RESOLUTION NO. 2503

A RESOLUTION MODIFYING BUILDING PERMIT FEES

WHEREAS, the State of Oregon authorizes the City to have a Building Inspection Program; and,

WHEREAS, the State of Oregon authorizes the City to collect fees sufficient enough to fund the Building Inspection Program; and,

WHEREAS, the City of Warrenton desires to have the Building Inspection Program funded solely by fees associated with building permits; and,

WHEREAS, the City Commission passed an Ordinance that building permit fees be set by Resolution; and

WHEREAS, the City of Warrenton has not adjusted its fees since 2008;

NOW THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED BY THE CITY COMMISSION OF THE CITY OF WARRENTON as follows:

Section 1. The building permit fee schedule for the City of Warrenton shall be based on the Building Valuation Data, provided by the State of Oregon, attached hereto as Exhibit A.

<u>Section 2.</u> The building permit fee schedule for the City of Warrenton shall adjust per issuance of the State of Oregon inflation guide at six-month intervals.

Section 2. This resolution takes effect immediately upon passage.

ADOPTED BY THE CITY OF WARRENTON THIS 12th, DAY OF SEPTEMBER 2017.

Henry Balensifer III, Mayor

ATTEST:

Dawne Shaw, Deputy City Recorder

Exhibit A



People Helping People Build a Safer World[®]

Building Valuation Data – FEBRUARY 2017

The International Code Council is pleased to provide the following Building Valuation Data (BVD) for its members. The BVD will be updated at six-month intervals, with the next update in August 2017. ICC strongly recommends that all jurisdictions and other interested parties actively evaluate and assess the impact of this BVD table before utilizing it in their current code enforcement related activities.

The BVD table provides the "average" construction costs per square foot, which can be used in determining permit fees for a jurisdiction. Permit fee schedules are addressed in Section 109.2 of the 2015 *International Building Code* (IBC) whereas Section 109.3 addresses building permit valuations. The permit fees can be established by using the BVD table and a Permit Fee Multiplier, which is based on the total construction value within the jurisdiction for the past year. The Square Foot Construction Cost table presents factors that reflect relative value of one construction classification/occupancy group to another so that more expensive construction.

ICC has developed this data to aid jurisdictions in determining permit fees. It is important to note that while this BVD table does determine an estimated value of a building (i.e., Gross Area x Square Foot Construction Cost), this data is only intended to assist jurisdictions in determining their permit fees. This data table is not intended to be used as an estimating guide because the data only reflects average costs and is not representative of specific construction.

This degree of precision is sufficient for the intended purpose, which is to help establish permit fees so as to fund code compliance activities. This BVD table provides jurisdictions with a simplified way to determine the estimated value of a building that does not rely on the permit applicant to determine the cost of construction. Therefore, the bidding process for a particular job and other associated factors do not affect the value of a building for determining the permit fee. Whether a specific project is bid at a cost above or below the computed value of construction does not affect the permit fee because the cost of related code enforcement activities is not directly affected by the bid process and results.

Building Valuation

The following building valuation data represents average valuations for most buildings. In conjunction with IBC Section 109.3, this data is offered as an aid for the building official to determine if the permit valuation is underestimated. Again it should be noted that, when using this data, these are "average" costs based on typical construction methods for each occupancy group and type of construction. The average costs include foundation work, structural and nonstructural

building components, electrical, plumbing, mechanical and interior finish material. The data is a national average and does not take into account any regional cost differences. As such, the use of Regional Cost Modifiers is subject to the authority having jurisdiction.

Permit Fee Multiplier

Determine the Permit Fee Multiplier:

- 1. Based on historical records, determine the total annual construction value which has occurred within the jurisdiction for the past year.
- 2. Determine the percentage (%) of the building department budget expected to be provided by building permit revenue.

3. Permit Fee Multiplier =

Bldg. Dept. Budget x (%)

Total Annual Construction Value

Example

The building department operates on a \$300,000 budget, and it expects to cover 75 percent of that from building permit fees. The total annual construction value which occurred within the jurisdiction in the previous year is \$30,000,000.

| | \$300,000 x 75% | |
|-------------------------|-----------------|----------|
| Permit Fee Multiplier = | | = 0.0075 |
| | \$30,000,000 | |

Permit Fee

The permit fee is determined using the building gross area, the Square Foot Construction Cost and the Permit Fee Multiplier.

Permit Fee = Gross Area x Square Foot Construction Cost X Permit Fee Multiplier

Example

Type of Construction: IIB

Area: 1st story = 8,000 sq. ft.

2nd story = 8,000 sq. ft.

Height: 2 stories Permit Fee Multiplier = 0.0075

Use Group: B

- 1. Gross area:
- Business = 2 stories x 8,000 sq. ft. = 16,000 sq. ft. 2. Square Foot Construction Cost:
- B/IIB = \$161.91/sq. ft.
- 3. Permit Fee: Business = 16 000 sq. f
 - Business = 16,000 sq. ft. x \$161.91/sq. ft x 0.0075 = \$19,429

Important Points

- The BVD is not intended to apply to alterations or repairs to existing buildings. Because the scope of alterations or repairs to an existing building varies so greatly, the Square Foot Construction Costs table does not reflect accurate values for that purpose. However, the Square Foot Construction Costs table can be used to determine the cost of an addition that is basically a stand-alone building which happens to be attached to an existing building. In the case of such additions, the only alterations to the existing building would involve the attachment of the addition to the existing building and the openings between the addition and the existing building.
- For purposes of establishing the Permit Fee Multiplier, the estimated total annual construction value for a given time period (1 year) is the sum of each building's value (Gross Area x Square Foot Construction Cost) for that time period (e.g., 1 year).
- The Square Foot Construction Cost does not include the price of the land on which the building is built. The Square Foot Construction Cost takes into account everything from foundation work to the roof structure and coverings but does not include the price of the land. The cost of the land does not affect the cost of related code enforcement activities and is not included in the Square Foot Construction Cost.

| Group (2015 International Building Code) | IA | IB | IIA | IIB | IIIA | IIIB | IV | VA | VB |
|--|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| A-1 Assembly, theaters, with stage | 229.26 | 221.37 | 216.01 | 207.16 | 194.94 | 189.29 | 200.61 | 178.00 | 171.48 |
| A-1 Assembly, theaters, without stage | 210.11 | 202.22 | 196.86 | 188.01 | 175.94 | 170.29 | 181.46 | 158.99 | 152.48 |
| A-2 Assembly, nightclubs | 179.28 | 174.08 | 169.68 | 162.81 | 153.48 | 149.24 | 157.08 | 138.97 | 134.26 |
| A-2 Assembly, restaurants, bars, banquet halls | 178.28 | 173.08 | 167.68 | 161.81 | 151.48 | 148.24 | 156.08 | 136.97 | 133.26 |
| A-3 Assembly, churches | 212.12 | 204.22 | 198.87 | 190.01 | 178.14 | 172.49 | 183.47 | 161.20 | 154.68 |
| A-3 Assembly, general, community halls, libraries, museums | 176.94 | 169.04 | 162.69 | 154.83 | 141.96 | 137.30 | 148.28 | 125.01 | 119.50 |
| A-4 Assembly, arenas | 209.11 | 201.22 | 194.86 | 187.01 | 173.94 | 169.29 | 180.46 | 156.99 | 151.48 |
| B Business | 182.98 | 176.21 | 170.40 | 161.91 | 147.69 | 142.14 | 155.55 | 129.66 | 123.97 |
| E Educational | 194.27 | 187.38 | 182.00 | 173.88 | 162.37 | 154.12 | 167.88 | 141.89 | 137.57 |
| F-1 Factory and industrial, moderate hazard | 109.64 | 104.60 | 98.57 | 94.77 | 85.03 | 81.17 | 90.78 | 71.30 | 66.75 |
| F-2 Factory and industrial, low hazard | 108.64 | 103.60 | 98.57 | 93.77 | 85.03 | 80.17 | 89.78 | 71.30 | 65.75 |
| H-1 High Hazard, explosives | 102.63 | 97.58 | 92.55 | 87.75 | 79.22 | 74.36 | 83.76 | 65.48 | N.P. |
| H234 High Hazard | 102.63 | 97.58 | 92.55 | 87.75 | 79.22 | 74.36 | 83.76 | 65.48 | 59.94 |
| H-5 HPM | 182.98 | 176.21 | 170.40 | 161.91 | 147.69 | 142.14 | 155.55 | 129.66 | 123.97 |
| I-1 Institutional, supervised environment | 183.95 | 177.72 | 172.57 | 165.30 | 152.29 | 148.15 | 165.39 | 136.43 | 132.19 |
| I-2 Institutional, hospitals | 307.93 | 301.16 | 295.35 | 286.86 | 271.68 | N.P. | 280.50 | 253.65 | N.P. |
| I-2 Institutional, nursing homes | 213.36 | 206.59 | 200.78 | 192.29 | 179.07 | N.P. | 185.93 | 161.04 | N.P. |
| I-3 Institutional, restrained | 208.19 | 201.43 | 195.62 | 187.12 | 174.39 | 167.85 | 180.76 | 156.37 | 148.68 |
| I-4 Institutional, day care facilities | 183.95 | 177.72 | 172.57 | 165.30 | 152.29 | 148.15 | 165.39 | 136.43 | 132.19 |
| M Mercantile | 133.57 | 128.37 | 122.97 | 117.10 | 107.27 | 104.03 | 111.38 | 92.75 | 89.05 |
| R-1 Residential, hotels | 185.63 | 179.39 | 174.24 | 166.97 | 153.72 | 149.58 | 167.06 | 137.86 | 133.61 |
| R-2 Residential, multiple family | 155.74 | 149.50 | 144.35 | 137.09 | 124.57 | 120.43 | 137.17 | 108.71 | 104.47 |
| R-3 Residential, one- and two-family ^d | 145.23 | 141.28 | 137.64 | 134.18 | 129.27 | 125.87 | 131.94 | 120.96 | 113.85 |
| R-4 Residential, care/assisted living facilities | 183.95 | 177.72 | 172.57 | 165.30 | 152.29 | 148.15 | 165.39 | 136.43 | 132.19 |
| S-1 Storage, moderate hazard | 101.63 | 96.58 | 90.55 | 86.75 | 77.22 | 73.36 | 82.76 | 63.48 | 58.94 |
| S-2 Storage, low hazard | 100.63 | 95.58 | 90.55 | 85.75 | 77.22 | 72.36 | 81.76 | 63.48 | 57.94 |
| U Utility, miscellaneous | 78.63 | 74.24 | 69.76 | 66.20 | 59.84 | 55.88 | 63.23 | 47.31 | 45.09 |

Square Foot Construction Costs ^{a, b, c}

a. Private Garages use Utility, miscellaneous

b. For shell only buildings deduct 20 percent

c. N.P. = not permitted

d. Unfinished basements (Group R-3) = \$21.00 per sq. ft.

SECTION 109 FEES

Note: Unless amended locally by a municipality under authority of ORS 455.020 and 455.210, the requirements of Section 109 apply.

109.1 Payment of fees. A *permit* shall not be valid until the fees prescribed by law have been paid, nor shall an amendment to a *permit* be released until the additional fee, if any, has been paid.

109.2 Schedule of permit fees. On buildings, structures or alterations requiring a permit, a fee for each permit shall be paid as required, in accordance with the schedule as established by the municipality, under authority of ORS 455.020 and 455.210 or as set forth in OAR chapter 918, division 460, where the State of Oregon has jurisdiction.

ORS 455.020(2) is not a part of this code but is reprinted here for the reader's convenience:

455.020(2) Purpose: scope of application; exceptions; scope of rules; fees by rule.

(2) The rules adopted pursuant to this chapter shall include structural standards; standards for the installation and use of mechanical, heating and ventilating devices and equipment; and standards for prefabricated structures; and shall, subject to ORS 455.210, prescribe reasonable fees for the issuance of building permits and similar documents, inspections and plan review services by the Department of Consumer and Business Services. The department may also establish, by rule, the amount of any fee pertaining to the state building code or any specialty code that is authorized by statute, but for which an amount is not specified by statute. [Formerly 456.755; 1991 c.227 §2; 1991 c.310 §2; 1995 c.304 §1; 1995 c.400 §5; 1999 c.1045 §13; 1999 c.1082 §11; 2001 c.710 §8]

ORS 455.210(3)(a) is not a part of this code but is reproduced for the reader's convenience:

ORS 455.210 Fees; appeal of fees; surcharge; reduced fees; rules.

(3)(a) A municipality may adopt by ordinance or regulation such fees as may be necessary and reasonable to provide for the administration and enforcement of any specialty code or codes for which the municipality has assumed responsibility under ORS 455.148 or 455.150. A municipality shall give the director notice of the proposed adoption of a new or increased fee under this subsection. The municipality shall give the notice to the director at the time the municipality provides the opportunity for public comment under ORS 294.160 regarding the fee or, if the proposed fee is contained in an estimate of municipal budget resources, at the time notice of the last budget meeting is published under ORS 294.426. [Subsections (1) to (5) formerly 456.760; subsection (6) enacted as 1987 c.604 §6; 1997 c.856 §1; 1999 c.432 §1; 1999 c.1045 §24; 1999 c.1082 §9; 2001 c.573 §9; 2001 c.673 §1; 2005 c.193 §1; 2005 c.833 §3; 2007 c.69 §5; 2011 c.473 §29]

109.2.1 Plan review fees. When submittal documents are required by Section 107.1, a plan review fee shall be paid at the time of submitting the submittal documents for plan review. Said plan review fee shall be a percentage of the building permit fee as established under Section

109.2. Additionally, the fee for a fire and life safety plan review, as required by Section 107.3.5, shall be a percentage of the building permit fee established under Section 109.2.

The plan review fees specified in this section are separate from the permit fees specified in Section 109.2 and are in addition to the permit fees. The state surcharge is not applied to plan review fees.

When submittal documents are incomplete or changed so as to require additional plan review or when the project involves deferred submittal items, as defined in Section 107.3.4.2, an additional plan review fee shall be charged according to the rate established by the municipality, or OAR Chapter 918, Division 460 where the State of Oregon has jurisdiction.

109.3 Building permit valuations. Structural building permit valuations shall be based upon the Uniform Fee Methodologies as established by OAR 918-050-0100.

OAR 918-050-0100 is not a part of this code but is reproduced here for the reader's convenience.

Uniform Fee Methodology

918-050-0100

Statewide Fee Methodologies for Residential and Commercial Permits

(1) Residential construction permit fees shall be calculated using the following methodologies:

(a) A plumbing permit fee for new construction includes one kitchen and is based on the number of bathrooms, from one to three, on a graduated scale. An additional set fee shall be assessed for each additional bath or kitchen.

(A) No additional fee shall be charged for the first 100 feet of water and sewer lines, hose bibbs, icemakers, underfloor low-point drains, and rain drain packages that include the piping, gutters, downspouts, and perimeter system.

(B) The plumbing permit fee described in this section does not include:

(i) Any storm water retention/detention facility;

(ii) Irrigation and fire suppression systems; or

(iii) Additional water, sewer and service piping or private storm drainage systems exceeding the first 100 feet.

(C) Permit fees for an addition, alteration, or repair shall be calculated based on the number of fixtures, appurtenances, and piping, with a set minimum fee.

(b) A mechanical permit fee shall be calculated per appliance and related equipment, with a set minimum fee.

(c) Effective January 1, 2009, a structural permit fee for new construction and additions shall be calculated using the ICC Building Valuation Data Table current as of April 1 of each year, multiplied by the square footage of the dwelling to determine the valuation. The valuation shall then be applied to the municipality's fee schedule to determine the permit fee. The plan review fee shall be based on a predetermined percentage of the permit fee set by the municipality.

(A) The square footage of a dwelling, addition, or garage shall be determined from outside exterior wall to outside exterior wall for each level.

(B) The square footage of a carport, covered porch, patio, or deck shall be calculated separately at fifty percent of the value of a private garage from the ICC Building Valuation Data Table current as of April 1.

(C) Permit fees for an alteration or repair shall be calculated based on the fair market value as determined by the building official, and then applying the valuation to the municipality's fee schedule.

(2) Commercial construction permit fees shall be calculated using the following methodologies:

(a) A plumbing permit fee shall be calculated based on the number of fixtures and footage of piping, with a set minimum fee.

(b) A mechanical permit fee shall be calculated based on the value of the mechanical equipment and installation costs and applied to the municipality's fee schedule with a set minimum fee.

(c) A structural permit fee shall be calculated by applying the valuation to the municipality's fee schedule with a minimum set fee. Valuation shall be the greater of either:

(A) The valuation based on the ICC Building Valuation Data Table current as of April 1 of each year, using the occupancy and construction type as determined by the building official, multiplied by the square footage of the structure; or

(B) The value as stated by the applicant.

(C) When the construction or occupancy type does not fit the ICC Building Valuation Data Table, the valuation shall be determined by the building official with input from the applicant.

Stat. Auth.: ORS 455.048 & 455.055

Stats. Implemented: ORS 455.046 & 455.055

Hist.: BCD 9-2000, f. 6-15-00, cert. ef. 10-1-00; BCD 31-2005, f. 12-30-05, cert. ef. 1-1-06; BCD 5-2007, f. 5-11-07, cert. ef. 7-1-07; BCD 27-2008, f. ef.12-12-08, cert. ef. 1-1-09; BCD 7-2009, f. 9-30-09, cert. ef. 10-1-09

109.4 Work commencing before permit issuance. Any person who commences any work on a building or structure before obtaining the necessary *permits* shall be subject to an investigation fee. The amount of the investigative fee shall be the average or actual additional cost of ensuring that a building or structure is in conformance with this code and shall be in addition to the required *permit* fees.

ORS 455.058 is not part of this code but is reprinted here for the reader's convenience:

455.058 Investigation fee for work commenced without permit; rules.

(1) Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, the Department of Consumer and Business Services, or a municipality administering and enforcing a building inspection program, may assess an investigation fee against a person that is required to obtain a permit for work on the electrical, gas, mechanical, elevator, boiler, plumbing or other systems of a building or structure if the work is commenced before the permit required for the work is obtained. The amount of the investigation fee shall be the average or actual additional cost of ensuring that a building, structure or system is in conformance with state building code requirements that results from the permit is required commences.

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(2) This section does not apply to:

(a) An emergency repair required for health, safety, the prevention of property damage or the prevention of financial harm if the required building permit for the repair is obtained no later than five business days after commencement of the repair; or

(b) Any project for which construction, alteration, repair, maintenance or installation in a building or structure prior to obtaining a permit is expressly authorized by law.

(3) The department may adopt rules and establish policies and procedures for use by the department or municipalities in assessing an investigation fee under this section. [2013 c.324 §2]

Exception: Work as permitted in Section 105.1.

109.5 Related fees. The payment of the fee for the construction, *alteration*, removal or demolition for work done in connection to or concurrently with the work authorized by a building *permit* shall not relieve the applicant or holder of the *permit* from the payment of other fees that are prescribed by law.

109.6 Refunds. The *building official* is authorized to establish a refund policy.

SECTION 110 INSPECTIONS

110.1 General. Construction or work for which a *permit* is required shall be subject to inspection by the *building official* and such construction or work shall remain accessible and exposed for inspection purposes until *approved*. Approval as a result of an inspection shall not be construed to be an approval of a violation of the provisions of this code or of other laws or ordinances of the jurisdiction. Inspections presuming to give authority to violate or cancel the provisions of this code or of other laws or ordinances of the provisions of the shall not be valid. It shall be the duty of the *permit* applicant to cause the work to remain accessible and exposed for inspection purposes. Neither the *building official* nor the jurisdiction shall be liable for expense entailed in the removal or replacement of any material required to allow inspection.

110.2 Preliminary inspection. Before issuing a *permit*, the *building official* is authorized to examine or cause to be examined buildings, structures and sites for which an application has been filed.

110.3 Required inspections. The *building official*, upon notification, shall make the inspections set forth in Sections 110.3.1 through 110.3.11.

110.3.1 Footing and foundation inspection. Footing and foundation inspections shall be made after excavations for footings are complete and any required reinforcing steel is in place. For concrete foundations, any required forms shall be in place prior to inspection. Materials for the foundation shall be on the job, except where concrete is ready mixed in accordance with ASTM C 94, the concrete need not be on the job.

110.3.2 Concrete slab and under-floor inspection. Concrete slab and under-floor inspections shall be made after inslab or under-floor reinforcing steel and building service

Backgrounder December 2015

State of Oregon
Building Codes Division

Better Buildings for Oregon

Fast Facts:

- Oregon has 131 municipalities that administer the State Building Code.
- Permits are required for construction, reconstruction, alteration, and repair of structures and buildings.
- Fees collected must be used for the administration and enforcement of a building inspection program (ORS 455.210 (3) (c)).
- Within the municipalities, a wide variety of names have been given to items on permits requiring inspections.
- Municipalities must collect and remit surcharges either monthly or quarterly depending jurisdiction population.
- Surcharge fees are calculated by taking the total permit fee x .12 (12%).

Contact: Richard Rogers Chief Building Official richard.rogers@oregon.gov 503-378-4472

State of Oregon Permit Surcharge

When is the State Surcharge fee added to a permit?

A State surcharge fee of 12% is applied to all building permit types issued in the state of Oregon. Permits are issued any time a construction activity under the state building code is authorized and will be inspected.

Items on permits that must include State Surcharge:

- Electrical (including services)
- Mechanical (including components)
- Plumbing (including fixtures)
- Structural permits
- Manufactured Dwellings and Recreational-Park Trailer placement and/or installation
- New minor and bulk labels or replacement labels
- Boiler permits
- Elevator permits (includes reconnections to power)
- Prefabricated Component and Recreational Vehicle Insignias
- Prefabricated Building Components
- Re-inspections
- Investigative fees charged when construction has started prior to obtaining a permit
- Hourly and half hourly rates *(in lieu of standard permit fees for inspections)*
- Specially requested inspections or evaluations
- Inspections requested by a government agency under ORS 190
- Additional inspection fees or hourly rates
- Inspection for which no fee is specified
- Any fee charged to activate (open) an expired permit, which will result in an inspection
- Minimum or base fees
- Master permit or industrial plant inspections (includes yearly master permit renewal, and cost of inspection, report writing time and per diem costs)
- Retention of permit fees (*Permit issued with some inspections completed. Jurisdiction retains a % permit fees according to % of inspections performed. Surcharge is paid on % of fees retained*)



DIVISION 50 MUNICIPAL ADMINISTRATION

918-050-0000

Purpose and Scope

Division 50 provides administrative procedures for use in all regions of the state and, where applicable, to specified regions of the state. These rules address a uniform methodology for arriving at building permit and inspection fees to provide consistency in fee calculation. Where a permitted item is not covered by the methodology in these rules, a municipality may either, develop a reasonable permit fee, or calculate a fee using a similar program area's methodology. These rules do not supersede or repeal the existing provisions of the state building code and related rules. These rules become effective on January 1, 2009.

Stat. Auth.: ORS 455.048 & 455.055

Stat. Implemented: ORS 455.046 & 455.055

Hist.: BCD 8-2000, f. 6-15-00, cert. ef. 7-1-00; BCD 31-2005, f. 12-30-05, cert. ef. 1-1-06; BCD 27-2008, f. 12-12-08, cert. ef. 1-1-09

918-050-0010

Definitions

Terms not specifically defined will have the meanings given in the state building code.

(1) "Administrative fees" refers to fees assessed by a municipality to cover costs of administering and enforcing the building code apart from inspection and plan review services. Surcharges, assessed as part of the cost of doing business within a municipality and that are assessed without regard to whether the municipal action relates to the administration of the building code, are not administrative fees for the purposes of these rules.

(2) "Tri-county region" or "Tri-county regional" refers to the geographical area that includes Clackamas, Multnomah, and Washington counties.

Stat. Auth.: ORS 455.020 & 455.055

Stat. Implemented: ORS 455.020 & 455.055

Hist.: BCD 8-2000, f. 6-15-00, cert. ef. 7-1-00; BCD 20-2003, f. 12-31-03, cert. ef. 1-1-04; BCD 31-2005, f. 12-30-05, cert. ef. 1-1-06; BCD 27-2008, f. 12-12-08, cert. ef. 1-1-09

918-050-0020

Standard Statewide Application Forms

(1) A municipality must use standard permit applications containing at least the minimum content required by the division.

(2) All municipalities within the Tri-County region shall use intake checklist forms approved by the division

(3) The division shall consider for adoption proposed amendments to the standard application and intake checklist forms.

(a) Proposals for amendment to the application forms must include:

(A) The existing unamended form(s);

(B) The form(s) containing the appropriate amendments; and

(C) A brief explanation of the need for the amendments.

(b) Proposals to amend the approved forms must be filed with the division no later than February 1 or August 1.

(c) The division will notify all municipalities and interested parties of the division's determination regarding proposed amendments and provide copies of the amended form(s).

(d) Any form changes will be effective in all regional municipalities on July 1 or January 1 following adoption.

Stat. Auth.: ORS 455.048 & 455.055

Stat. Implemented: ORS 455.046 & 455.055

Hist.: BCD 8-2000, f. 6-15-00, cert. ef. 7-1-00; BCD 20-2003, f. 12-31-03, cert. ef. 1-1-04; BCD 31-2005, f. 12-30-05, cert. ef. 1-1-06; BCD 27-2008, f. 12-12-08, cert. ef. 1-1-09

918-050-0030

Standard Tri-County Regional Processes

All jurisdictions within the Tri-County region shall use uniform processes for permit application, plan review, permit issuance, and recording inspections as approved by the division, including, but not limited to:

(1) Minor labels;

(2) Issuing permits when no plan review is required;

(3) Recording inspections;

(4) Partial permits;

(5) Deferred submittals;

(6) Over-the-counter permits that require plan review; and

(7) Plan review issue resolution.

Stat. Auth.: ORS455.048

Stat. Implemented: ORS 455.046

Hist.: BCD 8-2000, f. 6-15-00, cert. ef. 7-1-00; BCD 31-2005, f. 12-30-05, cert. ef. 1-1-06; BCD 27-2008, f. 12-12-08, cert. ef. 1-1-09

Uniform Fee Methodology

918-050-0100

Statewide Fee Methodologies for Residential and Commercial Permits

(1) Residential construction permit fees shall be calculated using the following methodologies:

(a) A plumbing permit fee for new construction includes one kitchen and is based on the number of bathrooms, from one to three, on a graduated scale. An additional set fee shall be assessed for each additional bath or kitchen.

(A) No additional fee shall be charged for the first 100 feet of water and sewer lines, hose bibbs, icemakers, underfloor low-point drains, and rain drain packages that include the piping, gutters, downspouts, and perimeter system.

(B) The plumbing permit fee described in this section does not include:

(i) Any storm water retention/detention facility;

(ii) Irrigation and fire suppression systems; or

(iii) Additional water, sewer and service piping or private storm drainage systems exceeding the first 100 feet.

(C) Permit fees for an addition, alteration, or repair shall be calculated based on the number of fixtures, appurtenances, and piping, with a set minimum fee.

(b) A mechanical permit fee shall be calculated per appliance and related equipment, with a set minimum fee.

(c) Effective January 1, 2009, a structural permit fee for new construction and additions shall be calculated using the ICC Building Valuation Data Table current as of April 1 of each year, multiplied by the square footage of the dwelling to determine the valuation. The valuation shall then be applied to the municipality's fee schedule to determine the permit fee. The plan review fee shall be based on a predetermined percentage of the permit fee set by the municipality.

(A) The square footage of a dwelling, addition, or garage shall be determined from outside exterior wall to outside exterior wall for each level.

(B) The square footage of a carport, covered porch, patio, or deck shall be calculated separately at fifty percent of the value of a private garage from the ICC Building Valuation Data Table current as of April 1.

(C) Permit fees for an alteration or repair shall be calculated based on the fair market value as determined by the building official, and then applying the valuation to the municipality's fee schedule.

(2) Commercial construction permit fees shall be calculated using the following methodologies:

(a) A plumbing permit fee shall be calculated based on the number of fixtures and footage of piping, with a set minimum fee.

(b) A mechanical permit fee shall be calculated based on the value of the mechanical equipment and installation costs and applied to the municipality's fee schedule with a set minimum fee.

(c) A structural permit fee shall be calculated by applying the valuation to the municipality's fee schedule with a minimum set fee. Valuation shall be the greater of either:

(A) The valuation based on the ICC Building Valuation Data Table current as of April 1 of each year, using the occupancy and construction type as determined by the building official, multiplied by the square footage of the structure; or

(B) The value as stated by the applicant.

(C) When the construction or occupancy type does not fit the ICC Building Valuation Data Table, the valuation shall be determined by the building official with input from the applicant.

Stat. Auth.: ORS 455.048 & 455.055

Stat. Implemented: ORS 455.046 & 455.055

Hist.: BCD 9-2000, f. 6-15-00, cert. ef. 10-1-00; BCD 31-2005, f. 12-30-05, cert. ef. 1-1-06; BCD 5-2007, f. 5-11-07, cert. ef. 7-1-07; BCD 27-2008, f. ef.12-12-08, cert. ef. 1-1-09; BCD 7-2009, f. 9-30-09, cert. ef. 10-1-09

918-050-0110

Fees and Fee Schedules

(1) A municipality may develop its fee schedule in any reasonable manner to provide for the administration and enforcement of the building code program.

(2) Administrative fees assessed by a municipality to cover administration and enforcement shall be incorporated into a municipality's fee schedule or into the cost of an individual permit item as appropriate. Changes to a municipality's fee schedule must be adopted in accordance with OAR 918-020-0220.

(3) The plan review fees shall be based on a predetermined percentage of the permit fee set by the municipality.

Stat. Auth.: ORS 455.048, 455.055, & 455.210

Stat. Implemented: ORS 455.046, 455.055, & 455.210 Hist.: BCD 9-2000, f. 6-15-00, cert. ef. 10-1-00; BCD 31-2005, f. 12-30-05, cert. ef. 1-1-06; BCD 5-2007, f. 5-11-07, cert. ef. 7-1-07; BCD 27-2008, f. 12-12-08, cert. ef 1-1-09

918-050-0120

Statewide Fee Methodologies for Electrical Permits

An electrical permit fee shall be calculated based on the categories, procedures, and requirements established in OAR 918-309-0020 to 918-309-0070. A set minimum fee may be established.

Stat. Auth.: ORS 455.048, 455.055 & 479.870

Stat. Implemented: ORS 455.046, 455.055 & 479.870

Hist.: BCD 9-2000, f. 6-15-00, cert. ef. 10-1-00; BCD 31-2005, f. 12-30-05, cert. ef. 1-1-06; BCD 27-2008, f. 12-12-08, cert. ef. 1-1-09

918-050-0130

Statewide Fee Methodologies for Manufactured Home Siting Permits

(1) A municipality shall charge a single fee for the installation and setup of manufactured homes. This fee shall include the concrete slab, runners or foundations when they comply with the prescriptive requirements of the **Oregon Manufactured Dwelling and Park Specialty Code**, electrical feeder and plumbing connections and all cross-over connections.

(2) Decks, other accessory structures and foundations that do not comply with the prescriptive requirements of the **Oregon Manufactured Dwelling and Park Specialty Code**, utility connections beyond 30 lineal feet, new electrical services or additional branch circuits, new plumbing, and other such items that fall under the building code may require separate permits.

(3) When a municipality has reason to believe that the existing electrical service to a manufactured dwelling may be unsafe or inadequate, the municipality may require a separate permit to inspect the electrical service.

[Publications: Publications referenced are available from the agency.]

Stat. Auth.: ORS 455.048 & 455.055

Stat. Implemented: ORS 455.046 & 455.055

Hist.: BCD 9-2000, f. 6-15-00, cert. ef. 10-1-00; BCD 26-2000(Temp), f. 10-4-00, cert. ef. 1-1-01 thru 6-29-01; BCD 31-2000, f. 12-27-00, cert. ef. 1-1-01; BCD 31-2005, f. 12-30-05, cert. ef. 1-1-06; BCD 27-2008, f. 12-12-08, cert. ef. 1-1-09

918-050-0140

Statewide Fee Methodology for Residential Fire Suppression Systems

Stand-alone and multipurpose fire suppression system permit fees shall each be calculated as separate flat fees based on the square footage of the structure with graduated rates for dwellings with 0 to 2000 square feet, 2001 to 3600 square feet, 3601 to 7200 square feet, and 7201 square feet and greater. The permit fee shall be sufficient to cover the costs of inspection and plan review.

Stat. Auth.: ORS 455.048 & 455.055

Stat. Implemented: ORS 455.046 & 455.055

Hist.: BCD 19-2001, f. 12-21-01, cert. ef. 4-1-02; BCD 31-2005, f. 12-30-05, cert. ef. 1-1-06; BCD 27-2008, f. 12-12-08, cert. ef. 1-1-09