

LANE TRANSIT DISTRICT BOARD OF DIRECTORS SPECIAL MEETING

Wednesday, May 27, 2020 5:30 – 6:30 p.m.

VIRTUAL MEETING

Zoom details will be provided on the web calendar at www.LTD.org.

No public testimony will be heard at this meeting.

AGENDA

<u>Time</u>		<u>ITEM</u>	Page					
5:30 p.m.	I.	CALL TO ORDER						
	II.	ROLL CALL						
		 □ Carl Yeh (President) □ Don Nordin (Treasurer) □ Caitlin Vargas □ Steven Yett □ Emily Secord 						
	III.	COMMENTS FROM BOARD PRESIDENT						
		This agenda item provides an opportunity for the Board president to formally communicate with the Board on any current topics or items that may need consideration.						
	IV.	COMMENTS FROM THE GENERAL MANAGER						
		This agenda item provides an opportunity for the general manager to formally communicate with the Board on any current topics or items that may need consideration.						
	V.	ANNOUNCEMENTS AND ADDITIONS TO AGENDA						
		This agenda item provides a formal opportunity for the Board president to announce additions to the agenda, and also for Board members to make announcements.						
5:35 p.m.	VI.	I. PUBLIC HEARING: Proposed FY20 Supplemental Budget [Christina Shew]						
		Staff Presentation						
		 Opening of Public Hearing by Board President Public Testimony - Please note the following instructions: 						
		To indicate that you would like to provide testimony, please use the raise your hand button.						
		 For those attending via phone only, press *9 on your phone to raise your hand. 						
		When it is your time to speak, your name will be called.						
		 For those attending via phone only, the last four (4) digits of your phone number will be called. 						
		 Please state your name, city of residence, and who you are representing for the audio record. 						
		 Once you have provided testimony, your hand will be lowered. Please do not raise your hand again. Only one opportunity to speak is provided. 						
		 For those unable or not wanting to speak publicly, testimony may be provided via e-mail at <u>clerk@ltd.org</u>. 						
		 Public testimony is limited to three (3) minutes per community member. A timer will be displayed on the screen and will beep when the three (3) minutes is up. 						

4. Closing of Public Hearing

5. Board Comments and Questions

Time
5:45 p.m. VII. PUBLIC HEARING: Proposed FY21 Budget
10

5:45 p.m. VII. PUBLIC HEARING: Proposed FY21 Budget [John Ahlen/Christina Shew]

hn Ahlen/Christina Shew]

- 1. Staff Presentation
- 2. Opening of Public Hearing by Board President
- 3. Public Testimony Please note the following instructions:
 - To indicate that you would like to provide testimony, please use the raise your hand button.
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- 4. Closing of Public Hearing
- 5. Board Comments and Questions

6:15 p.m. VIII. RIDERSHIP AND OPERATIONS UPDATE: Materials Included

[Tom Schwetz]

Action Needed: None. Information Only

6:30 p.m. VIII. ADJOURNMENT

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AGENDA ITEM SUMMARY

DATE OF MEETING: May 27, 2020

ITEM TITLE: PUBLIC HEARING: PROPOSED FISCAL YEAR 2019-2020 SUPPLEMENTAL

BUDGET - MEDICAID FUND

PRESENTER: Christina Shew, Director of Finance

DIRECTOR: Aurora Jackson, General Manager

ACTION REQUESTED: Public Hearing

<u>PURPOSE</u>: To request that the Board of Directors hold a public hearing for the proposed Fiscal Year 2019-2020 Supplemental Budget for the Medicaid Fund in accordance with ORS 294.473.

<u>HISTORY</u>: Annually in May or June, the LTD Board adopts a budget for each of its five (5) funds. The budget for each fund reflects LTD's financial plan for the fiscal year that starts every July 1 and ends every June 30. The budget is reviewed and approved by the LTD Budget Committee (the LTD Board plus an equal number of citizen electors), who provide a recommendation to the Board of Directors to adopt the budget as presented, or as amended, on or before June 30 of every year. Each of the five (5) funds have their own budget and the resources and expenditures within those funds must balance (resources >= expenditures) in order for the budget to be adopted. The budget adopted by the LTD Board of Directors creates the authority for LTD to spend public money.

The adopted budget reflects input from the LTD Budget Committee and the public. It is based on LTD's good faith estimate of expected resources and expenditures for the year. Because the budget is based on estimates, Oregon Local Budget Law allows for changes after the budget is adopted known as a "supplemental budget" (ORS 294.473). Supplemental budgets are required for transfers and expenditures that expect to exceed the adopted budget by greater than 10 percent. The last time the LTD Board of Directors adopted a supplemental budget was March 20, 2019.

Monthly, LTD reviews actual expenditures and forecasts whether any expenditures are at risk of exceeding the adopted budget. The below risks were identified to the Fiscal Year 2019-2020 Budget:

- 1. Medicaid Fund: Expenditures are forecasted to exceed budget by \$1.5 million as a result of increases in Trillium and Pacific Source Medicaid medical service volume increases and nonemergency medical provider service cost increases from increased OAR 410-141-3920 410-141-3965 requirements which became effective January 1, 2020. LTD is contractually obligated to provide non-emergent transportation services based on the least-cost, most-appropriate mode of transport for all eligible trips, for all eligible individuals for the Coordinated Care Organizations (CCO) coordinating services for OHP members primarily within Lane County. These include trips within and outside of our region. LTD requests that CCO's reimburse 100% of the costs to provide non-emergency medical services. Increased costs resulting from additional OAR requirements are intended to be covered through negotiated administrative state reimbursement rates.
- Medicaid Fund: In January 2020, the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) was issued. The FY20
 Medicaid Fund had a beginning working capital assumption of \$132,000, but the CAFR actual beginning
 working capital was only \$5,831. The difference between the actual and estimate is due to timing of
 reimbursements for negotiated administrative costs and claims reimbursements which every year is a
 challenge to predict.

The two risks identified above require a request for a public hearing and a supplemental budget in order to comply with Oregon Local Budget Law. The Fiscal Year 2019-2020 Supplemental Budget request is summarized below:

Medicaid Fund:

- Increase the budgeted expenditures by \$1,467,400, which results in an amended expenditure budget of \$13,578,609. This increase in expenditures is planned to be offset by increases in claims reimbursements from Trillium and Pacific Source.
- Increase the transfer from the General Fund by \$188,000 to cover lower than budgeted beginning working
 capital fund balance and to increase the working capital operating reserve, which covers any gap period
 while awaiting reimbursement from CCOs or the State. While LTD works to recover as close to 100% of
 costs through the CCOs, LTD also has been willing to provide some funding to support the value of the
 service coordination to the community through the one-call center.
- There are no other budget changes to the Medicaid Fund expenditures, transfers, or reserves, and with these changes the Medicaid Fund is in balance.

RECOMMENDATION: In alignment with Oregon Local Budget Law, staff recommend that the Board hold a public hearing regarding the supplemental budget for the Medicaid Fund for the fiscal year 2019-2020, which increases the appropriated expenditures and transfers. Supplemental budget details are summarized below:

- Medicaid Fund expenditure increase of \$1,888,850 resulting in a total expenditure budget of \$13,498,775
- General Fund transfer increase of \$188,000, which results in an amended transfer out to the Medicaid Fund of \$413,003

ALTERNATIVES:

- 1. Postpone the public hearing to the June Board meeting.
- 2. Postpone the public hearing to an alternate date at a special Board meeting.

NEXT STEPS:

- Adopt the Fiscal Year 2019-2020 Supplemental Budget as presented [amended].
- In alignment with Oregon Local Budget Law, staff will follow the required reporting.

SUPPORTING DOCUMENTATION:

- 1) FY19-20 Proposed Supplemental Budget Medicaid Fund
- 2) Fiscal Year 2019-2020 Adopted Budget https://www.ltd.org/annual-budget/

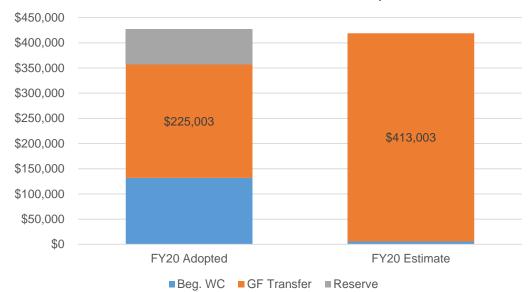
PROPOSED MOTION: N/A



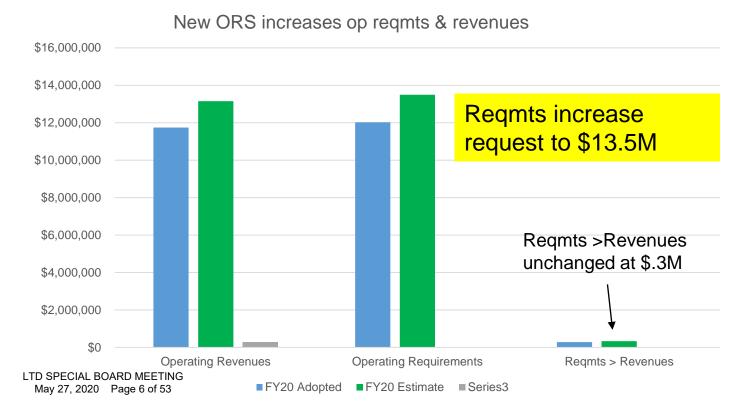


FY20 Medicaid Fund Budget

FY20 GF Transfer increase request



Increase in GF transfer to \$413K is due to lower beginning working capital than adopted



Proposed Appropriations

	FY2019-20 opted Budget	FY20 Proposed Supplemental Budget		
General Fund - operating Transit Services Operating Contingency Operating Reserve - Not appropriated	\$ 60,735,570 51,339,141 500,000 8,896,429	\$	60,735,570 51,339,141 500,000 8,896,429	
General Fund - non-operating Transfer to Specialized Services Fund Transfer to Medicaid Fund Transfer to Point2Point Fund Transfer to Capital Projects Fund	\$ 3,236,215 3,011,212 225,003 -	\$	3,424,215 3,011,212 413,003 -	
Specialized Services Fund Transit services Operating Contingency Operating Reserve - Not appropriated	\$ 9,649,438 9,187,018 0 462,420	\$	9,649,438 9,187,018 0 462,420	
Medicaid Fund Transit services Operating Contingency Operating Reserve - Not appropriated	\$ 12,101,233 12,031,375 0 69,858	\$	13,578,609 13,498,775 0 79,834	
Point 2 Point Fund Transit services Operating Contingency Operating Reserve - Not appropriated	\$ 1,631,320 1,354,716 244,604 32,000	\$	1,631,320 1,354,716 244,604 32,000	
Capital Projects Fund Transit investments Reserve for future capital - not appropriated	\$ 26,946,146 17,009,803 9,936,343	\$	26,946,146 17,009,803 9,936,343	
TOTAL FY2020-21 Proposed Appropriation TOTAL FY2020WEITH Oposed Reserve - not appropriated May 27, 2020 Page 7 of 53 Total FY2020-21 Total	\$ 94,902,872 19,397,050 114,299,922	\$	96,313,668 19,407,026 115,720,694	

Actions

Today's Options:

 Request to approve the Proposed Fiscal Year 2019-2020 Supplemental Budget – Medicaid Fund as presented [amended].

Future:

- Board will hold a public hearing at the May 27 special Board meeting.
- Based on feedback from the Budget Committee and Board of Directors, any necessary revisions will be made.
- Board will adopt the Proposed Fiscal Year 2019-2020 Supplemental Budget –
 Medicaid Fund by resolution at the June 24 special Board meeting.









AGENDA ITEM SUMMARY

DATE OF MEETING: May 27, 2020

ITEM TITLE: PROPOSED FISCAL YEAR 2020-2021 ANNUAL BUDGET

PRESENTER: Christina Shew, Director of Finance

DIRECTOR: Aurora Jackson, General Manager

ACTION REQUESTED: Public Hearing

<u>PURPOSE</u>: To request that the Board of Directors hold a public hearing for the Fiscal Year 2020-2021 (FY21) proposed Budget in accordance with ORS 294.453.

<u>HISTORY</u>: In accordance with ORS 294.408, the Board of Directors must adopt a budget for each of its five (5) funds by the close of the current fiscal year. For LTD, the fiscal year ends on June 30, 2020.

Oregon Budget Law is designed to encourage citizen involvement in the control and expenditure of public funds. Therefore, prior to adoption, the proposed budget must: 1) Be reviewed and approved by a Budget Committee as presented or amended (ORS 294.414); 2) Have a public hearing on the Budget Committee approved budget (ORS 294.453); and 3) self-balance (resources>= expenditure) by fund (OAR 150-294.352(1)-(A).

The proposed Budget for FY21 was posted for public comment on Saturday, April 25, 2020. The Budget Committee questioned, reviewed, and provided its recommendation to the Board on the proposed budget on May 18, 2020. A financial summary and Notice of Budget Hearing (form LB-1) was published on May 21, 2020, in accordance with ORS 294.438.

An overview and the highlights of the Budget and the Budget Committee's recommendation will be presented at the May 27, 2020, Board of Directors meeting. A link to this presentation will be posted to the LTD website prior to the May 27, 2020, Board meeting, but after the May 18, 2020, Budget Committee meeting.

<u>CONSIDERATIONS</u>: In alignment with Oregon Local Budget Law, staff recommend that the Board hold a public hearing regarding the FY21 proposed budget. Budget details are posted on the LTD website.

ALTERNATIVES:

- The Board may postpone the public hearing on the FY21 proposed Budget to an alternate date on or before FY21 budget adoption.
- The Board may hold a public hearing on the FY21 proposed Budget and request a second public hearing on or before the FY21 Budget adoption.

NEXT STEPS:

- Staff will update the FY21 proposed Budget with input from 1) the Budget Committee and 2) the Board of Directors.
- Staff will be requesting Board adoption of the FY21 budget as presented or amended at the June 24, 2020, Board of Directors meeting. Adoption by the Board of Directors creates the authority for LTD to spend public money effective July 1, 2020.
- After FY21 Budget adoption, staff will file the FY21 with the State of Oregon, as required by Oregon Budget Law, and the new budget will become the FY21 business plan beginning July 1, 2020.

SUPPORTING DOCUMENTATION:

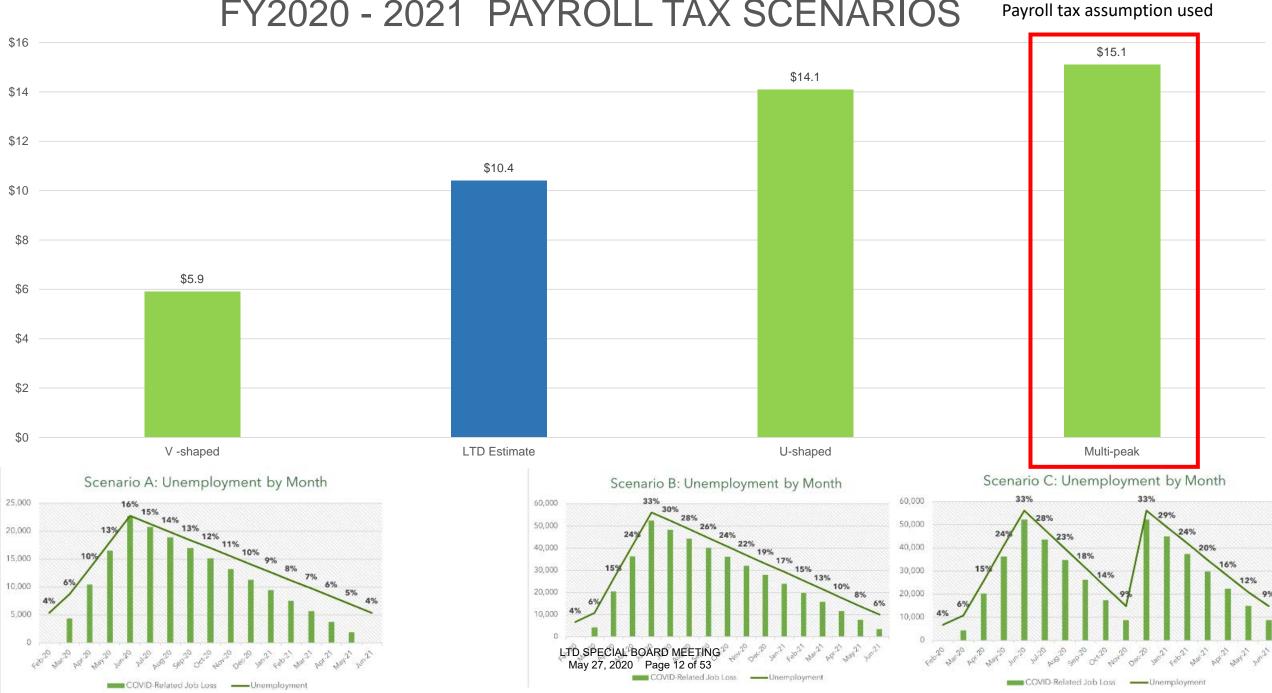
- 1) FY2020-2021 Proposed Budget Presentation
- 2) Budget Committee Follow Up User Revenue Projections
- 3) FY21 Proposed Budget https://www.ltd.org/annual-budget/
- 4) FY21 Budget highlights and overview https://www.ltd.org/annual-budget/

PROPOSED MOTION: N/A





FY2020 - 2021 PAYROLL TAX SCENARIOS



LTD BOARD OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSES TO THE ECONOMIC UNCERTAINTY*

"We need to be making decisions with the long-term vision in mind" – Josh Skov

"V-shape is too optimistic and the LTD estimate is too optimistic" - Kate Reid

"Size our budget to the community needs and our budget" - Carl Yeh

"We should be looking at the U and multi-peak scenarios" - Caitlin Vargas

"This is potentially an opportunity to adjust everything" - Don Nordin

"It will take awhile to build ridership back up" – Josh Skov

"Use the CARES Act money to supplant local funds" – Emily Secord

FINANCIAL RESOURCES

The Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act:

- \$25 million for LTD of which \$16.5M is proposed to be used in FY20-21
- No Local Match required
- Utilize Federal grants process to apply for funds
- May be used to support Operational, Capital, & other expenses
- May be applied to costs incurred as far back as January 20, 2020
- Funds do not expire

Continued State and Federal Lobbying efforts:

- Remove restrictions on use of Statewide Transportation Improvement Fund (STIF)
- Additional Federal relief for extended economic downturn

KEY FACTORS

Service Levels:

- </= 254,000 revenue service hours to contain cost
- Alternative service models to safely serve essential trip needs

CARES Act Funds:

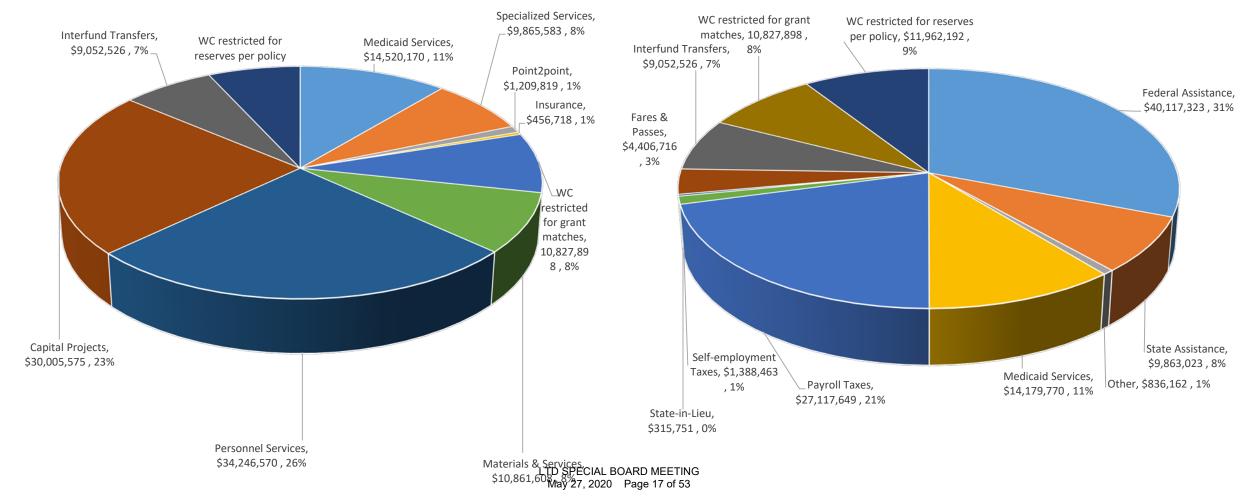
- COVID-19 related Material and Service Expenditures
- COVID-19 related Personnel costs
- Recover COVID-19 related decreases in the Pension fund
- Recover COVID-19 related revenue loss

FISCAL YEAR 2020-2021 PROPOSED BUDGET

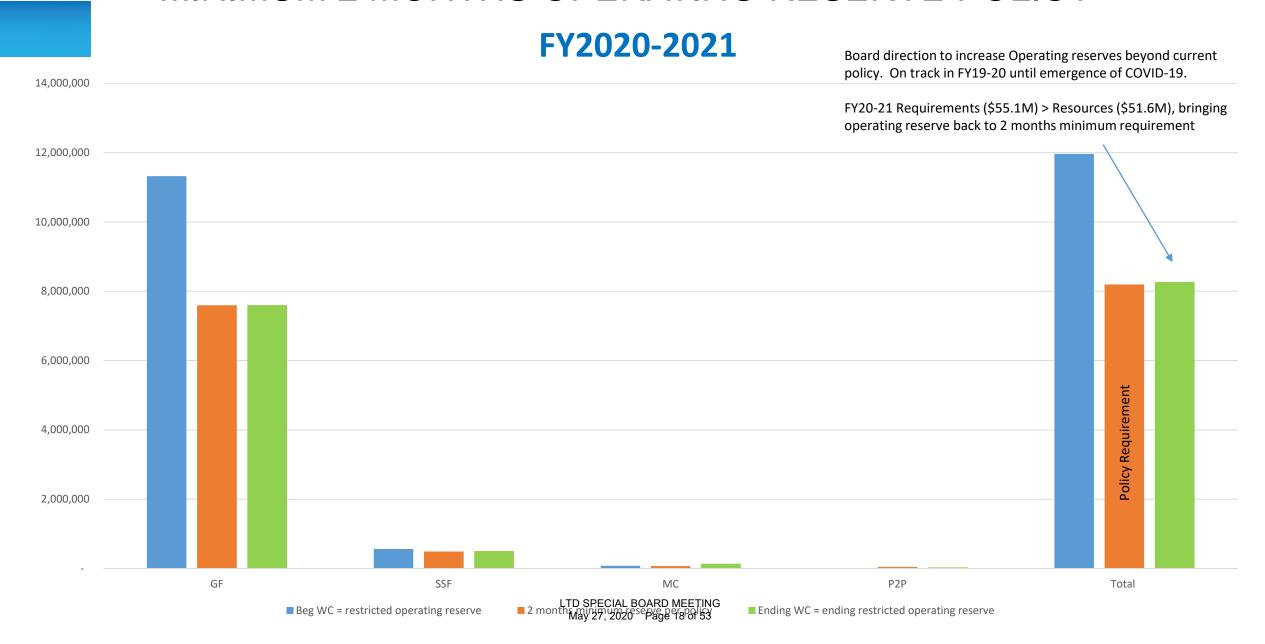
ALL FUNDS RESOURCES & REQUIREMENTS



All Funds Total Resources \$130,067,472



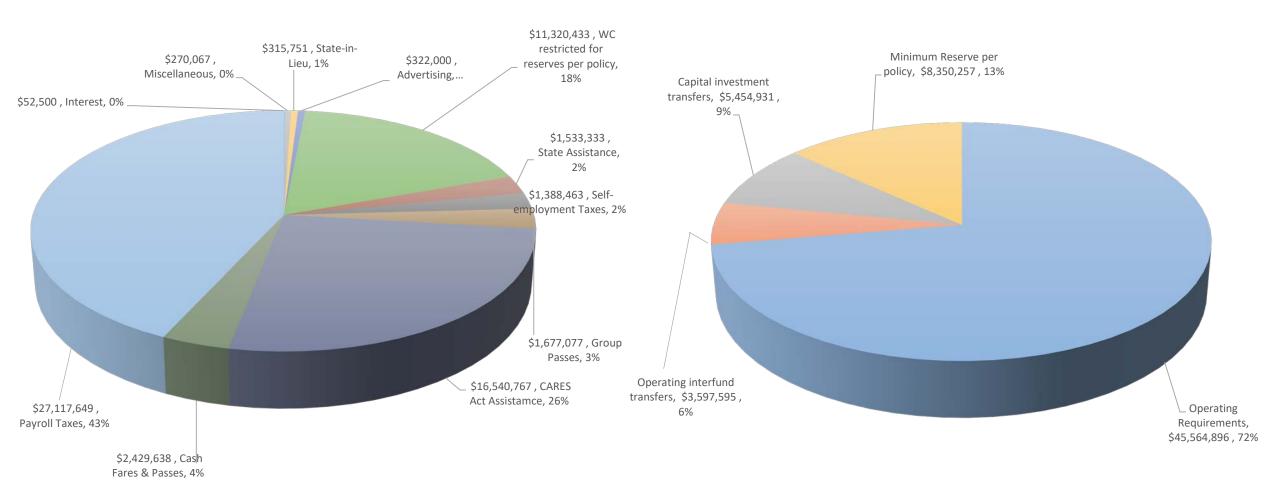
MINIMUM 2 MONTHS OPERATING RESERVE POLICY



GENERAL FUND BUDGET

Total General Fund Resources \$62,967,678

Total General Fund Requirements \$62,967,678



GENERAL FUND - PERSONNEL SERVICES

Amalgamated Transit Union:

- Personnel Reductions
- Contractual wage increases*:
 - July 1, 2020: 2%
 - January 1, 2021: 1.5%

Administrative Staff:

- Personnel Reductions
- Furlough Days

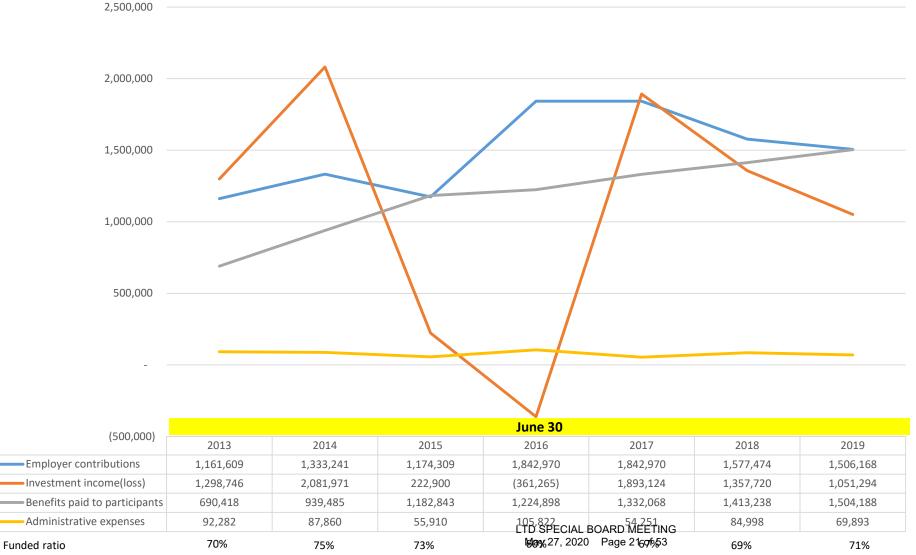
Medical:

• 7% rate increase January 1, 2021.

^{*}Contract ends June 30, 2021

GENERAL FUND - PENSION FUNDING

Retirement - Administrative Employees (Closed Plan)



Current Reality:

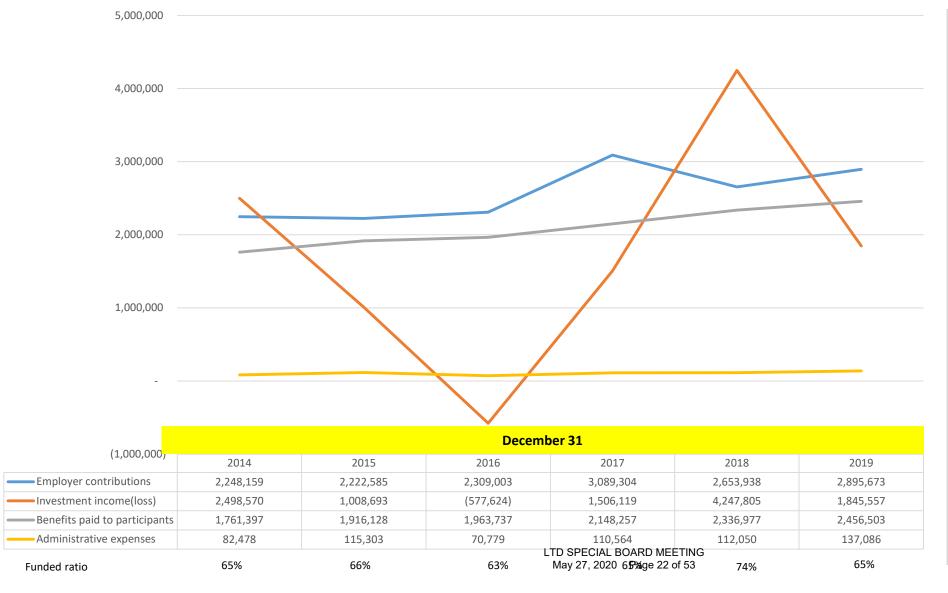
March 2020 CYTD return= -16.20% (\$3.4M loss)

Funded ratio factors:

- Investment income drop in FY16
- Increased retirees receiving benefits (up 10)
- Decrease in active employees contributing to the plan
- Discount rate reduced to 5.5% (from 6.25%), increasing the pension liability by \$2M

GENERAL FUND - PENSION FUNDING

ATU Plan Trends



Current Reality:

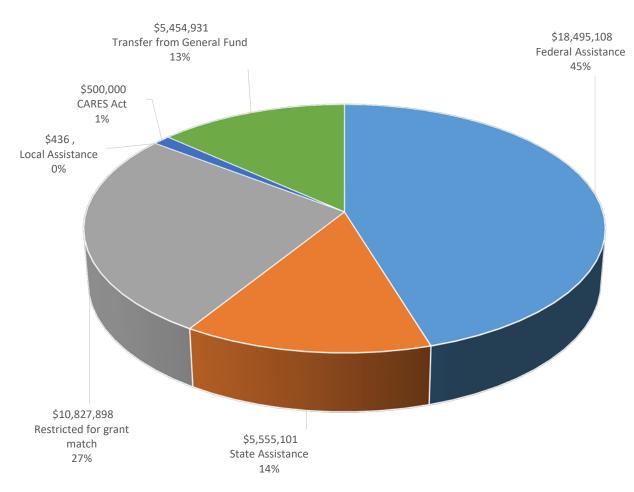
March 2020 CYTD return
 = -16.22% (\$5.3M loss)

Funded ratio factors:

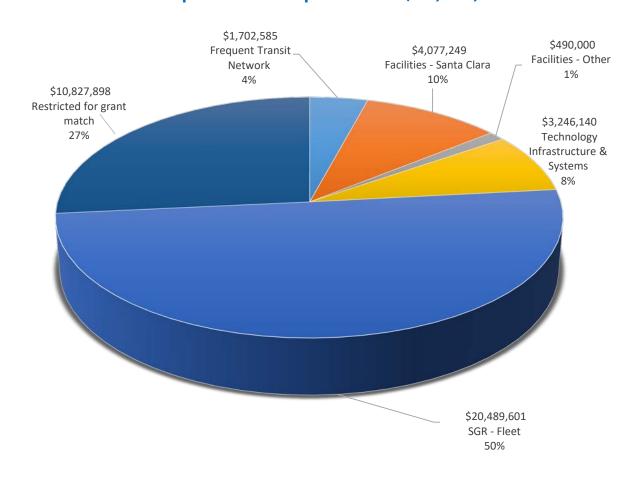
- \$0.6M Investment income drop in FY17 (CY 2016)
- Discount rate reduced to 5.75% (from 6.50%), increasing the pension liability by >\$3M

CAPITAL FUND BUDGET

Total Capital Fund Resources \$40,833,473



Total Capital Fund Requirements \$40,833,473

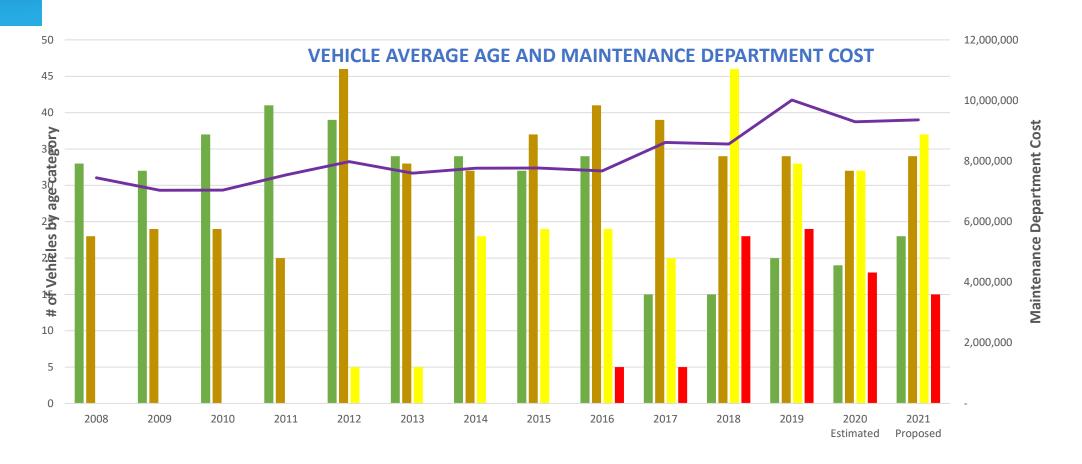


CAPITAL FUND BUDGET HIGHLIGHTS

- All projects included in this fund were in the FY2020-2029 Community Investment Plan, with one exception:
 - Planning Studies (\$544K)
- \$5.5M General Fund transfer represents the grant match requirements for FY21 projects
- \$10.8M WC restricted for grant match for projects continuing past FY21

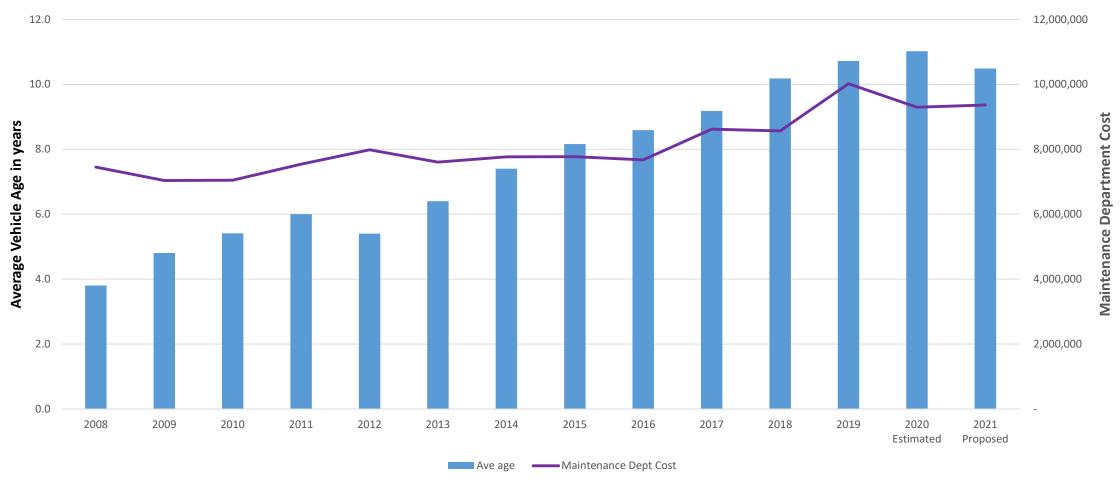
- 48% = Replacement of aging fleet –
 18 fixed-route revenue vehicles & 3 mobility service vehicles
- 10% = Santa Clara Transit Station
- 8% = Technology software and hardware infrastructure
- 3% = Planning projects
- 1% = FTN Safety & Amenity Improvements

AGING FLEET IMPACT



AGING FLEET IMPACT

VEHICLE AVERAGE AGE & MAINTENANCE DEPARTMENT COST



COMMUNITY INVESTMENTS

Major Projects 2020- 2022

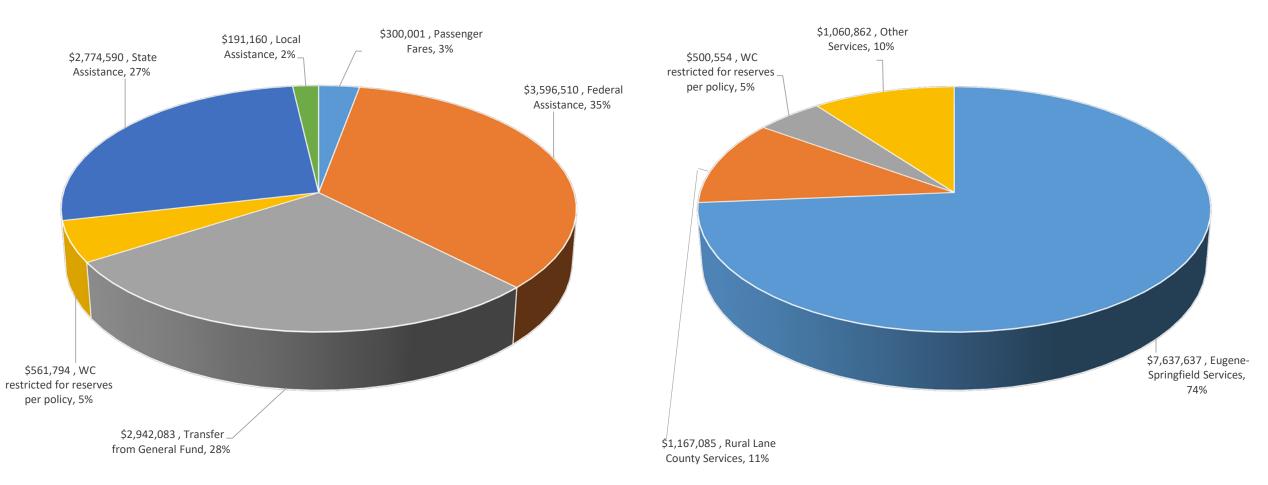
Planned type of

	funding	Project total	General Fund	GF %
Santa Clara Transit Center	Multiple	10,800,000	4,200,000	39%
Fleet Replacement through 2021	5307	17,600,001	5,280,000	30%
Future fleet replacements through 2022	5307	24,982,000	7,494,600	30%
Bus parts, including hybrid overhaul	5307	1,550,293	310,059	20%
FY20-21 Computer Hardware & software	5307	2,296,140	459,228	20%
FTN Safety Improvements	STBG & CMAQ	560,000	57,512	10%
Planning Projects	Multiple	1,142,585	902,642	79%

FY21 SPECIALIZED SERVICE BUDGET HIGHLIGHTS

Specialized Services Fund Total Resources \$10,366,137

Specialized Services Fund Total Requirements \$10,366,137



LTD SPECIAL BOARD MEETING May 27, 2020 Page 28 of 53

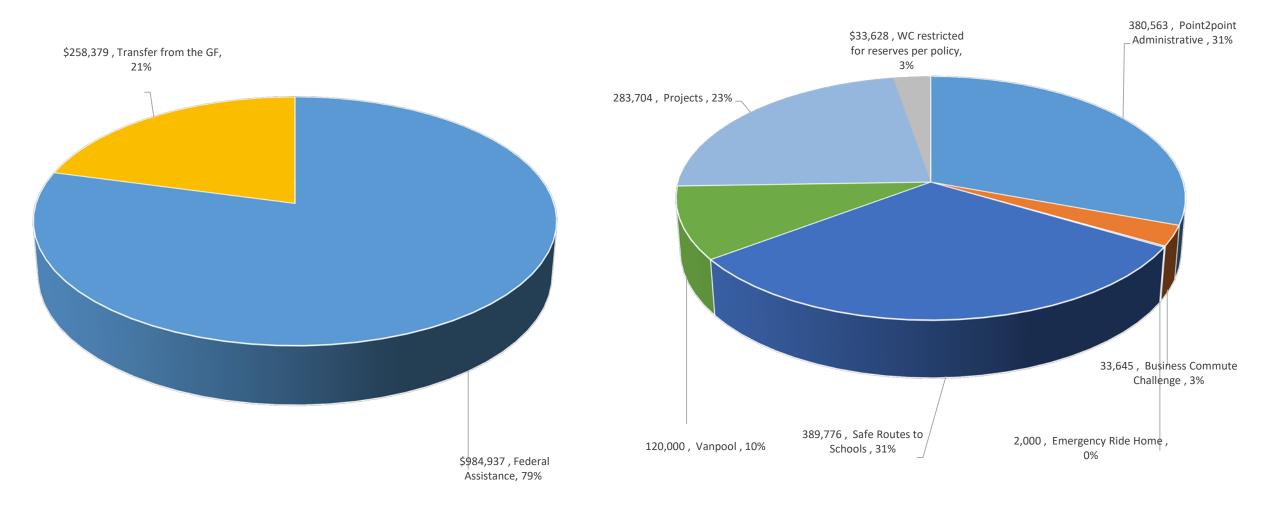
FY21 SPECIALIZED SERVICE BUDGET HIGHLIGHTS

- Expect full year of higher ridership for both Mentor Oregon and Full Access Brokerage clients.
- STIF programs included in this Fund:
 - Out-of-District Florence & Oakridge routes
 - Cottage Grove Transit Demand Plan
 - Mobility as a Service
- Operating revenues and requirements are both up \$0.7M due to STIF programs & increased ADA Paratransit trips over the last 3 years.
- General Fund transfer requirement is flat

Point2point BUDGET



P2P Requirements \$1,243,316



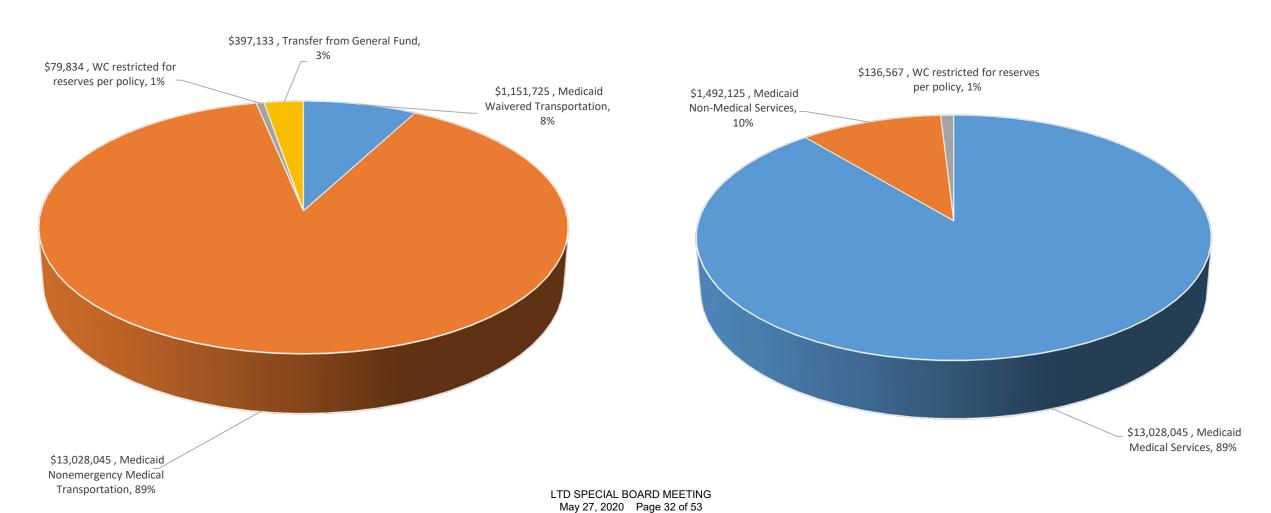
Point2point BUDGET HIGHLIGHTS

- Most Point2point (P2p) programs have a 10.27% local match requirement.
- Rideshare activities are funded at 100%.
- Vanpool is funded through the General Fund.
- Requirements are \$145K lower. Most P2p programs are on a 3-year cycle with FY21 being the last year of the program cycle so only remaining funds can be expended.
- Transfers vary primarily by the programs, associated match requirements and existing BWC to fund match.

MEDICAID BUDGET

Medicaid Fund Total Resources \$14,656,737

Medicaid Fund Total Requirements \$14,656,737



MEDICAID BUDGET HIGHLIGHTS

- Expect full year of both Trillium and Pacific Source clients.
- Operating revenues and requirements are both up \$2.1M due to Medicaid Medical services (Trillium & Pacific Source).
- Waivered non-medical service cost increases, partially offset by new contract resources that increase the ride reimbursement rate by almost \$4/trip.
- General Fund transfer requirement is roughly flat compared to the estimated FY20 transfer.

PROPOSED BUDGET SUMMARY

	FY2020-21 Proposed		FY2019-20 Adopted Budget		Supplemental Budget	
General Fund - operating Transit Services Operating Contingency Reserve per policy - Not appropriated	\$	53,915,152 45,564,896 - 8,350,257	\$	60,735,570 51,339,141 500,000 8,896,429	\$	60,735,570 51,339,141 500,000 8,896,429
General Fund - non-operating Transfer to Specialized Services Fund Transfer to Medicaid Fund Transfer to Point2Point Fund Transfer to Capital Projects Fund	\$	9,052,526 2,942,083 397,133 258,379 5,454,931	\$	3,236,215 3,011,212 225,003 -	\$	3,424,215 3,011,212 413,003 -
Specialized Services Fund Transit services Operating Contingency Reserve per policy - Not appropriated	\$	10,366,137 9,865,583 0 500,554	\$	9,649,438 9,187,018 0 462,420	\$	9,649,438 9,187,018 0 462,420
Medicaid Fund Transit services Operating Contingency Reserve per policy - Not appropriated	\$	14,656,737 14,520,170 0 136,567	\$	12,101,233 12,031,375 0 69,858	\$	13,578,609 13,498,775 0 79,834
Point 2 Point Fund Transit services Operating Contingency Reserve per policy - Not appropriated	\$	1,243,447 1,209,819 0 33,628	\$	1,631,320 1,354,716 244,604 32,000	\$	1,631,320 1,354,716 244,604 32,000
Capital Projects Fund Transit investments Restricted for grant match	\$	40,833,473 30,005,575 10,827,898	\$	26,946,146 17,009,803 9,936,343	\$	26,946,146 17,009,803 9,936,343
TOTAL FY2020-21 Proposed Appropriation Total FY2020-21 Restricted - not appropriated Total FY2020-21 Total	\$	110,218,568 19,848,904 130,067,472	\$	94,902,872 19,397,050 114,299,922	\$	96,313,668 19,407,026 115,720,694
LTD SPECIAL BOARD MEETING Increased Appropriations 310103current year budget		16%				

14%

Increased appropriations from proposed supplemental

FY20 Proposed

ACTION ITEMS

Today's Action:

- Request to approve the Proposed Fiscal Year 2020-2021 Budget as presented [amended] for the following funds:
 - General Fund
 - Capital Fund
 - Point2Point
 - Specialized Services
 - Medicaid

Future Actions:

- Board will hold a Public Hearing at the May 27 Regular Meeting of the Board of Directors
- Based upon feedback from the Budget Committee and Board of Directors, any necessary revisions will be made
- Board will adopt the Proposed Fiscal Year 2020-2021 Budget at the June 24 meeting





MEMORANDUM

DATE: May 27, 2020

TO: LTD Board of Directors

FROM: Aurora Jackson, General Manager

SUBJECT: BUDGET COMMITTEE FOLLOW UP – USER REVENUE PROJECTIONS

In accordance with the Oregon Revised Statues, on May 18, 2020, the LTD Budget Committee met to review the FY2021 Proposed Budget for its five funds. The Committee approved the proposed budget with the condition that the LTD Board of Directors receive the logic for the revenue projections identified for group passes, fares and other passes. These revenues are part of the General Fund and make up 7% of the anticipated resources.

Group Pass, Fares & Passes

Group pass, fares and other passes are all user revenues and directly tied to LTD's ridership projections. In past years, LTD's ridership has averaged ten million riders but given the impact of COVID-19 on the local economy, educational establishments and riders' concerns, ridership is anticipated to drop between 30 to 60 percent. Given this premise, LTD projects an annual ridership of four to seven million riders in FY2021. Using these ridership factors, the percentage of fares to passenger boardings are typically 68%. If ridership was projected at four million riders, the assumed revenue would be \$2.7 million. If ridership was projected at seven million riders, the assumed revenue would be \$4.8 million.

In the Proposed FY2021 Budget, LTD projected \$4.1 million for all combined user revenues. This projection is highly optimistic and actual revenues could likely be much lower. As with all of the revenue projections, some revenues are projected very conservatively while others are projected more optimistically. User fare revenues were projected optimistically given they make up a very low percentage of anticipated revenues. The largest revenue in the General Fund is payroll tax revenues and these revenues are projected conservatively in accordance with the Board of Directors' direction at the April 15 Board meeting.

If the Board would like to budget more conservatively for the combined user revenues, a couple of options would be to: 1) reduce the combined user revenue to the lower amount of \$2.7 million, or 2) something in between such as \$3.75 million. Either option would require a rebalancing of the General Fund by either increasing revenue in another source or by reducing costs.

If the Board would like to maintain the combined user revenue as proposed, it could choose to modify this projection at a future date once a more accurate picture was available.



Quick Reference: FY2021General Fund Revenue Projections \$62,967,678:

REVENUE	AMOUNT	% OF BUDGET
Payroll tax	\$27,117,649	43%
Self-employment tax	\$1,388,463	2%
State-in-lieu tax	\$315,751	1%
Fares & Passes	\$2,429,638	4%
Group Pass	\$1,677,077	3%
State assistance	\$1,533,333	2%
Advertising	\$322,000	1%
Beginning Working Capital	\$11,320,433	18%
Interest	\$52,500	<1%
Miscellaneous	\$270,067	<1%
CARES Act Funds	16,540,767	26%



AGENDA ITEM SUMMARY

DATE OF MEETING: May 27, 2020

ITEM TITLE: RIDERSHIP AND OPERATIONS UPDATE

PREPARED BY: Tom Schwetz, Director of Planning and Development

DIRECTOR: Aurora Jackson, General Manager

ACTION REQUESTED: None. Information Only

PURPOSE: To provide the Board with an update on current ridership trends and operations.

ROLE OF THE BOARD: The Board's role in this instance is to obtain information.

<u>HISTORY</u>: Beginning with the closure of the UO during the week of March 16, LTD's ridership experienced a decline until the week of March 23 when data indicates that ridership leveled out. Figure 1 provides an overall view of LTD's ridership trends between April 20 and May 21, 2020, for both LTD's fixed route service and RideSource services.

Trends in Fixed-Route Service

Overall, every route has the experienced ridership reductions. In particular, EmX and LTD's core routes have seen heavy reductions, though EmX continues to carry the majority of overall ridership. LTD's ridership has gone from an average of about 35,000 boardings per day on an average weekday in 'normal' times to about 10,000 boardings on an average weekday. This represents about a 70% reduction in our ridership – similar to what is being seen across the country. During this period of time, evening service (after 8:30 PM) - has been fairly stable currently at about 900 average weeknight boardings.

On May 8, 2020 Lane County formally submitted its "Blueprint for Re-opening" to the Governor. Phase 1 of this blueprint will include opening of some businesses that can be expected to increase the level of travel and social interaction within the Eugene-Springfield area. In that context, LTD's ridership trends are expected to change. As of the date this memo was written, weekday boardings during Phase 1 Reopening (May 15-May 21) are averaging approximately 10,000. While this is not enough data to firmly establish a shift in ridership, staff will be continuing to assess the level of change in boardings, how transit is being used in this phase of re-opening, and where overloads may be occurring.

In terms of who might be using LTD's services during this period of time, it is useful to consider which community residents are most transit dependent. Though there are likely many factors that would cause someone to be dependent on transit, income, access to a vehicle, and possession of a driver's license are some of the most important factors. In LTD's 2019 Origin-Destination Survey, 61% of riders indicated that they do not have a driver's license. Many riders (46%) live in households that do not own a car. While many students do not have access to a vehicle, nearly as many non-students lack driver's licenses or vehicles.

Transit dependence is much more highly tied to income. A high percentage of LTD's ridership is comprised of lower-income individuals who tend to ride transit more days per week than those who have higher incomes. In 2019, 45% of our non-student ridership made less than \$15k per year, and 56% make \$25k or less. Overall, our 2019 survey indicates that 47% of our ridership in 2019 reported incomes of less than \$15k. In the 2015 survey, this number was 46%. It is with that reality in mind, that it was decided to move to a modified Sunday service, which is operating from 7:30 AM to 10:30 PM, rather than the 8:30 AM to 8:30 PM span that would normally be operated on Sundays.

Stop-Level Boarding Analysis

Staff has been researching the change in boarding activity between last year and this year between the end of March and late April with respect to high-volume stop locations. This provides some insight into who might be using those stops and possibly the purpose of their trip making. As can be seen in Figure 2, the majority of highest stop locations in 2019 for regular service were associated with University and LCC students. In contrast, the highest

used March-April 2020 stop locations are primarily in the northwest and western side of Eugene, River Road, and parts of Springfield. Several of these stops are associated with shopping-related trip making (for example, Wagner East of Cubit is the stop associated with Winco).

Note that several of the stops associated with shopping are on both lists and represent stops on the West Eugene EmX line. There is also a correlation between the 2020 stop locations and lower income concentrations of population. LCC and UO have made up 50% of overall ridership in the past, but large parts of LTD's approximately 10% ridership decline are related to UO and LCC ridership as well as the rest of the community. A specific example of this - the 79X used to be a large contributor to student ridership. There has been a significant reduction in the demand for that service due to with the students moving closer to the University in response to the increase in housing adjacent to campus.

For March 30 through April 24, 2020, the top EmX station in terms of average weekday boardings during that period was the Commerce Station Outbound, having approximately 246 boardings on an average weekday. Using Figure 3, you can see that, for the same period in 2019, that stop was experiencing 678 average weekday boardings. In addition, you can look at the table showing the 2019 top 10 EmX stops and see that the Commerce Station Outbound was ranked number 3 in 2019.

Trends in RideSource Operations

On March 16, consistent with LTD's fixed-route service, RideSource switched to urgent and essential trips only. When Sunday service on fixed-route was stopped, RideSource stopped providing non-life sustaining ADA trips on Sundays. Medicaid trips or life sustaining trips are available through LTD's external providers at all times. Data has been gathered on LTD's RideSource operations during this time period. Governor Brown lifted the order which had delayed non-urgent procedures at medical facilities beginning on May 1, 2020. LTD continues to urge fixed-route and paratransit riders to avoid travel on public transit unless there is an urgent and essential need. Paratransit riders are allowed to self-select whether a trip is considered urgent and essential.

Figure 1, Page 3 provides an overview of the RideSource Call Center Activity and RideSource Trips by Date and Program for the period April 20 through May 20. This data continues to show a lower ridership for the service, though an increasing trend since the May 1 action by the Governor.

Safe Operations for Essential Trips

Ridership productivity is not the goal at this time. This is true for two reasons; first, we need to make sure that we are providing a 'useful' level of service - one that meets the demands we are observing during this period; and second, we need to run enough frequency to avoid too many people on a bus at one time. LTD began managing loads on April 4. Currently, LTD is limiting 40 foot buses to 20 passengers and 60 foot buses to 30 passengers. In addition, on April 9, LTD began requiring that all passengers wear masks (i.e., masks, bandanas, scarves) while on LTD property or vehicles. This can be characterized as a "Public Health First" approach to service deployment - safely operate the minimum level of service that can be provided for essential trip making in the region.

Ridership levels will continue to be monitored closely as conditions change. A report on both ridership activity and operational activities will be provided at each of the board's meetings during this period.

CONSIDERATIONS: N/A

ALTERNATIVES: N/A

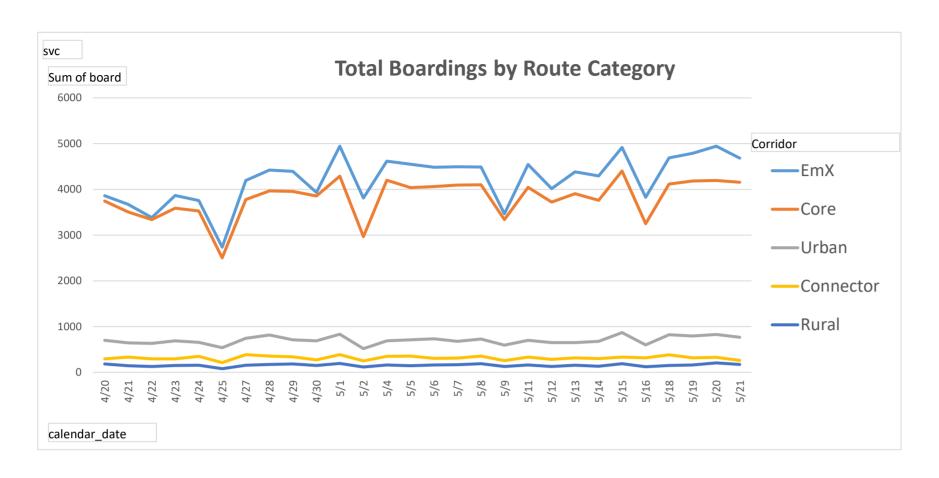
NEXT STEPS: N/A

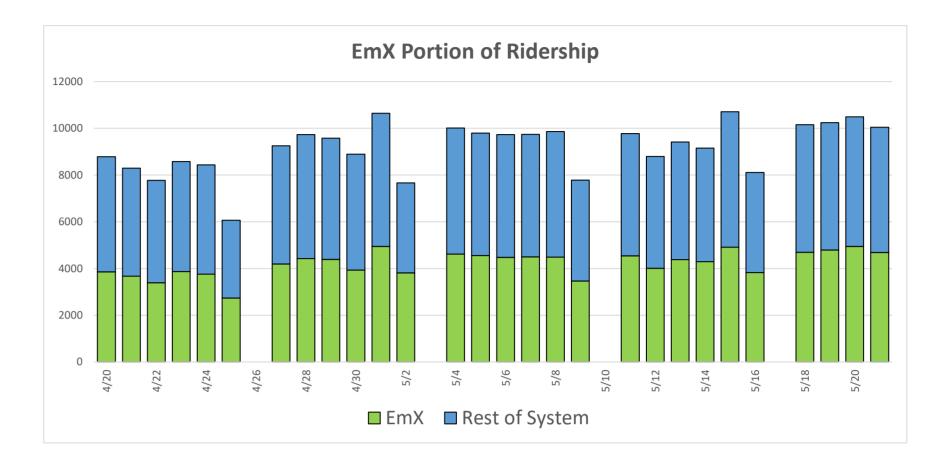
SUPPORTING DOCUMENTATION:

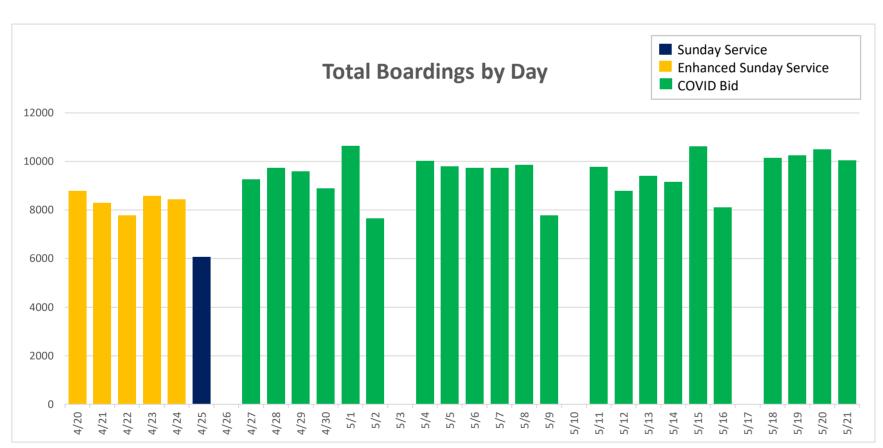
- 1) Figure 1 LTD's ridership trends between April 20 and May 21, 2020
- 2) Figure 2 Comparison of Average Weekday Boarding Activities 2019 and 2020 Top 10 Regular Service Stops
- 3) Figure 3 Comparison of Average Weekday Boarding Activities 2019 and 2020 Top 10 EmX Stops

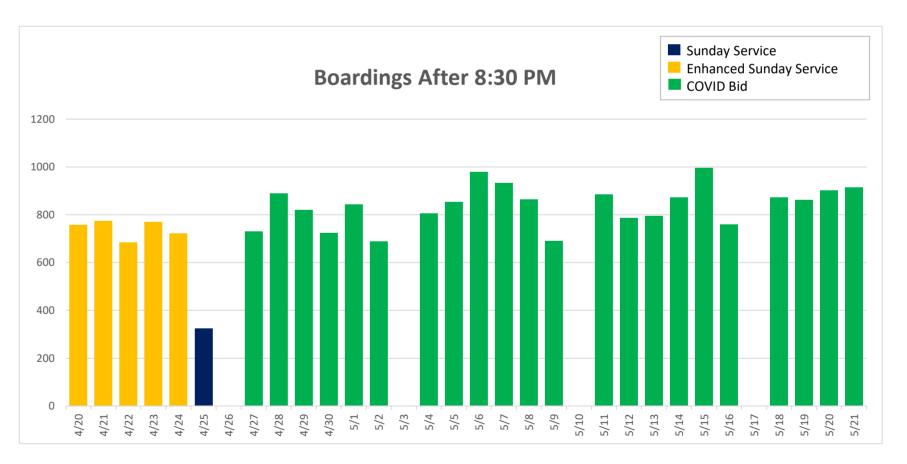
PROPOSED MOTION: N/A

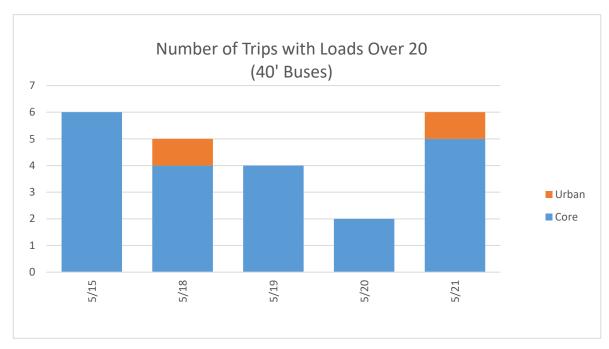
Figure 1 - Summary of Ridership, Passenger Loads, and RideSource Activity Through 5-22-2020

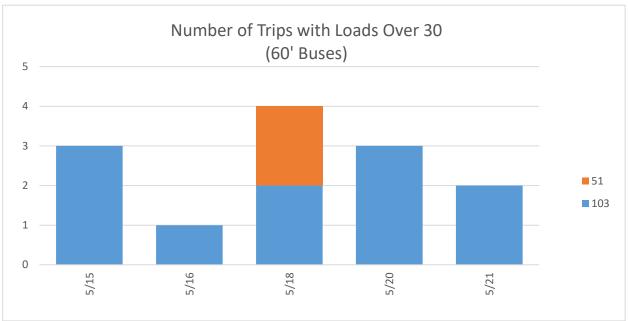




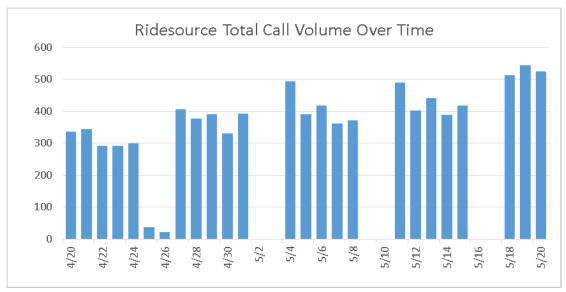








Connector	Core	Urban	College	Rural	
01 - Campbell Center	11 - Thurston	12 - Gateway	73 - UO/Willamette	91 - McKenzie Brdge	
17 - 5th St/Hayden Bridge	13 - Centennial	28 - Hilyard	78 - Seneca/Warren	92 - Lowell	
18 - Mohawk	24 - Donald	40 - Echo Hollow	79x - UO/Kinsrow	93 - Veneta	
27 - Fairmount	36 - W. 18th		81 - LCC/Hilyard	95 - Junction City	
33 - Jefferson	41 - Barger/Commerce		82 - LCC/Pearl	96 - Coburg	
55 - North Park	51 - Santa Clara		85 - LCC	98 - Cottage Grove	
	52 - Irving				
	66 - VRC/Coburg Rd				
	67 - Coburg Rd/VRC				



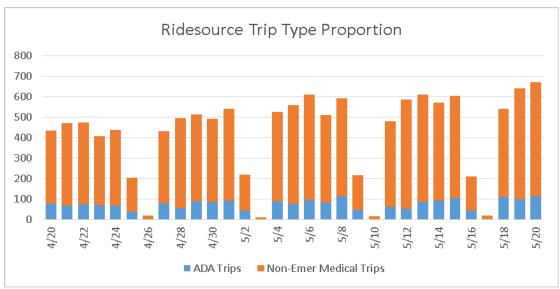


Figure 2 - Comparison of Average Weekday Boarding Activities -

Average Weekday Boardings March 30 through April 24, 2020 (20 weekdays)				Average Weekday Boardings March 30 through April 24, 2020 (20 weekdays)					
2020 Top 10	Stop	Stop Name	Average Weekday Boardings 2020 by Stop	Average Weekday Boardings 2019 by Stop	2019 Top 10	Stop	Stop Name	Average Weekday Boardings 2019 by Stop	Average Weekday Boardings 2020 by Stop
1	2095	S/S of Wagner E of Cubit	66.0	194.0	1	2303	LCC Station Bay C	575.2	28.8
2	19	N/S of Main W of 58th	62.2	186.3	2	1560	University of Oregon Station - Bay F	541.0	27.1
3	964	W/S of Hwy 99 N of Side	54.6	69.0	3	1550	University of Oregon Station - South	418.1	20.9
4	1897	S/S of 11th W of Commerce (Walmart)	50.7	151.7	4	542	N/S of MLK Blvd W of Kinsrow	300.9	15.0
5	61	N/S of Olympic E of 18th	42.8	116.5	5	2095	S/S of Wagner E of Cubit	194.0	9.7
6	707	(RRS) E/S River Rd N of River Ave (NE)	37.8	178.3	6	19	N/S of Main W of 58th	186.3	9.3
7	1961	E/S of Garfield N of 10th	33.8	71.2	7	2302	LCC Station Bay B	186.1	9.3
8	14	W/S of 69th N of Main St	32.6	114.8	8	2097	N/S of 11th W of Commerce (Target)	184.0	9.2
9	963	W/S of Hwy 99 S of Royal	32.1	66.7	9	707	(RRS) E/S River Rd N of River Ave (NE)	178.3	8.9
10	1508	Gateway StaBay B (to ES)	31.4	161.8	10	<mark>564</mark>	W/S of Coburg N of Cal Young	163.0	8.1
Yello	DW ***	Represents a Top 10 Stop Eugene Station and Springfield Station stop	s not included						

How to read this chart: this chart provides comparisons between the boarding activity for regular service stops that ranked as the top 10 stops in 2019 and the boarding activity for regular service stops that ranked as the top 10 in 2020. One of the comparisons looks at how the top 10 regular service stops have shifted as a result of the UO and LCC being closed and the economy slowing down as a result of Covid. A second comparison can be made between the average weekday boardings for a top 10 stop and 2019 and what those stops are experiencing in terms of average weekday boardings in 2020. Similarly, the table shows that the number 1 ranking regular service stop in 2020 is at Wgner and Cubit near Winco on Barger. In 2019, that station was ranked number 5. The number 2 ranking regular service stop in 2019 was University of Oregon Station - Bay F with 541 average weekday boardings. In contrast, in 2020, this stop only had 27.1 average weekday boardings.

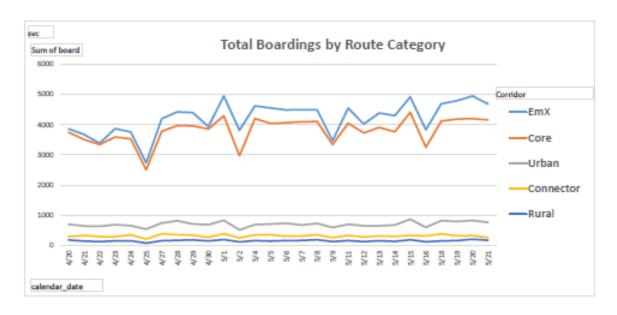
<u>An example:</u> for March 30 through April 24, 2020, the number 5 regular service stop in terms of average weekday boardings during that period was the N/S of Olympic E of 18th, having approximately 43 boardings on an average weekday. Using this table, you can see that, for the same period in 2019, that stop was experiencing 117 average weekday boardings. In addition, you can look at the table showing the 2019 top 10 regular service stops and see that the stop at N/S of Olympic E of 18th was not ranked the Top 10 in 2019.

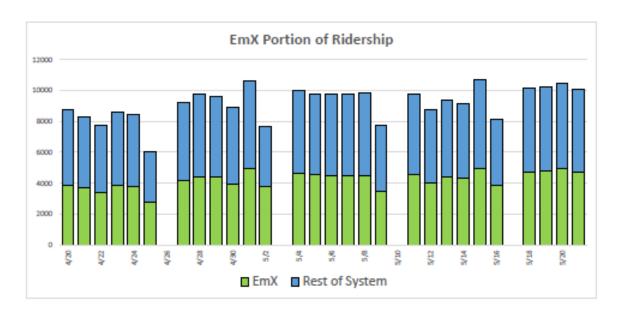
Figure 3 - Comparison of Average Weekday Boarding Activities - 2019 and 2020 Top 10 EmX Stops

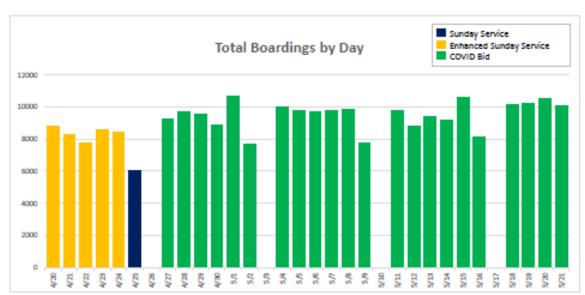
	Marc	Average Weekday Boar h 30 through April 24, 2020	• .	s)
2020 op 10	Stop	Stop Name	Average Weekday Boardings 2020 by Stop	Average Weekday Boardings 2019 by Stop
1	9961	Commerce Station Outbound	245.7	678.0
2	9953	Seneca Station Outbound	125.6	374.9
3	9940	Monroe/7th Station Outbound	90.0	356.6
4	9939	Monroe/6th Station Inbound	89.1	217.7
5	9948	Garfield/10th Station Outbound	80.2	245.1
6	9947	Garfield/11th Station Inbound	74.4	165.6
7	9938	Charnelton Station Inbound	65.1	210.3
8	9951	Oak Patch Station Outbound	52.4	249.6
9	9963	EmX Hilyard Station Inbound	52.0	292.9
10	9966	EmX Walnut Station Inbound	50.9	762.3
Gree	en	Represents a Top 10 Stop		
	***	Eugene Station and Springfield Station	on stops not incl	uded

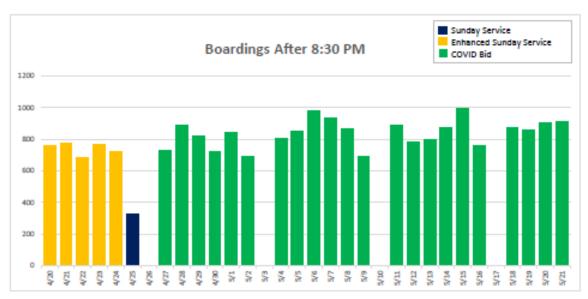
How to read this chart: this chart provides comparisons between the boarding activity for EmX stops that ranked as the top 10 stops in 2019 and the boarding activity for EmX stops that ranked as the top 10 in 2020. One of the comparisons looks at how the top 10 EmX stops have shifted as a result of the UO and LCC being closed and the economy slowing down as a result of Covid. A second comparison can be made between the average weekday boardings for a top 10 stop and 2019 and what those stops are experiencing in terms of average weekday boardings in 2020. Similarly, the table shows that the number 2 ranking EmX stop in 2020 is the Seneca Station Outbound. In 2019, that station was ranked number 7. The number 2 ranking EmX stop in 2019 was Dads' Gates station inbound with 704 average weekday boardings. In contrast, in 2020, this stop only had 21 average weekday boardings.

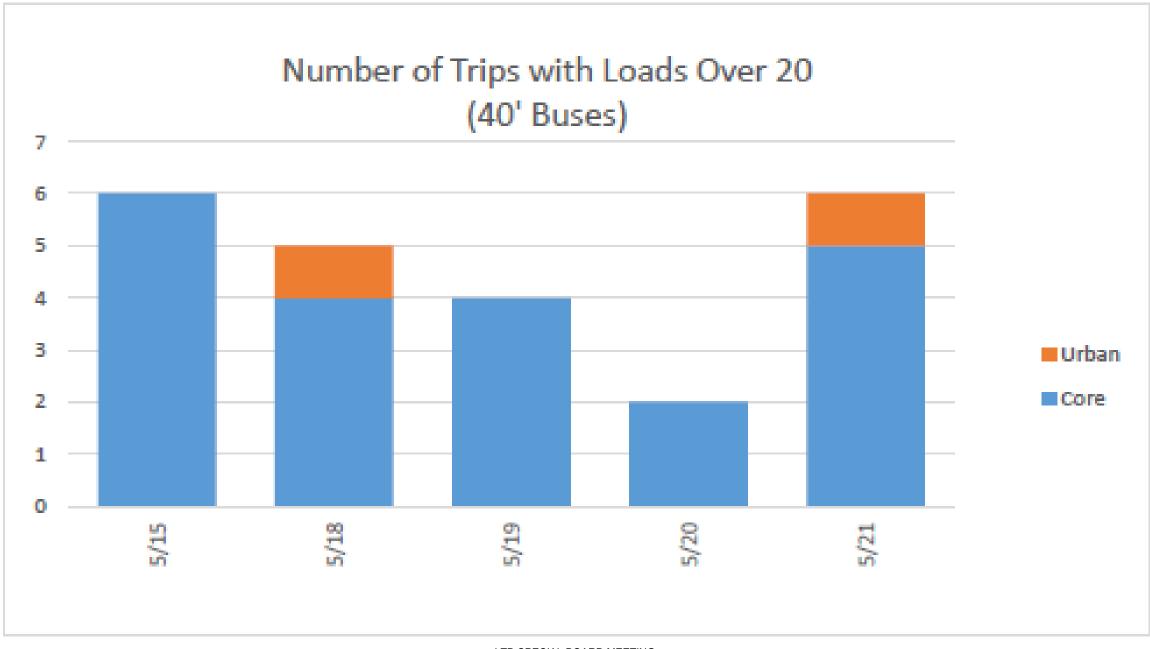
<u>An example:</u> for March 30 through April 24, 2020, the top EmX station in terms of average weekday boardings during that period was the Commerce Station Outbound, having approximately 246 boardings on an average weekday. Using this table, you can see that, for the same period in 2019, that stop was experiencing 678 average weekday boardings. In addition, you can look at the table showing the 2019 top 10 EmX stops and see that the Commerce Station Outbound was ranked number 3 in 2019. Similarly, the table shows that the number 2 ranking EmX stop in 2020 is the Seneca Station Outbound. In 2019, that station was ranked number 7.

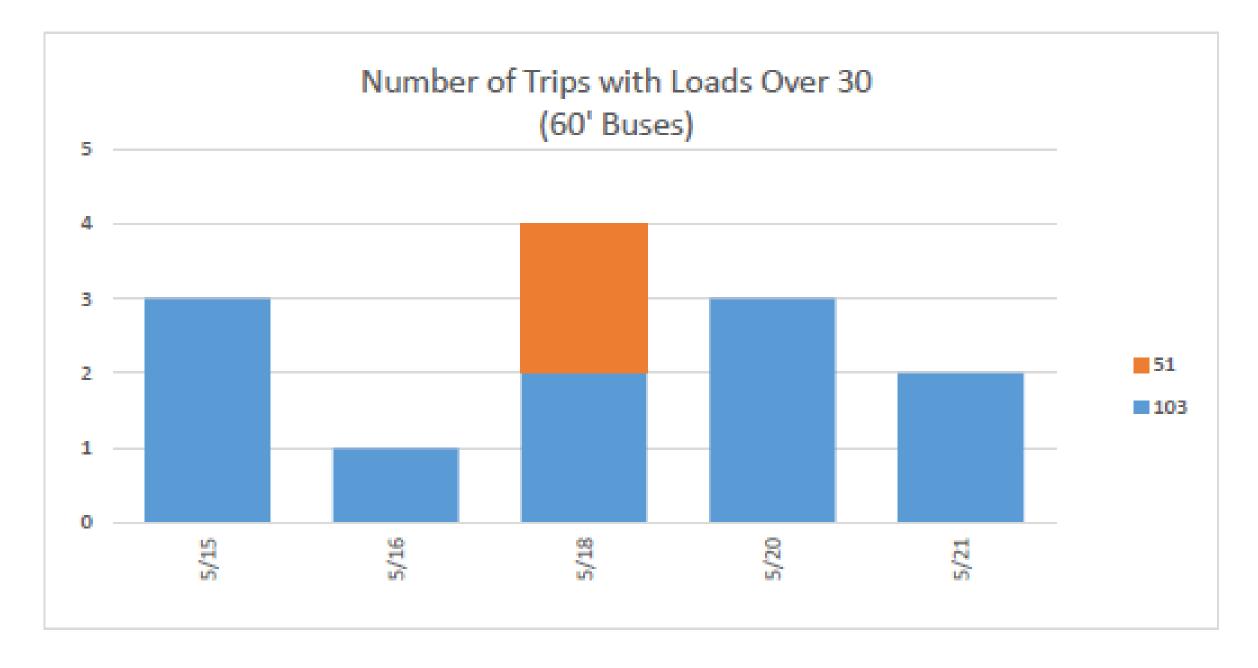


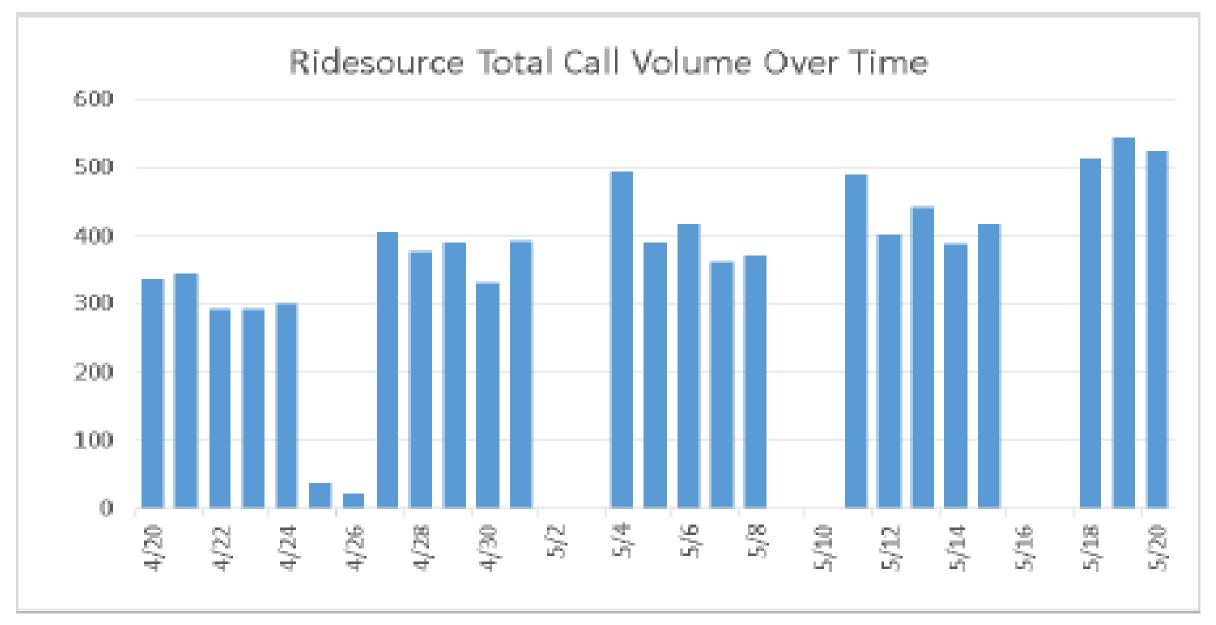




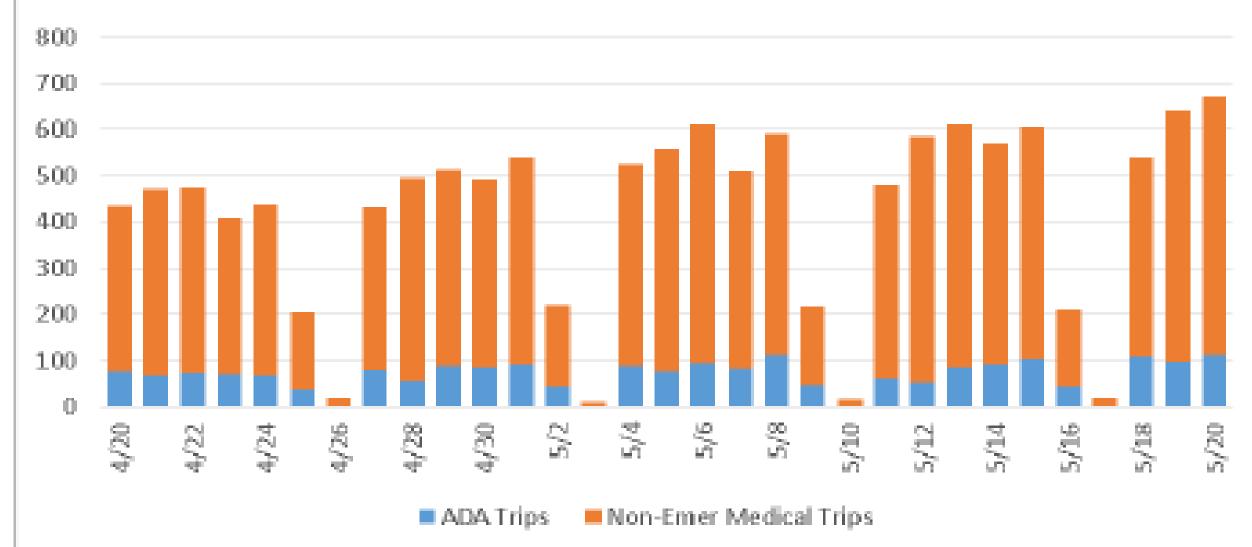






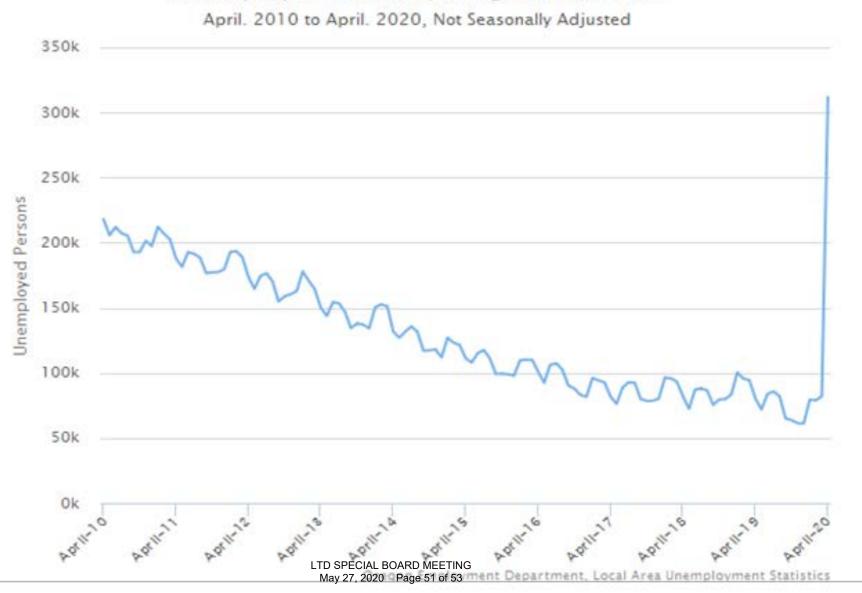






Featured graph

Unemployed Persons, Oregon Statewide



How New York City sounded last year:

How N.Y.C. sounded during the lockdown:









Board of Directors

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> Stefano Viggiano Sue Wolling

May 27, 2020

DELIVERED VIA EMAIL

Lane Transit District P.O. Box 7070 Springfield, OR 97475

Re: Questions about LTD 2020-2021 Proposed Budget

Dear LTD Board of Directors:

Thank you for continuing to serve our community while keeping people safe during these difficult times.

Until recently, LTD was planning for the future with various efforts: a strategic business plan, Transit Tomorrow, a mobility management plan, MovingAhead, etc. Now COVID-19 has turned the transit business upside down. It is unclear when or even if things will return to "normal." Thus any budget adopted now will likely need to be supplemented in light of new information.

Our Transportation Options Committee has reviewed the proposed budget <www.ltd.org/annual-budget> in detail. We have the following questions about particular line items under particular funds:

General Fund

1. **Public Affairs**: Two years ago, the Public Affairs Department had 4 FTE in the General Fund. Last year it had 1 FTE. Is there any allocation for this function in 2020-2021?

General Fund / Point2point Fund

2. **Point2point**: Over the last few years, the Point2point *Department* has had roughly 5 FTE in the General Fund. Now it is proposed to have no FTE, but the Point2point Fund shows operating requirements of \$1,209,819. How will this work?

Capital Projects Fund

3. Transfer to Capital Projects Fund: Over the last two years, no resources have been transferred from the General Fund to the Capital Projects Fund. For the coming year, \$5,454,931 is proposed to be transferred in order to satisfy grant match requirements. Will this transfer impact General Fund revenues, which are much lower this vear?

Building a successful community by bringing people together to promote transportation options, safe streets, and walkable neighborhoods. 4. **Total Capital Outlay**: \$30,005,575 is proposed. This amount is far above that in recent years. Are all of these capital outlays essential in a time of limited resources?

Capital Projects Fund: Improvement Projects (IP)

- 5. **MovingAhead**: \$453,677 is proposed. Will LTD lead MovingAhead, or is LTD looking for the City of Eugene to lead in the coming year?
- 6. **Main Street-McVay Transportation Study**: \$105,000 is proposed. What is LTD's role in the study, and is it still timely?
- 7. **Planning Studies**: \$543,908 is proposed. Are these studies itemized in the budget document?
- 8. **FTN Safety & Amenity Improvements**: \$560,000 is proposed. With resources limited, are these a priority in the coming year?
- 9. **Technology Infrastructure & Systems**: \$450,000 is proposed for NOVUS Modules and \$500,000 is proposed for Platform Validators. With resources limited, are these a priority in the coming year?

Capital Projects Fund: State of Good Repair (SGR)

- 10. **Revenue Vehicles Fixed Route**: \$17,600,001 is proposed. How many vehicles are currently on order? Will vehicle needs be reevaluated in FY20/21?
- 11. **Technology Infrastructure & Systems**: \$2,296,140 is proposed. This amount is far above that in recent years. What does this number include?

Capital Projects Fund: Other Projects

12. **Transit Tomorrow**: What services does the community most need? Although the answer might change, the question is as relevant now as it was before COVID-19. How does LTD plan to identify the right mix of services going forward?

We appreciate your attention to these details, and welcome your thoughts or questions. Many thanks in advance

For BEST.

Marianne Nolte

Molle

Transportation Options Coordinator

801-750-4969

marianne@best-oregon.org

Camille Gandolfi

From: Josh Kashinsky <jkash@uoregon.edu>
Sent: Wednesday, May 27, 2020 9:33 AM

To: Clerk

Subject: [External Sender] Comment on 2020-2021 Proposed Budget

Dear Board of Directors,

I note that in the proposed FY20-21 Department summary, the FTE assigned to Point2Point decreases from 5.4 to 0. While certainly concerning, this is to some degree understandable when compared to loss of 43 FTE (nearly 20%) in Operations. What is not understandable is why the Point2Point fund still includes 1.2 million in funding, if there's no staff to actually administer these programs. I would appreciate some explanation of how LTD expects to continue to deliver on Point2Point programs without any staff. Presumably some functions can be absorbed by other staff, but surely not 5.4 FTE worth.

Thank you,

Josh Kashinsky

Active Transportation Coordinator Transportation Services University of Oregon 541-346-4588 jkash@uoregon.edu

Camille Gandolfi

From: Jessica Tuerk <jesstuerk@gmail.com>
Sent: Wednesday, May 27, 2020 6:22 PM

To: Clerk

Cc: Southeast Neighbors Transportation

Subject: [External Sender] Southeast Neighbors Transit budget feedback

Dear all.

Thanks for the dedication of the board and to the budget committee to our beloved transit system and the bus drivers and admin staff during this important time. Southeast Neighbors transportation committee has a few questions and/or comments to make in regards to what we've seen in this budget and the rest we'll send in email:

- 1. We recognize the extenuating circumstance under which this amended budget came out and the work that has gone into it, however, the press release only came out on Friday about the LTD budget, giving the public effectively 2 business days before this public hearing tonight -- not enough time.
- 2. We'd like to ask/seek clarification about the \$544,000 allotment to "Planning Studies" listed in the budget, which seems like a very specific and very large amount in a difficult year of lay-offs and cutbacks. What is this money allocated for?
- 3. We see public safety as issue #1 in the continuation of mass transit now and into the future. We see the public Safety staff reduction as possibly very concerning. We urge discussion for room in the budget for potential bus, stop and station modifications that may be necessary to ensure public health and safety while riding.
- 4. The "Mobility as service" program for Cottage Grove and EmGo have been given an allotment of \$6.5 million over 10 years, which by the way is almost as much as the student free pass program costs. This allotment seems out of place and order right now since LTD just this past winter continued to label these programs as PILOTS to reviewed in August The last presentation on EmGo to the public did not posit the average cost per ride. In these fiscally uncertain times, we assert the need for much deeper analysis in order to prove their value to the transit district. While nice, is this price tag a cost-effective way to use public transportation funds, particularly in downtown where there is already frequent bus service? And is the pilot evaluation closed and when was this voted on?
- 5. We note the \$1.7 million from the capital fund and another \$560,000 for Frequent Transit Network for safety and amenity improvements-- we assume this means the EmX lines only.. We worry that the budget, aside from the Santa Clara Station, does not reflect improvements,to the urban/neighborhood routes that constitute how the rest of Eugene experiences public transit, such as route speed and stop accessibility and safety. We urge and remind LTD to robustly and effectively support its current transit model so as to increase appeal and usefulness for the entire community. We are not against using resources for the existing FTN, but we urge you to seriously consider how starving other corridors of community investment and improvement impacts their overall usefulness to the community.
- 6. Lastly, we support The District in any consideration of switching away from the variable and uncertain business tax-based and fare-based local revenue sources. A steady and constant basic fee per household system, such as the annual fee for the Eugene Public Library or the monthly Corvallis Transit System's Transit Operations Fee, would be more equitable and predictable sources for local revenue. We support continuation of free fares to everyone who uses a Smartpass for up to 4 rides a day for this ENTIRE fiscal year, As Smartpasses can collect the necessary ridership data and can also be revoked in cases of system abuse.

Thanks for your consideration of these items, Jess Roshak and the SEN Transportation Board



Board of Directors

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Board of Advisors John Allcott Susan Ban **Bob Beals** Terry Beyer Shawn Boles **Julie Daniel** Rick Duncan Tim Duy **Emily Eng** Mike Eyster Karmen Fore David Funk Gerry Gaydos Beth Gerot Kevin Gilbride George Grier Eric Gunderson Pat Hocken Richard Hughes Josh Kashinsky Kaarin Knudson Sarah Mazze Terry McDonald Sophie McGinley Matt McRae DeLeesa Meashintubby Walt Norblad Mark Pangborn Brittany Quick-Warner Shane Rhodes Matt Roberts Seth Sadofsky Marc Schlossberg Carmel Snyder **Iean Tate** Kari Turner Jenny Ulum Carmen Urbina

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For BEST.

Marianne Nolte

Molle

Transportation Options Coordinator

801-750-4969

marianne@best-oregon.org

Camille Gandolfi

From: Josh Kashinsky <jkash@uoregon.edu>
Sent: Wednesday, May 27, 2020 9:33 AM

To: Clerk

Subject: [External Sender] Comment on 2020-2021 Proposed Budget

Dear Board of Directors,

I note that in the proposed FY20-21 Department summary, the FTE assigned to Point2Point decreases from 5.4 to 0. While certainly concerning, this is to some degree understandable when compared to loss of 43 FTE (nearly 20%) in Operations. What is not understandable is why the Point2Point fund still includes 1.2 million in funding, if there's no staff to actually administer these programs. I would appreciate some explanation of how LTD expects to continue to deliver on Point2Point programs without any staff. Presumably some functions can be absorbed by other staff, but surely not 5.4 FTE worth.

Thank you,

Josh Kashinsky

Active Transportation Coordinator Transportation Services University of Oregon 541-346-4588 jkash@uoregon.edu

Camille Gandolfi

From: Jessica Tuerk <jesstuerk@gmail.com>
Sent: Wednesday, May 27, 2020 6:22 PM

To: Clerk

Cc: Southeast Neighbors Transportation

Subject: [External Sender] Southeast Neighbors Transit budget feedback

Dear all.

Thanks for the dedication of the board and to the budget committee to our beloved transit system and the bus drivers and admin staff during this important time. Southeast Neighbors transportation committee has a few questions and/or comments to make in regards to what we've seen in this budget and the rest we'll send in email:

- 1. We recognize the extenuating circumstance under which this amended budget came out and the work that has gone into it, however, the press release only came out on Friday about the LTD budget, giving the public effectively 2 business days before this public hearing tonight -- not enough time.
- 2. We'd like to ask/seek clarification about the \$544,000 allotment to "Planning Studies" listed in the budget, which seems like a very specific and very large amount in a difficult year of lay-offs and cutbacks. What is this money allocated for?
- 3. We see public safety as issue #1 in the continuation of mass transit now and into the future. We see the public Safety staff reduction as possibly very concerning. We urge discussion for room in the budget for potential bus, stop and station modifications that may be necessary to ensure public health and safety while riding.
- 4. The "Mobility as service" program for Cottage Grove and EmGo have been given an allotment of \$6.5 million over 10 years, which by the way is almost as much as the student free pass program costs. This allotment seems out of place and order right now since LTD just this past winter continued to label these programs as PILOTS to reviewed in August The last presentation on EmGo to the public did not posit the average cost per ride. In these fiscally uncertain times, we assert the need for much deeper analysis in order to prove their value to the transit district. While nice, is this price tag a cost-effective way to use public transportation funds, particularly in downtown where there is already frequent bus service? And is the pilot evaluation closed and when was this voted on?
- 5. We note the \$1.7 million from the capital fund and another \$560,000 for Frequent Transit Network for safety and amenity improvements-- we assume this means the EmX lines only.. We worry that the budget, aside from the Santa Clara Station, does not reflect improvements,to the urban/neighborhood routes that constitute how the rest of Eugene experiences public transit, such as route speed and stop accessibility and safety. We urge and remind LTD to robustly and effectively support its current transit model so as to increase appeal and usefulness for the entire community. We are not against using resources for the existing FTN, but we urge you to seriously consider how starving other corridors of community investment and improvement impacts their overall usefulness to the community.
- 6. Lastly, we support The District in any consideration of switching away from the variable and uncertain business tax-based and fare-based local revenue sources. A steady and constant basic fee per household system, such as the annual fee for the Eugene Public Library or the monthly Corvallis Transit System's Transit Operations Fee, would be more equitable and predictable sources for local revenue. We support continuation of free fares to everyone who uses a Smartpass for up to 4 rides a day for this ENTIRE fiscal year, As Smartpasses can collect the necessary ridership data and can also be revoked in cases of system abuse.

Thanks for your consideration of these items, Jess Roshak and the SEN Transportation Board



PROPOSED BUDGET

2020-2021



P: 541-682-6100 | F: 541-682-6111 | LTD.org



May 14, 2020

TO: Lane Transit District Budget Committee

FROM: Aurora Jackson, General Manager

Christina Shew, Budget Officer

SUBJECT: Fiscal Year 2020-2021 Budget Message

In accordance with Oregon Budget Law, as set forth in Chapter 294.305 to 294.565 of the Oregon Revised Statutes, Lane Transit District (the District) has prepared its proposed annual budget for Fiscal Year 2020-2021 (FY21). This year's budget has been developed amidst global economic instability driven by a COVID-19 pandemic, a state of emergency in Oregon which has all non-essential businesses shuttered, the resulting historic level of jobless claims, and ultimately the demand for transit falling to record lows.

While much of our focus to date has appropriately been on the public and employee health implications of COVID-19, the rising unemployment and drop in ridership have significant financial impacts. The budget that we present reflects that uncertain environment and the challenges we face. The strategies embedded in the budget will ensure the District's short- and long-term financial sustainability.

In this context, the District's principles are the foundation on which the draft budget was developed.

Service:

• Use a "Public Health First" approach to service deployment - safely operate the minimum level of service that can provided for essential trip making in the region.

Short- and long-term financial sustainability:

- Scale service levels based on economic recovery and available resources.
- Maintain minimum 2 month reserve requirement.

Responsive:

- Maximum flexibility and quick decision-making to adapt to the highly uncertain operating environment.
- Continue to be vigilant in preparing for and protecting the health of our employees in these uncertain times.

For FY21, the majority of our non-grant revenue sources are expected to decline, many reducing significantly. Payroll-type taxes have historically comprised more than half of our revenue. This important source of funding is projected to decline 28 percent (\$11.3 million) from 2019 actuals. Revenues from cash fares, calendar-based and group passes are approximately 10 percent of our revenue and are projected to decline 42 percent (\$2.9 million) from 2019 actuals. Lastly, \$2.9 million in planned House Bill 2017 Statewide Transportation Improvement Funds (STIF) grant expenditures for service increases will not be implemented due to the pandemic.

On March 27, the Federal government passed the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act. This program provides \$25 billion in Federal assistance to support the transit industry. Of that \$25 billion, the District is eligible for \$25 million. These funds are available to support operating capital and other COVID-19-related expenses.

In order to sustain the District's safe and vital transit services, the FY21 budget plans to utilize \$16.5 million of the \$25 million CARES Act dollars to offset COVID 19 costs and revenue shortfalls from payroll-type taxes, cash fares & passes, marketing and Federal & State operating assistance.

Transit demand has fallen to approximately 30 percent of pre-COVID-19 levels. Heavy-use transit events (e.g., Butte to Butte, Olympic Trials, possibly the Oregon Country Fair, and others) have been cancelled or postponed, non-essential business are closed, students are distance learning, and people are working from home, furloughed or laid-off. The economic recovery of the region is uncertain and the restoration of transit demand is expected to be slow as people have developed new alternative work and entertainment habits, while continuing a degree of social distancing until a treatment or vaccine is available.

In order to ensure the District's short- and long-term sustainability and preemptively manage the potential risks associated with the economic and transit demand uncertainty, our budget reflects a 11 percent (\$5.8 million) reduction from the FY20 adopted budget in our fixed-route operating expenditures to align with our projected available resources and reduction in transit demand.

The following message describes key budget assumptions, factors impacting the District finances, and efforts to strengthen the District's financial position.

FY21 BUDGET ASSUMPTIONS

The District's budget is comprised of five funds: General Fund, Specialized Services Fund, Medicaid Fund, Capital Projects Fund, and the Point2point (P2p) Fund. Each fund maintains a separate budget and balance sheet. The General Fund is the primary fund for the District's day-to-day operations. Money is transferred from the General Fund to the other four funds to provide local match, cover unfunded mandates, and support vital services.

The following section will explain several key assumptions that underpin the FY21 budget.

General Fund Revenue vs. FY20 Adopted Budget

Historically, payroll and self-employment taxes comprise the single greatest source of revenue for the General Fund, followed by passenger fares, federal assistance, and state assistance. The General Fund also houses the District's fixed-route operating reserves and beginning working capital balances. General Fund Revenues for FY21 are budgeted at \$51.6 million, compared to \$53.4 million in FY20.

Revenue shortages that will be recovered through the CARES Act include:

- <u>Payroll-type taxes</u> Down 25 percent (\$9.7 million) inclusive of a 0.01 percent rate increase, which takes effect January 2020.
- <u>Cash fares and passes, including special service programs</u> Budgeted to decrease by \$2.2 million, largely due to COVID-19 transit demand reductions and the move to not collect fares implemented in March 2020 to protect the safety of our transit operators.
- Planned Federal Fixing America's Surface Transportation Act formula funding of \$4.2 million -Will be replaced with CARES Act funding.
- Advertising revenue Expected to decline from its pre-COVID-19 estimate by \$45,000 of \$367,000 (the contractual minimum), but will be \$22,000 higher than the FY20 adopted budget.

Revenue shortages that will not be recovered through the CARES Act:

• \$2.9 million in planned House Bill 2017 STIF grant expenditures for service increases not implemented due to the pandemic.

Programs funded by STIF:

• The youth and low-income fare programs are budgeted at \$1.5 million. The expectation is that these programs will operate as planned in FY21.

General Fund Expense vs. FY20 Adopted Budget

In light of the COVID-19 pandemic, related economic downturn, and associated short- and long-term impacts on ridership, the District's focus has shifted. We have moved from increasing ridership to providing a safe transit service for the community that provides essential trips while balancing annual non-grant dependent resources with annual operating requirements. To achieve this balance, we have to make reductions in our operating budget. Therefore, the District's General Fund is proposed to expend \$45.6 million in FY21 compared to a FY20 adopted budget expenditure of \$51.3 million. The specifics of these reductions have not yet been determined, but the District is committed to operating within this lower budget envelope. Below are the strategies and major factors impacting the expenditure decisions in FY21.

- The District is operate no greater than 254,000 hours of fixed-route service in FY21. This is a reduction of planned pre-COVID-19 annual projected levels of 291,000 hours which reflects the reduction in transit-demand.
- In direct response to the reduced fixed-route service levels and projected reduction in payroll tax revenue, the District will reduce its workforce.
- The FY19 FY21 Amalgamated Transit Union (ATU) agreement was ratified in April 2018, increasing wages 2 percent on July 1, 2020, and 1.5 percent on January 1, 2021. This contract expires June 30, 2021.
- Historically, the District's single largest material expenditure line has been Fuel and Lubricants.
 Fuel costs will decrease from the FY20 budget due to both a reduction in service hours and a
 significant drop in fuel prices. With the current economic uncertainties, as well as uncontrollable
 market fluctuations, fuel costs are expected to remain low. The FY20 adopted price per gallon
 was \$2.75. FY21 price per gallon is projected to be \$1.81.
- Our second largest expenditure, Parts, has been increasing since FY17, growing \$331,000 from FY19 to FY20. In FY21, Parts will be held to no greater than the FY20 budgeted amount of \$2.1 million.
- Facilities costs increased \$335,000 from FY18 due to the doubling of the EmX infrastructure.
 Costs have now stabilized. The FY21 budget will be reduced from the FY20 budgeted amount by \$.3 million.
- A new electronic fare collection system was implemented in August of 2019. This account-based fare payment system improves the reliability and convenience over paper bus passes. Customers are able to use a mobile application, an electronic card, or a single-use ticket purchased at a local outlet for bus fare. Cash is also still accepted for fare. This solution has reduced the total amount of physical cash that the agency must process and provides anonymized travel pattern information to inform the District's service planning staff. Given the declines in ridership, fare management transaction fees are budgeted at \$100,000.
- The General Fund transfer to the Medicaid Fund has increased by \$172,000 as a result of increased rides for two coordinated care organizations – Trillium and PacificSource. Historically, the District only provided non-emergency medical transportation (NEMT) service for Trillium.
- A General Fund transfer to the Capital Projects and P2p Funds was not needed in FY20, as

both funds had adequate beginning working capital to cover the grant match requirements. In FY21, the grant match requirements resume. Details of the programs being matched through the General Fund transfer is detailed in the respective fund summaries below.

Specialized Services Fund vs FY20 Adopted Budget

The Specialized Services Fund houses the District's non-fixed-route transportation services. Included in this fund are: paratransit services, rural and county services, and other mobility services.

Paratransit Services

The District is federally mandated to provide complimentary paratransit services to individuals with disabilities who are unable to ride fixed-route transit. Demand for this service continues to grow. For a portion of FY20, while coordinating with the State of Oregon, the District accepted additional clients through Mentor Oregon and Full Access Brokerage. In FY21, the District expects to provide a full year of service to these clients which increases ridership and operating requirements. While the District cannot limit demand for a federally mandated service, the District can do things to manage for factors beyond its control. The District utilizes a least-cost, most-appropriate model when booking paratransit rides, and the RideSource paratransit brokerage is operated out of a shared one-call, call center that arranges more than a dozen other transportation services. The District also leverages collaborative partnerships and Medicaid trips that might otherwise be booked as less cost-effective ADA rides. These strategies reduce trip costs and control overhead to help contain expenses.

The paratransit services budget is proposed at \$7.6 million compared to a \$7.5 million FY20 adopted budget. This increase accounts for overall ridership increases, in addition to newly established trips by individuals who receive their services through Mentor Oregon or Full Access Brokerage. During the first half of FY20, only individuals who received services through Lane County Senior and Disability Services were eligible for paratransit services.

This expanded service will cover approximately 100 individuals in the Eugene-Springfield metropolitan area. The program budget is for 1,000 trips per week. These trips are reimbursed by the state at 69 percent of cost and would be ADA paratransit trips if not in this program.

Rural and County Services

Rural and county service cost is up \$219,000 as a result of STIF-funded rural program enhancements and expansions.

Other Mobility Services

The District provides a number of mobility services. The newest was a downtown Eugene mobility-on-demand service in partnership with the City of Eugene, Lane County, Lane Council of Governments, and RideZero. This service, known as EmGo, provides all electric powered vehicles that pick up and deliver riders from one of more than 70 pick-up locations throughout downtown Eugene. The District also offers an on-demand mobility as a service pilot that was launched in January 2019 in the city of Cottage Grove. These STIF-funded mobility services increase the FY21 budget \$300,000 over the FY20 adopted budget.

Medicaid Fund vs. FY20 Adopted Budget

The District is the contracted broker for NEMT services for Trillium and PacificSource's Medicaid clients. The District does not control the costs charged by these coordinated care organizations or the Oregon Revised Statues (ORS). Both of these factors continue to increase costs to the District in FY21.

The proposed FY21 budget for the Medicaid Fund is \$14.5 million, an increase of \$2.5 million over FY20. Oregon has historically championed medical transportation as a fundamental benefit of Medicaid.

Capital Projects Fund

The Capital Projects Fund finances the District's strategic investments in system expansion as well as projects to optimize our existing infrastructure, including planning, construction, facility maintenance, and repair projects. The proposed FY21 budget for the Capital Projects Fund is \$30 million compared to FY20 budget of \$17 million. With the exception of some portion of planning studies, all projects in this fund are grant funded. The \$5.5 million transfer from the general fund represents the grant match requirements.

Significant projects include a number of investments in bus operations.

- The District has the fourth oldest fleet among peers [Source: American Bus Benchmarking Group (ABBG)]. The District will be utilizing federal grants to replace and/or repair the aging buses in our fleet. Our near-term fleet replacement plan includes the following:
 - Ten 40-foot electric buses
 - Ten mobility service vehicles
 - Overhauls of our hybrid system vehicles.
- The District has a transit station on River Road in Eugene. This station has a number of
 operational safety issues and conflicts with the Oregon Department of Transportation's (ODOT)
 plan for Beltline. As a result, the District is developing a new station on a previously acquired
 site at Hunsaker Lane and River Road (aka Santa Clara Transit Station or SCTS). The total
 project cost is \$10.3 million with an expected capital outlay of \$4.1 million in FY21.
- In alignment with our Community Investment Plan, the District will be investing \$2.3 million to upgrade our computer hardware and software system. These systems keep the District running efficiently and securely.

P2p Fund

The District houses the region's Transportation Options Program, known as P2p. The program offers various services including vanpools, carpool schemes, Safe Routes to School, and administration of the annual Business Commute Challenge. Most of the P2p budget is comprised of grant funds allocated by the Metropolitan Policy Committee, the governing body of the region's Metropolitan Policy Organization and ODOT. Several regional partners, including the local cities, all three school districts, and LTD, provide local funds to match grant dollars in the P2p Fund.

ECONOMIC CONDITIONS

After years of economic expansion, Lane County and the global economy has entered an economic recession triggered by the COVID-19 pandemic. More than 16,000 Lane County workers have applied for unemployment benefits between March 15 and April 15, or about 9 percent of the labor force. This is approximately 12 times the prior 4 weeks. The degree of economic deterioration, its severity and duration are uncertain and an economic recovery is highly dependent on the degree of government intervention and the ability to effectively control COVID-19 and the confidence people have in returning to their pre-COVID-19 activities.

FACTORS IMPACTING BUDGET

The key factors impacting the budget are: (1) Economic recession resulting in a significant payroll tax base decline, (2) Contractual ATU wage and benefit increases, (3) Investment to replace our aging fleet, (4) STIF-funded projects and associated resources, (5) \$25 million in CARES Act revenues, and (6) Public Health First operational changes.

Key Factor 1: Economic Recession Resulting In A Significant Payroll Tax Base Decline

Payroll taxes move in direct proportion to employment and wages. A weakening employment outlook means declining payroll tax revenues, which comprise over 70 percent of our General Fund annual revenues. Reductions in these revenues, resulting from an economic downturn, has a material impact on the ability for the District to meet its ongoing operating requirements. The District's priority is creating a structurally balanced budget. This means that incoming annual resources (excluding Federal grant assistance) must equal or exceed the ongoing operating cash requirements and that the District is able to maintain a minimum of 2 months of operating reserve. Declining payroll tax revenues create an ongoing challenge to manage costs in order to cover existing requirements without utilizing existing working capital or utilizing federal assistance for operations. The District has committed to effectively using resources by managing costs to ensure the District's financial sustainability by: (1) Improving service efficiencies, (2) Operating at a service level that matches our available resources, (3) Considering total cost of ownership as we replace our aging fleet, and (4) Improving processes and investing in technology to keep personnel costs low.

Key Factor 2: Contractual ATU Wage and Benefit Increases

An agreement covering the period July 1, 2018, through June 30, 2021, was reached with the ATU. This agreement increases wages 2 percent on July 1, 2020, and 1.5 percent on January 1, 2021. This agreement also caps medical insurance premium increases at 7 percent for FY21.

Key Factor 3: Investment to Replace Our Aging Fleet

Federal disinvestment in transit bus replacement programs in the MAP-21 transportation authorization, and the District's decision to use capital funds to support operations during the recession of the 2000's, have resulted in an aging bus fleet. By the conclusion of FY21, more than 60 percent of the District's fleet will have met or exceeded their useful life. In FY21, the District will replace a number of its aging buses with all-electric vehicles. The District will be using both federal formula and state grant programs for its fleet replacements.

Key Factor 4: STIF-Funded Projects and Associated Resources

Oregon House Bill 2017 established a new 0.1 percent employee payroll tax to fund public transportation in Oregon that benefits a high percentage of low-income households. STIF funds are divided into Formula Funds (90 percent), Discretionary Funds (5 percent), Intercommunity Discretionary Funds (4 percent), and administrative funds (1 percent). The District is the Qualified Entity of the STIF funds allocated to Lane County.

In 2018, the District's Board of Directors appointed the Lane County STIF Advisory Committee to review submitted project proposals from eligible Public Transportation Service Providers for STIF Formula Funds and to develop a prioritized project list that makes up the Lane County STIF Formula Fund Plan. ODOT estimates that Lane County will generate \$13,828,000 in STIF Formula Funds from July 2018 to June 2021. Of those funds, \$13,115,000 will be generated within the District, and \$713,000 will be generated outside of the District.

Three Public Transportation Service Providers submitted project proposals for Lane County STIF Formula Funds. The STIF Advisory Committee reviewed the submitted projects and created two prioritized project lists to be funded at 100 percent of ODOT estimates: projects within the District boundary and projects outside of the District boundary. In FY21, In-District projects total \$9.9 million and Out-of-District projects total \$1.2 million.

Key Factor 5: \$25 Million in CARES Act Revenues

The CARES Act provides \$25 million in Federal assistance. This grant program does not require a local match and can be used to replace lost revenues used for operational, capital, and other COVID-19-related expenses. Costs incurred since January 20, 2020 that fall under this program

can be reimbursed through the CARES Act grant funding. The District will be using these funds to replace lost revenues including, but not limited to, payroll-type taxes and fare revenues.

Key Factor 6: Public Health First Operational Changes

The District has been a leader in taking swift and proactive action to protect the public and its employees. Some actions include: (1) Limiting 40 foot buses to 15 passengers and 60 foot buses to 20 passengers, (2) Requiring all employees and passengers to wear masks, (3) Suspending the collection of fares to allow rear door boarding, (4) Sending operators who are over the age of 65 home with pay, (5) Requiring all LTD staff and vendors that enter LTD to have their temperature taken. Some of these actions come with an increased cost to the District.

CONCLUSION

The proposed FY21 budget aligns District costs with its revenues, right-sizes expenditures, provides a reserve account, and develops a solid foundation for long-term fiscal responsibility. The budget facilitates a safe and appropriate level of transit mobility while the District analyzes the most efficient way to sustainably meet the community's needs into the future.

We want to thank the Board of Directors, Budget Committee, and the District staff for their continued commitment to serving the public, especially front-line employees who have put themselves in harm's way in order to continue to provide essential transit services to our community. The strong leadership from the District's Board, advisory bodies, partners, taxpayers, and customers has helped the District to serve as a leader in the transit industry and a public agency of which the community can be proud.

Sincerely,

Aurora Jackson General Manager

Christina Shew Budget Officer

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LTD BOARD OF DIRECTORS BUDGET COMMITTEE MEMBERSHIP ROSTER

The Budget Committee shall consist of fourteen (14) members as follows: seven (7) Board members and seven (7) appointed members who live within the LTD service area. All members of the Committee have equal authority.

Each Board member may appoint one (1) member to the Committee so long as the member resides within LTD's service area, regardless of whether the member resides within that Board member's sub-district.

Board members shall serve on the Budget Committee throughout the duration of their Board appointment. Appointed Committee members shall serve for three year, staggered terms, with the member's term beginning July 1 of the respective year. Appointed Committee members may be reappointed for additional terms, at the discretion of the LTD Board of Directors.

Subdistrict	Nominating Board Member	Term Expiration	Budget Committee Member	Term Expiration
1	Steven Yett	12/31/2021	Kim Thompson	12/31/2021
2	Carl Yeh	12/31/2020	Kathryn Bruebaker	12/31/2022
3	Don Nordin	12/31/2022	Pat Walsh	12/31/2020
4	Emily Secord	12/31/2022	Jody Cline	12/31/2020
5	Joshua Skov	12/31/2021	Gary Wildish	12/31/2021
6	Caitlin Vargas	12/31/2022	William "Bill" Whalen	12/31/2022
7	Kate Reid	12/31/2020	Brandon Rogers	12/31/2020

Annual Budget Calendar

July 2019 New fiscal year begins.

Preliminary year-end financial report for year ended June 30 to the Board of

Directors.

August Previous year's performance analysis begins.

Preparation of materials for independent audit begins.

September/

Previous year's performance analysis completed.

October Materials for independent audit prepared.

Independent audit of previous fiscal year's financial activity begins.

New federal fiscal year begins.

Community Investment Plan (CIP) finalized.

CIP published for public review.

Fiscal Year service, fare, and structural change discussions.

October/

November Board approves Community Investment Plan.

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) prepared for previous fiscal

year.

December Budget calendar for coming fiscal year prepared.

January/ February

Current Fiscal year mid-year revenue and expenditure projections.

New Fiscal year revenue and expenditure projections.

CAFR with report of independent auditor presented to Board of Directors.

Key issues from auditor's report reviewed with Board.

March Mid-year revenue and expenditure projections completed.

Proposed new fiscal year revenue and expenditure projections completed.

Proposed new fiscal year budget released for public comment.

Proposed budget finalized.

May Staff presents proposed budget to the Budget Committee.

Budget Committee meets to discuss the proposed budget and make

changes.

Budget Committee approves budget and sends to the Board for adoption.

Financial Summary and notice of Budget Hearing published.

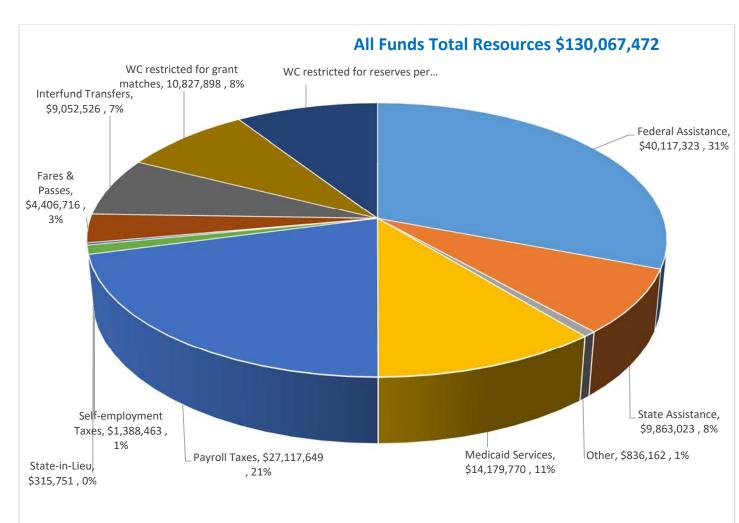
Public hearing at Board of Directors meeting.

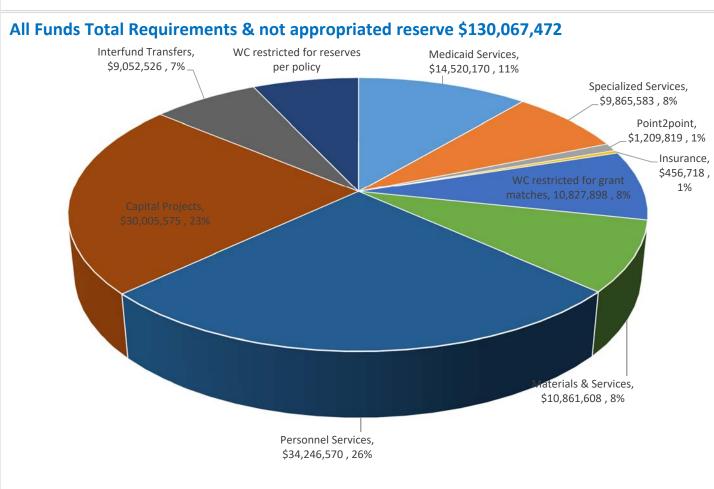
June Board adopts budget for the new fiscal year that begins July 1.

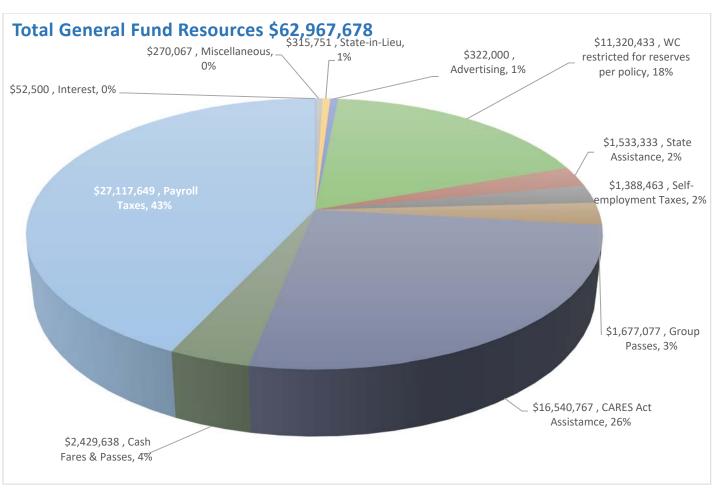
New fiscal year's Adopted Budget filed with the State. Community Investment Plan preparations begin.

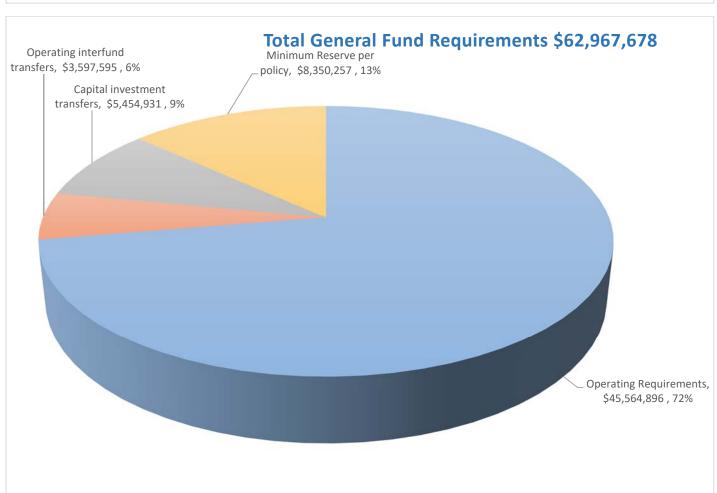


Proposed Budget











Lane Transit District General Fund Fiscal Year 2020-2021

Resources	FY 2017-18 Actual	FY2018-19 Actual	FY 2019-20 Adopted	FY19-20 Estimate COVID 19	FY2020-21 Proposed COVID 19
WC for reserves & cash flow	\$18,446,914	\$12,814,032	\$10,560,451	14,295,597	11,320,433
Operating Revenues					
Cash Fares & Passes	4,563,494	4,528,344	3,770,379	2,351,308	2,429,638
Group Passes	2,275,859	2,227,555	2,191,422	1,429,302	1,677,077
Advertising	270,000	300,000	300,000	366,667	322,000
Special Services	229,062	288,310	378,563	345,305	0
	\$7,338,415	\$7,344,209	\$6,640,364	\$4,492,582	\$4,428,715
Nonoperating Revenues					
Payroll Taxes	35,797,722	37,749,489	36, 179, 910	34, 174, 180	27,117,649
Self-employment Taxes	2,072,662	1,932,829	1,920,985	1,749,768	1,388,463
State-in-Lieu	439,600	439,545	405,038	397,915	315,751
Federal Assistance	2,822,457	2,487,542	4,200,000	2,342,308	0
CARES Act Assistance				4,331,852	16,540,767
State Assistance			3,500,000	1,316,816	1,533,333
Local Assistance	3,450		0	0	0
Miscellaneous	166,934	610,466	272,414	272,414	270,067
Interest	167,305	338,244	286,696	271,038	52,500
Sale of Assets	12.429	6.145	5.927	5.927	0
	\$41,482,559	\$43,564,260	\$46,770,970	\$44,862,218	\$47,218,530
NOTE: Resources excluding WC for reserves &	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	, , , , ,	. , , , ,	, , , , ,	. , .,
cash flow	\$48,820,974	\$50,908,469	\$53,411,334	\$49,354,800	\$51,647,245
Total Resources	\$67,267,888	\$63,722,501	\$63,971,785	\$63,650,397	\$62,967,678

Requirements	FY 2017-18 Actual	FY2018-19 Actual	FY 2019-20 Adopted	FY19-20 Estimate COVID 19	FY2020-21 Proposed COVID 19
Operating Requirements					
Personnel Services	35,977,281	36,263,740	39,226,510	37,715,372	34,246,570
Materials & Services	8,682,385	9,031,722	10,926,251	10,893,857	10,861,608
Insurance & Risk Services	1,055,130	972,841	1,186,380	296,520	456,718
	\$45,714,796	\$46,268,303	\$51,339,141	\$48,905,749	\$45,564,896
Transfers					
Transfer to Specialized Services Fund	2,879,338	1,961,573	3,011,212	3,011,212	2,942,083
Transfer to Medicaid Fund	394,160	1,007,028	225,003	413,003	397,133
Transfer to Point2point Fund	192,000	190,000	0	0	258,379
Transfer to Capital Projects Fund	5,273,562		0	0	5,454,931
	\$8,739,060	\$3,158,601	\$3,236,215	\$3,424,215	\$9,052,526
Reserves					
Operating Contingency			0		
Self-Insurance, Risk, and HRA Liability			500,000	0	0
	\$0	\$0	\$500,000	\$0	\$0
Total Requirements	\$54,453,856	\$49,426,904	\$55,075,356	\$52,329,964	\$54,617,421

Not Appropriated (Board Required Operating Reserve) **	FY 2017-18 Actual	FY2018-19 Actual	FY 2019-20 Adopted	FY19-20 Estimate COVID 19	FY2020-21 Proposed COVID 19
Operating Reserve					
STIF Reserve (restricted)				300,000	300,000
Minimum Reserve per policy	12,814,032	14,295,597	8,896,429	11,020,433	8,050,257
Requirements & Working Capital	\$67,267,888	\$63,722,501	\$63,971,785	\$63,650,397	\$62,967,678

** - Not appropriated Board required operating reserves cannot be used without Board approval

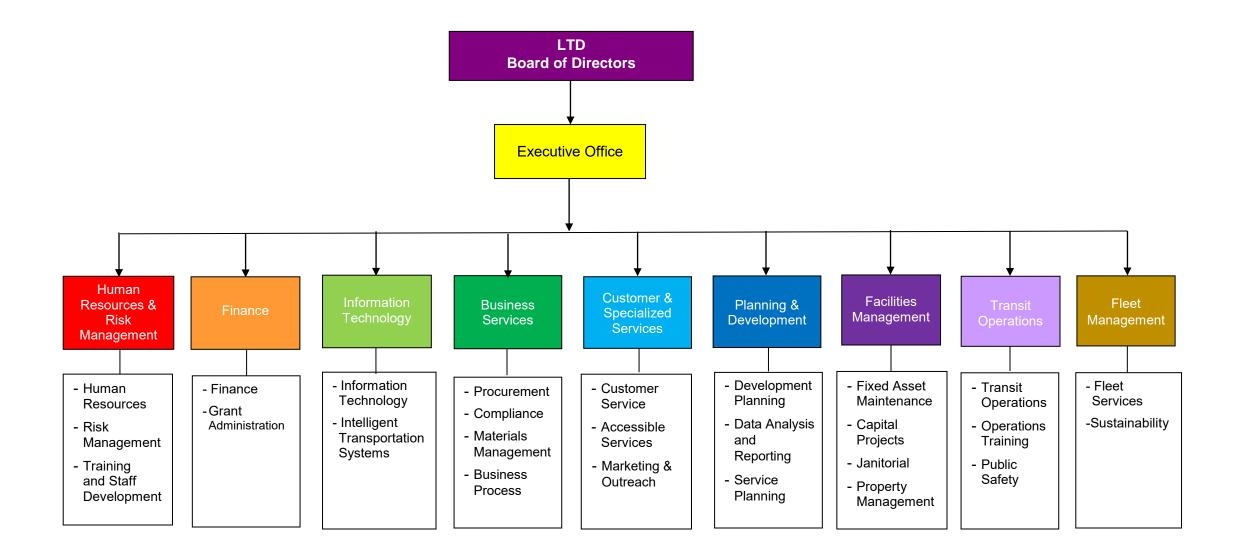
Percentage Change Analysis	FY 2017-18 Actual compared with FY 2016-17 Actual	FY2018-19 Actual compared with FY2017-18 Actual	FY2019-20 Adopted compared with FY2018-19 Actual	FY2020-21 Estimate compared with FY2019-20 Actual	FY2020-21 Proposed compared with FY2019-20 Adopted
Total Resources	-24.1%	-5.3%	0.4%	-0.1%	-1.6%
Total Operating Revenues	-7.9%	0.1%	-9.6%	-38.8%	-33.3%
Total Nonoperating Revenues	15.3%	5.0%	7.4%	3.0%	1.0%
Total Requirements	-16.1%	-9.2%	11.4%	5.9%	-0.8%
Total Operating Requirements	4.1%	1.2%	11.0%	5.7%	-11.2%
Total Transfers	-58.4%	-63.9%	2.5%	8.4%	179.7%
Total Reserves	-31.0%	11.6%	-37.8%	-22.9%	27%

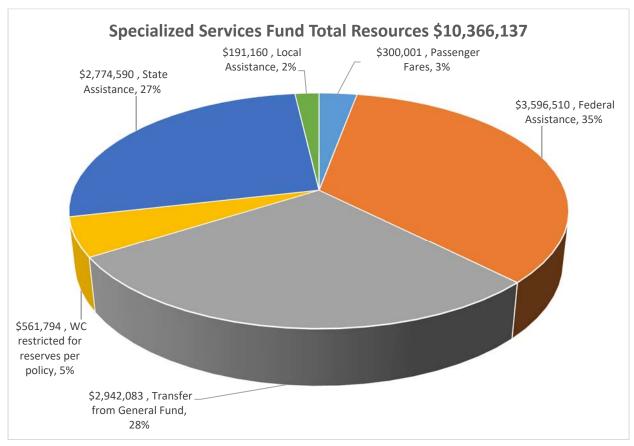


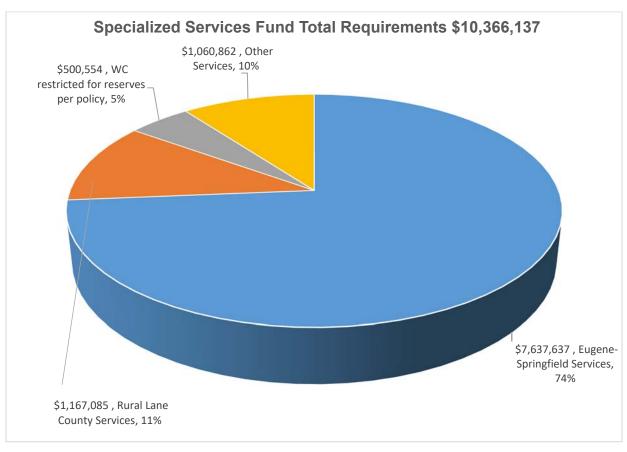
Lane Transit District Department Summary Fiscal Year 2020-21

Personnel Profile	FY 2017-18 Actual	FY2018-19 Actual	FY 2019-20 Adopted	FY2019-20 Estimate	FY2020-21 Proposed
Executive Office **	6.00	4.00	4.00	3.00	6.00
Public Affairs	4.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Planning & Development **	10.34	8.50	7.50	7.50	7.50
Human Resources	6.00	6.00	6.00	5.00	4.00
Finance	9.70	9.00	8.80	6.00	5.00
Business Services	0.00	7.00	7.00	18.50	12.00
Information Technology	6.00	5.00	5.70	7.00	6.00
Facilities Management	10.00	11.00	11.00	10.00	10.00
Customer Services	9.00	8.00	8.00	7.00	6.00
Accessible Services	2.00	2.00	3.00	3.00	3.70
Marketing	7.50	4.00	5.00	4.50	5.00
Public Safety	13.50	14.00	13.00	10.00	8.00
Point2point	4.38	5.20	5.50	5.40	0.00
Transit Training	2.00	1.00	1.00	2.00	2.00
Intelligent Transportation Services	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Operations	238.00	211.00	218.00	219.00	176.00
Maintenance	44.00	39.00	41.00	39.00	36.00
Total Full-Time Equivalent (FTE)	372.42	335.70	344.50	346.90	287.20
100% Charged to Capital **					
Executive Office	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	(2.00)
Planning & Development	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	(2.00)
Total FTE excluding staff 100% charged to capital					283.20

^{** -} FTE's 100% charged to capital do not hit the general fund as their fully burdened cost is charged to projects in the capital fund and the positions exist only while funded.







Specialized Services

Through Lane Transit District's (LTD) Specialized Services Fund, the District administers federal, state, and local resources to provide transportation services to older adults and people with disabilities living within Lane County. RideSource is the focal point for access to a variety of transportation programs. The Specialized Services Fund also administers new and innovative programs that support transportation within Lane County. Specialized Services oversees the following metro and rural services:

Metro Area Services

- ADA Paratransit. LTD's contracted paratransit service is an origin-to-destination service for people who are unable to use fixed-route service due to a disability and who need to travel within LTD's core service area (excluding rural routes). This service meets the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) requirements for "complementary paratransit."
- **ADA Shopper.** The Shopper is a neighborhood shopping shuttle serving Eugene and Springfield. The driver assists riders with their groceries and packages. The Shopper operates five days a week serving different neighborhoods each day.
- Transit Training and Hosts. LTD contracts with Alternative Work Concepts (AWC) to provide
 one-on-one training for people who need additional assistance using fixed-route service. LTD also
 contracts with AWC to provide Transit Hosts who assist passengers with pre-scheduled transfers
 and support training activities, and who provide ride and schedule information out of the downtown
 Eugene Station each weekday.
- Transportation supporting Behavioral Health. White Bird Clinic arranges transportation for people who are unable to use traditional public transportation while receiving behavioral health services, primarily for treatment and other essential activities.

Rural Services

- **Diamond Express.** The Diamond Express operates three roundtrips each weekday between Oakridge and the metro area as an intercity connection and is open to the general public. It is supported by funds from the City of Oakridge and the Statewide Transit Network Program that connects non-urbanized communities with larger transportation. It also includes a Dial-A-Ride program for residents attending a senior meals site.
- Rhody Express. The Rhody Express is a local fixed-route service operating within the City of Florence, operated by River Cities Taxi. Service is available weekdays between 10:00 a.m. and 6:00 p.m. and is open to the general public. It is supported by a formula transportation grant for rural areas and funds from the City of Florence.
- **South Lane Services.** LTD contracts with the City of Cottage Grove, who in turn contracts with the nonprofit agency, South Lane Wheels, providing local Dial-a-Ride services that are open to the general public in Cottage Grove, Creswell, and surrounding rural areas. These services are supported by a formula transportation grant for rural areas.

Lane County Service

• **Escort.** A door-through-door service for people who are in need of more assistance than provided through our ADA paratransit service. RideSource, Senior & Disability Services' Senior Connections Program, and the Senior Companion Program all participate in the support and recruitment of volunteers. Volunteer drivers receive a per mile reimbursement for trips provided to and from eligible appointments. The program serves older adults and people with disabilities throughout Lane County.

- Transportation Assessments. LTD contracts with Senior & Disability Services, AWC, and White Bird Clinic to provide comprehensive transportation assessments and services using in-person interviews to determine the most appropriate mode of transportation.
- RideSource. A service of LTD, RideSource is the integrated transportation brokerage coordinating
 transportation services for multiple human service programs. RideSource manages transportation
 programs through an integrated call center and integrated service delivery model. Through this
 coordination, the programs served realize increased efficiency allowing them to stretch their
 program dollars, while the customer receives reliable and convenient service by calling one number
 to access a variety of transportation programs.

Additional Services

- Mobility as a Service (MAAS). LTD provides funds to support operations and administration of Mobility on Demand (MOD) projects such as EmGo in downtown Eugene and the Cottage Grove Connector. This fund includes marketing and planning projects.
- **STIF Administration and Passthrough.** LTD serves as a Qualified Entity for distributing STIF funds to recipients, such as a transit demand plan in Cottage Grove.



Lane Transit District Specialized Services Fund Fiscal Year 2020-21

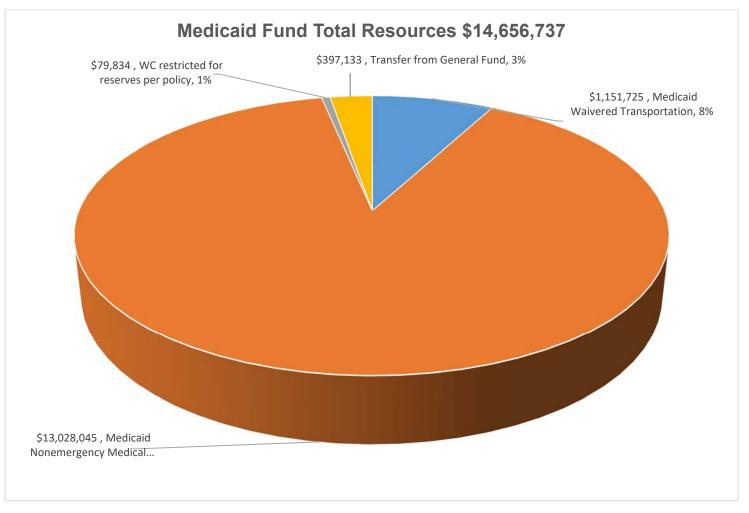
Resources	FY 2017-18 Actual	FY2018-19 Actual	FY 2019-20 Adopted	FY2019-20 Estimate	FY2020-21 Proposed
WC for reserves & cash flow	(\$186,217)	\$146,644	\$498,262	\$597,637	\$561,794
Operating Revenues					
Passenger Fares	307,808	339,967	300,000	300,001	300,001
Federal Assistance	2,419,408	2,727,730	3,516,694	3,516,694	3,596,510
State Assistance	849,384	1,139,095	2,132,110	2,132,110	2,774,590
Local Assistance	115,504	125,793	191,160	191,160	191,160
Miscellaneous	200	0	0		0
	\$3,692,304	\$4,332,585	\$6,139,964	\$6,139,964	\$6,862,260
Other Sources					
Transfer from General Fund *	2,879,338	1,961,573	3,011,212	3,011,212	2,942,083
	\$2,879,338	\$1,961,573	\$3,011,212	\$3,011,212	\$2,942,083
Total Resources	\$6,385,425	\$6,440,802	\$9,649,438	\$9,748,813	\$10,366,137

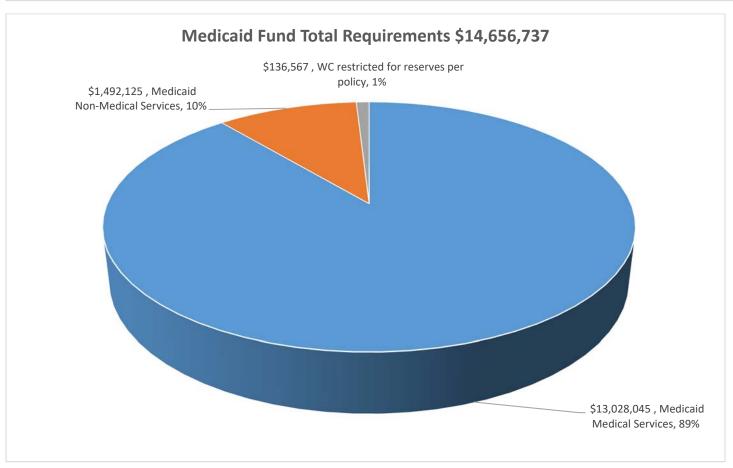
 $^{^{\}star}$ Excludes contra payroll and material and services transfers, which are included within the requirements section below.

Requirements	FY 2017-18 Actual	FY2018-19 Actual	FY 2019-20 Adopted	FY2019-20 Estimate	FY2020-21 Proposed
Operating Requirements					
Eugene-Springfield Services					
ADA Ride Source	5,247,670	4,692,825	6,788,567	6,788,568	6,943,067
Transit Training and Hosts	118,583	121,789	154,038	154,038	154,038
Mental Health Transportation	90,823	72,924	115,532	115,532	115,532
STIF Grant Administration		0	280,000	280,000	280,000
LTD Staff Time		0	145,000	145,000	145,000
	\$5,457,076	\$4,887,538	\$7,483,137	\$7,483,138	\$7,637,637
Rural Lane County Services					
South Lane & STIF Expansion	137,893	138,716	249,399	149,399	152,175
Oakridge & STIF Expansion Florence & STIF Expansion	233,367 197,316	220,226 217,917	241,514 417,106	241,515 417,106	267,104 647,806
Florence/Yachats	573	113,217	40,000	40,000	047,800
STIF Transit Demand Plan		,	,	100,000	100,000
Volunteer Coordination	64,552	76,389	0	0	0
Service Animal Program	2,318	43,090	0	0	0
	\$636,019	\$809,555	\$948,019	\$948,020	\$1,167,085
Other Services	132,582	400 700	140.862	440,000	440,000
Mobility Management Crucial Connections	3,645	136,793 5,255	7,500	140,862 7,500	140,862 7,500
Veterans Transportation	9,459	4.024	12,500	12,500	12,500
Mobility as a Service	3,433	0	595.000	595.000	900,000
Woodinty as a Sorvice		Ü	000,000	000,000	000,000
	\$145,686	\$146,072	\$755,862	\$755,862	\$1,060,862
Total Operating Requirements	\$6,238,781	\$5,843,165	\$9,187,018	\$9,187,019	\$9,865,583
Contingency	\$0	\$0	\$0	-	-
Total Requirements	\$6,238,781	\$5,843,165	\$9,187,018	\$9,187,019	\$9,865,583
Not Appropriated (Board Required	FY 2017-18	FY2018-19	FY 2019-20	FY2019-20	FY2020-21
Operating Reserve) **	Actual	Actual	Adopted	Estimate	Proposed
Operating Reserve					
Minimum Reserve per policy	146,644	597,637	462,420	561,794	500,554
Requirements & Working Capital	\$6,385,425	\$6,440,802	\$9,649,438	\$9,748,813	\$10,366,137

		without Board approval

Percentage Change Analysis	FY 2017-18 Actual compared with FY 2016-17 Actual	FY2018-19 Actual compared with FY2017-18 Actual	FY2019-20 Adopted compared with FY2018-19 Actual	FY2020-21 Estimate compared with FY2019-20 Actual	FY2020-21 Proposed compared with FY2019-20 Adopted
Total Resources	4.8%	0.9%	49.8%	51.4%	7.4%
Transfer from General Fund	26.6%	-31.9%	53.5%	53.5%	-2.3%
Total Requirements	6.2%	-6.3%	57.2%	57.2%	7.4%





Medicaid

The Medicaid program provides transportation services to individuals who qualify for Oregon Health Plan medical coverage. With the opening of the RideSource Call Center on May 19, 2008, Lane Transit District (LTD) became the countywide broker for all Medicaid nonemergency medical transportation (NEMT) trips. These are trips that qualified recipients take to and from medical services that are covered through their Medicaid benefits when they have no other means of transportation. Trip requests are taken by the Call Center and are then scheduled with the least costly, most appropriate contracted transportation provider. Trips are provided door to door in most cases.

On July 1, 2013, LTD became one of two pilot project areas to work with Coordinated Care Organizations (CCO) as a part of the State of Oregon's HealthCare Transportation Program with Trillium Community Health Plans who was selected to serve as the initial local CCO for Lane County. NEMT services and payments are now integrated into the CCO system along with behavioral and dental health care services allowing a more holistic view of the customer's needs. LTD now works directly with Trillium and PacificSource Health Plans to provide trips for individuals served under their health plans as a part of the Oregon Health Plan. For those individuals eligible for NEMT, but not served through Trillium or PacificSource, LTD continues to work directly with the Oregon Health Authority's Department of Medical Assistance Programs.

On January 1, 2014, with the start of services under the Affordable Care Act (ACA), the RideSource Call Center saw a 30 percent increase in service requests for NEMT. This was due to the Medicaid Expansion under the ACA in which Oregon participates. As Medicaid does not have a specific open enrollment period, it is anticipated that this growth in service requests will continue to increase over the fiscal year. In addition, Trillium is encouraging their members to use the transportation benefit as a method to increase access to healthcare.

On January 1, 2021, the Oregon Health Authority implemented CCO 2.0. The main changes that affect us here in Lane County is the increase in quantity and level of performance metrics and requirements both contractually and legislatively. In addition, they added a second CCO to serve Lane County, PacificSource Health Plans. LTD is contracting with both Trillium and PacificSource as CCOs, and for a few Oregon Health Authority, to provide NEMT services to members in Lane County.

NEMT revenues are collected through reimbursement of the actual trip cost, plus a per member, per month payment to cover administrative costs. LTD works with the CCOs in setting that rate and LTD continues to monitor.

In addition to trips to medical services, a second program provides transportation services across Lane County for Medicaid recipients who have a qualifying care plan that is managed by their Senior and Disability Services Case Manager. Local transportation is one benefit that allows people to continue to stay in their homes or other community residential settings rather than moving into a nursing care facility. Through a cost-sharing arrangement between LTD and the Department of Human Services, individuals are allowed to take trips that help keep them connected to their local community. This expands their transportation options.

There are strict guidelines a transportation provider must follow in order to provide services for the RideSource Call Center. These include specific levels of training for drivers, maintaining operational and safety standards for all vehicles, motor vehicle and criminal background checks

of all drivers, specific levels of insurance coverage, and unscheduled quality assurance inspections in the field. Providers who have met these requirements, and are currently registered to offer these services in Lane County, include Medical Transportation Management, River Cities Taxi, and many of the local taxi and medical transport companies.



Lane Transit District Medicaid Fund Fiscal Year 2020-21

Resources	FY 2017-18 Actual	FY2018-19 Actual	FY 2019-20 Adopted	FY2019-20 Estimate	FY2020-21 Proposed
WC for reserves & cash flow	(\$146,556)	(\$369,159)	\$132,000	\$5,831	\$79,834
Operating Revenues					
Medicaid Medical Services	8,721,161	10,436,111	10,922,725	12,158,275	13,028,045
Medicaid Waivered Transportation	636,610	831,256	821,505	1,001,500	1,151,725
	\$9,357,771	\$11,267,367	\$11,744,230	\$13,159,775	\$14,179,770
Other Sources					
Transfer from General Fund *	394,160	1,007,028	225,003	413,003	397,133
	\$394,160	\$1,007,028	\$225,003	\$413,003	\$397,133
Total Resources	\$9,605,375	\$11,905,236	\$12,101,233	\$13,578,609	\$14,656,737

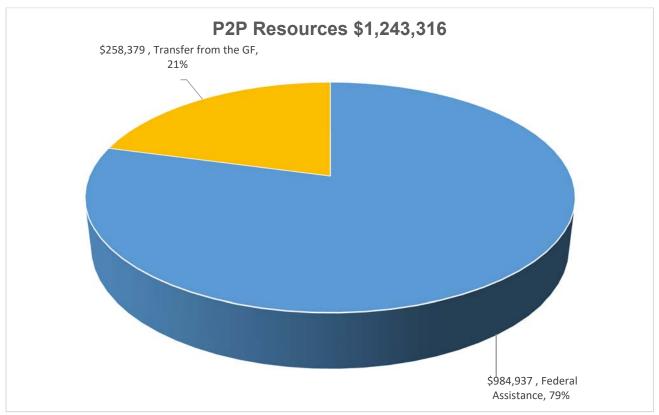
^{*} Excludes contra payroll and material and services transfers, which are included within the requirements section below.

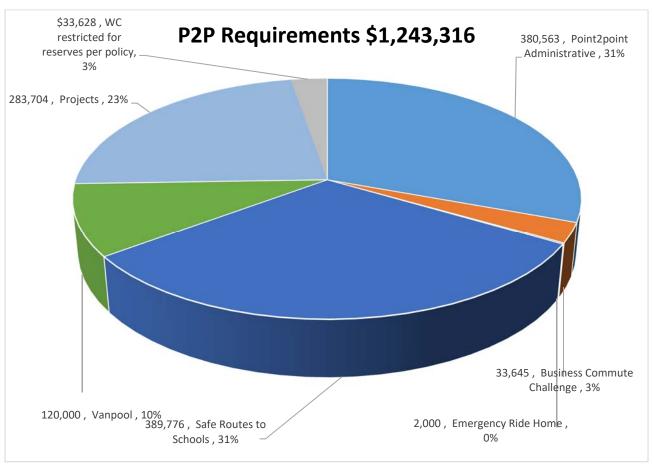
Requirements	FY 2017-18	FY2018-19	FY 2019-20	FY2019-20	FY2020-21
Requirements	Actual	Actual	Adopted	Estimate	Proposed
Operating Requirements					
Medicaid Medical Services					
Services	6,990,471	8,710,243	8,720,000	9,459,250	10,080,000
Mobility Management	88,921	96,701	101,250	97,000	95,350
Program Administration	1,823,520	1,912,298	2,101,475	2,645,025	2,852,695
	\$8,902,912	\$10,719,242	\$10,922,725	\$12,201,275	\$13,028,045
Medicaid Waivered Transportation					
Services	822,547	867,887	765,000	965,000	1,109,750
Mobility Management	38,140	41,476	51,500	36,500	41,975
Program Administration	128	10,060	7,150	11,000	12,650
Grant Program Match Requirements	210,807	260,740	285,000	285,000	327,750
	\$1,071,622	\$1,180,163	\$1,108,650	\$1,297,500	\$1,492,125
Contingency	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Total Requirements	\$9,974,534	\$11,899,405	\$12,031,375	\$13,498,775	\$14,520,170
Not Appropriated (Board Required					
Operating Reserve) **	FY 2017-18	FY2018-19	FY 2019-20	FY2019-20	FY2020-21
operating reserve)	Actual	Actual	Adopted	Estimate	Proposed
Operating Reserve					
Minimum Reserve per policy	(369,159)	5,831	69,858	79,834	136,567
Requirements & Working Capital	\$9,605,375	\$11,905,236	\$12,101,233	\$13,578,609	\$14,656,737

^{** -} Not appropriated; Board required operating reserves cannot be used without Board approval

operating revenues over requirements

Percentage Change Analysis	FY 2017-18 Actual compared with FY 2016-17 Actual	FY2018-19 Actual compared with FY2017-18 Actual	FY2019-20 Adopted compared with FY2018-19 Actual	FY2020-21 Estimate compared with FY2019-20 Actual	FY2020-21 Proposed compared with FY2019-20 Adopted
Total Resources	2.1%	23.9%	1.6%	14.1%	21.1%
Transfer from General Fund	43.3%	155.5%	-77.7%	-59.0%	76.5%
Total Requirements	4.4%	19.3%	1.1%	13.4%	20.7%





Point2point

Point2point (P2p), formerly Commuter Solutions, was started by Lane Transit District (LTD) in 1995 with the regional partner agencies including Lane County, Lane Metropolitan Planning Organization (MPO), City of Eugene, City of Springfield, City of Coburg, and the Oregon Department of Transportation (ODOT) in order to help reduce reliance on single-occupancy vehicles and to help lower congestion in the Lane metropolitan area. This program serves as the Lane MPO Regional Transportation Options Program. This effort supports LTD's mission of providing transportation mobility options and choices for the traveling public.

Through the P2p Fund, the District will continue to manage and administer federal, state, and local resources to provide transportation options projects and programs predominately in the Lane MPO area. Funding is received from the Lane MPO through the Surface Transportation Program-Urban, ODOT, and the Federal Highway Administration. Special one-time grant funds, such as STIP Enhance, are received on a frequent basis to support special projects.

Lane Metro Area Programs

Employer Programs

P2p staff works with regional businesses on a one-to-one basis to establish relationships and share information and resources on all transportation options available for employers and their employees. This information includes programs and operation and promotion of services such as the following:

- Emergency Ride Home Free workplace program for employees to use alternative commute modes and who need a ride home in an emergency.
- Group Pass/Commuter Club Voucher Staff assists in the promotion and dissemination of information on the LTD Group Bus Pass and Commuter Club Voucher services.
- Employer Transportation Coordinator Staff works with volunteer employer-based Employer Transportation Coordinators to share information with their workplace on transportation options to and from work.
- Employer Survey Research Staff works with employers to develop survey tools for that business to use to learn more about employee commute habits and travel needs.
- Dot Maps Staff develops geocoded maps that show where the business employees live to assist with finding carpool partners.
- Employer/Activity Center Site Maps Staff develops site specific maps that identify what transportation options are available for each specific work site.
- Employer transportation fairs Staff provides marketing materials for employees with specific information on their travel options.

Ridesharing

- Get There Staff manages Lane County's online ridesharing database and develop ongoing efforts to make the region's travelers aware of this tool.
- Valley Vanpool P2p is one of three partners who operate the Valley Vanpool program, which offers vanpools for work travel up and down the Willamette Valley.
- Carpool and Vanpool Parking Staff facilitates development of preferential carpool and vanpool parking at business locations.

Outreach and Community Transportation Education

- P2p dedicates staff time year round to raise the general public awareness of transportation options in the region through channels, including direct marketing, social media, print media, and community outreach and conducting special events.
- Each year P2p staff attends or leads 60 community outreach opportunities to new and existing market niches.

School Programs

- School Carpooling P2p operates this carpool matching program to encourage families to carpool to and from the regional schools.
- Safe Routes to Schools (SRTS) P2p staff provides for the following:
 - Staff support for the growing regional SRTS Program that is offered in all three local school districts.
 - Management of grant funds and all program reporting.
 - School walking maps and map updates to encourage increased walking and biking to local schools.
 - Leading school and family outreach events to share active transportation and safety messaging.
 - Stipends or supplies for year round education and encouragement activities related to active transportation.

Campaign and Challenges

 Staff develops and leads regional transportation options events and challenges such as the Business Commute Challenge and the Oregon Drive Less Challenge (Lane County) to encourage the use of transportation options as a lifestyle.

SmartTrips

Staff, when funding is available, leads SmartTrips programming in Springfield and regionally. SmartTrips is a targeted outreach and education program that highlights all the transportation options in a particular neighborhood or surrounding new infrastructure, such as the Gateway EmX Service. Staff provide knowledge exchange with the City of Eugene in their SmartTrips programming.

Congestion Mitigation

 P2p staff assist ODOT and regional partners with congestion mitigation during construction disruption events, communicate with the general public, employers, and schools on options for travel during closures or extended delays.

Lane County Services

 P2p, with support from ODOT, hosts rural safety-oriented events in cities such as Florence, Cottage Grove, and Oakridge to encourage awareness of safe travel habit including visibility.

Research

 Staff conduct research and/or assist with awareness of new transportation options services (e.g., car sharing, bike sharing, or electronic bike lockers).



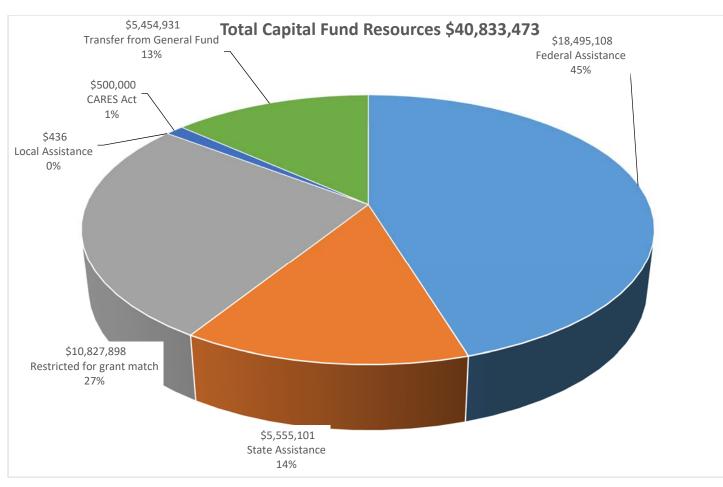
Lane Transit District Point2point Fund Fiscal Year 2020-21

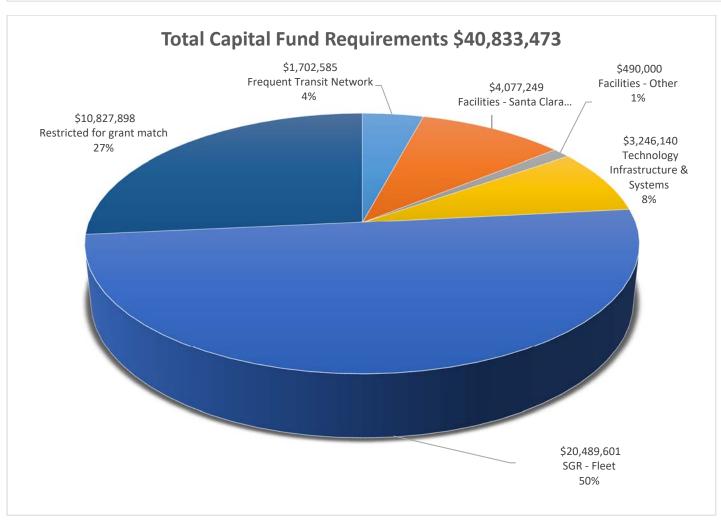
Resources	FY 2017-18 Actual	FY2018-19 Actual	FY 2019-20 Adopted	FY2019-20 Estimate	FY2020-21 Proposed
WC for reserves & cash flow	\$0	\$351,981	\$541,981	\$231,774	\$131
Operating Revenues					
Federal Assistance	989,179	603,521	831,397	708,289	984,937
State Assistance	43,082	15,362	229,942	199,848	0
Local Assistance	32,893	26,032	28,000	231,643	0
	\$1,065,154	\$644,915	\$1,089,339	\$1,139,780	\$984,937
Other Sources					
Beginning Working Capital utilized				(231,643)	
Transfer from General Fund for operations *	192,000	190,000	0		258,379
	\$192,000	\$190,000	\$0	(\$231,643)	\$258,379
Total Resources	\$1,257,154	\$1,186,896	\$1,631,320	\$1,139,911	\$1,243,447

^{*} Excludes contra payroll and material and services transfers, which are included within the requirements section below.

Requirements	FY 2017-18 Actual	FY2018-19 Actual	FY 2019-20 Adopted	FY2019-20 Estimate	FY2020-21 Proposed
Operating Requirements					
Point2point Administrative	257,431	272,704	388,551	388,551	380,563
Business Commute Challenge	55,916	55,177	19,100	19,100	33,645
Emergency Ride Home	914	161	2,250	2,250	2,000
Employer Transportation Coordinators	38,817		0		
Safe Routes to Schools	242,674	370,073	304,297	222,722	327,07
Vanpool	116,414	118,970	222,903	137,300	120,000
Projects					
Carshare	20		3,500	42,952	3,500
SRTS Mapping	1,067				
SRTS Regional					14,674
SmartTrips Gateway					112,28
Driveless Connect/Get There	38,473	46,649	83,857	83,857	68,586
SmartTrips	137,536	66,491	187,064	187,000	
SRTS Assistants					33,030
Transportation Coordinator Pilot	10,819	24,034	0	48	9,500
ODOT Congestion Mitigation			76,994	40,000	49,969
Innovation Grant "Nudge"/Behavior Change			55,000	8,000	40,000
SWTS Safe Ways To School			8,000	8,000	15,00
Be Safe Be Seen Rural Safety	5,092	863	3,200		
Total Operating Requirements	\$905,173	\$955,122	\$1,354,716	\$1,139,780	\$1,209,81
Contingency			\$244,604		\$0
Total Requirements	\$905,173	\$955,122	\$1,599,320	\$1,139,780	\$1,209,819
Not Appropriated (Board Required Operating	FY 2017-18	FY2018-19	FY 2019-20	FY2019-20	FY2020-21
Reserve) **	Actual	Actual	Adopted	Estimate	Proposed
Operating Reserve					
Minimum Reserve per policy	351,981	231,774	32,000	131	33,62
Requirements & Working Capital	\$1,257,154	\$1,186,896	\$1,631,320	\$1,139,911	\$1,243,44
	FY 2017-18 Actual	FY2018-19 Actual	FY2019-20	FY2020-21	FY2020-21

Percentage Change Analysis	FY 2017-18 Actual compared with FY 2016-17 Actual	FY2018-19 Actual compared with FY2017-18 Actual	FY2019-20 Adopted compared with FY2018-19 Actual	FY2020-21 Estimate compared with FY2019-20 Actual	FY2020-21 Proposed compared with FY2019-20 Adopted
Total Resources	N/A	-5.6%	37.4%	-4.0%	-23.8%
Transfer from General Fund	N/A	-1.0%	-100.0%	-100.0%	0.0%
Total Requirements	N/A	5.5%	67.4%	19.3%	-24.4%







Lane Transit District Capital Projects Fund Fiscal Year 2020-21

Resources	FY 2017-18 Actual	FY2018-19 Actual	FY 2019-20 Adopted	FY2019-20 Estimate	FY2020-21 Proposed
WC Restricted for Grant Match	\$7,430,028	\$19,146,272	\$15,078,817	\$18,726,519	\$10,827,898
Grants					
Federal Assistance	12,721,447	2,483,547	6,673,724	6,202,490	18,495,108
State Assistance	4,745,108	1,145,009	5,193,605	3,136,298	5,555,101
Local Assistance	214,468	9,914	0	39,183	436
CARES ACT					500,000
Miscellaneous		28,925			
	\$17,681,023	\$3,667,395	\$11,867,329	\$9,377,971	\$24,550,644
Other Sources					
Beginning Working Capital utilized				(2,994,310)	
Transfer from General Fund	5,273,562	0	0		5,454,931
	\$5,273,562	\$0	\$0	(\$2,994,310)	\$5,454,931
Total Resources	\$30,384,613	\$22,813,667	\$26,946,146	\$25,110,179	\$40,833,473

Requirements	FY 2017-18 Actual	FY2018-19 Actual	FY 2019-20 Adopted	FY2019-20 Estimate	FY2020-21 Proposed
Improvement Projects (IP)					
Frequent Transit Network					
Franklin Boulevard Phase 1 Transit Stations	44,588	59,356	396,627	538.598	0
MovingAhead	507,632	395,298	451,252	96,323	453,677
West Eugene EmX Extension	5,055,893	654,605	430,000	385,000	40,000
Mobility on Demand	0,000,000	92,298	100,000	000,000	10,000
Transit Tomorrow		154,432			
Commerce Street Connect Bridge	1,072,341	.0.,.02			
Willow Creek Facility	698,044				
Main Street-McVay Transportation Study	6,960	3,200	205,000	100,000	105,000
River Road Transit Community Implementation Plan	,	271,712	274,000	274,000	0
Planning Studies		ŕ	,	845,000	543,908
FTN Safety & Amenity Improvements			388,125	288,000	560,000
Facilities					
Santa Clara Transit Center	31,511	514,913	5,188,434	3,000,000	4,077,249
Green Lane Corner Improvement				515,000	235,000
Hunsaker Development Project			30,000		30,000
Fleet & FM Building-Glenwood (Bus Parking Lot)	3,424,126		0		
Passngr Brdng Imprvts & systs facils imprvts		153,206	200,000	305,000	200,000
Miscellaneous Improvements					
Bus Lift for Maintenance Bay 1			20,000		
Technology Infrastructure & Systems					
Fare Management System			765,000	765,000	
Novus Modules			400,000		450,000
Platform Validators					500,000
Safety & Security					
18th & Oak Patch Traffic Signal	0		0		
NW Eugene/LLC Transit Study	0		0		
Baldy View Bus Only Lane	0		0		
Capital Outlay	\$10,841,095	\$2,299,020	\$8,748,438	\$7,111,921	\$7,194,834



Lane Transit District Capital Projects Fund Fiscal Year 2020-21

Resources	FY 2017-18 Actual	FY2018-19 Actual	FY 2019-20 Adopted	FY2019-20 Estimate	FY2020-21 Proposed
State of Good Repair (SGR)					
Frequent Transit Network					
Fleet					
Revenue Vehicles - Fixed Route	61,989	80,879	4,589,558	5,635,000	17,600,001
Non Fixed Route Vehicles			750,000		0
Revenue Vehicles - Accessible Services	726	1,146,002	878,000	425,000	1,250,001
Support Vehicles	0		303,000		
Shop Equipment	0		50,000	50,000	
Spare Parts for Vehicles	46,245	75,082			150,000.0
Hybrid System Overhaul					975,000.0
Mobile Video Surveillance					293,543.0
Replacement Parts	189,015	220,609			
Hybrid Bus DPIM Replacements			150,000		
Associated Capital Maintenance Parts (ACM)			366,500	366,500	131,750.0
Miscellaneous		67,639			
Fleet Procurement Plan			139,307	50,000	89,307.0
Facilities					
Stations, Shelters & Facilities	30,860		25,000		25,000
Technology Infrastructure & Systems					
Computer Hardware & Software	64,635	197,917	485,000	393,860	2,296,140
Intelligent Transportation Systems	1,160	,	,	,	, ,
Safety & Security					
Natural Hazards Response & Mitigation Plan			75,000		
Capital Outlay	\$394,630	\$1,788,128	\$7,811,365	\$6,920,360	\$22,810,741
Other Projects					
Transit Tomorrow (COA)	2,617		200,000		
Sustainable Cities Year Program	2,577		250,000	250,000	
Child Child Control			200,000	200,000	
Capital Outlay	\$2,617	\$0	\$450,000	\$250,000	\$0
Total Capital Outlay	\$11,238,342	\$4,087,148	\$17,009,803	\$14,282,281	\$30,005,575
Restricted for grant match	\$19,146,272	\$18,726,519	\$9,936,343	\$10,827,898	\$10,827,898
Total Requirements	\$30,384,613	\$22,813,667	\$26,946,146	\$25,110,179	\$40,833,473



General Information

ATU-Represented Pay Table July 1, 2020 through December 31, 2020

	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	5th	
Transit Operations	9 Months	Thereafter				
Bus Operator	\$20.43	\$21.79	\$23.13	\$24.47	\$25.84	\$27.19
Fleet Services						
Lead Journeyman	\$25.12	\$26.73	\$28.35	\$29.98	\$31.60	\$33.59
Journeyman Mechanic	\$23.90	\$25.46	\$27.03	\$28.55	\$30.14	\$32.00
Journeyman Tire Specialist	\$23.90	\$25.46	\$27.03	\$28.55	\$30.14	\$32.00
General Service Worker	\$20.02	\$21.33	\$22.65	\$24.00	\$25.31	\$26.97
Lead Detailer	\$20.37	\$21.71	\$23.06	\$24.38	\$25.73	\$27.08
Equipment Detail Technician	\$19.44	\$20.70	\$21.99	\$23.25	\$24.48	\$25.80
Lead Inventory Technician	\$21.77	\$23.15	\$24.59	\$26.05	\$27.49	\$29.26
Inventory Technician	\$20.74	\$22.06	\$23.43	\$24.85	\$26.16	\$27.89
Customer Services						
Lead Customer Service Representative	\$20.37	\$21.71	\$23.06	\$24.38	\$25.73	\$27.08
Customer Service Representative	\$19.44	\$20.70	\$21.99	\$23.25	\$24.48	\$25.80
Facilities Services						
Station Cleaner	\$20.37	\$21.71	\$23.06	\$24.38	\$25.73	\$27.08

ATU-Represented Pay Table January 1, 2021 through June 30, 2021

	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	5th	
Transit Operations	9 Months	Thereafter				
Bus Operator	\$20.74	\$22.12	\$23.48	\$24.84	\$26.23	\$27.60
Fleet Services						
Lead Journeyman	\$25.50	\$27.13	\$28.78	\$30.43	\$32.07	\$34.09
Journeyman Mechanic	\$24.26	\$25.84	\$27.44	\$28.98	\$30.59	\$32.48
Journeyman Tire Specialist	\$24.26	\$25.84	\$27.44	\$28.98	\$30.59	\$32.48
General Service Worker	\$20.32	\$21.65	\$22.99	\$24.36	\$25.69	\$27.37
Lead Detailer	\$20.68	\$22.04	\$23.41	\$24.75	\$26.12	\$27.49
Equipment Detail Technician	\$19.73	\$21.01	\$22.32	\$23.60	\$24.85	\$26.19
Lead Inventory Technician	\$22.10	\$23.50	\$24.96	\$26.44	\$27.90	\$29.70
Inventory Technician	\$21.05	\$22.39	\$23.78	\$25.22	\$26.55	\$28.31
Customer Services						
Lead Customer Service Representative	\$20.68	\$22.04	\$23.41	\$24.75	\$26.12	\$27.49
Customer Service Representative	\$19.73	\$21.01	\$22.32	\$23.60	\$24.85	\$26.19
Facilities Services						
Station Cleaner	\$20.68	\$22.04	\$23.41	\$24.75	\$26.12	\$27.49

ATU-Represented Pay Table July 1, 2020 through December 31, 2020

	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	5th	
Transit Operations	9 Months	Thereafter				
Bus Operator	\$20.43	\$21.79	\$23.13	\$24.47	\$25.84	\$27.19
Fleet Services						
Lead Journeyman	\$25.12	\$26.73	\$28.35	\$29.98	\$31.60	\$33.59
Journeyman Mechanic	\$23.90	\$25.46	\$27.03	\$28.55	\$30.14	\$32.00
Journeyman Tire Specialist	\$23.90	\$25.46	\$27.03	\$28.55	\$30.14	\$32.00
General Service Worker	\$20.02	\$21.33	\$22.65	\$24.00	\$25.31	\$26.97
Lead Detailer	\$20.37	\$21.71	\$23.06	\$24.38	\$25.73	\$27.08
Equipment Detail Technician	\$19.44	\$20.70	\$21.99	\$23.25	\$24.48	\$25.80
Lead Inventory Technician	\$21.77	\$23.15	\$24.59	\$26.05	\$27.49	\$29.26
Inventory Technician	\$20.74	\$22.06	\$23.43	\$24.85	\$26.16	\$27.89
Customer Services						
Lead Customer Service Representative	\$20.37	\$21.71	\$23.06	\$24.38	\$25.73	\$27.08
Customer Service Representative	\$19.44	\$20.70	\$21.99	\$23.25	\$24.48	\$25.80
Facilities Services						
Station Cleaner	\$20.37	\$21.71	\$23.06	\$24.38	\$25.73	\$27.08

ATU-Represented Pay Table January 1, 2021 through June 30, 2021

	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	5th	
Transit Operations	9 Months	Thereafter				
Bus Operator	\$20.74	\$22.12	\$23.48	\$24.84	\$26.23	\$27.60
Fleet Services						
Lead Journeyman	\$25.50	\$27.13	\$28.78	\$30.43	\$32.07	\$34.09
Journeyman Mechanic	\$24.26	\$25.84	\$27.44	\$28.98	\$30.59	\$32.48
Journeyman Tire Specialist	\$24.26	\$25.84	\$27.44	\$28.98	\$30.59	\$32.48
General Service Worker	\$20.32	\$21.65	\$22.99	\$24.36	\$25.69	\$27.37
Lead Detailer	\$20.68	\$22.04	\$23.41	\$24.75	\$26.12	\$27.49
Equipment Detail Technician	\$19.73	\$21.01	\$22.32	\$23.60	\$24.85	\$26.19
Lead Inventory Technician	\$22.10	\$23.50	\$24.96	\$26.44	\$27.90	\$29.70
Inventory Technician	\$21.05	\$22.39	\$23.78	\$25.22	\$26.55	\$28.31
Customer Services						
Lead Customer Service Representative	\$20.68	\$22.04	\$23.41	\$24.75	\$26.12	\$27.49
Customer Service Representative	\$19.73	\$21.01	\$22.32	\$23.60	\$24.85	\$26.19
Facilities Services						
Station Cleaner	\$20.68	\$22.04	\$23.41	\$24.75	\$26.12	\$27.49



Lane Transit District FY 2019-2020 Salary Schedule

Job Classification	Grade	Current Sa	lary Range
Assistant General Manager	22	103,990	138,653
Director of Planning & Development	20	90,828	125,808
Director of Business Services	19	84,887	113,182
Director of Customer and Specialized Services	19	84,887	113,182
Director of Finance	19	84,887	113,182
Director of HR & Risk Management	19	84,887	113,182
Director of Information Technology and Strategic Innovation	19	84,887	113,182
Director of Facilities	19	84,887	113,182
Director of Fleet Management	19	84,887	113,182
Director of Operations	19	84,887	113,182
Intelligent Transportation Systems Manager	19	84,887	113,182
Data Warehouse Manager	18	79,332	105,776
Business Process Manager	17	74,142	98,856
Controller II	17	74,142	98,856
IT Systems Administrator	17	74,142	98,856
Maintenance Manager	17	74,142	98,856
Marketing Outreach Manager	17	74,142	98,856
IT Network Engineer	17	74,142	98,856
Procurement Manager	17	74,142	98,856
Public Safety and Systems Security Manager	17	74,142	98,856
Applications Administrator	15	64,761	86,348
Intergovernment Relations Manager	15	64,761	86,348
Senior Development Planner	15	64,761	86,348
Facilities Project Manager	15	64,761	86,348
Sustainability Program Manager	15	64,761	86,348
Accessible Services Program Manager	14	60,524	80,698
Customer Service Supervisor	14	60,524	80,698
Facilities Maintenance Supervisor	14	60,524	80,698
Maintenance Supervisor	14	60,524	80,698
Materials Management Supervisor	14	60,524	80,698
Operations Supervisor	14	60,524	80,698
Operations Training Supervisor	14	60,524	80,698
Risk Manager	14	60,524	80,698
Facilities Services Specialist	14	60,524	80,698
Development Planner	14	60,524	80,698
Transit Planner	14	60,524	80,698
Accessible Service Program Specialist	13	56,565	75,419
Digital Marketing Specialist	13	56,565	75,419
Senior Human Resources Analyst	13	56,565	75,419
Development Planning Associate	12	52,865	70,486
Service Planning Associate	12	52,865	70,486
Clerk of the Board	11	49,407	65,875
Employer Marketing Specialist	11	49,407	65,875
Facilities Specialist	11	49,407	65,875
HR/Risk Generalist	11	49,407	65,875
Marketing & Communications Representative	11	49,407	65,875
Projects Coordinator	11	49,407	65,875
Facilities Maintenance Generalist II	9	43,154	57,538
Payroll Technician	9	43,154	57,538
Procurement Specialist I	9	43,154	57,538
Marketing Technician	9	43,154	57,538
Business Process Specialist	9	43,154	57,538
Facilities Generalist I	8	40,332	53,776
Graphic Designer	8	40,332	53,776
Accounting Technician I	7	37,693	50,257
Business Process Associate	7	37,693	50,257
Public Safety Intelligence Analyst	7	37,693 37,693	50,257
Transit Public Safety Officer	6	35,229	46,971
Facilities Laborer	6	35,229	46,971
Transportation Options Program Assistant	4	30,769	41,025
Transportation Options Program Assistant Transit Fare Inspector	4	·	41,025
Business Process Assistant	4	30,769 30,769	41,025
Edulicas i 1000as Aasistant	7	30,103	71,023

LANE TRANSIT DISTRICT Operating Revenue & Cost Measurements - Fixed-Route System Last Ten Fiscal Years

						0		0	
	Operating*	Operating*	Revenue		Percent	Operating Revenue /	Percent	Operating Expenses /	Percent
		. 0							
Fiscal Year	Revenues	Expenses	Margin	Revenue Hours	Change	Service Hour	Change	Revenue Hour	Change
2018-19	\$ 7,344,209	\$ 47,990,148	15.3%	283,835	-3.8%	\$25.87	4.1%	169.08	9.2%
2017-18	7,338,415	45,692,449	16.1%	295,103	4.9%	24.87	-11.7%	154.84	-7.5%
2016-17	7,921,433	47,085,831	16.8%	281,280	5.0%	28.16	-3.3%	167.40	12.3%
2015-16	7,807,665	39,957,976	19.5%	268,010	5.2%	29.13	-6.0%	149.09	0.9%
2014-15	7,893,869	37,640,553	21.0%	254,779	3.0%	30.98	-0.9%	147.74	-1.4%
2013-14	7,733,140	37,042,352	20.9%	247,286	0.0%	31.27	1.2%	149.80	6.4%
2012-13	7,640,918	34,804,833	22.0%	247,303	-0.1%	30.90	0.5%	140.74	1.5%
2011-12	7,608,840	34,312,262	22.2%	247,480	0.4%	30.75	-7.0%	138.65	3.1%
2010-11	8,150,969	33,144,263	24.6%	246,556	-11.7%	33.06	16.4%	134.43	12.9%
2009-10	7,933,611	33,248,606	23.9%	279,241	-2.6%	28.41	5.4%	119.07	3.1%

		Revenue Hours	Percent	Passenger	Passenger	Passenger Fares /	Operating Expenses /	Percent	Revenue Hours /
Fiscal Year	Employees	/ Employees	Change	Fares	Boardings	Boarding	Boarding	Change	Trip
2018-19	348	815.62	-1.9%	\$ 6,755,899	9,923,771	0.68	4.84	7.4%	0.029
2017-18	355	831.28	1.1%	6,740,382	10,146,391	0.66	4.50	-2.4%	0.029
2016-17	342	822.46	-3.0%	7,242,637	10,203,700	0.71	4.61	18.4%	0.028
2015-16	316	848.13	3.9%	7,141,779	10,250,227	0.70	3.90	10.2%	0.026
2014-15	312	816.60	3.4%	7,200,332	10,644,718	0.68	3.54	6.8%	0.024
2013-14	313	790.05	-1.0%	6,948,609	11,192,854	0.62	3.31	7.2%	0.022
2012-13	310	797.75	-2.3%	6,914,308	11,276,282	0.61	3.09	3.1%	0.022
2011-12	303	816.77	-1.3%	6,738,397	11,463,124	0.59	2.99	1.6%	0.022
2010-11	298	827.37	-7.0%	7,393,034	11,253,628	0.66	2.95	0.5%	0.022
2009-10	314	889.30	4.2%	7,032,027	11,349,579	0.62	2.93	3.7%	0.025

				Fleet	Fleet				
		Operating	Percent	Maintenance	Maintenance	Percent		Fuel Cost /	Percent
Fiscal Year	Miles	Expenses / Mile	Change	Costs	Cost / Mile	Change	Fuel Cost	Mile	Change
2018-19	3,896,512	12.316	-0.6%	\$ 7,078,508	1.817	1.2%	\$ 1,956,438	0.502	-4.3%
2017-18	3,688,939	12.386	3.4%	6,621,367	1.795	14.2%	1,935,857	0.525	-15.5%
2016-17	3,930,595	11.979	12.4%	6,175,683	1.571	3.7%	2,441,661	0.621	11.6%
2015-16	3,750,517	10.654	0.6%	5,683,792	1.515	-6.2%	2,086,824	0.556	-2.6%
2014-15	3,554,759	10.589	1.0%	5,740,550	1.615	10.1%	2,030,066	0.571	-21.8%
2013-14	3,534,864	10.479	5.8%	5,186,756	1.467	3.0%	2,580,822	0.730	-1.4%
2012-13	3,512,473	9.909	2.5%	5,002,973	1.424	-1.5%	2,601,015	0.741	-7.8%
2011-12	3,549,802	9.666	4.6%	5,134,802	1.447	3.0%	2,850,255	0.803	15.1%
2010-11	3,587,553	9.239	12.7%	5,040,041	1.405	11.7%	2,502,026	0.697	45.7%
2009-10	4,054,883	8.200	1.5%	5,100,175	1.258	6.5%	1,941,476	0.479	-9.3%
2008-09	4,097,838	8.082	3.1%	4,837,587	1.181	3.7%	2,162,213	0.528	-22.6%

 $^{{}^{\}star}\text{Excludes Accessible Services, depreciation, OPEB expense, expensed capital outlay, non operational planning activities}$

COMMUNITY INVESTMENT PLAN

2020-2029





Lane Transit District

COMMUNITY INVESTMENT PLAN SEPTEMBER 15, 2019

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SECTION 1: CONTEXT FOR LTD'S COMMUNITY INVESTMENTS

COMMUNITY INVESTMENTS FRAMEWORK

In everything Lane Transit District (LTD) does, we carry the community and its aspirations forward. Public Transportation services enable the residents of our community to connect to jobs, school, doctor's appointments, shopping, family and friends, and much more. Public transportation makes a significant contribution towards establishing a community identity, supporting vibrant commercial and social exchanges, improving physical health, and guiding sustainable neighborhood and regional development. In that context, we take responsibility for joining with our regional partners to create a livable community.

Community Investments allow LTD to meet operational and long-term goals. LTD believes in providing people the independence to achieve their goals while creating a more vibrant, sustainable, and equitable community. How we do this includes serving the community with respect, collaborating internally and externally, and caring for our customers, employees, and business partners. What we do includes providing safe and accessible vehicles, services, and facilities; practicing sound fiscal and sustainability management; delivering reliable, public transportation services; offering services that reduce dependency on the automobile; and providing leadership for the community's transportation needs.

Coordinating and collaborating with our partners enables us to better leverage the significant investments we make in our service and capital infrastructure. As Eugene, Springfield, and surrounding communities continue to grow and regional transportation demands diversify, there is a need for LTD to connect effectively to the economic development, social equity, and environmental stewardship goals of the broader community. Integrating LTD's plans for growth and development with the goals of the communities that we serve ensures that we fully leverage our investments and are contributing most effectively to the growth and prosperity of the region's residents.

The Community Investment Plan (CIP) is a 10-year framework that provides direction and guidance for LTD's community investments. Annual revisions of the CIP are developed with input from riders, community partners, and the general public. The CIP addresses short-term issues as well as our district's long-term transportation and livability goals.

COMMUNITY INVESTMENT PRIORITIES

LTD projects vary in scale in terms of size, cost, and community benefit. Some of these projects maintain existing systems, while others redefine the services provided by LTD. LTD is committed to maintaining current infrastructure while purposefully investing in new projects that allow for the District to meet the changing needs of our riders and community.

The CIP has two fundamental objectives: 1) to facilitate the efficient use of LTD's limited financial resources, and 2) to implement regional priorities that anticipate the need for public transportation in the future. The Transportation Systems Plans (TSP) of the Cities of Eugene and Springfield, and the Central Lane Metropolitan Planning Organization (MPO) Regional Transportation Plan (RTP) are

examples of local and regional planning mechanisms that are supported by the CIP. A complete description of these and other guiding documents are found in Appendix A. LTD's projects using federal funds are programmed into the Metropolitan Transportation Improvement Program (MTIP) list of expenditures for approval by the Central Lane MPO.

The FY 2020-2029 10 year CIP totals approximately \$448 million. Of those projects, \$283 million have secured funding, \$36 million have identified funding, but still in the application or approval process, and \$129 million are projects with an unidentified funding source.

	Tier II Funding identified.								
	Tierl	In application	Tier III						
Project Category	Funding Secured	process	Unfunded	Total Project Cost					
Improvement Projects	23,629,926	230,000	10,926,410	34,786,336					
State of Good Repair	18,708,261	10,707,990	106,426,214	135,842,465					
Preventative Maintenance	6,500,000		6,500,000	13,000,000					
Point2point	2,156,260	2,202,440	4,987,206	9,345,906					
Medicaid	120,283,749			120,283,749					
Specialized Services	79,749,170	5,911,200		85,660,370					
Operations	32,346,000	16,840,000	200,000	49,386,000					
Totals	283,373,366	35,891,630	129,039,830	448,304,826					

Sections 2 and 3 summarize all CIP projects included in the 10-year plan.

CIP DEVELOPMENT AND REVIEW PROCESS

The CIP is reviewed and adopted annually. Staff create the draft CIP that is submitted to the public for a minimum 30-day comment period. The public can submit in writing any comments or questions about the plan and testify at a public hearing that is scheduled within the comment period. Once the public comment period is concluded, all comments or questions along with staff responses are submitted to the LTD Board of Directors. Staff then revises the draft plan and presents the final CIP to the Board for adoption.

Development and Review Schedule

July 1	Fiscal year begins
July – June	Staff tracks progress of projects and funding
June – September	Staff develops draft CIP
September	Submit CIP to public for 30-day comment period
October	Public hearing on CIP; public comments/staff responses published
November	Board adopts CIP
April	Staff develops budget. CIP priorities are matched with limited resources into the proposed budget
April	Budget Committee is presented draft proposed budget and approves a budget
May	Board of Directors adopt budget

PROJECT FUNDING DECISIONS

There are three types of projects in the CIP: 1) State of Good Repair (SGR); 2) Improvement; or 3) Operations. **SGR** projects keep the District's assets in good working order to continue providing high-quality service to the community. These include vehicle replacement, maintenance and upgrades to technology and facilities, and other projects intended to keep our current service quality high. **Improvement** projects increase the investments in the community adding additional service and/or user benefits. These can include frequent transit network projects and technology, and facility upgrades that increase benefits to the community. **Operations** projects include Medicaid and other specialized services such as mobility as a service or transportation services for older adults and people with disabilities; transportation options that reduce the reliance on single-occupancy vehicles; and projects that improve service along our fixed route corridors.

Projects are reviewed by staff, and 11 criteria are considered when making final project funding decisions:

- 1) **Project Deferral Implication** To what extent will deferring a project create unsafe conditions and/or cause noticeable disruption to the level of service or user benefits and/or put the District out of compliance with legal, compliance, or regulatory mandates?
- 2) **Feasibility of Implementation** What is the likelihood that the project will be completed within the requested budget and schedule?
- 3) **Operating Budget/Organizational Capacity/Resources** What impact will the project have on the operating budget and resources of the District and will the ongoing costs be sustainable given the projected incoming revenue sources?
- 4) **Other Benefits** What benefits (beyond ridership/quality of service delivery) does the project have to the community (e.g., data insight, better transparency)?
- 5) **Ridership/Quality of Service Delivery** What impact will this project have on ridership, quality of service delivery, and benefits to the community?
- 6) **Economic Impact** How will a project increase the District's revenue, create jobs, and/or improve the local economy?
- 7) **Environmental Impact** How will a project preserve the natural environment, conserve natural resources, reduce pollution, or otherwise contribute to a sustainable community?
- 8) **Alignment with Agency Strategic Objectives** To what extent does this project align with the District's strategic objective "to provide people with the independence to achieve their goals and to create a more vibrant, sustainable, and equitable community"?
- 9) **Alternatives Considered** What additional options exist to address the project's objectives (e.g., extend the life of existing assets, compress space, change routes, etc.)
- 10) **Public/Private Partnerships/Contractual Relationships** Coordinating through a contract a public or private partnership (e.g., IGA with the City of Eugene, Eugene Mobility on Demand contract).
- 11) **Project Interdependencies or Conflicts** What impact does this have on other proposed or existing District projects? Does this project conflict with any other project or initiative?

Following the staff review process, projects are organized into three tiers based on their funding status. For the purposes of this plan, LTD has documented projects that are ongoing from the previous year and are currently in design and/or construction.

Funding tiers include the following:

Tier I: Full funding has been secured.

Tier II: Funding is in the process of being secured (application or approval).

Tier III: Funding source has not yet been identified.

LTD's final decision to commit funds occurs through the annual budget process. Although the CIP is the starting point for the annual budget, the projects actually budgeted each year vary from those proposed in the CIP as a result of available funding and the funding needs of existing projects already underway. Projects proposed in the CIP reflect the planned project cost. The budget for the current state of a project may change between CIP adoption and project implementation.

PROJECT CLASSIFICATION

Projects are sorted by the following major classifications:

Frequent Transit Network (FTN): These projects encompass the planning, design, purchase, installation, and construction of service that increases capacity along major transportation corridors. The FTN strengthens regional connectivity by tying service and investment decisions to the level of development along corridors.

Fleet: These projects relate to the rehabilitation, replacement, or expansion of revenue and non-revenue vehicles used by the District across all modes.

Facilities: These are projects that fund the design, purchase, installation, construction, and rehabilitation of the District's administrative and station facilities, shelters, bus signage, pedestrian access, bicycle access, functional landscaping improvements, and other passenger amenities.

Technology Infrastructure and Support Systems: These projects deal with the acquisition, implementation, and enhancement of hardware, software, technology, infrastructure, and video and communications equipment.

Safety and Security: These projects deal with the acquisition, implementation, and enhancement of security and safety programs that support the delivery of transportation service.

Operations: These projects expand or maintain the District's services including preventative maintenance projects, ADA paratransit services, contracted services, and single-occupancy-vehicle (SOV) alternatives.

SECTION 2: MASTER LIST OF ALL PROJECTS (PAGE 1 OF 4)

CIP DETAILS: State of Good Repair

	Tier	Pre-FY2020	FY 2020	FY 2021	FY 2022	Yrs 4 - 6	Yrs 7 - 10	Ten Year Total	Project Total
Facilities		¥:	₩.	1,135,000	750,000	-	150,000	2,035,000	
Glenwood Facilities Assessment	Tier III					<u>*</u>	150,000	150,000	150,000
Welding Bay relocation	Tier III			150,000		<u>~</u>	-	150,000	150,000
Bus Wash Improvements	Tier II	-	= 6	-	750,000	_	= 6	750,000	750,000
Glenwood Fire System Update	Tier III			150,000	•	<u>~</u>	-	150,000	150,000
Overhead Door Replacement	Tier II		=	250,000		=	-	250,000	250,000
Bus Gate Improvements	Tier II	-	=:	550,000	-	-	= €	550,000	550,000
Fleet Generator Fuel Tank	Tier II			35,000		-		35,000	35,000
Fleet		261,700	11,194,263	23,579,517	14,912,594	38,498,061	34,830,230	123,014,664	
ACM Replacement parts	Tier I	261,700	366,500	249,600		-	= :	616,100	877,800
Mobile Video Surveillance	Tier III			293,543	=	1,839,119	588,090	2,720,751	2,720,751
Fixed Route Replacement	Tier I, II, III		9,757,763	18,937,500	12,772,000	31,105,500	28,943,500	101,516,263	101,516,263
Non-revenue vehicle replacement	Tier III		_	347,280	141,110	383,840	749,000	1,621,230	1,621,230
Hybrid System Overhaul	Tier III	-	-	2,960,244	373,464	1,563,282	-	4,896,990	4,896,990
Specd Svc Vehicle Replmnt & Expansion	Tier I, II, III		1,070,000	590,850	1,425,520	3,606,320	4,549,640	11,242,330	11,242,330
Spare Parts for Vehicles	Tier III			200,500	200,500	Ė	₩6	401,000	401,000
Technology Infrastructure & Systems		6,058	505,000	980,000	5,092,801	1,050,000	1,265,000	8,892,801	
Data Warehouse/Governance	Tier I, III	6,058	95,000	1 <i>7</i> 0,000	25,000	÷	= 0	290,000	296,058
HR Software	Tier III		8	10,000	10,000	30,000	10,000	60,000	60,000
Fleet Mgmt SW upgrade	Tier III		=:	-	252,801	=	===	252,801	252,801
Finance SW	Tier III		-	<u>=</u>	500,000	<u>~</u>	=	500,000	500,000
IT Hardware/Software Improvements	Tier I, III	-	410,000	800,000	1,230,000	345,000	355,000	3,140,000	3,140,000
CAD/AVL	Tier III				3,000,000	600,000	800,000	4,400,000	4,400,000
VolP	Tier III				25,000	<i>75,</i> 000	100,000	200,000	200,000
Workstations	Tier III				50,000	. 3	=	50,000	50,000
Operations			4,200,000	4,200,000	3,500,000	3,000,000	-	14,900,000	
Preventative Maintenance	Tier I, II, III	-	4,200,000	4,200,000	3,500,000	3,000,000	₩6	14,900,000	14,900,000
Total		267,758	15,899,263	29,894,517	24,255,395	42,548,061	36,245,230	148,842,465	

SECTION 2: MASTER LIST OF ALL PROJECTS (PAGE 2 OF 4)

CIP DETAILS: Improvement Projects

	Tier	Pre-FY2020	FY 2020	FY 2021	FY 2022	Yrs 4 - 6	Yrs 7 - 10	Ten Year Total	Project Total
Facilities		4,182,279	5,513,434	3,883,280	200,000	3,600,000	4,300,000	17,496,714	
Eugene Station Modernization	Tier III	=		=) <u>#</u> (3,000,000	(#)	3,000,000	3,000,000
Operation Command Control	Tier III	≅	-	, a)	:=:	5200 A. S.	3,500,000	3,500,000	3,500,000
Passngr Brdng Imprvts & systs facils imprvts	Tier I		275,000	200,000	200,000	600,000	800,000	2,075,000	2,075,000
River Road Transit Station Disposal	Tier I		-	75,000	*******	=	·	75,000	75,000
Garfield Property Sale	Tier I	_	50,000	=		-	-2	50,000	50,000
Santa Clara Transit Station	Tier I	2,208,286	4,788,434	3,303,280		<u>-</u>		8,091,714	10,300,000
Green Lane Corner Improvement	Tier I		400,000	100,000		.=2	L a .	500,000	
Hunsaker Development Project	Tier I, II	1,973,993	. 	205,000	7 . .k	3 .5 2		205,000	2,178,993
Frequent Transit Network		104,052,005	3,525,236	2,187,976	5,526,410	5,650,000	-	16,889,622	
Existing EmX Corridor Improvement	Tierl & III	-	120	-	5,000,000	5,650,000	= 6	10,650,000	10,650,000
Platform Validators	Tier III	3	=	500,000	:=:	(-	÷	500,000	500,000
West Eugene EmX Extension	Tier I/II	100,436,645	430,000	.=	-	:=:		430,000	100,866,645
Franklin Blvd Phase 1 Transit Stations	Tier I	205,765	729,235	-		:=:	-0	729,235	935,000
Main-McVay Transit Study	Tier I	1,005,226	205,000	100,316			-20	305,316	1,310,542
River Road Transit Community Implentation PI	Tier I	216,900	347,100			121	40	347,100	564,000
MovingAhead	Tier I	2,187,469	375,776			-:	120	375,776	2,563,245
FTN Safety and Amenity Improvements	Tier I		388,125	776,250	17 7 3	552		1,164,375	1,164,375
Planning Studies	Tier I, II & III		1,050,000	811,410	526,410	5 5 2		2,387,820	2,387,820
Technology Infrastructure & Systems		1.7		-	400,000	=		400,000	
Novus modules	Tier III			-	400,000	(H)	(+)	400,000	400,000
Total		108,234,284	9,038,670	6,071,256	6,126,410	9,250,000	4,300,000	34,786,336	

SECTION 2: MASTER LIST OF ALL PROJECTS (PAGE 3 OF 4)

CIP DETAILS: Operations

	Tier	Pre-FY2020	FY 2020	FY 2021	FY 2022	Yrs 4 - 6	Yrs 7 - 10	Ten Year Total	Project Total
Fixed route		120,000	4,825,000	4,929,000	5,129,000	14,787,000	19,716,000	49,386,000	
Website	Tier III	-	9	-	200,000	128	#	200,000	200,000
Increased bus service	Tier I/Tier II		2,000,000	2,899,000	2,899,000	8,697,000	11,596,000	28,091,000	28,091,000
Sustainable Services Reserve in district	Tier II		300,000	300,000	300,000	900,000	1,200,000	3,000,000	3,000,000
STIF Grant Administration	Tier I/II	120,000	280,000	280,000	280,000	840,000	1,120,000	2,800,000	2,920,000
Fare Management System	Tier I		765,000			≔ 6	-	765,000	765,000
Low Income Pass	Tier I/Tier II	-	750,000	750,000	750,000	2,250,000	3,000,000	7,500,000	7,500,000
Student Transit Pass	Tier I/Tier II	-	730,000	700,000	700,000	2,100,000	2,800,000	7,030,000	7,030,000
Medicaid		**	12,028,375	12,028,375	12,028,375	36,085,125	48,113,500	120,283,749	
NEMT - State Reimbursed	Tier I		548,275	548,275	548,275	1,644,825	2,193,100	5,482,750	5,482,750
NEMT - Trillium	Tier I		10,371,450	10,371,450	10,371,450	31,114,350	41,485,800	103 <i>,</i> 71 <i>4,</i> 500	103,714,500
Waivered - Non-Medical	Tier I		1,108,650	1,108,650	1,108,650	3,325,950	4,434,600	11,086,499	11,086,499
Specialized Services		5,000	8,948,527	8,612,427	8,512,427	25,53 7 ,281	34,049,708	85,660,370	
Out-of District									
Rural ADA Fleet PM	Tier I		59,800	59,800	59,800	179,400	239,200	598,000	598,000
Oakridge Diamond Express	Tier I		227,938	227,938	227,938	683,814	911,752	2,279,380	2,279,380
Rhody Express	Tier I		420,006	420,006	420,006	1,260,018	1,680,024	4,200,060	4,200,060
Lane County Provider									
Florence/Yachats (LCOG)	Tier I/Tier II	5,000	25,000	25,000	25,000	75,000	100,000	250,000	255,000
Florence/Yachats Connector	Tier II		40,000			<u>124</u> 8	¥ <u>=</u> 1	40,000	40,000
Florence-Eugene	Tier I/Tier II		32,000	32,000	32,000	96,000	128,000	320,000	320,000
Florence-Eugene (LCOG)	Tier I/Tier II		8,000	8,000	8,000	24,000	32,000	80,000	80,000
Sustainable Services Reserve	Tier I/Tier II	_	-	18,900	18,900	56,700	75,600	170,100	170,100
In-DistrictAccessible Services									
Metro ADA Fleet PM	Tier I		299,000	299,000	299,000	897,000	1,196,000	2,990,000	2,990,000
Crucial Connections	Tier I		7,500	7,500	7,500	22,500	30,000	75,000	<i>75,</i> 000
DD Services	Tier I		3,250,000	3,250,000	3,250,000	9,750,000	13,000,000	32,500,000	32,500,000
Lane County Coordination Mobility Management	Tier I		140,861	140,861	140,861	422,583	563,444	1,408,610	1,408,610
Mental Health and Homeless	Tier I		115,532	115,532	115,532	346,596	462,128	1,155,320	1,155,320
Metro ADA Ops and Shopper Services	Tier I		2,622,759	2,622,759	2,622,759	7,868,277	10,491,036	26,227,590	26,227,590
Pearl Buck	Tier I		147,597	1 <i>47,</i> 597	147,597	442,791	590,388	1 <i>,475,</i> 970	1,475,970
Transit Host	Tier I		76,960	76,960	76,960	230,880	307,840	769,600	769,600
Travel Training	Tier I		73,258	73,258	73,258	219 <i>,774</i>	293,032	732,580	732,580
Veterans Transportation	Tier I		15,000	15,000	15,000	45,000	60,000	150,000	150,000
Volunteer Escort	Tier I		222,941	222,941	222,941	668,823	891,764	2,229,410	2,229,410
Specialized Services							-	-	
Mobility as a service - CG & Eugene	Tier I/Tier II		715,000	650,000	650,000	1,950,000	2,600,000	6,565,000	6,565,000
South Lane Services	Tier I		99,375	99,375	99,375	298,125	397,500	993,750	993,750
South Lane Wheels Demand Plan	Tier I		100,000		-	G 8	- .	100,000	100,000
Mobility Management Plan	Tier I/Tier II		250,000	100,000	_	120	_	350,000	350,000

SECTION 2: MASTER LIST OF ALL PROJECTS (PAGE 4 OF 4)

CIP DETAILS: Operations Pre-FY2020 FY 2020 FY 2021 FY 2022 Tier Yrs 4 - 6 Yrs 7 - 10 Ten Year Total **Project Total** 1,114,932 2,948,745 2,752,572 9.345.906 Point2point 316,663 1,691,966 837,692 9,662,569 **Congestion Mitigation Project** Tier I 29,875 29,875 59,750 59,750 Get There (formerly DLC) - Rideshare (LTD) Tier I/Tier III 74,575 72,236 72,235 44,561 133,683 178,244 500,959 575,534 Tier II Stages of Change Campaign Pilot 20,528 20,528 41,056 41,056 19,241 19,240 42,499 Get There Rideshare Transition Management (ODOT) Tier I 4,018 38,481 Tier I/III 20,070 20,070 20,070 200,700 203,061 **ODOT Vanpool management** 2,361 60,210 80,280 52.040 **SRTS Outreach Support** Tier I 52.040 SRTS Outreach and Encouragement Program, 19-21 Tier III 50,150 150,450 200,600 401,200 401,200 Tier I/III 57,382 57,382 57,382 172,146 229,528 573,820 573,820 Safe Routes to School Bike Ped Expansion 133,200 399,600 Tier I & III 426,767 532,800 1,492,367 1,492,367 Safe Routes to Schools Regional Program 900,000 300,000 **Transportation Options - TDM** Tier I/III 102,715 406,002 71,666 300,000 1,977,668 2,080,383 Tier I/III 80,954 111,546 111,546 111,546 334,638 1,196,414 **Transportation Options - Rideshare** 446,184 1,115,460 **UO Gateway Project** Tier I 186,359 186,359 186,359 196,234 196,234 588,702 Vanpool Tier I/II 196,234 784,936 1,962,340 1,962,340 **SRTS Bicycle Parking** Tier I 45,426 45,426 90,852 90,852 **Mobility Management - SRTS** Tier I 100,300 100,300 100,300 98,351 99,202 292,166 292,166 **SRTS Volunteer & SRTS Program** Tier II/III 94,613 103,437 312,428 312,428 SRTS Springfield Public Schools Coordinator Tier II/III 98,877 110.114

26,407,493

26,784,734

79,358,151

104,631,780

264,676,025

265,117,688

441,663

Total

27,493,868

SECTION 3: FUNDING SUMMARY

Unidentified

Local

General Fund

Unidentified

CIP DETAILS: State of Good Repair								
	Tier	Pre-FY2020	FY 2020	FY 2021	FY 2022	Yrs 4 - 6	Yrs 7 - 10	Ten Year Total
FUNDING SOURCES		267,758	15,899,263	29,894,517	24,255,395	42,548,061	36,245,230	148,842,465
Federal		209,360	12,404,257	16,433,505	3,400,000	2,400,000		34,637,762
State		-	305,141	2,150,000	-	120	-	2,455,141
Local			-					
General Fund		58,398	3,189,865	2,248,483	850,000	600,000	-	6,888,348

9,062,529

20,005,395

39,548,061

600,000

8,650,000

800,000

3,500,000

36,245,230

104,861,214

Ten Year Total

34,786,336

4,212,838

45,337

10,670,051

7,308,110

12,550,000

CIP DETAILS: Improvement Projects Pre-FY2020 FY 2020 FY 2021 FY 2022 Yrs 4 - 6 Yrs 7 - 10 Tier **FUNDING SOURCES** 108,234,284 9,038,670 6,071,256 6,126,410 9,250,000 4,300,000 Federal 75,406,000 1,931,776 2,260,531 20,531 State 22,787,537 3,943,040 1,727,012 5,000,000

42,619

3,121,236

2,719

705,879

400,000

2,080,995

1,639,900

8,400,847

SECTION 3: FUNDING SUMMARY

CIP DETAILS: Operations

	Pre-FY2020	FY 2020	FY 2021	FY 2022	Yrs 4 - 6	Yrs 7 - 10	Ten Year Total
FUNDING SOURCES	441,663	27,493,868	26,407,493	26,784,734	79,358,151	105,531,780	264,676,025
Federal	52,040	4,644,351	3,720,136	3,683,795	10,896,917	14,529,222	37,474,419
State	379,074	18,100,997	18,716,531	18,286,857	54,450,187	72,600,250	182,154,822
Local	-	303,941	356,154	358,434	894,144	1,192,192	3,104,866
General Fund	10,549	4,444,579	3,614,673	3,596,120	10,756,860	14,342,480	36,754,712
Unidentified	-	-		859,527	2,360,043	1,967,636	5,187,206

CIP DETAILS: Total								
	FY 2020	FY 2021	FY 2022	Yrs 4 - 6	Yrs 7 - 10	Ten Year Total		
State of Good Repair	15,899,263	29,894,517	24,255,395	42,548,061	36,245,230	148,842,465		
Improvement Projects	9,038,670	6,071,256	6,126,410	9,250,000	4,300,000	34,786,336		
Operations	27,493,868	26,407,493	26,784,734	79,358,151	104,631,780	264,676,025		
Total	52,431,801	62,373,266	57,166,539	131,156,211	145,177,010	448,304,826		

SECTION 4: APPENDICES

APPENDIX A: GUIDING DOCUMENTS

There are various federal, state, regional, and internal planning mechanisms that guide and influence land use and transportation planning. Existing planning mechanisms include federal regulations, state legislation, and local and internal plans and policies. Guiding documents already in existence have support from state authorities and regional policy makers. The LTD CIP, therefore, includes a range of adopted and budgeted projects that are consistent with other existing plans and policies. Implementing CIP projects that complement existing planning mechanisms increases the likelihood of public support and maximizes the region's resources.

All capital investments implemented by LTD and other regional and state partners must be consistent with economic, social, and environmental regulations established by federal regulatory bodies, including the United States Department of Transportation (USDOT), Federal Transit Administration (FTA), and the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA).

The following are a summarization of legislation, regulations, and plans currently influencing LTD transportation planning and services.

STATE

Oregon Transportation Plan

The Oregon Transportation Plan (OTP) is the state's long-range multimodal transportation plan. The OTP considers all modes of Oregon's transportation system as a single system and addresses the future needs of airports, bicycle and pedestrian facilities, highways and roadways, public transportation, and railroads through 2030.

https://www.oregon.gov/ODOT/Planning/Pages/Plans.aspx

Statewide Transportation Strategy

The Statewide Transportation Strategy (STS) is a long-term vision to reduce transportation-related greenhouse gas emissions and increase our region's energy security through integrated transportation and land use planning through 2050. The STS is neither directive nor regulatory, but rather points to promising approaches that should be further considered by policymakers at the state, regional, and local levels.

The STS was developed through extensive research and technical analysis, as well as policy direction and technical input from local governments, industry representatives, MPO's, state agencies, and others.

In 2018, the Oregon Transportation Commission adopted an amendment to incorporate the STS as part of the OTP.

https://www.oregon.gov/ODOT/Planning/Pages/STS.aspx

The Statewide Transportation Improvement Program (STIP) is Oregon's four-year transportation capital improvements program. It is the document that identifies the funding for, and scheduling of, transportation projects and programs. It includes projects on the federal, state, city, and county

transportation systems, multimodal projects (highway, passenger rail, freight, public transit, bicycle and pedestrian), and projects in the National Parks, National Forests, and Indian tribal lands.

http://www.oregon.gov/ODOT/TD/STIP/Pages/about.aspx

Transportation Planning Rule

The Transportation Planning Rule (TPR), adopted in 1991, seeks to improve the livability of urban areas by promoting changes in land use patterns and transportation systems that make it more convenient for people to drive less to meet their daily needs.

The TPR mandates consistency between the various state, regional, and local community transportation plans:

- Requires the Oregon Department of Transportation (ODOT) to prepare a TSP and identify a system of transportation facilities and services adequate to meet identified state transportation needs;
- Directs counties and metropolitan organizations to prepare regional transportation system plans that are consistent with the state TSP; and
- Requires counties and cities to prepare local transportation system plans that are consistent with the regional plans.

https://secure.sos.state.or.us/oard/displayDivisionRules.action?selectedDivision=3062

LOCAL

TransPlan

The Eugene-Springfield Metropolitan Area Transportation Plan (TransPlan) guides regional transportation system planning and development in the Eugene-Springfield metropolitan area over a 20-year planning horizon. TransPlan establishes the framework upon which all public agencies can make consistent and coordinated planning decisions regarding inter- and intra-jurisdictional transportation. The regional planning process ensures that the planning activities and investments of the local jurisdictions are coordinated in terms of intent, timing, and effect. TransPlan was adopted, updated, and amended by the full governing bodies of Eugene, Springfield, and Lane County. It was most recently amended in July 2002. TransPlan also served as the RTP for the MPO, which at that time did not include the City of Coburg. Since then, new RTP's have replaced TransPlan, the latest being adopted in 2017.

Regional Transportation Plan

RTP guides planning and development of the transportation system within the Central Lane Transportation Management Area. The federally required RTP includes provisions for meeting the transportation demand of residents over at least a 20-year planning horizon while addressing transportation issues and making changes that can contribute to improvements in the region's quality of life and economic vitality. It includes consideration of all transportation modes: roadways, transit, bikeways, and pedestrian circulation, as well as freight movement and regional aspects of air, rail, and inter-city bus service.

The regional planning process thus ensures that the planning activities and investments of the local jurisdictions are coordinated in terms of intent, timing, and effect. Projects in the RTP are initiated

at the local and state level (i.e., within the planning processes of the cities of Eugene, Springfield, and Coburg; LTD; Lane County; and ODOT).

https://www.lcog.org/DocumentCenter/View/5430

Metropolitan Transportation Improvement Program

The MTIP is a set of transportation improvements and projects that are scheduled to occur within the Central Lane MPO area over a four-year time period. The MTIP lists anticipated expenditures for significant local projects drawn from the capital improvement programs of Eugene, Springfield, Coburg, Lane County, LTD, and ODOT. All MTIP projects are determined by the transportation needs identified in the area's long-range transportation plan, the RTP.

Federal legislation requires that the MPO, in cooperation with the State and with transit operators, develop an MTIP that is updated and approved at least every four years. All projects within the MTIP are included in the Oregon STIP.

http://www.lcog.org/709/Metropolitan-Transportation-Improvement-

Unified Planning Work Program

The Unified Planning Work Program (UPWP) is a federally required certification document describing the transportation planning activities to be undertaken in the Central Lane metropolitan area for a specific fiscal year or years. Development of the UPWP provides local agencies with an opportunity to identify transportation needs, objectives, and products. The UPWP sets priorities for regional transportation planning activities that are responsive to the goals set by the regional transportation plan and the federal mandates of the current transportation funding bill within the guidelines set by the USDOT.

http://www.lcog.org/707/Unified-Planning-Work-Program

Transportation System Plans

TSP's are a requirement of state land use law and are in place at the county level as well as cities within LTD's service area. The City of Eugene adopted its TSP in 2017. The City of Springfield adopted its TSP in 2014 and is in the process of adopting an updated version in 2019. The TSP's identify improvements for all modes of transportation, including the roadway, bicycle and pedestrian, transit, and rail networks.

These planning initiatives closely consider public input and local, regional, and state policies, plans, and rules; including the Eugene Bike and Pedestrian Plan¹ and the Oregon Highway Plan.

City of Eugene TSP:

https://www.eugene-or.gov/3941/Transportation-System-Plan

City of Springfield TSP:

http://www.springfield-or.gov/dpw/TSP.htm

Capital Improvement Program(s):

¹ City of Eugene Transportation System Plan. https://www.eugene-or.gov/3941/Transportation-System-Plan

The City of Eugene, City of Springfield, Lane County, and other surrounding communities' CIP identify needs for construction of capital projects or improvements to the cities' or county's infrastructure based on various adopted long-range plans, goals, and policies. These CIP's seek to improve the safety, utility, and efficiency of the existing road network, accommodate future growth in traffic volumes, reduce maintenance costs, conserve fuel, accommodate alternative transportation modes, and promote economic development.

City of Eugene CIP:

http://www.eugene-or.gov/index.aspx?NID=371

City of Springfield CIP:

http://www.springfield-or.gov/city/development-public-works/capital-improvement-program-cip/

Lane County CIP:

https://www.lanecounty.org/cms/one.aspx?portalld=3585881&pageId=4213801

INTERNAL

The Lane Coordinated Public Transit-Human Services Transportation Plan

The Lane Coordinated Public Transit-Human Services Transportation Plan, also referred to as the Lane Coordinated Plan, supports transportation and connections for people who depend on public transportation services in Lane County. The plan satisfies federal requirements that projects selected for funding under the Enhanced Mobility for Individuals and Individuals with Disabilities (Section 5310) Program be included in a locally developed, coordinated public transit-human services transportation plan, and that the plan be developed and approved through a process that includes participation by seniors, individuals with disabilities, representatives of public, private, and nonprofit transportation and human services providers and other members of the public utilizing transportation services. These coordinated plans identify the transportation needs of individuals with disabilities, older adults, and people with low incomes, provide strategies for meeting these needs, and prioritize transportation services for funding and implementation. This plan is currently under revision.

https://www.ltd.org/file_viewer.php?id=2158

Long-Term Planning

The Long-Range Transit Plan takes stock of LTD's current conditions, considers implications of the future, and identifies short- and long-term goals that can help LTD adapt to future changes and uncertainties. This plan was last adopted in 2014 and is currently under revision. A key component in updating this plan includes the Transit Tomorrow study currently in progress.

https://www.ltd.org/file_viewer.php?id=1063

https://www.ltd.org/transit-tomorrow/

System Safety Program Plan

The System Safety Program Plan (SSPP) serves as a guideline for the establishment of technical and managerial safety strategies to identify, assess, prevent, and control hazards to transit customers, employees, the public, and others who may come into contact with the system. This SSPP describes the policies, procedures, and requirements to be followed by management, maintenance, and operations personnel in order to create a safe environment. This plan is being used as a tool in the development of the Public Transit Agency Safety Plan which is currently under development and scheduled to be finalized in fiscal year 2020.

Point2point Strategic Plan

The Point2point Strategic Plan is a blueprint to strengthen our area's ability to curtail the growth in vehicle miles traveled and the use of single-occupancy vehicles through innovative transportation programs and services. The plan is based upon the premise that a comprehensive, cross-jurisdictional approach to managing the demand for road use will result in more effective and innovative planning and services.

This plan highlights a course of action to further advance opportunities for commitment and collaboration from community partners. The result of these partnerships, if the course is taken, will enhance the regional transportation options network to move more people, more efficiently, in fewer vehicles. This plan is currently under revision.

https://www.ltd.org/p2p-resources/

APPENDIX B: FUNDING SOURCES

Programs presented in the CIP are funded by a mix of federal, state, and local sources. The four major sources include the following:

- Federal: FTA and FHWA
- State: ODOT Special Transportation Fund (STF) and State Transportation Improvement Fund (STIF effective January 1, 2019) and other state programs/sources
- Local: District payroll, self-employment, and state-in-lieu taxes
- Fares: Paid by users

FEDERAL FUNDING PROGRAMS

Federal funds for public transportation are authorized and appropriated by Congress, primarily through the USDOT. The FTA and FHWA provide funding allocations to the states and reimburse for eligible expenses, including state administration of the FTA programs. Large urban providers, including LTD, also receive some funds directly from the FTA. Many federal sources require local/state matching funds that vary from 10 percent to about 50 percent depending on the program. FTA does not allow fare revenue to be used for local match. Table 1 below summarizes the major sources of federal public transportation funding and which LTD funds utilize these sources.

Table 1. Major Sources of Federal Public Transportation Funding in Oregon

•		Allocation Method			
Program/Source	Purpose	USDOT	ODOT	LTD Fund	Program Links
FTA §5310/ODOT E&D: Seniors and Individuals with Disabilities	Seniors and individuals with disabilities; includes capital projects, preventative maintenance, and purchased services	Formula to urban areas and states	Formula and discretionary to STF agencies. Capital purchases going forward will go through the ATC/discretionary grant committee before being allocated to capital purchase	Specialized Services, Capital	https://www.transit.dot.g ov/funding/grants/enhan ced-mobility-seniors- individuals-disabilities- section-5310
FTA §5311: Formula Grants for Rural Areas	Rural populations less than 50,000	Formula to states	Formula to rural providers	Specialized Services, Capital Fund	https://www.transit.dot.g ov/rural-formula-grants- 5311
Transit Network and Intercity	Bus service over longer distances between cities and regions	Minimum 15 percent set aside from 5311	Discretionary to intercity providers	Specialized Services, Capital	https://www.transit.dot.g ov/rural-formula-grants- 5311
FTA §5309: Fixed Guideway Capital	Major projects (New Starts, Small Starts)	Discretionary to urban areas		Capital	https://www.transit.dot.g ov/funding/grants/capita I-investment-grants- 5309
FTA §5309: Capital Investment Grant Pilot	Public-private partnership projects	Discretionary			https://www.transit.dot.g ov/funding/grants/exped ited-project-delivery- capital-investment- grants-pilot-5309
FTA §5339: Bus and Bus Facilities	Vehicles, facilities, equipment	Discretionary for urban areas, state	Discretionary rural and small urban via state. Includes Bus and bus facilities and low or no emissions programs	Capital	https://www.transit.dot.g ov/funding/grants/bus- bus-facilities- infrastructure- investment-program https://www.transit.dot.g ov/research- innovation/lonocap https://www.transit.dot.g ov/funding/grants/lowno
FTA §5303/4: Statewide and Non- Metropolitan Planning	Transportation planning	Formula to urban areas, states	Discretionary		https://www.transit.dot.g ov/funding/grants/metro politan-statewide- planning-and- nonmetropolitan- transportation-planning- 5303-5304
FTA §5307: Urbanized Area	Any in urban areas	Formula to urban areas		Point2point (FHWA STP transfers), Capital, General Fund	https://www.transit.dot.g ov/funding/grants/urbani zed-area-formula- grants-5307

D	D	Allocati	ion Method	LTD F	Dan array Links
Program/Source	Purpose	USDOT	ODOT	LTD Fund	Program Links
FTA §5307: Special Allocation of Old Funds	Passenger rail	Discretionary	Discretionary		https://www.transit.dot.g ov/funding/grants/comm uter-rail-positive-train- control-grants
FTA §5337: State of Good Repair	Fixed guideways	Discretionary and formula to urban areas		Capital	https://www.transit.dot.g ov/funding/grants/state- good-repair-grants-5337
FTA §5311(c): Tribal Transit	Any	Formula to tribal transit providers			https://www.transit.dot.g ov/funding/grants/tribal- transit-formula-grants- 5311c2b
FHWA CMAQ: Congestion Mitigation and Air Quality Improvement Program - 23 USC 149	Varies; includes public transportation to help areas meet air quality and passenger rail goals	Formula to states	Formula for local jurisdictions in air quality non-attainment or maintenance areas	Point2point, Capital	https://www.transit.dot.g ov/funding/grants/grant- programs/flexible- funding-programs- congestion-mitigation- and-air-quality
FHWA STP: Surface Transportation Block Grant Program - 23 USC 133 ODOT E&D Program/ FTA §5310	Primarily capital, some portion for Transportation Options program	Formula to states	ODOT flexes portion of STP funds into 5310 program. Distribution by formula and/or discretionary	Point2point, Specialized Services, Capital	http://www.oregon.gov/odot/td/stip/Pages/defaultaspx https://www.transit.dot.gov/funding/grants/flexible-funding-programssurface-transportation-block-grant-program-23usc-133
FHWA STP: Surface Transportation Block Grant Program - 23 USC 133 MPO Directed Allocations	Capital, such as transit centers, buses	Formula to states	ODOT allocates STP funds to MPOs for local projects Distribution is discretionary by MPOs	Capital	http://www.oregon.gov/odot/td/stip/Pages/default.aspx https://www.transit.dot.gov/funding/grants/flexible-funding-programs-surface-transportation-block-grant-program-23-usc-133
FHWA STP: Surface Transportation Block Grant Program - 23 USC 133 STIP Enhance	Capital, such as transit centers, buses	Formula to states	ODOT flexes a portion of STP funds into Enhance. Distribution is discretionary	Point2point, Capital Fund	http://www.oregon.gov/odot/td/stip/Pages/defaultaspx https://www.transit.dot.gov/funding/grants/flexible-funding-programssurface-transportation-block-grant-program-23-usc-133
FHWA STP: Surface Transportation Block Grant Program - 23 USC 133 Fix-lt Non- highway Funds: Bus Replacements	Capital, bus replacements	Formula to states	ODOT flexes a portion of STP funds into Fix-it Non- highway Funds: Bus Replacements		https://www.fhwa.dot.go v/map21/summaryinfo.c fm

Program/Source	Purpose	Allocation Method		LTD Fund	Program Links
1 Togram/oodice	i ui pose	USDOT	ODOT	LIDIana	1 Togram Emiks
ICAM: Innovative Coordinated Access and Mobility Pilot Program	Capital to improve the coordination of transportation services & nonemergency transportation services for the transportation disadvantaged	Discretionary		Capital	https://www.govinfo.gov /content/pkg/FR-2018- 09-13/pdf/2018- 19897.pdf
FHWA FLAP: Federal Lands Access Program - 23 U.S.C. 204	All transit purposes for services that access federal lands	Discretionary			https://www.fhwa.dot.go v/map21/summaryinfo.c fm

STATE FUNDING PROGRAMS

State funds for public transportation are currently limited to a few major sources:

- STF (cigarette tax, non-highway use gas tax, ID card revenues, and general fund)
- Mass Transit Payroll Tax (payment by state agencies to eligible transit districts allocated by the Department of Administrative Services based on salaries of state employees within the district)
- A portion of DMV fees for custom vehicle license plates for passenger rail
- STIF (employee payroll tax)

Table 2 below summarizes the major sources of State public transportation funding and which LTD funds utilize these sources.

Table 2. Current Major Sources of State Public Transportation Funding in Oregon

Program/Source	Purpose	Allocation Method	LTD Fund	Program Links
STF: Special Transportation Fund ORS 391.800 through 391.830	Seniors, people with disabilities	ODOT by formula and discretionary; STF agency discretionary local prioritization	Specialize d Services, Capital	http://www.oregon.gov/ODO T/RPTD/Pages/Funding- Opportunities.aspx
Statewide Transportation Improvement Fund (Available January 1, 2019)	Expanding public transportation services	To be determined by the Oregon Transportation Commission	General Fund, Capital Fund, Specialize d Services Fund	https://www.oregon.gov/OD OT/RPTD/Pages/STIF.aspx
ConnectOregon Program Lottery-backed Bonds	Capital	ODOT discretionary STF agency discretionary local prioritization	Capital	http://www.oregon.gov/ODO T/Programs/Pages/Connect Oregon.aspx
Direct Legislative Appropriation Generally Lottery -backed Bonds	Any transit purpose	DAS formula	Capital Fund	http://www.oregon.gov/odot/ stip/pages/index.aspx

APPENDIX C: PROJECT DESCRIPTIONS

LTD CIP 2019

LTD CIP PHASE DEFINITIONS

Project Phase Definitions	
Business Case Justification	Identification of project need, including vetting against the 11 criteria, proposed funding sources, spend budget, timeline, ongoing incremental resources and costs
Secure Funding	Grant funding application through grant award, approval through CIP and budget processes
Project Initiation	RFP and other procurement processes, stakeholder identification
Planning	Concept, public engagement, analysis
Environmental Process	Environmental assessment, demonstrating federal NEPA requirements are met
Design	Schematics, design development
Acquisition	Product or service deliver inclusive of real estate, buses, etc. Includes testing and final acceptance. May come before or after Build, Construction and Assemble phase
Build, Construction, Assemble	Includes construction, permitting, building, awaiting delivery. May come before or after Acquisition phase.
Rollout, Commissioning, Active	Go live on a software project, occupancy, revenue service, etc.
Project Closeout	Closeout activities, final payment, post-mortems

IMPROVEMENT PROJECTS - FACILITIES

Santa Clara Transit Statio	#1	7-SCTSTA-0301005		
FUNDING SOURCE	BUDGET	REMAINING	TIMELINE	PROJECT PHASE
5307 Formula - 1738-2018- 1	3,000,000	3,000,000	FY 2017-2021	Planning
STBG	600,000	600,000		
ConnectOregon - 31655	3,000,000	2,476,210		
LTD Match	3,700,000	3,570,739		
Total Project	10,300,000	9,646,949		

Construct new station near Hunsaker Lane and River Road in Eugene, including a Park & Ride. The new facility will accommodate both regular and EmX service, reducing operational delays and improving the customer experience. The project continues to progress as scheduled. Project Staff provided FTA with NEPA documents for the project, as well as a status update during the reporting period.

IMPROVEMENT PROJECTS - FREQUENT TRANSIT NETWORK

EmX Franklin Blvd Phase	#1	9-FKLNST-0301010		
FUNDING SOURCE	BUDGET	REMAINING	TIMELINE	PROJECT PHASE
LTD Match	287,000	222,705	FY 2019	Build, Construction,
ConnectOregon - 30139	648,000	458,235		Assemble
Total Project	935,000	680,940		

Construct two EmX stations (one for either direction of travel) within the City of Springfield's revised roadway layout. The project is progressing as scheduled.

Main-McVay Transit Study	y - Key: 19776		#19-M/McTS-0301011		
FUNDING SOURCE	BUDGET	REMAINING	TIMELINE	PROJECT PHASE	
LTD Match	245,542	24,608	FY 2013-2021	Planning	
5339 - OR-39-0007	750,000	0			
FHWA Transfer 5307 - OR- 2018-035-00	315,000	215,002			
Total Project	1,310,542	239,610			

LTD is working in partnership with the City of Springfield to identify the highest priority transit capital improvements along the Main Street Corridor in coordination with the City of Springfield's Main Street Safety Project. The project is progressing as scheduled.

River Road Transit Community Implementation Plan - Key: 20988			#	19-RRTCIP-0301012
FUNDING SOURCE	BUDGET	REMAINING	TIMELINE	PROJECT PHASE
LTD Match	34,200	34,200	FY 2019	Build, Construction,
TOD - OR-2017-019-00	450,000	450,000		Assemble
City of Eugene	79,800	79,800	•	
Total Project	564,000	564,000		

Collaborative effort between the City of Eugene and LTD to enable transit-oriented development along the River Road Corridor. The project is progressing as scheduled.

West Eugene EmX Exten		#12	2-WEEEXT-0301013	
FUNDING SOURCE	BUDGET	REMAINING	TIMELINE	PROJECT PHASE
LTD Match	3,600,000	128,778	FY 2012-2019	Project Close-out
ConnectOregon	2,866,645	515,112		
5307-Formula - 1738-2018- 2	1,600,000	1,600,000		
Oregon Lottery	17,800,000	581,627		
Federal Small Starts	75,000,000	0		
Total Project	100,866,645	2,825,517		

Design, engineering, construction, and the purchase of vehicles for the West Eugene EmX Extension. The extension of the EmX Green Line from the Eugene Station to West 11th Avenue west of Commerce Street, which opened for service in September 2017. LTD processed the final State disbursement request for the remaining City of Eugene invoices recently paid which will facilitate the reconciliation necessary to initiate project/grant closeout.

MovingAhead System - Key: 18862			#19	9-MOVAHD-0301014
FUNDING SOURCE	BUDGET	REMAINING	TIMELINE	PROJECT PHASE
LTD Match	263,245	60,711	FY 2019	Planning
FHWA Transfer 5307- OR- 2018-025-00	2,300,000	530,439		
Total Project	2,563,245	591,150		

MovingAhead is a cooperative effort of the City of Eugene, LTD, and regional partners in the community to determine what improvements are needed on some of our most important transportation corridors. The project is progressing as scheduled.

FTN Safety and Amenity Improvements - Key: 21404			#:	20-FTNSAI-0301015
FUNDING SOURCE	BUDGET	REMAINING	TIMELINE	PROJECT PHASE
LTD Match	164,375	164,375	FY 2020-2022	Planning
STBG	475,000	475,009		
CMAQ	525,000	525,000		
Total Project	1,164,375	1,164,384		

Using results of the Pedestrian Network Analysis (a study that is part of the Comprehensive Operations Analysis called Transit Tomorrow), implement various safety and amenity improvements along the Frequent Transit Network (FTN). Activities necessary in order to process the required request to transfer FHWA funds to FTA are in progress.

IMPROVEMENT PROJECTS - TECHNOLOGY INFRASTRUCTURE & SYSTEMS

Software - NOVUS Modules			#19	9-NOVUSM-0301018
FUNDING SOURCE	BUDGET	REMAINING	TIMELINE	PROJECT PHASE
ICAM Federal Grant	240,000		FY 2019	Secure Funding
Trillium Innovation Grant	160,000			
Total Project	400,000			

Software in support of the RideSource center, allocated to purchase the Passenger Portal module in NOVUS. This module will allow RideSource customers to book their own rides in a secure web page. This will free up call center resources and provide a greatly enhanced user experience for our customers. They will also be able to book rides at times when the call center is not open. Call center space is currently very constrained with no room to seat more customer service representatives. This software has the potential to alleviate the problems with finding more space for staff. LTD was not a selected recipient for funding under the Trillium Community Health Plan Innovation Fund. Alternative funding will continue to be explored.

IMPROVEMENT PROJECTS - NON-CAPITAL PROJECTS

Comprehensive Operations Analysis - Key: 21173			#19	-COMPOA-0301019
FUNDING SOURCE	BUDGET	REMAINING	TIMELINE	PROJECT PHASE
LTD Match	638,982	638,982	FY 2019	Planning
STBG - 1738-2018-9	53,838	53,838		
Total Project	692,820	692,820		

Called "Transit Tomorrow", this is a detailed study of a transit system designed to identify existing strengths, areas for improvements, and options to improve and increase usage. The project is progressing as scheduled.

Communications Assessi		#19	-COMASS-0301020	
FUNDING SOURCE	BUDGET	REMAINING	TIMELINE	PROJECT PHASE
General Fund	150,000	150,000	FY 2019 - 2020	Planning
Total Project	150,000	150,000		

A detailed study of LTD's communications structure and systems to identify strengths, areas for improvement, and options to increase efficiency and effectiveness. The project is progressing as scheduled.

STIF Grant Administration	1		#	19-STIFGA-0301023
FUNDING SOURCE	BUDGET	REMAINING	TIMELINE	PROJECT PHASE
2017 State Transportation Improvement Fund	2,640,000	2,640,000	FY 2019 - 2028	Secure Funding
Total Project	2,640,000	2,640,000		

Reflects 10-year estimate of LCOG and LTD costs for overall administration of STIF program. Includes the outreach and recommendation, monitoring, reporting, and other administration activities. The project is progressing as scheduled. The actual grant application was submitted May 1, 2019; approval of the plan as submitted has not yet been received.

STATE OF GOOD REPAIR - FLEET

Accessible Services Vehicle Replacement - Keys: #19-ASVEHR-0302012 19106/19107/19485/19381/21003 **BUDGET FUNDING SOURCE REMAINING** PROJECT PHASE TIMELINE LTD Match 149,790 36,138 FY 2019 Acquisition ODOT 32010 - STF/FY18 7,043 0 ODOT 32197 - 5310 61,534 0 5310 - OR-16-X045 304,871 52,859 5310 - OR-2017-026-00 232,854 74,729 5309 - OR-04-0049 214,057 46.049 970,149 **Total Project** 209,775

The purchase of replacement and expansion vehicles for the provision of metro Accessible Services such as the American with Disabilities Act complementary paratransit service. The project is progressing as scheduled; the vehicles funded by the various specified grants have been received.

Diamond Express Vehicle - Key: 20990			#19	9-DMXVEH-0302013
FUNDING SOURCE	BUDGET	REMAINING	TIMELINE	PROJECT PHASE
ODOT - 31455	169,069	0	FY 2019	Acquisition
ODOT 32010 STF - out of district	34,629	0		
Local - City of Oakridge	130,000	130,000		
Total Project	333,698	130,000		

The replacement of the highly problematic Diamond Express vehicle, currently being covered by an old 300 series bus. The communities of Oakridge and Westfir have come to depend on Diamond Express to access the metro area. The service acts as a lifeline and connects residents to local hospitals, shopping, schools, and employment. The project is progressing as scheduled; the Purchase Order for the replacement vehicle has been issued.

Florence/Yachats Vehicle - Key: 20987			#	19-F/YVEH-0302014
FUNDING SOURCE	BUDGET	REMAINING	TIMELINE	PROJECT PHASE
STF - 31386	10,270	0	FY 2019	Acquisition
ODOT 31675 - 5311	89,730	0		
Total Project	100,000	0		

This vehicle is being paid for by a special one-off ODOT grant especially for this program. This vehicle will be a connector for Yachats and Florence. It will help the Yachats community have more access to medical care, education, and services for daily living. As previously reported, the replacement vehicle has been received. This project has been completed.

Five 40-foot Electric Buses (No/Low) - Key: 21155			#2	20-40FTEV-0302019
FUNDING SOURCE	BUDGET	REMAINING	TIMELINE	PROJECT PHASE
LTD Match	609,890	588,516	FY 2020	Project Initiation
5339 - OR-2018-012-00	3,479,675	3,415,550		
STIF	550,000	550,000		
Total Project	4,639,565	4,554,066		

Procurement of five additional 40-foot electric buses to replace aging fleet. The project is progressing as scheduled. Although project staff had worked on a RFP; the project team, with concurrence from LTD management, has opted to utilize the State of Washington contract which is expected to be executed in September. As previously reported, LTD continues to work with a consultant on the deployment of the electric buses.

Five 40-foot Buses in 2019 - Keys: 18755/17336 **FUNDING SOURCE BUDGET REMAINING PROJECT PHASE** TIMELINE LTD Match 852,745 852.721 FY 2019 Acquisition

#19-40FT19-0302020

5307 - OR-95-X055-02 2,072,328 2,072,328 943,625 5339 - OR-2017-015-00 943,814 5337 - OR-2017-016-00 331,113 331,113 4,200,000 4.199.787 Total Project

Procurement of five 40-foot electric buses in fiscal year 2019 to replace aging fleet. The project is progressing as scheduled. Two BYD buses are in revenue service; two additional buses have been delivered but have yet to be accepted for service.

Fleet Procurement Plan - Key: 21388			#1	9-FLTPRP-0302021
FUNDING SOURCE	BUDGET	REMAINING	TIMELINE	PROJECT PHASE
LTD Match	14,307	14,307	FY 2019	Secure Funding
STBG	125,000	125,000		
Total Project	139,307	139,307		

Transit vehicles have a lifespan of approximately 12 years. As LTD considers further electrification of its fleet, as well as other fuel types, it will need to determine how to make that transition and what types of vehicles will allow it to continue to provide high-quality service to the community while lowering its environmental impact and controlling operating and maintenance costs. This plan will assist LTD in strategically investing in its fleet during this transition period and also in understanding what mix of vehicle types will maximize operational capacity in the long run. The Fleet Procurement Plan will also help LTD to understand when the capital costs of replacing transit vehicles is more cost effective than maintaining older vehicles. Activities necessary in order to process the required request to transfer FHWA funds to FTA are in progress.

Electric Bus Fleet Procure	ement - Key: 2138	9	#19	9-EBUSPR-0302022
FUNDING SOURCE	BUDGET	REMAINING	TIMELINE	PROJECT PHASE
LTD Match	168,673	168,673	FY 2019-2021	Secure Funding
CMAQ	1,000,000	1,000,000		
Total Project	1,168,673	1,168,673		

Transit vehicles have a lifespan of approximately 12 years. In its effort to be fiscally responsible, LTD has maintained many of its vehicles beyond 12 years. However, as vehicles age, maintenance costs increase, and this increase eventually offsets any savings generated by delaying the purchase of new vehicles. Many of LTD's vehicles are at the appropriate point in their lifespan to consider replacement.

LTD's Community Investment Plan identifies more than \$30,000,000 in vehicle replacement needs during the FFY18-21 grant period. Therefore, LTD is requesting \$1,000,000 in STBG funds to assist in the purchasing of two 40-foot, all-electric, transit buses. Each 40-foot, all-electric bus is expected to cost approximately \$850,000 for a total project cost of approximately \$1,700,000. Activities necessary in order to process the required request to transfer FHWA funds to FTA are in progress.

Replacement Parts - ACM - Key: 21326			#19	9-ACMPTS-0302023
FUNDING SOURCE	BUDGET	REMAINING	TIMELINE	PROJECT PHASE
LTD Match	175,560	175,560	FY 2019-2021	Project Initiation
5307 Formula - 1738-2018-	702,240	702,240		
Total Project	877,800	877,800		

The purchase of replacement parts that are failing and/or unreliable as they have reached the end of their useful lives. This Associated Capital Maintenance (ACM) grant will be used for major bus components consistent with the provisions specified in the FTA circular (9030.1E). The grant application is in progress.

Spare Parts for Tooling for 16200 Series Buses - Key: 17959 #19-TOOLSP-0302024

FUNDING SOURCE	BUDGET	REMAINING	TIMELINE	PROJECT PHASE
LTD Match	67,467	40,035	FY 2019	Rollout,
5309 - OR-04-0038	269,869	160,142		Commissioning,
Total Project	337,336	200,177		Active

Procurement of spare parts, tooling, and training for 16200 series 2016 New Flyer buses. The project is progressing as scheduled. LTD received several items that had been ordered and processed an additional PO an essential training module that will facilitate maintaining these vehicles in a state of good repair.

Five 60-foot Diesel Bus F	Diesel Bus Procurement - Keys: 20950/21339			19-60FTDL-0302025
FUNDING SOURCE	BUDGET	REMAINING	TIMELINE	PROJECT PHASE
LTD Match	786,127	785,947	FY 2019	Acquisition
5339 - 1738-2018-3	967,350	967,350		
5339 - OR-2016-020-00	582,947	582,947		
5309 - OR-03-0122-01	1,336,346	1,335,626		
5337 - 1738-2018-3	257,871	257,871		
Total Project	3,930,641	3,929,741		

Procurement of five 60-foot diesel buses will replace the oldest 60-foot subfleet, four of which are no longer usable for revenue service and the fifth one is used sparingly because of ongoing mechanical issues. The project is progressing as scheduled and the Purchase Order has been issued to New Flyer of America.

One 40-foot Diesel/Hybrid	d Bus - Key: 2095 ²	1	#1	9-40FTDH-0302026
FUNDING SOURCE	BUDGET	REMAINING	TIMELINE	PROJECT PHASE
LTD Match	114,011	113,876	FY 2019	Acquisition
5339 - OR-2018-021-00	646,062	645,297		
Total Project	760,073	759,173		

Procurement of one 40-foot diesel/hybrid bus to help relieve the pressure of using part of LTD's contingency bus fleet in revenue service. These contingency buses range in age from 15 years to 19 years. The project is progressing as scheduled and the Purchase Order has been issued to New Flyer of America.

STATE OF GOOD REPAIR - PREVENTATIVE MAINTENANCE

Preventative Maintenar		#19	-PREVMN-0103001	
FUNDING SOURCE	BUDGET	REMAINING	TIMELINE	PROJECT PHASE
5307 Formula - OR- 2018-023	5,040,000	0	FY 2019	Rollout, commissioning, active
General Fund	1,260,000	0		active
Total Project	6,300,000	0		

Preventative maintenance on federal assets to improve their performance, safety and longevity. While the PM project is ongoing, all funds under this particular grant have been exhausted. The grant closeout is in progress.

SPECIALIZED SERVICES OUT OF DISTRICT

Rural ADA Fleet Preventative Maintenance - Key: 20985			#1	9-ODRFLT-0154001
FUNDING SOURCE	BUDGET	REMAINING	TIMELINE	PROJECT PHASE
ODOT 32197 - 5310	42,000	0	FY 2019	Rollout,
ODOT 31386 - STF/State	4,400	0		Commissioning,
ODOT 32010 - STF	4,807	0		Active
Total Project	51,207	0		

Out-of-district paratransit and rural fleet preventative maintenance. While this project is ongoing, this particular grant has been closed.

Diamond Express Preventative Maintenance - Key: 20985			#19	-DMEXPM-0154002
FUNDING SOURCE	BUDGET	REMAINING	TIMELINE	PROJECT PHASE
ODOT 31971 - 5311		0	FY 2019	Rollout,
General Fund	5,136	0		Commissioning,
Total Project	5,136	0		Active

Diamond Express preventative maintenance. While this project is ongoing, this particular grant has been closed.

Florence/Yachats Pilot - Key: 210	006		#	19-F/YACH-0154003
FUNDING SOURCE	BUDGET	REMAINING	TIMELINE	PROJECT PHASE
ODOT 31386 - STF/State	285,710	0	FY 2019	Rollout,
General Fund (in kind)	12,550	10,352		Commissioning,
Total Project	298,260	10,352		Active

Twelve-month pilot project operations connecting Florence and Yachats to provide public transportation along the only unserved gap along the entire West Coastal highway. While this project is ongoing, this particular grant has been closed.

Oakridge Diamond Express - Key: 21005			#19	O-OAKDMX-0154004
FUNDING SOURCE	BUDGET	REMAINING	TIMELINE	PROJECT PHASE
Farebox	69,329	9,627	FY 2019	Rollout,
Local Funds (City of Oakridge)	24,000	0		Commissioning,
Transit Network/Intercity Connection - ODOT 31971	167,628	0		Active
ODOT 32010 - STF	167,628	0		
Total Project	428,585	9,627		

Operations in and between Oakridge and Metro area. While this project is ongoing, this particular grant has been closed.

Rhody Express - Key: 21007 #19-RHDYXP-0154				
FUNDING SOURCE	BUDGET	REMAINING	TIMELINE	PROJECT PHASE
Local Funds (City of Florence)	60,000	0	FY 2019	Rollout,
Farebox	13,000	0		Commissioning,
ODOT 31923 - 5311	160,056	0		Active
ODOT 32010 - STF	122,540	0		
Total Project	355,596	0		

The Rhody Express is a local shuttle service within the city limits of Florence (plus a stop at the local tribal casino four miles outside the city limits) that is operated by River Cities Taxi. While this project is ongoing, this particular grant has been closed.

SPECIALIZED SERVICES IN DISTRICT

Metro ADA Fleet Preventative Maintenance - Key: 20985			#1	9-A&RFLT-0154006
FUNDING SOURCE	BUDGET	REMAINING	TIMELINE	PROJECT PHASE
ODOT 32197 - 5310	559,910	0	FY 2019	Rollout,
ODOT 32010 - STF	64,085	0		Commissioning,
Total Project	623,995	0		Active

In-District paratransit fleet preventative maintenance. While this project is ongoing, this particular grant has been closed.

Crucial Connections - Key: 2099	#19	9-CRUCON-0154007		
FUNDING SOURCE	BUDGET	REMAINING	TIMELINE	PROJECT PHASE
ODOT 32197 - 5310	8,972	0	FY 2019	Rollout,
ODOT 32010 - STF	1,027	0		Commissioning,
Total Project	9,999	0		Active

Transportation to relieve an immediate (non-emergency) or evolving situation when no other transportation option can be identified; offers quick relief to allow time to formulate long-term resolution. Crucial Connections pays for a limited number of trips that are situation specific and is administered through RideSource. While this project is ongoing, this particular grant has been closed.

DD Services			#19	9-DDSRVC-0154008
FUNDING SOURCE	BUDGET	REMAINING	TIMELINE	PROJECT PHASE
Federal Funds through DHS	1,800,000	302,376	FY 2019	Rollout,
General Funds	612,000	217,192		Commissioning,
Total Project	2,412,000	519,568		Active

Transportation for eligible individuals who receive vocational benefits through Lane County Developmental Disabilities Services. Provides transportation to/from home and work. This is shared cost service offered through the RideSource Call Center. While this project is ongoing, this particular grant has been closed.

Lane County Coordination Mobility Management - Key: 21001			#19	-MOBMGT-0154009
FUNDING SOURCE	BUDGET	REMAINING	TIMELINE	PROJECT PHASE
ODOT 32197 - 5310	297,313	0	FY 2019	Rollout,
ODOT 32010 - STF	34,029	0		Commissioning,
Total Project	331,342	0		Active

LTD oversees the coordination of transportation and transportation eligibility across a variety of transportation programs, including ADA paratransit, Medicaid Medical (NEMT) and Non-Medical, Veterans Transportation, and Crucial Connections (gap-based transportation) under its Mobility Management Program. Transportation eligibility assessments are conducted mostly in the homes of participants by a trained transportation coordinator. Assessments are conducted through three agencies, coordinated by Lane Council of Governments: LCOG Senior & Disability Services, White Bird Clinic, and Alternative Work Concepts. While this project is ongoing, this particular grant has been closed.

Mental Health and Homeless - Key: 20995			#19	9-MENH&H-0154010
FUNDING SOURCE	BUDGET	REMAINING	TIMELINE	PROJECT PHASE
ODOT 32197 - 5310	176,499	0	FY 2019	Rollout,
ODOT 32010 - STF	20,201	0		Commissioning,
Total Project	196,700	0		Active

Mental health transportation services in partnership with White Bird Clinic provides basic transportation for clients experiencing severe, persistent mental illness who are elderly, veterans, unhoused, and at/or below the national poverty level. The service is cost effective to the community by reducing crisis care for clients. While this project is ongoing, this particular grant has been closed.

Metro ADA Ops and Shopper S	#19	9-OP&SHP-0154011		
FUNDING SOURCE	BUDGET	REMAINING	TIMELINE	PROJECT PHASE
Farebox	600,000	0	FY 2019	Rollout,
5310 Formula - OR-2018-024	232,138	0		Commissioning,
ODOT 32197 - 5310	281,009	0		Active
ODOT 32010 - STF-IN	1,091,719	0		
General Funds	4,027,276	0		
Total Project	6,232,142	0		

This is origin-to-destination service within the metro area for people unable to use regular bus service (some or all of the time) because of a disability. RideSource ADA meets the Federal Transit Administration-mandated ADA requirements, serving a ¾ mile boundary around the fixed-route service. The Shopper is a low-cost, neighborhood-based shopping shuttle operating within the same metro ADA boundary. The driver assists people with their groceries and packages and is currently operated by Medical Transportation Management. Transportation coordinators from White Bird Clinic, Alternative Work Concepts, and Senior and Disabled Services (S&DS) make in-person evaluations to determine eligibility. S&DS is a division of the Lane Council of Governments and the local Area Agency on Aging. While this project is ongoing, this particular grant has been closed.

Pearl Buck - Key: 20997			#1	9-PRLBCK-0154012
FUNDING SOURCE	BUDGET	REMAINING	TIMELINE	PROJECT PHASE
ODOT 32197 - 5310	173,700	0	FY 2019	Rollout,
Local Funds	133,280	0		Commissioning,
Total Project	306,980	0		Active

Pearl Buck Center contracts with RideSource to transport at-risk children attending Pearl Buck Preschool. RideSource is a central partner with Pearl Buck Center in providing children, whose parents have cognitive disabilities, with safe, dependable, door-to-door transportation to a specialized preschool program. While this project is ongoing, this particular grant has been closed.

Service Animal Pilot			#1	9-SVANML-0154013
FUNDING SOURCE	BUDGET	REMAINING	TIMELINE	PROJECT PHASE
ODOT 31386 - STF/State	86,578	0	FY 2019	Rollout,
General Funds	30,000	0		Commissioning,
Total Project	116,578	0		Active

A service animal "paw print" program, which expedites boarding processes. This grant has been closed.

South Lane Wheels Services - Key: 20991			#19	9-SLSRVC-0154014
FUNDING SOURCE	BUDGET	REMAINING	TIMELINE	PROJECT PHASE
ODOT 32010 - STF	89,945	0	FY 2019	Rollout,
Total Project	89,945	0		Commissioning,

South Lane Wheels (SLW) provides service to the general public in the rural areas of South Lane County, including the communities of Cottage Grove, Dorena, Lorane, London, and Creswell, with transportation to Eugene-Springfield. This project provides matching for SLW's 5311 funding. Without SLW, the cost of providing transportation to the outlying areas would overtax the remaining system, create a service gap that may force residents to move to urban areas, and potentially undermine the effectiveness of the remaining businesses and community services. The project is progressing as scheduled.

Transit Host - Key: 20999			#1	9-TRHOST-0154015
FUNDING SOURCE	BUDGET	REMAINING	TIMELINE	PROJECT PHASE
ODOT 32197 - 5310	144,968	0	FY 2019	Rollout,
ODOT 32010 - STF	16,592	0		Commissioning,
Total Project	161,560	0		Active

Alternative Work Concepts contracts with LTD to provide the Transit Host Program, which allows people who otherwise would use paratransit services the additional support needed to use the fixed-route system for their routine trips. Transit hosts are located at the main downtown transfer station to assist with scheduled transfers from one bus to another, which enables people to reach their final destination. This added support mechanism results in a great cost savings to LTD, and, more importantly, means greater independence, self-worth, and empowerment to people with significant disabilities. While this project is ongoing, this particular grant has been closed.

Travel Training - Key: 20999			#1	19-TRVLTR-0154016
FUNDING SOURCE	BUDGET	REMAINING	TIMELINE	PROJECT PHASE
ODOT 32197 - 5310	131,468	0	FY 2019	Rollout,
ODOT 32010 - STF	15,047	0		Commissioning,
Total Project	146,515	0		Active

Alternative Work Concepts contracts with LTD to provide travel training to people with disabilities on the fixed-route bus system. The project is progressing as scheduled. Although the budget was revised to reflect actual total project cost/prior year's expenditures, the total project cost as reflected in the CIP remains unchanged.

Veterans Transportation - Key: 2	0995		#1	9-VETTRP-0154017
FUNDING SOURCE	BUDGET	REMAINING	TIMELINE	PROJECT PHASE
ODOT 32197 - 5310	17,946	6,463	FY 2019	Rollout,
ODOT 32010 - STF	2,054	741		Commissioning,
Total Project	20,000	7,204		Active

Transportation for service members, veterans, and their families. Most trips funded are for critical medical needs or to provide a short-term, stop-gap solution while a permanent transportation plan is implemented in conjunction with the VA hospitals, Disabled American's Veteran's transportation program, and volunteers. While this project is ongoing, this particular grant has been closed.

Volunteer Coordination			#19	9-VOLCRD-0154018
FUNDING SOURCE	BUDGET	REMAINING	TIMELINE	PROJECT PHASE
ODOT 31386 - STF/State	108,700	108,700	FY 2019	Rollout,
General Fund (LTD Staff)	7,300	7,300		Commissioning,
Total Project	116,000	116,000		Active

The RideSource Call Center works to provide door-through-door service for people who need a high level of assistance and do not have other transportation options. Medical Transportation Management, Senior and Disabled Services, and the Senior Companion Program all participate in the support and recruitment of volunteers. Some volunteer programs provide long-distance transportation services to and from medical appointments. This program funds recruitment, retention, and training of volunteer drivers. The project was unable to be fully implemented as anticipated.

Volunteer Reimbursement - Key: 20994			#19	9-VOLRMB-0154019
	BUDGET	REMAINING	TIMELINE	PROJECT PHASE
ODOT 32010 - STF	15,385	0	FY 2019	Rollout,
ODOT 32197 - 5310	134,420	0		Commissioning, Active
Local Funds	20,400	0		Active
Total Project	170,205	0		

This is a door-through-door service for people who need a high level of assistance and do not have other transportation options. Medical Transportation Management (MTM), Senior and Disabled Services, and the Senior Companion Program all participate in the support and recruitment of volunteers. Volunteer drivers using their own cars receive a per mile reimbursement. MTM volunteers often use agency vehicles. The program serves older adults and people with disabilities throughout Lane County. While this project is ongoing, this particular grant has been closed.

MEDICAID

NEMT - State Reimbursed			#19	9-NEMTSR-0165001
FUNDING SOURCE	BUDGET	REMAINING	TIMELINE	PROJECT PHASE
Oregon Health Authority	527,175	-28,622	ONGOING	Rollout,
General Fund	13,200	7,690		Commissioning,
Total Project	540,375	20,932		Active

Non-emergency medical transportation - state reimbursed. The project is progressing as scheduled.

NEMT - Trillium			#1	9-NEMTTR-0165002
FUNDING SOURCE	BUDGET	REMAINING	TIMELINE	PROJECT PHASE
Trillium CHP	8,902,600	1,830,501	ONGOING	Rollout,
General Fund	222,500	95,914		Commissioning,
Total Project	9,125,100	1,926,415		Active

Non-emergency medical transportation - Trillium reimbursed. The project is progressing as scheduled.

Waivered - Non-Medical			#19	-WAVNMD-0165003
FUNDING SOURCE	BUDGET	REMAINING	TIMELINE	PROJECT PHASE
Oregon Department of Human	788,000	217,473	ONGOING	Rollout,
General Fund	275,000	14,270		Commissioning,
Total Project	1,063,000	231,743		Active

Waivered transportation is non-medical rides for low-income seniors and disabled persons living outside of nursing facilities. Rides are for basic needs, including grocery shopping, social outings, church, and hair care. The project is progressing as scheduled.

POINT2POINT

Drive Less Connect - Key: 20969			#19	9-DLCONN-0146001
FUNDING SOURCE	BUDGET	REMAINING	TIMELINE	PROJECT PHASE
ODOT - 32517	101,349	-	FY 2019-2021	
Total Project	101,349	-		Commissioning,
				Active

Point2point manages the Drive Less Connect Ridesharing Database for this region. Included with this effort is year-round outreach and education on how to use the program, encouraging carpooling and the tracking of transportation options trips along with the preparation and leadership of Lane County-wide participation in the Oregon Drive Less Challenge held in the early fall each year. This is funded by ODOT and a state priority outlined in the State Transportation Options Plan. While the program is ongoing, funds for this year's allocation have been exhausted.

Employer Transportation Coordinator Toolkit			#1	9-TOOLKT-0146002
FUNDING SOURCE	BUDGET	REMAINING	TIMELINE	PROJECT PHASE
ODOT - 32359	30,724	-	FY2017-2019	Rollout,
Total Project	30,724	-		Commissioning, Active

Develop a host of tools for the local business employer transportation coordinators to use to assist their employees with accessing transportation options information. The project is designed to develop a Transportation Options (TO) Liaison Toolkit to create a cadre of community transportation option information specialists. This is funded by ODOT as a demonstration project to help all TO providers in Oregon with new tools when working with employers. It is outlined in the Point2point five-year strategic plan that is directed by all local jurisdictional transportation staff. The project has been completed; this grant is closed.

Safe Routes to School Assistants - Key: 21147			#19	9-SRTSAS-0146003
FUNDING SOURCE	BUDGET	REMAINING	TIMELINE	PROJECT PHASE
STBG - OR-2018-026	45,762	45,762	FY 2019-2023	· ·
General Fund (in kind)	4,700	4,700		Commissioning,
Total Project	50,462	50,462		Active

Safe Routes To School (SRTS) program assistants work closely with the school district SRTS coordinators implementing enhanced SRTS encouragement events, expanded education, and outreach services at the three local school districts (Bethel, Eugene, and Springfield). This program has proven to affect behavior change and school-age travel choices to and from school. This effort supports all local partner agency transportation goals and is a priority to all of them. The project is progressing as scheduled.

Smart Routes to School Bike Parking - Key: 21148		#19	9-SMTBKP-0146004	
FUNDING SOURCE	BUDGET	REMAINING	TIMELINE	PROJECT PHASE
CMAQ 1738-2018-10	72,681	72,681	FY 2019-2020	· ·
General Fund	18,170	18,170		Commissioning,
Total Project	90,851	90,851	1	Active

Develop short-term bicycle parking at three local school districts to improve the worst bike parking supply as rated in the Safe Route To School Regional Bicycle Parking Assessment. This effort is to help improve deficiencies in local school district bike parking facilities and in turn make it easier for local students to bike to school, which is a regional partner agency priority. The project is progressing as scheduled.

Safe Routes to School Bike Ped Program Expansion - Key: 21390			#19	9-BKPEDX-0146007
FUNDING SOURCE	BUDGET	REMAINING	TIMELINE	PROJECT PHASE
CMAQ	154,468	154,468	FY 2019-2021	Secure Funding
City of Eugene (in kind)	17,680	17,680		
Total Project	172,148	172,148		

The Regional Safe Routes to School (SRTS) mission is to serve a diverse community of parents, students, and organizations advocating for and promoting the use of transportation options including active transportation and the practice of safe bicycling and walking to and from schools throughout the Central Lane MPO area. The Eugene-Springfield SRTS program provides in-class pedestrian safety to second grade students and in-class bicycle safety education to fifth or sixth grade students throughout the regional school districts. These programs teach students how to walk and bike safely. They also encourage active travel and promote safe travel behaviors, which in turn can result in future safe drivers. This is a regional priority outlined specifically in local TSPs, the state transportation options plan, and the Point2point five-year strategic plan. The program is growing exponentially, and this helps meet some of that demand. Activities necessary in order to process the required request to transfer FHWA funds to FTA are in progress.

Safe Routes to School Regional Program - K	3	#19-SRTS	RG-0146008	
FUNDING SOURCE	BUDGET	REMAINING	TIMELINE	PROJECT PHASE
STBG Springfield - 1738-2018-10	15,176	15,176	FY 2019-2021	Rollout,
FHWA Transfer 5307 - OR-2018-026	39,000	39,000		Commissioning,
STBG - Bethel - 1738-2018-10	39,471	39,471		Active
STBG - 4J - 1738-2018-10	88,641	88,641		
Springfield School - HU-19-10-09	44,745	16,436		
Bethel School - FHWA Transfer 5307 OR-2018- 026	4,054	4,054		
4J School - FHWA Transfer OR-2018-026	9,103	9,103		
TAP	350,000	350,000	4	
General Funds	40,059	40,059		
Total Project	630,249	601,940		

This project supports funding for three district Safe Routes To School programs in order to maintain the current level of K-8 programming in the 4J, Bethel, and Springfield school districts from FFY 2019-2021. This is a regional partner/agency priority and is listed in all local TSPs, the state transportation options plan, and the Point2point five-year strategic plan. It has multi-year committed funding. The project is progressing as scheduled.

Transportation Options - Key: 21130			#1	9-TRANOP-0146009
FUNDING SOURCE	BUDGET	REMAINING	TIMELINE	PROJECT PHASE
FHWA Transfer 5307 - OR-2017-024	300,000	300,000	FY 2019-2021	Secure Funding
ODOT - REGION 2 - 32517	94,571	0		
General Funds	5,000	0		
Total Project	399,571	300,000		

This program provides a variety of positive marketing opportunities for LTD and more importantly provides options for the region's travelers to use a variety of transportation options in the region. Point2point does extensive year-round outreach and education about how to use the options and does a great deal of education on how to access and trip plan using the LTD fixed-route and accessible services transportation. The face-to-face outreach component provides a human face to the services we provide. Direct services include the management of the Valley Vanpool Program (17 vans), Emergency Ride Home, Drive Less Connect Ridesharing software for Lane County, lead the Business Commute Challenge and the Oregon Drive Less Challenge in Lane County, and lead the Regional Safe Routes to Schools Program. The Point2point program is supported by local and state partners, and it helps meet the regional goals around improving transportation system efficiency and climate recovery. While the project is ongoing, funds allocated for grant 32517 for this fiscal year have been exhausted.

UO Gateway SmartTrips - Key: 17162	#19-SMTUOG-0146010			
FUNDING SOURCE	BUDGET	REMAINING	TIMELINE	PROJECT PHASE
STP - OR-95-X030	180,000	167,220	FY 2019-2021	Rollout,
General Funds	20,601	19,139		Commissioning, Active
Total Project	200,601	186,359		

LTD will conduct public outreach (SmartTrips) relative to the enhanced EmX service, which will be beneficial to the business community. Increasing awareness of transportation resources and the various options available, in addition to the enhanced EmX service, will facilitate the establishment of long-term and sustainable transportation practices. This is a priority to the City of Springfield and helps meet the regional goals around transportation system efficiency. The project is progressing as scheduled. LTD continued to conduct neighborhood outreach, as well as to the business community during the reporting period.

SRTS Outreach and Encouragement Program 2019-21 - Key: 21392			#19-SRTSOE0146011		
FUNDING SOURCE	BUDGET	REMAINING	TIMELINE	PROJECT PHASE	
CMAQ	90,000	90,000	FY 2019	Rollout,	
General Funds	22,500	22,500		Commissioning, Active	
Total Project	112,500	112,500			

Outreach and encouragement activities for the Safe Routes to School (SRTS) program. This adds funding to the expanding SRTS program for the last two years of the funding cycle. It is a growing program and is a regional priority. The project is progressing as scheduled.

Vanpool - Key: 19395			#19	9-VNPOOL-0146010
FUNDING SOURCE	BUDGET	REMAINING	TIMELINE	PROJECT PHASE
General Funds	185,000	111,479	FY 2019	Rollout,
Total Project	185,000	111,479		Commissioning, Active

Operation of Point2point-Valley Vanpool program. Manage interest and help conduct outreach on the vanpool program and help attract new riders. Manage issues with the vanpools as they arise. Manage pick-up and drop-off locations. The vanpool program helps reduce 2,000,000 miles on Interstate 5 each year and helps meets the state and local goals to lower congestion and reduce carbon emissions. The project is progressing as scheduled.



Glossary

Glossary of Terms



Accessible Services

An LTD program that encompasses policy development and compliance with the requirements of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (ADA) for both fixed-route and paratransit services; administration of the Special Transportation Fund (STF) for the older adults and people with disabilities and other grant funded services; technical assistance through grant writing and contract management; program development for services throughout Lane County; and oversight of the RideSource Call Center. Primary focus is transportation for older adults, people with disabilities, and persons with low incomes.

ACES Accessible and Customer Services (LTD) - An LTD work group.

Automated Clearing House – The process/organization/institute that electronic payments (paperless checks) go through before being

transmitted to a vendor's bank account.

Area Commission on Transportation - Advisory body charted by the Oregon Transportation Commission (OTC) addressing all aspects of transportation (surface, marine, air, and transportation safety) with primary focus on the state transportation system.

Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 - Federal civil rights legislation for people with disabilities; requires accessibility features and practices on public transit systems and the provision of a "complementary paratransit service" for persons unable to use regularly scheduled fixed-route services due to a disability.

Americans with Disabilities Act Amendments Act of 2008 - Effective January 1, 2009, the amendments to the ADA clarifies and reiterates who is covered by the law's civil rights protections and revises the definition of "disability" to more broadly encompass impairments that substantially limit a major life activity. The law also states that mitigating measures, including assistive devices, auxiliary aids, accommodations, medical therapies, and supplies have no bearing in determining whether a disability qualifies under the law.

The Ad Hoc Fare Policy Committee is a short-term committee created for the purpose of reviewing the District's fare system. The committee will provide recommendations to the Board of Directors regarding the current fare system structure.

Final version of the budget formally adopted by Resolution by the LTD Board of Directors.

Low-polluting fuels that are used to propel a vehicle instead of high-sulfur diesel or gasoline. Examples include methanol, ethanol,

ACT

ACH

ADA

ADAAA

Ad Hoc Fare Policy Committee

Adopted Budget

Alternative Fuels

propane or compressed natural gas, liquid natural gas, ultra-low-sulfur or "clean" diesel, and electricity.

Approved Budget

Version of the budget agreed upon by the Budget Committee that is presented to the Board of Directors for adoption.

APTA

American Public Transportation Association – A national, nonprofit trade association representing the public transit industry. APTA members include more than 400 public transit systems, as well as state and local departments of transportation and planning agencies, manufacturers and suppliers of transit equipment, consultants, contractors, and universities.

Arbitration

A method of settling disputes where labor and management present their case to an impartial third party, called an arbitrator, who has the responsibility to decide the case.

ARR

Annual Route Review – A yearly process where staff consider changes to bus service. The changes can include service additions or deletions; adjustments; or redesign of current service.

ARRC

Accident Route Review Committee – A team of elected and appointed employees who review accidents and make a determination of preventability based on standards, policy and best practices. This committee may also review routing changes and make recommendation based on safety and training.

Articulated Bus

A bus, usually 55 feet or more in length, with two connected passenger compartments that bend at the connecting point when the bus turns a corner.

ASUO

Associated Students of the University of Oregon – A nonprofit organization funded by the University of Oregon. Its purpose is to provide for the social, cultural, educational, and physical development of its members, and for the advancement of their individual and collective interests both within and without the University. The ASUO is the student government, is run by students for students, and works on campus, city, state, and federal-level campaigns. Membership consists of all students at the University of Oregon who have paid the current term or semester student incidental fee.

ATU

Amalgamated Transit Union – A major labor union representing workers in the transit industry; membership is limited to operators, mechanics, and other non-supervisory employees of the transit industry.

AVL/APC

Automated Vehicle Location System/Automated Passenger Count System – An ITS system that provides current and immediately available data on actual ridership, including on and off counts by stop and trip length in miles.

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Alternative Work Concepts – A local nonprofit agency specializing in vocational services and provides in-person transportation eligibility assessments.

В

BAT Lanes Business Access and Transit Lanes – Lanes that are reserved for

transit or vehicles intending to turn at the next intersection (or beforehand, into a business driveway) and for those vehicles merging

left or right after turning into a designated BAT lane.

Bid A process (and resulting work assignments) in which bus operators

pick the runs they will be driving on a weekly basis. Major bids are

fall, winter, and summer.

Bi-directional Lane A single lane that uses block signaling to allow transit vehicles to

travel in both directions.

Binding Arbitration Arbitration with a final and binding award, which is often enforceable

in the courts.

Block A block links trips together and varies from 2 hours to 19 hours in

duration. A specific vehicle is assigned to each block.

Block Signaling Technology to control vehicle access in bi-directional lane segments.

Boardings A boarding, or unlinked trip, occurs every time a customer boards a

bus. A trip requiring a transfer would count as two boardings.

BRT Bus Rapid Transit – A bus system based on light-rail transit

principles, which utilizes buses rather than trains and track, and requires much lower capital investment. Key elements include exclusive right-of-way; signal priority; increased service frequency;

low-floor, multiple-door buses; and a prepaid fare mechanism.

Budget Committee The committee meets on an as-needed basis but generally convenes

in the fourth quarter of each fiscal year in time to provide advice to the Board of Directors prior to the adoption of an annual budget. The Committee is composed of all seven Board members and seven citizen members. Each LTD Board member selects one citizen

member to fill a term of three years.

C

CAC Citizens Advisory Committee – Representative stakeholders who

meet regularly to discuss issues of common concern, such as transportation, and to advise sponsoring agency officials. These groups effectively interact between citizens and their government.

CAFR

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (sometimes referred to as audited financial statements) – An annual financial report on assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenditures prepared in a standardized format that must conform to the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) accounting and financial reporting standards. The CAFR describes what actually was spent and the status of assets and liabilities at the end of the fiscal year.

CATC

Comprehensive and Accessible Transportation Committee – A state-mandated advisory committee that reports to the LTD Board of Directors and LTD staff on issues related to accessible public transportation and human services transportation throughout Lane County. The CATC is composed of 16 members representing seniors and people with disabilities, including representatives from east, west, and South Lane County. Members also represent rural service providers, South Lane Wheels, Rhody Express, and the Diamond Express.

Categorical Exclusion

A category of actions that do not individually or cumulatively have a significant effect on the human environment and that have been found to have no such effect in procedures adopted by a federal agency in implementation of these regulations and for which, therefore, neither an environmental assessment nor an environmental impact statement is required.

Call Center

(see Medicaid Transportation Brokerage and Ride Source Call Center)

Carpool/Vanpool Program

A Transportation Options program that encourages commuters to share rides by providing matching services and incentives. (Also known as Rideshare)

CCO

Coordinated Care Organization – A network of all types of health care providers who have agreed to work together in their local communities for people who receive health care coverage under the Oregon Health Plan (Medicaid).

Certificate of Excellence

An award issued by the Governmental Finance Officers Achievement Association (GFOA) to organizations such as LTD whose for comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve in Financial the highest standards in government accounting and Reporting financial reporting.

CFR

Code of Federal Regulations – The codification of the general and permanent rules and regulations published in the Federal Register by the executive departments and agencies of the federal government.

CIP

Community Investment Plan – A ten-year plan to identify improvement projects and relevant funding sources that may result in major capital expenditures.

CLMPO

Central Lane Metropolitan Planning Organization – Formal name for the Eugene-Springfield metropolitan area MPO. (See MPO.)

CNG Compressed Natural Gas – A clean-burning alternative fuel for

vehicles.

COA Comprehensive Operations Analysis – Project name was changed to

Transit Tomorrow

COLA Cost of Living Adjustment (Allowance) – An increase or decrease in

employees' wages or salaries made on the basis of changes in agreed-upon economic indices, usually the Consumer Price Index

(CPI).

Community Events Community events are defined as both one-time events, such as the

2012 U.S. Track and Field Olympic Trials at UO's Hayward Field,

and annual or recurring events, such as the Butte to Butte.

Comprehensive Review Formerly known as Triennial Review this is an FTA audit of LTD

policies, procedures, and internal controls required every three years.

ConnectOregon ConnectOregon is a lottery-bond-based initiative (\$42 million)

approved by the Oregon Legislative Assembly to invest in air, rail, marine, bicycle, pedestrian, and transit infrastructure to ensure Oregon's transportation system is strong, diverse, and efficient.

Contract Committee The Committee provides the Board of Directors with oversight and

recommendations of Lane Transit District's finances. The Committee is responsible to review and make recommendations to the Board of Directors regarding all contracts valuing \$150,000 and above as set forth in resolution 2017-03-15-011. The Contract Committee is composed of three Board members and meets on the second

Monday of the month on an as needed basis.

Coverage is used to describe the design of a bus route. Coverage is

often measured as the percentage of households that are within

one-quarter mile of a bus stop.

CPI Consumer Price Index – An economic index created by the federal

government to track inflationary changes in the cost of a market

basket of goods and services.

CMAQ Congestion Mitigation and Air Quality – An improvement program

through the Fixing America's Surface Transportation Act (FAST Act) to provide a flexible funding source to state and local governments for transportation projects and programs to help meet the requirements

of the Clean Air Act.

CM/GC Construction Manager/General Contractor – A construction delivery

method where the construction manager acts as the general

contractor with schedule and cost risk. The CM/GC provides design phase assistance in evaluating costs, schedule, and implications of

systems and materials during design.

CMP	Congestion Mitigation Program – Implementation of programs and

services to increase the use of transportation options during and after

major infrastructure projects in our area.

COA Comprehensive Operations Analysis – A detailed study of a transit

system designed to identify existing strengths, areas for improvement

and options to improve efficiency and increase usage.

CSC Customer Service Center – Located at the Eugene Station for the

purpose of providing route and schedule information, and the sale of

fare instruments.

CSR Comprehensive Service Redesign – Evaluation and restructuring of

the entire service system.

CTAA Community Transportation Association of America – A national

member association promoting effective public and community transportation services focusing on rural, small city, and community transit. CTAA acts as a legislative advocate, provider of funding to rural transportation, and direct technical assistance and information to

public, community, and human service transportation providers.

D

D&A Drug and Alcohol

DAS Department of Administrative Services (State of Oregon)

DBE Disadvantaged Business Enterprise – A business owned and

operated by one or more socially and economically disadvantaged

individuals.

DCE Documented Categorical Exclusion – Environmental analysis where a

project may qualify as a categorical exclusion (CE) but requires additional documentation demonstrating that the specific conditions or criteria for the CEs are satisfied and that significant effects will not

result.

DD Developmental Disabilities – A physical and/or mental impairment

that occurs before a person is 22 years old. The impairment has continued or can be expected to continue indefinitely and is likely to create barriers to the ability of the individual to function

create barriers to the ability of the individual to function independently. As defined by Oregon Administrative Rule.

Deadhead The movement of a transit vehicle without passengers aboard; often

to and from a garage or to and from one route to another.

Defined Benefit Plan A type of pension plan in which an employer promises a specified

monthly benefit on retirement that is predetermined by a formula

based on the employee's earnings history, tenure of service and age, rather than depending on investment returns.

Defined Contribution Plan

A type of retirement plan in which the amount of the employer's annual contribution is specified. Individual accounts are set up for participants and benefits are based on the amounts credited to these accounts (through employer contributions and, if applicable, employee contributions) plus any investment earnings on the money in the account.

DEIS

Draft Environmental Impact Statement – A document required by the National Environmental Policy Act for federal government agency actions "significantly affecting the quality of the human environment." A tool for decision making, an EIS describes the positive and negative environmental effects of proposed agency action and cites alternative actions.

Demand Response

Service on demand, often referred to as Dial-a-Ride or paratransit. Unlike a fixed-route system, there is no regular schedule and typically requires riders to schedule in advance. May offer a door-to-door or curb-to-curb assistance. Often used in reference to "complementary paratransit" services required under the Americans with Disabilities Act.

DHS

Department of Human Services (State of Oregon)

Diamond Express

Service introduced in March 2003 that makes an intercity connection between Oakridge and Eugene-Springfield three times each weekday Coordinated through Accessible Services and funded with grants from federal Section 5311(f) Intercity Passenger Program, Special Transportation Fund, and local contributions.

DMAP

Division of Medical Assistance Programs (State of Oregon) – DMAP, part of the Oregon Health Authority (OHA), determines policy and Oregon Administrative Rules for medical assistance programs. It is responsible for Title XIX and Title XXI State Plans, informs clients and providers about policy and rule changes that affect OHA services, and pays claims and contracted payments for covered health care services.

DOL

Department of Labor (Federal)

DOR

Department of Revenue (State of Oregon)

DOT

Department of Transportation (Federal) – A cabinet-level agency with responsibility for highways, mass transit, aviation, and ports; headed by the Secretary of Transportation. The DOT includes the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA), the Federal Transit Administration (FTA), and the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), among others.

DPS

Transit Public Safety & System Security (LTD) - An LTD work group.

Dwell Time

Length of time a bus is stopped to load and unload passengers.

Ε

EA Environmental Assessment – A public document that analyzes a

proposed federal action for the possibility of significant environmental impacts. The analysis is required by the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (NEPA). If the environmental impacts will be significant, the federal agency must then prepare an environmental

impact statement.

EC Employee Council – A group that represents the administrative

employees of the District.

ECC Equity and Community Consortium – An information and resource

sharing and coordination forum for agencies and jurisdictions that provide governmental and public services in the Eugene-Springfield metropolitan area. The ECC reaffirms, renews, and expands the purpose, goals, and efforts embodied in the 2008 Diversity and

Human Rights Consortium.

Economic Indicator Statistical representation used in tracking the health of the economy.

Examples include the Consumer Price Index and the Unemployment

Rate.

EFT Payment Electronic Funds Transfer for Payments – Payments that are

transferred from LTD's bank account to a vendor's bank account via an electronic file transmission on the bank's website: another name

for paperless checks.

EHRC Eugene Human Rights Commission

EIS Environmental Impact Statement – An analysis, conducted for

federally funded or approved projects per the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (NEPA), of the environmental impacts of proposed

land development and transportation projects.

ERH Emergency Ride Home – A program sponsored and funded by the

Point2point program that provides emergency rides to employees who have commuted to work by means other than driving alone.

EmX (pronounced "MX")

The name given to LTD's bus rapid transit system; short for Emerald

Express.

EmX West An extension of the EmX Green Line that connects downtown

Eugene and the West 11th Avenue area.

EPA Environmental Protection Agency – The U.S. government agency

founded to "protect human health and to safeguard the natural environment—air, water, and land—upon which life depends."

ES Eugene Station – LTD's main transit hub.

ETC Program Employee Transportation Coordinators Program - Training and

support offered to ETCs from worksites throughout the region.

Extra Board Bus operators who bid to work a schedule that changes daily based

> on specific work rules. Extra Board operators receive their work assignments for the next day at 4:45 p.m. and are guaranteed

minimum 40 pay hours per week.

EZ Access See Rider Card.

Fall Bid The term "bid" refers to the selection of work by bus operators.

> Operators bid based upon their seniority in the union. LTD has three bids per year: fall, winter, and summer. Service adjustments are

timed with the bids.

Fare Instrument Ticket or pass purchased in advance that is used as payment for a

transit ride.

Automated system to manage sales, collection, and tracking of fare Fare Management System

media while providing access and convenience for the customers.

Farebox Recovery Ratio Also known as farebox-to-operating cost ratio, this measures the

> percentage of the operating cost paid by customers. It is computed as the total farebox revenue (including sale of passes) divided by the

total operating cost.

FAST Act Fixing America's Surface Transportation Act – Bipartisan, bicameral,

> five-year legislation signed into law December 2015 to improve the Nation's surface transportation infrastructure, including roads, bridges, transit systems, and passenger rail network. In addition to authorizing programs to strengthen this vital infrastructure, the FAST Act also enhances federal safety programs for highways, public transportation, motor carrier, hazardous materials, and

passenger rail.

Federal Grants:

Section 5307 Urbanized Area Formula Program - Federal grant funds

(Formula) allocated based on a set formula given a district's population and

ridership.

Clean Fuels Grant Program - Federal grant funds allocated to Section 5308 (Clean Fuels)

support emerging clean fuel and advanced propulsion technologies

for transit buses and markets for those technologies.

Section 5309 (Discretionary)

Capital investment program for the Federal Transit Administration under 49 USC 5309. Allows federal grant funds to be allocated based on congressional discretion to finance New Starts, Small Starts, and Core Capacity projects.

Section 5310

Elderly and Persons with Disabilities Formula Program – Federal grant program that provides capital assistance primarily for transportation for the elderly and people with disabilities.

Section 5311

Rural General Public Program – Federal grant program that provides formula funding to states for the purpose of supporting public transportation in areas of less than 50,000 in population. Funding may be used for capital, operating, state administration, and project administration expenses.

Section 5311 (f)

Intercity Passenger Program – Federal grant program that promotes intercity passenger services, connecting rural communities through incentive funding, information and equipment to make vehicles accessible. Emphasis is placed on connecting communities of 2,500 or more with the next larger market economy and connecting bus, rail and air.

Section 5339

Alternative Analysis Program – Provides funding for new fixed guideway investment alternatives analyses.

Fixed Guideway

A public transportation facility using and occupying a separate right-of-way for the exclusive use of public transportation.

Fixed-Route Service

Fixed-route is the traditional term for bus service that operates on a specific schedule and along a consistent route. An alternative to fixed-route service would be demand-responsive service where routing and scheduling are created daily based upon the individual needs of riders.

Fleet Capacity

Maximum amount of service that can be delivered using all available buses in the fleet, excluding a minimum number of spare buses held in reserve for bus replacement in case of a breakdown, maintenance, and operator training.

FΜ

Facilities Management (LTD) - An LTD work group.

FMO

Financial Management Oversight – A periodic review of a transit district's financial policy, procedures, and internal related controls performed by independent consultants and paid for by the FTA.

FONSI

Finding of No Significant Impact – A National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (NEPA) compliance document that affirms that an environmental assessment found that alternatives were evaluated and a proposed action would have no significant impact on the human environment.

Franklin EmX Corridor

An EmX route from downtown Eugene to downtown Springfield.

Frequency of Service

The number of transit vehicles in a given period passing by any given point on a route.

FSA

Flexible Spending Account – A benefit offered to an employee by an employer that allows a fixed amount of pre-tax wages to be set aside for qualified expenses. Qualified expenses may include child care or uncovered medical expenses. The amount set aside must be determined in advance and employees lose any unused dollars in the account at year-end.

FTA

Federal Transit Administration – An administration in the U.S. Department of Transportation that assists in developing improved mass transportation methods, techniques, facilities, and equipment; encourages planning and establishment of urban mass transportation systems; and assists states and local governments and their authorities in financing urban mass transportation systems.

FTN

Frequent Transit Network – Projects encompass the planning, design, and construction of service that increases capacity along major transportation corridors. The FTN strengthens regional connectivity by tying service and investment decisions to the level of development along corridors.



GASB

Governmental Accounting Standards Board – An accounting industry organization, part of the Financial Accounting Foundation, that issues Statements of Financial Accounting Standards that define and govern generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) for state and local government entities in the United States.

Gateway EmX Extension

An extension of the EmX Green Line that connects downtown Springfield with the Gateway area.

Gateway Transportation Program

Assistance supplied by Point2point to reduce congestion, coordinate information and educational services, and work with businesses, property owners, and agency representatives to implement a variety of Transportation Option strategies in the Gateway area.

GDT

Green Dream Team – A group that exists to guide and facilitate a collaborative cross-departmental effort that will support LTD's mission of creating a more vibrant, sustainable, and equitable community.

Geographic Coverage

Geographic coverage is the measure of how close transit service comes to where residents live. It will often be referred to as the percentage of households within a quarter-mile walking distance to a transit route.

GFOA Government Finance Officers Association – A national group

responsible for issuance of the Certificate of Achievement for

Excellence in Financial Reporting.

GPP Group Pass Program – Program designed for organizations to allow

bulk purchase of transit passes for all members of the group at a

significant cost savings.

GPS Global Positioning System – Satellite-based information system

required for real-time automated vehicle location system and

passenger information system.

Guideway Transit-only lane with curbs; used interchangeably with "transitway."



Half Fare Program A federally mandated program that requires transit districts to charge

older adults and persons with disabilities one half the adult cash fare

during off-peak hours.

Headway Time interval between vehicles moving in the same direction on a

particular route.

HOV High-Occupancy Vehicle – A vehicle that can carry two or more

persons. Examples of high occupancy vehicles are a bus, vanpool, and carpool. These vehicles sometimes have exclusive traffic lanes

called HOV lanes, busways, transitways, or commuter lanes.

HIPPA Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act – A U.S. law

designed to provide privacy standards to protect patients' medical records and other health information provided to health plans,

doctors, hospitals, and other health care providers.

HR Human Resources and Risk Management – An LTD work group.

HRA Health Reimbursement Account – A tax-deferred arrangement

(account) that is paid for solely by the employer, which reimburses the employee for medical care expenses incurred by the employee, employee spouse, and dependents. Amounts not used in a calendar warr can be relled ever into consecutive calendar warr, and

year can be rolled over into consecutive calendar years, and

therefore accumulate over time

Human Resources Committee

The Human Resources (HR) Committee provides the Board of Directors with oversight and recommendations related to Lane Transit District's relationship with its General Manager, including the General Manager's goals, annual performance evaluation, performance, and compensation. The HR Committee is composed of three Board members who meet on the second Thursday of the month on an as needed basis to discuss issues related to LTD's employees.

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	IIU

Abbreviation for hybrid-electric – Vehicle propulsion systems that are a combination of gas or diesel and electricity. EmX vehicles and Prius automobiles are examples in the LTD fleet.

I

Intermodal The ability to connect, and the connections between, modes of

transportation.

IT Information Technology (LTD) – An LTD work group.

ITS Intelligent Transportation Systems – Advanced technologies systems

like signal priority and automated vehicle locating that foster the use of advanced technologies to improve the safety, reliability, and

efficiency of public transportation systems.

L

Lane Area Commission on Transportation - An advisory body

established to provide a forum for stakeholders to collaborate on transportation issues affecting Lane County and to strengthen

state/local partnerships in transportation.

LC Leadership Council – LTD's management team that addresses issues

of the day.

LCC Lane Community College

LCOG Lane Council of Governments – A voluntary organization of local

governments that strives for comprehensive, regional planning.

Livability Initiative A joint venture of the U.S. Department of Transportation (DOT), U.S.

Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD), and U.S.

Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) to promote livable communities, improve the quality of life for more Americans, and create more transportation choices that serve the needs of individual

communities.

LOC Local Organizing Committee

Local Budget Law State of Oregon statutory requirements governing the budget

process, as detailed in Oregon Revised Statutes (ORS) 294.305-565.

LPA Locally Preferred Alternative — A federal term for the preferred

design for a project.



Main-McvVay Governance Committee

The Our Main Street projects are coordinated through a three-tiered management structure that includes project direction provided by an ad hoc Governance Team membership and protocols.

MAP-21

"Moving Ahead for Progress in the 21st Century" – Transportation authorization, signed by President Obama, effective October 1, 2012, to restructure federal investments of surface transportation.

Mark-off

Mark-off time is time that is paid to bus operators for doing duties other than their regular assignment, e.g., committee work, proofreading, etc.

Medicaid Fund

A fund within LTD's budget that includes transactions for transportation services provided under Medicaid for eligible participants.

Medicaid Transportation Brokerage

A centralized access point to provide transportation services. LTD contracts with the Oregon Department of Human Services Department of Medical Assistance Programs (DMAP). A *broker* provides call taking, eligibility verification, scheduling, and quality assurance for Non-Emergent Medical Transportation and Non-medical transportation for eligible clientele.

Medicaid Transportation Brokerage

A centralized access point to provide transportation services. LTD contracts with the Oregon Health Authority (OHA). A *broker* provides call taking, eligibility verification, scheduling, and quality assurance for Non-Emergent Medical Transportation and community (non-medical) transportation for eligible clientele.

Medicaid Waivered Non-medical Transportation for Medicaid recipients who have a qualifying care plan managed by a Senior and Disability Services Case Manager under a Medicaid waiver. A certain amount of local transportation supports people staying in their homes or other community setting rather than residing in a nursing care facility. Also called community-based transportation within the RideSource Call Center and is one of the services offered.

Mini-Extra Board

Same as Extra Board except that Mini-Extra Board bus operators are guaranteed 60 hours per pay period instead of 80 hours.

Mobility Management

Making innovative use of the transit resources to respond to the demands of customers, which may include: providing non-traditional services such as vanpool, ride-share, or demand-responsive services; implementing technologies that increase travel options or convenience; providing information on all modes and ridesharing at a single call center; or influencing land use in favor of transit.

MOD Mobility on Demand – A flexible demand-response system

complimenting and connecting people to their community and to the

transportation network system.

Modal Split Percentage of the total participants using a particular method of

transportation to an activity or event.

Mode A specific form of transportation, such as automobile, subway, bus,

rail, or air.

MovingAhead A cooperative effort of the City of Eugene, Lane Transit District, and

regional partners in the community to determine what improvements are needed on some of our most important transportation corridors. This effort will be carried out through multiple phases over the next several years. The first phase of effort will lead to the identification up to four priority corridors which would then undergo further

development work leading to capital investments related to the transit

system as well as other modes of travel.

Moving Ahead Oversight Committee

The City of Eugene and the Lane Transit District (LTD) are working with the community to prioritize corridors for near-term enhancements that serve people using transit, biking, walking, and mobility devices. MovingAhead will build from Envision Eugene and LTD's Long Range Transit Plan. These documents call for improving service for people using transit, and facilities for people biking and walking in our

community.

MPC Metropolitan Policy Committee – An intergovernmental committee

created for problem solving and to resolve intergovernmental disagreements between the Cities of Eugene and Springfield, and

Lane County.

MPO Metropolitan Planning Organization – A federally required

transportation planning body responsible for the regional transportation plan and the MTIP in its region: Lane Council of Governments (LCOG) is the designated MPO for this region.

MTIP Metro Transportation Improvement Program – A federally mandated

planning document that lists highway and transit projects for the region, approved by the MPC, and submitted to the state for inclusion

in the State Transportation Improvement Program (STIP).

MTM Medical Transportation Management – Contractor providing

Ride Source Brokerage operations. Medical Transportation Management, Inc., manages ADA and NEMT transportation and

related services for systems across the US.

Multimodal A trip involving several types of transportation, such as both rail and

bus.

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Mini-Extra Board – Same as Extra Board except that Mini-Extra Board bus operators are guaranteed 60 hours per pay period instead of 80 hours.

NEMT Non-Emergent Medical Transportation – Trips provided through the

Ride Source Call Center for persons qualified for Oregon Health Plan Plus (OHP+) and who have no other reliable means of getting to and

from Medicaid-covered medical services.

NEPA National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 – An act to establish a

national policy for the environment, to provide for the establishment of

a Council on Environmental Quality, and for other purposes.

New Starts Program A category of the Federal Transit Administration Capital Investment

Program (49 USC 5309) that is used to fund new fixed-guideway systems, or an extension to an existing fixed-guideway system such

as rail and potentially bus rapid transit.

NOFA Notification of Funding Availability

Northwest Natural Privately owned natural gas provider for the District.

NTD National Transit Database – The system through which the Federal

Transit Administration (FTA) collects uniform transit data needed by the Secretary of Transportation to administer department programs. The data consist of selected financial and operating data that describe public transportation characteristics. Recipients of FTA Urbanized Area Formula Program (Section 5307) and Nonurbanized Area Formula Program (Section 5311) are required by statute to

submit data to the NTD.

NTI National Transit Institute – Training, education, and clearinghouse

services in support of public transportation in the United States.

0

OAA Older Americans Act – The Older American's Act of 1965 established

the Administration on Aging, a national agency to oversee the development of services and opportunities for older people in every

community across the nation.

OAR Oregon Administrative Rules – A compilation of the administrative

rules of Oregon state agencies, compiled, indexed, and published by

the Secretary of State's Office.

ODOT Oregon Department of Transportation – A department of the Oregon

state government responsible for systems of transportation.

OHP+ Oregon Health Plan Plus – A state medical health plan provided to

children and adults who are eligible for traditional Medicaid programs

or for the Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP).

OMB Office of Management and Budget – The office within the executive

branch of the federal government that prepares the President's annual budget, develops the federal government's fiscal program, oversees administration of the budget and reviews government

regulations.

OMPOC Oregon Metropolitan Planning Organization Consortium - The Oregon

MPO Consortium is a forum for Metropolitan Planning Organizations (MPO) whose purpose includes addressing Oregon's growing transportation needs within metropolitan areas, the role of the State

of Oregon in transportation investments and other related

transportation needs and issues within the state.

OPEB Other Post-Employment Benefits – Benefits received by an employee

when he or she begins retirement, including health care and life insurance premiums, and deferred compensation. It does not include

pension benefits.

Operating Revenues:

Cash fares Revenues from cash fares and daily, monthly, and three-month

passes.

Group pass Revenues from group pass programs with businesses such as ASUO

and Symantec.

OPS Transit Operations (LTD) – An LTD work group.

OPTIS Oregon Public Transit Information System – An electronic web-

based software program used for managing ODOT Public Transit

Division grants.

ORS Oregon Revised Statutes – The codified laws of the State of Oregon,

which is published every two years to incorporate each legislative

session's new laws.

OSHA Occupational Safety and Health Administration – Agency responsible

for promulgating rules, setting health and safety standards, and overseeing enforcement, whether by direct federal effort or by relying

on state enforcement programs.

OTA Oregon Transit Association – Created to assist members in the

development and improvement of efficient, safe, and convenient transportation services, techniques and methods, facilities, and

equipment.

OTC Oregon Transportation Commission – Establishes state

transportation policy and guides the planning, development, and

management of a statewide integrated transportation network. The governor appoints five commissioners, ensuring that different geographic regions of the state are represented. One member must live east of the Cascade mountain range; no more than three can belong to one political party.

OTP

Oregon Transportation Plan – The comprehensive, long-range plan for a multimodal transportation system for the state, which encompasses economic efficiency, orderly economic development, safety, and environmental quality.

Other Revenues:

Special services Services given in regular transit revenue service, but paid for by

some organization rather than by the rider, and for rides given along special routes for which revenue may be guaranteed by a beneficiary of the service. Example: Contractual arrangements for special service rides for sporting events, community events, etc., where fares

are paid on a contractual basis.

Sponsored Services Public transportation services that are provided by a transit provider

as part of a sponsorship or donation. Common sponsored agencies include local non-profit agencies who facilitate events and programs.

Payroll taxes Revenues generated from tax imposed on employers within the

transit district based on the employer's payroll.

Self-employment taxes Revenues generated from tax imposed on self-employed individuals

within the transit district based on the individual's non-excluded

federal Schedule SE income.

State-in-lieu taxes Revenues from the State of Oregon in lieu of payment of employer

payroll taxes.

Statewide Transportation

Improvement Fund Revenues generated from a tax imposed on employees within the

transit district based on the employee's eligible pay.

Other operating grants Revenues from grants for non-capital expenditures such as TDM and

preventive maintenance.

P

P&D Planning and Development (LTD) – An LTD work group.

P2p Point2point – A grant-funded program housed at Lane Transit District

charged with the coordination and implementation of many of the

region's Transportation Options strategies.

P-card Purchasing Card – A charge card issued to employees that works in

a similar way to credit cards and can be used to purchase goods or

services.

Paratransit Alternatives to traditional modes of public transit such as bus and rail.

> Often refers to flexibly scheduled and routed transportation services using small buses or minivans. LTD's paratransit services are

coordinated under the Ride Source Call Center.

A program funded by Point2point to maintain existing sites and Park & Ride Program

identify potential new sites where drivers can park their cars and

either take a bus, walk, ride a bike, or meet a carpool.

Passenger Boarding Occurs when a customer boards the bus.

Passenger Miles The total number of miles traveled by passengers on transit vehicles;

> calculated by accumulating the total for all trip segments resulting from multiplying the number of passengers determined to be on

board for each trip segment by the length of the trip segment.

Passenger Boarding Improvements - Capital improvements to aid passengers in boarding and deboarding transit vehicles. These may include improvements to transit stations, shelters, stops, and bus stop

signs, among others.

PCE Progressive Corridor Enhancement – A program to implement

> incrementally various transit enhancements along a corridor. Typical enhancements include signal priority, improved stops and stations, through-routing, improved service frequency, and queue- jump lanes. Improvements could eventually lead to implementation of an EmX

level of service.

Peak Service

PBI

Describes the point of time during the day when the District has (peak assignments) the maximum number of buses operating. It is often described as the

a.m. peak and the p.m. peak.

Pension Trusts LTD maintains two pension trusts: one for union employees

> (ATU/LTD Pension Trust) and one for non-union employees (Salaried Employees Retirement Plan). These trusts differ somewhat in basic structure, but each has a Board of Trustees that has certain oversight responsibilities. The LTD Board is responsible for appointing three Trustees to the Salaried Trust and two Trustees to the ATU/LTD Trust. The three trustees for the Salaried Trust are the LTD Board president, the general manager, and the Human Resources director. The two trustees appointed by the Board for the ATU/LTD trust are

the LTD Board president and the general manager.

PM Preventive Maintenance - The maintenance of LTD assets to keep

those assets in a state of good repair.

PMP Project Management Plan – Guiding document for the management

and administration of the West Eugene EmX Extension (WEEE)

project.

PMOC Project Management Oversight Contractor – Informs FTA's

determination regarding the adequacy of the Grantee's legal,

administrative and technical capacity, and capability to effectively and efficiently execute the project in all of its aspects, including planning,

design, construction, testing, and revenue operations.

PP Pioneer Parkway – A street in Springfield chosen for part of the

second EmX route.

Private Provider Contracted transportation providers, may include nonprofit providers,

taxis, etc.. Primarily used to expand capacity for Ride Source

Brokerage services.

Proposed Budget Version of the budget presented by management to the Budget

Committee.

PUD Planned Unit Development – A type of building development and

regulatory process. As a building development, it is a designed grouping of both varied and compatible land uses, such as housing, recreation, commercial centers, and industrial parks, all within one

contained development or subdivision.

Q

Queue Jumpers A transit-priority technique that allows a bus to use an exclusive lane

to bypass a queue of cars to reach a signalized intersection.

R

RAMP Real Estate Acquisition Management Program

Reduced Fare Program See Half Fare Program.

Report Time The time an operator is allotted to perform safety pre-check of

vehicles prior to going out for the day.

Revenue Hours The period of time a bus is in service, boarding and deboarding

customers.

Rhody Express A local public transit service operating in Florence coordinated

through Accessible Services. Funded under Section 5311 Rural General Public Program, Special Transportation Fund, and City of

Florence.

Rider Cards LTD provides rider cards such as Honored Rider free fare for persons

age 65 and older, or half-fare for any persons with a current, valid Medicare card, or proof of receiving SSI or SSD along with a valid photo ID card. Veterans who receive 50 percent or higher disability

benefit are also eligible for half-fare. Persons with disabilities who need an accessible accommodation in order to ride the bus may also be eligible for half fare. The Half-Fare and Honored Rider cards may be obtained at the LTD Customer Service Center.

Rideshare Program

A program funded by Point2point to promote sharing of one vehicle by two or more commuters. (See Carpool/Vanpool.)

RideSource ADA Service

LTD paratransit services for people with disabilities who are unable to use regular fixed-route services as mandated under the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990.

RideSource Call Center

LTD-administered call center that integrates human services and public transportation for older adults, people with disabilities and person of low income using a single telephone number. Provides integrated call taking, billing, scheduling, and dispatch services.

RIS

Regional Information System of Lane County – A regional service provider that offers information and technology sharing among governmental agencies.

RTOP

Regional Transportation Options Plan – A plan to both broaden and focus the definition and application of the Transportation Demand Management (TDM) elements of our local and regional transportation plans.

RTP

Regional Transportation Plan – Required by federal regulation, implemented by Lane Council of Governments.

RTSP

Regional Transportation System Plan – Required by Oregon law. Includes policies, projects, and strategies that guide regionally significant transportation investment within the Central Lane MPO. The development of this plan will involve the communities of Coburg, Eugene, and Springfield, including citizens, staff, and elected officials.

Run Cut

A run, also known as a duty, is a piece of work handled by bus operators. A block is how a bus is assigned to its daily activities. A block may be up to 19 hours long. The planners use software to cut the blocks efficiently into pieces of work called runs. Bus operators choose their runs during the bid process.

S

S&DS

Senior and Disabled Services – A division of the Lane Council of Governments.

SAC

Service Advisory Committee – Employee representatives who meet as needed to discuss service issues and advise Service Planning and Marketing staff about bus service planning and operations. This group effectively interacts among employees and Service Planning and Marketing staff.

SAFETEA-LU Safe, Accountable, Flexible, Efficient Transportation Equity Act: A

Legacy for Users – Enacted in August 2005, authorizes the federal surface transportation programs for highways, highway safety, and

transit through FY 2009.

SBPG Standard Bus Procurement Guidelines – Guidelines developed

through an open and inclusive industry consensus process, funded by the Transit Cooperative Research Association (TCRP) and under the guidance of the American Public Transportation Association

(APTA).

Schedule Hours This is the sum of all revenue and non-revenue service hours the bus

is in operation. This includes prep time, deadhead time (traveling to

the beginning of a route), and layovers.

Scheduled Free Time Paid time to individual operators to bring scheduled hours worked up

to contractual minimums.

Scheduled Split Time Thirty minutes of paid time for all scheduled runs with a split of 36

minutes or more from the end of the first piece of work to the start of

the second piece of work.

Scheduled Travel Time

Bus operators are often required to begin their run/duty at a location

out in the system. Travel time is the time paid to get the operator to

the starting point of the run/duty.

SCTC Santa Clara Transit Station – Proposed development of a transit

station, located at the former Santa Clara Elementary School site on River Road between Green Lane and Hunsaker Lane in North

Eugene.

SDS Senior and Disability Services – A division of the Lane Council of

Governments.

Service Hours Total time a bus is in operation, including non-revenue service travel

time between the garage and the start and end of route service.

SGR State of Good Repair – An FTA grant program initiated to support

reinvestment in bus fleets and bus facilities for both urbanized and

rural areas.

SharePoint A web-based collaborative platform that integrates with Microsoft

Office. A document management and storage system.

Signal Pre-emption Guarantees a green light at an intersection; available for emergency

vehicles only.

Signal Priority Provides priority for transit vehicles at signalized intersections.

Smart *Trips* An individualized marketing program that promotes available

transportation options to households and businesses living within a

target neighborhood or geographic boundary.

Small Starts A new category within the New Starts program for a fixed-guideway

project with a total cost of less than \$250 million and a maximum cost

of \$75 million New Starts grant funding.

Smart Ways to School

Program

A program to implement transportation options programs and measure the effectiveness of efforts at selected school sites in the

region.

SOV Single-Occupant Vehicle – A vehicle with one occupant, the driver,

who is sometimes referred to as a "drive alone."

SP Service Planning (LTD) – An LTD work group.

Span of Service The time between the first bus trip in the morning and the last bus trip

at night.

Special Services Revenues for contracted transit services (e.g., event shuttles to fairs

and sporting events) and purchased charter services (e.g., shuttles

for a private group).

SRTS Safe Routes to School – A nationwide program model implemented in

the Eugene, Springfield, and Bethel school districts to increase the

number of students walking and biking to school.

SSD or SSI Social Security Disability and Supplemental Security Income (based

on disability) – LTD offers half-price fares to current eligible recipients

under the Rider Card program.

STBG Statewide Transportation Improvement Fund is a new state payroll

tax (one-tenth of 1 percent) collected from Oregon employees as a

result of the passage of House Bill 2017 and provides a new

dedicated source of funding to expand public transportation to access jobs, improve mobility, relieve congestion and reduce greenhouse

gas emissions around Oregon.

STF Special Transportation Fund Program for the Elderly and People with

Disabilities – State of Oregon program funded by a tax on tobacco

products and other state resources.

STF Advisory

Committee The Special Transportation Fund Committee is a state-mandated

advisory committee that advises the LTD Board of Directors in carrying out the purposes of the Special Transportation Fund (the

"STF") for the elderly and people with disabilities Special Transportation Operating (the "STO") Grants Program.

STIF Statewide Transportation Improvement Fund is a new state payroll

tax (one-tenth of 1 percent) collected from Oregon employees as a result of the passage of House Bill 2017 and provides a new

dedicated source of funding to expand public transportation to access

jobs, improve mobility, relieve congestion, and reduce greenhouse

gas emissions around Oregon.

STIF Advisory Committee

The LTD Board of Directors has appointed an Advisory Committee to review potential STIF-funded projects and create a prioritized list of projects for the county. The Advisory Committee will meet at least two times per year.

STIP

Statewide Transportation Improvement Plan – Outlines the state's transportation capital improvement program, listing proposed construction projects for a four-year period. The STIP meets the requirements of MAP-21, the federal act providing funds to states for transportation projects. The STIP is not a planning document. It is a project prioritization and scheduling document.

STP

Surface Transportation Program – Federal flexible funding that allocates a share of federal highway funds to state and local governments for road and transit-related projects.

STP-U

Surface Transportation Program - Urban – STP funds specifically allocated to the Eugene-Springfield urbanized area.

STS

Statewide Transportation Strategy – A long-term vision to reduce transportation-related greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions and increase the region's energy security through integrated transportation and land use planning through 2050.

Strategic Planning Committee

This committee is composed of a core group of representatives from the LTD Board of Directors, key LTD partners including: the Eugene City Council, Springfield City Council, Lane County Board of Commissioners, and Oregon Department of Transportation. The committee also includes a diverse set of representatives from within the community. The Strategic Planning Committee provides the LTD Board of Directors with independent advice on strategic planning issues related to advancing the goals of the Long-Range Transit Plan, including but not limited to, developing the Frequent Transit Network, making better connections, reducing trip and waiting times, bridging the first and last mile, creating safer ways to access service, and optimizing solutions for urban and rural areas.

STRR

Surface Transportation Reauthorization \$ Reform Act (State) – Authorizes funds for federal-aid highways, highway safety programs, and transit programs, and for other purposes.

Summer Bid

The term "bid" refers to the selection of work by bus operators. Operators bid based upon their seniority in the union. LTD has three bids per year: fall, winter, and summer. Bids are timed with the service adjustment.

Supplemental Budget

A requirement of Oregon Budget Law when a proposed change to an adopted budget in expenditure appropriation is 10 percent or more in a fund. A Supplemental Budget requires published notification to

citizens as to the date and time of a public hearing on the proposed changes.

Т

T4America

(See Transportation for America)

TAM

Transit Asset Management – An FTA business model that prioritizes funding based on the condition of transit assets, in order to achieve or maintain transit networks in a state of good repair.

TCRP

Transit Cooperative Research Association – A nonprofit educational and research arm of the American Public Transportation Association (APTA). The TCRP undertakes applied research and technical activities focusing on the needs of transit operating agencies. Research is conducted in all areas of public transportation, including operations, policy, planning, service configuration, engineering of vehicles and facilities, maintenance, human resources, and administration.

TDM

Transportation Demand Management – Refers to various strategies that change travel behavior (how, when, and where people travel) in order to increase transport system efficiency and achieve specific planning objectives.

TGM

Transportation Growth Management

TIGER

Transportation Investment Generating Economic Recovery – The American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 appropriated \$1.5 billion in discretionary grant funds to be awarded by the U.S. Department of Transportation for capital investments in surface transportation infrastructure. Grants are awarded for transportation investments that have a significant impact on the nation, a metropolitan area, or a region.

TIGGER

Transit Investments in Greenhouse Gas and Energy Reduction – The American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (ARRA) provided \$100 million to be distributed as discretionary grants to public transit agencies for capital investments that will assist in reducing the energy consumption or greenhouse gas emissions of public transportation systems.

TIP

Transportation Improvement Plan (local or regional) – A program for transportation projects, developed by a metropolitan planning organization, in conjunction with the state.

TMA

Transportation Management Area – An area designated by the U.S. Secretary of Transportation, having an urbanized area population of over 200,000, or upon special request from the Governor and the metropolitan planning organization (MPO), or under special circumstances designated for the area.

TOGO

Transportation Options Group of Oregon – TOGO was formed to promote transportation options and balanced transportation systems. TOGO's goal is to create a greater awareness of transportation options and to provide a format for transportation options professionals and/or other interested entities or individuals to exchange and distribute information at the local/regional level. Transportation options include but are not limited to: transit (bus and light rail), car/vanpooling, walking, bicycling, teleworking, use of telecenters, car sharing, close-to-home commuting, park and rides, creative work schedules, commuter rail, and train.

TPC

Transportation Planning Committee – A Lane Council of Governments committee that undertakes the technical activities necessary for the continuing comprehensive and cooperative transportation planning process in the Central Lane Metropolitan Planning Organization (CLMPO) area, as described in the Unified Planning Work Program (UPWP).

TrAMS

TrAMS is the Transit Award Management System, FTA's platform to award and manage federal grants. The TrAMS system maintains information on each recipient organization and the organization's compliance with eligibility requirements for awards, and tracks individual users within the organization. TrAMS is a web-based tool developed to allow recipients to apply for federal funds, manage their programs in accordance with federal requirements, and provide FTA with a method to approve, control, and oversee the distribution of funds.

Transit Lane

Traffic lane reserved for transit-only use.

Transit Tomorrow

LTD's effort to find out how to better get people to where they are going and what LTD's services will look like in the future by combining technical analysis and broad-based community input.

Transit Training & Hosts

LTD program operated under contract to provide assistance with transfers and riding information at the Eugene Station and conduct one-on-one travel training for people with disabilities who desire to learn to use the bus. Promotes and supports the use of fixed-route service as an alternative to using RideSource paratransit.

Transit way

Transit-only lane with curbs; used interchangeably with guideway.

Transportation Disadvantaged

Persons who must rely on public transit or paratransit services for most of their transportation. Typically refers to individuals of age without access to or ability to legally operate a personal vehicle.

Transportation for America

A growing, national coalition committed to creating a new national transportation program that will take America into the 21st Century by building a modernized infrastructure and healthy communities where people can live, work and play.

_ ..

Transportation Options A grant-funded program housed at Lane Transit District charged with

the coordination and implementation of many of the region's

transportation options.

Triennial Review See Comprehensive Review.

TransPlan The Eugene and Springfield Area Transportation Plan consists of

long-range projects and policies addressing optimal ways that cars, buses, bicycles, and pedestrians can travel in the Eugene-Springfield region. TransPlan serves as the regional transportation plan (RTP)

for the Eugene-Springfield metropolitan area.

TSP Transportation System Plan – A requirement of Oregon law, which

governs plans at the county level as well as cities within LTD's service area. The TSPs identify improvements for all modes of transportation including roadway, bicycle and pedestrian, transit, and

rail networks.

TVM Ticket Vending Machine – A fare machine on the platform of the EmX

stations for riders to purchase bus passes.

U

Unemployment Rate Economic indicator that calculates the percentage of unemployed

workers as compared to total employment.

United Front A coalition of local governments in the Eugene-Springfield area

supporting a broad, collective federal agenda.

UPWP Unified Planning Work Program – A federally required certification

document developed for the Central Lane MPO that describes the transportation planning activities to be undertaken in and surrounding

the Central Lane metropolitan area.

UZA Urbanized Area – A U.S. Bureau of Census designed area of 50,000

or more inhabitants consisting of a central city or two adjacent cities plus surrounding densely settled territory, but excluding the rural

portion of cities.



Vacation Bid Process by which bus operators choose their vacation time in

seniority order based on a limited number of vacation spot available

each week.

Vanpool Program to coordinate intercity commuter transit utilizing a 7- to

15-passenger van driven by one of the commuters.

VEBA Voluntary Employee Beneficiary Association – Employer-paid

employee benefit to assist with co-pays, deductibles, and other health

care related costs incurred by the employee.

VMT Vehicle Miles Traveled – Total number of miles traveled by all the

vehicles on the road or road system for a given period of time. The more cars there are on the road at the same time in the same area, the higher the VMT and the worse congestion will be. Reducing

WMT can help ease traffic congestion.



EmX West Formerly referred to as West Eugene EmX Extension (WEEE), EmX

West is an extension of the EmX Green Line that connects downtown

Eugene and the West 11th Avenue area.

Winter Bid The term "bid" refers to the selection of work by bus operators.

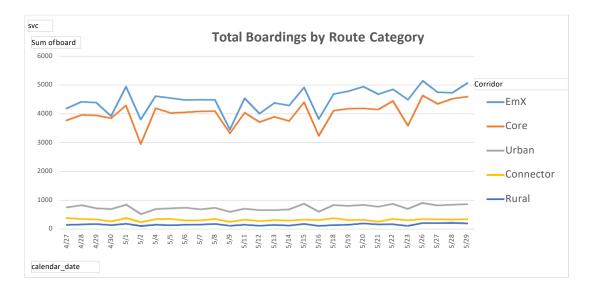
Operators bid based upon their seniority in the union. LTD has three bids per year: fall, winter, and summer. Bids are timed with the

service adjustments.

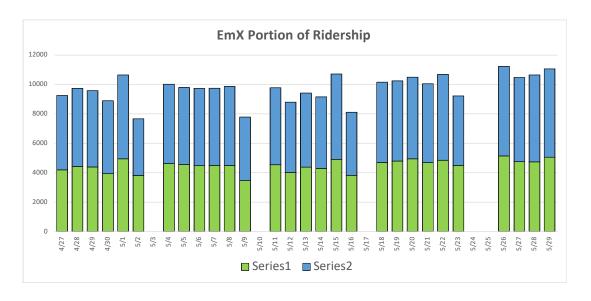


XB

Extra Board – Operators who bid to work a schedule that changes daily based on specific work rules. Extra Board operators receive their work assignments for the next day at 4:45 p.m.







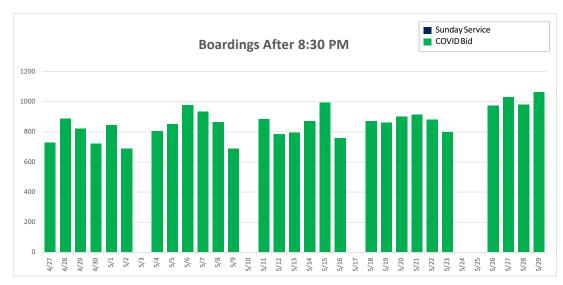
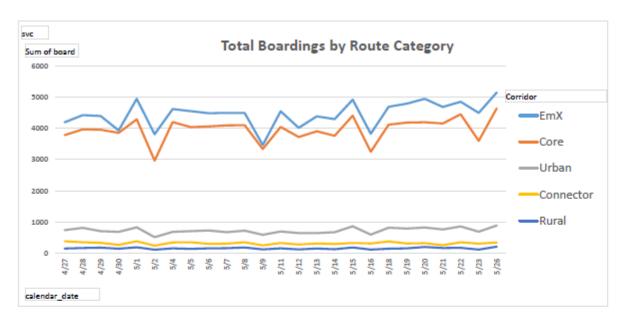
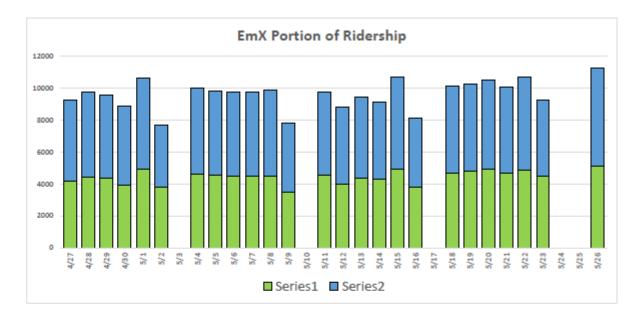
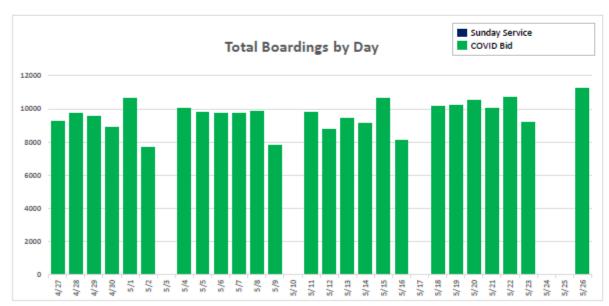
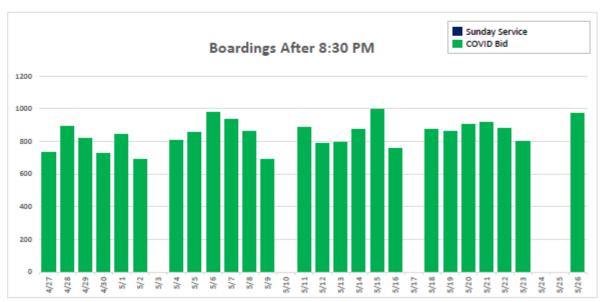


Figure 1 - Summary of Ridership, Passenger Loads, and RideSource Activity Through 5-26-2020

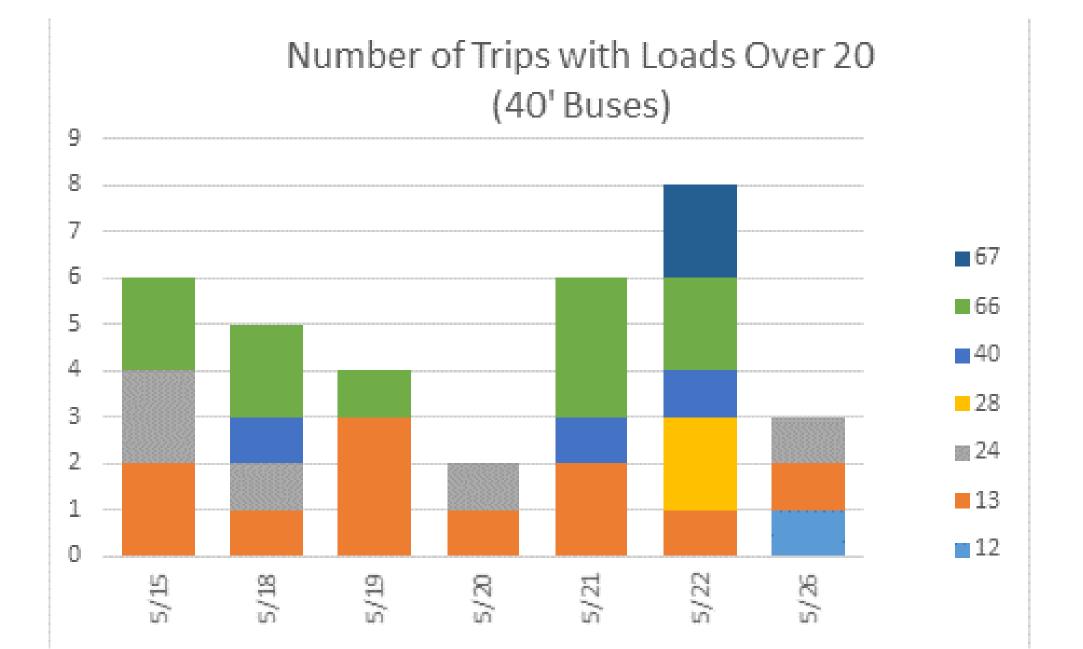


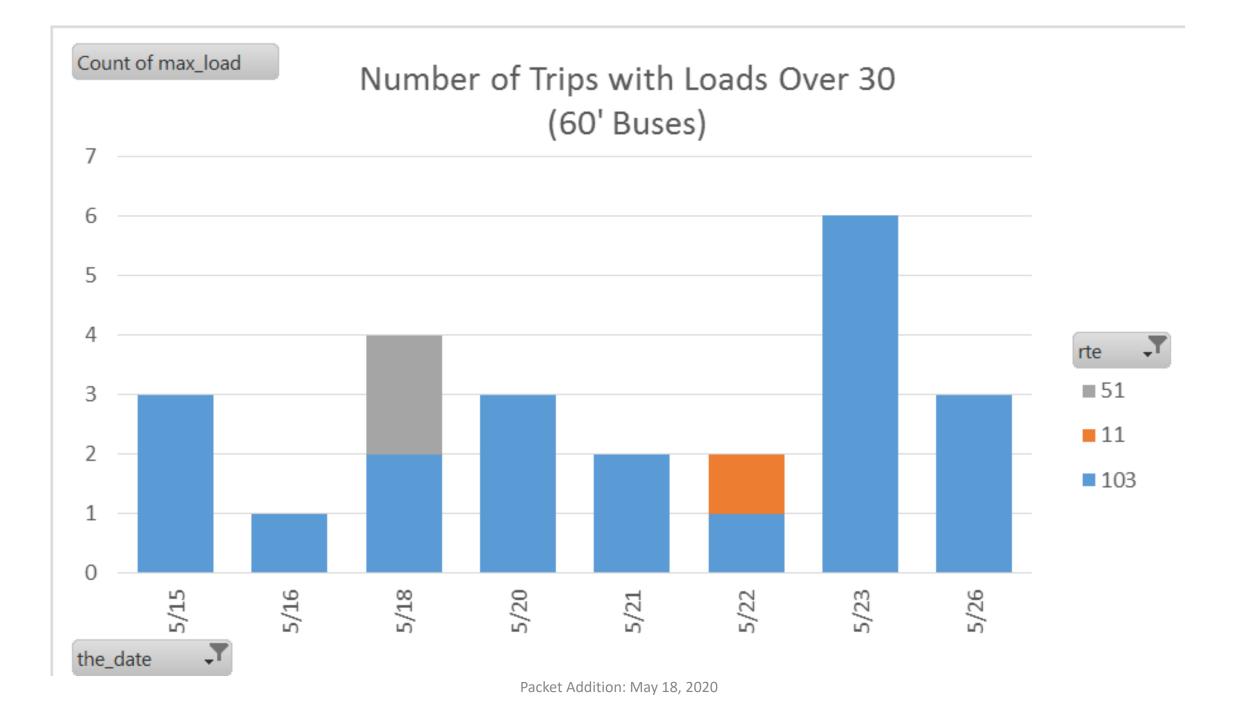




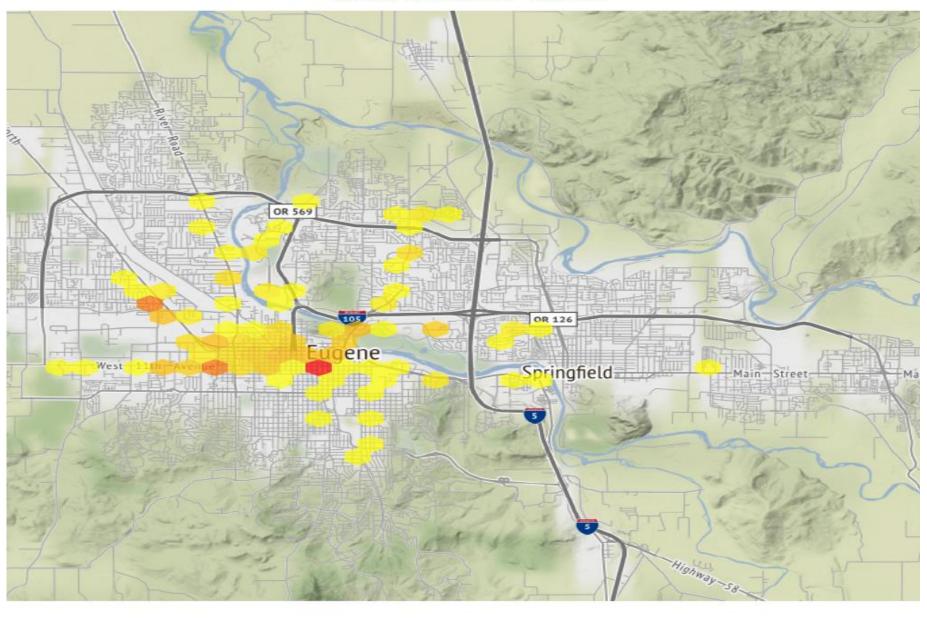


Packet Addition: May 18, 2020



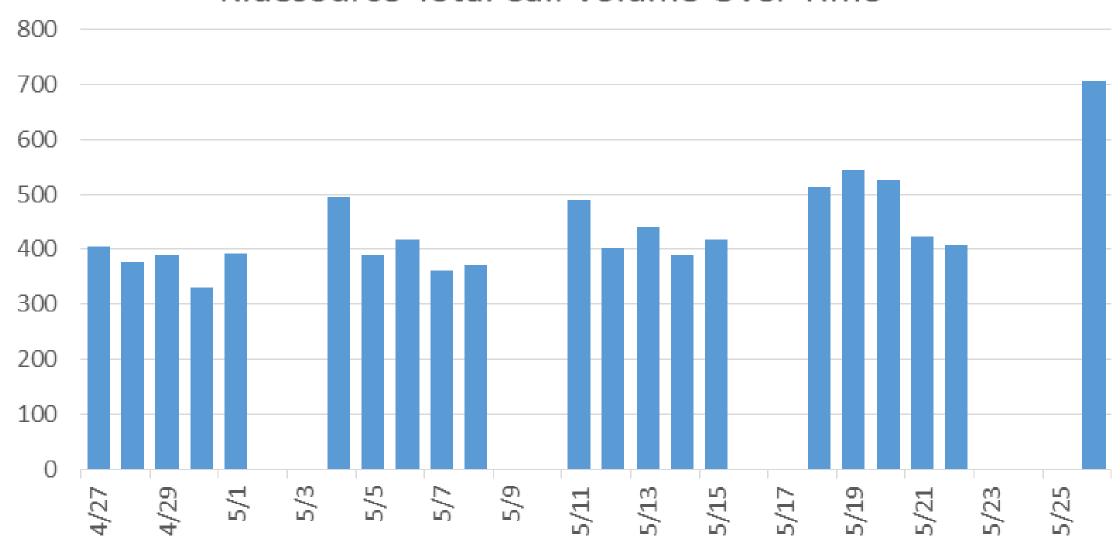


Number of Overloads - 5/18-5/22

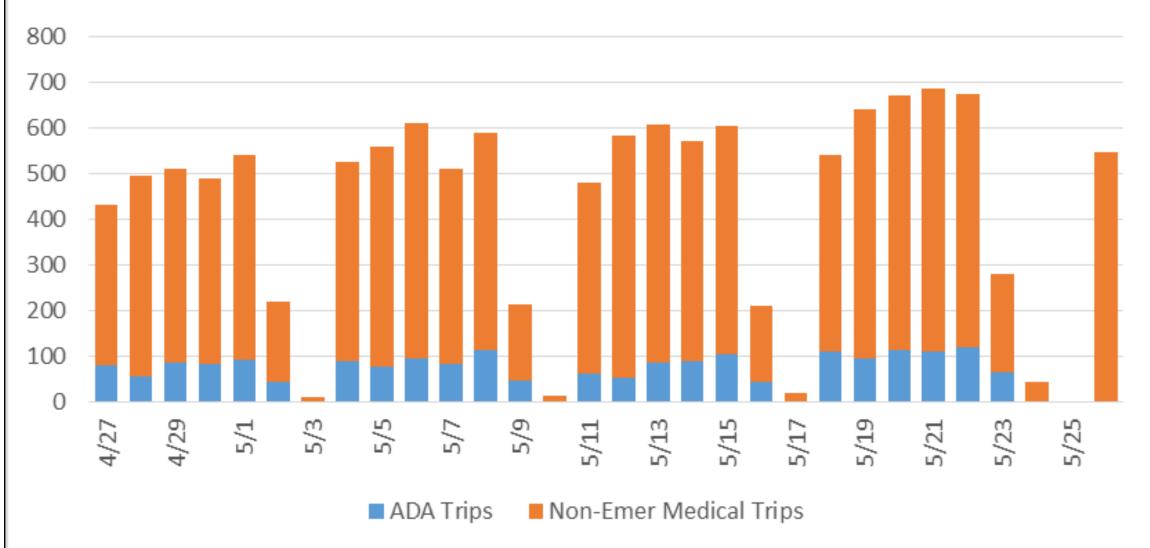












How New York City sounded last year:

How N.Y.C. sounded during the lockdown:



February 28, 2019

April 24, 2020

