

# BASIN M VEGETATED INFILTRATION BASIN OPERATIONAL YEAR 2

# **COMPREHENSIVE REPORT**

# Terminal 4 Slip 1

Prepared for

# **Port of Portland**

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#### 1. INTRODUCTION

## 1.1 Purpose

This comprehensive report is provided to satisfy the requirements of the Port of Portland (Port) Terminal 4 (T4) Operation and Maintenance (O&M) Plan for the Basin M Vegetated Infiltration Basin, approved by Oregon Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ) in April 2022, and filed with the City of Portland in April 2022. Basin M is within the Slip 1 upland area, for which the Port entered into a Voluntary Cleanup Program (VCP) Agreement for Remedial Investigation, Source Control Measures, and Feasibility Study with DEQ on December 4, 2003 (LQVC-NWR-03-18) (ECSI #2356). The stormwater discharges from T4, including Basin M, are authorized under the Port's Municipal Separate Storm Sewer (MS4) Discharge Permit No. 101314.

### 1.2 Background

The O&M Plan requires either a comprehensive report or an annual report to be submitted to DEQ by October 1 for five years starting in October 2022. Each report will cover the preceding operating year (July 1 through June 30). The original plan stated that a comprehensive report would be created for the operating year ending in 2022, however, in an email to DEQ on 24 May 2022, the Port requested to swap the deliverable for the first two years for the following reasons:

- The construction of the stormwater source control measure (SCM) was substantially completed on 29 December 2021. The completion was delayed by over two months because of supply chain issues. As a result, a significant portion of the wet season would not have been part of the first year of reporting.
- During the initial operation of the SCM, the Port experienced difficulties in retrieving data from the instrumentation (i.e., water level sensors) and confirming the pump control operation. Therefore, the Port installed temporary instrumentation in March 2022 to provide back-up data until the issues with the permanent monitoring equipment could be resolved. As a result, representative data for much of the operating period (approximately December 29, 2021 through March 24, 2022) and the overall wet season (October 2021 through March 2022) was not available to allow meaningful analysis for some of the reporting requirements outlined for the Comprehensive Report.

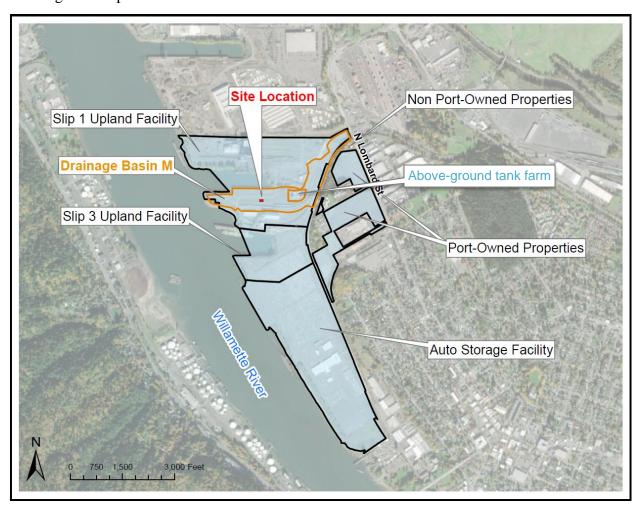
DEQ approved this alternative schedule on 27 May 2022. As such, the reporting schedule now consists of annual reports for the operational years ending in 2022, 2024, and 2025, and comprehensive reports for the operational years ending in 2023 and 2026.

# 1.3 Location and SCM Description

T4 is located at 11040 N Lombard St, Portland, OR, on the east bank of the lower Willamette River downstream from the St. Johns Bridge in North Portland, between River Miles 4.1 and 4.6. It occupies approximately 283 acres and is within the boundaries of the Portland Harbor Superfund Site. T4 is zoned heavy industrial and is a shipping terminal whose current primary use is transportation of bulk goods by ship and rail.



Basin M, which is located within the Slip 1 Upland Facility, is approximately 26.5 acres (Figure 1). The drainage area is relatively flat and approximately 53 percent impervious. There is an above-ground tank farm in the middle of Basin M that is self-contained and does not contribute runoff<sup>1</sup>. The vegetated bioinfiltration basin was designed to capture, treat, and infiltrate greater than 90% of the average annual runoff volume from Basin M. The main treatment components of the SCM are a sedimentation forebay to remove coarse solids, followed by a vegetated media bed which filters stormwater through engineered media prior to infiltrating into native soils (Figure 2). By infiltrating a large volume of treated runoff, the bioinfiltration basin significantly reduces the volume of runoff discharged and, therefore, the load of pollutants discharged to Slip 1 and the Willamette River.



**Figure 1: Site Location Map** 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The stormwater from this area and Basin M do not interact. Infiltration and evaporation are the only available means of stormwater management for this area. Neither the Port nor its tenants have ever needed to evacuate water from the tank farm area.





Figure 2: T4 Basin M Bioinfiltration Basin Overview



#### 2. OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE SUMMARY

#### 2.1 Timeline

The following notable dates are associated with the second operational year of the Basin M stormwater SCM:

- 16 September 2022: Quarterly inspection completed.
- **3 October 2022:** Virtual supervisory control and data acquisition (SCADA) platform becomes available for Port to monitor treatment system status and instrument readings. Flow meter for pump 2 was noted as not working properly.
- 10 October 2022: Irrigation system was turned off for the year.
- **27 October 2022:** Permanent pressure transducer (PT) in wet well was replaced by vendor.
- **4 November 2022:** Shipyard rain gage records 2.36 inches of rainfall in 24 hours. This approximately equals the City of Portland's 2-year, 24-hour design storm.
- 7 November 2022: Rainfall-triggered inspection.
- **16 November 2022:** Vendor fixes flow meter for pump 2.
- 1 December 2022: Rainfall-triggered and quarterly inspection.
- **7 December 2022:** Media basin standpipe invert elevation is lowered to better capture shallow ponding events.
- 12 December 2022: Rainfall-triggered inspection.
- **26 December 2022:** Shipyard rain gage records 2.95 in of rainfall in 24 hours, including a maximum 6-hour intensity of 1.28 in. This approximately equals the City of Portland's 5-year, 24-hour design storm.
- **27 December 2022:** Rainfall-triggered inspection.
- 4 January 2023: Stilling well installed in wet well. Review of design drawings revealed a stilling well was included in the drawings but not specifically called out in the drawings, and so was not installed during construction. Agitation of the sensor caused by turbulence is one possible reason for the failure of this PT in October 2022. As such, the stilling well was installed, as originally intended, to better protect the PT. PT in wet well moved to stilling well. No change in datum.
- **8 February 2023:** Port shuts down power for maintenance at T4, which includes shutting power to the stormwater SCM for less than 24 hours. No rainfall occurs while power is shut down.
- **9 March 2023:** Port shuts off pumps for approximately 24 hours to test bypass elevation as part of system optimization. 0.43 inches of rain fall while pumps are shut off.



- 14 March 2023: Rainfall-triggered and quarterly inspection.
- 23 March 2023: Port shuts down power for maintenance at T4, which includes shutting power to the stormwater SCM for less than 12 hours. 0.13 inches of rain fall while power is shut down.
- 11 April 2023: Rainfall-triggered inspection.
- 21 June 2023: Quarterly inspection completed.

#### 2.2 Maintenance Activities

Maintenance activities during the second operational year were minimal. Weed removal occurred at the beginning of the water year, but no other minor or major maintenance was necessary (Table 1). The pumps failed to start once in September 2022, following 0.20 inches of rain on September 28, 2022. This may have been related to a communication failure alarm which occurred on September 23, 2022, while the vendor was actively working on setting up the SCADA system. The communication failure alarm is thought to be the result of a failed PT, which controls the pump functions. However, the faulty PT was not discovered until after the pumps turned back on on October 4, 2022, as the SCADA system was not available to the Port until after that date. The PT in question was replaced a month later, and no subsequent issues occurred (Table 2).

**Table 1: Maintenance Summary** 

Maintenance Type	Date	Summary of Activities Performed	Additional Documentation
Regular	10/12/2022	Fireweed and volunteer grasses removed by hand from vegetated basin	None



**Table 2: Notable Equipment Issues** 

<b>Equipment Issue</b>	Date	Remedy
Suspected PT failure. PT controls pump cycling.	9/28/22 - 10/4/22	PT replaced 10/27/22
Pump 2 failed to start. Alarm occurred during a period where no flow was occurring. May be related to failed PT.	10/7/23	PT replaced 10/27/22
Pump 2 failed to start. Alarm occurred during a period where no flow was occurring. May be related to failed PT.	10/21/23	PT replaced 10/27/22
Pump station set points. When power is shut down, the pump station resets to default values which caused the pump to pump the wet well dry. Each time this was discovered it was corrected, and has been noted for future power shutdowns.	2/8/23 3/23/23	Set points adjusted 3/10/23 Set points adjusted 3/24/23
Pump flow meters. It was discovered that inaccurate flow rates were being recording from flow meters.	October 2022	Flow meters reset 3/10/23

# 2.3 Summary of Inspections

There were no major issues noted with the infiltration bed during routine or rainfall-triggered inspections. No erosion was observed in the basin during inspections. The plantings were healthy and appeared to be thriving. Some minor notes included:

- During the September quarterly inspection, it was noted the rope anchoring the infiltration basin temporary PT had stretched, resulting in the PT touching the bottom of the standpipe. The rope was re-tied and the offset remeasured a week later.
- Some erosion was noted in the swale draining the western edge of Basin M, and vegetation growth was minimal in this swale despite hydroseeding.
- During the June quarterly inspection it was noted the standpipe for the PT in the infiltration basin had algal growth. The plan is to evacuate and clean the standpipe before the rainy season.



## 3. QUANTITATIVE RESULTS

# 3.1 Summary of Available Data

Continuous hourly rainfall data was retrieved from the City's HYDRA network at the nearby Shipyard tipping bucket rain gage. Water surface levels were measured continuously for the entire reporting year using permanent PTs in the wet well and media bed (Figure 3 and Figure 4, respectively), and temporary PTs in the intercept manhole and media bed (Figure 5 and Figure 4, respectively). Pump data were recorded continuously by the MultiSmart<sup>TM</sup> system, although flow data was unavailable for pump 2 prior to 16 November 2022, and flow data for both pumps are inaccurate prior to 10 March 2023. As a result, pump flow data was estimated by multiplying the recorded feedback from each pump's variable frequency drive (VFD) by the estimated maximum flow rate of the pumps (2.5 cfs; Figure 6). This method of estimation was confirmed by comparing estimated flow rates to the actual flow rates recorded by the flow meters after accurate data became available starting on 10 March 2023. The total pumped volumes calculated by the two methods were within two percent of each other.

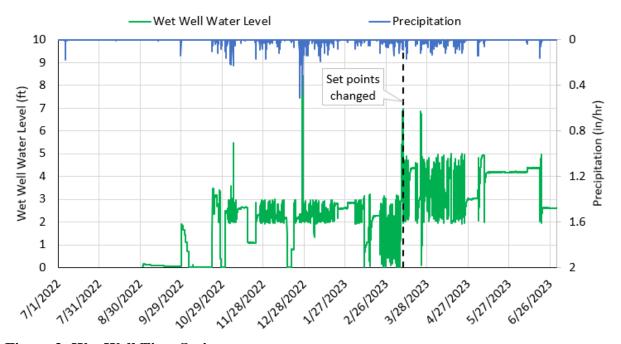
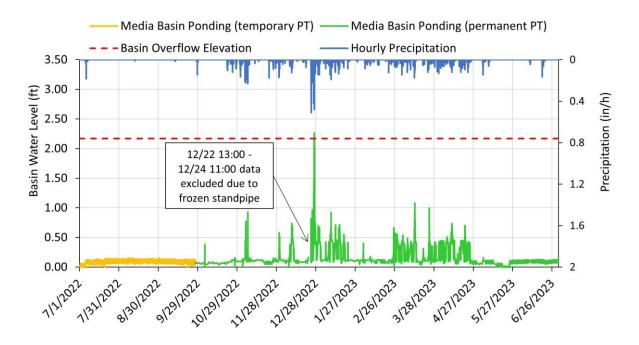
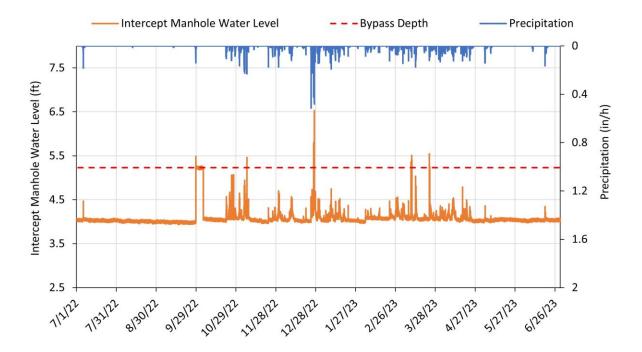


Figure 3: Wet Well Time Series





**Figure 4: Basin Ponding Depth Time Series** 



**Figure 5: Intercept Manhole Time Series** 



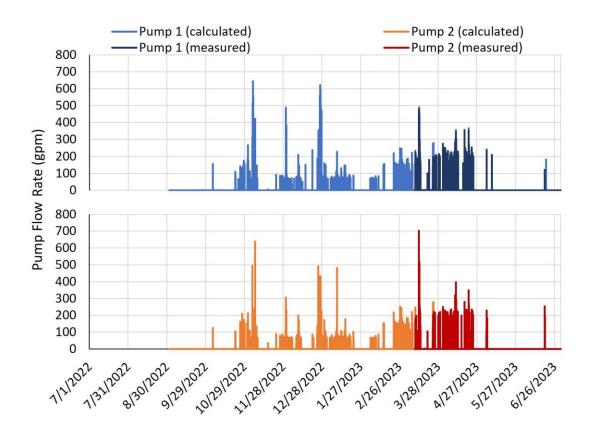


Figure 6: Pump Flow Rates Time Series, Calculated Using VFD Feedback

# 3.2 Uncertainty Due to Equipment Issues

Uncertainty due to equipment issues during the second year of operation were relatively minor. Table 3 presents a summary of encountered equipment issues, their resolution or work-around, and, where possible, an estimate of the potential error resulting from the issue.



**Table 3: Uncertainty Resulting From Equipment Issues** 

<b>Equipment Issue</b>	Resolution or Work- Around	Potential Error Introduced
Lack of accurate pump flow data prior to mid- March 2023	Used VFD percentage and estimated maximum pump flow rates to back calculate flow rates where missing	As stated in Section 3.1, a comparison was performed for the period of record where both VFD and accurate flow data are available. Results are within 2%. The error may be somewhat higher during times when both pumps were pumping, but this cannot be determined as the lag pump did not turn on after flow meter values were corrected.
Replaced and repositioned PT in wet well	Replaced PT in October 2022 – no issues have occurred since.	None – results from the wet well PT are not used in capture analysis.
Stretched PT cord on temporary PT in media basin	Re-tied and re- measured temporary PT in media basin	None – the temporary PT in the media basin is entirely redundant. As such, data from the permanent PT was used instead of the temporary PT data. The permanent PT is wired and not subject to stretching.
Frozen PT standpipe in Media Basin in December 2022	Excluded data for period during which media basin standpipe was frozen	None – if there was water ponded in the media basin, the standpipe would not be frozen.

## 3.3 Data Interpretation

As required by the O&M Plan, annual rainfall data, capture analysis, infiltration rates, and drawdown times were examined and compared to previous years' metrics.

#### 3.3.1 Total Annual Rainfall Depth

The second year of BMP operations saw a rainfall total of 34.95 inches. Based on the average rainfall recorded at the Shipyard rain gage over the past 10 years for the same annual period (Q3 previous year through Q2 named year), this is below the average annual rainfall total of 41.50 inches, and is only 70% of the previous year's rainfall total of 50.05 inches.

Despite the dry year overall, there were two significant rainfall events which occurred on each of 4 November 2022 and 26 December 2022. The 4 November storm resulted in a maximum 24 hour storm depth of 2.36 inches, which is approximately equal to the City of Portland's 2-year, 24-hour design storm. The 26 December 2022 storm resulted in a maximum 24 hour storm depth of 2.95 inches, including a maximum 6-hour intensity of 1.28 in. This approximately equals the



City of Portland's 5-year, 24-hour design storm. By contrast, the largest storm that occurred during the first year of basin operation had a maximum 24 hour storm depth of 2.16 inches.

#### 3.3.2 Capture Analysis

Approximately 4,000,000 gallons of stormwater runoff were pumped to the Basin M SCM during the second operational year. Of this, approximately 3,922,300 gallons were infiltrated and therefore not discharged through the outfall to the Willamette River.

The outfall did see discharge on a total of seven days during the second operational year. Bypass, defined as flow to the outfall as a result of diversion at the intercept manhole, occurred on seven days during the 2022-2023 reporting year. One of these events was due to an equipment failure, two were due to high-flow events, two were due to facility maintenance, and one was due to planned system optimization. Overflow, defined as flow to the outfall as a result of overtopping of the outlet structure within the media basin itself, occurred on one day during the 2022-2023 reporting year, which was due to cumulative volume received during a large storm event. By far, the largest amount of flow to the outfall occurred on 26 December 2022, which was during the 5-year, 24-hour storm, during which both bypass and overflow occurred. A storm of this magnitude has a recurrence interval of approximately once every five years, on average, or a 20% chance of occurring any given year based on historical rainfall data. Notably, the basin fully infiltrated the 2-year, 24-hour storm which occurred on 4 November 2022.

The volume of water discharged during each event was calculated using pressure transducer data and Manning's equation for bypass events, and a weir equation for overflow events. However, it should be noted that the Manning's equation calculations are very approximate and likely biased high. This is because Manning's equation assumes free and uniform flow, but the bypass pipe which conveys flow from the intercept manhole to the high flow manhole is always at least slightly backwatered due to the outlet pipe from the high flow manhole to the outfall being slightly higher (invert of 25.19 ft) than the inlet pipe from the intercept manhole (invert of 25.11 ft). Because this difference in elevation is small, the bias is likely minimal when the volume of bypass is small. On the other hand, when the volume of bypass is large, or when bypass and overflow occur at the same time, the discharge calculation could be biased significantly high. The flow path in question is reproduced from the design drawings as Figure 7.

Calculations are further complicated by the presence of an oil control tee (essentially a down-turned elbow) on the pipe between the intercept manhole and the high flow manhole to prevent floatable materials from being discharged to the river. This means the entrance to the pipe will act as an orifice when the water level in the intercept manhole rises quickly, creating a head differential between the area outside the down-turned pipe and that inside the down-turned pipe.

Because the potential error in the bypass volume calculation is greatest during large bypass events, it most significantly affects the calculation of bypass volume for the late December 2022 storm. The magnitude of uncertainty caused by this condition is difficult to quantify, as the flow conditions in the system are difficult to accurately predict. The pipe between the intercept manhole and high flow manhole may have surcharged at the downstream end, or free flow may have continued throughout the storm. One way to estimate the magnitude of uncertainty is by calculating the total bypass volume using the currently assumed conservative slope of the



hydraulic grade line (HGL) that matches the pipe slope exiting the intercept manhole (3.54%) and comparing it to the same volume calculated using a less conservative HGL that matches the slope of the theoretical line connecting the invert of the overflow pipe exiting the intercept manhole to that of the outfall pipe exiting the high flow manhole (1.85%). The difference between the bypass volumes for these two slope values can be used to approximate the uncertainty in this calculation. The relative percent difference of bypass volumes calculated for these two methods is 32%.

Table 4 summarizes the cause and estimated volume of each bypass and overflow event that occurred during the second operational year. The bypass volume from the late December 2022 storm is presented as a range based on the two slope values mentioned in the previous paragraph. It is important to note that the estimated uncertainty is unidirectional: in this application Manning's equation provides the maximum possible discharged volume (upper bound), but not the minimum possible discharged volume (minimum bound). As such, it is possible the discharged volume is lower than the lower end of the range presented in the table, but it is highly likely the discharged volume is not greater than the upper end of the range presented in the table.



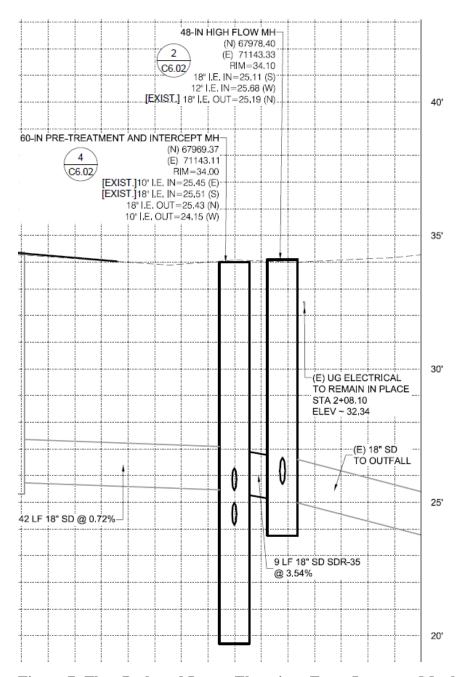


Figure 7: Flow Path and Invert Elevations From Intercept Manhole to Outfall



**Table 4: Year 2 Bypass and Overflow Events** 

Event Date(s)	Bypass or Overflow	Cause	Estimated Volume to Outfall (gal) <sup>1</sup>	24h Rainfall Total (in) <sup>2</sup>	Approximate Bypass Duration (h)
9/28/2022	Bypass	Equipment Failure	6,100	0.23	16.25 <sup>3</sup>
11/6/2022	Bypass	High flows	2,900	0.82	0.25
12/26/2022	Bypass	High flows	418,100 - 578,900 <sup>4</sup>	2.95	2, 1.5, 0.25, and 1.5
12/27/2022	Overflow	Large volume / high flows	77,700	2.95	4.25
03/09/2023 - 3/10/2023	Bypass	Facility maintenance	89,600	0.43	16.25
3/23/2023	Bypass	System optimization	8,900	0.16	2.00

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Calculated using design drawings, pressure transducers, Manning's equation for bypass, and a weir equation for overflow

In total, between approximately 600,000 and 760,000 gallons of stormwater were discharged through the Basin M outfall during the second operational year. While this is notably more flow to the outfall than was recorded in the first year of basin operation, the first year of operation only included approximately four months of data, and all storms were smaller than the 2-year, 24-hour event. In contrast, between 82 and 86 percent of the volume received by the outfall during this second year of operation occurred during a single large storm event (26 December 2022).

Table 5 summarizes total captured, bypassed, and overflow volumes, as well as capture efficiencies, for the second operational year, and compares them to the same values for the first operational year.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>For high flow events, this is the maximum 24 h rainfall depth of the storm during which bypass or overflow occurred; for operational events, this is either the maximum 24 h rainfall depth during which pumps were off (long-duration events), or the rainfall depth for the 24 h preceding pumps turning back on (short-duration events). <sup>3</sup>As the intercept manhole stayed full for many hours following this event, the exact end of bypass is unknown, so this number is approximate.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>This number is uncertain due to violation of the Manning's equation assumption of free and uniform flow; backwater from the high flow manhole was likely significant. The larger number represents the maximum possible discharged volume, however, the smaller number does not represent the minimum possible discharged volume. Calculation of a minimum possible discharged volume is not possible using available data.



**Table 5: Year 2 Capture Summary** 

Metric	Year 2 Result	Year 1 Results <sup>1</sup>
Total volume pumped to SCM (calculated) <sup>2</sup>	4,000,000 gal	-
Total volume infiltrated by SCM	3,922,300 gal	-
Number of days with discharge to outfall	7	≥1
Total overflow volume	77,700 gal	0 gal
Total bypass volume due to high flow <sup>3</sup>	421,000 - 581,800 gal	-
Total bypass volume not due to high flow	104,600 gal	0 gal
Estimated total volume discharged to outfall <sup>3</sup>	603,300 - 764,100 gal	-
Design-based capture efficiency <sup>3,4</sup>	86 - 89%	-
Overall capture efficiency	84 – 87%	-

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Difficulties with instrumentation during the first year of operation prevents most of these values from being calculated.

#### 3.3.3 Average Annual Infiltration Rates

Infiltration rates were not calculated for the first operational year as very little ponding occurred, drawdown was rapid, and the maximum ponding depth was only nine inches. Since the infiltration rate is a function of ponding depth, a range of ponding depths occurring at different times of year are needed to identify any trends.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Due to issues with flow meters until March 2023, totalizer values recorded by the MultiSmart system are inaccurate for most of this operational year. However, VFD data is available for September 2022 through June 2023, and was used to calculate the total pumped volume by multiplying the VFD % by the theoretical maximum pump rate of approximately 2.5 cfs using 5-minute time steps for the entire period of record. As such, this value excludes only the volume pumped during one 0.30" storm on 6 July 2022.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Values given as ranges are due to uncertainty in calculated bypass volumes during the December 2022 5-year storm. See discussion at the beginning of Section 3.3 and Table 4.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Design-based capture efficiency represents capture efficiency if only bypass and overflow due to high flows had occurred. This value is calculated the same as overall capture efficiency, but counts bypass due to operational events as volume that could have been captured.



According to the O&M Plan, infiltration rates at discrete water levels should be calculated quarterly using Equation 3, where dL is the change in water level over the time period dt,  $A_L$  is the average surface area of the water in the basin over the range of water levels observed,  $A_i$  is the surface area of the basin at the infiltration surface, and i is the observed infiltration rate.

$$i = \frac{A_L * dL}{A_i * dt} \tag{3}$$

This equation is meant to be used once inflows have ceased, but while ponding still remains. However, the past year and a half of collected data have shown that the runoff hydrograph for Basin M has an extremely long tail, meaning ponding is nearly always gone by the time inflows have fully ceased. As such, Equation 3 has been modified to Equation 4, which accounts for inflow during the drawdown period in question. In this equation,  $V_{in}$  is the volume of water entering the infiltration basin during time t, and the two areas have been simplified to  $A_{avg}$  which represents the infiltration surface area at the average water level over the calculated range.

$$i = \frac{A_{avg} * dL + V_{in}}{A_{avg} * dt} \tag{4}$$

Using the surface area of infiltration at the average water level is more appropriate than using the surface area at the basin infiltration surface as it accounts for vertical infiltration at the side slopes. Using the average infiltration surface area over the calculated range does not increase or decrease uncertainty over using a different infiltration surface area. Because flow meters did not record accurate values prior to 10 March 2023, recorded VFD feedback and maximum pump design flow rate were used to calculate  $V_{in}$ . The pump design flow rate is dependent on head, which fluctuates based on the water level in both the wet well and the energy dissipation structure where water is pumped to. This introduces some uncertainty in the estimated VFD flow rate (about  $\pm 2\%$ , as discussed in Section 3.2).

Also, infiltration rates vary with driving head. The driving head in the basin is a function of depth of ponding, saturated hydraulic conductivity of the soils, and degree of soil saturation in the bottom and side slopes of the basin. Saturation of side slopes can vary significantly throughout a storm. As a result, infiltration rates will be higher when the water level is increasing in the basin, and they will be lower when the water level is decreasing. Due to these dynamics and the inherent uncertainties in the data, the infiltration rate calculations are approximations.

Table 6 summarizes average and maximum infiltration rates at discrete water levels by quarter for all storms where basin depths exceeded nine inches. Average and maximum infiltration rates were calculated for each time step where the average ponding depth remained above 6 inches and below 24 inches for the entire time step, whether or not the water level was increasing, decreasing, or staying the same. Infiltration values were classified into water level range based on the whole number rounded value of the average of the starting and ending water level depth for the time period, with values exactly equaling a range boundary going to the lower of the two ranges (i.e. a rounded average value of 9 would be classified into the 6-9 inch category, rather than the 9-12 inch category).



As shown, average infiltration rates ranged from 6.2 in/h to 39.0 in/h and maximum infiltration rates ranged from 18.4 in/h to 56.5 in/h. Average infiltration rates were near or above the design infiltration rate of 20 in/h at all water level ranges from 12-9 inches and greater, with somewhat of a decrease in infiltration rates at the 9-6 inch interval over time. Maximum infiltration rates remained high and well above the design infiltration rate for both 2022 and 2023. This indicates the basin is still infiltrating at a high rate, particularly at higher ponding depths.

The differences between the calculated maximum and average infiltration rates can serve as an approximation of the total uncertainty in these values. This difference ranges from 0% to 313%, with a median value of 86%. As such, the uncertainty in these calculated values is rather high. Sources of uncertainty include those mentioned above (use of VFD feedback for flow rates, differences in soil saturation, and antecedent conditions), as well as temperature, instrument accuracy, vegetation density, micro-topographic effects at the infiltration surface, hydraulic retention time in the pretreatment forebay, and the presence of the weepholes between the forebay and the infiltration area, which ensure water is conveyed to the basin for a long time after pumping ceases. These sources of uncertainty are those that are known – there are likely many more sources of uncertainty that are not included in this list.

Importantly, no overflow events occurred other than the 26 December 2022 event. Inspections did not reveal accumulated sediment, biofouling, or any other condition that would suggest the media basin's condition has been compromised. Furthermore, lower infiltration rates are expected during the more deeply saturated conditions typical of the middle of winter. Notably, infiltration rates at higher ponding depths did not show a large decrease in infiltration rate over time. With the limited number of high ponding events and the uncertainty in the calculations, it is not possible to discern any statistically significant trend in the maximum rates of infiltration. As such, the Port does not recommend performing additional maintenance at this time. Instead, because of the apparent decrease in infiltration rates at the 9-6 in water level range, the Port will continue to calculate infiltration rates on a quarterly basis, as described in the O&M Plan, and noted in Section 4.



**Table 6: Infiltration Rates by Quarter** 

Year / Quarter	Peak Ponding Date	Water Level Range (inches)	Est. Ave. Infiltration Rate (in/h) <sup>1,2</sup>	Est. Max Infiltration Rate (in/h) <sup>1,2</sup>
2022 / Q3	No ponding ≥ 9 in observed	-	-	-
	11/4/2022		31.9	41.4
	11/6/2022		23.9	56.5
	12/25/2022	9 – 6	13.5	30.4
	12/26/2022		12.7	28.7
	Average		27.2	39.3
	11/6/2022		39.0	47.2
2022 / Q4	12/25/2022	12 - 9	21.3	30.6
	12/26/2022		20.9	44.5
	Average		27.1	40.8
		15 – 12	23.3	46.8
	12/26/2022	18 – 15	25.7	38.4
	12/26/2022	21 - 18	23.9	37.9
		24 - 21	20.4	32.6
2022 / 01	1/9/2022	9 – 6	6.2	25.6
2023 / Q1	1/8/2023	12 – 9	17.4	29.9
		9 – 6	11.5	35.9
2023 / Q2	2 3/13/2023 <sup>3</sup>	12 – 9	18.3	40.3
		15 – 12	18.4	18.4

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Calculations were performed on 15-minute average data for all rainfall-induced events where ponding reached at least 9 inches in depth. Average and maximum infiltration rates were calculated for each time step where the average ponding depth remained above 6 inches and below 24 inches for the entire time step. Infiltration values were classified into water level range based on the whole number rounded value of the average of the starting and ending water level depth for the time period, with values exactly equaling a range boundary going to the lower of the two ranges.

 $<sup>^2</sup>$  Because flow meters were not reporting accurate values prior to 10 March 2023, the  $V_{in}$  term is calculated using VFD feedback multiplied by the maximum pump rate of 2.5 cfs per pump. The maximum pump rate was calculated as the median of all pump flow rates divided by the corresponding VFD percentage for all two-minute timesteps during the 13 March 2023 storm.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Accurate flow data are available for this storm, so these values were calculated using flow data. The same values calculated using the VFD-based approach used for the other storms in this table are all within 7% of the flow meter-based value.



#### 3.3.4 Maximum Drawdown Time

Drawdown time was defined as the time required for the water level in the media basin to drop below three inches after pumping ceased following a storm event. Three inches was used as the minimum threshold instead of zero to reduce the effects of sump water in the standpipe and noise in the data. Data from the permanent pressure transducer with a five-minute timestep was used for this calculation. The maximum drawdown time for the second operational year was 4 hours and 15 minutes, which occurred following rainfall on 21 January 2023. This is well below the maintenance trigger defined in the O&M Plan of 24 hours. Maximum drawdown times by quarter are provided in Table 7.

**Table 7: Maximum Drawdown Time by Quarter** 

Year / Quarter	End Date of Maximum Drawdown	Maximum Drawdown Time
2022 / Q3	-	N/A: ponding never remained after pumping ceased
2022 / Q4	12/8/2022	1 h 25 min
2023 / Q1	1/21/2023	4 h 15 min
2023 / Q2	4/12/2023	3 h 50 min



#### 4. SUMMARY AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Based on the information collected in year 2, the Basin M stormwater SCM is operating as designed. Recommendations for the next reporting period, from 1 July 2023 to 30 June 2024, are to continue monitoring and maintaining the Basin M stormwater SCM as outlined in the O&M Plan, with submission of an Annual Report on or before 1 October 2024. While calculated infiltration rates at the 9 to 6-inch ponding interval showed a slight decrease over time, that decrease did not result in an increase in overflow or a reduced capture of stormwater, and is likely a result of seasonal saturation conditions. Furthermore, prolonged ponding in the basin did not occur in conjunction with the lower infiltration rates, and inspections did not reveal accumulated sediment, biofouling, or any other condition that would suggest the media basin's condition has been compromised. However, as outlined in the O&M Plan on notable decreases in infiltration rates, the Port plans to calculate infiltration rates quarterly during the third year of basin operation.

In addition, because no issues have been identified with the basin during post-large storm physical inspections, the Port proposes to modify the inspection threshold from within 48 hours of storms exceeding 1.0 inches in 24 hours to the following:

- A physical inspection within 2 business days after the first storm of the season that exceeds 1.0 inches in 24 hours.
- Review of SCADA data within 2 business days of any storm exceeding 1.0 inches in depth over 24 hours. For any storm over 1.0 inches in 24 hours where overflow has occurred, a physical inspection will be conducted within 2 business days of identification that overflow occurred.
- Physical inspection within 2 business days for storms exceeding 2.0 inches in depth over 24 hours.

These proposed changes will better utilize the remote monitoring data to inform system performance and reduce unnecessary site visits.

Additionally, the Port intends to relocate the pressure transducer in the intercept manhole to the high-flow manhole so the effect of the backwater condition can be minimized for future calculations of overflow discharge volumes.

Finally, the Port will evaluate erosion control measures for the conveyance swale located south of the SCM, where regular inspections (Appendix A) have noted erosion.

Regular quarterly inspections will continue as specified in the O&M Plan.

# **APPENDIX A**

Completed Inspection and Maintenance Forms

	D INFILTRATION BASIN PECTION FORM
117 10 2	- 09/10/2022
Inspector's Name: Wike Du Bose	- All ulis
Location/Facility ID: South M	Time: 237
Weather: Dry Cloudy (coo)	
Date of Last Rainfall: 09/06/92	Amount: 0.3 inches
Reason for Inspection (Circle): Routine	Complaint Major Event (spill or >1" in 24hrs)
Step 1: Take photos from all 4 sides	of facility
INSPECTION SCORING - For each facility in	nspection item, insert one of the following scores:
0 = No deficiencies identified	3 = Immediate repair necessary
1 = Monitor (potential for future problem) 2 = Routine maintenance required	N/A = Not applicable
<u>FEATURES</u>	
1) Basin Inlet	5) Vegetation
Structure damaged	<ul> <li>Trimming or detritus removal needed</li> </ul>
Structure clogged or obstructed	Loss of vegetation cover
1 Other: Racks and dirt below inf	Noxious weeds
	Abnormal plant mortality
2) Sediment Forebay	Other:
>3 inches of sediment / debris accumulation	0.014.01
Vectors / pests present	6) Side Slopes
Structural integrity Other:	Rill / gully erosion  Evidence of burrowing animals / pests
Other.	Slope slippage
3) Basin Divider	Structural integrity
Sediment / debris blocking weir	Other:
Weir integrity	
O Erosion	7) Outlet
( ) Weep holes not functioning	Structure damaged, grate displaced
Other:	Structure clogged or obstructed
A Production of the Control of the C	Standpipe and pressure transducer condition
4) Media Bed	Other:
> 2 inches of sediment / debris accumulation	
Trash accumulation	8) Overflow Weir & Swale
Crusting of surface of media bed	Structure damaged
Holes / loss of media / channelization / scour	Weir / riprap integrity
Evidence of burrowing animals / vectors / pests	Swale - erosion
Standing water / saturated patches	Swale - noxious weeds
Other:	2 Other:
Inspection Summary and Comments: Rocks Will Deliberate? Are they supposed land and to build up in veget	to be there! Noxious weeds are afed basin. The rope attached to the
regestation in smale never grew	tched. PT touches standpipe bottom.
OVERALL FACILITY RATING (Circle One)	The state of the s
0 = No Deficiencies Identified	2 Routine Maintenance Required
Monitor (potential for future problem exists)	3 = Immediate Repair Necessary

# PORT OF PORTLAND

Weather: Dry/cloudy/cool  Date of Last Rainfall: 09/06/22	Amount: 0.30 inches
eason for Inspection (Circle): Routine	Complaint Major Event (spill or >1" in 24
0 = No deficiencies identified	pection item, insert one of the following scores:  = Immediate repair necessary  A = Not applicable
1) Upstream Manhole / Catch Basin  Clogged catch basin grate or insert  Sediment / debris build-up in bottom of catch basin  Cracks / mechanical damage  Other:  2) Intercept Manhole  Access Problems  > 11 inches of sediment / debris build-up  Cracks / mechanical damage  Inlet / outlet piping damaged  Poor seal to piping  Evidence of improper weir height (see Design Dravent of the properties of the propert	4) Valve Box  Cleaks / water present Sediment / debris present Cracks / mechanical damage Safety chains condition Other:  5) Swale Outlet Catch Basin Clogged catch basin grate or insert Sediment / debris build-up in bottom of catch bate cracks / mechanical damage Other:  Sediment / debris build-up Cracks / mechanical damage Inlet / outlet piping damaged Poor seal to piping Other:  Other:

Form v03312022



# VEGETATED INFILTRATION BASIN

Cocation/Facility ID:   T4 Basin M Infiltration Basin   Time:   O750	INS	PECTION FORM
Veather:   Covercast		
Amount: 1.69 inches  ason for Inspection (Circle): Routine Complaint Major Event (spill or >1" in 2  Step 1: Take photos from all 4 sides of facility  INSPECTION SCORING - For each facility inspection item, insert one of the following scores:  0 = No deficiencies identified 3 = Immediate repair necessary  1 = Monitor (potential for future problem) N/A = Not applicable  2 = Routine maintenance required  FEATURES  1) Basin Inlet  0 Structure damaged 0 Structure clogged or obstructed 0 Other: 0 Noxious weeds 1 Abnormal plant mortality 0 Other: 0 Structural integrity 0 Other: 0 Structural integrity 0 Other: 0 Sediment / debris accumulation 0 Vectors / pests present 0 Structural integrity 0 Other: 0 Weep holes not functioning 0 Weep holes not functioning 0 Other: 0 Weep holes not functioning 0 Other: 0 Yeep holes not functioning 0 Other: 0 Structure damaged, grate displaced 0 Structure damaged 0 Structure d		Time: 0750
Step 1: Take photos from all 4 sides of facility    INSPECTION SCORING - For each facility inspection item, insert one of the following scores:   0 = No deficiencies identified   3 = Immediate repair necessary     1 = Monitor (potential for future problem)   N/A = Not applicable     2 = Routine maintenance required		
Step 1: Take photos from all 4 sides of facility    INSPECTION SCORING - For each facility inspection item, insert one of the following scores:   0 = No deficiencies identified   3 = Immediate repair necessary     1 = Monitor (potential for future problem)   N/A = Not applicable     2 = Routine maintenance required	Date of Last Rainfall: 11/06/2022	Amount: 1.69 inches
INSPECTION SCORING - For each facility inspection item, insert one of the following scores:  0 = No deficiencies identified 3 = Immediate repair necessary 1 = Monitor (potential for future problem) 2 = Routine maintenance required  FEATURES  1) Basin Inlet 5) Vegetation 0 Structure damaged 0 Timming or detritus removal needed 0 Other: 0 Noxious weeds 0 Other: 0 Noxious weeds 0 Abnormal plant mortality 0 Other: 0 Other: 0 Noxious weeds 1 Side Slopes 0 Noxious weeds 1 Side Slopes 0 Noxious weeds 2 Sediment Forebay 0 Noxious weeds 1 Side Slopes 0 Noxious weeds 2 Sediment / debris accumulation 0 Vectors / pests present 0 Structural integrity 0 Other: 0 Side Slopes 1 Structural integrity 0 Other: 0 Structural integrity 0 Other: 0 Structural integrity 0 Other: 0 Structure damaged, grate displaced 0 Structure damaged of other: 0 Structure damaged 0 Other: 0 Structure damaged 0 Other: 0 Structure damaged 0 Other: 1 Standing water / saturated patches 0 Structure damaged 0 Weir / fiprap integrity 1 Swale - roxious weeds 0 Other: 1 Swale - roxious weeds 2 Other: 1 Swale - roxious weeds 3 Other: 1 Swale - roxious weeds 2 Other: 1 Swale - roxious weeds 3 Other: 1 Swale - roxious weeds	ason for Inspection (Circle): Routine	Complaint Major Event (spill or >1" in 24
0 = No deficiencies identified   3 = Immediate repair necessary   1 = Monitor (potential for future problem)   N/A = Not applicable	Step 1: Take photos from all 4 sides	s of facility
1 = Monitor (potential for future problem) 2 = Routine maintenance required  FEATURES  1) Basin Inlet  O Structure damaged O Structure clogged or obstructed O Other:  2) Sediment Forebay O >3 inches of sediment / debris accumulation O Vectors / pests present O Structural integrity O Sediment / debris blocking weir O Sediment / debris blocking weir O Weep holes not functioning O Other:  7) Outlet O Structure damaged O Structural integrity O Sediment / debris blocking weir O Weep holes not functioning O Other:  7) Outlet O Structure damaged, grate displaced O Structure clogged or obstructed O Structure clogged or obstructed O Structure damaged, grate displaced O Structure clogged or obstructed O Structure damaged, grate displaced O Structure damaged or obstructed O Structure damaged or obstructed O Structure damaged, grate displaced O Structure damaged or obstructed O Structure damaged or obstructed O Structure damaged, grate displaced O Structure damaged, grate displaced O Structure damaged or obstructed O Structure damaged or obstructed O Structure damaged, grate displaced O Structure damaged, grate disp		v inspection item, insert one of the following scores:
### Structure damaged		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
1) Basin Inlet  0 Structure damaged 0 Structure clogged or obstructed 0 Other: 0 Other: 0 Sediment Forebay 0 Other: 0 Other: 0 Structural integrity 0 Other: 0 Sediment / debris blocking weir 0 Sediment / debris blocking weir 0 Sediment / debris blocking weir 0 Sediment / debris accumulation 0 Verictors / pests present 0 Structural integrity 0 Sediment / debris blocking weir 0 Weir integrity 0 Erosion 0 Weep holes not functioning 0 Other: 0 Weep holes of sediment / debris accumulation 0 Other: 0 Weep holes of sediment / debris accumulation 0 Other: 0 Structure damaged, grate displaced 0 Structure clogged or obstructed 0 Standpipe and pressure transducer condition 0 Other: 0 Structure damaged 0 Structure damaged 0 Structure damaged 0 Structure clogged or obstructed 0 Standpipe and pressure transducer condition 0 Trash accumulation 0 Trash accumulation 0 Trash accumulation 0 Structure damaged 0 Holes / loss of media / channelization / scour 0 Evidence of burrowing animals / vectors / pests 1 Standing water / saturated patches 0 Other:  Inspection Summary and Comments:  Couple inches of water in forebay, some sediment (but not covering entire base of forebay). Forebay was actively discharging through weep holes. Small amount of ponded water in	The state of the s	N/A = Not applicable
O Structure damaged O Structure clogged or obstructed O Other: O Other: O Other: O Other: O Other: O Sediment Forebay O Structural integrity O Other: O Sediment / debris accumulation O Other: O Structural integrity O Sediment / debris blocking weir O Other: O Weir integrity O Erosion O Other: O Weer holes not functioning O Other: O Structure damaged, grate displaced O Structure clogged or obstructed O Structure clogged or obstructed O Structure damaged, grate displaced O Structure clogged or obstructed O Structure damaged O Other: O Crusting of surface of media bed O Holes / loss of media / channelization / scour O Evidence of burrowing animals / vectors / pests O Other: O Swale - roxious weeds O Other:  Inspection Summary and Comments: Couple inches of water in forebay, some sediment (but not covering entire base of forebay). Forebay was actively discharging through weep holes. Small amount of ponded water in	FEATURES	
O Structure clogged or obstructed O Other: O Sediment Forebay O Structural integrity O Other: O Other: O Other: O Sediment / debris blocking weir O Sediment / debris blocking weir O Weir integrity O Erosion O Other: O Weep holes not functioning O Other: O Structure damaged, grate displaced O Other: O Structure damaged or obstructed O Structure dopted or obstructed O Structure clogged or obstructed O Structure damaged O Structure damaged O Structure damaged O Structure damaged O Other: O Other: O Other: O Structure damaged O Structure damaged O Structure damaged O Other: O Other: O Other: O Other: O Structure damaged O Other: O Other: O Other: O Structure damaged O Structure damaged O Structure damaged O Other: O Other: O Structure damaged O Structure damaged O Structure damaged O Structure damaged O Other: O Structure damaged O Structure damaged O Structure damaged O Other: O Structure damaged O Other: O Other: O Other: O Other: O Other: O Other: O Structure damaged O Structure damaged O Structure damaged O Other: O Other: O Structure damaged O Other: O Other: O Structure damaged O Other: O Other: O Other: O Structure damaged O Other: O Other: O Other: O Structure damaged O Other: O Other: O Other: O Structure damaged O Other: O Other: O Structure damaged O Other: O Other: O Structure damaged O Other: O Structure		
O Other:  O Other:  O Abnormal plant mortality O Other:  O >3 inches of sediment / debris accumulation O Vectors / pests present O Structural integrity O Other:  O Sediment / debris blocking weir O Weir integrity O Erosion O Weep holes not functioning O Other:  O Weap holes not functioning O Other: O Sediment / debris accumulation O Weep holes not functioning O Other: O Structure damaged, grate displaced O Structure clogged or obstructed O Standpipe and pressure transducer condition Other: O Crusting of surface of media bed O Holes / loss of media / channelization / scour O Evidence of burrowing animals / vectors / pests O Structure damaged O Weir / riprap integrity O Swale - noxious weeds O Other:  Inspection Summary and Comments: Couple inches of water in forebay, some sediment (but not covering entire base of forebay). Forebay was actively discharging through weep holes. Small amount of ponded water in		
2) Sediment Forebay  0		
2) Sediment Forebay  0	U Other:	<u> </u>
0	2) Sediment Forebay	
O Vectors / pests present O Structural integrity O Other: O Other: O Sediment / debris blocking weir O Weir integrity O Erosion O Other: O Weep holes not functioning O Other: O Weep so sediment / debris accumulation O Trash accumulation O Trash accumulation O Holes / loss of media / channelization / scour O Evidence of burrowing animals / pests O Structural integrity O Other: O Structure damaged, grate displaced O Structure clogged or obstructed O Standpipe and pressure transducer condition Other: O Trash accumulation O Trash accumulation O Trash accumulation O Structure clogged or obstructed O Standpipe and pressure transducer condition Other: O Structure damaged O Structure damaged O Structure damaged O Other: O Structure damaged O Structure damaged O Other: O Other: O Swale - roxious weeds O Other: O Other:	· .	Other.
O Structural integrity O Other: O Other: O Slope slippage O Structural integrity O Sediment / debris blocking weir O Servictural integrity O Erosion O Other: O Weep holes not functioning O Other: O Structure damaged, grate displaced O Structure clogged or obstructed O Standpipe and pressure transducer condition Other: O Year Sediment / debris accumulation O Other: O Structure damaged O Structure damaged, grate displaced O Standpipe and pressure transducer condition Other: O Year Swale O Structure damaged Other: O Structure damaged Other: O Structure damaged Other: O Structure damaged Other: O Structure damaged O Holes / loss of media / channelization / scour O Weir / riprap integrity Swale - erosion O Swale - noxious weeds O Other: O Other: O Other:		6) Side Slopes
O Other:  Basin Divider O Sediment / debris blocking weir O Other: O Weir integrity O Erosion O Other: O Weep holes not functioning O Other: O Structure damaged, grate displaced O Structure clogged or obstructed O Standpipe and pressure transducer condition Other: O Year o Structure damaged O Weir / debris accumulation O Trash accumulation O Trash accumulation O Trash accumulation O Structure damaged O Holes / loss of media / channelization / scour O Weir / riprap integrity O Evidence of burrowing animals / vectors / pests O Structure damaged O Structure damaged O Holes / loss of media / channelization / scour O Weir / riprap integrity O Swale - erosion O Swale - noxious weeds O Other: Inspection Summary and Comments: Couple inches of water in forebay, some sediment (but not covering entire base of forebay). Forebay was actively discharging through weep holes. Small amount of ponded water in		
Basin Divider  O Sediment / debris blocking weir  O Weir integrity  D Erosion  O Other:  O Weep holes not functioning  O Other:  O Other:  O Structure damaged, grate displaced  O Structure clogged or obstructed  O Standpipe and pressure transducer condition  Other:  O Year obstructed  O Standpipe and pressure transducer condition  Other:  O Structure damaged, grate displaced  O Structure clogged or obstructed  O Standpipe and pressure transducer condition  Other:  O Year obstructed  O Structure damaged  Other:  O Yeir / riprap integrity  O Evidence of burrowing animals / vectors / pests  O Structure damaged  O Weir / riprap integrity  Swale - erosion  O Swale - noxious weeds  O Other:  Inspection Summary and Comments:  Couple inches of water in forebay, some sediment (but not covering entire base of forebay). Forebay was actively discharging through weep holes. Small amount of ponded water in		
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O Weir integrity O Erosion O Weep holes not functioning O Other: O Structure damaged, grate displaced O Structure clogged or obstructed O Standpipe and pressure transducer condition Other: O > 2 inches of sediment / debris accumulation O Trash accumulation O Crusting of surface of media bed O Holes / loss of media / channelization / scour O Evidence of burrowing animals / vectors / pests O Other: O Swale - erosion O Swale - noxious weeds O Other: O Other: O Couple inches of water in forebay. some sediment (but not covering entire base of forebay). Forebay was actively discharging through weep holes. Small amount of ponded water in	B) Basin Divider	O Structural integrity
O   Erosion   O   Weep holes not functioning   O   Structure damaged, grate displaced   O   Structure clogged or obstructed   O   Structure clogged or obstructed   O   Standpipe and pressure transducer condition   Other:   O   Standpipe and pressure transducer condition   Other:   O   Structure damaged   Other:   O   Structure damaged   Other:   O   Structure damaged   O   Other:   O	Sediment / debris blocking weir	Other:
O Weep holes not functioning O Other: O Structure damaged, grate displaced O Structure clogged or obstructed O Standpipe and pressure transducer condition Other: O > 2 inches of sediment / debris accumulation O Trash accumulation O Crusting of surface of media bed O Holes / loss of media / channelization / scour O Evidence of burrowing animals / vectors / pests O Other: O Other: O Structure damaged O Structure damaged O Structure damaged O Structure damaged O Other / riprap integrity O Evidence of burrowing animals / vectors / pests O Other:	0 Weir integrity	
O Other:  O Other:  O Structure clogged or obstructed O Standpipe and pressure transducer condition Other:  O > 2 inches of sediment / debris accumulation O Trash accumulation O Crusting of surface of media bed O Holes / loss of media / channelization / scour O Evidence of burrowing animals / vectors / pests O Other:  O Other:  O Structure clogged or obstructed O Standpipe and pressure transducer condition Other:  O Other:  O Overflow Weir & Swale O Structure damaged O Weir / riprap integrity O Swale - erosion O Swale - noxious weeds O Other:  Inspection Summary and Comments: Couple inches of water in forebay. some sediment (but not covering entire base of forebay). Forebay was actively discharging through weep holes. Small amount of ponded water in	ETOSIOTI	•
Standpipe and pressure transducer condition Other:    O   > 2 inches of sediment / debris accumulation     O   Trash accumulation     O   Crusting of surface of media bed     O   Holes / loss of media / channelization / scour     O   Evidence of burrowing animals / vectors / pests     O   Structure damaged     O   Weir / riprap integrity     O   Evidence of burrowing animals / vectors / pests     O   Structure damaged     O   Weir / riprap integrity     O   Evidence of burrowing animals / vectors / pests     O   Swale - erosion     O   Swale - noxious weeds     O   Other:     Inspection Summary and Comments:     Couple inches of water in forebay, some sediment (but not covering entire base of forebay). Forebay was actively discharging through weep holes. Small amount of ponded water in		
Media Bed  Other:  O > 2 inches of sediment / debris accumulation  O Trash accumulation  O Crusting of surface of media bed  O Holes / loss of media / channelization / scour  O Evidence of burrowing animals / vectors / pests  Standing water / saturated patches  O Other:  Inspection Summary and Comments:  Couple inches of water in forebay. some sediment (but not covering entire base of forebay). Forebay was actively discharging through weep holes. Small amount of ponded water in	Other:	<del></del>
0       > 2 inches of sediment / debris accumulation         0       Trash accumulation         0       Crusting of surface of media bed         0       Holes / loss of media / channelization / scour         0       Evidence of burrowing animals / vectors / pests         1       Standing water / saturated patches         0       Other:     Swale - erosion  Swale - noxious weeds  Other:  Couple inches of water in forebay. some sediment (but not covering entire base of forebay). Forebay was actively discharging through weep holes. Small amount of ponded water in	N Madia Dad	
O Crusting of surface of media bed O Holes / loss of media / channelization / scour O Evidence of burrowing animals / vectors / pests O Other:  Couple inches of water in forebay. Small amount of ponded water in		Other:
O Crusting of surface of media bed O Holes / loss of media / channelization / scour O Evidence of burrowing animals / vectors / pests O Standing water / saturated patches O Other:  Couple inches of water in forebay. some sediment (but not covering entire base of forebay). Forebay was actively discharging through weep holes. Small amount of ponded water in		8) Overflow Weir & Swale
O Holes / loss of media / channelization / scour O Evidence of burrowing animals / vectors / pests O Standing water / saturated patches O Other: O Other: Couple inches of water in forebay. some sediment (but not covering entire base of forebay). Forebay was actively discharging through weep holes. Small amount of ponded water in		•
0       Evidence of burrowing animals / vectors / pests       1       Swale - erosion         1       Standing water / saturated patches       0       Swale - noxious weeds         0       Other:         Inspection Summary and Comments:       Couple inches of water in forebay. some sediment (but not covering entire base of forebay). Forebay was actively discharging through weep holes. Small amount of ponded water in		
1 Standing water / saturated patches 0 Other:  Couple inches of water in forebay. some sediment (but not covering entire base of forebay). Forebay was actively discharging through weep holes. Small amount of ponded water in		
0 Other:  Inspection Summary and Comments:  Couple inches of water in forebay, some sediment (but not covering entire base of forebay). Forebay was actively discharging through weep holes. Small amount of ponded water in		
Inspection Summary and Comments:  Couple inches of water in forebay, some sediment (but not covering entire base of forebay). Forebay was actively discharging through weep holes. Small amount of ponded water in		
base of forebay). Forebay was actively discharging through weep holes. Small amount of ponded water in		
infiltration basin. Exposed soil at west end of swale with minor signs of erosion, see photos	base of forebay). Forebay was actively discharging	g through weep holes. Small amount of ponded water in
	infiltration basin. Exposed soil at west end of sw	ale with minor signs of erosion, see photos

#### OVERALL FACILITY RATING (Circle One)

0 = No Deficiencies Identified 2 = Routine Maintenance Required

1 = Monitor (potential for future problem exists) 3 = Immediate Repair Necessary

Form	v03	31	20	122



# CONVEYANCES INSPECTION FORM

INSPECTION	FORM
Inspector's Name:  Location/Facility ID:  Weather:  Overcast  Date of Last Rainfall: 11/06/2022  Page of for Inspection (Circle):  Page of for Inspection (Circle):  Date of Last Rainfall: 106/2022	Date: 11/07/2022 Time: 0815  Amount: 1.69 inches
Reason for Inspection (Circle): Routine Com	plaint Major Event (spill or >1" in 24hrs)
INSPECTION SCORING - For each facility inspection ite  0 = No deficiencies identified 3 = Immedi  1 = Monitor (potential for future problem) N/A = Not a  2 = Routine maintenance required  FEATURES	ate repair necessary
Clogged catch basin grate or insert  Sediment / debris build-up in bottom of catch basin  Cracks / mechanical damage  Other:  Clogged catch basin grate or insert  Sediment / debris build-up in bottom of catch basin  Cracks / mechanical damage	Valve Box  Ueaks / water present Sediment / debris present Cracks / mechanical damage Safety chains condition Other:  Swale Outlet Catch Basin Clogged catch basin grate or insert Sediment / debris build-up in bottom of catch basin Cracks / mechanical damage
O Poor seal to piping Evidence of improper weir height (see Design Drawings)	Other:  Downstream Manholes (2)  Sediment / debris build-up  Cracks / mechanical damage  Inlet / outlet piping damaged Poor seal to piping
O Cracks / mechanical damage Inlet / outlet piping damaged Poor seal to piping Access problems Safety chains condition Other:	Other:
Inspection Summary and Comments: wet well was	actively filling during inspection
	utine Maintenance Required nediate Repair Necessary

Inspector's Name: Mke Du Bose Location/Facility ID: T4 Bos of I Weather: Cloudy cold windy inter Date of Last Rainfall: 11/30/2022	Date: 12/01/2022  1 Time: 9:48 aum  Mittent 1410 1 380  Amount: 1,0H inches
eason for Inspection (Circle): Routine	Complaint Major Event (spill or >1" in 24h
Step 1: Take photos from all 4 sides	s of facility
INSPECTION SCORING - For each facility  0 = No deficiencies identified  1 = Monitor (potential for future problem)  2 = Routine maintenance required	inspection item, insert one of the following scores:  3 = Immediate repair necessary  N/A = Not applicable
<u>FEATURES</u>	
1) Basin Inlet Structure damaged Structure clogged or obstructed Other:	5) Vegetation  Trimming or detritus removal needed  Loss of vegetation cover  Noxious weeds  Abnormal plant mortality
Sediment Forebay     3 inches of sediment / debris accumulation     Vectors / pests present     Structural integrity     Other:	Other:  6) Side Slopes  Rill / gully erosion  Evidence of burrowing animals / pests  Slope slippage
3) Basin Divider Sediment / debris blocking weir Weir integrity Erosion Weep holes not functioning Other:	7) Outlet Structure damaged, grate displaced Structure clogged or obstructed
Year on Section 1 Section 2 Section 2 Section 2 Section 2 Section 3 Section 3 Section 3 Section 3 Section 3 Section 3 Section 4 Section 4 Section 5 Section 6 Sec	in : evosion in same locations as

PORT OF PORTLAND  CONVEY INSPECTIO	
Inspector's Name: We Du Buse  Location/Facility ID: TH Busin M  Weather: Mudy add some rain ~ 38° F  Date of Last Rainfall: 11 (30/2022)	Date: 12/01/2022 Time: 10:17 am  Amount: 1,021 inches
Reason for Inspection (Circle): Routine Co	mplaint Major Event (spill or >1" in 24hrs)
1 = Monitor (potential for future problem) N/A = No 2 = Routine maintenance required	n item, insert one of the following scores: ediate repair necessary of applicable
1) Upstream Manhole / Catch Basin Clogged catch basin grate or insert Sediment / debris build-up in bottom of catch basin Cracks / mechanical damage Other:	4) Valve Box  Leaks / water present  Sediment / debris present  Cracks / mechanical damage  Safety chains condition  Other:
> 11 inches of sediment / debris build-up Cracks / mechanical damage Inlet / outlet piping damaged Poor seal to piping Evidence of improper weir height (see Design Drawings)	5) Swale Outlet Catch Basin Clogged catch basin grate or insert Sediment / debris build-up in bottom of catch basin Cracks / mechanical damage Other:  6) Downstream Manholes (2) Sediment / debris build-up
Sediment / debris build-up Cracks / mechanical damage Inlet / outlet piping damaged Poor seal to piping Access problems Safety chains condition Other:	Cracks / mechanical damage Inlet / outlet piping damaged Poor seal to piping Other:
Inspection Summary and Comments: No ISS WE leiched on out in during inspec	> Basin still flowing, pump
OVERALL FACILITY RATING (Circle One)  0 = No Deficiencies Identified 2 = Ro	outine Maintenance Required

1 = Monitor (potential for future problem exists)

3 = Immediate Repair Necessary

Inspector's Name: Name: Decision Facility ID: 14 - Busin Weather: 100d under 140°F  Date of Last Rainfall: 120210122	Date: 12/12/22 Time: 9:48 am  Amount: 1.21 inches
eason for Inspection (Circle): Routine	Complaint Major Event (spill or >1" in 24hr
Step 1: Take photos from all 4 sides of	of facility
INSPECTION SCORING - For each facility in	spection item, insert one of the following scores:
	3 = Immediate repair necessary N/A = Not applicable
FEATURES	
1) Basin Inlet Structure damaged Structure clogged or obstructed Other:	Trimming or detritus removal needed  Loss of vegetation cover  Noxious weeds  Abnormal plant mortality
Sediment Forebay     Sinches of sediment / debris accumulation     Vectors / pests present     Structural integrity     Other:	6) Side Slopes  O Rill / gully erosion  Evidence of burrowing animals / pests  Slope slippage
3) Basin Divider  Sediment / debris blocking weir Weir integrity Erosion Weep holes not functioning Other:	Structural integrity Other:  7) Outlet Structure damaged, grate displaced Structure clogged or obstructed
	Standpipe and pressure transducer condition Other:  8) Overflow Weir & Swale Structure damaged Weir / riprap integrity Swale - erosion Swale - noxious weeds 2 Other: Very Her 12/12 *See notes be and accumulation in over How weir
for slope/bod stability	in swale; almost no graves survive

	YANCES ION FORM
Inspector's Name: Whee Grensynder Location/Facility ID: TA Busin W Weather: Cloudy dry 240°F Date of Last Rainfall 12/10/22 +12/9/22	Date: 12/2/22 Time: 10:04 a.m  Amount: 1.21 inches
Reason for Inspection (Circle): Routine	Complaint Major Event (spill or >1" in 24hrs
	ion item, insert one of the following scores: mediate repair necessary Not applicable
FEATURES	
Clogged catch basin grate or insert     Sediment / debris build-up in bottom of catch basin     Cracks / mechanical damage     Other:	4) Valve Box  C Leaks / water present  Sediment / debris present  Cracks / mechanical damage  Safety chains condition  Other:
2) Intercept Manhole	5) Swale Outlet Catch Basin  Clogged catch basin grate or insert  Sediment / debris build-up in bottom of catch basin  Cracks / mechanical damage  Other:
Standpipe and pressure transducer condition  Other:	6) Downstream Manholes (2)  Sediment / debris build-up  Cracks / mechanical damage
3) Wet Well and Pumps Sediment / debris build-up Cracks / mechanical damage Inlet / outlet piping damaged Poor seal to piping	Inlet / outlet piping damaged Poor seal to piping Other:
Access problems Safety chains condition Other:	
Inspection Summary and Comments:	+
OVERALL FACILITY RATING (Circle One)  0 = No Deficiencies Identified 2 =	Routine Maintenance Required

1 = Monitor (potential for future problem exists) 3 = Immediate Repair Necessary

Form v03312022



# VEGETATED INFILTRATION BASIN INSPECTION FORM

Inspector's Name:	Jack Lisin	Date:	12/27/2022
Location/Facility ID:	T4 Basin M Infiltration Basin	Time:	1610
Weather: Overcast.	Light Rain	•	

Date of Last Rainfall: Rain on 12/25, 12/26, and 12/27/2022 Amount: 3.43 inches 48 hours)

Reason for Inspection (Circle): Routine Complaint Major Event (spill or >1" in 24hrs)

#### Step 1: Take photos from all 4 sides of facility

INSPECTION SCORING - For each facility	inspection item, insert one of the following scores:
0 = No deficiencies identified	3 = Immediate repair necessary
1 = Monitor (potential for future problem)	N/A = Not applicable
2 = Routine maintenance required	

#### **FEATURES**

1) Basin Inlet			
	0	Structure damaged	
	0	Structure clogged or obstructed	
	0	Other:	
		·	

#### 2) Sediment Forebay

0	>3 inches of sediment / debris accumulation
0	Vectors / pests present
0	Structural integrity
0	Other:

#### 3) Basin Divider

0	Weir integrity
0	Erosion
0	Weep holes not functioning
0	Other:

Sediment / debris blocking weir

#### 4) Media Bed

0	Trash accumulation
0	Crusting of surface of media bed
0	Holes / loss of media / channelization / scour
0	Evidence of burrowing animals / vectors / pests
1	Standing water / saturated patches
0	Other:

0 > 2 inches of sediment / debris accumulation

#### 5) Vegetation

U	Trimming or detritus removal needed
0	Loss of vegetation cover
0	Noxious weeds
0	Abnormal plant mortality
0	Other:

#### 6) Side Slopes

	0	Rill / gully erosion
	0	Evidence of burrowing animals / pests
	0	Slope slippage
	0	Structural integrity
(	0	Other:

#### 7) Outlet

0	Structure damaged, grate displaced
0	Structure clogged or obstructed
0	Standpipe and pressure transducer condition
	Other:

#### 8) Overflow Weir & Swale

0	Structure damaged	
0	Weir / riprap integrity	
1	Swale - erosion	
0	Swale - noxious week	
0	Other:	

#### **Inspection Summary and Comments:**

The forebay was full of water throughout the inspection. Following pump operation, water in the forebay overflowed the weir to the infiltration basin. Water was actively discharging from the weep holes as expected throughout the inspection. Several inches of water was ponded within/throughout the infiltration basin throughout the inspection. Side slope soils within the infiltration basin were saturated several feet above the base of the basin indicating a higher ponding depth during the rainfall event preceding the inspection.

Exposed soils and erosion evident in flat area south of the facility that drains to the swale. Relatively turbid observed water in the swale and forebay.

#### **OVERALL FACILITY RATING (Circle One)**

0 = No Deficiencies Identified 2 = Routine Maintenance Required 1 = Monitor (potential for future problem exists) 3 = Immediate Repair Necessary





# CONVEYANCES INSPECTION FORM

INSPECTION	FORM
Inspector's Name: Location/Facility ID:  Jack Lisin  T4 Basin M Infiltration Basin	Date: 12/27/2022 Time: 1610
Weather: Overcast, Light Rain  Date of Last Rainfall: Overcast, Light Rain	Amount: 3.43 inches 48 hours)
Reason for Inspection (Circle): Routine Com	plaint Major Event (spill or >1" in 24hrs)
1 = Monitor (potential for future problem) 2 = Routine maintenance required  FEATURES  1) Upstream Manhole / Catch Basin	Valve Box  O Leaks / water present O Sediment / debris present O Cracks / mechanical damage O Safety chains condition O Other:  Swale Outlet Catch Basin O Clogged catch basin grate or insert Sediment / debris build-up in bottom of catch basin O Cracks / mechanical damage O Other:  Downstream Manholes (2) O Sediment / debris build-up O Cracks / mechanical damage O Inlet / outlet piping damaged O Poor seal to piping O Other:
duty as expected with only 1 pump operating at at time. Pumps ran for appro Turbid water from swale entering catch basin on south side of the facility.	oximately 1 minute at a time.
OVERALL FACILITY RATING (Circle One)  0 = No Deficiencies Identified 2 = Rou	utine Maintenance Required

1 = Monitor (potential for future problem exists) 3 = Immediate Repair Necessary

Form v03312022 Report of Portland **VEGETATED INFILTRATION BASIN** INSPECTION FORM Bose Inspector's Name: Time: Location/Facility ID: Weather: (100 Amount: inches Date of Last Rainfall: Major Event (spill or >1" in 24hrs) Complaint Reason for Inspection (Circle): Routine Step 1: Take photos from all 4 sides of facility INSPECTION SCORING - For each facility inspection item, insert one of the following scores: 3 = Immediate repair necessary 0 = No deficiencies identified N/A = Not applicable 1 = Monitor (potential for future problem) 2 = Routine maintenance required **FEATURES** 5) Vegetation 1) Basin Inlet Trimming or detritus removal needed Structure damaged Loss of vegetation cover Structure clogged or obstructed Noxious weeds Abnormal plant mortality Other: 2) Sediment Forebay >3 inches of sediment / debris accumulation 6) Side Slopes Vectors / pests present Structural integrity Rill / gully erosion Evidence of burrowing animals / pests Other: Slope slippage Structural integrity 3) Basin Divider Other: Sediment / debris blocking weir Weir integrity 7) Outlet Erosion Structure damaged, grate displaced Weep holes not functioning Structure clogged or obstructed Standpipe and pressure transducer condition 4) Media Bed Other: > 2 inches of sediment / debris accumulation 8) Overflow Weir & Swale Trash accumulation Structure damaged Crusting of surface of media bed Holes / loss of media / channelization / scour Weir / riprap integrity Swale - erosion Evidence of burrowing animals / vectors / pests Swale - noxious weeds Standing water / saturated patches Other: Sandi Inspection Summary and Comments: **OVERALL FACILITY RATING (Circle One)** 2 = Routine Maintenance Required 0 = No Deficiencies Identified 1 = Monitor (potential for future problem exists) 3 = Immediate Repair Necessary

	YANCES ION FORM
Inspector's Name: Mile Du Bose  Location/Facility ID: 14 Basin M  Weather: Cloudy N 38°F  Date of Last Rainfall: 3/13/23	Date: 3/14/23 Time: 9:40 am  Amount: 1.25 inches
Reason for Inspection (Circle): Routine C	Complaint Major Event (spill or >1" in 24hrs)
4	on item, insert one of the following scores: mediate repair necessary Not applicable
1) Upstream Manhole / Catch Basin Clogged catch basin grate or insert Sediment / debris build-up in bottom of catch basin Cracks / mechanical damage Other:  2) Intercept Manhole	4) Valve Box  Leaks / water present  Cracks / mechanical damage  Safety chains condition Other:  5) Swale Outlet Catch Basin Clogged catch basin grate or insert Sediment / debris build-up in bottom of catch basin Other:  6) Downstream Manholes (2) Sediment / debris build-up Cracks / mechanical damage Other:  6) Downstream Manholes (2) Sediment / debris build-up Other: Other: Other:
	Routine Maintenance Required mmediate Repair Necessary

rspector's Name: Wild Grosyntec	Date: 4/11/2023
ocation/Facility ID: TA Basin M	Time: 1200
Veather: Revetly Cloudy, some su	
ate of Last Rainfall 4 11 2023	Amount: ( 34 inches
son for Inspection (Circle): Routine	Complaint Major Event (spill or >1" in 24
Step 1: Take photos from all 4 sides of	3.00.
INSPECTION SCORING - For each facility insp	THAT A STATE OF THE STATE OF TH
	= Immediate repair necessary
1 = Monitor (potential for future problem) N/ 2 = Routine maintenance required	A = Not applicable
EATURES	
I) Basin Inlét	5) Vegetation
Structure damaged	Trimming or detritus removal needed
Structure clogged or obstructed Other:	Loss of vegetation cover  Noxious weeds
Other:	Abnormal plant mortality
2) Sediment Forebay	Other:
>3 inches of sediment / debris accumulation	
Vectors / pests present	6) Side Slopes
Structural integrity	Rill / gully erosion
Other: I led to weir of winer	Evidence of burrowing animals / pests
	Slope slippage
B) Basin Divider	Other:
Sediment / debris blocking weir  Weir integrity	Other:
(2) Erosion	7) Outlet
Weep holes not functioning	Structure damaged, grate displaced
Other:	Structure clogged or obstructed
	Standpipe and pressure transducer condition
) Media Bed	Other:
> 2 inches of sediment / debris accumulation	A Comment March
Trash accumulation	8) Overflow Weir & Swale
Crusting of surface of media bed	Structure damaged
Holes / loss of media / channelization / scour	Weir / riprap integrity
Evidence of burrowing animals / vectors / pests	Swale - erosion
Standing water / saturated patches	Swale - noxious weeds
Other:	Other:
Inspection Summary and Comments: Weep	holes dill flowing, 1 1 in
Standing water at contentin	of media bod.
	in the Author Sent a

3 = Immediate Repair Necessary

1 = Monitor (potential for future problem exists)

	NVEYANCES ECTION FORM
Inspector's Name: Wike Greagette Location/Facility ID: THE Busin M Weather: Partly Cloudy: Sun 1248 Date of Last Rainfall: 4/11/23	Date: 4/11/23 Time: 1217 Amount: 1.34 inches
Reason for Inspection (Circle): Routine	Complaint Major Event (spill or >1" in 24hrs
0 = No deficiencies identified 3	spection item, insert one of the following scores:  B = Immediate repair necessary  N/A = Not applicable
FEATURES	
1) Upstream Manhole / Catch Basin Clogged catch basin grate or insert Sediment / debris build-up in bottom of catch basin Cracks / mechanical damage Other:  2) Intercept Manhole	Cracks / mechanical damage Safety chains condition Other:
Access Problems  > 11 inches of sediment / debris build-up  Cracks / mechanical damage  Inlet / outlet piping damaged  Poor seal to piping  Evidence of improper weir height (see Design Dray	5) Swale Outlet Catch Basin Clogged catch basin grate or insert Sediment / debris build-up in bottom of catch basin Cracks / mechanical damage Other:
Standpipe and pressure transducer condition Other:	6) Downstream Manholes (2)  Sediment / debris build-up
3) Wet Well and Pumps  Sediment / debris build-up  Cracks / mechanical damage  Inlet / outlet piping damaged  Poor seal to piping	Cracks / mechanical damage  Inlet / outlet piping damaged  Poor seal to piping  Other:
Access problems Safety chains condition	

# OVERALL FACILITY RATING (Circle One)

- 0 = No Deficiencies Identified
- 2 = Routine Maintenance Required
- 1 = Monitor (potential for future problem exists)
- 3 = Immediate Repair Necessary

	NFILTRATION BASIN CTION FORM
Inspector's Name: Me Georghtes  Location/Facility ID: TH Busin M  Weather: Clear by 168 of  Date of Last Rainfall: (2/20/23)	Date: (/2)/73 Time: 11:30  Amount: 0,2 inches
Reason for Inspection (Circle): Routine	Complaint Major Event (spill or >1" in 24hrs)
Step 1: Take photos from all 4 sides of	facility
	pection item, insert one of the following scores:  = Immediate repair necessary  A = Not applicable
FEATURES	
1) Basin Inlet Structure damaged Structure clogged or obstructed Other:	5) Vegetation  Trimming or detritus removal needed Loss of vegetation cover  Noxious weeds  Abnormal plant mortality
2) Sediment Forebay  >3 inches of sediment / debris accumulation  Vectors / pests present  Structural integrity  Other:	Other:  6) Side Slopes  Rill / gully erosion  Evidence of burrowing animals / pests
3) Basin Divider Sediment / debris blocking weir Weir integrity Erosion	Slope slippage Structural integrity Other:
Weep holes not functioning Other:	Structure damaged, grate displaced  Structure clogged or obstructed
Media Bed	Standpipe and pressure transducer condition Other:  8) Overflow Weir & Swale Structure damaged
Holes / loss of media / channelization / scour Evidence of burrowing animals / vectors / pests Standing water / saturated patches Other:	Weir / riprap integrity Swale - erosion Swale - noxious weeds Other:
Inspection Summary and Comments: Standard Sediment and algele growth Dwale show has mining I very protective fence is still down	Ismes.

Inspector's Name: Location/Facility ID: Weather: Date of Last Rainfall: Weather:  INSPECTION SCORING - For each facility inspection item, insert one of the following scores:  0 = No deficiencies identified 3 = Immediate repair necessary 1 = Monitor (potential for future problem) 2 = Routine maintenance required  FEATURES  1) Upstream Manhole / Catch Basin Ciagged catch basin grate or insert Sediment / debris build-up in bottom of catch basin Cracks / mechanical damage Other:  2) Intercept Manhole Caccess Problems Cial Intercept Manhole Caccess of sediment / debris build-up Cracks / mechanical damage Chief Cracks / mecha		YANCES ON FORM
INSPECTION SCORING - For each facility inspection item, insert one of the following scores:  0 = No deficiencies identified 3 = Immediate repair necessary 1 = Monitor (potential for future problem) N/A = Not applicable 2 = Routine maintenance required  FEATURES  1) Upstream Manhole / Catch Basin Clogged catch basin grate or insert Sediment / debris build-up in bottom of catch basin Cracks / mechanical damage Other:  2) Intercept Manhole Access Problems Standpipe and pressure transducer condition Other:  5) Swale Outlet Catch Basin Clogged catch basin grate or insert Sediment / debris build-up Cracks / mechanical damage Other:  5) Swale Outlet Catch Basin Clogged catch basin grate or insert Sediment / debris build-up Cracks / mechanical damage Other:  6) Downstream Manholes (2) Sediment / debris build-up Cracks / mechanical damage Other:  6) Downstream Manholes (2) Sediment / debris build-up Cracks / mechanical damage Other:  6) Downstream Manholes (2) Sediment / debris build-up Cracks / mechanical damage Other:  6) Downstream Manholes (2) Sediment / debris build-up Cracks / mechanical damage Other:  6) Downstream Manholes (2) Sediment / debris build-up Cracks / mechanical damage Other:  6) Downstream Manholes (2) Sediment / debris build-up Cracks / mechanical damage Other:	Weather: Clear Sky 2650F	Time: 11:50
0 = No deficiencies identified 1 = Monitor (potential for future problem) 2 = Routine maintenance required  FEATURES  1) Upstream Manhole / Catch Basin Clogged catch basin grate or insert Sediment / debris build-up in bottom of catch basin Cracks / mechanical damage Other:  2) Intercept Manhole Access Problems Cracks / mechanical damage Cracks	Reason for Inspection (Circle): Routine	complaint Major Event (spill or >1" in 24hrs)
1) Upstream Manhole / Catch Basin Clogged catch basin grate or insert Sediment / debris build-up in bottom of catch basin Cracks / mechanical damage Other:  2) Intercept Manhole Access Problems Sediment / debris build-up Cracks / mechanical damage Inlet / outlet piping damaged Poor seal to piping Standpipe and pressure transducer condition Other:  3) Wet Well and Pumps Sediment / debris build-up Cracks / mechanical damage Inlet / outlet piping damaged Cracks / mechanical damage Other:  6) Downstream Manholes (2) Sediment / debris build-up Cracks / mechanical damage Other:  6) Downstream Manholes (2) Sediment / debris build-up Cracks / mechanical damage Other:  6) Downstream Manholes (2) Sediment / debris build-up Cracks / mechanical damage Other:  6) Downstream Manholes (2) Sediment / debris build-up Cracks / mechanical damage Other:  6) Downstream Manholes (2) Sediment / debris build-up Cracks / mechanical damage Other:  6) Downstream Manholes (2) Sediment / debris build-up Cracks / mechanical damage Other:  6) Downstream Manholes (2) Sediment / debris build-up Cracks / mechanical damage Other:  6) Downstream Manholes (2) Sediment / debris build-up Cracks / mechanical damage Other:  6) Downstream Manholes (2) Sediment / debris build-up Cracks / mechanical damage Other:	0 = No deficiencies identified 3 = Imr 1 = Monitor (potential for future problem) N/A = N	mediate repair necessary
	Clogged catch basin grate or insert  Sediment / debris build-up in bottom of catch basin  Cracks / mechanical damage  Other:  2) Intercept Manhole  Access Problems  > 11 inches of sediment / debris build-up  Cracks / mechanical damage  Inlet / outlet piping damaged  Poor seal to piping  Evidence of improper weir height (see Design Drawings)  Standpipe and pressure transducer condition  Other:  3) Wet Well and Pumps  Sediment / debris build-up  Cracks / mechanical damage  Inlet / outlet piping damaged  Poor seal to piping  Access problems  Safety chains condition  Other:	Leaks / water present Sediment / debris present Cracks / mechanical damage Safety chains condition Other:  5) Swale Outlet Catch Basin Clogged catch basin grate or insert Sediment / debris build-up in bottom of catch basin Cracks / mechanical damage Other:  6) Downstream Manholes (2) Sediment / debris build-up Cracks / mechanical damage Inlet / outlet piping damaged Poor seal to piping

# **APPENDIX B**Relevant Photographs

# Photo B-1

Date:

9/16/2022

**Direction:** W

**Description:** 

Bioinfiltration basin prior to the start of the

wet season



## Photo B-2

Date:

9/16/2022

**Direction:** SE

**Description:** 

. Healthy

vegetation at

the end of the 2022 dry

season



# Photo B-3

Date:

11/7/2022

**Direction:** W

**Description:** 

Bioinfiltration basin on the first business day after a 2year 24-hour storm



## Photo B-4

Date:

11/7/2022

**Direction:** E

**Description:** 

Some ponding

in basin

following a 2year 24-hour

storm



Photo B-5

Date:

12/7/2022

**Direction:** W

**Description:** 

Mesh added to

bottom of

media basin stilling well to

prevent

migration of

solids into

standpipe



Photo B-6

Date:

12/12/2022

**Direction:** W

**Description:** 

Conveyance

swale showing

minimal

vegetation

growth



# Photo B-7

Date:

12/27/2022

Direction: W

**Description:** 

Full forebay following 5year 24-hour

storm event



## Photo B-8

Date:

12/27/2022

**Direction:** SW

**Description:** 

Ponding in media basin following 5year 24-hour storm event



# Photo B-9

Date:

3/14/2023

**Direction:** S

**Description:** 

Stilling well added to wet well to protect wet well pressure

transducer



# Photo B-10

Date:

6/21/2023

**Direction:** W

**Description:** 

Condition of pretreatment forebay at the start of the 2023 dry

season

