

City Council Work Session February 4, 2019 - 6:00 PM Public safety building 401 east third street

- I. CALL MEETING TO ORDER
- II. ROLL CALL
- III. REVIEW OF THE COUNCIL AGENDA AND MEETING
- IV. COUNCIL BUSINESS ITEMS
- V. TRANSIENT LODGING TAX WORKSHOP
- VI. ADJOURNMENT

TRANSIT LODGING TAX PROGRAM

City Council February 4, 2019

- Economic Development Strategy identified Tourism & Hospitality as a pillar
- Advisory Group established to City Manger to develop Tourism Strategy
- Outlook hired to prepare Tourism Strategy
- Tourism Strategy approved by Resolution No. 2106-3307 (6/16)
- Three focus areas:
 - Organizational Development
 - **Destination Development**
 - **Destination Marketing**

- Fall 2016 City Council Work Sessions on organizational structure (4 models – outside organization, Chamber, hire City staff, using existing City staff)
- October 2016 Selection to use existing City staff and Ad Hoc Committee
- Council appointed Transit Lodging Tax (TLT) Ad Hoc Committee
 December 2016
- TLT commenced activities January 2017

Established Activities by City Council:

- An Ad Hoc Committee be established by the City Council that would operate for no less than two and no more than four years.
- 2. The Ad Hoc Committee consist of not more than 13 members drawing from members of the TLT Advisory Group plus a person representing Airbnb/VRBO's, a City Council member, a general at-large citizen and Ex Officio members of the Mayor and City Manager.
- 3. The Ad Hoc Committee would be staffed by existing city staff.

- 4. The Ad Hoc Committee's role would be to solicit for tourism related facility projects, review proposals and make recommendations to the City Council.
- 5. The City Council would make the decision on what tourism related facility projects get funded.
- 6. The Ad Hoc Committee would make recommendations on the small grant program to the City Council.

- 7. During the two year period the Ad Hoc committee continues the discussion of an organizational model appropriate for Newberg given the funding available and report their recommendations back to the City Council.
- 8. The City discuss with the Chehalem Valley Chamber additional services that could be provided such as FAM's, Marketing and Destination Development. Funding for these services would come out of the Tourism Promotion expense line.
- 9. Funds be allocated for a consultant to conduct an assessment of existing marketing material and provide recommendations for updating or modifying marketing material.

- TLT Marketing Subcommittee established rather than hiring a consultant
- Grant Program established for Small Grants and Destination Development/Marketing Grants
- Discussions on Organizational Structure

2016/2017 Small Grant

Approved

- Oregon Camellia Society American Camellia Society
 2017 Annual Convention in Newberg \$2,000.
- Chehalem Cultural Center Newberg Camellia Festival & Run/Walk - \$6,550
- 3. Hoover-Minthorn House Museum Informational Signs at Gates to Hoover-Minthorn House Museum \$1,400.
- 4. Newberg Old Fashioned Festival NOFF 2017 Grand Fireworks Celebration \$3,500.
- 5. Yamhill Community Action Partnership Light The Fire A YCAP Benefit \$6,550.

Not Approved

Tunes on Tuesday as Presented by the Young
 Professionals of Yamhill Valley – 2017 Tunes on Tuesday
 as Presented by the Young Professionals of Yamhill Valley:
 Semi-Permanent Fencing Plan - \$10,000.

2017/2018 Small Grant

Approved

- Hoover-Minthorn House Museum Herbert Hoover's
 Oregon Boyhood An Exhibit and Marketing Plan \$2,500.
- Anvil Academy Newberg Grand Prix Cycle Kart Rally -\$2,500.
- 3. Oregon Truffle Festival Oregon Truffle Festival Newberg Weekend the Terroir of Truffles \$7,000.
- 4. Chehalem Cultural Center The Newberg Camellia Festival and Run/Walk \$8,000.

Not Approved

1. Anvil Academy – Promotion of 2019 Newberg Grand Prix Rally at Portland Indy Car Event - \$10,000.

2017/2018 Destination Development-Marketing Grant

Approved

- 1. Newberg Downtown Wineries Association Strategic Multi-Media Presence \$20,000.
- 2. Chehalem Cultural Center Culinary Enrichment Center- \$250,000.
- 3. Wolves & People Steins to Vines Trail \$30,000.

Not Approved

- Hoover-Minthorn House Museum Roof/Gutters/Electrical - \$30,000.
- 2. Chehalem Park and Recreation District Darnell Wright Sport Complex Lighting \$225,000.
- 3. City of Newberg Cultural District Wayfinding \$73,500.

VISIT NEWBERG

- August 20, 2018 City Council/TLT Work Session on organizational structure – Visit Newberg
- December 17, 2018 City Council Agreement, Board of Director Recommendation, & Info Item; Tabled Agreement and Info Item
- December 2018 Visit Newberg filed Articles of Incorporation
- January 22, 2019 City Council Tabled Agreement, Directed TLT Committee to come back with start-up costs for Visit Newberg
- January 30, 2019 Visit Newberg held Organizational meeting

TLT AD HOC COMMITTEE

- January 31, 2019 TLT Ad Committee and Marketing
 Subcommittee informed they had been disbanded with legal
 formation of Visit Newberg (actual terms ended in December
 2018 but Committee's agreed to continue for up to three months)
- December 17, 2018 City Council awarded \$14,000 to the Camellia Festival for 2019

VISIT NEWBERG START-UP COSTS

	Start-	Start-up Estimate/4 months	
		(March - June)	
Recruitment Services	5	10,000.00	
subto	tal \$	10,000.00	
General Administration			
Start-up costs			
Executive Director Salary	\$	25,000.00	
Executive Director Benefits	\$	6,666.67	
Payroll Taxes			
CVCC Staff Support	5	8,000.00	
Business Cards	\$	120.00	
Office Space Lease	\$	8,000.00	
Computer set up with Chamber network	\$	2,100.00	
Office Phone purchase	5	95.00	
Desk			
Chair			
Office Supplies			
File Cabinet			
Laptop	\$	3,000.00	
Cell Phone	ş	900.00	
Cell Phone Monthly Service	5	400.00	
Travel Expenses/Milage/Hotel	*****	2,300.00	
Bank Services	5	120.00	
Organization Memberships	5	3,000.00	
Training/Conferences	S	1,500.00	
Professional Fees (Legal/Accounting/Insurance)	ş	15,000.00	
Entertainment/Meals	ş	1,933.33	
Dues & Subscriptions	\$ \$	666.67	
Contrigency	\$	10,000.00	
rubto	cal S	89.001.67	
Sabio		83,001.67	
Marketing Expenses	\$	50,000.00	
	cal S	149.001.67	
Rounded To		130,000.00	
Rounged To	tal 3	130,000.00	

NEXT STEPS

- February 19, 2019 Council reviews Start-up costs
- City inform Chamber to use existing funds allocated for marketing until Visit Newberg Executive Director is hired
- Visit Newberg obtains 501(c)(6) status
- Visit Newberg negotiations on office space and other organizational matters and hire Executive Director
- Negotiations with City/Visit Newberg on Agreement

NEXT STEPS

- May 20, 2019 City Council review of Visit Newberg Agreement, Business Plan & Budget for FY 2019/20
- Staff administers outstanding awarded Small and Destination Development-Marketing Grants
- City Council to review modifications to City/Chamber contract (May/June)
- Anticipated future quarterly reports from Visit Newberg and Annual Business Plan & Budget

QUESTIONS





City Council Business Session February 4, 2019 - 7:00 PM Public safety building 401 east third street

- I. CALL TO ORDER
- II. ROLL CALL
- III. PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE
- IV. PRESENTATIONS
- IV.a Presentation of the Independent Auditor Report and the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the year ended June 30, 2018
 2019-02-04 Audit Report & CAFR RCA packet.pdf
- V. CITY MANAGER'S REPORT
- VI. COUNCIL APPOINTMENTS
- VI.a RCA Riverfront Master Plan Citizens Advisory Committee Appointment RCA RMP CAC appt 2-4-19.doc
- VI.b To consent to the Mayor's Appointment of members to the Housing Needs Assessment Project Advisory Committee. RCA HNA Committee appointments Jack Kriz.pdf
- VI.c RCA Community Visioning Advisory Committee Appointment RCA CVAC Quinn appointment.docx
- VII. PUBLIC COMMENTS
- VIII. CONSENT CALENDAR
- VIII.a Resolution 2019-3528, A resolution to authorize the City Manager to enter into a professional services agreement with Kittelson & Associates, Inc. to design the city's 2019 Pavement Preservation Project in the amount of \$131,855.00.

 Res2019-3528 PvPsPj DgnAward r2.pdf
- VIII.b Resolution 2019-3535 Ratifying a Change Order for \$10,923 to the contract between WCCCA and Sabre Industries relating to the CIty of Newberg's piece of the Emergency Communications System Upgrade Project 2019-02-04 RCA for Change Order #1.pdf

IX. NEW BUSINESS

IX.a Newberg Cultural District Annual Report for 2018

RCA Cultural District Annual Report 2019.pdf NCD Annual Report April 2019.pdf

IX.b Resolution 2019-3523, To initiate a resolution for an amendment to the Newberg Comprehensive Plan and Municipal Code, Title 15: Development Code to allow duplexes and triplexes in the R-1 zone.

RCA Res 2019-3523.pdf

IX.c Resolution 2019-3529, Initiate Development Code Amendment Vertical Housing Regulations

RCA Resolution 2019-3529 - Amendment Vertical Housing Regulations.doc

IX.d Resolution 2019-3530, Initiate Development Code Amendment Residential parking regulations downtown

RCA Resolution 2019-3530 - Amendment Residential Parking Regulations.doc

IX.e Resolution 2019-3531, Initiate Development Code Amendment commercial space requirements for residential downtown

RCA Resolution 2019-3531 - Amendment Commercial Space Requirements.doc

IX.f Update on Community Visioning Project

RCA CVAC 020419.docx Communication Plan v4.xlsx Bucket List.pdf ANewBERG Community Profile Infographic v1.pdf

X. COUNCIL BUSINESS

XI. ADJOURNMENT

ADA STATEMENT

Contact the City Recorder's Office for physical or language accommodations at least 2 business days before the meeting. Call (503) 537-1283 or email cityrecorder@newbergoregon.gov. For TTY services please dial 711.

REQUEST FOR COUNCIL ACTION

DATE ACTION REQUESTED: February 4, 2019					
Order	Ordinance	Resolution	Motion XX	Information	
No.	No.	No.			
SUBJECT: Audit report and Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for June 30, 2018		Contact Person (Pr Item: Matt Zook Dept.: Finance	eparer) for this		

RECOMMENDATION:

Staff recommends City Council, by way of motion, to "accept the auditor's report and the annual financial statements".

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY:

Each fiscal year, the City is required to engage a qualified municipal auditing firm to conduct an audit of the City's finances and audit the financial statements of the City for the purpose of expressing an independent opinion on these financial statements. For the July 1, 2017 to June 30, 2018 fiscal year, the City engaged Boldt, Carlisle + Smith (BCS) of Salem, Oregon to conduct this annual audit. On December 21, 2018, the City received an unmodified opinion (best results) on the financial statements. The City also submitted the financial statements to the Secretary of State, Audits Division on December 27, 2018, which is within the required timeframe. Each of you have been provided a hard copy of these financial statements and one letter from BCS communicating the results of the audit. The public can find the financial statements electronically at the City's website under the Finance Department documents section. At the February 4, 2019 Council meeting, Mr. Brad Bingenheimer, partner of BCS, will present a verbal report to the Council regarding the audit and financial statements.

BACKGROUND:

This year, I am pleased to report that the auditors reported no significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. This is the second audit in a row with this status. There were two minor budget violations of \$2,099 and \$10,075 as reflected on page 170 that were accidentally not included in a supplemental budget. I am pleased to point out that the City can proudly include in the June 30, 2018 CAFR the Certificate of Achievement of Excellence in Financial Reporting for the June 30, 2017 statements for the second year in a row. The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) established the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting Program (CAFR Program) in 1945 to encourage and assist state and local governments to go beyond the minimum requirements of generally accepted accounting principles to prepare comprehensive annual financial reports that evidence the spirit of transparency and full disclosure and then to recognize individual governments that succeed in achieving that goal. The goal of the program is not to assess the financial health of participating governments, but rather to ensure that users of their financial statements have the information they need to do so themselves. The City of Newberg has a long history of receiving this award. Returning to the highest level of professionalism benefits the City in citizen confidence, credit rating agencies, and business recruitment. I would like to recognize Caleb Lippard, Assistant Finance Director, and Dan Keuler, Senior Accountant, as well as the entire Finance and Court teams for their work. I would also like to thank the team from Boldt, Carlisle + Smith for their service to the City.

The full CAFR and two letters to the governing body are included with this RCA.

3

In the Spring of 2019, the City will conduct a Request For Proposals (RFP) for audit services. The City performs an RFP generally no longer than every five years. Boldt, Carlisle + Smith was selected to perform the annual audit in the 2004 RFP and successfully rose to the top of the 2009 and 2014 RFPs. We expect to receive six to 10 proposals. The contracts are typically three year contracts with two optional one-year extensions. The selection of the next auditor will be presented in April or May of 2019.

City of Newberg: RCA MOTION Page 2

1255 Lee Street SE Suite 210 Salem Oregon 97302 | P 503.585.7751 | F 503.370.3781 408 N Third Avenue Stayton Oregon 97383 | P 503.769.2186 | F 503.769.4312 200 Calapooia Street SW Albany Oregon 97321 | P 541.928.3354 | F 541.967.7668

www.bcsllc.com

To the Mayor and City Council CITY OF NEWBERG Newberg, Oregon

We have audited the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of CITY OF NEWBERG as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and have issued our report thereon dated December 21, 2018. Professional standards require that we advise you of the following matters relating to our audit.

Our Responsibility in Relation to the Financial Statement Audit

As communicated in our engagement letter dated May 30, 2018, our responsibility, as described by professional standards, is to form and express opinions about whether the financial statements that have been prepared by management with your oversight are presented fairly, in all material respects, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our audit of the financial statements does not relieve you or management of your respective responsibilities.

Our responsibility, as prescribed by professional standards, is to plan and perform our audit to obtain reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit of financial statements includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, as part of our audit, we considered the internal control of the City solely for the purpose of determining our audit procedures and not to provide any assurance concerning such internal control.

We are also responsible for communicating significant matters related to the audit that are, in our professional judgment, relevant to your responsibilities in overseeing the financial reporting process. However, we are not required to design procedures for the purpose of identifying other matters to communicate to you.

Planned Scope and Timing of the Audit

We conducted our audit consistent with the planned scope and timing we previously communicated to you.

Compliance with All Ethics Requirements Regarding Independence

The engagement team, others in our firm, as appropriate, our firm, and our network firms have complied with all relevant ethical requirements regarding independence.

Qualitative Aspects of the Entity's Significant Accounting Practices

Significant Accounting Policies

Management has the responsibility to select and use appropriate accounting policies. A summary of the significant accounting policies adopted by the City is included in Note 1 to the financial statements. The City adopted new accounting policies for the implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. No matters have come to our attention that would require us, under professional standards, to inform you about (1) the methods used to account for significant unusual transactions and (2) the effect of significant accounting policies in controversial or emerging areas for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus.

Significant Accounting Estimates

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's current judgments. Those judgments are normally based on knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ markedly from management's current judgments.

The most sensitive accounting estimates affecting the financial statements are:.

Management's estimate of the depreciation expense which is based on management's estimate of the economic useful life of capital assets. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the depreciation expense in determining that it is reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Management's estimate of the net pension liability, deferred outflows and deferred inflows are based on an actuarial valuation performed on the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System Plan and the City of Newberg Employees Retirement Plan. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used in the actuarial valuation in determining that it is reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Management's estimate of the liability for other postemployment benefits which is based on an actuarial valuation performed on the City's plan. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used in the actuarial valuation in determining that it is reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole

Financial Statement Disclosures

Certain financial statement disclosures involve significant judgment and are particularly sensitive because of their significance to financial statement users. The most sensitive disclosures affecting the City's financial statements relate to:

The disclosure of cash, cash equivalents and investments in Note 3 to the financial statements which describes the liquid assets available for operations of the City.

The disclosure of long-term obligations in Note 3 to the financial statement which describes the future principal and interest payments for which the City is legally obligated.

Significant Difficulties Encountered during the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management relating to the performance of the audit.

Uncorrected and Corrected Misstatements

For purposes of this communication, professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that we believe are trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Further, professional standards require us to also communicate the effect of uncorrected misstatements related to prior periods on the relevant classes of transactions, account balances or disclosures, and the financial statements as a whole and each applicable opinion unit. Management has corrected all identified misstatements.

In addition, professional standards require us to communicate to you all material, corrected misstatements that were brought to the attention of management as a result of our audit procedures. The misstatements in the attached schedule were identified as a result of our audit procedures and were brought to the attention of, and corrected by, management.

Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, professional standards define a disagreement with management as a matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, concerning a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, which could be significant to the City's financial statements or the auditor's report. No such disagreements arose during the course of the audit.

Representations Requested from Management

We have requested and received certain written representations from management in a letter dated December 21, 2018.

Management's Consultations with Other Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters. Management informed us that, and to our knowledge, there were no consultations with other accountants regarding auditing and accounting matters.

Other Significant Matters, Findings, or Issues

In the normal course of our professional association with the City, we generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, operating and regulatory conditions affecting the entity, and operational plans and strategies that may affect the risks of material misstatement. None of the matters discussed resulted in a condition to our retention as the City's auditors.

Other Information in Documents Containing Audited Financial Statements

Pursuant to professional standards, our responsibility as auditors for other information in documents containing the City's audited financial statements does not extend beyond the financial information identified in the audit report, and we are not required to perform any procedures to corroborate such other information. However, in accordance with such standards, we have read the information and considered whether such information, or the manner of its presentation, was materially inconsistent with its presentation in the financial statements.

Our responsibility also includes communicating to you any information which we believe is a material misstatement of fact. Nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that such information, or its manner of presentation, is materially inconsistent with the information, or manner of its presentation, appearing in the financial statements.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the City Council and management of CITY OF NEWBERG and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Boldt Carlisle & Smith

Boldt Carlisle + Smith Certified Public Accountants Salem, Oregon December 21, 2018





City of Newberg, Oregon Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

This page intentionally left blank.

CITY OF NEWBERG, OREGON

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Prepared by:

Matt Zook, Finance Director Caleb Lippard, Assistant Finance Director Dan Keuler, Senior Accountant This page intentionally left blank.

CITY OF NEWBERG, OREGON

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Table of Contents

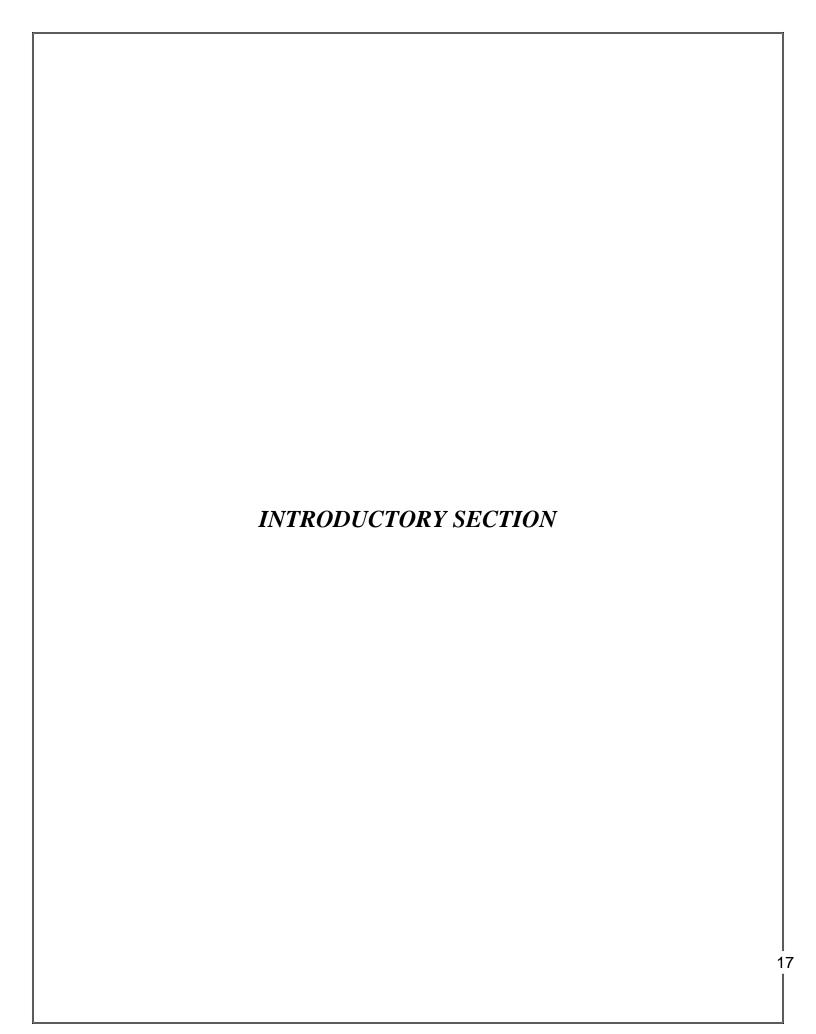
INTRODUCTORY SECTION Letter of Transmittal ________i-vi Officers and Members of the Governing Body......viii Certificate of Achievement ix FINANCIAL SECTION Management's Discussions and Analysisa-p **Basic Financial Statements** Government-wide Financial Statements Statement of Activities. 2-3 **Fund Financial Statements** Governmental Funds Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Statements of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual General 11 Street 12 **Proprietary Funds** Statement of Net Position 16 Fiduciary Funds Required Supplementary Information

Combining Financial Statements And Individual Fund Schedules

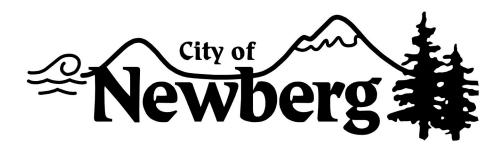
Major Governmental Funds	
Street Capital Projects Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund	
Balance – Budget and Actual	82
General Funds	
Combining Balance Sheet	83
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	84
PERS Rate Stabilization Reserve Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes	
in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual	85
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Combining Balance Sheet	88
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	89
Special Revenue Funds	
Combining Balance Sheet	92
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	93
Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual	
Economic Development	94
911 Emergency	95
Civil Forfeiture	96
Cable TV	97
Library Gift & Memorial	98
Public Safety Fee	99
Transient Lodging Tax	100
Debt Service Funds	
Combining Balance Sheet	102
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	103
Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual	
Debt Service	104
City Hall	105
Capital Projects Funds	
Combining Balance Sheet	108
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	109
Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual	
Street System Development	110
Governmental Capital Projects	111
Enterprise Funds	
Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual	
Water	114
Water System Development	115
Wastewater	116
Wastewater System Development	117
Stormwater	118
Stormwater System Development	119
Proprietary Capital Projects	120
Emergency Medical Services	121
Reconciliation of Revenues and Expenditures (Budgetary Basis) to	
Revenues and Expenses (Accrual Basis)	122-123
Internal Service Funds	
Combining Statement of Net Position	126
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position	127
Combining Statement of Cash Flows.	128

Schedules of Revenues and Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Ac	
Administrative Services	
Vehicle/Equipment Replacement	130
Reconciliation of Revenues and Expenditures (Budgetary Basis) to	101
Revenues and Expenses (Accrual Basis)	131
Agency Fund	
Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities – Bail Fund	135
Other Financial Schedules	4.00
Property Tax Transactions and Outstanding Balances	
Outstanding Obligations	139
STATISTICAL SECTION	
Financial Trends	
Net Position by Component	142-143
Changes in Net Position	144-147
Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	148-149
Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	150-151
Revenue Capacity	
Market and Assessed Value of Taxable Property	152
Principal Property Taxpayers	153
Property Tax Rates – Direct and Overlapping Governments	154-155
Property Tax Levies and Collections	156
Debt Capacity	
Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net	
General Obligation Bonded Debt Per Capita	157
Ratio of Outstanding Debt by Type	158-159
Legal Debt Margin Information	160-161
Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt	162
Demographic and Economic Information	
Demographic and Economic Statistics	163
Principal Employers	164
Operating Information	
Full-Time Equivalent Employees by Function/Program	165
Operating Indicators by Function/Program	166
Capital Assets Statistics by Function/Program	167
COMPLIANCE SECTION	
Independent Auditor's Report Required by Oregon State Regulations	169-170

This page intentionally left blank.



This page intentionally left blank.



December 26, 2018

To the Honorable Mayor, City Councilors, and Citizens of the City of Newberg, Oregon

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of Newberg, Oregon (the City) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 is hereby submitted.

State law requires that local governments publish, within six months of the close of each fiscal year, a complete set of audited financial statements. This report is published to fulfill that requirement and presents the financial position of the City as of June 30, 2018 and the results of its government-wide operations as well as the cash flows for its proprietary fund types for the year then ended. The financial statements and supporting schedules have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) and meet the requirements of the standards as prescribed by the Secretary of the State of Oregon. We believe the data, as presented, is accurate in all material respects and presented in a manner designed to comply with reporting requirements.

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information presented in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal controls that it has established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal controls should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of a Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A is located immediately following the report of the independent auditors, beginning on page a.

The City of Newberg's financial statements have been audited by Boldt, Carlisle & Smith LLC, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. They have issued an unmodified opinion on the City of Newberg's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. The independent auditor's report is located at the front of the financial section of this report, beginning with page A.

Governmental Structure

The City of Newberg was incorporated in 1889. The City is located 23 miles southwest of Portland, Oregon's largest city, and lies on the main east-west route between Portland and the central Oregon coast. It is the second largest city in Yamhill County. Yamhill County is part of the Portland-Vancouver metropolitan statistical area. The City currently has an incorporated land area of 5.93 square miles and an estimated 2018 population of 23,480. The City has the authority to extend its corporate limits by annexation. During the 2017-18 fiscal year the City annexed two parcels for a total of approximately 50 acres.

The City operates under a Council-Manager form of government. Policy making and legislative authority are vested in the Mayor and City Council, which is composed of six members. Each council member represents a City district and is elected at large. Mayor and Council members are non-partisan and serve four-year terms. Terms are staggered with three positions being appointed every other year. The City Manager is appointed by the Council and is responsible for carrying out the policies of the Council, overseeing the day-to-day operations and appointing department heads. Other positions appointed by the City Council are the City Attorney and Municipal Judge.

The City Council is required to adopt a final budget by resolution no later than July 1. This annual budget serves as the foundation of the City of Newberg's financial planning and control. Totals by program (ex. general government, police, fire, etc.), transfers and debt service are levels of control established by the resolution. Appropriations lapse as of the year-end. The City Council may change the budget throughout the year by transferring appropriations between levels of control and by adopting supplemental budgets as authorized by the Oregon Revised Statutes.

The City provides a full range of services. These services include police and fire protection; 911 emergency telephone center for the cities of Newberg and Dundee police, Newberg and Dundee fire and Newberg and Dundee rural fire protection districts; emergency medical services; municipal court; library services; land use planning; building inspection; economic development; engineering; the construction and maintenance of streets and related infrastructure; and the water, wastewater treatment and stormwater systems. The City has no component unit governmental entities. Overlapping local governments, which includes Yamhill County, Chehalem Park & Recreation District, Newberg School District, and others, are not included in this report.

Economic Condition and Outlook

It should be noted that with the passing of Measure 50 in May of 1997, the State no longer imposes property taxes based on real market value. Instead, the voters approved a measure that bases taxation on a value that rolled back assessed values to 90% of the 1995-96 real market value of the property. The annual growth rate is capped at 3% with greater increases allowed for major remodeling and new construction.

In addition, taxes on any individual property may not exceed Measure 5 tax limits of \$5 per \$1,000 of real market value for schools and \$10 per \$1,000 for general government, like the City and other special districts. These districts include: Chehalem Park & Recreation District, Yamhill County, Yamhill County Extension Service and Yamhill County Soil & Water. Voter approved bonds may exceed the Measure 5 limits, but other temporary levies may not. The City has a permanent tax rate of \$4.3827 per \$1,000 of assessed value. Assessed values and market values are set at 12:01 a.m. of each January 1st for taxes levied for the following fiscal year.

What properties are subject to property taxation? The majority of taxable property in Newberg is residential, with some commercial and multi-housing property, and a small amount of industrial properties. There are quite a few non-taxable properties within the City limits such as all the churches, the university, K-12 schools, government buildings and the hospital.

During 2016-17 to 2017-18, the City's assessed value increased 4.1% and the market value also increased 21.2%. The difference between market value and assessed value has widened to \$1,031 million compared to \$600 million the prior year.

Table 1 City of Newberg Assessed and Market Values

Assessed Value Percent Change	\$	2014-15 1,627,595,461 5.2%	\$ 2015-16 1,696,556,938 4.2%	\$ 2016-17 1,780,615,477 4.9%	\$ 2017-18 1,855,195,227 4.2%
Market Value Percent Change	\$ 2	2,103,273,498 8.9%	\$ 2,199,658,073 4.5%	\$ 2,380,377,182 8.2%	\$ 2,885,994,061 21.2%

Source: Yamhill County Assessor's Office

During fiscal year 2017-18, the building fund saw a decrease in total values of constructed residential and an increase in commercial properties of -4.5% and 3.0%, respectively, from the prior fiscal year. This translated to an overall increase of 0.2% in permits and fees revenue from 2016-17 to 2017-18. The number of new residential units went from 114 in 2016-17 to 98 in 2017-18. The department also saw an increase in total inspections. Permit revenues in 2018-19 are expected to stay consistent with 2017-18.

The City benefits from its proximity to the Portland Metropolitan Area. The diversified economy of the Tri-county area (Multnomah, Washington, and Clackamas counties) and Yamhill County help the City to maintain a relatively stable economic condition. Agriculture dominates economic activities outside the urban area, particularly nurseries, vineyards and wineries. The City also benefits from A-dec, a family-owned dental manufacturer inside the City. Major employers also include Providence Newberg Medical Center, George Fox University, Fred Meyer, the Allison Inn, Friendsview Retirement Community, the Newberg School district and the City of Newberg. The unemployment rates in the area have been declining at an equal pace with the State of Oregon as well as Nationwide. The unemployment rates for the past four years were the following:

Unemployment Rates (seasonally adjusted as of June):

	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>
Yamhill County	5.5%	4.8%	3.8%	3.5%
State of Oregon	5.7%	5.0%	4.1%	4.0%
National USA	5.3%	4.9%	4.3%	4.0%

Sources: State of Oregon Employment Department at https://www.qualityinfo.org/home
Note: The prior years' rates have been restated as sources' statistics are subject to change over time.

Rising retirement costs continue to be an economic challenge. Oregon PERS rates are set for a two-year period. The rates for the 2017-2019 biennium are 20.32% for Tier 1/Tier 2 employees, 10.02% for OPSRP general employees, and 14.79% for OPSRP public safety employees. The Newberg Employees Retirement Plan rates are set annually. The 2017-18 rate was 34.22%.

Relevant Financial Policies

<u>Fund Reserves</u>. The General Fund shall maintain a four-month cash reserve including contingency and unappropriated fund balance. All other operating funds reliant on user fees or monthly intergovernmental revenues shall maintain 60 days cash.

<u>Non-recurring Revenues</u>. The City's general guideline is to use non-recurring revenue for non-recurring expenditures.

<u>Cash Management</u>. In order to maximize interest income in conformance with the City's investment policy, cash in all City funds, with the exception of restricted funds, is pooled and invested in instruments as allowed by Oregon Revised Statutes. Earnings are distributed to each fund on a pro rata basis by the balance in each fund.

<u>Risk Management</u>. City of Newberg's risk management program includes various risk control techniques, including employee accident prevention training, and has third party coverage for all lines of insurance, which includes workers' compensation.

Major Activities and Accomplishments

<u>For the Year</u>. The City had a number of citizen groups working on various issues during the year, in addition to the normal, routine citizens groups such as the Planning Commission, Traffic Safety Committee, Library Board, Budget Committee, Transient Lodging Tax Advisory Committee and the Citizens Rate Review Committee.

The Newberg-Dundee area received the designation of the 6th safest city, with over 10,000 population, in Oregon for 2018 by the National Council for Home Safety and Security. The Newberg-Dundee Police Department boasted 1.26 violent crimes per 1,000 persons and 16.97 property crimes per 1,000 persons, less than half of the Oregon average in both categories.

The City of Newberg and Tualatin Valley Fire & Rescue (TVF&R) entered into a two-year intergovernmental agreement effective July 1, 2016 for fire and emergency medical services to determine the feasibility and cost benefit to residents. Newberg faced current and future funding limitations, which had made it difficult to provide adequate fire department staffing, maintain equipment and comply with nationally recommended standards, particularly with increases in demands for service. The agreement provided for a decision by the City Council whether to proceed with an annexation process subsequent to June 30, 2017. In November of 2017, the citizens of Newberg voted to permanently annex into TVF&R for fire and EMS services beginning July 1, 2018.

The citizens also voted yes on instituting an amendment to the city charter which reduces the levy to \$2.50 of the City's permanent ad valorem property tax rate against any property within the District, commencing with the City's 2018-19 fiscal year and continuing in effect as long as the City remains within the boundaries of the District. Commencing with fiscal year 2019-20, and each year thereafter, the City may increase the tax rate limit by 3% of the prior year's limit. The City also may levy in excess of the limit if authorized by a measure approved by the voters.

In May, 2017, City Council approved an ordinance adopting a transportation utility fee (TUF) as a critical piece of maintaining the roadway pavement system in Newberg. It had been determined that approximately \$2.5 million is needed per year to maintain current pavement conditions citywide. Approximately \$0.6 million is traditionally included as part of the Street Fund state-wide gas tax

revenues. The TUF was fully implemented in 2017-18. The approved TUF is projected to generate approximately \$1.15 million per year. The TUF is paid by residential, commercial, and industrial constituents through the monthly Municipal Services Statement (i.e. utility bill). Collection commenced in September 2017. The City is pleased to see immediate results from the additional funding by completing the first pavement preservation project in the summer of 2017. In 2018, the City has continued to explore sources of revenue for the remaining gap of roughly \$0.8 million.

In 2017-18, the Library began their remodel of the Circulation workroom, which was largely supported by grants and gifts. It included removing all of the old built-in cabinetry, painting, changing the flow by installing a wall, replacing the carpet with anti-fatigue flooring and purchasing new furnishings. In 2019, a new circulation desk will be installed.

City of Newberg Utility Billing department launched the Equal Pay option for paying municipal services bills in June of 2018. Equal Pay is a specialized payment plan that spreads out payments over a year, designed to provide customers an annualized rate for convenient budgeting.

For the Future. In September 2017, City Council took the initial steps in approving the City's commitment to the Emergency Communications System upgrade project in partnership with Washington County Consolidated Communications Agency (WCCCA). The City has partnered with WCCCA since 2009, allowing the City access to WCCCA's 800 MHz Public Safety Voice and Data Communications System rather than operating an independent, standalone system. WCCCA has identified the need for replacements and upgrades to their overall system, including a portion of the system that involves the direct benefit to the City and also requires the City's contribution. Clackamas C800 Radio Group (C800) is also a partner in the upgrade project. The primary scope of the overall project is to replace/upgrade/expand the infrastructure, communication towers, radios and other equipment. The overall project is estimated at \$124 million, with the City's portion as approximately \$3.1 million. The City completed financing of the project through a financing agreement executed in June of 2018. The project has begun and is anticipated to be completed in 2019.

In August 2018, City Council ratified the sale of the Animal Shelter land and building to its long-time community partner, the Newberg Animal Shelter Friends (NASF), who will continue to use the property for its intended purpose in recognition of its significant role. The sale is scheduled to close in December 2018. Net proceeds will be proportionately allocated to the Wastewater Fund and the General Fund.

The Oregon PERS rates for the 2019-21 biennium will be 21.99% for Tier 1/Tier 2 employees, 12.10% for OPSRP general employees, and 16.73% for OPSRP public safety employees. The Newberg Employees Retirement Plan 2018-19 rate is 36.80%. The Newberg Employees Retirement Plan 2019-20 rate will be 37.97%.

The City continues to develop the discipline of long-range financial planning. In 2017-18, the Council focused on the General Fund five-year forecast over multiple sessions, looking ahead to strategically meet the challenges of achieving a structurally-balanced budget. Long-range financial planning will continue to be expanded other key operating funds. In addition, the City will review and enhance financial policies.

In October 2018, Elise Yarnell Hollamon was appointed to the Council to fill the position vacated by Matthew Murray in July 2018. In November 2018, the citizens elected Rick Rogers as Mayor-elect and Elizabeth Gemeroy, Stephanie Findley, and Patrick Johnson (incumbent) as Councilors to new four-year terms beginning January 1, 2019. The City recognizes Mayor Bob Andrews and Councilors Stephen McKinney and Scott Essin for their dedicated service to the citizens of Newberg.

Awards and Acknowledgements

<u>Awards.</u> Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Newberg for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. The Certificate of Achievement is valid for only one year. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

<u>Acknowledgments</u>. The preparation of the comprehensive annual financial report was made possible by the dedicated service of the entire staff of the Finance Department. Additionally, we would like to express our appreciation to all other departments who contributed information and statistics used for the preparation of this report.

Finally, the Finance Department staff would like to thank the Mayor, City Councilors and the City Manager for their support and commitment to maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the City of Newberg's finances.

Respectfully submitted,

Matt Zook

Finance Director

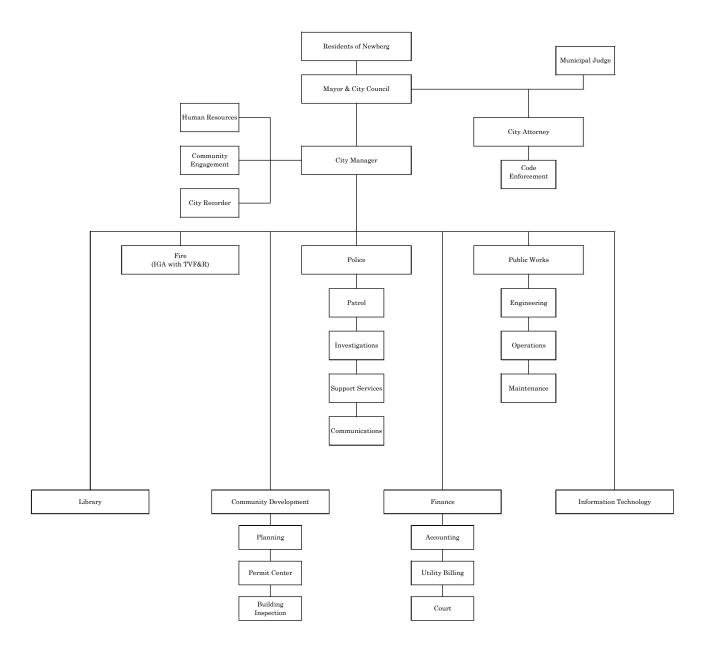
Matthew & Zode

Joe Hannan

City Manager

City of Newberg, Oregon

Organizational Chart



CITY OF NEWBERG

OFFICERS AND MEMBERS OF THE GOVERNING BODY June 30, 2018

CITY MANAGER

Joe Hannan

CITY ATTORNEY

Truman A. Stone

MUNICIPAL JUDGE

Larry Blake Jr.

MAYOR

Bob Andrews
PO Box 970
Newberg, OR 97132

COUNCIL MEMBERS

Denise Bacon
PO Box 970
Newberg, OR 97132

Mike Corey

December 31, 2020

December 31, 2020

PO Box 970 Newberg, OR 97132

Patrick Johnson
PO Box 970
December 31, 2018

Stephen McKinney December 31, 2018

PO Box 970 Newberg, OR 97132

Newberg, OR 97132

Scott Essin December 31, 2018

PO Box 970

Newberg, OR 97132

Matt Murray December 31, 2020

PO Box 970

Newberg, OR 97132



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Newberg Oregon

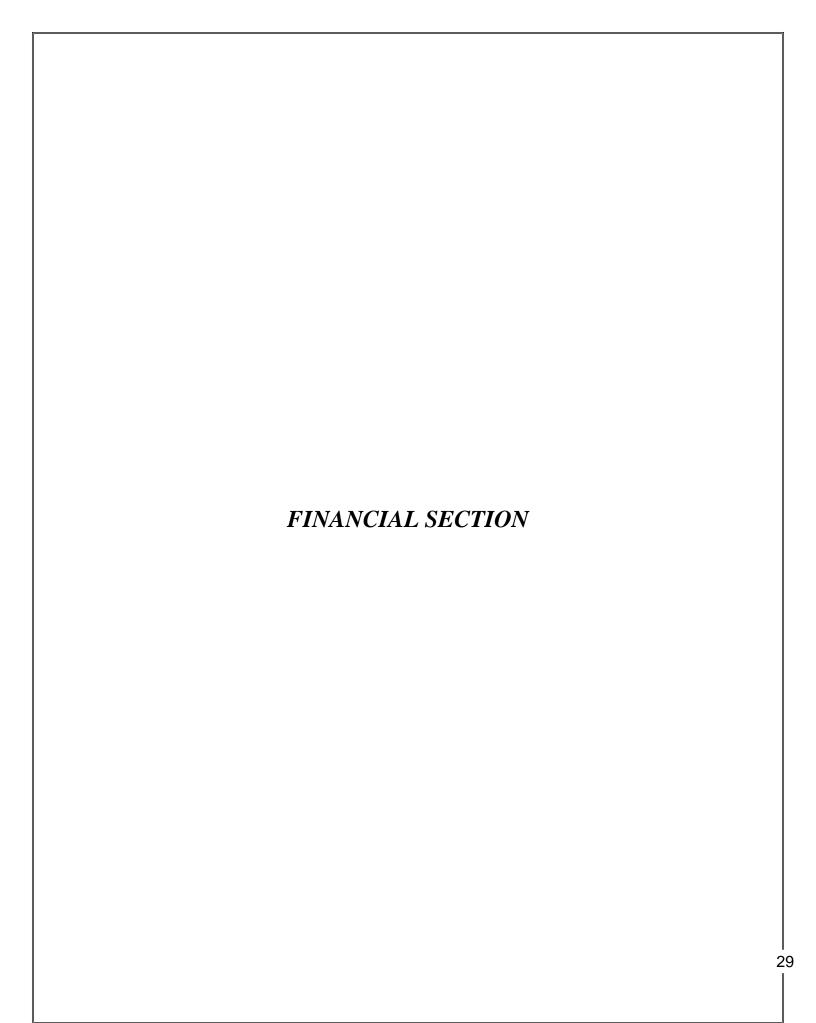
For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2017

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

This page intentionally left blank.



This page intentionally left blank.

1255 Lee Street SE Suite 210 Salem Oregon 97302 | P 503.585.7751 | F 503.370.3781 408 N Third Avenue Stayton Oregon 97383 | P 503.769.2186 | F 503.769.4312 200 Calapooia Street SW Albany Oregon 97321 | P 541.928.3354 | F 541.967.7668

www.bcsllc.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Mayor, City Council and Management CITY OF NEWBERG
Newberg, Oregon

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of CITY OF NEWBERG, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (Continued)

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the CITY OF NEWBERG as of June 30, 2018 and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, and the respective budgetary comparisons for the General, Street, and Building Inspection Funds, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1R to the financial statements, the City implemented GASB Statement No, 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages a - p and the required supplementary information on pages 75 - 80 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining financial statements and individual fund schedules, the other financial schedules, and the statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining financial statements and individual fund schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining financial statements and individual fund schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section, other financial schedules, and the statistical section have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (Continued)

Other Reporting Required by Oregon State Regulations

In accordance with Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, we have also issued our report dated December 21, 2018, on our consideration of the City's compliance with certain provisions of laws and regulation, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on compliance.

Boldt Carlisle + Smith Certified Public Accountants Salem, Oregon December 21, 2018

By:

Bradley G. Bingenheimer, Member

This page intentionally left blank.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

The management of the City of Newberg, Oregon (City) presents this narrative overview and analysis to facilitate both a short and a long-term analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. This Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is based on currently known facts, decisions, and conditions that existed as of the date of the independent auditor's report.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total assets and deferred outflow of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$150.8 million. Of this amount, \$7.2 million is reported as unrestricted net position, amounts which are available for use to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The net position of the City increased by \$7.4 million, or 5.2%. The positive effect on net position is due to traditional operations of \$5.9 million, decreasing debt of \$0.1 million, an increase in capital assets of \$2.3 million, and a prior period adjustment of \$0.6 million. The negative effect on net position is due to the net change of net pension liability and pension related items of \$1.5 million.
- Revenue from property taxes levied for general purposes increased \$0.2 million or 2.9% during the fiscal year. Franchise and public service taxes increased \$0.4 million or 10.3% over the prior fiscal year.
- Depreciation expense for 2017-18 was \$6,694,413.
- Total cost of all programs was \$38.1 million, an increase of \$1.7 million from the prior year. The increase primarily relates to changes in pension liabilities.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The City's annual financial report consists of several sections. The components of the report include the following:

Management's Discussion and Analysis. This section of the report provides financial highlights, overview and economic factors affecting the City.

Basic Financial Statements. These statements include the government-wide statements, fund financial statements, and the notes to the financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. Within this view, all City operations are categorized and reported as either governmental or business-type activities and are presented using the full accrual basis of accounting. Governmental activities include basic services such as

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

public safety, library, community development and general government administration. Business-type activities are water, wastewater, stormwater and emergency medical services. The government-wide statements include the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

Fund Financial Statements. Fund financial statements focus separately on major governmental funds and proprietary funds. Governmental funds are used to account for activities where the emphasis is placed on available financial resources, rather than upon net income determination. Therefore, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on the acquisition and use of current available resources, as well as on balances of current resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term requirements.

Due to the fact that the focus of the governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may further understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financial decisions.

Governmental Funds. The City maintains 15 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for those funds that are considered significant (major) to the City taken as a whole. These financial statements report four major funds: General Fund, Street Fund, Street Capital Projects Fund, and Building Inspection Fund. Data from the other 11 governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. For each major fund, a separate Statement (or Schedule) of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual is presented. Information on non-major funds can be found in the Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements and Schedules section of this report.

Proprietary Funds. This type of fund is used to account for activities where the emphasis is placed on net income determination. The City maintains two different types of proprietary funds – enterprise funds and internal service funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its water, wastewater, stormwater, and emergency medical services operations. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City uses internal service funds to account for facilities and fleet services, information systems, finance, legal, administration, human resources, vehicle/equipment replacement, and risk management activities. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds have been allocated among the governmental and business-type activities.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

The enterprise funds, all of which are considered to be major funds (on a consolidated basis) of the City, are reported separately on the proprietary fund financial statements in the basic financial statements. Conversely, all internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided as other supplementary information in the Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statement and Schedules section of this report.

Fiduciary Funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City of Newberg's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is similar to the treatment used for proprietary funds. The City has two fiduciary funds: Employee Pension Trust Fund and the Bail Fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. This section also includes capital asset, long-term debt, and other financial schedules.

Required Supplementary Information. This section relates to the adoption of GASB Statements 67 and 68 as well as GASB Statements 74 and 75, which require information related to the two pension plans and other postemployment benefits in which the City participates.

Other Supplementary Information. This section, titled Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements and Schedules, includes combining statements for the non-major governmental funds, combining statements by fund type, and budgetary comparison schedules. The combining internal service fund statements are also included in this section.

Other Financial Schedules. This section includes financial schedules related to taxes and outstanding debt.

Statistical Section. This section includes historical trend information and demographics.

Reports of Independently Certified Public Accountants Required by Statutes. Supplemental communication on City compliance and internal controls as required by Oregon statutes.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANAYLSIS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

Net position serves as a useful indicator of a government's financial position especially when viewed over time. In the case of the City, assets exceed liabilities by \$150.8 million at the close of the most recent fiscal year. This represents a \$7.4 million increase over the prior fiscal year.

The following table reflects the condensed Statement of Net Position compared to prior year.

TABLE 1
NET POSITION AT YEAR END

(in millions)

	Govern	ment	al Business-type					Total				
	Activ	ities		Activities					Government			
	 2018	2017		2018		2017		2018		2017		
Cash and investments	\$ 17.5	\$	12.0	\$	29.9	\$	28.1	\$	47.4	\$	40.1	
Other assets	1.9		1.1		2.0		2.7		3.9		3.8	
Capital assets	76.3	_	74.7		89.1		88.5		165.4		163.2	
Total assets	95.7		87.8		121.0		119.3		216.7		207.1	
Deferred Outflows of resources	 					y-						
Pension related items	5.6		8.2		2.8		4.1		8.4		12.3	
Postemployment benefit related items	0.1		-		-		-		-		-	
Deferred refunding charge	 	_			0.3		0.3	_	0.3		0.3	
Total deferred outflows of resources	5.7		8.2		3.1		4.4		8.7		12.6	
Long-term obligations	 25.3		24.2		43.0	-	47.7		68.3		71.9	
Other liabilities	 2.8		1.3		0.9		1.1		3.7		2.4	
Total liabilities	28.1		25.5		43.9		48.8		72.0		74.3	
Deferred inflows of resources				35		10	-				-	
Pension related items	1.6		1.2		1.0		1.0		2.6		2.2	
Postemployment benefit related items							-		-			
Total deferred inflows of resources	1.6		1.2		1.0		1.0		2.6		2.2	
Net position:												
Net investment in capital assets	75.1		73.9		54.6		51.3		129.7		125.2	
Restricted	7.5		5.6		6.4		5.8		13.9		11.4	
Unrestricted	 (10.9)		(10.1)		18.1		16.9		7.2		6.8	
Total net position	\$ 71.7	\$	69.4	\$	79.1	\$	74.0	\$	150.8	\$	143.4	

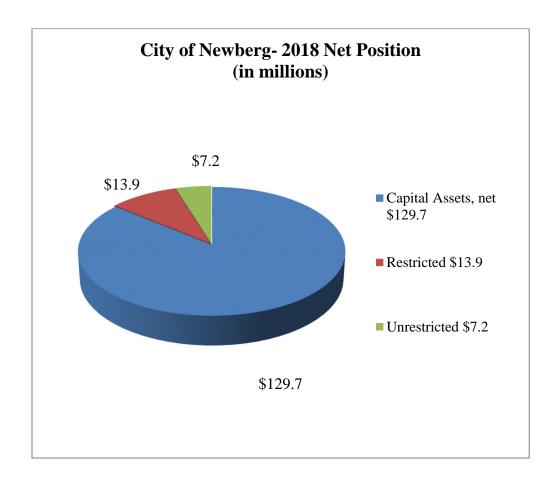
By far, the largest portion of the City of Newberg's net position (\$129.7 million, or 86.0%) is investment in capital assets (land, building, equipment, infrastructure, net of depreciation and any related outstanding debt used to acquire those capital assets). The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens and consequently, they are not available for future spending. Although the City of Newberg's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources used to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves can't be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

An additional portion of the City of Newberg's net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. Restricted net position totals \$13.9 million or 9.2%, and represent cash and investments that are legally restricted for capital expansion or debt service. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position totaling \$7.2 million, or 4.8%, may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Newberg is able to report positive balances in most of the reported categories of net position, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities. The sole exception is unrestricted net position in governmental activities, primarily due to the inclusion of net pension liability and related items. The same situation held true for the prior fiscal year.



Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

The following table reflects the condensed Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position compared to prior year.

TABLE 2 ACTIVITIES FOR FISCAL YEARS ENDING JUNE 30, 2018 and 2017 (in millions)

		Govern	Governmental				ss-ty	pe	Total			
	_	Activ	ities			Activ	ities		Gover	nme	nt	
	2	018	2	2017	2018		2017		2018	2	2017	
Revenues						_						
Charges for services	\$	6.6	\$	5.3	\$	15.7	\$	14.9	22.3		20.2	
Operating grants and contributions		1.8		1.7		-		-	1.8		1.7	
Capital grants and contributions		3.5		1.1		4.3		2.3	7.8		3.4	
Taxes		11.9		11.3		-		-	11.9		11.3	
Interest		0.3		0.1		0.5		0.3	0.8		0.4	
Total revenues		24.1		19.5		20.5		17.5	44.6		37.0	
Expenses		_				_						
General government		0.5		0.6		-		-	0.5		0.6	
Public safety		14.1		13.6		-		-	14.1		13.6	
Library		1.9		1.6		-		-	1.9		1.6	
Community development		5.6		4.6		-		-	5.6		4.6	
Interest on long-term debt		0.2		0.2		-		-	0.2		0.2	
Water		-		-		5.1		4.8	5.1		4.8	
Wastewater		-		-		9.0		8.1	9.0		8.1	
Stormwater		-		-		1.5		2.0	1.5		2.0	
Emergency medical services		-		-		0.3		0.9	0.3		0.9	
Other		0.4							0.4		-	
Total expenses		22.7		20.6		15.9		15.8	38.6		36.4	
Increase (decrease) in net assets												
before transfers and special items	_	1.4		(1.1)		4.6	_	1.7	6.0		0.6	
Special items		-		-		0.8		-	0.8		-	
Transfers		0.3		0.3		(0.3)		(0.3)			-	
Changes in net position		1.7		(0.8)		5.1		1.4	6.8		0.6	
Beginning net position		69.4		70.3		73.9		72.5	143.4		142.8	
Prior Period Adjustment		0.5				0.1			0.6			
Ending net position	\$	71.7	\$	69.4	\$	79.1	\$	74.0	\$ 150.8	\$	143.4	

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Governmental Activities

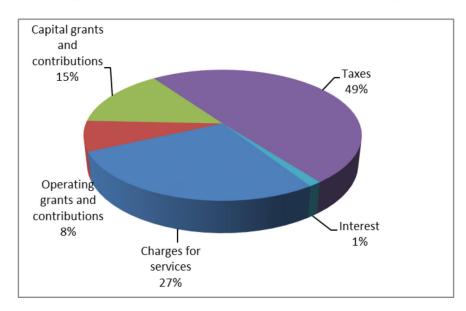
During the current fiscal year, the net position for governmental activities increased \$2.2 million from the prior fiscal year for an ending balance of \$71.7 million. The primary reason for this is the combined change of net pension liability and pension related items of \$1.5 million, as well as a prior period adjustment of \$0.5 million, which is further explained in the footnote disclosures. An analysis of the revenues and expenses follows:

- Charges for services These are revenues that arise from charges to customers, applicants, or others who purchase, use or directly benefit from the goods, services, or privileges provided, or are otherwise directly affected by the services. This category also includes municipal court revenues from issuance of traffic citations. Charges for services increased over the prior year by \$1.3 million, primarily due to the addition of a new transportation utility fee that generated \$1.0 million toward street improvement and rehabilitation.
- Grants and contributions These are revenues arising from mandatory and voluntary non-exchange transactions with other governments, organizations, or individuals that are restricted for use in a particular program.
 - Operating grants/contributions These revenues primarily consist of state gas tax disbursed to the City to use for road maintenance. Other small state and private contributions are also included in the operating grant category. These funds go to support specific activities within the City.
 - Capital grants/contributions These revenues primarily consist of grants, system development charges, and developer infrastructure contributions (e.g. fair market value of subdivision's infrastructure such as streets, roads, and rights-of-way/easements). This category increased by \$2.4 million over the prior year, primarily due to increased street system development charges of \$1.8 million and increased capital contributions of \$0.6 million, due to increased development activity within the City.
 - Taxes These are revenues that consist primarily of property taxes, transient lodging taxes, and franchise fees based on gross revenues. Overall property taxes increased \$0.2 million or 2.8% over the prior fiscal year. Franchise and public service taxes increased by \$0.4 million or 10.3%, primarily due to new state-shared marijuana tax (\$0.1 million) and increased local transient lodging tax activity (\$0.1 million).
- Interest This is revenue derived from the City's investment of cash and reserves. Due to continued improvement in investment earnings, revenues from this source doubled for the second year in a row as compared to the prior year earnings, totaling \$257,864 in fiscal year 2017-18.
- Other This is miscellaneous revenue not related to services provided.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

<u>Governmental Activities – Revenues by Source</u>



• Programs – These are direct expenses that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and are clearly identifiable to a particular function. The following table reflects the changes in program expenses:

Table 3
Governmental Activities - Program Expenses for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018
(in millions)

		FY 2	017-18	Compared to FY 2016-17					
		Decrease)							
Programs	Ar	nount	Total	An	nount	Percent			
General government	\$	0.5	2.2%	\$	(0.1)	-16.7%			
Public safety		14.1	63.2%		0.5	3.7%			
Library		1.9	8.5%		0.3	18.8%			
Community development		5.6	25.1%		1.0	21.7%			
Interest on long-term debt		0.2	0.9%		<u> </u>	0.0%			
Total expenses	\$	22.3	100.0%	\$	1.7				

- General government and interest expenses were consistent with the prior fiscal year.
- Public safety consists of the police, fire, court, and 911 operations, and the overall expenses increased nominally.
- o Library expenses increased in personnel and administrative costs.
- Community Development expenses increased due to pavement preservation corresponding with the new transportation utility fee, as well as a state housing grant.

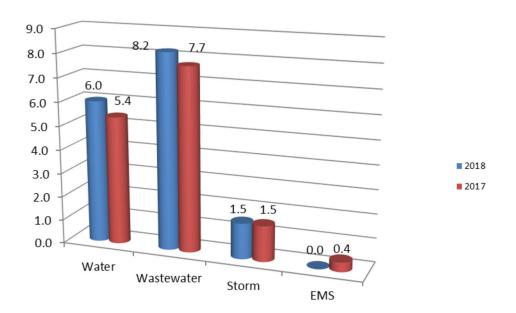
Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Business-type Activities

During the current fiscal year, the net position for business-type activities increased by \$5.2 million from the prior fiscal year for an ending balance of \$79.1 million. Business-type charges for services experienced modest revenue growth related to annual utility rate increases and activity. Capital grants and contributions experienced a strong increase over the prior year due to both system development charge increases as well as contributed capital due to high development activity. In addition, there was an increase due to a special item pertaining to pension/OPEB related items, which is further explained in footnote disclosure 4.

Business-Type Activities – Operating Revenues by Service



Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

The following table reflects the changes in program expenses for the business-type activities:

Table 4
Business-Type Activities - Program Expenses
for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018
(in millions)

		FY 2	017-18	Compared to FY 2016-17					
			Percent of]	Increase/(Decrease)				
Programs		nount	Total	Ar	nount	Percent			
Water		5.1	32.1%		0.3	6.3%			
Wastewater		9.0	56.6%		0.9	11.1%			
Stormwater		1.5	9.4%		(0.5)	-25.0%			
Emergency medical services		0.3	1.9%		(0.6)	-66.7%			
Total expenses	\$	15.9	100.0%	\$	0.1				

- Wastewater expenses increased primarily due to various non-capitalized project costs incurred in 17-18 including sewer pipe maintenance, miscellaneous facility projects, and work on the master plans. Additionally, there was an increase in pension related costs allocated to wastewater from the Admin Support Services Fund, which was not being allocated pension costs in fiscal year 16-17 as well as an increase due to a fiscal year 16-17 misclassification of construction in progress capitalizations related to two storm projects. A correcting entry was made in the form of a prior period adjustment, which is further explained in footnote disclosure 4.
- Stormwater expenses decreased due to a fiscal year 16-17 misclassification of construction in progress capitalizations related to two storm projects. A correcting entry was made in the form of a prior period adjustment, which is further explained in footnote disclosure 4.
- o The decrease in the EMS expenses relates to the second and final year of the transfer of services to Tualatin Valley Fire & Rescue.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

FUND-BASED FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As previously discussed, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of available resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for discretionary use as they represent the portion of fund balance which has not yet been limited to use for a particular purpose by either an external party, the City of Newberg itself or a group or individual that has been delegated authority to assign resources for use for particular purposes by the City of Newberg City Council.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$14.9 million, an increase of \$4.4 million in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 27.9%% of this amount (\$4.1 million) constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of the fund balances is either non-spendable, restricted, committed, or assigned to indicate that it is 1) not in spendable form (\$0.1 million), 2) restricted for particular purposes (\$9.6 million), 3) committed for particular purposes (\$0.9 million) or 4) assigned for particular purposes (\$0.2 million).

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. The fund balance of the City's General Fund increased by \$0.5 million (13.8%) during the current fiscal year. This change in fund balance is consistent with the prior year. Significant changes from the prior year are as follows:

- Property taxes revenues increased \$0.2 million, or 2.3%. This increase is less than the prior year increase in part due to decline in the rate of growth in tax assessed valued, lower collections in prior year taxes, and slightly lower percentage in current year collections.
- Other taxes increased \$0.3 million (9.7%) attributable to new a revenue source (state marijuana tax, which included a retroactive payment as well as current year revenue) and franchise fee revenues attributable to higher utility activity.
- Licenses and permits revenue increased by \$0.3 million (36.9%) due to higher development activity within the City.

The Street Fund ending fund balance increased \$0.5 million (66%) primarily due to a new Transportation Utility Fee (\$1.0 million), of which \$0.6 million was transferred out to the Street Capital Projects Fund. Other notable activity not affecting ending fund balance includes an increase in developer contributions (\$0.3 million) and a decrease in intergovernmental revenue relating to a prior year receipt of Surface Transportation Funds

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

(\$0.5 million), both of which were offset equally by transfers to the Street Capital Projects Fund, thus not affecting ending fund balance.

The Building Inspection Fund ending fund balance increased at the same pace as the prior year (\$0.3 million) due to continued strong growth in development activity.

The Street Capital Projects Fund ending fund balance remained flat. However, project activity increased by \$1.5 million in part due to street paving projects funded by the new Transportation Utility Fee.

Other governmental fund balances increased by \$3.1 million. The primary reasons are due to the new Governmental Capital Projects Fund with a fund balance of \$2.3 million (unspent loan proceeds for the public safety communications upgrade project) and the Street System Development Charges Fund increased net activity of \$0.9 million.

Proprietary Funds

The City of Newberg's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

The net position of the water utility increased by \$2.0 million (7.1%) over the prior fiscal year. Operating costs increased by \$0.2 million during 2017-18. Charges for services increased by \$0.6 million due to increases in utility service activity. Fiscal year 2017-18 also experienced an increase in capital contributions revenue of \$0.3 million.

The net position of the wastewater utility increased by \$1.3 million (3.5%) during fiscal year 2017-18. Charges for services increased by \$0.5 million over the prior year. Operating costs increased by \$1.0 million. Fiscal year 17-18 also experienced an increase in capital contributions revenue of \$1.2 million.

The net position of the stormwater utility increased by \$1.7 million during fiscal year 2017-18. The levels of operational activity remained relatively consistent with prior year with the exception of a decrease in materials and services relating to a fiscal year 2016-17 misclassification of construction in progress capitalizations for which a correcting entry was made in 2017-18 in the form of a prior period adjustment, which is further explained in footnote disclosure 4. Fiscal year 2017-18 also experienced an increase in capital contributions revenue of \$0.5 million.

Net position of the emergency medical services fund increased \$0.2 million during fiscal year 2017-18. The decrease in operating revenues of \$0.4 million was offset by a decrease in operating expenses of \$0.6 million, due to the transfer of services to Tualatin Valley Fire and Rescue. Additionally, a special item of \$0.8 million was recognized pertaining to pension/OPEB related items, which is further explained in the footnote disclosure 4.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Original budget compared to final budget

The budgetary statements for each fund, shown throughout this report, show the original budget, final budget, actual revenues, expenditures and transfers in and out for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. The City executed two supplemental budgets affecting multiple funds to cover minor adjustments for various unanticipated revenues and expenditures within different funds as well as creating the Governmental Capital Projects Fund to account for the new Public Safety Communications Upgrade Project. In addition, a new Transportation Utility Fee was adopted effective September 2017 and was included as a supplemental budget item of approximately \$1.0 million.

General Fund final budget compared to actual results

General fund actual revenues exceeded budget by 5.3%, primarily due to Licenses and Permits revenues exceeding budget by 99.3%, and franchise fee revenues exceeding budget by 8.3%. General fund expenditures were, in aggregate and excluding transfers, 89.0% of budget, with the largest variances in the police, fire, and planning categories due to various salaries and operating expenditures.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets. As of June 30, 2018, the City had invested \$165.5 million in capital assets as reflected in the following table, which represents a net increase (additions, deductions and depreciation) of \$2.4 million.

TABLE 5 CAPITAL ASSETS AT YEAR END (NET OF DEPRECIATION)

(in millions)

		Governmental				Busine	ss-typ	e					
	Activities				Activities					Totals			
	2	2018 2017		2	.018	2	2018			2017			
Land	\$	1.2	\$	1.2	\$	2.8	\$	2.8		\$	4.0	\$	4.0
Right of way		26.8		26.8		-		-			26.8		26.8
Construction in progress		3.9		1.3		3.0		1.8			6.9		3.1
Buildings & improvements		7.3		7.5		22.9		23.6			30.2		31.1
Equipment		2.6		2.6		25.9		27.0			28.5		29.6
Utility systems		-		-		34.5		33.4			34.5		33.4
Infrastructure		34.6		35.1							34.6		35.1
Total	\$	76.4	\$	74.5	\$	89.1	\$	88.6		\$	165.5	\$	163.1

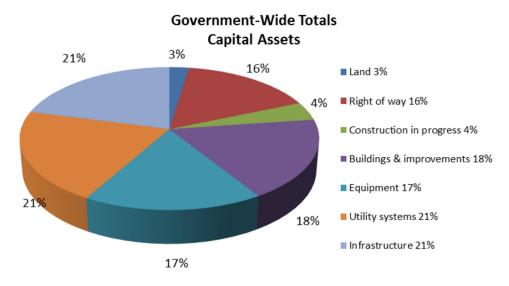
Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- The City received developer-contributed infrastructure from five developments, which completed in 2017-18. These developers contributed a total of \$2.8 million of infrastructure in the current year.
- Depreciation expense for 2017-18 was \$6,694,413.
- The City began work on the Public Safety Communication Upgrade, expending a total of \$0.9 million of the anticipated \$3.1 million total project cost.
- The City completed work on the oxidation ditch #2 rebuild and the water treatment plant hypochlorite generator, which totaled \$0.7 and \$0.4 million over the course of the construction, respectively.

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements on page 40 of this report.



Debt. As of June 30, 2018, the City had a total long-term debt obligation of \$42.0 million. Of this amount, \$9.6 million represented outstanding bonded indebtedness. Outstanding bonded debt included \$2.6 million to be serviced by the City Hall fee and internal charges to departments and \$7.0 million serviced by user fees and SDCs. The City incurred a new private placement bank loan for \$3.2 million to the public safety communication upgrade projects to be repaid by General Fund revenue. All of these debts are backed by the full faith and credit of the City.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

TABLE 6 OUTSTANDING DEBT AT YEAR END

(in millions)

	Governme Activiti			al		Busines Activ	-			To	tals	
	2	2018		2017		2018		2017		2018		2017
FF&C Bonds-2015 Refunding	\$	0.4	\$	0.7	\$	7.0	\$	8.1	\$	7.4	\$	8.8
FF&C public safety financing		3.2		-		-		-		3.2		-
Limited tax bonds		2.2		2.3		-		-		2.2		2.3
Notes payable		1.4		1.5		27.8		29.4		29.2		30.9
Capital leases				0.1								0.1
Total	\$	7.2	\$	4.6	\$	\$ 34.8		\$ 37.5		42.0	\$	42.1

The City received an AA credit rating from Standard & Poors on the 2015 Refunding. This is equivalent to a two-notch increase over the rating received by Moody's in 1998. The City's 2004 pension bond was reviewed by Moody's in July 2018 and was upgraded from Aa3 to Aa2.

Additional information on the City's debt and other long-term obligations can be found in the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements on page 43 of this report.

ECONOMIC FACTORS

The following economic factors currently affect the City of Newberg:

- The unemployment rate for Yamhill County is currently 3.5%, which continues a downward trend from prior years. This rate has decreased over the last eight years after spiking at a high around 13.2% in 2009, and the 2018 rate is now the lowest in over 30 years.
- The City's taxable assessed value (TAV) for 2018-19 increased by 2.67% over the 2017-18 certified tax roll. This growth rate was down from the TAV increase of 4.19% in 2017-18 tax year. The 2017-18 TAV was adjusted downward in June 2018 (post-certification) primarily due to the settlement of a longstanding dispute between Comcast and the State of Oregon, as well as an adjustment to Frontier and an assessment error on another Newberg business. The adjustment to the TAV in this magnitude should be considered one-time events, although tax adjustments do occur every year as a normal course of operation. TAV increased by \$73 million (3.98%) between the 2017-18 Adjusted and 2018-19 Certified. The City also received a one-time collection of \$188,480 from the Comcast settlement, which is basically a deferred payment from 2009-2018 tax years.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

- The City's private retirement plan contribution rate increased for 2017-18 from 29.32% to 34.22%. Additionally, this rate increased to 36.8% for the 2018-19 fiscal year. The rate for 2019-20 will be 37.97%.
- Employer contribution rates for Oregon PERS continue to increase. The rates for Oregon PERS increased by an additional 2.91-5.23% of subject payroll for the 2017-19 biennium and will increase an additional 1.67-2.08% of subject payroll for the 2019-21 biennium. In 2017-18, the City used the PERS reserves set aside in 2016-17 to offset the PERS rate increase effective July 1, 2017.
- Health care costs continued to escalate in FY2018-19 by approximately 9%.
- Non-represented employees within the City received a cost of living increase of 2.0% effective July 1, 2018. Police collective bargaining unit employees received a 3.0% cost of living increase. The public works collective bargaining agreement was approved in January 2018 for three years, and a cost of living adjustment of 2.5% will also be applied on January 1, 2019.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to:

Finance Director City of Newberg PO Box 970 Newberg, OR 97132 (503) 537-1216 www.newbergoregon.gov/finance

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This page intentionally left blank.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

- **Statement of Net Position** Statement presenting all of the City's assets, net outflows of resources, liabilities, and net inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. This statement is split between governmental and business-type activities.
- **Statement of Activities -** Statement reporting the changes in net position of the City's governmental and business-type activities.

This page intentionally left blank.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2018

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Totals
<u>ASSETS</u>			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 17,481,262	\$ 29,856,382	\$ 47,337,644
Receivables	1,842,316	1,716,173	3,558,489
Internal balances	(56,659)	56,659	-
Inventories	111,957	228,057	340,014
Capital assets:			
Land and construction in progress	31,938,691	5,804,640	37,743,331
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	44,420,279	83,307,569	127,727,848
Total assets	95,737,846	120,969,480	216,707,326
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pension related items	5,609,083	2,795,481	8,404,564
Other postemployment benefits related items	29,910	9,876	39,786
Deferred refunding charge	36,116	277,323	313,439
Total deferred outflows of resources	5,675,109	3,082,680	8,757,789
<u>LIABILITIES</u>			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	2,271,685	593,283	2,864,968
Contingent liability	446,000	-	446,000
Deposits	50,432	26,603	77,035
Interest payable	37,993	244,461	282,454
Long-term obligations:			
Due within one year	1,692,533	3,101,558	4,794,091
Due in more than one year	23,594,619	39,944,925	63,539,544
Total liabilities	28,093,262	43,910,830	72,004,092
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pension related items	1,608,625	993,356	2,601,981
Other postemployment benefits related items	34,376	11,451	45,827
Total deferred inlows of resources	1,643,001	1,004,807	2,647,808
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	75,051,501	54,630,631	129,682,132
Restricted for:			
Capital projects	3,957,362	6,417,821	10,375,183
Debt service	65,995	-	65,995
Public safety	156,300	-	156,300
Street maintenance	1,222,625	-	1,222,625
Other purposes	2,119,808	-	2,119,808
Unrestricted	(10,896,899)	18,088,071	7,191,172
Total net position	\$ 71,676,692	\$ 79,136,523	\$ 150,813,215

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

		Program Revenues						
		Charges		(Operating		Capital	
			for	(Grants and	(Grants and	
Functions/Programs	 Expenses	Services		Co	ontributions	Co	ontributions	
Governmental activities:								
General government	\$ 456,661	\$	1,164,740	\$	196,970	\$	-	
Public safety	14,122,328		2,036,208		17,254		-	
Library	1,880,375		114,132		56,803		-	
Community development	5,605,823		3,282,887		1,536,443		3,549,009	
Interest on long-term obligations	190,013		-		-			
Total governmental activities	22,255,200		6,597,967	_	1,807,470	_	3,549,009	
Business-type activities:								
Water	5,091,557		6,005,357		-		1,205,067	
Wastewater	9,015,163		8,165,355		-		2,426,479	
Stormwater	1,474,100		1,545,965		-		665,187	
Emergency medical services	 305,867		26,618					
Total business-type activities	15,886,687		15,743,295		_		4,296,733	
Totals	\$ 38,141,887	\$	22,341,262	\$	1,807,470	\$	7,845,742	

General revenues:

Taxes:

Property taxes levied for general purposes Property taxes levied for debt service

Franchise and public service taxes

Interest and investment earnings

Miscellaneous

Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets

Special item: pension/OPEB related items (see footnote 4)

Contingency loss (see footnote 4)

Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net position

Net position-beginning

Prior period adjustment

Net position--ending

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

C	Governmental Activities	Вı	usiness-Type Activities		Totals
\$	905,049	\$	-	\$	905,049
	(12,068,866)		_	·	(12,068,866)
	(1,709,440)		_		(1,709,440)
	2,762,516		_		2,762,516
	(190,013)		-		(190,013)
	(10,300,754)				(10,300,754)
	-		2,118,867		2,118,867
	-		1,576,671		1,576,671
	-		737,052		737,052
	-		(279,249)		(279,249)
	-		4,153,341		4,153,341
	(10,300,754)		4,153,341		(6,147,413)
	7,872,211		-		7,872,211
	832		_		832
	3,997,659		-		3,997,659
	257,864		464,392		722,256
	15,193		-		15,193
	427		2,909		3,336
	-		788,650		788,650
	(446,000)		-		(446,000)
	337,773		(337,773)		-
	12,035,959		918,178		12,954,137
	1,735,205		5,071,519		6,806,724
	69,448,717		73,950,985		143,399,702
	492,770		114,019		606,789
\$	71,676,692	\$	79,136,523	\$	150,813,215

This page intentionally left blank.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Governmental Funds

- **General** accounts for the financial operations of the city that are not required to be accounted for in any other fund. Principal sources of revenue are property taxes, licenses and permits, intergovernmental revenue, and fines and forfeitures.
- **Street** accounts for revenues received from state gasoline taxes which are to be expended as outlined in the Constitution of the State of Oregon, Article IX, Section 3.
- **Building Inspection** accounts for fees collected to enforce the state building codes. Fund expenditures are related to the City's building inspection program.
- Street Capital Projects accounts for street capital projects. Resources are derived from transfers from the Street Fund, street systems development charges, and grant revenues.
- **Nonmajor Funds** includes seven special revenue funds, two debt service funds, and two capital projects funds that are collectively reported as nonmajor funds.

This page intentionally left blank.

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2018

	<u>t</u>	Inspection	Capital Projects	Nonmajor Funds	Governmental Funds
5 \$ 858	,589 \$	1,482,587	\$ 781,686	\$ 8,025,739	\$ 15,757,396
				450.404	
1 353	,656	-	-	469,124	1,051,531
-	-	-	-	31,744	31,744
-	-	-	-	72,176	72,176
8	-	-	-	18,186	681,934
1	-	-	-	-	27,181
	,779	-	-	-	90,779
5 \$ 1,303	,024 \$	1,482,587	\$ 781,686	\$ 8,616,969	\$ 17,712,741
3 \$ 53	,340 \$	20,308	\$ 604,882	\$ 101,355	\$ 1,184,888
4 12	,725	10,492	-	16,887	234,898
_	-	, -	-	26,826	26,826
8 14	,334	-	-	-	50,432
0	-	-		-	63,270
_	-	-	_	446,000	446,000
5 80	,399	30,800	604,882	591,068	2,006,314
8	-	-	-	18,186	681,934
-	-	-	-	31,744	31,744
-	-	-	-	72,176	72,176
8	-	-	-	122,106	785,854
- 90	,779	-	-	-	90,779
	,	1,451,787	-	7,054,372	9,638,005
-	-	-	176,804	682,507	859,311
_	_	_	, -	166,916	166,916
2	-	-	-	, - -	4,165,562
	,625	1,451,787	176,804	7,903,795	14,920,573
5 \$ 1,303	,024 \$	1,482,587	\$ 781,686	\$ 8,616,969	\$ 17,712,741
	- 1,131 	- 90,779 - 1,131,846	90,779 - 1,131,846 1,451,787	- 90,779 1,131,846 1,451,787 - 176,804 20,22 1,222,625 1,451,787 176,804	

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds To the Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2018

Amounts reported for governmental activities on the statement of net position are different because:

Total fund balances - governmental funds	\$ 14,920,573
The statement of net position reports receivables at their net realizable value. However receivables not available for current-period expenditures are deferred in governmental	
funds.	785,854
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	74,356,720
Governmental activities report as deferred outflows of resources payments to refunding bond escrow agent	36,116
Governmental activities report as deferred outflows of resources actuarially determined deferred outflows such as changes of assumptions and other actuarially calculated	
estimates and contributions related to the retirement plans for the year	3,838,103
Governmental activities report as deferred outflows of resources an actuarially calculated implicit employer subsidy for postemployment benefits for the year	24,536
Long-term obligations are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:	
Long-term debt \$ (7,234,518) Compensated absences \$ (717,748)	
Other postemployment benefits (491,701)	
Accrued interest (37,993)	(8,481,960)
The statement of activities reports the change in net pension liability as additional	
expenses for increases and a reduction of expenses for decreases	(11,464,650)
Governmental activities report as deferred inflows the effect of differences between projected and actual earnings and changes in proportionate share of contributions	
to the retirement plans	(1,025,672)
Governmental activities report as deferred inflows the effect of changes of assumptions and inputs for actuarally calculated other postemployment benefit costs	(28,111)
Internal service funds are proprietary funds and not reported with governmental funds.	
However, because internal service funds primarily benefit governmental activities, their assets, liabilities, and net position are reported along with governmental activities in the	
statement of net position	(1,284,817)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 71,676,692

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

D	General	Street	Building Inspection	Street Capital Projects	Total Nonmajor Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues Property taxes	\$ 7,864,019	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,703	\$ 7,871,722
Other taxes	2,990,659	φ -	ֆ -	J -	1,118,742	4,109,401
Licenses and permits	938,729	78,884	874,686	-	209,685	2,101,984
Intergovernmental	1,280,473	1,513,868	674,000	_	586,294	3,380,635
Charges for services	121,921	1,180,114	90,800	-	2,699,398	
Fines and forfeitures		1,160,114	90,800	-	2,099,398	4,092,233
	593,431	-	-	-	110 402	593,431
Facilities charge	-	-	-	-	119,492	119,492
Pension bond charge	-	-	-	-	248,417	248,417
Loan collections - principal	-	-	-	-	13,534	13,534
Loan collections - interest	-	-	-	-	1,573	1,573
Assessments	-	-	-	-	5,105	5,105
Donations	-	-	-	-	36,033	36,033
Interest	63,395	13,399	21,315	7,969	97,835	203,913
Miscellaneous	3,046	1,953	60	-	-	5,059
Total revenues	13,855,673	2,788,218	986,861	7,969	5,143,811	22,782,532
Expenditures Current:						
General government	195,657	-	-	-	157,377	353,034
Public safety	11,744,964	-	-	-	816,014	12,560,978
Library	1,726,286	-	-	-	65,497	1,791,783
Community development	769,426	1,207,993	626,691	-	220,331	2,824,441
Debt service:						
Principal	-	-	-	-	453,590	453,590
Interest	-	-	-	-	190,743	190,743
Capital outlay	=	-	-	2,708,413	876,452	3,584,865
Total expenditures	14,436,333	1,207,993	626,691	2,708,413	2,780,004	21,759,434
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over						
expenditures	(580,660)	1,580,225	360,170	(2,700,444)	2,363,807	1,023,098
Other financing sources (uses)						
Developer contribution proceeds	-	342,750	-	-	-	342,750
Sale of capital assets	327	923	-	-	-	1,250
Loan proceeds	45,671	-	-	-	3,151,630	3,197,301
Contingency loss (see footnote 4)	-	-	-	-	(446,000)	(446,000)
Transfers in	1,252,591	2,858	653	2,708,413	133,508	4,098,023
Transfers out	(212,984)	(1,440,387)	(16,810)	-	(2,130,970)	(3,801,151)
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,085,605	(1,093,856)	(16,157)	2,708,413	708,168	3,392,173
Net change in found belonge	504.045	196 260	244.012	7.060	2 071 075	4 415 271
Net change in fund balances	504,945	486,369	344,013	7,969	3,071,975	4,415,271
Fund balances, July 1, 2017	3,660,617	736,256 \$ 1,222,625	1,107,774	168,835	4,831,820	10,505,302
Fund balances, June 30, 2018	\$ 4,165,562	\$ 1,222,625	\$ 1,451,787	\$ 176,804	\$ 7,903,795	\$ 14,920,573

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Repayments of long-term obligations use current financial resources and are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, the payment of debt principal is reported as a decrease in long-term obligations in the statement of net position. Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds Compensated absences (20,017) Interest (1,685) Amortization of deferred refunding charges (4,514) Change in deferred outflows of resources related to Other postemployment benefits (21,044) Change in deferred inflows of resources related to Other postemployment benefits (28,111) The issuance of long-term obligations provides current financial resources to governmental funds, however, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position (3,197,301) Donations of capital assets are reported as capital contributions in the Statement of Activities, but do not appear in the governmental funds because they are not financial resources. (35,465) In the statement of activities, the (loss) on the disposition of capital assets is reported. The (loss) is not a current financial resource and thus is not reported in the funds. (35,465) Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, the statement of activities allocates the cost of capital outlays over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. Capital outlays are ported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, the statement of activities allocates the cost of capital outlays over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, the statement of activities allocates the cost of capital outlays over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. Capital outlays of resources are positive pension expense as the change in net pension asset or liability, pension related deferred outflow of resource	Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 4,415,271
Property taxes Notes and assessments Repayments of long-term obligations use current financial resources and are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, the payment of debt principal is reported as a decrease in long-term obligations in the statement of net position. Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds Compensated absences Compensated absences Interest Amortization of deferred refunding charges Amortization of deferred outflows of resources related to Other postemployment benefits Change in deferred outflows of resources related to Other postemployment benefits Change in deferred inflows of resources related to Other postemployment benefits (21,044) Change in deferred outflows of resources related to Other postemployment benefits (28,111) The issuance of long-term obligations provides current financial resources to governmental funds, however, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position (3,197,301) Donations of capital assets are reported as capital contributions in the Statement of Activities, but do not appear in the governmental funds because they are not financial resources. In the statement of activities, the (loss) on the disposition of capital assets is reported. The (loss) is not a current financial resource and thus is not reported in the funds. Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, the statement of activities allocates the cost of capital outlays over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Capital outlays are repor	However, the statement of activities recognizes such revenues at their net realizable	
Repayments of long-term obligations use current financial resources and are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, the payment of debt principal is reported as a decrease in long-term obligations in the statement of net position. Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds Compensated absences (20,017) Interest (1,685) Amortization of deferred refunding charges (4,514) Change in deferred outflows of resources related to Other postemployment benefits Other postemployment benefits (21,044) Change in deferred inflows of resources related to Other postemployment benefits (28,111) The issuance of long-term obligations provides current financial resources to governmental funds, however, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position Donations of capital assets are reported as capital contributions in the Statement of Activities, but do not appear in the governmental funds because they are not financial resources. In the statement of activities, the (loss) on the disposition of capital assets is reported. The (loss) is not a current financial resource and thus is not reported in the funds. Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, the statement of activities allocates the cost of capital outlays over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. Capital outlays are depreciation expense. Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, the statement of activities allocates the cost of capital outlays over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in povernmental funds. However, the statement of activities allocates the cost of capital outlays over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. Capital outlays of resources are position of capital outlays over their estimated useful funds as a		1,321
expenditures in governmental funds. However, the payment of debt principal is reported as a decrease in long-term obligations in the statement of net position. Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds Compensated absences (20,017) Interest (1,685) Amortization of deferred refunding charges (4,514) Change in deferred outflows of resources related to Other postemployment benefits (21,044) Change in deferred inflows of resources related to Other postemployment benefits (28,111) The issuance of long-term obligations provides current financial resources to governmental funds, however, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position (3,197,301) Donations of capital assets are reported as capital contributions in the Statement of Activities, but do not appear in the governmental funds because they are not financial resources. 891,733 In the statement of activities, the (loss) on the disposition of capital assets is reported. The (loss) is not a current financial resource and thus is not reported in the funds. (35,465) Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, the statement of activities allocates the cost of capital outlays over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. Capital outlays are poorted as expenditures in governmental funds. However, the statement of activities allocates the cost of capital outlays over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, the statement of activities allocates the cost of capital outlays over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, the statement of activities allocates the cost of capital outlays over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. Capital outlays are reported as exp	Notes and assessments	(18,639)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds Compensated absences (20.017) Interest (1,685) Amortization of deferred refunding charges (4,514) Change in deferred outflows of resources related to Other postemployment benefits (21,044) Change in deferred inflows of resources related to Other postemployment benefits (28,111) The issuance of long-term obligations provides current financial resources to governmental funds, however, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position (3,197,301) Donations of capital assets are reported as capital contributions in the Statement of Activities, but do not appear in the governmental funds because they are not financial resources. (891,733) In the statement of activities, the (loss) on the disposition of capital assets is reported. The (loss) is not a current financial resource and thus is not reported in the funds. (35,465) Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, the statement of activities allocates the cost of capital outlays over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. Capital outlays 2,569,269 Depreciation (1,795,527) The amount contributed to defined benefit pension plans is reported as an expenditure in the funds while governmental activities reports pension expense as the change in net pension asset or liability, pension related deferred outflow of resources and deferred inflows of resources. Change in deferred outflows of resources Change in deferred outflows of resources	expenditures in governmental funds. However, the payment of debt principal	
current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds Compensated absences (20,017) Interest (1,685) Amortization of deferred refunding charges (4,514) Change in deferred outflows of resources related to Other postemployment benefits (21,044) Change in deferred inflows of resources related to Other postemployment benefits (28,111) The issuance of long-term obligations provides current financial resources to governmental funds, however, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position (3,197,301) Donations of capital assets are reported as capital contributions in the Statement of Activities, but do not appear in the governmental funds because they are not financial resources. 891,733 In the statement of activities, the (loss) on the disposition of capital assets is reported. The (loss) is not a current financial resource and thus is not reported in the funds. (35,465) Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, the statement of activities allocates the cost of capital outlays over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, the statement of activities allocates the cost of capital outlays over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, the statement of activities allocates the cost of capital outlays over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in governmental funds and expenditure in the funds while governmental activities reports pension expense as the change in net pension asset or liability, pension related deferred outflow of resources and deferred inflows of resources. Change in deferred outflows of resources	is reported as a decrease in long-term obligations in the statement of net position.	460,518
Interest Amortization of deferred refunding charges (4,514) Change in deferred outflows of resources related to Other postemployment benefits Other postemployment benefits (21,044) Change in deferred inflows of resources related to Other postemployment benefits (22,111) The issuance of long-term obligations provides current financial resources to governmental funds, however, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position Donations of capital assets are reported as capital contributions in the Statement of Activities, but do not appear in the governmental funds because they are not financial resources. In the statement of activities, the (loss) on the disposition of capital assets is reported. The (loss) is not a current financial resource and thus is not reported in the funds. Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, the statement of activities allocates the cost of capital outlays over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. Capital outlays Capital outlays Capital outlays Depreciation The amount contributed to defined benefit pension plans is reported as an expenditure in the funds while governmental activities reports pension expense as the change in net pension asset or liability, pension related deferred outflow of resources and deferred inflows of resources. Change in deferred outflows of resources Change in deferred outflows of resources (2,573,186)	current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in	
Amortization of deferred refunding charges Change in deferred outflows of resources related to Other postemployment benefits Other postemployment benefits Change in deferred inflows of resources related to Other postemployment benefits (21,044) Change in deferred inflows of resources related to Other postemployment benefits (28,111) The issuance of long-term obligations provides current financial resources to governmental funds, however, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position Donations of capital assets are reported as capital contributions in the Statement of Activities, but do not appear in the governmental funds because they are not financial resources. In the statement of activities, the (loss) on the disposition of capital assets is reported. The (loss) is not a current financial resource and thus is not reported in the funds. Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, the statement of activities allocates the cost of capital outlays over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. Capital outlays Capital outlays Capital outlays Capital outlays Depreciation The amount contributed to defined benefit pension plans is reported as an expenditure in the funds while governmental activities reports pension expense as the change in net pension asset or liability, pension related deferred outflow of resources and deferred inflows of resources. Change in deferred outflows of resources Change in deferred outflows of resources Change in deferred outflows of resources Capital outflows of resources Capital outflows of resources Change in deferred outflows of resources	Compensated absences	(20,017)
Change in deferred outflows of resources related to Other postemployment benefits Other postemployment benefits (21,044) Change in deferred inflows of resources related to Other postemployment benefits (28,111) The issuance of long-term obligations provides current financial resources to governmental funds, however, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position Donations of capital assets are reported as capital contributions in the Statement of Activities, but do not appear in the governmental funds because they are not financial resources. 891,733 In the statement of activities, the (loss) on the disposition of capital assets is reported. The (loss) is not a current financial resource and thus is not reported in the funds. Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, the statement of activities allocates the cost of capital outlays over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. Capital outlays Capital outlays Capital outlays 2,569,269 Depreciation The amount contributed to defined benefit pension plans is reported as an expenditure in the funds while governmental activities reports pension expense as the change in net pension asset or liability, pension related deferred outflow of resources and deferred inflows of resources. Change in deferred outflows of resources Change in deferred outflows of resources (2,573,186)		(1,685)
Other postemployment benefits (21,044) Change in deferred inflows of resources related to Other postemployment benefits (28,111) The issuance of long-term obligations provides current financial resources to governmental funds, however, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position (3,197,301) Donations of capital assets are reported as capital contributions in the Statement of Activities, but do not appear in the governmental funds because they are not financial resources. 891,733 In the statement of activities, the (loss) on the disposition of capital assets is reported. The (loss) is not a current financial resource and thus is not reported in the funds. (35,465) Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, the statement of activities allocates the cost of capital outlays over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. Capital outlays 2,569,269 Depreciation (1,795,527) The amount contributed to defined benefit pension plans is reported as an expenditure in the funds while governmental activities reports pension expense as the change in net pension asset or liability, pension related deferred outflow of resources and deferred inflows of resources. Change in deferred outflows of resources (2,573,186)		
Change in deferred inflows of resources related to Other postemployment benefits (28,111) The issuance of long-term obligations provides current financial resources to governmental funds, however, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position (3,197,301) Donations of capital assets are reported as capital contributions in the Statement of Activities, but do not appear in the governmental funds because they are not financial resources. [891,733] In the statement of activities, the (loss) on the disposition of capital assets is reported. The (loss) is not a current financial resource and thus is not reported in the funds. [35,465] Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, the statement of activities allocates the cost of capital outlays over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. Capital outlays [2,569,269] [1,795,527] The amount contributed to defined benefit pension plans is reported as an expenditure in the funds while governmental activities reports pension expense as the change in net pension asset or liability, pension related deferred outflow of resources and deferred inflows of resources. Change in deferred outflows of resources (2,573,186)	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
The issuance of long-term obligations provides current financial resources to governmental funds, however, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position (3,197,301) Donations of capital assets are reported as capital contributions in the Statement of Activities, but do not appear in the governmental funds because they are not financial resources. 891,733 In the statement of activities, the (loss) on the disposition of capital assets is reported. The (loss) is not a current financial resource and thus is not reported in the funds. (35,465) Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, the statement of activities allocates the cost of capital outlays over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. Capital outlays 2,569,269 Depreciation (1,795,527) The amount contributed to defined benefit pension plans is reported as an expenditure in the funds while governmental activities reports pension expense as the change in net pension asset or liability, pension related deferred outflow of resources and deferred inflows of resources. Change in deferred outflows of resources (2,573,186)		
governmental funds, however, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position Donations of capital assets are reported as capital contributions in the Statement of Activities, but do not appear in the governmental funds because they are not financial resources. 891,733 In the statement of activities, the (loss) on the disposition of capital assets is reported. The (loss) is not a current financial resource and thus is not reported in the funds. (35,465) Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, the statement of activities allocates the cost of capital outlays over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. Capital outlays 2,569,269 Depreciation The amount contributed to defined benefit pension plans is reported as an expenditure in the funds while governmental activities reports pension expense as the change in net pension asset or liability, pension related deferred outflow of resources and deferred inflows of resources. Change in deferred outflows of resources (2,573,186)		, , ,
in the statement of net position Donations of capital assets are reported as capital contributions in the Statement of Activities, but do not appear in the governmental funds because they are not financial resources. 891,733 In the statement of activities, the (loss) on the disposition of capital assets is reported. The (loss) is not a current financial resource and thus is not reported in the funds. (35,465) Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, the statement of activities allocates the cost of capital outlays over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. Capital outlays Capital outlays Depreciation (1,795,527) The amount contributed to defined benefit pension plans is reported as an expenditure in the funds while governmental activities reports pension expense as the change in net pension asset or liability, pension related deferred outflow of resources and deferred inflows of resources. Change in deferred outflows of resources (2,573,186)		
Donations of capital assets are reported as capital contributions in the Statement of Activities, but do not appear in the governmental funds because they are not financial resources. 891,733 In the statement of activities, the (loss) on the disposition of capital assets is reported. The (loss) is not a current financial resource and thus is not reported in the funds. (35,465) Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, the statement of activities allocates the cost of capital outlays over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. Capital outlays Capital outlays Capital outlays Depreciation The amount contributed to defined benefit pension plans is reported as an expenditure in the funds while governmental activities reports pension expense as the change in net pension asset or liability, pension related deferred outflow of resources and deferred inflows of resources. Change in deferred outflows of resources (2,573,186)		(3.197.301)
Activities, but do not appear in the governmental funds because they are not financial resources. 891,733 In the statement of activities, the (loss) on the disposition of capital assets is reported. The (loss) is not a current financial resource and thus is not reported in the funds. (35,465) Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, the statement of activities allocates the cost of capital outlays over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. Capital outlays Capital outlays Capital outlays Depreciation The amount contributed to defined benefit pension plans is reported as an expenditure in the funds while governmental activities reports pension expense as the change in net pension asset or liability, pension related deferred outflow of resources and deferred inflows of resources. Change in deferred outflows of resources (2,573,186)	in the statement of het position	(3,177,301)
resources. In the statement of activities, the (loss) on the disposition of capital assets is reported. The (loss) is not a current financial resource and thus is not reported in the funds. (35,465) Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, the statement of activities allocates the cost of capital outlays over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. Capital outlays Capital outlays 2,569,269 Depreciation The amount contributed to defined benefit pension plans is reported as an expenditure in the funds while governmental activities reports pension expense as the change in net pension asset or liability, pension related deferred outflow of resources and deferred inflows of resources. Change in deferred outflows of resources (2,573,186)	Donations of capital assets are reported as capital contributions in the Statement of	
The (loss) is not a current financial resource and thus is not reported in the funds. Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, the statement of activities allocates the cost of capital outlays over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. Capital outlays Capital outlays Capital outlays Depreciation The amount contributed to defined benefit pension plans is reported as an expenditure in the funds while governmental activities reports pension expense as the change in net pension asset or liability, pension related deferred outflow of resources and deferred inflows of resources. Change in deferred outflows of resources (2,573,186)		891,733
Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, the statement of activities allocates the cost of capital outlays over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. Capital outlays Capital outlays Depreciation 2,569,269 Depreciation (1,795,527) The amount contributed to defined benefit pension plans is reported as an expenditure in the funds while governmental activities reports pension expense as the change in net pension asset or liability, pension related deferred outflow of resources and deferred inflows of resources. Change in deferred outflows of resources (2,573,186)		
statement of activities allocates the cost of capital outlays over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. Capital outlays Depreciation The amount contributed to defined benefit pension plans is reported as an expenditure in the funds while governmental activities reports pension expense as the change in net pension asset or liability, pension related deferred outflow of resources and deferred inflows of resources. Change in deferred outflows of resources (2,573,186)	The (loss) is not a current financial resource and thus is not reported in the funds.	(35,465)
useful lives as depreciation expense. Capital outlays Depreciation The amount contributed to defined benefit pension plans is reported as an expenditure in the funds while governmental activities reports pension expense as the change in net pension asset or liability, pension related deferred outflow of resources and deferred inflows of resources. Change in deferred outflows of resources (2,573,186)	Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, the	
Capital outlays Depreciation 2,569,269 (1,795,527) The amount contributed to defined benefit pension plans is reported as an expenditure in the funds while governmental activities reports pension expense as the change in net pension asset or liability, pension related deferred outflow of resources and deferred inflows of resources. Change in deferred outflows of resources (2,573,186)	statement of activities allocates the cost of capital outlays over their estimated	
Depreciation (1,795,527) The amount contributed to defined benefit pension plans is reported as an expenditure in the funds while governmental activities reports pension expense as the change in net pension asset or liability, pension related deferred outflow of resources and deferred inflows of resources. Change in deferred outflows of resources (2,573,186)		
The amount contributed to defined benefit pension plans is reported as an expenditure in the funds while governmental activities reports pension expense as the change in net pension asset or liability, pension related deferred outflow of resources and deferred inflows of resources. Change in deferred outflows of resources (2,573,186)		
in the funds while governmental activities reports pension expense as the change in net pension asset or liability, pension related deferred outflow of resources and deferred inflows of resources. Change in deferred outflows of resources (2,573,186)	Depreciation	(1,795,527)
in the funds while governmental activities reports pension expense as the change in net pension asset or liability, pension related deferred outflow of resources and deferred inflows of resources. Change in deferred outflows of resources (2,573,186)	The amount contributed to defined benefit pension plans is reported as an expenditure	
deferred inflows of resources. Change in deferred outflows of resources (2,573,186)		
Change in deferred outflows of resources (2,573,186)	net pension asset or liability, pension related deferred outflow of resources and	
		(2.22.10.5)
01		
Change in net pension asset or liability 1,981,124 Change in deferred inflows of resources (250,022)		(250,022)
Change in acterica inflows of resources (250,022)	Change in deferred inflows of resources	(230,022)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as administration and facilities and fleet services to individual funds. The	such as administration and facilities and fleet services to individual funds. The	
net revenue (expense) of certain internal service funds is reported with governmental		/- /-
activities. (641,926)	activities.	(641,926)
Change in net position of governmental activities \$ 1,735,205	Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 1,735,205

GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budgeted	d Amounts		
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance
Revenues				
Property taxes	\$ 7,855,522	\$ 7,855,522	\$ 7,864,019	\$ 8,497
Franchise fees	1,587,223	1,587,223	1,718,256	131,033
Licenses and permits	470,900	470,900	938,729	467,829
Intergovernmental	2,517,633	2,517,633	2,552,876	35,243
Charges for services	124,430	124,430	121,921	(2,509)
Fines and forfeitures	576,440	576,440	593,431	16,991
Interest	21,233	21,233	62,144	40,911
Miscellaneous	4,750	4,750	3,046	(1,704)
Total revenues	13,158,131	13,158,131	13,854,422	696,291
<u>Expenditures</u>				
General government	210,073	210,073	195,657	14,416
Municipal court	312,131	312,131	294,124	18,007
Police	6,835,552	6,871,213	6,511,997	359,216
Fire	3,866,703	3,866,703	3,876,778	(10,075)
Communications	3,509,676	1,317,360	1,062,065	255,295
Library	1,767,171	1,767,171	1,726,286	40,885
Planning	1,262,702	1,262,702	769,426	493,276
Contingency	643,504	607,843	-	607,843
Total expenditures	18,407,512	16,215,196	14,436,333	1,778,863
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(5,249,381)	(3,057,065)	(581,911)	(2,475,154)
Other financing sources (uses)				
Loan Proceeds	2,239,616	47,300	45,671	2,332,587
Sale of capital assets	1,000	1,000	327	2,327
Transfers in	1,174,924	1,174,924	1,252,591	77,667
Transfers out	(143,834)	(143,834)	(52,161)	91,673
Total other financing sources (uses)	3,271,706	1,079,390	1,246,428	2,504,254
N. 1	(1.077.675)	(1.077.675)	CC4 517	2 (42 102
<u> </u>			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2,642,192
	, ,			\$ 3,128,832
Net change in fund balance Fund balance, July 1, 2017 Fund balance, June 30, 2018 Reconciliation to generally accepted accounting print Interfund loan	(1,977,675) 3,077,675 \$ 1,100,000 ciples	(1,977,675) 3,077,675 \$ 1,100,000	664,51 3,564,31 4,228,83 (63,27)	15
Fund balance, June 30, 2018			\$ 4,165,562	

STREET FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

		Budgeted	Amounts				
	Original Final		_	Actual		Variance	
Revenues							
Licenses and permits	\$	34,875	\$ 34,875	\$	78,884	\$	44,009
Intergovernmental		1,573,500	1,573,500		1,513,868		(59,632)
Charges for services		2,500	959,837		1,180,114		220,277
Interest		2,500	2,500		13,399		10,899
Miscellaneous		-	-		1,953		1,953
Total revenues		1,613,375	2,570,712		2,788,218		217,506
							_
<u>Expenditures</u>							
Public works		1,362,441	1,362,441		1,207,993		154,448
Contingency		95,939	95,939		-		95,939
Total expenditures		1,458,380	1,458,380		1,207,993		250,387
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		154,995	1,112,332		1,580,225		467,893
Other financing sources (uses)							
Developer projects		340,000	340,000		342,750		2,750
Sale of capital assets		-	-		923		923
Transfers in		2,829	2,829		2,858		29
Transfers out		(987,150)	(1,944,487)		(1,440,387)		504,100
Total other financing sources (uses)		(644,321)	(1,601,658)		(1,093,856)		507,802
Net change in fund balance		(489,326)	(489,326)		486,369		975,695
Fund balance, July 01, 2017		489,326	489,326		736,256		246,930
Fund balance, June 30, 2018	\$	-	\$ -	\$	1,222,625	\$	1,222,625

BUILDING INSPECTION FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budgeted Amounts							
	Original Final			Actual		/ariance		
Revenues								
Licenses and permits	\$	775,571	\$	775,571	\$	874,686	\$	99,115
Charges for services		41,900		41,900		90,800		48,900
Interest		7,000		7,000		21,315		14,315
Miscellaneous		200		200		60		(140)
Total revenues		824,671		824,671		986,861		162,190
<u>Expenditures</u>								
Building inspection		689,957		689,957		626,691		63,266
Contingency		1,050,905		1,050,905		-		1,050,905
Total expenditures		1,740,862		1,740,862		626,691		1,114,171
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(916,191)		(916,191)		360,170		1,276,361
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers In		647		647		653		6
Transfers Out		(16,810)		(16,810)		(16,810)		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		(16,163)		(16,163)		(16,157)		6
Net change in fund balance		(932,354)		(932,354)		344,013		1,276,367
Fund balance, July 01, 2017		932,354		932,354		1,107,774		175,420
Fund balance, June 30, 2018	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,451,787	\$ 1	1,451,787

This page intentionally left blank.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Proprietary Funds

The City of Newberg utilizes six proprietary funds including four enterprise funds and two internal service funds. Enterprise funds are used to account for acquisition, operation, and maintenance of the water, wastewater, and stormwater systems. The City's emergency medical services are also accounted for in an enterprise fund. These funds are entirely or predominantly self-supported through user charges to customers. Internal service funds account for those activities and services furnished internally to other organizational units within the City on a cost reimbursement basis. Proprietary funds included are:

Enterprise

- Water
- Wastewater
- Stormwater
- Emergency Medical Services

Internal Service

- Administrative Support Services (Combined into "Governmental Activities Column")
- **Vehicle/Equipment Replacement** (Combined into "Governmental Activities Column")

For budgetary purposes, the water, wastewater, and stormwater activities are accounted for in the following separate funds:

• Water

Water (operating) Water System Development

Wastewater

Wastewater (operating) Wastewater System Development

Stormwater

Stormwater (operating) Stormwater System Development

The **Proprietary Capital Projects Fund** has transactions related to all three enterprise activities. The transactions have been aggregated accordingly, for reporting purposes.

For fund financial statement purposes, these funds and the **Emergency Medical Services Fund** are included as four separate enterprise funds.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

June 30, 2018

	7	Governmental Activities				
	Water	Waste- water	Storm- water	Emergency Medical Services	Total Enterprise Funds	Internal Service Funds
<u>ASSETS</u>						
Current assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 10,321,875	\$ 17,319,714	\$ 666,348	\$ -	\$ 28,307,937	\$ 3,272,311
Accounts and notes receivable, net	785,118	789,035	141,665	355	1,716,173	4,931
Due from other funds	63,270	-	-	-	63,270	-
Inventory	183,608	44,449	-	-	228,057	21,178
Total current assets	11,353,871	18,153,198	808,013	355	30,315,437	3,298,420
Noncurrent assets			4 000 505			
Land and construction in progress	1,128,996	2,772,059	1,903,585	-	5,804,640	-
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	28,049,111	47,460,600	7,571,796	226,062	83,307,569	2,002,250
Total noncurrent assets	29,178,107	50,232,659	9,475,381	226,062	89,112,209	2,002,250
Total assets	40,531,978	68,385,857	10,283,394	226,417	119,427,646	5,300,670
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Pension related items	1,001,550	1,370,912	423,019		2,795,481	1,770,980
Other postemployment benefits related items	4,355	4,303	1,218	_	9,876	5,374
Deferred refunding charge	249,980	27,343	1,210		277,323	5,574
Total deferred outflows of resources	1,255,885	1,402,558	424,237		3,082,680	1,776,354
Total deferred outrows of resources	1,233,003	1,102,550	12 1,237		3,002,000	1,770,331
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities						
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	96,539	371,486	50,623	_	518,648	116,568
Payroll liabilities	35,983	47,898	17,050	_	100,931	735,331
Due to other funds		· -	-	355	355	_
Interest payable	46,344	198,117	-	-	244,461	_
Deferred revenue	76	231	-	-	307	
Compensated absences	114,272	131,323	51,598	-	297,193	212,403
Current portion of capital leases payable	-	-	-	-	-	15,988
Current portion of notes payable	1,022,779	1,781,586	-	-	2,804,365	-
Total current liabilities	1,315,993	2,530,641	119,271	355	3,966,260	1,080,290
Long-term obligations						
Notes payable, net of current portion	7,175,156	24,779,380	-	-	31,954,536	-
Net pension liability	2,789,442	3,811,386	1,189,271	-	7,790,099	5,040,566
Other postemployment benefits liability	87,325	87,787	25,178	-	200,290	109,578
Total long-term obligations	10,051,923	28,678,553	1,214,449	-	39,944,925	5,150,144
Total liabilities	11,367,916	31,209,194	1,333,720	355	43,911,185	6,230,434
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		404.050				
Pension related items	356,577	491,058	145,721	-	993,356	582,953
Other postemployment benefits related items	4,993	5,019	1,439	-	11,451	6,265
Total deferred inflows of resources	361,570	496,077	147,160	-	1,004,807	589,218
NET DOCITION						
Net investment in capital assets	21,230,152	23,699,036	9,475,381	226,062	54,630,631	1,986,262
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	41,430,134	23,077,030	7,473,361	220,002	54,050,051	1,700,202
System expansion	314,198	5,966,311	137,312		6,417,821	
Unrestricted	8,514,027	3,900,311 8,417,797	(385,942)	-	16,545,882	(1,728,890)
Total net position	\$ 30,058,377	\$ 38,083,144	\$ 9,226,751	\$ 226,062	77,594,334	\$ 257,372
Total liet position	φ 50,056,577	φ 50,005,144	\$ 9,220,731	φ 220,002	11,374,334	φ 231,312
Adjustment to reflect the combination	on of internal service	e fund activities vol	ated to enterprise fun	de	1,542,189	
Net position of business-type activit		a runu activities fei	area to emerprise full	us.	\$ 79,136,523	
rice position of ousiness-type activity					Ψ 17,130,323	

16

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Business-type Activities								
	Water	Waste- water	Storm- water	Emergency Medical Services	Total Enterprise Funds	Activities Internal Service Funds		
Operating revenues								
Charges for services, net	\$ 5,935,990	\$ 8,137,018	\$ 1,520,380	\$ 26,618	\$ 15,620,006	\$ 5,627,497		
Miscellaneous	69,367	28,337	25,585	-	123,289	10,134		
Total operating revenues	6,005,357	8,165,355	1,545,965	26,618	15,743,295	5,637,631		
Operating expenses								
Personal services	1,583,912	2,287,772	673,790	-	4,545,474	4,082,329		
Materials and services	2,012,357	3,162,235	465,156	225,542	5,865,290	1,896,482		
Depreciation and amortization	1,265,305	2,819,951	298,382	80,325	4,463,963	434,923		
Total operating expenses	4,861,574	8,269,958	1,437,328	305,867	14,874,727	6,413,734		
Operating income (loss)	1,143,783	(104,603)	108,637	(279,249)	868,568	(776,103)		
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)								
Interest income	170,376	281,029	12,084	903	464,392	52,378		
Interest expense	(261,371)	(744,333)	,	-	(1,005,704)	,		
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets	1,063	923	923	_	2,909	34,642		
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(89,932)	(462,381)	13,007	903	(538,403)	87,020		
Income (loss) before capital contributions								
and transfers	1,053,851	(566,984)	121,644	(278,346)	330,165	(689,083)		
Capital contributions	1,205,067	2,426,479	665,187	-	4,296,733	-		
Special item: pension/OPEB related items	-	-	-	788,650	788,650	-		
Transfers in	41,511	2,858	2,858	-	47,227	40,901		
Transfers out	-	-	-	(381,638)	(381,638)	(3,362)		
Change in net position	2,300,429	1,862,353	789,689	128,666	5,081,137	(651,544)		
Net position, July 1, 2017	28,071,605	36,786,025	7,479,913	61,635	72,399,178	3,615,722		
Prior period adjustment	(313,657)	(565,234)	957,149	35,761	114,019	(2,706,806)		
Net position, June 30, 2018	\$30,058,377	\$38,083,144	\$ 9,226,751	\$ 226,062	77,594,334	\$ 257,372		
Adjustment to reflect the com	abination of inter	nal service fund a	ctivities related to	enterprise funds.	(9,618)			

Adjustment to reflect the combination of internal service fund activities related to enterprise funds.

Change in net position of business-type activities

\$

(9,618) \$ 5,071,519

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

	Port of Artist					Governmental		
	Business-type Activities Emergency Total					Activities		
	Water	Waste- water		Storm- water		mergency Medical Services	Enterprise Funds	Internal Service Funds
Cash flows from operating activities	Ф. 5.022.500	Ф. О.О.А. 441	Ф.	1 502 572		20.410	¢ 15 400 021	Ф.
Cash received from customers Cash received from other funds	\$ 5,822,598	\$ 8,064,441	\$	1,503,573	\$	29,419	\$ 15,420,031	\$ - 5,625,033
Cash paid to suppliers	(2,070,901)	(3,218,652)		(519,313)		271,358	(5,537,508)	(1,894,621)
Cash paid to employees	(1,486,287)	(1,989,330)		(687,282)		-	(4,162,899)	(2,820,677)
Other receipts	69,367	28,337		25,585		-	123,289	10,134
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	2,334,777	2,884,796		322,563		300,777	5,842,913	919,869
Cook flows from noncomital financing activities								
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities Transfers in	61,779	2,858		2,858		_	67,495	40,901
Transfers out	01,777	2,636		-		(381,638)	(381,638)	(3,362)
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing						(501,050)	(301,030)	(3,302)
activities	61,779	2,858		2,858		(381,638)	(314,143)	37,539
Cash flavus from conital and							_	
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities								
Principal paid on long-term obligations	(968,932)	(1,787,809)		_		_	(2,756,741)	(66,488)
Interest paid on long-term obligations	(291,501)	(824,190)		_		_	(1,115,691)	(00,400)
Purchases of capital assets	(499,585)	(1,798,114)		(883,875)			(3,181,574)	(497,086)
Sale of capital assets	1,063	923		923		-	2,909	34,642
Developer contributions	570,829	1,765,467		81,060		-	2,417,356	
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related								
financing activities	(1,188,126)	(2,643,723)		(801,892)		-	(4,633,741)	(528,932)
Cash flows from investing activities								
Interest received on investments	170,376	281,029		12,084		903	464,392	52,378
Net cash provided by investing activities	170,376	281,029		12,084		903	464,392	52,378
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	1,378,806	524,960		(464,387)		(79,958)	1,359,421	480,854
Cash and cash equivalents, July 1, 2017	8,943,069	16,794,754		1,130,735		79,958	26,948,516	2,791,457
Cash and cash equivalents, June 30, 2018	\$ 10,321,875	\$17,319,714	\$	666,348	\$	-	\$ 28,307,937	\$ 3,272,311
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:								
Operating income (loss)	\$ 1,143,783	\$ (104,603)	\$	108,637	\$	(279,249)	\$ 868,568	\$ (776,103)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to								
net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:								
Depreciation and amortization	1,265,305	2,819,951		298,382		80,325	4,463,963	434,923
(Increase) decrease in OPEB related items	8,172	9,888		3,182		-	21,242	12,291
(Increase) decrease in notes receivable	-	-		-		500,000	500,000	-
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	(113,392)	(72,577)		(16,807)		2,446	(200,330)	(2,464)
(Increase) decrease in pension related items	78,403	275,366		(24,252)		-	329,517	1,038,258
(Increase) decrease in inventory	(11,412)	5,994		-		-	(5,418)	88
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	(47,208)	(62,642)		(54,157)		(3,100)	(167,107)	1,773
Increase (decrease) in payroll liabilities	2,940	5,627		1,480		-	10,047	195,101
Increase (decrease) in due to other funds	-	-		-		355	355	-
Increase (decrease) in deferred revenue	76	231		- 6.009		-	307	16 002
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$,110 \$ 2,334,777	7,561 \$ 2,884,796	\$	6,098 322,563	\$	300,777	\$ 5,842,913	\$ 919,869
rect cash provided by (used iii) operating activities	φ 2,334,777	φ 2,004,790	Ф	344,303	Ф	300,777	φ 3,042,913	φ 919,009
Schedule of noncash capital and related financing activitie	s							
Transfers	\$ (20,268)	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ (20,268)	\$ -
Developer contributed capital assets	643,200	655,551		584,127		-	1,882,878	_

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Fiduciary Funds

- **Statement of Fiduciary Net Position** Statement summarizing the assets of the City's retirement plan and the Bail Fund
- Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Statement reporting the changes in net position of the City's retirement plan.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

June 30, 2018

		Employees	
		Retirement	
	Plan Trust		Agency
<u>ASSETS</u>			
Cash	\$	-	\$ 71,734
Investments			
Pooled separate accounts with Principal Financial Group		20,628,929	-
Total assets		20,628,929	71,734
<u>LIABILITIES</u>			
Accounts payable		-	7,068
Due to others		-	64,666
Total liabilities		-	\$ 71,734
			·

NET	p	\cap	TT	T	M
1 1 1 2 1		しん)	- 11	<i>)</i> N

Net position restricted for pensions	\$ 20,628,929

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

	Employees Retirement Plan Trust		
Additions		11000	
Contributions			
Employer	\$	1,304,250	
Plan members		235,670	
Total contributions		1,539,920	
Investment earnings			
Net appreciation in the fair value of investments		1,469,649	
Total investment earnings		1,469,649	
Total additions		3,009,569	
<u>Deductions</u>			
Benefits		1,728,432	
Administrative expenses		46,149	
Total deductions		1,774,581	
Change in net position		1,234,988	
Net position, beginning		19,393,941	
Net position, ending	\$	20,628,929	

This page intentionally left blank.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This page intentionally left blank.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2018

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the City of Newberg, Oregon (City) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting standards.

Reporting Entity

The Town of Newberg was incorporated in 1889, and the current City of Newberg, Yamhill County, Oregon was incorporated as a municipal corporation on February 10, 1893, under the name of "City of Newberg." The present charter was enacted in 1982, amended in November 2006, and again in November 2017. The City operates under a Council-City Manager form of government. The governing body consists of six council members and a mayor. The mayor and council are each elected to serve four-year terms. The City Manager administers policies and coordinates the activities of the City. The heads of the various departments, formed to provide various services, are under the direct supervision of the City Manager.

The City has no component units as defined by generally accepted accounting principles. The general criteria for including entities as part of the City is financial accountability by the City, and any situation where an entity might have such significance that its exclusion would cause the City's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The City has determined no entities meet these criteria.

Fund Accounting

The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and aid financial management by segregating government functions and activities. The operations of each fund are accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts which comprise its assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows, fund balances (net position), revenues, and expenditures (expenses).

Basic Financial Statements

Basic financial statements are presented at both the government-wide and fund level. Both levels of statements categorize functions/programs as either governmental or business-type activities. Governmental activities, which are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The government-wide financial statements report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the City. As a general rule, the effect of internal activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule include interfund services provided and/or used. Interfund services provided and/or used are accounted for as revenues and expenses since the elimination of such revenues and expenses would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions. These statements focus on the sustainability of the City as an entity and the change in aggregate financial positions resulting from the activities of the fiscal year. The two statements in this category are the statement of net position and the statement of activities.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a governmental function or business-type activity are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or program. Program revenues include 1) fees, fines, and charges to customers who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or program, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or program. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2018

Fund financial statements display information at the individual fund level. Each fund is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Funds are classified and summarized as governmental, proprietary, or fiduciary. Fund financial statements are provided for governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements. Non-major funds are aggregated into a single column within each fund type in the basic financial statements.

Basis of Presentation

The financial transactions of the City are recorded within individual funds. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprises its assets, liabilities, net position/fund balance, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. The various funds are reported by generic classification within the financial statements.

GASB 34, as amended by GASB 65, sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of the assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures/expenses of either fund category or the governmental and enterprise combined) for the determination of major funds. The City electively added funds as major funds which had a specific community focus. Non-major funds are aggregated in a column in the fund financial statements.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

■ General

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those accounted for in another fund. Principal sources of revenue are property taxes, franchise fees, licenses and permits, and intergovernmental revenues. Primary expenditures are for general government, police and fire protection, communications, library, and planning. Additionally, the PERS Rate Stabilization Reserve Fund, which was budgeted separately in the 2017-18 adopted budget, is included in the General Fund in the fund financial statements.

Street

This special revenue fund accounts for revenues received from state gasoline taxes. Expenditures of this fund are limited to maintaining the City's street system. One percent of the gasoline tax is dedicated to bicycle paths.

Building Inspection

This special revenue fund accounts for building and plumbing inspection fees collected to enforce the State Building Codes. Fund expenditures are used to operate the City's inspection program.

Street Capital Projects

This fund accounts for street capital projects. Resources are derived from transfers from the Street Fund, Street Systems Development Fund, grants, and bond proceeds.

The City reports each of its four proprietary activities as major funds. The funds are used to account for water, wastewater, stormwater, and emergency medical services. These funds are entirely or predominately self-supporting through user charges.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2018

The City reports the following proprietary funds:

■ Water

Water Fund (budgetary basis financial statements only)

Water System Development Fund (budgetary basis financial statements only)

Wastewater

Wastewater Fund (budgetary basis financial statements only)

Wastewater System Development Fund (budgetary basis financial statements only)

■ Stormwater

Stormwater Fund (budgetary basis financial statements only)

Stormwater System Development Fund (budgetary basis financial statements only)

- The *Proprietary Capital Projects Fund* accounts for capital projects for all three utilities and is reported only on a budgetary basis.
- Emergency Medical Services
 Emergency Medical Services Fund

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

- Special Revenue Accounts for and reports the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specific purposes other than debt service or capital projects.
- *Debt Service* Accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term debt of governmental funds.
- Capital Projects Accounts for and reports financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned
 to expenditure for capital outlays including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other
 capital assets.
- Internal Service Accounts for those activities and services furnished internally to other organizational units within the City on a cost reimbursement basis. Charges are made to the various departments to support these activities. The City's internal service funds include Administrative Support Services and the Vehicle/Equipment Replacement Fund. The aggregate of all internal service funds are reflected in the fund financial statements.
- Fiduciary

Pension Trust - City of Newberg Employees Retirement Plan accounts for the accumulation of resources for pension benefit payments to qualified public employees.

Agency – Accounts for bail payments held by the City, in a custodial capacity, related to the City's Municipal Court.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2018

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe *which* transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to *when* transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus.

The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary financial statements are accounted for using an economic resources measurement focus, whereby all assets and liabilities are included in the statements of net position and the statement of changes in net position. The increases and decreases in net position are presented in the government-wide statement of activities and in the proprietary fund statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position. These funds use the accrual basis of accounting whereby revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Agency funds report only assets and liabilities, therefore, these funds do not have a measurement focus.

When both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, unrestricted resources are used only after the restricted resources are depleted.

Governmental fund financial statements are presented on a modified accrual basis of accounting with a current financial resource measurement focus. This measurement focus concentrates on the fund's resources available for spending currently or in the near future. Only transactions and events affecting the fund's current financial resources during the period are reported. Similar to the connection between an economic resource measurement focus and full accrual accounting, a current financial resource measurement focus is inseparable from a modified accrual basis of accounting. Under modified accrual accounting, revenues are recognized when they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period (except property taxes which uses a 30 day collection period). Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. Property taxes, franchise fees, state shared revenues, 911 taxes and lodging tax associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenues are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

Unavailable revenue arises in the governmental funds balance sheet when potential revenue does not meet both the measurable and available criteria for recognition in the current period. This unavailable revenue consists primarily of uncollected property taxes and assessments not deemed available to finance operations of the current period. In the government-wide statement of activities, with a full accrual basis of accounting, revenue must be recognized as soon as it is earned regardless of its availability. Thus, the amount reported on the governmental funds balance sheet for unavailable revenue is eliminated in the government-wide financial statements.

Similar to the way their revenues are recorded, governmental funds only record those expenditures that affect current financial resources. Principal and interest on long-term obligations are recorded as fund liabilities only when due. Vested compensated absences are recorded as expenditures only to the extent that they are expected to be liquidated with expendable financial resources. In the government-wide financial statements, however, with a full accrual basis of accounting, all expenditures affecting the economic resource status of the government must be recognized. Thus, the expense and related liability for long-term portions of debt and compensated absences must be included.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2018

Since the governmental fund statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the government-wide statements' governmental activities column, a reconciliation is necessary to explain the adjustments needed to transform the fund based financial statements into the governmental activities column of the government-wide presentations. This reconciliation is part of the financial statements. Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connections with a proprietary fund's principle ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues for the City's Water, Wastewater, Stormwater, and Emergency Services Funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The Water, Wastewater, and Stormwater Funds also recognize fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the City's utility systems as operating revenue. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and overhead and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Equity

Cash and Investments

Investments included in cash and cash equivalents are stated at cost, which approximates the fair value. Investments with a remaining maturity of more than one year are reported in accordance with GASB Statement No. 31. Interest earned on pooled cash and cash equivalents is allocated monthly based on each funds ending cash balance as a proportion of the City's total pooled cash and cash equivalents. For purposes of reporting cash flows, cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, checking, savings and money market accounts, and any highly-liquid debt instruments purchased with a maturity of three months or less.

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

Investments in the pension trust fund are stated at fair value.

Receivables

In the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as "Due from other funds" or "Due to other funds" in the fund financial statements.

In the government-wide financial statements, all interfund receivables and payables are combined and any residual balances between the governmental and business-type activities are reported as "internal balances."

Property taxes that are collected within 30 days after year-end are considered measurable and available and, therefore, are recognized as revenue. The remaining taxes receivable is recorded as deferred revenue because it is not deemed available to finance operations of the current period. An allowance for doubtful accounts is not deemed necessary, as uncollectible taxes become a lien on the property. Property taxes are levied and become a lien on July 1. Collection dates are November 15, February 15, and May 15 following the lien date. Discounts are

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2018

allowed if the amount due is received by November 15 or February 15. Taxes unpaid and outstanding on May 16 are considered delinquent.

Assessment liens are recognized at the time property owners are assessed for property improvement. Assessment liens receivable are offset by deferred revenue and, accordingly, have not been recognized as revenue.

Charges for services by the enterprise funds are recognized as revenue when earned, including services provided but not billed. Accounts receivable in the proprietary funds are stated at the amount management expects to collect from balances outstanding at year-end. Based on management's past experience, it has concluded that realization of losses on balances outstanding at year-end will be immaterial.

Inventories

Inventories of materials and supplies for governmental fund types, enterprise funds, and internal service funds are stated at cost on a first-in, first-out basis and charged to expenses as used.

Capital Assets

Capital assets (including infrastructure) are recorded at historical cost or at estimated historical cost, if actual historical cost is not available. Donated capital assets, donated works of art and similar items, and capital assets received in a service concession arrangement are reported at acquisition value rather than fair value. Capital assets include public domain (infrastructure) capital assets consisting of certain improvements including roads, signals and lighting systems. The City defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. In the government-wide statements, capital assets used in operations are depreciated or amortized (assets under capital leases) using the straight-line method over the lesser of the capital lease period or their estimated useful lives.

CategoryEstimated LifeBuilding and improvements10 to 45 yearsEquipment3 to 30 yearsSoftware3 to 7 yearsUtility systems50 yearsInfrastructure20-50 years

A half year of depreciation is taken in the year assets are acquired or retired. Gains or losses from sales or retirements of capital assets are included in operations of the current period.

Compensated Absences

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. Compensated absences are accrued as earned. There is no liability reported for unpaid accumulated sick leave since the City, by policy, does not pay accumulated sick leave when employees separate from service with the City. Sick leave, which does not vest, is recognized in all funds when leave is taken. All vacation leave is recorded when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. For governmental activities, compensated absences are generally liquidated by the fund that incurred the liability. The significant fund incurring these liabilities is the General Fund. As compensated absences are due and payable on demand, they are considered due within one year.

Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities of the applicable governmental activities and business-type

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2018

activities. Bond premiums, discounts and deferred amounts on refunding are amortized over the life of the bonds, if material. Issuance costs are reported as period costs in the year of issue.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs as expenditures, when incurred. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Governmental activities long-term debt payments are recorded in the Debt Service Fund. The business-type activity long-term debt payments are funded by the proprietary operating funds.

Other Postemployment Benefit Obligations – City-County Insurance Services (CCIS)

For purposes of measuring the OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources to OPEB, and OPEB expense, the City has relied on actuarial reports. The City allows retired employees to purchase health insurance at the same rates as active employees.

Pension Obligations – Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the OPERS and additions to/deductions from OPERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by OPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Pension Obligations – Newberg Employees Retirement Plan System (NERPS)

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of NERPS and additions to/deductions from NERPS fiduciary net position have been actuarially determined. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Deferred outflows / inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statements of net position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. These include refunded debt charges, OPEB related items, and pension related items.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents amounts that apply to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. Pension and OPEB related items which are amortized over specified periods are reported as deferred inflows of resources.

The balance sheet for governmental funds reports unavailable revenues from property taxes as deferred inflows. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

Equity Classification

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

Net investment in capital assets - Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2018

depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvements of those assets.

Restricted net position – Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net position – All other net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

Fund Balances

In the fund financial statements, the fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Fund balance is reported as nonspendable when the resources cannot be spent because they are either in a nonspendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Resources in nonspendable form may include inventories, prepaids and deposits, and assets held for resale.

Fund balance is reported as restricted when the constraints placed on the use of resources are either: (a) externally imposed by creditors (debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or law of regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Fund balance is reported as committed when the city council passes a resolution or ordinance that places specific constraints on how the resources may be used. The city council can modify or rescind the resolution or ordinance at any time through passage of an additional resolution or ordinance.

Fund balance is reported as assigned when the resources do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed, but are intended to be used by the government for a specific purpose. The City has granted authority to the Finance Director to assign fund balance amounts. This authority was granted via a resolution passed by the city council.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned within the General Fund.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the City considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the City considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the City has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

The city council established, by resolution, a stabilization arrangement by way of a new budgetary fund called PERS Rate Stabilization Reserve Fund. The 2016-17 budget included appropriated transfers from various funds for the purpose of setting aside money in advance of anticipated PERS employer rate increases effective July 1, 2017. The reserves budgeted in this fund were appropriated back to the originating funds in the 2017-18 budget. There was no fund balance as of June 30, 2018. This fund was included in the General Fund within the governmental fund financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2018

Retirement Plan

Many of the City's employees are participants in the City of Newberg Employees Retirement Plan. Contributions to the plan are made on a current basis as required by the plan and are charged to expenditures or expenses when due and the employer has made a formal commitment to provide the contribution. The assets of the plan are invested in various mutual funds. The City pays the investment expenses of the plan.

Use of Estimates

In preparing the City's financial statements, management makes estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expense/expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Adoption of New GASB Pronouncements

GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, was issued by GASB in June 2015, replacing the requirements of Statements No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, as amended, and No. 57, OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple-Employer Plans, for OPEB. Statement No. 75 establishes new accounting and financial reporting requirements for OPEB plans. This statement provides guidance for accounting for OPEB assets and liabilities, including definition of balances to be included in deferred inflows and deferred outflows of resources. The City adopted this new pronouncement in the current year and, accordingly, has restated amounts of effected balances within the government-wide financial statements as of June 30, 2017. See prior period adjustment footnote disclosure for more detail.

2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgetary Information

Annual budgets for all funds are adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting consistent with Oregon Revised Statutes (ORS 294-Local Budget Law). The process under which the budget is adopted is described in the following paragraphs.

Each spring, the city manager submits a proposed budget to the budget committee (consisting of the city council, mayor, and an equal number of appointed citizens of the City). The City is required to budget all funds (except Fiduciary Funds). For all fund types, interfund loans are budgeted as sources and uses in accordance with state budget laws. Estimated revenues and expenditures are budgeted by fund and object. Information on the past two years' actual revenues and expenditures and current-year estimates are included in the budget document.

The budget committee conducts public hearings for the purpose of obtaining citizens' comments and then approves a budget and submits it to the city council for adoption. The approved expenditures for each fund may not be increased by more than 10 percent by council without publishing a notice of a second budget hearing and financial summary, and holding such hearing. After the council adopts the budget and certifies the total of *ad valorem* taxes to be levied, no additional tax levy may be made for that fiscal year.

The city council adopts the budget by resolution before July 1. The resolution establishes appropriations for each fund and expenditures cannot legally exceed these appropriations. Totals by program (ex. general government, police, fire, etc), transfers and debt service are levels of control established by the resolution. Appropriations lapse as of the year-end.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2018

The city council may change the budget throughout the year by transferring appropriations between levels of control and by adopting supplemental budgets as authorized by the Oregon Revised Statutes. Unexpected additional resources may be added to the budget through the use of a supplemental budget. A supplemental budget requires publications in newspapers, hearings before the public, and approval by the city council. Expenditure appropriations may not be legally over-expended except in the case of grant receipts that could not be reasonably estimated at the time the budget was adopted, and for debt service on new debt issued during the budget year. Management may transfer budget amounts between individual line items within a level of control, but cannot make changes to the level of control totals themselves. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the city council approved two supplemental budget resolutions.

The following is a reconciliation of the differences between the budgetary basis and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and other financing uses:

	General Fund	
Net change in fund balance - GAAP	\$	504,945
Revenues of separately budgeted fund which is included in the		
General Fund on the governmental fund statements		(1,251)
Other financing sources of separately budgeted fund which is		
included in the General Fund on the governmental fund statements		181,091
Transfers out related to repayment of interfund loan to Water SDC fund		(20,268)
Net change in fund balance - budgetary basis	\$	664,517

In addition, a reconciliation of the differences between budgetary basis and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America in beginning and ending fund balances is as follows:

	General Fund	
Begining fund balance - generally accepted accounting principles basis	\$	3,660,617
Ending balance of separately budgeted funds which are included in the		
General Fund		(179,840)
Remaining balance of interfund loan as of June 30, 2017		83,538
Beginning fund balance - budgetary basis	\$	3,564,315
	G	eneral Fund
Ending fund balance - generally accepted accounting principles basis	\$	4,165,562
Remaining balance of interfund loan as of June 30, 2018		63,270
Ending fund balance - budgetary basis	\$	4,228,832

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2018

Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations

According to Oregon statute, the budget is monitored at the level of adopted appropriation. A fund that has identifiable programs are adopted and monitored at the program level. Funds that do not have identifiable programs are monitored at the major category level. The below listed program had expenditures in excess of adopted appropriations. The over expenditures were all funded through available fund balances.

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance
General Fund:		_		
Fire	\$3,866,703	\$3,866,703	\$3,876,778	(\$10,075)

3. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

Pooled Deposits and Investments

The City maintains pooled cash and cash equivalents for all funds, except for the City Employees Retirement Plan Pension Trust (a pension trust fund). Governmental activity and business-type activity portions of this pool are displayed on the government-wide statement of net position as "cash and cash equivalents". Oregon Revised Statutes (ORS) authorize the City to invest in obligations of the US Treasury, U.S. government agencies and instrumentalities, bankers' acceptances guaranteed by an Oregon financial institution, repurchase agreements, State of Oregon Treasury Local Government Investment Pool, various interest bearing bonds of Oregon municipalities, certificates of deposit, and certain commercial paper among others. In addition, the City's investments are governed by a written investment policy, which was reviewed by the Oregon Short-Term Fund Board and adopted by the city council. The policy specifies the City's investment objectives, required diversification, certain limitations, security safekeeping, and reporting requirements.

The City has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2018:

Pooled separate accounts with Principal Financial Group of \$20,628,929 are valued using net asset value as a
practical expedient to fair value (Level 2 inputs)

Cash, cash equivalents, and investments are comprised of the following at June 30, 2018:

Cash on hand	\$ 1,875
Cash with county treasurer	79,468
Deposits with financial institutions	1,095,950
Local government investment pool	46,232,085
Investments	 20,628,929
Total cash, cash equivalents, and investments	\$ 68,038,307

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2018

The City participates in the State of Oregon Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP). The LGIP is not registered with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission as an investment company. The State's investment policies are governed by the ORS and the Oregon Investment Council (Council). The State Treasurer is the investment officer for the Council and is responsible for all funds in the State Treasury. These funds are invested exercising reasonable care, skill and caution. Investments in the Pool are further governed by portfolio guidelines issued by the Oregon Short-Term Fund Board, which establishes diversification percentages and specifies the types and maturities of investments. That portion of the external investment pool which belongs to local government participants is reported in an Investment Trust Fund in the State's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. A copy of the State's comprehensive annual financial report may be obtained at the Oregon State Treasury, 350 Winter St. NE, Salem, Oregon 97310-0840. The City's investment in the LGIP is stated at cost, which approximates fair value.

Credit Risk

Oregon statutes and the City's investment policy authorize the City to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. agencies, bankers' acceptances, repurchase agreements, commercial paper rated A-1 by Standard & Poor's Corporation or P-1 by Moody's Commercial Paper Record, and the LGIP. The pension trust is authorized to invest in a variety of debt and equity securities.

As of June 30, 2018, the City had the following investment:

				Credit
Investments		 Total	Fair Value	Risk
Pooled Separate Accounts with Principal				
Financial Group (Pension Trust)	N/A	\$ 20,628,929	\$ 20,628,929	Various

Interest Rate Risk

The City's policy to manage its exposure to fair-value losses arising from increases in interest rates is to set guidelines for portfolio maturities. At least 50% of the City's investment portfolio must mature within 90 days. Up to 25% of the portfolio may mature in over one year. No investments may mature in over 18 months.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The City has a formal policy that places a limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. Investments in Bankers Acceptances, Certificates of Deposit, and Repurchase Agreements are limited to 25% of the portfolio. No more than 50% of the portfolio shall be in governmental agencies. 100% of the City's investments, other than the Pension Trust investments, are in the State Treasurer's Investment Pool.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments

This is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments that are in the possession of an outside party. Investments in pooled separate accounts are not evidenced by securities. Accordingly, the custodial credit risk disclosures related to the investments are not applicable. The City does not have a formal policy relating to custodial credit risk.

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits

This is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned. The Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC) provides insurance for the City's deposits with financial institutions up to \$250,000 each for the aggregate of all non-interest bearing accounts and the aggregate of all interest bearing accounts at each institution. Deposits in excess of FDIC coverage with institutions participating in the Oregon Public Funds Collateralization Program are collateralized with securities held by the Federal Home Loan Bank of Des Moines in the name of the institution. As of June 30, 2018, \$1,112,569 of the City's bank balances were exposed to custodial

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2018

credit risk as they were collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's agent, but not in the City's name.

The City's deposits and investments by activity/fund are as follows:

Governmental funds/activities	
General	\$ 4,608,795
Street	858,589
Building inspection	1,482,587
Street capital projects	781,686
Nonmajor governmental	8,025,739
Total governmental funds	15,757,396
Internal service fund cash allocated to	
governmental activities	1,723,866
Total governmental activities	17,481,262
Business-type activities/Enterprise funds	
Enterprise	
Water	10,321,875
Wastewater	17,319,714
Stormwater	666,348
Total enterprise funds	28,307,937
Internal service fund cash allocated to	
business-type activities	1,548,445
Total business-type activities	29,856,382
Fiduciary funds	
Employees retirement plan trust	20,628,929
Agency	71,734
Total fiduciary funds	20,700,663
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 68,038,307

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2018

Receivables

No allowance for uncollectible accounts is necessary because the majority of receivables relate to properties that the City has instituted a lien against in the case of payment default. Receivables as of year-end for the City's individual, major, and non-major funds in the aggregate are as follows:

Fund		Accounts	·	Loans	As	sessments	o 	Taxes	Total
Governmental									
General	\$	228,751	\$	-	\$	-	\$	663,748	\$ 892,499
Street		353,656		-		-		-	353,656
Nonmajor		469,124		31,744		72,176		18,186	591,230
Business-type/(proprietary)									
Enterprise									
Water		743,147		-		41,971		-	785,118
Wastewater		783,574		-		5,461		-	789,035
Stormwater		141,665		-		-		-	141,665
Emergency Medical Services		355		-		-		-	355
Internal service	_	4,931							 4,931
	\$	2,725,203	\$	31,744	\$	119,608	\$	681,934	\$ 3,558,489

Court fines in the amount of \$5,770,255 are not included in the General Fund receivable balance due to the uncertainty of collections.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2018

Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

The interfund transfer activity for fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 is as follows:

	Transfers in		<u>Tr</u>	ansfers out
Governmental funds:				
General	\$	1,252,591	\$	212,984
Street		2,858		1,440,387
Building inspection		653		16,810
Street capital projects		2,708,413		-
Nonmajor		133,508		2,130,970
Proprietary funds:				
Water		41,511		-
Wastewater		2,858		-
Stormwater		2,858		-
EMS		-		381,638
Internal service funds		40,901		3,362
Totals	\$	4,186,151	\$	4,186,151

Interfund transfers are used to provide for debt service, contribute toward capital projects costs, and provide operational resources.

The General Fund borrowed \$200,000 from the Water System Development Fund to pay for a portion of the animal shelter construction costs. The interfund loan is being repaid with annual payments over 10 fiscal years beginning in June of 2012 at an interest rate of 2%. The balance at June 30, 2018 is \$63,270.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2018

Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for governmental activities for the year ended June 30, 2018 was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending
	Balance			Balance
	July 1, 2017	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2018
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 1,248,373	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,248,373
Right of way	26,831,118	-	-	26,831,118
Construction in progress	1,290,579	2,595,275	(26,654)	3,859,200
Total capital assets not being depreciated	29,370,070	2,595,275	(26,654)	31,938,691
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	12,527,451	41,483	(62,586)	12,506,348
Equipment	10,541,482	456,252	(179,526)	10,818,208
Infrastructure	69,716,071	891,733		70,607,804
Total capital assets being depreciated	92,785,004	1,389,468	(242,112)	93,932,360
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and improvements	(4,990,831)	(291,178)	27,121	(5,254,888)
Equipment	(7,856,369)	(597,143)	179,525	(8,273,987)
Infrastructure	(34,641,077)	(1,342,129)		(35,983,206)
Total accumulated depreciation	(47,488,277)	(2,230,450)	206,646	(49,512,081)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	45,296,727	(840,982)	(35,466)	44,420,279
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 74,666,797	\$ 1,754,293	\$ (62,120)	\$ 76,358,970

Depreciation expense for governmental activities is charged to functions as follows:

General government	\$ 94,537
Public safety	335,688
Library	37,467
Community development	1,327,835
Depreciation incurred in internal	
service funds charged to various	
governmental functions/programs	 434,923
Total	\$ 2,230,450

Capital assets of the internal service funds are included in the governmental activities. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, internal service fund capital assets, net of depreciation were \$2,002,250.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2018

Capital asset activity for business-type activities for the year ended June 30, 2018 was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending
	Balance			Balance
	July 1, 2017	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2018
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 2,794,292	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,794,292
Construction in progress	1,753,292	3,048,051	(1,790,995)	3,010,348
Total capital assets not being depreciated	4,547,584	3,048,051	(1,790,995)	5,804,640
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	44,736,354	736,675	-	45,473,029
Equipment	40,765,803	834,324	(35,923)	41,564,204
Utility systems	52,269,663	2,236,397		54,506,060
Total capital assets being depreciated	137,771,820	3,807,396	(35,923)	141,543,293
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and improvements	(21,124,940)	(1,493,390)	-	(22,618,330)
Equipment	(13,792,358)	(1,917,807)	35,923	(15,674,242)
Utility systems	(18,890,386)	(1,052,766)		(19,943,152)
Total accumulated depreciation	(53,807,684)	(4,463,963)	35,923	(58,235,724)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	83,964,136	(656,567)		83,307,569
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 88,511,720	\$ 2,391,484	\$ (1,790,995)	\$ 89,112,209

Depreciation expense for business-type activities for the year ended June 30, 2018 was as follows:

Water	\$ 1,265,305
Wastewater	2,819,951
Stormwater	298,382
Emergency medical services	80,325
Total	\$ 4.463.963

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2018

Operating Leases

The City has entered into noncancellable operating lease agreements for various equipment items. The City's noncancellable operating leases consist principally of the leasing of various types of mail room equipment and printers. These equipment leases expire over the next five years.

The future minimum lease obligations as of June 30, 2018 were as follows:

Year ended		
June 30,	Lease	Obligations
2019	\$	29,961
2020		16,601
2021		14,494
2022		10,251
2023		2,498
Totals	\$	73,805

Capital Leases

The City has entered into noncancellable lease agreements for various equipment items. These lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of their future minimum lease payments as of the inception date. Gross assets of \$77,928 and accumulated depreciation of \$38,964 have been recorded under capital leases as of June 30, 2018.

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2018 were as follows:

Year Ending	Governmental activities				
June 30,	Principal		Interest		
2019	\$	15,988	\$	424	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2018

Long-term Obligations

In the following paragraphs, long-term obligation information is presented separately with respect to governmental and business-type activities. The table below presents current year changes in long-term obligations and the current portions due for each issue.

content persons and for their issue.	Begin	nning Balance					I	Ending Balance	Aı	mounts Due
	Ju	ıly 1, 2017		Increase		Decrease		June 30, 2018	Wit	hin One Year
Governmental Activities							2			
Long-term debt obligations										
Limited tax pension bonds	\$	2,285,000	\$	-	\$	(110,000)	\$	2,175,000	\$	130,000
Full faith and credit refunding bonds		640,000		-		(240,000)		400,000		240,000
Unamortized note premium		46,727		-		(5,192)		41,535		5,192
Full faith and credit public safety										
communications upgrade financing agreement		-		3,197,301		-		3,197,301		264,940
Oregon Transportation Infrastructure										
Bank loan		1,524,272		-		(103,590)		1,420,682		106,262
Capital lease obligations		84,212	_		_	(68,224)		15,988	_	15,988
Total long-term debt obligations		4,580,211		3,197,301		(527,006)		7,250,506		762,382
Other long-term obligations										
Compensated absences		894,133		930,151		(894,133)		930,151		930,151
Net pension liability		17,554,945		_		(1,049,729)		16,505,216		-
Other postemployment benefits liability		573,451	_	27,828		<u>-</u>	_	601,279		<u>-</u>
Total Governmental Activities	\$	23,602,740	\$	4,155,280	\$	(2,470,868)	\$	25,287,152	\$	1,692,533
Business-type Activities										
	_									
Long-term debt obligations										
Notes payable, Business Oregon	Ф	4 1 47 277	ф		ф	(602.162)	Φ	2.544.214	Ф	207.024
Wastewater	\$	4,147,377	\$	-	\$	(603,163)	\$	3,544,214	\$	287,934
Water		1,564,449		160 500		(227,582)		1,336,867		108,670
Unamortized note premium		177,000		460,588		(14,750)		622,838		56,622
Clean Water State Revolving Fund		22 160 267				(1.022.594)		22 126 692		1.011.052
Wastewater		23,160,267		-		(1,033,584)		22,126,683		1,011,852
Notes payable, US Bank Wastewater		296,000		_		(102 000)		193,000		193,000
Full faith and credit refunding bonds		386,000		-		(193,000)		193,000		193,000
Wastewater		540,585				(292,490)		248,095		248,095
Unamortized note discount		(3,672)		_		408		(3,264)		(408)
Water		7,224,415		_		(867,510)		6,356,905		856,905
Unamortized note premium		375,258		_		(41,695)		333,563		41,695
•	-				_				-	
Total long-term debt obligations		37,571,679		460,588		(3,273,366)		34,758,901		2,804,365
Other long-term obligations										
Compensated absences		275,424		297,193		(275,424)		297,193		297,193
Net pension liability		9,433,547		-		(1,643,448)		7,790,099		-
Other postemployment benefits liability		224,850	_			(24,560)	_	200,290	_	
Total Business-type Activities	\$	47,505,500	\$	757,781	\$	(5,216,798)	\$	43,046,483	\$	3,101,558

Long-term obligations of the internal service funds are included in the governmental activities. As of June 30, 2018, internal service fund long-term obligations were \$5,378,535.

For governmental activities, pension liabilities and other post-employment benefits are generally liquidated by the fund that incurred the liability. The significant fund incurring these liabilities is the General Fund.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2018

Governmental Activities

Limited Tax Pension Bonds

The City issued Limited Tax Pension Bonds in the amount of \$2,720,000 in March of 2004 to finance a portion of the estimated unfunded actuarial liability with the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). The pension bonds are to be repaid from a monthly payroll charge on OPERS wages. On the government-wide statements, this liability is classified as a governmental activity obligation. The bonds carry interest rates ranging from 4.596% to 6.095%. Final maturity is June 2028. Future debt service payments are as follows:

Year ended		
June 30,	Principal	Interest
2019	\$ 130,000	\$ 131,882
2020	150,000	124,063
2021	170,000	115,040
2022	190,000	104,815
2023	215,000	93,386
2024-28	1,320,000	237,401
Totals	\$ 2,175,000	\$ 806,587

Full Faith and Credit Refunding Bonds

The City issued refunding bonds in the amount of \$11,105,000 of which \$1,095,000 was used to refinance the outstanding balance on the Certificates of Participation. The bonds carry interest at rates from 2.5 to 4 percent depending upon the principal maturities. The bonds fully mature on December 1, 2025.

Debt service requirements on Full Faith and Credit Refunding Bonds to maturity are as follows:

Year ended					
June 30,		Principal	Interest		
2010	¢.	240,000	Ф	7,000	
2019	\$	240,000	\$	7,000	
2020		160,000		2,000	
Totals	\$	400,000	\$	9,000	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2018

Full Faith and Credit Public Safety Communications Upgrade Financing Agreement

The City entered into a financing agreement in the amount of \$3,197,301 which was used to finance a Public Safety Communications Upgrade. The financing carries interest at rates from 2.72 to 3.61 percent depending upon the principal maturities. The financing fully matures on June 1, 2028.

Debt service requirements on the Public Safety Communications Upgrade Financing Agreement to maturity are as follows:

June 30,	Principal		Interest		
2019	\$	264,940	\$	107,635	
2020		290,318		82,257	
2021		299,655		72,920	
2022		307,925		64,650	
2023		316,424		56,151	
2024-2028		1,718,039		144,835	
Totals	\$	3,197,301	\$	528,448	

Other

The City entered into an agreement with Oregon Department of Transportation (ODOT) in July of 2013 to fund a portion of the Newberg Dundee bypass construction project. The City's portion of this commitment is projected to be \$2,211,200. Funding for payments shall come from the City's federal surface transportation program allocations being exchanged for state funding on a dollar for dollar basis. If this funding is insufficient to cover the interest, the City must make payment to ODOT for any difference. In January 2018, the City made its annual principal and interest payment of \$142,916. In fiscal year 2017-18, the construction was completed and the City will continue to make installment payments of interest and principal of \$142,916 annually until January of 2036. As of June 30, 2018 drawdowns on the loan totaled \$1,638,910. The City paid \$103,590 toward the principal balance and \$39,326 toward interest. Therefore, as of June 30, 2018 drawdowns less paid principal is \$1,420,682.

Debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

June 30,	Principal		Interest	
2019	\$	106,262	\$	36,654
2020		109,004		33,912
2021		111,816		31,100
2022		114,701		28,215
2023		117,660		25,256
2024-2028		635,434		79,146
2029-2031	-	225,805		8,115
Totals	\$	1,420,682	\$	242,398

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2018

Business-type Activities

Notes Payable

The City borrowed \$8,230,632 from Business Oregon in fiscal year 2007-08 to implement effluent reuse capabilities at the Wastewater Treatment Plant and to install a new generator. The project initially was funded via an interim financing agreement with the State of Oregon. Upon conversion of financing to a permanent loan, the State of Oregon issued bonds related to the project at a premium and allocated a portion to each of the participating entities. The City's portion of the premium was \$295,000. This premium will be amortized over the life of the loan. In April of 2018, the City authorized the participation in Business Oregon's refunding of this loan, resulting in an adjustment to the interest rates to a range of 4% to 5% as well as a reduction of principal balance owed for an overall reduction of borrowing costs over the remaining course of the loan. Final maturity is December 1, 2028. At June 30, 2018, the outstanding balance was \$4,881,081. Water and wastewater system revenues have been pledged to repay the debt.

Future debt service requirements are as follows:

Year ended				
June 30,	Principal			Interest
2019	\$	396,604	\$	181,873
2020		359,222		219,466
2021		377,112		204,776
2022		394,797		186,591
2023		413,287		166,851
2024-2028		2,387,319		506,623
2029	P	552,740		27,147
Totals	\$	4,881,081	\$	1,493,327

The City financed the purchase of land for future expansion of the wastewater treatment plant and other facilities in July of 2009. The loan was with US Bank in the amount of \$1,930,000 for a 10-year term. The interest rate is 4.2% annually and the loan matures in April 2019. Future debt payments are as follows:

Year ended					
June 30,	I	Principal	Interest		
2019	\$	193,000	\$	8,106	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2018

During 2010-11, city council approved a loan through Clean Water State Revolving Loan Fund to complete portions of the Wastewater Treatment Plant Repair, Renovation, and Expansion Project. The loan amount was awarded for up to \$11,409,645. The interest rate on the debt was set at 2.88% to 3.38% annually. Subsequently, during 2014-15, city council approved another loan through Clean Water State Revolving Loan Fund for additional Wastewater Treatment Upgrades. The upgrades include the design and construction of improvements to the wastewater treatment facility, including a secondary clarifier, disinfection, dechlorination, headworks and influent pump station. The loan amount was awarded for up to \$14,484,129. The interest rate on this portion of debt was set at 2.45% annually. Finally, in April of 2018, the City signed an agreement with the Department of Environmental Quality to restructure the two loans into one loan, with a term extension of 3 years, through April 1, 2036, and a new interest rate of 1.75% for the remaining term of the loan. The outstanding balance of this combined loan was \$22,126,683 as of June 30, 2018. The required loan reserve is \$751,564, or one-half the average annual debt service. Future debt payments are as follows:

Year Ending				
June 30,	Principal	Interest		
2019	\$ 1,011,852	\$	426,490	
2020	1,073,509		364,833	
2021	1,092,377		345,965	
2022	1,111,577		326,765	
2023	1,131,115		307,227	
2024-2028	5,960,873		1,230,837	
2029-2033	6,503,474		688,236	
2034-2036	 4,241,906		132,129	
	\$ 22,126,683	\$	3,822,482	

Full Faith and Credit Refunding Bonds

The City issued refunding bonds in the amount of \$11,105,000 of which \$10,010,000 was used to refinance a portion of the outstanding balances on the Notes Payable to Business Oregon. The bonds carry interest at rates from 2.5 to 4 percent depending upon the principal maturities. The bonds fully mature on December 1, 2025.

Debt service requirements on Full Faith and Credit Refunding Bonds to maturity are as follows:

June 30,	Principal		 Interest	
2019	\$	1,105,000	\$ 199,688	
2020		885,000	174,812	
2021		910,000	145,550	
2022		945,000	108,450	
2023		985,000	69,850	
2024-2026		1,775,000	 77,150	
Totals	\$	6,605,000	\$ 775,500	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2018

Unavailable Revenue

The following represents deferred inflows of resources including those from property taxes, loans, and special assessments as of June 30, 2018:

Fund	<u> </u>	Loans	Ass	sessments	Taxes			Total
Governmental								
General	\$	-	\$	-	\$	663,748	\$	663,748
Nonmajor		31,744		72,176		18,186		122,106
	Ф	21.744	Ф	70.176	Φ	601.024	Ф	705.054
	\$	31,744	<u>\$</u>	72,176	<u>\$</u>	681,934	\$	785,854

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2018

4. OTHER INFORMATION

Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City is a member of the City Insurance Services (CIS) Trust, a public entity risk pool currently operating a common risk management and insurance program. The City pays an annual premium to CIS for its insurance coverage. Under the membership agreement with the Trust, the Trust is to be self-sustaining through member premiums and will reinsure through commercial companies for claims in excess of certain limits. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Deferred Compensation Plan

The City has a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457 available to all employees. The plan permits employees to defer a portion of their salary until future years. Participation in the plan is optional. The deferred amounts are not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency. All amounts of compensation deferred under the City's plan are held in trust by the plan administrator for the sole benefit of the participants and are not assets or liabilities of the City.

Other Postemployment Benefits Plan

A. Plan description

The City provides other postemployment benefits (OPEB) for employees, retirees, spouses and dependents through a single employer defined benefit plan in the form of group health insurance benefits. As required by ORS 243.303(2), retirees who were hired after July 1, 2003 are allowed to continue, at the retirees' expense, coverage under the group health insurance plan until age 65. The difference between the premium actually paid by the retirees under the group insurance plan and the premium that they would pay if they were not included in the plan is considered to be an implicit subsidy under the provisions of GASB 75. The plan does not issue a separate standalone financial report.

B. Plan membership

The City's membership in the plan at July 1, 2016 (the date of the most current actuarial valuations) consisted of 119 active employees, 3 eligible retirees, 2 spouses of eligible retirees, and 2 spouses of ineligible retirees for a total of 126 plan members.

C. Contributions

The City funds the plan only to the extent of current year insurance premium requirements on a pay-as-you-go basis. The average monthly premium requirements for the City are as follows:

For retirees	\$ 672
For spouses of retirees	727

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2018

D. Total OPEB liability, changes in total OPEB liability, OPEB expense, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB

At June 30, 2018, the City reported a total OPEB liability of \$801,569. The total OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2017 and determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Changes in the total OPEB liability is as follows:

	Total OPEB Liability			
Balance at June 30, 2017	\$	798,301		
Changes for the year:				
Service cost		64,551		
Interest on total OPEB liability		24,107		
Effect of assumptions or inputs		(51,156)		
Benefit Payments		(34,234)		
Ending balances	\$	801,569		

For For the year ended June 30, 2018, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$83,329. At June 30, 2018, the City's reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources			Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Changes of assumptions City's contributions subsequent to the measurement	\$		\$	45,827	
Date		39,786			
	\$	39,786	\$	45,827	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2018

Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date in the amount of \$39,786 will be recognized as an adjustment to the Total OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ends June 30,

2019	\$ (5,329)
2020	(5,329)
2021	(5,329)
2022	(5,329)
2023	(5,329)
Thereafter	(19,182)

E. Actuarial valuation

The City's contributions are based on the accruing benefit costs measured using the individual entry age normal actuarial cost method. The present value of benefits is allocated over the service for each active employee from their date of hire to their expected retirement age, as a level percent of the employee's pay. This level percent times pay is referred to as the service cost and is that portion of the present value of benefits attributable to an employee's service in a current year. The service cost equals \$0 for retired members. The total OPEB liability is the present value of benefits less the actuarial present value of future normal costs and represents the liabilities allocated to service up to the valuation date. For retirees, the total OPEB liability is equal to the present value of benefits.

F. Actuarial methods and assumptions used in developing total OPEB liability

Valuation Date	July 1, 2016
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal, Level Percent of Pay
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Inflation Rate	2.5 percent
Projected Salary Increases	3.5 percent
Mortality	Healthy retirees and beneficiaries: RP-2000 white collar male and female set back one year for male, generational per Scale BB for males and females

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of projected benefits and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 3.58 percent. The discount rate is based on the Bond Buyer 20-year General Obligation Bond Index. The discount rate at the prior measurement date was 2.85 percent.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2018

Healthcare cost trend rate

The assumed healthcare cost trend for medical and vision costs is as follows:

Year	Pre-65 Trend
2016	7.00%
2017	7.50%
2018	6.00%
2019	5.50%
2020-2025	5.25%
2026	5.00%
2027-2029	5.25%
2030	5.75%
2031-2035	6.25%
2036-2040	6.00%
2041-2043	5.75%
2044-2052	5.50%
2053-2063	5.25%
2064+	5.00%

Dental costs are assumed to increase 4.5 percent in all future years.

Sensitivity of the City's total OPEB liability to changes in the discount and healthcare cost trend rates

The following presents the City's total OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.58 percent, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.58 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.58 percent) than the current rate. A similar sensitivity analysis is then presented for changes in the healthcare cost trend assumption.

	1 Percenta Point Lower			Current Discount Rate	1 Percentage Point Higher		
City's total OPEB liability	\$	873,563	\$	801,569	\$	735,279	
		1 Percentage Point Lower		Current Trend Rate		1 Percentage Point Higher	
City's total OPEB liability	\$	709,975	\$	801,569	\$	909,737	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2018

Other Postemployment Benefits Plan - RHIA

A. Plan description

As a member of Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) the City contributes to the Retirement Health Insurance Account (RHIA) for each of its eligible employees. RHIA is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit other postemployment benefit plan administered by OPERS. RHIA pays a monthly contribution toward the cost of Medicare companion health insurance premiums of eligible retirees. Oregon Revised Statute (ORS) 238.420 established this trust fund. Authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions of RHIA reside with the Oregon Legislature. The plan is closed to new entrants after January 1, 2004. OPERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to Oregon Public Employees Retirement System, PO Box 23700, Tigard, OR 97281-3700.

B. Funding policy

Because RHIA was created by enabling legislation (ORS 238.420), contribution requirements of the plan members and the participating employers were established and may be amended only by the Oregon Legislature. ORS require that an amount equal to \$60 dollars or the total monthly cost of Medicare companion health insurance premiums coverage, whichever is less, shall be paid from the Retirement Health Insurance Account established by the employer, and any monthly cost in excess of \$60 dollars shall be paid by the eligible retired member in the manner provided in ORS 238.410. To be eligible to receive this monthly payment toward the premium cost the member must: (1) have eight years or more of qualifying service in OPERS at the time of retirement or receive a disability allowance as if the member had eight years or more of creditable service in OPERS, (2) receive both Medicare Parts A and B coverage, and (3) enroll in an OPERS-sponsored health plan. A surviving spouse or dependent of a deceased OPERS retiree who was eligible to receive the subsidy is eligible to receive the subsidy if he or she (1) is receiving a retirement benefit or allowance from OPERS or (2) was insured at the time the member died and the member retired before May 1, 1991.

Participating cities are contractually required to contribute to RHIA at a rate assessed each year by OPERS. The OPERS Board of Trustees sets the employer contribution rates based on the annual required contribution (ARC) of the employers, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 75. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) of the plan over a period not to exceed thirty years.

At June 30, 2018, the City's net OPEB liability/(asset) and deferred inflows and outflows were not considered significant by management and were not accrued on the government wide statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2018

Pension Plans - Single Employer Defined Benefit Retirement Plan

A. Plan description

The City contributes to a single-employer defined benefit retirement plan covering substantially all full-time employees who are not participants in the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System. The plan is known as the City of Newberg Employees Retirement Plan and is administered by the City. The plan is funded with an insurance company through group annuity contracts. The plan does not issue stand-alone financial reports.

B. Plan membership

The City of Newberg Employees Retirement Plan is closed to new entrants, with the exception of employees hired before August 1, 2016 that become eligible by virtue of changing to full-time status. As of the June 30, 2017 measurement date there were 63 active members, 65 retired members who receive benefits, 33 vested terminated members, for a total membership of 161.

C. Description of benefit terms

Normal retirement

Benefits vest after five years of service and provide for death and disability benefits. General employees who retire at or after age sixty are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life. The monthly retirement benefit is equal to 1.67% of the employee's final average pay multiplied by their years of service. Police employees as well as the City Attorney who retire at or after age fifty-eight are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life. The monthly retirement benefit is equal to 2.00% of the employee's final average pay multiplied by their years of service. These benefit provisions and all other requirements are established by state statute and City ordinance. The costs of administering the plans are financed by investment earnings. Benefits and refunds of the postemployment defined benefit plan are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

Early retirement

Members are able to receive early retirement benefits after attaining age 50 for police, firefighters and city attorney or age 55 for all other members and 5 years of vesting service. Members may also retire after 30 years of service. Retirement benefits are reduced based upon the members age at retirement from 92 percent to 60 percent (100 percent to 60 percent for police and city attorney) of the benefit that would result if they were of normal retirement age.

Late retirement

Members that continue working beyond the normal retirement age receive accrued benefit on late retirement date.

Disability

Uniformed members that become totally and permanently disabled in the course of duty or members with 10 years of service are entitled to disability benefits. The benefit is based on current monthly earnings rate of compensation as of the date of disability and years of service projected to the earliest retirement age, or the early retirement benefit available, whichever is greater but in no event less than \$100 per month.

Death benefits

The beneficiaries of members who have not begun to receive benefits under the plan are entitled to a lump-sum payment of the members account.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2018

D. Contributions

The employees are required to contribute 6% of gross pay to the plan in order to participate. Currently, the City picks up the member contribution on behalf of eight employees. The City contributes amounts over 6% that are actuarially determined. Employer contributions for the year ended June 30, 2018 were \$1,304,250. The funding method used in this valuation is the entry age normal actuarial cost method. The actuarial value of assets is determined using a five-year smoothing method. Under this method, annual asset gains and losses will be recognized fully after five years. Significant actuarial assumptions used in the valuation include: a) a rate of return on the investment of present and future assets of 6.0% per year; b) projected salary increases of 4.5% per year; c) post-retirement benefit increases of 2.0% per year, and d) inflation rate of 2.0%. As of the July 1, 2017 valuation, the unfunded actuarial liability is amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll over a closed period. The weighted average remaining period is 20 years.

E. Net pension liability, changes in net pension liability, pension expense, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions

At June 30, 2018, the City reported a net pension liability of \$13,659,743. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date as follows:

Total pension liability		9	\$ 33,053,684
Plan fiduciary net position		-	19,393,941
NT (11.1.11)			12 650 742
Net pension liability		È	\$ 13,659,743
Fiduciary net position as a percentage of t	otal pension liab	ility	59%
Changes in the net pension liability is as follow	s:		
·	Total	Fiduciary	Net
	Pension	Net	Pension
	<u>Liability</u>	Position	Liability
Beginning balances	\$ 32,356,633	\$ 17,868,023	\$ 14,488,610
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	629,785		629,785
Interest on total pension liability	1,923,387		1,923,387
Effect of economic/demographic losses	(582,105)		(582,105)
Effect of assumption changes or inputs	276,798		276,798
Benefit payments	(1,550,814)		
Administrative expenses		(36,325)	36,325
Member contributions		226,267	(226,267)
Net investment income		1,701,706	(1,701,706)
Employer contributions		1,185,084	(1,185,084)
Ending balances	\$ 33,053,684	<u>\$ 19,393,941</u> <u>\$</u>	13,659,743

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2018

E. Net pension liability, changes in net pension liability, pension expense, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions (continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the City recognized pension expense of \$1,385,948. At June 30, 2018, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	O	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
		100001000			
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	618,235	\$	447,046	
Changes of assumptions		2,641,269		1,347,700	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings On pension plan investments		371,531			
City's contributions subsequent to the measurement					
date	_	1,304,250	_		
	<u>\$</u>	4,935,285	<u>\$</u>	1,794,746	

\$1,304,250 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ends June 30,

2019	\$ 280,877
2020	486,494
2021	318,747
2022	131,979
2023	263,969
Thereafter	354,223

F. Actuarial valuation

The City contributions are based on the accruing benefit costs measured using the entry age actuarial cost method. Under this method, a normal cost is determined for each active member. The normal cost is the annual contribution determined as a level percentage of base salary which would be paid from year of entry to year of retirement to fund the projected retirement benefit. The normal cost for the Plan is the sum of the individuals' normal costs. The actuarial accrued liability for active plan members is an accumulation of the normal costs from entry to the valuation date. The actuarial accrued liability for inactive members is the actuarial present value of the accrued benefits. The actuarial accrued liability for the Plan is the sum of the individual actuarial accrued liabilities. The unfunded actuarial liability is the difference between the actuarial accrued liability and the actuarial value of assets, which is amortized over 20 years on a closed level dollar basis.

110

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2018

G. Actuarial methods and assumptions used in developing total pension liability

Valuation Date	June 30, 2017
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age, Level Percentage of Pay
Amortization Method	Amortized as a level dollar over a closed period of 20 years
Asset Valuation Method	Market value of assets
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Inflation Rate	2.0 percent
Investment rate of return	6.0 percent
Projected Salary Increases	Salaries for individuals are assumed to grow at 2.0 percent
	plus assumed rates of merit/longevity increases based on
	service of 4.5 percent
Mortality	Healthy retirees and beneficiaries:
	RPEC-2014 Sex-distinct, generational per Scale AA

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of projected benefits and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 5.86 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those the City made at the contractually required rates, as actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments for the Plan was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Depletion date projection

GASB 67 generally requires that a blended discount rate be used to measure the Total Pension Liability (the Actuarial Accrued Liability calculated using the Entry Age Cost Method). The long-term expected return on plan investments may be used to discount liabilities to the extent that the plan's Fiduciary Net Position (fair market value of assets) is projected to cover benefit payments and administrative expenses. A 20-year high quality (AA/Aa or higher) municipal bond rate must be used for periods where the Fiduciary Net Position is not projected to cover benefit payments and administrative expenses. Determining the discount rate under GASB 67 will often require that the actuary perform complex projections of future benefit payments and asset values. GASB 67 (paragraph 43) does allow for alternative evaluations of projected solvency, if such evaluation can reliably be made. GASB does not contemplate a specific method for making an alternative evaluation of sufficiency; it is left to professional judgment.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2018

Based on these circumstances, it is the Plan's independent actuary's opinion that the detailed depletion date projections outlined in GASB 67 would indicate that the Fiduciary Net Position will be depleted in the 2070-71 fiscal year.

Long-term expected rate of return

The long-term expected rate of return assumption of 6.0 percent is based on a blending of the projected return on plan assets and a 20-year tax-exempt, high quality general obligation municipal bond yield or index rate.

	Expected	Expected	T
	Arithmetic	Geometric	Target
Asset Class	Return	Return	Allocation %
US Equity - Large Cap	7.85%	6.50%	31.92%
US Equity - Mid Cap	8.10%	6.50%	3.65%
US Equity - Small Cap	8.55%	6.50%	1.82%
Non-US Equity	8.10%	6.50%	12.15%
REITs	7.95%	6.10%	0.40%
Real Estate (direct property)	5.80%	5.50%	10.08%
TIPS	3.05%	2.85%	0.60%
Core Bond	3.75%	3.60%	29.38%
High Yield	6.70%	6.30% _	10.00%
Total		_	100.00%

Sensitivity of the City net pension liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the City net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 5.86 percent, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (4.86 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.86 percent) than the current rate:

	1 Percentage	Current	1 Percentage
	Point	Discount	Point
	Lower	Rate	<u>Higher</u>
City's net pension asset or liability	\$ 17,995,324	\$ 13,659,743	\$ 10,094,142

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2018

Pension Plans - Defined Benefit Plan - Public Employees Retirement System

Plan Description

Employees of the City of Newberg are provided with pensions through the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). All the benefits of OPERS are established by the Oregon legislature pursuant to Oregon Revised Statute (ORS) Chapters 238 and 238A. The OPERS consists of a single cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan.

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued OPERS financial report which can be found at: http://www.oregon.gov/pers/Pages/Financials/Actuarial-Financial-Information.aspx.

Plan Benefits

All benefits of the System are established by the legislature pursuant to ORS Chapters 238 and 238A.

Tier One/Tier Two Retirement Benefit (Chapter 238).

Tier One/Tier Two Retirement Benefit plan is closed to new members hired on or after August 29, 2003.

Pension Benefits

The OPERS retirement allowance is payable monthly for life. It may be selected from 13 retirement benefit options. These options include survivorship benefits and lump-sum refunds. The basic benefit is based on years of service and final average salary. A percentage (2.0 percent for police and fire employees, 1.67 percent for general service employees) is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Benefits may also be calculated under either a formula plus annuity (for members who were contributing before August 21, 1981) or a money match computation if a greater benefit results. Monthly payments must be a minimum of \$200 per month or the member will receive a lump-sum payment of the actuarial equivalence of benefits to which he or she is entitled. Police and Fire members may purchase increased benefits that are payable between the date of retirement and age 65. A member is considered vested and will be eligible at minimum retirement age for a service retirement allowance if he or she has had a contribution in each of five calendar years or has reached at least 50 years of age before ceasing employment with a participating employer (age 45 for police and fire members). General service employees may retire after reaching age 55. Police and fire members are eligible after reaching age 50. Tier One general service employee benefits are reduced if retirement occurs prior to age 58 with fewer than 30 years of service. Police and fire member benefits are reduced if retirement occurs prior to age 55 with fewer than 25 years of service. Tier Two members are eligible for full benefits at age 60.

Death Benefits

Upon the death of a non-retired member, the beneficiary receives a lump-sum refund of the member's account balance (accumulated contributions and interest). In addition, the beneficiary will receive a lump-sum payment from employer funds equal to the account balance, provided one or more of the following conditions are met:

- the member was employed by a OPERS employer at the time of death,
- the member died within 120 days after termination of OPERS-covered employment,
- the member died as a result of injury sustained while employed in a OPERS-covered job, or
- the member was on an official leave of absence from a OPERS-covered job at the time of death.

Disability Benefits

A member with 10 or more years of creditable service who becomes disabled from other than duty-connected causes may receive a non-duty disability benefit. A disability resulting from a job-incurred injury or illness qualifies a member (including OPERS judge members) for disability benefits regardless of the length of OPERS- 113

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2018

covered service. Upon qualifying for either a non-duty or duty disability, service time is computed to age 58 (55 for police and fire members) when determining the monthly benefit.

Benefit Changes After Retirement

Members may choose to continue participation in a variable equities investment account after retiring and may experience annual benefit fluctuations due to changes in the market value of equity investments.

Under ORS 238.360 monthly benefits are adjusted annually through cost-of-living changes (COLA). The COLA is capped at 2.0 percent.

Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan (Chapter 238A) (OPSRP DB)

Pension Benefits.

The OPSRP pension program provides benefits to members hired on or after August 29, 2003. This portion of OPSRP provides a life pension funded by employer contributions. Benefits are calculated with the following formula for members who attain normal retirement age: Police and fire: 1.8 percent is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Normal retirement age for police and fire members is age 60 or age 53 with 25 years of retirement credit. To be classified as a police and fire member, the individual must have been employed continuously as a police and fire member for at least five years immediately preceding retirement.

General service: 1.5 percent is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Normal retirement age for general service members is age 65, or age 58 with 30 years of retirement credit.

A member of the OPSRP pension program becomes vested on the earliest of the following dates: the date the member completes 600 hours of service in each of five calendar years, the date the member reaches normal retirement age, and, if the pension program is terminated, the date on which termination becomes effective.

Death Benefits

Upon the death of a non-retired member, the spouse or other person who is constitutionally required to be treated in the same manner as the spouse, receives for life 50 percent of the pension that would otherwise have been paid to the deceased member. The surviving spouse or other person may elect to delay payment of the death benefit, but payment must commence no later than December 31 of the calendar year in which the member would have reached $70\frac{1}{2}$ years.

Disability Benefits

A member who has accrued 10 or more years of retirement credits before the member becomes disabled or a member who becomes disabled due to job-related injury shall receive a disability benefit of 45 percent of the member's salary determined as of the last full month of employment before the disability occurred.

Benefit Changes After Retirement

Under ORS 238A.210 monthly benefits are adjusted annually through cost-of-living changes. Under current law, the cap on the COLA in fiscal year 2015 and beyond will vary based on 1.25 percent on the first \$60,000 of annual benefit and 0.15 percent on annual benefits above \$60,000.

Contributions

OPERS funding policy provides for monthly employer contributions at actuarially determined rates. These contributions, expressed as a percentage of covered payroll, are intended to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due.

Employer contribution rates during the period were based on the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation, which became effective July 1, 2017.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2018

Tier 1/tier 2 employer contribution rates are 20.32 percent and the OPSRP employer contribution rates are 10.02 percent for general service employees and 14.79 percent for police and fire. Employer contributions for the year ended June 30, 2018 were \$822,914, excluding amounts to fund employer specific liabilities. The City also internally charged departments a rate sufficient to cover payments on the limited tax pension bonds.

Pension Asset or Liability, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2018, the City reported a liability of \$10,635,572 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined.

Employers' long-term contribution efforts are based on projected rates that have two major components:

1. Normal Cost Rate: The economic value, stated as a percent of payroll, for the portion of each active member's total projected retirement benefit that is allocated to the upcoming year of service. The rate is in effect for as long as each member continues in OPERS-covered employment. The current value of all projected future Normal Cost Rate contributions is the Present Value of Future Normal Costs (PVFNC). The PVFNC represents the portion of the projected long-term contribution effort related to future service.

An employer's PVFNC depends on both the normal cost rates charged on the employer's payrolls, and on the underlying demographics of the respective payrolls. For OPERS funding, employers have up to three different payrolls, each with a different normal cost rate: (1) Tier 1/Tier 2 payroll, (2) OPSRP general service payroll, and (3) OPSRP police and fire payroll.

The employer's Normal Cost Rates for each payroll are combined with system-wide present value factors for each payroll to develop an estimated PVFNC. The present value factors are actuarially determined at a system level for simplicity and to allow for the PVFNC calculations to be audited in a timely, cost-effective manner.

2. UAL Rate: If system assets are less than the actuarial liability, an Unfunded Actuarial Liability (UAL) exists. UAL can arise when an event such as experience differing from the assumptions used in the actuarial valuation occurs. An amortization schedule is established to eliminate the UAL that arises over a fixed period of time if future experience follows assumption. The UAL Rate is the upcoming year's component of the cumulative amortization schedules, stated as a percent of payroll. The present value of all projected UAL Rate contributions is equal to the Unfunded Actuarial Liability (UAL). The UAL represents the portion of the projected long-term contribution effort related to past service.

The UAL has Tier 1/Tier 2 and OPSRP pieces. The Tier 1/Tier 2 piece is based on the employer's Tier 1/Tier 2 pooling arrangement. If an employer participates in one of the two large Tier 1/Tier 2 rate pools [State & Local Government Rate Pool (SLGRP) or School Districts Rate Pool], then the employer's Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL is their pro-rata share of their pool's UAL. The pro-rata calculation is based on the employer's payroll in proportion to the pool's total payroll. The OPSRP piece of the UAL follows a parallel pro-rata approach, as OPSRP experience is mandatorily pooled at a state-wide level. Employers that do not participate in a Tier 1/Tier 2 pooling arrangement, who are referred to as "Independent Employers", have their Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL tracked separately in the actuarial valuation.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2018

The projected long-term contribution effort is the sum of the PVFNC and the UAL. The PVFNC part of the contribution effort pays for the value of future service while the UAL part of the contribution effort pays for the value of past service not already funded by accumulated contributions and investment earnings. Each of the two contribution effort components are calculated at the employer-specific level. The sum of these components across all employers is the total projected long-term contribution effort.

At June 30, 2017, the City's proportion was .07889868 percent, which was less than its proportion measured as of June 30, 2016 of .08326415 percent.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the City recognized pension expense (revenue) of \$2,102,601. At June 30, 2018, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
		bources		<u>sources</u>
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	514,341	\$	
Changes of assumptions		1,938,675		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings				
on pension plan investments		109,571		
Changes in proportionate share		56,862		564,548
Difference between the City's contributions and employer's				
proportionate share of system contributions		26,916		242,687
Contributions subsequent to measurement date		822,914		
	\$	3,469,279	<u>\$</u>	807,235

\$822,914 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year e	nds Ju	ine 30,
2019	\$	314,696
2020		1,176,854
2021		740,914
2022		(377,651)
2023		(15,683)
	\$	1.839.130

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2018

Actuarial Valuations

The employer contribution rates effective July 1, 2015, through June 30, 2017, were set using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. For the Tier One/Tier Two component of the OPERS Defined Benefit Plan, this method produced an employer contribution rate consisting of (1) an amount for normal cost (the estimated amount necessary to finance benefits earned by the employees during the current service year), (2) an amount for the amortization of unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities, which are being amortized over a fixed period with new unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities being amortized over 20 years. For the OPSRP Pension Program component of the OPERS Defined Benefit Plan, this method produced an employer contribution rate consisting of (a) an amount for normal cost (the estimated amount necessary to finance benefits earned by the employees during the current service year), (b) an amount for the amortization of unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities, which are being amortized over a fixed period with new unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities being amortized over 16 years.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions Used in Developing Total Pension Liability

Valuation Date	December 31, 2015
Measurement Date	June 30, 2017
Experience Study Report	2014, published September 2015
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Amortized as a level percentage of payroll as
	layered amortization bases over a closed period;
	Tier One/Tier Two UAL is amortized over 20
	years and OPSRP pension UAL is amortized over
	16 years.
Asset Valuation Method	Market value of assets
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Inflation Rate	2.50 percent
Investment rate of return	7.50 percent
Projected Salary Increases	3.50 percent overall payroll growth
Cost of living adjustment (COLA)	Blend of 2.00% COLA and graded COLA
	(1.25%/0.15%) in accordance with Moro
	decision; blend based on service
Mortality	Healthy retirees and beneficiaries:
	RP-2000 Sex-distinct, generational per Scale BB,
	with collar adjustments and set-backs as
	described in the valuation.
	Active members:
	Mortality rates are a percentage of healthy retiree
	rates that vary by group, as described in the
	valuation.
	Disabled retirees:
	Mortality rates are a percentage (70% for males, 95% for females) of the RP-2000 sex-distinct,
	generational per Scale BB, disabled mortality table.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of projected benefits and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2018

actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Experience studies are performed as of December 31 of even numbered years. The methods and assumptions shown above are based on the 2014 Experience Study which reviewed experience for the four-year period ending on December 31, 2014.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50 percent for the Defined Benefit Pension Plan. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers are made at the contractually required rates, as actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments for the Defined Benefit Pension Plan was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Depletion Date Projection

GASB 67 generally requires that a blended discount rate be used to measure the Total Pension Liability (the Actuarial Accrued Liability calculated using the Individual Entry Age Normal Cost Method). The long-term expected return on plan investments may be used to discount liabilities to the extent that the plan's Fiduciary Net Position (fair market value of assets) is projected to cover benefit payments and administrative expenses. A 20-year high quality (AA/Aa or higher) municipal bond rate must be used for periods where the Fiduciary Net Position is not projected to cover benefit payments and administrative expenses. Determining the discount rate under GASB 67 will often require that the actuary perform complex projections of future benefit payments and pension plan investments. GASB 67 (paragraph 67) does allow for alternative evaluations of projected solvency, if such evaluation can reliably be made. GASB does not contemplate a specific method for making an alternative evaluation of sufficiency; it is left to professional judgment.

The following circumstances justify an alternative evaluation of sufficiency for OPERS:

- OPERS has a formal written policy to calculate an Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC), which is articulated in the actuarial valuation report.
- The ADC is based on a closed, layered amortization period, which means that payment of the full ADC each year will bring the plan to a 100% funded position by the end of the amortization period if future experience follows assumption.
- GASB 67 specifies that the projections regarding future solvency assume that plan assets earn the assumed rate of return and there are no future changes in the plan provisions or actuarial methods and assumptions, which means that the projections would not reflect any adverse future experience which might impact the plan's funded position.

Based on these circumstances, it is OPERS independent actuary's opinion that the detailed depletion date projections outlined in GASB 67 would clearly indicate that the Fiduciary Net Position is always projected to be sufficient to cover benefit payments and administrative expenses.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2018

Assumed Asset Allocation:

	Low	High	OIC
Asset Class / Strategy	Range	Range	Target
Cash	0.0%	3.0%	0.0%
Debt Securities	15.0%	25.0%	20.0%
Public Equity	32.5%	42.5%	37.5%
Private Equity	14.0%	21.0%	17.5%
Real Estate	9.5%	15.5%	12.5%
Alternative Equity	0.0%	12.5%	12.5%
Opportunity Portfolio	0.0%	3.0%	0.0%
Total		=	100.0%

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

To develop an analytical basis for the selection of the long-term expected rate of return assumption, in July 2015 the OPERS Board reviewed long-term assumptions developed by both the actuary's capital market assumptions team and the Oregon Investment Council's (OIC) investment advisors. The table below shows the actuary's assumptions for each of the asset classes in which the plan was invested at that time based on the OIC long-term target asset allocation. The OIC's description of each asset class was used to map the target allocation to the asset classes shown below. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions, and includes adjustment for the inflation assumption. These assumptions are not based on historical returns, but instead are based on a forward-looking capital market economic model.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2018

		Compound
		Annual
		Return
Asset Class	<u>Target</u>	(Geometric)
Core Fixed Income	8.00%	4.00%
Short-term Bonds	8.00%	3.61%
Bank/Leveraged Loans	3.00%	5.42%
High Yield Bonds	1.00%	6.20%
Large/Mid Cap US Equities	15.75%	6.70%
Small Cap US Equities	1.31%	6.99%
Micro Cap US Equities	1.31%	7.01%
Developed Foreign Equities	13.13%	6.73%
Emerging Foreign Equities	4.12%	7.25%
Non-US Small Cap Equities	1.88%	7.22%
Private Equity	17.50%	7.97%
Real Estate (Property)	10.00%	5.84%
Real Estate (REITS)	2.50%	6.69%
Hedge Fund of Funds - Diversified	2.50%	4.64%
Hedge Fund - Event-driven	0.63%	6.72%
Timber	1.88%	5.85%
Farmland	1.88%	6.37%
Infrastructure	3.75%	7.13%
Commodities	1.88%	4.58%
Assumed Inflation - Mean		2.50%

Sensitivity of the City's proportionate share of the net pension asset (liability) to changes in the discount rate.

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension asset (liability) calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension asset (liability) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.50 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.50 percent) than the current rate:

	1 I	Percentage	Current	1 I	Percentage
		Point	Discount		Point
	<u></u>	Lower	Rate		Higher
The City's proportionate share of					
net pension asset or liability	\$	18,124,956	\$ 10,635,572	\$	4,373,060

Changes in Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

There were no changes to the actuarial methods, economic assumptions, or demographic assumptions since the December 31, 2016 valuation.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2018

Pension Plans - Defined Contribution Plan

Individual Account Program (IAP)

Participants in OPERS defined benefit pension plan also participate in the defined contribution plan.

Pension Benefits

An IAP member becomes vested on the date the employee account is established or on the date the rollover account was established. If the employer makes optional employer contributions for a member, the member becomes vested on the earliest of the following dates: the date the member completes 600 hours of service in each of five calendar years, the date the member reaches normal retirement age, the date the IAP is terminated, the date the active member becomes disabled, or the date the active member dies.

Upon retirement, a member of the IAP may receive the amounts in his or her employee account, rollover account, and vested employer account as a lump-sum payment or in equal installments over a 5-, 10-, 15-, 20-year period or an anticipated life span option. Installment amounts vary with market returns as the account remains invested while in distribution. When chosen, the distribution option must result in a \$200 minimum distribution amount, or the frequency of the installments will be adjusted to reach that minimum.

Death Benefits

Upon the death of a non-retired member, the beneficiary receives in a lump sum the member's account balance, rollover account balance, and vested employer optional contribution account balance. If a retired member dies before the installment payments are completed, the beneficiary may receive the remaining installment payments or choose a lump-sum payment.

Contributions

The City makes the employee contributions of 6 percent of covered payroll to the plan. Contributions for the year ended June 30, 2018 were \$283,954.

Recordkeeping

PERS contracts with VOYA Financial to maintain IAP participant records.

Contingency – Sick leave

Portions of amounts accumulated at any point in time can be expected to be redeemed before termination of employment; however, such redemptions cannot be reasonably estimated. As of June 30, 2018, employees of the City had accumulated 5,522 days of sick leave.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2018

Governmental Fund Balances

Fund balance amounts for governmental funds have been reported in the categories of nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned. The specific purposes for these amounts are as follows:

							Street				
					Building		Capital		Nonmajor		
	Gene	ral	 Street	_]	nspection		Projects		Funds		Total
Fund balances											
Nonspendable:											
Inventory	\$	-	\$ 90,779	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	90,779
Restricted:											
Capital projects		-	-		-		-		6,182,242		6,182,242
Debt service		-	-		-		-		47,809		47,809
911 center operations		-	-		-		-		21,628		21,628
Police services		-	-		-		-		134,672		134,672
Tourism		-	-		-		-		586,886		586,886
Street maintenance		-	1,131,846		-		-		-		1,131,846
Building inspection		-	-		1,451,787		-		-		1,451,787
Library services		-	-		-		-		81,135		81,135
Committed:											
Capital projects		-	-		-		176,804		-		176,804
Economic development		-	-		-		-		666,000		666,000
Public communications		-	-		-		-		16,507		16,507
Assigned:											
Debt service		-	-		-		-		166,916		166,916
Unassigned	4,165	5,562	 _		<u> </u>		<u>-</u>		_		4,165,562
Total fund balances	\$ 4,165	5,562	\$ 1,222,625	\$	1,451,787	\$	176,804	<u>\$</u>	7,903,795	<u>\$</u>	14,920,573
let Position Restricted Thr Sovernmental Activities Capital Projects – Ordina	_			opı	nent Charg	ges	(SDC)				
restrict the use to cap system for which the	•		which exp	anc	I the capac	ity	of the		\$ 3,957,3	62	

Ne

\sim	. 1	A	
(inverr	mental	Activities	2
CIOVOLL	illiciitai	ACHVILL	1

Verimental Activities	
Capital Projects – Ordinances imposing System Development Charges (SDC)	
restrict the use to capital improvements which expand the capacity of the system for which the charge was made	\$ 3,957,362
system for which the charge was made	\$ 3,937,302
Public Safety – Ordinances imposing Public Safety related fees restrict the use of resources to specific public safety services and equipment replacement	156,300
Transient Lodging Tax – Ordinances imposing transient lodging tax restrict the use of these resources to tourism related expenditures	586,886

Business-type Activities

Capital Projects – Ordinances imposing System Development Charges (SDC)	
restrict the use to capital improvements which expand the capacity of the	
system for which the charge was made	6,417,821

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2018

Special Item - Changes in Pension and OPEB Related Items

As part of the transfer of EMS employees to TVF&R in the prior fiscal year, the City saw decreases in long-term assets and liabilities relating to pensions and other post-employment benefits within the EMS Fund resulting from these employees being removed from the actuarial calculations. The current year decreases in reported EMS pension related items and OPEB related items totaled \$752,912 and \$35,738, respectively, and a special item representing this adjustment is reflected on the proprietary funds Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position.

Contingency Loss

The City Hall Fee began in 1999 as an assessment of 0.25% of building permits to help offset the General Fund's portion of debt service payments on the 1999 Certificates of Participation for the City Hall remodel. This revenue is accounted for in the City Hall Fee Fund. The balance of the fund had accumulated sufficient resources by midway through FY 2014-15 to make all future debt service payments through payoff in December 2019. Due to staff transition and subsequent management error, the fee was not terminated until May 2018. The over-collection of fees of approximately \$446,000 is anticipated to be refunded on a last-in, first-out basis in December 2018.

Constitutional Property Tax Limitation

Oregon has two constitutional limits on property tax rates. Under the provisions of one limitation, property tax levies, excluding debt service amounts on voter approved general obligation debt, are separately aggregated for public education and local governments (i.e. counties, cities, special district, etc.). The tax rate (tax levy divided by market property values) for local governments cannot exceed \$10 per \$1,000 of assessed value applied on tax lot basis. If the computed tax rate for an individual tax lot is greater than \$10 the levy amounts are reduced by the City Assessor on a pro rata basis to each levying district until the property tax rate limit is met. The impact on the City's future property tax levy amount is not determined.

Oregon voters approved another constitutional tax limit which substantially changed the Oregon property tax system from a levy-based system to a rate-based system. Passage of this measure directs priorities for state revenues to schools and public safety. Under this measure, the City's permanent tax rate was set at \$ 4.3827 per thousand dollars of assessed value. The assessed value growth of existing property is limited to a maximum of 3% per year. Taxes levied to pay bonded debt obligations are exempt from this measure. New property is assessed at fair value and City taxes at its permanent rate are applied.

Significant Commitments

At June 30, 2018, the City had the following significant outstanding commitments:

		Original Contract			Remaining			
Contractor	Related Project	-0	Amount	C	ommitment			
K&E Excavating Inc.	Villa Road Improvement Project Phase 2	\$	2,819,651	\$	1,435,935			
Motorola Solutions Inc.	Public Safety Communication Upgrade	\$	2,019,577	\$	1,284,133			

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2018

Tax Abatements

As of June 30, 2018, taxes were abated through one program: Housing for Low Income Rentals (ORS 307.517). In 1989, Oregon legislature authorized a property tax exemption for low-income housing held by for profit entities. The tax exemption is intended to benefit low-income renters by alleviating the property tax burden on those entities that provide this type of housing. Entities must own or have a leasehold interest in the property and must lower the rent to reflect the full value of the exemption. The properties must be occupied by renters who are at or below 60% of median. The exemption is also limited to new construction rental units. The abatement for low income housing is reduced through a 100% reduction in assessed value of new construction, so long as the entities continue to meet requirements set by statute. Two entities in 2017 utilized this specific abatement, with a total tax abatement of \$10,377.

City of Newberg tax abatements are also available through the Newberg Enterprise Zone, per ORS 285C.175, which offers traded-sector employers (companies that sell goods or services outside the local area and expand its economic base) and other eligible companies three- to five-year property tax exemptions on certain new capital investments that create jobs in the designated areas. In exchange for receiving property tax exemption, participating firms are required to meet the program requirements set by state statute and the local sponsor. The City of Newberg is the local sponsor for the Newberg Enterprise Zone program. For 2017, the City abated no property taxes under this program.

Subsequent Events

Beginning on July 1, 2016, the City entered into a two-year contract with Tualatin Valley Fire and Rescue (TVF&R) to transfer fire protection and emergency medical services for the City of Newberg and the Newberg Rural Protection District. Under the contract, TVF&R assumed the fire protection and emergency medical services as well as the direct administrative and executive functions of the two fire stations owned by the City. The terms of the contract require the City to pay a total of \$4,832,983 for the period July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2017 and \$3,366,703 for the period July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2018. In November of 2017, the citizens of Newberg voted to permanently annex into TVF&R for fire and EMS services beginning July 1, 2018. The citizens also voted yes on instituting an amendment to the city charter which reduces the levy to \$2.50 of the City's permanent ad valorem property tax rate against any property within the District, commencing with the City's 2018-19 fiscal year and continuing in effect as long as the City remains within the boundaries of the District. Commencing with fiscal year 2019-20, and each year thereafter, the city may increase the tax rate limit by 3% of the prior year's limit. The City also may levy in excess of the limit if authorized by a measure approved by the voters. As a result, there will be a significant decrease in expenses as well as in property tax revenues in future fiscal years as the City will not provide these services or collect the full legal tax levy. Additionally, the terms of the transfer of services include a transfer of all fire assets, excluding Fire Station 20 building and land.

Prior Period Adjustments

The beginning net position of Water, Wastewater, and Stormwater Funds have been adjusted to record a correction to stormwater beginning CIP that was improperly capitalized in prior periods as CIP in Water and Wastewater Funds. This incorrect classification led to an overstatement of prior year net position in the Water and Wastewater Funds and an understatement in stormwater net position. Beginning net position in the Stormwater Fund increased by \$951,646 and Water and Wastewater Funds was decreased by \$357,140 and \$594,506, respectively.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2018

GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, was adopted by the City in the current year, resulting in the need for restatements of prior period net position. This statement established new accounting for financial reporting requirements for OPEB plans, including an adjustment to the reported definition and balance of OPEB liability as well as the addition of OPEB related deferred inflows and outflows of resources. The beginning balance of net position was restated through a prior period adjustment to reflect the adjusted prior year balance of total OPEB liability as well as deferred outflows of resources. The net effect of this restatement resulted increases to beginning net position in the governmental activities, Admin Service, Waster, Wastewater, Stormwater and EMS Funds of \$492,097; \$107,475; \$87,345; \$86,058; \$24,320; and \$35,761, respectively.

The beginning net position of the General Fund, Admin Service Fund, Water, Wastewater, and Stormwater Funds have been adjusted to reflect two adjustments to prior year allocations of net pension liabilities, deferred inflows and deferred outflows of resources. One adjustment relates to the Admin Services Fund, an internal service fund, not properly reflecting net pension liabilities or related deferred inflows and outflows on the fund financial statements in prior years. This adjustment results in a prior period adjustment decreasing beginning net position reported on the fund financial statements for the admin service fund, but a government-wide net effect of zero due to the internal service fund net position related to these expenses previously being allocated in full to governmental net position on the government-wide financial statements. Additionally, the total NERPS contributions subsequent to the measurement date reported in prior year as deferred outflows of resources, which was allocated amongst the relevant funds, was determined by management to have been overstated by \$226,267 due to the incorrect inclusion of employee contributions. The net effect of this restatement resulted in an increase to beginning net position in the governmental activities of \$2,707,479 and decreases to beginning net position in the Admin Services, Water, Wastewater, and Stormwater Funds of \$2,814,281; \$43,862; \$56,786; and \$18,817, respectively.

The city has restated amounts relating to the above prior period adjustments within the government-wide financial statements as of June 30, 2017. The net effects on are as follows:

	A	s Originally			
		Reported	 As Restated	Effe	ect of Change
Statement of Net Position					
Deferred outflow of resources					
Other postemployment benefits related items	\$	-	\$ 34,234	\$	34,234
Pension related items		12,336,328	12,110,061		(226,267)
Noncurrent liabilities					
Net other postemployment benefits obligation		1,597,122	-		(1,597,122)
Other postemployment benefits liability		-	798,301		798,301
Net position					
Unrestricted net position: government-wide		6,855,628	7,462,417		606,789
Statement of Activities					
Restatement of beginning net position	\$	-	\$ 606,789	\$	606,789

This page intentionally left blank.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

This page intentionally left blank.

CITY OF NEWBERG

SCHEDULE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY AND CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY CITY OF NEWBERG RETIREMENT PLAN

Last 10 Plan Fiscal Years*

	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015
Beginning of year				
Total pension liability	\$ 32,356,633	\$ 32,458,220	\$ 28,122,255	\$ 27,296,697
Fiduciary net position	17,868,023	18,294,937	18,271,389	16,452,510
Net pension liability	\$ 14,488,610	\$ 14,163,283	\$ 9,850,866	\$ 10,844,187
Changes in total pension liability				
Service cost	\$ 629,785	\$ 596,760	\$ 463,867	\$ 488,383
Interest on total pension liability	1,923,387	1,809,084	1,734,658	1,612,016
Effect of economic/demographic losses	(582,105)	487,034	22,573	995,297
Effect of assumption changes or inputs	276,798	(1,474,389)	3,539,377	(885,385)
Benefit payments	(1,550,814)	(1,520,076)	(1,424,510)	(1,384,753)
Net change in total pension liability	\$ 697,051	\$ (101,587)	\$ 4,335,965	\$ 825,558
Changes in fiduciary net position				
Employer contributions**	\$ 1,185,084	\$ 906,400	\$ 834,895	\$ 747,915
Member contributions**	226,267	224,049	201,880	202,249
Investment income net of expenses	1,701,706	(7,049)	439,313	2,253,588
Benefit payments	(1,550,814)	(1,520,076)	(1,424,510)	(1,384,753)
Administrative expenses	(36,325)	(30,238)	(28,030)	(120)
Net change in fiduciary net position	\$ 1,525,918	\$ (426,914)	\$ 23,548	\$ 1,818,879
End of year				
Total pension liability	\$ 33,053,684	\$ 32,356,633	\$ 32,458,220	\$ 28,122,255
Fiduciary net position	19,393,941	17,868,023	18,294,937	18,271,389
Net pension liability	\$ 13,659,743	\$ 14,488,610	\$ 14,163,283	\$ 9,850,866
Fiduciary net position as a percent				
of total pension liability	58.67%	55.22%	56.36%	64.97%
Covered payroll	\$ 3,644,950	\$ 3,572,891	\$ 3,182,471	\$ 3,059,807
Net pension liability as a percent				
of covered payroll	374.8%	405.5%	445.0%	321.9%

^{*}Information will be accumulated until 10 years are presented.

^{**}Employer and member contribution allocations from June 2016 and 2017 were restated.

CITY OF NEWBERG SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS CITY OF NEWBERG RETIREMENT PLAN Last 10 Plan Years*

		June	20,	
	2018	2017	2016	2015
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 1,379,424	\$ 1,257,372	\$ 958,388	\$ 767,576
Actual employer contribution**	1,304,250	1,185,084	906,400	834,895
Contribution deficiency (excess)	75,174	72,288	51,988	(67,319)
Covered payroll***	3,758,417	3,644,950	3,572,891	3,182,471
Contribution as a percent of covered payroll	34.70%	32.51%	25.37%	26.23%
Valuation date	7/1/2017	7/1/2016	7/1/2015	7/1/2014
Assumed investment rate of return	6.00%	6.50%	6.50%	7.00%
Notes to schedule				
Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:				
Long-term rate of return on investments	6.00%	6.50%	6.50%	7.00%
Discount rate	5.86%	5.98%	5.61%	6.23%
Cost of living increases	2.00%	2.00%	2.00%	2.00%
Salary increases	4.50%	4.50%	4.50%	4.50%

^{*}Information will be accumulated until 10 years are presented.

^{**}Actual employer contribution allocations from June 2016 and 2017 were restated.

^{***} Covered payroll amounts reported from June 2015, 2016, and 2017 were restated.

CITY OF NEWBERG INVESTMENT RETURNS CITY OF NEWBERG RETIREMENT PLAN Last 10 Plan Fiscal Years*

Year Ended		
June 30,	Rate*	*
2018	7.5	8%
2017	9.6	1%
2016	-0.0	4%
2015	2.5	0%

^{*}Information will be accumulated until 10 years are presented.

^{**}Rates were restated from prior year.

CITY OF NEWBERG

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY OREGON PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM Last 10 Years Ended June 30, *

	 2018	 2017	 2016	2015
Proporation of the collective net pension liability (asset)	0.07889868%	0.08326415%	0.08977217%	0.08370032%
Proporationate share of the collective net pension liability (asset)	\$ 10,635,572	\$ 12,499,882	\$ 5,154,234	\$ (1,897,247)
Covered payroll**	\$ 4,886,012	\$ 6,707,765	\$ 6,499,152	\$ 6,356,718
Proporationate share of the collective net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of the covered payroll	217.674%	186.349%	79.306%	-29.846%
Pension plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	83.119%	80.527%	91.875%	103.590%

 $[\]ensuremath{^{*}}$ Information will be accumulated annually until 10 years is presented

CITY OF NEWBERG

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS OREGON PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM Last 10 Years Ended June 30, *

	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contributions	\$ 822,914	\$ 605,250	\$ 841,895	\$ 835,001
Contractually required contributions recognized by the pension plan	822,914	605,250	841,895	835,001
Difference	-	-	-	-
Covered payroll	5,047,287	4,886,012	6,707,765	6,499,152
Contractually required contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	16.30409%	12.38740%	12.55105%	12.84785%

st Information will be accumlated until 10 years are presented.

CITY OF NEWBERG SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS Last 10 Plan Fiscal Years*

Total OPEB liability	J	fune 30, 2018
Service cost	\$	64,551
Interest on total OPEB liability		24,107
Effect of assumptions or inputs		(51,156)
Benefit payments		(34,234)
Net change in OPEB liability		3,268
Total OPEB liability - beginning		798,301
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	801,569
Covered employee payroll		8,530,962
City's total OPEB liability as a percentage		
of covered employee payroll		9.40%

Notes to schedule

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

^{*} Information will be accumlated until 10 years are presented.

COMBINING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDIVIDUAL FUND SCHEDULES

STREET CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND (MAJOR FUND) SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	-	Bu	dget	· ·				
	Oı	Original		Final		Actual		Variance
Revenues								
Interest	\$	2,000	\$	2,000	\$	7,969	\$	5,969
Total revenues		2,000		2,000		7,969		5,969
<u>Expenditures</u>								
Capital outlay	4,	,935,000		5,892,337		2,708,413		3,183,924
Total expenditures	4,	,935,000		5,892,337		2,708,413		3,183,924
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(4,	,933,000)	((5,890,337)		(2,700,444)		3,189,893
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers in	4,	,935,000		5,892,337		2,708,413		(3,183,924)
Total other financing sources (uses)	4,	,935,000		5,892,337		2,708,413		(3,183,924)
Net change in fund balance		2,000		2,000		7,969		5,969
Fund balance, July 01, 2017		168,396		168,396		168,835		439
Fund balance, June 30, 2018	\$	170,396	\$	170,396	\$	176,804	\$	6,408

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET GENERAL FUNDS

June 30, 2018

			S Rate zation			
	Ge	eneral Fund	Reserv	e Fund		Totals
<u>ASSETS</u>						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	4,608,795	\$	-	\$	4,608,795
Receivables:						
Accounts		228,751		-		228,751
Taxes		663,748		-		663,748
Due from other funds		27,181		-		27,181
Total assets	\$	5,528,475	\$	-	\$	5,528,475
<u>LIABILITIES</u>						
Accounts payable	\$	405,003	\$	-	\$	405,003
Other accrued liabilities		194,794		-		194,794
Deposits		36,098		-		36,098
Interfund loan		63,270		-		63,270
Total liabilities		699,165		-		699,165
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable revenue-property taxes		663,748		-		663,748
Total deferred inflows of resources		663,748		-		663,748
EVIND DAY ANGEG						
FUND BALANCES						
Unassigned		4,165,562		-		4,165,562
Total fund balances		4,165,562		-		4,165,562
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources			4		_	
and fund balances	\$	5,528,475	\$	-	\$	5,528,475

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GENERAL FUNDS

		PERS Rate	
		Stabilization	
	General Fund	Reserve Fund	Totals
Revenues			
Property taxes	\$ 7,864,019	\$ -	\$ 7,864,019
Other taxes	2,990,659	-	2,990,659
Licenses and permits	938,729	-	938,729
Intergovernmental	1,280,473	-	1,280,473
Charges for services	121,921	-	121,921
Fines and forfeitures	593,431	-	593,431
Interest	62,144	1,251	63,395
Miscellaneous	3,046	-	3,046
Total revenues	13,854,422	1,251	13,855,673
<u>Expenditures</u>			
General government	195,657	-	195,657
Public safety	11,744,964	-	11,744,964
Library	1,726,286	-	1,726,286
Community development	769,426	-	769,426
Total expenditures	14,436,333	-	14,436,333
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(581,911)	1,251	(580,660)
Other financing sources (uses)			
Loan proceeds	45,671	-	45,671
Sale of capital assets	327	-	327
Transfers in	1,252,591	-	1,252,591
Transfers out	(31,893)	(181,091)	(212,984)
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,266,696	(181,091)	1,085,605
Net change in fund balances	684,785	(179,840)	504,945
Fund balances, July 1, 2017	3,480,777	179,840	3,660,617
Fund balances, June 30, 2018	\$ 4,165,562	\$ -	\$ 4,165,562

PERS RATE STABILIZATION RESERVE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

		Budgeted	Amo	ounts			
	Original Final		Actual		 /ariance		
Revenues						_	
Interest	\$	-	\$	1,600	\$	1,251	\$ (349)
Total revenues		-		1,600		1,251	(349)
							_
Other financing sources							
Transfers out		(179,255)		(181,440)		(181,091)	349
Total other financing sources		(179,255)		(181,440)		(181,091)	349
Net change in fund balance		(179,255)		(179,840)		(179,840)	-
Fund balance, July 1, 2017		179,255		179,840		179,840	-
Fund balance, June 30, 2018	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -

Note: The PERS Rate Stabilization Reserve Fund is combined with the General Fund on the Fund Financial Statements

This page intentionally left blank.

Combining Statements

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

- Combining Balance Sheet
- Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2018

AGGETTG		Special Revenue		Debt Service		Capital Projects		Totals
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,168,589	\$	660,725	•	6,196,425	Φ	8,025,739
Receivables:	Ф	1,100,309	Ф	000,723	Ф	0,190,423	Ф	0,023,739
Accounts		469,124		_		_		469,124
Loans		31,744		_		_		31,744
Assessments		-		_		72,176		72,176
Taxes		_		18,186		-		18,186
Total assets	\$	1,669,457	\$	678,911	\$	6,268,601	\$	8,616,969
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	87,172	\$	_	\$	14,183	\$	101,355
Payroll payables	Ψ	16,887	Ψ	_	Ψ	14,103	Ψ	16,887
Due to other funds		26,826		_		_		26,826
Contingent liabilities (see footnote 4)				446,000		_		446,000
Total liabilities		130,885		446,000		14,183		591,068
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unavailable revenue-property taxes		-		18,186		-		18,186
Unavailable revenue-loans		31,744		-		-		31,744
Unavailable revenue-special assessments		-		-		72,176		72,176
Total deferred inflows of resources		31,744		18,186		72,176		122,106
FUND BALANCES								
Restricted		824,321		47,809		6,182,242		7,054,372
Committed		682,507		-		-		682,507
Assigned		-		166,916		_		166,916
Total fund balances		1,506,828		214,725		6,182,242		7,903,795
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources	5,	•		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		·		·
and fund balances	\$	1,669,457	\$	678,911	\$	6,268,601	\$	8,616,969

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Totals
Revenues				
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ 7,703	\$ -	\$ 7,703
Other taxes	1,118,742	·	-	1,118,742
Licenses and permits	50,403	159,282	-	209,685
Intergovernmental	443,378	142,916	-	586,294
Charges for services	527,788	, -	2,171,610	2,699,398
Facilities charge	-	119,492	, , , <u>-</u>	119,492
Pension bond charge	-	248,417	-	248,417
Loan collections - principal	13,534	· <u>-</u>	-	13,534
Loan collections - interest	1,573	_		1,573
Assessments	-	_	5,105	5,105
Donations	36,033	_	-	36,033
Interest	23,711	11,211	62,913	97,835
Total revenues	2,215,162	689,021	2,239,628	5,143,811
<u>Expenditures</u>				
General government	157,377	-	-	157,377
Public safety	816,014	-	-	816,014
Library	65,497	-	-	65,497
Community development	220,331	-	-	220,331
Debt service:				
Principal	=	453,590	-	453,590
Interest	-	190,743	-	190,743
Capital outlay	21,878	-	854,574	876,452
Total expenditures	1,281,097	644,333	854,574	2,780,004
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	934,065	44,688	1,385,054	2,363,807
Other financing sources (uses)				
Contingency loss (see footnote 4)	_	(446,000)	_	(446,000)
Loan proceeds	_	-	3,151,630	3,151,630
Transfers in	_	133,508	-	133,508
Transfers out	(731,308)	(108,486)	(1,291,176)	(2,130,970)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(731,308)	(420,978)	1,860,454	708,168
8	(12 ,2 00)	(,, , , , ,	,,	, , ,
Net change in fund balances	202,757	(376,290)	3,245,508	3,071,975
Fund balances, July 1, 2017	1,304,071	591,015	2,936,734	4,831,820
Fund balances, June 30, 2018	\$ 1,506,828	\$ 214,725	\$ 6,182,242	\$ 7,903,795

This page intentionally left blank.

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

- Combining Balance Sheet
- Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

<u>Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual</u>

- Economic Development
- 911 Emergency
- Civil Forfeiture
- Cable TV
- Library Gift and Memorial
- Public Safety Fee
- Transient Lodging Tax

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

June 30, 2018

	Е	conomic		911	C	ivil	Cable	Li	brary Gift and	Pu	ıblic	Trans	ient		
	De	velopment	En	nergency	Forf	eiture	TV	N	1emorial	Safe	ty Fee	Lodgin	g Tax	To	otals
<u>ASSETS</u>		•					9		-	-				-	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	665,543	\$	-	\$ 1:	5,313	\$ 16,507	\$	83,420	\$ 7	78,165	\$ 309	,641	\$ 1,10	68,589
Receivables:															
Accounts		81,466		57,102		-	-		-	5	53,311	277	,245	4	69,124
Loans		31,744		-		-	-		-		-		-	:	31,744
Total assets	\$	778,753	\$	57,102	\$ 1:	5,313	\$ 16,507	\$	83,420	\$ 13	31,476	\$ 586	,886	\$ 1,6	69,457
A A A DAY MINING															
<u>LIABILITIES</u>	Φ.	00.071	Ф	4.000	Φ.		ф	Φ.	2 21 1	ф		Φ.		Φ.	07.170
Accounts payable	\$	80,871	\$	4,090	\$	-	\$ -	\$	2,211	\$	-	\$	-		87,172
Payroll payables		138		4,558		-	-		74	J	2,117		-		16,887
Due to other funds		-		26,826		-	_		-		-		-		26,826
Total liabilities		81,009		35,474		-	_		2,285	1	2,117		-	1:	30,885
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES															
Unavailable revenue-loans		31,744		-		-	-		-		-		-	:	31,744
Total deferred inflows of resources		31,744		-		-	-		-		-		-		31,744
FUND BALANCES															
Restricted		_		21,628	1:	5,313	_		81,135	11	9,359	586	,886	8:	24,321
Committed		666,000		-		-	16,507		-		-		-		82,507
Total fund balances		666,000		21,628	1:	5,313	16,507		81,135	11	9,359	586	,886	1,50	06,828
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources															
and fund balances	\$	778,753	\$	57,102	\$ 1:	5,313	\$ 16,507	\$	83,420	\$ 13	31,476	\$ 586	,886	\$ 1,6	69,457

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

	conomic velopment	9111	Emergency	Civil orfeiture	Cable TV	brary Gift and Memorial		ublic		ansient ging Tax	Totals
Revenues											
Other taxes	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 1	,118,742	\$ 1,118,742
Licenses and permits	50,403		-	-	-	-		-		-	50,403
Intergovernmental	196,970		225,638	-	-	20,770		-		-	443,378
Charges for services	-		-	-	-	-	5	27,788		-	527,788
Loan collections - principal	13,534		-	-	-	-		-		-	13,534
Loan collections - interest	1,573		-	-	-	-		-		-	1,573
Donations	-		-	-	-	36,033		-		-	36,033
Interest	10,975		99	393	488	1,331		2,187		8,238	23,711
Total revenues	273,455		225,737	393	488	58,134	5	29,975	1	,126,980	2,215,162
Expenditures General government	_		_	_	-	_		_		157,377	157,377
Public safety	_		223,190	10,348	-	-	5	82,476		-	816,014
Library	_		_	-	-	65,497		-		-	65,497
Community development	220,331		_	-	-	_		_		-	220,331
Capital outlay	_		_	-	21,878	-		_		-	21,878
Total expenditures	220,331		223,190	10,348	21,878	65,497	5	82,476		157,377	1,281,097
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	53,124		2,547	(9,955)	(21,390)	(7,363)	(52,501)		969,603	934,065
Other financing sources (uses)											
Transfers out	(4,872)		-	-	-	-		-		(726,436)	(731,308)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(4,872)		-	-	-	-		-		(726,436)	(731,308)
Net change in fund balances Fund balances, July 1, 2017	48,252 617,748		2,547 19,081	(9,955) 25,268	(21,390) 37,897	(7,363) 88,498		52,501) 71,860		243,167 343,719	202,757 1,304,071
Fund balances, June 30, 2018	\$ 666,000	\$	21,628	\$ 15,313	\$ 16,507	\$ 81,135	\$ 1	19,359	\$	586,886	\$ 1,506,828

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budgeted Amounts						
	(Original		Final		Actual	 Variance
Revenues							
Licenses and permits	\$	43,000	\$	43,000	\$	50,403	\$ 7,403
Intergovernmental		390,000		390,000		196,970	(193,030)
Loan collections - principal		12,828		12,828		13,534	706
Loan collections - interest		6,933		6,933		1,573	(5,360)
Interest		5,000		5,000		10,975	5,975
Miscellaneous		10		10		=	(10)
Total revenues		457,771		457,771		273,455	(184,316)
<u>Expenditures</u>							
Planning		79,123		84,123		15,168	68,955
Contingency		132,569		130,423		-	130,423
Total expenditures		211,692		214,546		15,168	199,378
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		246,079		243,225		258,287	15,062
Other financing sources (uses)							
Special payments - loans		(366,473)		(387,538)		-	387,538
Special payments - grants		(396,864)		(405,641)		(205,163)	200,478
Transfers out		(4,872)		(4,872)		(4,872)	
Total other financing sources (uses)		(768,209)		(798,051)		(210,035)	588,016
Net change in fund balance		(522,130)		(554,826)		48,252	603,078
Fund balance, July 01, 2017		522,130		554,826		617,748	62,922
Fund balance, June 30, 2018	\$	-	\$	-	\$	666,000	\$ 666,000

911 EMERGENCY FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	 Budgeted	Am	ounts		
	 Original		Final	 Actual	 Variance
Revenues					
Intergovernmental	\$ 221,000	\$	225,027	\$ 225,638	\$ 611
Interest	=		-	99	99
Total revenues	221,000		225,027	225,737	710
<u>Expenditures</u>					
Communications	224,876		228,903	223,190	5,713
Contingency	19,481		19,481	-	19,481
Total expenditures	244,357		248,384	223,190	25,194
					_
Net change in fund balance	(23,357)		(23,357)	2,547	25,904
Fund balance, July 01, 2017	23,357		23,357	19,081	(4,276)
Fund balance, June 30, 2018	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 21,628	\$ 21,628

CIVIL FORFEITURE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

		Budgeted	An	nounts				
	Original		Final		Actual		,	Variance
Revenues								
Interest	\$	200	\$	200	\$	393	\$	193
Total revenues		200		200		393		193
<u>Expenditures</u>								
Police		25,434		25,434		10,348		15,086
Total expenditures		25,434		25,434		10,348		15,086
Net change in fund balance		(25,234)		(25,234)		(9,955)		15,279
Fund balance, July 01, 2017		25,234		25,234		25,268		34
Fund balance, June 30, 2018	\$	-	\$	-	\$	15,313	\$	15,313

CABLE TV FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

		Budgeted	An	nounts			
	Original		Final		Actual		 Variance
Revenues							
Interest	\$	200	\$	200	\$	488	\$ 288
Total revenues		200		200		488	288
<u>Expenditures</u>							
Capital Outlay		38,025		38,025		21,878	16,147
Total expenditures		38,025		38,025		21,878	16,147
Net change in fund balance		(37,825)		(37,825)		(21,390)	16,435
Fund balance, July 01, 2017		37,825		37,825		37,897	72
Fund balance, June 30, 2018	\$	-	\$	-	\$	16,507	\$ 16,507

LIBRARY GIFT AND MEMORIAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budgeted Amounts							
	Original		Final		Actual		\	'ariance
Revenues								
Intergovernmental	\$	62,000	\$	62,000	\$	20,770	\$	(41,230)
Donations		73,000		73,000		36,033		(36,967)
Interest		600		600		1,331		731
Total revenues		135,600		135,600		58,134		(77,466)
<u>Expenditures</u>								
Library		160,000		160,000		65,497		94,503
Contingency		39,116		39,116		-		39,116
Total expenditures		199,116		199,116		65,497		133,619
Net change in fund balance		(63,516)		(63,516)		(7,363)		56,153
Fund balance, July 01, 2017		63,516		63,516		88,498		24,982
Fund balance, June 30, 2018	\$	-	\$	-	\$	81,135	\$	81,135

PUBLIC SAFETY FEE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	 Budgeted	An	nounts			
	 Original	Final		Actual		 ariance
Revenues						
Charges for services	\$ 496,209	\$	507,142	\$	527,788	\$ 20,646
Interest	600		2,158		2,187	29
Total revenues	496,809		509,300		529,975	20,675
<u>Expenditures</u>						
Police	354,914		354,914		347,142	7,772
Communications	187,878		233,235		235,334	(2,099)
Contingency	63,629		63,629		-	63,629
Total expenditures	606,421		651,778		582,476	69,302
Net change in fund balance	(109,612)		(142,478)		(52,501)	89,977
Fund balance, July 01, 2017	109,612		142,478		171,860	29,382
Fund balance, June 30, 2018	\$ -	\$	-	\$	119,359	\$ 119,359

TRANSIENT LODGING TAX FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budget						
		Original		Final		Actual	 /ariance
Revenues							
Other taxes	\$	1,044,863	\$	1,079,863	\$	1,118,742	\$ 38,879
Interest		2,564		2,564		8,238	5,674
Total revenues		1,047,427		1,082,427		1,126,980	44,553
<u>Expenditures</u>							
General government		166,673		260,391		139,886	120,505
Contingency		=		12,250		=	12,250
Total expenditures		166,673		272,641		139,886	132,755
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		880,754		809,786		987,094	177,308
Other financing sources (uses)							
Grants		(450,622)		(450,622)		(17,491)	433,131
Transfers out		(680,132)		(702,882)		(726,436)	(23,554)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(1,130,754)		(1,153,504)		(743,927)	409,577
Net change in fund balance		(250,000)		(343,718)		243,167	586,885
Fund balance, July 01, 2017		250,000		343,718		343,719	1
Fund balance, June 30, 2018	\$	-	\$	-	\$	586,886	\$ 586,886

DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

- Combining Balance Sheet
- Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

<u>Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual</u>

- Debt Service
- City Hall

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

June 30, 2018

	S	Debt Service	City Hall	Totals
<u>ASSETS</u>				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	47,809	\$ 612,916	\$ 660,725
Receivables:				
Taxes		18,186	-	18,186
Total assets	\$	65,995	\$ 612,916	\$ 678,911
<u>LIABILITIES</u>				
Contingent liabilities (see footnote 4)	\$	-	\$ 446,000	\$ 446,000
Total liabilities		-	446,000	446,000
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Unavailable revenue-property taxes		18,186	-	18,186
Total deferred inflows of resources		18,186	-	18,186
FUND BALANCES				
Restricted		47,809	-	47,809
Assigned		-	166,916	166,916
Total fund balances		47,809	166,916	214,725
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources,				
and fund balances	\$	65,995	\$ 612,916	\$ 678,911

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

	Debt Service			City Hall	Totals
Revenues	-		-		
Property taxes	\$	7,703	\$	-	\$ 7,703
Licenses and permits		-		159,282	159,282
Intergovenmental		142,916		-	142,916
Facilities charge		119,492		-	119,492
Pension bond charge		248,417		-	248,417
Interest		1,836		9,375	11,211
Total revenues		520,364		168,657	689,021
Expenditures Debt service:					
Principal		453,590		-	453,590
Interest		190,743		-	190,743
Total expenditures		644,333		-	644,333
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(123,969)		168,657	44,688
Other financing sources (uses)					
Contingency loss (see footnote 4)		-		(446,000)	(446,000)
Transfers in		133,508		-	133,508
Transfers out		-		(108,486)	(108,486)
Total other financing sources (uses)		133,508		(554,486)	(420,978)
Net change in fund balances Fund balances, July 1, 2017		9,539 38,270		(385,829) 552,745	(376,290) 591,015
Fund balances, June 30, 2018	\$	47,809	\$	166,916	\$ 214,725

DEBT SERVICE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budgeted Amounts								
		Original		Final		Actual		Variance	
Revenues									
Property taxes	\$	6,138	\$	6,138	\$	7,703	\$	1,565	
Intergovenmental		142,916		142,916		142,916		-	
Facilities charge		119,492		119,492		119,492		-	
Pension bond charge		249,398		249,398		248,417		(981)	
Interest		300		300		1,836		1,536	
Total revenues		518,244		518,244		520,364		2,120	
<u>Expenditures</u>									
Debt service									
Principal		533,774		533,774		453,590		80,184	
Interest		202,232		202,232		190,743		11,489	
Total expenditures		736,006		736,006		644,333		91,673	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(217,762)		(217,762)		(123,969)		93,793	
Other financing sources (uses)									
Transfers in		225,181		225,181		133,508		(91,673)	
Total other financing sources (uses)		225,181		225,181		133,508		(91,673)	
Net change in fund balance		7,419		7,419		9,539		2,120	
Fund balance, July 01, 2017		36,946		36,946		38,270		1,324	
Fund balance, June 30, 2018	\$	44,365	\$	44,365	\$	47,809	\$	3,444	

CITY HALL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

		Budgeted	An	nounts						
	Original		Final		Actual		Variance			
Revenues										
Licenses and permits	\$	90,000	\$	90,000	\$	159,282	\$	69,282		
Interest		3,000		3,000		9,375		6,375		
Total revenues		93,000		93,000		168,657		75,657		
Other financing sources (uses)										
Transfers out		(108,486)		(108,486)		(108,486)		-		
Total other financing sources (uses)		(108,486)		(108,486)		(108,486)		-		
Net change in fund balance		(15,486)		(15,486)		60,171		75,657		
Fund balance, July 01, 2017		512,086		512,086		552,745		40,659		
Fund balance, June 30, 2018	\$	496,600	\$	496,600	\$	612,916	\$	116,316		
Reconciliation to generally accepted accounting principles Contingency loss (446,000)										
Fund balance, June 30, 2018					\$	166,916				

This page intentionally left blank.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

- Combining Balance Sheet
- Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

<u>Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual</u>

- Street System Development
- Governmental Capital Projects

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

June 30, 2018

	Street System	Governmental	
	Development	Capital Projects	Totals
<u>ASSETS</u>			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,885,186	\$ 2,311,239	\$ 6,196,425
Receivables:			
Assessments	72,176	-	72,176
Total assets	\$ 3,957,362	\$ 2,311,239	\$ 6,268,601
<u>LIABILITIES</u>			
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ 14,183	\$ 14,183
Total liabilities	-	14,183	14,183
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Unavailable revenue-special assessments	72,176	-	72,176
Total deferred inflows of resources	72,176	-	72,176
FUND BALANCES			
Restricted	3,885,186	2,297,056	6,182,242
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources,			
and fund balances	\$ 3,957,362	\$ 2,311,239	\$ 6,268,601

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

	Street						
	Systen	ı G	Governmental				
	Development		Capital Projects		Totals		
Revenues				N	_		
Charges for services	\$ 2,171,	610 \$	-	\$	2,171,610		
Assessments	5,	105	-		5,105		
Interest	62,	913	-		62,913		
Total revenues	2,239,	628	-		2,239,628		
Expenditures							
Capital outlay		-	854,574		854,574		
Total expenditures		-	854,574		854,574		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	2,239,	628	(854,574)		1,385,054		
Other financing sources (uses)							
Loan proceeds		-	3,151,630		3,151,630		
Transfers out	(1,291,	176)	-		(1,291,176)		
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,291,	176)	3,151,630		1,860,454		
Net change in fund balances	948,	452	2,297,056		3,245,508		
Fund balances, July 1, 2017	2,936,	734	-		2,936,734		
Fund balances, June 30, 2018	\$ 3,885,	186 \$	2,297,056	\$	6,182,242		

STREET SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budgeted Amounts						
		Original		Final		Actual	 Variance
Revenues							
Charges for services	\$	1,600,000	\$	1,600,000	\$	2,171,610	\$ 571,610
Grants		740,000		740,000		-	(740,000)
Assessments		3,800		3,800		5,105	1,305
Interest		21,325		21,325		62,913	41,588
Total revenues		2,365,125		2,365,125		2,239,628	(125,497)
<u>Expenditures</u>							
Contingency		1,359,238		1,359,238		-	1,359,238
Total expenditures		1,359,238		1,359,238		-	1,359,238
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		1,005,887		1,005,887		2,239,628	1,233,741
Other financing sources (uses)							
Transfers out		(3,971,000)		(3,971,000)		(1,291,176)	2,679,824
Total other financing sources (uses)		(3,971,000)		(3,971,000)		(1,291,176)	2,679,824
Net change in fund balance		(2,965,113)		(2,965,113)		948,452	3,913,565
Fund balance, July 01, 2017		2,965,113		2,965,113		2,936,734	(28,379)
Fund balance, June 30, 2018	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,885,186	\$ 3,885,186

GOVERNMENTAL CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budget						
	Original		Final		Actual	Variance	
Expenditures							
Capital outlay	\$		-	\$	3,151,630	\$ 854,574	\$2,297,056
Total expenditures			-		3,151,630	854,574	2,297,056
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures			-		(3,151,630)	(854,574)	2,297,056
Other financing sources (uses)							
Proceeds from long-term debt, net			-		3,151,630	3,151,630	
Total other financing sources (uses)			-		3,151,630	3,151,630	-
Net change in fund balance			-		-	2,297,056	2,297,056
Fund balance, July 01, 2017			-		_	-	-
Fund balance, June 30, 2018	\$		-	\$	-	\$2,297,056	\$2,297,056

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

<u>Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual</u>

For budgetary purposes, the water, wastewater, stormwater, and emergency medical services activities are accounted for in the following separate funds:

Water

Water (operating)
Water System Development

Wastewater

Wastewater (operating)
Wastewater System Development

Stormwater

Stormwater (operating)
Stormwater System Development

Other

Proprietary Capital Projects

Emergency Medical Services

Reconciliations

Reconciliation of Revenues and Expenditures (budgetary basis) to Revenues and Expenses (accrual basis)

WATER FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Budgeted Amounts Original Final Variance Actual Revenues \$ 178,776 Charges for services \$ 5,757,214 \$ 5,757,214 \$ 5,935,990 Interest 50,000 50,000 163,387 113,387 Miscellaneous 30,500 30,500 69,367 38,867 Total revenues 5,837,714 5,837,714 6,168,744 331,030 **Expenditures** Public works 3,779,337 3,779,337 3,527,798 251,539 Debt service: Principal 342,172 342,172 342,172 1 Interest 72,431 72,431 72,430 2,084,343 Contingency 2,084,343 2,084,343 Total expenditures 6,278,283 6,278,283 3,942,400 2,335,883 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (440,569)(440,569)2,226,344 2,666,913 Other financing sources (uses) Sale of capital assets 1,063 1,063 Special payments - loans (25,000)(25,000)25,000 Transfers In 39,840 39,811 39,811 29 Transfers Out (1,805,174)(1,805,174)(461,033)1,344,141 Total other financing sources (uses) (1,790,363)(1,790,363)1,370,233 (420,130)Net change in fund balance (2,230,932)(2,230,932)1,806,214 4,037,146 8,874,908 Fund balance, July 1, 2017 8,874,908 8,995,620 120,712 Fund balance, June 30, 2018 6,643,976 \$ 6,643,976 \$10,801,834 \$ 4,157,858

WATER SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budgeted Amounts						
		Original		Final	Actual	Variance	
Revenues							
Development fees	\$	500,000	\$	500,000	\$ 559,688	\$	59,688
Assessments		1,400		1,400	11,141		9,741
Interest		3,100		3,100	6,989		3,889
Total revenues		504,500		504,500	577,818		73,318
Expenditures							
Debt service:							
Principal		626,762		626,762	626,762		-
Interest		219,069		219,069	219,069		-
Contingency		4,300		4,300	-		4,300
Total expenditures		850,131		850,131	845,831		4,300
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(345,631)		(345,631)	(268,013)		77,618
Other financing sources (uses)							
Transfers in		230,213		230,213	21,939		(208,274)
Transfers out		(183,100)		(183,100)	(12,338)		170,762
Total other financing sources (uses)		47,113		47,113	9,601		(37,512)
Net change in fund balance		(298,518)		(298,518)	(258,412)		40,106
Fund balance, July 1, 2017		298,518		298,518	572,610		274,092
Fund balance, June 30, 2018	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 314,198	\$	314,198

WASTEWATER FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budgeted	Amounts			
	Original	Final	Actual		Variance
Revenues					
Charges for services	\$ 8,068,030	\$ 8,068,030	\$ 8,137,018	\$	68,988
Interest	65,000	65,000	193,065		128,065
Miscellaneous	11,300	11,300	28,337		17,037
Total revenues	8,144,330	8,144,330	8,358,420		214,090
<u>Expenditures</u>					
Public works	5,661,477	5,661,477	4,864,336		797,141
Debt service:					
Principal	1,600,925	1,600,925	1,600,925		-
Interest	726,348	726,348	726,348		-
Contingency	1,979,530	1,875,475	-		1,875,475
Total expenditures	9,968,280	9,864,225	7,191,609		2,672,616
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(1,823,950)	(1,719,895)	1,166,811		2,886,706
Other financine courses (1999)					
Other financing sources (uses)	(50,000)	(50,000)			50,000
Special payments - loans	(50,000)	(50,000)	- 022		,
Sale of capital assets	2.020	2.920	923		923
Transfers in	2,829	2,829	2,858		29
Transfers out	(3,110,000)	(3,214,055)	(1,382,165)		1,831,890
Total other financing sources (uses)	(3,157,171)	(3,261,226)	(1,378,384)		1,882,842
Not also as in family below.	(4.001.101)	(4.001.121)	(211 572)		4760 540
Net change in fund balance	(4,981,121)	(4,981,121)	(211,573)		4,769,548
Fund balance, July 1, 2017	10,812,028	10,812,028	11,973,384	Φ	1,161,356
Fund balance, June 30, 2018	\$ 5,830,907	\$ 5,830,907	\$11,761,811	\$	5,930,904

WASTEWATER SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budgeted	Amounts				
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance		
Revenues		,				
Development fees	\$ 800,000	\$ 800,000	\$ 1,764,862	\$ 964,862		
Assessments	-	-	605	605		
Interest	30,000	30,000	87,964	57,964		
Total revenues	830,000	830,000	1,853,431	1,023,431		
<u>Expenditures</u>						
Debt service:						
Principal	186,882	186,882	186,882	-		
Interest	97,842	97,842	97,842	-		
Contingency	3,766,802	3,766,802	-	3,766,802		
Total expenditures	4,051,526	4,051,526	284,724	3,766,802		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(3,221,526)	(3,221,526)	1,568,707	4,790,233		
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers out	(1,295,000)	(1,295,000)	(708,807)	586,193		
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,295,000)	(1,295,000)	(708,807)	586,193		
Net change in fund balance	(4,516,526)	(4,516,526)	859,900	5,376,426		
Fund balance, July 1, 2017	4,516,526	4,516,526	5,106,411	589,885		
Fund balance, June 30, 2018	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,966,311	\$ 5,966,311		

STORMWATER FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budgeted	Amounts			
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance	
Revenues					
Charges for services	\$ 1,477,595	\$ 1,477,595	\$ 1,545,957	\$	68,362
Interest	8,500	8,500	10,211		1,711
Miscellaneous	-	-	8		8
Total revenues	1,486,095	1,486,095	1,556,176		70,081
Expenditures					
Public works	1,279,253	1,279,253	1,128,143		151,110
Contingency	212,823	173,411	-		173,411
Total expenditures	1,492,076	1,452,664	1,128,143		324,521
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(5,981)	33,431	428,033		394,602
Other financing sources (uses)					
Sale of capital assets	-	-	923		923
Transfers in	2,829	2,829	2,858		29
Transfers out	(895,000)	(934,412)	(857,745)		76,667
Total other financing sources (uses)	(892,171)	(931,583)	(853,964)		77,619
Net change in fund balance	(898,152)	(898,152)	(425,931)		472,221
Fund balance, July 1, 2017	898,152	898,152	1,028,959		130,807
Fund balance, June 30, 2018	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 603,028	\$	603,028

STORMWATER SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budgeted Amounts								
	(Original		Final		Actual		Variance	
Revenues						,			
Development fees	\$	70,000	\$	70,000	\$	81,060	\$	11,060	
Interest		1,200		1,200		1,873		673	
Total revenues		71,200		71,200		82,933		11,733	
Expenditures									
Contingency		96,772		96,772		-		96,772	
Total expenditures		96,772		96,772		-		96,772	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(25,572)		(25,572)		82,933		108,505	
Other financing sources (uses)									
Transfers out		(55,000)		(55,000)		(51,905)		3,095	
Total other financing sources (uses)		(55,000)		(55,000)		(51,905)		3,095	
Net change in fund balance		(80,572)		(80,572)		31,028		111,600	
Fund balance, July 1, 2017		94,806		94,806		106,284		11,478	
Fund balance, June 30, 2018	\$	14,234	\$	14,234	\$	137,312	\$	123,078	

PROPRIETARY CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budgeted	Amounts			
	Original	ginal Final Actual		Variance	
Expenditures			·		
Capital outlay	\$ 7,135,000	\$ 7,278,467	\$ 3,473,993	\$	3,804,474
Total expenditures	7,135,000	7,278,467	3,473,993		3,804,474
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(7,135,000)	(7,278,467)	(3,473,993)		3,804,474
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers in	7,135,000	7,278,467	3,473,993		(3,804,474)
Total other financing sources (uses)	7,135,000	7,278,467	3,473,993		(3,804,474)
					_
Net change in fund balance	-	-	-		-
Fund balance, July 1, 2017	-	-	-		
Fund balance, June 30, 2018	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-

EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budgeted	Amo	unts				
	Original		Final	Actual		Variance	
Revenues							
Charges for services	\$ -	\$	30,000	\$	26,618	\$	(3,382)
Interest	1,000		1,200		903		(297)
Total revenues	1,000		31,200		27,521		(3,679)
Expenditures							
Fire	200,000		230,000		225,542		4,458
Contingency	36,295		-		-		
Total expenditures	236,295		230,000		225,542		4,458
Excess (deficiency) of expenditures over revenues	(235,295)		(198,800)		(198,021)		779
Other financing sources (uses)							
Transfers out	(351,741)		(380,859)		(381,638)		(779)
Loans	500,000		500,000		500,000		
Total other financing sources (uses)	148,259		119,141		118,362		(779)
Net change in fund balance	(87,036)		(79,659)		(79,659)		-
Fund balance, July 1, 2017	87,036		79,659		79,659		
Fund balance, June 30, 2018	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-

City of Newberg

Reconciliation of Revenues and Expenditures (Budgetary Basis) to Revenues and Expenses (Accrual Basis) Proprietary Funds

	Wa	ater	Waste	water
Fund	Revenues	Expenditures	Revenues	Expenditures
Water	\$ 6,168,744	\$ 3,942,400	\$ -	\$ -
Water System Development	577,818	845,831	-	-
Wastewater	-	-	8,358,420	7,191,609
Wastewater System Development	-	-	1,853,431	284,724
Stormwater	-	-	-	-
Stormwater System Development	-	-	-	-
Proprietary Capital Projects	-	473,371	-	2,090,972
Emergency Medical Services				
Total revenues and expenditures				
(budgetary basis)	6,746,562	5,261,602	10,211,851	9,567,305
Adjustments				
Depreciation	-	1,265,305	-	2,819,951
Contributed capital	(559,688)	-	(1,764,862)	-
Gain on sale of capital assets	1,063	-	923	-
Principal payments	-	(968,934)	-	(1,787,807)
Interest accrual	-	(30,128)	-	(79,857)
Assessment receivable collections	(11,141)	-	(605)	-
Expenditures capitalized	-	(499,585)	-	(1,798,116)
Change in compensated absences	-	8,110	-	7,561
Change in pension related activities		78,403	-	275,366
Change in other postemployment benefit related activities		8,172		9,888
Total revenues and expenses		-		-
(accrual basis)	6,176,796	5,122,945	8,447,307	9,014,291
Net income (loss) before contributions		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-	-
and transfers		\$ 1,053,851		\$ (566,984)

Storr	nwater	Emergency M	edical Services	Totals			
Revenues	Expenditures	Revenues	Expenditures	Revenues	Expenditures		
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,168,744	\$ 3,942,400		
-	-	-	-	577,818	845,831		
-	-	-	-	8,358,420	7,191,609		
-	-	-	-	1,853,431	284,724		
1,556,176	1,128,143	-	-	1,556,176	1,128,143		
82,933	-	-	-	82,933	-		
-	909,650	-	-	-	3,473,993		
		27,521	225,542	27,521	225,542		
1,639,109	2,037,793	27,521	225,542	18,625,043	17,092,242		
-	298,382	-	80,325	-	4,463,963		
(81,060)	-	-	-	(2,405,610)	-		
923	-	-	-	2,909	-		
-	-	-	-	-	(2,756,741)		
-	-	-	-	-	(109,985)		
-	-	-	-	(11,746)	-		
-	(883,875)	-	-	-	(3,181,576)		
-	6,098	-	-	-	21,769		
-	(24,252)	-	-	-	329,517		
	3,182				21,242		
1,558,972	1,437,328	27,521	305,867	16,210,596	15,880,431		
	\$ 121,644		\$ (278,346)		\$ 330,165		

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

- Combining Statement of Net Position
- Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position
- Combining Statement of Cash Flows

Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual

- Administrative Support Services
- Vehicle/Equipment Replacement

<u>Reconciliation of Revenues and Expenditures (budgetary basis) to Revenues and Expenses (accrual basis)</u>

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

June 30, 2018

	Administrative Support	Vehicle/ Equipment	
	Services	Replacement	Totals
<u>ASSETS</u>			
Current assets			
Cash and investments	\$ 1,277,319	\$ 1,994,992	\$ 3,272,311
Accounts and other receivables	4,931	-	4,931
Inventory	21,178	-	21,178
Total current assets	1,303,428	1,994,992	3,298,420
N			
Noncurrent assets	160.667	1 022 502	2 002 250
Capital assets, net of depreciation	169,667	1,832,583	2,002,250
Total noncurrent assets	169,667	1,832,583	2,002,250
Total assets	1,473,095	3,827,575	5,300,670
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pension related items	1,770,980	-	1,770,980
Other postemployment benefits related items	5,374	-	5,374
Total deferred outflows of resources	1,776,354	-	1,776,354
<u>LIABILITIES</u>			
Current liabilities			
Accounts payable	79,672	36,896	116,568
Payroll payables	735,331	-	735,331
Compensated absences	212,403	-	212,403
Current portion of capital leases payable	-	15,988	15,988
Total current liabilities	1,027,406	52,884	1,080,290
Long-term obligations			
Net pension liability	5,040,566	-	5,040,566
Other postemployment benefits liability	109,578	-	109,578
Total long-term obligations	5,150,144	-	5,150,144
Total liabilities	6,177,550	52,884	6,230,434
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pension related items	582,953	-	582,953
Other postemployment benefits related items	6,265	-	6,265
Total deferred inflows of resources	589,218	-	589,218
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	169,667	1,816,595	1,986,262
Unrestricted	(3,686,986)	1,958,096	(1,728,890)
Total net position	\$ (3,517,319)	\$ 3,774,691	\$ 257,372
Total net position	Ψ (5,517,517)	Ψ 3,774,071	Ψ 231,312

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

	Administrative	Vehicle/	
	Support	Equipment	
	Services	Replacement	Totals
Operating revenues			
Internal service charge	\$ 4,519,705	\$ 1,081,665	\$ 5,601,370
Charges for services	22,462	3,665	26,127
Miscellaneous	3,942	6,192	10,134
Total operating revenues	4,546,109	1,091,522	5,637,631
Operating expenses			
Personal services	4,082,329	-	4,082,329
Materials and services	1,786,932	109,550	1,896,482
Depreciation	16,223	418,700	434,923
Total operating expenses	5,885,484	528,250	6,413,734
Operating income (loss)	(1,339,375)	563,272	(776,103)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)			
Interest	22,485	29,893	52,378
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets	10	34,632	34,642
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	22,495	64,525	87,020
Income (loss) before transfers	(1,316,880)	627,797	(689,083)
income (loss) before transfers	(1,310,660)	027,797	(009,003)
Transfers in	24,489	16,412	40,901
Transfers out	(3,362)	-	(3,362)
Transfers out	(3,302)		(3,302)
Change in net position	(1,295,753)	644,209	(651,544)
Total net position, July 1, 2017	485,240	3,130,482	3,615,722
Prior period adjustment	(2,706,806)	-	(2,706,806)
Total net position, June 30, 2018	\$ (3,517,319)	\$ 3,774,691	\$ 257,372

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Cook flows from according activities	A0	dministrative Support Services		Vehicle/ Equipment eplacement		Totals
Cash flows from operating activities Cash received from other funds	\$	4,539,703	\$	1,085,330	\$	5,625,033
Cash paid to suppliers	φ	(1,787,325)	φ	(107,296)	φ	(1,894,621)
Cash paid to suppliers Cash paid to employees		(2,820,677)		(107,290)		(2,820,677)
Other receipts		3,942		6,192		10,134
Net cash provided by operating activities		(64,357)		984,226		919,869
		, , ,		•		
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities						
Transfers in		24,489		16,412		40,901
Transfers out		(3,362)		-		(3,362)
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities		21,127		16,412		37,539
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities Sale of capital assets Principal paid on long-term obligations		10		34,632		34,642 (66,488)
Purchase of capital assets		(27,456)		(66,488) (469,630)		(497,086)
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities		(27,446)		(501,486)		(528,932)
rect cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities		(27,440)		(301,400)		(320,732)
Cash flows from investing activities						
Interest received on investments		22,485		29,893		52,378
Net cash provided by investing activities		22,485		29,893		52,378
Net increase (decrease) in cash		(48,191)		529,045		480,854
Cash and investments, July 1, 2017		1,325,510		1,465,947		2,791,457
Cash and investments, June 30, 2018	\$	1,277,319	\$	1,994,992	\$	3,272,311
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:			•			(
Operating income (loss)	\$	(1,339,375)	\$	563,272	\$	(776,103)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:		16222		410.700		42.4.022
Depreciation and amortization		16,223		418,700		434,923
(Increase) decrease in OPEB related items		12,291		-		12,291
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		(2,464)		-		(2,464)
(Increase) decrease in inventory		(481)		2 25 4		1 772
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		(481) 195,101		2,254		1,773
Increase (decrease) in payroll payable		,		-		195,101
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences Increase (decrease) in pension related items		16,002 1,038,258		-		16,002 1,038,258
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	(64,357)	\$	984,226	\$	919,869
iver easii provided by operating activities	Ф	(04,337)	Þ	904,220	Ф	919,009

ADMINISTRATIVE SUPPORT SERVICES FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budgeted Amounts							
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance				
Revenues								
Internal service charges	\$ 4,694,705	\$ 4,694,705	\$ 4,519,705	\$ (175,000)				
Intergovernmental	6,106	6,106	4,674	(1,432)				
Charges for services	15,300	15,300	17,788	2,488				
Interest	10,000	10,000	22,485	12,485				
Miscellaneous	-	-	3,942	3,942				
Total revenues	4,726,111	4,726,111	4,568,594	(157,517)				
<u>Expenditures</u>								
Departmental:								
City manager	857,482	857,482	802,249	55,233				
Finance	1,057,762	1,057,762	1,019,352	38,410				
General office	177,289	177,289	151,203	26,086				
Information services	1,071,444	1,071,444	1,049,021	22,423				
Legal	480,443	480,443	448,083	32,360				
Public works	1,044,410	1,055,134	1,010,296	44,838				
Insurance	366,446	376,446	349,962	26,484				
Contingency	244,898	224,174	-	224,174				
Total expenditures	5,300,174	5,300,174	4,830,166	470,008				
Evenes (definionary) of revenues over expanditures	(574.062)	(574.063)	(261 572)	212.401				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(574,063)	(574,063)	(261,572)	312,491				
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers in	24,241	24,241	24,489	248				
Transfers out	(3,362)	(3,362)	(3,362)	-				
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	-	10	10				
Total other financing sources (uses)	20,879	20,879	21,137	258				
Net change in fund balance	(553,184)	(553,184)	(240,435)	312,749				
Fund balance, July 1, 2017	553,184	553,184	728,860	175,676				
Fund balance, June 30, 2018	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 488,425	\$ 488,425				

VEHICLE/EQUIPMENT REPLACEMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

		Budgeted	Am						
	(Original		Final		Actual		Variance	
Revenues					8				
Internal service charges	\$	1,081,665	\$	1,081,665	\$	1,081,665	\$	-	
Charges for services		4,000		4,000		3,665		(335)	
Interest		12,000		12,000		29,893		17,893	
Miscellaneous		-		-		6,192		6,192	
Total revenues		1,097,665		1,097,665		1,121,415		23,750	
Expenditures									
Departmental:									
Manager		2,481		2,481		-		2,481	
Finance		17,496		17,496		-		17,496	
Municipal court		4,114		4,114		-		4,114	
Information technology		76,396		76,396		68,272		8,124	
Legal		423		423		-		423	
Police		461,425		461,425		128,185		333,240	
Communications		153,488		153,488		-		153,488	
Library		13,103		13,103		-		13,103	
Planning		2,975		2,975		-		2,975	
Building inspection		26,412		26,412		-		26,412	
Public works		1,567,572		1,567,572		378,978		1,188,594	
Facilities repair/maintenance		160,940		160,940		70,233		90,707	
Total expenditures		2,486,825		2,486,825		645,668		1,841,157	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(1,389,160)		(1,389,160)		475,747		1,864,907	
Other financing sources									
Sale of capital assets		-		-		34,632		34,632	
Transfers in		16,412		16,412		16,412			
Total other financing sources		16,412		16,412		51,044		34,632	
		(1.050.540)		(1.050.540)		50 < 5 0 1		1 000 500	
Net change in fund balance		(1,372,748)		(1,372,748)		526,791		1,899,539	
Fund balance, July 1, 2017	Φ.	1,372,748	Φ.	1,372,748		1,431,305	Φ.	58,557	
Fund balance, June 30, 2018	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,958,096	\$	1,958,096	

Reconciliation of Revenues and Expenditures (Budgetary Basis) to Revenues and Expenses (Accrual Basis) Internal Service Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Vehicle/

	Administrative	Support Services	Equipment	Replacement	Totals		
Fund	Revenues	Expenditures	Revenues	Expenditures	Revenues	Expenditures	
Administrative Support Services	\$ 4,568,594	\$ 4,830,166	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,568,594	\$ 4,830,166	
Vehicle/Equipment Replacement	-	-	1,121,415	645,668	1,121,415	645,668	
Total revenues and expenditures							
(budgetary basis)	4,568,594	4,830,166	1,121,415	645,668	5,690,009	5,475,834	
Adjustments							
Depreciation	_	16,223	_	418,700	-	434,923	
Expenditures capitalized	_	(27,456)	-	(469,630)	-	(497,086)	
Change in compensated absences	-	16,002	_	-	-	16,002	
Change in other postemployment benefit							
related items	-	12,291	-	-	-	12,291	
Change in pension related items	-	1,038,258	-	-	-	1,038,258	
Payment of capital lease principal	-	-	_	(66,488)	-	(66,488)	
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets	10		34,632		34,642	_	
Total revenues and expenses							
(accrual basis)	4,568,604	5,885,484	1,156,047	528,250	5,724,651	6,413,734	
Net income before transfers		\$ (1,316,880)		\$ 627,797		\$ (689,083)	

AGENCY FUND

Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities

• Bail Fund

AGENCY FUND - BAIL STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

В	alances					В	alances	
7.	/1/2017	Α	dditions	De	eductions	6/30/2018		
\$	74,046	\$	\$ 4,168 \$ 6,480			\$	71,734	
\$	7,502	\$	100,538	\$	100,972	\$	7,068	
	66,544		-		1,878		64,666	
\$	74,046	\$	100,538	\$	102,850	\$	71,734	
		\$ 7,502 66,544	7/1/2017 A \$ 74,046 \$ \$ 7,502 \$ 66,544	7/1/2017 Additions \$ 74,046 \$ 4,168 \$ 7,502 \$ 100,538 66,544 -	7/1/2017 Additions Do \$ 74,046 \$ 4,168 \$ \$ 7,502 \$ 100,538 \$ 66,544 -	7/1/2017 Additions Deductions \$ 74,046 \$ 4,168 \$ 6,480 \$ 7,502 \$ 100,538 \$ 100,972 66,544 - 1,878	7/1/2017 Additions Deductions 6/ \$ 74,046 \$ 4,168 \$ 6,480 \$ \$ 7,502 \$ 100,538 \$ 100,972 \$ 66,544 - 1,878	

Other Financial Schedules

- Schedule of Property Tax Transactions and Outstanding Balances
- Schedule of Outstanding Obligations

SCHEDULE OF PROPERTY TAX TRANSACTIONS AND OUTSTANDING BALANCES

Levy Year	Taxes ncollected ly 1, 2017	Levy as Extended By Assessor	Discounts Allowed	Interest Charged	-	ncellations and ljustments	Interest and Tax Collected	-	Taxes acollected e 30, 2018
2017-18	\$ -	\$ 8,130,780	\$ (209,736)	\$ 3,067	\$	(32,662)	\$ (7,661,009)	\$	230,441
2016-17	250,593	-	2	5,286		(3,955)	(108,333)		143,593
2015-16	138,313	-	2	6,823		(1,251)	(61,372)		82,515
2014-15	89,506	-	4	7,536		(924)	(42,914)		53,208
2013-14	62,054	-	3	5,307		(859)	(24,867)		41,638
Prior to 2013	140,147	-	2	2,180		(3,866)	(7,923)		130,540
Totals	\$ 680,613	\$ 8,130,780	\$ (209,723)	\$ 30,198	\$	(43,517)	\$ (7,906,417)	\$	681,934

		Receivable							
Fund	Current Levy	P.	Prior Years Total			Jun	June 30, 2018		
			_						
General	\$ 7,661,009	\$	237,705	\$	7,898,714	\$	663,748		
Debt Service	-		7,703		7,703		18,186		
Totals	\$ 7,661,009	\$	245,408	\$	7,906,417	\$	681,934		

OUTSTANDING OBLIGATIONS

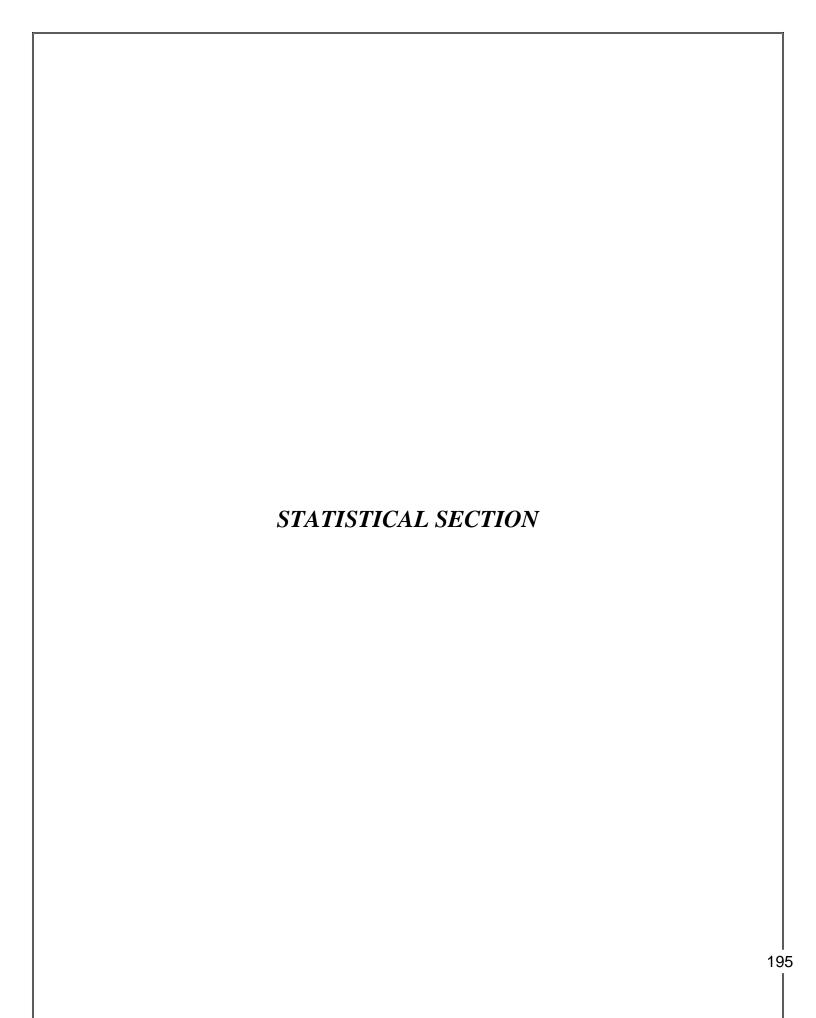
June 30, 2018

	Dated	Maturity	Amount of	
Class and Series	Date	Date	Original Issue	Outstanding
Full Faith and Credit Obligations				
Limited Tax Pension Bonds	5/27/04	6/1/28	\$ 2,720,000	\$ 2,175,000
ODOT-OTIB Loan*	7/1/13	1/25/36	2,211,200	1,420,682
2015 Refunding Bonds**	6/29/15	12/1/25	11,616,270	7,376,834
2018 Communications Upgrade Financing Agreement	3/29/18	6/1/28	3,197,301	3,197,301
Total Full Faith and Credit Obligations			19,744,771	14,169,817
Revenue Obligations				
Notes Payable, Public Works, Business Oregon**	5/31/07	12/1/28	8,525,632	5,503,919
Notes Payable, Public Works, U.S. Bank	7/7/09	4/1/19	1,930,000	193,000
Clean Water State Revolving Loan, Public Works, DEQ	2/14/11***	4/1/36	24,810,545	22,126,683
Total Revenue Obligations			35,266,177	27,823,602
Capital Leases				
MDT	7/29/14	7/15/18	77,928	15,988
Total Capital Leases			77,928	15,988
Total Outstanding Obligations			\$ 55,088,876	\$ 42,009,407

^{*} Loan still in drawdown status. Outstanding amount represents current loan balance.

^{**} Unamortized note premium/discount included in outstanding total

^{***} Two separate Clean Water State Revolving Loans were refinanced and restructured into one loan in Fiscal Year 17-18. They were combined on this report to reflect the restructuring, noting the dated date of the first of the two loans.



STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City of Newberg's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the city's overall financial health.

Contents	Page
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how financial performance has changed over time.	142
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue source, which is property taxes.	152
Debt Capacity These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	157
Demographic and Economic Information These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.	163
Operating Information These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	165

NET POSITION BY COMPONENT

Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year							
	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013			
Governmental Activities					,			
Net investment in capital assets*	\$ 72,529,510	\$ 71,760,718	\$ 71,853,007	\$ 72,772,287	\$ 72,713,803			
Restricted	2,470,899	2,346,040	4,552,371	4,027,009	4,031,753			
Unrestricted*	7,035,935	6,110,359	4,089,120	4,119,630	4,556,067			
Total governmental activities net position	82,036,344	80,217,117	80,494,498	80,918,926	81,301,623			
Business-type activities								
Net investment in capital assets	46,588,143	46,663,993	46,835,580	46,213,627	45,140,069			
Restricted	4,432,518	3,680,309	2,989,978	2,281,995	2,614,036			
Unrestricted	8,955,775	8,735,201	9,836,775	13,214,045	16,978,006			
Total business-type activities net of related debt	59,976,436	59,079,503	59,662,333	61,709,667	64,732,111			
Total government								
Net investment in capital assets	119,117,653	118,424,711	118,688,587	118,985,914	117,853,872			
Restricted	6,903,417	6,026,349	7,542,349	6,309,004	6,645,789			
Unrestricted	15,991,710	14,845,560	13,925,895	17,333,675	21,534,073			
Total government net position	\$142,012,780	\$ 139,296,620	\$ 140,156,831	\$ 142,628,593	\$ 146,033,734			

^{*}During preparation of 2016 CAFR, an error in the calculation of 2015 net investment in capital assets was noted. The 2015 net investment in capital assets and unrestricted net position above are as restated.

Fiscal Year									
2014	2015	2016	2017	2018					
\$ 74,161,008	\$ 73,333,280	\$ 73,904,455	\$ 73,936,943	\$ 75,051,501					
4,025,054	5,698,807	5,602,325	5,569,797	7,522,090					
3,006,288	(4,946,877)	(9,185,414)	(10,058,023)	(10,896,899)					
81,192,350	74,085,210	70,321,366	69,448,717	71,676,692					
50,349,199	47,953,509	50,238,503	51,252,029	54,630,631					
3,324,341	4,306,900	5,516,693	5,785,305	6,417,821					
14,741,960	18,042,289	16,783,799	16,913,651	18,088,071					
68,415,500	70,302,698	72,538,995	73,950,985	79,136,523					
124 510 207	121 296 790	124,142,958	125 199 072	120 692 122					
124,510,207	121,286,789	, ,	125,188,972	129,682,132					
7,349,395	10,005,707	11,119,018	11,355,102	13,939,911					
17,748,248	13,095,412	7,598,385	6,855,628	7,191,172					
ф 140 co д 050	ф144 2 0 7 000	ф 14 2 0 c 0 2 c 1	ф. 1.42.200 7 02	ф 150 01 2 2 15					
\$ 149,607,850	\$144,387,908	\$ 142,860,361	\$ 143,399,702	\$ 150,813,215					

CHANGES IN NET POSITION

Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year					
Expenses	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	
Governmental activities:			,			
General government	\$ 331,085	\$ 361,813	\$ 417,234	\$ 411,536	\$ 436,083	
Public safety	8,710,044	9,086,595	9,683,875	9,871,835	10,152,102	
Library	1,205,124	1,183,292	1,186,342	1,183,478	1,174,400	
Community development	4,529,013	4,085,772	3,608,329	3,324,353	3,297,494	
Interest on long-term debt	430,164	404,098	378,151	353,888	341,909	
Total governmental activities expenses	15,205,430	15,121,570	15,273,931	15,145,090	15,401,988	
Business-type activities:						
Water	4,744,738	4,739,890	4,707,573	4,742,088	4,329,778	
Wastewater	4,388,208	5,682,979	5,294,525	5,150,703	5,269,139	
Stormwater	865,427	952,843	912,775	896,620	1,100,967	
EMS	1,254,774	1,270,558	1,359,094	1,345,821	1,381,016	
Total business-type activities expenses	11,253,147	12,646,270	12,273,967	12,135,232	12,080,900	
Total government expenses	\$ 26,458,577	\$ 27,767,840	\$ 27,547,898	\$ 27,280,322	\$ 27,482,888	
Program Revenues						
Governmental activities:						
Charges for services:						
General government	\$ 203,234	\$ 197,832	\$ 203,527	\$ 184,110	\$ 204,820	
Public safety	1,635,102	1,885,978	1,927,700	1,880,349	1,858,515	
Library	109,555	110,247	121,091	104,548	109,537	
Community development	1,353,248	891,764	909,194	1,258,592	1,334,617	
Operating grants and contributions	1,015,120	1,025,250	1,225,730	1,247,155	1,258,935	
Capital grants and contributions	1,596,081	92,765	1,515,682	778,224	777,117	
Total governmental activities program revenues	5,912,340	4,203,836	5,902,924	5,452,978	5,543,541	
Business-type activities:						
Charges for services:						
Water	4,041,065	3,981,095	4,271,320	4,628,754	4,744,342	
Wastewater	4,018,207	4,784,182	5,718,881	6,541,498	6,590,995	
Stormwater	527,617	575,295	673,550	776,785	866,371	
EMS	1,233,055	1,155,323	1,211,671	1,291,679	1,447,325	
Operating grants and contributions	-	-	-	-	-	
Capital grants and contributions	1,732,206	1,031,100	920,964	761,804	1,336,257	
Total business-type activities program revenues	11,552,150	11,526,995	12,796,386	14,000,520	14,985,290	
Total government program revenues	\$ 17,464,490	\$ 15,730,831	\$ 18,699,310	\$ 19,453,498	\$ 20,528,831	

Continued on page 145

				Fiscal Year				
	2014	2015		2016		2017		2018
\$	499,907	\$ 422,183	\$	632,904	\$	614,756	\$	456,661
	10,863,373	9,155,182		14,665,091		13,566,131		14,122,328
	1,190,740	1,196,717		1,418,213		1,641,950		1,880,375
	3,891,844	3,698,872		4,956,971		4,637,468		5,605,823
	83,029	234,723		232,287		220,534		190,013
	16,528,893	14,707,677		21,905,466		20,680,839		22,255,200
			2				-	
	4,375,856	4,179,182		4,519,569		4,764,433		5,091,557
	5,380,122	5,616,297		6,189,926		8,118,983		9,015,163
	1,033,464	1,121,214		1,823,882		1,999,951		1,474,100
	1,512,335	1,533,734		2,327,754		896,225		305,867
	12,301,777	12,450,427		14,861,131		15,779,592		15,886,687
_\$	28,830,670	\$ 27,158,104	\$	36,766,597	\$	36,460,431	\$	38,141,887
	-				01			
\$	372,919	\$ 1,000,426	\$	1,069,564	\$	1,097,664	\$	1,164,740
	2,025,314	2,078,460		2,107,389		1,984,542		2,036,208
	106,931	153,649		106,993		125,236		114,132
	1,329,636	1,890,405		1,903,759		2,094,345		3,282,887
	1,602,797	1,522,076		1,597,758		1,654,806		1,807,470
	770,008	-		206,672		1,117,673		3,549,009
	6,207,605	6,645,016		6,992,135		8,074,266		11,954,446
	5,024,743	6,055,711		5,456,414		5,393,100		6,005,357
	6,809,455	8,593,486		7,367,995		7,724,042		8,165,355
	1,098,072	1,186,699		1,292,069		1,464,203		1,545,965
	1,599,863	1,960,321		2,225,533		354,158		26,618
	-	-		-		-		-
	1,097,561	1,833,719		1,082,540		2,285,508		4,296,733
	15,629,694	19,629,936		17,424,551		17,221,011		20,040,028
\$	21,837,299	\$ 26,274,952	\$	24,416,686	\$	25,295,277	\$	31,994,474

Continued on pages 146 and 147

CHANGES IN NET POSITION (Continued)

Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual basis of accounting)

	7		Fiscal Year		y-
Net (Expense)/Revenue	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Governmental activities	\$ (9,293,090)	\$ (10,917,734)	\$ (9,371,007)	\$ (9,692,112)	\$ (9,858,447)
Business-type activities	299,003	(1,119,275)	522,419	1,865,288	2,904,390
Total government net (expense)/revenue	\$ (8,994,087)	\$ (12,037,009)	\$ (8,848,588)	\$ (7,826,824)	\$ (6,954,057)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position					
Governmental activities					
Taxes					
Property taxes	\$ 5,868,949	\$ 5,868,949	\$ 6,671,777	\$ 6,855,630	\$ 6,949,123
Franchise and public service taxes	2,691,385	2,691,385	2,889,224	3,119,051	2,325,471
Interest and investment earnings	225,064	225,064	45,373	45,339	53,407
Other revenues	65,961	65,961	38,653	175,632	45,486
Contingency loss	_	-	-	-	-
Transfers	10,023	10,023	3,361	(79,112)	(21,078)
Total governmental activities	8,861,382	8,861,382	9,648,388	10,116,540	9,352,409
Business-type activities:					
Interest and investment earnings	307,681	307,681	58,772	67,729	92,954
Other revenues	12,971	12,971	5,000	35,205	4,022
Special items	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers	(10,023)	(10,023)	(3,361)	79,112	21,078
Total business-type activities	310,629	310,629	60,411	182,046	118,054
m . I	ф. 0.172.011	Φ 0.172.011	Ф. 0.700.700	ф. 10. 2 00. 5 0.c	ф. 0.470.462
Total primary government	\$ 9,172,011	\$ 9,172,011	\$ 9,708,799	\$ 10,298,586	\$ 9,470,463
Change in Net Position					
Governmental activities	\$ (431,708)	\$ (2,056,352)	\$ 277,381	\$ 424,428	\$ (506,038)
Business-type activities	609,632	(808,646)	582,830	2,047,334	3,022,444
Total mimory covernment	\$ 177,924	\$ (2,864,998)	\$ 860,211	\$ 2,471,762	\$ 2,516,406
Total primary government	p 1//,924	φ (2,004,998)	φ 600,411	φ 2,4/1,/02	φ 2,310,400

_				Fiscal Year				
2014		2015		2016		2017		2018
\$ (10,321,288)	\$	(8,062,661)	\$	(14,913,331)	\$	(12,606,573)	\$	(10,300,754)
3,327,917		7,179,509	1	2,563,420		1,441,419		4,153,341
		(00= 1==)						
\$ (6,993,371)	\$	(883,152)	\$	(12,349,911)	\$	(11,165,154)	\$	(6,147,413)
\$ 7,018,803	\$	7,426,611	\$	7,629,811	\$	7,654,999	\$	7,873,043
3,285,287	Ф	2,994,336	Ф	3,400,088	Ф	3,625,530	Ф	3,997,659
59,666		53,041		73,928		127,580		257,864
31,831		21,498		43,168		27,251		15,620
31,631		21,490		43,106		27,231		(446,000)
(22,853)		(227,840)		(2,458)		298,564		337,773
10,372,734		10,267,646		11,144,537	-	11,733,924	_	12,035,959
10,372,734	_	10,207,040		11,144,337	_	11,733,924	_	12,033,939
106,089		115,218		167,226		288,095		464,392
65,818		(79,234)		3,990		(18,960)		2,909
-		_		-		-		788,650
22,853	8	227,840	3	2,458		(298,564)		(337,773)
194,760		263,824		173,674		(29,429)		918,178
\$ 10,567,494	\$	10,531,470	\$	11,318,211	\$	11,704,495	\$	12,954,137
\$ 51,446	\$	2,204,985	\$	(3,768,794)	\$	(872,649)	\$	1,735,205
3,522,677	Ψ	7,443,333	Ψ	2,737,094	Ψ	1,411,990	ψ	5,071,519
		1,443,333		2,131,094	_	1,411,230		3,071,319
\$ 3,574,123	\$	9,648,318	\$	(1,031,700)	\$	539,341	\$	6,806,724

FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year						
	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013		
General Fund							
Unreserved	\$ 3,137,138	\$ 2,778,800	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
Committed	-	-	-	-	-		
Unassigned	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	2,503,809	2,674,367	2,835,743		
Total General Fund	\$ 3,137,138	\$ 2,778,800	\$ 2,503,809	\$ 2,674,367	\$ 2,835,743		
All Other Governmental Funds							
Reserved	\$ 2,510,970	\$ 2,368,927	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
Unreserved, reported in:							
Special revenue funds	3,137,138	2,839,521	-	-	-		
Capital project funds	3,218,015	416,968	-	-	-		
Debt service funds	447,201	-	-	-	-		
Nonspendable	-	-	49,468	61,362	57,729		
Restricted	-	-	4,453,982	3,932,838	4,258,474		
Committed	-	-	762,978	687,274	684,930		
Assigned			806,601	766,877	717,296		
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 9,313,324	\$ 5,625,416	\$ 6,073,029	\$ 5,448,351	\$ 5,718,429		

This schedule was modified with the implementation of GASB 54, effective Fiscal Year 2011.

	Fiscal Year									
20	14	2015		2016	20)17	20	018		
Φ.		Φ.			ф.		ф.			
\$	-	\$	- \$	-	\$	-	\$	-		
	-		-	-		79,840		-		
	52,206	2,674,78		3,209,623		80,777		65,562		
\$ 2,36	52,206	\$ 2,674,78	<u> </u>	3,209,623	\$ 3,6	60,617	\$ 4,1	65,562		
\$	_	\$	- \$	_	\$	_	\$	_		
		•					·			
	-		-	-		-		_		
	-		_	-		-		-		
	_		_	_		_		_		
5	57,685	53,79	2	54,587		64,850		90,779		
3,88	36,048	4,721,32	27	5,361,925	5,4	02,640	9,6	538,005		
80	7,395	848,02	20	773,340	8	24,480	8	359,311		
54	18,803	535,60)1	509,076	5	52,745	1	66,916		
\$ 5,29	99,931	\$ 6,158,74	0 \$	6,698,928	\$ 6,8	44,715	\$10,7	755,011		

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified accrual basis of accounting)

					Fis	scal Year
Revenues		2009		2010		2011
Property taxes	\$	5,771,564	\$	6,116,052		6,629,781
Other taxes		1,540,473		1,785,188		1,735,291
Licenses and permits		1,035,880		438,833		376,568
Fees		262,592		448,378		475,736
Intergovernmental		3,710,471		2,889,274		3,209,095
Charges for services		515,779		507,505		637,049
Fines and forfeitures		718,032		702,616		685,684
Facilities charge		111,584		112,910		119,546
Pension bond charge		172,510		182,172		186,189
Assessments		95,898		66,251		131,627
Donations		167,242		67,347		529,588
Interest		177,690		47,415		31,170
Miscellaneous	7	24,702		26,686		7,899
Total revenues		14,304,417		13,390,627	1	4,755,223
Expenditures						
0 10		259.720		260.020		222 240
General Government		258,720		269,939		323,249
Public safety		8,626,587		9,102,481		9,494,385
Library		1,160,795		1,128,967		1,136,938
Community development		3,006,150		2,532,012		2,267,846
Capital outlay		405,319		467,193		512,627
Debt service:						
Principal		810,000		445,000		475,000
Interest		424,862		398,504		375,917
Total expenditures		14,692,433		14,344,096	1	4,585,962
Excess of revenues over expenditures	\$	(388,016)	\$	(953,469)	\$	169,261
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Bond Proceeds	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Payment to bond excrow agent		_	·	_		_
Lease Proceeds		_		_		_
Developer contribution proceeds		_		_		_
Proceeds from sale of assets		11,929		_		_
Contingency loss		-		_		_
Transfers in		474,013		592,145		456,409
Transfers out		(463,990)		(547,784)		(453,048)
Total other financing sources (uses)		21,952		44,361		3,361
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	(366,064)	\$	(909,108)	\$	172,622
ivet Change in Fund Darances	<u>ф</u>	(300,004)	—	(303,100)	Φ	1/2,022
Debt service as a percentage of						
noncapital expenditures		8.60%		6.21%		6.62%
noncapital expellutures		0.00%	_	0.2170	_	0.0270

				Fiscal Year		
2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
A					.	
\$ 6,814,277	\$ 6,933,2		\$ 7,376,480	\$ 7,628,659	\$ 7,708,562	\$ 7,871,722
1,844,391	1,869,5		2,704,418	3,112,765	3,722,487	4,109,401
843,466	916,4		1,404,062	1,498,722	1,652,558	2,101,984
514,986	517,1		-	-	-	- 200 - 27
3,982,000	3,810,6		2,575,355	2,679,966	3,791,599	3,380,635
533,780	572,7		1,849,380	1,860,647	1,174,546	4,092,233
623,455	614,1		685,679	605,215	615,698	593,431
120,498	118,9		119,460	116,863	117,543	119,492
194,890	203,0		222,499	228,612	238,995	248,417
5,439	8,9		5,967	76,174	66,305	5,105
53,530	325,3		27,269	44,468	39,597	36,033
32,300	40,3		36,913	53,865	95,986	203,913
23,419	23,5		34,358	30,583	32,557	20,166
15,586,431	15,953,9	64 16,558,998	17,041,840	17,936,539	19,256,433	22,782,532
330,951	338,	399,921	378,822	356,689	361,938	353,034
9,494,447	9,133,		10,775,424	11,233,236	11,916,380	12,560,978
1,268,749	1,357,6			1,323,251	1,566,849	1,791,783
1,868,672	1,930,8		2,054,285	2,276,773	2,717,196	2,824,441
2,543,631	2,456,0		578,717	761,896	1,593,837	3,584,865
2,0 .0,001	2, 0,	2,220,012	270,717	, 01,000	1,000,000	2,20.,002
510,000	540,0	580,000	625,000	702,572	622,066	453,590
351,313	324,	593 295,870	264,332	207,432	207,930	190,743
16,367,763	16,081,5	51 17,300,534	15,886,182	16,861,849	18,986,196	21,759,434
\$ (781,332)	\$ (127,5	<u>\$ (741,536)</u>	\$ 1,155,658	\$ 1,074,690	\$ 270,237	\$ 1,023,098
\$ -	\$	- \$ -	\$ 1,152,111	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,197,301
-			(1,144,658)	-	-	-
-	619,4	07 32,748	-	-	-	-
-		-	-	-	-	342,750
-	7	12 322	2,529	10,167	20,188	1,250
-	-	-	-	-	-	(446,000)
1,339,655	242,5		720,687	1,499,445	2,517,297	4,098,023
(1,012,443)	(303,6		(714,939)	(1,514,226)	(2,210,971)	(3,801,151)
327,212	559,0		15,730	(4,614)	326,514	3,392,173
\$ (454,120)	\$ 431,4	\$ (731,319)	\$ 1,171,388	\$ 1,070,076	\$ 596,751	\$ 4,415,271
6.04%	5.6	9% 5.70%	5.90%	5.68%	4.67%	3.35%

MARKET AND ASSESSED VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Real Property	Personal Property	Public Utilities	Total Taxable Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate	Estimated Real Market Value (RMV)	Assessed Value as a Percentage of RMV
2009	\$ 1,196,243,394	\$ 44,117,744	\$ 31,560,500	\$ 1,271,921,638	\$4.6971	\$ 2,239,316,374	56.80%
2010	1,270,463,103	45,435,953	48,310,950	1,364,210,006	4.6942	2,187,831,882	62.35%
2011	1,345,572,085	47,136,128	49,215,300	1,441,923,513	4.6947	2,193,902,961	65.72%
2012	1,339,662,755	43,510,458	58,750,300	1,479,778,703	4.6699	1,956,379,200	75.64%
2013	1,434,318,187	43,595,375	51,552,400	1,529,465,962	4.6605	1,912,302,698	79.98%
2014	1,462,861,480	45,241,848	38,064,650	1,546,167,978	4.6575	1,929,918,978	80.12%
2015	1,535,242,192	53,950,069	38,403,200	1,627,595,461	4.6438	2,103,273,498	77.38%
2016	1,602,235,701	51,624,237	42,697,000	1,696,556,938	4.6332	2,199,658,073	77.13%
2017	1,676,693,349	57,582,528	46,339,600	1,780,615,477	4.3827	2,380,377,182	74.80%
2018	1,755,208,908	54,704,504	45,281,815	1,855,195,227	4.3827	2,885,994,061	64.28%

Information from the Yamhill County Assessment and Taxation Department

PRINCIPAL TAXPAYERS

Current Year and Nine Years Ago

2017-18		Taxable Assessed	% of City Taxable Assessed
Taxpayer	Type of Business	Valuation	Valuation (a)
Adec, Inc.	Dental Equipment	\$ 27,719,814	1.49%
Allison Inn & Spa LLC	Hotel/Hospitality Services	26,892,935	1.45%
K&J Real Estate LLC	Real Estate	20,016,332	1.08%
Fred Meyer Stores Inc.	Retail, Mixed	17,194,939	0.93%
Friendsview Manor	Retirement Community	15,265,843	0.82%
Comcast Corporation	Telecommunications Utility	15,225,500	0.82%
Aspen Way West LLC	Land Development/Hospitality	14,655,818	0.79%
Portland General Electric Co.	Electric Utility	13,757,000	0.74%
Allison Properties LLC	Land Development/Hospitality	12,196,928	0.66%
Springbrook Investment LLC	Land Development/Hospitality	11,818,576	0.64%
TOTAL		\$ 174,743,685	9.42%
2008-09		Taxable Assessed	% of City Taxable Assessed
Taxpayer	Type of Business	Valuation	Valuation (b)
George K. Jr and Joan D. Austin	Land Development	\$ 37,958,533	2.98%
Portland General Electric Co.	Electric Utility	13,548,000	1.07%
Fred Meyer	Retail, Mixed	10,913,648	0.86%
Friendsview Manor	Retirement Residence	9,009,932	0.71%
Verizon	Telecommunications Utility	8,578,700	0.67%
NW Natural Gas	Natural Gas Utility	8,342,200	0.66%
Adec. Inc.	Dental Equipment	7,882,450	0.62%
Chehalem Springs	Retirement Residence	7,724,825	0.61%
Ushio Oregon, Inc.	Halogen lamps for copiers	7,452,477	0.59%
Astor House	Retirement Residence	7,283,282	0.57%
TOTAL		\$ 118,694,047	9.33%

⁽a) City of Newberg's 2017-18 assessed valuation was \$1,855,195,227

Information from the Yamhill County Department of Assessment and Taxation

⁽b) City of Newberg's 2008-09 assessed/market valuation was \$1,271,921,638

PROPERTY TAX RATES (1) - DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS

Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Direct Rate		Overlapping Rates					
Fiscal Year Ending	C	ity of Newber	·g	County		Park District			
June 30,	Operating	Debt	Total	Operating	Operating	Debt	Total		
2009	\$ 4.3827	\$ 0.3144	\$ 4.6971	\$ 2.5775	\$ 0.9076	\$ -	\$ 0.9076		
2010	4.3827	0.3115	4.6942	2.5775	0.9076	-	0.9076		
2011	4.3827	0.3120	4.6947	2.5775	0.9076	-	0.9076		
2012	4.3827	0.2872	4.6699	2.5775	0.9076	-	0.9076		
2013	4.3827	0.2778	4.6605	2.5775	0.9076	-	0.9076		
2014	4.3827	0.2748	4.6575	2.5775	0.9076	-	0.9076		
2015	4.3827	0.2611	4.6438	2.5775	0.9076	-	0.9076		
2016	4.3827	0.2505	4.6332	2.5775	0.9076	0.4190	1.3266		
2017	4.3827	-	4.3827	2.5775	0.9076	0.4202	1.3278		
2018	4.3827	-	4.3827	2.5775	0.9076	0.4132	1.3208		

(1) Rates are per \$1,000 of assessed value

Source: Yamhill County Assessor

	School Distric	t	Other Districts	Total Direct & Overlapping
Operating	Debt	Total	Total	Rates
\$ 4.6616	\$ 3.6400	\$ 8.3016	\$ 0.8801	\$ 17.3639
4.6616	3.5787	8.2403	1.0095	17.4291
4.6616	3.6674	8.3290	1.0129	17.5217
4.6616	2.7937	7.4553	0.9751	16.5854
4.6616	2.7784	7.4400	1.0421	16.6277
4.6616	2.7621	7.4237	1.1112	16.6775
4.6616	2.8462	7.5078	1.0992	16.7359
4.6616	3.2568	7.9184	0.9625	17.4182
4.6616	3.2139	7.8755	1.0555	17.2190
4.6616	3.1420	7.8036	0.9820	17.0666

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Collected within the Fiscal Year

Fiscal Year		of the Levy		Collected in		
Ending	Total		Percentage	Subsequent		Percentage
June 30,	Tax Levy	Amount*	of Levy	Years	Amount	of Levy
2009	\$ 6,024,153	\$ 5,731,671	95.14%	\$ 271,572	\$ 6,003,243	99.65%
2010	6,404,370	6,074,648	94.85%	292,029	6,366,677	99.41%
2011	6,811,289	6,469,505	94.98%	274,360	6,743,865	99.01%
2012	7,023,545	6,710,741	95.55%	270,825	6,981,566	99.40%
2013	7,128,492	6,797,684	95.36%	275,211	7,072,895	99.22%
2014	7,172,276	6,940,323	96.77%	181,119	7,121,442	99.29%
2015	7,589,743	7,280,650	95.93%	244,204	7,524,854	99.15%
2016	7,864,660	7,585,511	96.45%	181,674	7,767,185	98.76%
2017	7,857,109	7,606,516	96.81%	100,679	7,707,195	98.09%
2018	8,130,756	7,900,339	97.17%	=	7,900,339	97.17%

Source: Tax Turnover report from Yamhill County * Includes discount allowed and adjustments to tax roll

RATIO OF NET GENERAL BONDED DEBT TO ASSESSED VALUE AND NET GENERAL BONDED DEBT PER CAPITA

Last Ten Fiscal Years

		_	General Bonded Debt Outstanding						
Fiscal Year	•	_	Net General		Full Faith			Percentage	
Ending		Assessed	Obligation	Certificates of	& Credit	Limited		of Assessed	Per
June 30,	Population (1)	Value (2)	Bonds (3)	Participation	Obligations (4)	Tax Bonds	Total	Value	Capita
2009	22,645	1,271,921,638	2,378,181	2,075,000	-	2,710,000	7,163,181	0.56	316.33
2010	23,150	1,364,210,006	2,094,776	1,930,000	-	2,690,000	6,714,776	0.49	290.06
2011	22,110	1,441,923,513	1,763,384	1,780,000	-	2,665,000	6,208,384	0.43	280.80
2012	22,230	1,479,778,703	1,437,241	1,620,000	-	2,630,000	5,687,241	0.38	255.84
2013	22,300	1,529,465,962	1,100,684	1,455,000	-	2,585,000	5,140,684	0.34	230.52
2014	22,580	1,546,167,978	743,097	1,280,000	-	2,530,000	4,553,097	0.29	201.64
2015	22,765	1,627,595,461	369,779	-	11,616,271	2,460,000	14,446,050	0.89	634.57
2016	22,900	1,696,556,938	-	-	10,229,792	2,380,000	12,609,792	0.74	550.65
2017	23,465	1,780,615,477	-	-	8,823,313	2,285,000	11,108,313	0.62	473.40
2018	23,480	1,855,195,227	-	-	7,376,834	2,175,000	9,551,834	0.51	406.81

- (1) Portland State University, Annual Population Statistics
- (2) Yamhill County Assessor
- (3) Net of Debt Service Fund balance
- (4) Includes Business-type Activity portion of the 2015 FFCO Refunding Bonds, which is \$6,935,299. See Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type chart on following page. City included former Certificates of Participation (Governmental-type Activity) and five Business Oregon loans (Business-type Activity) into one issuance. Governmental-type activity of \$441,535 alone on the chart above would result in 0.14% Percentage of Assessed Value and 111.44 Per Capita. Outstanding total includes unamortized note premium.

RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Governmental Activities

Year		General			Full Faith		Limited Tax				
Ended	(Obligation	Ce	rtificates of	& Credit		Pension				Capital
June 30,	B	onded Debt	Pa	articipation	Obligations (2	<u> </u>	Bonds		Notes		Leases
2009	\$	2,525,000	\$	2.075.000	\$ -	\$	2.710.000	\$	_	\$	205,265
2010	7	2,245,000	-	1,930,000	-	_	2,690,000	-	-	_	161,717
2011		1,945,000		1,780,000	_		2,665,000		-		86,692
2012		1,630,000		1,620,000	-		2,630,000		-		281,773
2013		1,300,000		1,455,000	-		2,585,000		-		408,129
2014		950,000		1,280,000	-		2,530,000		-		343,333
2015		580,000		-	1,152,111		2,460,000		320,139		302,925
2016		190,000		-	921,919		2,380,000		1,367,101		165,090
2017		-		-	686,727		2,285,000		1,524,272		84,212
2018		-		-	3,638,836		2,175,000		1,420,682		15,988

⁽¹⁾ See the Demographics page for personal income and per capita information

Fiscal

⁽²⁾ Total outstanding includes unamortized note premium/discount

Business-type	Activities
Dusiness-type	Acuvines

Full	Faith					(1) Percentage	(1)
& (Credit		C	Capital	Total	of Personal	Per
Obliga	tions (2)	 Notes (2)	L	eases	 Government	Income	Capita
\$	_	\$ 23,487,962	\$	201	\$ 31,003,428	4.07%	\$ 1,369
	-	24,170,735		-	31,197,452	4.11%	1,348
	-	22,882,305		-	29,358,997	3.91%	1,328
	-	22,431,841		-	28,593,614	3.75%	1,286
	-	26,270,537		8,410	32,027,076	4.13%	1,436
	-	29,481,516		6,519	34,591,368	4.20%	1,532
10,4	464,160	30,560,788		4,494	45,844,617	5.11%	2,014
9,3	307,873	30,740,380		2,324	45,074,687	4.92%	1,968
8,	136,586	29,435,093		-	42,151,890	N/A	1,796
6,9	935,299	27,823,602		_	42,009,407	N/A	1,789

LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDED DEBT

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Real Market Value	\$ 2,239,316,374	\$ 2,187,831,882	\$ 2,193,902,961	\$ 1,956,379,200	\$ 1,912,302,698
Debt Limit (3% real market value)	67,179,491	65,634,956	65,817,089	58,691,376	57,369,081
Debt Applicable to Limit:					
General Obligation Bonds	2,525,000	2,245,000	1,945,000	1,630,000	1,300,000
Less: Amounts reserved for debt service	(146,819)	(150,224)	(181,616)	(192,759)	(199,316)
Total net debt applicable to limit	2,378,181	2,094,776	1,763,384	1,437,241	1,100,684
Legal debt margin	\$ 64,801,310	\$ 63,540,180	\$ 64,053,705	\$ 57,254,135	\$ 56,268,397
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	3.54%	3.19%	2.68%	2.45%	1.92%

Notes

- a) Oregon Revised Statutes 287A.050 provides a debt limit on general obligation bonds of 3% of real market value of all taxable property within the City's boundaries
- b) The legal debt margin is the difference between the debt limit and the City's net outstanding general obligation debt

Data Sources

Yamhill County Tax Assessor City of Newberg Finance Department

 2014	2015	2016	2017	 2018
\$ 1,929,918,978	\$ 2,103,273,498	\$ 2,199,658,073	\$ 2,380,377,182	\$ 2,885,994,061
57,897,569	63,098,205	65,989,742	71,411,315	86,579,822
950,000	580,000	190,000	-	-
(206,903)	(210,211)	(216,729)	(38,270)	(47,809)
743,097	369,789	(26,729)	(38,270)	(47,809)
\$ 57,154,472	\$ 62,728,416	\$ 66,016,471	\$ 71,449,585	\$ 86,627,631
 1.28%	 0.59%	 -0.04%	 -0.05%	 -0.06%

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT

June 30, 2018

Governmental Unit	Debt Outstanding	Percentage Applicable to City (1)	Amount Applicable to City
Direct			
City of Newberg	\$ 7,250,506	100.00%	\$ 7,250,506
Less: Funds available for principal payment			(47,809)
City of Newberg net direct debt			7,202,697
Overlapping			
Chehalem Park & Recreation	27,760,000	58.84%	16,333,762
Portland Community College	461,071,466	1.29%	5,942,750
Willamette ESD	9,309,144	5.51%	512,571
Yamhill County	7,608,556	23.69%	1,802,581
School District 29J	38,945,220	55.69%	21,689,489
Total overlapping debt			46,281,153
Total direct and overlapping debt			\$ 53,483,850

Sources: Oregon State Treasury Debt Management Division

City of Newberg Finance Department

(1) Based upon assessed value of properties

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS

Last Ten Fiscal Years

		(2)	(3)		
Fiscal Year		Per	Total	(4)	(5)
Ending	(1)	Capita	Personal	School	Unemployment
June 30,	Population	Income	Income	Enrollment	Rate
2009	22,645	\$ 32,894	\$ 761,496,100	5,163	12.30%
2010	23,150	32,768	758,579,200	5,175	10.50%
2011	22,110	33,980	751,297,800	5,252	9.20%
2012	22,230	34,330	763,155,900	5,169	8.40%
2013	22,300	34,751	774,947,300	5,155	7.60%
2014	22,580	36,488	823,899,040	5,130	6.40%
2015	22,765	39,391	896,736,115	5,066	5.50%
2016	22,900	39,974	915,404,600	5,104	4.80%
2017	23,465	NA	NA	5,106	3.80%
2018	23,480	NA	NA	5,010	3.50%

- (1) Portland State University Population Research Center; www.pdx.edu/prc/file/orannualpopreport2017tablesxlsx
- (2) U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA) (Yamhill County)
- There is no available data on per capita income and total personal income for 2017 or 2018.
- Estimated data was revised in November 2014. Per Capita income is prepared on a calendar year.
- Per capita income from 2012-2014 uses the revised numbers using different methodological procedures.
- Prior year 2012 used data that was not revised.
- (3) Estimation; Calculated, Population multiplied by Per Capital Personal Income
 http://www.bea.gov/regional/bearfacts/action.cfm?geoType=4&fips=41071&areatype=41071
 http://www.bea.gov/newsreleases/regional/lapi/lapi_newsrelease.htm
- (4) Newberg School District
- (5) State of Oregon, Employment Division,

https://www.qualityinfo.org/ed-uesti/?at=1&t1=4104000071~unemprate~y~2000~2018 (Yamhill County) for June seasonally adjusted

Note: The prior years' rates have been restated as sources' statistics are subject to change over time.

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS

Current Year and Nine Years Ago

	2018			2009		
			Percentage			Percentage
	(1)		of Total City	(3)		of Total City
	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment
A-dec	1000	1	10.70%	960	1	9.80%
George Fox University (4)	650	2	6.96%	412	4	4.21%
Newberg Public Schools (4)	600	3	6.42%	601	2	6.14%
Providence Newberg Hospital (4)	500	4	5.35%	525	3	5.36%
Fred Meyer (4)	360	5	3.85%	236	6	2.41%
A-dec Global	240	6	2.57%			
Allison Inn & Spa	235	7	2.52%			
Friendsview Retirement Community (4)	160	8	1.66%	150	9	1.53%
City of Newberg	155	9	1.71%	190	7	1.94%
Dental Components LLC	111	10	1.66%			
Climax Portable Machine Tools				134	10	1.37%
SP Newsprint Co.				255	5	2.60%
Suntron				185	8	1.89%
Total Employment 2017 (2)	9,343		43.40%	9,796		37.24%

⁽¹⁾ City of Newberg Business License Section - Doug Rux - 503 537-1212 - Doug.Rux@newbergoregon.gov

⁽²⁾ Oregon Employment Department - Patrick O'connor - Patrick.S.OConnor@Oregon.gov - 503 400-4374

Total Employment: 2017 Oregon Employment Department Statistics, Place Name Data for "Newberg, Oregon"

⁽³⁾ Newberg Area Chamber of Commerce Business & Community Directory 2009-10, City of Newberg Finance Dept, & Newberg School District

⁽⁴⁾ Newberg Area Chamber of Commerce - 2018-19 Chehalem Valley Directory

FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Full-time Equivalent Employees as of June 30

	as of valle 50									
	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Function/Program	,									
	40.00					• • • • •				
General government	19.80	19.30	18.30	16.50	15.80	20.40	21.70	21.98	25.26	24.26
Public safety	67.96	70.76	70.76	69.12	69.12	68.52	66.88	66.88	50.75	49.75 *
Library	13.14	13.36	12.14	11.64	11.34	11.34	11.94	11.94	12.44	12.44
Community development	22.23	18.73	16.51	13.55	13.2	11.08	11.6	12.11	14.77	16.53
Water	18.88	18.88	19.44	18.72	13.63	12.96	13.21	13.61	13.90	14.00
Wastewater	17.61	17.61	17.40	17.44	16.13	16.96	18.21	17.86	18.61	20.26
Stormwater	4.68	4.68	5.41	4.54	6.0	5.38	6.04	6.66	6.59	7.09
Emergency medical services	6.60	6.60	6.60	7.24	7.24	7.24	8.88	8.88	0.00	0.00 *
TOTAL	170.90	169.92	166.56	158.75	152.46	153.88	158.46	159.92	142.32	144.33

Source: City of Newberg Finance Department - Budgets

^{*} Fire and EMS services provided by Tualatin Valley Fire and Rescue on contract basis as of July 1, 2016.

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year									
	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Function/Program										
General government										
Number of Council resolutions	61	51	49	51	42	96	38	106	62	74
Public safety										
Number of adult arrests	1,252	1,458	1,459	1,016	1,017	962	770	846	1,066	1,255
Number of citations	4,326	6,364	7,717	6,831	7,456	7,830	6,621	5,364	10,521*	8272*
Library										
Annual Checkouts	256,689	280,202	288,555	291,071	270,974	291,850	281,064	309,147	294,412	310,638
Reference Questions Answered	15,555	15,715	11,033	9,191	9,023	8,154	7,958	8,097	8,381	7,950
Event Attendance	19,638	18,065	18,324	20,285	14,648	17,288	16,998	20,126	20,830	17,371
Community development										
Building Inspections	10,646	7,922	3,925	4,038	4,998	3,867	3,827	3,585	6,354	6,816
Building Permits - Residential	,	.,. ==	-,	1,000	.,,,,,	-,	-,	-,	-,	-,
New Single family	153	58	25	40	36	44	46	62	63	89
- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·										
Water										
Water-# of accounts	6,318	6,471	6,529	6,585	6,594	6,712	6,715	6,814	6,841	6,959
Water-total gallons treated										
(millions)	968	951	936	939	969	848	912	903	915	964
Wastewater										
Wastewater Total gallons										
treated (millions)	1,023	1,221	1,354	1,190	1,165	1,067	1,091	1,389	1,600	1,260

Source: Various City of Newberg departments

^{*} Citations statistics methodology changed in fiscal year 16-17. Total charges now tallied compared to total tickets tallied prior (between 1 and 3 charges per ticket).

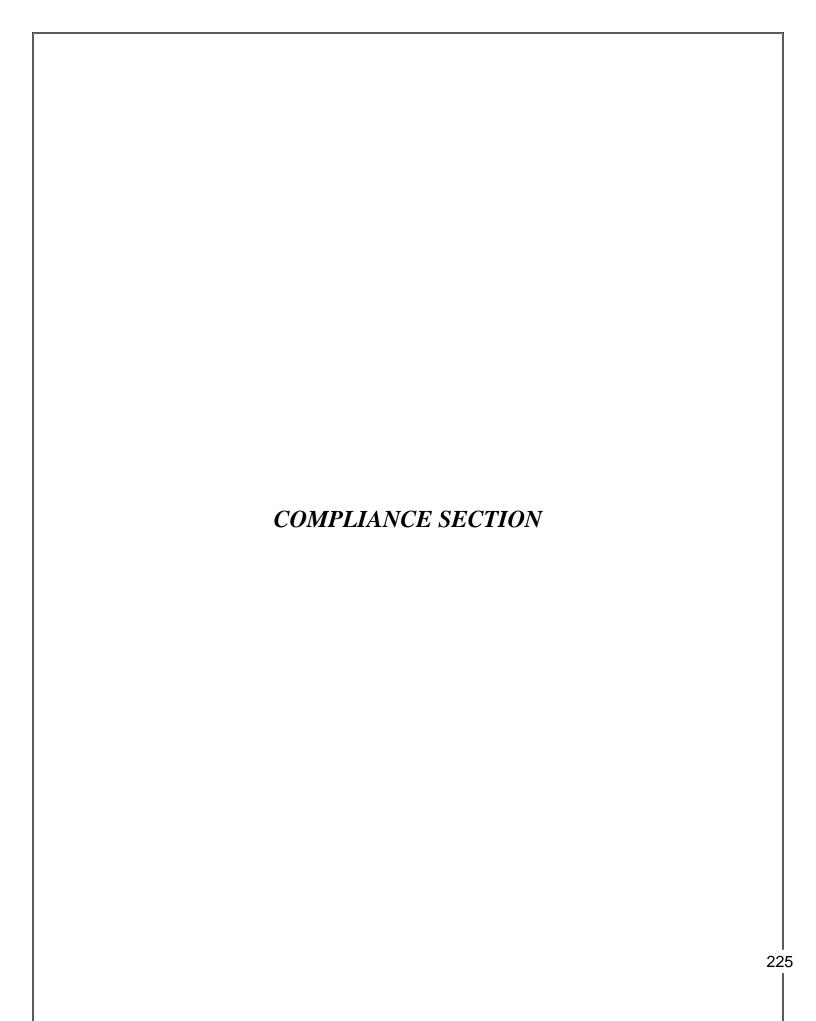
CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year 2017 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2018 **Function/Program** Public safety Police related vehicles 24 26 29 29 27 26 26 26 25 26 2 2 Number of fire stations 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 Library Library building 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 Community development 70.5 70.8 72.0 Miles of road 71.9 71.9 71.9 72.0 72.0 72.0 72.9 Water 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 Total water reservoir capacity (millions of gallons) 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 Number of reservoirs Wastewater Miles of wastewater lines 80.4 80.6 80.9 81.7 81.9 81.8 81.8 81.8 82.29 84.14 Stormwater 64.7 59.3 62.72 Miles of storm lines 65.9 65.9 65.9 59.6 59.6 59.6 61.32

Source: Various City of Newberg departments

This page intentionally left blank.



This page intentionally left blank.

1255 Lee Street SE Suite 210 Salem Oregon 97302 | P 503.585.7751 | F 503.370.3781 408 N Third Avenue Stayton Oregon 97383 | P 503.769.2186 | F 503.769.4312 200 Calapooia Street SW Albany Oregon 97321 | P 541.928.3354 | F 541.967.7668

www.bcsllc.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT REQUIRED BY OREGON STATE REGULATIONS

Members of the City Council City of Newberg Newberg, Oregon

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the basic financial statements of the City of Newberg as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and have issued our report thereon dated December 21, 2018.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-100 through 162-10-320 of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statements amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

We performed procedures to the extent we considered necessary to address the required comments and disclosures which included, but were not limited to the following:

- Deposit of public funds with financial institutions (ORS Chapter 295)
- Indebtedness limitations, restrictions and repayment
- Programs funded from outside sources
- Budgets legally required (ORS Chapter 294)
- Insurance and fidelity bonds in force or required by law
- Highway revenues used for public highways, roads and streets
- Authorized investment of surplus funds (ORS Chapter 294)
- Public contracts and purchasing (ORS Chapters 279A, 279B, 279C)

227

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT REQUIRED BY OREGON STATE REGULATIONS (Continued)

Compliance (continued)

In connection with our testing nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe the City was not in substantial compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-240 through 162-10-320 of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, except for the following:

Expenditures in excess of appropriations (which is prohibited by ORS 294.456) were made in the following categories:

Fund/Category	_App	oropriation_	Actual		<u>Variance</u>	
General Fire	\$	3,866,703	\$	3,876,778	\$	(10,075)
Public Safety Fee Communications		233,235		235,334		(2,099)

Internal Control OAR 162-10-230

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

Restriction on Use

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the council members and management of the City of Newberg and the Oregon Secretary of State and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these parties.

Boldt Carlisle + Smith Certified Public Accountants Salem, Oregon December 21, 2018

By:

Bradley G. Bingenheimer, Member

REQUEST FOR COUNCIL ACTION								
DATE ACTION REQUESTED: February 4, 2019								
Order	Ordinance	Resolution	Motion XX	Information				
No.	No.	No.						
of one new mo	To consent to the Ma ember for the River sory Committee	nyor's Appointment front Master Plan	Contact Person (Motion: Mayor I Dept.: Council	Preparer) for this Rogers				

RECOMMENDATION: To consent to the Mayor's appointment of a new member to the Riverfront Master Plan Citizens Advisory Committee (CAC), as listed below, for a term beginning February 2019 and ending August 2019.

1) Mr. Casey Kulla is a Yamhill County Commissioner, who began serving his term in January 2019. He will be replacing former Commissioner, Stan Primozich.

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY:

The City of Newberg has been awarded a Transportation Growth Management Grant to update the Riverfront Master Plan. A requirement of the grant is to have a citizen's advisory committee for the project which will provide input and feedback to a consultant and city staff, and a recommendation to the Planning Commission and City Council. It is intended that the Riverfront Master Plan Citizens Advisory Committee (RMPCAC) will meet six times over the course of the project which started in April and will end by August 2019. The first meeting of the RMPCAC was an orientation for the work that will be undertaken over the ensuing 18 months. The second meeting was to review goals and objectives, project scope and schedule, and methods of public participation. The third meeting was to gain feedback on vision and goals, existing conditions, and a market analysis. The fourth meeting was to review alternatives for development concepts. The fifth meeting will be to finalize the preferred alternative and review draft comprehensive plan, zoning and development code amendments, and traffic information. The final meeting is to review the draft Newberg Riverfront Master Plan Update. Two public events took place which the RMPCAC were encouraged to attend. The first was held on August 23, 2018 at Edwards Elementary School, and the second was held on December 8, 2018 at the Public Safety Building.

FISCAL IMPACT:

Not applicable

STRATEGIC ASSESSMENT (RELATE TO COUNCIL PRIORITIES FROM SEPTEMBER 2017):

Not applicable

City of Newberg: RCA MOTION Page 1

REQUEST FOR COUNCILACTION

DATE ACTION REQUESTED: February 4, 2019							
Order	Ordinance	Resolution	Motion XX	Information			
No.	No.	No.					
of members	To consent to the May to the Housing Needs	Motion: Mayor	(Preparer) for this Rogers				
Advisory Co	ommittee						

RECOMMENDATION: To consent to the Mayor's appointment of members to the Housing Needs Assessment Project Advisory Committee as listed below for terms beginning October 2018 and ending June 2019.

1) Jack Kriz is an Architect for Mildren Design Group P.C. He is interested in serving as a representative of the design and development community. Jack Kriz will be replacing Rick Rogers who will be serving as an Ex Officio member of the Committee.

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY:

The City of Newberg has been awarded a grant from the Department of Land Conservation and Development to prepare a Housing Needs Assessment as part of the Department's 2018-19 Oregon Housing Needs Planning Project. A requirement of the grant is to have a Project Advisory Committee for the project which will provide input and feedback to a consultant and city staff, and a recommendation to the Planning Commission and City Council. It is intended that the Housing Needs Assessment Project Advisory Committee (HNAPAC) will meet five times over the course of the project which is anticipated to start in October 2018 and end by June 2019. The first meeting of the HNAPAC will be an orientation for the work that will be undertaken over the ensuing 8 months and to gain feedback on a preliminary Buildable Lands Inventory. The second meeting will be to gain feedback on Housing Needs Projections. The third meeting will be to review the Residential Land Needs Analysis. The fourth and fifth meetings will be to review Measures to Accommodate Needed Housing, or Recommended Measures to Facilitate Housing Affordability. Two public events are also planned which the HNAPAC will be encouraged to attend.

The anticipated first meeting date of the Housing Needs Assessment Project Advisory Committee is anticipated to be in October/November 2018 and will be a noticed public meeting.

FISCAL IMPACT:

The project is being funded through a grant from the Department of Land Conservation and Development. A supplemental budget will be conducted to recognize the City as the recipient of the grant. The Department of Land Conservation will directly hire the consultant for the project on the City's behalf. The grant revenue will be recognized in 01-0000-334034 Planning Grants and expenditures in 01-4110-533011 Planning Misc Grants.

STRATEGIC ASSESSMENT (RELATE TO COUNCIL PRIORITIES FROM SEPTEMBER 2017): 230

City of Newberg: RCAMOTION Page 1



City of Newberg: RCAMOTION Page 2

231

REQUEST FOR COUNCILACTION

DATE ACTION REQUESTED: February 4, 2018								
Order	Ordinance	Resolution	Motion XX	Information				
No.	No.	No.						
of members to t	consent to the May he Community Vis	or's Appointment sioning Advisory	Contact Person (I Motion: Mayor F Dept.: Council	Preparer) for this Rogers				
Committee								

RECOMMENDATION: To consent to the Mayor's appointment of a member to the Community Visioning Advisory Committee as listed below for terms beginning February 2019 and ending June 2019.

1) Lynn Montoya Quinn, the Director of Portland Community College, Newberg Center, is an Afternoon Rotary member and volunteer at her church. She would like to bring a social justice lens to the analysis of budget complexities, grant funding and regulatory matters while striving to accurately speak on behalf of the community college student body.

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY:

The Community Visioning Advisory Committee has met on three separate occasions. After the first meeting, a member stepped down. As a result, Lynn Montoya Quinn was invited to apply for membership. She attended the Advisory Committee meeting on January 23, 2019, during which she was generally informed about the project timeline and the project's progress. She has accepted electronic calendar invitations to all of the Advisory Committee meetings.

FISCAL IMPACT:

The project is being funded through the Planning Budget in the General Fund. Specifically, \$23,500 has been budgeted for the Resource Assistance for Rural Environments (RARE) participant through Professional Services. The RARE program provides a small match towards the RARE participant's overall costs. Funds have also been budgeted in Planning for office equipment and costs for community forums.

STRATEGIC ASSESSMENT (RELATE TO COUNCIL PRIORITIES FROM SEPTEMBER 2017):

GOAL 12: Compete community visioning process and communication plan to engage Newberg residents.

232

REQUEST FOR COUNCIL ACTION

DATE ACTION REQUESTED: February 4, 2019

Order	Ordinance	Resolution XX	Motion	Information	
No.	No.	No. 2019-3528			
CLIPTECE	A 1.49 4	41 ' 41 6'4			

SUBJECT: A resolution to authorize the City Manager to enter into a professional services agreement with Kittelson & Associates, Inc. to design the city's 2019 Pavement Preservation Project in the amount of \$131,855.00.

Contact Person (Preparer) for this Motion: Paul Chiu, P.E., Senior Engineer Dept.: Public Works Engineering File No.:

RECOMMENDATION:

Adopt Resolution No. 2019-3528 authorizing the City Manager to enter into a professional services agreement with Kittelson & Associates, Inc. for engineering design, bid, and construction phase services for the City's 2019 Pavement Preservation Project in the amount of \$131,855.00.

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY:

The City's Public Works Department completed a five-year pavement preservation plan (2018-2022) for City maintained streets last January. Streets recommended for pavement preservation in 2019 are shown in Figure 1 on the following page. Pavement preservation projects and improvements to roadway drainage system for the selected streets requires surveying and engineering design. The Request for Proposals (RFP) for this project was advertised in the Daily Journal of Commerce and on the City's engineering webpage on November 30, 2018.

The City received one qualified proposal from Kittelson & Associates, Inc. This consultant possesses the particular knowledge, expertise and design experience to complete the proposed design project.

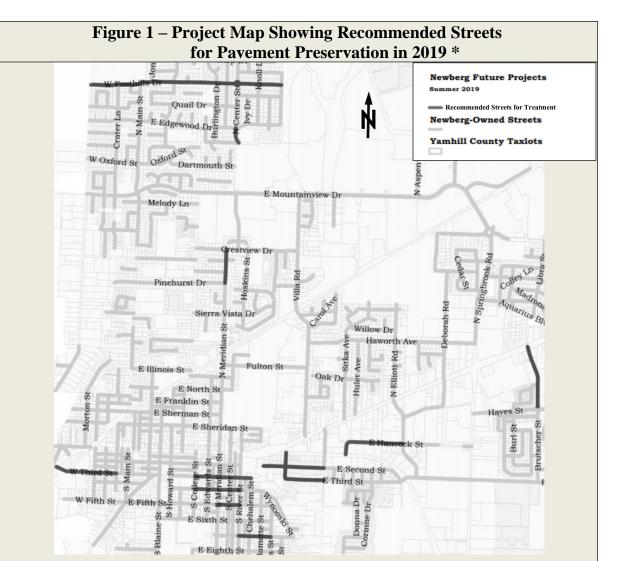
Staff entered into negotiations with the consultant per ORS.279C.110. In response, the consultant submitted a detailed proposal with a scope of work and cost breakdown for the city's consideration. Refer to Exhibit "A" that includes the proposed professional services agreement.

Scope of work includes:

- Verification of the types of treatment for pavement preservation;
- Assessment of sidewalk ramps for ADA compliance and upgrade to meet current requirement;
- Topographic survey for development of design plans;
- Preparation of design plans, specifications and estimate for construction bid purposes; and
- Construction phase services.

The crack and slurry seal projects will be designed separately and are not part of this project.

The consultant's proposal is comprehensive and the proposed cost is reasonable because it equals less than 15% of the total project cost.



Recommended Streets:

- 1. Fifth Street, from Meridian Street to River Street.
- 2. Sixth Street, from River Street to Columbia Street.
- 3. Brutscher Street, from Hayes Street to Highway 99W (Portland Road).
- 4. Foothills Drive, from N. College Street to Aldersgate Drive.
- 5. Second Street, from Parkview Drive to Everest Road.
- 6. Third Street, from Church Street to Everest Road.
- 7. Church Street, from First Street to Third Street.
- 8. Meridian Street, from Pinehurst Drive to Crestview Drive.
- 9. Fifth Street, from Dayton Avenue to Blaine Street.

Additional Recommended Streets:

- 10. Third Street, from Highway 99W to Grant Street.
- 11. Third Street, from College Street to Chehalem Street.
- 12. Fourth Street, from College Street to River Street.
- 13. Hancock Street, from Sitka Street to Elliott Road.
- 14. Sitka Street, from Highway 219 to Hancock Street.
- 15. Center Street, from Henry Road to Edgewood Drive.

^{*} Note: Selection of streets may change based on estimated construction costs and do not include streets for separate crack & slurry seal projects.

FISCAL IMPACT:

The available (remaining) budget for design in this fiscal year (from Gas Tax funds and Transportation Utility Fee revenue) is \$139,000.00. This project will span fiscal years. The Engineering phase will start in fiscal year 2018-2019 and construction will occur in fiscal year 2019-2020. The consultant will complete all phases of this project for \$131,855.00 as outlined in the attached Exhibit "A".

STRATEGIC ASSESSMENT:

The Council Priorities adopted in September 2017 state, "Goal 2: Repair and maintain City's streets and sidewalks and secure funding." To meet this goal, the City of Newberg Public Works Department completed a process to identify selected streets for pavement preservation and restoration projects from 2018 through 2022.

The approval of this engineering design phase contract for the proposed 2019 project will allow for the development of construction plans and specifications for the proposed project for construction bid pricing in May 2019. The project is part of the City's continuous effort to effectively preserve and maintain pavement for the City owned roadway system, to increase mobility, comfort, safety and livability for everyone that works, lives and visits the city.



RESOLUTION NO. 2019-3528

A resolution to authorize the City Manager to enter into a professional services agreement with Kittelson & Associates, Inc. to design the city's 2019 Pavement Preservation Project

RECITALS:

- 1. The City of Newberg completed a pavement preservation plan for City maintained streets for the next five years (2018 through 2022) and identified streets for pavement preservation projects.
- 2. The 2019 pavement preservation project is approved for capital improvement expenditures in the 2018-19 fiscal year budget and the construction will be included in the proposed expenditures in the fiscal year 2019-20 budget.
- 3. The City advertised the project in the Daily Journal of Commerce and on the City's engineering webpage on November 30, 2018, and received one qualified proposal through the Request for Proposals process per ORS. 279C.110.
- 4. Kittelson & Associates, Inc. submitted a detailed proposal outlining the scope of work with a reasonable phase-by-phase cost breakdown for \$131,855.00 included in the proposed professional services agreement, which is attached as Exhibit "A" and by this reference incorporated.

THE CITY OF NEWBERG RESOLVES AS FOLLOWS:

- 1. The City Council, acting as contract review board for the City, does hereby authorize the City Manager to enter into a Professional Services Agreement with Kittelson & Associates, Inc. to complete the City's Pavement Preservation Project that includes design survey, engineering design, bid and construction phase services in the amount of \$131,855.00.
- 2. The City Attorney will modify and approve all contracts and agreements as to form and content.
- 3. The City Manager is authorized to amend the Professional Services Agreement up to ten (10) percent of the original contract amount.
- ➤ EFFECTIVE DATE of this resolution is the day after the adoption date, which is: February 5, 2019.

 ADOPTED by the City Council of the City of Newberg, Oregon, this 4th day of February, 2019.

	Sue Ryan, City Recorder	
ATTEST by the Mayor this 7 th da	y of February, 2019.	
Rick Rogers, Mayor		



AGREEMENT WITH <u>KITTELSON & ASSOCIATES, INC.</u> TO PROVIDE CONSULTING SERVICES TO THE CITY OF NEWBERG

THIS AGREEMENT is entered into this _____day of February, 2019 by and between the City of Newberg, a municipal corporation of the State of Oregon, hereinafter called **City**, and

Kittelson & Associates, Inc. 851 SW Sixth Avenue, Suite 600 Portland, OR 97204

Phone: 503.535.7488 Fax: 503.273.8169

Email: dhippenstiel@kittelson.com

hereinafter called Consultant.

RECITALS:

- 1. **City** has need for the services of a **Consultant** to complete the City's **2019 Pavement Preservation Project** that includes surveying, engineering design, bid and construction phase services.
- By authority of ORS 279C.110, and through the Request for Proposals (RFP) process, City received one (1) qualified proposal for the city's project. The Consultant that possesses the required training, ability, knowledge, expertise and experience for the Project was approved by the City Council on February 4, 2019 per Resolution No. 2019-3528.

NOW THEREFORE, in consideration of mutual promises, covenants and agreements of the parties, it is agreed as follows:

1. <u>Effective Date and Duration</u>: This Agreement shall become effective on the date that this Agreement has been signed by every party hereto.

Unless, terminated or extended, this Agreement shall expire when the **City** accepts **Consultant's** completed performance or on <u>January 31, 2020</u>, whichever date occurs first. This fact notwithstanding, the services of **Consultant** shall be authorized and paid on a task by task basis as described in Exhibit "A".

Expiration shall not extinguish or prejudice **City's** right to enforce this Agreement with respect to any breach of a **Consultant** warranty or any fault or defect in **Consultant's** performance that has not been cured.

2. <u>Termination</u>: This Agreement may be terminated at any time by mutual, written consent of the parties. The **City** may, at its sole discretion terminate this Agreement in whole or part upon a 30-day written notice to **Consultant**. The **City** may terminate immediately upon notice to the **Consultant** that the **City** does not have funding, appropriations, or other necessary expenditure authority to pay for **Consultant's** work. The **City** may terminate Agreement at any time for material breach, unless

Consultant has cured such defect or deficiency within a reasonable period of time following notice of such claim

- 3. <u>Scope of Work</u>: The Consultant agrees to provide the services provided in the Scope of Work, which is Exhibit "A" and is attached hereto and incorporated by this reference. The Consultant represents and warrants to the City that the Consultant can perform the work outlined in the Scope of Work for the fee proposal amount.
- 4. <u>Compensation</u>: The <u>Consultant</u> agrees to perform the work for a not-to-exceed fee as indicated in their professional fee proposal included in the Scope of Work. The not-to-exceed figure is as follows:

\$131,855.00

The **Consultant** shall not exceed the fee for any task included in the fee proposal amount. If the **Consultant** foresees that the fee is going to exceed the not-to-exceed figure because the task has changed or is outside the scope, the **Consultant** shall notify the **City** in writing of the circumstances with an estimated amount that the fee is to be exceeded. The **Consultant** shall obtain written permission from the **City** before exceeding the not-to-exceed fee amount. If the

237

Page 2

Consultant does work that exceeds the maximum fee amount prior to obtaining the written permission, the Consultant waives any right to collect that fee amount.

- 5. Additional Work Not Shown within the Scope of Work: If City requests or requires work to be done not within the Scope of Work of this project, the Consultant shall notify the City of such work, provide an estimated fee amount, and obtain written instructions to proceed with work in the form of an Agreement amendment prior to proceeding with work and incurring any costs on behalf of the City. If Consultant proceeds with work prior to obtaining permission and/or Agreement amendment, the Consultant waives any right to collect fees for work performed.
- 6. <u>Agreement Documents</u>: This Agreement consists of the following documents which are listed in descending order of preference: This Agreement, and Attached Exhibits. Work is under the sole control of **Consultant**; however, the work contemplated herein must meet the approval of the **City** and shall be subject to **City's** general right of inspection and supervision to secure the satisfactory performance thereof.
- 7. <u>Benefits</u>: Consultant will not be eligible for any federal social security, state workers compensation, unemployment insurance, or public employees' retirement system benefits from the Agreement payment except as a self-employed individual.
- 8. <u>Federal Employment Status</u>: In the event any payment made pursuant to this Agreement is to be charged against federal funds, **Consultant** certifies that he or she is not currently employed by the federal government and the amount charged does not exceed his or her normal charge for the type of services provided.
- 9. <u>Consultant's Warranties</u>: The work to be performed by Consultant includes services generally performed by Consultant in his/her usual line of business. The work performed by the Consultant under this Agreement shall be performed in a good and businesses-like manner in accordance with the generally accepted professional standards. The Consultant shall, at all times, during the term of this Agreement, be qualified, be professionally competent, and duly licensed to perform the work.
- 10. Indemnity: Consultant shall defend, indemnify and hold harmless City from and against all liability or loss and against all claims, suits, actions, losses, damages, liabilities, costs, and reasonable expenses of any nature whatsoever to the extent caused by the negligent acts, errors, omissions, or performance of services of the Consultant, or its officers, employees, subcontractors, or agents under this Agreement. Consultant shall have no duty to defend the City in litigation or any legal proceedings but shall reimburse the City for reasonable legal fees and cost the City incurs if the City is obligated to pay damages because of the negligence of the Consultant.

- 11. <u>Independent Contractor</u>: Consultant is not currently employed by the City. The parties to this Agreement intend that the Consultant perform all work as an Independent Contractor. No agent, employee, or servant of Consultant shall be or shall be deemed to be the employee, agent or servant of City. City is interested only in the results obtained under this Agreement; the manner and means of conducting the work are under the sole control of Consultant, however, the work contemplated herein must meet the approval of the City and shall be subject to City's general right of inspection and supervision to secure the satisfactory performance thereof.
- 12. <u>Taxes</u>: Consultant will be responsible for any federal or state taxes applicable to payments received under this Agreement. City will report the total of all payments to Consultant, including any expenses, in accordance with the Federal Internal Revenue Service and the State of Oregon Department of Revenue regulations.

13. Insurance:

- a) **Consultant**, its Subconsultants, if any, and all employers working under this agreement are subject employers under the Oregon Workers Compensation Law and shall comply with ORS 656.017, which requires them to provide workers compensation coverage for all their subject workers; or by signing this Agreement, **Consultant** represents that he or she is a sole proprietor and is exempt from the laws requiring workers compensation coverage.
- b) **Consultant** will, at all times, carry a Commercial General Liability insurance policy for at least \$1,000,000.00 combined single limits per occurrence for Bodily Injury, Property Damage, and Personal Injury. If the policy is written on the new occurrence form then the aggregate limit shall be \$2,000,000.00. The **City**, its agents, employees and officials all while acting within their official capacity as such, shall be named as an additional insured on the insurance specified in this paragraph.
- c) **Consultant** will, at all times, carry a Professional Liability/Errors and Omission type policy with limits of at least \$1,000,000.00. If this policy is a "claims made" type policy, the policy type and company shall be approved by the City Manager prior to commencement of any work under this Agreement.
- d) Consultant shall furnish the City with Certificates of Insurance upon execution of Agreement. Such Certificates of Insurance evidencing any policies required by this Agreement shall be delivered to the City prior to the commencement of any work. A 30-day notice of cancellation clause shall be included in said certificate. The City has the right to reject any certificate for unacceptable coverage and/or companies.
- 14. <u>Assignment</u>: The parties hereto each bind themselves, their partners, successors, assigns and legal representatives of such other party in respect to all terms of this Agreement. Neither party shall assign the Agreement as a whole without written consent of the other.

238

Agreement with Kittelson & Associates, Inc.

Page 3

- 15. Ownership of Work Product: All original documents prepared by Consultant in performance of this Agreement, including but not limited to original maps, plans, drawings and specifications are the property of City unless otherwise agreed in writing. Quality reproducible records copies of final work product, including digital files of text and drawings shall be provided to City at the conclusion or termination of this Agreement. City shall indemnify and hold harmless Consultant and Consultant's independent professional associates or Subconsultants from all claims, damages, losses and expenses including attorney fees arising out of the City's use of any instruments of professional service for purposes outside the scope of this Agreement.
- 16. Entire Agreement: This Agreement constitutes

- the entire Agreement between the parties and supersedes all prior agreements, written and oral, courses of dealing, or other understanding between the parties. No modification of this Agreement shall be binding unless in writing and signed by both parties.
- 17. Notification: All correspondence and notices related to this Agreement shall be directed to the project manager for the party to whom the correspondence or notice is intended. If directed to the City: City of Newberg, P.O. Box 970, Newberg, Oregon 97132, Attn: Paul Chiu, P.E., Project Manager. If directed to the Consultant: Kittelson & Associates, Inc. Attn: Darren Hippenstiel. P.E., Project Manager at the address listed above. Each party shall be responsible for notifying the other of any changes in project manager designation.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties have executed this Agreement on the date first above mentioned.

CONSULTANT

CITY OF NEWBERG

Зу:	Bv·		
	By Author	ity of Resolution No. 2	2019-3528
Name:		Joe Hannan	
Title:	Title:	City Manager	
Date:	Date:		
	Engineer	ing Division Approv	al:
	Kaaren L City Engi	. Hofmann neer	Date
	Departme	ent Approval:	
		ay) O. Harris orks Director	Date
	Approved	l as to Form and Co	ontent:
	Truman A City Attor		Date

EXHIBIT "A" FOR RESOLUTION NO. 2019-3528

TOTAL KAI FEES

EXHIBIT A FOR PROFESSIONAL SERVICES AGREEMENT WITH KITTELSON & ASSOCIATES, INC.

۱										ŀ						ı							ſ
		Roos	Roos, Tony Hig	Hippensfiel, K	Kraupp, Co)	Cox, Caleb Cullimx	Cullimore, Brad	Survey Principal	incipal Survey Manager		Survey Tech 2P Survey Crew	rew.	Principal	Associate		Tech/CAD S	Senior Proj Asst Senior Proj Asst Support Staff Geothesian Geothesian	ior Proj Asst Sug	aport Staff		SUBTASK/	/ SUBTASK/	
ask	Notes	Staff	AMR	+	L	CEC B	BSC			t				GooDocion	DooDocion	CooDocion					TASK HOU		
201	Project Management		ł		ł	ł																	
	1.1 Project Management, Contract Administration	L		10																	10	\$2.	8
	1.2 Project Coordination & Meetings			22	12																34	98	\$6,140
																					0		80
	Reimbursable Expense																						80
	Task #001	- Subtotal (0	32	12	0	0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	44	88	140
302	302 Field Investigations																						
	2.1 ADA Assessment		1		10	16															27	\$3	292
																					0		80
																					0		80
	Reimbursable Expense																						80
1	Task #002 -	Subtotal	1	0	10	16	0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	27	\$3,	765
202	002 Field Investigations - CES NW																						
	2.2 Topographic Survey							8	20	06	202										320	\$46,	\$46,960
																					0		20
	1																				0		20
	Keimbursable Expense	ı						٩			000	٥	·	٠	٩	,		,	•		0.10		20
Ş	Subconsulation Consulation and Action Consulation with the consulation of the consulation	Į			0		0	*	OG	3	707	-	٥	Þ	o	0	0	0	0		320	246,960	
202	Juz Field Investigations - Geodesign	}	ŀ	ŀ	-	-	-	-	-	-			,	è	2	,	-	,	,	-	ř		1
	2.3 Pavement Treatment Keview												7	20	54	7)	4	-	-			\$11,338	220
																					0 0		200
	Dolos la recoblo. European																				>	6.3	2
	Rembuisable Expense Subconsultant Task #002 - Subtotal	L											,	3.6	<i>P</i> 6	,	ļ	 -			12	57,142	57, 142
2	Decliminary 6 Final Decim	1				1	1	1	1				7	OC.	.7	,		1	1			016	2
203	3.1 Preliminary & Final Design	F	-	-	24	30	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ	-	ŀ	L			ľ	Ī	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ	-	24	03	010
	3.2 Hillity Condination					12															3 2	CS	130
	3.3 Final Design Plans Sherifications & Estimate		α	12	9 00	+	09														218	\$30	202
	2.4 Ridding Support			4 -	8 8	_	8														13	6.1	2 0
	3.5 Water Truck Testing (Contingent)					0 00															2 00	\$1,040	940
																					0		80
	Reimbursable Expense																						80
	Task #003 - Subtotal		10	20	64	166	0 09	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	320	\$44,710	210
904	304 Construction Support					٠			2 6.						•		٠	e 6.					
	4.1 Construction Engineering Support		4	80	20																32	\$5	\$5,440
	4.2 As-Built Plans				9		12														18	\$2,	370
	Doimbureable Evnence																				>		200
١	Task #004	Subtotal		۵	3,6		13				-		٥	•		•			0		09	1.5	9 1
8	Construction Support - GeoDesign		ı		2.4																		
		F	F	-	F	-	F	L	ŀ	L	-	L		10						-	10	ST	\$1,910
									_												0		SO
																					0		80
	Reimbursable Expense																						880
	Subconsultant Task #004 - Subtotal		0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	01 0	'LS	81,990
	TOTAL HOURS	L	15	09	113	. 182	0 62	α.	50	06	202	0	2	46	24	cr	4	-	,	0			Г
	IABOR	_	9	9	+	1	\$125.00	t	+	╀	00.0918 0		\$209.00	\$191.00	\$135.00	895.00	891.00	H	870.00		Ī	RS TOTAL LABOR	~
	dOav.	_	_	П	т	t	000	61 440	000 93	00:000	t		6410	\$0.70	63 240	C 20 E	6264	6.05	670		873		١,
		=				i	3						0.00	20.000	20.670	2500	2000		2/2		2000		Į

2019 Pavement Preservation Darren Hippenstiel 23620 Jan 04, 2019

REQUEST FOR COUNCIL ACTION

DATE ACTION REQUESTED: February 4, 2019							
Order	Ordinance	Resolution _xx_	Motion	Information			
No.	No.	No. 2019-3535					
Order for \$10,9 Washington Co Agency (WCCO to the City of N	Resolution Ratifying 23 to the contract ounty Consolidated CA) and Sabre Includes piece of the System Upgrade	between I Communications lustries relating the Emergency	Contact Person (Pr Motion: Matt Zook Dept.: Finance File No.:	•			

RECOMMENDATION: Approve Resolution 2019-3535.

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY:

The Emergency Communication System Upgrade Project was approved on September 18, 2017 via Resolution 2017-3391, and the Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) calls for procurement exceeding \$50,000 to be approved by the City Council. The contract between WCCCA and Sabre Industries to provide the communications tower and accessories for an amount not to exceed \$105,000 was ratified by the City Council on May 7, 2018 via Resolution 2018-3475.

A project change order was submitted by Sabre Industries in the amount of \$10,923.00. The change order is in excess of the original contracted price quote of \$105,000, approved by City Council. This change order is due to the following: (1) cost increase for structural loading for antennas to be used by Newberg's Public Works Maintenance Division for a fixed based water meter radio read system (60% \$6,553.80); and (2) adjustments for additional microwave dishes, and increased steel and shipping costs since original contract signing on May 7, 2018 (40%, \$4369.20).

To avoid a delay in ordering the tower as part of a larger WCN purchase, purchase order No. 19-101 was issued in the amount of \$10,923.00. Ensuring complete transparency in the process, this change order is submitted for ratification by the Newberg City Council.

FISCAL IMPACT:

The change order is for \$10,923 (attached as Exhibit A to the Resolution). 60% (\$6553.80) of the change order will be charged equally between the Water, Wastewater, and Stormwater funds. 40% (\$4,369.20) of the change order would be charged to the Emergency Communications System Upgrade Project.

STRATEGIC ASSESSMENT (RELATE TO COUNCIL PRIORITIES FROM 2017-2018):

Maintain a state-of-the-art 911 dispatch center and 800 MHz radio communications system.



RESOLUTION NO. 2019-3535

A RESOLUTION RATIFYING A CHANGE ORDER TO THE CONTRACT BETWEEN WASHINGTON COUNTY CONSOLIDATED COMMUNICATIONS AGENCY (WCCCA) AND SABRE INDUSTRIES IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE EMERGENCY COMMUNICATIONS SYSTEM UPGRADE PROJECT

RECITALS:

- 1. The City of Newberg approved a Memorandum of Agreement (MOU) with Washington County Consolidated Communications Agency (WCCCA) pertaining to the Emergency Communications System Upgrade Project on September 18, 2017 via Resolution 2017-3391.
- 2. As part of the project management provided by WCCCA, existing contracts previously entered into by WCCCA with various contractors may require modification to incorporate the City of Newberg's portion of the project. In addition, WCCCA also negotiates new contracts on behalf of the City.
- 3. WCCCA and Sabre Industries entered into Contract Amendment 1.0 on or about February 22, 2018, adding the Newberg Public Works tower to the underlying contract, for an amount not to exceed \$105,000.
- 4. The City Council ratified Contract Amendment 1.0 between Sabre Industries and WCCCA as it pertains to the inclusion of the City of Newberg's portion of the overall Emergency Communications System Upgrade Project in the amount not to exceed \$105,000 on May 7, 2018 via Resolution 2018-3475.
- 5. Under the terms of the MOU, and in compliance with Newberg's public contracting regulations, the City Council must review and approve contracts exceeding \$50,000.

THE CITY OF NEWBERG RESOLVES AS FOLLOWS:

- 1. To ratify change order 1.0 between Sabre Industries and Washington County Consolidated Communications Agency (WCCCA) as it pertains to the inclusion of the City of Newberg's portion of the overall Emergency Communications System Upgrade Project in the amount not to exceed \$10,923, a copy of which is attached as Exhibit A and incorporated by this reference.
 - **EFFECTIVE DATE** of this resolution is the day after the adoption date, which is: February 5, 2019.

222201.22.122 of this resolution is the disputer and, miles is a continuous of 2012.	
ADOPTED by the City Council of the City of Newberg, Oregon, this 4 th day of February, 2019).
Sue Ryan, City Recorder	

ATTEST by the Mayor this	day of	, 2019.
Rick Rogers, Mayor		

REQUEST FOR COUNCIL ACTION **DATE ACTION REQUESTED: February 4, 2019** Order ___ Ordinance Resolution **Information XX** Motion No. No. No. **Contact Person (Preparer) for this SUBJECT:** Annual Report of the Newberg Cultural Item: Leah Griffith **District Board** Dept.: Newberg Cultural District Board Chair and Library representative to the NCD Board File No.:

RECOMMENDATION:

Receive the annual report of the Newberg Cultural District Executive Board and provide input if desired.

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY:

The Inter Governmental Agreement between the City of Newberg and Chehalem Park and Recreation District in 2013 formed the Newberg Cultural District and established the Newberg Cultural District Executive Board to oversee the activities and development of the Cultural District. The IGA requires an annual report be made to the City Council and the CPRD Board in the first quarter of the calendar year.

FISCAL IMPACT:

None

STRATEGIC ASSESSMENT (RELATE TO COUNCIL PRIORITIES FROM MARCH 2016):

It is part of the Council priorities to receive this update annually.

Newberg Cultural District Annual Report for 2018

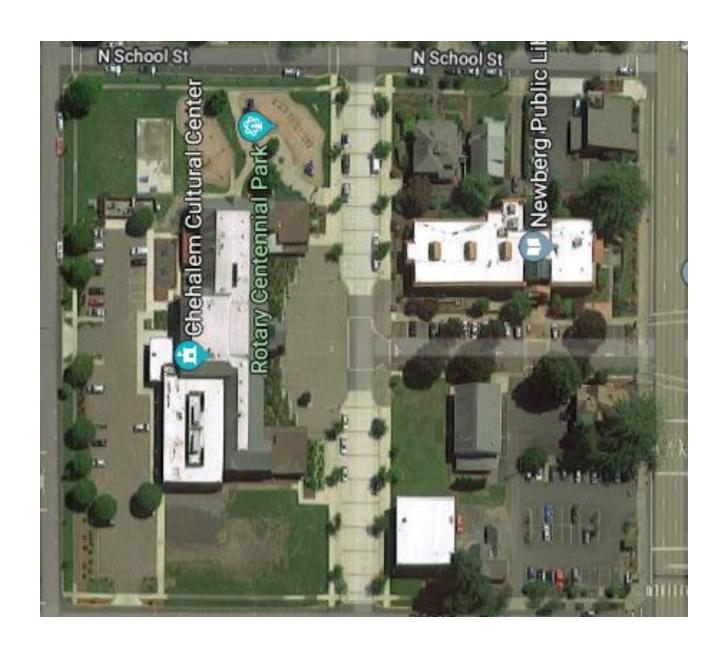


Presented to:

Chehalem Park & Recreation District Board Winter, 2019

Newberg City Council

Newberg Cultural District



An Intergovernmental Agreement (IGA)

between the City of Newberg and the

Chehalem Park & Recreation District

was signed in 2013 and will be updated

in 2019. It established the Newberg

Cultural District and delegated to the

NCD Executive Board the management

of the District.

The Newberg Cultural District Executive Board 2018

City of Newberg Representative: Elise Yarnell Hollamon

Neighborhood Representative: Teresa Arnold, vice chair (Elected by neighbors in October, 2018)

Chehalem Cultural Center: Sean Andries, chair

Chehalem Park & Recreation: Don Clements

Newberg Public Library: Leah Griffith, secretary

1st Tuesday of January, March, June, & October at 5:30 pm, at the Chehalem Cultural Center Meetings for 2019:

248

The NCD Board is charged with managing the public <u>outside</u> areas of the

_

Newberg Cultural District

It does not regulate indoor uses of the

Newberg Public Library or the

Chehalem Cultural Center, however

activities within those establishments may

impact District activities

The NCD Board:

- Develops rules of operation
- Reserves events (currently delegated to the CCC staff)
- other elements that define the district Approves design elements, including street furniture, signage, murals and
- maintenance and construction activities Coordinates with the City and CPRD for

Reserved space for a variety of events

Lavender Festival Tunes on Tuesday **Public Works Day** Camellia Festival Library Events Oktoberfest

Summer Lunch Program

Christmas Tree Lighting







253

Christmas Tree Lighting





Held Regular Meetings: Public and Noticed

January February -- Annual Meeting April May July August

September October-Summer Recap meeting November

255

November

 4th Year Neighborhood Parking Signs for Tunes on Tuesday



- 8 residents requested signs (2017-9, 2016-8, 2015-7)
- Positive Responses
- No other significant parking complaints

Newberg Cultural District

256

Working with Early Bird Rotary on shade structure for Splash Pad Updated Parking Management Plan was used with new staff at CCC

businesses in the district to know about Continued using the City Festival Street designation. It's a more efficient way for users as well as homeowners and upcoming events.



Review IGA between City and CPRD for readoption in 2019

Saw first significant changes in Board membership with continued changes slated in 2019

The NCD Board communicated with the community

- www.newbergculturaldistrict.org
- meetings and notifying interested parties Monthly e-newsletter announcing board about events in the District
- Newsletter may be subscribed to from the web site

260

What is planned for 2019?

- Tunes on Tuesday
- Lavender Festival
- Public Works Day
- Summer Lunch Program
- Summer Reading Events
- Camellia Festival and Run
- Oktoberfest
- 35th Annual Holiday Tree Lighting

What is planned for 2019?

Adoption of revised IGA by the City and CPRD

permanent signage to direct visitors to Looking at options for funding for the area

What is planned for 2019?

 Work with any public arts groups to bring art to the district Continue to develop the web site as a location for district information

Continue to work with neighbors

(City, CPRD, Library, neighborhood rep. all turnover in 2018 Bring new board members on board and 2019)

A special place for cultural and arts people to enjoy experiences

Enhancing Newberg destination for

tourists

ത

as

REQUEST FOR COUNCIL ACTION

DATE ACTION REQUESTED: February 4th, 2019

Order	Ordinance	Resolution XX	Motion	Information
No.	No.	No. 2019-3523		
	A Resolution initiatin	O	,	Preparer) for this Owens, Assistant Planner ty Development

to the Newberg Comprehensive Plan and Municipal Code, Title 15: Development Code to allow duplexes and triplexes in the R-1 zone.

File No.: DCA18-0009/CPTA18-004

RECOMMENDATION:

Adopt Resolution No. 2019-3523, initiating an amendment to the Newberg Comprehensive Plan and Municipal Code, Title 15 Development Code for the allowance of duplexes and triplexes in the R-1 zone.

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY:

Beginning in October 2016, a series of meetings focusing on affordable housing in Newberg were held to address housing needs including, land prices, land supply, and city fees among other issues. Meetings addressing housing needs continued until early December 2017, where community members presented a final proposal that listed nine Housing Newberg priority activities for the City of Newberg. The listed activities included addressing missing middle level housing through the allowance of duplexes and triplexes in the R-1 zone.

The R-1 district is intended to align with the Low Density Residential uses implemented by the Comprehensive Plan. Uses within the R-1 zoning district should include low density single-family residential uses on lots that are a minimum of 5,000 square feet when not included in a planned unit development with a minimum density of 1.1 for each individual lot. The R-1 zoning district is also intended to provide a stable and healthful environment together with the full range of urban services.

Since missing middle level housing was prioritized in the list of activities provided to City Council, allowing duplexes and triplexes in the R-1 zone will address housing priorities while still providing a stable and healthful environment together with a full range of urban services. Through this initiative the City can work to ensure future housing needs are met and fulfill Housing Newberg's priorities.

To address development standards, the City should initiate an amendment to the Newberg Comprehensive Plan and Municipal Code Title 15: Development Code (NDC). The NDC currently allows for duplexes or multifamily developments as a conditional use or through a Planned Unit Development (PUD). The proposed amendment would include changes to the following code sections:

Title 15: Development Code

- 1. 15.05 General Provisions
- 2. 15.302 Districts and Their Amendment
- 3. 15.305 Zoning Use Table
- 4. 15.405 Lot Requirements

Comprehensive Plan:

1. III. Plan Classifications

Other sections of the NDC and Comprehensive Plan may be identified for amending as the analysis occurs.

FISCAL IMPACT:

No fiscal impact at this time.

STRATEGIC ASSESSMENT (RELATE TO COUNCIL PRIORITIES FROM SEPTEMBER 2017):

Goal 8: Encourage Affordable Housing.

The proposed amendment to the Newberg Comprehensive Plan and Municipal Code, Title 15 Development Code to allow duplexes in the R-1 zone addresses Goal 8 by encouraging the development of affordable missing middle level housing within the City of Newberg.

Attachments:

Resolution No. 2019-3523



RESOLUTION No. 2019-3523

A RESOLUTION INITIATING AN AMENDMENT TO THE NEWBERG COMPREHENSIVE PLAN AND MUNICIPAL CODE, TITLE 15 DEVELOPMENT CODE FOR THE ALLOWANCE OF DUPLEXES AND TRIPLEXES IN THE R-1 ZONE.

RECITALS:

- 1. The allowance of duplexes and triplexes in the R-1 zone promotes missing middle level housing and is critical to encouraging affordable housing in the City of Newberg. Future duplex and triplex development in the R-1 zone will significantly improve the available housing stock and provide more options that will encourage current and future residents to live within the Newberg city limits.
- 2. To allow duplexes and triplexes in the R-1 zoning district an amendment to the Comprehensive Plan and Newberg Development Code 15.05 General Provisions, 15.302 Districts and Their Amendment, 15.305 Zoning Use Table (note 2), and 15.405 Lot Requirements is required.

THE CITY OF NEWBERG RESOLVES AS FOLLOWS:

- 1. The City Council initiates an amendment to the Comprehensive Plan and Newberg Municipal Code, Title 15 Development Code for the allowance of duplexes and triplexes in the R-1 zone. This starts the public process to study the proposed amendments.
- 2. By initiating this amendment, the City Council does not commit to taking any specific action on the proposal. It only wishes to give the amendment full consideration by the Planning Commission and City Council in public hearings.
- 3. Staff will schedule a Planning Commission public hearing to make a recommendation on the item. The Planning Commission recommendation will be brought to the City Council for a public hearing and final decision.
- EFFECTIVE DATE of this resolution is the day after the adoption date, which is: February 5th, 2019.

 ADOPTED by the City Council of the City of Newberg, Oregon, this 4th day of February, 2019.

 Sue Ryan, City Recorder

 ATTEST by the Mayor this 24th day of February, 2019.

Rick Rogers, Mayor

REQUEST FOR COUNCIL ACTION **DATE ACTION REQUESTED: February 4, 2019** Order **Ordinance Resolution** XX Motion **Information** No. No. No. 2019-3529 **Contact Person (Preparer) for this SUBJECT:** A Resolution initiating an amendment **Motion: Keith Leonard** to the Newberg Municipal Code, Title 15 **Dept.: Community Development Development Code to initiate a Vertical Housing** File No.: DCA19-0001 **Program**

RECOMMENDATION:

Adopt Resolution No. 2019-3529, initiating an amendment to the Newberg Municipal Code, Title 15 Development Code to provide a Vertical Housing Program (VHP).

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY:

In 2001 the Vertical Housing Program (VHP) was adopted into State law. The VHP first began in 2003 under the administration of Oregon Economic and Community Development Department (OECDD), now known as Business Oregon. The 2005 Legislature passed legislation moving the VHP from OECDD to Oregon Housing and Community Services (OHCS) beginning in November 2005. The 2017 Legislature passed legislation, Senate Bill 310, moving the administration of VHP from OHCS to the local City and County government beginning October 6, 2017.

On Pages 54 and 55 of the 2016 City of Newberg Downtown Improvement Plan passed by Resolution No. 2016-3345 identifies setting up a VHP to encourage and incentivize mixed-use development in specified areas of the City by utilizing a new map overlay district, which would delineate the location of Vertical Housing Development Zones (VHDZ). The City of Newberg 2017 Economic Development Strategy

The purpose of the VHP is to encourage investment in and rehabilitation of properties in targeted areas of a city or community, to augment the availability of appropriate housing, and to revitalize communities. The program encourages mixed-use developments that contain both non-residential and residential uses in VHDZs designated by the City of Newberg. The residential portion may be for market rate or lower income households. Eligible projects receive a partial property tax exemption which varies with the number of "Equalized Floors" in a project, with a maximum property tax exemption of 80 percent over a 10 year term. An additional partial property tax exemption on the land may be given if some or all of the residential housing is for low-income persons (80 percent of area median income or below). Tax exemptions for multistory buildings for VHPs are as follows:

- (A) If the project consists of the equivalent of one equalized floor allocated to residential housing, the project shall be 20 percent exempt.
- (B) If the project consists of the equivalent of two equalized floors allocated to residential housing, the project shall be 40 percent exempt.
- (C) If the project consists of the equivalent of three equalized floors allocated to residential housing, the project shall be 60 percent exempt.

(D) If the project consists of the equivalent of four or more equalized floors allocated to residential housing, the project shall be 80 percent exempt.

The City Council is not asked to make a decision on these proposed changes at this time; only to initiate the amendment so that these proposed changes can be studied through the public hearing process. If the Council initiates the amendment then staff will prepare the specifics for a proposal. Staff will then schedule the item for a Planning Commission public hearing to make a recommendation. The Planning Commission recommendation would then be brought to the City Council for a public hearing and final decision.

FISCAL IMPACT:

No fiscal impact at this time.

STRATEGIC ASSESSMENT (RELATE TO COUNCIL PRIORITIES FROM SEPTEMBER 2017):

Goal 8: Encourage Affordable Housing

To encourage affordable housing partial property tax exemption on the land may be given if some or all of the residential housing is for low-income persons (80 percent of area median income or below). The Housing Newberg group has spent the past two year discussing proposals to address the housing affordability issue within Newberg. A VHP has the potential to provide additional affordable housing within the City of Newberg.

Goal 11: Implement Newberg Economic Development Strategy

The May 2016 Newberg Economic Development Strategy (NEDS) Commercial Sector section is applicable. The NEDS has two strategies and three actions that are related to initiating a VHP including:

Strategy 2.1 Revitalization of Downtown Newberg

Action 6 - Implement the recommendations from the Newberg Downtown Improvement Plan Action 11 - Increase downtown housing

Strategy 2.3 Redevelop Vacant and Underutilized Commercial/Retail Sites Action 5 - Enhance existing or create new incentive packages



RESOLUTION No. 2019-3529

A RESOLUTION INITIATING AN AMENDMENT TO THE NEWBERG MUNICIPAL CODE, TITLE 15 DEVELOPMENT CODE TO IMPLEMENT A VERTICAL HOUSING PROGRAM (VHP)

RECITALS:

- 1. In 2001 the Vertical Housing Program (VHP) was adopted into State law. The program encourages mixed-use commercial / residential developments in areas designated by communities through a partial property tax exemption. The exemption varies in accordance with the number of residential floors on a project with a maximum property tax exemption of 80 percent over 10 years. An additional property tax exemption on the land may be given if some or all of the residential housing is for low-income persons (80 percent of area median income or below).
- 2. The 2005 Legislature passed legislation moving the Vertical Housing Program from Oregon Economic and Community Development Department (OECDD) to Oregon Housing and Community Services (OHCS) beginning in November 2005.
- 3. SB 310 went into effect on October 6, 2017 moving the administration of VHP from OHCS to the local City and County.
- 4. The 2016 Newberg Downtown Improvement Plan (NDIP), adopted by Resolution No. 2016-3345, identifies initiating a VHP.
- 5. The 2016 Newberg Economic Development Strategy (NEDS), adopted by Resolution No. 2016-3274, has two strategies and three actions that are applicable to initiating a VHP.
- 6. The City of Newberg needs to evaluate its Development Code in order to implement goals of the 2016 NDIP and 2016 NEDS.

THE CITY OF NEWBERG RESOLVES AS FOLLOWS:

- 1. The City Council initiates an amendment to the Newberg Municipal Code, Title 15 Development Code creating a VHP.
- 2. By initiating this amendment, the City Council does not commit to taking any specific action on the proposal. It only wishes to give the amendment full consideration by the Planning Commission and City Council in public hearings.
- ➤ EFFECTIVE DATE of this resolution is the day after the adoption date, which is: February 5, 2019. **ADOPTED** by the City Council of the City of Newberg, Oregon, this 4th day of February, 2019.

Sue Ryan, City Recorder	
ATTEST by the Mayor thi	s 7 th day of February, 2019.
Rick Rogers, Mayor	

REQUEST FOR COUNCIL ACTION **DATE ACTION REQUESTED: February 4, 2019** Ordinance **Resolution** XX Motion Information _ No. No. 2019-3530 **Contact Person (Preparer) for this SUBJECT:** A Resolution initiating an amendment **Motion: Keith Leonard** to the Newberg Municipal Code, Title 15 **Dept.: Community Development Development Code to consider modifying the** File No.: DCA19-0002

RECOMMENDATION:

residential parking requirements for C-3 zoned

Order

property

No.

Adopt Resolution No. 2019-3530, initiating an amendment to the Newberg Municipal Code, Title 15 Development Code to encourage additional residential development in the downtown in order to further support downtown businesses by modifying parking requirements for residential development within the C-3 zoning district.

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY:

The City Council adopted Resolution 2016-3345 on December 5, 2016, which adopted the Newberg Downtown Improvement Plan (NDIP) as a guiding document for future planning efforts and investments downtown. The final version of the NDIP was completed on January 26, 2017. On page 9 of the NDIP, the plan noted that there are a total of 2,090 parking stalls in the downtown study area, nearly evenly split between on-street, (944 stalls, 45 percent of all spaces) and off-street (1,146 stalls, or 55 percent of all spaces). The majority of the on-street stalls (68 percent) are unregulated with no time restriction.

In studying parking utilization it was found that on-street parking was only 47.6 percent occupied during peak hours and that on-street parking is readily available throughout the day. Off-street parking faced similar levels of vacancy. During peak hours, off-street parking was 47.3 percent occupied and is therefore underutilized.

Residential uses near downtowns tend to provide additional customer support for businesses. On page 29 of the NDIP it states "revise the C-3 zone to achieve the vision for these three streets (Hancock, First and Second Streets) as a mix of commercial, service and residential uses, with a heavier emphasis on residential along Second Street..." An impediment for increasing residential use are requirements for residential parking within the C-3 zoning district. On page 29 of the NDIP goes on to state "it is recommended that parking requirements for residential uses be removed, and the City introduce a fee-in-lieu program. These in-lieu fees can be accrued and used in the future to purchase land for future parking facilities or for making other parking improvements." By modifying the residential parking space requirement within the C-3 zoning district there would be additional land for developing housing instead of surface parking and with a fee-inlieu program funds would be available to develop other parking facilities when they are needed and there is not such a large surplus of parking within the downtown.

The City Council is not asked to make a decision on the proposed changes at this time; only to initiate the amendment so that these proposed changes can be studied through the public hearing process. If the Council initiates the amendment then staff will prepare the specifics for a proposal. Staff will then schedule the item for a Planning Commission public hearing to make a recommendation. The Planning Commission recommendation would then be brought to the City Council for a public hearing and final decision.

FISCAL IMPACT:

No fiscal impact at this time.

STRATEGIC ASSESSMENT (RELATE TO COUNCIL PRIORITIES FROM SEPTEMBER 2017):

Goal 8: Encourage Affordable Housing

By modifying the parking requirement for residential development within the C-3 zoning district there is higher potential for developers to construct additional units within the downtown and the potential for additional affordable housing units.

Goal 11: Implement Newberg Economic Development Strategy

The 2016 Newberg Economic Development Strategy (NEDS) Commercial Sector section is applicable. The NEDS has two strategies and four actions that are related to removing residential parking requirements within the C-3 zoning district:

Strategy 2.1 Revitalization of Downtown Newberg

Action 6 - Implement the recommendations from the Newberg Downtown Improvement Plan

Action 9 - On-going implementation of recommendations from the Newberg Downtown Improvement Plan

Action 11 - Increase downtown housing



RESOLUTION No. 2019-3530

A RESOLUTION INITIATING AN AMENDMENT TO THE NEWBERG MUNICIPAL CODE, TITLE 15 DEVELOPMENT CODE TO CONSIDER MODIFYING THE RESIDENTIAL PARKING REQUIREMENTS FOR C-3 ZONED PROPERTY

RECITALS:

- 1. The City Council adopted Resolution 2016-3345 on December 5, 2016, which adopted the Newberg Downtown Improvement Plan (NDIP) as a guiding document for future planning efforts and investments downtown. The final version of the NDIP was completed on January 26, 2017.
- 2. According to the NDIP, existing parking within the C-3 zoning district is underutilized during peak hours, off-street parking was 47.3 percent occupied.
- 3. The 2016 Newberg Economic Development Strategy (NEDS) report outlines several strategy and action items that are related to modifying the residential parking requirements for downtown residential development within the C-3 zoning district.
- 4. The City of Newberg needs to evaluate its Development Code to ensure that both the NDIP and the NEDS are being implemented.

THE CITY OF NEWBERG RESOLVES AS FOLLOWS:

- 1. The City Council initiates an amendment to the Newberg Municipal Code, Title 15 Development Code to implement the NDIP and NEDS.
- 2. By initiating this amendment, the City Council does not commit to taking any specific action on the proposal. It only wishes to give the amendment full consideration by the Planning Commission and City Council in public hearings.

➤ EFFECTIVE DATE of this resolution is the day after the adoption date, which is: February 4, 2019. ADOPTED by the City Council of the City of Newberg, Oregon, this 4 th day of February, 2019.
Sue Ryan, City Recorder
ATTEST by the Mayor this 7 th day of February 2019.
Rick Rogers, Mayor

REQUEST FOR COUNCIL ACTION

DATE ACTION REQUESTED: February 4, 2019

Order	Ordinance	Resolution XX	Motion	Information
No.	No.	No. 2019-3531		
			Contact Person (I	Preparer) for this

SUBJECT: A Resolution initiating an amendment to the Newberg Municipal Code, Title 15 Development Code to remove the requirement for first floor commercial use along E Second Street Contact Person (Preparer) for this

Motion: Keith Leonard

Dept.: Community Development

File No.: DCA19-0003

RECOMMENDATION:

Adopt Resolution No. 2019-3531, initiating an amendment to the Newberg Municipal Code, Title 15 Development Code to remove first floor commercial use requirements in the first floor of buildings along E Second Street.

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY:

The City Council passed Resolution No. 2016-3345 on December 5, 2016, which adopted the 2016 Newberg Downtown Improvement Plan (NDIP) as a guiding document for future planning efforts and investments in downtown. Residential uses near downtowns tend to provide additional customer support for businesses. On page 29 of the NDIP it states "revise the C-3 zone to achieve the vision for these three streets (Hancock, First and Second Streets) as a mix of commercial, service and residential uses, with a heavier emphasis on residential along Second Street..." An amendment to modify commercial use requirements on the first floor along E Second Street would not prohibit a developer from building commercial space within a given development. Removing the requirement for commercial use on the first floor along E Second Street merely provides more flexibility for developers.

Section 15.305.020 Zoning Table footnote #5 currently states "the dwelling units must front onto Hancock or Second Street. No more than 30 percent of a single street frontage of a block may be occupied by residential uses. Contiguous residential street frontage must be less than 60 lineal feet. Density and parking standards for allowable dwelling units must be met."

The City Council is not asked to make a decision on these proposed changes at this time; only to initiate the amendment so that these proposed changes can be studied through the public hearing process. If the Council initiates the amendment then staff will prepare the specifics for a proposal. Staff will then schedule the item for a Planning Commission public hearing to make a recommendation. The Planning Commission recommendation would then be brought to the City Council for a public hearing and final decision.

FISCAL IMPACT:

No fiscal impact at this time.

STRATEGIC ASSESSMENT (RELATE TO COUNCIL PRIORITIES FROM SEPTEMBER 2017):

Goal 8: Encourage Affordable Housing

By modifying the commercial use requirement for first floors along E Second Street there is greater potential for developers to construct additional residential units within the downtown and the potential for additional affordable housing units. In turn, the existing businesses within the downtown may see additional customers frequenting their establishments.

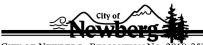
Goal 11: Implement Newberg Economic Development Strategy

The 2016 Newberg Economic Development Strategy (NEDS) Commercial Sector section is applicable. The NEDS has one strategy and three action items that are related to implementing the Newberg Downtown Improvement Plan (NDIP) and increasing downtown housing:

Strategy 2.1 Revitalization of Downtown Newberg

Action 6 – Implement the recommendations from the Newberg Downtown Improvement Plan Action 9 – On-going implementation of recommendations from the Newberg Downtown Improvement Plan

Action 11 – Increase downtown housing



RESOLUTION No. 2019-3531

A RESOLUTION INITIATING AN AMENDMENT TO THE NEWBERG MUNICIPAL CODE, TITLE 15 DEVELOPMENT CODE TO REMOVE THE REQUIREMENT FOR FIRST FLOOR COMMERCIAL USE ALONG E SECOND STREET

RECITALS:

- The City Council adopted Resolution 2016-3345 on December 5, 2016, which adopted the Newberg Downtown Improvement Plan (NDIP) as a guiding document for future planning efforts and investments downtown. The final version of the NDIP was completed on January 26, 2017. According to the 2016 NDIP there is a need to provide additional residential units along E Second Street.
- 2. The 2016 Newberg Economic Development Strategy (NEDS), adopted by Resolution No. 2016-3274, outlines one strategy and three action items that support providing additional housing units along E Second Street.
- 3. The City of Newberg needs to evaluate its Development Code to ensure that both the NDIP and the NEDS are being implemented.

THE CITY OF NEWBERG RESOLVES AS FOLLOWS:

- 1. The City Council initiates an amendment to the Newberg Municipal Code, Title 15 Development Code to implement the NDIP and NEDS.
- 2. By initiating this amendment, the City Council does not commit to taking any specific action on the proposal. It only wishes to give the amendment full consideration by the Planning Commission and City Council in public hearings.
- ➤ EFFECTIVE DATE of this resolution is the day after the adoption date, which is: February 5, 2019.

 ADOPTED by the City Council of the City of Newberg, Oregon, this 4th day of February, 2018.

 Sue Ryan, City Recorder

ATTEST by the Mayor this 7th day of February, 2019.

Rick Rogers, Mayor

REQUEST FOR COUNCILACTION

DATE ACTION REQUESTED: February 4th, 2019										
Order	Ordinance	Resolution	Motion	Information <u>XX</u>						
No.	No.	No.								
SUBJECT: Upd Program activiti	ate on Community ies	y Visioning	Contact Person (I Motion: Bayo Wa Dept.: Planning	-						

RECOMMENDATION: Information only

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY:

On December 17th, 13 community members were appointed to serve on the Community Visioning Advisory Committee. The Community Vision is a document that details a consensus of what Newberg's residents, employees, business owners and institutions would like Newberg to become over the next 20 years. It is coupled with an Action Plan, which is a timeline that outlines specific goals organizations in Newberg will complete to fulfill the Vision.

Two advisory committee meetings have taken place thus far, the first of which was an orientation to the project itself. After the meeting, one member removed herself from the committee due to other commitments. We are now in the process of acquiring a replacement. During the second meeting, we created a committee schedule for the duration of the project. We will meet every other week on Wednesdays at locations throughout the city for a total of 16 times. In addition, we have discussed changing the timeline to ensure that it is suitable for the size of our community and efficient. We also discussed the following documents (still in development):

- Community Profile (memo)
- Community Profile (infographic)
- Communications Plan
- Stakeholder Matrix

The Community Profile's purpose is to introduce community members to the resources and assets in Newberg and is designed to give an overview of the community as a whole. The memo format was the first created. In addition to this format, the Advisory Committee decided that a multi-page infographic as well as a trifold should be made. The Community Profile Infographic is a design sample and does not include all of the topics that will be covered. It is designed to be more accessible to the general public.

The Communications Plan outlines the outreach strategies to engage community members that will be implemented over the course of the project. It establishes a marketing timeline built around community events and various outreach activities. It includes presentations to various civic organizations, newsletter entries and segments given to local media.

The Stakeholder Matrix is a collection of all of the comments that were made during stakeholder

interviews and group sessions. This information will be used to determine the topics that the Vision and Action Plan will cover.

In addition to the Advisory Committee, there is a planning team made of city staff from various departments. The purpose of this team is two-fold: ensure alignment with local government operations and provide additional capacity for planning and facilitating events. The first meeting took place on January 17, 2019.

Lastly, there is Community Corps, which is made of volunteers that will also help plan and facilitate events. Most importantly, they will assist in drafting the Vision and Action Plan. The first Community Corps meeting was on January 24th at the Public Safety Meeting at 6:00pm. Like the Advisory Committee, the Community Corps will meet at different locations throughout Newberg as well.

The first community event is the A NewBERG Kick-off. The purpose of this event is to introduce the community to the project and to gather feedback on the foundational documents. This will provide the first piece of information that the Community Corps will use to begin creating vision ideas. This event will take place on February 5, 2019 in the Chehalem Cultural Center at 6:00pm.

FISCAL IMPACT:

The project is being funded through the Planning Budget in the General Fund. Specifically, \$23,500 has been budgeted for the Resource Assistance for Rural Environments (RARE) participant through Professional Services. The program provides a small match towards the participant's overall costs. Funds have also been budgeted in Planning for office equipment and costs for community forums.

STRATEGIC ASSESSMENT (RELATE TO COUNCIL PRIORITIES FROM SEPTEMBER 2017):

GOAL 12: Compete community visioning process and communication plan to engage Newberg residents.

Newberg Community Visioning STRATEGIC COMMUNICATION OBJECTIVES Phase Duration Stakeholders Lead(s) Tools Foundation - interview stakeholders to understand general community values, issues and Nov-Dec 2018 Community Presentations/Events, Newsletter, Newspaper, Direct Mail, Social current trends Media Envisioing Newberg's Preferred Future - Work with communitycorps to engage the Meetings Dec 2018-June 2019 community through public events Meetings, City Newsletter, Press Release, Action Planning - gather all of the data, put it into a plan to finalize the vision and its June-July 2019 corresponding action plan Direct Mail

Newberg Community Visioning Project

KEY MESSAGES

State the problem: A visioning project is a way for the community to participate in planning Newberg's future. The community of Newberg is growing very quickly and if we don't plan for the future, then it will become something that no one wants/so let's make sure the future looks bright.../bypass project completed, UGB expansion, population expansion, College expansion, businesses growing, tourism, mantener una communidad vibrant/state the problem, back it up with facts (population, commuters going to portland

2

The benefit of the plan: list of benefits the plan will have (how is this going to benefit me: "roadmap" to this preferred future, at the end of the project we will have a document that will outline specific goals that will provide a roadmap to how Newberg will transform into its desired future/it will provideThis is the opportunity for those affected by the decisions to be involved in the decision-making process by receiving and providing input throughout the entire process.

This commmuniyt visionin plan will

1. provides a roadmap to the Newberg's preferred future 2. provides us with a clear picture of the city's resources so we can identify priorities 3. unify/align/be on the same page/work in unison/diffierent sectors in Newberg to accomplish the vision within their respective sectors

3

Newberg residents will benefit by the following: 1. This is the opportunity for those affected by the decisions to be involved in the decision-making process by receiving and providing input throughout the entire process.

- 1. Public participation is based on the belief that those who are affected by a decision have a right to be involved in the decision-making process.
- 2. Public participation includes the promise that the public s contribution will influence the decision.
- 3. Public participation promotes sustainable decisions by recognizing and communicating the needs and interests of all participants, including decision makers.
- 4. Public participation seeks out and facilitates the involvement of those potentially affected by or interested in a decision.
- 5. Public participation seeks input from participants in designing how they participate.
- 6. Public participation provides participants with the information they need to participate in a meaningful way.
- 7. Public participation communicates to participants how their input affected the decision.

Phases	Sept-Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	June	July	Aug
Docs		6 23							
Forum 1			6 20 5						
Workshop 1	-			6 20 5 -				-	
Town Hall					3 17 16				
Workshop 2						1			
Forum 2							12 26 18		
Workshop 3								10 24 10	
Reveal Party									1
Advisory Co Event Document E	mmittee Mee Oraft/Final	ting				Superviso Dat Memb Dat	te: er:		

Phases	Sept-Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	June	July	Aug
Docs									
Forum 1			5						
Workshop 1				5					
Town Hall					2 16				
Workshop 2						14			
Forum 2							4 18		
Workshop 3								10	
Reveal Party									1
Event	ommunity Corps Meeting Supervisor: vent Date: ocument Draft/Final Member: Date:								

Phases	Sept-Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	June	July	Aug
Docs									
Forum 1		17	12 5						
Workshop 1				12 5					
Town Hall					9 16				
Workshop 2						14			
Forum 2							18		
Workshop 3								10	
Reveal Party								16	1
Event	Planning Team Meeting Event Document Draft/Final Date: Date: Date: Date:								

								_		_	_			_	_	_	_	_		$\overline{}$	_
Community Visioni	na																				
Community Visioni	i ig																				- 1
OUTREACH PLAN																				\neg	-
																				\rightarrow	_
Target Group Youth	Audience LGBTO NHS Student Club	Channel Meeting	Frequency Weekly	Date of Connected Events TRD	Desired Outcome Solicit opinions: Project awareness	_		_						_						-	_
Youth	Library Young Adults	Teen Art Club	Weekly	Fridays @ 3 PM	Solicit opinions; Project awareness Solicit opinions	_		_	\vdash	_			_	_		_			_	+	-
	Library Young Adults - Patrons	Bulletin Board (interactive)	Update as needed		Solicit opinions; Project awareness															-	-
	Social Media	Instagram		As needed	Project awareness															-	-
	Student Council Newberg High School	Meeting	Monthly	1st Wednesdays @ 8 AM	Solicit opinions; Project awareness																
	Videos	YouTube	Update as needed		Project awareness																
	Youth Outreach (YCAP)	Bulletin Board (interactive)	Update as needed	As needed	Solicit opinions																- 1
LGBTTQQIAAP (i.e. LGBTQ)	See LGBTQ NHS Student Club in Youth target of	group section																			
	PFLAG Newberg	Meeting	Monthly	Tuesdays Mid-Month	Solicit opinions; Project awareness					- 3											- 1
Local Businesses	Chehalem Chamber of Commerce	Email Newsletter	Weekly	Wednesdays?	Project awareness																
		Facebook Group	Update as needed	As needed	Project awareness																
	Community Group																				
	Newberg Downtown Association	Email Newsletter	Quarterly?	As needed	Project awareness		_	-	_	_	_								-	\rightarrow	_
at to according to	Young Professionals Group City Club	Meeting	Monthly	Last Monday @ 6 PM	Solicit opinions; Project awareness	_	_	_	_	_			_		_	_				+	_
Civic Organizations		Meeting Meeting	Biweekly Weekly	1st & 3rd Monday @ NOON	Project awareness Project awareness	 	_		_	_	_	_	-	_		_	-			+	\dashv
	Kiwannis	Meeting	Weekly	Thursdays @ NOON	Project awareness					_										-	-
	Newberg Service Integration Team (SIT)	Meeting	Monthly	1st Thursday @ 8:30 AM	Solicit opinions; Project awareness	1														\neg	-
	Newberg Veterans of Foreign Wars	Meeting	Weekly	Tuesdays @ 9 AM	Solicit opinions; Project awareness															\neg	
	/American Legion	-		-		1															
	Noon Rotary Club	Meeting	Weekly	Wednesdays @ NOON	Project awareness																
	Yamhill SIT	Email Newsletter	Monthly	1st of the Month (Submit 21st-	Project awareness																- 1
0.0.10	1.	TBD	TBD	25th previous mo.) TRD	1		-	-	\vdash	_	_		\vdash		_		-		-	+	_
Retired Community	Avernere Friendsview Community Connection	TBD Print Newsletter	TBD TBD	TBD TBD	Solicit opinions; Project awareness Project awareness			_	_	_	_		-	_		_			-	+	\dashv
	Friendsview Community Connection Friendsview eBlast	Print Newsletter Email Newsletter	IBD Biweekly	2x Month	Project awareness Project awareness				_		_		-	_		_	-		-	+	\dashv
	Friendsview Resident Association	Meeting	Monthly	3rd Monday	Solicit opinions; Project awareness	_														-	-
	Newberg Library Senior Book Club	Meeting	Monthly	3rd Wednesday @ 1 PM	Solicit opinions: Project awareness															\neg	\neg
Latino Community	Library Dia del Niño / Children's Day	Event	Annual	Last weekend in April	Solicit opinions: Project awareness																\neg
	Newberg School District Latino Parent Group	Meeting	Monthly	2nd Thursday @ 6 PM	Solicit opinions; Project awareness																
										-										\rightarrow	_
	St Peter's Catholic Church Spanish Service	TBD	Weekly	Sundays @ 12:30 PM	Project awareness														.		- 1
	St Peter's Catholic Church Bulletin	Print Newsletter	Weekly	Mondays	Project awareness	-	-	-	-	_				_		_				-	-1
	St Michael's Episcopalian Church Spanish	TBD TBD	Weekly	Sundays @ 10:30 AM	Solicit opinions; Project awareness	_		_		_				_	_	_			_	+	-
	Service	100	weeny	January e 10.30 Am	Solidi Opinidis, i rojeci unurciica														.		- 1
	Newberg Pre-K Latino Parents	Meeting	Monthly	TBD	Solicit opinions; Project awareness															\neg	\neg
	Newberg en Acción	Facebook Group	Update as needed	As needed	Project awareness																\neg
	Newberg School District Friday Folder	App / email	Weekly	Fridays	Project awareness																
	Ravs Produce Stand	Print Collateral	Update as needed		Proiect awareness					- 1											
	Panaderia Gonzalez Newberg Old Fashioned Festival Latino	Print Collateral Meeting	Update as needed Monthly	As needed TBD	Project awareness Solicit opinions: Project awareness														-	\rightarrow	_
	Stage Committee	Meeting	Monthly	IBD	Solicit opinions; Project awareness														. 1		- 1
	Sol Maya Mexican Store	Print Collateral	Update as needed	Accorded	Project awareness	_		_	-	_			_			_				+	-
Citwide	Camellia Festival	Event	Annual		Project awareness Project awareness				\vdash		-			_						+	\dashv
CITY INC.	City of Newberg Community Visionining	Email Newsletter	Monthly	TBD	Project awareness															-	-
	Interested Parties List																				!
	City of Newbera Employee News	Email Newsletter	Biweekly	As needed	Proiect awareness																
	City of Newberg Facebook Page	Facebook Page		As needed	Project awareness															\rightarrow	_
	City of Newberg Followers KLYC Radio 1260	Website TV: radio: online		As needed	Project awareness			-		_	_		_		_				-	\rightarrow	_
	Newberg Community Discussion Group	IV; radio; online Facebook Group	Update as needed Update as needed	As needed	Project awareness Project awareness									_		 _				\rightarrow	_
	Newberg Martin Luther King Day	Event	Annual	January 21, 2019 @ 6 PM	Project awareness					_			_		_	_			-	+	-
	Celebration Participants	Liun	Periodi	Amount y 21, 2017 W OFM	Tojou awareness					- 1	- 1					- 1			.	- 1	- 1
	Newberg Old Fashioned Festival	Facebook Page	Update as needed	As needed	Project awareness											-				\rightarrow	\dashv
	Newberg Public Library	Facebook Page	Update as needed	As needed	Project awareness																\neg
	Newberg-Dundee Citizens Info Group	Facebook Group	Update as needed	As needed	Project awareness																
	The Newberg Graphic Local Newspaper	Print; online		As needed	Project awareness															\rightarrow	_
Children	City of Newberg Public Works Day	Event	Annual	June 2019	Solicit opinions; Project awareness	-	-	-	\vdash		_		\vdash	_		_			-	+	_
l	Elementary School Carnivals	Event	TBD	TBD	Solicit opinions: Project awareness	-	-	_	-		_		-			_			-	+	\dashv
	Mi Escuelita Day Care/School Newberg Dual Language Program	Event Event	TBD	As needed As needed	Solicit opinions; Project awareness Solicit opinions; Project awareness	 			_	_	_			_		_	_		-	+	\dashv
	Newberg Dual Language Program Newberg Library Storytimes	Event	Weekly	As needed	Solicit opinions; Project awareness Solicit opinions; Project awareness	t					-			-		-				+	\dashv
	The same of the sa				CINDATA, 1 TOPOLE BRISE CHESS															-	\neg
																					_
																					\Box
								_	-				-						$\overline{}$	_	_
					-	-		-		- 1									\rightarrow	\rightarrow	_
						+	-	_	_	_	_		-	_	_	_			-	+	-
					L.															_	

Community Visioning

OUTREACH TIMELINE

OUTREACH	HIMELINE						
Public Survey	Recurring	Community	Media Event	Vision Events	Newberg City	Project Deadline	
	Advertizing	Events	Advertising		Council Meeting	Š	
	Paper Newsletter	Halloween	<u> </u>		Phase I		
	Monthly (Jan-July)	11/30/2018			1/7/2019		
Forum #1	E-Newsletter	Tree Lighting	Forum #1	Forum #1	Forum #1		
1/15/2019	Monthly (Jan-July)	12/1/2019	12/17/2018	1/14/2019	1/21/2019		DDDO IEOT
Workshop #2	Chamber	MLK Day	Workshop #1	Workshop #1	Workshop #1	Final	PRPOJECT
2/5/2019	Bimontly (Jan-July)	1/21/2019	1/21/2019	2/4/2019	2/18/2019	decuments	
Town Hall	PSA	Truffel Festival	Town Hall	Town Hall	Phase II	documents	ENDS
3/5/2019	Monthly (Jan-July)	Feb 15-17	2/11/2019	3/4/2019	3/18/2019	due for City	
Workshop #2	Kids View	Camelia Festival	Workshop #2	Workshop #2	Workshop #2		8/19/2019
4/2/2019	12/15/2018	4/13/2019	3/18/2019	4/1/2019	4/15/2019	Council	0/17/2017
Forum #2	Picture Newberg	Taste Dundee	Forum #2	Forum #2	Forum #2		
5/1/2019	11/30/2019	April 2019	4/15/2019	4/29/2019	5/13/2019	(07/31/19)	
Workshop #3	Videography		Workshop #3	Workshop #3	Workshop #3		
5/28/2019			5/13/2019	5/27/2019	6/17/2019		
Forum #3			Forum #3	Forum #3	Phase III		
6/25/2019			6/10/2019	6/24/2019	7/15/2019		

Social Fabric		Leadership	
High social engagement (people realy care, generous, active faith com)	9	chamber advocates real issues (housing, homelessness)	
Low income (LI) populations (homeless men/youth/housed but poor families)	6	strong municipal/staff	3
Latin American, migrant communities/People of Color	6	Strong, rising new/young leadership	3
Queer community	5	strong council support generally	
Mobility issues/elderly	3	DT Association has unified vision	
Mental Health	2	Austin family	
Youth	2	Lack of interconnectivity (public, private, nonprofit) - working in silos	4
Those with substance abuse issues		poor connectedness with other county towns	
Woman facing domestic abuse		Lack of diversity in leadership (unsure if formal leaders want to change strucutres)	5
more support for local events (com pride/self-celebration), especially other cultural groups	4	government slow to respond to biz needs	
good foundational bones for social/physical growth		more equitable taxing, budgeting structures	4
high event participation		NPS poor communication with community	
Old vs new residents (economic split, UGB expansion)	7	lack of collaboration between orgs	2
LI/migrants leaving, breaking social networks	2	GFU can play larger role in com	2
NIMBY-ism events, social structures cater to white audience (social events, religious)		small town (old boys club, grudges)	
NPS budget issues villification of those in need people don't know how to participate	2		
Southside hidden social issues (poverty, substance abuse)	3 2		

Local government government lack of understanding of biz needs	2	Physical Assets Riverfront
City has proactive approach to econ dev		Providence Hospital
government lack of understanding of biz needs poor government efficiency (time)	2	Newberg Center
housing barriers (permit/building costs)	4	
more equitable taxing, budgeting structures	4	
Lack of trust of government	3	
Poor communication between city and community (location, structure of meetings) A few people, especially in govt play multiple roles (planning, econ dev) while a structure would ensure that others share weight	3	
local government should become more customer oriented		

Diversity events, social structures cater to white audience (social events, religious)		Economy A-dec	
Attractive to people of diverse backgrounds, welcoming to all	2	Allison, wine industry	3
		small biz, restaurants	
		Strong relationships & informal agreements between people in regional econ dev orgs	
		Lots of econ dev forward momentum/opportunity City has proactive approach to econ dev	2
		Lack of affordable housing options don't match needs of local biz's workforce, constricting employment	8
		government lack of understanding of biz needs	2
		Distance from I-5 (close but not really close)	
			2
		no industrial land (biz more to grow)	3
		poor government efficiency (time)	
		Difficulty supporting local DT retail	

Town Identity/Marketing		Built Environment/Infrastructure		
Not PDX, not rural (distinct location with gap between other towns)	8	Lack of clear nucleus (city center)		
Small town charm (people know each other)	7	housing barriers (permit/building costs)	4	
GFU/college town Safe and family oriented	6 5	becoming more urban/suburban/ populated (loss of small town feel) lack of public transit	5	
Beautiful, bucolic	2	Difficulty to fund infrastructure for growth,	5	
Agriculture/fertile land/com gardens	4	esp in LI neighborhoods Traffic	4	
Identity in flux	2	Southside	3	
Progressive		Not physically attractive	2	
rich history				
marketing small town (conservative), wine country (luxurious)	2			
sense of community waning				

Culture Edwards Elementary/Schools		Recreation Imenities; don't have to leave	2
Cultural Center		nore destinations/gathering space/retail piz, esp DT	7
Library	2 n	nany activities place focus on wine	
Drive-in Theater		events, social structures cater to white audience (social events, religious)	
amenities; don't have to leave	2		
Strong Latin American community			
events, social structures cater to white audience (social events, religious)			

Institutional Assets Providence Hospital

2

Newberg Center

Austin family



2019

Newberg Community Profile

WHAT'S IN OUR FUTURE?



Affordable housing



More jobs



PROUD PAST, FLOURISHING FUTURE

LET'S DECIDE NOW!

DEMOGRAPHICS



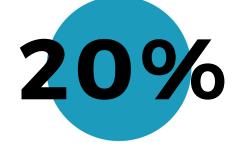
With 23,795 residents, Newberg is growing faster than the county, Portland Metro Area, and the State



The median age, which is over 6 years younger than the state's



Residents who identify as "White, non-Hispanic or Latino," which is 3% less than in state



1 in 5 Newberg Public School students who identify as "Hispanic or Latino for the last 5 years

296

The Cultural Center plans to build a culinary studio, conference center and a movement studio



As a boy, not only did Herbert Hoover, 31st U.S. President, live in Newberg, but he lived with his aunt and uncle, who was the first superintendent of now-George Fox University.

NEWBERG PUBLIC LIBRARY



- 300,000 loaned books in 2017
- 500-1,000 daily visitors
- 400+ events
- Book releases
- STEM program
- Hispanic Heritage Month
- Home book delivery

Yamhill County cultural institutions earned \$45

HERITAGE HISTORY CULTURE ARTS



- Art gallery and exhibition hall
- 3 art classrooms
- Clay studio
- Music recording studio
- Ballroom

million in 2018 alone

ECONOMIC STABILITY

Those who identify as Some Other Race and Black are at the highest risk of poverty by far. Because Spanish is the 2nd-most spoken language, Latin Americans probably makes up most of Some Other Race. Because Whites make up most of the population, most residents living in poverty are White (63.7%), followed by Latin Americans (32%). You would expect food insecurity and crime to increase with poverty. But even though our poverty rates are above average, we are still one of the safest cities in the state.

THIS IS A COMMUNITY THAT TAKES CARE OF ITS OWN.



STUDENTS WITH FREE/REDUCED LUNCH



FOOD SECURITY COUNTY RANKING

6TH SAFEST IN STATE



CITY SAFETY RANKING

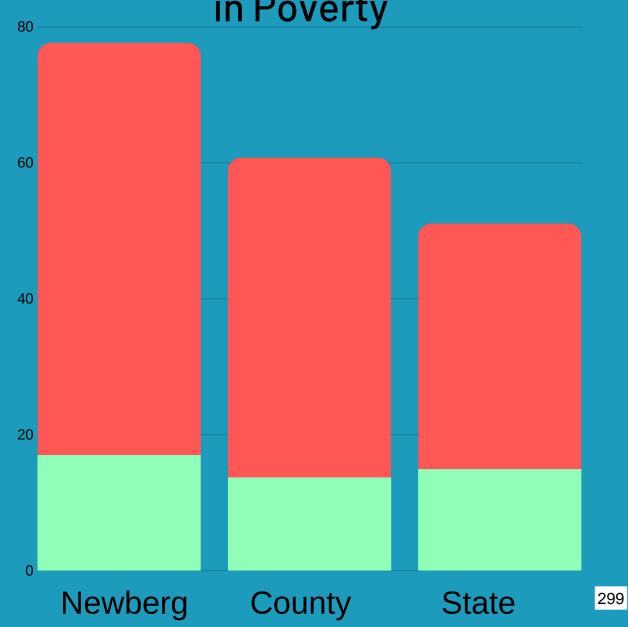
INCLUDES NEWBERG
AND DUNDEE

Percentage of Single Mothers in Poverty

WHILE THE PERCENTAGE
OF SINGLE MOTHERS
LIVING IN POVERTY
DROPPED 10% LAST
YEAR, IT IS STILL VERY
HIGH



Residents Overall



Council Meeting Roll Call & Voting Log

Meeting Date: 2/4/19 Start Time: 6:00 p.m. End Time: 8:51 p.m.

Roll Call

√Councilor Findley	√Joe Hannan, CM
Councilor Bacon	✓Truman Stone, CA
√Mayor Rogers	✓ Sue Ryan, CR
√Councilor Curtis Gemeroy	✓ Doug Rux, CDD
Councilor Corey	√ Brian Casey, PD
✓Councilor Yarnell Hollamon	√ Leah Griffith, Library
Councilor Johnson	✓_ Matt Zook, FD
	√ Caleb Lippard, AFD
	√Dan Keuler, SA
	✓Keith Leonard, Planner
	√Keshia Owens, Planner

Voting – see additional pages as needed

	Accept Auditor report	Riverfront Committee Appointment – Casey Kulla, YHCO	Housing Needs Committee Appointment – Jack Kriz
Findley	Yes	Yes	Yes
Bacon	Absent	Absent	Absent
Rogers	Yes	Yes	Yes
Curtis Gemeroy	Yes	Yes	Yes
Corey	Absent	Absent	Absent
Yarnell Hollamon	Yes	Yes	Yes
Johnson	Yes	Yes	Yes
	Johnson/Curtis Gemeroy	Findley/Johnson	Johnson/Curtis Gemeroy
	Yes - 5	Yes - 5	Yes - 5
	No - 0	No - 0	No - 0
	Absent - 2	Absent - 2	Absent - 2

2/4/19 continued	Community	Consent	Res 3523	Res 3529
	Visioning Advisory	Res 3528 –	Initiate DCA for	Initiate DCA for
	Committee	Kittleson &	duplexes &	Vertical Housing
	appointment –	Associates	triplexes	
	Lynn Montoya	Res 3535 change		
	Quinn -PCC	order Sabre		
		Industries		
Findley	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Bacon	Absent	Absent	Absent	Absent
Rogers	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Curtis Gemeroy	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Corey	Absent	Absent	Absent	Absent
Yarnell Hollamon	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Johnson	Yes	Yes	No	Yes
	Johnson/Yarnell	Johnson/Curtis	Rogers/Yarnell	Johnson/Curtis
	Hollamon	Gemeroy	Hollamon	Gemeroy
	Yes - 5	Yes - 5	Yes - 4	Yes - 5
	No - 0	No - 0	No - 1	No - 0
	Absent - 2	Absent - 2	Absent - 2	Absent - 2
2/1/12	D. 2520	D - 2524	l Comment	
2/4/19 continued	Res 3530	Res 3531	Council	
	Initiate DCA for	Initiate DCA for	Committee	
	Residential	commercial space	Assignments	
	parking	requirements for		
	downtown	residential		
Finalla	Vac	downtown	Vac	
Findley	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Bacon	Absent	Absent	Absent	
Rogers	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Curtis Gemeroy	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Corey	Absent	Absent	Absent	
Yarnell Hollamon	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Johnson	Yes	Yes	Yes	
		/	I D /: 1	· ·

Johnson/Findley

Yes - 5

No - 0

Absent - 2

Rogers/Johnson

Yes - 5

No - 0

Absent - 2

Johnson/Yarnell

Hollamon

Yes - 5

Absent - 2

No - 0