Public notice was given to *The Register-Guard* for publication on February 2, 2003.

* * *RESCHEDULED MEETING * * *

The Finance Committee meeting scheduled for Thursday, January 30, 2003, has been cancelled and rescheduled as follows.

LANE TRANSIT DISTRICT BOARD OF DIRECTORS FINANCE COMMITTEE MEETING

February 4, 2003 Noon to 1:30 p.m.

LTD Board Room 3500 East 17th Avenue, Eugene (in Glenwood)

AGENDA

		<u>Page</u>
l.	CALL TO ORDER	
II.	ROLL CALL	
	Hocken Gaydos Lauritsen	
III.	APPROVE MINUTES OF OCTOBER 30, 2002, MEETING	2
IV.	PRICING PLAN (Andy Vobora)	6
V.	EmX PHASE 1 CAPITAL COST (Mark Pangborn)	
VI.	PHASE 1 OPERATING COST (Stefano Viggiano)	22
VII.	VEHICLE UPDATE (Ken Hamm)	
VIII.	PAYROLL TAX LEGISLATIVE ISSUES (Linda Lynch)	
IX.	OTHER BUSINESS	
Χ.	ADJOURN	

Alternative formats of printed material (Braille, cassette tapes, or large print) are available upon request. A sign language interpreter will be made available with 48 hours' notice. The facility used for this meeting is wheelchair accessible. For more information, please call 682-6100 (voice) or 1-800-735-2900 (TTY, for persons with hearing impairments).

MINUTES OF FINANCE COMMITTEE MEETING

LANE TRANSIT DISTRICT BOARD OF DIRECTORS

February 4, 2003

Pursuant to notice given to *The Register-Guard* for publication on February 2, 2003, a meeting of the Lane Transit District Board of Directors Finance Committee was held at 12:00 p.m. on February 4, 2003, at Lane Transit District, 3500 East 17th Avenue, Eugene.

Present: Pat Hocken, LTD Board Member

Gerry Gaydos, LTD Board Member Virginia Lauritsen, LTD Board Member

I. CALL TO ORDER

Ms. Hocken called the meeting to order at 12:09 p.m.

II. ROLL CALL

Ms. Hocken noted that she and Mr. Gaydos were present. Also present were: Diane Hellekson, Carol James, Ken Hamm, Mark Pangborn, Stefano Viggiano, Andy Vobora, Terry Parker, Linda Lynch, Lisa Gardner, Ron Berkshire, Mark Johnson, Charlie Simmons (LTD staff).

III. APPROVAL OF MINUTES

Mr. Gaydos moved, seconded by Ms. Hocken, to approve the minutes of the October 30, 2002, meeting of the LTD Board of Directors Finance Committee. The motion passed unanimously.

IV. PRICING PLAN

Andy Vobora, service planning and marketing manager, referred to the Pricing Plan Proposal included in the agenda packet as he gave the committee an overview.

Standard Fares

Mr. Vobora stated that staff's recommendation was for no changes to the cash, token, or pass fares for FY 2003-04.

Cash and pass fares, in comparison with 17 similarly sized transit agencies, showed LTD ranked second in cash fares and fifth in pass fares. Since the mid-1980s, LTD has raised fares annually. The practice of annual changes has been coupled with the concept that these changes would be rotated by fare instrument and would be incremental in nature. The Board deviated from this practice and changed the

fare policy in FY 2001-02. A large cash fare increase was followed by significant increases in token and pass prices in FY 2002-03. Past practice would point the District toward a cash fare increase in FY 2003-04; however, Board comments following the FY 2002-03 Pricing Plan update indicated that the Board would like to maintain cash fares at the current level. Because both token and pass prices were increased in FY 2002-03, maintaining current fares for one additional year would allow the District to return to the previous pattern of rotating fare instrument price increases. Mr. Vobora referred the committee to the Pricing History table on page 14 and noted that the total percent change since 1981-82 for adult pass prices should be 70.8 percent.

Ms. Hocken asked for clarification regarding sharing preliminary pricing proposals for each fare category. Mr. Vobora responded that LTD would inform guests that there would be no changes this fiscal year with increases the following year.

Ms. Hocken supported staff's recommendation and asked that the materials be presented to the full Board.

Mr. Gaydos asked if staff got many complaints that guests have not been informed of upcoming fare increases. Mr. Vobora responded that LTD does get comments in years that changes are made but no real complaints. Guests have anticipated yearly fare changes. Mr. Gaydo's requested that staff stay on top of elasticity studies and pay attention to the public's concerns about fare increases.

(Ms. Lauritsen arrived.)

Mr. Hamm stated that bus operators have reported that guests are concerned about increases in fares, reduction of service, and high cost of fares.

Mr. Vobora stated that initially LTD received a large number of complaints regarding the pass price increase. Complaints were logged only when guests called in or wrote a letter. Elasticity studies are updated in the industry but it varies in terms of type of instrument, location, size of urban area, and system. LTD uses a standard elasticity factor of 10 percent to predict fare revenues. Changes in monthly pass sales are ranging from -4 percent to -18 percent, which is as anticipated. Projected revenues showed that adult passes reacted more significantly than youth passes and the LCC term pass was holding firm in terms of sales.

Mr. Gaydos stated that the Board needs input in order to understand more fully the budget impact.

Ms. Parker, special transportation manager, stated that RideSource riders usually approve of fare changes; however, the last fare increase resulted in more of an affect. Complaints were documented in letters.

Breeze Fares

Mr. Vobora stated that currently cash fares on the Breeze buses make up less than 9 percent of revenue; most riders use passes. Staff's recommendation is to keep the current 25-cent fare.

Mr. Gaydos believed that the City of Eugene, which pushed for a downtown shuttle, would appreciate keeping the fare low.

In response to a question from Ms. Lauritsen, Mr. Vobora stated that the Breeze route carries approximately 2,000 trips a day.

Group Pass Pricing

Mr. Vobora stated that during the Pricing Plan update in 2001, the Board adopted changes to the Group Pass Policy. These changes established a base rate for all programs covered by group pass contracts. For payroll tax-paying organizations, the base rate was set at \$3.00 per participant per month. Organizations that do not pay payroll taxes were priced slightly higher at \$3.50 per participant per month. For many organizations this change resulted in significant increases in the cost per participant. A number of these organizations expressed concerns; however, no programs were lost. In the 2002 Pricing Plan update, the pricing formula (three-year rolling average of LTD cost increases) was established at 7.6 percent. The Board chose to modify the Group Pass Policy, rewriting the language to say that the group pass price would "not exceed" the three-year rolling average of LTD costs. With this change, the Board adopted a 6 percent increase in group pass prices for the 2003 calendar year. This change was again viewed as significant by many of the group pass organizations. One organization dropped out of the program; however, they are utilizing the Transit Voucher program for the employees who have been relying on bus service.

Utilizing the three-year rolling average, the plan recommends an increase of 5 percent for 2004. Staff believes this level of increase will cause additional programs to be lost; therefore, staff recommends either holding the line on current prices or tying the 2004 increase to the change in the consumer price index (CPI). If the Board chose to use the CPI, an increase of 3.65 percent would be applied in 2004.

Mr. Vobora then distributed copies of ASUO Group Pass Rate Projections. He informed the committee that the ASUO group pass participants were currently paying \$8.25 per quarter per student, for a total of \$457,157. Beginning last year, staff had discussions with ASUO about getting on par with the rest of the group pass programs in terms of the minimum price that was set two years ago, which would be \$11.13 per quarter per student. LTD staff suggested phasing in an increase over the next five years. Mr. Vobora proposed a move to \$9.25; they approved \$8.75. LTD proposes to counter with a \$9.00 proposal and work toward \$11.13 by FY 2008-09. Another option would be to end the program and sell to students individually, but staff believed that would could risky. ASUO is setting up an advisory group to work with us.

Mr. Gaydos was not in favor of ending the ASUO group pass program.

In response to a question from Ms. Hocken, Mr. Vobora stated that the current rate for UO faculty and staff is \$11.13. He noted that, in 1999, a bus operator count and deboarding study determined that 22 percent of the student body rode the bus.

When the UO administration heard about the ASUO negotiations, they became concerned that parking would become a big issue if the ASUO program were to discontinue.

The committee gave approval for staff to appeal ASUO's offer with the counterproposal.

LCC Term Pass

The pricing of the LCC Term Pass involves a discount offered by LTD, a subsidy paid by LCC, and a fee paid by purchasers. In FY 2002-03, the term bus pass price was raised by LTD to \$54, which represented a 25 percent increase from the previous year. The participant price and the subsidy were adjusted to allow a total of 8,823 passes to be sold during the school year. While staff from LTD and LCC were pleased that sales are better than expected, 20 percent of the fall inventory remained unsold. This may

result in as many as 1,500 unsold passes at year-end. Staff recommends no changes to the LCC term bus pass price.

Mr. Vobora noted that LCC is looking at implementing a parking fee, which would be priced higher than the cost of a bus pass. This could result in the college purchasing more passes.

Youth Pass

Mr. Vobora stated that staff recommend reimplementing a discounted three-month summer pass for youth for July through September. Suggested price would be \$34.95, which represents a discount of \$7.55 off the youth three-month pass price. A total sale of 600 passes would be needed to break even. The expected outcomes of this program include increased ridership, increased ridership productivity, and greater youth market penetration.

RideSource Fares

Mr. Vobora stated that staff recommended no change to the RideSource Fares; however, the Board could consider a price increase for the 10-ride ticket book, which is currently priced at \$20.00.

Summary

Ms. Hocken stated that the committee was in support of staff's Pricing Plan recommendations and recommended that all the information be presented to the full Board.

V. RIDESOURCE FACILITY

Lisa Gardner, senior strategic planner, distributed copies of a memorandum entitled "RideSource Facility Program & Budget" and reviewed the site selection options with the committee. Three options were presented for a site at 310 Garfield in Eugene.

- Option 1 7-acre parcel and renovation of existing building (\$3.5 million)
- Option 2 3-acre parcel and renovation of existing building (\$2.8 million)
- Option 3 3-acre parcel and construction of new building (\$3 million)

The committee previously had approved pursing a satellite facility in conjunction with the RideSource facility if it did not cost more to do so.

Staff recommended Option 3, which does not accommodate a satellite parking facility for fixed-route but does accommodate full expansion of the RideSource program beyond 10 years. Staff also believed it would be more cost effective to build a new building rather than renovate an existing building.

In response to a question from Mr. Gaydos, Ms. Gardner stated that the owner of the property was willing to partition. Ms. Parker noted that the site has since been cleared of old existing buildings except for the 10,000-square-foot building in the corner of the property.

Mr. Gaydos asked if environmentals had been done on the property. Ms. Gardner responded that the Level I and Level II site assessments would need to be updated. Geotech analysis showed that the soil is stable enough for new construction.

The committee agreed with staff's recommendation for Option 3.

VI. PAYROLL TAX LEGISLATIVE ISSUES

Linda Lynch, government relations manager, distributed copies of a memorandum entitled "Payroll Tax Rate." She stated that TriMet was proposing a bill to increase the payroll tax rate from 6/10 of 1 percent to 7/10 of 1 percent over a ten-year period. The current rate has been stable at 0.6 percent since October 1994. There appears to be support for the proposal, and staff is working both locally and at the legislative level to keep LTD in the TriMet bill; however, LTD does have the option not to be part of the bill. The Lane delegation, as well as the local business community, basically is supportive.

Ms. Lynch stated the need to establish a fallback position and offered the following options:

- Delay implementation date
- · Dedicate funds to capital or service
- Tie to an economic indicator

TriMet proposes to dedicate funds to service. They have had 12 years of sustained monthly increases in ridership except for one month.

In response to a question from Ms. Lauritsen, Ms. Lynch replied that the payroll tax rate is set by state law but the Board would have to approve raising the rate for LTD. She noted that the Board has a history of not implementing the full amount when it could have.

Ms. Hocken noted that a change in the payroll tax rate would also change the self-employment tax rate.

Ms. Lauritsen asked where the payroll tax revenues comes from. Ms. Hellekson stated that Eugene pays five times more than Springfield; Junction City pays approximately 5 percent of the total.

Although Mr. Gaydos did not like any of the fallbacks, he believed delayed implementation was the easiest.

Ms. Hellekson stated that if the bill should pass, the Department of Revenue would implement a change in the month of January.

Ms. Hocken asked it funding were dedicated to service, would service cost have to increase? Ms. Lynch believed that it would not; however, TriMet was mandated to increase service by 3 percent each year.

Ms. Lauritsen preferred a fallback of implementation rather than put any restrictions on how the funds are spent.

VII. BRT VEHICLE UPDATE

Mr. Hamm reported that Ron Berkshire, director of maintenance, and Jeanette Bailor, purchasing manager, recently traveled to The Netherlands for a visit with Advanced Public Transport Systems (APTS), manufacturers of the Phileas vehicle. APTS' proposed price was \$2 million for each Phileas; staff only had budgeted \$1 million per vehicle. The price was based on substantial price increases of

suppliers, the devaluation of the American dollar, and the fact that they had never before priced the cost to build a diesel, flywheel, hybrid-electric vehicle with doors on both sides. The process of doing business in Europe is different than in the U.S. APTS wants to provide the vehicle, and LTD believes the Phileas is the best vehicle for the bus rapid transit (BRT) system.

In a video conference with APTS on January 30, LTD offered to pay \$1.5 million per vehicle and reduce the order from six vehicles to five, allowing for one spare vehicle instead of two. APTS is looking at alternatives and is working with suppliers to try to lower the price. APTS asked for LTD's help in working with Monaco Coach, a local RV manufacturer, to discuss manufacturing portions of the Phileas locally. Staff was not sure if that kind of arrangement was feasible within the given timeframe and has begun looking at alternatives.

The BRT system has been designed around a vehicle with doors on both sides and for a system that has precision docking. Staff may have to rethink the design process and slow the construction schedule in order to look at alternatives.

Mr. Hamm stated that Seattle was testing a new low-floor, hybrid-electric vehicle by Allison, which is in a New Flyer bus, at a cost of \$800,000 per vehicle. LTD could piggyback onto their order, which would bring delivery by the end of 2004. The downside is that Allison does not manufacture a bus at this time with doors on both sides.

Staff did not recommend pursing France's CiViS vehicle, which cost \$1.5 to \$2 million for a vehicle with doors on both sides.

Vehicle priorities have included operational aspects and being environmentally friendly.

Ms. Hocken asked how important was the automated docking and how much does that add to the cost. Mr. Hamm believed that precision docking was a necessary component of the BRT system. Mr. Berkshire, director of maintenance, stated that a breakdown of cost had not been determined yet. Just tying into the infrastructure alone is approximately \$400,000 for the system, which does not include all the programming, software, and hardware that would be completed before delivery.

Ms. Lauritsen stated that new vehicles can be a risky proposition. After a company has produced a number of vehicles, their reliability increases.

Mr. Pangborn, BRT construction manager, stated that since the system was designed around a vehicle with doors on both sides, staff would be looking at system design options.

Mr. Gaydos believed that \$1.5 million was high for a vehicle and recommended full disclosure to the Board and city councils. He also recommended looking at the economics as well as vehicle pizzazz.

Ms. Hocken requested that staff look at Seattle's vehicle and give a report at the February Board meeting.

VIII. PHASE I BRT CAPITAL COSTS

Mr. Pangborn distributed handouts that outlined construction estimates for Phase 1 BRT. Cost categories include design, reimbursables, and construction. With a project this size, it is best to

have two estimates. One estimate is from the design firm and the other is from the construction firm. Design was budgeted at \$1,400,000, but both estimates came in at \$1,670,000. Reimbursables was budgeted at \$2,000,000, both estimates came in at \$2,220,000. Reimbursables include signal priority, legal fees, appraisals, art, plan review, testing, public information, ticket vending machines, and administrative overhead.

Construction costs were broken out for the Eugene and Franklin segments. The Eugene segment is at 95 percent design completion and was budgeted at \$4,000,000. The construction firm, Wildish, estimated the construction budget for the Eugene segment at \$4,750,000, with an additional \$306,000 for reimbursables, while the design firm, Parsons Brinckerhoff (PB), estimated it at \$4,103,000. This resulted in a substantial difference between the two. PB planned to get another estimate from a completely uninvolved part of their organization and Wildish has agreed to reevaluate their numbers.

Construction costs for the Franklin segment, which is at 60 percent design completion, was budgeted at \$8,000,000. PB's estimate came in at \$7,704,000. Although Wildish did not have an estimate, estimated reimbursables would put the amount over budget.

Total project estimates are between \$300,000 to \$1,800,000 over budget.

Mr. Pangborn distributed a handout that listed Wildish's reimbursables for on-the-site costs.

How does the bus effect this issue? If we are forced to redesign the system or if Phileas delivery is delayed, it would give us more time on design to go back and make cuts. If we are forced to go with a vehicle that has only right-side doors, we would need to redesign three stations. Mr. Pangborn noted that a curb-side station would be less expensive. Redesigning would add to the design budget cost. Mr. Pangborn noted that the basic corridor was designed for any type of articulated vehicle.

IX. PHASE I BRT OPERATING COSTS

Mr. Viggiano referred the committee to the BRT Operating Cost Estimate in the agenda packet. He stated that the additional operating costs to add BRT added up to less than \$100,000. A key question is the frequency of service on the BRT corridor and on service east of the Springfield Station. The table showed 10-minute service on BRT between downtown Eugene and downtown Springfield. One option would be to drop to 12-minute frequencies, which would require the use of only three buses instead of four on the corridor. This could reduce service costs by approximately \$200,000 a year.

Mr. Gaydos asked how 12-minute service felt to customers. Mr. Viggiano believed that service every 12 minutes was still a good frequency. He noted that the Breeze service started out with 10-minute service, went to 12-minute service, and is now at 15-minute service. He believed that there would not be a need for a timetable with 12-minute service.

Due to all the changes presented at this meeting, Ms. Lauritsen recommended that staff brief Board members before the February Board meeting.

X. **NEXT MEETING**

Staff would arrange a meeting for the committee in early March to discuss the Capital Improvements Program and Long-Range Financial Plan.

XI. ADJOURNMENT

There was no further discussion and the meeting adjourned at 1:35 p.m.

(Recorded by Chris Thrasher, Lane Transit District)

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BRT Operating Cost Estimate

January 2003

		Eugene/Springfeld Corridor					
	С	urrent		BRT	Diff	erence	
Total annual service hours - Phase 1 (1)		17,307		17,819		512	
Total annual service hours - East section (2)		19,699		16,815		(2,884)	
Total annual service hours		37,006		34,633		(2,372)	
Annual service cost (3)	\$	1,815,134	\$	1,698,768	\$	(116,367)	
Shelter/station maintenance (annual) (4)	\$	4,940	\$	66,580	\$	61,640	
Busway/guideway maintenace (annual) (5)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Farebox/ticket machine maintenance (annual) (6)	\$	-	\$	6,912	\$	6,912	
Signal priority maintenance (annual) (7)	\$	-	\$	9,650	\$	9,650	
Fare collection (annual) (8)	\$	-	\$	6,000	\$	6,000	
Fare enforcement (annual) (9)	\$	-	\$	47,000	\$	47,000	
Fare revenue (10)	\$	-	\$	(41,418)	\$	(41,418)	
TOTAL	\$	1,820,074	\$	1,793,492	\$	(26,583)	

Notes:

- (1) BRT Phase 1 assumes 10-minute service weekday days and 20-minute service evenings and weekends. Currently, service is every 15 minutes on weekday days, every 15 minutes on Saturdays, and every 30 minutes evenings and Sundays.
- (2) Service east of the Springfield Station is currently every 15 minutes weekdays and Saturday, and every 30 minutes evenings and Sundays. This plan assumes that service will be operated every 15 minutes weekday peaks, every 20 minutes weekday non-peak daytimes, every 20 minutes Saturdays, and every 30 minutes on evenings and Sundays.
- (3) Uses variable service cost of \$49.05 per hour.
- (4) There will be eight new BRT stations. Nine existing shelters and 12 other stops would be removed. It is assumed that each new station will cost \$5,475 per year to clean, \$910 per year to maintain, \$937 per year for supplies, and \$1,000 per year for utilities.
- (5) Since the BRT lane is new contruction using concrete, it is unlikely to have any maintenance within the next 20 years. Eventually, the lane will need repair or replacement, which would likely be a capital expense.
- (6) There will be 12 new ticket machines to maintain to replace sjx on-board fareboxes. Costs use Portland Streetcar data.
- (7) The City of Eugene indicates that there is little or no maintenance of the firmware. Costs shown are for annual bulb replacement and replacement of 10% of the detector loops every year.
- (8) Assumes using Brinks-type service for weekly collection.
- (9) Assumes one FTE of Wackenhut for security and fare enforcement.
- (10) Assumes a 15% increase in ridership for cash fare riders (20% of all riders) on that segment at an average cash fare of \$.090. No increase is assumed for other fare instruments.

BRT Vehicle Maintenance Cost - Phase 1

		BRT Phase 1					
	Current System		Assume 10% inc.		Assume 25% inc.		Assume 50% inc.
# of annual trips	20,852		26,728		26,728		26,728
Miles per round trip	8		7.5		7.5		7.5
Total Annual Miles	166,816		200,460		200,460		200,460
Fuel Cost per Mile	0.245		0.2695		0.30625		0.3675
Repair Costs per Mile	0.581		0.6391		0.72625		0.8715
PM Costs per mile	0.066		0.0726		0.0825		0.099
Annual Fuel Costs	\$ 40,870	\$	54,024	\$	61,391	\$	73,669
Annual Repair Costs	\$ 96,920	\$	128,114	\$	145,584	\$	174,701
Annual PM Costs	\$ 11,010	\$	14,553	\$	16,538	\$	19,846
Total Annual Maintenance Costs	\$ 148,800	\$	196,691	\$	223,513	\$	268,215
Increase		\$	47,891	\$	74,713	\$	119,416

FINANCE COMMITTEE AGENDA ITEM SUMMARY

DATE OF MEETING: January 30, 2003

ITEM TITLE: Fiscal Year 2003-2004 Pricing Plan Proposal

PREPARED BY: Andy Vobora, Development Services Department

ACTION REQUESTED: Discussion and Direction

BACKGROUND: In July 2002, LTD implemented an aggressive change in the pricing of

tokens, monthly passes, and three-month passes. These changes came on the heels of a 25 percent increase in the cash fare in July 2001. Isolating the effects of these fare changes is difficult due to the parallel implementation of major service changes in both fiscal years. It appears that the changes have had negative effects on ridership, but revenue goals

are being realized.

In preparation for the full Board review of the Pricing Plan, staff has put together a review of current fares and a proposal for 2003-04. The following sections outline these recommendations.

Standard Fares

The first five months of the fiscal year have shown that our sales and revenue projections have both good news and bad news. Changes in monthly pass sales are ranging from -4% to -18%. Elasticity factors of 10% were applied to each pass category; therefore, some categories have done better than projections while other categories have done worse. I have included the original projection spreadsheet and a revised spreadsheet that uses current sales data to project year-end revenue changes. These will be reviewed at the meeting.

Since the mid-1980s, LTD has raised fares annually. An LTD Fare History spreadsheet is attached. This document has been used to guide discussions about future fare increases. The practice of annual changes has been coupled with the concept that these changes would be rotated by fare instrument and would be incremental in nature. The Board deviated from this practice and changed the fare policy in FY 2001-02. A large cash fare increase was followed by significant increases in token and pass prices in FY 2002-03. Past practice would point the District toward a cash fare increase in FY 2003-04; however, Board comments following the FY 2002-03 Pricing Plan update indicated that the Board would like to maintain cash fares at the current level. Because both token and pass prices were increased in FY 2002-03, maintaining current fares for one

additional year would allow the District to return to the previous pattern of rotating fare instrument price increases.

Information regarding how LTD fares rank against similarly-sized transit properties is attached. Out of 17 properties surveyed, LTD ranks second in cash fares and fifth in pass fares. Surveys of these agencies have shown that the majority are planning no fare increases in the coming year.

Staff recommends no changes to cash, token, or pass fares for FY 2003-04. In order to prepare LTD guests for future fare changes, staff recommends sharing preliminary pricing proposals for each fare category. These preliminary pricing proposals would not bind the Board but would be targets that would be analyzed during the annual update to the Pricing Plan.

Breeze Fare

When Breeze service started in September 2001, the Board adopted a 25-cent fare. This fare was primarily based upon research from other districts that operated successful shuttle services.

One of the primary target markets for the Breeze is mid-day riders who drive to work. In order to attract these riders to the service, staff believes the 25-cent fare will be an integral part of the continuing marketing efforts.

In an effort to determine what financial impacts the 25-cent fare has had, staff conducting random surveys on Breeze buses. A table summarizing the data shows that only 8.7 percent of guests are paying the 25-cent fare. The vast majority of guests are pass holders or have paid full fare on another bus. Based upon this data, staff recommends keeping the 25-cent fare on the Breeze. The discounted fare is not causing significant revenue loss, while the opportunity to attract the discretionary mid-day riders remains strong with the lower fare.

Group Pass Pricing

During the Pricing Plan update in 2001, the Board adopted changes to the Group Pass Policy. These changes established a base rate for all programs covered by group pass contracts. For payroll tax-paying organizations, the base rate was set at \$3.00 per participant per month. Organizations that do not pay payroll taxes were priced slightly higher at \$3.50 per participant per month. For many organizations this change resulted in significant increases in the cost per participant. A number of these organizations expressed concerns; however, no programs were lost. In the 2002 Pricing Plan update, the pricing formula (three-year rolling average of LTD cost increases) was established at 7.6 percent. The Board chose to modify the Group Pass Policy, rewriting the language to say that

the group pass price would "not exceed" the three-year rolling average of LTD costs. With this change, the Board adopted a 6 percent increase in group pass prices for the 2003 calendar year. This change was again viewed as significant by many of the group pass organizations. While most organizations have remained with the program, one has chosen to drop the program due to budgetary considerations. ShelterCare surveyed its employees and determined that use was not high enough to continue funding the program. They are, however, utilizing the LTD Transit Voucher program for the employees who have been relying on bus service.

Utilizing the three-year rolling average, the plan recommends an increase of 5 percent for 2004. LTD staff believes this level of increase will cause additional programs to be lost; therefore, staff recommends either holding the line on current prices or tying the 2004 increase to the change in the consumer price index (CPI). If the Board chose to use the CPI, an increase of 3.65 percent would be applied in 2004.

LCC Term Pass

For the past five school-years, LTD and LCC have partnered to provide a subsidized term bus pass for LCC students, faculty, and staff. The pricing of the pass involves a discount offered by LTD, a subsidy paid by LCC, and a fee paid by purchasers. Each of these components has changed over the past five years as LTD has attempted to maximize market penetration. During the 2001-02 school-year, all available passes (2,500 fall term and 2,300 winter term) were sold. This resulted in a change to the subsidy by LCC and an increase in the price paid by participants, which allowed additional passes to be sold spring and summer terms. Final sales of 7,754 passes were established as a new record in 2001-02.

In 2002-03, the term bus pass price was raised by LTD to \$54, which represented a 25 percent increase from the \$43 rate the previous year. The participant price and the subsidy were adjusted to allow a total of 8,823 passes to be sold during the school year. Fall term sales exceeded expectations when 2,320 passes were sold. Staff had estimated the price increase to more significantly impact sales; however, the less elastic response by purchasers was likely impacted by the 2001-02 mid-year price change. This made the 2002-03 price change, from \$33 to \$37, seem more acceptable to LCC pass purchasers.

While staff from LTD and LCC are pleased that sales are better than expected, 20 percent of the fall inventory remained unsold. This may result in as many as 1,500 unsold passes at year-end. Staff recommends no changes to the LCC term bus pass price for the 2003-04 school year.

Summer Youth Pass Proposal

Fueled by the District 4J high school bus pass program and aggressive youth marketing, LTD youth pass sales have been strong for the past several years. The attached Youth Pass Sales History chart illustrates how pass sales were maintaining a strong position until the fare increase in July 2002. Overall sales have fallen further than estimated; therefore, staff believes it is time to again aggressively market to youth.

In order to increase awareness in the youth market and target a low sales period, staff would like to produce a discounted summer pass for youth. The discount would not be significant; however, packaging the discounted pass along with value added features will allow the District to attract additional pass purchasers during the lower sales period of July and August. This is typically a time when the District has additional capacity on the buses; therefore, attracting additional guests will enhance overall productivity. Attracting enough pass purchasers will also provide the District the opportunity to offset the price discount and will establish a buying pattern that will allow youth to enter the school year with their bus pass in hand.

Staff suggests a summer youth pass (July, August, September) be sold for \$34.95. This represents a discount of \$7.55 off the youth three-month pass price of \$42.50. Determining the break-even point in sales requires assumptions about the number of monthly pass purchasers that would switch to the summer youth pass. Taking the most conservative route and assuming all monthly pass purchasers would switch to the summer pass provides us a revenue loss of \$17,147. We can assume all current three-month pass purchasers would take advantage of the discount, which results in a revenue loss of \$3,786. If we divide this total revenue loss by the summer pass price of \$34.95, we reach a break-even sales figure of 599 passes. If our efforts result in additional pass sales of more than 600 summer passes, revenues from pass sales would exceed what has been received during the July through September 2002 period.

The expected outcomes of this program include increased ridership, increased ridership productivity, and greater youth market penetration. We will be able to measure immediate sales figures and will be able to track retention into the new school year. We would also hope that this program increases fare revenue by enabling a faster recovery from the pass price increase of July 2002.

Staff will review and discuss each of these sections with the Finance Committee and will be looking for direction as the process moves to the full Board in February. **ATTACHMENTS:** Fiscal Year 2002-2003 Pricing Plan Proposal

LTD Prices Compared to UNCC Peer Group Prices

LTD Pricing History and Five-Year Projection

Projected Revenue Estimates

Breeze Fare Analysis Group Pass Cost Analysis LCC Term Pass Sales Chart LTD Youth Pass Sales Chart

PROPOSED MOTION: None

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FINANCE COMMITTEE AGENDA ITEM SUMMARY

DATE OF MEETING: January 30, 2003

JTEM TITLE: Fiscal Year 2003-2004 Pricing Plan Proposal

PREPARED BY: Andy Vobora, Development Services Department

ACTION REQUESTED: Discussion and Direction

BACKGROUND:

In July 2002, LTD implemented an aggressive change in the pricing of tokens, monthly passes, and three-month passes. These changes came on the heels of a 25 percent increase in the cash fare in July 2001.

Isolating the effects of these fare changes is difficult due to the parallel implementation of major service changes in both fiscal years. It appears that the changes have had negative effects on ridership, but revenue goals

are being realized.

In preparation for the full Board review of the Pricing Plan, staff has put together a review of current fares and a proposal for 2003-04. The following sections outline these recommendations.

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Standard Fares

The first five months of the fiscal year have shown that our sales and revenue projections have both good news and bad news. Changes in monthly pass sales are ranging from -4% to -18%. Elasticity factors of 10% were applied to each pass category; therefore, some categories have done better than projections while other categories have done worse. I have included the original projection spreadsheet and a revised spreadsheet that uses current sales data to project year-end revenue changes. These will be reviewed at the meeting.

Since the mid-1980s, LTD has raised fares annually. An LTD Fare History spreadsheet is attached. This document has been used to guide discussions about future fare increases. The practice of annual changes has been coupled with the concept that these changes would be rotated by fare instrument and would be incremental in nature. The Board deviated from this practice and changed the fare policy in FY 2001-02. A large cash fare increase was followed by significant increases in token and pass prices in FY 2002-03. Past practice would point the District toward a cash fare increase in FY 2003-04; however, Board comments following the FY 2002-03 Pricing Plan update indicated that the Board would like to maintain cash fares at the current level. Because both token and pass prices were increased in FY 2002-03, maintaining current fares for one

additional year would allow the District to return to the previous pattern of rotating fare instrument price increases.

Information regarding how LTD fares rank against similarly-sized transit properties is attached. Out of 17 properties surveyed, LTD ranks second in cash fares and fifth in pass fares. Surveys of these agencies have shown that the majority are planning no fare increases in the coming year.

Staff recommends no changes to cash, token, or pass fares for FY 2003-04. In order to prepare LTD guests for future fare changes, staff recommends sharing preliminary pricing proposals for each fare category. These preliminary pricing proposals would not bind the Board, but would be targets that would be analyzed during the annual update to the Pricing Plan.

Breeze Fare

When Breeze service started in September 2001, the Board adopted a 25-cent fare. This fare was primarily based upon research from other districts that operated successful shuttle services.

One of the primary target markets for the Breeze is mid-day riders who drive to work. In order to attract these riders to the service, staff believes the 25-cent fare will be an integral part of the continuing marketing efforts.

In an effort to determine what financial impacts the 25-cent fare has had, staff conducting random surveys on Breeze buses. A table summarizing the data shows that only 8.7 percent of guests are paying the 25-cent fare. The vast majority of guests are pass holders or have paid full fare on another bus. Based upon this data, staff recommends keeping the 25-cent fare on the Breeze. The discounted fare is not causing significant revenue loss, while the opportunity to attract the discretionary mid-day riders remains strong with the lower fare.

Group Pass Pricing

During the Pricing Plan update in 2001, the Board adopted changes to the Group Pass Policy. These changes established a base rate for all programs covered by group pass contracts. For payroll tax_paying organizations, the base rate was set at \$3.00 per participant per month. Organizations that do not pay payroll taxes were priced slightly higher at \$3.50 per participant per month. For many organizations this change resulted in significant increases in the cost per participant. A number of these organizations expressed concerns; however, no programs were lost. In the 2002 Pricing Plan update, the pricing formula (three-year rolling average of LTD cost increases) was established at 7.6 percent. The Board chose to modify the Group Pass Policy, rewriting the language to say that

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the group pass price would "not exceed" the three-year rolling average of LTD costs. With this change, the Board adopted a 6 percent increase in group pass prices for the 2003 calendar year. This change was again viewed as significant by many of the group pass organizations. While most organizations have remained with the program, one has chosen to drop the program due to budgetary considerations. ShelterCare surveyed its employees and determined that use was not high enough to continue funding the program. They are however utilizing the LTD Transit Voucher program for the employees who have been relying on bus service.

Utilizing the three-year rolling average, the plan recommends an increase of 5 percent for 2004. LTD staff believes this level of increase will cause additional programs to be lost; therefore, staff recommends either holding the line on current prices or tying the 2004 increase to the change in the consumer price index (CPI). If the Board chose to use the CPI, an increase of 3.65 percent would be applied in 2004.

LCC Term Pass

For the past five school-years, LTD and LCC have partnered to provide a subsidized term bus pass for LCC students, faculty, and staff. The pricing of the pass involves a discount offered by LTD, a subsidy paid by LCC, and a fee paid by purchasers. Each of these components has changed over the past five years as LTD has attempted to maximize market penetration. During the 2001-02 school-year, all available passes (2,500 fall term and 2,300 winter term) were sold. This resulted in a change to the subsidy by LCC and an increase in the price paid by participants, which allowed additional passes to be sold spring and summer terms. Final sales of 7,754 passes were established as a new record in 2001-02.

In 2002-03, the term bus pass price was raised by LTD to \$54, which represented a 25 percent increase from the \$43 rate the previous year. The participant price and the subsidy were adjusted to allow a total of 8,823 passes to be sold during the school_year. Fall term sales exceeded expectations when 2,320 passes were sold. Staff had estimated the price increase to more significantly impact sales; however, the less elastic response by purchasers was likely impacted by the 2001-02 mid-year price change. This made the 2002-03 price change, from \$33 to \$37, seem more acceptable to LCC pass purchasers.

While staff from LTD and LCC are pleased that sales are better than expected, 20 percent of the fall inventory remained unsold. This may result in as many as 1,500 unsold passes at year-end. Staff recommends no changes to the LCC term bus pass price for the 2003-04 school year.

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Summer Youth Pass Proposal

Fueled by the District 4.1 high school bus pass program and aggressive youth marketing, LTD youth pass sales have been strong for the past several years. The attached Youth Pass Sales History chart illustrates how pass sales were maintaining a strong position until the fare increase in July 2002. Overall sales have fallen further than estimated; therefore, staff believes it is time to again aggressively market to youth.

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ATTACHMENTS:	Fiscal Year 2002-2003 Pricing Plan Proposal	Deleted: ¶
	LTD Prices Compared to UNCC Peer Group Prices	1
	LTD Pricing History and Five-Year Projection	
	Projected Revenue Estimates	
	Breeze Fare Analysis	
	Group Pass Cost Analysis	
	LCC Term Pass Sales Chart	
	LTD Youth Pass Sales Chart	
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PROPOSED MOTION:	None	

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Comparison of Fare Media Prices UNCC Peer Group Sorted by Cash Fare

	Adult Cash	Token or Single		Adult Monthly	Adult Multi-Month
	Fare	Ride Fare	Daily Pass	Pass	Pass
Reno, Nevada	\$1.50	\$1.50	\$4.00	\$60.00	n/a
Tacoma, Washington	\$1.25	\$1.14	n/a	\$45.00	n/a
Lane Transit District	\$1.25	\$1.00	\$2.50	\$35.00	\$85 (3 month)
Vancouver, Washington	\$1.00	n/a	\$3.50	\$28.00	\$308 (annual)
Spokane, Washington	\$1.00	\$1.00	n/a	\$33.00	n/a
Santa Cruz, California	\$1.00	n/a	\$3.00	\$40.00	n/a
Santa Barbara, California	\$1.00	\$1.00	n/a	n/a	n/a
Lansing, Michigan	\$1.00	\$0.85	n/a	\$30.00	n/a
Fresno, California	\$1.00	\$0.85	n/a	\$35.00	n/a
Charelston, South Carolina	\$1.00	\$0.80	\$3.00	\$22.00	\$28 (40 rides)
Ann Arbor, Michigan	\$1.00	\$1.00	n/a	\$37.50	n/a
Average	\$0.96	\$0.91	\$2.75	\$32.03	
South Bend, Indiana	\$0.75	n/a	n/a	\$30.00	n/a
Salem, Oregon	\$0.75	\$0.68	n/a	\$20.00	n/a
Olympia, Washington	\$0.75	n/a	\$1.50	\$25.00	n/a
Boise, Idaho	\$0.75	\$0.70	n/a	\$27.00	n/a
Bakersfield, California	\$0.75	\$0.75	\$1.75	\$25.00	n/a
Corpus Christi, Texas	\$0.50	\$0.50	n/a	\$20.00	n/a

Data collected through transit district Web site information.

Year-to-Date Revenue Projections Based on 2002/2003 Fare Changes

	Annual Sales	Current Price	Revenue	Projected Sales	Proposed Price	Projected Revenue	Difference	
Adult Monthly	32515	\$28	\$910,420	26662	\$35	\$933,181	\$22,761	
Youth Monthly	18092	\$14	\$253,288	16283	\$17.50	\$284,949	\$31,661	
Reduced Fare Monthly	5984	\$14	\$83,776	5745	\$17.50	\$100,531	\$16,755	
Senior Monthly	2113	\$14	\$29,582	1859	\$17.50	\$32,540	\$2,958	
Adult 3 Month	1287	\$65	\$83,655	1236	\$85	\$105,019	\$21,364	
Youth 3 Month				1794				
	2392	\$32.50	\$77,740		\$42.50	\$76,245		
Reduced Fare 3 Month	1153	\$32.50	\$37,473	1176	\$42.50	\$49,983	\$12,510	
Senior 3 Month	628	\$32.50	\$20,410	534	\$42.50	\$22,687	\$2,277	
Adult Tokens	157435	\$0.85	\$133,820	181050	\$1	\$181,050	\$47,231	
Reduced Tokens	71418	\$0.42	\$29,996	78560	\$0.50			
LCC Term Pass	7754	\$43	\$333,422	7521	\$54	\$406,155	\$72,733	
Group Pass Revenue			\$375,000			\$457,000	\$82,000	
			\$2,368,581			\$2,688,619		
Estimated Additional Revenue								

Pricing Plan 5/11/2020

LANE TRANSIT DISTRICT

Pricing Proposal Summary 2003-2004

TYPE OF FARE:

Cash Fare	<u>e</u>			RideSource	Staff Prop	osal)
		Current:	Proposed:		Current:	Proposed:
Adult		\$1.25	\$1.25	Regular	\$2.50	\$2.50
Youth		\$0.60	\$0.60	Escort	\$2.50	\$2.50
Child		\$0.60	\$0.60	Shopper	\$2.00	\$2.00 *
Reduced		\$0.60	\$0.60	10 Tickets	\$20.00	\$20.00
Senior		\$0.60	\$0.60			
				RideSource	(STAC Pro	posal)
<u>Passes</u>						
				Regular	\$2.50	\$2.50
Adult				Escort	\$2.50	\$2.50
	1-Month:	\$35.00	\$35.00	Shopper	\$2.00	\$2.00 *
	3-Month:	\$85.00	\$85.00	10 Tickets	\$20.00	\$20.00
				*Round-trip far	е	
Youth, Se	nior, Redu					
	1-Month:	\$17.50	\$17.50	Sales Outle		
	3-Month:	\$42.50	\$42.50		Current:	Proposed:
Day Pass				Passes	Discount	Discount
				0-500+	5.0%	5.0%
Adult				Tokens		
		\$2.50	\$2.50	0-500+	5.0%	5.0%
Youth, Se	nior, Redu	ced				
		\$1.25	\$1.25			
Tokens						
	Adult	\$1.00	\$1.00			
	Other	\$0.50	\$0.50			
				_		
•	_	not covered by ord				
Breeze Fa		25-cents	25-cents			
Group Pa		6%	3.65%			
LCC Term		\$54.00	\$54.00			
Summer '	Youth Pass	- July/Aug/Sept	\$34.95			

Projected Revenues Based on 2002/2003 Fare Changes

	Annual Sales	Current Price	Revenue	Projected Sales	Proposed Price	Projected Revenue	Difference
Adult Monthly	32515	\$28	\$910,420	29264	\$35	\$1,024,223	\$113,803
Youth Monthly	18092	\$14	\$253,288	16283	\$17.50	\$284,949	\$31,661
Reduced Fare Monthly	5984	\$14	\$83,776	5386	\$17.50	\$94,248	\$10,472
Senior/Child Monthly	2113	\$14	\$29,582	1902	\$17.50	\$33,280	\$3,698
Adult 3 Month	1287	\$65	\$83,655	1158	\$85	\$98,456	\$14,801
Youth 3 Month	2392	\$32.50	\$77,740		\$42.50	\$91,494	\$13,754
Reduced Fare 3 Month	1153	\$32.50	\$37,473	1038	\$42.50	\$44,102	\$6,630
Senior/Child 3 Month	628	\$32.50	\$20,410	565	\$42.50	\$24,021	\$3,611
Adult Tokens	157435	\$0.85	\$133,820	147989	\$1	\$147,989	\$14,169
Reduced Tokens	70418	\$0.42	\$29,576	66193	\$0.50	\$33,096	\$3,521
LCC Term Pass	7754	\$43	\$333,422	6513	\$54	\$351,721	\$18,299
			•			*	
Group Pass Revenue			\$375,000			\$535,800	\$160,800
E.C. ALECAND							# 005.040
Estimated Additional R	evenue						\$395,218

Pricing Plan 5/11/2020

Comparison of Fare Media Prices UNCC Peer Group Sorted by Pass Fare

	Adult Cash	Token or Single		Adult Monthly	Adult Multi-Month
	Fare	Ride Fare	Daily Pass	Pass	Pass
Reno, Nevada	\$1.50	\$1.50	\$4.00	\$60.00	n/a
Tacoma, Washington	\$1.25	\$1.14	n/a	\$45.00	n/a
Santa Cruz, California	\$1.00	n/a	\$3.00	\$40.00	n/a
Ann Arbor, Michigan	\$1.00	\$1.00	n/a	\$37.50	n/a
Lane Transit District	\$1.25	\$1.00	\$2.50	\$35.00	\$85 (3 month)
Fresno, California	\$1.00	\$0.85	n/a	\$35.00	n/a
Spokane, Washington	\$1.00	\$1.00	n/a	\$33.00	n/a
Average	\$0.96	\$0.91	\$2.75	\$32.03	
Lansing, Michigan	\$1.00	\$0.85	n/a	\$30.00	n/a
South Bend, Indiana	\$0.75	n/a	n/a	\$30.00	n/a
Vancouver, Washington	\$1.00	n/a	\$3.50	\$28.00	\$308 (annual)
Boise, Idaho	\$0.75	\$0.70	n/a	\$27.00	n/a
Bakersfield, California	\$0.75	\$0.75	\$1.75	\$25.00	n/a
Olympia, Washington	\$0.75	n/a	\$1.50	\$25.00	n/a
Charelston, South Carolina	\$1.00	\$0.80	\$3.00	\$22.00	\$28 (40 rides)
Salem, Oregon	\$0.75	\$0.68	n/a	\$20.00	n/a
Corpus Christi, Texas	\$0.50	\$0.50	n/a	\$20.00	n/a
Santa Barbara, California	\$1.00	\$1.00	n/a	\$0.00	n/a

Data collected through transit district Web site information.

Fare Media Relationships

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Media Type	Adult Price	Cost per Trip*	Monthly Cost*	Percent Discount
Cash	\$1.25	\$1.25	\$50.00	0%
Tokens	\$1.00	\$1.00	\$40.00	20%
Monthly Pass	\$35.00	\$0.88	\$35.00	30%
3-Month Pass	\$85.00	\$0.71	\$28.33	43%

04/05

Media Type	Adult Price	Cost per Trip*	Monthly Cost*	Percent Discount
Cash	\$1.35	\$1.35	\$54.00	0%
Tokens	\$1.00	\$1.00	\$40.00	26%
Monthly Pass	\$35.00	\$0.88	\$35.00	35%
3-Month Pass	\$85.00	\$0.71	\$28.33	48%

05/06

Media Type	Adult Price	Cost per Trip*	Monthly Cost*	Percent Discount
Cash	\$1.35	\$1.35	\$54.00	0%
Tokens	\$1.10	\$1.10	\$44.00	19%
Monthly Pass	\$35.00	\$0.88	\$35.00	35%
3-Month Pass	\$85.00	\$0.71	\$28.33	48%

06/07

Media Type	Adult Price	Cost per Trip*	Monthly Cost*	Percent Discount
Cash	\$1.35	\$1.35	\$54.00	0%
Tokens	\$1.10	\$1.10	\$44.00	19%
Monthly Pass	\$38.00	\$0.88	\$38.00	30%
3-Month Pass	\$90.00	\$0.71	\$30.00	44%

^{*} Based on 40 trips per month

Pricing Plan 5/11/2020

LTD Pricing History

	Consumer Price Index		Adult Cash Price		Adult Token Price		Adult Pass Price		
Year	Yearly Increase	Cumulative Increase	Actual Price	Percent Change	Actual Price	Percent Change	Actual Price	Percent Change	
1981-82	0.00	0.00	\$0.50	0.00	\$0.40	0.00	\$18.00	0.00	
1982-83	-0.62%	-0.62%	\$0.55	10.00%	\$0.45	12.50%	\$20.00	11.11%	
1983-84	2.97%	2.34%	\$0.55	0.00%	\$0.50	11.11%	\$20.00	0.00%	
1984-85	3.59%	5.93%	\$0.55	0.00%	\$0.50	0.00%	\$20.00	0.00%	
1985-86	3.53%	9.47%	\$0.60	9.09%	\$0.50	0.00%	\$20.00	0.00%	
1986-87	0.32%	9.78%	\$0.60	0.00%	\$0.50	0.00%	\$20.00	0.00%	
1987-88	2.52%	12.30%	\$0.65	8.33%	\$0.50	0.00%	\$20.00	0.00%	
1988-89	3.69%	15.99%	\$0.65	0.00%	\$0.55	10.00%	\$20.00	0.00%	
1989-90	3.61%	19.60%	\$0.65	0.00%	\$0.55	0.00%	\$21.00	5.00%	
1990-91	4.58%	24.18%	\$0.65	0.00%	\$0.55	0.00%	\$21.00	0.00%	
1991-92	6.26%	30.44%	\$0.75	15.38%	\$0.55	0.00%	\$21.00	0.00%	
1992-93	4.58%	35.02%	\$0.75	0.00%	\$0.65	18.18%	\$22.00	4.76%	
1993-94	3.42%	38.44%	\$0.75	0.00%	\$0.65	0.00%	\$23.00	0.00%	
1994-95	2.88%	41.32%	\$0.80	6.67%	\$0.65	0.00%	\$23.00	0.00%	
1995-96	3.24%	44.56%	\$0.80	0.00%	\$0.65	0.00%	\$24.00	4.35%	
1996-97	3.09%	47.65%	\$0.80	0.00%	\$0.65	0.00%	\$26.00	8.33%	
1997-98	1.72%	49.37%	\$1.00	25.00%	\$0.65	0.00%	\$26.00	0.00%	
1998-99	1.89%	51.26%	\$1.00	0.00%	\$0.75	15.38%	\$26.00	0.00%	
1999-2000	2.40%	53.66%	\$1.00	0.00%	\$0.75	0.00%	\$28.00	7.69%	
2000-01	3.50%	57.16%	\$1.00	0.00%	\$0.85	13.33%	\$28.00	0.00%	
2001-02	2.60%	59.76%	\$1.25	25.00%	\$0.85	0.00%	\$28.00	0.00%	
2002-03	3.65%	63.41%	\$1.25	0.00%	\$1.00	17.65%	\$35.00	25.00%	
Total % C	Total % Change								
Since 198	31-82>	63.4%		99.5%		98.2%		66.2%	
2003-04	3.00%	66.41%	\$1.25	0.00%	\$1.00	0.00%	\$35.00	0.00%	
2004-05	3.00%	69.41%	\$1.35	8.00%	\$1.00	0.00%	\$35.00	0.00%	
2005-06	3.00%	72.41%	\$1.35	0.00%	\$1.10	10.00%	\$35.00	0.00%	
2006-07	3.00%	75.41%	\$1.35	0.00%	\$1.10	0.00%	\$40.00	14.29%	
2007-08	3.00%	78.41%	\$1.50	11.11%	\$1.10	0.00%	\$40.00	0.00%	
Projected	l % Change:	78.41%		118.6%		108.16%		80.53%	

H:123data\Pricing Plan 5/11/2020

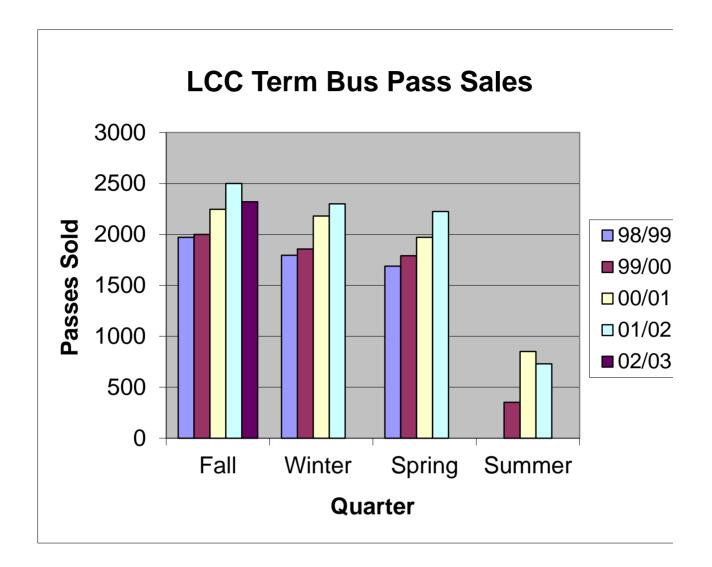
Lane Transit District

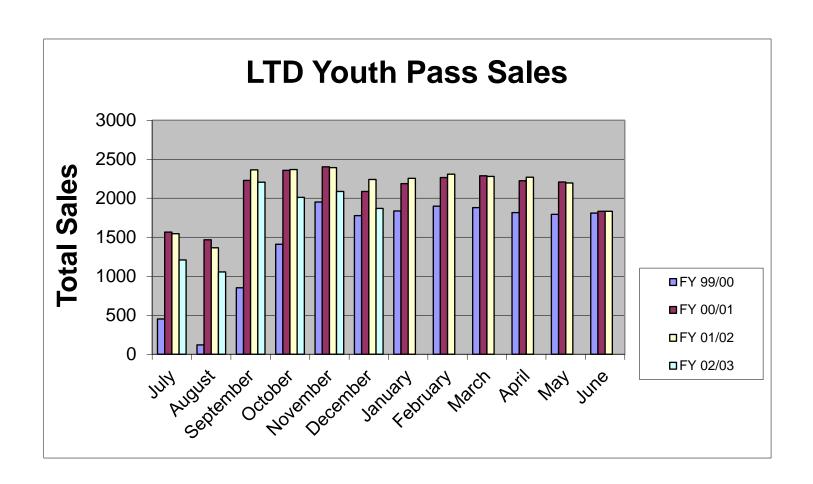
Direct Service Cost per Service Hour by Fiscal Year

For use as inflationary increase for group pass contracts.

Prepared from the Fully Allocated Cost Plan based on audited expenses for the fiscal year. ending June 30, 2002

Direct Variable Costs									
Figure Vecu	Operator Cost		Maintenace Cost	Percent	Total Direct	Percent			
Fiscal Year	per Service Hour	increase	per Service Hour	increase	Service Cost	Increase			
FY 1994 - 1995	23.00		9.87		32.87				
FY 1995 - 1996	23.97	4.2%	10.10	2.3%	34.07	3.7%			
FY 1996 - 1997	24.08	0.5%	10.89	7.8%	34.97	2.6%			
FY 1997 - 1998	25.64	6.5%	10.09	-7.3%	35.73	2.2%			
FY 1998 - 1999	26.63	3.9%	10.77	6.7%	37.40	4.7%			
FY 1999 - 2000	27.58	3.6%	11.84	9.9%	39.42	5.4%			
FY 2000 - 2001	30.84	11.8%	13.65	15.3%	44.49	12.9%			
FY 2001 - 2002	31.97	3.7%	11.02	-19.2%	42.99	-3.4%			
Three-Year Average FY 1997-1998, 1998-1999, 1999-2000 4.									
Three-Year Average FY 1998-1999, 1999-2000, 2000-2001									
Three-Year Average	Three-Year Average FY 1999-2000, 2000-2001, 2001-2002 5.0%								





Breeze Fare Analysis

Date	CASH	TOKEN	Display DAY PASS	Purchase DAY PASS	UO PASS	GROUP PASS	LTD Monthly 3-Month Pass	OTHER	Total
10/22/2002	13	1	16	5	101	10	39	14	199
10/23/2002	13	0	19	1	62	11	20	1	127
10/24/2002	15	0	18	7	79	24	41	0	184
10/25/2002	13	0	16	0	60	9	14	0	112
Totals	54	1	69	13	302	54	114	15	622
Percentage	8.7%	0.2%	11.1%	2.1%	48.6%	8.7%	18.3%	2.4%	
	CASH	TOKEN	Display DAY PASS	Purchase DAY PASS	UO PASS	GROUP PASS	LTD Monthly 3-Month Pass	OTHER	