| CITY OF THE DALLES THE DALLES, OREGON ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023





Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

As prepared by:
The City of The Dalles
Finance Department





CITY OF THE DALLES

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

CITY of THE DALLES



313 COURT STREET THE DALLES, OREGON 97058

(541) 296-5481

December 15, 2023

City Council and the Citizens City of The Dalles The Dalles, Oregon 97058

The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) of the City of The Dalles, Oregon, for the year ended June 30, 2023, is submitted herewith. This report presents a comprehensive and detailed picture of The Dalles' financial transactions during fiscal year 2022-2023 and the financial condition of the various funds at June 30, 2023. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including disclosures, rests with the City. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the report is accurate and complete in all material respects, including all activities, funds, and financial transactions, and is presented fairly to disclose the financial position and the results of operations of the City at June 30, 2023, and for the year then ended. Further, it is our belief that all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City's financial operations have been included. The organization and content of this report, including the financial statements, supplementary information and statistical tables, follow the standards for annual financial reporting recommended by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

CITY HISTORY AND GEOGRAPHICAL AREA

The City of The Dalles, Oregon, is situated in the north-central part of the state on the Columbia River, the nation's second largest river. It is the county seat and the largest community in Wasco County. The Dalles is one of Oregon's most historic cities and was known earlier in its history as the end of the Oregon Trail. Archaeological evidence suggests the area has been inhabited more or less continuously for more than 10,000 years. The City was first incorporated by the Oregon Territorial Government in 1857 as "Dalles City" and was made the county seat shortly thereafter. We celebrated our Sesquicentennial in June of 2007.

Strategically located on the Columbia River and bordered by the Cascade Mountains to the West, The Dalles has historically been an economic hub of the Pacific Northwest, linking major transportation routes between Eastern and Southern Oregon and Washington State via waterway, interstate, rail, and aviation. It offers residents the pleasures of rural living while providing the advantages of access to metropolitan amenities in Portland, only 80 miles to the West.

In accordance with the City Charter of 1899, which was revised in 2017 and amended November 2020, the City of The Dalles is governed by a City Council. This Council consists of an elected Mayor and five Councilors. The City operates under a council-manager form of government.

The City has nine departments: Administration, Finance, Legal, Police, Community Development, Human Resources, Library, Columbia Gorge Regional Airport, and Public Works, that collaborate to provide a wide range of services to our citizens. These services include general administrative services, police, code enforcement, municipal court, planning and economic development, aviation in partnership with Klickitat County in Washington State, water treatment and distribution, wastewater collection, transportation systems, and stormwater management. Fire services are provided by the Mid-Columbia Fire & Rescue District, park services are provided by Northern Wasco County Parks and Recreation, and building services and inspections were provided by Wasco County.

GENERAL ECONOMIC CONDITIONS

Per the United State Census bureau, the City population estimate as of July 1, 2022 is 15,932 yet the City serves a trading area of about 90,000 persons in both Oregon and Washington. Principal economic activities are agriculture, high tech services, small industrial businesses, hydro and wind power generation/transmission, and tourism, along with healthcare, government, and retail services. Mid-Columbia Medical Center, which has recently be acquired and is now Adventist Health Columbia Gorge, remains the area's largest employer with approximately 897 employees in all their affiliated activities.

Major agricultural products of the City are wheat and sweet cherries, with a growing sector of grape production. The Dalles is a primary producer for both domestic and overseas cherry markets. There are in excess of 10,000 acres of sweet cherry trees around the City. Wheat has roughly 50,000 acres currently in cultivation in The Dalles area. Additional agricultural products include cattle, hay and tree fruits.

The Dalles is the site of a 151 bed Veterans' long-term nursing and care home and currently provides 167 jobs and has 96 residents. The Oregon Department of Veteran Affairs has 9,300 square foot community center and outpatient clinic next to the Veterans' home. The Wasco County Courthouse and offices are located in the City as are various other State offices. The Dalles Dam at the eastern edge of the City is a major power generating facility. Also at the eastern edge of the City is the Celilo Converter Station, one of the world's largest electric power converter stations. Electricity is transported to and from Southern California through this station.

The Dalles is the major shopping center in the Mid-Columbia area. In the past decade or so, a 138,000 square foot regional Home Depot, Walgreen's and both the local Safeway and Fred Meyer stores completed multi-million dollar renovations. Fred Meyer expanded its retail space by 15,000 square feet, which included enclosing the existing garden area. A new Coastal Farm Supply store opened in The Dalles during the summer of 2012, and a new modern Goodwill retail and job center opened in 2014. In addition, a Holiday Inn Express was constructed and opened April 14, 2020, with 93 rooms, creating more than 30 new jobs. The Cascade Square shopping center completed a 4+ million dollar façade renovation in the fall of 2018 and is home several businesses and a sushi restaurant. These developments are balanced with the closure of JC Penney's (which has been replaced by Discounts Plus), as well as Tony's Town and Country, a clothing store located in the downtown, and the closure of K-Mart (which has been replaced by a U-Haul center). This significantly reduces the options for clothing type items for local residents.

The City is a strategic home base for year-round recreation. Water sport enthusiasts will find boating, excellent fishing, and one of the finest windsurfing and kite boarding areas in the United States on the Columbia River. To the east are substantial opportunities to camp, fish, hike, and sightsee. To the west, ski enthusiasts have the opportunity to challenge the ski slopes of

magnificent Mt. Hood and then relax at the numerous resorts that lie on Mt. Hood and at its base. Construction of the Columbia Gorge Discovery Center and Wasco County Historical Museum was completed in May 1997. Thousands of people visit the Center annually and it has become a popular site for many community festivities and events. Historic Downtown The Dalles is home to several wineries and a brewery, is home of the new National Neon Sign Museum and Jantzen Beach Carousel, has new restaurants and retail shops, murals, St. Peters Landmark and other historical buildings all of which draw visitors to the community.

Industrial/Commercial Land

The Port of The Dalles Industrial Center encompasses the majority of the industrially zoned land within the City. This employment land is home to over 70 small to mid-sized companies employing over 2,200 people. Due to its past success, The Port of The Dalles now has an extremely limited supply of developable land. Nearly all of the remaining parcels available for development as only a few acres in size and there are no readily available parcels for larger scale development. This limited supply restricts the size of businesses that can be recruited to the area. Small construction projects and reinvestment into existing businesses continue to occur in the industrial area helping to foster a diverse industrial and commercial business sector. An EPA supported Brownfield program has made available \$600,000 to address properties that may have environmental contamination and are being used to support redevelopment. This varied mix of traded sector businesses has helped The Dalles weather several economic downturns, including COVID-19 in which the industrial area businesses were largely unaffected except for qualified labor challenges.

In 2005 Google purchased 30 acres from the Port of The Dalles to build its first facility in The Dalles and has since purchased an additional 30 acres from the Port and continued to expand its footprint in the community. At this time Google has two active Enterprise Zone agreements and has completed 4 main data center facilities with substantial supporting infrastructure. A prior Enterprise Zone agreement signed in 2005 has expired and the abated taxes added back to the tax rolls resulting in additional tax revenue for *all* tax districts in the City.

A new Strategic Investment Program (SIP) agreement has also been finalized for the construction of up to 2 additional large data center facilities on the former aluminum plant site. Similar to the Enterprise Zone program, the SIP program is different in several key ways. Most notably, the SIP agreement does levy taxes on a certain amount of the developments value, has a community service fee that will be distributed to taxing districts that levy taxes at the development site, along with an Initial Fee and Guaranteed Annual payment. This agreement also requires Google to transfer 35 acres of land, primarily the former Rodeo Grounds and The Dalles landfill to Wasco County.

EDUCATION

Beginning in July 2020, Columbia Gorge Community College began construction of a student residential hall and a workforce training skills center in order to support our educational system. These two projects, both located on The Dalles Campus, represent the most significant expansion of the college's physical space in more than a decade. Both buildings opened in the fall term of 2021. The residential hall will provide affordable, long-term housing for students throughout our region, and the workforce skills center will support training in welding and metals fabrication, construction and other trades. CGCC has also partnered with the City and Klickitat County through its airport in the development of an aviation maintenance technician program. This program is hoped to be housed in a newly built hangar constructed utilizing U.S. Economic Development Administration (EDA) funds and will also extend utilities to several other airport business park

lots. The community will also vote on a major bond for the potential construction of a new High School in November 2023, to replace the current high school that was constructed in 1941.

HEALTHCARE

Mid-Columbia Medical Center (MCMC) was recently acquired by the Adventist Health system and is now Adventist Health Columbia Gorge (AHCG), and remains the major hospital in the Mid-Columbia Region of Oregon and Washington. It is also the major trauma center in the region. This first-class medical facility has attracted numerous health care professionals to The Dalles area. Their Oncology Center, which once saved the region's population from traveling to Portland to receive those services and provides a multi-state option in the Northwest, closed many of their services early in 2023. A wellness center called Waters Edge that offers exercise equipment, lap and therapy pools, spa services, exercise and nutrition classes, along with cardiac and pulmonary rehab, outpatient therapies, and sleep medicine and labs remains operational along with the region's first immediate care center, bringing a much-needed service to the local community. This expansion of comprehensive wellness services into a convenient, community-based setting, makes it easier for residents to access the programs they need and enjoy for healthier living.

Like many other communities in Oregon, affordable/attainable housing is an increasing challenge along with a substantial rise in houselessness, addiction and mental health challenges. Mid-Columbia Community Action Council (MCCAC) is a key City partner in addressing housing concerns and with City support is currently construction a Navigation Center named, "The Gloria Center" to improve service provision and coordination. MCCAC was also awarded several million dollars under Project Turnkey 2.0 which it used to purchase and renovate the Oregon Motor Hotel into a transitional housing facility. This motel had substantial deferred maintenance and was already frequently used for transitional services via motel vouchers. MCCAC will now directly operate this facility and will have staff on-site 24 hours a day. The City also relies on the services offered by Mid-Columbia Center for Living (CFL) which provides behavioral and mental health services to the region. CFL faces significant funding and staffing challenges and recently went through a substantial administrative transition with the support of Wasco County.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

The City constructed the Columbia River Marine Terminal in 2010, adjacent to the downtown area, as part of an effort to reconnect the downtown core to the riverfront. This year the City entered into a lease agreement with American Cruise Lines (ACL) to operate the dock for an annual fee of \$65,000. These funds will be critical to address ongoing maintenance and upgrades to the dock facility. Under this lease, ACL will be permitted first dock scheduling rights and will manage all other dockings within certain lease requirements that manage dock fees, dock availabilities, amongst other provisions. The dock continues to be used by one ship from the American Queen Steamboat Company and four from American Cruise lines, with an occasional stop from National Geographic. While docked in The Dalles, passengers are able to book visits to various attractions, such as the Discovery Center, National Neon Sign Museum, Fort Dalles Museum, or they can walk two blocks past the Festival Park to stroll through the downtown area.

The Columbia Gorge Regional Airport completed a "flex space" hangar several years ago that is home to the new Fixed Base Operator (FBO) as well as Life Flight, which bases a helicopter and Polaris aircraft in the "flex space" hangar, providing emergency transport for medical emergencies. The airport was also recently awarded several Critical Oregon Airport Relief grants for airport fuel

system upgrades, generators, as well as a roughly 3 million dollar FAA grant for critical airport apron and tarmac improvements.

The Urban Renewal Agency (URA) is working to renovate the older commercial areas of the community. A ten block Downtown Renovation Project was completed during the summer of 2001. A \$7 million dollar reconnection of the Downtown to the Columbia River was completed in FY 2003-2004 using Urban Renewal dollars, and they were matched two to one with other grant funds. In October 2009, a Full Faith and Credit Obligation Bond was obtained by the City, with over \$10 million of the proceeds going as a loan to the Urban Renewal Agency to refund their current bond and provide nearly \$8 million for Urban Renewal projects. The East Gateway public infrastructure, that included a round-about to manage traffic in a problem area, was completed in June 2010. That project leveraged approximately \$25 million in private investment, including a new winery now located in a vacant flour mill that employs close to 100 people. The Marine Terminal Dock and the new Lewis & Clark Festival Area, both Downtown/Riverfront Connection projects, were completed in the summer of 2012, at a cost of \$6.6 million.

The URA has moved forward with the demolition of the Tony's Town and County Department Store which involved the abatement of hazardous materials. The intent of the demolition is to create a site ready development parcel that the Agency may offer for sale to private developer who will redevelop it for a future housing and retail building in this prime downtown location. City staff has completed several required environmental assessment tasks in late 2021 and 2022 through an Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) grant program. The last step is asbestos removal and building demolition. The Agency hopes to complete the demolition of the building in late 2023.

The Urban Renewal Agency completed a controlled demolition on the Recreation Building roof, following its partial collapse in summer 2019. There was a negotiated settlement with CIS insurance to offset loss and demolition costs. Redevelopment of the Recreation Building site is currently underway, with two new storefronts occupied and open for business. The third storefront will be completed in winter 2023.

The 1929 Granada Theater Building, located on the same block as the Recreation building, was sold by the Agency in 2020. The theater now holds shows each weekend, including movies and live music performers. The owner of the Granada Theater also started a monthly outdoor live music series in summer 2022 and continued it in 2023 summer in nearby Lewis and Clark Park.

The Agency also completed demolition of the "Soda Works" building on the East end of the downtown. This project also utilized the City's Brownfield program. This building had been essentially abandoned for many years and it is hoped that the private property owner will revitalized the site following Agency assistance with demolition.

The Agency and City also terminated an agreement with ODOT and returned unused Federal grant funds for the First Street/Riverfront Connection Project after assessing that the Agency could complete the project more quickly and at lower cost without the additional administrative oversight and timelines associated with the grant dollars. The project includes a new street, sidewalk and utility lines along First Street between Union and Laughlin Streets. The new streetscape will be inviting, bicycle-friendly, and ADA-accessible for the first time in The Dalles' history.

ECONOMIC CLIMATE AND FUTURE

State Tax limitation measures in 1990, 1996 and 1997 have limited property taxes. An upswing in the local economy up until the 2008 recession mitigated most of those impacts.

The City of the Dalles, through years of prudent management, has been able to withstand the economic impact of recent financial crises without diminishing services to our citizens. During the recession, some changes were made to reduce expenses, while continuing to maintain service levels. During the past year, revenues from water and sewer rates were determined to be adequate to maintain operations and fund reserves without implementing previously scheduled rate increases. Overall, the financial position of the City in the past year has been improved.

The City's management conditions are strong and supported by good financial practices and policies. The City's historical maintenance of strong and stable reserves and support of balanced operations continues. The City provides for long term financial planning by maintaining annually updated five-year Capital Improvement Plans for all departments, and long-range improvement plans for City infrastructure, including water, wastewater, and transportation systems. The City maintains a 20 Year Vision Plan and has an annual goal setting process and identifies those goals that will have a financial impact on subsequent budget development.

Currently, the community is facing challenges with school facility maintenance and construction as a result of a bonding authority that failed on the November 2018 ballot. School facility conditions have been attributed to the challenge of retaining highly qualified staff most notably for the hospital. The November 2023 ballot has a 140 million bond measure to construct a new high school.

CITY PLANNING

Water Master Plan

A Water Master Plan update was completed in 2006. A \$7.9 million water revenue bond was issued in 2007. Bond funds were used to construct a new clearwell and upgrade filters at the Wicks Water Treatment Plant, design a new reservoir, and enhance the Lone Pine Well. A new reservoir and associated pipelines were constructed in fiscal year 2010-2011, utilizing about \$6 million in grant and loan funds under the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009. The City completed a review of its water rates and capital needs in 2011 and adopted a rate plan to meet those needs. Additional revenue bonds that were planned to be issued in fiscal years 2016-2017 were not needed because increases in water utility rate revenues from increased residential, commercial and industrial water usage were sufficient to fund identified system improvements. Construction of a new Port Industrial Water Main, expansion of the Lone Pine Well and repainting of Columbia View Reservoir were completed in 2018-2019 utilizing rate revenues, system development charges, and outside private funding. Sorosis Reservoir was repainted in 2019-2020. In 2020-2021, work began on the final design of the Dog River Pipeline Replacement Project. In 2021-22, the final design of the Dog River Pipeline was mostly completed and work began on its construction; construction is scheduled to be completed in 2023-24. A total of \$9,030,000 has been secured in grants and low-interest loans to supplement City water utility rate revenues and SDCs to fund the project. Also in 2021-22, an RFP was advertised for an update of the City's Water Master Plan which will be completed in 2023-24 or 2024-25. In 2022-23, a SCADA System Upgrade Phase 1 project and repairs to the Sorosis Reservoir roof are budgeted, and funds are being accumulated for a future project to repaint the Garrison Reservoir.

Transportation System Plan

A Transportation System Plan drafted in 1999 was updated and implemented in 2006. The plan was updated again in 2017 utilizing a Transportation Growth Management grant and Transportation System Development Charges. A five-year capital improvement plan, updated annually, has been implemented for street development and to provide preventative maintenance. A Transportation System Development Charge has been implemented. In 2019-2020, the East

Scenic Dr. Stabilization Phase II project and West 2nd Street/Cherry Height intersection improvements project were completed. In 2020-21, the West 15th Street reconstruction project was initiated and completed in 2021-22, and an annual ADA Sidewalk Ramp Upgrade project was completed. In 2021-22 the Scenic Drive Stabilization Phase III was initiated. Projects were also completed which focused on improving surfaces and integrity of streets. In 2022-23, funds are budgeted for an annual ADA Sidewalk Ramp Upgrade project, a 50/50 cost share Sidewalk Maintenance Program, and the West 6th Street Improvements project.

Storm Water Master Plan

Storm Water Master Plan was completed in 2007. A System Development Charge and a storm water utility charge have been implemented. In 2022-23, a project is planned to construct a new storm water collection system in East 12th Street using American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) funds in support of a new sidewalk construction project.

Columbia Gateway Urban Renewal Agency

The Columbia Gateway Urban Renewal Agency, a component unit of the City of The Dalles, operated throughout the 2022-2023 fiscal year. The Agency consists of an Urban Renewal District, formed by the citizens, to resolve issues of blight within the boundaries of the District. Ordinance No. 09-1301 adopted an amendment to the plan on June 22, 2009. This amendment established the expiration of the district as the projected year of the district's maximum indebtedness, now estimated to be 2029. The Agency did levy and collect tax increment proceeds during FY 22/23.

Housing Needs Analysis and Residential Buildable Land Needs Assessment

A comprehensive Housing Needs Analysis and Residential Buildable Land Needs Assessment were completed in 2016/17, this project, in compliance with Oregon Planning Rules #10, identified types of housing needs and assessed future developable land needs. The City obtained a State Transportation and Growth Management Grant to complete state required housing code amendments. The amendments were approved unanimously by the City Council in June 2021. The City has recently begun a process to update the HNA as well as align with Governor Kotek's objetives to increase housing production due to the housing crisis. An update to the Buildable Land Inventory as industrial land, in particular the Google sites, is developed.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Accounting System and Budgetary Controls

The City's accounting records for general governmental operations are maintained on a modified accrual basis, with the revenue being recorded when available and measurable and expenditures being recorded when the services or goods are received and the liabilities are incurred. Accounting records for the City's proprietary fund type are maintained using the accrual basis of accounting.

The City's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to protect the assets of the City from loss, theft or misuse, and to ensure that adequate accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management. Management recognizes the significance of internal controls, which are incorporated in the accounting system. We believe our internal accounting controls adequately

safeguard the assets and provide reasonable assurance of proper recording of all financial transactions.

A budget is prepared and legally adopted by the City Council for each fund. All changes to the budget must be approved by the City Council. These budgets are all prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting, complying with Oregon Local Budget Law. The ordinance authorizing appropriations for each fund sets the level by which expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations. All funds, excluding the General Fund, maintain levels of budgetary control for personnel services, materials and services, capital outlay, special payments, operation contingencies, debt service and all other requirements levels. For the General Fund, appropriations are at the department level for personal services, materials and services, capital outlay and other uses.

Unexpected additional resources may be added to the budget through the use of a supplemental budget and appropriations ordinance. A supplemental budget requires hearings before the public, publications in newspapers and approval by the City Council, if the change is greater than, or equal to, 10% of the original budget. Original and supplemental budgets may be modified by the use of appropriation transfers between the levels of control. Such transfers require approval by the City Council. The City Council approved several appropriation transfer resolutions during the year ended June 30, 2022. Appropriations lapse at year-end.

The City has established a procurement policy for the purchases of goods and services. Any items over \$5,000 purchased by the City require a purchase order. Purchase orders are initiated at the department level and are reviewed at the Finance office. Purchase orders greater than \$25,000 require the approval of the City Manager and those greater than \$100,000 require City Council approval.

The City Council has a comprehensive set of Fiscal Management Policies in June 2011. These policies updated and compiled existing policies on budgeting, revenues and expenditures, public contracting, purchasing authority levels, capital asset and capital improvements, cash management and investments, debt, risk management, and accounting and financial reporting.

OTHER INFORMATION

Management Discussion and Analysis

Generally accepted accounting principles require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditor.

Independent Audit

Chapter 297 of the Oregon Revised Statutes requires an independent audit be made of all City funds and account groups within six months following the close of a fiscal year. The independent auditors, who were selected by the City Council, have completed their audit of the City's funds and their opinion and State of Oregon required audit comments and disclosures are included in this report.

GFOA Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of The Dalles for

its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Acknowledgments

The preparation of this report on a timely basis has been accomplished through diligent efforts of the Finance Department's entire staff and staff from other departments. I should like to express my appreciation to all the members of this department for their assistance and contributions to its preparation. I also thank the mayor and members of City Council for their interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the City.

Respectfully submitted,

City Manager

Angie Wilson



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of The Dalles Oregon

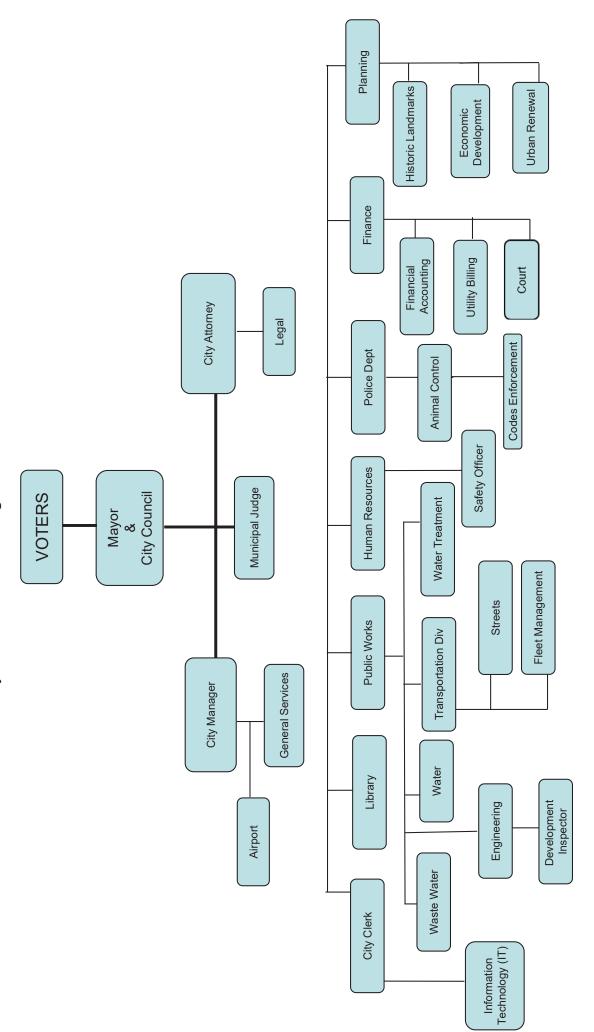
For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2022

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

City of The Dalles – Organizational Flow Chart



CITY OF THE DALLES OFFICIALS OF THE CITY AS OF JUNE 30, 2023

MAYOR AND CITY COUNCIL

Name and Address	Term Expires <u>December 31</u>
Rich Mays, Mayor 367 Summit Ridge The Dalles, OR 97058	2026
Darcy Long 2409 Mount Hood St. The Dalles, OR 97058	2024
Tim McGlothlin 328 W 21 st The Dalles, OR 97058	2026
Scott Randall 721 E 18 th The Dalles, OR 97058	2026
Dan Richardson 3515 Crest Court The Dalles, OR 97058	2024
Rod Runyon 2019 W Scenic The Dalles, OR 97058	2024

City Administration

Matthew Klebes, City Manager – Budget Officer Izetta Grossman, City Clerk Angie Wilson, Finance Director

FINANCIAL SECTION

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT



Oregon Office

841 O'Hare Pkwy, Ste.200 Medford, OR 97504 T. 541,773,6633

www.KDPLLP.com

Idaho Office 155 E. 50th St. Boise, ID 83714 T: 208.373,7890

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of The Dalles, Oregon

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of the Dalles, Oregon (the City) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the Table of Contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter – Restatements of Beginning Net Position and Fund Balance

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the City recorded various restatements to the beginning net position and fund balances. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for 12 months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards*, will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud
 or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
 examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that
 raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period
 of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that management's discussion and analysis, general fund and major special revenue fund budgetary comparison information, and certain other post-employment benefit schedules as listed in the Table of Contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

The general fund and major special revenue fund budgetary comparison information is the responsibility of management and is derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the general fund and major special revenue fund budgetary comparison information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The other supplementary information as listed in the Table of Contents and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance) is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information as listed in the Table of Contents and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information Included in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

Management is responsible for the other information included in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR). The other information comprises the Introductory Section and Statistical Section but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 15, 2023 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Other Reporting Required by Oregon State Regulations

In accordance with Oregon State Regulations, we have also issued our report dated December 15, 2023 on our consideration of the City's compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes (ORS) as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-0000 through 162-10-0320 of the *Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations*. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing necessary to address the required provisions of ORS, and not to provide an opinion on compliance with such provisions.

Jeny Grupe, CPA

KDP Certified Public Accountants, LLP

Medford, Oregon December 15, 2023

MANGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This discussion and analysis presents the highlights of financial activities and financial position for the City of The Dalles, Oregon. The analysis focuses on significant financial issues, major financial activities and resulting changes in financial position, budget changes and variances from the budget, and specific issues related to funds and economic factors affecting the City.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) focuses on current year activities and resulting changes. Please read it in conjunction with the Transmittal Letter (page i) and the City's financial statements. Changes discussed below exclude the impact of restatements of net position and fund balance which are outlined in Note 1 to the financial statements. Additionally, changes discussed below are from restated net position and fund balance figures. Prior year balances have not been adjusted to reflect the effect of restatements.

HIGHLIGHTS

- The City's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at June 30, 2023 by \$134,361,911 (net position). Of this amount \$90,650,815, was invested in capital assets (net of related debt). \$9,779,961 was restricted for specific purposes, resulting in unrestricted net position of \$33,931,135. The unrestricted net position is made up of unrestricted governmental net position of \$27,763,345 and unrestricted business-type net position of \$6,167,790.
- The City's net position increased by \$5,958,198 (4.6%), a lesser amount than the prior year due primarily to a reduction in capital grants and contributions while expenses increased.
- The City's Governmental Funds had an increase in fund balances in the amount of \$2,477,336. The
 General Fund balance increased by \$1,390,464. The Street Fund balance decreased by \$139,406. The
 Special Grants Fund balance increased by \$12,404 and Nonmajor funds increased by \$1,213,874. The City
 prepares a budget for all governmental funds annually.
- The City's Enterprise Funds experienced an increase in net position of \$2,209,151, a lesser amount than the prior year due primarily to a reduction in miscellaneous revenue with an increase in expenses. The City prepares a budget for all enterprise funds annually.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The City's annual comprehensive financial report consists of several sections. Taken together they provide a comprehensive financial report of the City. The components of the report include the following:

Management's Discussion and Analysis. This section of the report provides financial highlights, overview and economic factors affecting the City.

Basic Financial Statements. Includes a Statement of Net Position, a Statement of Activities, fund financial statements and the notes to the financial statements.

Statements of Net Position and Activities focus on an entity-wide presentation using the accrual basis of accounting and provide both long-term and short-term information about the City's financial status. The Governmental activities include most of the City's basic services such as police, street maintenance and improvement, community planning and governance. The Business-type activities include the operation of the City's water and wastewater utilities.

Fund financial statements focus separately on major governmental funds and proprietary funds. Governmental fund statements follow the more traditional presentation of financial statements. The City's major governmental funds are presented in their own column and the remaining funds are combined into a column titled "Nonmajor Governmental Funds".

Statements for the City's proprietary funds follow the governmental funds and include net position, revenues, expenses and changes in fund net position, and cash flows.

The notes to the financial statements provide additional disclosures required by governmental accounting standards and provide information to assist the reader in understanding the City's financial condition.

Required Supplemental Information (RSI). The RSI section includes budget to actual schedules for the General Fund and major special revenue funds including the Street Fund and Special Grants Fund as well as certain schedules relating to the City's other post-employment benefits (OPEB) plan.

Other Supplemental Information. Readers desiring additional information about other funds not represented in the Basic Financial Statements can find it in this section of the report. Included within this section are:

- Combining Schedules of other governmental funds including special revenue, debt service and capital
 projects funds, which are classified as non-major. These schedules include balance sheets and schedules
 of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances.
- Combining Schedule of the General Fund. These schedules include a balance sheet and schedule of
 revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance. The Public Works Reserve Fund, Transportation
 System Reserve Fund, and Unemployment Reserve Fund are budgetary funds required by Oregon Budget
 Law, but do not qualify as funds based on GASB 54 therefore they are combined into the General Fund to
 create the General Fund.
- Budgetary Comparisons. Budgetary information for all funds, except General Fund, Street Fund and Special Grants Fund, which are presented within the Basic Financial Statements, are presented here.
- Other Financial Schedules complete the Financial Section of this report which include combining schedules
 for All Water Funds and All Wastewater Funds as well as budget to actual schedules for all proprietary funds
 including the 2018 Utility Bond Fund with legally adopted budgets.

FINANCIAL SUMMARY AND ANALYSIS

As mentioned earlier, the City's net position as of June 30, 2023 was \$134,361,911, an increase from June 30, 2022 of \$5,958,198. By far the largest portion of the net position is comprised of the City's investment in capital assets (e.g., land, building, equipment, and public infrastructure), less any related debt outstanding that was used to acquire those assets. The City uses capital assets to provide services to citizens; therefore, these assets are not available for future spending. The resources to repay the related debt is not provided by capital assets but will be provided from other sources.

Summary statements of net position for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

	Government	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total			
	2023	2022	2023	2023 2022 202		2022		
Current and Other Assets Capital Assets, Net	\$ 42,855,111 36,435,905	\$ 38,821,115 36,377,150	\$ 14,776,961 67,144,951	\$ 15,565,193 61,485,009	\$ 57,632,072 103,580,856	\$ 54,386,308 97,862,159		
Total Assets	79,291,016	75,198,265	81,921,912	77,050,202	161,212,928	152,248,467		
Deferred Outflows of Resources				504,003		504,003		
Long-term Liabilities	5,623,525	6,337,054	12,376,853	11,342,292	18,000,378	17,679,346		
Other Liabilities	5,062,497	2,351,976	2,675,429	1,481,815	7,737,926	3,833,791		
Total Liabilities	10,686,022	8,689,030	15,052,282	12,824,107	25,738,304	21,513,137		
Deferred Inflows of Resources	818,185	570,769	294,528	352,124	1,112,713	922,893		
Net Position Net Investment in								
Capital Assets	30,243,503	30,544,869	60,407,312	56,299,353	90,650,815	86,844,222		
Restricted	9,779,961	14,416,982	-	3,915,118	9,779,961	18,332,100		
Unrestricted	27,763,345	20,976,615	6,167,790	4,163,503	33,931,135	25,140,118		
Total Net Position	\$ 67,786,809	\$ 65,938,466	\$ 66,575,102	\$ 64,377,974	\$ 134,361,911	\$ 130,316,440		

The governmental activities revenue comes primarily from property taxes, franchise fees, charges for services, and various grants and contributions. Between FY21/22 and FY22/23, the City's Taxable Assessed Value (TAV) increased by 28.6%. When compared to the prior year, City property taxes collected increased by 20.2%. When compared to the prior year, Urban Renewal District property taxes collected increased by 5.6%.

Our natural gas franchise fees increased 27.56% over the prior year. This is primarily due to increases in natural gas prices during the year. The electric franchise fees increased 30.44%, while CATV/internet franchise fees decreased 1.35%, and the garbage franchise fees increased 10.98%. The Street Fund realized a 2.70% decrease in the local 3 cent per gallon gas tax. Transient Room Taxes collected increased 1.97% compared to the prior year. Total City charges for services revenue showed a 1% increase.

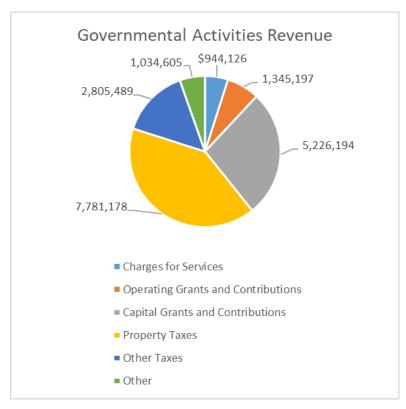
During the year ending June 30, 2023, the City received revenue from capital grants and contributions that consist primarily of awards for specific special projects. These will not be a continuing source of revenue. Grants and contributions received during the fiscal year included \$442,483 for the CDBG Housing Grant for Integrated Planning Grant, The Brownsfield Grant in the amount of \$210,437, and \$440,000 in ARPA Economic Recovery Funds.

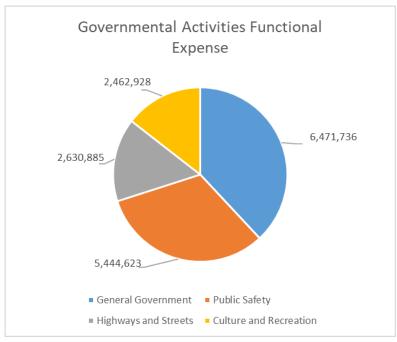
The City's governmental expenses cover a wide variety of services, with general government, public safety and streets accounting for most of these expenses. The 37.9% increase in governmental expenses was primarily due to increase in personnel services and capital outlay expenses for the transportation department and legal department.

The Business Type activities revenues come mostly from charges for services and various grants for capital outlay expenses for several projects, including the Trevitt street and 8th through 12th street Sanitary Sewer Project, Sorosis Reservoir roof repair project, Slipline 2022 Project, Rehab Wicks Well and the ongoing Dog River Pipeline Project, No water or wastewater rate increases were implemented during the year.

Business type activities expenses increased 6.9%, primarily due to increases in material and services and personnel service in the Wastewater Funds.

Property taxes are the City's primary on-going source of revenue and comprise 40.7% of the City's governmental revenue. Property taxes are derived from the permanent tax rate and taxes levied for the repayment of bonded indebtedness.





For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023, net position of the Governmental activities increased by \$3,749,047, which represents a 5.85% increase. Net position of the Business-type activities increased by \$2,209,151, which represents a 3.4% increase. Key elements of these changes, when compared to the year ending June 30, 2022 are as follows:

	Governmental Activities			Business-type Activities				Total			
REVENUES	2023 2		2022 2023			2022		2023		2022	
Program Revenues											
Charges for Services	\$ 944,126	\$	989,403	\$	12,436,765	\$	12,254,732	\$	13,380,891	\$	13,244,135
Operating Grants and Contributions	1,345,197		1,531,413		-		-		1,345,197		1,531,413
Capital Grants and Contributions	5,226,194		6,246,040		233,780		811,538		5,459,974		7,057,578
General Revenues											
Property Taxes	7,781,178		6,615,766		-		-		7,781,178		6,615,766
Other Taxes	2,805,489		2,749,746		-		-		2,805,489		2,749,746
Other	1,034,605		101,961		516,919		74,557		1,551,524		176,518
Total Revenues	19,136,789		18,234,329		13,187,464		13,140,827		32,324,253		31,375,156
EXPENSES											
General Government	6,471,736		4,495,163		_		_		6,471,736		4,495,163
Public Safety	5,444,623		5,294,311		-		-		5,444,623		5,294,311
Highways and Streets	2,630,885		2,515,564		-		-		2,630,885		2,515,564
Culture and Recreation	2,462,928		2,127,335		-		-		2,462,928		2,127,335
Interest on Long-Term Debt	119,572		268,057		-		-		119,572		268,057
Water	-		-		4,510,105		4,464,661		4,510,105		4,464,661
Sewer	-		-		4,541,607		3,912,610		4,541,607		3,912,610
2018 Utility Bond				_	184,599		263,984		184,599	_	263,984
Total Expenses	17,129,744		14,700,430		9,236,311		8,641,255		26,366,055		23,341,685
Change in Net Position Before Transfers	2,007,045		3,533,899		3,951,153		4,499,572		5,958,198		8,033,471
Transfers	1,742,002	_	1,437,266	_	(1,742,002)	_	(1,437,266)	_		_	
Change in Net Position	3,749,047		4,971,165		2,209,151		3,062,306		5,958,198		8,033,471
Net Position, July 1	64,037,762		60,967,301		64,365,951		61,315,668	_	128,403,713	_	122,282,969
Net Position, June 30	\$ 67,786,809	\$	65,938,466	\$	66,575,102	\$	64,377,974	\$	134,361,911	\$	130,316,440

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

A significant portion of the increase in net position being less than the prior year is primarily due to the City's increase in general government expenses and a decrease in Economic Recovery Grant received from the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) from the prior year.

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES

The increase in net position of the business-type activities is less than the prior year due primarily due to the ongoing Dog River Pipeline Replacement Project, Sewer Slipline Contract and Trevitt and 8th through 12th street Sanitary Sewer Upgrade as described previously.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF FUNDS

As of June 30, 2023, the City's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$25,895,070, which is an increase of \$2,477,336 from June 30, 2022.

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the City. The General Fund has been combined with the Public Works Reserve Fund, the Street/Bridge Replacement Fund and the Unemployment Fund, as required by GASB 54. As of June 30, 2023, the combined General Fund balance was \$9,399,759 which is an increase of \$1,390,464 from June 30, 2022. The combined revenues were \$10,911,268 and combined expenditures were \$10,677,010, resulting in an excess of revenues over expenditures of \$244,258. The combined General Fund received transfers from other funds in the amount of \$1,861,106 and transfers out to other funds in the amount of \$737,008. This, combined with lease inceptions of \$22,108, resulted in net "Other financing sources" totaling \$1,146,206.

The Street Fund balance as of June 30, 2023 was \$1,705,535, which is an decrease of \$139,406 from June 30, 2022. Street Fund revenues were \$1,976,929, while expenditures were \$2,555,146, resulting in a deficit of revenues under expenditures of \$578,217. Transfers in from other funds in the amount of \$805,981 and transfers out to other funds in the amount of \$406,515 This, combined with sales of property for \$39,345 resulted in net "Other financing sources" totaling \$438,811.

The Special Grants Fund balance as of June 30, 2023 was \$3,293,378, which is an increase of \$12,404 from June 30, 2022. Revenues totaled \$1,322,067, while expenses were \$1,309,663.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as presented in the government-wide statements of net position and activities, but in more detail. The proprietary funds net position amounted to \$66,575,102 as of June 30, 2023, reflecting a \$2,209,151 increase from net position as of June 30, 2022.

The combined Water Funds net position as of June 30, 2023 was \$31,671,998, which is an increase of \$1,089,333 over June 30, 2022. This increase is primarily due to accumulating funds in the Water Capital Reserve to implement the capital improvement plan, including the Dog River Pipeline Replacement Project.

The combined Wastewater Funds net position as of June 30, 2023 was \$41,297,891, which is an increase of \$496,243 from June 30, 2022. This increase is primarily due to accumulating funds for the construction-in-progress projects to include the Sewer Slipline contract and the Trevitt Street Sanitary Sewer Phase I.

The 2018 Utility Bond Fund net position as of June 30, 2023 was (\$6,394,787) which is an increase of \$623,575 from June 30, 2022. This increase is primarily due to transfers exceeding debt service expenses as reported on the Statement of Activities.

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The original legal appropriations for fiscal year 2022-2023 for the General Fund – Budgetary Basis totaled \$11,900,744, with contingency of \$950,493. The Unappropriated Ending Balance, which is not included in the legal appropriations, was \$3,177,509. Budget amendments during the year resulted in a total budget of \$12,355,004, with a contingency of \$402,058. The changes to the budget were made to cover expenses for additional compensation for the Planning Department to complete the community visions project, procurement of body armor vests for the police department, a new lease for mobile computers for the police department, higher than anticipated legal services, adding a new facilities manager for the Community Development Department, an assessment of IT systems, purchase of a more robust IT cyber security policy, and additional compensation to the police department for additional overtime. Expenditures for the General Fund were \$4,106,962 under budget. The General Fund contains the City Administration, Legal, Finance, Planning, Police, and General Maintenance Departments, and budgets for certain anticipated levels of operations, maintenance and projects, along with a 10% Contingency. Some departments, such as Police, budget some items at a worst-case level. Department Managers are expected to work within their budgets and to try to return an average of 4 to 5% of their budgets to roll into the next year. It is also anticipated that the contingency will not be spent and will be available for the beginning fund balance in the new fiscal year.

CAPITAL ASSETS

As of June 30, 2023, the City had invested \$90,674,190 in capital assets of its governmental and business-type activities. This investment includes leases, land and land improvements, buildings, equipment, and public infrastructure of roads and bridges. The investment in governmental activities capital assets decreased by \$277,991 and business-type activities capital assets increased by \$4,107,959, significant additions during the year ending June 30, 2023 were related to the ongoing Dog River Pipeline Replacement Project, rehab of Wicks Well, Trevitt Street Sanitary Sewer, The Slipline 2022 Project, East Scenic Drive Stabilization Project, 2023 ADA Sidewalk Program, 2023 Overlay Program, East 9th Street galvanization, Getac tablet computers, Sorosis Reservoir roof repair, and a 2009 Freightliner.

Additional information on the City's capital assets may be found in Note 9 of the financial statements.

DEBT ADMINISTRATION

The total governmental long-term debt outstanding at June 30, 2023 was \$6,113,540. Business-type activities long-term debt outstanding was \$13,122,670. During the year the City added direct borrowings of \$1,934,400. A summary of the City's long-term debt outstanding is as follows:

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total		
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	
Full faith and credit obligations	\$ 5,995,670	\$ 6,907,336	\$ 204,330	\$ 347,664	\$ 6,200,000	\$ 7,255,000	
Revenue bonds	-	-	6,385,032	7,006,140	6,385,032	7,006,140	
Premium on bonds	117,870	333,668	5,993	14,142	123,863	347,810	
Loans payable			6,527,315	4,823,850	6,527,315	4,823,850	
Total long-term debt	\$ 6,113,540	\$ 7,241,004	\$ 13,122,670	\$ 12,191,796	\$ 19,236,210	\$ 19,432,800	

Although the City is fully liable for the Airport taxable LOCAP bond which represents \$1,395,000 of governmental activities full faith and credit obligations outstanding for 2023 (\$1,480,000 in 2022), it is anticipated that this bond will be repaid from Airport rental revenue and the City has recorded a receivable from the Airport for the full amount of the bond and premium.

The City operates the Mid-Columbia Regional Airport as a joint venture with Klickitat County, Washington. The City has acted as a conduit for debt for the Airport. The City has not recorded this debt as it was not anticipated that the City would be required to use its resources for repayment. The balance outstanding at June 30, 2023 includes the following:

Airport Klickitat County CERB Loan \$300,000

TOTAL \$300,000

Compensated absences totaled \$641,965 as of June 30, 2023. Governmental accruals totaled \$424,996 but are not recorded as a liability in the Governmental Funds. Business-type compensated absences accrual totaling \$216,969 are recorded as current period liabilities as of June 30, 2023, because the oldest leave hours accrued are considered to be used first, so the balances are updated during the year by use and new accruals. The liability for other postemployment benefits totaled \$415,535. The breakdown was \$255,137 for governmental activities and \$160,398 for business-type activities.

Additional information on the City's long-term debt may be found in Note 11 of the financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS

Each year, the City of The Dalles has a variety of projects and partnership that are being explored, developed and executed, in order to tackle community challenges and embrace opportunities that will foster economic growth, sustainability, and resiliency.

To begin, investments in Public Works infrastructure are the foundation of any community and need to be prioritized to ensure the supply of basic necessities such as water and resulting waste water management. To that end, the City has begun work on the Dog River Pipeline replacement project. This project will replace an over 3 mile segment of water line that is 110 years old and carries nearly 54% of the City's water supply. This pipeline is made of wood and at peak flow would leak nearly 1 million gallons a day. An Aquifer Storage and Recovery system feasibility study has been completed with potential financing in place and the City is also moving forward with an update to the City's Water Master Plan which will incorporate new infrastructure being developed in coordination with industrial and commercial users as well as address potential impacts from climate change. Public Works investment also include repairs and improvements to our reservoirs as well as continuing to execute of ADA ramp transition plan and maintaining the Pavement Management Index. One project will replace failing and undersized sanitary and storm sewer mains in a 5-block section of Trevitt Street. Monies are also being saved in reserve funds for future Transportation, Water and Sewer projects.

The Urban Renewal Agency completed a controlled demolition on the Recreation Building roof, following its partial collapse in summer 2019. There was a negotiated settlement with CIS insurance to offset loss and demolition costs. The Agency has completed the demolition of the Tony's Buildingand is engaging the Urban Renewal Agency on the future re-development of the property.. Redevelopment of the Recreation Building site is currently underway, two new storefronts completed which include retail as well as a ice cream/candy shop. The third storefront is nearing completion and will become an outdoor space that will complement an adjacent restaurant. The 1929 Granada Theater Building, located on the same block, was sold by the Agency in 2020. The theater now holds shows each weekend, including movies and live music performers. The Agency is also continuing efforts to move forward with the 1st Streetscaping Project and recently returned grant funding and severed the project relationship with ODOT. This decision will allow the project to move forward more quickly and at a lower cost. The project includes a new street, sidewalk and utility lines along First Street between Union and Laughlin Streets. The new streetscape will be inviting, bicycle-friendly, and ADA-accessible for the first time in The Dalles' history. The Agency has also had preliminary discussions with the City around the development of a plaza on downtown Federal St., and will likely be assisting the City in the development of a new parking lot on 3rd St., in support of several new projects in the downtown core including a nearly 100 unit mixed use vertical housing product in the downtown as well as a new grocery store located at the former Chronicle building, and the relocation of County administrative offices into the former Greater Oregon Behavioral Health (GOBHI) building.

CITY OF THE DALLES MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED) FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

The Enterprise Zone still has several active abatements and zone sponsors have adjusted some of the employment requirements due to the Covid-19 pandemic and labor challenges. City and County leadership also completed incentive negotiations with Google for up to 2 new data centers under the States Strategic Investment Program (SIP). SIP and EZ provide up to 15 years of tax abatement but the SIP has several distinct components where a portion of the development is taxed and there is a community service fee that will be distributed to all taxing districts that levy taxes at the development site.

The City continues to be in partnership with the Port of The Dalles and Wasco County for joint work required concerning the Columbia River Gorge Commission "Gorge 2020" Management Plan for the Columbia River gorge national Scenic Area. The City is also leading a Brownfield Coalition Assessment Grant program in partnership with the Port and Wasco County, this program seeks to mitigate environmental concerns with underutilized property and get them into more productive use.

Last year changes were also been made to the City's code to encourage various types of housing developments. The Columbia Gorge Regional Airport successfully completed the installation of bulk Jet A tanks and are now in the planning and grant searching/submission stage (such as an OEM, BIL, and/or COAR grants) for projects such as construction of a new fuel tank and pump station in coordination with the decommissioning of the existing underground fuel system. Other upcoming projects include design and bidding for the South Apron Rehab, fuel apron design and planning, and Quonset building paint/roof repairs. There are continued inquiries about additional private hangar construction and the Airport is exploring options for how to support such construction. The North Apron Rehabilitation project has been completed and is awaiting the final FAA closeout report so the final drawn down can be completed. The Airport continues to have record fuel sales of over \$260,000 this year despite a less robust fire season as prior years. Continued growth in private jet, military, and general public aviation activity has played a strong role in these sales. The flowage fees associated with these sales is just over \$18,000.

The Dalles continues to face challenges with housing, school infrastructure, homelessness, and limited industrial and commercial land as a result of the Urban Growth Boundary. The UGB is a complicated process because the City is also located in the National Scenic Area and a process for expanding the UGB, incorporating this dynamic, has been challenging to establish.

FINANCIAL CONTACT

The City's financial statements are designed to present users (citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors) with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability. The Columbia Gateway Urban Renewal Agency has issued a separate report, which is available for those who are interested.

If you have questions about the report or need additional information, please contact the City Finance Director at 313 Court Street, The Dalles, Oregon.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The basic financial statements include interrelated sets of financial statements as required by the GASB. The sets of statements include:

- ➤ Government-Wide Financial Statements
- > Fund Financial Statements
 - Governmental Funds
 - Proprietary Funds

In addition, the notes to the basic financial statements are included to provide information that is essential to a user's understanding of the basic financial statements.

CITY OF THE DALLES, OREGON STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2023

ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Sash and cash equivalents Accounts celevable, net 1,997,101 1,711,284 3,703,000 1,701,000 1,711,284 3,703,000 1,701,000		Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Cach and cash equivalents \$ 28,111,367 \$ 12,607,822 \$ 40,719,189 Accounts receivable, net 1,997,101 1,711,284 3,708,385 Airport 91,030 - 91,030 Prepaid items 17,222 - 17,222 Inventiories 188,099 457,855 605,914 Total current assets 30,364,779 14,776,961 45,141,740 Non-current assets Airport receivable 1,311,184 - 1,311,184 Investment in joint ventures 10,522,010 - 307,445 - 307,445 Rottes receivable 394,9633 - 307,445 - 307,435 - 307,445 Lease receivable 394,9633 - - 79,369 - 79,369 - - 79,369 - - 79,369 - - 79,369 - - 79,369 - - 79,369 - - 79,369 - - 79,369 - - 79,369 - <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>				
Accounts receivable, net 1,997,101 1,711,284 3,708,385 Alront 91,030 1,711,284 3,708,385 Alront 91,030 1,712,284 3,708,385 Intentiones 17,222 17,222 Intention of lease 180,099 457,855 605,514 Non-current assets 30,364,779 14,776,961 45,141,740 Non-current assets 1,311,184 1,311,184 1,311,184 Investment in joint ventures 10,522,010 0,522,010 0,522,010 Restricted assets 307,445 0 307,445 Lease receivable 307,445 0 309,693 Capital assets 79,369 70,508,333 349,693 Lass exceivable 974,253 9,542,736 122,730 Assets available for sale 974,253 9,542,736 122,730 Land 705,460 4,299,879 50,503,39 Assets available for sale 974,253 67,444,951 116,071,188 Total capital assets 49,962,37 67,144,951			* 40.007.000	. 40.740.400
Accounts	•	\$ 28,111,367	\$ 12,607,822	\$ 40,719,189
Airport 91,030 91,030 Prepaid items 17,222 1,722		1 007 101	1 711 28/	3 708 385
Prepaid items			1,711,204	
Inventories 148,059	·		- -	
Non-current assets			457,855	
Airport receivable 1,311,184 - 1,311,184 Investment in joint ventures 10,522,010 - 10,522,010 Restricted assets 10,522,010 - 10,522,010 Restricted assets 307,445 - 307,445 - 307,445 - 30,7445 - 30,7445 - 30,7445 - 30,7445 - 30,7445 - 30,7445 - 30,7445 - 30,7445 - 30,7445 - 30,7445 - 30,7445 - 30,7445 - 30,7445 - 30,7445 - 30,74	Total current assets	30,364,779	14,776,961	45,141,740
Airport receivable 1,311,184 - 1,311,184 Investment in joint ventures 10,522,010 - 10,522,010 Restricted assets 10,522,010 - 10,522,010 Restricted assets 307,445 - 307,445 - 307,445 - 30,7445 - 30,7445 - 30,7445 - 30,7445 - 30,7445 - 30,7445 - 30,7445 - 30,7445 - 30,7445 - 30,7445 - 30,7445 - 30,7445 - 30,7445 - 30,7445 - 30,74	Non-current assets			
Restricted assets		1 311 184	_	1 311 184
Restricted assets Notes receivable 307,445 — 307,445 Lease receivable 349,693 — 349,693 Capital assets — 79,369 — 79,369 Lase assets, net 705,460 4,299,879 5,005,339 Assets available for sale 974,253 — 974,253 — 70,252 Construction in progress 2,674,884 9,542,736 12,217,320 Depreciable assets, net 32,002,239 53,302,336 85,304,575 Total non-current assets 48,926,237 67,144,951 116,071,188 Total assets 79,291,016 81,921,912 161,212,928 LIABILITIES Current liabilities — 79,291,016 81,921,912 161,212,928 Current portion of long-term obligations 770,577 1,487,962 2,258,539 Uneamed revenue 3,018,799 1,487,962 2,258,539 Accrued interest payable 24,111 64,283 88,394 Current portion of long-term obligations 800,639 906,215 1,706,854 Current portion of long-term obligations 5,312,901 12,	•		_	
Lease receivable		.0,022,0.0		.0,022,0.0
Capital assets 79,369 - 79,369 Lease assets, net 79,560 4,299,879 5,005,339 Assets available for sale 974,253 - 974,253 Construction in progress 2,674,584 9,542,736 12,217,320 Depreciable assets, net 32,002,239 53,302,336 85,304,575 Total non-current assets 48,926,237 67,144,951 116,071,188 Total assets 79,291,016 81,921,912 161,212,928 LIABILITIES Current liabilities 770,577 1,487,962 2,258,539 Accounts payable and accrued expenses 770,577 1,487,962 2,258,539 Unearned revenue 3,018,799 - 3,018,799 Accrued interest payable 24,111 64,263 88,394 Compensated absences 424,996 216,969 641,965 Current portion of long-term obligations 800,639 906,215 1,706,854 Current portion of long-term obligations 5,312,901 12,216,455 17,529,356 Lease liability	Notes receivable	307,445	-	307,445
Lease assets, net 79,369 - 79,369 Land 705,460 4,299,879 5,005,339 Assets available for sale 974,253 - 974,253 Construction in progress 2,674,584 9,542,736 12,217,320 Depreciable assets, net 32,002,239 53,302,336 85,304,575 Total non-current assets 48,926,237 67,144,951 116,071,188 Total assets 79,291,016 81,921,912 161,212,928 ELABILITIES Current liabilities 770,577 1,487,962 2,256,539 Accounts payable and accrued expenses 770,577 1,487,962 2,256,539 Uneamed revenue 3,018,799 - 3,018,799 Accrued interest payable 24,111 64,283 88,394 Compensated absences 424,996 216,969 641,965 Current portion of long-term obligations 80,639 906,215 1,706,854 Current portion of lease liability 23,375 - 2675,429 7,737,926 Non-current liabilities 5,062,497	Lease receivable	349,693	-	349,693
Land Assets available for sale Assets available for sale P74,253 705,460 4,299,879 5,005,339 Assets available for sale Assets available for sale Construction in progress P74,253 2,674,584 9,542,736 12,217,320 Depreciable assets, net P70,230 32,002,239 53,302,336 85,304,575 Total non-current assets P70,291,016 81,921,912 116,071,188 Total assets P70,291,016 81,921,912 161,212,928 LABILITIES 81,921,912 161,212,928 Current liabilities 770,577 1,487,962 2,258,539 Uncamed revenue P70,577 1,487,962 2,258,539 3,018,799 - 3,018,799 Accounts payable and accrued expenses P70,577 1,487,962 2,258,539 3,018,799 - 3,018,799 - 3,018,799 - 3,018,799 - 3,018,799 - 3,018,799 - 2,058,539 0,018,799 - 3,018,799 - 3,018,799 - 3,018,799 - 3,018,799 - 2,059,539 0,018,799 - 2,059,539 0,018,799 - 2,099,699	Capital assets			
Assets available for sale Construction in progress 2,74,253 2,942,736 12,217,320 Depreciable assets, net 32,002,239 53,302,336 85,304,575 Total non-current assets 48,926,237 67,144,951 116,071,188 Total assets 79,291,016 81,921,912 161,212,928 LIABILITIES Total assets 770,577 1,487,962 2,258,539 Current liabilities 770,577 1,487,962 2,258,539 Accounts payable and accrued expenses 770,577 1,487,962 2,258,539 Accrued interest payable 24,111 64,283 88,394 Compensated absences 424,996 216,969 641,965 Current portion of long-term obligations 800,639 906,215 1,706,854 Current portion of lease liability 23,375 2,675,429 7,737,926 Non-current portion of long-term obligations 5,312,901 12,216,455 17,529,356 Lease liability 55,487 5,487 5,487 Total other post-employment benefits liability 255,137 160,398 415,535 <	Lease assets, net	79,369	-	79,369
Construction in progress Depreciable assets, net 2,674,584 9,542,736 12,217,320 Depreciable assets, net 32,002,239 53,302,336 85,304,575 Total non-current assets 48,926,237 67,144,951 116,071,188 Total assets 79,291,016 81,921,912 161,212,928 LIABILITIES Current liabilities Accounts payable and accrued expenses 770,577 1,487,962 2,258,539 Unearned revenue 3,018,799 64,283 88,394 Compensated absences 424,996 216,969 641,965 Current portion of long-term obligations 800,639 906,215 1,706,854 Current portion of lease liability 23,375 23,375 7,737,926 Non-current liabilities 5,912,901 12,216,455 17,529,356 Lease liability 55,487 160,398 415,535 Total other post-employment benefits liability 255,137 160,398 415,535 Total other post-employment benefits liability 349,693 - 349,693 Deferred inflows related to leases	Land	705,460	4,299,879	5,005,339
Depreciable assets, net 32,002,239 53,302,336 85,304,575 Total non-current assets 48,926,237 67,144,951 116,071,188 Total assets 79,291,016 81,921,912 161,212,928 LIABILITIES	Assets available for sale		-	
Total non-current assets 48,926,237 67,144,951 116,071,188 Total assets 79,291,016 81,921,912 161,212,928 LIABILITIES Current liabilities 770,577 1,487,962 2,258,539 Accounts payable and accrued expenses 770,577 1,487,962 2,258,539 Unearned revenue 3,018,799 - 3,018,799 Accrued interest payable 24,111 64,283 88,394 Compensated absences 424,996 216,969 641,965 Current portion of long-term obligations 800,639 906,215 1,706,854 Current portion of lease liability 23,375 - 23,375 Total current liabilities 5,062,497 2,675,429 7,737,926 Non-current portion of long-term obligations 5,312,901 12,216,455 17,529,356 Lease liability 55,487 - 55,487 Total other post-employment benefits liability 255,137 160,398 415,535 Total other post-employment benefits liability 3,623,525 12,376,853 18,000,378 <	. 6			
Total assets 79,291,016 81,921,912 161,212,928	Depreciable assets, net	32,002,239	53,302,336	85,304,575
LIABILITIES Current liabilities Accounts payable and accrued expenses 770,577 1,487,962 2,258,539 Unearned revenue 3,018,799 - 3,018,799 Accrued interest payable 24,111 64,283 88,394 Compensated absences 424,996 216,969 641,965 Current portion of long-term obligations 800,639 906,215 1,706,854 Current portion of lease liability 23,375 - 23,375 Total current liabilities 5,062,497 2,675,429 7,737,926 Non-current portion of long-term obligations 5,312,901 12,216,455 17,529,356 Lease liability 55,487 - 55,487 Total other post-employment benefits liability 255,137 160,398 415,535 Total non-current liabilities 10,686,022 15,052,282 25,738,304 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 25,3525 12,376,853 18,000,378 Deferred inflows related to leases 349,693 - 349,693 Deferred inflows related to OPEB 468,492	Total non-current assets	48,926,237	67,144,951	116,071,188
Current liabilities 770,577 1,487,962 2,258,539 Accounts payable and accrued expenses 770,577 1,487,962 2,258,539 Unearmed revenue 3,018,799 - 3,018,799 Accrued interest payable 24,111 64,283 88,394 Compensated absences 424,996 216,969 641,965 Current portion of long-term obligations 800,639 906,215 1,706,854 Current portion of lease liability 23,375 - 23,375 Total current liabilities 5,062,497 2,675,429 7,737,926 Non-current portion of long-term obligations 5,312,901 12,216,455 17,529,356 Lease liability 55,487 - 55,487 Total other post-employment benefits liability 255,137 160,398 415,535 Total non-current liabilities 5,623,525 12,376,853 18,000,378 Total liabilities 10,686,022 15,052,282 25,738,304 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 349,693 - 349,693 - 349,693 - -<	Total assets	79,291,016	81,921,912	161,212,928
Compensated absences 424,996 216,969 641,965 Current portion of long-term obligations 800,639 906,215 1,706,854 Current portion of lease liability 23,375 - 23,375 Total current liabilities 5,062,497 2,675,429 7,737,926 Non-current portion of long-term obligations 5,312,901 12,216,455 17,529,356 Lease liability 55,487 - 55,487 Total other post-employment benefits liability 255,137 160,398 415,535 Total non-current liabilities 5,623,525 12,376,853 18,000,378 Total liabilities 10,686,022 15,052,282 25,738,304 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 20,528 25,738,304 Deferred inflows related to leases 349,693 - 349,693 Deferred inflows related to OPEB 468,492 294,528 763,020 NET POSITION 81,112,713 90,650,815 Net investment in capital assets 30,243,503 60,407,312 90,650,815 Restricted for 20,200,200 8,974,22	Current liabilities Accounts payable and accrued expenses		1,487,962	
Current portion of long-term obligations 800,639 906,215 1,706,854 Current portion of lease liability 23,375 - 23,375 Total current liabilities 5,062,497 2,675,429 7,737,926 Non-current liabilities 5,312,901 12,216,455 17,529,356 Lease liability 55,487 - 55,487 Total other post-employment benefits liability 255,137 160,398 415,535 Total non-current liabilities 5,623,525 12,376,853 18,000,378 Total liabilities 10,686,022 15,052,282 25,738,304 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 294,528 763,020 Deferred inflows related to leases 349,693 - 349,693 Deferred inflows related to OPEB 468,492 294,528 1,112,713 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 30,243,503 60,407,312 90,650,815 Restricted for 20,100,100,100,100,100,100,100,100,100,1	Accrued interest payable	24,111	64,283	88,394
Current portion of lease liability 23,375 23,375 Total current liabilities 5,062,497 2,675,429 7,737,926 Non-current liabilities 5,312,901 12,216,455 17,529,356 Lease liability 55,487 - 55,487 Total other post-employment benefits liability 255,137 160,398 415,535 Total non-current liabilities 5,623,525 12,376,853 18,000,378 Total liabilities 10,686,022 15,052,282 25,738,304 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 20,650,2452 25,738,304 Deferred inflows related to leases 349,693 - 349,693 Deferred inflows related to OPEB 468,492 294,528 763,020 Total deferred inflows of resources 818,185 294,528 1,112,713 NET POSITION 8 30,243,503 60,407,312 90,650,815 Restricted for 20,245,283 8,974,223 8,974,223 Debt service 805,738 8,974,223 8,974,223 Debt service 805,738,45 6,167,790	•	424,996	216,969	641,965
Total current liabilities 5,062,497 2,675,429 7,737,926 Non-current liabilities Non-current portion of long-term obligations 5,312,901 12,216,455 17,529,356 Lease liability 55,487 - 55,487 Total other post-employment benefits liability 255,137 160,398 415,535 Total non-current liabilities 5,623,525 12,376,853 18,000,378 Total liabilities 10,686,022 15,052,282 25,738,304 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows related to leases 349,693 - 349,693 Deferred inflows related to OPEB 468,492 294,528 763,020 Total deferred inflows of resources 818,185 294,528 1,112,713 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 30,243,503 60,407,312 90,650,815 Restricted for Capital projects 8,974,223 - 8,974,223 Debt service 805,738 - 805,738 Unrestricted 67,766,809 66,575,102 134,361,911			906,215	
Non-current liabilities 5,312,901 12,216,455 17,529,356 Lease liability 55,487 - 55,487 Total other post-employment benefits liability 255,137 160,398 415,535 Total non-current liabilities 5,623,525 12,376,853 18,000,378 Total liabilities 10,686,022 15,052,282 25,738,304 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 349,693 - 349,693 Deferred inflows related to leases 349,693 - 349,693 Deferred inflows related to OPEB 468,492 294,528 763,020 Total deferred inflows of resources 818,185 294,528 1,112,713 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 30,243,503 60,407,312 90,650,815 Restricted for 20,4528 8,974,223 - 8,974,223 Debt service 8,974,223 - 8,974,223 Debt service 805,738 - 805,738 Unrestricted 27,763,345 6,167,790 33,931,135 Total net position 67,786,8	Current portion of lease liability	23,375		23,375
Non-current portion of long-term obligations 5,312,901 12,216,455 17,529,356 Lease liability 55,487 - 55,487 Total other post-employment benefits liability 255,137 160,398 415,535 Total non-current liabilities 5,623,525 12,376,853 18,000,378 Total liabilities 10,686,022 15,052,282 25,738,304 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows related to leases 349,693 - 349,693 Deferred inflows related to OPEB 468,492 294,528 763,020 Total deferred inflows of resources 818,185 294,528 1,112,713 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Restricted for Capital projects Debt service 8,974,223 - 8,974,223 Debt service 805,738 - 805,738 Unrestricted 27,763,345 6,167,790 33,931,135 Total net position 67,786,809 66,575,102 134,361,911	Total current liabilities	5,062,497	2,675,429	7,737,926
Lease liability 55,487 - 55,487 Total other post-employment benefits liability 255,137 160,398 415,535 Total non-current liabilities 5,623,525 12,376,853 18,000,378 Total liabilities 10,686,022 15,052,282 25,738,304 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows related to leases 349,693 - 349,693 Deferred inflows related to OPEB 468,492 294,528 763,020 Total deferred inflows of resources 818,185 294,528 1,112,713 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 30,243,503 60,407,312 90,650,815 Restricted for 20,223 - 8,974,223 - 8,974,223 Debt service 805,738 - 805,738 - 805,738 Unrestricted 27,763,345 6,167,790 33,931,135 Total net position 67,786,809 66,575,102 134,361,911	Non-current liabilities			
Total other post-employment benefits liability 255,137 160,398 415,535 Total non-current liabilities 5,623,525 12,376,853 18,000,378 Total liabilities 10,686,022 15,052,282 25,738,304 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows related to leases Deferred inflows related to OPEB 349,693 - 349,693 - 349,693 - 763,020 Total deferred inflows of resources 818,185 294,528 763,020 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Restricted for Capital projects Debt service 8,974,223 - 8,974,223 Debt service 805,738 - 805,738 Unrestricted 27,763,345 6,167,790 33,931,135 Total net position 67,786,809 66,575,102 134,361,911	Non-current portion of long-term obligations	5,312,901	12,216,455	17,529,356
Total non-current liabilities 5,623,525 12,376,853 18,000,378 Total liabilities 10,686,022 15,052,282 25,738,304 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows related to leases Deferred inflows related to OPEB 349,693 - 349,693 - 349,693 - 763,020 Total deferred inflows of resources 818,185 294,528 763,020 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Restricted for Capital projects Capital projects Debt service 8,974,223 - 8,974,223 Debt service 805,738 - 805,738 Unrestricted 27,763,345 6,167,790 33,931,135 Total net position 67,786,809 66,575,102 134,361,911	Lease liability	55,487	-	55,487
Total liabilities 10,686,022 15,052,282 25,738,304 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows related to leases Deferred inflows related to OPEB 349,693 - 349,693 349,693 - 763,020 Total deferred inflows of resources 818,185 294,528 1,112,713 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Restricted for Capital projects Debt service 8,974,223 - 8,974,223 Debt service 805,738 - 805,738 Unrestricted 27,763,345 6,167,790 33,931,135 Total net position 67,786,809 66,575,102 134,361,911	Total other post-employment benefits liability	255,137	160,398	415,535
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows related to leases 349,693 - 349,693 Deferred inflows related to OPEB 468,492 294,528 763,020 Total deferred inflows of resources 818,185 294,528 1,112,713 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 30,243,503 60,407,312 90,650,815 Restricted for 2apital projects 8,974,223 - 8,974,223 Debt service 805,738 - 805,738 Unrestricted 27,763,345 6,167,790 33,931,135 Total net position 67,786,809 66,575,102 134,361,911	Total non-current liabilities	5,623,525	12,376,853	18,000,378
Deferred inflows related to leases 349,693 - 349,693 Deferred inflows related to OPEB 468,492 294,528 763,020 Total deferred inflows of resources 818,185 294,528 1,112,713 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 30,243,503 60,407,312 90,650,815 Restricted for 2apital projects 8,974,223 - 8,974,223 Debt service 805,738 - 805,738 Unrestricted 27,763,345 6,167,790 33,931,135 Total net position 67,786,809 66,575,102 134,361,911	Total liabilities	10,686,022	15,052,282	25,738,304
Deferred inflows related to leases 349,693 - 349,693 Deferred inflows related to OPEB 468,492 294,528 763,020 Total deferred inflows of resources 818,185 294,528 1,112,713 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 30,243,503 60,407,312 90,650,815 Restricted for 2apital projects 8,974,223 - 8,974,223 Debt service 805,738 - 805,738 Unrestricted 27,763,345 6,167,790 33,931,135 Total net position 67,786,809 66,575,102 134,361,911	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred inflows related to OPEB 468,492 294,528 763,020 Total deferred inflows of resources 818,185 294,528 1,112,713 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 30,243,503 60,407,312 90,650,815 Restricted for Capital projects 8,974,223 - 8,974,223 Debt service 805,738 - 805,738 Unrestricted 27,763,345 6,167,790 33,931,135 Total net position 67,786,809 66,575,102 134,361,911		349 693	_	349 693
Total deferred inflows of resources 818,185 294,528 1,112,713 NET POSITION			294 528	
NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 30,243,503 60,407,312 90,650,815 Restricted for 20,000 8,974,223 - 8,974,223 Debt service 805,738 - 805,738 Unrestricted 27,763,345 6,167,790 33,931,135 Total net position 67,786,809 66,575,102 134,361,911				
Net investment in capital assets 30,243,503 60,407,312 90,650,815 Restricted for Capital projects 8,974,223 - 8,974,223 Debt service 805,738 - 805,738 Unrestricted 27,763,345 6,167,790 33,931,135 Total net position 67,786,809 66,575,102 134,361,911	lotal deferred inflows of resources	818,185	294,528	1,112,713
Restricted for 8,974,223 - 8,974,223 Capital projects 8,974,223 - 805,738 Debt service 805,738 - 805,738 Unrestricted 27,763,345 6,167,790 33,931,135 Total net position 67,786,809 66,575,102 134,361,911	NET POSITION			
Capital projects 8,974,223 - 8,974,223 Debt service 805,738 - 805,738 Unrestricted 27,763,345 6,167,790 33,931,135 Total net position 67,786,809 66,575,102 134,361,911	Net investment in capital assets	30,243,503	60,407,312	90,650,815
Debt service 805,738 - 805,738 Unrestricted 27,763,345 6,167,790 33,931,135 Total net position 67,786,809 66,575,102 134,361,911	Restricted for			
Unrestricted 27,763,345 6,167,790 33,931,135 Total net position 67,786,809 66,575,102 134,361,911	· · · ·	8,974,223	-	8,974,223
Total net position 67,786,809 66,575,102 134,361,911			-	
	Unrestricted	27,763,345	6,167,790	33,931,135
Total liabilities and net position <u>\$ 79,291,016</u> <u>\$ 81,921,912</u> <u>\$ 161,212,928</u>	Total net position	67,786,809	66,575,102	134,361,911
	Total liabilities and net position	\$ 79,291,016	\$ 81,921,912	\$ 161,212,928

CITY OF THE DALLES, OREGON STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

			Program Revenues			Revenue and Change	e in Net Position
		Charges for	Operating Grants	Capital Grants	Governmental	Business-type	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	and Contributions	and Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total
Governmental activities:							
General government	\$ 6.471.736	\$ 827,472	\$ -	\$ 5,226,194	\$ (418,070)	\$ -	\$ (418,070)
Public safety	5,444,623	80,198	57,800		(5,306,625)		(5,306,625)
Culture and recreation	2,462,928	7,425	4,010	_	(2,451,493)	_	(2,451,493)
Highways and streets	2,630,885	29,031	1,283,387	_	(1,318,467)	_	(1,318,467)
Interest expense	119,572				(119,572)		(119,572)
Total governmental activities	17,129,744	944,126	1,345,197	5,226,194	(9,614,227)		(9,614,227)
Business-type activities:							
All water funds	4,510,105	6,460,016	-	217,990	-	2,167,901	2,167,901
All wastewater funds	4,541,607	5,976,749	-	15,790	-	1,450,932	1,450,932
2018 utility bond fund	184,599					(184,599)	(184,599)
Total business-type activities	9,236,311	12,436,765		233,780		3,434,234	3,434,234
TOTAL GOVERNMENT	\$ 26,366,055	\$ 13,380,891	\$ 1,345,197	\$ 5,459,974	(9,614,227)	3,434,234	(6,179,993)
		General revenues: Taxes:					
		Property taxes					
		General purpo			6,107,761	-	6,107,761
		Urban renewa			1,673,417	-	1,673,417
			oublic service taxes		2,805,489	-	2,805,489
		Investment earnin			767,129	324,818	1,091,947
		Gain on sale of ca	apital assets		-	13,467	13,467
		Miscellaneous			267,476	178,634	446,110
		Transfers in (out)			1,742,002	(1,742,002)	
		Total general	revenues and transf	ers	13,363,274	(1,225,083)	12,138,191
		CHANGE IN NET P	OSITION		3,749,047	2,209,151	5,958,198
		NET POSITION, be	ginning of year (as r	restated)	64,037,762	64,365,951	128,403,713
		NET POSITION, en	d of year		\$ 67,786,809	\$ 66,575,102	\$ 134,361,911

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Major Governmental Funds

General Fund

The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the City, except those accounted for in another fund. Principal sources of revenue are property taxes, franchise fees, hotel-motel tax, and state shared revenues. Expenditures are primarily for general government operations, public safety (police), and culture and recreation.

Street Fund

The Street Fund accounts for the cost of maintaining City streets system. Principal sources of revenues are state gasoline taxes apportioned from the State of Oregon, local fuel taxes, charges for services to other funds, and transfers.

Special Grants Fund

The Special Grants Fund accounts for for various grant programs operated by the City. Revenues consist primarily of grants and interest on investments.

CITY OF THE DALLES, OREGON BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

400570	General Fund	Street Fund	Special Grants Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 8,813,359	\$ 1,531,503	\$ 6,199,421	\$ 11,567,084	\$ 28,111,367
Receivables	φ 0,013,339	φ 1,331,303	φ 0,199,421	φ 11,307,004	φ 20,111,307
Accounts	999,347	193,395	164,719	34,444	1,391,905
Leases	349.693	-	-		349,693
Fines and forfeitures, net	350,895	-	_	-	350,895
Property taxes	173,330	_	_	80,971	254,301
Notes	-	_	_	307,445	307,445
Prepaid items	17,222	-	-	-	17,222
Inventories	-	148,059	-	-	148,059
Total assets	\$ 10,703,846	\$ 1,872,957	\$ 6,364,140	\$ 11,989,944	\$ 30,930,887
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable and accrued expenses Unearned revenue	\$ 460,338	\$ 167,422 -	\$ 51,963 3,018,799	\$ 90,854 	\$ 770,577 3,018,799
Total liabilities	460,338	167,422	3,070,762	90,854	3,789,376
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	173,330	-	-	69,203	242,533
Unavailable revenue - fines and forfeitures	320,726	-	-	26,044	346,770
Unavailable revenue - notes	-	-	-	307,445	307,445
Unavailable revenue - leases	349,693				349,693
Total deferred inflows of resources	843,749			402,692	1,246,441
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable					
Prepaids	17,222	_	_	_	17,222
Inventory		148,059	_	_	148,059
Restricted for		,			,
Grant / contributor specific intent	-	-	3,293,378	5,769	3,299,147
Debt service	-	-	-	805,738	805,738
Capital projects	-	1,557,476	-	-	1,557,476
Sytem development				5,331,949	5,331,949
Intergovernmental agreement	-	-	-	2,084,798	2,084,798
Committed for					
Major capital facilities and associated debt	-	-	-	793,995	793,995
Agreements with state agencies	-	-	-	2,474,149	2,474,149
Unassigned	9,382,537	- <u>-</u>	-		9,382,537
Total fund balances	9,399,759	1,705,535	3,293,378	11,496,398	25,895,070
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND					
FUND BALANCE	\$ 10,703,846	\$ 1,872,957	\$ 6,364,140	\$ 11,989,944	\$ 30,930,887

CITY OF THE DALLES, OREGON RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2023

TOTAL FUND BALANCES – governmental funds		\$ 25,895,070
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds		36,356,536
Lease intangible right of use assets are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds		79,369
Investments in joint ventures are not financial resources and, therefore are not reported in the funds		10,522,010
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds Airport receivable Unavailable revenue	\$ 1,402,214 896,748	2 200 002
Long-term liabilities, other postemployment benefits liability, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds Long-term debt Premium Compensated absences Net present value of lease liabilities Interest payable Other postemployment benefits	\$ (5,992,095) (121,445) (424,996) (78,862) (24,111) (723,629)	2,298,962
	, ,	 (7,365,138)
NET POSITION - governmental activities		\$ 67,786,809

CITY OF THE DALLES, OREGON STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	General Fund	Street Fund	Special Grants Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES					
Property taxes	\$ 4,644,868	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,120,183	\$ 7,765,051
Other taxes	1,865,739	492,181	-	-	2,357,920
Franchise fees	289,097	120,597	-	37,875	447,569
Assessments	-	-	-	20,347	20,347
Licenses and fees Intergovernmental	53,957 3,208,132	1,283,387	1,168,729	911,143	53,957 6,571,391
Fines and forfeitures, net	80,198	1,203,307	1,100,729	7,425	87,623
System development charges	154,740	-	_	7,425	154,740
Principal and interest repayments	-	_	_	_	-
Rental Income	77,922	_	_	549,537	627,459
Interest on investments	230,381	51,733	153,338	331,677	767,129
Miscellaneous	306,234	29,031		4,260	339,525
Total revenues	10,911,268	1,976,929	1,322,067	4,982,447	19,192,711
EXPENDITURES Current					
General government	3,237,555	-	-	265,102	3,502,657
Public safety	4,667,420	-	-	690,541	5,357,961
Planning and economic development	506,230	-	-	-	506,230
Culture and recreation	939,814	-	-	1,443,694	2,383,508
Highways and streets	-	1,570,370	1,159,788	1,339	2,731,497
Capital outlay Debt service	1,292,599	984,776	149,875	623,524	3,050,774
Principal	22,778	_	_	1,401,666	1,424,444
Interest	614	-	-	492,592	493,206
Total expenditures	10,667,010	2,555,146	1,309,663	4,918,458	19,450,277
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES					
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	244,258	(578,217)	12,404	63,989	(257,566)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Proceeds from sale of property	_	39,345	_	128,709	168,054
Lease inception	22,108	-	_	-	22,108
Transfers in	1,861,106	805,981	_	1,722,223	4,389,310
Transfers out	(737,008)	(406,515)	-	(541,472)	(1,684,995)
Scheduled debt service transfers				(159,575)	(159,575)
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,146,206	438,811		1,149,885	2,734,902
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	1,390,464	(139,406)	12,404	1,213,874	2,477,336
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year, as restated	8,009,295	1,844,941	3,280,974	10,282,524	23,417,734
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$ 9,399,759	\$ 1,705,535	\$ 3,293,378	\$ 11,496,398	\$ 25,895,070

CITY OF THE DALLES, OREGON RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

TOTAL NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - governmental funds Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different be	ecause:		\$ 2,477,336
The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlay in the current period			
Current year depreciation Current year additions	\$	(1,070,514) 1,897,401	000 007
The City has equity interests in two joint ventures. The allocated gain from these investments are not current financial resources and therefore is not reported in the			826,887
governmental funds			267,172
Some revenue reported in the statement of activities do not provide current financial resources the governmental funds			
Property taxes, Fines and forfeitures, and Miscellaneous revenues			(323,092)
With the implementation of GASB 87, lease assets are recognized as an intangible right of use asset and are amortized over their estimated useful life and lease liabilities are recognized at the net present value of all future lease payments in the Statement			
of Net Position. In the current year principle payments exceeded amortization.			(5,118)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds			
Compensated absences	\$	(26,218)	
Other post-employement benefits expense Loss on disposal of assets		34,507 (427,132)	
		(, , - , /	(418,843)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction however, has any effect on net position. This is the amount by which repayments exceeded proceeds.			
Issuance of lease	\$	(22,108)	
Debt service principal payments Premium amortization expense Accrued interest expense		911,666 37,187 (2,040)	
		· /	924,705
CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES			\$ 3,749,047

CITY OF THE DALLES, OREGON STATEMENT OF NET POSITION ENTERPRISE FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

ASSETS	All Water Funds	All Wastewater Funds	2018 Utility Bond Fund	Total
Current assets Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable, net Inventory	\$ 6,062,945 1,038,806 358,906	\$ 6,540,426 672,478 98,949	\$ 4,451 -	\$ 12,607,822 1,711,284 457,855
Total current assets	7,460,657	7,311,853	4,451	14,776,961
NONCURRENT ASSETS Capital assets Land Construction in progress	2,887,016 8,213,483	1,412,863	-	4,299,879 9,542,736
Depreciable assets, net	20,537,028	32,765,308		53,302,336
Total noncurrent assets	31,637,527	35,507,424		67,144,951
TOTAL ASSETS	39,098,184	42,819,277	4,451	81,921,912
LIABILITIES Current liabilities	4 444 505	40.007		4 407 000
Accounts payable Accrued interest payable Compensated absences payable Current portion of long-term debt	1,441,595 39,289 148,381 198,508	46,367 10,787 68,588 70,740	14,207 - 636,967	1,487,962 64,283 216,969 906,215
Total current liabilities	1,827,773	196,482	651,174	2,675,429
NON-CUURENT LIABILITIES Bonds and notes payable Total other post-employment benefits liability	5,319,084 98,486	1,149,307 61,912	5,748,064 	12,216,455 160,398
Total non-current liabilities	5,417,570	1,211,219	5,748,064	12,376,853
Total liabilities	7,245,343	1,407,701	6,399,238	15,052,282
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows related to OPEB	180,843	113,685		294,528
Total deferred inflows of resources	180,843	113,685		294,528
NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted	26,119,935 5,552,063	34,287,377 7,010,514	(6,394,787)	60,407,312 6,167,790
TOTAL NET POSITION (DEFICIT)	31,671,998	41,297,891	(6,394,787)	66,575,102
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION (DEFICIT)	\$ 39,098,184	\$ 42,819,277	\$ 4,451	\$ 81,921,912

CITY OF THE DALLES, OREGON STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION ENTERPRISE FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	All Water	All Wastewater	2018 Utility	
	Funds	Funds	Bond Fund	Total
OPERATING REVENUES				
Charges for services	\$ 6,411,562	\$ 5,373,385	\$ -	\$ 11,784,947
Systems development charges	44,026	603,364	-	647,390
Rental income Miscellaneous	4,428	- 15 221	-	4,428
	163,313	15,321		178,634
Total operating revenues	6,623,329	5,992,070		12,615,399
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Personnel service	2,444,638	1,309,632	-	3,754,270
Materials and services	1,229,669	2,147,099	-	3,376,768
Capital outlay	135,106	-	-	135,106
Depreciation and amortization	622,010	1,048,694		1,670,704
Total operating expenses	4,431,423	4,505,425		8,936,848
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	2,191,906	1,486,645		3,678,551
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSE)				
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets	308	13,159	_	13,467
Interest on investments	160,172	164,646	_	324,818
Interest expense	(78,682)	(36, 182)	(184,599)	(299,463)
Total nonoperating				
revenues (expenses)	81,798	141,623	(184,599)	38,822
INCOME BEFORE OPERATING				
TRANSFERS AND CAPITAL				
CONTRIBUTIONS	2,273,704	1,628,268	(184,599)	3,717,373
TRANSFERS			000 171	000 171
Transfers in	- (4, 400, 004)	(4 4 4 7 0 4 5)	808,174	808,174
Transfers out	(1,402,361)	(1,147,815)		(2,550,176)
Total transfers	(1,402,361)	(1,147,815)	808,174	(1,742,002)
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS				
Intergovernmental	\$ 217,990	\$ 15,790		233,780
CHANCE IN NET DOSITION	1 000 222	406 242	622 575	2 200 151
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	1,089,333	496,243	623,575	2,209,151
NET POSITION, beginning of year, as restated	30,582,665	40,801,648	(7,018,362)	64,365,951
NET POSITION, end of year	\$ 31,671,998	\$ 41,297,891	\$ (6,394,787)	\$ 66,575,102

CITY OF THE DALLES, OREGON STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS ENTERPRISE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

	All '	Water Funds	All	Wastewater Funds	018 Utility and Fund	Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from customers and users Payments to suppliers Payments to employees	\$	6,260,614 (122,481) (2,481,697)	\$	6,155,389 (2,146,821) (1,319,105)	\$ - - -	\$ 12,416,003 (2,269,302) (3,800,802)
Net cash provided by operating activities		3,656,436		2,689,463		6,345,899
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Transfers in Transfers out		(1,402,361)		- (1,147,815)	808,174	808,174 (2,550,176)
Net cash (used) by noncapital financing activities		(1,402,361)		(1,147,815)	808,174	(1,742,002)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Proceeds from intergovernmental revenue		217,990		15,790	_	233,780
Proceeds from capital debt		1,934,400		-	-	1,934,400
Proceeds from sale of capital asset		308		16,457	-	16,765
Acquisition of capital assets Principal paid on long-term obligations		(5,564,342) (248,311)		(1,769,600) (125,958)	(621,108)	(7,333,942) (995,377)
Interest paid on long-term obligations		(83,017)		(36,992)	(185,981)	(305,990)
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities		(3,742,972)		(1,900,303)	(807,089)	(6,450,364)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES					 	
Interest on investments	_	160,172		164,646	 	 324,818
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities		160,172		164,646	 	 324,818
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		(1,328,725)		(194,009)	1,085	(1,521,649)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING		7,391,670		6,734,435	3,366	 14,129,471
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, ENDING	\$	6,062,945	\$	6,540,426	\$ 4,451	\$ 12,607,822
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by	\$	2,191,906	\$	1,486,645	\$ -	\$ 3,678,551
operating activities: Depreciation and amortization expense Decrease (increase) in:		622,010		1,048,694	-	1,670,704
Receivables Inventories		(362,715) 6,270		163,319 5,137	-	(199,396) 11,407
Increase (decrease) in: Accounts payable and accrued expenses Other postemployment benefits payable Deferred inflows related to other post-employment benefits Accrued compensated absences		1,236,024 6,221 (39,197) (4,083)		(4,859) 6,528 (18,399) 2,398	- - -	1,231,165 12,749 (57,596) (1,685)
Total adjustments		1,464,530		1,202,818		2,667,348
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	3,656,436	\$	2,689,463	\$ 	\$ 6,345,899

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting Entity

The City of The Dalles (the City), is organized under the general laws of the State of Oregon. The City Council, composed of the mayor and five Council members, comprises the legislative branch of the City. Individual departments are under the direction of the City Manager, who is appointed by the City Council. The accompanying financial statements present all activities, funds and component units for which the City is considered to be financially accountable.

The governmental reporting entity consists of the City, the primary government, and its component unit. Component units are legally separate organizations for which the City is financially accountable, or other organizations whose nature and significant relationship with the City are such that the exclusion would cause the City's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Based upon the evaluation of this criteria, the basic financial statements include the Columbia Gateway Urban Renewal Agency. The blended component unit is considered part of the City's operations, and so financial information from this unit is combined with the information of the City.

The criteria used in making this determination includes appointment of a voting majority, imposition of will, financial benefit or burden on the primary government, and fiscal dependency on the primary government. Based upon the evaluation of this criteria, the City is a primary government with the following includable component unit.

Blended component unit – The Columbia Gateway Urban Renewal Agency (the Agency) was formed to undertake urban renewal projects and activities pursuant to the City's redevelopment plan. The Urban Renewal Board of Directors is currently a 9-member body made up of representatives from local taxing districts, the City Council, and citizens at large.

Blended component units, although legally separate entities are, in substance, part of the government's operations and data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. The Columbia Gateway Urban Renewal Agency is a blended component unit and, in substance, is part of the City's operations, although it is a legally separate entity. The City provides accounting and operational support for the Columbia Gateway Urban Renewal Agency and has a June 30 year-end. Complete financial statements for the Agency may be obtained at the City's administrative offices, 313 Court Street, The Dalles, OR 97058.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the activities of the City (the primary government) and its component unit. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Government activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from the business-types activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segments are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Basis of Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement* focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the functions of the City, the elimination of which would distort the direct cost and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned. Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 30 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Significant revenues, which are susceptible to accrual under the modified accrual basis of accounting, include property taxes and federal and state grants. Other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available when received by the City. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due.

The bases of accounting described above are in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the City, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Principal sources of revenue are property taxes, franchise fees, hotel-motel tax, and state shared revenues. Expenditures are primarily for general government operations, public safety (police), and culture and recreation.

Street Fund - The Street Fund accounts for the cost of maintaining City streets and storm water drainage systems. Principal sources of revenues are state gasoline taxes apportioned from the State of Oregon, local fuel taxes, charges for services to other funds, and transfers.

Special Grants Fund - The Special Grants Fund accounts for the financing of public improvements or services deemed to benefit primarily the properties against which the assessments are levied. Principal sources of revenues are assessment principle and interest collected.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

Water Funds - The Water Funds accounts for revenues and expenses related to the City's water utility operations.

Wastewater Funds - The Wastewater Funds account for revenues and expenses related to the City's wastewater utility operations.

2018 Utility Bond Fund - The 2018 Utility Bond Fund accounts for the accumulation of resources for, and the repayment of, general long-term debt principal and interest relating to the Series 2018 Revenue and Refunding Bond.

The City also includes the following fund types as other governmental funds:

Special revenue funds - Special revenue funds are primarily operating funds that account for revenue derived from specific taxes or other revenue sources, which are legally restricted to finance particular functions or activities. When a special revenue fund is not an operating fund, transfers are made from the special revenue fund to the operating funds authorized to make expenditures.

Capital projects funds - Capital projects funds account for expenditures on major construction projects or equipment acquisitions. The principal sources of revenues are proceeds from long-term obligations issued to finance capital acquisitions and improvements.

Debt service funds - Debt service funds account for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term debt for governmental funds.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The City's cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, demand deposits, and investments in the Oregon State Treasury Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP).

The City maintains merged bank accounts and investments for its funds in a central pool of cash and investments. The investment policy of the City is to invest in LGIP and interest-bearing demand deposits with local banks and to transfer resources to the general checking account as the need arises. This policy is in accordance with ORS 294.035, which specifies the types of investments authorized for municipal corporations. The City allocates earnings on investments to each fund based on average monthly cash balances throughout the year. For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the City considers all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) purchased with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Investments in the Local Government Investment Pool are stated at amortized cost, which approximates fair value. All other investments are reported at fair value.

Receivables and Payables

Transactions between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "interfund receivables/payables" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

Advances between funds are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate they are not available for appropriation and are not available expendable financial resources.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Receivables and Payables (continued)

Other receivables including property taxes, accounts, entitlements, and shared revenues are reported in accordance with the policies enumerated in the Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements paragraph above. An allowance for bad debts is carried in the enterprise funds. The City has strong enforcement procedures including shut off of utility services. An allowance for bad debt is not carried in the governmental funds because the City has determined that any uncollectible amount would be immaterial to the financial statements.

Inventories and Prepaid Expenses

Inventories in Street, Water and Wastewater Funds are determined by annual physical count and are stated at cost.

Certain payments to vendors reflect cost applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost when actual cost is not available. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets is expensed.

Property, plant and equipment of the City is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Furnishings and equipment 5–7 years
Infrastructure 10–60 years
Land improvements 5–100 years
Buildings 30–100 years
Other 5–100 years
Right of use assets - lease Life of the lease

It is the City's policy to record no depreciation on capital assets in the year of acquisition and a full year of depreciation in the year of disposition.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenditure) until then. The City's only deferred outflow of resources is a deferred charge incurred on refunding of bonds.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources (continued)

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City recognizes deferred inflows related to the OPEB liability and for lease revenue to be earned in future periods in the government-wide financial statements. The City has two items that qualify for reporting in this category under the modified accrual basis of accounting. The item "unavailable revenue," is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from property taxes court and assessments, notes and leases receivable. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. The City also records a deferred inflow of resources in the governmental funds balance sheet for lease revenue to be earned in future periods.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities or business-type activities Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the lives of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Compensated Absences

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned, but unused, vacation, compensatory time, and sick pay benefits. No liability is reported for unpaid accumulated sick pay benefits. All vacation and compensatory time pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

Compensated absences are normally paid from the General, Library, Street, Water, and Wastewater funds. The entire balance of compensated absences has been reported as due within one year because the oldest leave hours accrued are considered to be used first, so the balances are constantly being updated by use and new accruals.

Investment in Joint Ventures

Investment in joint ventures with other governments is reported at cost plus or minus the City's share of operating income or loss utilizing the equity method of accounting for investments.

Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the OPEB liability and OPEB expense, the City relies on actuarial calculations.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Leases

A lessee is required to recognize a lease payable and an intangible right-to-use lease asset. A lease payable is recognized at the net present value of future lease payments and is adjusted over time by interest and payments. Future lease payments include fixed payments. The right-to-use asset is initially recorded at the amount of the lease liability plus prepayments less any lease incentives received prior to lease commencement and is subsequently amortized over the life of the lease.

The City has chosen not to implement GASB 87 for the budgetary basis of accounting. For both the budgetary basis of accounting and for leases that do not meet the criteria for valuation under GASB 87, the City will report inflows of cash for lessor leases and outflows of cash for lessee leases.

The measurement of leases receivable is based on the present value of lease payments expected to be received during the lease term, such as fixed payments, variable payments that depend on an index or rate, variable payments that are fixed in substance, residual value guarantee payments that are fixed in substance, and any lease incentives payable to the lessee. A number or leases have a maximum possible term of 12 months (or less), including options to extend, regardless of their probability of being exercised. Those payments are recognized as inflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the lease contracts and are therefore excluded from the schedule in this section.

Operating Revenues and Expenses, Non-operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the City, these revenues are charges for sales of water, sewer, and electrical services. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the goods or services that is the primary activity of the fund.

Non-operating revenues and expenses of the City are those revenues and expenses not directly related to the service provided by the fund. Non-operating revenues and expenses include interest, grants, and gain or loss on disposition of capital assets.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the basic financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purpose for which amounts in the funds can be spent. Fund balance is reported in five components.

- Non-spendable Amounts not immediately converted to cash, such as prepaid items and inventory.
- **Restricted** Includes amounts that are restricted by external creditors, granters or contributors, or restricted by enabling legislation.
- Committed Includes amounts that have been committed by resolution by the City Council which is
 the City's "highest level of decision-making authority." Committed amounts may not be used for any
 other purpose unless the City Council removes the constraint by similar council action. Commitments
 of fund balance must be made prior to the end of the fiscal year.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Fund Balance (continued)

- Assigned Includes amounts assigned for specific purposes by council action who authorizes, by
 resolution, the City Manager to assign fund balance. Assigned fund balance is also established by the
 Council through adoption or amendment of the budget as intended for specific purpose.
- Unassigned This is the residual classification used for those balances not assigned to another
 category. Only the general fund may have an unassigned balance.

Use of Restricted Resources

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources, as they are needed. When unrestricted resources (committed, assigned, and unassigned) are available for use it is the City's policy to use committed resources first, then assigned, and then unassigned as they are needed.

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net position invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or law or regulations of other governments. For specific details see the statement of net position.

Net Position

For government-wide reporting as well as in proprietary funds, the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is called net position. Net position is comprised of three components: net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted.

- Net investment in capital assets This consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes, and other debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt are included in this component of net position.
- Restricted net position This consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows
 of resources related to those assets. Assets are reported as restricted when constraints are placed on
 asset use either by external parties or by law through constitutional provision or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position Includes the net amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that does not meet the definition of the two preceding categories.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Restatements of Beginning Net Position and Fund Balance

For the year ended June 30, 2023, restatements of previously reported balances were identified as follows:

Governmental and Business-type beginning fund balances were restated due improper recording of a prepaid as the cost was incurred in the prior fiscal year. Also and where noted, a misallocation of cash receipts was recorded to the Urban Renewal Agency Fund which should have been recorded to the General fund. This error required a restatement in the Urban Renewal Agency's stand-alone financial statements. The effect of these corrections is as follows:

Fund Balance	Balance ne 30, 2022 s previously reported	Re	statement_	Balance ine 30, 2022 as restated
General Fund Prepaid asset error Cash allocation error Total	\$ 8,067,289		(69,997) 12,003 (57,994)	8,009,295
Library Fund Street Fund State Office Building Fund Urban Renewal Agency Fund	2,222,992 1,857,217 61,886 4,708,635		(12,317) (12,276) (1,252)	2,210,675 1,844,941 60,634
Cash allocation error Water Utility Fund Wastewater Fund	\$ 651,869 942,998	\$	(12,003) (36,996) (23,256)	\$ 4,696,632 614,873 919,742

<u>Special Grants Fund beginning fund balance</u> was restated in relation to advanced paid grant monies received and recorded as revenue as a whole prior to incurring associated grant expenditures as required for revenue recognition.

<u>Special Assessments Fund beginning fund balance</u> was restated in relation to the accrual of an uncollectible balance in accounts receivable and an improper deferral of revenue. The effect of these corrections is as follows:

Fund Balance	Balance ne 30, 2022 s previously reported	R	estatement	Balance ne 30, 2022 s restated
Special Grants Fund Special Assessments Fund	\$ 4,961,351 406,671	\$	(1,680,377)	\$ 3,280,974
Uncollectable accounts receivable	,		(33,059)	
Improper revenue deferral			45,456	
Total		\$	12,397	\$ 419,068

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Restatements Due to Correction of Accounting Errors (continued)

Governmental Activities beginning net position was restated as a result of the previously noted errors affecting governmental funds, to correct repair and maintenance expenditures which were incorrectly capitalized as construction in progress, to correct unamortized bond premiums which were done on the straight-line basis although the interest method is required and to correct for assets held-for-sale which were sold but derecognized. The effect of these corrections is as follows:

Net Position	Balance ine 30, 2022 s previously reported	R	estatement	Balance une 30, 2022 as restated
Governmental Activities	\$ 65,938,466			
Grant revenue recognition error			(1,680,377)	
Prepaid asset error			(95,842)	
Premium amortization error			178,611	
Uncollectible receivables accrual			(33,059)	
Improper revenue deferral			45,456	
Construction in progress error			(275,493)	
Assets held-for-sale error			(40,000)	
		\$	(1,900,704)	\$ 64,037,762

All Water Funds, All Wastewater Funds and 2018 Utility Bond Fund beginning net position balances were restated as a result of the previously noted errors in prepaid expenses, the nonaccrual of unbilled revenue for utility services provided to customers which were not yet billed as of year-end and amortization errors in the deferred charge on refunding. The effect of these corrections is as follows:

Net Position		Balance ine 30, 2022 s previously reported	Re	statement_	Balance ine 30, 2022 as restated
Business-type Activities All Water Funds Prepaid asset error Unbilled revenue non accrual Premium amortization error Total	\$	30,403,665		(36,996) 210,390 5,606 179,000	30,582,665
All Wastewater Funds Prepaid asset error Unbilled revenue non accrual Premium amortization error Total		40,488,668		(23,256) 335,038 1,198 312,980	40,801,648
2018 Utility Bond Fund Deferred charge on refunding error		(6,514,359)	\$	(50,403)	\$ (6,564,762)

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Restatements Due to Correction of Accounting Errors (continued)

<u>Business-type Activities</u> was restated in relation to the cumulative matters addressed above related to All Water Funds, All Wastewater Funds and 2018 Utility Bond Fund:

		Balance une 30, 2022			Balance		
Net Position	as previously reported		Re	statement		ine 30, 2022 as restated	
Business-type Activities	\$	64,377,974	\$	441,577	\$	64,819,551	

Adoption of New GASB Pronouncements

During the year ended June 30, 2023, the District implemented the following GASB Pronouncements:

GASB Statement No. 91, Conduit Debt Obligations. The primary objectives of this Statement are to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. There is no effect on the District's financial statements as a result of this Statement.

GASB Statement No. 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements*. This Statement's objective is to address accounting and financial reporting for arrangements in which a government contracts with an operator to provide public services by conveying control of the right to operate or use a capital asset for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. There is no effect on the District's financial statements as a result of this Statement.

GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements. This Statement's objective is to provide guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements for government end users. There is no effect on the City's financial statements as a result of this Statement.

GASB Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences. Issued in June 2022, this Statement updates recognition and measurement guidelines for compensated absences. This statement was issued in June 2022 to recognize (1) leave that has not been used and (2) leave that has been used but not yet paid in cash or settled through noncash means. The statement also amends the existing requirement to disclose the gross increases and decreases in a liability for compensated absences to allow governments to disclose the net change in the liability. In addition, governments are no longer required to disclose which governmental funds typically have been used to liquidate the liability for compensated absences. Change in disclosures are reflected in Note 13.

Future GASB Pronouncements

The following GASB pronouncements have been issued, but are not effective as of June 30, 2023:

GASB Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections. This Statement clarifies the presentation and disclosures requirements for prior period adjustments to beginning net position. This Statement will be effective for the District for fiscal year ending June 30, 2024.

The District will implement new GASB pronouncements no later than the required effective date. The District is currently evaluating whether or not the above listed new GASB pronouncements will have a significant impact to the District's financial statements.

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with U.S. GAAP for all governmental funds. The annual budgets for the proprietary funds are adopted on a basis not consistent with U.S. GAAP to comply with Oregon Local Budget Law. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

Oregon local budget law establishes standard procedures relating to the preparation, adoption, and execution of the annual budget. The City begins its budgeting process by appointing Budget Committee members in the fall of each year. Budget recommendations are developed by management through early spring, with the Budget Committee meeting and approving the budget document in late spring. Public notices of the budget hearing are generally published in May or June and the hearing is held in June. The City Council adopts the budget, makes appropriations, and declares the tax levy no later than June 30. Expenditure appropriations may not be legally over expended, except in the case of grant receipts and bond sale proceeds which could not be reasonably estimated at the time the budget was adopted.

The resolution authorizing appropriations for each fund sets the level by which expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations. The level of budgetary control is established at the department level for the General Fund. For all other funds, the level of budgetary control is established at the personal services, materials and services, capital outlay, operating contingency, interfund transfers, debt services, special payments, and contingencies.

Unexpected additional resources may be added to the budget and appropriated for expenditure through the use of a supplemental budget. The supplemental budget process requires publication in the newspaper and approval by the City Council, and, if it is over 10% of the operating budget of the affected fund, a hearing before the public is also required. Oregon Local Budget Law also provides certain specific exceptions to the supplemental budget process to increase appropriations. Management must obtain City Council authorization for all appropriation transfers and supplementary budgetary appropriations. During fiscal year 2023, the City issued two supplemental budgets.

Note 3 - Deposits and Investments

Deposits – The GASB has adopted U.S. GAAP, which include standards to categorize deposits to give an indication of the level of custodial credit risk assumed by the City at June 30, 2023. If bank deposits at year end are not entirely insured or collateralized with securities held by the City or by its agent in the City's name, the City must disclose the custodial credit risk that exists. Deposits with financial institutions are comprised of bank demand deposits. Any deposits with financial institutions will be covered up to \$250,000 by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC), and the remaining deposited at an approved depository as prescribed by the Oregon State Treasurer.

The insurance and collateral requirements for deposits are established by banking regulations and Oregon law. Effective July 1, 2008, state statutes (ORS 295.002) allow public officials to deposit public funds in one or more depositories currently qualified pursuant to ORS 295.001 to 295.108. As long as the bank depository has entered into an agreement (ORS 295.008(2)(b)) and has deposited securities pursuant to state statutes (ORS 295.015(1)), there may now be on deposit at any one bank depository and its branches, a sum in excess of the amount insured by the FDIC. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the total carrying amount of the City's deposits in various financial institutions was \$2,400,715 and the bank balance was \$3,182,244. All deposits are held in the name of the City. Of the bank balance, the entire amount was covered by federal depository insurance or collateralized.

Note 3 - Deposits and Investments (continued)

Custodial credit risk – Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned. The FDIC provides insurance for the City's deposits up to \$250,000 for the combined total of all deposit accounts at each financial institution. The remaining deposits are covered by the Public Funds Collateralization program (PFCP) of the State of Oregon in accordance with ORS 295. Depositories qualified under this program are required to pledge collateral against any public funds deposits in excess of deposit insurance amounts. This provides additional protection for public funds in the event of a bank failure or loss. ORS 295 sets the specific value of the collateral, as well as the types of collateral that are acceptable. ORS 295 creates a shared liability structure for participating depositories, better protecting public funds though still not guaranteeing that all funds are 100% protected. As of June 30, 2023, the City's bank balances were not exposed to custodial credit risk as they were collateralized under PFCP.

The City does not have a formal policy for custodial credit risk.

Investments – The City of The Dalles has invested funds in the State Treasurer's Oregon Short-Term Fund Local Government Investment Pool during the year. The Oregon Short-Term Fund is the local government investment pool for local governments and was established by the State Treasurer. It was created to meet the administrative responsibilities of federal arbitrage regulations. The investments are regulated by the Oregon Short-Term Fund Board and approved by the Oregon Investment Council (ORS 294.805 to 294.895). Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) is an unrated external investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's office, which allows governments within the state to pool their funds for investment purposes. The amounts invested in the pool are not classified by risk categories because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form as defined by GASB Statement No. 40.

In addition, the Oregon State Treasury LGIP distributes investment income on an amortized cost basis and the participant's equity in the pool is determined by the amount of participant deposits, adjusted for withdrawals and distributed income. Accordingly, the adjustment to fair value would not represent an expendable increase in the City's cash position.

Credit Risk. State statutes authorize the City to invest primarily in general obligations of the U.S. Government and its agencies, certain bonded obligations of Oregon municipalities, bank repurchase agreements, bankers' acceptances, certain commercial papers, and the State Treasurer's investment pool, among others. The City has no formal investment policy that further restricts its investment choices.

Concentration of Credit Risk. The City is required to provide information about the concentration of credit risk associated with its investments in one issuer that represents 5 percent or more of the total investments, excluding investments in external investment pools or those issued and explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. Government. The City has no such investments.

Interest Rate Risk. The City has no formal investment policy that explicitly limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value loss arising from increasing interest rates.

Note 3 - Deposits and Investments (continued)

Investments held by the City at June 30, 2023, are as follows:

Investment Type	Maturity	Percentage of Portfolio	Fair Value
Local Government Investment Pool	1 day	100%	\$ 38,785,436
Cash and cash equivalents are comprised	of the following as o	of June 30, 2023:	
Cash on hand Carrying amount of deposits Local Government Investment Pool			\$ 1,485 1,932,268 38,785,436
Total			\$ 40,719,189
Cash and cash equivalents are shown on the	he statement of net	position as follows:	
Governmental Activities Cash and cash equivalents Total governmental activities			\$ 28,111,367 28,111,367
Business-type Activities Cash and cash equivalents			12,607,822
Total business-type activities			12,607,822
Total			\$ 40,719,189

Note 4 - Fair Value Measurements

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Observable inputs are developed based on market data obtained from sources independent of the reporting entity. Unobservable inputs are developed based on the best information available about the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset. The classification of securities within the fair value hierarchy is based upon the activity level in the market for the security type and the inputs used to determine their fair value, as follows:

Level 1 – Unadjusted quoted prices for identical instruments in active markets.

Level 2 – Quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are not active; and model-derived valuations in which all significant inputs are observable.

Level 3 – Valuations derived from valuation techniques in which significant inputs are unobservable.

Note 4 - Fair Value Measurements (continued)

Investments in the Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) are included in the Oregon Short-Term Fund, which is an external investment pool that is not a 2a-7-like external investment pool, and is not registered with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission as an investment company. Fair value of the LGIP is calculated at the same value as the number of pool shares owned. The unit of account is each share held, and the value of the position would be the fair value of the pool's share price multiplied by the number of shares held. Investments in the Short-Term Fund are governed by ORS 294.135, Oregon Investment Council, and portfolio guidelines issued by the Oregon Short-Term Fund Board. Investment in the LGIP is neither insured nor guaranteed by the FDIC or any other government agency. Although the LGIP seeks to maintain the value of share investments at \$1.00 per share, it is possible to lose money by investing in the pool.

LGIP balances are measured at amortized cost and are readily available to spend when needed. The balance in this pool is expected to stay fairly static as the interest rate in the pool is desirable. The risk associated with the LGIP is very low. The City only invests in the LGIP. The value of the City's investments as of June 30, 2023 was \$38,785,436.

Note 5 - Receivables

Receivables as of fiscal-year end for the governmental activities individual major funds and non-major funds in the aggregate are as follows:

	General Fund Stre			reet Fund	Special Grants Fund		lonmajor vernmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Receivables:									
Accounts	\$	999,347	\$	193,395	\$	164,719	\$ 46,212	\$	1,403,673
Leases		349,693		-		-	-		349,693
Fines and forfeitures, net		350,895		-		-	-		350,895
Property taxes		173,330		-		-	69,203		242,533
Notes		-				-	 307,445		307,445
	\$	1,873,265	\$	193,395	\$	164,719	\$ 422,860	\$	2,654,239

In addition to the fund basis receivables above, governmental activities on the accrual basis has receivables from the Airport which represent the current and noncurrent portions of the Full Faith and Credit Obiligations, Series 2015, of which there are outstanding bond principal and unamortized premium balances of \$1,395,000 and \$7,214, respectively. The current portion of these amounts of \$91,030 approximates the City's current receivable and the remaining balance is classified as noncurrent.

Receivables as of year-end for the business-type activities individual major funds, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

		Water	W	astewater		Business- be Activities
Receivables: Accounts	\$	1,147,445	\$	824,672	\$	1,972,117
Allowance for doubtful accounts	_	(108,639)		(152,194)	_	(260,833)
	\$	1,038,806	\$	672,478	\$	1,711,284

Note 6 - Leases Receivable

The City leases a portion of its properties to various third parties who use the space to conduct their operations on the City grounds, the terms of which expire 2023 through 2028.

The City reports leases receivable with a carrying amount of \$349,693, and a deferred inflow of resources in the amount of \$349,693 as of June 30, 2023.

The following is a schedule by year of minimum payments to be received under the City's leases that are included in the measurement of the lease receivable as of June 30, 2023:

Fiscal Year Ending	Governmental							
June 30,			P	Activities				
	F	Principal		Interest		Total		
2024	\$	74,343	\$	809	\$	75,152		
2025		72,784		618		73,402		
2026		72,970		433		73,403		
2027		64,733		267		65,000		
2028		64,863		133		64,996		
Total	\$	349,693	\$	2,260	\$	351,953		

Note 7 - Interfund Receivables and Payables

Outstanding balances between funds may result from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made. As of June 30, 2023, there are no interfund receivable (payable) balances.

Note 8 - Internal Transfers

	Transfer In	Transfer Out
Governmental activities		
General Fund	\$ 1,861,106	\$ (737,008)
Street Fund	805,981	(406,515)
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	1,722,223	(1,503,785)
Total governmental activities transfers	4,389,310	(2,647,308)
Business-type activities		
Water fund	-	(1,402,361)
Wastewater fund	-	(1,147,815)
2018 Utility Bond fund	808,174	-
Total business-type activities transfers	808,174	(2,550,176)
Total transfers	\$ 5,197,484	\$ (5,197,484)

Transfers between funds provide support for various City programs in accordance with budgetary authorizations and are utilized to provide for additional funding for reserve purposes, contribute towards the cost of capital projects, and to provide for other operational resources.

Note 9 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 was as follows:

	Balance			
	June 30, 2022		Deletions and	Balance
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	(as restated)	Additions	Transfers	June 30, 2023
NONDEPRECIABLE CAPITAL ASSETS				
Land	\$ 705,460	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 705,460
Construction in progress	2,328,570	937,040	(591,026)	2,674,584
Assets available for sale	1,336,233		(361,980)	974,253
Total nondepreciable				
capital assets	4,370,263	937,040	(953,006)	4,354,297
DEPRECIABLE CAPITAL ASSETS				
Intangible assets - leases	94,608	22,108	(1,121)	115,595
Land improvements	8,802,350	55,818	-	8,858,168
Buildings	6,948,536	-	445,291	7,393,827
Equipment	3,340,382	529,546	(315,568)	3,554,360
Infrastructure	26,570,222	352,889		26,923,111
Total depreciable capital assets	45,756,098	960,361	128,602	46,845,061
ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION				
Amortization of intangible assets	(11,839)	(23,505)	(882)	(36,226)
Land improvements	(1,664,545)	(173,363)	-	(1,837,908)
Buildings	(3,018,245)	(181,340)	105,459	(3,094,126)
Equipment	(2,249,444)	(216,312)	290,692	(2,175,064)
Infrastructure	(7,120,630)	(499,499)		(7,620,129)
Total accumulated depreciation	(14,064,703)	(1.004.010)	395,269	(14,763,453)
Total accumulated depreciation	(14,004,703)	(1,094,019)	393,209	(14,703,433)
Total depreciable assets	31,691,395	(133,658)	523,871	32,081,608
NET GOVERNMENTAL CAPITAL ASSETS	\$ 36,061,658	\$ 803,382	\$ (429,135)	\$ 36,435,905

Depreciation is allocated as a direct expense to the governmental programs as follows:

General government	\$ 273,891
Public safety	84,732
Highways and streets	657,745
Culture and recreation	77,651
	\$ 1,094,019

Note 9 - Capital Assets (continued)

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	Balance June 30, 2022	Additions	Deletions and Transfers	Balance June 30, 2023
NONDEPRECIABLE CAPITAL ASSETS Land Construction in progress	\$ 4,299,879 3,229,715	\$ - 6,907,015	\$ - (593,994)	\$ 4,299,879 9,542,736
Total nondepreciable capital assets	7,529,594	6,907,015	(593,994)	13,842,615
DEPRECIABLE CAPITAL ASSETS Land improvements Buildings Equipment Wastewater treatment plant Dams and lines	11,765,866 4,272,749 6,058,319 24,336,768 26,949,848	34,739 - 198,257 - 193,931	141,712 - (104,827) - 452,282	11,942,317 4,272,749 6,151,749 24,336,768 27,596,061
Total depreciable capital assets	73,383,550	426,927	489,167	74,299,644
ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION Land improvements Buildings Equipment Wastewater treatment plant Dams and lines Total accumulated depreciation Total depreciable assets	(2,352,769) (2,633,674) (3,339,834) (4,522,233) (6,579,623) (19,428,133) 53,955,417	(208,824) (107,012) (286,954) (538,654) (529,260) (1,670,704) (1,243,777)	101,529 - - 101,529 590,696	(2,561,593) (2,740,686) (3,525,259) (5,060,887) (7,108,883) (20,997,308) 53,302,336
NET BUSINESS-TYPE CAPITAL ASSETS	\$ 61,485,011	\$ 5,663,238	\$ (3,298)	\$ 67,144,951

Depreciation is allocated as a direct expense to the business-type activities as follows:

Water	\$ 622,010
Sewer	 1,048,694
	\$ 1,670,704

Note 10 – Investment in Joint Ventures

The QualityLife Intergovernmental Agency (QLife) is jointly owned by the City of The Dalles and Wasco County, Oregon, each party owning 50 percent. QLife operates a fiber optic network to the residents of The Dalles and Wasco County and new Maupin project. The Maupin project was started in fiscal year ended June 30, 2016 and will be a separate operating network from the one that services the City and Wasco County. Revenues earned by the QLife are expended for the continued operations and maintenance of the network. Upon dissolution of QLife, the net position would be shared 50 percent each to the City and Wasco County. The QLife is governed by a five-member board comprised of two appointees from the City, two appointees from Wasco County, and the fifth member is appointed by the other four. The City's net investment and its share of the operating results of the QLife are reported in the City's governmental activities. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the most recent year audited financial statements were available, the investment in QLife increased by \$219,085 as a result of operations. The City's investment in QLife is \$2,653,705 and is accounted for using the equity method.

Note 10 - Investment in Joint Ventures (continued)

The Columbia Gorge Regional Airport (Airport) is a joint venture created to operate the Columbia Gorge Regional Airport and Business Park. The joint venture is between the City of The Dalles and Klickitat County, Washington, each party owning 50 percent. Revenues earned by the Airport are expended for the continued operations and maintenance of the Airport. Upon dissolution of the Airport, the net position would be shared 50 percent each to the City and Klickitat County. The Airport is governed by a seven-member board comprised of three appointees from the City, three appointees from Klickitat County, and the seventh member is appointed by the other six. The City develops and adopts the budget for the Airport. The City's net investment and its share of any net income of the Airport are reported in the City's governmental activities. For the fiscal year ended June 30, the investment in the Airport increased \$48,087 resulting from operations and restatement of beginning net position related to correction of an accounting error. The City's investment in Airport is \$7,868,305 and is accounted for using the equity method.

Complete financial statements for QLife can be obtained from Wasco County administrative offices, 511 Washington Street, Suite 101, The Dalles, OR 97058. The complete financial statements for the Airport can be obtained from the City of The Dalles' administrative offices, 313 Court Street, The Dalles, OR 97058.

Note 11 - Long-term Obligations

Full Faith and Credit Obligation Bonds-Governmental and Business-Type Activities

The City issued \$3,300,000 in Full Faith and Credit Obligations, Series 2008, in February 2008, with interest rates ranging from 4.0% to 4.2%. The bond principal is payable annually and the interest is payable semiannually, with final payments due June 1, 2023. The bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the City. These bonds were issued to provide funding for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. A portion of the debt is reported in and will be repaid by the Water and Wastewater Funds, which also own a portion of the assets. The city pledged its general non-restricted revenues and other funds. If the bond is defaulted, by failure to make required principal or interest payments or other covenants, action to enforce the financing agreement may take place for the amount of the obligation then outstanding to its satisfaction. The bond was paid in full as June 1, 2023.

The City issued \$12,100,000 in Full Faith and Credit Obligations, Series 2009, in October of 2009. \$10,205,000 of the bonds was for the benefit of the Columbia Gateway Urban Renewal Agency and will be repaid from tax increment revenues with the Urban Renewal area with interest rates ranging from 2.0% to 5.0%.

The remaining \$1,895,000 of the bonds was issued to finance improvements to the Street, Water, and Wastewater systems and have been split between the benefitting funds. \$1,368,000 was allocated to street improvements and has been reported with the governmental activities. The bonds are backed by the full faith and credit of the City and carry interest rates ranging from 2.0% to 5.0%. The total bonds were issued to finance construction of public infrastructure improvements, Urban Renewal Projects, to refinance the Urban Renewal Bonds series 2002, to fund an Urban Renewal debt reserve, and to pay the costs of issuance. The City pledged its general non-restricted revenues and other funds, the Urban Renewal Agency has pledged its tax increment revenues and earnings for repayment of the Urban Renewal Portion of the obligation. If the bond is defaulted, by failure to make required principal or interest payments or other covenants, action to enforce the financing agreement may take place for the amount of the obligation then outstanding to its satisfaction.

Note 11 - Long-term Obligations (continued)

The future maturities of the full faith and credit obligation bonds – governmental activities are as follows:

2009 Full Faith and Credit Bonds Urban Renwewal Portion

Fiscal Year	 Principal	 Interest	Pi	remium	 Total
2024	\$ 600,000	\$ 200,425	\$	26,968	\$ 827,393
2025	630,000	171,925		22,983	824,908
2026	660,000	142,000		18,802	820,802
2027	695,000	109,000		14,424	818,424
2028	725,000	74,250		9,822	809,072
2029-2032	760,000	38,000		5,023	803,023
Total	\$ 4,070,000	\$ 735,600	\$	98,022	\$ 4,903,622

2009 Full Faith and Credit Bonds Street LID Portion

Fiscal Year	F	Principal	I	nterest	Pr	remium	 Total
2024	\$	79,420	\$	26,127	\$	3,221	\$ 108,768
2025		83,030		22,355		2,745	108,130
2026		86,640		18,410		2,246	107,296
2027		90,250		14,078		1,723	106,051
2028		93,860		9,567		1,173	104,600
2029-2032		97,470		4,873		600	 102,943
Total	\$	530,670	\$	95,410	\$	11,708	\$ 637,788

2009 Full Faith and Credit Bonds Governmental Activities

Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	P	Premium		Total	
2024	\$ 679,420	\$ 226,552	\$	30,189	\$	936,161	
2025	713,030	194,280		25,728		933,038	
2026	746,640	160,410		21,048		928,098	
2027	785,250	123,078		16,147		924,475	
2028	818,860	83,817		10,995		913,672	
2029-2032	 857,470	 42,873		5,623		905,966	
Total	\$ 4,600,670	\$ 831,010	\$	109,730	\$	5,541,410	

Note 11 - Long-term Obligations (continued)

The future maturities of the full faith and credit obligation bonds – business-type activities are as follows:

2009 Full Faith and Credit Bonds Wastewater Bonds

Fiscal Year	P	rincipal	lr	nterest	Premium		 Total
2024	\$	5,390	\$	1,773	\$	237	\$ 7,400
2025		5,635		1,517		208	7,360
2026		5,880		1,250		177	7,307
2027		6,125		956		145	7,226
2028		6,370		649		111	7,130
2029 - 2032		6,615		331		179	 7,125
Total	\$	36,015	\$	6,476	\$	1,057	\$ 43,548

2009 Full Faith and Credit Bonds Water Bonds

Fiscal Year	F	rincipal	 nterest	<u>Pr</u>	remium	 Total	
2024	\$	25,190	\$ 8,287	\$	1,108	\$ 34,585	
2025		26,335	7,091		970	34,396	
2026		27,480	5,840		827	34,147	
2027		28,625	4,466		677	33,768	
2028		29,770	3,034		519	33,323	
2029 - 2032		30,915	 1,546		835	33,296	
Total	\$	168,315	\$ 30,264	\$	4,936	\$ 203,515	

2009 Full Faith and Credit Bonds Business-type activities

Fiscal Year	F	Principal	 nterest	Premium		 Total
2024	\$	30,580	\$ 10,060	\$	1,345	\$ 41,985
2025		31,970	8,608		1,178	41,756
2026		33,360	7,090		1,004	41,454
2027		34,750	5,422		822	40,994
2028		36,140	3,683		630	40,453
2029 - 2032		37,530	1,877		1,014	 40,421
Total	\$	204,330	\$ 36,740	\$	5,993	\$ 247,063

Note 11 - Long-term Obligations (continued)

Airport Debt

The City has acted as a conduit for a loan from Klickitat County for construction of a new maintenance hangar at the Airport; this loan was repaid in full during the fiscal year. Additionally, the city has acted as a conduit for repayment of a loan received by Klickitat County to make improvements to the Airport Industrial Park. As of June 30, 2023, repayment is current and the outstanding balance is \$300,000.

In April 2015, the City issued \$2,000,000 in certificates of participation to finance the acquisition of two hangar buildings and a flex space building at the Airport to be leased for business purposes. Bond principal is due annually and interest is due semiannually with interest rates ranging from 2.0% to 4.5%. The City pledged its full faith and credit and taxing power to pay the amounts due under the obligation. Additionally, the City has pledged rent revenues generated from the lease of the flex space and other properties located at the Airport. As of June 30, 2023, the City has recorded a liability for the bonds of \$1,395,000 and an offsetting receivable of \$1,402,214 from the Airport which includes the unamortized premium balance.

Future maturities of the certificates payable are as follows:

2015B Certificates of Participation Governmental Activities

Fiscal Year	 Principal	Interest	Pr	Premium		Total	
2024	\$ 90,000	\$ 62,775	\$	1,030	\$	153,805	
2025	95,000	58,725		962		154,687	
2026	100,000	54,450		891		155,341	
2027	105,000	49,950		816		155,766	
2028	105,000	45,225		741		150,966	
2029-2033	615,000	150,075		2,452		767,527	
2034-2035	285,000	19,350		322		304,672	
Total	\$ 1,395,000	\$ 440,550	\$	7,214	\$	1,842,764	

Bonds Payable-Business-Type Activities (Direct Borrowings)

The City issued \$12,176,563 in Water and Wastewater Revenue and Refunding Bond, Series 2018, in January 2018. This bond was used to refund the Wastewater Revenue Bonds, Series 2003, Water Revenue Bonds, Series 2007, and fund additional wastewater projects. The bond principal is payable annually and the interest is payable semiannually with interest rate of 2.67%. Final payment is due June 1, 2032. The City has pledged the net revenues to the payment of principal, premium (if any) and interest on direct borrowings related to business activities of \$9,224,516. This pledge is from the time of the adoption of the master plan and shall be maintained as long as the bonds are outstanding. The bond is subject to redemption prior to maturity in whole or in part at the option of the City on any day on or after June 1, 2025, at par (100%) plus accrued interest thereon to the date of redemption. If the bonds are defaulted, by failure to make required principal or interest payments or other covenants, actions to enforce the financing agreement may take place for the amount of the obligations then outstanding to its satisfaction. However, the bonds shall not be subject to acceleration.

Note 11 - Long-term Obligations (continued)

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the revenue bond is as follows:

		For the Year Ending June 30, of	Future Pledged Revenue Debt		Revenue, Net of Related Expense For the Year		For the Year Ended 06/30/23	
Revenue Bond	Revenue Stream	Final Payments		Outstanding		ding 6/30/23	Deb	t Payments
Utility Revenue and Refunding Bonds	Water and Wastewater net operating income	2032	\$	6,385,032	\$	7,877,523	\$	808,172

Future maturities of the bonds payable are as follows:

Utility Revenue and Refunding

			Defe	rred Charge	
Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	on	Refunding	Total
2024	\$ 636,967	\$ 170,480	\$	(50,400)	\$ 757,047
2025	652,611	153,473		(50,400)	755,685
2026	673,236	136,049		(50,400)	758,885
2027	688,571	118,073		(50,400)	756,245
2028	708,686	99,688		(50,400)	757,975
2029-2031	 3,024,960	204,538		(151,200)	 3,078,298
Total	\$ 6,385,032	\$ 882,302	\$	(403,200)	\$ 6,864,133

Advance Refunding

The revenue bonds described above were used to advance refund the Series 2003 Wastewater Revenue Bonds and the Series 2007 Water Revenue Bonds. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$705,604. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunding debt.

Loan Payable-Business-Type Activities (Direct Borrowings)

Water Fund - The City received approvals of two loans from the State of Oregon through its Oregon Infrastructure Finance Authority (OIFA) of the Business Development Department for water system improvements. The loans consist of the America Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) Loan for up to \$1,025,149 and the Safe Drinking Water Revolving Loan Fund (SDWRLF-A) Loan for up to \$2,553,101. The loan proceeds are disbursed on an expense reimbursement basis and the associated projects were completed with final loan values of \$1,025,149 and \$2,521,321, for ARRA and SDWRLF-A, respectively. The ARRA Loan bears interest at 3% per annum. The SDWRLF-A loan originally carried interest at 3.83% but was reduced to 3% when the State received EPA approval of an amended Oregon Safe Drinking Water Intended Use Plan that allows the interest rate to be reduced. Repayment of the ARRA and SDWRLF-A began December 1, 2014. The principal and interest of these two loans is payable from the Net Revenues of the Water System and the full faith and credit of the City. The City pledged its full faith and credit and taxing power to pay the amounts due under the loan agreement and note. If the loan is defaulted, by failure to make required principal or interest payments, the State could declare all principal and interest and all other amounts due immediately. It could also prevent the City from applying for future state assistance. These loans are aggregated in a single amortization as managed by the State in the table below.

Note 11 - Long-term Obligations (continued)

The City also received approval for a loan from the State of Oregon through its Department of Environmental Quality for wastewater system improvements. The Clean Water State Revolving Fund (CWSRF) Loan is for an amount up to \$2,000,000. Of this, \$500,000 is forgivable upon completion of the project with no defaults occurring. The loan proceeds are disbursed on an expense reimbursement basis. Loan proceeds have been accrued in the amount of \$1,929,998 to match the budgetary revenues to the federal expenditures reported. The City complied with the loan terms, completed the project as budgeted, and no defaults occurred. This resulted in \$500,000 of the loan being forgiven in FY18/19. The CWSRF Loan bears interest at 2.14% per annum and repayment began September 1, 2019. The principal and interest of the loan shall be payable from the Net Revenue of the Wastewater system. If the loan is defaulted, by failure to make required principal or interest payments, the State could declare all principal and interest and all other amounts due immediately.

During fiscal year 2022 the City was awarded an additional SDWRLF Loan (SDWRLF-B) through the OIFA to assist with the Dog River pipeline replacement project. The original loan of \$4,030,000 was increased to to \$8,030,000 in April of 2022 with a forgivable amount of \$530,000. The loan term is 30 years at an interest rate of 1.00%. To date the City has drawn \$3,138,713 of the available balance. Repayment terms have not yet been established.

Future maturities of the loans payable are as follows:

	ARRA/SDWF	RLF-A Loan	CWSRF	Loan	SDWRLF	-B Loan		
Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Total Principal	Total Interest
2024	\$ 172,210	\$ 66,169	\$ 65,113	\$ 24,969	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 237,323	\$ 91,138
2025	177,376	61,002	66,514	23,568	-	-	243,890	84,570
2026	182,697	55,681	67,945	22,137	-	-	250,642	77,818
2027	188,178	50,200	69,407	20,675	-	-	257,585	70,875
2028	193,823	44,555	70,900	19,182	-	-	264,723	63,737
2029-2033	1,059,906	131,986	378,047	72,363	-	-	1,437,953	204,349
2034-2038	231,435	6,943	420,503	29,907	-	-	651,938	36,850
2039-2040	-	-	44,548	477	-	-	44,548	477
Undetermined					3,138,713		3,138,713	
Total	\$ 2,205,625	\$ 416,537	\$ 1,182,977	\$ 213,278	\$ 3,138,713	\$ -	\$ 6,527,315	\$ 629,815

Long-term obligation activity for the year ended June 30, 2023, is as follows:

Governmental Activities	Balance at June 30, 2022 (as restated)	Additions	Reductions	Balance at June 30, 2023	Due Within One Year
Total Full Faith and Credit Bonds Total Premium on bonds	\$ 6,907,336 155,057	\$ - -	\$ (911,666) (37,187)	\$ 5,995,670 117,870	\$ 769,420 31,219
Total governmental activity long-term obligations	\$ 7,639,782	\$ -	\$ (1,286,392)	\$ 6,113,540	\$ 800,639
Business-Type Activities:					
Revenue Bond (direct borrowing) Full Faith and Credit Bonds Premium on Bonds Loans Payable (direct borrowing)	\$ 7,006,140 347,664 7,339 4,823,850	\$ - - 1,934,400	\$ (621,108) (143,334) (1,346) (230,935)	\$ 6,385,032 204,330 5,993 6,527,315	\$ 636,967 30,580 1,345 237,323
Total business-type activity long-term obligations	\$ 12,184,993	\$ 1,934,400	\$ (996,723)	\$ 13,122,670	\$ 906,215

Note 12 – Leases Payable

At June 30, 2023, the City had eight lease agreements for the rental of copiers and cameras that qualified under GASB Statement No.87. Incremental borrowing rates of 1.2 percent to 2.8 percent were used to measure lease payables. Lease liabilities recorded under lease contracts as of June 30, 2023 were \$78,862.

Future minimum payments required, on an annual basis, are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	P	Principal		terest	Total		
2024	\$	23,374	\$	542	\$ 23,916		
2025		22,037		375	22,412		
2026		22,084		206	22,290		
2027		10,488		57	10,545		
2028		879		9	888		
Total	\$	78,862	\$	1,189	\$ 80,051		

Note 13 – Accrued Compensated Absences

The changes in accrued compensated absences for the year ended June 30, 2023 are as follows:

	Accrued June 30, 2022			Net Change			Accrued lune 30, 2023	_	Due Within One Year		
Governmental Activities Business-Type Activities	\$	398,778 218,654	_	\$	26,218 (1,685)	\$	424,996 216,969	\$	424,996 216,969		
	\$	617,432	_	\$	24,533	\$	641,965	\$	641,965		

It is the City's opinion that the liability is current in nature as it has capped amounts which can be earned to encourage employees to take their vacation annually.

Note 14 - Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

Plan Description

The government does not have a formal post-employment benefits plan for any employee groups; however, the government is required by Oregon Revised Statutes 243.303 to provide retirees with group health and dental insurance from the date of retirement to age 65 at the same rate provided to current employees. GASB 75 is applicable to the government due only to the implicit rate subsidy. The implicit employer subsidy is measured as the expected health care cost per retiree and dependent, less the gross premiums charged by the insurance carrier for that coverage. The subsidy is only measured for retirees and spouses younger than age 65, at which point such retirees and spouses typically become eligible for Medicare.

This "plan" is a single employer defined benefit plan. This plan is a not considered a trust or equivalent arrangement as there are no plan assets. It is not a stand-alone plan and therefore does not issue its own financial statements.

Note 14 - Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) (continued)

Benefits Provided

All employees of the government retiring from active service with a pension benefit payable immediately under Oregon PERS is eligible. Retirees and their dependents under age 65 are allowed to continue the health care coverage received prior to retirement. Premiums for retirees are tiered and based upon the premium rate available to active employees. The retiree is responsible for payment of the premiums.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At June 30, 2023, the following employees were covered by the implicit benefit terms:

Active employees	98
Eligible retirees	0
Spouses of ineligible retirees	0
Total participants	98

OPEB Liabilities/Assets, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

As of June 30, 2023, the government reported an OPEB liability of \$415,534. Total OPEB liability is determined using the entry age normal actuarial cost allocation method. In addition, GASB 75 requires that the allocation of costs for accounting purposes be made as a level percentage of employees' projected pay, including future anticipated pay increases. This measurement is based on the June 30, 2022 valuation date and a June 30, 2023 measurement date.

	 tal OPEB Liability
Balance as of June 30, 2022	\$ 371,626
Changes for the year:	
Service Cost	33,678
Interest on total OPEB liability	14,276
Effect of changes to benefit terms	-
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses	-
Effect of assumptions changes or inputs	-
Benefit payments	 (4,046)
Balance as of June 30, 2023	\$ 415,534

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$34,508. At June 30, 2023, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	_	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience Change of assumptions	\$ - -	\$	544,860 218,159		
Total	\$ -	\$	763,019		

Note 14 - Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) (continued)

Amounts currently reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Out	et Deferred flow/(Inflow) Resources
2024	\$	(123,264)
2025		(123,264)
2026		(123,264)
2027		(123,264)
2028		(123,264)
Thereafter		(146,699)
Total	\$	(763,019)

Actuarial methods and assumptions. Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation, the entry age normal cost method was used. Demographic assumptions regarding retirement, mortality, and turnover are based on Oregon PERS valuation assumptions as of December 31, 2019.

Valuation Date Measurement Date	June 30, 2022 June 30, 2023
Actuarial Assumptions: Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Inflation Rate	2.50 percent
Salary Increases	2.90 percent
Withdrawal, retirement, and mortality rates	December 31, 2019
	Oregon PERS valuation
Election and Lapse Rates	35% of eligible employees 20% of male members and 20% of female members will elect spouse coverage.

Discount rate. Under GASB 75, unfunded plans must use a discount rate that reflects a 20-year tax-exempt municipal bond yield or index rate. The assumptions reflect the Bond Buyer 20-Year General Obligation Bond Index. The discount rate in effect for the June 30, 2022 reporting date is 3.54 percent.

Note 14 - Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) (continued)

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease (2.54%)		 ent Discount te (3.54%)	1% Increase (4.54%)	
Total OPEB Liability	\$	451,882	\$ 415,534	\$	381,591

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1% lower or 1% higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

			Curre	nt Healthcare		
			5.75%	6 decreasing		
	1% Decrease		1	to 5.0%	1%	Increase
Total OPEB Liability	\$	366,192	\$	415,534	\$	473,288

Changes in Assumptions and Methods

A summary of key changes implemented since the June 30, 2021 valuation are noted below.

Discount Rate

• Updated to reflect the current 20-year tax-exempt municipal bond yield which increased from 2.21% to 3.54%.

Mortality Assumption

• Changed to the RP-2014 annuitant distinct mortality table adjusted to 2006 with MP-2021 generational projection of future mortality improvement.

Turnover and Retirement

• Updated to reflect assumptions use in the Oregon PERS December 31, 2021 actuarial valuation.

Note 15 - Commitments - Construction in Progress

The City has various active construction obligations at June 30, 2023. The total project costs of these obligations are as follows:

Project	Contract Amount	Completed to Date	Remaining Commitment
Washinton Street Underpass 3rd Street Streetscape	\$ 8,100,000 3,000,000	\$ 2,022,721 52,668	\$ 6,077,279 2,947,332
Downtown Parking Structure	3,300,000	19,680	3,280,320
Granada Block 1st Street Parking	570,000 3,720,000	284,774 42,866	285,226 3,677,134
Total	\$ 18,690,000	\$ 2,422,709	\$ 16,267,291

Note 16 - Contingent Liabilities

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by granter agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granter cannot be determined at this time although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Note 17 - Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft or damage to and destruction of assets; and errors and omissions for which the City carries commercial insurance. There have been no significant reductions in coverage from the prior year and settlements have not exceeded coverage for the past five years.

Note 18 - Tax Abatements

The City has authorized tax-exempt status for three qualified firms within the City: HIX The Dalles LLC, PowderPure, and Design, LLC. All properties are required to meet State and Federal funding requirements which include annual physical inspections and an annual audit of financial activity and programmatic compliance. The property tax exemption may be removed if the property is no longer eligible under the stated provisions of ORS 307.540 to 307.548. Section E of the renewal application requires the applicant to acknowledge compliance with the requirements annually. For fiscal year ending June 30, 2023, the foregone property tax revenue is \$5,856,854.

Note 19 - Deficit Fund Net Position

The 2018 Utility Bond Fund reported a deficit net position balance of \$5,991,587 in the enterprise funds Statement of Net Position. The deficit is a result of the accounting structure surrounding the financing of capital development of the Water and Wastewater funds capital asset systems, where the debt is reported by the 2018 Utility Bond Fund, but the assets resulting from that debt are reported in the Water and Wastewater funds.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

CITY OF THE DALLES, OREGON STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

REVENUES \$ 3,862,475 \$ 3,862,475 \$ 4,644,868 \$ 782,000 Other taxes 1,814,456 1,814,456 1,865,739 5 782,000 Franchise fees 275,420 275,420 289,097 132,000 Licenses and fees 41,960 41,960 53,957 172,000 Intergovernmental 3,719,526 3,736,778 3,208,132 (528,000) Fines and forfeitures, net 84,300 84,300 80,198 (40,000) System development charges 45,000 45,000 154,740 105,000 Rental income 8,300 8,300 77,922 69,000 Interest on investments 31,049 31,049 230,381 196,000 Miscellaneous 104,100 254,100 306,234 52,000	nce with Budget sitive
REVENUES Property taxes \$ 3,862,475 \$ 3,862,475 \$ 4,644,868 \$ 782 Other taxes 1,814,456 1,814,456 1,865,739 57 Franchise fees 275,420 275,420 289,097 13 Licenses and fees 41,960 41,960 53,957 17 Intergovernmental 3,719,526 3,736,778 3,208,132 (528 Fines and forfeitures, net 84,300 84,300 80,198 (4 System development charges 45,000 45,000 154,740 105 Rental income 8,300 8,300 77,922 65 Interest on investments 31,049 31,049 230,381 195 Miscellaneous 104,100 254,100 306,234 52 Total revenues 9,986,586 10,153,838 10,911,268 75	
Property taxes \$ 3,862,475 \$ 3,862,475 \$ 4,644,868 \$ 782 Other taxes 1,814,456 1,814,456 1,865,739 57 Franchise fees 275,420 275,420 289,097 13 Licenses and fees 41,960 41,960 53,957 17 Intergovernmental 3,719,526 3,736,778 3,208,132 (528 Fines and forfeitures, net 84,300 84,300 80,198 (4 System development charges 45,000 45,000 154,740 109 Rental income 8,300 8,300 77,922 69 Interest on investments 31,049 31,049 230,381 199 Miscellaneous 104,100 254,100 306,234 52 Total revenues 9,986,586 10,153,838 10,911,268 757	gativo
Other taxes 1,814,456 1,814,456 1,865,739 56 Franchise fees 275,420 275,420 289,097 13 Licenses and fees 41,960 41,960 53,957 17 Intergovernmental 3,719,526 3,736,778 3,208,132 (528 Fines and forfeitures, net 84,300 84,300 80,198 (4 System development charges 45,000 45,000 154,740 109 Rental income 8,300 8,300 77,922 69 Interest on investments 31,049 31,049 230,381 199 Miscellaneous 104,100 254,100 306,234 52 Total revenues 9,986,586 10,153,838 10,911,268 75	782,393
Franchise fees 275,420 275,420 289,097 13 Licenses and fees 41,960 41,960 53,957 17 Intergovernmental 3,719,526 3,736,778 3,208,132 (528 Fines and forfeitures, net 84,300 84,300 80,198 (4 System development charges 45,000 45,000 154,740 109 Rental income 8,300 8,300 77,922 69 Interest on investments 31,049 31,049 230,381 199 Miscellaneous 104,100 254,100 306,234 52 Total revenues 9,986,586 10,153,838 10,911,268 75	51,283
Intergovernmental 3,719,526 3,736,778 3,208,132 (528 Fines and forfeitures, net 84,300 84,300 80,198 (4 System development charges 45,000 45,000 154,740 109 Rental income 8,300 8,300 77,922 69 Interest on investments 31,049 31,049 230,381 199 Miscellaneous 104,100 254,100 306,234 52 Total revenues 9,986,586 10,153,838 10,911,268 757	13,677
Fines and forfeitures, net 84,300 84,300 80,198 (4 System development charges 45,000 45,000 154,740 105 Rental income 8,300 8,300 77,922 65 Interest on investments 31,049 31,049 230,381 195 Miscellaneous 104,100 254,100 306,234 52 Total revenues 9,986,586 10,153,838 10,911,268 757	11,997
System development charges 45,000 45,000 154,740 100 Rental income 8,300 8,300 77,922 69 Interest on investments 31,049 31,049 230,381 199 Miscellaneous 104,100 254,100 306,234 52 Total revenues 9,986,586 10,153,838 10,911,268 757	528,646)
Rental income 8,300 8,300 77,922 69 Interest on investments 31,049 31,049 230,381 199 Miscellaneous 104,100 254,100 306,234 52 Total revenues 9,986,586 10,153,838 10,911,268 757	(4,102)
Interest on investments 31,049 31,049 230,381 199 Miscellaneous 104,100 254,100 306,234 52 Total revenues 9,986,586 10,153,838 10,911,268 757	109,740
Miscellaneous 104,100 254,100 306,234 52 Total revenues 9,986,586 10,153,838 10,911,268 757	69,622
Total revenues 9,986,586 10,153,838 10,911,268 757	199,332
	52,134
EXPENDITURES	757,430
General government 3,362,305 3,501,500 3,237,555 263	263,945
Public safety 5,183,680 5,321,840 4,667,420 654	654,420
Planning and economic development 714,602 927,313 506,230 42	421,083
Special payments 945,392 995,392 939,814 55	55,578
Capital outlay 3,352,347 3,599,408 1,292,599 2,306	306,809
Debt service	-
Principal - 25,847 22,778 3	3,069
Interest - 614 614	-
Contigency 950,493 402,058 - 402	402,058
Total expenditures 14,508,819 14,773,972 10,667,010 4,106	106,962
Revenues over (under) expenditures (4,522,233) (4,620,134) 244,258 4,864	864,392
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	
	22,108
Transfers in 1,893,073 1,893,073 1,861,106 (3 ⁻	(31,967)
Transfers out (515,000) (802,008) (737,008) 65	65,000
Total other financing sources (uses) 1,378,073 1,091,065 1,146,206 55	55,141
Net changes in fund balances (3,144,160) (3,529,069) 1,390,464 4,919	919,533
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year, as restated 6,321,669 6,706,578 8,009,295 1,302	302,717
FUND BALANCE, end of year \$ 3,177,509 \$ 3,177,509 \$ 9,399,759 \$ 6,222	222,250

CITY OF THE DALLES, OREGON STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL STREET FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Bu	dget		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Adopted	Final	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES				
Other taxes	\$ 475,000	\$ 475,000	\$ 492,181	\$ 17,181
Franchise fees	81,402	81,402	120,597	39,195
Intergovernmental	1,267,053	1,267,053	1,283,387	16,334
Interest on investments	7,000	7,000	51,733	44,733
Miscellaneous	600	600	29,031	28,431
Total revenues	1,831,055	1,831,055	1,976,929	145,874
EXPENDITURES Highway and streets				
Personal service	1,012,433	1,012,433	960,267	52,166
Materials and services	634,829	984,829	610,103	374,726
Capital outlay	1,518,835	2,064,067	984,776	1,079,291
Contingency	26,909	26,909		26,909
Total expenditures	3,193,006	4,088,238	2,555,146	1,533,092
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,361,951)	(2,257,183)	(578,217)	1,678,966
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Proceeds from sale of property	500	500	39,345	38,845
Transfers in	805,981	805,981	805,981	-
Transfers out	(406,515)	(406,515)	(406,515)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	399,966	399,966	438,811	38,845
Net changes in fund balances	(961,985)	(1,857,217)	(139,406)	1,717,811
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year, as restated	961,985	1,857,217	1,844,941	(12,276)
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,705,535	\$ 1,705,535

CITY OF THE DALLES, OREGON STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL SPECIAL GRANTS FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Buc	lget		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Adopted	Final	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES				
Intergovernmental	\$ 4,480,500	4,630,500	\$ 1,168,729	\$ (3,461,771)
Interest on investments	5,000	5,000	153,338	148,338
Total revenues	4,485,500	4,635,500	1,322,067	(3,313,433)
EXPENDITURES				
Materials and services	3,431,500	3,581,500	1,159,788	2,421,712
Capital outlay	4,621,677	4,621,677	149,875	4,471,802
Total expenditures	8,053,177	8,203,177	1,309,663	6,893,514
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(3,567,677)	(3,567,677)	12,404	3,580,081
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers out	(2,000)	(2,000)		2,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	(2,000)	(2,000)		2,000
Net changes in fund balances	(3,569,677)	(3,569,677)	12,404	3,582,081
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year, as restated	3,569,677	3,569,677	3,280,974	(288,703)
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,293,378	\$ 3,293,378

CITY OF THE DALLES, OREGON SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS ENDING JUNE 30, 2023

Total OPEB Liability	2023			2022	2021		
Service cost Interest Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	33,678 14,276	\$	33,790 10,664 (73,476)	\$	32,838 9,837	
Changes of assumption Benefit payments		- (4,046)		(43,715) (8,770)		(3,610)	
Net change in total OPEB liability Total OPEB liability - beginning		43,908 371,626		(81,507) 453,133		39,065 414,068	
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	415,534	\$	371,626	\$	453,133	
Covered-employee payroll	\$	6,746,262	\$	6,556,134	\$	6,456,317	
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		6.16%		5.67%		7.02%	
		2020		2019		2018	
Service cost							
Interest	Φ.	440 500	Φ.	00.450	•	400 504	
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumption	\$	110,586 45,989 (265,631)	\$	99,156 - -	\$	102,501 - -	
Changes of assumption Benefit payments	\$	45,989	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	
Changes of assumption Benefit payments Net change in total OPEB liability Total OPEB liability - beginning	\$	45,989 (265,631) (849,813) - (958,869)	\$	(96,302) 2,854	\$	- - (83,554) 18,947	
Changes of assumption Benefit payments Net change in total OPEB liability	\$ 	45,989 (265,631) (849,813) - (958,869) 1,372,937	_	(96,302) 2,854 1,370,083		(83,554) (83,554) 18,947 1,351,136	
Changes of assumption Benefit payments Net change in total OPEB liability Total OPEB liability - beginning		45,989 (265,631) (849,813) - (958,869)	\$	(96,302) 2,854	\$	- - (83,554) 18,947	
Changes of assumption Benefit payments Net change in total OPEB liability Total OPEB liability - beginning Total OPEB liability - ending		45,989 (265,631) (849,813) - (958,869) 1,372,937	_	(96,302) 2,854 1,370,083		(83,554) (83,554) 18,947 1,351,136	

Significant Methods and Assumptions:

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were actuarially determined at July 1 and rolled forward to the measurement date. A summary of assumptions used in the July 1, 2022 valuation are outlined briefly in Note 14 in the notes to the basic financial statements.

Other Information:

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend has been compiled, information is presented only for the years for which the required supplementary information is available.

CITY OF THE DALLES, OREGON SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS – OPEB LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS ENDING JUNE 30, 2023

City of the Dalles Contributions

	_	2023		2022	 2021	 2020
Contractually required contributions	\$	4,046	\$	8,770	\$ 3,610	\$ -
Contribution in relation to the contractually required		(4,046)	_	(8,770)	 (3,610)	
Contributions deficiency (excess)	\$		\$	-	\$ -	\$
City's covered - employee payroll	\$	6,746,262	\$	6,556,134	\$ 6,456,317	\$ 6,274,361
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		0.06%		0.13%	0.06%	0.00%
		2019		2018	2017	
Contractually required contributions	\$	96,302	\$	83,554	\$ 143,658	
Contribution in relation to the contractually required		(96,302)		(83,554)	(143,658)	
Contributions deficiency (excess)	\$	_	\$	-	\$ -	
City's covered - employee payroll	\$	5,548,044	\$	4,823,785	\$ 5,340,702	
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		1.74%		1.73%	2.69%	

Significant Methods and Assumptions:

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were actuarially determined at July 1 and rolled forward to the measurement date. A summary of assumptions used in the July 1, 2022 valuation are outlined briefly in Note 14 in the notes to the basic financial statements.

Other Information:

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend has been compiled, information is presented only for the years for which the required supplementary information is available.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

OTHER SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

Other supplementary information includes financial schedules not required by the GASB, nor a part of the basic financial statements, but presented for purposes of additional analysis.

Such statements and schedules include:

- ➤ Combining Schedules Nonmajor Governmental Funds
- ➤ Combining Schedules General Fund Generally Accepted Accounting Principles
- Budgetary Comparison Schedules
- ➤ Budgetary Comparison Schedules Enterprise Funds

COMBINING SCHEDULES

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds

These funds account for revenue from specific sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. Funds included in this category are:

Library Fund

The Library Fund accounts for the operation of the City Library, which is the main branch of the County's Special Library District. Principal sources of revenues are funds from the County collected Library District taxes, state grants, library fines, and donations.

Community Benevolence Fund

The Community Benevolence Fund provides for the accumulation of financial resources to pay for expenses related to the memorials to Veterans of the community. Principal revenues are primarily from grants.

State Office Building Fund

The State Office Building Fund accounts for the operations and maintenance of a City owned building currently rented by the State of Oregon to provide services to the local community. Principal revenues are from rental income.

Special Enterprise Zone Fund

The Enterprise Zone Tax Abatement Proceeds Special Reserve fund accounts for funds associated with the Enterprise Zone Tax Abatement agreement between the City of The Dalles, Wasco County, and Design LLC dated August 17, 2015.

Debt Service Funds

These funds account for revenues and expenditures related to the repayment of general long-term indebtedness. Funds included in this category are:

FFCO 2008 Bond Fund

The FFCO 2008 Bond Fund accounts for the accumulation of resources for, and the repayment of, full faith and credit bonds relating to the relocation of the Public Works facilities and the remodel of City Hall.

2009 FFCO Bond Fund

The 2009 FFCO Bond Fund accounts for the accumulation of resources for, and the repayment of, general long-term debt principal and interest relating to the Columbia Gateway Urban Renewal District and Water and Wastewater improvements.

Urban Renewal Debt Fund

The Urban Renewal Debt Service Fund accounts for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal and interest relating to the Columbia Gateway Urban Renewal District.

Capital Projects Fund

These funds account for expenditures on major construction projects or equipment acquisitions. The principal sources of revenues are proceeds from long-term obligations issued to finance capital acquisitions and improvements. Funds included in this category are:

Capital Projects Fund

The Capital Projects Fund accounts for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities, other than those financed by the enterprise funds. Principal resources to the fund are grants, a portion of lease payments received on the State Office Building owned by the City, and interest earned on investments.

Special Assessment Fund

The special Assessments Fund accounts for the financing of public amprovements or services deemed to benefit primarily the properties against which the assessments are levied. Principal sources of revenues are assessment principle and interest collected.

Urban Renewal Capital Projects Fund

The Urban Renewal Capital Projects Fund accounts for services and construction costs for the develoment within the Columbia Gateway Urban Renewal District. Principal sources of revenues are property taxes, grants, and interest on investments.

GENERAL FUND COMBINING

General Fund

The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the City, except those accounted for in another fund. Principal sources of revenue are property taxes, franchise fees, hotel-motel tax, and state shared revenues. Expenditures are primarily for general government operations, public safety (police), and culture and recreation.

Public Works Reserve Fund

The Public Works Reserve Fund provides for the accumulation of financial resources to pay for equipment, machinery and vehicles for the Public Works Departments: streets, water and sewer operations. Contributions are received from the operating funds of the Street Fund, Water Utility Fund, Wastewater Utility Fund, and the sale of Public Works' surplus property.

Transportation System Reserve Fund

The Transportation System Reserve Fund provides for the accumulation of funds to pay for upgrade and expansion of the street systems.

Unemployment Reserve Fund

The Unemployment Reserve Fund provides for the accumulation of financial resources of the City to pay claims of unemployment. Contributions are received from the operating funds of the General Fund, Library Fund, Street Fund, Water Utility Fund, and Wastewater Utility Fund.

CITY OF THE DALLES, OREGON COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

100570	Total Nonmajor Special Revenu Funds		Total Nonmajor Debt Service Funds		Total Nonmajor Capital Projects Fund			Total
ASSETS	\$	4 647 660	\$	00E 720	\$	6 112 696	\$	11 567 004
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables	Ф	4,647,660	Ф	805,738	Ф	6,113,686	Ф	11,567,084
Accounts		_		_		34,444		34,444
Property taxes		-		-		80,971		80,971
Notes						307,445		307,445
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	4,647,660	\$	805,738	\$	6,536,546	\$	11,989,944
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	82,944	\$		\$	7,910	\$	90,854
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		_		_		69,203		69,203
Unavailable revenue - assessments		_		_		26,044		26,044
Unavailable revenue - notes						307,445		307,445
Total deferred inflows of resources						402,692		402,692
FUND BALANCE								
Restricted for								
Grant / contributor specific intent		5,769		-		-		5,769
Debt service		-		805,738		-		805,738
System development		-		-		5,331,949		5,331,949
Intergovernmental agreement Committed for		2,084,798		-		-		2,084,798
Major capital facilities and associated debt		-		-		793,995		793,995
Agreements with state agencies		2,474,149						2,474,149
Total fund balances		4,564,716		805,738		6,125,944		11,496,398
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS								
OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	4,647,660	\$	805,738	\$	6,536,546	\$	11,989,944

CITY OF THE DALLES, OREGON COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Total Nonmajor Debt Service Funds	Total Nonmajor Capital Projects Fund	Total
REVENUES				
Property taxes	\$ 1,445,846	\$ 800,938	\$ 873,399	\$ 3,120,183
Franchise fees	-	-	37,875	37,875
Intergovernmental	911,143	-	-	911,143
Fines and forfeitures, net	7,425	-	-	7,425
Assessments	-	-	20,347	20,347
Principal and interest repayments	-	-	-	-
Rental income	324,713	126,773	98,051	549,537
Interest on investments	117,914	4,800	208,963	331,677
Miscellaneous	1,687		2,573	4,260
Total revenues	2,808,728	932,511	1,241,208	4,982,447
EXPENDITURES				
General government	_	_	265,102	265,102
Public safety	690,541	_		690,541
Culture and recreation	1,443,694	_	_	1,443,694
Highways and streets	1,339	_	_	1,339
Capital outlay	214,107	_	409,417	623,524
Debt service	, -		,	
Principal	_	1,401,666	_	1,401,666
Interest	_	492,592		492,592
	0.040.004	4 004 050	074.540	4.040.450
Total expenditures	2,349,681	1,894,258	674,519	4,918,458
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES				
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	459,047	(961,747)	566,689	63,989
, ,				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfer in	297,893	1,127,322	297,008	1,722,223
Transfer out	(138,040)	-	(403,432)	(541,472)
Scheduled debt service transfers	-	(159,575)	-	(159,575)
Proceeds from sale of property			128,709	128,709
Total other financing sources (uses)	159,853	967,747	22,285	1,149,885
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	618,900	6,000	588,974	1,213,874
FUND BALANCES,				
beginning of year, as restated	3,945,816	799,738	5,536,970	10,282,524
FUND BALANCES, end of year	\$ 4,564,716	\$ 805,738	\$ 6,125,944	\$ 11,496,398

CITY OF THE DALLES, OREGON COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

	Liberton Franci	Community Benevolence	State Office	Special Enterpise	T-4-1
100570	Library Fund	Fund	Building Fund	Zone Fund	Total
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,167,324	\$ 5,769	\$ 343,950	\$ 2,130,617	\$ 4,647,660
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 82,526	\$ -	\$ 418	\$ -	\$ 82,944
FUND BALANCES					
Restricted for					-
Grant / contributor specific intent	-	5,769	-	-	5,769
Intergovernmental agreement	2,084,798	_	_	_	2,084,798
Committed for	, ,				-
Agreements with state agencies	_	_	343,532	2,130,617	2,474,149
, ig. come man etate agencies			0.0,002		
Total fund balances	2,084,798	5,769	343,532	2,130,617	4,564,716
Total faria balances	2,001,100		0.10,002	2,100,011	1,001,110
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED					
INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND					
FUND BALANCES	\$ 2,167,324	\$ 5,769	\$ 343,950	\$ 2,130,617	\$ 4,647,660

CITY OF THE DALLES, OREGON COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Library Fund	Community Benevolence Fund	State Office Building Fund	Special Enterpise Zone Fund	Total
REVENUES					
Property taxes	\$ 1,445,846	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,445,846
Intergovernmental	4,010	-	-	907,133	911,143
Fines and forfeitures, net	7,425	-	-	-	7,425
Rental income	-	-	324,713	-	324,713
Interest on investments	56,089	167	5,740	55,918	117,914
Miscellaneous	1,687				1,687
Total revenues	1,515,057	167	330,453	963,051	2,808,728
EXPENDITURES					
Public safety	-	-	190,541	500,000	690,541
Culture and recreation	1,443,694	-	-	-	1,443,694
Highways and streets	-	1,339	-	-	1,339
Capital outlay	59,200		154,907		214,107
Total expenditures	1,502,894	1,339	345,448	500,000	2,349,681
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER	40.400	(4.470)	(44.005)	400.054	450.047
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	12,163	(1,172)	(14,995)	463,051	459,047
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfer in	-	-	297,893	-	297,893
Transfer out	(138,040)				(138,040)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(138,040)		297,893		159,853
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(125,877)	(1,172)	282,898	463,051	618,900
FUND BALANCES, beginning of year, as restated	2,210,675	6,941	60,634	1,667,566	3,945,816
FUND BALANCES, end of year	\$ 2,084,798	\$ 5,769	\$ 343,532	\$ 2,130,617	\$ 4,564,716

CITY OF THE DALLES, OREGON COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

	CO 2008 nd Fund	2009 FFCO Bond Fund	Rei	Urban newal Debt Fund	Totals
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,000	\$ -	\$	802,738	\$ 805,738
FUND BALANCES Restricted for: Debt service	\$ 3,000	\$ -	\$	802,738	\$ 805,738

CITY OF THE DALLES, OREGON COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	FFCO 2008 Bond Fund	2009 FFCO Bond Fund	Urban Renewal Debt Fund	Totals
REVENUES	Ф	Φ	Ф 000 000	ф 000 000
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 800,938	\$ 800,938
Rental income Interest on investments	126,773	-	4 900	126,773 4,800
interest on investments			4,800	4,000
Total revenues	126,773		805,738	932,511
EXPENDITURES				
Debt service				
Principal	175,856	650,810	575,000	1,401,666
Interest	7,386	257,468	227,738	492,592
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Total expenditures	183,242	908,278	802,738	1,894,258
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES				
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(56,469)	(908,278)	3,000	(961,747)
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers in	178,407	948,915	_	1,127,322
Scheduled debt service transfers	(118,938)	(40,637)		(159,575)
Concadica dest service transiers	(110,300)	(40,007)		(100,070)
Total other financing sources (uses)	59,469	908,278	-	967,747
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	3,000	-	3,000	6,000
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year			799,738	799,738
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$ 3,000	\$ -	\$ 802,738	\$ 805,738

CITY OF THE DALLES, OREGON COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

	Capi	Capital Projects Special Fund Assessment Fun					Capital Projects		Total
ASSETS									
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables:	\$	435,758	\$	356,525	\$	5,321,403	\$ 6,113,686		
Accounts		-		34,444		-	34,444		
Property taxes		-		-		80,971	80,971		
Notes						307,445	 307,445		
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	435,758	\$	390,969	\$	5,709,819	\$ 6,536,546		
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities									
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	_	\$	6,688	\$	1,222	\$ 7,910		
Deferred inflows of resources Unavailable revenue - property taxes Unavailable revenue - assessments Unavailable revenue - notes		- - -		- 26,044 -		69,203 - 307,445	69,203 26,044 307,445		
Total deferred inflows of resources		_		26,044		376,648	402,692		
Fund balances Restricted for									
System development Committed for		-		-		5,331,949	5,331,949		
Major capital facilities and associated debt		435,758		358,237			 793,995		
Total fund balances		435,758		358,237		5,331,949	 6,125,944		
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
AND FUND BALANCES	\$	435,758	\$	390,969	\$	5,709,819	\$ 6,536,546		

CITY OF THE DALLES, OREGON COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Capi	ital Projects Special Fund Assessment Fur			Urban Renewal Capital Projects Fund		Capital Projects		Total
REVENUES									
Property taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	873,399	\$ 873,399		
Franchise fees		-		37,875		-	37,875		
Assessments		-		20,347		-	20,347		
Rental income		98,051		-		-	98,051		
Interest on investments		11,767		12,555		184,641	208,963		
Miscellaneous		5				2,568	 2,573		
Total revenues		109,823		70,777		1,060,608	 1,241,208		
EXPENDITURES									
General government		1,454		-		263,648	265,102		
Capital outlay		92,996		26,069		290,352	 409,417		
Total expenditures		94,450		26,069		554,000	 674,519		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER									
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES		15,373		44,708		506,608	 566,689		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfer in		297,008		-		-	297,008		
Transfer out		(297,893)		(105,539)		-	(403,432)		
Proceeds from sale of property						128,709	 128,709		
Total other financing sources (uses)		(885)		(105,539)		128,709	 22,285		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		14,488		(60,831)		635,317	588,974		
FUND BALANCE,									
beginning of year, as restated		421,270		419,068		4,696,632	 5,536,970		
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$	435,758	\$	358,237	\$	5,331,949	\$ 6,125,944		

CITY OF THE DALLES, OREGON COMBINING BALANCE SHEET GENERAL FUND JUNE 30, 2023

	eral Fund - getary Basis	lic Works erve Fund	sportation em Reserve Fund	nployment erve Fund	To	otal General Fund
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents \$	7,513,915	\$ 423,358	\$ 841,770	\$ 34,316	\$	8,813,359
Receivables:						
Accounts	999,347	-	-	-		999,347
Leases	349,693					349,693
Fines and forfeitures	350,895	-	-	-		350,895
Property taxes	173,330	-	-	-		173,330
Prepaid items	17,222	 	 	 		17,222
TOTAL ASSETS \$	9,404,402	\$ 423,358	\$ 841,770	\$ 34,316	\$	10,703,846
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities						
Accounts payable and accrued expenses \$	385,700	\$ 69,976	\$ 	\$ 4,662	\$	460,338
Deferred inflows of resources						
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	173,330	-	-	-		173,330
Unavailable revenue - court	320,726	-	-	-		320,726
Unavailable revenue - leases	349,693	 -	 	 		349,693
Total fund balances	843,749	 	 			843,749
Fund balances						
Nonspendable	17,222					17,222
Prepaids Committed for	17,222	-	-	-		17,222
Committed for Committed by ordinance or resolution		353,382	841,770	29,654		1,224,806
Unassigned	- 8,157,731	333,362	041,770	29,004		8,157,731
Orlassigned	0,137,731	 	 	 		0,137,731
Total fund balances	8,174,953	353,382	 841,770	29,654		9,399,759
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
AND FUND BALANCES \$	9,404,402	\$ 423,358	\$ 841,770	\$ 34,316	\$	10,703,846

CITY OF THE DALLES, OREGON COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	eral Fund - jetary Basis	blic Works serve Fund	ransportation stem Reserve Fund	Unemployment Reserve Fund	To	otal General Fund
REVENUES						
Property taxes	\$ 4,644,868	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	4,644,868
Other taxes	1,865,739	-	-	-		1,865,739
Franchise fees	289,097	-	-	-		289,097
Licenses and fees	53,957	-	-	-		53,957
Intergovernmental	3,208,132	-	-	-		3,208,132
Fines and forfeitures, net	80,198	-	-	-		80,198
System development charges	-	-	154,740	-		154,740
Rental income	77,922	-	-	-		77,922
Interest on investments	199,533	8,316	21,201	1,331		230,381
Miscellaneous	 306,234	 	 			306,234
Total revenues	 10,725,680	 8,316	 175,941	1,331		10,911,268
EXPENDITURES						
General government	3,205,985	-	-	31,570		3,237,555
Public Safety	4,667,420	-	-	-		4,667,420
Planning and economic development	506,230	-	-	-		506,230
Special payments	939,814	-	-	-		939,814
Capital outlay	341,046	395,352	556,201	-		1,292,599
Debt service						
Principal	22,778	-	-	-		22,778
Interest	 614	 	 			614
Total expenditures	 9,683,887	 395,352	 556,201	31,570	_	10,667,010
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER						
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	 1,041,793	 (387,036)	(380,260)	(30,239)		244,258
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Lease inception	22,108	-	-	-		22,108
Transfer in	1,306,106	555,000	-	-		1,861,106
Transfer out	 (737,008)	 	 			(737,008)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 591,206	 555,000	 			1,146,206
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	1,632,999	167,964	(380,260)	(30,239)		1,390,464
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year, as restated	 6,541,954	 185,418	 1,222,030	59,893		8,009,295
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$ 8,174,953	\$ 353,382	\$ 841,770	\$ 29,654	\$	9,399,759

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Pursuant to the provisions of Oregon Revised Statute, an individual schedule of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - budget and actual be displayed for each fund where legally adopted budgets are required.

In accordance with GASB Statement #34, the City's General Fund and any major special revenue funds are presented as the basic governmental fund financial statements. All other budgetary comparisons are displayed in the following pages as supplemental information.

Governmental Budgetary Comparison schedules not included in basic financial statements include the following:

- > General Fund Budgetary Basis Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance
- > General Fund Budgetary Basis Schedule of Expenditures
- ➤ Public Works Reserve Fund Budgetary Basis Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance
- ➤ Transportation System Reserve Fund Budgetary Basis Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance
- ➤ Unemployment Reserve Fund Budgetary Basis Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance

Non-major Governmental Budgetary Comparison schedules included the following:

- > Special Revenue Funds
 - Library Fund
 - Community Benevolence Fund
 - State Office Building Fund
 - Special Enterprise Zone Fund
- Debt Service Fund
 - FFCO 2008 Bond Fund
 - 2009 FFCO Bond Fund
 - Urban Renewal Debt Fund
- Capital Project Fund
 - Capital Projects Fund
 - Special Assessments Fund
 - Urban Renewal Capital Projects Fund

CITY OF THE DALLES, OREGON SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND – BUDGETARY BASIS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Bu	dget		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Adopted	Final	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES				
Property taxes	\$ 3,862,475	\$ 3,862,475	\$ 4,644,868	\$ 782,393
Other taxes	1,814,456	1,814,456	1,865,739	51,283
Franchise fees	275,420	275,420	289,097	13,677
Licenses and fees	41,960	41,960	53,957	11,997
Intergovernmental	2,622,526	2,639,778	3,208,132	568,354
Fines and forfeitures, net	84,300	84,300	80,198	(4,102)
Rental income	8,300	8,300	77,922	69,622
Interest on investments	25,500	25,500	199,533	174,033
Miscellaneous	104,100	254,100	306,234	52,134
Total revenues	8,839,037	9,006,289	10,725,680	1,719,391
EXPENDITURES				
General government	3,287,577	3,426,772	3,205,985	220,787
Public safety	5,183,680	5,321,840	4,667,420	654,420
Planning and economic development	714,602	927,313	506,230	421,083
Special payments	945,392	995,392	939,814	55,578
Capital outlay	304,000	453,160	341,046	112,114
Debt service				
Principal	-	25,847	22,778	3,069
Interest	-	614	614	-
Contingency	950,493	402,058		402,058
Total expenditures	11,385,744	11,552,996	9,683,887	1,869,109
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(2,546,707)	(2,546,707)	1,041,793	3,588,500
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Lease inception	_	_	22,108	22,108
Transfers in	1,338,073	1,338,073	1,306,106	(31,967)
Transfers out	(515,000)	(802,008)	(737,008)	65,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	823,073	536,065	591,206	55,141
Net changes in fund balances	\$ (1,723,634)	\$ (2,010,642)	\$ 1,632,999	\$ 3,643,641
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year, as restated	4,901,143	5,188,151	6,541,954	1,353,803
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$ 3,177,509	\$ 3,177,509	\$ 8,174,953	\$ 4,997,444
	·			

CITY OF THE DALLES, OREGON SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND – BUDGETARY BASIS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

					Fina	Variance with Final Budget		
	 Buo Adopted	dget	Final	Actual		Positive legative)		
General government	 taoptoa		1 mai	 rtotaai		logativo)		
City council								
Personnel services	\$ 9,043	\$	18,043	\$ 9,059	\$	8,984		
Materials and services	 594,855		594,855	 334,082		260,773		
Subtotal	 603,898		612,898	 343,141		269,757		
City clerk								
Personnel services	163,115		163,115	161,825		1,290		
Materials and services	 27,920		27,920	 19,128		8,792		
Subtotal	 191,035		191,035	180,953		10,082		
City manager								
Personnel services	309,641		309,641	268,972		40,669		
Materials and services	21,994		21,994	11,893		10,101		
Subtotal	 331,635		331,635	 280,865		50,770		
Legal								
Personnel services	248,402		298,402	203,894		94,508		
Materials and services	 115,628		265,628	 262,911		2,717		
Subtotal	 364,030		564,030	 466,805		97,225		
Finance / utility billing / judicial								
Personnel services	664,473		664,473	611,357		53,116		
Materials and services	 216,267		216,267	 190,009		26,258		
Subtotal	 880,740		880,740	 801,366		79,374		
Personnel								
Personnel services	267,208		267,208	257,583		9,625		
Materials and services	 89,595		89,595	 44,683		44,912		
Subtotal	 356,803		356,803	302,266		54,537		
Technology								
Personnel services	243,437		272,437	243,891		28,546		
Materials and services	122,502		172,857	155,136		17,721		
Capital outlay	 6,000		6,000	 		6,000		
Subtotal	\$ 371,939	\$	451,294	\$ 399,027	\$	52,267		

CITY OF THE DALLES, OREGON SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND – BUDGETARY BASIS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		ıdget		Variance with Final Budget Positive
Continued	Adopted	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Other hall/farmers and attions a section of a section of				
City hall/transportation center department Personnel services	\$ 80,818	\$ 80,818	\$ 73,267	\$ 7,551
Materials and services	361,679	361,679	358,295	3,384
Capital outlay	49,000	49,000		49,000
Subtotal	491,497	491,497	431,562	59,935
Total general government	\$ 3,591,577	\$ 3,879,932	\$ 3,205,985	\$ 673,947
Planning and economic development				
Personnel services	\$ 581,537	\$ 581,537	\$ 362,433	\$ 219,104
Materials and services	133,065	334,776	143,797	190,979
Capital outlay		11,000	5,060	5,940
Subtotal	714,602	927,313	511,290	416,023
Public safety Police/codes enforement Police				
Personnel services	3,911,707	3,911,707	3,721,885	189,822
Materials and services	743,492	743,492	692,415	51,077
Capital outlay	156,000	294,160	286,747	7,413
Subtotal	4,811,199	4,949,359	4,701,047	248,312
Code enforcement				
Personnel services	79,169	79,169	76,424	2,745
Materials and services	89,584	89,584	81,069	8,515
Subtotal	168,753	168,753	157,493	11,260
Total police/codes enforecment	4,979,952	5,118,112	4,858,540	259,572
Animal control				
Personnel services	80,666	80,666	69,330	11,336
Materials and services	30,062	30,062	26,297	3,765
Capital outlay	93,000	93,000	49,239	43,761
Subtotal	203,728	203,728	144,866	58,862
Total public safety	5,183,680	5,321,840	5,003,406	318,434
Special payments	945,392	995,392	939,814	55,578
Debt service				
Principal	-	26,461	22,778	3,683
Interest		·	614	(614)
Subtotal		26,461	23,392	3,069
Interfund transfers	515,000	802,008	737,008	65,000
Contingency	950,493	402,058		402,058
Total expenditures	\$ 11,900,744	\$ 12,355,004	\$ 10,420,895	\$ 1,934,109

CITY OF THE DALLES, OREGON SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL PUBLIC WORKS RESERVE FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	B		Variance with Final Budget Positive		
DEVENIUE O	Adopted	<u>Final</u>	Actual	(Negative)	
REVENUES Interest on investments	\$ 1,000	\$ 1,000	\$ 8,316	\$ 7,316	
EXPENDITURES					
Capital outlay	643,517	741,418	395,352	346,066	
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(642,517	(740,418)	(387,036)	353,382	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	555,000	555,000	555,000		
Net changes in fund balances	(87,517	(185,418)	167,964	353,382	
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year	87,517	185,418	185,418		
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 353,382	\$ 353,382	

CITY OF THE DALLES, OREGON SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL TRANSPORTATION SYSTEM RESERVE FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Bud		Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Adopted	Final	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES				
Intergovernmental	\$ 1,097,000	\$ 1,097,000	\$ -	\$ (1,097,000)
System development charges	45,000	45,000	154,740	109,740
Interest on investments	4,000	4,000	21,201	17,201
Total revenues	1,146,000	1,146,000	175,941	(970,059)
EXPENDITURES				
Capital outlay	2,404,830	2,404,830	556,201	1,848,629
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,258,830)	(1,258,830)	(380,260)	878,570
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year	1,258,830	1,258,830	1,222,030	(36,800)
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 841,770	\$ 841,770

CITY OF THE DALLES, OREGON SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL UNEMPLOYEMENT RESERVE FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		Bud	lget			Fina	ance with al Budget Positive
	A	dopted		Final	 Actual	(N	egative)
REVENUES Interest on investments	\$	549	\$	549	\$ 1,331	\$	782
EXPENDITURES Personnel service		74,728		74,728	 31,570		43,158
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(74,179)		(74,179)	(30,239)		43,940
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year		74,179		74,179	59,893		(14,286)
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$		\$	_	\$ 29,654	\$	29,654

CITY OF THE DALLES, OREGON SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL LIBRARY FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	D.	dant		Variance with Final Budget
		dget	A =4=1	Positive
REVENUES	Adopted	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Property taxes	\$ 1,887,794	\$ 1,887,794	\$ 1,445,846	\$ (441,948)
Intergovernmental	9,161	9,161	4,010	(5,151)
Fines and forfeitures, net	5,000	5,000	7,425	2,425
Contributions	100	100	7,420	(100)
Interest on investments	8,736	8,736	56,089	47,353
Miscellaneous		-	1,687	1,687
Total revenues	1,910,791	1,910,791	1,515,057	(395,734)
EXPENDITURES				
Personnel service	971,932	971,932	860,981	110,951
Materials and services	1,028,792	1,028,792	582,713	446,079
Capital outlay	294,800	294,800	59,200	235,600
Contingency	210,000	210,000		210,000
Total expenditures	2,505,524	2,505,524	1,502,894	1,002,630
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(594,733)	(594,733)	12,163	606,896
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers out	(158,007)	(158,007)	(138,040)	19,967
Net changes in fund balances	(752,740)	(752,740)	(125,877)	626,863
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year, as restated	1,631,853	1,631,853	2,210,675	578,822
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$ 879,113	\$ 879,113	\$ 2,084,798	\$ 1,205,685

CITY OF THE DALLES, OREGON SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL COMMUNITY BENEVOLENCE FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Budget Adopted Final					Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
DEVENUE O	Adopted		Fillal		Actual			
REVENUES Interest on investments	\$	60	\$	60	\$	167	\$	107
EXPENDITURES								
Materials and services		6,957		6,957		1,339		5,618
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(6,897)		(6,897)		(1,172)		5,725
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year		6,897		6,897		6,941		44
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$		\$		\$	5,769	\$	5,769

CITY OF THE DALLES, OREGON SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL STATE OFFICE BUILDING FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	 Buo Adopted	lget Final		Actual		Variance witl Final Budge Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES							
Rental income	\$ 386,993	\$	386,993	\$	324,713	\$	(62,280)
Interest on investments	 1,000		1,000		5,740		4,740
Total revenues	 387,993		387,993		330,453		(57,540)
EXPENDITURES							
Personnel service	80,933		80,933		72,398		8,535
Materials and services	181,903		468,911		118,143		350,768
Capital outlay	163,367		163,367		154,907		8,460
Contingency	 60,000		60,000				60,000
Total expenditures	 486,203		773,211		345,448		427,763
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(98,210)		(385,218)		(14,995)		370,223
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in	10,885		297,893		297,893		_
	 		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		
Net changes in fund balances	(87,325)		(87,325)		282,898		370,223
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year, as restated	87,325		87,325		60,634		(26,691)
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$ 	\$		\$	343,532	\$	343,532

CITY OF THE DALLES, OREGON SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL SPECIAL ENTERPRISE ZONE FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		Bud	dget					ariance with nal Budget Positive
		Adopted		Final		Actual	((Negative)
REVENUES								
Intergovernmental	\$	907,133	\$	907,133	\$	907,133	\$	-
Interest on investments		5,300		5,300		55,918		50,618
Total revenues		912,433		912,433		963,051		50,618
EXPENDITURES								
Materials and services		2,576,240		2,576,240		500,000		2,076,240
Revenues over (under) expenditures	((1,663,807)	((1,663,807)	_	463,051		2,126,858
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year		1,663,807		1,663,807		1,667,566		3,759
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$		\$		\$	2,130,617	\$	2,130,617

CITY OF THE DALLES, OREGON SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL FFCO 2008 BOND FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Buo	dget			Fina	ince with I Budget ositive
	 Adopted		Final	Actual	(Ne	egative)
REVENUES Rental income	\$ 126,773	\$	126,773	\$ 126,773	\$	
EXPENDITURES Debt service						
Principal Interest	 293,000 12,180		293,000 12,180	290,000 12,180		3,000
Total expenditures	 305,180		305,180	 302,180		3,000
Revenues over (under) expenditures	 (178,407)		(178,407)	 (175,407)		3,000
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in	 178,407		178,407	 178,407		
Net changes in fund balances	-		-	3,000		3,000
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year	 			 		
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$ 	\$		\$ 3,000	\$	3,000

^{*}Debt service transfers from the Water Capital Reserve Fund of \$59,469 and Wastewater Capital Reserve Fund of \$59,469 were made for debt service principal and interest of \$114,144 and \$4,794, respectively.

CITY OF THE DALLES, OREGON SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL 2009 FFCO BOND FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	 Buo Adopted	dget	Final	Actual	Fina P	ance with Il Budget ositive egative)
EXPENDITURES	 Adopted		I IIIai	 Actual	(140	-galive)
Debt service						
Principal	\$ 680,000	\$	680,000	\$ 680,000	\$	-
Interest	 268,915		268,915	 268,915		
Total expenditures	 948,915		948,915	948,915		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in	 948,919		948,919	 948,915		4
Net changes in fund balances	4		4	-		(4)
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year	 (4)		(4)	 		4
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$ -	\$		\$ _	\$	

^{*}Debt service transfers from the Water Capital Reserve Fund of \$33,474 and Wastewater Capital Reserve Fund of \$7,163 were made for debt service principal and interest of \$29,190 and \$11,447, respectively.

CITY OF THE DALLES, OREGON SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL URBAN RENEWAL DEBT FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

				Variance with Final Budget
	Bu	dget		Positive
	Adopted	Final	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES				
Property taxes	\$ 800,938	\$ 800,938	\$ 800,938	\$ -
Interest on investments	4,800	4,800	4,800	
Total revenues	805,738	805,738	805,738	
EXPENDITURES				
Debt service:				
Principal	575,000	575,000	575,000	-
Interest	227,738	227,738	227,738	-
Contingency	802,738	802,738		802,738
Total expenditures	1,605,476	1,605,476	802,738	802,738
Net changes in fund balances	(799,738)	(799,738)	3,000	802,738
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year	799,738	799,738	799,738	
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 802,738	\$ 802,738

CITY OF THE DALLES, OREGON SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	A	Buo dopted	lget	Final	Actual	Fin	iance with al Budget Positive legative)
REVENUES		<u> </u>					
Rental income	\$	105,072	\$	105,072	\$ 98,051	\$	(7,021)
Interest on investments		3,100		3,100	11,767		8,667
Miscellaneous					 5		5
Total revenues		108,172		108,172	 109,823		1,651
EXPENDITURES							
Materials and services		8,500		8,500	1,454		7,046
Capital outlay		562,502		562,502	92,996		469,506
Total expenditures		571,002		571,002	 94,450		476,552
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(462,830)		(462,830)	15,373		478,203
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in		10,000		297,008	297,008		-
Transfers out		(10,885)		(297,893)	 (297,893)		
Total other financing sources (uses)		(885)		(885)	(885)		-
Net changes in fund balances		(463,715)		(463,715)	14,488		478,203
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year		463,715		463,715	421,270		(42,445)
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$		\$	_	\$ 435,758	\$	435,758

CITY OF THE DALLES, OREGON SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL SPECIAL ASSESSMENT FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Bu	dget Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES	Adopted	FIIIdI	Actual	(Negative)
Franchise fees	\$ 26,800	\$ 26.800	\$ 37.875	\$ 11,075
Assessments	11,248	11.248	20.347	9.099
Interest on investments	2,450	, -	12,555	10,105
interest on investments	2,430	2,450	12,555	10, 103
Total revenues	40,498	40,498	70,777	30,279
EXPENDITURES				
Materials and services	28,600	28,600	_	28,600
Capital outlay	260,992	260,992	26,069	234,923
Suprice Suriary	200,002		20,000	201,020
Total expenditures	289,592	289,592	26,069	263,523
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(249,094)	(249,094)	44,708	293,802
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers out	(115,539)	(115,539)	(105,539)	10,000
Net changes in fund balances	(364,633)	(364,633)	(60,831)	303,802
J	(- , ,	(- , ,	(==,==,	
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year (as restated)	364,633	364,633	419,068	54,435
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 358,237	\$ 358,237

CITY OF THE DALLES, OREGON SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL URBAN RENEWAL CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

				Variance with Final Budget
	Buo	dget		Positive
	Adopted	Final	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES				
Property taxes	\$ 791,018	\$ 791,018	\$ 873,399	\$ 82,381
Interest on investments	21,000	21,000	184,641	163,641
Miscellaneous	10	10	2,568	2,558
Total revenues	812,028	812,028	1,060,608	248,580
EXPENDITURES				
Materials and services	2,350,960	2,350,960	263,648	2,087,312
Capital outlay	3,034,506	3,034,506	290,352	2,744,154
Total expenditures	5,385,466	5,385,466	554,000	4,831,466
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(4,573,438)	(4,573,438)	506,608	5,080,046
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Proceeds from sale of property	36,824	36,824	128,709	91,885
Total other financing sources (uses)	36,824	36,824	128,709	91,885
Net changes in fund balances	(4,536,614)	(4,536,614)	635,317	5,171,931
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year (as restated)	4,536,614	4,536,614	4,696,632	160,018
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,331,949	\$ 5,331,949

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Enterprise Funds

Pursuant to the provisions of Oregon Revised Statute, an individual schedule of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - budget and actual be displayed for each fund where legally adopted budgets are required.

Enterprise Budgetary Comparison schedules include the following:

- > All Water Funds
 - Water Utility
 - Water Capital Reserve
- All Wastewater Funds
 - Wastewater
 - Wastewater Capital Reserve
 - Sewer Plant Construction
- > 2018 Utility Bond Fund
 - 2018 Utility Bond Fund

CITY OF THE DALLES, OREGON SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ALL WATER FUNDS COMBINED YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

DEVENUE	Water Utility	Water Capital Reserve	Total All Water Funds
REVENUES Charges for services	\$ 6,411,562	\$ -	\$ 6,411,562
Intergovernmental	2,990	215,000	217,990
Fines and forfeitures, net	-	-	-
Contributions	-	-	-
System development charges	-	44,026	44,026
Rental income	4,428	-	4,428
Interest on investments	4,153	156,019	160,172
Miscellaneous	163,313		163,313
Total revenues	6,586,446	415,045	7,001,491
EXPENDITURES			
Personnel service	2,481,698	-	2,481,698
Materials and services	1,229,669	- 	1,229,669
Capital outlay Debt service	146,609	5,552,839	5,699,448
Principal	-	167,194	167,194
Interest		71,185	71,185
Total expenditures	3,857,976	5,791,218	9,649,194
Revenues over (under) expenditures	2,728,470	(5,376,173)	(2,647,703)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Proceeds from sale of property	308	-	308
Loan proceeds	-	1,934,400	1,934,400
Transfers in	-	1,298,333	1,298,333
Transfers out	(2,256,725)	(536,912)	(2,793,637)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(2,256,417)	2,695,821	439,404
Net changes in fund balances	472,053	(2,680,352)	(2,208,299)
FUND BALANCE, beginning budgetary basis	825,263	7,402,092	8,227,355
FUND BALANCE, ending budgetary basis	\$ 1,297,316	\$ 4,721,740	6,019,056
Change in fund balance Expenditures capitalized Debt service principal payments Other post-employment benefits Depreciation Loan proceeds Premium amortization and accrued interest Compensated absences			(2,208,299) 5,564,342 248,311 32,977 (622,010) (1,934,400) 4,329 4,083
Change in net position			\$ 1,089,333

CITY OF THE DALLES, OREGON SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL WATER UTILITY YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Buc	lget		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Adopted	Final	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES				
Charges for services	\$ 6,599,203	\$ 6,599,203	\$ 6,411,562	\$ (187,641)
Intergovernmental	39,653	39,653	2,990	(36,663)
Rental income	4,428	4,428	4,428	-
Interest on investments	2,000	2,000	4,153	2,153
Miscellaneous	90,450	90,450	163,313	72,863
Total revenues	6,735,734	6,735,734	6,586,446	(149,288)
EXPENDITURES				
Personnel service	2,487,400	2,487,400	2,481,698	5,702
Materials and services	1,369,523	1,369,523	1,229,669	139,854
Capital outlay	396,600	396,600	146,609	249,991
Contingency	44,504	44,504		44,504
Total expenditures	4,298,027	4,298,027	3,857,976	440,051
Revenues over (under) expenditures	2,437,707	2,437,707	2,728,470	290,763
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Proceeds from sale of property	100	100	308	208
Transfers out	(3,338,392)	(3,338,392)	(2,256,725)	1,081,667
Total other financing sources (uses)	(3,338,292)	(3,338,292)	(2,256,417)	1,081,875
Net changes in fund balance	(900,585)	(900,585)	472,053	1,372,638
FUND BALANCE, beginning budgetary basis (as restated)	900,585	900,585	825,263	(75,322)
FUND BALANCE, ending budgetary basis	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,297,316	\$ 1,297,316

CITY OF THE DALLES, OREGON SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL WATER CAPITAL RESERVE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Ruc	dget		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Adopted	Final	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES	7 tdopted	1 mai	- / totaai	(Negative)
Intergovernmental	\$ 8,010,000	\$ 8,010,000	\$ 215,000	\$ (7,795,000)
System development charges	69,510	69,510	44,026	(25,484)
Interest on investments	25,000	25,000	156,019	131,019
Total revenues	8,104,510	8,104,510	415,045	(7,689,465)
EXPENDITURES				
Capital outlay	15,415,403	17,111,311	5,552,839	11,558,472
Debt service				
Principal	167,194	167,194	167,194 *	-
Interest	71,185	71,185	71,185 *	<u> </u>
Total expenditures	15,653,782	17,349,690	5,791,218	11,558,472
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(7,549,272)	(9,245,180)	(5,376,173)	3,869,007
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Loan proceeds	-	-	1,934,400	1,934,400
Transfers in	2,380,000	2,380,000	1,298,333	(1,081,667)
Transfers out	(536,912)	(536,912)	(536,912) *	<u> </u>
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,843,088	1,843,088	2,695,821	852,733
Net changes in fund balance	(5,706,184)	(7,402,092)	(2,680,352)	4,721,740
FUND BALANCE, beginning budgetary basis	5,706,184	7,402,092	7,402,092	
FUND BALANCE, ending budgetary basis	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,721,740	\$ 4,721,740

^{*} Debt service transfers from the Water Capital Reserve fund of \$92,943 were made to the FFCO 2008 Debt Service Fund and 2009 FFCO Debt Service Fund for principal and interest of \$57,072 and \$2,397; and \$24,045 and \$9,429, respectively.

CITY OF THE DALLES, OREGON SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ALL WASTEWATER FUNDS COMBINED YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

DEVENUE	Wastewater	Wastewater Capital Reserve	Sewer Plant Construction	Total All Wastewater Funds
REVENUES Charges for services	\$ 5,373,385	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,373,385
Intergovernmental	15,790	-	-	15,790
System development charges	443,733	159,631	-	603,364
Interest on investments	-	90,469	74,177	164,646
Miscellaneous	15,321			15,321
Total revenues	5,848,229	250,100	74,177	6,172,506
EXPENDITURES				
Personnel service	1,411,456	-	-	1,411,456
Materials and services	2,147,099	-	-	2,147,099
Capital outlay Debt service	67,925	1,560,738	48,579	1,677,242
Principal	_	_	63,741	63,741
Interest			32,575	32,575
Total expenditures	3,626,480	1,560,738	144,895	5,332,113
Revenues over (under) expenditures	2,221,749	(1,310,638)	(70,718)	840,393
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Proceeds from sale of property	16,457	-	_	16,457
Transfers in	-	600,000	800,000	1,400,000
Transfers out	(2,302,547)	(7,163)	(304,737)	(2,614,447)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(2,286,090)	592,837	495,263	(1,197,990)
Net changes in fund balances	(64,341)	(717,801)	424,545	(357,597)
FUND BALANCE, beginning budgetary basis	1,254,779	3,932,271	2,436,048	7,623,098
FUND BALANCE, ending budgetary basis	\$ 1,190,438	\$ 3,214,470	\$ 2,860,593	7,265,501
Change in fund balance Expenditures capitalized Debt service principal payments				(357,597) 1,769,600 125,958
Other post-employment benefits				11,864
Depreciation				(1,048,694)
Premium amortization and accrued interest				808
Net book value of disposed assets Compensated absences				(3,298) (2,398)
•				
Change in net position				\$ 496,243

CITY OF THE DALLES, OREGON SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL WASTEWATER YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Buc	dget		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Adopted	Final	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES				
Charges for services	\$ 5,502,332	\$ 5,502,332	\$ 5,373,385	\$ (128,947)
Intergovernmental	33,382	33,382	15,790	(17,592)
System development charges	340,000	340,000	443,733	103,733
Miscellaneous	300	300	15,321	15,021
Total revenues	5,876,014	5,876,014	5,848,229	(27,785)
EXPENDITURES				
Personnel service	1,662,199	1,662,199	1,411,456	250,743
Materials and services	2,228,821	2,544,721	2,147,099	397,622
Capital outlay	288,900	288,900	67,925	220,975
Contingency	20,645	20,645		20,645
Total expenditures	4,200,565	4,516,465	3,626,480	889,985
Revenues over (under) expenditures	1,675,449	1,359,549	2,221,749	862,200
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Proceeds from sale of property Transfers out	(2,302,547)	(2,302,547)	16,457 (2,302,547)	16,457
Total other financing sources (uses)	(2,302,547)	(2,302,547)	(2,286,090)	16,457
Net changes in fund balance	(627,098)	(942,998)	(64,341)	878,657
FUND BALANCE, beginning budgetary basis (as restated)	627,098	942,998	1,254,779	311,781
FUND BALANCE, ending budgetary basis	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,190,438	\$ 1,190,438

CITY OF THE DALLES, OREGON SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL WASTEWATER CAPITAL RESERVE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Bud	dget		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Adopted	Final	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES				
System development charges	\$ 63,930	\$ 63,930	\$ 159,631	\$ 95,701
Interest on investments	25,000	25,000	90,469	65,469
Total revenues	88,930	88,930	250,100	161,170
EXPENDITURES				
Capital outlay	3,146,851	4,614,037	1,560,738	3,053,299
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(3,057,921)	(4,525,107)	(1,310,638)	3,214,469
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	600,000	600,000	600,000	-
Transfers out	(7,163)	(7,163)	(7,163)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	592,837	592,837	592,837	
Net changes in fund balance	(2,465,084)	(3,932,270)	(717,801)	3,214,469
FUND BALANCE, beginning budgetary basis	2,465,084	3,932,270	3,932,271	1
FUND BALANCE, ending budgetary basis	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,214,470	\$ 3,214,470

CITY OF THE DALLES, OREGON SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL SEWER PLANT CONSTRUCTION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		Buc	lget					riance with nal Budget Positive
	Ad	dopted		Final		Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES								
Interest on investments	\$	10,000	\$	10,000	\$	74,177	\$	64,177
EXPENDITURES								
Capital outlay	2	,754,060	2	2,844,994		48,579		2,796,415
Debt service								
Principal		63,741	1 63,741	63,741		63,741 *		-
Interest		32,575		32,575		32,575 *		-
Total expenditures	2	,850,376		2,941,310		144,895		2,796,415
								_
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(2	,840,376)	(2,931,310)			(70,718)		2,860,592
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in		800,000		800,000		800,000		-
Transfers out		(304,737)		(304,737)		(304,737) *		
Total other financing sources (uses)		495,263		495,263		495,263		
Net changes in fund balance	(2	,345,113)	(2	2,436,047)		424,545		2,860,592
FUND BALANCE, beginning budgetary basis	2	,345,113		2,436,047		2,436,048		1
FUND BALANCE, ending budgetary basis	\$		\$		\$	2,860,593	\$	2,860,593

^{*} Debt service transfers from the Sewer Plant Construction fund of \$66,632 were made to the FFCO 2008 Debt Service Fund and 2009 FFCO Debt Service Fund for principal and interest of \$57,072 and \$2,397; and \$5,145 and \$2,018, respectively.

CITY OF THE DALLES, OREGON SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL 2018 UTILITY BOND FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Buc	lget			Fina	ance with Il Budget ositive
	 Adopted		Final	Actual	(Ne	egative)
EXPENDITURES						
Debt service						
Principal	\$ 621,108	\$	621,108	\$ 621,108	\$	-
Interest	187,064		187,064	185,982		1,082
Contingency	 2,394		2,394	 		2,394
Total expenditures	 810,566		810,566	 807,090		3,476
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in	808,174		808,174	 808,174		
Net changes in fund balance	(2,392)		(2,392)	1,084		3,476
FUND BALANCE, beginning budgetary basis	2,392		2,392	3,365		973
FUND BALANCE, ending budgetary basis	\$ 	\$		 4,449	\$	4,449
Change in fund balance				4 004		
Change in fund balance				1,084 621,108		
Debt service principal payments Accrued interest						
Accided intelest				 1,383		
Change in net position				\$ 623,575		

STATISTICAL SECTION

STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City of The Dalles' annual comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

Contents Page:

Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue source, the property taxes.

Debt Capacity

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted the information in these schedules is derived from the City's annual comprehensive financial reports for the relevant year.

CITY OF THE DALLES NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015		2014
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 30,243,503 9,779,961 27,763,345	\$ 30,550,494 14,416,982 20,970,990	\$ 29,105,204 11,658,332 20,203,765	\$ 28,892,637 10,893,307 16,802,396	\$ 27,758,527 9,270,588 15,268,799	\$ 27,204,175 8,309,364 14,499,406	\$ 26,770,740 7,364,590 13,033,689	\$ 25,619,762 6,606,540 11,480,666	\$ 23,781,454 6,591,609 4,480,644	€	23,394,331 6,221,686 4,055,637
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 67,786,809	\$ 65,938,466	\$ 60,967,301	\$ 56,588,340	\$ 52,297,914	\$ 50,012,945	\$ 47,169,019	\$ 43,706,968	\$ 34,853,707	€9	33,671,654
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 60,407,312	\$ 56,803,356 3,915,118 3,659,500	\$ 54,696,758 3,391,775 3,227,135	\$ 54,091,260 1,825,510 391,766	\$ 52,230,058 1,170,201 (1,153,633)	\$ 48,435,897 4,996,649 (5,535,813)	\$ 27,336,873 15,889,368 (1,051,770)	\$ 23,686,429 12,505,094 645,798	\$ 31,902,082 10,418,116 2,373,161	₩	31,669,652 8,506,649 942,037
Total business-type activities in net position	\$ 66,575,102	\$ 64,377,974	\$ 61,315,668	\$ 56,308,536	\$ 52,246,626	\$ 47,896,733	\$ 42,174,471	\$ 36,837,321	\$ 44,693,359	€	41,118,338
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT Net investments in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 90,650,815 9,779,961 33,931,135	\$ 87,353,850 18,332,100 24,630,490	\$ 83,801,962 15,050,107 23,430,900	\$ 82,983,897 12,718,817 17,194,162	\$ 79,988,585 10,440,789 14,115,166	\$ 75,640,072 13,306,013 8,963,593	\$ 54,107,613 23,253,958 11,981,919	\$ 49,306,191 19,111,634 12,126,464	\$ 55,683,536 17,009,725 6,853,805	₩	55,063,983 14,728,335 4,997,674
Total primary government net position	134,361,911	130,316,440	\$ 122,282,969	\$ 112,896,876	\$ 104,544,540	\$ 97,909,678	\$ 89,343,490	\$ 80,544,289	\$ 79,547,066	€	74,789,992

CITY OF THE DALLES CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

JGRAM REVENUES Governmental activities	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
les for services, fees and fines eneral government blic Safety ghways and streets and terceation little grants and contributions alignants and contributions alignants and contributions for all grants and contributions.	\$ 827,472 80,198 29,031 7,425 1,345,197 5,226,194 7,515,517	\$ 795,571 166,977 16,547 10,308 1,531,413 6,246,040 8,766,856	\$ 639,682 109,656 6,579 5,785 1,147,662 5,579,603 7,488,967	\$ 1,869,609 201,241 16,346 4,528 1,114,743 3,192,842 6,399,309	\$ 945,631 223,699 19,731 4,588 1,098,952 2,680,626 4,973,227	\$ 662,698 241,242 12,928 18,346 960,217 2,077,651 3,973,082	\$ 1,207,216 243,128 28,342 21,681 2,169,009 2,739,012 6,408,388	\$ 1,111,793 235,252 33,944 20,605 2,790,732 1,970,505 6,162,831	\$ 895,831 222,585 12,424 18,740 1,988,624 2,318,755 5,456,959	\$ 1,741,823 229,428 10,573 12,401 1,920,600 1,286,046 5,200,871
-type activities ges for services fater fastewater irroot ating grants al grants Total business-type activities program revenues	6,460,016 5,976,749 - 233,780 12,670,545	6,495,686 5,759,046 - 811,538 13,066,270	6.362,649 7,641,449 - 175,000 11,964 14,191,062	5,937,310 7,130,096 - 3,696 13,071,102	5,911,987 6,024,501 - 515,897 12,452,385	5,890,309 5,862,797 - 1,061,609 12,814,715	6,137,909 6,137,909 - 1,174,329 13,031,466	5,820,678 5,733,933 - - 11,554,611	5,707,603 5,533,259 199,548 65,000 406,533 11,911,943	5,161,655 5,697,344 273,657 65,000 4,970,071 16,167,727
Total primary government program revenues	20,186,062	21,833,126	21,680,029	19,470,411	17,425,612	16,787,797	19,439,854	17,717,442	17,368,902	21,368,598
rental activities ral government c safety and justice vays and streets re and recreation sit on long term obligations Total governmental activities expenses	6,471,736 5,444,623 2,630,885 2,462,928 119,572 17,129,744	4,495,163 5,294,311 2,515,564 2,127,335 268,057 14,700,430	4,772,981 4,543,577 1,961,529 1,925,942 306,935 13,510,964	4,163,662 4,362,967 1,909,414 1,984,052 341,850 12,761,945	4,539,162 4,218,386 1,987,711 1,887,711 380,417 12,987,484	3,763,261 3,951,495 1,803,579 1,690,671 412,621 11,621,627	3,661,829 3,841,288 1,765,029 1,744,486 443,633	4,043,194 3,764,858 1,614,145 1,579,320 453,321 11,454,838	4,643,056 3,599,408 1,505,435 1,451,383 517,776 11,717,058	3,528,182 3,502,386 1,292,997 1,409,998 528,148
-type activities ewater 018 utility bond rt Total business-type activities expenses	4,510,105 4,541,607 184,599	4,464,661 3,912,610 263,984 - 8,641,255	3,598,702 3,861,783 293,864 -	3,753,063 3,704,777 321,923 7,779,763	3,503,705 3,083,208 349,447 6,936,360	3,655,523 3,293,026 211,414 7,159,963	3,714,854 2,806,274 - 6,521,128	3,778,964 3,139,369 - 6,918,333	3,659,726 2,993,590 - 260,659 6,913,975	3,713,333 3,147,900 - 286,049 7,147,282
	26,366,055	23,341,685	21,265,313	20,541,708	19,923,844	18,781,590	17,949,393	18,373,171	18,631,033	17,408,993
	(9,614,227) 3,434,234 \$ (6,179,993)	(5,933,574) 4,425,015 \$ (1,508,559)	(6,021,997) 6,436,713 \$ 414,716	(6,362,636) 5,291,339 \$ (1,071,297)	(8,014,257) 5,516,025 \$ (2,498,232)	(7,648,545) 5,654,752 \$ (1,993,793)	(5,019,877) 6,510,338 \$ 1,490,461	(5,292,007) 4,636,278 \$ (655,729)	(6,260,099) 4,997,968 \$ (1,262,131)	(5,060,840) 9,020,445 \$ 3,959,605

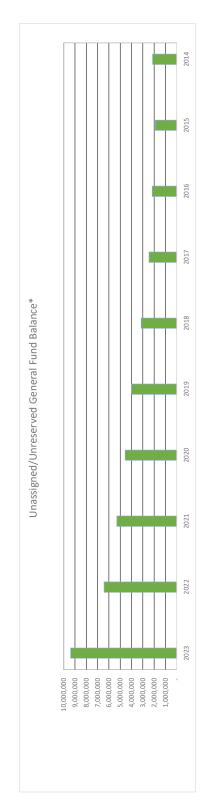
CITY OF THE DALLES
CHANGES IN NET POSITION
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS
(ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

(continued)	0000	CCCC	2000	CCCC	0,000	0,000	7,00	970	200	2
GENERAL REVENUES AND OTHER CHANGES IN NET POSITION General Revenues Property taxes levied for	0707	2022	202	2020	6102			2		1107
General purposes Urban renewal purposes Franchise and public service taxes	\$ 6,107,761 1,673,417 2,805,489	\$ 5,046,652 1,569,114 2,749,746	\$ 4,884,325 1,487,631 2,361,131	\$ 4,722,441 1,663,728 2,458,295	\$ 4,511,219 1,645,481 2,413,494	\$ 4,311,291 1,525,864 2,366,189	\$ 2,950,205 1,485,852 2,132,956	\$ 2,714,277 1,378,487 2,101,776	\$ 2,753,785 1,407,564 1,757,480	\$ 2,657,460 1,327,601 1,728,579
Interest and investment earnings Unrestricted grants and contributions	767,129	101,961	141,450	356,466	326,932	206,646	111,660	54,106	49,936	43,572
Miscellaneous Gain (loss) on sale of property	267,476									
Transfers Transfers Total governmental activities	1,742,002	1,437,266 10,904,739	1,526,421	1,452,132	1,402,100	1,300,986 9,710,976	1,334,452	1,299,746 7,548,392	1,473,387 7,442,152	1,507,292 7,264,504
Business-type activities Interest and investment eamings	324,818	74,557	96,840	222,703	235,968	202,863	161,264	73,317	50,440	42,092
Unrestricted grants and contributions Miscellaneous	178,634					705,604				(37,152)
cain (loss) on sale of property Transfers Total business-type activities	13,467 (1,742,002) (1,225,083)	(1,437,266) (1,362,709)	(1,526,421) (1,429,581)	(1,452,132) (1,229,429)	(1,402,100) (1,166,132)	(1,300,986) (392,519)	(1,334,452) (1,173,188)	(1,299,746) (1,226,429)	(1,473,387) (1,422,947)	(1,507,292) (1,502,352)
Total primary government	12,138,191	9,542,030	8,971,377	9,423,633	9,133,094	9,318,457	6,841,937	6,321,963	6,019,205	5,762,152
CHANGE IN NET POSITION Governmental activities Prior period adjustments ***	3,749,047	4,971,165	4,378,961	4,290,426	2,284,969	2,062,431	2,995,248	2,256,385	1,182,053	2,203,661
Governmental activities, as adjusted	1,848,343	4,971,165	4,378,961	4,290,426	2,284,969	2,843,926	2,995,248	8,853,261	1,182,053	2,038,611
Business-type activities Prior period adjustments***	2,209,151 (12,023)	3,062,306	5,007,132	4,061,910	4,349,893	5,262,233	5,337,150	3,409,849 (11,265,887)	3,575,021	(1,502,352) (214,006)
Business-type activities, as adjusted	2,197,128	3,062,306	5,007,132	4,061,910	4,349,893	5,722,262	5,337,150	(7,856,038)	3,575,021	(1,716,358)
Total primary government change in net position	4,045,471	8,033,471	9,386,093	8,352,336	6,634,862	8,566,188	8,332,398	997,223	4,757,074	322,253
NET POSITION BEGINNING Governmental activities Business-type activities	64,037,762 64,365,951	60,967,301	56,588,340 56,308,536	52,297,914 52,246,626	50,012,945 47,896,733	47,169,019 42,174,471	44,173,771 36,837,321	34,853,707 44,693,359	33,671,654 41,118,338	31,467,993 33,600,245
Total primary government net position-beginning	128,403,713	122,282,969	112,896,876	104,544,540	97,909,678	89,343,490	81,011,092	79,547,066	74,789,992	65,068,238
NET POSITION ENDING Governmental activities Business-type activities	67,786,809 66,575,102	65,938,466 64,377,974	60,967,301 61,315,668	56,588,340 56,308,536	52,297,914 52,246,626	50,012,945 47,896,733	47,169,019 42,174,471	43,706,968 36,837,321	34,853,707 44,693,359	33,671,654 41,118,338
Total primary government net postion	\$ 134,361,911	\$ 130,316,440	\$ 122,282,969	\$ 112,896,876	\$ 104,544,540	\$ 97,909,678	\$ 89,343,490	\$ 80,544,289	\$ 79,547,066	\$ 74,789,992

^{* 2014} net position-beginning are net of prior period adjustments of \$(165,050) governmental and \$(241,006) business-type activities.
** 2016 prior period adjustments are due to the Airport being reclassified as a joint venture, and being separated from the City as a business activity, and one half of the Airport assets being added to the governmental activities.
**Net position has een restated in relation to implementation of new accounting proncouncements issued by GASB as well as correction of accounting errors.

CITY OF THE DALLES
FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS
(MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	
GENERAL FUND Nonspendable Prepaids	\$ 17,222	\$ 175,113	\$ 174,542	\$ 168,235	\$ 163,833	\$ 159,388	\$ 146,177	\$ 144,028	\$ 132,551	\$	130,172
Committed Commited by ordinance or resolution Inassigned	- 6 382 537	1,467,341	1,411,470	1,490,141	1,438,545	1,352,126	1,369,385	1,107,207	1,169,225	1,25	1,256,941
Total general fund	9,399,759	8,067,289	6,886,340	6,221,196	5,585,162	4,655,218	3,967,064	3,420,297	3,200,474	3,53	3,530,674
ALL OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Nonsbendable											
Inventory Restricted	148,059	139,892	119,006	106,913	165,400	159,269	154,151	140,366	177,245	41	148,190
Grant / contributor specific intent	3,299,147	4,968,292	3,456,315	3,483,429	3,464,591	3,400,816	3,365,712	3,411,321	3,508,935	3,45	3,458,663
State statute	•	7,225,698	6,098,116	5,492,459	4,072,925	3,298,134	2,510,012	1,847,330	1,831,201	89	894,793
Debtservice	805,738	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		
Capital projects	1,557,476	•	•	'	•	•	•				
System development	5,331,949										
Full faith and credit debt	•	2,222,992	•		14,370	14,370	•	•			
Intergovernmental agreement	2,084,798	'	2,103,901	1,917,329	1,718,702	1,596,044	1,488,866	1,347,889	1,251,473	1,86	1,868,231
Committed											
Major capital facilities and assoicated debt	793,995	827,941	463,283	391,520	302,474	299,191	242,548	163,729	219,734	27	276,844
Local improvements and associated debt	•	•	469,219	521,904	574,631	535,675	565,598	458,063	107,657	~	18,401
Agreements with state agencies	2,474,149	1,729,452	1,852,606	652,118	91,412	110,105	82,867	37,689	43,449	•	(2,166)
Total all other governmental funds	16,495,311	17,114,267	14,562,446	12,565,672	10,404,505	9,413,604	8,409,754	7,406,387	7,139,694	99'9	6,662,956
Total governmental funds	\$ 25,895,070	\$ 25,181,556	\$ 21,448,786	\$ 18,786,868	\$ 15,989,667	\$ 14,068,822	\$ 12,376,818	\$ 10,826,684	\$ 10,340,168	\$ 10,19	10,193,630



CITY OF THE DALLES CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	
REVENUES											
Taxes	\$ 10,122,971	\$ 8,995,455	\$ 8,414,578	\$ 8,451,478	\$ 8,179,210	\$ 7,825,266	\$ 6,308,619	\$ 6,025,127	\$ 5,661,611	\$ 5,359,205	205
Inter-governmental	6,571,391	7,814,189	5,527,689	3,905,841	3,105,605	2,722,194	3,899,215	3,848,504	4,235,990	3,161,324	324
Franchise fees	447,569	403.523	394,694	383,959	378,063	371.027	258,417	227.827	266,968	331,184	184
Fines and forfeitures	141,580	177,280	113,110	215,730	242,550	257,822	258,049	249,906	234,947	241,481	481
Charges for services					67.227	45,992	66,595	49,250	40,507	27.6	27.673
System development charges	154.740	77.564	95.504	79.764	261,020	72,261	239,963	84,850	35,334	95,4	95,479
Special assessments	20,347	33,040	31,151	117,138	111,132	50,493	191,204	469,501	82,657	580,919	919
Principal and interest repayments		'							'		٠
Rents and interest	1,394,588	512,972	557,003	807,320	753,549	477,694	544,083	502,604	485,684	431,657	657
Other revenue	339,525	495,448	175,912	1,315,761	456,517	586,857	447,791	922,148	502,387	273,589	589
Total revenues	19,192,711	18,509,471	15,309,641	15,276,991	13,554,873	12,409,606	12,213,936	12,379,717	11,546,085	10,502,511	511
EXPENDITURES											
Current											
General government	3,502,657	3,949,134	4,027,857	3,566,200	3,372,562	3,256,199	3,260,351	3,237,110	3,363,935	2,910,0	900
Public safety	5,357,961	5,256,853	4,397,450	4,279,586	4,150,222	3,884,806	3,738,742	3,685,123	3,526,407	3,337,983	983
Planning and economic development	506,230	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		١
Highways and streets	2,731,497	1,735,174	1,927,801	1,388,614	1,396,492	1,218,883	1,179,016	1,082,520	1,021,840	985,621	621
Culture and recreation	2,383,508	2,044,379	1,325,371	1,860,359	1,811,394	1,646,012	1,680,709	1,543,977	1,414,754	1,231,798	798
Capital outlay	3,050,774	2,202,833	1,377,988	1,711,648	1,188,912	916,391	1,013,464	2,516,214	2,413,193	1,205,442	442
Debt service											
Principal	1,424,444	809,455	767,318	732,644	026,769	671,906	642,232	617,558	596,494	760,077	220
Interest	493,206	319,809	358,565	393,387	432,293	464,393	495,557	524,654	548,296	579,587	287
Total expenditures	19,450,277	16,317,637	14,182,350	13,932,438	13,049,845	12,058,590	12,010,071	13,207,156	12,884,919	11,010,514	514
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(257,566)	2,191,834	1,127,291	1,344,553	505,028	351,016	203,865	(827,439)	(1,338,834)	(508,003)	003)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Proceeds of financing agreement	168 054							,	,	101.829	829
Lease inception	22,108	87,072	•			•	•				
Sale of fixed capital assets			8,116	909	13,717	40,002	11,817	6,719	11,985		,
Transfers in	4,389,310		3,394,762	3,287,752	2,830,004	2,874,161	2,885,047	3,193,664	3,504,190	3,237,423	423
Transfers out	(1,844,570)	\smile	(1,868,341)	(1,835,620)	(1,427,904)	(1,573,175)	(1,550,595)	(1,893,918)	(2,030,803)	(1,730,131	131)
Total other financing sources (uses)	2,734,902	1,540,937	1,534,537	1,452,738	1,415,817	1,340,988	1,346,269	1,306,465	1,485,372	1,609,121	121
Net change in fund balances	\$ 2,477,336	\$ 3,732,771	\$ 2,661,828	\$ 2,797,291	\$ 1,920,845	\$ 1,692,004	\$ 1,550,134	\$ 479,026	\$ 146,538	\$ 1,101,118	118
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	10.9%	8.0%	8.5%	80.6	9.1%	10.0%	10.2%	10.2%	10.1%	13	13.5%

CITY OF THE DALLES
PROGRAM REVENUES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS
(MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

2016 2015 2014		\$ 3,082,298 \$ 3,214,586 \$	235,252 222,585	891,733	1,953,548 1,165,756	6,162,831 5,456,959		5,820,678 5,730,696		- 647,988	66 11,554,611 11,911,943 16,167,727	54 \$ 17,717,442 \$ 17,368,902 \$ 21,368,598
2017	•	59		900,410				6,893,557		'	13,031,466	\$ 19,439,854
2018	1	\$ 2,740,349	241,242	969,448	22,043	3,973,082		6,938,940	5,875,775	•	12,814,715	\$ 16,787,797
2019		\$ 3,626,257	223,699	1,096,920	26,351	4,973,227		5,915,183	6,537,202		12,452,385	\$ 17,425,612
2020	000	\$ 5,062,451	213,002	1,026,143	97,713	6,399,309		5,937,448	7,133,654		13,071,102	\$ 19,470,411
2021	6	\$ 6,219,285	113,914	9,419	1,146,349	7,488,967		6,362,649	7,828,413		14,191,062	\$ 21,680,029
2022	6	\$ 7,041,611	190,609	20,966	1,513,670	8,766,856		7,297,957	5,768,313		13,066,270	\$ 21,833,126
2023	6	\$ 6,053,666	137,998	1,312,418	11,435	7,515,517		6,678,006	5,992,539		12,670,545	\$ 20,186,062
	FUNCTION/PROGRAM Governmental activities	General government	Public safety	Highways and streets	Culture and recreation	Total governmental activities	Business-type activities	Water	Waste water	Airport *	Total business-type activities	Total primary government

* The Airport has been reclassified as a "joint venture" and so has been removed form the City's business activities as of 2016

CITY OF THE DALLES

TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

City	Gasoline	Taxes	\$ 449,660	476,807	485,409	501,456	518,183	507,552	475,432	479,619	505,837	492,181
Transient	Room	Taxes	\$ 589,919	699,538	774,459	794,439	807,020	825,988	673,223	689,146	997,209	1,016,827
	Property	Taxes	\$ 3,812,124	3,965,710	3,914,828	4,253,171	4,359,755	4,680,759	4,856,548	5,002,897	5,085,775	6,211,599
		Year	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023

CITY OF THE DALLES ASSESSED VALUATION AND ACTUAL VALUES OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Real Poperty Assessed	Personal Property	Total Taxable Assessed	Total Direct	Estimated Real Market
Year	Value	\sse	Value		Value
014	\$ 973,218,575	\$ 39,433,682	\$1,012,652,257	\$ 3.0155	\$ 1,608,434,442
015	949,356,866	99,175,645	1,048,532,511	3.0155	1,298,752,196
2016	976,761,450	102,771,898	1,079,533,348	3.0155	1,625,848,326
:017	101,779,141	106,663,306	208,442,447	3.0155	1,795,227,733
2018	1,061,276,720	110,567,256	1,171,843,976	3.0155	1,933,064,130
019	1,123,378,702	121,282,394	1,244,661,096	3.0155	241,184,802
2020	1,167,757,354	117,462,023	1,285,219,377	3.0155	2,426,595,157
2021	1,227,829,800	121,443,646	1,349,273,446	3.0155	2,884,325,345
2022	1,255,787,540	125,449,933	1,381,237,473	3.0155	2,741,337,003
2023	1,407,174,151	369,090,384	1,776,264,535	3.0155	3,435,429,142

CITY OF THE DALLES
PROPERTY TAX RATES - LOBECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS
(PER \$1,000 OF ASSESSED VALUATION)
LASTTEN FISCAL YEARS

		Total	Direct and	Overlapping	Rates	19.0921	19.3779	19.3212	19.0663	18.9344	18.9899	18.9614	18.7724	18.4657	18.4657
						0.2564	0.245	0.2487	0.0196	0	0	0	0	0	0
		Columbia	Gorge	Community	College	0.2703	0.2703	0.2703	0.2703	0.2703	0.2703	0.2703	0.2703	0.2703	0.2703
	Columbia			Service			0.4678	0.4678	0.4678	0.4678	0.4678	0.4678	0.4678	0.4678	0.4678
				District		1	5.2399	5.2399	5.2399	5.2399	5.2399	5.2399	5.2399	5.2399	5.2399
			School	District	No. 12	1.7765	1.7588	1.7052	1.6991	1.6485	1.6268	1.5589	1.5589	1.5589	1.5589
overnments		Wasco	County	Library	District	0.68	0.68	0.68	0.68	0.68	0.68	0.68	0.68	0.68	0.68
Overlapping Governments	Northern Wasco Co					-	0.3228	0.2953	0.2824	0.2954	0.288	0.3227	0.3067	0	0
	Northern	County	Parks and	Recreation	Bond	0.6799	0.6799	0.6799	0.6799	0.6799	0.6799	0.6799	0.6799	0.6799	0.6799
				Fire and			2.2449	2.2656	2.2588	2.1841	2.2687	2.2734	2.1004	2.1004	2.1004
				Port of	The Dalles	0.2007	0.2007	0.2007	0.2007	0.2007	0.2007	0.2007	0.2007	0.2007	0.2007
			Wasco	County	VA Bonds	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
				Wasco	County	4.2523	4.2523	4.2523	4.2523	4.2523	4.2523	4.2523	4.2523	4.2523	4.2523
			City of	The Dalles	Direct Rate	3.0155	3.0155	3.0155	3.0155	3.0155	3.0155	3.0155	3.0155	3.0155	3.0155
City			Urban	Renewal	Tax Rate	0.221	0.221	0.2194	0.2203	0.2185	0.2246	0.2167	0.2086	0.21	0.1767
				Adjusted			2.7945	2.7961	2.7952	2.797	2.7909	2.7988	2.8069	2.8055	2.8388
	I					2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023

CITY OF THE DALLES PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	Percentatge of Levy 100.18%	%69.66	%89.76	95.32%	96.17%	80.63%	98.26%	%86.93%	97.22%	%69.96
	Amount 4,116,881	4,053,897	4,066,200	4,321,267	4,500,253	4,037,149	5,068,719	5,044,605	5,222,190	6,304,483
	Collections in Subsequent Years 159,205	139,069	100,490	960'89	140,498	157,243	212,171	40,708	136,416	92,884
Collected within the Fiscal Year of the Levy	Percentage of Levy 96.31%	92.41%	95.27%	93.81%	93.16%	77.49%	94.15%	95.15%	94.68%	95.26%
Colle	Amount 3,957,676	3,914,828	3,965,710	4,253,171	4,359,755	3,879,906	4,856,548	5,003,897	5,085,775	6,211,599
	Tax Levy for the Fiscal Year 4,109,378	4,236,498	4,162,816	4,533,590	4,679,644	5,006,827	5,158,457	5,258,745	5,371,349	6,520,444
	Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023

CITY OF THE DALLES PRINCIPAL TAXPAYERS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND DECEMBER 31, 2012

		December 31, 2022	
	Real Property		Percentage of Total
Taxpayer	Assessed Valuation	Rank	Assessed Valuation
Google LLC	\$ 234,963,640	1	13.23%
Design LLC	109,698,376	2	6.18%
Union Pacific Railroad Co.	52,388,352	8	2.95%
BNSF Railway Co	50,496,563	4	2.84%
Northern Wasco County PUD	47,588,125	2	2.68%
Lumen Technologies Inc	25,546,000	9	1.44%
Gas Transmission Northwest L	1 20,079,395	7	1.13%
Oregon Cherry Growers LLC	17,015,806	80	%96:0
FM Dalles F LLC	16,243,060	0	0.91%
Northwest Natural Gas Compe	14,734,000	10	0.83%
Total principal taxpayers	588,753,317		33.15%
Total assessed valuation	\$ 1,776,264,535		
		December 31, 2012	
	Real Property		Percentage of Total
Taxpayer	Assessed Valuation	Rank	Assessed Valuation
Northern Wasco County PUD	\$ 12,258,800	1	1.28%
Oregon Cherry Growers, Inc.	12,183,141	2	1.27%
Metropolitan Life Insurance Co	c 11,676,188	က	1.22%
Home Depot USA, Inc.	10,603,615	4	1.11%
CenturyLink	7,932,700	2	0.83%
Union Pacific Railroad Co.	7,566,295	9	%62'0
Safeway, Inc.	7,033,215	7	0.73%
Wasco Assisted Living, LLC	6,996,705	80	0.73%
SHNW Properties, LLC	6,832,868	6	0.71%
Cascade Square, LLC	6,529,668	10	%89.0
Total principal taxpayers	89,613,195		9:36%
Total assessed valuation	\$ 957,528,056		

CITY OF THE DALLES
RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Percentage of Actual Taxable Value of Property	2.74%	2.73%	2.49%	1.99%	2.18%	1.89%	1.66%	1.41%	1.38%	1.08%
	Per Capita	\$ 1,921	1,976	1,851	1,439	1,635	1,512	1,309	1,189	1,158	1,189
	Percentage of Personal Income *	N/A	N/A	K/N	N/A	N/A	K/N	A/N	A/N	K/N	N/A
	Total Primary Government	\$ 27,740,446	28,615,296			25,582,880	23,519,649	21,330,513	19,074,781	19,317,191	19,315,072
Business-type Activities	Loans Payable **		4,266,008	4,065,974	3,138,518	4,428,222	4,275,743	4,062,939	3,845,545	4,823,850	6,527,315
Business-ty	FFCO Bonds	\$ 1,337,901	3,250,301	3,090,198	1,008,856	888,986	765,181	636,048	501,590	347,664	210,323
	Revenue	\$ 10,704,972	10,033,307	9,331,642	8,604,977	11,329,860	10,289,977	9,224,516	8,129,511	7,006,140	6,385,032
	Leases Payable	- ←	1	1	,	,	•	1	7,537	77,144	78,862
	Loans Payable	\$ 100,655	20,890	25,846	•		•		ı	•	
vities	FFCO Bonds	\$11,660,378	11,014,790	10,348,138	9,656,812	8,935,812	8,188,748	7,407,010	6,590,598	7,062,393	6,113,540
Governmental Activities	Revenue Bonds	,	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	1
	Limited Tax Increment Bonds	1		•			•		•	•	1
	General Obligation Bonds	,	1	1	1		•	•	1	•	
	Fiscal Year	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023

Note: Presented net of origional issuance discounts and preiums

* N/A Information is not available below County level.

** Amount includes proceeds for the ARRA Forgivable Loan (\$2,988,773) that were accrued on a reimbursement basis in 2012 and 2013. The loan was forgiven in 2014.

CITY OF THE DALLES
RATIOS OF GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Per	Capita		ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	1	ı	•
Percentage of Actual Taxable Value of	Property	%00'0	%00:0	%00:0	%00.0	%00.0	%00.0	%00.0	%00.0	%00.0	%00.0
Total Taxable Assessed	Value	\$ 1,012,652,257	1,048,532,511	1,079,533,348	1,128,442,447	1,179,634,596	1,240,914,769	1,285,219,377	1,349,273,446	1,381,237,473	1,776,264,535
General Obligation	Bonds	1		ı	1	ı	ı	1	1	1	•
Fiscal	Year	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023

CITY OF THE DALLES DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT JUNE 30, 2023

Governmental Unit	Gross Property-tax Backed Debt (a)	Percentage Applicable to City of The Dalles	Amount Applicable to City of The Dalles
Debt repaid with property taxes			
Columbia Gorge Comm. Coll (Treaty-Oak AED)	\$ 16,194,834	20.7912%	\$ 3,367,104
Mid-Columbia Fire and Rescue	470,000	76.5104%	359,599
Northern OR Regional Corrections	1,330,000	%0000'0	1
Northern Wasco Co. Parks & Rec District	3,660,108	7.1193%	260,574
Port of The Dalles	2,137,500	66.3953%	1,419,200
Wasco CTY SD 12 (The Dalles) Bonds	17,160,513	84.0903%	14,430,327
Wasco CTY SD 21 (The Dalles/Watonka)	4,590,000	69.6591%	3,197,353
Wasco CTY SD 29	1,138,664	0.8376%	9,537
Subtotal, overlapping debt			23,043,694 (b)
City direct debt			6,113,540 (c)
Total direct and overlapping debt			\$ 29,157,234

NOTE:

- "Gross Property-tax Backed Debt" includes all General Obligation (GO) bonds and Full Faith & Credit Bonds, but excludes self-supporting Bancroft bonds and self-supporting revenue bonds. a
- Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the City. The
- percentage of overlap is determined by how much of the real market value is shared by each entity with the City of the Dalles. This information is provided by the Oregon Department of Revenue and used by the Oregon State Treasury Department to develop the Overlapping Debt Reports for the City. q
- City Direct Debt includes property-tax backed debt for the Full Faith & Credit Bonds, but excludes self-supporting revenue bonds. <u>ပ</u>

CITY OF THE DALLES LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

Total Net Bonded Debt Applicable to the Limit as a Percentage of Debt Limit 0.00%	%00.0	%00.0	%00.0	%00.0	%00.0	%00.0	%00:0	%00'0	%00:0
Legal Debt Margin \$48,253,033	38,962,566	48,775,450	53,856,832	57,991,924	72,355,442	72,797,855	86,529,760	82,240,110	103,062,874
Less General Bonded Debt June 30	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	•	ı	•	•
Debt Limit \$48,253,033	38,962,566	48,775,450	53,856,832	57,991,924	72,355,442	72,797,855	86,529,760	82,240,110	103,062,874
Debt Limit Rate 3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%
Real Market Value \$ 1,608,434,442	1,298,752,196	1,625,848,326	1,795,227,733	1,933,064,130	2,411,848,062	2,426,595,157	2,884,325,345	2,741,337,003	3,435,429,142
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023

Note: The City has not had any general obligation bonds subsequent to 2000.

CITY OF THE DALLES
DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Unemployment Rate	6.40%	4.30%	4.00%	4.30%	3.70%	3.40%	9.30%	4.20%	3.30%	4.20%
Per Capita Income	A/N	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	A/N	A/N	A/N	A/N	A/N
Personal Income	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	A/Z	N/A	N/A	A/N	A/Z
Population	\$ 14,440	14,480	14,515	15,572	15,646	15,554	16,290	16,031	16,488	16,157
Year	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023

N/A Information at City level not available.

Note: The only personal income information available for the City is based on tax returns filed with the State of Oregon.

CITY OF THE DALLES
PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS
CURRENT YEAR AND TEN YEARS AGO

	Percent of Total	Employment	10.72%	4.94%	3.36%	2.98%	2.53%	2.22%	2.22%	1.81%	1.61%	1.42%	33.80%	
2022-23		Rank	_	2	က	4	2	9	7	6	80	10		
		Employees	846	390	265	235	200	175	175	143	127	112	2,668	7.894
			Mid Columbia Medical Center	School District #21	Fred Meyer	State of Oregon	Google	Columbia Gorge Community College	Oregon Veterans Home	Wasco County	Pacific Coast Producers	U.S. Army Corps of Engineers		Total employment

* Counts are FTE equivalents and do not include short-term seasonal postions

	Percent	of Total	Employment	9.25%	4.29%	4.14%	2.53%	2.47%	1.60%		1.09%	1.09%	0.99%	27.81%
2012-13			Rank	_	2	က	4	2	9	7	∞	o	10	
			Employees	730	339	327	200	195	126	66	98	98	78	2,266
				Mid Columbia Medical Center	Oregon Cherry Growers	School District #21	State of Oregon	Oregon Veterans Home	Wasco County	City of The Dalles	Columbia Gorge Community College	Sunshine Mill	Safeway Food and Drug	

8,147

Total employment

CITY OF THE DALLES FULL TIME EQUIVALENT CITY EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM AND BARGAINING UNIT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

16.00 13.80
.66 65.4
23.00 22.50
13.00 13.8
101 101.45
41.90 39.45
4.00 18.00
60.00 62.0
101.90 101.45

CITY OF THE DALLES
OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2023 2022		2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
17,693	17,	720	16,787	16,648	15,756	13,375	12,218	*\Z	11,166	11,187
2,564	, 2,	2,495	2,583	2,621	2,559	2,060	2,220	*A/N	2,600	2,423
814		823	922	1,125	919	837	1,793	N/A*	1,371	1,233
558		545	940	1,544	1,692	1,374	1,720	1,467	1,504	1,357
		,	9		235	372	279	429	364	511
12		12	22	_	6	_	30	19	40	99
21		_	17	က	109	81	47	66	22	44
1						5	9	4	6	9
8,885	6	089'6	10,563	15,411	15,665	15,562	15,651	14,538	13,534	12,056
161,552	137,	,234	74,924	182,523	236,571	219,628	197,620	190,785	164,106	157,475
1,627		349	299	029	784	362	340	472	264	418
24,924	4	,118	23,620	10,168	14,023	4,194	3,617	5,759	4,706	6,978
5,224	4	,821	5,695	6,632	6,113	6,315	5,425	6,563	8,995	4,688
100	Ц		1 064	4 640	4 770	4 4 4 2	3001	4 647	4 500	4 504
5,103	ń		4,864	4,040	4,773	4,440	4,025	4,017	4,390	180,4
3,249,117	3,295,441		3,221,860	2,983,584	3,005,304	2,994,521	3,121,860	2,969,589	3,475,890	2,711,309
179			218	196	159	139	134	183	149	187
3,682,507	3,677,962		4,294,605	3,370,000	3,456,900	3,341,700	3,300,000	3,360,415	3,303,658	3,301,370

(1) Police statistics are for the calendar year. * N/A: Data was not available for this year.

CITY OF THE DALLES
CAPITAL ASSET AND INFRASTRUCTURE STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

2017 2016 2015	3 13 13 13 13 13 13 14 14 14 18 18 18 18	8 18 17 17 17 17 55.5 25.5	5 85.1 69.2 69.2 8 13.2 16.4 16.4 6 6 6	4 101.3 101.3 101.3 101.3 101.3 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
19 2018	13 45 19 18	19 18 26 26.25	85.1 87.5 13.2 10.8 6 6	104.75 104 5 5 5 1 1 3 3	100.0 100.9	42 42 42
2020 2019	£ 4 0	7 19 29	85.4 16.24 6	104.79	100.4	1 4 4 2 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4
2021	13 20	20	8.3 8.3 9.3	104.89	100.6	1 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4
2022	13 44 20	20 27.25	8.3 6.3	104.89	101.0	1 4 4
2023	13	20 2 24.4	81.19 8.3 6	105.11	101.8	1 4 4
FINCTION/DBOGBAM	Governmental activities General government Buildings owned Vehicles (excluding automobiles) Heavy equipment	Public safety and justice Police Police vehicles Number of employees	Streets and highways Miles of streets maintained by City Paved Unpaved Bridges and underpasses	Business-type activities Water Miles of water lines (estimated) Reservoirs Water treatment plant Wells	Wastewater Treatment plant Miles of sewer lines (estimated) Lift stations	Airport Terminal Maintenance and T-hangers Other buildings

* 2014 Now includes lift flight hanger and eliminated electrical Bidg, which is now part of new maintenance hanger. * 2015 Purchased "D" hanger with 9 T-hangers.



AUDIT COMMENTS AND DISCLOSURES



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT REQUIRED BY OREGON STATE REGULATIONS

Mayor and City Council City of The Dalles, Oregon The Dalles, Oregon

We have audited the basic financial statements of the City of The Dalles, Oregon (the City) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and have issued our report thereon dated December 15, 2023. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and Government Auditing Standards..

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes (ORS) as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-0000 through 162-10-0320 of the *Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations*, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not the objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

We performed procedures to the extent we considered necessary to address the required comments and disclosures but were not limited to the following:

- Deposit of public funds with financial institutions under ORS Chapter 295.
- Indebtedness limitations, restrictions and repayment.
- Budgets legally required under ORS Chapter 294.
- Insurance and fidelity under bonds in force or required by law.
- Programs funded from outside sources.
- Highway revenues used for public highways, roads, and streets.
- Authorized investment of surplus funds (ORS Chapter 294).
- Public contracts and purchasing under (ORS Chapters 279A, 279B, 279C).

In connection with our testing, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe the City was not in substantial compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administration Rules 162-10-0000 through 162-10-0320 of the *Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations*.

OAR 162-10-0230 Internal Control

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Restrictions on Use

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Honorable Mayor and City Council, Management of the City and the Oregon Secretary of State and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these parties.

Jeny Grupe, CPA

KDP Certified Public Accountants, LLP

Lend gabe

Medford, Oregon December 15, 2023



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of the Dalles The Dalles, Oregon

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and aggregate remaining fund information of the City of the Dalles, Oregon (the City) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 15, 2023.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the City's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider a material weakness.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Management's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the City of the Dalles, Oregon response to finding identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and question costs. The City's response has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Jeny Grupe, CPA

KDP Certified Public Accountants, LLP

Medford, Oregon December 15, 2023



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Honorable Mayor and Council City of The Dalles, Oregon The Dalles, Oregon

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited City of the Dalles, Oregon (the City) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on the City's major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2023. The City's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for the major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the City's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the City's compliance with the requirements of the major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design
 and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a
 test basis, evidence regarding the City's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to
 above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the City's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order
 to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on
 internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose
 of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance.
 Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal controls over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Jeny Grupe, CPA, Partner

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KDP Certified Public Accountants, LLP

Medford, Oregon December 15, 2023

CITY OF THE DALLES SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Entity Grant/Contract Number	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of the Treasury Passed through State of Oregon Department of Administrative Services: Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds Total Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	10.553	N/A	\$ 440,000 440,000
	Total U.S. Department	of the Treasury	\$ 440,000
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development Passed through State of Oregon Department of Administrative Services: Coronavirus Community Service Development Block Grant Total Coronavirus Community Service Development Block Grant	14.228	N/A	\$ 442,483 442,483
	U.S. Department of Housing and Urba	n Development	\$ 442,483
	Total Expenditures of	Federal Awards	\$ 882,483

CITY OF THE DALLES NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Note 1 – Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal awards activity of City of Rogue River (the City) under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2023. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the City, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, change in net assets, functional expenses, or cash flows of the City.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

Note 3 - Indirect Cost Rate

The City has elected not to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Note 4 – Subrecipients

The City did not have any awards that were passed through to subrecipients for the year ended June 30, 2023.

CITY OF THE DALLES SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

SECTION I – SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial Statements

Type of report the auditor issued on whether the financial with GAAP: Unmodified	statements audited were	e prepared in accordance
Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified? 	□ Yes □ Yes	⊠ No ⊠ None Reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	□ Yes	⊠ No
Federal Awards		
 Internal control over major federal programs: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified? 	□ Yes	⊠ No ⊠ None reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for majo federal programs:	r Unmodifie	ed
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	□ Yes	⊠ No
Identification of major federal programs:		
AL Number(s) #10.553	Name of Federal P Coronavirus State and	Program or Cluster Local Fiscal Recovery Funds
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A an	d type B programs:	\$750,000
Auditee qualified as a low-risk auditee?	□ Yes	⊠ No
SECTION II – FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS		

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None

SECTION III - FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

None