVOCs.

As shown on Table 7, diesel-range hydrocarbons were detected in groundwater samples collected from MW-3 and MW-6 at concentrations of 838  $\mu$ g/L and 279  $\mu$ g/L, respectively. Oil-range hydrocarbons were detected in MW-6 only at a concentration of 574  $\mu$ g/L.

One or more total and dissolved metals were detected in groundwater samples collected during this monitoring event. As previously mentioned, zinc concentrations were generally greater in groundwater collected from MW-6. The pH in groundwater ranged between 4.22 (MW-2) and 6.25 (MW-3). Results are summarized on Table 8.

As shown on Table 9, VOC results were less than the laboratory MRLs.

PAHs were detected in groundwater samples collected from MW-3, MW-5, and MW-6, as summarized below:

- Fluoranthene: 0.0666 μg/L (MW-3) and 0.122 μg/L (MW-5)
- Fluorene: 0.0666 µg/L (MW-3)
- Naphthalene: 0.0999 μg/L (MW-3) and 0.203 μg/L (MW-6)
- Phenanthrene: 0.0888 μg/L (MW-3), 0.0668 μg/L (MW-5), and 0.0747 μg/L (MW-6)
- Pyrene: 0.100 µg/L (MW-5)

PAH results are summarized on Table 10. SVOCs results were less than the laboratory MRLs. Considering SVOCs were only analyzed during the SCE, results were not tabulated. A copy of the analytical report can be found in Appendix B of the SCE.



#### 4.1.16 2012 Groundwater Delineation Investigation (GeoDesign, 2014)

In 2012, GeoDesign, Inc. (now NV5) conducted a groundwater delineation investigation, which included sampling the on-site monitoring wells and temporary borings off site. The samples were analyzed for total and dissolved zinc. The pH of the groundwater was also measured in the field as part of the investigation. Results from the off-site groundwater sampling is discussed in the "Previous Off-Site Investigations" section.

Total zinc concentrations ranged from 876  $\mu$ g/L (MW-3) to 140,000  $\mu$ g/L (MW-6). Dissolved zinc concentrations ranged from 669  $\mu$ g/L (MW-3) to 124,000  $\mu$ g/L (MW-6). The pH measurements ranged from 4.24 (MW-6) to 6.77 (MW-3). Metals and pH results are summarized in Table 8.

#### 4.1.17 2017 Groundwater Monitoring Well Sampling (GeoDesign, 2018)

In 2017, GeoDesign conducted a supplemental groundwater delineation investigation that included sampling the on-site monitoring wells. Samples were submitted to an analytical laboratory for analysis of total and dissolved zinc. The pH of the groundwater was also measured in the field as part of the investigation.

Total detected zinc concentrations ranged from 1,240  $\mu$ g/L (MW-5) to 146,000  $\mu$ g/L (MW-6). Dissolved zinc concentrations ranged from 1,220  $\mu$ g/L (MW-5) to 149,000  $\mu$ g/L (MW-6). The measured groundwater pH ranged from 4.10 (MW-6) to 5.95 (MW-5). Metals and pH results are summarized in Table 8.

#### 4.2 PREVIOUS OFF-SITE INVESTIGATIONS

groundwater sample was analyzed for PCBs and PAHs.

The following summarizes off-site soil and groundwater investigations that will help delineate the nature and extent of contamination associated with the subject property.

4.2.1 J.A. Freeman & Sons Facility Soil and Groundwater Site Characterization (EEM, 1999) In 1999, a site assessment was conducted on the property north of the subject property. Eight borings were drilled and soil and groundwater samples were collected. Soil samples were analyzed for TPH identification and follow-up analysis for diesel- and oil-range hydrocarbons. One soil sample was analyzed for PCBs. Groundwater samples were analyzed for TPH identification with follow-up analysis for diesel- and oil-range hydrocarbons. Six of the eight groundwater samples were analyzed for VOCs and metals (antimony, arsenic, beryllium, cadmium, chromium, copper, lead, mercury, nickel, selenium, silver, thallium, and zinc). One

Diesel-range hydrocarbons were detected in one soil sample (GP-4-0-4') at a concentration of 84 mg/kg. Heavy oil-range hydrocarbons were detected in four soil samples at concentrations ranging from 190 mg/kg (GP-5-4'-8') to 1,200 mg/kg (GP-4-0-4'). PCB results were less than the laboratory MRLs for the one soil sample analyzed. TPH and PCB analytical results for soil are summarized in Table 3. Heavy oil-range hydrocarbons were detected in one groundwater sample (GP-5-GW) at a concentration of 790  $\mu$ g/L. PCB results for groundwater sample GP-5-GW were less than the laboratory MRLs. TPH and PCB analytical results for groundwater are summarized in Table 7.



As summarized in Table 8, metals concentrations in groundwater samples were generally low, except for zinc. Greater concentrations of zinc were observed in groundwater samples collected from GP-1-GW and GP-2-GW, northeast of the subject property. Zinc concentrations ranged from  $3,030 \, \mu g/L$  (GP-6-GW) to  $84,000 \, \mu g/L$  (GP-1-GW).

Chloroform was detected in five of the six samples analyzed for VOCs at concentrations ranging between 1.0  $\mu$ g/L (GP-2-GW) and 6.0  $\mu$ g/L (GP-6-GW). Other VOC concentrations were less than the laboratory MRLs. VOC results are summarized on Table 9. PAH results were less than laboratory MRLs for the one sample analyzed. PAH results are summarized on Table 10.

# 4.2.2 Groundwater Assessments – GE Energy Facility

#### 4.2.2.1 2008 Groundwater Assessment (AMEC, 2008)

In April 2008, a groundwater assessment report was prepared for the GE Energy facility north of the subject property at the corner of NW Industrial Street and NW 29<sup>th</sup> Avenue. The groundwater assessment included the following:

- Installation of six groundwater monitoring wells (AMW-1 through AMW-6)<sup>2</sup>
- Collection of soil samples from the borings
- Two rounds of groundwater sampling from AMW-5
- Collection of six rounds of monthly groundwater elevation measurements from all six monitoring wells

The GE groundwater monitoring well locations are shown on Figure 8 as the locations where AMEC/MWH sampling was performed.

Fifteen soil samples were collected from the six borings. Soil samples were analyzed for the following constituents:

- DROs by method NWTPH-Dx
- PCBs as Aroclors by EPA Method 8082
- Priority pollutant (13) metals by EPA Series 6000/7000 methods
- PAHs by EPA Method 8270C SIM

DROs were detected in 7 of the 15 soil samples at concentrations ranging from 4.76 mg/kg [MW06-S0-1 (AMW-6)] to 385 mg/kg [MW04-S0-1 (AMW-4)]. PCBs were detected in 10 of the 15 samples at concentrations ranging between 0.0146 mg/kg [MW01-S0-1 (AMW-1)] and 1.66 mg/kg [MW03-S0-1 (AMW-3)]. DRO and PCB results are summarized on Table 3.

One or more priority pollutant metals were detected in the 15 soil samples collected and analyzed, except for selenium and silver. Silver results were less than the laboratory MRLs for all 15 samples analyzed. Select selenium results were flagged as "rejected" due to the low percent recoveries in the continuing calibration recovery. Detected priority pollutant metals ranged

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> An 'A' designator was added to the monitoring well I.D.s to distinguish them from the monitoring wells installed on the subject property with the same I.D.s.



between 0.0234 mg/kg [mercury, MW05-S0-6.5 (AMW-5) and MW06-S0-1 (AMW-6)] and 288 mg/kg [zinc, MW01-S0-1 (AMW-1)]. Priority pollutant metals results in soil are summarized on Table 4.

One or more PAHs were detected in each soil sample collected during this investigation. Acenaphthene concentrations were less than the laboratory MRLs for all 15 soil samples analyzed. PAH concentrations in the soil samples ranged from 0.00146 mg/kg [fluorene and naphthalene, MW01-S0-3 (AMW-1)] to 0.275 mg/kg [pyrene, MW02-S0-1 (AMW-2)].

As part of the 2008 groundwater assessment, two rounds of groundwater monitoring were conducted on January 18 and June 28, 2007. Groundwater samples were collected from AMW-05 and analyzed for the following constituents:

- DROs by method NWTPH-Dx
- PCBs as Aroclors by EPA Method 8082
- Priority pollutant (13) metals by EPA Series 6000/7000 methods
- PAHs by EPA Method 8270C SIM

DROs were detected in groundwater during the January 18, 2007, monitoring event at a concentration of 217  $\mu$ g/L (123  $\mu$ g/L in the duplicate). During the June 2007 monitoring event, DRO results were less than the laboratory MRLs. PCBs were detected in groundwater during both monitoring events. In January 2007, PCBs were detected at a concentration 0.9775  $\mu$ g/L (0.995  $\mu$ g/L in the duplicate). In June 2007, PCBs were detected at a concentration 1.67  $\mu$ g/L (1.67  $\mu$ g/L in the duplicate). The PCB data were flagged as tentatively identified due to altered PCB patterns likely due to weathering. Groundwater monitoring results for DROs and PCBs are summarized in Table 7.

Priority pollutant metal results were less than the laboratory MRLs for both monitoring events. Groundwater monitoring results for priority pollutant metals are summarized in Table 8. Similarly, PAH results were less than the laboratory MRLs for both monitoring events. Groundwater monitoring results for PAHs are summarized in Table 9.

# 4.2.2.2 2009 Groundwater Assessment (MWH Americas, 2009)

In February 2009, a second Groundwater Assessment Report was prepared for the GE Energy facility north of the subject property. The 2009 Groundwater Assessment included the following:

- Redevelopment of the six groundwater monitoring wells on the GE Energy facility
- Six rounds of monthly groundwater elevation measurements
- One round of groundwater sampling from the six groundwater monitoring wells

Groundwater samples were analyzed for the following constituents:

- DROs by method NWTPH-Dx
- PCBs as Aroclors by EPA Method 8082
- Priority pollutant (13) metals by EPA Series 6000/7000 methods
- PAHs by EPA Method 8270C SIM



DRO results were less than the laboratory MRLs for all six groundwater samples and duplicates. PCBs were detected in samples AMW-05-GW-111308 and AMW-06-GW-111308 at concentrations of 2.496  $\mu$ g/L and 0.1377  $\mu$ g/L, respectively. A duplicate groundwater sample was collected from AMW-05. PCB results for the duplicate sample were 2.73  $\mu$ g/L. The PCB data were flagged as tentatively identified due to altered PCB patterns, likely due to weathering. Groundwater monitoring results for DROs and PCBs are presented on Table 7.

One or more priority pollutant metals were detected in each groundwater sample except for beryllium, copper, mercury, and silver. Priority pollutant metals results ranged between 1.73  $\mu$ g/L (zinc, AMW-1) and 2,710  $\mu$ g/L (zinc, AMW-3). Groundwater monitoring results for priority pollutant metals are presented on Table 8.

PAH results were less than the laboratory MRLs for both monitoring events. Groundwater monitoring results for PAHs are presented on Table 9.

4.2.3 2007 – 2009 BCC Project Support Sampling (Shannon & Wilson, 2008 and 2009)

In November 2008, an environmental alternatives analysis technical memorandum and associated amendments were prepared for the BCC project. The 2008 memorandum included analytical data from soil and groundwater samples collected along the BCC project alignment. For this report, soil and groundwater sample results from borings drilled on NW 29<sup>th</sup> Avenue and north of the intersection of NW Industrial Street and NW 30<sup>th</sup> Avenue are included in the evaluation of potential risks that may be associated with the subject property. In 2009, Shannon & Wilson amended the environmental alternatives technical memorandum with additional groundwater characterization data to supplement groundwater quality information, particularly near BCC Shaft B, which is at the intersection of NW Industrial Street and NW 29<sup>th</sup> Avenue. Results relevant to the subject property are summarized below.

#### 4.2.3.1 Soil Sample Results

Soil samples were analyzed for one or more of the following:

- TPH-HCID with follow-up analysis for diesel- and heavy oil-range hydrocarbons
- VOCs
- PAHs
- PCBs
- Metals

Thirty-one soil samples collected in the vicinity of the subject property were qualitatively analyzed for TPH. Six sample results detected the presence of diesel- and/or heavy oil-range hydrocarbons. The six soil samples were analyzed to quantify the diesel- and heavy oil-range hydrocarbon concentrations. Diesel-range hydrocarbons were not detected in the six soil samples analyzed. Heavy oil-range hydrocarbons were detected in five soil samples at concentrations ranging from 156 mg/kg (SW-64AM-5) to 1,190 mg/kg (SW-66AM-5).



Forty-four soil samples collected in the vicinity of the subject property were analyzed for PCBs. PCBs were detected in four soil samples at concentrations ranging from 0.010 mg/kg (SW-57AM-10) to 0.182 mg/kg (SW-59GP-2.5-3.3). TPH and PCB soil analytical results are summarized in Table 3.

Thirty-two soil samples were analyzed for the following metals:

- Arsenic
- Barium
- Cadmium
- Chromium
- Copper

- Lead
- Mercury
- Selenium
- Silver
- Zinc

Arsenic, barium, chromium, copper, lead, and zinc were detected in the 32 soil samples analyzed for these constituents. Selenium and silver were not detected in any soil samples. Detected metals concentrations in soil samples ranged between 0.011 mg/kg for mercury (SW-56AM-10, SW-57AM-15, and SW-58AM-10) and 1,670 mg/kg for zinc (SW-64AM-5). Soil analytical results for metals are summarized on Table 4.

Thirty-one soil samples were analyzed for VOCs. Benzene was detected in two soil samples: (1) SW-5AM 8:30 (15 ft) at a concentration of 0.0265 mg/kg and (2) SW-66AM-5 at a concentration of 0.0461 mg/kg. Naphthalene was detected in two soil samples: (1) SW-56AM-10 at a concentration of 0.566 mg/kg and (2) SW-66AM-5 at a concentration of 0.327 mg/kg. Detected VOC analytical results are summarized in Table 5.

Twenty-six soil samples were analyzed for PAHs. One or more PAHs were detected in 10 of the 26 soil samples analyzed. Detected PAH concentrations ranged between 0.0103 mg/kg for chrysene (SW-65GP 4-5) and 3.000 mg/kg for phenanthrene (SW-56AM-10). PAH analytical results for soil samples are summarized in Table 6.

#### 4.2.3.2 Groundwater Sample Results

Groundwater samples were analyzed for one or more of the following:

- TPH-HCID with follow-up analysis for diesel- and heavy oil-range hydrocarbons
- PCBs
- Metals
- pH
- VOCs
- PAHs

Five groundwater samples collected in the vicinity of the subject property were analyzed for TPH-HCID. Diesel- and heavy oil-range hydrocarbons were qualitatively detected in one groundwater sample (SW-60AM). The follow-up quantitative analytical results were less than the laboratory MRLs for diesel- and heavy oil-range hydrocarbons. Four of the nineteen groundwater



samples collected in the vicinity of the subject property were analyzed for PCBs. PCBs were detected in one sample (SW-82GP-W) at a concentration of 0.349  $\mu$ g/L. TPH and PCB analytical results are summarized in Table 7.

As part of the BCC project support sampling, 21 groundwater samples were collected from borings and monitoring wells and analyzed for one or more of the following:

- Arsenic (total and/or dissolved)
- Barium (total and/or dissolved)
- Cadmium (total and/or dissolved)
- Chromium (total and/or dissolved)
- Copper (total and/or dissolved)
- Lead (total and/or dissolved)
- Mercury (total and/or dissolved)
- Selenium (total and/or dissolved)
- Silver (total and/or dissolved)
- Zinc (total and/or dissolved)

Additionally, 13 of the 21 groundwater samples were tested for pH. One or more of the listed metals were detected in the groundwater samples analyzed. Total metal concentrations ranged between 0.0024  $\mu$ g/L (mercury, 29th/Industrial) and 103,000  $\mu$ g/L (zinc, SW-77GP-W). Dissolved metal concentrations ranged between 0.0017  $\mu$ g/L (mercury, SW-05AM) and 309,000  $\mu$ g/L (zinc, SW-4GP 25). The pH in groundwater ranged between 4.75 (29th/Industrial) and 6.47 (SW-60AM). Metals analytical results and pH test results are summarized in Table 8.

Seventeen groundwater samples were analyzed for VOCs. The following summarizes the detected VOCs in groundwater samples:

Acetone: 68.3 μg/L (SW-63GP)

Benzene: 0.250 µg/L (SW-81GP-W)

Chloroform: 4.26 μg/L (SW-83GP-W) and 7.9 μg/L (SW-75MW)

Toluene: 1.22 μg/L (SW-81GP-W)

VOC analytical results in groundwater are summarized in Table 9.

Six groundwater samples were analyzed for PAHs. PAHs were not detected in the groundwater samples. PAH analytical results in groundwater are summarized in Table 10.

#### 4.2.4 Shaft B Bypass Dewatering Documentation (Shannon & Wilson, 2010)

As part of the BCC project, a bypass shaft (Shaft B) was excavated at the intersection of NW 29<sup>th</sup> Avenue and NW Industrial Street. As part of the excavation activities, construction dewatering was conducted from November 9 to December 21, 2009. During dewatering, water quality was monitored from the following monitoring wells: SW-76MW, SW-78MW, SW-79MW, and SW-80MW. Monitoring well locations are shown on Figure 8 as 2007, 2008, and 2009 Shannon & Wilson sample locations. Groundwater samples collected by BES were submitted to a chemical analytical laboratory and analyzed for one or more of the following parameters:

- PCBs
- Total metals (arsenic, barium, cadmium, chromium, copper, lead, mercury, selenium, silver, and zinc)
- VOCs



Fifty-nine samples were collected (14 from SW-76MW and 15 from each of the other three monitoring wells). PCBs were detected in 27 samples analyzed at concentrations ranging between 0.027  $\mu$ g/L (SW-79MW on December 17, 2009) and 0.131  $\mu$ g/L (SW-78MW on November 3, 2009). PCB concentrations appeared to decrease during the dewatering activities. Results are summarized on Table 7.

One or more metals were detected in the fifty-nine samples analyzed. Concentrations ranged between 0.0042  $\mu$ g/L for mercury (SW-76MW on November 24, 2009) and 119,000  $\mu$ g/L for zinc (SW-79MW on December 3, 2009). Results are summarized in Table 8.

Chloroform was detected in one sample (SW-79MW) on November 10, 2009. The remaining VOCs were not detected. Results are summarized on Table 9.

#### 4.2.5 2012 and 2013 BCC Support Project Off-Site Investigations (BES, 2013)

In 2012, BES conducted an investigation along NW 30<sup>th</sup> Avenue as part of the BCC Support project. The BCC Support project included replacement of the 54-inch-by-54-inch storm line that ran along NW 30<sup>th</sup> Avenue and continued north generally following the BNSF rail spur. As part of this investigation, BES collected 12 soil samples from four borings drilled in the NW 30<sup>th</sup> Avenue right-of-way between NW Nicolai Street and NW Industrial Street. Additionally, one groundwater sample was collected as part of this investigation.

Soil samples were collected from each boring at 5-foot intervals to a depth of 15 feet BGS, except for boring B3, which was drilled to a depth of 20 feet BGS. The groundwater sample was collected from boring B3, which is approximately 140 feet south of the intersection of NW 30<sup>th</sup> Avenue and NW Industrial Street (see Figure 8). Soil samples were analyzed for TPH identification with follow-up analysis for diesel- and/or gasoline-range hydrocarbons, as applicable, and RCRA 8 metals (arsenic, barium, cadmium, chromium, lead, mercury, selenium, and silver). The groundwater sample was analyzed for TPH identification and dissolved RCRA 8 metals plus dissolved zinc and dissolved copper.<sup>3</sup>

TPH identification results indicated the presence of diesel-range hydrocarbons in one sample and the presence of lube oil in four soil samples. Follow-up analytical results for diesel-range hydrocarbons were less than the laboratory MRL. Lube oil results ranged between 130 mg/kg (B6 0-5) and 2,600 mg/kg (B5 0-5). TPH results are summarized on Table 3.

The following summarizes the range of detected metals concentrations in soil.

- Arsenic: 0.801 mg/kg (B4 10-15) to 3.79 mg/kg (B3 5-10)
- Barium: 42.5 mg/kg (B6 5-10) to 170 mg/kg (B3 0-5)
- Cadmium: 0.135 mg/kg (B3 0-5) to 0.897 mg/kg (B4 0-5)
- Chromium: 12.8 mg/kg (B6 0-5) to 52.5 mg/kg (B4 10-15)
- Lead: 3.06 mg/kg (B6 0-5) to 65 mg/kg (B5 0-5)
- Mercury: 0.0104 mg/kg (B5 10-15) to 0.0397 mg/kg (B4 0-5)

<sup>3</sup> Sample B3 @ 15ft was also analyzed for total suspended solids. Refer to the source document for total suspended solids results.



21

- Selenium: Results less than the laboratory MRL
- Silver: Results less than the laboratory MRL
- Zinc: 50.8 mg/kg (B6 0-5) to 2,930 mg/kg (B4 0-5)

Metals results are summarized in Table 4.

As noted above, a groundwater sample was collected from boring B3 at a depth of 15 feet BGS. The groundwater sample was analyzed for TPH identification, dissolved RCRA 8 metals, dissolved zinc, and dissolved copper. TPH were not detected. TPH results are summarized in Table 7. Dissolved metals results from groundwater sample B3 @ 15 ft are summarized below and in Table 8.

Arsenic: 0.863 µg/L
 Barium: 34.1 µg/L
 Cadmium: 0.199 µg/L

Chromium: Result less than the laboratory MRL
Copper: Result less than the laboratory MRL
Lead: Result less than the laboratory MRL
Mercury: Result less than the laboratory MRL

Selenium: Result less than the laboratory MRLSilver: Result less than the laboratory MRL

Zinc: 659 μg/L

In 2013, BES drilled a boring approximately 25 feet east of boring B3 on NW 30<sup>th</sup> Avenue (see Figure 8). This investigation was also associated with replacement of the 54-inch-by-54-inch storm line. Three soil samples were collected from the boring at 5-foot intervals between 5 feet BGS and 20 feet BGS. One groundwater sample was collected at a depth of 10 feet BGS (B3E @ 10ft). Soil samples were analyzed for TPH identification and RCRA 8 metals (arsenic, barium, cadmium, chromium, lead, mercury, selenium, and silver). The groundwater sample was analyzed for TPH identification with follow-up analysis for diesel- and/or gasoline-range hydrocarbons, as applicable, and RCRA 8 total and dissolved metals and total and dissolved zinc.<sup>3</sup>

TPH were not detected in the soil samples. TPH results are summarized in Table 3.

The range of metals concentrations in soil is summarized as follows:

- Arsenic: 0.802 mg/kg (B3E 15-20) to 3.77 mg/kg (B3E 5-10)
- Barium: 80.3 mg/kg (B3E 10-15) to 182 mg/kg (B3E 5-10)
- Cadmium: 0.116 mg/kg (B3E 10-15) to 0.126 mg/kg (B3E 15-20)
- Chromium: 20.7 mg/kg (B3E 15-20) to 34.8 mg/kg (B3E 5-10)
- Lead: 2.26 mg/kg (B3E 15-20) to 7.64 mg/kg (B3E 5-10)
- Mercury: 0.0180 mg/kg (B3E 5-10), remaining results were less than the laboratory MRL
- Selenium: Results less than the laboratory MRL
- Silver: Results less than the laboratory MRL
- Zinc: 65.2 mg/kg (B3E 5-10) to 505 mg/kg (B3E 15-20)



Metals results in soil are summarized in Table 4.

TPH identification results for groundwater indicated the presence of lube oil. Follow-up analytical results for diesel-range and heavy oil-range hydrocarbons indicated concentrations of 510  $\mu$ g/L and 3,400  $\mu$ g/L, respectively. TPH results for groundwater are summarized on Table 7.

Total and dissolved metals results from groundwater sample B3E @ 10 ft are summarized below and in Table 8:

- Arsenic: 5.79 μg/L total, 0.136 μg/L dissolved
- Barium: 1,460 μg/L total, 88.4 μg/L dissolved
- Cadmium: 3.99 μg/L total, 3.10 μg/L dissolved
- Chromium: 79.8 μg/L total, 0.575 μg/L dissolved
- Lead: 43.2 μg/L total, result less than the laboratory MRL
- Mercury: 0.107 µg/L total, result less than the laboratory MRL
- Selenium: Total and dissolved results less than the laboratory MRLs
- Silver: Total and dissolved results less than the laboratory MRLs
- Zinc: 23,200 µg/L total, 20,600 µg/L dissolved

Metals results for groundwater samples are summarized in Table 8.

#### 4.2.6 October 2012 Groundwater Investigation

In October 2012, GeoDesign conducted an off-site groundwater investigation to assess the nature and extent of groundwater contamination and address the groundwater migration pathway. The investigation included collecting groundwater samples from four direct-push borings (DP-1 through DP-4) adjacent to the subject property. The groundwater samples were submitted to an analytical laboratory and analyzed for total and dissolved zinc. Groundwater pH was also measured in the field during the investigation.

Total zinc concentrations ranged from 45.4  $\mu$ g/L [DP-3(14-18)] to 2,460  $\mu$ g/L [DP-2(14-8]. Dissolved zinc concentrations ranged from 14.1  $\mu$ g/L [DP-4(16-20)] to 848  $\mu$ g/L [DP-2(14-18)]. The pH measurements ranged from 5.96 [DP-2(14-18)] to 6.97[DP-1(11-15)]. The metals results are summarized in Table 8. Boring locations are shown on Figure 8. The October 2012 investigation was previously presented in the SCE Addendum (GeoDesign, 2014).

# 4.2.7 2017 Groundwater Sampling (GeoDesign, 2018)

In 2017, GeoDesign conducted additional groundwater sampling to further delineate the zinc plume downgradient of the subject property. Three direct-push borings (DP-5, DP-6, and DP-7) were advanced northeast of the subject property. Groundwater samples were collected from each boring at two discrete depths, approximately 20 and 27 feet BGS. Groundwater samples were analyzed for total and dissolved zinc. Groundwater pH was also measured in the field as part of the investigation.

Detected concentrations of total zinc ranged from 6.34  $\mu$ g/L in DP-5(20.0-22.0) to 51.1  $\mu$ g/L in DP-7(27.0-29.0). Dissolved zinc was detected at a concentration of 16.3  $\mu$ g/L in sample



DP-5(27.0-29.0). Dissolved zinc was not detected at concentrations greater than the laboratory MRLs in the remaining samples submitted for analysis. Groundwater pH measurements ranged from 6.07 in DP-7(20.0-22.0) to 6.87 in DP-6(27.0-29.0). The groundwater sampling results are summarized in Table 8. Sample locations are shown on Figure 8.

#### 5.0 NATURE AND EXTENT OF CONTAMINATION

The sections below summarize our understanding of subsurface impacts at the subject property. This understanding is based on the soil and groundwater data generated through the multiple investigations previously summarized.

#### 5.1 SOIL

# 5.1.1 TPH and PCBs

Fifty-three soil samples collected on the subject property have been submitted for chemical analysis of TPH compounds, including gasoline-, diesel-, and heavy oil-range hydrocarbons. Table 3 summarizes the investigative phases and analytical results for associated samples. Approximate sample locations are shown on Figure 7.

Gasoline-range hydrocarbons were detected in nine soil samples at concentrations up to 674 mg/kg. The greatest detected concentrations of gasoline-range hydrocarbons are associated with the 2002 alley soil assessment. Galvanizers excavated nine test pits in the alley east of the main plant building. The purpose of the assessment was to evaluate soil for potential future environmental assessments and to characterize soil for disposal as part of the stormwater improvements planned in the alley. Based on the 2002 alley soil assessment, analytical results indicated impacted soil was limited to soil to a depth of approximately 5.5 feet BGS. The lateral extent was generally limited to the alley. Soil in the alley was partially removed to install catch basins and underground piping. Remaining soil is currently covered with pavement. Gasoline-range hydrocarbons were also detected in soil samples collected during the 2001 drywell decommissioning. Soil samples collected as part of the 2001 drywell decommissioning were for confirmation purposes of soil impacts during removal of the drywell. Analytical results were compared to the 2001 regulatory screening values. The horizontal and vertical extent of gasoline-impacted soil that may remain in place is limited to depths between approximately 4 and 14 feet BGS approximately 15 feet laterally from the former location of the drywell.

Diesel-range hydrocarbons have been detected in 24 soil samples at concentrations up to 13,300 mg/kg. Diesel-range hydrocarbons in soil are generally associated with the former heating oil UST that was in the southeast corner of steel products yard, three former heating oil USTs located under the Russell Building, and the drywell decommissioning. Additionally, diesel-range hydrocarbons were detected in soil samples collected as part of the 2002 alley soil assessment. The greatest detected concentration was observed in a sample collected under the Russell Building. As noted, the heating oil USTs were decommissioned in a general accordance with the applicable regulatory requirements at the time.

Heavy oil-range hydrocarbons have been detected in 32 soil samples at concentrations up to 15,200 mg/kg. Heavy oil-range hydrocarbons in soil are generally associated with the HOT



decommissioning activities, drywell closure, and alley sampling. Additionally, soil samples collected near Building 14 and reported USTs in the southeast corner of the steel products yard indicated the presence of heavy oil-range hydrocarbons.

Additionally, diesel- and heavy oil-range hydrocarbons were detected in off-site soil samples collected as part of various investigations. Considering the mobility of diesel- and heavy oil-range hydrocarbons and the on-site sample results, the subject property is not considered a source of the off-site TPH contamination.

The subject property is not a source of PCBs. Therefore, on-site investigations did not include PCB analyses. Further discussion of PCBs in soil is not warranted.

#### **5.1.2** Metals

As part of the multiple investigations, 45 soil samples were analyzed for total metals and 59 soil samples were analyzed for TCLP metals. One or more of the following metals were detected in the soil samples analyzed for total metals: arsenic, barium, cadmium, chromium, copper, lead, manganese, mercury, nickel, selenium, silver, thallium, and zinc. Additionally, one or more of the following metals were detected in soil samples analyzed for TCLP metals: barium, cadmium, chromium, iron, lead, and zinc. TCLP metals results were generally used to characterize soil for proper disposal as part of removal actions. Table 4 summarizes the investigative phases and analytical results for associated samples. Figure 7 shows the sample locations. For the purposes of this report, total metals results will be used to develop the CSM and evaluate the associated risk to human health and the environment.

In general, lead and zinc concentrations were elevated in samples collected from within the plant area, adjacent to the former drywell, and on the south end of Building 14. Sample locations are shown on Figure 7. Detected concentrations of the remaining other metals were detected at concentrations generally consistent with DEQ's published background values (DEQ, 2019).

Lead was detected in 42 on-site soil samples; 32 of those sample results were greater than DEQ's published background value. The greatest detected lead concentrations were generally collected from the soil surrounding the former drywell and a limited area on the south end of Building 14.

Zinc has been detected in 31 on-site soil samples; 23 of those sample results were greater than DEQ's published background value. Samples with the greatest detected concentrations were generally collected from around the former drywell and within the plant area.

As part of the off-site investigations, lead results were within DEQ's published background values. Elevated zinc concentrations were observed in samples collected at the intersection of NW 29<sup>th</sup> Avenue and NW Industrial Street, on NW 29<sup>th</sup> Avenue adjacent to and downgradient of the subject property, and on NW 30<sup>th</sup> Avenue adjacent to and downgradient of the subject property.



#### 5.1.3 VOCs

As part of on-site investigations, 19 soil samples were analyzed for VOCs. One or more VOC were detected in seven samples. Detected concentrations were primarily petroleum constituents (i.e., BTEX compounds). TCE and PCE were detected in soil samples collected on the south end of Building 14. However, this soil was subsequently removed as part of site improvements. VOC results are summarized in Table 5.

As part of off-site investigations, 31 soil samples were analyzed for VOCs. Benzene was detected in two samples and Naphthalene was detected in two samples.

Overall, detected VOC concentrations in soil that remains on site or off site are generally low and less than applicable regulatory screening values.

#### 5.1.4 PAHs

As part of on-site investigations, 17 soil samples were analyzed for PAHs. One or more PAHs were detected in 13 of the samples analyzed. Samples were collected as part of the Russell Building investigation, the drywell closure, the alley soil assessment, and installation of on-site monitoring wells. Detected PAH concentrations were less than applicable screening values and PAHs are not considered a primary soil contaminant at the subject property. Therefore, further discussion of PAHs in soil is not warranted. PAH results are summarized on Table 6.

#### 5.2 GROUNDWATER

#### 5.2.1 TPH

As part of on-site investigations, 12 groundwater samples were analyzed for diesel- and heavy oil-range hydrocarbons. Diesel-range hydrocarbons were detected in eight groundwater samples at concentrations up to 16,300  $\mu$ g/L. Heavy oil-range hydrocarbons were detected in five groundwater samples at concentrations up to 1,620  $\mu$ g/L. Detected concentrations of diesel- and heavy oil-range hydrocarbons appear to be associated with the former heating oil USTs in the Russell Building and the former drywell. TPH results in groundwater are summarized on Table 7.

#### **5.2.2** Metals

As part of on-site investigations and groundwater monitoring, 69 groundwater samples were analyzed for total and/or dissolved metals. One or more of the following metals were detected in the groundwater samples analyzed for total metals: arsenic, barium, cadmium, chromium, copper, iron, lead, manganese, nickel, thallium, and zinc. Additionally, one or more of the following metals were detected in groundwater samples analyzed for dissolved metals: arsenic, barium, cadmium, chromium, copper, lead, manganese, nickel, silver, thallium, and zinc. The greatest detected concentrations were observed in a groundwater sample collected in 1993 from the plant area before facility upgrades. Total iron and total zinc were detected at concentrations of 2,040,000  $\mu$ g/L and 2,330,000  $\mu$ g/L, respectively. This sample was collected approximately 30 years ago and not representative of current conditions. Total and dissolved metals results are summarized in Table 8. Sample locations are shown on Figure 7.

Off-site investigations indicated elevated zinc concentrations in groundwater in the inferred downgradient direction of the subject property. Zinc concentrations in groundwater appear to



significantly decrease north of the intersection of NW Industrial Street and NW 29<sup>th</sup> Avenue. Sample locations are shown on Figure 8. Figures 9 and 10 present zinc isoconcentration maps for dissolved zinc in groundwater for samples collected in 2012 and 2017, respectively.

#### 5.2.3 VOCs

For on-site investigation activities, 11 groundwater samples were analyzed for VOCs. Detected VOCs were TPH constituents (BTEX) generally associated with the former heating oil USTs in the Russell Building and the former drywell. The greatest detected concentration was 33.8  $\mu$ g/L for total xylenes (B-water). VOC results in groundwater are summarized in Table 9. Sample locations are shown on Figure 7.

For off-site investigation activities, VOC results were either non-detect or less than applicable screening values. Based on this, VOCs are not considered a primary groundwater contaminant at the subject property.

#### 5.2.4 PAHs

For on-site investigation activities, 11 groundwater samples were analyzed for PAHs. Detected PAHs were generally associated with the former heating oil USTs in the Russell Building and the former drywell. The greatest detected concentration was 2.52  $\mu$ g/L (fluorene in sample B-water). PAH results in groundwater are summarized on Table 10. Sample locations are presented on Figure 7.

For off-site investigation activities, PAH results were less than the reporting limit. Based on this, PAHs are not considered a primary groundwater contaminant at the subject property.

# 6.0 CONCEPTUAL SITE MODEL

The CSM presents sources of contaminants, release mechanisms, fate and transport processes, and current and likely future exposure scenarios. Details of the CSM are presented in the following sections.

#### 6.1 SOURCE AND RELEASE MECHANISMS

As described in the "Nature and Extent of Contamination" section, contaminants of interest in soil and groundwater include diesel- and heavy oil-range hydrocarbons and metals. Sources of diesel- and heavy oil-range hydrocarbons are primarily attributed to former heating oil and other USTs. The release mechanism can be attributed to leaking heating oil and other USTs. Sources of metals in soil and groundwater are primarily attributed to the galvanizing process. Release mechanisms are attributed to inadvertent historical releases to soil, groundwater, or stormwater related to on-site operations. Additionally, incidental dripping from steel drag-out between process tanks may have occurred in the area where the process tanks are located.

Before 1962, the subject property was pervious gravel except for roofs and the asphalt concrete surface of the process area, which was covered. Generally, stormwater infiltrated into the ground. In 1962, the yard area was paved and a drywell was installed to manage stormwater runoff. As a result, stormwater no longer infiltrated into the ground across the subject property. Stormwater runoff from impervious surfaces was directed to the drywell, where it infiltrated into



the ground. In the 1980s, an overflow was added to the drywell that was connected to the storm sewer. The overflow was added to help reduce flooding when stormwater runoff exceeded the capacity of the drywell. In 2001, the drywell was decommissioned and stormwater pre-treatment improvements began at the facility. Since 2001, Galvanizers upgraded or modified the pre-treatment system to improve the quality of stormwater discharged from the subject property. Current pre-treatment technologies include an oil water separator, sand filters, pH adjustment, settling tanks, ion exchange, and other proprietary treatment technologies. In addition, areas of the subject property were re-graded to redirect stormwater and prevent off-site runoff. In addition, a rainwater harvesting program was implemented to help reduce the amount of runoff.

#### 6.2 FATE AND TRANSPORT

Based on investigations conducted to date, diesel- and oil-range-hydrocarbon contamination in soil is limited to the areas near the former heating oil USTs under the Russell Building, the alley on the east side of the plant, and the former drywell in the steel products yard. Diesel- and oil-range-hydrocarbons results from soil and groundwater samples indicate these contaminants are relatively stable with limited partitioning to groundwater and not readily mobile. The heating oil USTs and drywell have since been decommissioned in general accordance with applicable regulations. Considering the sources were addressed and the data were collected approximately 20 years ago, it is reasonable to conclude that diesel- and oil-range concentrations in soil and groundwater have significantly decreased and/or stabilized.

The distribution and transport of zinc in groundwater and soil are dependent on the species of zinc present and the characteristics of the environment. The solubility of zinc is a function of pH. Lower pH values tend to increase the solubility of zinc allowing for greater concentrations of zinc in groundwater. As pH increases closer to neutral (7.0), zinc tends to sorb to soil particles. Groundwater data indicate that on-site groundwater exhibits pH between 3.84 and 6.77. With more acidic conditions on site, elevated zinc concentrations in groundwater are observed. However, zinc concentrations in groundwater significantly decrease as natural buffering conditions neutralize the groundwater, decreasing the solubility of zinc and groundwater. This was demonstrated through fate and transport modeling (GeoDesign, 2017) and off site, downgradient groundwater sampling (GeoDesign, 2018).

#### 6.3 LOCALITY OF FACILITY

The LOF is defined by DEQ as any point where a human or ecological receptor may reasonably likely contact site-related hazardous substances. The LOF considers factors such as existing site conditions, regional and local hydrogeology, and the likelihood of contaminants migrating over time.

On-site and off-site subsurface explorations performed to date indicate that the areal extent of the LOF is governed by the presence of zinc in groundwater. Specifically, this LOF encompasses the area within which zinc in groundwater is present at concentrations that may exceed applicable screening criteria. For the purposes of establishing the LOF, the DEQ Ecological RBC for water of 36  $\mu$ g/L was used (DEQ, 2020). The LOFs based on dissolved zinc in groundwater from 2012 and 2017 are shown on Figures 9 and 10, respectively.



#### 6.4 BENEFICIAL WATER USE DETERMINATION

The purpose of the BWUD is to provide information regarding the current and reasonably likely future beneficial uses of water in the subject property vicinity. BWUDs provide the basis for the development of exposure scenarios applicable to the subject property. This BWUD helped identify potential consumptive beneficial groundwater uses in the subject property vicinity to develop potential risk scenarios for the CSM.

NV5 conducted a BWUD for the subject property and surrounding vicinity. The determination of current and reasonably likely future beneficial water use was conducted in general accordance with DEQ's *Final Guidance for Conducting Beneficial Water Use Determinations at Environmental Cleanup Sites* (DEQ, 1998). Supporting documentation for the beneficial land and water use determination is presented in Appendix A.

The BWUD included the following:

- A review of publicly available water well logs available from OWRD within 0.5 mile of the subject property.
- A review of wetlands and/or sensitive environments within 0.5 mile of the subject property.
- A review of groundwater and/or surface water rights within 0.5 mile of the subject property.
- Correspondence with utility representatives (PWB) and government officials (OWRD).
- A postcard survey of businesses adjacent to the subject property.

#### 6.4.1 Land Use

The subject property is in the Guilds Lake Industrial Sanctuary Plan District. The area is zoned Heavy Industrial with a prime Industrial overlay (IHk). Properties north, west, east, and immediately south of the subject property are similarly zoned Heavy Industrial (IHk). Properties farther south of the subject property, across NW Nicolai Street, comprise a mixed zoning array of General Employment 1 (EG1) and Central Employment (EXd). It is anticipated that current land use will continue for the foreseeable future. The COP site area zoning map is presented in Appendix A.

#### 6.4.2 Current and Reasonably Likely Beneficial Use of Water

Water is supplied to the subject property and surrounding area (Northwest Industrial Neighborhood) by COP. COP distributes the primary supply from the Bull Run Reservoir. Contingency supplies to this source include the Columbia South Shore Wellfield and Powell Valley Wells (Powell Valley Road Water District). The primary and contingency water supplies for the subject property are at least 7 miles from the subject property. According to the 2023 Seasonal Water Supply Augmentation and Contingency Plan (PWB, 2023), these resources appear sufficient to supply the subject property vicinity with water into the foreseeable future.

Correspondence with OWRD and PWB personnel indicates groundwater development for beneficial use at or near the subject property is unlikely due to the historical nature of industrial activity in the vicinity (northwest Portland) and sufficient municipal water supplies for the foreseeable future. In addition, our review of DEQ databases indicates the presence of many environmental sites within the project area with historical and/or current groundwater impacts that would significantly impede the development of groundwater resources for consumptive



purposes. Based on these lines of evidence, it is highly unlikely that groundwater in the Northwest Industrial Neighborhood will be developed as a drinking water supply.

### 6.4.3 Surface Water Research

The Willamette River is approximately 0.75 mile feet northeast of the subject property. Our review of OWRD records did not indicate the presence of any surface-water-right PODs within 0.5 mile of the subject property. Although groundwater in the subject property vicinity may flow toward the river, the contribution of groundwater originating from the subject property to the maintenance of aquatic or terrestrial habitat is considered very low; this determination is supported by DEQ's SCD that the groundwater pathway from the subject property to the river does not pose a threat to the river (DEQ, 2021). Supporting water-right information is presented in Appendix A.

### 6.4.4 Groundwater Research

A review of well logs on file with OWRD indicated that two groundwater supply wells could potentially be within an approximately 0.5-mile radius of the subject property. The remaining wells identified in the OWRD database were either abandoned or do not represent water wells (i.e., test borings, monitoring wells, abandoned dewatering wells, etc.).

One groundwater right POA was identified in the OWRD database within 0.5 mile of the subject property. The POA is associated with the two groundwater supply wells for industrial uses.

According to the water rights documentation, the wells are north of NW Yeon Avenue, which is approximately 3,000 feet north-northeast of the subject property. Additionally, the documentation indicates the wells were up to 243 feet deep, indicating a deeper aquifer was the groundwater source. As mentioned previously, groundwater at the subject property was encountered at depths of approximately 9 feet and 14 feet BGS. NV5 conducted further research regarding each of these wells to evaluate their presence, use, and/or likelihood of contact with subject property-derived groundwater. Table A-1 in Appendix A summarizes the available information regarding each of these wells and a summary of findings during the additional research. As detailed in Table A-1, neither of the identified wells and/or water rights appear to represent a beneficial use of subject property derived groundwater.

Review of well logs and environmental investigation sites (DEQ on-line databases) in the vicinity of the subject property indicates that the uppermost groundwater aquifer in the subject property area is characterized by relatively low yield and low-quality groundwater that is not suitable for municipal or industrial use.

## 6.4.5 Wetland Research

The U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service National Wetlands Inventory database did not indicate the presence of wetlands or sensitive habitats within 0.5 mile of the subject property. The closest listed surface waterbody is the Willamette River approximately 0.75 mile northeast of the subject property. The Wetlands Map is presented in Appendix A.



## 6.4.6 Postcard Survey

NV5 conducted a postcard survey of 14 properties/businesses adjacent to the subject property. None of the received questionnaires indicated the presence of water wells at the subject properties. The responses to postcard survey are summarized in Appendix A.

## 6.4.7 BWUD

After reviewing relevant information, the following is a summary of BWUD findings:

- Two water wells potentially within 0.5 mile of the subject property were identified during our research. Subsequent research on the water wells indicated the following:
  - The wells are in an area with potential groundwater impacts originating from other nearby site(s), and DEQ records from those sites indicate that beneficial use (particularly direct contact and/or consumptive use) of groundwater would be prohibited; and/or
  - The well locations, well end depths, and permitted pumping rates indicate that no hydraulic connection exists between the wells and shallow groundwater at the subject property.
- Municipal water is provided to the subject property and surrounding area by the COP. The
  primary, secondary, and tertiary sources of municipal water are not within 0.5 mile of the
  subject property and are expected to meet current and foreseeable water demands.
   Additionally, site-area groundwater is not likely to be developed for municipal purposes due
  to historical, current, and future land uses and poor groundwater quality.
- The nearest surface water body is the Willamette River, which is 0.75 mile northeast of the subject property. Surface water right PODs were not identified within a 0.5-mile radius of the subject property. The non-potable nature of this water use, combined with the distance from the subject property indicates that end users of surface water will not likely have contact with site-related substances in groundwater; this determination is supported by DEQ's SCD stating that the groundwater pathway from the subject property to the river does not pose a significant threat to the river.
- Shallow groundwater under the subject property vicinity is not used for consumptive use and will not likely be used in the foreseeable future.

## 6.5 ECOLOGICAL RISK ASSESSMENT

NV5 conducted a Tier I Generic Screening Level ERA in general accordance with DEQ's Conducting Ecological Risk Assessments Internal Management Directive dated September 14, 2020. The ERA was conducted to gather basic site information and evaluate if ecological features and/or species are present at the subject property as well as evaluate the potential for complete exposure pathways to ecological receptors within the LOF at the subject property. DEQ (2020) guidance states, "For very simple sites where ecological exposure is not expected, such as in highly urbanized areas, a checklist of basic information may be used to determine if complete exposure pathways are present."

On January 31, 2022, NV5 observed conditions at the subject property. Observations included no on-site vegetation, limited vegetation nearby, no wildlife, and no other observable impacts from subject property-related contaminants. Water bodies and wetlands were not observed within the LOF. Based on these observations, it is our opinion that ecological receptors are not present within the LOF. Additionally, current and future use at the subject property and



surrounding area will remain heavy industrial for the foreseeable future. Therefore, future ecological receptors will not be present in the foreseeable future. The completed Basic Site Information Checklist and Ecological Scoping Checklist are presented in Appendix B

### 6.6 CURRENT AND FUTURE EXPOSURE SCENARIOS

This section summarizes complete exposure pathways for soil and groundwater at the subject property. Figure 11 presents a graphical representation of the CSM showing the sources, release mechanisms, exposure routes, and complete exposure pathways.

## 6.6.1 Soil Exposure Pathways

Potentially complete exposure scenarios for soil include direct contact and/or exposure to subsurface soil and soil vapor by occupational and construction/excavation workers. The subject property is covered by asphalt concrete pavement, hardscapes, and structures; therefore, routine exposure to subsurface soil by occupational workers is not expected. Future exposure to construction/excavation workers is possible in the event the subject property is redeveloped. Correspondingly, the following DEQ RBC pathways apply:

- Soil Ingestion, Dermal Contact and Inhalation for occupational, construction, and excavation worker receptors
- Volatilization to Outdoor Air for occupational receptors
- Vapor Intrusion into Buildings for occupational receptors

## 6.6.2 Groundwater

Before the BCC project was completed in 2011 and the Balch Conduit Support project was completed in 2016, stormwater utility lines adjacent to the subject property (and situated within the groundwater zinc plume) were below the water table and therefore subject to potential infiltration of impacted groundwater. Specifically, the 54-inch-by-54-inch stormwater conveyance pipe on NW 30<sup>th</sup> Avenue was identified as the only pipe partially or completely within groundwater. With the completion of the above-referenced projects, the groundwater infiltration and migration pathway through stormwater utility lines was eliminated. In 2021, DEQ concurred in their SCD that the stormwater and groundwater pathways from the subject property to the Willamette River are no longer considered complete.

The BWUD indicates that groundwater under the subject property and the surrounding area is not currently used for consumptive purposes and is not reasonably likely to be used for this purpose in the future.

However, the following DEQ RBC pathways appear to be complete:

- Volatilization to Outdoor Air for occupational receptors
- Vapor Intrusion into Buildings for occupational receptors
- Groundwater in Excavations for construction and excavation worker receptors

Additionally, DEQ requested an evaluation of the potential preferential pathway of groundwater through COP's stormwater conveyance system to the POTW with respect to COP's discharge limit of 3,700 µg/L for zinc. As discussed above, groundwater no longer infiltrates into the pipes.



Therefore, this pathway is incomplete. Additionally, Galvanizers has installed an extensive stormwater pre-treatment system to help meet the requirements of industrial wastewater discharge permit. Discharges to the COP stormwater system are conveyed to the POTW and regulated by the COP. Water discharged to the COP's stormwater system from the subject property is not applicable to this risk evaluation report.

### 6.7 RISK SCREENING

### 6.7.1 Soil

## 6.7.1.1 TPH

Gasoline-range hydrocarbons exceeded the DEQ RBC for the *Leaching to Groundwater* for occupational receptors. However, the BWUD concluded that groundwater in the shallow aquifer is not suitable for potable or industrial uses. Therefore, the Leaching to Groundwater is considered incomplete and gasoline-range hydrocarbons in soil does not pose an unacceptable risk. Diesel-range hydrocarbons exceeded the DEQ RBC for the *Soil Ingestion, Dermal Contact, and Inhalation* for construction worker receptors. RBC exceedances were observed in samples collected from subsurface soil under the Russell Building, in the alley on the east side of the plant, and near the former drywell. Impacted soil is covered with building or pavement. The exposure pathway is considered complete under future scenarios if excavation is conducted in these specific areas. Risks associated with the scenario can be managed with the development and implementation of a CMMP.

## 6.7.1.2 Metals

Except for one soil sample, arsenic was detected at concentrations less than DEQ default background concentrations in metals. The one elevated arsenic result was collected from soil near MW-1 when the monitoring well was installed. The exceedance is considered anomalous and not representative of subject property soil.

Lead was detected at concentrations exceeding the DEQ RBC for the Soil Ingestion, Dermal Contact, and Inhalation for occupational, construction worker, and excavation worker receptors. Soil exceeding the RBC is limited to the area near the former drywell and under the area of the main plant building. The impacted soil is under pavement or concrete and receptors would be exposed under potential future scenarios in which the excavation was necessary in these areas for maintenance purposes or redevelopment. Routine exposure under current conditions is unlikely. Future intrusive activity that exposes subsurface soil at the subject property would be managed with a CMMP.

Elevated zinc concentrations were observed in soil at the subject property. However, DEQ has not established an RBC for zinc. Therefore, we compared zinc concentrations to EPA's RSL for industrial soil of 350,000 mg/kg. Zinc results were significantly less than the EPA RSL. Therefore, zinc in soil at the subject property does not pose an unacceptable risk.

## 6.7.1.3 VOCs

Ethylbenzene concentrations exceeded the DEQ RBC for the *Leaching to Groundwater* for occupational receptors. However, the BWUD concluded that groundwater in the shallow aquifer



is not suitable for potable or industrial uses. Therefore, the *Leaching to Groundwater* pathway is considered incomplete and ethylbenzene concentrations in soil do not pose an unacceptable risk.

### 6.7.1.4 PAHs

As noted previously, detected values of PAHs were less than RBCs. Therefore, PAHs do not pose an unacceptable risk at the subject property.

## 6.7.2 Groundwater

## 6.7.2.1 TPH

Diesel-range hydrocarbons exceeded the DEQ RBC for the *Vapor Intrusion into Buildings – Chronic* for commercial receptors. The exceedances were observed in samples collected from underneath the Russell Building in 2000. Results from groundwater samples collected from MW-3 in 2005 and 2009 were less than the applicable RBC. MW-3 is approximately 35 feet downgradient and slightly cross-gradient from samples collected in 2000. Therefore, diesel-range hydrocarbons in groundwater do not pose an unacceptable to risk at the subject property.

### 6.7.2.2 Metals

Metals results in groundwater samples collected to date were less than DEQ RBCs. Elevated zinc concentrations were observed in groundwater. However, DEQ has not established an RBC for zinc. We compared zinc concentrations to EPAs RSL for tap water of 6,000 µg/L. Zinc concentrations in groundwater samples collected at the subject property exceeded the EPA RSL for tap water. However, the BWUD concluded that groundwater in the shallow aquifer is not suitable for potable or industrial uses. Therefore, this tap water pathway is considered incomplete and zinc in groundwater does not pose an unacceptable risk.

### 6.7.2.3 VOCs

VC in groundwater samples exceeded the *Vapor Intrusion into Buildings – Chronic* for commercial receptors. The exceedances were observed in groundwater samples collected from MW-3 and MW-6 in 2005. VC results from subsequent samples collected from the same monitoring wells in 2009 were less than the MRL and less the applicable RBC. Therefore, VC in groundwater does not pose an unacceptable risk.

### 6.7.2.4 PAHs

As noted previously, detected values of PAHs were less than RBCs. Therefore, PAHs do not pose an unacceptable risk at the subject property.

## 7.0 CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Based on review and evaluation of soil and groundwater samples collected on site and off site to date, diesel-range hydrocarbons in soil pose unacceptable risk to construction worker receptors and lead in soil poses an unacceptable risk to occupational, construction worker, and excavation worker receptors. The risk is isolated to select areas of the subject property and is considered a completed pathway under future scenarios where excavation may be needed for maintenance purposes or redevelopment. Based on our review of the collective, updated information, we present the following general conclusions and recommendations:



- Soil and groundwater impacts have been adequately characterized through several phases of subsurface exploration.
- No beneficial uses of groundwater were identified within 0.5 mile of the subject property.
- Based on the Level 1 Ecological Scoping, we conclude that ecological risk is not suspected within the LOF.
- Lead and diesel-range hydrocarbons were detected in soil samples at concentrations exceeding DEQ's applicable RBCs. The most elevated concentrations of lead are generally situated near the former drywell location. Because the subject property is covered by asphalt concrete, buildings, and other hardscape material, we do not anticipate routine exposure to subsurface soil by occupational, construction workers, or excavation workers. However, future intrusive activity that exposes subsurface soil at the subject property may potentially encounter soil impacted with lead and/or diesel-range hydrocarbons. Consequently, the management of any such future invasive activity can be adequately controlled through the implementation of a CMMP to protect site workers.

Based on the information presented herein, generation of a CMMP and subsequent site closure appears warranted for the subject property. On behalf of Galvanizers, NV5 respectfully requests that DEQ issue a No Further Action determination.

\* \* \*

We appreciate your continued assistance on this project. Please call if you have any questions regarding this submittal.

Sincerely,



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## **FIGURES**

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File Name: \\nv5.com\shares\ORWIL\\E-L\galvanizer-1-02-03-day\_day | Layout: FIGURE 1
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FIGURE 2



LEGEND:

MONITORING WELL
ON-SITE CATCH BASIN
ON-SITE STORMLINE
GALVANIZERS COMPANY

TAX LOT BOUNDARY

SITE PLAN
GALVANIZERS COMPANY
PORTLAND, OR

GALVANIZER-1-02-03 NOVEMBER 2023

240

SITE PLAN BASED ON AERIAL PHOTOGRAPH DATED JUNE 14, 2022, OBTAINED FROM GOOGLE EARTH PRO.

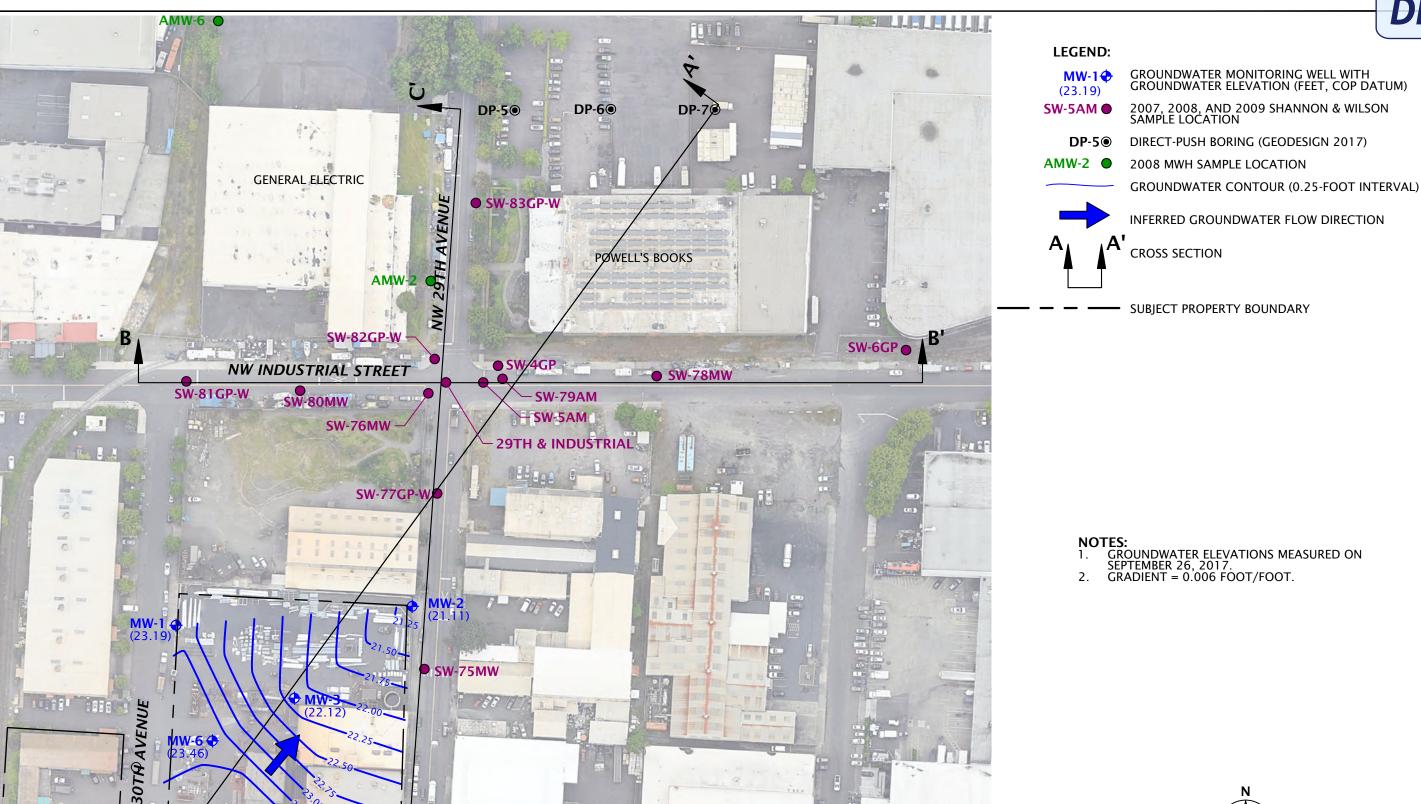
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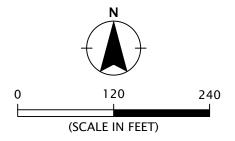
POTENTIOMETRIC SURFACE AND CROSS SECTIONS

GALVANIZERS COMPANY PORTLAND, OR

FIGURE



SW-74GP-W



SITE PLAN BASED ON AERIAL PHOTOGRAPH DATED JUNE 14, 2022, OBTAINED FROM GOOGLE EARTH PRO.

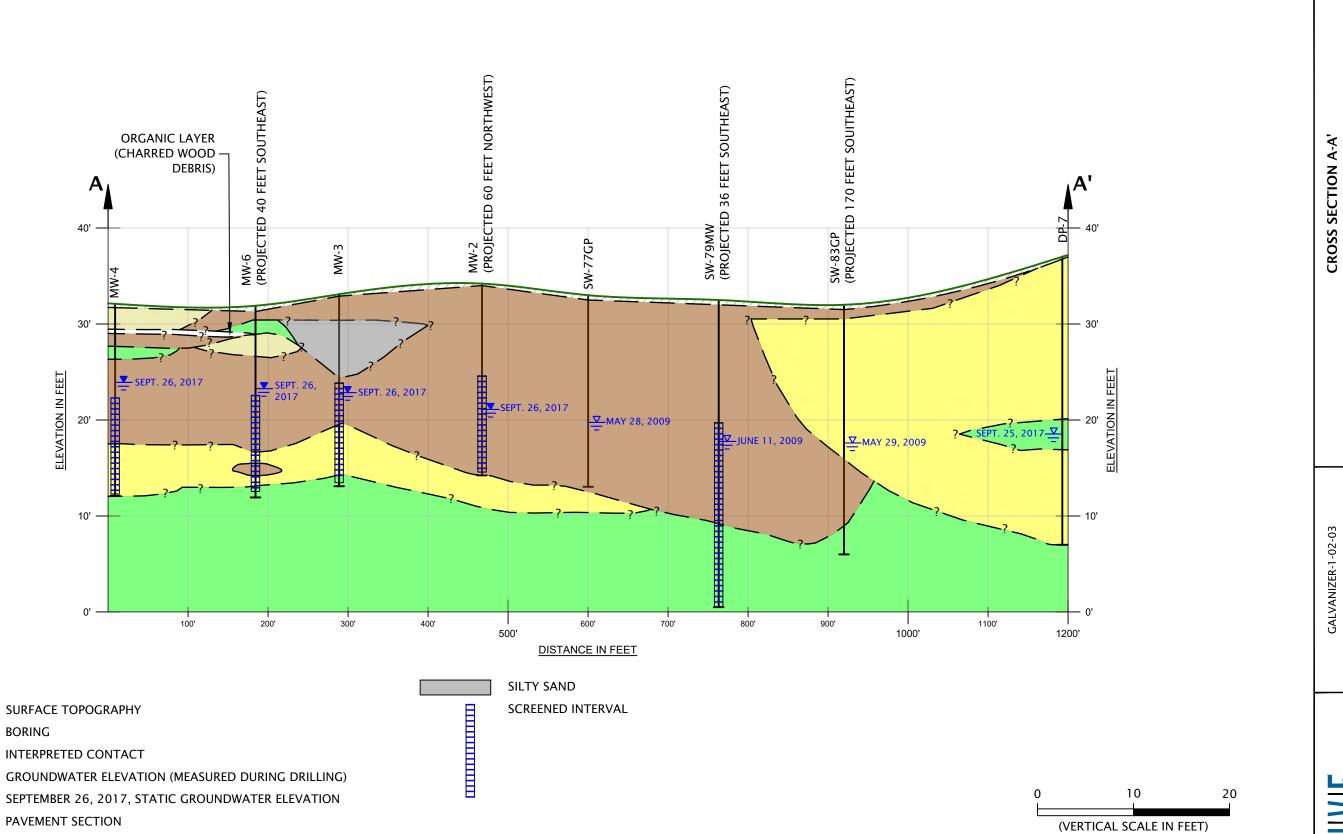
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GALVANIZER-1-02-03

NOVEMBER 2023

DRAFT

FIGURE 4



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LEGEND:

GRAVEL WITH SILT AND SAND

SILTY GRAVEL WITH SAND

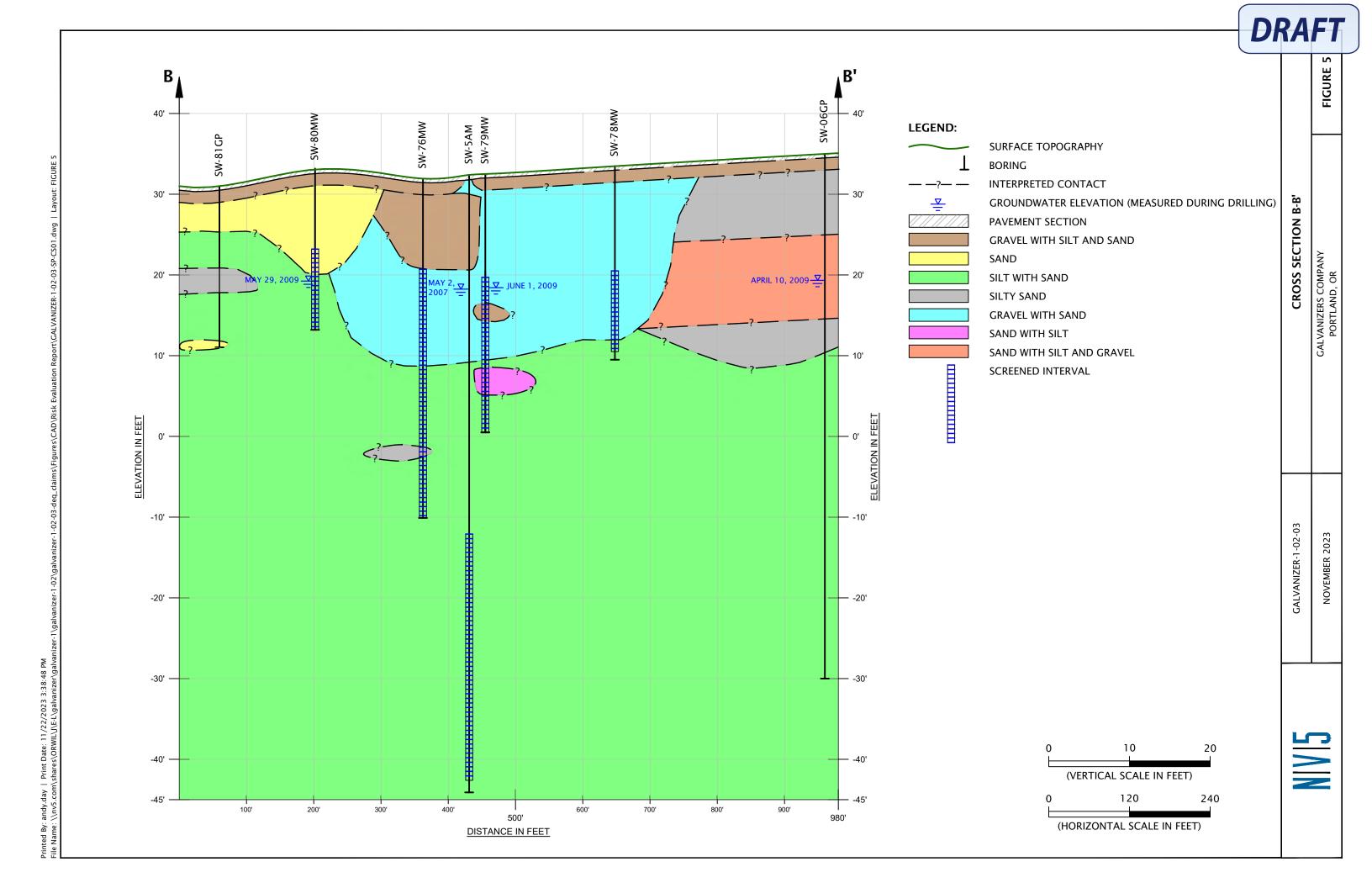
SAND

SILT WITH SAND

120

(HORIZONTAL SCALE IN FEET)

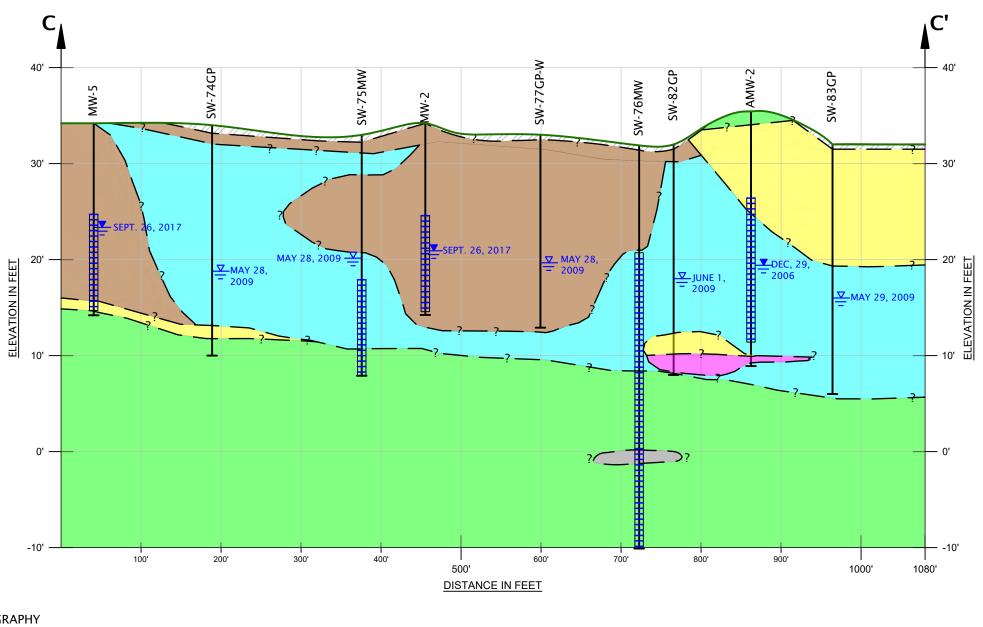
240



DRAFT

**CROSS SECTION** 

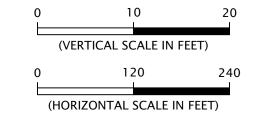
FIGURE 6



SURFACE TOPOGRAPHY **BORING** INTERPRETED CONTACT GROUNDWATER ELEVATION (MEASURED DURING DRILLING) STATIC GROUNDWATER ELEVATION PAVEMENT SECTION GRAVEL WITH SILT AND SAND SAND SILT WITH SAND SILTY SAND

**GRAVEL WITH SAND** 

SAND WITH SILT SCREENED INTERVAL



LEGEND:

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PREVIOUS INVESTIGATION SAMPLE LOCATIONS - ON SITE

GALVANIZERS COMPANY PORTLAND, OR

FIGURE



MONITORING WELL

ON-SITE CATCH BASIN

ON-SITE STORMLINE

GALVANIZERS COMPANY PROPERTY

TAX LOT BOUNDARY

1992/1993 SAMPLE

JULY 1996 SOIL BORING

NOVEMBER 1996 SOIL BORING

OCTOBER 1998 SOIL BORING

OCTOBER 1998 HEATING OIL UST SOIL BORING

NOVEMBER 1999 UNKNOWN BACKFILL MATERIAL SAMPLES

MAY 1999 SOIL SAMPLE

SEPTEMBER 1999 FREEMAN

JULY/SEPTEMBER 2000 SOIL BORINGS

OCTOBER 2001 TEST PIT

AUGUST 2001 CONFIRMATION SAMPLES

AREA OF 2001 DRY WELL CLOSURE

OCTOBER 2003 SOIL BORING

0 80 160
(SCALE IN FEET)

SITE PLAN BASED ON AERIAL PHOTOGRAPH DATED JUNE 14, 2022, OBTAINED FROM GOOGLE EARTH PRO.



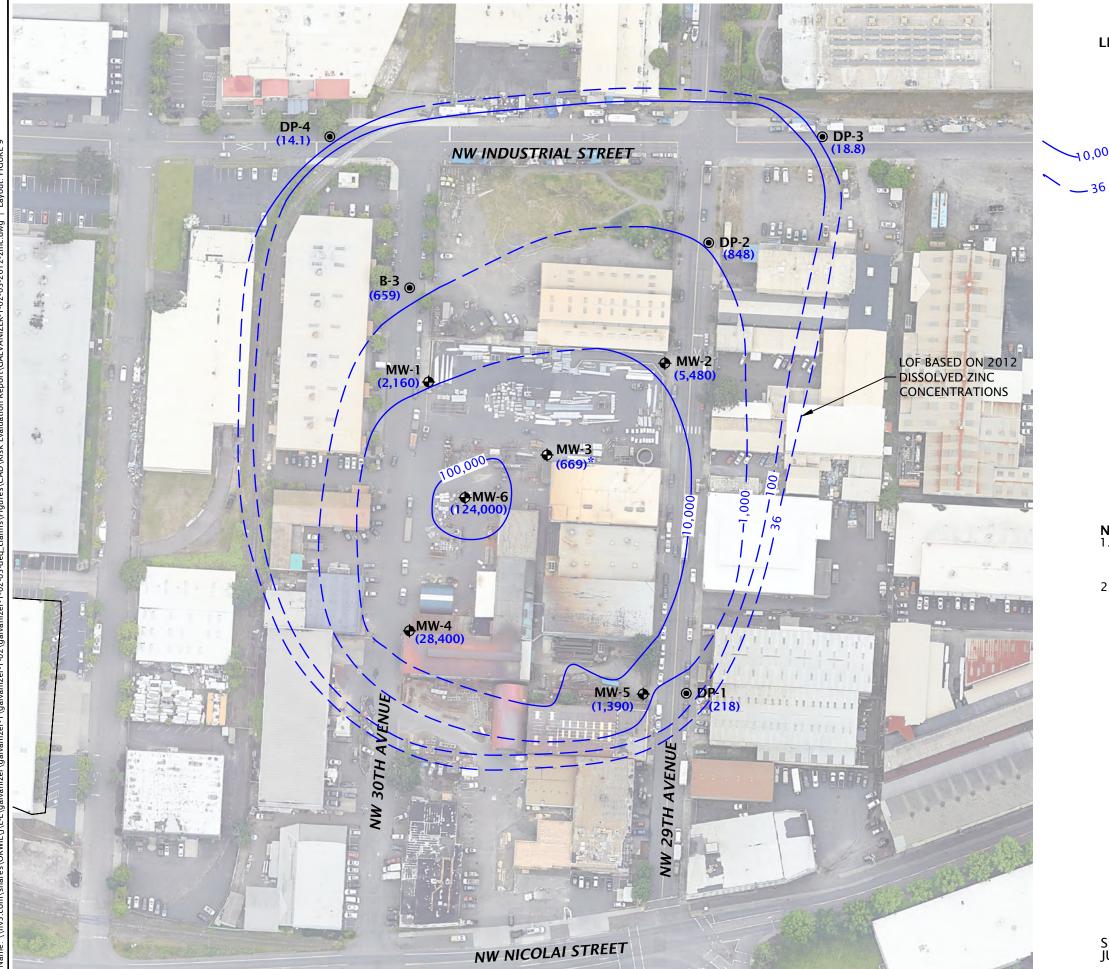




SITE PLAN - ISOCONCENTRATION CONTOURS - DISSOLVED ZINC 2012

GALVANIZERS COMPANY PORTLAND, OR

FIGURE



LEGEND:

**DP-1 ⊚** 

(669)

MW-1⊕ GROUNDWATER MONITORING WELL

DIRECT-PUSH BORING (GEODESIGN, 2012)

BORING BY BES (2012) B-3 **●** 

DISSOLVED ZINC CONCENTRATION ( $\mu$ g/L)

DISSOLVED ZINC ISOCONCENTRATION CONTOUR (INFERRED WHERE DASHED)

DEQ ECOLOGICAL RBC FOR WATER =  $36\mu g/L$  (INFERRED WHERE DASHED)

DATA POINT CONSIDERED AN OUTLIER AND THEREFORE NOT INCLUDED IN CONTOURS.

- NOTE:

  1. ANALYTICAL RESULTS SHOWN ARE FOR GROUNDWATER SAMPLES COLLECTED ON OCTOBER 8 AND 9, 2012, BY GEODESIGN AND NOVEMBER 6, 2012, BY COP BES.

  2. CONTOUR INTERVAL: LOGARITHMIC

240 (SCALE IN FEET)

SITE PLAN BASED ON AERIAL PHOTOGRAPH DATED JUNE 14, 2022, OBTAINED FROM GOOGLE EARTH PRO.



GALVANIZER-1-02-03

NOVEMBER 2023



SITE PLAN - ISOCONCENTRATION CONTOURS DISSOLVED ZINC 2017

GALVANIZER-1-02-03

NOVEMBER 2023

GALVANIZERS COMPANY PORTLAND, OR

FIGURE 10

**LEGEND:** MW-1 GROUNDWATER MONITORING WELL DP-5● DIRECT-PUSH BORING (GEODESIGN 2017) (2,600)DISSOLVED ZINC CONCENTRATION ( $\mu$ g/L) PROJECT SITE BOUNDARY ANALYTE NOT DETECTED GREATER THAN THE REFERENCED LABORATORY MDL DISSOLVED ZINC ISOCONCENTRATION CONTOUR (INFERRED WHERE DASHED) DEQ ECOLOGICAL RBC FOR WATER =  $36\mu g/L$ 

**OP-5** (5.9U)

NW 29TH AVENUE

GENERAL ELECTRIC

NW INDUSTRIAL STREET

MW-3

AVENUE

(149,000)

**DP-6** (5.9U)

**POWELL'S BOOKS** 

**⊙ DP-7** (5.9U)

LOF BASED ON 2017
DISSOLVED ZINC CONCENTRATIONS

- NOTE:

  1. ANALYTICAL RESULTS SHOWN ARE FOR GROUNDWATER SAMPLES COLLECTED ON SEPTEMBER 25 AND 26, 2017.

  2. CONTOUR INTERVAL: LOGARITHMIC

240

SITE PLAN BASED ON AERIAL PHOTOGRAPH DATED JUNE 14, 2022, OBTAINED FROM GOOGLE EARTH PRO.

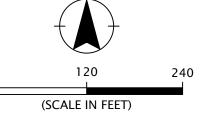
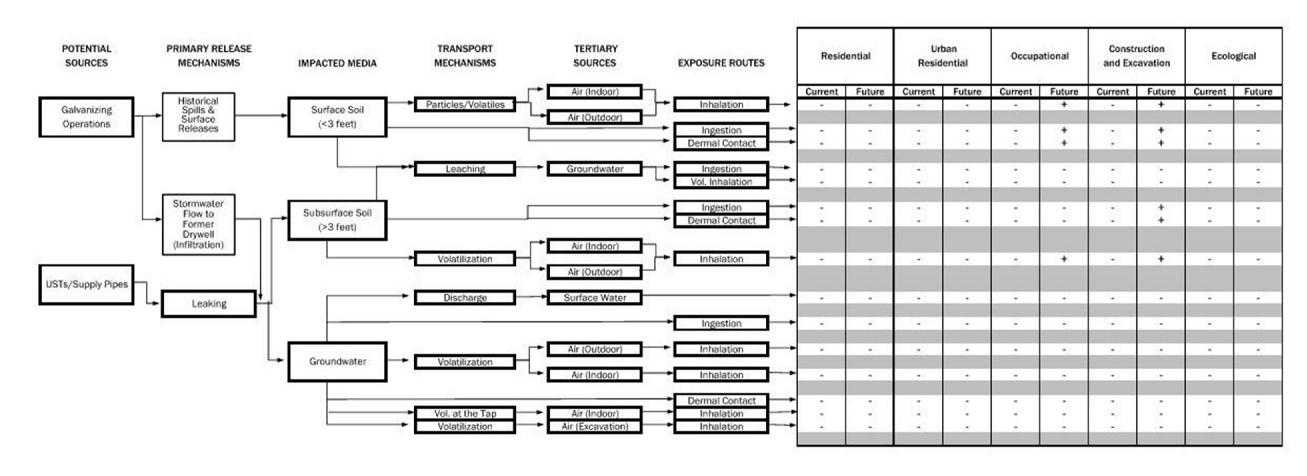




FIGURE 11 CONCEPTUAL SITE MODEL GALVANIZERS COMPANY PORTLAND, OR GALVANIZER-1-02-03 NOVEMBER 2023



## Notes:

- + This route is a primary source of exposure.
- There is no exposure by this route.

## **TABLES**

S	ple I.D.	Sample Date	Sampled By	HCID	Gasoline-Range Hydrocarbons	Completed Diesel- and Oil-Range Hydrocarbons		PAHs/SVOCs	PCBs	Metals	TCLP Metals	рН
S	SP				Hydrocarbons	_	VOCs	PAHs/SVOCs	PCBs	Metals		l nH
S S		02/40/00	1	002 1							Mictais	Pii
S S		00/40/00		.992 - 13	993 Plant Building	g Soil Sampling			•	•		
S	PD4	03/12/92					_		_		Х	_
	DFT.					-	-				Х	Х
S	SP2	05/06/92										Х
	SP3	03/00/92				-						Х
S	SP4					-						X
	A					-					Х	-
-	В	03/19/92					-				X	_
	С		a								X	-
	<u>D</u>	09/04/92	STI			-					X	-
	E					-					X	
	F	10/26/92									X	_
	G	10/28/92									X	-
	<u>H</u>	11/03/92									X	-
	6.5										X	-
	7.5	02/22/92										-
	<u>7.5</u> К	2/30/93 <sup>2</sup>									X	 X
	rv	∠/3U/93	10			Site Assessment				<u> </u>	^	_ ^
4.0	20/4		та		1				I	1	v	Ιν
	S-2/4 S-4/6										X	X
	6-4/6 6-2/4										X	X
	5-2/4 6-4/6										X	X
	10/12	07/12/96	ECS								X	X
	6-2/4	01/12/90	LOS								X	X
	10/12							<u></u>			X	X
	S-2/4										X	X
	S-4/6										X	X
	7 1/ 0				Gasoline UST So			l				<u> </u>
				X		Х						Ι_
	#2			X		X						-
	#3	11/11/96	ECS	X		X						<del>                                     </del>
	#4			X		X						_
					98 HOT Decomm			l				1
1-N(	orth-B			X								Τ
	outh-B	10/26/98	ECS	X		X						_
100	Jacii B				I and Groundwate			1				
	<u> </u>			X	l		Х	I	I	Х		Х
	- <u>1-1</u> -2-1					X -				X		X
	-4-1									X		X
	- <del></del> -5-1									X		X
-	-5-1 -5-4			X		<del></del>						^
	-5- <del>4</del> -5-8			X		X				X		X
	-7-1									X	Х	X
	-7-8	10/02/98	ECS							X	X	X
	-8-1				_	-	_			X	X	X
	-8-4									X	X	X
	8-10									X	X	X
	10-1									X	X	X
	face A									X	X	X
	face B									X	X	Х
		uilding 14 A	rea Sampli	ng, Kettle	e Gravels, and Alle	ey Soil Sampling Betwe	en Pla	nt & Building 1		1	<u> </u>	
Bldø 12	4 W-Pit-1'		<b>1</b>		-						Х	Х
	4 W-Pit-3'										X	X
	Recovery-"Extra"					-					X	X
	d Recovery-1'							-			X	X
	d Recovery-3'					<del>-</del>					X	X
Bldg.14-Aci	•	05/26/99	ECS								X	X
Bldg.14-Acid	d Recovery-5										X	X
Bldg.14-Aci											^	
Bldg.14-Acid	Fank Sludge #2 ey-North-"A"										X	X
Bldg.14-Acid Galvco-Flue T Galvco-Alld	Tank Sludge #2											
Bldg.14-Acio Galvco-Flue T Galvco-Allo Galvco-Allo	Fank Sludge #2 ey-North-"A"					-					Х	Х



	Sample Date By HCID Gasoline-Range Hydrocarbons Hydrocarbons UOCs PAHs/SVOCs PCBs M										
G-1 G-2	-	_	HCID	Gasoline-Range	_			PCRs	Metals	TCLP	рН
	2 0.00				•	1003	1 A113/ 3 7 0 0 3	1 003	Metais	Metals	Pii
		1999 k	Kettle Fo	undation Soil Ass	essment and Disposal			•	ı	•	
	06/28/99	ECS				_	-	-	Х	Х	_
G-2				-		-	_		Х	Х	
		ı	19	999 Building 14 U	nknowns	ı	<u>,                                      </u>		T	T	1
Acid Burned Soil									X	X	X
Green Mixed Unk	11/17/99	ECS							Х	X	Х
Black Soil	$\mathbf{H}^{-1}$		Х		Х	<b>X</b> <sup>3</sup>	-	-	 V	X	-   V
Gray/White Unk				Cit					Х	Х	Х
A 4.4	<u> </u>	I		Rick Russell Site	<u> </u>	4	l v	1	Τ	1	T
A-11 A-16	_				X	<b>X</b> <sup>4</sup> <b>X</b> <sup>4</sup>	X				-
B-13	$\dashv$				X X	X X <sup>4</sup>	X				<del>  -</del>
C-13	$\dashv$				X	X X <sup>4</sup>	X				
C-14	07/21/00				X	<b>X</b> <sup>4</sup>	X				<del>  -</del>
D-14	$\dashv$				X	X <sup>4</sup>	X				<u> </u>
F-10	_				X	X <sup>4</sup>	X	_			<u> </u>
F-14					X	X <sup>4</sup>	X	_			<u> </u>
G-12					X	-	_				<u> </u>
G-15					X	_	-	_			1 -
H-10		ECS			Х	_		_	-		_
H-15					Х						1
I-12					Х	$\mathbf{X}^4$	Х	-			_
I-15					Х	-	_	-	-		-
I-20	09/07/00				Х	-	_	-	-		-
J-14					Х			-	_		-
J-16					Х	_	-	-			_
K-11					X	-					-
K-15					X		-		-		
L-12					X			-	-		
L-16					X		_	-			
		20	01 Build	ling 14 Area Conf	irmation Samples						
Pit North Wall					X	-				Х	X
Pit Bottom	08/06/01	ECS			X			-	-	Х	>
Trench Pit Wall					X		_			Х	<b>)</b>
		2001 Stor	mwater (	System Improven	nents and Drywell Closເ	ıre					
North-4'			X	X	X	-		-	Х	Х	•
North-9'			Х	X	X	$X^4$	Х		X	X	>
South-9'								-	Х	Х	>
West-4'	09/20/01		Х		Х	-	-		Х		-
West-12'	_	ECS				_			Х		>
East-6'							-	_	Х	Х	_
Bottom-14'			Х	X	X	X <sup>4</sup>	Х		Х	Х	>
South Wall-9'-#2						_			Х	Х	_
Pit Bottom-14.5'-#2	10/03/01					-	-	-	Х	Х	_
Bldg. 14 Dirt Pile (H)						_	_	-		Х	-
			20	002 Alley Soil Ass	essment						
TP1-1.5'			Х	X	Х	X <sup>4</sup>	Х	-			_
TP1-2.5'				Х	Х	-	Х	-			
TP2-2'		ECS		Х	Х	-	-	-			_
TP2-4'	_				X	-	-	-	-		_
TP3-2'	10/12/01			Х	X	-	_				-
TP3-3'					X		-				-
TP4-1.5'	$\dashv$	500		Х	X		-				-
TP4-2.5'	$\dashv$	ECS			X		-				-
TP5-4.5'	$\dashv$			X	X	X <sup>4</sup>	Х				-
TP7-3'		2002 !!		X ST December in the state of t	X						_
110 T N	<u> </u>	2003 Heat			ng; 2429 NW 29th Aver		1			l .	1
H.O.T. South	10/22/03	NWES	X								
H.O.T. South			Х					-			_



	Sample	Sample Date By HCID Gasoline-Range Hydrocarbons Hydrocarbons VOCs PAHs/SVOCs PCBs Metals TCLP Metals PCBS APA - Monitoring Well Installations											
Sample I.D.	=	-	HCID			VOCs	PAHs/SVOCs	PCBs	Metals		рН		
		:	2005 XP	A – Monitoring W	ell Installations								
MW-1 (0-2.5)								_	Х				
MW-1 (2.5-5)	07/22/05					_		_	Х		<b>-</b>		
MW-1 (11.5-12.0)						_		_	Х		_		
MW-2 (0-2.5)						_		_	Х				
MW-2 (2.5-5)	7/21/05					_		_	Х				
MW-2 (13-13.5)						_		_	Х		T		
MW-3 (0-2.5)								_	Х		-		
MW-3 (2.5-5)	7/21/05								Х		-		
MW-3 (7-7.5)									Х		_		
MW-4 (0-2.5)		Anchor							Х		<b>†</b>		
MW-4 (2.5-5)	07/22/05								Х		<b>†</b>		
MW-4 (11.5-12)									Х		_		
MW-5 (0-2.5)									Х				
MW-5 (2.5-5)	7/21/05		_						X		<b>+</b>		
MW-5 (12.5-13)									Х		<b>+</b>		
MW-6 (0-2.5)					Х	Х	Х		Х		<b>+</b>		
MW-6 (2.5-5)	07/22/05				X	Х	X		Х		<b>†</b>		
MW-6 (10-12)	<del>-</del>				X	Х	X		Х		<b>+</b>		
- ( - /		19	999 J. A.	Freeman & Sons	Facility - Off Site					1			
GP-1-0-4'			Х		_								
GP-1-12'-16'			X										
GP-2-0-4'			X								_		
GP-2-8'-12'			X										
GP-3-0-4'			X								_		
GP-3-12'-16'			X										
GP-4-0-4'			X		Х			Х					
GP-4-4'-8'			X		X			_			+-		
GP-4-8'-12'			X					_			<del>-</del>		
GP-5-0-4'	09/15/99	EEM	X		X			_			+-		
GP-5-4'-8'			X		X			_			<del>  _</del>		
GP-5-8'-12'			X					_			+-		
GP-6-0-4'			X								<b>+</b>		
GP-6-12'-16'			X								<b>+</b>		
GP-7-0-4'			X								<b>+</b>		
GP-7-8'-12'			X								+-		
GP-8-0-4'			X					_			<del>  _</del>		
GP-8-8'-12'		-	X					_			<b>-</b>		
G. 00 12	l	2007			Assessment – Off Site	<u> </u>	l	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	]	<u> —</u>		
AMW-1					X		Х	Х	Х		T		
AMW-2	12/28/06				X		X	X	X				
AMW-3					X		X	X	X		<b>-</b>		
	12/27/06	AMEC			X		X	X	X		<b>-</b>		
AIVIVV-4							. /\	. /\					
AMW-4 AMW-5	12/29/06				Х		Х	Х	X		_		



	Sample	Sampled			Completed	Analy	/ses <sup>1</sup>				
Sample I.D.	Date	By	HCID	Gasoline-Range	Diesel- and Oil-Range	VOCs	PAHs/SVOCs	PCRs	Metals	TCLP	рŀ
	Bato	_		Hydrocarbons	Hydrocarbons	VOCS	FAIIS/ SVOCS	r CD3	Mictais	Metals	þi
		2007 -	- 2009 E	BCC Project Suppo	rt Sampling – Off Site						
SW-4GP 15-20	04/05/07		Х				Х	Х	Х		
SW-5AM 8:30 (15 ft)	05/02/07				-	Х					-
SW-5AM 10:07 (45 ft)	05/02/07		Х			Х	Х	Х	Х		
SW-30R-6	_			-		_		X			-
SW-30R-10	4				-			X			
SW-30R-15	4							X			-
SW-30R-20	_							X			
SW-30R-25 SW-30R-30	_							X			+-
SW-30R-35	03/17/08							X			<del>  -</del>
SW-30R-40	-							X			-
SW-30R-45	-					_		X			<del> </del>
SW-30R-50	-							X			+ -
SW-30R-55	_							X			<del>                                     </del>
SW-30R-60	-					_		X			<u> </u>
SW-56AM-5		1						X	Х		<u> </u>
SW-56AM-10	06/23/08		Х			Х	X	X	X		-
SW-56AM-15			X			X	X	X	X		1 -
SW-57AM-5			X		X	X	X	X	X		<u> </u>
SW-57AM-7.5	<b>-</b>		X			X	X	X	X		<b>†</b> -
SW-57AM-10	06/24/08		X			X	X	Х	X		<u> </u>
SW-57AM-15	7		Х			X	X	X	Х		† <u>-</u>
SW-58AM-2.5		Shannon	Х		Х	Х		Х	Х		-
SW-58AM-5		& Wilson	Х		Х	Х		Х	Х		-
SW-58AM-7.5	06/25/08		Х			Х		Х	Х		-
SW-58AM-10			Х			Х		Х	Х		-
SW-58AM-15	7		Х			Х		Х	Х		-
SW-59GP-2.5-3.3			Х		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	-
SW-59GP-7.0-7.9			Х		-	Х	Х	Х	Х		-
SW-59GP-10-10.9			Х			Х	Х	Х	Х		-
SW-59GP-15-15.9	06/18/08		Х		1	Х	Х	Х	Х		-
SW-59GP-20-20.9			Х			Х	X	Х	Х		-
SW-59GP-25-25.9			Х			Х	Х	Х	Х		_
SW-59GP-29-29.9			Х			Х	Х	Х	Х		-
SW-63GP-3.8-4.5	06/18/08		Х			Х	Х	Х	Х		-
SW-63GP-7-7.8	00, 10, 00		Х		-	Х	Х	Х	Х		-
SW-64AM-5	_		X		X	Х	Х	Х	Х		-
SW-64AM-7.5	06/26/08		X			Х	Х	Х	Х		ļ -
SW-64AM-10			Х			Х	Х	Х	Х		<u> </u>
SW-65GP 4-5	06/18/08		Х		-	Х	Х	Х	Х		-
SW-65GP 15-16	, ,		X			Х	X	Х	Х		-
SW-66AM-2.5	4		X		-	X	X	X	X		-
SW-66AM-5	06/26/08		X		X	X	X	X	X		-
SW-66AM-7.5	4		X		-	X	X	X	X		+-
SW-66AM-10		200	X			Х	X	Х	Х		
		20:		2013 BCC Support	Project - Off Site		ı	1	T	T	1
B3 0-5	4		X						X		-
B3 5-10	4		X						X		-
B3 10-15	4		X						X		-
B3 15-20	4		X			_			X		-
B4 0-5 B4 5-10	4	BES	X						X		+
₽/I <b>ト</b> 1/1	11/06/12		X						X		-
			X		 V				X		-
B4 10-15			X		X				X		+
B4 10-15 B5 0-5					X	-		-	Х	-	
B4 10-15 B5 0-5 B5 5-10	-		X								
B4 10-15 B5 0-5 B5 5-10 B5 10-15			Х		 V				Х		
B4 10-15 B5 0-5 B5 5-10 B5 10-15 B6 0-5	- - -	520	X X		X				X		-
B4 10-15 B5 0-5 B5 5-10 B5 10-15 B6 0-5 B6 5-10		520	X X X		X X				X X X		-
B4 10-15 B5 0-5 B5 5-10 B5 10-15 B6 0-5	03/06/13	J_5	X X		X				X		



	Sample	Sampled			Completed	Analy	ses <sup>1</sup>				
Sample I.D.	Date	By	HCID	Gasoline-Range	Diesel- and Oil-Range	VOCa	PAHs/SVOCs	DCD <sub>C</sub>	Motale	TCLP	nΠ
	Date	Бу	псір	Hydrocarbons	Hydrocarbons	VUCS	PARS/SVUCS	PUDS	wietais	Metals	рН

## Notes:

- 1. Test methods identified on individual chemical summary tables unless noted otherwise.
- 2. Date shown is as reported. It cannot be 02/30/93. Actual sample date is most likely 02/12/1993 based on information provided in analytical report.
- 3. Sample was also analyzed for TCLP VOCs by EPA Methods 1311/8260B.
- 4. Samples analyzed for BTEX only by EPA Method 8021B.
- X: Sample analyzed
- --: Sample not analyzed



					Completed Analy	ses <sup>1</sup>					
Sample I.D.	Sample Date	Sampled By	HCID	Gasoline-Range Hydrocarbons	Diesel- and Oil-Range Hydrocarbons	VOCs	PAHs/SVOCs	PCBs	Metals	рН	
			1992	- 1993 Plant Buildin	g Soil Sampling						
L	03/19/92	STI							Х	Х	
			1996 P	Phase II Environmenta	I Site Assessment						
#1-Tank Test Hole	05/18/96								Х	Х	
1-GW-12/16									Х	Х	
2-GW-12/16		ECS	-						Х	Х	
3-GW-12/16			-						Х	Х	
4-GW-12/16	07/12/96							-	Х	Х	
5-GW-12/16	01/12/90				-				Х	Х	
6-GW-12/16										X	Х
7-GW-12/16											X
8-GW-12/16									X	Х	
			1999	9 Soil and Groundwat	er Investigation						
S-7-W									Х	Х	
S-8-W	10/02/98	ECS							Х	Х	
S-9-W			-						Х	Х	
			2	2000 Rick Russell Sit	e Sampling						
B-water	07/04/00				Х	X <sup>2</sup>	Х		Х		
F-water	07/21/00	ECC			Х	X <sup>2</sup>	Х			-	
I-W	09/07/00	EUS			Х	Χ²	Х				
L-W	1 09/01/00	ECS -			Х						



	6				Completed Analy	ses <sup>1</sup>						
Sample I.D.	Sample Date	Sampled By	HCID	Gasoline-Range Hydrocarbons	Diesel- and Oil-Range Hydrocarbons	VOCs	PAHs/SVOCs	PCBs	Metals	рН		
			2005	- 2009 XPA Ground	water Monitoring							
MW-1				-	Х	Х	Х		Х	Х		
MW-2					Х	Х	Х		Х	Х		
MW-3	Varies	Anchor, MFA,	-		Х	Х	Х		Х	Х		
MW-4	varies	and GDI	-		Х	Х	Х		Х	Х		
MW-5	7		-		Х	Х	Х		Х	Х		
MW-6	7		-		Х	Х	Х		Х	Х		
			1999.	J. A. Freeman & Sons	Facility - Off Site							
GP-1-GW			Х	-	-	Х	-		Х			
GP-2-GW	7		Х			Х			Х			
GP-3-GW		EEM -	EEM -	EEM -	Х			Х			Х	
GP-4-GW	09/15/99				Х			Х			Х	
GP-5-GW	09/15/99				Х		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	
GP-6-GW			Х			Х			Х			
GP-7-GW			Х									
GP-8-GW			Х					-				
		2	2007 - 20	08 GE Groundwater A	Assessment - Off Site							
AMW-1					Х		Х	Χ	Х	Х		
AMW-2	11/12/09	N 4NA/LI			Х		Х	Х	Х	Х		
AMW-3	11/13/08	MWH			Х		Х	Х	Х	Х		
AMW-4	7				Х		Х	Х	Х	Х		
AMW-5	Varies	MWH, AMEC	-		Х		Х	Х	Х	Х		
AMW-6	11/13/08	MWH			Х		Х	Х	Х	Х		



	C				Completed Analys	ses <sup>1</sup>				
Sample I.D.	Sample Date	Sampled By	HCID	Gasoline-Range Hydrocarbons	Diesel- and Oil-Range Hydrocarbons	VOCs	PAHs/SVOCs	PCBs	Metals	рН
		2	007 - 200	09 BCC Project Suppo	ort Sampling – Off Site					
SW-04GP	04/05/07		Х	-	-	Х	Х	-	Х	
SW-05AM	Varies	•		-		Х		Х	Х	Х
SW-6GP	04/10/07	Shannon & Wilson BES	-	1	-1	-	Х	ı	Х	_
SW-60AM	Varies		Х	1	X	Х	X	ı	Х	Х
SW-63GP	06/18/08		Х	-		Х	X	Χ	X	
SW-64AM	08/28/08		Х	-		Х	X		X	
SW-65GP	06/18/08		Х	1	-	Х	X	Χ	X	
29th/Industrial	02/05/09	BES	-	1	1	_		1	Х	Х
SW-73MW	06/11/09	BES	-			Х			X	Х
SW-74GP-W	05/28/09		-	1	-	Х		ŀ	Х	Х
SW-75MW	06/11/09		-	1	-	Х		1	Х	Х
SW-76MW	Varies		-	-		Х		Χ	X	Х
SW-77GP-W	05/28/09	Shannon &	-	1	-	Х		ŀ	Х	Х
SW-78MW	Varies		-	-	<del></del>	Х		Х	Х	Х
SW-79MW	Varies	Wilson	-	1	-1	Х		Х	Х	Х
SW-80MW	Varies		-	1	<b></b>	Х		Х	Х	Х
SW-81GP-W	06/01/09					Х		-	Х	_
SW-82GP-W	06/01/09					Х		Χ	Х	Х
SW-83GP-W	05/29/09		-	-	-	Х		ı	Х	Х



	6				Completed Analy	ses <sup>1</sup>				
Sample I.D.	Sample Date	Sampled By	HCID	Gasoline-Range Hydrocarbons	Diesel- and Oil-Range Hydrocarbons	VOCs	PAHs/SVOCs	PCBs	Metals	рН
	11-15) 14-18) 14-18) 16-20) 15 ft 11/06/12 2 10 ft 03/06/13 BE		October	2012 Subsurface Exp	lorations - Off Site					
DP-1 (11-15)	2-2 (14-18) 2-3 (14-18) 2-4 (16-20)				-	-			Х	Х
DP-2 (14-18)	10/00/10	CDI	-						Х	Х
DP-3 (14-18)	10/06/12	GDI	-	-		-		_	Х	Х
DP-4 (16-20)	1		-	_	<b></b>			-	Х	Х
			2012 a	nd 2013 BCC Suppor	Project - Off Site					
B3 @ 15 ft	11/06/12	DEC	Х		_				Х	
B3E @ 10 ft	03/06/13	DEO	Х	-	Х				Х	
			Septembe	er 2017 Subsurface Ex	plorations - Off Site					
DP-5(20.0-22.0)	09/25/17			-					Х	Х
DP-5(27.0-29.0)	09/25/17			_	-				Х	Х
DP-7(20.0-22.0)	09/25/17	GDI	-	-		-			Х	Х
DP-7(27.0-29.0)	09/25/17	GDI	-	-					Х	Х
DP-6(20.0-22.0)	09/25/17		1	-	<b></b>	_	-		Х	Х
DP-6(27.0-29.0)	09/25/17		-			_			Х	Х

### Notes:

- 1. Test methods identified on individual chemical summary tables, unless noted otherwise.
- 2. Samples analyzed for BTEX only by EPA Method 8021B.
- X: Sample analyzed
- --: not analyzed



# TABLE 3 Summary of Soil Sample Chemical Analytical Results Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons and PCBs Galvanizers Company Portland, Oregon

Sample I.D.	Date	Sample Depth (feet BGS)	-	arbon Identi thod NWTPI Diesel		Gasoline-Range Hydrocarbons by Method NWTPH- Gx (mg/kg)	Hydro by Metho	nd Oil-Range ocarbons d NWTPH-Dx g/kg) Heavy Oil	PCBs by EPA Method 608/8082 (mg/kg)
	•		1996	Gasoline US	ST Soil Samp	oling			
#1		4 - 8	20 U	50 U	DET			450 <sup>1</sup>	
#2	44 (44 (00	4 - 8	20 U	50 U	DET			1,200 <sup>1</sup>	
#3	11/11/96	4 - 8	20 U	50 U	i e			4,900 <sup>1</sup>	
#4		4 - 8	20 U	50 U	DET			15,000 <sup>1</sup>	
			1998 Hea	ating Oil Tan	k Decommi	ssioning		1,	
1-North-B		NA	20.0 U	DET	100 U		5,710	500 U	
1-South-B	10/26/98	NA	20.0 U	50.0 U	100 U				
			l l		dwater Inves	tigation			
S-1-1		1	20 U	DET	DET		25 U	123	
S-5-4	10/02/98	4	20 U	50 U					
S-5-8		8	20 U	50 U	DET		25 U	66.4	
					14 Unknowr	1	20 0	00.4	
Black Soil <sup>2</sup>	11/17/00	NA	20.0 U	50.0 U	DET		1,000 U	15 200	
Black Soll	11/17/99	INA					1,000 0	15,200	
A 4.4	<del></del>	4.4	1		II Site Samp	1	0.700	005	
A-11	<b>⊣</b>	11					3,720	895	
A-16	<b>⊣</b> ∣	16					25.0 U		
B-13	<b>⊣</b> ∣	13					3,540	50.0 U	
C-13	07/21/00	13 14					13,300	1,070	
C-14							2,830	50.0 U	
D-14	_	14 10					306	67.0	
F-10							500 U	,	
F-14 G-12		14 12					25.0 U 25.0 U	33.3	
G-15		15				-			
H-10		10					250 U	572	
H-15		15					25.0 U		
I-12		12					4,410	425	
I-15	00/07/00	15					25.0 U		
I-20	09/07/00	20					25.0 U		
J-14		14					3,970	397	
J-16		16					25.0 U	50.0 U 50.0 U	
K-11		11					25.0 U		
K-15		15					25.0 U	00.0	-
L-12		12					25.0 U		
L-16		16					25.0 U	50.0 U	
			2001 Buildi	ng 14 Area	Confirmation	n Samples		r	
Pit North Wall		NA					1,340	2,800	
Pit Bottom	08/06/01	NA					757	3,020	
Trench Pit Wall		NA			-		32.9	118	
				-		rywell Closure			
North-9'	_	9	DET	DET	DET	75.8	5,220	10,900	
North-4'	09/20/01	4	DET	DET	DET	201	477	334	
West-4'		4	20 U	DET	DET		161	290	
Bottom-14'		14	DET	DET	DET	28.1	1,460	3,520	
					l Assessmer				
TP1-1.5'		1.5	DET	DET	DET	173	5,270	2,320	
TP1-2.5'		1.5				5.46	100	103	
TP2-2'		2		-		545	867	635	
TP2-4'	_	4		-			25.0 U	00.0	
TP3-2'	10/12/01	2		1		674	7,440	3,240	
TP3-3'		3		-			73.2	160	
TP4-1.5'	_	1.5				111	697	1,030	
TP4-2.5'	_	2.5					85.8	181	
TP5-4.5'	_	4.5				2.00 U	4,650	7,020	
TP7-3'		3				91.7	2,330	1,170	
		2003 H	leating Oil US	ST Decomiss	sioning; 242	9 NW 29th Avenue			
H.O.T. South	10/22/03	6 - 7	20.0 U	50.0 U	100 U				
H.O.T. North	10/22/03	6 – 7	20.0 U	50.0 U	100 U				
			2005 XP/	A – Monitori	ng Well Insta	allations			
MW-6 (0-2.5)		0 - 2.5					91.1 U	1,910	
MW-6 (2.5-5)	07/22/05	2.5 - 5					16.9 U		
- \—		10 - 12					16.3 U		

# TABLE 3 Summary of Soil Sample Chemical Analytical Results Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons and PCBs Galvanizers Company Portland, Oregon

Sample I.D.	Date	Sample Depth (feet BGS)	-	Met	arbon Ide thod NW Diese	/TPF		Gasoline-Range Hydrocarbons by Method NWTPH- Gx (mg/kg)	Hy	dro thoo (m	nd Oil-Range carbons d NWTPH-Dx g/kg) Heavy Oil	PCBs by EPA Method 608/8082 (mg/kg)
									Diesei		neavy Oil	
<b>27</b> / 2 ··		•					Sons Facility				_	
GP-1-0-4'	_	0 - 4	20	U	50	U	100 U					-
GP-1-12'-16'	_	12 - 16	20	U	50	U	100 U		-			
GP-2-0-4'	_	0 – 4	20	U	50	U			-			
GP-2-8'-12'		8 - 12	20	U	50	U	100 U					
GP-3-0-4'		0 - 4	20	U	50	U	100 U					
GP-3-12'-16'		12 - 16	20	U	50	U	100 U					
GP-4-0-4'	_	0 – 4	20	U	DET		DET		84		1,200	0.05 U
GP-4-4'-8'	_	4 - 8	20	U	50	U	DET		25	U	450	
GP-4-8'-12'	09/15/99	8 - 12	20	U	50	U	100 U		-			
GP-5-0-4'	30, 20, 00	0 - 4	20	U	50	U	DET		25	U	390	
GP-5-4'-8'		4 - 8	20	U	50	U	DET		25	U	190	
GP-5-8'-12'		8 - 12	20	U	50	U	100 U	-				-
GP-6-0-4'		0 - 4	20	U	50	U	100 U					-
GP-6-12'-16'	]	12 - 16	20	U	50	U	100 U	-				-
GP-7-0-4'	]	0 - 4	20	U	50	U	100 U					-
GP-7-8'-12'	]	8 - 12	20	U	50	U	100 U					-
GP-8-0-4'		0 – 4	20	U	50	U	100 U					
GP-8-8'-12'		8 - 12	20	U	50	U	100 U					
		20	07 - 200	08 G	E Groun	dwa	iter Assessn	nent - Off Site				
MW01-S0-1 (AMW-1)		0 - 1							3.77	U		<b>0.0146</b> J
MW01-S0-3 (AMW-1)	1	1.5 - 3							3.72	U		0.0123 U
MW02-S0-1 (AMW-2)	12/28/06	0 - 1							9.21			0.767
MW02-S0-3 (AMW-2)	1	1.5 - 3							12.8			0.0116 U
MW03-S0-1 (AMW-3)		0.5 - 1.5							213			1.66
MW03-S0-3 (AMW-3)	1	2 - 3.5							20.9			0.0118 U
MW04-S0-1 (AMW-4)	12/27/06	0.5 - 1							385			0.0849
MW04-S0-3 (AMW-4)		1 - 2.5							3.51	U		0.0119 U
MW05-S0-1 (AMW-5)		0.5 - 2							3.57	U		1.65
MW05-S0-3 (AMW-5)	1	2 - 3.5							3.59	U		0.184
MW05-S0-6.5 (AMW-5)	1	5 - 6.5							3.62	U		0.76
MW05-S0-11.5 (AMW-5)	12/29/06	10 - 11.5							3.71	U		0.0125 U
MW05-S0-16.5 (AMW-5)	12/23/00	15 - 16.5							4.39	П		0.0692
MW06-S0-1 (AMW-6)	1	0.5 - 1.5							4.76	$\dashv$	<del></del>	1.23
MW06-S0-3 (AMW-6)	1	1.5 - 3						-	79.1	-		0.0625 J
WWW00-30-3 (AWW-0)				O BC		ot C	upport Same	nling Off Site	13.1	,	<del></del>	0.0025
014 405 45 00	04/05/07							pling – Off Site				1 3
SW-4GP 15-20	04/05/07	15 - 20	20	U	50	U						0.015 <sup>3</sup>
SW-5AM 10:07 (45 ft)	05/02/07	45	20	U	50	U	100 U		-			0.020 U
SW-30R-6	_	6			-							0.0144
SW-30R-10	_	10										0.020 U
SW-30R-15	4	15										0.020 U
SW-30R-20	4	20			-							0.020 U
SW-30R-25	4	25			-							0.020 U
SW-30R-30	03/17/08	30			-							0.020 U
SW-30R-35		35			-							0.020 U
SW-30R-40		40			-							0.020 U
SW-30R-45	<b>.</b>	45										0.020 U
SW-30R-50	1	50			-				-			0.020 U
SW-30R-55	_	55	-		_				-			0.020 U
SW-30R-60		60			-				-			0.020 U
SW-56AM-5		5										0.020 U
SW-56AM-10	06/23/08	10	20	U	50	U	100 U					0.020 U
SW-56AM-15		15	20	U	50	U	100 U					0.020 U
SW-57AM-5	1	5	20	U	50	U	DET <sup>5</sup>		25	U	50 L	
SW-57AM-7.5	06/24/08	7.5	20	U	50	U	100 U					0.020 U
SW-57AM-10	] -, = 1, 33	10	20	U	50	U	100 U					0.010 <sup>3</sup>
SW-57AM-15		15	20	U	50	U	100 U	-				0.020 U
SW-58AM-2.5	]	2.5	20	U	50	U			25	U	337	0.020 U
SW-58AM-5	]	5	20	U	50	U	DET <sup>5</sup>		25	U	247	0.020 U
SW-58AM-7.5	06/25/08	7.5	20	U	50	U	100 U					0.020 U
SW-58AM-10		10	20	U	50	U	100 U				-	0.020 U
344-304IVI-10	-	15										

## TABLE 3 **Summary of Soil Sample Chemical Analytical Results Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons and PCBs Galvanizers Company** Portland, Oregon

Sample I.D.	Date	Depth by (feet BGS)			arbon Ide hod NWI				Gasoline-Range Hydrocarbons by Method NWTPH- Gx	Н	lydro etho	nd Oil-Range carbons d NWTPH-Dx g/kg)	PCBs by E Method 608/808 (mg/kg	d 82
			Gasolii	ne	Diesel		Heavy Oil		(mg/kg)	Diese	el	Heavy Oil	(6/ 1/2	<i>,,</i>
SW-59GP-2.5-3.3		2.5	20	U	50	U	DET <sup>5</sup>			25	U	202	$0.182^3$	
SW-59GP-7.0-7.9		7	20	U	50	U	100	U	_	_			0.020	U
SW-59GP-10-10.9		10	20	U	50	U	100	U	-	_			0.020	U
SW-59GP-15-15.9	06/18/08	15	20	U	50	U	100	U	-				0.020	U
SW-59GP-20-20.9		20	20	U	50	U	100	U					0.020	U
SW-59GP-25-25.9		25	20	U	50	U	100	U					0.020	U
SW-59GP-29-29.9		29	20	U	50	U	100	U					0.020	U
SW-63GP-3.8-4.5	06/18/08	3.8 - 4.5	20	U	50	U	100	U					0.020	U
SW-63GP-7-7.8	00/10/08	7 – 7.8	20	U	50	U	100	U					0.020	U
SW-64AM-5		5	20	U	50	U	DET <sup>5</sup>			25	U	156	0.020	U
SW-64AM-7.5	06/26/08	7.5	20	U	50	U	100	U	-				0.020	U
SW-64AM-10		10	20	U	50	U	100	U	-				0.020	U
SW-65GP 4-5	06/19/09	4 - 5	20	U	50	U	100	U	-				0.020	U
SW-65GP 15-16	06/18/08	15 - 16	20	U	50	U	100	U					0.020	U
SW-66AM-2.5		2.5	20	U	50	U	100	U					0.020	U
SW-66AM-5	06/06/08	5	20	U	DET		DET <sup>5</sup>	T		75	U	1,190	0.020	U
SW-66AM-7.5	06/26/08	7.5	20	U	50	U	100	U					0.020	U
SW-66AM-10		10	20	U	50	U	100	U	-				0.020	U
	•		20:	12 B	CC Supp	ort	Project -	Off	Site					
B3 0-5		0 - 5	20	U	50	U	100	U		_			_	
B3 5-10		5 - 10	20	U	50	U	100	U					_	
B3 10-15		10 - 15	20	U	50	U	100	U						
B3 15-20		15 - 20	20	U	50	U	100	U						
B4 0-5		0 - 5	20	U	50	U	100	U						
B4 5-10		5 - 10	20	U	50	U	100	U						
B4 10-15	11/06/12	10 - 15	20	U	50	U	100	U						
B5 0-5		0 - 5	20	U	DET		DET	寸		500	U	2,600		
B5 5-10		5 - 10	20	U	50	U		U						
B5 10-15		10 - 15	20	U	50	U	DET	寸		120	U	480		
B6 0-5		0 - 5	20	U	50	U	DET	十		25	U	130		
B6 5-10		5 - 10	20	U	50	U	DET	十		120	U			
				13 E		ort	Project - 0	Off	Site					
B3E 5-10		5 - 10	20	U	50	U	T	U						
B3E 10-15	03/06/13	10 - 15	20	U	50	U	ł	U						
B3E 15-20		15 - 20	20	U	50	U		U						
DEQ Generic RBCs <sup>6</sup>							•							
Soil Ingestion, Dermal Con	tact, and Inha	lation						_						
Occupational	-act, and mila		NE	Ī	NE		NE	丁	20,000	14,00	00	NE	0.59	
Construction Worker			NE		NE		NE NE	+	9,700	4,600		NE	4.9	
Excavation Worker			NE		NE		NE NE	+	>Max	24,000 >Max		NE NE	140	
Volatilization to Outdoor A	ir		INC		INL		INL	ㅗ	/ IVIAA	- IVIA)	٨	INL	1 140	
Occupational		1	NE	ı	NE		NE	一	69,000	>Max	<u> </u>	NE	>Csat	
Leaching to Groundwater			INE		INE		INE	_	09,000	/IVId)	^	INC	/USal	
		1	NIE	ı	NIE		NIE	一	120	> N.A	.,	NIF	1 1	
Occupational			NE		NE		NE	丄	130	>Max	X	NE	1.1	

## Notes:

- 1. Samples analyzed by method DEQ TPH-418.1 Modified.
- 2. Sample represents material that was subsequently transported off site for disposal.
- 3. Concentration shown is for Aroclor 1260; other Aroclors were less than the laboratory MRLs.
- 4. Concentration shown is for Aroclor 1254; other Aroclors were less than the laboratory MRLs.
- 5. Results shown are for Lube Oil, as shown in source report.
- 6. DEQ Generic RBCs dated May 2018, amended June 2023 >Csat: This soil RBC exceeds the limit of three-phase equilibrium partitioning.

DET: analyte detected

- J: The identification of the analyte is acceptable; the reported value is an estimate.
- >Max: The constituent RBC for this pathway is calculated as greater than 1,000,000 mg/kg or 1,000,000 mg/L. Therefore, this substance is deemed not to pose risks in this scenario.
- U: Not detected. Reporting or detection limit shown.

Bolding indicates analyte detection.

Shading indicates concentration exceeding one or more of DEQ's generic RBCs.

-: not analyzed



## TABLE 4 Summary of Soil Sample Chemical Analytical Results Total Metals, TCLP Metals, and pH Galvanizers Company Portland, Oregon

										P	ortland, Orego	)II												
Sample I.D.	Date	Depth (feet BGS)	рН	Total Metals by EPA 6000/7000 Series Methods (mg/kg)													тс	TCLP Metals by EPA 1311 and 6000/7000 Series Methods (mg/L)						
				Antimony	Arsenic	Barium	Beryllium	Cadmium	Chromium	Copper	Lead	Manganese	Mercury	Nickel	Selenium	Silver	Thallium	Zinc	Barium	Cadmium	Chromium	Iron	Lead	Zinc
	00/40/00		1	T	1		1					Soil Sampling		1	1	1		1	1		0.4		<del></del>	
SP SP1	03/12/92		8.3	-	-		-		-			-		-	-	-		-		0.1 U	0.1 U	<b>4.00</b> 0.1 U	0.1 U	91.2
SP2	05/06/92	Stockpile	7.8	_	_	=	_	_	-			-			_	_		_			_	-		-
SP3			6.0	-	-	-				-	-		-		-	-		-			-	-		-
SP4		7.5	6.7	-	-	-		-	-		-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-			- 0.04	- 0.4	- 40.0
A B	03/19/92	7.5 7.5	_	-	-	-		-	-			-	<u></u>		-	-				0.1 U 0.1 U	0.1 U 0.1 U	0.31 0.1 U	0.1 U 0.1 U	49.3 11.3
C	, ., .	7.5	-	-	-	=		=		=	-		_		_	-		-		0.1 U	0.1 U	0.22	0.1 U	16.8
D	09/04/92	6	-	-	-	-	-			-	-		-			-	-	-		0.1 U	2.27	170	0.25 U	548
F		8 7.5	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	_		-				-		-		0.1 U	<b>0.744</b> 0.1 U	241 5.95	0.25 U 0.1 U	592 4.68
G	10/28/92	7.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	0.1 U	0.1 U	0.225	0.1 U	2.66
Н	11/03/92	7.5	-		-					-	-		-	-			-	-	-	0.1 U	0.1 U	0.1 U	0.1 U	17.0
J 6.5		7.5 6.5	-	-	-		-		-		-	-	<u>-</u> -	-	-	-		-		0.1 U 0.1 U	0.1 U 0.1 U	0.1 U 39.4	<b>1.36</b> 0.1 U	7.59 J 16.8
J 7.5	02/22/92	7.5	-		-		_				_	-		-	-		_	_	-	0.1 U	0.1 U	49.6	0.1 U	40.1
К	2/30/93 <sup>1</sup>	8	2.7	-		=	-	=	=	-		-	-	=	-			-	=	0.1 U	0.1 U	5.11	0.787	181
1996 Phase II Environmental Site Assessment																								
1-S-2/4 1-S-4/6		2 - 4 4 - 6	5.0 5.2	-	-	-	-	_	-			-			-	-			-		_		0.1 U 0.1 U	
2-S-2/4		2 - 4	4.6	_	-	-		-	-			-		-	-			-	-	-			0.1 U	
2-S-4/6	07/12/96	4 - 6	4.8	-						-		-		-				-	-	-			0.1 U	J
2-S-10/12		10 - 12	4.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.1 U	
3-S-2/4 4-S-10/12		2 - 4 10 - 12	5.9 4.9			-	_					-		-	-			-	-	_			0.1 U 0.1 U	
5-S-2/4		2 - 4	6.9				-	=	-	-	-	-	_	-		-		-		-		-	0.1 U	J
8-S-4/6		4 - 6	6.9		-		-	=			-		-			-		-		-		-	0.1 U	J
0.1.1			7.05	T	1		1					r Investigation		1	T	1		740	1					
S-1-1 S-2-1	 	<u> </u>	7.05 5.11	-	-	_	-	_	12.3 13.9	_	37.2 49.5	-		-	-	-		74.8		-		-	_	-
S-4-1		1	4.65	-	-	-		-	16.9	-	116	-	-	-	_	-		-			-	-		_
S-5-1		1	4.44	-	-	=	-	=	11.2	-	287		-	-	-	-		903		-	-	-		-
S-5-8 S-7-1	-	8	4.54 5.77	_	-	_	-	_	28.7 37.8		293 410	-		-	-	_		769 11,600	-	-	0.018		0.2 U	J
S-7-8	10/02/98	8	4.42	-	-	-	-	-	12.3	_	10 l	J	-	-	_	-	-	621	_	-	0.010 U	-	0.2 U	,
S-8-1	1	1	5.36	-	-	=		=	201		832		-	-		-		106,000	-		0.089	-	0.255	-
S-8-4 S-8-10		4 10	3.51 4.16	_	-	_	_	-	72.2 17.6		61.2 16.6	-	-	-	-	-		7,140 1,110	-	-	0.065 0.011		0.2 U 0.2 U	J J
S-10-1		1	7.10	_	-	_	-	-	43.5	_	207	<del> </del>	_	-	_	-	-	17,000	_	-	0.011 U	_	0.2 U	
Surface A	,	Surface	6.02	-			-		58.0		4,090	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-		6.58	-
Surface B		Surface	5.64				- 10	- OO Puilding 14	138	Kattle Cres	2,070	Legil Compline	Dlant (	- Duilding 1.4	-		-	-	-	-	-		7.77	-
Bldg.14 W-Pit-1'		1	7.43		1 _		_ 18	999 Building 14	Area Samplin	ig, Kettle Grav	veis, and Alley	Soil Sampling E	setween Plant o	k Building 14	_			_	0.394		0.0250 U		0.0250 U	1
Bldg.14 W-Pit-3'		3	7.43	_	_	_	-				-			-	-	_		-	0.598	-	0.0250 U		0.0250 U	
Bldg.14-Acid Recovery-"Extra"			6.30	-	-	-		-	-	_	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	0.905	-	0.0500 U	-	8.30	-
Bldg.14-Acid Recovery-1' Bldg.14-Acid Recovery-3'		3	4.42 4.73	-		-		_			-				-	-		-	0.614 0.642		0.0250 U 0.0250 U		0.144 0.0250 U	- I
Bldg.14-Acid Recovery-5'	05/26/99	5	4.73	_	_	_	_				-	-			-	-		-	0.850		0.0250 U		0.0230 0	-
Galvco-Flue Tank Sludge #2		NA	6.16	=	-	=	-	=		=	-		-		-	=		-	0.802		0.0500 U	-	2.71	-
Galvoo-Alley-North-"A"		0 - 1	5.27		-	-			-		-				-	-		-	0.188		0.0250 U		0.0250 U	
Galvco-Alley-North-"B" Galvco-Alley-North-"C"		3 5.5	4.17 3.98	-	-	-	-	-	-		_	-		_	-	-			0.407 0.280		0.0250 U 0.0250 U		0.0250 U 0.0250 U	
Galvco-Kettle E&W Comp.		Composite	-		-	-	-			-	-	-		-	-		-	-	-	-		-	0.200 U	
			,						1999 Ke	ettle Foundat		ssment and Disp	osal											
G-1 <sup>2</sup> G-2 <sup>2</sup>	06/28/99	NA NA	-	-				-	-		1,800 294	-		-					_	0.025 0.033	0.01 U 0.01 U		0.388 4.78	-
\tag{\tau-2}		IVA			1 -				-		uilding 14 Unl			ı –		1				0.033	U.UI U		7.10	
Acid Burned Soil <sup>2</sup>		NA	4.22	-	_	-	-	1.69	103	-	651	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	_	0.0100 U	0.0100 U	_	0.200 U	J -
Green Mixed Unk <sup>2</sup>	11/17/99	NA	4.57	-	-	-		6.51	119		9,630	-		-	-			-	-	0.0170	0.0100 U	-	15.9	-
Black Soil <sup>2</sup> Gray/White Unk <sup>2</sup>	, = : , 55	NA NA	6.26	-	-			546	10.8	-	10,100	-		-	-			-	-	0.0140 2.13	0.0100 U 0.0100 U		0.885 18.8	-
Gray/ Wille Olik		INA	0.20					040				mation Samples		1		1	_		_	2.10	0.0100 0	_	10.0	
Pit North Wall		~1.5	4.03	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-		-	-	0.0500 U		-	0.322	_
Pit Bottom	08/06/01	~1.5	4.38	-		-			-	-		-		-	-	-		-		0.0500 U	0.0500 U	-	0.0978	-
Trench Pit Wall		~1.5	6.08	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	_		-		_	-		-	-	0.0734	0.0500 U	_	1.40	-

## TABLE 4 Summary of Soil Sample Chemical Analytical Results Total Metals, TCLP Metals, and pH Galvanizers Company Portland, Oregon

Sample I.D.	Date	Depth (feet BGS)	рН	Total Metals by EPA 6000/7000 Series Methods (mg/kg)													TCLP Metals by EPA 1311 and 6000/7000 Series Methods (mg/L)							
		(ICCL DGS)	•	Antimony	Arsenic	Barium	Beryllium	Cadmium	Chromium	Copper	Lead	Manganese	Mercury	Nickel	Selenium	Silver	Thallium	Zinc	Barium	Cadmium	Chromium	Iron	Lead	Zinc
					•				2001 Storm	nwater Syste	em Improveme	nts and Drywel	Closure		•				•				<u> </u>	
North-4'		4				_		87.7	69.1	_	2,600			-	-	-		14,500			-	_	0.416	_
North-9'	1	9	6.78			-		22.3	256	-	3,200	-		-	-	-		9,530			-	-	0.918	-
South-9 <sup>12</sup>	09/20/01	9	4.45	-	-	-		-	-	-	5,710	-	-	-	-	-		-			_	-	7.31	
West-4'		4	4.10	_	-	_		_	-	_	398	-		_	-				_	-	_	-		
West-12'		12		-	-	-		-	-		317	-	-	-	-			-	-	-	_	-	-	-
East-6'		6	-		-	-	-	0.500 U	15.1	3.09	1,150	-	-	-	-		-	191	-	-	_	-	0.100 U	-
Bottom-14' <sup>2</sup>		14	5.60	_	_	-	-	1.71	47.1	-	844	-	-	-	-	-		1,460	-		_	-	2.09	-
South Wall-9'-#2		9	-		-	_	-	_	-	-	1,750	-	_	-	-	_	-	-	-		_	-	0.559	-
Pit Bottom-14.5'-#2	10/03/01	14.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	976	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		_	-	0.229	-
Bldg. 14 Dirt Pile (H)		-	-	_	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-			-		_	-	0.117	
									2	005 XPA - I	Monitoring Wel	II Installations												
MW-1 (0-2.5)		0 - 2.5	-	-	73.4	66.3		0.865	22.1	70.4	198	278	0.209	9.40	0.111	<b>0.112</b> B	0.0975	7,840			-	-	-	-
MW-1 (2.5-5)	07/22/05	2.5 - 5	_	_	1.79	149	_	0.190	14.9	31.6	63	587	0.137	9.96	0.108	<b>1.05</b> B	0.0966	2.140	-		_	-	_	
MW-1 (11.5-12)	1 ' ' '	11.5 - 12		_	0.696	542		0.0974	17.2	19.4	5.82	1,130	0.00934	25.2	0.0714 U	<b>0.0972</b> B	0.0489	1,440			_	_		
MW-2 (0-2.5)		0 - 2.5	-	-	0.849	65.5	_	0.0586	29.4	13.4	3.22	354	0.0485	12.4	0.0909 U	<b>0.0635</b> B	0.0541	48.4			_	-		
MW-2 (2.5-5)	1	2.5 - 5	0 - 2.5	_	0.796	92.9	_	0.0343	16.4	11.3	4.00	310	0.00862 U	8.26	0.0862 U	<b>0.0473</b> B	0.0605	33.4	_		_	-	-	_
MW-2 (13-13.5)	07/21/05	13 - 13.5	-	-	0.986	122	_	0.0413	10.3	13.3	3.03	1,000	0.00826	9.12	0.0820 U	<b>0.0519</b> B	0.0916	42.1	-		_	-		
MW-3 (0-2.5)		0 - 2.5		-	1.39	84.1		0.288	13.8	27.1	68.5	589	0.0309	13.7	0.112	<b>0.0896</b> B	0.0714	1,060	-		_	-		-
MW-3 (2.5-5)		2.5 - 5		-	3.09	117		0.0540	14.6	9.92	8.60	620	0.0169	9.82	0.103	<b>0.0882</b> B	0.119	105	-		_	-		-
MW-3 (7-7.5)	<b>1</b>	7 - 7.5		-	2.58	97.3	_	0.0667	13.2	12.0	5.66	462	0.0168	11.8	0.103	<b>0.0811</b> B	0.102	51.0	-		_	-		
MW-4 (0-2.5)		0 - 2.5		-	1.56	66.8		0.487	14.1	18.6	19.3	721	0.0268	10.8	0.0946	<b>0.0802</b> B	0.0767	1,900			_	-	-	
MW-4 (2.5-5)	07/22/05	2.5 - 5		_	2.23	103		0.0769	12.5	10.0	4.81	679	0.0160	10.7	0.0840	<b>0.0634</b> B	0.0982	53.0	_		_	-		
MW-4 (11.5-12)		11.5 - 12	-	-	0.715	123		0.173	10.4	7.56	2.33	201	0.0082 U	6.04	0.0830	<b>0.0482</b> B	0.0477	381			-	-		-
MW-5 (0-2.5)		0 - 2.5	_	_	0.656	58.0		0.133	12.4	59.6	24.2	435	0.00962 U	3.77	0.117	<b>0.0775</b> B	0.0578	320	_		_	_		_
MW-5 (2.5-5)	07/21/05	2.5 - 5	-	-	1.23	102		0.308	29.9	85.8	112	551	0.0316	13.0	0.105	<b>0.132</b> B	0.0885	910	-		-	-		-
MW-5 (12.5-13)	1	12.5 - 13	-	_	0.666	65.4	-	0.0833	12.9	16.7	15.3	318	0.00862 U	7.34	0.0934	<b>0.0772</b> B	0.0928	140	-		_	-	_	-
MW-6 (0-2.5)		0 - 2.5	-	_	2.49	327		2.030	23.3	50.1	997	167	2.16	13.7	0.0909 U	<b>0.664</b> B	0.123	9,990			_	-		
MW-6 (2.5-5)	07/22/05	2.5 - 5	-	-	3.17	114		0.504	28.2	15.9	610	77.3	0.0735	0.403 U	0.0847 U	<b>0.0583</b> B	0.136	1,080			_	-	-	
MW-6 (10-12)		10 - 12	-	-	1.56	119	-	0.995	24.0	25.0	146	125	0.349	4.11	0.0926 U	<b>0.0923</b> B	0.092	2,550			_	-	-	
									2007	-2008 GE Gi	roundwater Ass	sessment - Offs	te											
MW01-S0-1 (AMW-1)		0 - 1.0	-	4.56	J 2.05 U	-	0.205 U,J	0.205 U,J	16.3	20	10.2		0.053	17.9	3.07 R	0.512 U	11.2	288			-	-	-	
MW01-S0-3 (AMW-1)	10/00/00	1.5 - 3		3.00	J 1.99 U	_	0.199 U,J	0.199 U,J	14.6	16.2	2.49	_	0.0278	17.5	2.98 R	0.497 U	9.32	47.1			-	-	-	-
MW02-S0-1 (AMW-2)	12/28/06	.2/28/06	_	8.45	J 2.63	_	0.21 U,J	<b>0.439</b> J	82.4	26	82.5	_	0.136	18.9	3.15 R	0.525 U	12.3	153	-		_	-	-	_
MW02-S0-3 (AMW-2)	<b>†</b>	1.5 - 3		3.85	J 1.88 U	-	0.188 U,J	0.188 U	15.6	16.8	2.3	_	0.0359	16.1	2.81 R	0.469 U	8.87	45.7	_		-	-	-	-
MW03-S0-1 (AMW-3)		0.5 - 1.5	-	10.4	J 2.17 U	-	0.354	0.217 U	14.4	23	<b>81.6</b> J	-	0.0224 U	16.2	3.25 U,J	0.542 U	<b>8.81</b> J	59.1				-	-	-
MW03-S0-3 (AMW-3)	10/07/00	2 - 3.5	-	3.68	J 2.18 U	_	0.247	0.218 U	13.5	15.5	<b>5.03</b> J	-	0.0563	16.8	3.27 U,J	0.544 U	<b>7.54</b> J	46.1			_	-		-
MW04-S0-1 (AMW-4)	12/27/06	0.5 - 1	-	6.42	J 2.12 U	-	0.345	0.212 U	11.5	18.9	8.17	_	0.0208 U	15.2	3.17 U,J	0.529 U	<b>12.20</b> J	54.8				-	-	-
MW04-S0-3 (AMW-4)	7	1 - 2.5	-	4.26	J 2.01 U	_	0.203	0.201 U	12.3	14.2	3.32	-	0.022 U	16.9	3.02 U,J	0.503 U	<b>7.44</b> J	43.1			-	-	-	_
MW05-S0-1 (AMW-5)		0.5 - 2	-	2.52	J 1.85 U	_	0.185 U,J	0.185 U,J	3.83	2.8	0.925 U	J	0.0258	4.08	2.77 R	0.462 U	2.92	11.2				_	-	-
MW05-S0-3 (AMW-5)	7	2 - 3.5	-	3.04	J 2.06 U	_	0.206 U,J	0.206 U,J	14.8	15.5	1.92	-	0.0208 U	17.1	3.10 R	0.516 U	9.08	45.1	-		-	-	-	
MW05-S0-6.5 (AMW-5)	7 I	5 - 6.5	-	3.25	J 2.06 U	_	0.206 U,J	0.206 U,J	14.5	23.8	3.01	-	0.0234	16.4	3.09 R	0.515 U	9.52	47.1	-		-	-	-	-
MW05-S0-11.5 (AMW-5)	12/29/06	10.0 - 11.5	-	4.85	J 1.97 U	_	0.197 U,J	0.197 U,J	17.6	17.2	2.99	-	0.0335	18.2	2.96 R	0.493 U	10.4	50.5	-		-	-	-	-
MW05-S0-16.5 (AMW-5)	7	15.0 - 16.5	-	3.71	J 2.23 U	-	0.223 U,J	0.223 U,J	15.1	24.1	3.04	-	0.0260	15.7	3.35 R	0.558 U	9.91	50.4	-		-	-		-
MW06-S0-1 (AMW-6)	7 I	0.5 - 1.5	-	3.83	J 2.16 U	-	0.216 U,J	0.216 U,J	15.8	16.2	1.94	-	0.0234	16.6	3.24 R	0.54 U	10.1	47.1			-	-	-	_
MW06-S0-3 (AMW-6)	7	1.5 - 3	-	3.7	J 2.14 U	-	0.214 U,J	0.214 U,J	13.1	33	4.14	_	0.0212 U	15	3.21 R	0.534 U	10.9	44.5 U	-	- 1		-		

## TABLE 4 Summary of Soil Sample Chemical Analytical Results Total Metals, TCLP Metals, and pH Galvanizers Company Portland, Oregon

									Tota		PA 6000/70	00 Series Metho	ds						T	CLP Metals by	EPA 1311 an	d 6000/700	0 Series Metho	ods
Sample I.D.	Date	Depth (feet BGS)	рН								(mg/kg)									o <u>.</u> ota.o 2,		g/L)	, conso monio	
		(ICCL DGS)		Antimony	Arsenic	Barium	Beryllium	Cadmium	Chromium	Copper	Lead	Manganese	Mercury	Nickel	Selenium	Silver	Thallium	Zinc	Barium	Cadmium	Chromium	Iron	Lead	Zinc
									2007-2	2009 BCC Proj	ect Support S	Sampling - Off S	Site											
SW-4GP 15-20	04/05/07	15 - 20	-	-	2.43	94.1	1	0.10 U	30.8	28.4	3.16	-	0.019	-	1.00 U	0.10 U		399	-		-	-	-	-
SW-5AM 10:07 (45 ft)	05/02/07	45	-	-	3.29	211		0.11	40.3	19.4	7.09	-	0.023	-	1.00 U	0.10 U		85.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
SW-56AM-5	00/02/00	5	-	-	1.57	78.6		0.10 U	32.2	17.1	5.29	-	0.021	-	1.00 U	0.10 U		45.4			-	-	-	-
SW-56AM-10 SW-56AM-15	06/23/08	10 15			1.72 1.17	107 65.2		0.10 U 0.10 U	29.2 22.1	21.7 18.7	2.84	-	0.011 0.010 U		1.00 U 1.00 U	0.10 U 0.10 U		46.5 379		-	_	_	-	-
SW-57AM-5		5			1.05	111		0.10 U	24.5	16.6	3.83	_	0.010 U		1.00 U	0.10 U		46.5			_	_	_	<del>-</del> -
SW-57AM-7.5		7.5			1.11	113		0.10 U	17.9	16.9	4.37		0.010 U		1.00 U	0.10 U		52.9		<del>-</del>				<del>-</del> -
SW-57AM-10	06/24/08	10		_	0.90	161		0.14	16.4	15.9	5.95	_	0.017	_	1.00 U	0.10 U		53.0			_		_	_
SW-57AM-15		15	-		1.65	96.6		0.30	23.0	16.4	4.95	-	0.011		1.00 U	0.10 U		499			-	-	-	-
SW-58AM-2.5		2.5		-	1.07	76.4	-	0.10 U	18.0	19.8	6.96	-	0.023	-	1.00 U	0.10 U		53.5			-		-	-
SW-58AM-5		5	-	-	0.81	84.4	-	0.10 U	30.3	18.9	4.78	-	0.010 U	-	1.00 U	0.10 U	-	47.5				-	-	-
SW-58AM-7.5	06/25/08	7.5			0.68	71.6		0.10 U	17.4	14.6	3.40	-	0.010 U		1.00 U	0.10 U	-	42.1			-	-	-	-
SW-58AM-10		10	-	-	0.83	98.4	-	0.10 U	23.4	16.8	3.79	-	0.011	-	1.00 U	0.10 U		43.2			-	-	-	-
SW-58AM-15	-	15	-	-	0.62	86.0		0.10 U	21.0	19.5	2.67	-	0.010 U		1.00 U	0.10 U		402			-		- 0.040 11	
SW-59GP-2.5-3.3	-	2.5 7	-	-	3.81	119	-	0.45	27.3	-	161	-	0.097	-	1.00 U	0.10 U		-		-	-		0.010 U	-
SW-59GP-7.0-7.9 SW-59GP-10-10.9	-	10			3.42 6.07	211 219	-	0.10 U <b>0.10</b>	25.3 34.9	-	8.98 10.4	-	0.034 0.046	-	1.00 U 1.00 U	0.10 U 0.10 U	-	-		-	-	_	-	-
SW-59GP-15-15.9	06/18/08	15		-	2.32	130	-	0.10 U	16.5	_	4.63	_	0.046	_	1.00 U	0.10 U	_	_				_		<del></del>
SW-59GP-20-20.9	35, 15, 55	20		_	2.20	135		0.10 U	13.9	_	4.41	_	0.015	_	1.00 U	0.10 U	_	_		_	_	_	-	<u> </u>
SW-59GP-25-25.9		25	_	_	3.86	127		0.10 U	18.3	_	6.19	_	0.010 U		1.00 U	0.10 U	-	-			-	_	_	
SW-59GP-29-29.9		29	-		2.00	108		0.10 U	14.4		4.03		0.010 U		1.00 U	0.10 U	-				-	-		
SW-63GP-3.8-4.5	06/18/08	3.8 - 4.5	_	-	4.45	165.0	=	0.10 U	24.2		6.96		0.030	-	1.00 U	0.10 U	-	-		-	-			
SW-63GP-7-7.8	00/18/08	7 - 7.8	_	-	3.98	144		0.10	21.0	_	7.54		0.028		1.00 U	0.10 U	-		-	-	-			
SW-64AM-5		5	-	-	1.05	80.0		0.15	17.8	15.3	2.94	-	0.010 U	-	1.00 U	0.10 U	-	1,670		-	-	-	-	-
SW-64AM-7.5	06/26/08	7.5		-	1.08	101		0.12	19.7	16.2	3.01	-	0.010 U	-	1.00 U	0.10 U	-	1,250			-	-	-	-
SW-64AM-10		10	_	-	1.01	87.3		0.17	19.1	14.3	3.27	-	0.010 U	-	1.00 U	0.10 U	-	1,140	-	-	-	-	-	-
SW-65GP 4-5 SW-65GP 15-16	06/18/08	4-5 15 - 16	-		5.16 2.25	194 146	-	0.67 0.10 U	25 32.5	-	16.4 6.94	-	0.040 0.042		1.00 U 1.00 U	0.10 U 0.10 U	-	-		_	-	-		
SW-66AM-2.5		2.5		-	2.25	178		0.10	31.2	- 17.9	26.3	-	0.042	_	1.00 U	0.10 U	-	161		-	-		_	
SW-66AM-5	_	5			2.64	139		0.18	25.0	20.5	79.5	_	0.029		1.00 U	0.10 U		83.5			_	_		<del></del>
SW-66AM-7.5	06/26/08	7.5	_	_	2.96	146		0.10 U	22.0	18.2	6.24	_	0.018		1.00 U	0.10 U		59.5			_	_	_	
SW-66AM-10		10	-		1.01	85.2		0.10 U	39.0	20.7	2.77		0.010 U		1.00 U	0.10 U	-	47.9			-	-		-
				•	•				•	2012 BCC S	upport Projec	t - Off Site		•	•	•				•		•		
B3 0-5		0 - 5	-	-	2.09	170		0.135	34.0	-	17.5	-	0.0316	-	1.00 U	0.100 U	-	80.5		-		-	-	-
B3 5-10		5 - 10	-	=	3.79	161	==	0.100 U	29.8	-	9.45		0.0232	-	1.00 U	0.100 U	-	68.9			-	-	-	-
B3 10-15		10 - 15		-	3.15	129		0.100 U	24.1		6.69		0.0207		1.00 U	0.100 U	-	59.0			-	-	-	-
B3 15-20		15 - 20		-	1.48	78.5		0.186	29.8	-	5.77	-	0.0108	-	1.00 U	0.100 U		803	-		-	-	-	-
B4 0-5		0 - 5		-	2.51	153		0.897	33.1		38.4		0.0397	-	1.00 U	0.100 U		2,930	-		-	-	-	
B4 5-10	11/06/12	5 - 10	-	-	1.14	89.6		0.281	19.5		9.57	-	0.0100 U	-	1.00 U	0.100 U	-	1,220	-		-	-	-	
B4 10-15 B5 0-5	-	10 - 15 0 - 5			0.801 2.40	77.5 83.7	-	0.484 0.497	52.5 18.7	-	4.58 65.0	-	0.0100 U 0.0319		1.00 U 1.00 U	0.100 U 0.100 U	-	882 702	-	-	_	_	_	_
B5 0-5 B5 5-10	┥ !	5 - 10		-	1.56	86.9	-	0.497 0.100 U	26.4		5.91	_	0.0319	_	1.00 U	0.100 U		235	_		<del>-</del>	-	_	<del></del>
B5 10-15	╡ !	10 - 15		-	1.22	72.8		0.100 U	19.1		9.15	_	0.0104	_	1.00 U	0.100 U	-	66.7	_	_	_	_	_	<u> </u>
B6 0-5	┪ !	0 - 5		_	1.15	42.9	_	0.100 U	12.8		3.06	_	0.0100 U	_	1.00 U	0.100 U		50.8	_		_	_	_	_
B6 5-10		5 - 10			1.01	42.5		0.100 U			3.49	-	0.0100 U	-		0.100 U		51.2			-	-	-	-
		•								2013 BCC S		t - Off Site												
B3E 5-10		5 - 10		-	3.77	182		0.100 U	34.8		7.64	-	0.0180	-	1.00 U	0.100 U		65.2	-	-	-		-	_
B3E 10-15	03/06/13	10 - 15	-	-	0.983	80.3	-	0.116	21.2		2.53	-	0.0100 U	-	1.00 U	0.100 U		281	-	-	-	-	-	-
B3E 15-20		15 - 20	-	-	0.802	96.6	-	0.126	20.7	=	2.26	-	0.0100 U	-	1.00 U	0.100 U	-	505	-		-	-	-	-
DEQ Generic RBCs <sup>3</sup>																								
Soil Ingestion, Dermal Contact, an	nd Inhalation			T .:-	1 /-	000	2.5			477.655		1 05 '	05.				l	T .:=	1	1	1			T
Occupational				NE NE	1.9	220,000	2,300	1,100	>Max	47,000	800	25,000	350	22,000	NE NE	5,800	NE	NE NE	NA	NA	NA	NA NA	NA	NA
Construction Worker				NE NE	15	69,000	700	350	530,000	14,000	800	8,200	110	7,000	NE NE	1,800	NE NE	NE NE	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Excavation Worker /olatilization to Outdoor Air				NE	420	>Max	19,000	9,700	>Max	390,000	800	230,000	2,900	190,000	NE	49,000	NE	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Occupational				NE	NV	NV	NV	NV	NV	NV	NV	NV	NV	NV	NE	NV	NE	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Leaching to Groundwater				INL	144	14.6	147	147	14.6	147	1117	144	147	144	INL	14.6	146	INL	INA	INA	11/7	11/7	11/1	INA
Occupational				NE	NA <sup>4</sup>	NA <sup>4</sup>	NA <sup>4</sup>	NA <sup>4</sup>	NA <sup>4</sup>	NA <sup>4</sup>	30	NA <sup>4</sup>	NA <sup>4</sup>	NA <sup>4</sup>	NE	NA <sup>4</sup>	NE	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
DEQ Default Background Concent	trations for Metals	in Soil - Portland	Basin <sup>5</sup>	0.56	8.8	790	2	0.63	76	34	28	1,800	0.23	47	0.71	0.82	5.2	180	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
				-		1	<u> </u>							1	1	I	1		1	1	1	1		

### TABLE 4 Summary of Soil Sample Chemical Analytical Results Total Metals, TCLP Metals, and pH Galvanizers Company

										Po	ortland, Orego	n												
Sample I.D.	Date	Depth (feet BGS)	рН						Tof	tal Metals by E	PA 6000/700 (mg/kg)	000 Series Metho	ods						TO	CLP Metals by	r EPA 1311 and (mg		Series Metho	ds
		( ) ) )		Antimony	Arsenic	Barium	Beryllium	Cadmium	Chromium	Copper	Lead	Manganese	Mercury	Nickel	Selenium	Silver	Thallium	Zinc	Barium	Cadmium	Chromium	Iron	Lead	Zinc

- Notes:

  1. Date shown is as reported on analytical report. Actual date is most likely 02/12/1993 based on other samples collected during that period.

  2. Sample represents material that was subsequently transported off site for disposal.

  3. DEQ Generic RBCs dated May 2018, amended June 2023.

  4. Leaching to Groundwater RBCs are not provided for most inorganic chemicals. If this pathway is of concern, then site-specific leaching tests must be performed.

  5. Table 1 DEQ Clean Fill Determinations dated February 21, 2019

  8: The target analyte was detected in the associated blank.

  J: The identification of the analyte is acceptable; the reported value is an estimate.

  >Max: The constituent RBC for this pathway is calculated as greater than 1,000,000 mg/kg or 1,000,000 mg/L. Therefore, this substance is deemed not to pose risks in this scenario.

  NV: chemical is considered non-volatile

  R: rejected result

  U: Not detected. Reporting or detection limit shown.

U: Not detected. Reporting or detection limit shown.

Bolding indicates analyte detection.

Shading indicates concentration exceeding one or more of DEQ's generic RBCs.

not analyzed

NIVI5

# TABLE 5 Summary of Soil Sample Chemical Analytical Results VOCs Galvanizers Company Portland, Oregon

Sample	Date	Depth			VOCs	by EPA Met	hod	8260B <sup>1</sup> (unles (mg/kg)	s noted other	wise)	
I.D.		(feet BGS)	Benzene	E	Ethylbenzene	Naphthal	ene	PCE	Toluene	TCE	Xylenes
		1999 9	Soil and Groui	ndv	water Investig	ation by EP	A M	ethod 8021B			
S-1-1	10/02/98	1.0	0.0500 L	J	0.0500 U		U	0.0500 U	0.0500 U	0.0500	U 0.100 U
				99	9 Building 14	_					
Black Soil <sup>2</sup>	11/17/99	NA		J	0.100 U	0.200	U		0.100 U	0.120	0.300 U
		20	00 Rick Russ	sell	-	g by EPA M	etho	od 8021B			
A-11		11.0		J	4.47				0.200 U		11.7
A-16		16.0		J	0.0500 U				0.0500 U		0.0500 U
B-13	_	13.0		J	0.200 U				0.200 U		0.446
C-13	07/21/00	13.0		J	1.69	-			0.500 U		6.63
C-14 D-14	_	14.0 14.0		J	0.100 U 0.0500 U				0.100 U 0.0500 U		<b>0.646</b> 0.0500 U
D-14 F-10		10.0		J J	0.0500 U				0.0500 U		0.0500 U
F-10 F-14		14.0		J	0.0500 U				0.0500 U		0.0500 U
I-12	09/07/00	12.0		J	1.32			<u></u>	0.0635		1.53
1 <b></b>							SIJre	by EPA Metho			
North-9'		9		J	0.0500 U	1	- 4.0		0.0500 U		0.0500 U
Bottom-14'	09/20/01	14		J	0.0500 U			<u></u>	0.0500 U		0.0500 U
		<u> </u>		_	2 Alley Soil As						1 22223 0
TP1-1.5'		1.5		J	0.0906			_	0.0795		2.42
TP1-2.5'	10/12/01	2.5			0.0500 U		T		0.0500 U		0.0500 U
TP5-4.5'	, ,	4.5		J	0.0500 U				0.0500 U		0.0500 U
			2005 XP	ΡΑ -	- Monitoring	Well Install	atior	าร			•
MW-6 (0-2.5)		0-2.5	0.0100 L	J	0.0100 U	1	U	0.0100 U	0.0100 U	0.0100	U 0.0300 U
MW-6 (2.5-5)	07/22/05	2.5 – 5	0.0100 l	J	0.0100 U	0.0100	U	0.0100 U	0.0100 U	0.0100	U 0.0300 U
MW-6 (10-12)		10 - 12	0.0100 L	J	0.0100 U	0.0100	U	0.0100 U	0.0100 U	0.0100	U 0.0300 U
		20	007 – 2009 E	зсс	Project Supp	ort Sampli	ng -	Off Site			
SW-5AM 8:30 (15 ft)	OF (00 (07	15	0.0265		0.132 U	0.265	U	0.132 U	0.132 U	0.132	U 0.397 U
SW-5AM 10:07 (45 ft)	05/02/07	45	0.0290 L	J	0.145 U	0.290	U	0.145 U	0.145 U	0.145	U 0.435 U
SW-56AM-10	06/23/08	10	0.0214 L	J	0.107 U	0.566		0.107 U	0.107 U	0.107	U 0.321 U
SW-56AM-15	00/23/00	15		J	0.118 U		U	0.118 U	0.118 U	0.220	U 0.355 U
SW-57AM-5	_	5		J	0.0976 U		U	0.0976 U	0.0976 U	0.0976	U 0.293 U
SW-57AM-7.5	06/24/08	8		J	0.108 U		U	0.108 U	0.108 U	0.108	U 0.324 U
SW-57AM-10		10		J	0.107 U		U	0.107 U	0.107 U	0.20.	U 0.321 U
SW-57AM-15 SW-58AM-2.5		15		J	0.111 U 0.107 U		U	0.111 U 0.107 U	0.111 U 0.107 U	0.111 0.107	U 0.334 U U 0.321 U
SW-58AM-5		2.5 5		J J	0.107 U 0.106 U		U	0.107 U	0.107 U 0.106 U	0.107	U 0.321 U U 0.319 U
SW-58AM-7.5	06/25/08	7.5		J	0.100 U	1	U	0.100 U	0.100 U	0.100	U 0.334 U
SW-58AM-10	00,20,00	10			0.111 U		U	0.107 U	0.111 U	0.107	U 0.321 U
SW-58AM-15	_	15		J	0.111 U		U	0.111 U	0.111 U		U 0.334 U
SW-59GP-2.5-3.3		2.5		J	0.114 U	1	U	0.114 U	0.114 U	0.114	U 0.341 U
SW-59GP-7.0-7.9		7	0.0264 L	J	0.132 U	0.264	U	0.132 U	0.132 U	0.132	U 0.396 U
SW-59GP-10-10.9		10	0.0248 L	J	0.124 U	0.248	U	0.124 U	0.124 U	0.124	U 0.372 U
SW-59GP-15-15.9	06/18/08	15	0.0256 L	J	0.128 U	0.256	U	0.128 U	0.128 U	0.128	U 0.384 U
SW-59GP-20-20.9		20		J	0.135 U		U	0.135 U	0.135 U	0.135	U 0.404 U
SW-59GP-25-25.9		25		J	0.142 U		U	0.142 U	0.142 U	0.142	U 0.427 U
SW-59GP-29-29.9		29		J	0.116 U		U	0.116 U	0.116 U	0.116	U 0.347 U
SW-63GP-3.8-4.5	06/18/08	3.8 - 4.5	0.0229 U	_	0.115 U		U	0.115 U	0.115 U	0.115	U 0.344 U
SW-63GP-7-7.8		7 - 7.8		J	0.114 U		U	0.114 U	0.114 U	0.114	U 0.341 U
SW-64AM-5 SW-64AM-7.5	06/26/08	5 7.5		J J	0.105 U 0.104 U		U	0.105 U 0.104 U	0.105 U 0.104 U	0.105 0.104	U 0.315 U U 0.312 U
SW-64AM-10	00/20/00	10		J	0.104 U		U	0.104 U	0.104 U	0.104	U 0.312 U
SW-65GP 4-5		4 - 5		J	0.107 U		U	0.107 U	0.107 U		U 0.353 U
SW-65GP 15-16	06/18/08	15 -16		J	0.110 U	ł	U	0.162 U	0.162 U	0.162	U 0.486 U
SW-66AM-2.5		2.5		J	0.118 U		U	0.118 U	0.118 U	0.118	U 0.354 U
SW-66AM-5	06/00/00	5	0.0461	$\dagger$	0.107 U	1	-	0.107 U	0.107 U		U 0.321 U
SW-66AM-7.5	06/26/08	7.5		J	0.113 U	<b>+</b>	U	0.113 U	0.113 U	0.113	U 0.339 U
SW-66AM-10	1	10	0.0218 L	J	0.109 U	0.218	U	0.109 U	0.109 U	0.109	U 0.327 U



# TABLE 5 Summary of Soil Sample Chemical Analytical Results VOCs Galvanizers Company Portland, Oregon

Sample	Date	Depth (fact BCS)		VOCs I	oy EPA Method 8	8260B <sup>1</sup> (unles (mg/kg)	ss noted otherw	vise)	
I.D.		(feet BGS)	Benzene	Ethylbenzene	Naphthalene	PCE	Toluene	TCE	Xylenes
DEQ Generic RBCs <sup>3</sup>									
Soil Ingestion, Dermal	Contact, and	Inhalation							
Occupational			37	150	23	1,000	88,000	51	25,000
Construction Worker			380	1,700	580	1,800	28,000	130	20,000
Excavation Worker			11,000	49,000	16,000	50,000	770,000	3,700	560,000
Volatilization to Outdo	or Air	<u> </u>							
Occupational			50	160	83	>Csat	>Csat	96	>Csat
Leaching to Groundwa	ter – Occupat	tional		•			•		•
Occupational			0.10	0.90	0.34	1.9	490	0.087	100

### Notes:

- 1. Only detected VOCs are shown.
- 2. Sample represents material that was subsequently transported off site for disposal.
- 3. DEQ Generic RBCs dated May 2018, amended June 2023.

>Csat: This soil RBC exceeds the limit of three-phase equilibrium partitioning. Refer to Appendix D of DEQ's RBDM guidance document for the corresponding value of Csat. Soil concentrations in excess of Csat indicate that free product may be present.

U: Not detected. Reporting or detection limit shown.

Bolding indicates analyte detection.

Shading indicates concentration exceeding one or more of DEQ's generic RBCs.

--: not analyzed

## TABLE 6 Summary of Soil Sample Chemical Analytical Results PAHs Galvanizers Company Portland, Oregon

									Portland, C	regon									
										PAHs by El	PA Method 827	0 SIM (mg/kg)							
Sample I.D.	Date	Depth (feet BGS)	Acenaphthene	Acenaphthylene	Anthracene	Benz(a)anthracene	Benzo(a)pyrene	Benzo(b)fluoranthene	Benzo(e)pyrene	Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	Benzo(k)fluoranthene	Chrysene	Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	Fluoranthene	Fluorene	Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	Naphthalene	Phenanthrene	Pyrene
								2000	Rick Russell	Site Sampling									
A-11		11	1.340 U	0.134 U	0.180	0.134	U 0.134 U	0.134 L	J -	0.134 U	0.134	U 0.134 U	0.134 U	0.134 U	0.759	0.134 U	1.340 L	1.000	0.134 U
A-16		16				0.0417	0.0377	0.0200	J	0.0268 U	0.0268	U <b>0.0430</b>	0.0268 U	0.0766	0.0268 l	J 0.0268 U	0.0268 L	0.0575	0.0946
									J									_	
	07/21/00																		
	## Control   Part   Par																		
	Comparison   Com																		
	Part																		
I-12	Part																		
							20	001 Stormwater S	System Improv	ements and Dryv	vell Closure								
North-9'	09/20/01		0.134 U	0.134 U	0.134 U	0.141	0.134 U	0.214	-	0.143	0.134	_			0.134 l	J 0.134 U	0.134 L	_	0.528
Bottom-14 <sup>1</sup>	00/20/01	14	0.134 U	0.134 U	0.134 U	0.134	U 0.134 U				0.134	U <b>0.286</b>	0.134 U	0.628	0.134 l	J 0.134 U	0.134 L	<b>0.444</b>	0.414
	Color   Colo																		
	10/10/01								-										
	Date																		
1F5-4.5	Company   Comp																		
MW-6 (0-2.5)	1	0 - 25	0.00667 11	0.0140	0.00667 11	0.0273	0.0327					11 0.0360	0.0127	0.0220	0.00667 1	0.0253	0.00667 1	0.0173	0.0327
	07/22/05								-									_	
	, , , , , ,											_						_	
	•	•			-		•	2007 - 2008 0	E Groundwate	er Assessment -	Off Site	<b>:</b>	•	•	•	•	•	•	
MW01-S0-1 (AMW-1)		0 - 1	0.0015 U	<b>0.003</b> J	0.00522	0.0154	0.0204	0.0233		0.02	0.00758	0.0186	0.00451	0.0428	0.0015 l	<b>0.0141</b>	0.0102	0.0298	0.0539
MW01-S0-3 (AMW-1)	Section   Sect																		
` ,	,,,								+										
	Section   Sect																		
	1																		
MW04-S0-1 (AMW-4)	12/27/06								+			_						_	
MW04-S0-3 (AMW-4)									-										
MW05-S0-1 (AMW-5)		0.5 - 2	0.00141 U	0.00141 U	<b>0.00217</b> J	0.00559	<b>0.00687</b> J	<b>0.00692</b> J	-	0.00644	0.00246	J <b>0.00696</b> J	0.00141 U	<b>0.0123</b> J	0.00141 l	0.00438	0.00141 L	0.00432	<b>0.0148</b> J
MW05-S0-3 (AMW-5)									-										
, ,	Part																		
	Second Column																		
,	1																		
MW06-S0-3 (AMW-6)																			
· · · · ·	•			•	•	•	•	2007 - 2009 B	CC Project Su	pport Sampling -	Off Site	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
SW-4GP 15-20	04/05/07	15 - 20	0.0158 U	0.0158 U	0.0158 U	0.0158	U 0.0158 U	0.0158 L	0.0158 U	0.0158 U	0.0158 <sup>2</sup>	U 0.0158 U	0.0158 U	0.0158 U	0.0158 l	J 0.0158 U	0.0158 L	0.0158	U 0.0158 U
SW-5AM 10:07 45ft	05/02/07	45	0.0194 U	0.0194 U	0.0194 U	0.0194	U 0.0194 U	0.0194 L	0.0194 U	0.0194 U	0.0194 <sup>2</sup>	U 0.0194 U	0.0194 U	0.0194 U	J 0.0194 l	J 0.0194 U		0.0194	U 0.0194 U
	06/23/08								-						1				
	, -,																		
	-						_		_			_						_	
	06/24/08														1				
									+						1				
SW-59GP-2.5-3.3									_										
SW-59GP-7.0-7.9									1										
SW-59GP-10-10.9	00/40/05											_						_	
	06/18/08								+										
									+						1				
							_		.			_						_	
			<u> </u>		•										`				

### TABLE 6 Summary of Soil Sample Chemical Analytical Results PAHs **Galvanizers Company** Portland, Oregon

										PAHs by El	PA Method 8270	SIM (mg/kg)							
Sample I.D.	Date	Depth (feet BGS)	Acenaphthene	Acenaphthylene	Anthracene	Benz(a)anthracene	Benzo(a)pyrene	Benzo(b)fluoranthene	Benzo(e)pyrene	Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	Benzo(k)fluoranthene	Chrysene	Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	Fluoranthene	Fluorene	Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	Naphthalene	Phenanthrene	Pyrene
SW-63GP-3.8-4.5	00/40/00	3.8 - 4.5	0.010 L	0.010	U 0.010	U 0.010	U 0.010	U 0.010 U		0.010 U	0.010 L	J 0.010 U	0.010 U	0.010 U	0.010 U	0.010 U	0.010 U	0.010 l	J 0.010 U
SW-63GP-7-7.8	06/18/08	7 - 7.8	0.010 L	0.010	U 0.010	U 0.010	U 0.010	U 0.010 U		0.010 U	0.010 L	J 0.010 U	0.010 U	0.010 U	0.010 U	0.010 U	0.010 U	0.010 l	J 0.010 U
SW-64AM-5		5	0.010 L	0.010	U 0.010	U 0.010	U 0.010	U 0.010 U	-	0.010 U	0.010 L	J 0.010 U	0.010 U	0.010 U	0.010 U	0.010 U	0.018	0.010 l	J 0.010 U
SW-64AM-7.5	06/26/08	7.5	0.010 L	0.010	U 0.010	U 0.010	U 0.010	U 0.010 U		0.010 U	0.010 L	J 0.010 U	0.010 U	0.010 U	0.010 U	0.010 U	0.010 U	0.010 l	J 0.010 U
SW-64AM-10		10	0.010 L	0.010	U 0.010	U 0.010	U 0.010	U 0.010 U		0.010 U	0.010 L	J 0.010 U	0.010 U	0.010 U	0.010 U	0.010 U	0.010 U	0.012	0.010 U
SW-65GP 4-5	00/40/00	4 - 5	0.010 L	0.010	U 0.010	U 0.010	U <b>0.014</b>	0.014		0.020	0.010 L	0.0103	0.010 U	0.016	0.010 U	0.014	0.010 U	0.010 l	J <b>0.019</b>
SW-65GP 15-16	06/18/08	15 - 16	0.010 L	0.010	U 0.010	U 0.010	U 0.010	U 0.010 U		0.010 U	0.010 L	J 0.010 U	0.010 U	0.010 U	0.010 U	0.010 U	0.010 U	0.010 l	J 0.010 U
SW-66AM-2.5		2.5	0.010 L	0.010	U 0.010	U 0.010	U 0.010	U 0.010 U		0.010 U	0.010 L	J 0.010 U	0.010 U	0.010 U	0.010 U	0.010 U	0.010 U	0.010 l	J 0.010 U
SW-66AM-5	00,000,000	5	0.036	0.022	0.029	0.180	0.320	0.320		0.400	0.093	0.260	0.061	0.580	0.044	0.300	0.790	0.370	0.600
SW-66AM-7.5	06/26/08	7.5	0.010 L	0.010	U 0.010	U 0.010	U 0.010	U 0.010 U		0.010 U	0.010 L	J 0.010 U	0.010 U	0.010 U	0.010 U	0.010 U	0.010 U	0.010 l	J 0.010 U
SW-66AM-10		10	0.010 L	0.010	U 0.010	U 0.010	U 0.010	U 0.010 U		0.010 U	0.010 L	J 0.010 U	0.010 U	0.010 U	0.010 U	0.010 U	0.010 U	0.010 l	J 0.010 U
DEQ Generic RBCs <sup>3</sup>		•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	-•	•	-•	•	•
Soil Ingestion, Dermal Con	tact, and Inhalat	ion																	
Occupational			70,000	NE	350,000	21	2.1	21	NE	NE	210	2,100	2.1	30,000	47,000	21	23	NE	23,000
Construction Worker			21,000	NE	110,000	170	17	170	NE	NE	1,700	17,000	17	10,000	14,000	170	580	NE	7,500
Excavation Worker			590,000	NE	>Max	4,800	490	4,900	NE	NE	49,000	490,000	490	280,000	390,000	4,900	16,000	NE	210,000
Volatilization to Outdoor Ai	r							<del></del>		<del></del>		<del></del>							
Occupational			>Max	NE	>Max	>Csat	NV	NV	NE	NE	NV	NV	NV	NV	>Max	NV	83	NE	>Max
Leaching to Groundwater																			
Occupational			>Csat	NE	>Csat	>Csat	>Csat	>Csat	NE	NE	>Csat	>Csat	>Csat	>Csat	>Csat	>Csat	0.34	NE	>Csat

- 1. Sample represents material that was subsequently transported off site for disposal.
- 2. Results shown are for Benzo(j,k)fluoranthene, as shown in source report.
- B. DEQ Generic RBCs dated May 2018, amended June 2023.
- 4. Noted sediment samples were collected from the Outfall 16 storm basin. Remaining samples for this investigation were collected from the Outfall 17 storm basin.

  Cosat: This soil RBC exceeds the limit of three-phase equilibrium partitioning. Refer to Appendix D of DEQ's RBDM guidance document for the corresponding value of Csat. Soil concentrations in excess of Csat indicate that free product may be present.
- J: The identification of the analyte is acceptable; the reported value is an estimate.
- >Max: The constituent RBC for this pathway is calculated as greater than 1,000,000 mg/kg or 1,000,000 mg/L. Therefore, this substance is deemed not to pose risks in this scenario.

NV: chemical is considered non-volatile
U: Not detected. Reporting or detection limit shown.

Bolding indicates analyte detection. Shading indicates concentration exceeding one or more of DEQ's generic RBCs.

: not analyzed

# TABLE 7 Summary of Groundwater Sample Chemical Analytical Results Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons and PCBs Galvanizers Company Portland, Oregon

			Port	land, Orego	n								
Exploration I.D.	Date	Screened Interval (feet BGS)	by f	HCID Method NWT (µg/L)	TPH	I-HCID		H	ydroc	l Oil-Range arbons NWTPH-Dx /L)		PCBs by El Method 80 (µg/L)	
			Gasoline	Diesel		Heavy O	il	Diesel		Heavy Oil			
		20	000 Rick R	ussell Site S	Sam	npling							
B-water	07/21/00	12 - 16	-	-		-		16,300		2,330		_	
F-water	01/21/00	NA	-	-		-		3,690		883		-	
I-W	09/07/00	NA	_	_		_		1,420		581	U	_	
L-W	, ,	NA	- VDA O				00	557		581	U	-	
NAVA 4	20	005 and 2008	1		onito	oring and	20		- 11	I 550			
MW-1 MW-2	06/18/09	9.3 - 19.3 9.4 - 19.4	_	<del>-</del>	-			279 283	U	558 567	U	<del>-</del>	
	07/27/05		_					1,690		1,620	-		
MW-3	06/18/09	9.4 - 19.4	_	_		_		838		548	U	_	
MW-4		9.6 - 19.6	_	_		-		258	U	516	U	_	
MW-5	06/18/09	9.4 - 19.4	-	_		_		282	U	563	U	_	
MW-6	07/27/05	9.2 - 19.2	-	-		-		748		1,090		-	
10100-0	06/18/09	9.2 - 19.2						279		574			
		1999 J.	A. Freema	n & Sons Fa	acili	ity – Off S	Site	)					
GP-1-GW	,	14 - 18			U	630	U						
GP-2-GW		14 - 18	250 l		U	630	U						
GP-3-GW	r	12 - 16	250 l		U	630	U						
GP-4-GW	09/15/99	12 - 16	250 l		U	630	U						
GP-5-GW	, ,	12 - 16	250 l		U	DET		250	U	790	_	0.5	U
GP-6-GW GP-7-GW		12 - 16 20 - 24	250 l 250 l	+	U	630 630	U				+		
GP-8-GW		16 - 20	250 l 250 l		U	630	U				$\dashv$	<u></u>	
GF-6-GW		2007 - 200					ŭ	l .		-			
AMW-1		9 - 24			3633		OII	167	U			0.0250	U
AMW-2	•	9 - 24				<del></del>		95.2	U			0.0250	U
AMW-3	11/13/08	12.5 - 27.5			+			94.3	U		$\dashv$	0.0250	U
AMW-4	ı	12.5 - 27.5			-			98.0	U		+	0.0250	U
AMW-5	04 /40 /07							217	J		1	0.9775	N
AMW-5 (Dup)	01/18/07							123	J			0.995	N
AMW-5	06/28/07	10 - 25						92.6	U			1.67	N
AMW-5 (Dup)	00/20/01	10 - 25						94.3	U,J			1.67	N
AMW-5	11/13/08							182	U	-		2.496	N
AMW-5 (Dup)				-				95.2	U		4	2.73	N
AMW-6	11/13/08	12.5 - 27.5						200	U			0.1377	N
2		2007 - 2009								1	-		
SW-4GP	04/05/07	25 45 75	250 l		U	630	U						
SW-5AM (2) SW-60AM	07/26/07 08/28/08	45 - 75 35	 236 l	DET	+	 594	U	 472	U	943	U	ND	
SW-63GP	08/28/08	25	500 l		U	1,260	U		U	943	U	0.5	U
SW-64AM	08/28/08	17 - 27	236 l	· ·	U	594	U				-		
SW-65GP	06/18/08	30	500 l	_	U	1,260	U				+	1.0	U
SW-76MW	11/03/09											0.041	
	11/05/09											0.050	U
	11/10/09											0.104	
	11/12/09											0.036	
	11/17/09											0.075	
	11/19/09											0.071	
Duplicate					$\perp$							0.067	
	11/24/09	11.5 - 41.5			_						-	0.050	U
	11/27/09				+							0.050 0.050	U
	12/01/09 12/03/09				+						-	0.050	U
	12/03/09				+						-	0.050	U
											+	0.050	U
Duplicate	12/10/09				+							0.050	U
	12/16/09				$\dashv$							0.050	U
	12/17/09										T	0.050	U

# TABLE 7 Summary of Groundwater Sample Chemical Analytical Results Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons and PCBs Galvanizers Company Portland, Oregon

Exploration I.D.		Date	Screened Interval (feet BGS)	by Mo	HCID ethod NWTF (µg/L) Diesel	PH-HCID Heavy Oil	Hydro by Method	d Oil-Range carbons I NWTPH-Dx g/L) Heavy Oil	PCBs by EPA Method 8082 (μg/L)
C)A/ 7.08.4\A/		11/02/00				,		-	0.424
SW-78MW		11/03/09 11/05/09					 		0.131 0.125
									0.098
	Duplicate	11/10/09			_				0.058
	'	11/12/09							0.087
		11/17/09			-				0.090
	•	11/19/09							0.085
		11/24/09	40 00 5						0.109
		11/27/09	13 - 23.5						0.094
		12/01/09					 		0.065 0.090
	Duplicate	12/03/09							0.091
	_ c.pcc.cc	12/08/09							0.079
	•	12/10/09							0.082
		12/16/09							0.052
	[	12/17/09							0.070
		12/21/09							0.035
SW-79MW		11/03/09							0.050
	Dunlicata	11/05/09							0.050 I
	Duplicate	11/10/09							0.050 U
	ŀ	11/10/09					<del></del>		0.050
		11/17/09					<del></del>		0.050
		11/19/09							0.041
	•	11/24/09							0.050
		11/27/09			1				0.050
	Duplicate	11/21/09	13 - 33		-				0.050
	•	12/01/09							0.050
		12/03/09							0.050
		12/08/09							0.050 I
		12/10/09 12/16/09							0.050 I
									0.030
	Duplicate	12/17/09					<del></del>		0.028
	_ c.pcc.cc	40 (04 (00							0.050
	Duplicate	12/21/09							0.050
SW-80MW		11/03/09							0.050
		11/05/09							0.050
		11/10/09							0.050
		11/12/09						-	0.050
		11/17/09						-	0.050 I
	-	11/19/09 11/24/09							0.050 U
	ŀ	11/27/09	10 - 20						0.050
	ŀ	12/01/09	_0 _0					-	0.050
	ŀ	12/03/09							0.050
	ŀ	12/08/09							0.050
	ľ	12/10/09							0.050
		12/16/09							0.050
		12/17/09							0.050
011 0007 111		12/21/09						-	0.050
SW-82GP-W		06/01/09	22 2012 and		Support Pr	iect - Off Site	<u></u>		0.349
B3 @ 15ft	ı	11/06/10	15	250 U		oject - Off Site			Τ
B3 @ 15π B3E @ 10ft		11/06/12 03/06/13	10	250 U	630 U 630 U		<u> </u>	3,400	
EQ Generic RBCs <sup>2</sup>		00/ 00/ 10	10		550 0	DEI	310	1 3,700	
latilization to Outdoo	or Air								
Occupational	~ AII			NE	NE	NE	>S	NE	>S
apor Intrusion into Bu	ıildings - C	hronic		INL	INL	INL		INL	1 75
Commercial				NE	NE	NE	1,700	NE	See Note 3
apor Intrusion into Bu	ıildings - A	cute				-	<u> </u>	•	
Commercial				NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE
roundwater in Excava	ation			•				-	•

### TABLE 7

Summary of Groundwater Sample Chemical Analytical Results Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons and PCBs **Galvanizers Company** Portland, Oregon

Exploration I.D.	Date	Screened Interval (feet BGS)	by M	HCID ethod NWTP (µg/L)	H-HCID	Diesel- and Hydroc by Method (µg	arbons NWTPH-Dx	PCBs by EPA Method 8082 (µg/L)
			Gasoline	Diesel	Heavy Oil	Diesel	Heavy Oil	

### Notes:

- 1. Results shown are for Lube Oil as shown in source report.
- 2. DEQ Generic RBCs dated May 2018, amended June 2023.
- 3. RBCs for this pathway are based on Aroclor concentrations. Detected Aroclor concentrations were less than the respective RBCs.

DET: analyte detected

- J: The identification of the analyte is acceptable; the reported value is an estimate.
- N: Analyte tentatively identified; flagged in Data Validation Report, Appendix E of Groundwater Assessement Report prepared by AMEC dated April 2008.
- ND: Analyte not detected above laboratory MRL; laboratory MRL not available.
- >S: This groundwater RBC exceeds the solubility limit. Refer to Appendix D of DEQ's RBDM guidance document for the corresponding value of S. Groundwater concentrations in excess of S indicate that free product may be present.
- U: Not detected. Reporting or detection limit shown.

Bolding indicates analyte detection.

Shading indicates analyte detection at a concentration greater than DEQ RBCs.

-: not analyzed

### TABLE 8 Summary of Groundwater Sample Chemical Analytical Results pH and Total and Dissolved Metals Galvanizers Company

		Screen															by EPA 1311		00/7000 Se	eries Methods											
ample I.D.	Date	Interval (feet BGS)	рН	Anti	imony	Α	Arsenic	Bar	ium	Beryllium	Ca	ıdmium	Ch	romium	C	opper	Iron	(μg/	Lea	nd	Manganese	Me	ercury	Nickel	Sele	enium	Silv	ver	Thalli	ium	z
				Total	Dissolved	l Total	Dissolved	Total	Dissolved	Total Disso	ved Total	Dissolve	d Total	Dissolved	Total	Dissolved	Total	Dissolved	Total	Dissolved Tot	al Dissolved	Total	Dissolved	Total Disso	Total	Dissolved	Total	Dissolved	Total	Dissolved	Total
	00/44/00		4.7		1		1	1			100		200		92 - 1993	Plant Building	Soil Sampling		0.000 11						1	1					
L	02/14/93		4.7	_	-		_		-		100	U   -	300 l		Phase II E	nvironmental :	2,040,000 Site Assessment		2,000 U				1 - 1	_   -		_	_		-	-	2,330,000
ank Test Hole	05/18/96	-	6.9	-		-	-	-	-		100	U -	100 l	J	-	-	100 U	-	100 U		-	_	- :	100 U -	-	-	-	-	-	-	19,500
-GW-12/16 -GW-12/16		12 - 16 12 - 16	4.0 3.8	-			-		-		-	-	-	-	-		=	-		25 U - 25 U -	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-GW-12/16		12 - 16	3.9	-	-	_	-		-		-	-	-	-	-	-	- 1	-	-	210 -	_	_	_		-	-	-		-	-	
-GW-12/16	07/12/96	12 - 16	4.2	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	25 U -		-	-		-	-	-		-	-	-
-GW-12/16 -GW-12/16		12 - 16 12 - 16	6.0 4.3	-	-	-	-	-	-			_		-	-	-	-	-	-	25 U - 25 U -	-	-	-		-	-	-	+	-	-	-
-GW-12/16		12 - 16	4.0	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		25 U -	-	-			-	-	-		-	-	-
-GW-12/16		12 - 16	6.5	-	-	-		-	-		-	-	-	- 10	OO Soil and	 I Groundwater	 Investigation		-	25 U -		-			-	-	-	<u> </u>	-	-	
S-7-W		11.9	0	I -	-	1 -	1 -	-	1 -		1 -	-	404	T -	- Jon and			I - I	265			1 -	- 1	_   _	1 -	T -	-	Г- Т	_	_ [	130,000
S-8-W	10/02/98	11.9	5.5	-	-	-	-		-		-	-	945	-	-	-	-	!	5,100		-	-			-	-	-				845,000
S-9-W		10.1	5.5	-		-	-		-		-	-	925	-	- 2000 Pial	Duesell Cite		- !	5,400			-	-		-	-	-			-	75,000
B-water	07/21/00	12 - 16		T _	1 _	1	T _	T _	1 _			1 _	257	1.0 U		Russell Site	Sampling 	1 _ 1	164	1.0 U -		1 _	T _ T		1 -	1 _	1 _	г_ т	_		53,100
D water	01/21/00	12 10			1		1		1			2005 and				2009 SCE, and	1 2012 and 2017						1	ı	1						00,100
MW-1	07/27/05		3.84	-	-	1.00 U			19.6				U 7.70			J 10.0 U	-			0.39 79.7		0.050 U						0.10 U		0.50 U	2,390
	01/30/07 04/25/07	<b>-</b>	4.59	-	-	1.00	1.2	18.6 23.3	16.9		0.551 7.3	0.54	5.00 t		10.0 t	J 10.0 U			0.100 U <b>3.450</b>	0.10 U <b>153</b> - <b>241</b>		0.050 U		5.00 5.00	U 1.00 U	1.0 U	0.100 U 0.100 U		0.500 U 0.600	0.50 U	3,280 4,820
	07/30/07	j	4.78		<u> </u>	1.7		15.1			0.29	-	5.00 l	J	10.0 l	J	-	- 1	0.19	- 61.3		0.050 U	- 5	5.00 U -	1.0 U		0.10 U		0.50 U		2,040
	10/25/07	9.3 - 19.3	4.40			1.6	-	21.9	-		0.38		5.00 L		10.0 U	J	_		0.30	- 81.4		0.050 U		3.1 -	1.0 U		0.10 U		1.3	-	2,570
Duplicate	01/29/08		4.55 4.55	-	-	1.6 1.4	+	10.0 L			1.0 0.93	-	5.00 t		27.8 30.4	-			0.14	- 294 - 312		0.050 U		.3.1 -	1.0 U	-	0.10 U		0.68 0.50 U	-	5,920 6,260
	06/18/09		4.44	0.50 U	0.50	U 2.2	1.0 U		-		0.32	0.34	1.0 l	J 1.0 U	1.1	1.1	-	- 1	0.12	0.10 U	-	0.100 U			1.0 U	1.0 U	0.10 U	0.10 U	0.50 U	0.50 U	2,400
	10/09/12 09/26/17	-	4.76 4.71	-	-		-		-		-	-	-	-	-	-	=	-			-	-	-		-		-	+	-	-	2,170 2,560
MW-2	07/27/05		4.54	-	-	1.00 U	J 1.0 U		61.4		0.358	0.12	7.20	7.50		J 10.0 U	1		0.100 U			0.050 U	0.050 U 5	5.00 U 5.00					0.500 U	0.50 U	1,740
	01/30/07	<b>↓</b>	5.97	-	-	1.00 U	J 1.0 U	21.4 20.2	19.4		0.153 0.130	0.42	5.00 U	J 5.00 U	10.0 l		-		0.100 U			0.050 U		5.00 U 5.00	U 1.00 U		0.100 U 0.100 U		0.500 U 0.500 U	0.83	400
	04/25/07	† F	5.97	-	-	1.00 U		17.5	+		0.130		5.00 t		10.0 U		-		0.100 U <b>0.38</b>	- 28.3 - 51.1		0.050 U		5.00 U	1.00 U	-	0.100 U		0.500 U	-	373 323
Duplicate	07/30/07	9.4 - 19.4		-	-	1.0 U	J -	15.6	-		0.10		5.00 l	J -	10.0 l	J	-1	- 1	0.29	- 29.8	-	0.050 U	- 5	5.00 U -	1.0 U		0.10 U	-	0.50 U	-	310
	10/25/07 01/29/08	5.4 15.4	4.81 5.14	-	-	1.0 U		<b>19.3</b>	-		0.10 0.21	-	5.00 U		10.0 U	J	-		0.47	- 45.3 - 95.4		0.050 U		5.00 U	1.0 U		0.10 U 0.10 U		<b>1.0</b> 0.50	-	315 346
	06/18/09	-	4.22	0.50 U	0.50	U 1.0 U	J 1.0 U		-		1.8	1.8	1.0 l		11	9.3	-			0.12	-	0.100 U		24 21	1.0 U		0.10 U		0.50 U	0.50 U	10,000
	10/09/12		4.95	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-		-	-	-		-	-	-		-	-	5,290
MW-3	09/26/17 07/27/05		4.64 5.75	-		1.97	2.2	514	700		1.12	0.88	7,30	6.90	10.0 l	J 10.0 U			 0.100 U	0.10 U <b>1.28</b>	1,280	0.050 U	0.050 U <b>5</b>	4.8 62.9	1.00 U	1.0 U	0.100 U	0.10 U	0,500 U	- 0.50 U	7,680 21,200
WW-5		† F	5.15	-	-	1.00 U			106		0.851	0.84		J 5.00 U		J 10.0 U	-			0.10 U <b>286</b>		0.050 U		6.3 14.4					0.500 U	0.50 U	5,000
Duplicate	01/30/07	<u> </u>		-	-	1.00 U	J 1.0 U		97.8			0.78	5.00 l			11.3	1			0.10 U <b>267</b>		0.050 U	0.050 U <b>1</b>						0.500 U	0.50 U	4,760
	04/25/07	<del> </del>	6.39	-	+	1.00 U		179 274	+		0.640	J -	5.00 t		10.0 U		-		0.100 U <b>2.1</b>	- 227 - 130		0.050 U		.2.1 -	1.00 U		0.100 U 0.10 U	+	0.500 U 0.50 U	-	3,690 1,930
	10/25/07	9.4 - 19.4	5.91	-	-	1.0 U		246	-		0.88	-	5.00 l		10.0		=		0.50	- 190		0.050 U		.2.1 -	1.0 U		0.10 U	T - T	0.50 U	-	4,140
	01/29/08		5.47			1.0 U	J -	10.0 L	-		1.6		5.00 l		32.0	-	1		0.23	- 446	-	0.050 U		8.9	1.0 U	-	0.10 U		0.50 U		10,400
	06/18/09 10/09/12		6.25 6.77	0.50 U	0.50	U <b>1.1</b>	1.2	-	-		0.30	0.28	1.4	1.2	3.4	2.3		-	0.10 U	0.10 U	-	0.100 U		9.0 8.1	1.0 U	1.0 U	0.10 U	0.10 U	0.50 U	0.50 U	2,400 876
	09/26/17	†	4.14	_	-	_	-	_	_		_	-	_	_	-	-	-		_		_		-		_	-	_	<u> </u>	-	_	37,400
MW-4	07/27/05		5.23	-	-	1.36	1.3	118	110		3.52	3.6		5.00		J 10.0 U	-			0.10 U <b>1,90</b>		0.050 U		0.2 29.2			0.100 U 0.100 U	0.10 U	0.500 U 0.500 U		13,100
	01/30/07	† F		-	-	1.00 U	J 1.0 U	69.5 88.9	72.9		2.30 3.61	2.3	5.00 t	J 5.00 U	10.0 (	J 10.0 U			0.100 U <b>1.980</b>	0.13 9.00 - 8.00		0.050 U		.20 6.70 .4.0 -	1.00 U	- 1.0 0	0.100 U		0.500 U	0.50 U	5,490 9.050
Duplicate	04/25/07		6.38	-	-	1.00 U	J	87.2	-		3.55	J	5.00 l		10.0 l		-		1.00 U	- 7.90		0.050 U		2.7	1.00 U	-	0.100 U		0.500 U	-	8,850
	07/30/07 10/25/07	9.6 - 19.6	5.86	-	-	1.0 U	J	79.8 99.7	-		3.8 5.4	-	5.00 t		10.0 U		-		0.10 U <b>0.16</b>	- 188 - 652		0.050 U		.3.7 .8.6	1.0 U	-	0.10 U 0.10 U		0.50 U 0.50 U	-	9,490 12,000
	01/29/08	† F	6.09	-	-	1.0 U		76.9	+		2.6	+-	5.00 t		27.5	-	-		0.33	- 9.30		0.050 U		.4.5 -	1.0 U		0.10 U	<del> </del>	0.50 U	-	6,720
	06/18/09	. [	5.90	0.50 U		U 1.0 U	J 1.0 U	-	-		2.2	2.4	1.0 l	J 1.0 U	1.9	0.77	-	-	0.49	0.10 U		0.100 U			1.0 U	1.0 U	0.10 U	0.10 U	0.50 U	0.50 U	6,100
	10/09/12 09/26/17	<del> </del>	5.86 5.90	-	-	-	-		-		-	-	-	-	-	-	=	-			-	-			-	-	-	-	-	-	28,000 22,900
MW-5	07/27/05		4.58		-	1.00 U			71.8			13.0		J 5.00 U			=			0.10 U <b>3,73</b>		0.050 U	0.050 U <b>9</b>						0.500 U		42,000
Duplicate	01/30/07	}		-	<del>  -</del>	1.00 U		83.1 30.0	71.6 29.0		12.4 5.80	13.0 5.4		J <b>5.50</b> J 5.00 U	11.5 11.5	13.4 10.3	_			0.10 U <b>3,75</b> 0.10 U <b>599</b>		0.050 U					0.143 0.100 U		0.500 U <b>0.863</b>	0.50 U	43,100 11,600
	04/25/07	j	5.14	-		1.00 U	J -	41.8	-		8.12		5.00 l	J -	15.8		=	(	0.100 U			0.050 U	_ 3	9.5 -	1.00 U	-	0.100 U	-	0.500 U	-	17,000
	07/30/07	9.4 - 19.4	-	-	-	1.0 U		24.2	-		5.0		5.00 L		10.3	-			1.0	- 429		0.050 U	- 2	.0.9	1.0 U		0.10 U		0.50 U	-	9,640
	10/25/07 01/29/08	+ +	4.12 4.64	-	-	1.0 U		26.6 22.3	-		5.5 3.6	-	5.00 t		10.3 36.0	-			0.11	- 366 - 443		0.050 U		21.6 - 23.0 -	1.0 U		0.10 U 0.10 U		0.50 U 0.50 U	-	9,830 8,030
	06/18/09	] [	4.33	0.50 U	0.50				-		4.1	4.6	1.0 l	J 1.0 U	10	9.8	-	-	0.16	0.10 U		0.100 U	0.100 U	27 25	1.0 U		0.10 U	0.10 U	0.50 U	0.50 U	13,000
	10/09/12 09/26/17		5.26 5.95	-			-		-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 -	-			-	-		-	-	-	<del>  -  </del>	-	-	1,700 1,240
MW-6	07/27/05		4.18	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	13.1	14.0	95.1	100		6.51	7.0	9.80	7.30	10.0 U	J 10.0 U			3.50		3,420	0.050 U	0.050 U 1	197		1.0 U	0.280	0.13	0.705	0.53	146,000
	01/30/07	] [	-	-	-	12.3	13.0	86.1	84.7		24.1	23		37.7	10.0 l	J 10.0 U	-		1.81	1.8 5,19	4,650	0.050 U	0.050 U 3	336 339	1.00 U	1.0 U	0.252	0.25	1.24		247,000
	04/25/07		4.59	-	-	15.3 9.8	-	74.2 100	-		28.6 45	J -	27.4 301	-	10.0 t		- 1		2.04	- 4,00 - 5,54		0.050 U		258 - 320 -	1.00 U		0.330 0.14		2.01 0.84	-	190,000 263,000
	10/25/07	9.2 - 19.2			-	13	-	97.7	-		81		20.3	_	10.0 l	J	-		2.6	- 4,82	)	0.050 U	- 3	314 -	1.0 U	-	0.15	-	2.4	-	245,000
Duplicate			4.00	<del>  -</del>	-	13	1 -	100	-		78	+	33.0	-	10.0 U		1 1		2.8	- 5,28 - 4.18		0.050 U		326 -	1.0 U 1.0 U		0.15		2.0		269,000
	01/29/08 06/18/09	†  -	4.00	0.50 U	0.50	11 U 13	13	10.0 L	<del>  -</del>		74 29	29	10.4 13	11		0.50 U	-		3.5 1.0	0.46		0.050 U	0.100 U	270 - 83 75			0.10 U 0.10 U	0.10 U	<b>0.95</b> 0.50 U		211,000 62,000
	10/09/12	] [	4.24	= "	-	-	T =	-	-		-	-		-	-	-	=				-	-				- 1				-	140,000
	09/26/17		4.10	1 -	1 -	-	1 -	-	-	-   -	-	-	1 -		- O I A Fron	- nan 8: Sc	- Off Cit-	1 -	- I	-   -	-	1 -	-	-   -	-	1 -	-	<u> I</u>	- 1	- [	146,000
GP-1-GW	1	14 - 18		25 U	II -	11	T -	l -	1 -	5.7 -	8.4	1 -	126	199	9 J. A. Freei 165	nan & 50ns Fa	acility - Off Site	T T	52	_		0.20 U	_ Te	217 -	10 U	_	3.0 U		5.0 U	_ 1	84,000
GP-2-GW	1	14 - 18		25 U		10 U			-	3.7 -	4.9		75.2	-	90.2	-	=	-	25 U			0.20 U	- 1	L72 -	16	-	3.0 U	-	5.0 U	-	65,600
GP-3-GW	09/15/99	12 - 16		25 U 25 U		10 U				1.0 U - 1.0 U -	2.3 2.6		16 18	1 -	24.2 19	-	-		25 U 25 U			0.20 U		70 - 98 -	10 U		3.0 U 3.0 U		5.0 U 5.0 U	-	36,300 51,300
GP-4-GW	00/ 10/ 00	12 - 16																													

### TABLE 8 Summary of Groundwater Sample Chemical Analytical Results pH and Total and Dissolved Metals Galvanizers Company

Portland, Oregon by EPA 1311 and 200/6000/7000 Series Methods Screen Interval  $(\mu g/L)$ Sample I.D. Date pН Antimony Arsenic Barium Beryllium Cadmium Chromium Copper Manganese Mercury Nickel Selenium Thallium Zinc feet BGS Total Dissolved Total Dissolved Total Dissolved Total Total Dissolved Total Dissolved Total Dissolved Total Dissolve Total Dissolved Total Dissolved Total Total Dissolved Total Dissolved 2007 - 2008 GE Groundwater Ass nent - Off Site AMW-1 9 - 24 6.44 20.0 U 2.00 U 2.00 U 5.00 U 7.62 J 0.200 U 5.00 U 1.73 AMW-2 9 - 24 6.63 **11.3** J 2.00 U **2.24** J 2.17 J 5.00 U 6.87 J 6.54 0.200 U 30.0 U 2.00 U 10.0 U 11/13/08 AMW-3 12.5 - 27.5 5.40 20. 5.00 U 2,710 6.27 **39.3** 9.22 16.8 J 10.4 5.00 U 78.6 0.200 L 5.00 U 2.00 U 2.00 U 5.00 U 5.00 U 5.00 U 5.00 U 5.00 U 5.00 U 20.0 U AMW-5 2.00 U 0.20 L 5.00 U 20.0 01/18/07 6.43 AMW-5 (Dup) 0.20 L 20.0 AMW-5 2.00 U 2.00 U 5.00 U 5.00 U 0.200 U 30.0 U 5.00 U 20.0 06/28/07 10 - 25 6.51 AMW-5 (Dup) 2.00 U 5.00 U 0.200 L 5.00 U 20.0 20.0 U 20.0 U 5.00 U **8.10** J 11/13/08 6.81 AMW-5 (Dup) 2.00 U 2.00 U 5.00 U 5.00 U 10.0 l 0.200 U 5.00 U 1.98 2007 - 2009 BCC Project Sampling - Off Site SW-4GP 44.1 309,000 0.0017 12.9 SW-05AM 45 - 75 4.72 14.3 06/12/09 6.39 0.100 115 65 SW-6GP 65 0.17 5.43 0.0040 0.50 U 12.4 SW-60AM 06/12/09 71.5 680 137 9,530 SW-63GP 0.20 U 0.0010 L 06/18/08 0.40 U SW-64AM 08/28/08 17 - 27 0.10 U 0.0010 U SW-65GP 1.58 0.86 - 97.6 0.40 U **14.2** 13.0 0.0024 10,400 29th/Industrial SW-73MW 02/05/09 15 69.2 0.0010 U 0.10 U 0.10 U 06/11/09 16 5.84 8.14 48.2 0.100 **1.50** SW-74GP-W 05/28/09 22 4.98 2.600 9.33 543 842 219 35,400 06/11/09 1.46 4.20 1.00 U **110** 1.00 U **266** 1.50 1.60 1.18 11.6 1.17 47.7 1.00 U 16.6 8.93 1.66 49.4 8.40 3.37 0.100 U 1.00 U 12,200 12,500 06/11/09 5 29 SW-76MW (Duplica 12,400 11,400 11/03/09 4.7 4.44 485 1.21 40.1 45.1 12.6 3.70 0.042 0.50 U 0.11 30,300 1.75 1.32 1.49 2.57 2.89 1.17 5.5 185 11/05/09 14.2 17.8 0.014 37,800 25,200 58,900 11/10/09 5.6 180 0.60 8.24 12.4 4.65 0.013 2.00 U 0.40 U 5.9 5.40 115 160 11/12/09 2.53 0.0051 2.00 U 0.40 U 5.6 1.26 0.95 40,600 16.3 214 30.1 30.5 12.4 0.026 2.00 U 0.40 U 21,500 11/19/09 5.9 2.60 15.0 3.59 0.025 19,200 11,300 SW-76MW (Duplicat 0.40 U 0.40 U 5.4 11/24/09 1.14 2.19 2.10 2.60 2.50 54.0 87.6 0.44 1.60 l 2.07 11/27/09 5.5 2.00 U 0.40 U 0.0040 14.0 12.3 12/01/09 4.9 0.50 U 0.0040 1 2.50 U 0.50 U 17.900 5.4 5.4 2.50 U 12/03/09 0.50 U 19,100 2.00 U 4.69 2.11 0.53 0.0045 22,700 25,600 12/08/09 0.63 16.8 2.50 U ).0040 L 0.50 U 12/10/09 5.4 2.00 U SW-76MW (Duplica 0.53 2.44 2.52 14.5 25.8 0.0040 U 2.50 U 2.50 U 23,100 32,000 12/17/09 5.6 2.07 0.66 0.78 8,080 389 387 298 114 1,980 92.9 76.0 68.8 8.58 2,110 116 SW-77GP-W 6.46 6.56 5.00 U 2.34 06/11/09 11/03/09 6.03 6.6 6.5 5.99 5.04 38.9 30.4 0.42 0.50 U 11/05/09 0.52 0.58 0.42 2.79 11/10/09 6.5 SW-78MW (Duplicat 3.92 2.02 0.40 L 26.9 21.4 2.00 U 2.00 U 6.7 0.034 11/12/09 0.40 U 72.8 65.3 27.0 24.7 1.26 1.06 6.4 4.51 235 0.40 L 59.5 0.110 250 241 6.6 3.98 211 0.40 U 53.7 0.094 11/19/09 2.00 U 11/24/09 6.6 6.6 3.29 2.63 133 108 0.40 U 32.8 36.3 27.7 15.0 14.5 0.053 2.00 U 0.70 0.48 126 13 - 23 5 0.047 0.40 U 26.1 2.00 U 109 11/27/09 2.49 4.00 3.47 3.90 25.3 47.8 37.0 6.6 0.50 0.036 0.067 188 149 20.9 16.6 0.84 0.50 U 2.50 U 52.8 40.5 186 144 12/03/09 6.5 SW-78MW (Duplica 0.50 L 2.50 U 12/08/09 6.3 165 0.50 U 39.6 43.6 0.065 0.70 144 3.61 3.14 0.050 31.1 31.7 33.3 34.6 123 15.4 12/16/09 6.5 0.50 U 2.50 U 153 3.11 6.6 12.3 13.2 0.92 0.50 U 2.50 U 12/17/09 31.2 7.64 31.7 20.6 6.3 0.035 0.63 0.100 U 0.114 U 0.047 1.53 2.27 5.12 1.00 U 0.26 U **8.29** 5.00 U 8,120 7,320 06/11/09 85.2 2.00 U 1.00 U 1.00 U 4.80 3.71 4.30 196 170 0.50 U 2.00 U 5.3 0.22 33,800 22,400 5.1 0.029 11/05/09 209 187 26.0 26.9 SW-79MW (Dunlicat 32,100 6,330 3.41 2.59 1.85 11/10/09 5.1 0.40 U 0.40 U 2.00 U 165 161 470 11/12/09 11/17/09 5.2 4.4 0.40 L 0.63 6,730 54,800 0.026 0.013 52.7 3.41 71,500 36,600 48,000 4.8 6.82 0.080 0.0052 0.43 11/19/09 11/24/09 5.6 0.40 L 2.00 U 0.40 U 0.023 5.4 11/27/09 9.21 7.09 7.02 SW-79MW (Duplicat 2.32 3.54 91.8 91.9 0.40 4.56 0.40 U 64.800 12/01/09 5.6 2.09 5.6 5.7 2.36 2.58 68.3 75.5 0.50 U 0.50 U 13.4 14.6 2.50 U 2.50 U 119,000 118,000 12/03/09 0.0079 0.50 U 8.28 0.0091 12/08/09 0.50 U 4.39 4.79 13.4 5.6 2.81 0.82 101 0.50 L 13.2 0.038 2.50 U 0.50 U 12/16/09 6.0 50.1 8.52 8,22 0.50 U 615 1,070 4.08 0.50 L 30.4 2.50 U 0.50 U 12/17/09 6.2 SW-79MW (Duplicat 123 101 34.2 19.5 15.8 8.41 0.061 0.025 4.28 33.3 0.50 U 1,110 12/21/09 6.2

8.68

0.029

2.50 U

0.50 U

1,140

20.4

SW-79MW (Duplica

2.71

106

0.50 U

### TABLE 8 Summary of Groundwater Sample Chemical Analytical Results pH and Total and Dissolved Metals Galvanizers Company Portland, Oregon

																	Portland, Ore	gon																	
																		b. FD4 404		Metals													•	•	
Committee LD		Screen																by EPA 131:		/6000/7000 (µg/L)	Series Meti	hods													
Sample I.D.	Date	Interval (feet BGS)	pН	Anti	mony	А	rsenic	Ва	arium	Bei	yllium	Cad	mium	Chr	romium		Copper	Iroi	1	ı	.ead	Mar	nganese	ı	Mercury	Ni	ickel	Sele	enium	S	ilver	Th	nallium	7	Zinc
				Total	Dissolved	Total	Dissolved	Total	Dissolved	l Total	Dissolved	Total	Dissolved	d Total	Dissolved	Tota	l Dissolved	I Total	Dissolve	ed Total	Dissolved	d Total	Dissolved	Total	Dissolved	Total	Dissolve	Total	Dissolved	i Total	Dissolved	d Total	Dissolved	Total	Dissolved
SW-80MW	06/11/09		5.85	_	-	2.54	-	148	-	-	-	2.44	-	12.2	-	16.7			-	2.79	-	-		0.100	U	-	-	2.00 U	-	1.00 U	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	-	26,000	-
SW-80MW (Duplilcat	ite) 00/11/03		5.05	-	-	3.38	-	200	-	-	-	2.88	-	21.5	-	28.1	-	-	-	4.76	-	-		0.100	U -	-	-	2.00 U	-	1.00 U			-	26,400	-
	11/03/09		5.8	-		1.94	-	69.5	-	-		5.69		2.97	-	22.1		-		0.91	-	-		0.0048	-	-	-	0.40	-	0.10 U		-		47,800	
	11/05/09		5.6	-		3.87	-	80.3	-	-		4.41	-	5.38	-	18.6		-	-	1.54		-		0.0069	-	-	-	2.00 U	-	0.40 U		-		28,600	
	11/10/09		5.7	-	-	1.54	-	64.0	-	-	-	3.97		2.32		15.4		-	-	1.04	-	-	-	0.0040			-	2.00 U		0.40 U		-		32,300	
	11/12/09		5.7	-	-	0.86	-	54.1	-	-	-	3.16		1.60 U	J	7.98		-	-	0.56	-	-	-	0.0040			-	2.00 U		0.40 U				24,800	
	11/17/09	_	5.5		-	1.47		59.2	-	-	-	1.30		2.73		9.01		-	-	0.97	-	-	-	0.0040	U -	-	-	0.50 U		0.10 U			<u> </u>	10,900	-
	11/19/09		5.6		-	1.86		65.7		-	-	1.43		4.47		12.5		-	-	1.38	-	-		0.0052		-	-	0.50 U		0.10 U				11,000	
	11/24/09	10 - 20	5.8		-	1.67		69.3		-	-	0.97		4.60		9.09		-	-	1.59	-	-	-	0.0043		-	-	2.00 U		0.40 U				8,550	-
	11/27/09	4	5.6	-	-	0.82	-	50.9	-	-	-	0.86		1.60 U		4.52		-		0.41	-			0.0040		-		2.00 U		0.40 U		-	<del></del> _	8,330	-
	12/01/09	4	5.8	_	-	1.04	-	43.7		-	-	1.00		2.00 U	J -	6.56		-	-	0.51	-	-	-	0.0040		-	-	2.50 U		0.50 U		-	<del>_</del>	9,380	-
	12/03/09	4	5.6	_	-	1.47	-	53.6			-	1.01		3.84	-	9.35		-	-	1.18	-	-	-	0.0040		-	-	2.50 U		0.50 U		-	<del>_</del>	8,870	-
	12/08/09	_	5.2		-	1.12	-	63.3	-		-	1.03		3.64		11.1		-	-	1.09	-	-	-	0.0040	-	-	-	2.50 U		0.50 U		-		9,090	-
	12/10/09	_	5.8	-	-	1.13	-	59.0	-	-	-	1.16	-	3.40		10.8		-	-	1.01	-	-	-	0.0040		-	-	2.50 U		0.50 U			<u> </u>	10,700	-
	12/16/09	_	5.6	-	-	0.71	-	36.4	-		-	1.36	-	2.00 U	J -	6.31	-		-	0.50 L	-		-	0.0040			-	2.50 U		0.50 U		-		13,200	-
	12/17/09	4	5.5	-		1.14	-	55.9		-		0.75	-	2.62		11.8		-	-	0.84	-	-		0.0040		-	-	2.50 U	-	0.50 U		-	<del></del>	7,230	-
	12/21/09		5.6	-	-	0.60	-	49.9		-	-	0.96		2.0 U	J -	7.79		-		0.50 L	-	-	-	0.0040	U -	-	-	2.50 U	-	0.50 U	<del>  -</del>		<del>_</del>	10,100	-
SW-81GP-W	06/01/09	19		_	-	82.3	-	16,100		-	-	11.6		1,200	-	1,290		-	-	278	-	-	-	0.750	-	-	-	10.0 U	-	1.12	<del>_</del>	-	<del>_</del>	64,300	
SW-82GP-W		22	5.63	-	-	61.5	-	3,450		-	-	6.92	-	949	-	1,110		-	-	213	-	-	-	2.12		<del>  -</del>	-	5.12	-	2.67	.—-	-		40,100	
SW-83GP-W	05/29/09	24	5.2	-		71.3	_	3,690		-	-	4.13	-	913		881			_	211	-		-	1.06	-		_	5.00 U	_	1.00 U				3,390	-
															Octob	er 2012 S	Subsurface Exp	lorations - Off Sit	е																
DP-1 (11-15)		11 - 15	6.97	-		-	_		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-		-	-	-	-	-		-		-	-					977	218
DP-2 (14-18)	10/08/12	14 - 18	5.96	-		-	_	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-					2,460	848
DP-3 (14-18)		14 - 18	6.17	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-					45.4	18.8
DP-4 (16-20)		16 - 20	6.51	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-		-					48.3	14.1
				,	1	1		_					1					Project - Off Site	•		1					. 1			T		<del></del>				
B3 @ 15 ft B3E @ 10ft	11/06/12 03/06/13			-	-		0.863	1.460	34.1 88.4	-	-	3.99	0.199 3.10		0.400 U	J	0.200 L		-		0.100 U		-	0.107	0.00100 U			2.00 U	0.500 U		0.100 U		<del>-</del>		659
B3E @ 10ft	03/06/13	10	-	-	-	5.79	0.136	1,460	88.4			3.99	3.10	79.8			Cubaudaaa F		***	43.2	0.100 0		-	0.107	0.00100 0	-		2.00 0	0.500 0	0.400 0	0.100 0			23,200	20,600
				1											Septem	iber 2017	Subsurface Ex	plorations - Off S	пе																
DP-5(20.0-22.0)	09/25/17		6.42		-	-	-	-	-	<del>  </del>		-	-	-	-			-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-		-	-		<del></del>	<del></del>	<del></del>	6.34	J 5.9 L
DP-5(27.0-29.0)	09/25/17		6.56	<b>!</b> -	-	-	-	-	-	<del>  -</del>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<del>  -</del>			-	-	-	<del>  -</del>	<del>  -</del>	<b>-</b>	-	-	<del>  -</del>			-	+	+	+	<del></del>	47.3	J 16.3
DP-6(20.0-22.0)	09/25/17		6.71	<b>!</b> -	-	-	-	-	-	<del>  -</del>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	-			-	-	<del>  -</del>	<del>  -</del>	<b>-</b>	-	-	<del>  -</del>	-		-	+	+	+	<del></del>	5.9	U 5.9 L
DP-6(27.0-29.0)	09/25/17		6.87	<b>!</b> -	-	-	-	-	-	<del>  -</del>	-	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	-		-	-	-	<del>  -</del>	<del>  -</del>	<b>-</b>	-	-	+	-	ļ -	-	+	+	+	<del></del>	6.55	J 5.9 L
DP-7(20.0-22.0)	09/25/17		6.07	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-			-		-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	<del>-</del>	+	+	+	13.4	J 5.9 L
DP-7(27.0-29.0)	09/25/17	27 - 29	6.74		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<u> </u>	-	-	-				-	-	-	-	1 - 1	-		-	-	-				<del></del>	<del></del>	51.1	21.3
DEQ Generic RBCs <sup>1</sup>																																			
Volatilization to Outdoor Air																																			
Occupational			NE	1	۱E		NV		NV		NV		NV		NV		NV	NE			NV		NV		NV		NV		NE		NV		NE		NE
Vapor Intrusion into Buildings - C	Chronic					,																				1									
Commercial			NE	1	١V		NV		NV	1	NV		NV	NI	ITI, NV		NITI, NV	NE			NE	1	NV	l	11		NV		NV	NI <sup>-</sup>	TI, NV		NE	NI7	TI, NV
Vapor Intrusion into Buildings - A	Acute																																		
Commercial			NE	1	١V		NV		NE		NV		NV		NE		NV	NE			NE		NV		15		NV		NV		ΝE		NE		NE
Groundwater in Excavation																																			
Construction/Excavation Worker			NE	1	NE	6	5,300		>S	27	0,000	130	0,000		>S	5	,400,000	NE			>S	3,2	00,000	l	>S		>S		NE	1,10	00,000	1	NE		NE

Notes:

1. DEQ Generic RBCs dated May 2018, amended June 2023.

1. The identification of the analyte is acceptable; the reported value is an estimate.

NY: chemical is considered non-volatile

U: Not detected. Reporting or detection limit shown.

>S: This groundwater RBC exceeds the solubility limit. Refer to Appendix D of DEQ's RBDM guidance document for the corresponding value of S. Groundwater concentrations in excess of S indicate that free product may be present.

Bolding indicates analyte detection.

-: not analyzed

## TABLE 9 Summary of Groundwater Sample Chemical Analytical Results VOCs Galvanics Company Portland Oragon

			-	1	1						1	L) <sup>1</sup>					
Sample I.D.	Date	Screen Interval/ Sample Depth (feet BGS)	Acetone	Benzene	Carbon disulfide	Carbon Tetrachloride	Chloroform	2-Chlorotoluene	1,1- Dichloroethane	Ethylbenzene	PCE	Toluene	1,1.1-Trichloroethane	1,2,4-TMB	1,3,5-TMB	۸c	Total Xylenes
B-water	07/21/00	12 - 16	-	0.500 U				Russell Site	-	4.77	-	0.500 U		-	-		33.8
F-water I-W	09/07/00	NA NA		0.500 U 0.500 U						0.820 2.65		<b>0.525</b> 0.500 U					<b>3.41</b> 1.0
MW-1	06/18/09	9.3 - 19.3	50.0 U	0.300 U	2.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	lonitoring a	1.0 l	J 1.0 U		1.0 U	1.0 U		1.0 U	3.0
MW-2 MW-3	07/27/05	9.4 - 19.4 9.4 - 19.4	50.0 U		2.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U 2.01	1.0 U		1.0 l	1.0 U	129	1.0 U <b>5.00</b>	1.0 U		1.0 U 3.76	3.0 <b>25.91</b>
MW-4	06/18/09 06/18/09	9.6 - 19.6	50.0 U	0.300 U	2.0 U 2.0 U	1.0 U 1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U 1.0 U	1.0 L		1.0 U 1.0 U	1.0 U 1.0 U	1.0 U		1.0 U 1.0 U	3.0
MW-5 MW-6	06/18/09 07/27/05	9.4 - 19.4 9.2 - 19.2	50.0 U	0.300 U 2.00	2.0 U	1.0 U 1.0 U	1.0 U 2.45	1.0 U	1.0 U 3.08	1.0 l	1.0 U		1.0 U <b>5.78</b>	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U <b>4.01</b>	3.0 <b>26.47</b>
IVIVV-O	06/18/09	9.2 - 19.2	50.0 U	0.300 U	2.0 U	1.0 U 1999 J	1.0 U		1.0 U	1.0 l	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	3.0
GP-1-GW GP-2-GW		14 - 18 14 - 18	20.0 U	1.0 U		1.0 U	1.0 U		1.0 U	1.0 L			1.0 U	1.0 U		2.0 U	1.0
GP-3-GW GP-4-GW	09/15/99	12 - 16 12 - 16	20.0 U		1.0 U	1.0 U	2.0	1.0 U		1.0 L	J 1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U		1.0 U	2.0 U	
GP-5-GW GP-6-GW	_	12 - 16 12 - 16 12 - 16	20.0 U		1.0 U	1.0 U	4.0	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U		1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	2.0 U	1.0
						2007 - 200	9 BCC Pro	ject Suppoi	rt Sampling	- Off Site							
SW-4GP SW-05AM	04/05/07 06/12/09	25.0 45 - 75	20.0 U 20.0 U		-	1.0 U 0.500 U	1.0 U				0.500 U	0.500 U	2.0 U 0.500 U		1.0 U		
SW-60AM	08/28/08 06/12/09	35	20.0 U 20.0 U	1.0 U 0.250 U	-	1.0 U 0.500 U	1.0 U 1.0 U		1.0 U 0.500 U	1.0 U	0.500 U	1.0 U 0.500 U	1.0 U 0.500 U	1.0 U 1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U 0.500 U	3.0 1.50
SW-63GP SW-64AM	06/18/08 08/28/08	25 17 - 27	<b>68.3</b> 20.0 U	1.0 U		1.0 U	1.0 U		1.0 U	1.0 l	J 1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U		1.0 U	3.0
SW-65GP SW-73MW	06/18/08 06/11/09	30 15 - 25	20.0 U	1.0 U 0.250 U		1.0 U 0.500 U	1.0 U		1.0 U 0.500 U	1.0 L 0.500 L	J 1.0 U	1.0 U 0.500 U	1.0 U 0.500 U	1.0 U		1.0 U 0.500 U	3.0 1.50
SW-74GP-W SW-75MW	05/28/09	22 15.5 - 25.5	20.0 U	0.250 U 0.250 U		0.500 U	2.0 U	0.500 U	0.500 U	0.500 L	0.500 U 0.500 U	1.0 U	0.500 U 0.500 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	0.500 U	1.50 1.50
SW-76MW	06/11/09	15.5 - 25.5	20.0 U	0.250 U	-	0.500 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	0.500 U	0.500 L	0.500 U	0.500 U	0.500 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	0.500 U	1.50
	11/03/09		20.0 U	1.0 U	2.0 U	0.500 U 1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	0.500 U 1.0 U	0.500 L	J 1.0 U	0.500 U 1.0 U	0.500 U 1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	0.500 U 1.0 U	1.50 3.0
SW-76MW (Dup)	11/05/09 11/10/09		20.0 U 20.0 U	1.0 U		1.0 U 1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U 1.0 U	1.0 L		1.0 U	1.0 U 1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	3.0
	11/12/09 11/17/09		20.0 U	1.0 U		1.0 U 1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U 1.0 U	1.0 U		1.0 U 1.0 U	1.0 U 1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U 1.0 U	1.0 U 1.0 U	3.0
	11/19/09		20.0 U	1.0 U		1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 L		1.0 U 1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U 1.0 U	1.0 U	3.0 3.0
	11/24/09 11/27/09	11.5 - 41.5	20.0 U	1.0 U	2.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 L		1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U		1.0 U	3.0 3.0
SW-76MW (Dup)	12/01/09 12/03/09		20.0 U	1.0 U	2.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 L	J 1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	3.0
	12/08/09		20.0 U	1.0 U	2.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 L	J 1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	3.0
CM ZCMW (Dup)	12/10/09		20.0 U	1.0 U	2.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 L	J 1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	3.0
SW-76MW (Dup)	12/17/09	_	20.0 U	1.0 U	2.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 L	J 1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U		1.0 U	3.0
SW-77GP-W	05/28/09 06/11/09	8	20.0 U 20.0 U	0.500 U 0.250 U		0.500 U 0.500 U	2.0 U 1.0 U	0.500 U 1.0 U	0.500 U 0.500 U	0.500 L 0.500 L	0.500 U 0.500 U	1.0 U 0.500 U	0.500 U 0.500 U	1.0 U 1.0 U	1.0 U 1.0 U	0.500 U 0.500 U	1.50 1.50
SW-78MW	11/03/09 11/05/09		20.0 U	1.0 U		1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U 1.0 U	1.0 L		1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U 1.0 U	1.0 U 1.0 U	3.0
	11/10/09		20.0 U	1.0 U	+	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 L		1.0 U 1.0 U	1.0 U 1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U 1.0 U	3.0
	11/12/09 11/17/09		20.0 U	1.0 U		1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 L		1.0 U 1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U 1.0 U	1.0 U	3.0 3.0
SW-78MW (Dup)	11/19/09 11/24/09		20.0 U	1.0 U	2.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 L		1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	3.0
	11/27/09 12/01/09	13.5 - 23.5	20.0 U		2.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U		1.0 U	1.0 L	J 1.0 U		1.0 U	1.0 U		1.0 U	
	12/03/09		20.0 U	1.0 U	2.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 L	J 1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	3.0
	12/08/09		20.0 U	1.0 U	2.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 l	J 1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	3.0
SW-78MW (Dup)	12/10/09 12/16/09		20.0 U	1.0 U	2.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U 1.0 U	1.0 L	J 1.0 U	1.0 U 1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U		1.0 U 1.0 U	3.0
	12/17/09 12/21/09		20.0 U 20.0 U	1.0 U		1.0 U 1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U 1.0 U	1.0 U 1.0 U	1.0 L	J 1.0 U	1.0 U 1.0 U	1.0 U 1.0 U	1.0 U 1.0 U		1.0 U 1.0 U	3.0
SW-79MW	06/11/09 11/03/09		20.0 U 20.0 U	0.250 U 1.0 U	2.0 U	0.500 U 1.0 U	1.0 U 1.0 U	1.0 U 1.0 U	0.500 U 1.0 U	0.500 L 1.0 L		0.500 U 1.0 U	0.500 U 1.0 U	1.0 U 1.0 U	1.0 U 1.0 U	0.500 U 1.0 U	1.50 3.0
	11/05/09		20.0 U	1.0 U		1.0 U 1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U 1.0 U	1.0 U 1.0 U	1.0 L		1.0 U 1.0 U	1.0 U 1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U 1.0 U	1.0 U 1.0 U	3.0
	11/10/09 11/12/09		20.0 U	1.0 U	2.0 U	1.0 U	<b>2.14</b> 1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 L	J 1.0 U		1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	3.0
SW-79MW (Dup)	11/17/09 11/19/09		20.0 U	1.0 U	2.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 L	J 1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	3.0
	11/24/09		20.0 U	1.0 U	2.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	J 1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U		1.0 U	3.0
	11/27/09	13 - 33	20.0 U	1.0 U	2.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 L	J 1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	3.0
	12/01/09 12/03/09		20.0 U	1.0 U	2.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U		1.0 U	1.0 L	J 1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U		1.0 U	3.0
SW-79MW (Dup)	12/08/09 12/10/09		20.0 U 20.0 U	1.0 U	2.0 U	1.0 U 1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U 1.0 U	1.0 L	J 1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U 1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	3.0
	12/16/09		20.0 U 20.0 U			1.0 U 1.0 U	1.0 U 1.0 U		1.0 U 1.0 U	1.0 U			1.0 U 1.0 U	1.0 U 1.0 U		1.0 U 1.0 U	
SW-79MW (Dup)	12/17/09		20.0 U	1.0 U	2.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 L	J 1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	3.0
SW-79MW (Dup)	12/21/09		20.0 U			1.0 U		1	1.0 U	1.0 U			1.0 U	1.0 U		1.0 U	

## TABLE 9 Summary of Groundwater Sample Chemical Analytical Results VOCs Galvanizers Company Portland, Oregon

			1						VOCs by	EPA Method	8360 (ug/l	\1					
Sample I.D.	Date	Screen Interval/ Sample Depth (feet BGS)	Acetone	Benzene	Carbon disulfide	Carbon Tetrachloride	Chloroform	2-Chlorotoluene	1,1-	Ethylbenzene	<u>В</u> СЕ	Toluene	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	1,2,4-TMB	1,3,5-TMB	۸C	Total Xylenes
SW-80MW			20.0 U	0.250 U	_	0.500 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	0.500 U	0.500 U	0.500 U	0.500 U	0.500 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	0.500 U	1.50 U
	06/11/09		20.0 U	0.250 U	-	0.500 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	0.500 U	0.500 U	0.500 U	0.500 U	0.500 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	0.500 U	1.50 U
	11/03/09		20.0 U	1.0 U	2.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	3.0 U
	11/05/09		20.0 U	1.0 U	2.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	3.0 U
	11/10/09		20.0 U	1.0 U	2.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	3.0 U
	11/12/09		20.0 U	1.0 U	2.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	3.0 U
	11/17/09		20.0 U	1.0 U	2.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	3.0 U
	11/19/09		20.0 U	1.0 U	2.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	3.0 U
SW-80MW (Dup)	11/24/09	10 - 20	20.0 U	1.0 U	2.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U		1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	
Cir Comit (Bup)	11/27/09		20.0 U	1.0 U	2.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	0.0
	12/01/09		20.0 U	1.0 U	2.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	=:0 0		1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	
	12/03/09		20.0 U	1.0 U	2.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U			1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	
	12/08/09		20.0 U	1.0 U	2.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	2.0 0	2.0	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	
	12/10/09		20.0 U	1.0 U	2.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U		1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	
	12/16/09		20.0 U	1.0 U	2.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	
	12/17/09		20.0 U	1.0 U	2.0 U	1.0 U	1.0	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 0	1.0 0	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	0.0
011/04/05/11/	12/21/09	10	20.0 U	1.0 U	2.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	0.0
SW-81GP-W	06/01/09	19	20.0 U	0.250	-	0.500 U	2.0 U	0.500 U	0.500 U	0.500 U	0.500 U	1.22	0.500 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	0.500 U	1.50 U
SW-82GP-W SW-83GP-W	06/01/09	22 24	20.0 U	0.250 U 0.250 U		0.500 U	2.0 U <b>4.26</b>	0.500 U	0.500 U	0.500 U 0.500 U	0.500 U	1.0 U	0.500 U 0.500 U	1.0 U	1.0 U	0.500 U	1.50 U
	05/29/09	24	20.0 0	0.250 0		0.500 0	4.20	0.500 0	0.500 0	0.500 0	0.500 0	1.0 0	0.500 0	1.0 0	1.0 0	0.500 0	1.50 0
DEQ Generic RBCs <sup>3</sup>																	
Volatilization to Outdo	oor Air			44000					20.000	40.000							
Occupational			NE	14,000	NE	7,700	6,300	NE	68,000	43,000	<b>&gt;</b> S	<b>&gt;</b> \$	<b>&gt;</b> \$	>S	>S	5,900	>S
Vapor Intrusion into E	Buildings – Ch	ronic		- 10							100	450000			4 700		
Commercial			NITI	12	NE	3.1	5.9	NITI	55	31	130	150,000	53,000	2,400	1,700	3.3	3,300
Vapor Intrusion into E	suiidings – Ac	ute	l NO	050	NIE	0.000	47.000	N.E	N.E.	400.000	220	400,000	00.000	l NE	N.E	4.000	1 000 000
Commercial			NC	650	NE	8,800	17,000	NE	NE	420,000	330	160,000	80,000	NE	NE	4,600	200,000
Groundwater in Excav			NE	4.000	NE	4.000	700	NE	40.000	4.500	F 000	000 000	1 400 000	0.200	7.500	000	02.000
Construction/Excava	ition Worker		NE	1,800	NE	1,800	720	NE	10,000	4,500	5,600	220,000	1,100,000	6,300	7,500	960	23,000

### Notes:

- Notes:

  1. Only detected VOCs are shown.

  2. Samples analyzed for BTEX by EPA Method 8021B.

  3. DEQ Generic RBCs dated May 2018, amended June 2023.

  >S: This groundwater RBC exceeds the solubility limit. Refer to Appendix D of DEQ's RBDM guidance document for the corresponding value of S. Groundwater concentrations in excess of S indicate that free product may be present.

  U: Not detected. Reporting or detection limit shown.

  Bolding indicates analyte detection.

- Shading indicates analyte detection at a concentration greaterthan DEQ RBCs. -: not analyzed

# TABLE 10 Summary of Groundwater Sample Chemical Analytical Results PAHs Galvanizers Company Portland, Oregon

								Po	rtland, Oregor	n								
									PAI	Hs by EPA Me	ethod 8270 S	IM (µg/L)						
Sample I.D.	Date	Screen Interval/ Sample Depth (feet BGS)	Acenaphthene	Acenaphthylene	Anthracene	Benz(a)anthracene	Benzo(a)pyrene	Benzo(b)fluoranthene	Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	Benzo(k)fluoranthene	Chrysene	Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	Fluoranthene	Fluorene	Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	Naphthalene	Phenanthrene	Pyrene
									Russell Site S			_						
B-water	07/21/00	12 - 16	2.00 l	U 2.00 U	2.00 U	0.200 I	U 0.200 U	0.200 U	0.200 U	0.200 U	0.200 L	0.100	U 2.00 L	2.52	0.200 เ	J 10.0 U	0.958	2.00 U
F-water		NA	2.00 l	U 0.200 U	0.200 U	0.200	U 0.200 U	0.200 U		0.200 U	0.200 L		U 0.200 L	1.48	0.200 l	J 2.00 U	0.200 U	0.200 U
I-W	09/07/00	NA	0.226	0.200 U	0.200 U	0.200 l	U 0.200 U	0.200 U		0.200 U	0.200 L	0.400	U 0.200 L	J <b>0.777</b>	0.200 l	J 0.200 U	0.491	0.200 U
	2005 and 2008 XPA Groundwater Monitoring and 2009 SCE																	
MW-1	06/18/09	9.3 - 19.3				0.0537 l	U 0.0537 U	0.0537 U		0.0537 U		0.0537	U 0.0537 L	J 0.0537 U	_			0.0537 U
MW-2	06/18/09	9.4 - 19.4	0.0590 l	U 0.0590 U	0.0590 U	0.0590 l	U 0.0590 U		0.0590 U	0.0590 U	0.0590 L	0.0590	U 0.0590 L	J 0.0590 U	0.059 L	J 0.0590 U	0.0590 U	0.0590 U
MW-3	07/27/05	9.4 - 19.4	0.0505 l	U 0.0505 U	0.0505 U	0.0505 l	U 0.0505 U		0.0505 U	0.0505 U	0.0505 L	0.0505	U 0.0505 L	J 0.0505 U	0.0505 L	0.101	0.0707	0.0505 U
	06/18/09		0.0555 l			0.0555 l	U 0.0555 U		0.0555 U	0.0555 U		0.0555	U <b>0.0666</b>	0.0666	0.0555 L	0.0999	0.0888	0.0555 U
MW-4	06/18/09		0.0575 l		0.0575 U	0.0575 l	U 0.0575 U		0.0575 U	0.0575 U		0.0575	U 0.0575 L	J 0.0575 U	0.0575 L	J 0.0575 U	0.0575 U	0.0575 U
MW-5	06/18/09	9.4 - 19.4	0.0557 l			0.0557	U 0.0557 U		0.0557 U	0.0557 U		0.0557	U <b>0.122</b>	0.0557 L	0.0557 L	0.0557 U	0.0668	0.100
MW-6	07/27/05	9.2 - 19.2	0.0601			0.0501	U 0.0501 U		0.0501 U	0.0501 U		0.0501	U 0.0501 L	0.0801	0.0501 L	0.140	0.130	0.0501 U
	06/18/09		0.0534 l	U 0.0534 U	0.0534 U	0.0534 l	U 0.0534 U		0.0534 U	0.0534 U		0.0534	U 0.0534 L	J 0.0534 U	0.0534 L	0.203	0.0747	0.0534 U
	T	1			T				an & Sons Fa					.1		.1	T	
GP-5-GW	09/15/99	12 - 16	0.1 l	U 0.1 U	0.1 U	0.1	U 0.1 U	0.1	0.1 U	0.1 U	0:=	0.1	U 0.1 l	J 0.1 U	) 0.1 L	J 0.1 U	0.1 U	0.1 U
	_						_		undwater Ass			_			_	_		
AMW-1	_	9 - 24	0.167 l	U 0.167 U	0.167 U	0.167 l	U 0.167 U	0.167 U		0.167 U	0.167 L		U 0.167 l	J 0.167 U	0.167 L	J 0.167 U	0.167 U	0.167 U
AMW-2	11/13/08	9 - 24	0.167 l	U 0.167 U	0.167 U	0.167 l	U 0.167 U	0.167 U	0.20.	0.167 U	0.167 L	0.201	U 0.167 l	J 0.167 U	0.167 L	J 0.167 U	0.167 U	0.167 U
AMW-3		12.5 - 27.5	0.0980 l	U 0.0980 U	0.0980 U	0.0980	U 0.0980 U		0.0980 U	0.0980 U	0.0980 L	0.0980	U 0.0980 L	J 0.0980 U	0.0980 L	J 0.0980 U	0.0980 U	0.0980 U
AMW-4		12.5 - 27.5		U 0.135 U	0.135 U	0.135 l	U 0.135 U	0.135 U	0.135 U	0.135 U	0.135 L	0.135	U 0.135 L	0.135 U	0.135 L	0.135 U	0.135 U	0.135 U
AMW-5	01/18/07		0.0971 l	U 0.0971 U	0.0971 U	0.0971	U 0.0971 U		0.0971 U	0.0971 U		0.0971	U 0.0971 L	J 0.0971 U		J 0.0971 U	0.0971 U	0.0971 U
AMW-5 (Dup)	<del> </del>		0.0952 l	U 0.0952 U	0.0952 U	0.0952	U 0.0952 U		0.0952 U	0.0952 U		0.0952	U 0.0952 L	0.0952 U	0.0952 L	J 0.0952 U	0.0952 U	0.0952 U
AMW-5	06/28/07	10 - 25		U 0.0943 U		0.0943			0.0943 U			0.0943		J 0.0943 U		U 0.0943 U		0.0943 U
AMW-5 (Dup)		1	0.0926 t	U 0.0926 U			U 0.0926 U U 0.167 U						U 0.0926 L			J 0.0926 U		
AMW-5 AMW-5 (Dup)	11/13/08		0.167 t	U 0.167 U U 0.0943 U	0.20.	0.167 t 0.0943 t			0.167 U 0.0943 U	0.167 U		0.167		J 0.167 U J 0.0943 U	0.167 L 0.0943 L	J 0.167 U J 0.0943 U		0.167 U 0.0943 U
AMW-6	11/12/09	12.5 - 27.5		U 0.182 U	0.0943 U	0.0943 t	U 0.182 U						U 0.182 L	J 0.182 U		J 0.182 U	0.0943 U	0.0943 U
AIVIVV-O	11/13/08	12.3 - 21.3	0.182 l	0 0.102 U	U.102 U	0.102			0.182 U	0.182 U		0.102	∪ U.10∠ (	0.102	0.182 l	0.10∠ U	0.102 0	1 0.102 0
CW 4CD	04/05/07	0.5	0.40	11 040 11	0.40	0.40			C Project Sup			1 0 40	11 040 1	1 040 1	1 040 1	1 040 !!	0.10	1 0 10 11
SW-4GP	04/05/07	25 65	0.10 l	U 0.10 U	0.10 U	0.10 U	U 0.10 U U 0.10 U	0.10 U		0.10 U	0.10 U		U 0.10 L	J 0.10 U		U 0.10 U 0.10 U	0.10 U 0.10 U	0.10 U
SW-6GP 65 SW-60 AM	04/10/07 08/28/08	65 35	0.10 l 0.10 l	U 0.10 U U 0.10 U	0.10 U 0.10 U	0.10	U 0.10 U	0.10 U	0.10 U 0.10 U	0.10 U	0.10 U		U 0.10 L	J 0.10 U	0.10 L 0.10 L	J 0.10 U	0.10 U	0.10 U 0.10 U
SW-63GP	06/18/08	25	0.10 t	U 0.05 U	0.10 U	0.10	U 0.10 U	0.10 U	0.10 U	0.10 U	0.10 U	0.10	U 0.05 L	J 0.10 U	0.10 t	J 0.10 U	0.10 U	0.10 U
SW-64AM	08/28/08	25 17 - 27	0.05 t	U 0.05 U	0.05 U	0.05	U 0.05 U	0.05 U	0.05 U	0.05 U	0.05 L	0.05	U 0.05 L	J 0.05 U	0.05 t	J 0.05 U	0.05 U	0.05 U
SW-65GP	06/28/08	30	0.05 t	U 0.05 U	0.05 U	0.05	U 0.05 U	0.05 U		0.05 U	0.05 L		U 0.05 L	J 0.05 U	0.05 t	J 0.05 U	0.05 U	0.05 U
3W-03GF	00/ 10/ 00	30	0.05	0.05 0	0.05 0	0.05	0.05 0	0.05	0.05 0	0.05 0	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05 0	0.05 0	0.00



## TABLE 10 Summary of Groundwater Sample Chemical Analytical Results PAHs Galvanizers Company

Portland, Oregon

									_									
									PAI	ls by EPA Me	thod 8270 S	IM (µg/L)						
Sample I.D.	Date	Screen Interval/ Sample Depth (feet BGS)	Acenaphthene	Acenaphthylene	Anthracene	Benz(a)anthracene	Benzo(a)pyrene	Benzo(b)fluoranthene	Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	Benzo(k)fluoranthene	Chrysene	Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	Fluoranthene	Fluorene	Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	Naphthalene	Phenanthrene	Pyrene
DEQ Generic RBCs	2																•	
Volatilization to Ou																		
Occupational			>S	NE	>S	>S	NV	NV	NE	NV	NV	NV	NV	>S	NV	16,000	NE	>S
Vapor Intrusion int	o Buildings –	Chronic																
Commercial			NITI	NE	NITI	2,300	NV	NV	NE	NV	NV	NV	NITI, NV	NITI	NV	50	NE	NITI
Vapor Intrusion int	o Buildings –	Acute																
Commercial			NE	NE	NE	NE	NV	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	83,000	NE	NE
Groundwater in Ex	cavation			-	-		-		-		-		-		-	•		-
Construction/Exc	avation Work	er	>S	NE	>S	>S	>S	>S	NE	>S	>S	>S	>S	>S	>S	500	NE	>S

### Notes:

- 1. Groundwater samples collected by AMEC and MWH as part of a groundwater assessment completed at the GE Inspection and Repair Services Center site.
- 2. DEQ Generic RBCs dated May 2018, amended June 2023.
- NV: chemical is considered non-volatile
- >S: This groundwater RBC exceeds the solubility limit. Refer to Appendix D of DEQ's RBDM guidance document for the corresponding value of S. Groundwater concentrations in excess of S indicate that free product may be present.
- U: Not detected. Reporting or detection limit shown.

Bolding indicates analyte detection.

### **APPENDIX A**

**APPENDIX A** 

**BWUD DOCUMENTATION** 



# TABLE A-1 Summary of Water Well Database Search Water Wells Potentially Located Within 1 Mile of Subject Property Galvanizers Company Portland, Oregon

County Well I.D.	Street Address		ance oject Site Miles	Direction From Subject Property	Location Confidence	Year Drilled	Use/Well Type	Depth	Intake Depth (feet BGS)	Reported First Water (feet BGS)	Reported Static Water Level (feet BGS)	Inferred Confined?	I Δαμifer at Project	Yield (gpm)	Drawdown (feet)	Specific Capacity (gpm/ft)	Inferred Up/Cross/Down Gradient?	Comments/Notes
									Tow	vnship 1 Nort	h, Range 1 East, S	Section 29						
MULT 1017	3366 NW Yeon Ave.	2,300	0.44	North	High	1962	IND	574	Open hole below 243	-	30	Yes	No	315	275	1.1	Down	Water right associated with these two wells allows instantaneous pumping rates of 0.74 cfs (332 gpm) and 1.02 cfs (458 gpm) for industrial use, respectively.  These wells were completed as open-hole construction within a lower confined basalt aquifer. The completion depths of these wells within a separate aquifer indicate
MULT 1018	3366 NW Yeon Ave.	2,700	0.51	North	High	1963	IND	679	Open hole below 195	-	32	Yes	No	365	190	1.9	Down	that little or no hydraulic connection exists with the shallow aquifer at the subject property. Conservatively assuming that groundwater pumping from these wells does affect shallow groundwater hydraulics, the distance from the subject property and low specific capacity indicate very low likelihood of contact with sitederived groundwater.

Notes:

-: not reported or not applicable

IND: industrial well

W	/ater Use Survey Questionn	aire
Property Address:  Owner: Clower En	terprises LLC	
Telephone Number: ちひるーみ		
Please answer the following que		
1. Are there any water wells use	d on this property?	
2. If yes, how is the water used?		
3. For all water wells, please pro	vide the following information	1:
Location of Well(s) on Property	Depth of Well(s)	Use of Water From Wel
Additional Well Information:		

W	ater Use Survey Questionna	aire
Property Address: 2537 / Country Ralph 2 Telephone Number: 50 Please answer the following que  1. Are there any water wells used		Putland, or 97210
2. If yes, how is the water used?		
3. For all water wells, please pro	vide the following information	:
Location of Well(s) on Property	Depth of Well(s)	Use of Water From Well(s)
A data a a LNA a ll luda una ati a sa		
Additional Well Information:		

...

	Vater Use Survey Questionn	
	UW 31 <sup>51</sup> AVENUE	
Owner: MACTARI	NAHAN LIMITED PARTNERS	H\P
Telephone Number: აებ	-502-1363	
Please answer the following que		
1. Are there any water wells use		
NO		
2. If yes, how is the water used?		
2. If yes, flow is the water used:		
-		
3. For all water wells, please pro	ovide the following information	1:
Location of Well(s)	Depth of Well(s)	Use of Water From Well(s
on Property	Doptil of Woll(5)	oso or water from wongs
Additional Well Information:		
	1	

Property Address:		^
Property Address:  Owner: 2516 + 250	2 NW 291	) Are
Owner. 25/10 + 250		
Telephone Number: 50	3-957-9832	
Please answer the following ques		
1. Are there any water wells used	on this property?	
NO		
2. If yes, how is the water used?		
3. For all water wells, please prov	ride the following information	1:
Location of Well(s)		
on Property	Depth of Well(s)	Use of Water From Well
	3	
Additional Well Information:		•
f <sub>i</sub>		
	As	

Owner:  OGENAU INVESTMEN  Telephone Number: 503-22:	+ Company 1	
Telephone Number: 503-223	+ (magnu 1	
Telephone Number: 503-22	1 - 01111-5-117 6	LC
Disease annual the fellowing average	3-1466	
Please answer the following question	ons below.	
1. Are there any water wells used o	n this property?	
N/A		
2. If yes, how is the water used?		
NA		
3. For all water wells, please provid	a the following information	
Location of Well(s)	e the following information	le .
on Property	Depth of Well(s)	Use of Water From Well(s
Additional Mall Information		
Additional Well Information:		
N/A		
. //		

Telephone Number: 503	722-9446	
Please answer the following que		
1. Are there any water wells use	d on this property?	
2. If yes, how is the water used?		
3. For all water wells, please pro	vide the following information	1:
Location of Well(s)	Depth of Well(s)	Use of Water From Well(s
on Property		· ·
Additional Well Information:		
Additional World Information.		

V	Vater Use Survey Questionna	aire
	NW 29TH AVE INDUSTRIAL PRODU	PORTLAND OR 97210 LCTS INC
Telephone Number: 503	-222-9446	
Please answer the following que	estions below.	
1. Are there any water wells use	ed on this property?	
2. If yes, how is the water used?		
3. For all water wells, please pro	ovide the following information:	
Location of Well(s) on Property	Depth of Well(s)	Use of Water From Well(s)
Additional Well Information:		

W	ater Use Survey Questionna	aire
Property Address: 2727 NW 29t	h Avenue	
Owner: General Electric Compar	ny	
Telephone Number: 518-796-5	971	
Please answer the following que	stions below.	
1. Are there any water wells use	d on this property?	
There are no water supply well	ls on this property.	
2. If yes, how is the water used?		
2 For all water wells, places are	uide the fellowing information	
3. For all water wells, please pro	vide the following information	
Location of Well(s)	Depth of Well(s)	Use of Water From Well(s)
on Property		
	310.87	
		1
	*	The state of the s
Additional Well Information:		
Additional Well Illiotthation.		
Wells on site are monitoring we	ells only (no water supply wells).	
r .		



### Permit No. G- 2226

### APPLICATION FOR A PERMIT

### To Appropriate the Ground Waters of the State of Oregon

		ules Powder Con	ppocent)	••••
f P.O	. Box 3939	Portland	county of Multnomah	,
lata of	Oregon	do her	reby make application for a permit to appropriate	the
tate ofollowing descr	ribed ground wa	ters of the state of Ore	gon, SUBJECT TO EXISTING RIGHTS:	••••
If the an	plicant is a corpo	ration, give date and pl	ace of incorporation	
	•			
October	18,19,12	- WITHINGTON N	elaware	•••••
1. Give	name of nearest	stream to which the t	well, tunnel or other source of water developmen	t is
ituated	Willamett	e River	(Name of stream)	•••••
		·	tributary of Columbia River	
o m				
			ntends to apply to beneficial use isc from 2 wells each of 400 g.p.m.	<b>u</b> on
2 The	to subjek the	anatan is to be emplied	is Industrial process cooling	
	_	_		••••••
operati	ions and er	fluent dilution #1-230	ft. S 1260ft. W N	E
4. The	well.or other sou	rce is located #2-680	ft. $N$ and 1970 ft. $W$ from the $N$	<b>E</b>
			action or subdivision)	<b></b> .
, <b>. ,</b> ,		(If preferable, give distance a	and bearing to section corner)	•••••
being within	the Peter G	illd Donation L	e described. Use separate sheet if necessary) and of Sec. 29 Twp. IN R. IE laim	
W. M., in the	county of Mu	Ltnomah		
5. The and	pipe line process of	to connect the	two wells to be 1060 ft.	
		NW & of NE &	of Sec. 29 , Twp. IN	
R. IE	. W. M., the prop	oosed location being sh	own throughout on the accompanying map.	
6. The	name of the we	ll or other works is	#1 and #2 wells.	•• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
		DESCRIPTION	ON OF WORKS	
7 If t1			orks to be used for the control and conservation of	f th
supply when	not in use must			
		<b>ed</b>		
		<b>ed</b>		
		ed		
supply when	Not expect			
supply when	Not expecte	oill consist of		ring
supply when  8. The	Not expected seeds of the seeds	oill consist of	two wells has (Give number of wells, tunnels, etc.)	ring 40

adgate. At head		(		,000, 2002,000
······	feet; depth of water	<b>r</b>	feet; grade	feet fall per on
ousand feet.				
(b) At	mile	s from headge	nte: width on top (at water line	·)
	feet; width on bo	ottom	feet; depth of water	fee
ade	feet fall pe	r one thousan	d feet.	
(c) Length	of <b>pipe</b> ,	ft.; <b>s</b> i	ze at intake,in.; i	in size at
om intake	in.; siz	ze at place of t	u <b>se</b> in.; differe	ence in elevation betwee
take and place	of use,	ft. Is	grade uniform?	Estimated capacit
	<b>sec. ft.</b>			
10. If pum	ps are to be used, gi	ive size and ty	pe · 10" deepwell	
	_			
Cina hama			ne to be used 40 H.P.	. Est.
Give norse	power and type of	motor or engin	ie to de used	
itural stream ( ne difference in	or stream channel,	give the dist the stream be	ner development work is less th ance to the nearest point on e ed and the ground surface at the	ach of such channels a he source of developme
atural stream ( ne difference in	or stream channel, elevation between	give the dist the stream be	ance to the nearest point on e d and the ground surface at t	ach of such channels a he source of developme
itural stream ( ne difference in	or stream channel, elevation between	give the dist the stream be	ance to the nearest point on e	ach of such channels a he source of developme
atural stream (ne difference in 12. Locat	ion of area to be irr	give the dist the stream be	ance to the nearest point on end and the ground surface at the gro	ach of such channels as the source of developme
12. Locat:	ion of area to be irr	give the dist the stream be	ance to the nearest point on end and the ground surface at the day of NE ce of use NW & Of NE	Number Agree To Be Irrigated
12. Locat:	ion of area to be irr	give the dist the stream be	ance to the nearest point on end and the ground surface at the day of NE ce of use NW & Of NE	Number Agree To Be Irrigated
12. Locat:	ion of area to be irr	give the dist the stream be	ance to the nearest point on end and the ground surface at the day of NE ce of use NW & Of NE	Number Agree To Be Irrigated
12. Locat:	ion of area to be irr	give the dist the stream be	ance to the nearest point on end and the ground surface at the day of NE ce of use NW & Of NE	Number Agree To Be Irrigated
12. Locat:	ion of area to be irr	give the dist the stream be	ance to the nearest point on end and the ground surface at the day of NE ce of use NW & Of NE	Number Agree To Be Irrigated
12. Locat:	ion of area to be irr	give the dist the stream be	ance to the nearest point on end and the ground surface at the day of NE ce of use NW & Of NE	Number Agree To Be Irrigated
12. Locat:	ion of area to be irr	give the dist the stream be	ance to the nearest point on end and the ground surface at the day of NE ce of use NW & Of NE	Number Agree To Be Irrigated
atural stream (ne difference in 12. Locat:  Township N. or 8.	ion of area to be irr	give the dist the stream be	ance to the nearest point on end and the ground surface at the day of NE ce of use NW & Of NE	Number Agree To Be Irrigated
atural stream (ne difference in 12. Locat:  Township N. or 8.	ion of area to be irr	give the dist the stream be	ance to the nearest point on end and the ground surface at the day of NE ce of use NW & Of NE	Number Agree To Be Irrigated
12. Locat:	ion of area to be irr	give the dist the stream be	ance to the nearest point on end and the ground surface at the day of NE ce of use NW & Of NE	Number Agree To Be Irrigated
12. Locat:	ion of area to be irr	give the dist the stream be	ance to the nearest point on end and the ground surface at the day of NE ce of use NW & Of NE	Number Agree To Be Irrigated

MUNICIPAL SUPPLY—	
11. To supply the city of	s present population of
end an estimated population of	
• •	15, 16, 17 AND 18 IN ALL CASES
14. Estimated cost of proposed works, \$	•
15. Construction work will begin on or bef	• • •
•	n or before December 30, 1962
	to the proposed use on or before March 1, 1963
	mental to an existing water supply, identify any appli-
cation for permit, permit, certificate or adjudi	icated right to appropriate water, made or held by the
applicant.	
	HERCULES POWDER COMPANY
	Wiffer In and
Remarks:	
	······································
	•
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
STATE OF OREGON, County of Marion	
County of Marion,	
This is to certify that I have examined t	the foregoing application, together with the accompanying
maps and data, and return the same for	
In order to retain its priority, this applic	cation must be returned to the State Engineer, with correc-
tions on or before	<b>, 19</b>
WITNESS my hand this day o	.f, 19, 19
	STATE ENGINEER

By .....

. County of Merion,

This is to certify that I have examined the foregoing application and do hereby grant the same, SUBJECT TO EXISTING RIGHTS and the following limitations and conditions:

	•				d to beneficial use and
_					ersion from the well or
					om two wells,
The use to which this water is to be applied is industrial.					
The u					
If for					e cubic foot per second
or its equiv	alent for each acre	irrigated and shall be	further lin	sited to a diversion o	f not to exceed
acre feet pe	r acre for each acr	e irrigated during the	irrigation	season of each year	;
***************************************		·			
		•••••	•••••		
			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		<u></u>
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				
		easonable rotation syst			
the works	shall include prope	r capping and control	valve to pr	event the waste of	if the flow is artesian ground water.
line adeau	iate to determine i	vater level elevation i	n the well	at all times.	ccess port for measuring
The keep a com	permittee shall ins iplete record of the	tall and maintain a we amount of ground we	eir, meter, o iter withdr	or oth <b>er suita</b> ble me aw <mark>n</mark> .	ssuring device, and shall
				July 6, 1962	
The	priority date of thi	s permit is		December 10. 1	963 and shall
					.963 and shall
					efore October 1, 1965
		f the water to the pro		hall be made on or b December	(0
WI	TNESS my hand th	is 10th day of		0: 1	19.62
			<b>.</b>	<del></del>	STATE ENGINEER
	ļ	gon,	•	9	(a .l
	QX	received in the Salem, Oregon A M.			222 O.
71	E GROUND STATE	reived			p p
23	ા છે.			ું ત્	page etat
	RMIT ATE THE OF THE OREGON	was fir 'ngineer ofC		red: December 10, 1962	TER CA
Application No. G-Permit No. G-	ш	nent w ite Eng day of	icant.	. 10,	WHEI WHEI
Application Permit No.	P] APPROPR WATERS OF	trume Stat	appl		S. L.
Appl Pern	•	This instrument was first received in ice of the State Engineer at Salem, Oregine L. M. day of Cr. M.  62, at 8:00 o'clock M.	red to	proved:  December 10, 19	und Water Permits on CHRIS. L. WHEELER Drainage Basin No. 3
	70	This instrument was first office of the State Engineer at on the C Th. day of Cr. 1962, at B. 00 o'clock	Returned to applicant:	Approved: Dec	Ground Water Permits on page CHRIS L. WHEELER  Drainage Basin No. 3 pa
	<u> </u>	1 5 5 %	I & :	: <	G : <b>T</b>

State Printing

### STATE OF OREGON

COUNTY OF MULTNOMAH

### CERTIFICATE OF WATER RIGHT

### This Is to Certify, That

HERCULES POWDER COMPANY

of P. O. Box 3939, Portland , State of Oregon , has made proof to the satisfaction of the STATE ENGINEER of Oregon, of a right to the use of the waters of Two wells

a tributary of Willamette River industrial

for the purpose of

under Permit No. G-2226 of the State Engineer, and that said right to the use of said waters has been perfected in accordance with the laws of Oregon; that the priority of the right hereby confirmed dates from July 6, 1962

that the amount of water to which such right is entitled and hereby confirmed, for the purposes aforesaid, is limited to an amount actually beneficially used for said purposes, and shall not exceed 1.76 cubic feet per second, being 1.02 c.f.s. from well #2 and 0.74 c.f.s. from well #1

or its equivalent in case of rotation, measured of the point of diversion from the stream. The point of diversion is located in the M\(\frac{1}{4}\) NE\(\frac{1}{4}\) and NE\(\frac{1}{4}\) as projected within Guild DIC 54, Section 29, T. 1 N., R. 1 E., W. M.; wells located: Well No. 1, 230 feet S. and 1260 feet W.; well no. 2, 680 feet S. and 1970 feet W., (cont. below) The amount of water used for irrigation, together with the amount secured under any other right existing for the same lands, shall be limited to \_\_\_\_\_ of one cubic foot per second per acre,

(cont. from above)
both from the NE corner of Section 29.

and shall

conform to such reasonable rotation system as may be ordered by the proper state officer.

A description of the place of use under the right hereby confirmed, and to which such right is appurtenant, is as follows:

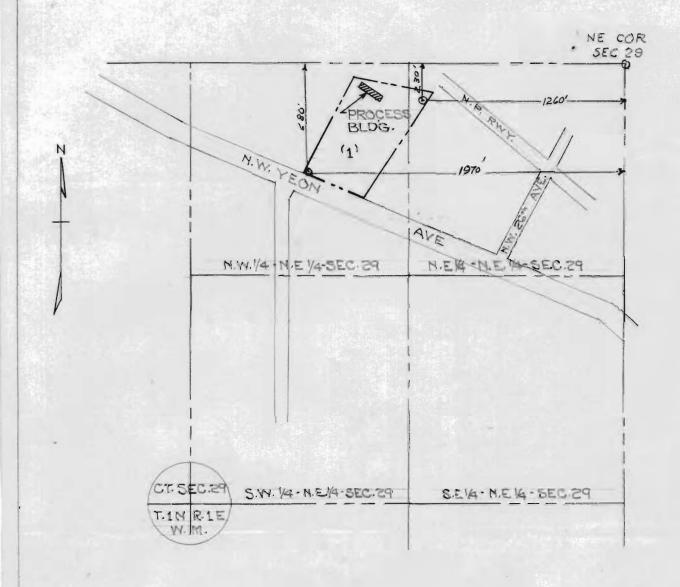
The right to the use of the water for the purposes aforesaid is restricted to the lands or place of use herein described.

WITNESS the signature of the State Engineer, affixed

this date. May 21, 1965

CHRIS L. WHEELER

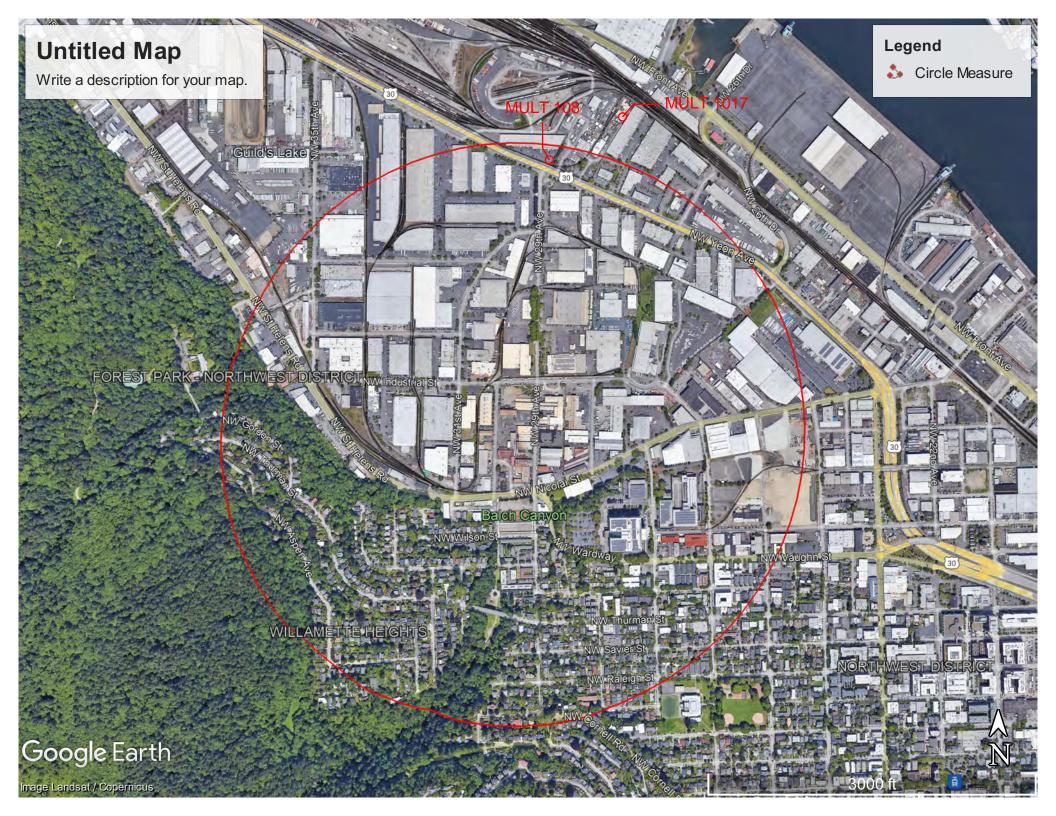
State Engineer



PROCESS BUILDING AT
HERCULES POWDER CO.PLANT
PORTLAND OREGON.
PLACE OF USE OF GROUNDWATERFROM
WELLS NOS. 1 & Z
SCALE 1"-600" SEPT. B. 1962. TO TO TO THE MEDITAL OF THE MED

Application No. 4-2374STATE LIGINEER
Permit No. 4-2226

Reprint No. 4-2226



NOTICE TO WATER WELL CONTRACTOR OCT 24 196 1962 TER WELL REPORT The original and first copy of this report are to be filed with the

STATE E: GINSTATE OF OREGON (Please type or print)

State Well No.

IN/1-	-29
-------	-----

10 Date OCT 22

STATE ENGINEER, SALEM 10, OREGON within 30 days from the date of well completion. MALEM, SHROOK State Permit No. .... Drawdown is amount water level is lowered below static level (11) WELL TESTS: (1) OWNER: Was a pump test made? 🗌 Yes ☐ No If yes, by whom? Name 3/5 gal./min. with 275ft. drawdown after Address 1/2 (2) LOCATION OF WELL: ft. drawdown after Bailer test gal./min. with Driller's well number County Date Artesian flow g.p.m. 1/4 Section Was a chemical analysis made? Yes Temperature of water Bearing and distance from section or subdivision corner (12) WELL LOG: Diameter of well below casing Depth drilled ft. Depth of completed well Formation: Describe by color, character, size of material and structure, and show thickness of aquifers and the kind and nature of the material in each stratum penetrated, with at least one entry for each change of formation. MATERIAL TROM то SAND AND GRAVEL FILL 0 (3) TYPE OF WORK (check): 106 DARN GREY SILT 27 Deepening 🗌 Reconditioning [ Abandon [ New Well 106 /37 tandonment, describe material and procedure in Item 12. CLAY CYCEEN AND SAND, GRAVEL AND CKAY 201 137 (5) TYPE OF WELL: PROPOSED USE (check): 201 207 SAND AND GRADIEL Rotary Domestic 🗆 Industrial 🕱 Municipal 🗆 207 24/3 CONGLOMERATE Jetted Cable Irrigation | Test Well | 243 Bored Dug MED. HARD 262 JOFT BROWN (6) CASING INSTALLED: Threaded [ 271 7\_ "Diam. from 0 ft. to 243 ft. Gage 330 SOME SEAM HARD GREY BASALT 2-85 ft. to ..... " Diam. from ..... GREY 330 PORDUS .. ft. to ..... ft. Gage HARD GREY 368 772 372 MED. HARD (7) PERFORATIONS: Perforated? 

Yes 39.3 Type of perforator used 404 in. by Size of perforations **%** ? ft. to ..... perforations from ..... POROUS BLACK ROCK 519 Well screen installed ☐ Yes ☐ No (8) SCREENS: Manufacturer's Name . ... Model No. ... 19 62 1964 Completed Set from ..... ft. to ..... Work started Date well drilling machine moved off of well Slot size ..... Set from ..... (13) PUMP: (9) CONSTRUCTION: Manufacturer's Name ... Well seal-Material used in seal ..... Depth of seal \_\_\_\_\_\_ ft. Was a packer used? \_\_\_\_\_\_ Diameter of well bore to bottom of seal ...... Water Well Contractor's Certification: Were any loose strata cemented off? 

Yes 

No Depth This well was drilled under my jurisdiction and this report is true to the best of my knowledge and belief. Was a drive shoe used? 

Yes 

No Was well gravel packed? 

Yes 

No Size of gravel: ... Gravel placed from \_\_\_\_\_ ft. to Did any strata contain unusable water? 

Yes You SE SUNSET Depth of strata Type of water? Method of sealing strata off Drilling Machine Operator's License No. 176 (10) WATER LEVELS: 30 ft. below land surface Date /0//3/62 Static level

Contractor's License No. .....

lbs. per square inch Date

Artesian pressure

### NOTICE TO WATER WELL CONTRACTOR

Static level

Artesian pressure

The original and first copy of this report are to be filed with the

### J WATER WELL REPORT STATE OF OREGON

(Please type or print) STATE ENGINEER, SALEM 10, OREGON within 30 days from the date of well completion. State Permit No. ..... (11) WELL TESTS: Drawdown is amount water level is lowered below static level of No If yes, by whom? (1) OWNER: Name 190 ft. drawdown after gal./min. with (2) LOCATION OF WELL: Bailer test gal./min. with ft. drawdown after hrs. Artesian flow Date g.p.m. 1/4 Section Temperature of water Was a chemical analysis made? 🕱 Yes Bearing and distance from section or subdivision corner (12) WELL LOG: Diameter of well below casing Depth drilled ft. Depth of completed well Formation: Describe by color, character, size of material and structure, and show thickness of aquifers and the kind and nature of the material in each stratum penetrated, with at least one entry for each change of formation. MATERIAL TO 28 BROWN FILL SAND 0 (3) TYPE OF WORK (check): DARK GREY 44 ⊵w Well ⊠ Deepening  $\square$ Reconditioning [ Abandon | bandonment, describe material and procedure in Item 12. FRANEAU CLAY BINDER 514 96 (5) TYPE OF WELL: ) PROPOSED USE (check): GRAVEL AND 100 Driven Rotary Domestic | Industrial | Municipal | HARD Tetted Cable Irrigation 

Test Well 
Other Dug Bored BASALT 208 270 (6) CASING INSTALLED: Threaded [ 2-" Diam. from O ft. to 195 ft. Gage , 330 252 .. ft. Gage ft. to HARD 319 32 BLACK BASALT 329 (7) PERFORATIONS: Perforated? 

Yes BASALT 36 X 402 Type of perforator used 40 in. by Size of perforations 411 R45ALT 420 MEDIUM SOFT BLACK BASAG perforations from ..... BASALT 455 AKEY 509 BLACK ROCK AND perforations from ... 521 MEDIUM HARD BLACK BASALT LARD AREY BASACT 53 LACK SHALE AND 608 (8) SCREENS: Well screen installed □ Yes MEDIUM HARD BLACK BASALT Manufacturer's Name ... ..... Model No. GREY ... Set from ..... 30 19 62\_Completed Work started OCT iam. \_\_\_\_\_ Slot size \_\_\_\_ Set from \_\_\_\_ ft. to 19 63 Date well drilling machine moved off of well (9) CONSTRUCTION: (13) PUMP: Manufacturer's Name . Well seal-Material used in seal ..... Depth of seal \_\_\_\_\_ft. Was a packer used? \_\_\_\_ Diameter of well bore to bottom of seal ............ in. Water Well Contractor's Certification: Were any loose strata cemented off? ☐ Yes 🛣 No Depth .. This well was drilled under my jurisdiction and this report is true to the best of my knowledge and belief. Was a drive shoe used? X Yes □ No Was well gravel packed? | Yes | No Size of gravel: Gravel placed from ..... STRASSER Did any strata contain unusable water? 

Yes XNo 8110 SE SUNSET LANE PORTLAND Type of water? Depth of strata Method of sealing strata off Drilling Machine Operator's License No. ..... (10) WATER LEVELS:

ft. below land surface

lbs. per square inch

Date .

Date

[Signed]

Contractor's License No.

### Wetlands Map - 2406 NW 30th Ave.



January 25, 2022

#### Wetlands

Estuarine and Marine Deepwater

Estuarine and Marine Wetland

Freshwater Emergent Wetland

Freshwater Forested/Shrub Wetland

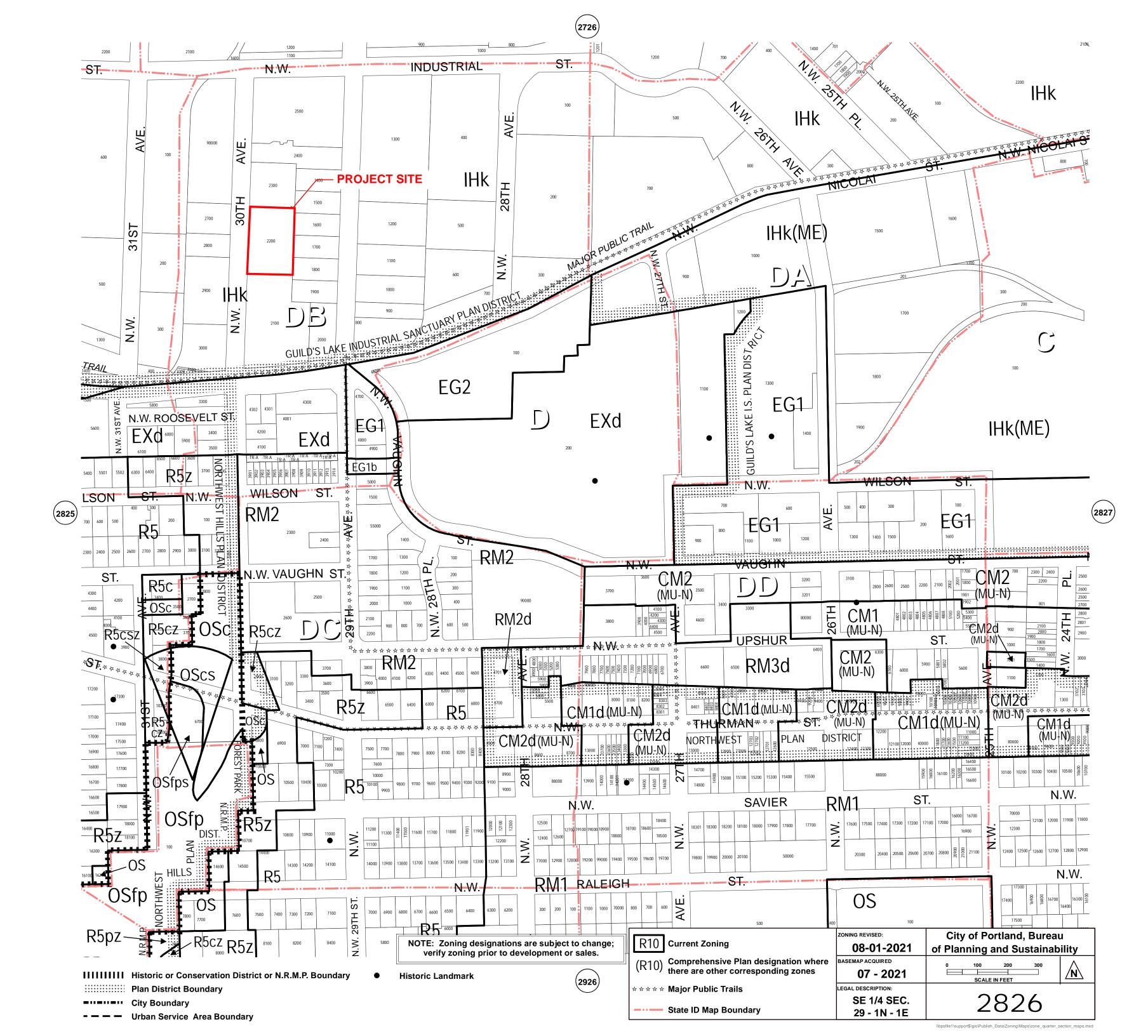
Freshwater Pond

Lake

Riverine

Other

This map is for general reference only. The US Fish and Wildlife Service is not responsible for the accuracy or currentness of the base data shown on this map. All wetlands related data should be used in accordance with the layer metadata found on the Wetlands Mapper web site.



### **APPENDIX B**

**APPENDIX B** 

LEVEL I ECOLOGICAL SCOPING DOCUMENTATION



### ATTACHMENT 1 Ecological Scoping Checklist

Site Name	Galvanizers Company
Date of Site Visit	1/31/22
Site Location	2406 NW 30th Ave. Portland, OR
Site Visit Conducted by	Julian Peter

#### Part 0

Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons - Soil & GW X N/A Volatile Organic Compounds - Soil & GW X N/A Metals (Lead & Zinc) - Soil & GW X N/A Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons - Soil & GW X N/A		
Metals (Lead & Zinc) - Soil & GW X N/A	X	N/A
Metals (Lead & Zinc) - Soil & GW X N/A	X	NA
Polycyclic Arometic Hydrocarbons - soil 8 GW X N/A	X	N/A
	X	NA
		X X X

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>‡</sup> As defined by OAR 340-122-115(30)

### Part 2

OBSERVED IMPACTS OBSERVED IN THE LOCALITY OF THE FACILITY	Finding
Onsite vegetation (None, Limited, Extensive)	N
Vegetation in the locality of the site (None, Limited, Extensive)	L
Onsite wildlife such as macroinvertebrates, reptiles, amphibians, birds, mammals, other (None, Limited, Extensive)	N
Wildlife such as macroinvertebrates, reptiles, amphibians, birds, mammals, other in the locality of the site (None, Limited, Extensive)	N
Other readily observable impacts (None, Discuss below)	None
· Heavy Industrial Aren - Little to no vegetation · No animals observed on site · No waterbodies on or adjacent to site.	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>†</sup> As defined by OAR 340-122-115(34)

# ATTACHMENT 1 Ecological Scoping Checklist (cont'd)

Part 6

SPECIFIC EVALUATION OF ECOLOGICAL RECEPTORS / HABITAT		
Terrestrial - Wooded		
Percentage of site that is wooded	0%	
Dominant vegetation type (Evergreen, Deciduous, Mixed)	N/A P	
Prominent tree size at breast height, i.e., four feet (<6", 6" to 12", >12")	NA	
Evidence / observation of wildlife (Macroinvertebrates, Reptiles, Amphibians, Birds, Mammals, Other)	NIA	
Terrestrial - Scrub/Shrub/Grasses		
Percentage of site that is scrub/shrub	0%	
Dominant vegetation type (Scrub, Shrub, Grasses, Other)	N/A I	
Prominent height of vegetation (<2', 2' to 5', >5')	NIN	
Density of vegetation (Dense, Patchy, Sparse)	N/A I	
Evidence / observation of wildlife (Macroinvertebrates, Reptiles, Amphibians, Birds, Mammals, Other)	NIA	
Terrestrial - Ruderal		
Percentage of site that is ruderal	0%	
Dominant vegetation type (Landscaped, Agriculture, Bare ground)	I AN	
Prominent height of vegetation (0', >0' to <2', 2' to 5', >5')	NIA	
Density of vegetation (Dense, Patchy, Sparse)	N/A I	
Evidence / observation of wildlife (Macroinvertebrates, Reptiles, Amphibians, Birds, Mammals, Other)	NA	
Aquatic - Non-flowing (lentic)		
Percentage of site that is covered by lakes or ponds	0%	
Type of water bodies (Lakes, Ponds, Vernal pools, Impoundments, Lagoon, Reservoir, Canal)	NA	
Size (acres), average depth (feet), trophic status of water bodies	NIA	
Source water (River, Stream, Groundwater, Industrial discharge, Surface water runoff)	NA	
Water discharge point (None, River, Stream, Groundwater, Wetlands impoundment)	NIA	
Nature of bottom (Muddy, Rocky, Sand, Concrete, Other)	N/A I	
Vegetation present (Submerged, Emergent, Floating)	N/A I	
Obvious wetlands present (Yes / No)	NO	
Evidence / observation of wildlife (Macroinvertebrates, Reptiles, Amphibians, Birds, Mammals, Other)	NIA	
Aquatic - Flowing (lotic)		
Percentage of site that is covered by rivers, streams (brooks, creeks), intermittent streams, dry wash, arroyo, ditches, or channel waterway	0%	
Type of water bodies (Rivers, Streams, Intermittent Streams, Dry wash, Arroyo, Ditches, Channel waterway)	N/A	
Size (acres), average depth (feet), approximate flow rate (cfs) of water bodies	N/A I	
Bank environment (cover: Vegetated, Bare / slope: Steep, Gradual / height (in feet))	NIA	

SPECIFIC EVALUATION OF ECOLOGICAL RECEPTORS / HABITAT	Finding
Source water (River, Stream, Groundwater, Industrial discharge, Surface water runoff)	N/A
Tidal influence (Yes / No)	NIA
Water discharge point (None, River, Stream, Groundwater, Wetlands impoundment)	NIA
Nature of bottom (Muddy, Rocky, Sand, Concrete, Other)	AIA
Vegetation present (Submerged, Emergent, Floating)	N/A 📵
Obvious wetlands present (Yes / No)	NO
Evidence / observation of wildlife (Macroinvertebrates, Reptiles, Amphibians, Birds, Mammals, Other)	NA
Aquatic - Wetlands	
Obvious or designated wetlands present (Yes / No)	No
Wetlands suspected as site is/has (Adjacent to water body, in Floodplain, Standing water, Dark wet soils, Mud cracks, Debris line, Water marks)	NA
Vegetation present (Submerged, Emergent, Scrub/shrub, Wooded)	N/A (
Size (acres) and depth (feet) of suspected wetlands	NIA
Source water (River, Stream, Groundwater, Industrial discharge, Surface water runoff)	NIA
Water discharge point (None, River, Stream, Groundwater, Impoundment)	NA
Tidal influence (Yes / No)	NA
Evidence / observation of wildlife (Macroinvertebrates, Reptiles, Amphibians, Birds, Mammals, Other)	NA

Photographic documentation of these features is highly recommended.

### Part 4

No	ecologically	important	species/habitats	observed.
			E	

### ATTACHMENT 2 Evaluation of Receptor-Pathway Interactions

	_	_	$\overline{}$	7
EVALUATION OF RECEPTOR-PATHWAY INTERACTIONS	Y	N	U	9
Are hazardous substances present or potentially present in surface waters? This		X		(No Pathwi
includes tidal or seasonally inundated areas and wetlands.				Lotween
AND				site &
Could hazardous substances reach these receptors via surface water?		X	00	Willamett
When answering the above questions, consider the following:				1
<ul> <li>Known or suspected presence of hazardous substances in surface waters.</li> </ul>				Caro
<ul> <li>Ability of hazardous substances to migrate to surface waters. Consider migration</li> </ul>				See Good
pathways such as erosion of soils adjacent to aquatic environments (e.g., banks or				"Stormwat
riparian areas), subsurface preferential pathways (e.g., pipes), outfalls, groundwater				Flow Partie
discharges, and surface migration (e.g., ditches).				Verification
• Terrestrial organisms may be dermally exposed to water-borne contaminants as a result				Memo del
of wading or swimming in contaminated waters. Aquatic receptors may be exposed				2/17/12
through osmotic exchange, respiration or ventilation of surface waters.				_
• Contaminants may be taken-up by terrestrial plants whose roots are in contact with				
surface waters.				
<ul> <li>Terrestrial receptors may ingest water-borne contaminants if contaminated surface</li> </ul>				
waters are used as a drinking water source.	<u> </u>			
Are hazardous substances present or potentially present in groundwater?	X			
AND				
Could hazardous substances reach these receptors via groundwater?	-	X	_	1
When answering the above questions, consider the following:				1
Known or suspected presence of hazardous substances in groundwater.				
Ability of hazardous substances to migrate to groundwater.				
<ul> <li>Potential for hazardous substances to migrate via groundwater and discharge into</li> </ul>				
habitats and/or surface waters.				1
<ul> <li>Contaminants may be taken-up by terrestrial and rooted aquatic plants whose roots are</li> </ul>				
in contact with groundwater present within the root zone (~1m depth).				1.6
• Terrestrial wildlife receptors generally will not contact groundwater unless it is				~
discharged to the surface.				

<sup>&</sup>quot;Y" = yes; "N" = No, "U" = Unknown (counts as a "Y")

## ATTACHMENT 2 Evaluation of Receptor-Pathway Interactions (cont'd)

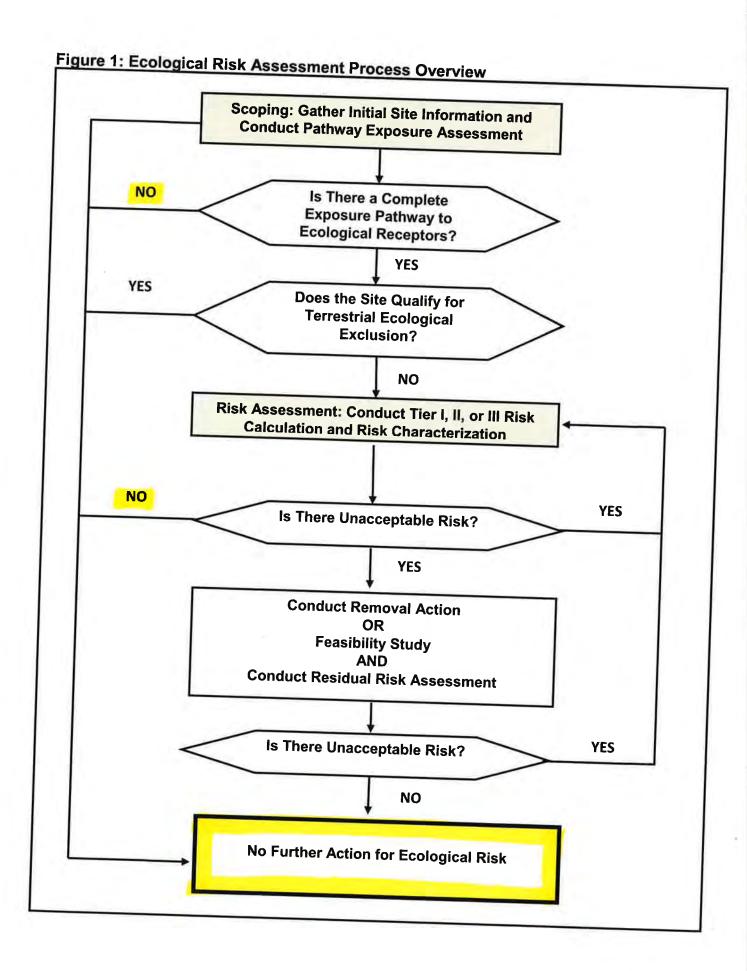
EVALUATION OF RECEPTOR-PATHWAY INTERACTIONS	Y	N	U
Are hazardous substances present or potentially present in sediments? This includes		X	
tidal or seasonally inundated areas and wetlands.			
AND		١	
Could hazardous substances reach receptors via contact with sediments?		X	
When answering the above questions, consider the following:			
<ul> <li>Known or suspected presence of hazardous substances in sediment.</li> </ul>			
<ul> <li>Ability of hazardous substances to leach or erode from surface soils and be carried into sediment via surface runoff.</li> </ul>			
<ul> <li>Potential for contaminated groundwater to upwell through, and deposit contaminants in, sediments.</li> </ul>			
• If sediments are present in an area that is only periodically inundated with water, both aquatic and terrestrial species may exposed. Aquatic receptors may be directly exposed to sediments or may be exposed through osmotic exchange, respiration or ventilation of sediment pore waters.			
• Terrestrial species may be exposed to sediment in an area that is only periodically inundated with water.			
<ul> <li>If sediments are present in an area that is only periodically inundated with water, terrestrial species may have direct access to sediments for the purposes of incidental ingestion. Aquatic receptors may regularly or incidentally ingest sediment while foraging.</li> </ul>			
Are hazardous substances present or potentially present in prey or food items of		X	
ecologically important receptors?		,	
AND			
Could hazardous substances reach these receptors via consumption of food items?		X	-
When answering the above questions, consider the following:			
• Higher trophic level terrestrial and aquatic consumers and predators may be exposed through consumption of contaminated food sources.			
• In general, organic contaminants with log $K_{ow} > 3.5$ may accumulate in terrestrial mammals and those with a log $K_{ow} > 5$ may accumulate in aquatic vertebrates.			

<sup>&</sup>quot;Y" = yes; "N" = No, "U" = Unknown (counts as a "Y")

# ATTACHMENT 2 Evaluation of Receptor-Pathway Interactions (cont'd)

EVALUATION OF RECEPTOR-PATHWAY	INTERACTIONS	Y	N	U
Are hazardous substances present or potentially present	in surficial soils?	X		
AND				
Could hazardous substances reach these receptors via in	cidental ingestion of or			
dermal contact with surficial soils?			X	
When answering the above questions, consider the following				
Known or suspected presence of hazardous substances i				
Ability of hazardous substances to migrate to surficial s				
<ul> <li>Significant exposure via dermal contact would get</li> </ul>	nerally be limited to organic			
contaminants which are lipophilic and can cross epidem				
<ul> <li>Exposure of terrestrial plants to contaminants present i</li> </ul>	n particulates deposited on leaf			
and stem surfaces by rain striking contaminated soils (i.				
<ul> <li>Contaminants in bulk soil may partition into soil solu</li> </ul>	tion, making them available to			
roots.				
<ul> <li>Incidental ingestion of contaminated soil could occur</li> </ul>	while animals grub for food			
resident in the soil, feed on plant matter covered w	th contaminated soil or while			
grooming themselves clean of soil.				
Are hazardous substances present or potentially present	in soils?	X		
AND				
Could hazardous substances reach these receptors via va	pors or fugitive dust carried			
n surface air or confined in burrows?		-	X	
When answering the above questions, consider the followin	g:			
Volatility of the hazardous substance (volatile chemical control of the hazardous substance)				
constant > 10 <sup>-5</sup> atm-m <sup>3</sup> /mol and molecular weight < 200				
• Exposure via inhalation is most important to organism				
soils, given the limited amounts of air present to dilut	e vapors and an absence of air			
movement to disperse gases.	1. 11 4			
• Exposure via inhalation of fugitive dust is particularly				
species that could be exposed to dust disturbed by their	foraging or burrowing activities			
or by wind movement.				
• Foliar uptake of organic vapors would be limited to the	ese contaminants with relatively			
high vapor pressures.				
• Exposure of terrestrial plants to contaminants present i	n particulates deposited on leaf			
and stem surfaces.				

<sup>&</sup>quot;Y" = yes; "N" = No, "U" = Unknown (counts as a "Y")



# ATTACHMENT 3 Deliverable - Site Ecology Scoping Report Outline

(1)	EXI	STING DATA SUMMARY
	(a)	Site location
	(b)	Site location Site history Site land and/or water use(s) (i) Current  See uplated CSM report
	(c)	Site land and/or water use(s)
		(i) Current
		(ii) Future
	(d)	Known or suspected hazardous substance releases
	(e)	Sensitive environments
	(f)	Threatened and/or endangered species (USFWS/ODFW/NMFS data)
(2)	SITI	E VISIT SUMMARY
	(a)	Contaminants of Interest (Part <b>0</b> , Attachment 1)
	(b)	Observed impacts (Part 2, Attachment 1)
	(c)	Ecological features (Part 3, Attachment 1)
	(d)	Ecologically important species/habitats (Part 4), Attachment 1)
		(i) Threatened and/or endangered species
		(ii) Threatened and/or endangered species habitat
	(e)	Observed impacts (Part ②, Attachment 1) Ecological features (Part ③, Attachment 1) Ecologically important species/habitats (Part ④, Attachment 1)  (i) Threatened and/or endangered species (ii) Threatened and/or endangered species habitat Exposure pathways (Attachment 2)
(3)	REC	COMMENDATIONS - No Further Assessment
(4)	ATT	ACHMENTS
	(a)	Regional map showing location of site - See Report
	(b)	Local map showing site in relation to adjacent property - See Report
	(c)	Aerial photograph or map of LOF and adjacent areas within ¼ mile showing zoning.
		current land use, location of surface water, critical habitat, and sensitive environments.
	(d)	Topographic map - See Kel see
	(e)	Figures showing source/release areas, estimated areas of contamination, and surface
		features such as pavement, stormwater catch basins/drainage systems including outfalls.
		dry wells, or stormwater swales.
	(f)	Site photograph(s)
	(g)	Documentation of the likelihood of T&E species to be present in the LOF.
(5)	REF	ERENCES / DATA SOURCES

### Appendix A1: Basic Site Information Checklist

**General Site Information** 

ECSI File No. or LUST File No.: 1196

Site Name: Galvanizers Company

Site Location (address, city, and/or county): 2406 NW 30th Ave. Portland, OR

Latitude/Longitude or other location documentation for site: 45.53967, -122.71207

Current and Historical Site Use (gas station, dry cleaner, jet hangar, etc.) 1:

Metal parts galvanizing

**Zoning:** Heavy Industrial (IHk)

Site<sup>2</sup> Features:

Main plant building, office building, storage/staging buildings and yards

Chemicals of Interest3:

Petroleum hydrocarbons, metals, PAHs

\_

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Include contaminant management, treatment, storage or disposal and areas where a release may have occurred. Historical sources should be identified using sources of information which help in identifying current or past uses or occupants of a site including aerial photographs, fire insurance maps, property tax files, recorded land title records, United States Geological Survey (USGS) 7.5 minute topographic maps, local street directories, building department records, zoning or land use records. Any previous site assessments, environmental assessments or studies should be summarized

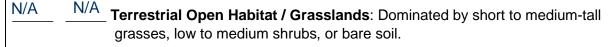
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Facility or Site (OAR 340-122-0115(26)) means any building, structure, installation, equipment, pipe or pipeline including any pipe into a sewer or publicly owned treatment works, well, pit, pond, lagoon, impoundment, ditch, landfill, storage container, above ground tank, underground storage tank, motor vehicle, rolling stock, aircraft, or any site or area where a hazardous substance has been deposited, stored, disposed of, or placed, or otherwise come to be located and where a release has occurred or where there is a threat of a release, but does not include any consumer product in consumer use or any vessel.

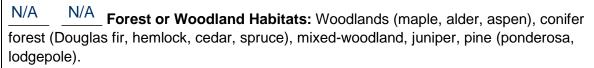
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> A COI list should include chemicals that are detected or are suspected to be present based on historical and current operations. For Stage 1, the site-specific history of hazardous substance uses and releases is usually the source of potential chemical information. Identify hazardous substances that have the potential to bioaccumulate in Section C2 of Attachment 1.

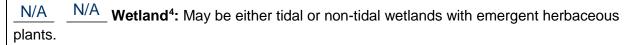
### Site Conditions – Provide Approximate Areas (acreage or square feet)

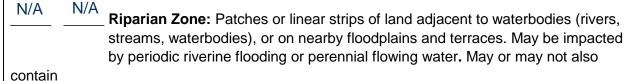
These habitats may occur in a range of natural and protected areas, including parks and green space found within urban areas. More information and habitat classification can be found at: https://oregonexplorer.info/content/classification-wildlife-habitats

Site Adjacent to Site









wetlands.

N/A	N/A	Aquatic Open Water: Ponds, lakes, reservoirs, rivers, creeks, streams, bays
2 FG 00	40.00	estuaries, and nearshore marine and intertidal.

3.56 ac 10.06 ac

\_\_\_\_\_ Impermeable Surface: Pavement, structures.

#### **Documentation**

- Aerial Site Vicinity Map(s) identifying zoning and Site features. Include topographic map.
- Summarize known or potential contaminated soil, groundwater, migration pathways.
- Figure illustrating source/release areas, sample locations, estimated areas of contamination, and surface features such as pavement, stormwater catch basins/drainage system including outfalls, dry wells or stormwater swales.
- Aerial Map showing habitat types described above both within and adjacent to the Site by at least 1/4 mile from Site boundary. Definitions and tools<sup>5</sup> for identifying wetlands include:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Covered Under Oregon Statewide Wetlands Inventory (ORS 196.674) https://www.oregon.gov/dsl/WW/Pages/SWI.aspx

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Information shown on the Local Wetland Inventory maps is for planning purposes only, as wetland information is subject to change. There may be unmapped wetland and waters subject to regulation and all wetlands and waters boundary mapping is approximate. In all cases, actual field conditions determine the presence, absence and boundaries of wetlands and waters.

### https://www.oregon.gov/dsl/WW/Pages/Inventories.aspx

http://tools.oregonexplorer.info/oe\_map\_viewer\_2\_0/viewer.html?Viewer=orwap National Wetlands Inventory: https://www.fws.gov/wetlands/Data/Mapper.html

Checklist Completed By: Julian Peter Environmental Staff | Nate 1/31/2022

(name and title/expertise)

