LAKE GROVE WATER DISTRICT

Lake Oswego, Oregon

AUDIT REPORT

for the Fiscal Years

JUNE 30, 2018 and 2017

Prepared By
SIGNE GRIMSTAD
Certified Public Accountant
530 NW 3rd, Suite E
PO Box 1930
Newport, Oregon 97365

COMMISSIONERS

Chairperson Virgil Pearce

4951 SW Oakridge

Lake Oswego, OR 97035

Secretary/Treasurer Colin Luther

16065 SW Kimball St.

Lake Oswego, OR 97035

Commissioner Dan Taylor

16666 Roosevelt Ave. Lake Oswego, OR 97035

Commissioner Larry Kitchen

16173 Bonaire

Lake Oswego, OR 97035

Commissioner JD Pavek

16737 Roosevelt

Lake Oswego, OR 97035

ADMINISTRATORS AND ATTORNEY

District Manager

Tammy Schalk

Attorney

Clark Balfour 1001 SW 5th Ave, Suite 2000 Portland, OR 97204

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GRIMSTAD & ASSOCIATES

Certified Public Accountants

Newport Office: P.O. Box 1930 530 N.W. 3rd St. Ste E Newport, OR 97365 (541) 265-5411 Fax (541) 265-9255 info@grimstad-assoc.com

Lincoln City Office: 1349 N.W. 15th Street Lincoln City, OR 97367 (541) 994-5252 Fax (541) 994-2105

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Commissioners Lake Grove Water District Lake Oswego, Oregon

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities of Lake Grove Water District (District) as of and for the years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on my audit. I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, I express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinion.

Members: AICPA OSCPA & OAIA

Opinion

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities of Lake Grove Water District as of June 30, 2018 and 2017, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Government Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. I have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to my inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge I obtained during my audit of the basic financial statements. I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the management's discussion and analysis because the limited procedures do not provide me with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise Lake Grove Water District's basic financial statements. The budget to actual schedules and reconciliation to net position are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplemental budget to actual schedules and reconciliation to net position are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In my opinion, the budget to actual schedules and reconciliation to net position are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Oregon State Regulations

In accordance with the Minimum Standards Audit of Oregon Municipal Corporations, I have issued my report dated December 7, 2018 on my consideration of Lake Grove Water District's compliance with certain laws and regulations, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of my testing of compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on compliance.

Signe Grinstad

Certified Public Accountant

Newport, Oregon December 7, 2018

Lake Grove Water District Management Discussion and Analysis

This Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is presented by the management of Lake Grove Water District. The narrative overview is intended to assist readers of our financial statements for fiscal year 2017-18, ending June 30, 2018, providing an overview and analysis of the highlights of these statements.

Financial Highlights

- ❖ Total assets of the District was \$3,143,297. This includes capital assets of \$1,359,475 (net of accumulated depreciation), and current assets of \$1,783,822 at June 30, 2018.
- The assets of the District exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$3,011,309 (net position). Of this amount, \$1,145,976 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations. Restricted \$505,858 is for system development.
- ❖ Total liabilities were \$131,988, down \$19,431 from June 30, 2017.
- The District's net position increased by \$228,257 from June 30, 2017.
- ❖ Total operating profit for the fiscal year 2017-2018 was \$228,257, compared to a profit of \$231,739 the prior fiscal year.
- ❖ Total operating expenses for the fiscal year 2017-2018 were \$1,099,898, up 1.6% from the prior fiscal year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

Lake Grove Water District is a self-supporting entity and follows enterprise fund reporting. Accordingly, the financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components; 1) Statement of Net Position, 2) Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position, and 3) Statement of Cash Flows. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

The Statement of Net Position presents the current and long-term portions of assets and liabilities separately and may provide a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating if viewed over time. This statement includes all of the District's assets and liabilities, and provides information about the nature and amounts of investments in resources (assets) and the obligations of the District's creditors (liabilities). The Statement of Net Position also provides the basis for evaluating the capital structure of the District and assessing its liquidity and financial flexibility.

The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position presents information showing profitability and credit worthiness as well as how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. This statement shows income and expenses from operations, non-operating revenues and expenses, and reconciles the change from one fiscal year to the next. This statement measures the success of the District's operations over the past year and can be used to determine whether the District has successfully recovered all of its costs through user fees and other charges.

The Statement of Cash Flows is prepared using the direct method and is concerned solely with input and outlay of cash from operating activities, non-capital financing, capital and related financing activities and investing activities. This statement also includes reconciliation to the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position. The primary purpose of this statement is to provide information about the District's cash receipts and cash payments during the reporting period. It answers such questions as where did the cash come from, what was the cash used for, and what was the change in cash balance during the reporting period.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data in the financial statements.

Financial Analysis

Over time, net position may serve as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. In Lake Grove Water District's case, assets exceeded liabilities by \$3,011,309 at the close of the most recent fiscal year, an increase of \$228,257 from the prior fiscal year.

The largest portion of the District's net position (45.14%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, equipment, reservoirs and pipelines). The District uses these assets to provide services to rate payers; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending.

An additional portion of the District's net position (16.80%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position (38.06%) may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations to ratepayers and creditors.

Statement of Net Position

Current assets Capital assets	2018 \$ 1,783,822 1,359,475	2017 \$ 1,475,643 1,419,966	<u>Difference</u> \$ 308,178 (60,491)	% <u>Change</u> 20.88% (4.26%)
Total assets	3,143,297	2,895,609	247,688	8.50%
Current liabilities	131,988	112,557	<u>19,431</u>	<u> 17.26%</u>
Net invested in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	1,359,475 505,858 <u>1,145,976</u>	1,419,966 464,685 898,401	(60,491) 41,173 <u>247,575</u>	(4.26%) 8.80% <u>27.56%</u>
Total net position	<u>\$ 3,011,309</u>	<u>\$ 2.783,052</u>	<u>\$ 228.257</u>	<u>8.20%</u>

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

	2018	2017	2018-17 <u>Difference</u>	% <u>Change</u>
Operating Revenues Water sales Other services	\$ 1,256,085 <u>8,020</u>	\$ 1,274,612 8,738	\$ 18,527 <u>718</u>	1.45% 8.22%
Total operating revenues	1,264,105	1,283,350	(19,245)	7.00%
Operating Expenses				
Personnel services	191,490	216,327	(24,837)	(11.48%)
Materials and services	840,019	796,478	43,541	5.47%
Depreciation	68,389	69,093	(704)	(1.02%)
Total operating expenses	1,099,898	1,081,898	18,000	<u>1.66%</u>
Operating Income (Loss)	164,207	201,452	(37,245)	<u>(18.49%)</u>
Nonoperating Revenues (Expe	enses)			
Interest income	19,926	11,267	8,659	76.85%)
System Dev. fees & review fees	44,124	19,020	25,104	13.29%
Total nonoperating reve- nues (expenses)	64,050	30,287	<u>33,763</u>	<u>111.48%</u>
Changes in Net Position	228,257	231,739	(3,482)	(1.50%)
Net Position - Beg. of year	2,783,052	2,551,313	231,739	9.08%
Net Position – End of year	<u>\$.3.011,309</u>	\$ 2,783,052	<u>\$ 228,257</u>	8.20%

2018 Operating Profit

The District's operating profit a difference of \$(3,482).

The District implemented increases in water rates in the middle of last fiscal year, with the first full-year effects reported here for June of 2018. Offsetting the positive effect of higher rates was reduced water sales; by volume down approximately 6 percent. This was likely the result of conservation by District customers in response to higher water prices. However, predominately due to higher rates, water service revenue increased over 12 percent from the prior year. This higher revenue was offset by an approximate 14 percent increase in water cost to the District, even though the volume of water purchased decreased by about 6 percent. The net result was that water service revenue exceeded the cost of purchased water by \$839,193 this year versus \$701,410 last year, overall accounting for about 44% of the difference between this year's operating profit and last year's loss.

In addition to the above, a lessor amount of the operating income difference can be attributed to reduced payroll expense. Personnel services expense in fiscal 2016 was higher due to the situation described earlier, but this expense for 2017 compares favorably to many prior fiscal years. The personnel services expense this year (\$216,327) was well below that of fiscal years 2015 (\$249,582), 2014 (\$271,381), and 2013 (\$244,294). The District invested in a specialized software application for customer billing. This application interfaces more

directly with the data provided by wireless meter reading software and provides efficiencies to the most timeconsuming functions performed by the District's employees

Non-operating and interest income was \$44,124 and \$19,026, respectively.

Financial Condition

The District's financial condition remained consistent with the previous year with adequate liquid assets for ongoing operations at a level necessary to meet demand and a reasonable level of unrestricted net position.

Capital Asset

The District's investment in capital assets as of June 30, 2018, amounts to over \$1.4 million (net of depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, reservoirs, pipelines, sample stations, and equipment. The District's net investment in capital assets decreased during the current fiscal year by \$60,491, representing depreciation expenses.

Debt

The District has no outstanding debt.

District Governance and Board Resolutions

The Board adopted three resolutions during the fiscal year.

- Resolution 2017-05 Amending water system development charges and repealing and replacing resolution No. 2017-04. To take effect July 17, 2017.
- Resolution 2018-01 A resolution adopting and amending Lake Grove Water District Water System Standards. To take effect January 15, 2018.
- Resolution 2018-02 Adopted on June 18, 2018 a total budget of \$3,286,583 for fiscal year 2018-19.
 The budget can be viewed on the District's website at: www.lakegrovewater.com under the tab labeled Reports/FAQ.
- Resolution 2018-03 Adopting and amending Lake Grove Water District personnel policies. To take effect June 18, 2018.

Operations

Meter Upgrades

Over the last several years the District has been upgrading customer meters by replacing them with new versions capable of being read automatically via wireless transmission. This not only saves manual effort and cost but provides more accurate billing information with speed. The District, at year's end, had approximately 95 percent of the meters converted.

Water Loss

The District's water loss for fiscal 2017-18 is estimated to be between 9.0 and 10.0 percent. This is consistent with estimates of prior years. Data provided by the SCADA (supervisor control and data acquisition) system that was brought online last fiscal year and the inclusion of known water loses in calculations will allow the District to calculate this metric more accurately in future years.

Economic Factors

Overview

The District comprises the area lying between the City of Lake Oswego to the North and East; Cities of Rivergrove and Tualatin and the Rivergrove Water District to the South; and Interstate 5 and the City of Tigard to the West. Most of the structures and land uses in the District are single family residential. Older residential properties are generally on larger wooded lots, while newer homes are usually built on subdivided lots. This trend is resulting in a slow rise in density within the District.

The District has approximately 1,370 customer accounts, about 1,260 of which are residential and they produce close to 60% of operating revenue. The remaining commercial accounts are less than 10% of the total but generate around 40% of operating revenue. Although commercial accounts use much more water per property, on average and as expected, most of the District's revenue come from the residential customer.

Economy and Weather

The District does not have the resources to independently make economic or weather forecasts. The District could be characterized as a suburb of Portland with above average per capita income. With most of the District's water going to residential customers, unless there is a significant economic downturn, water sales continue and are highest in the summer months, particularly July and August. In the future, the weather may have a larger impact on water usage than the economy. It is too soon to tell but the Board, along with other Portland area water providers, is trying to determine if changing weather patterns will cause system users to place higher demands for water at different times of the year. This may have an impact on water sales and peaking charges. It is too soon to tell.

There are a few development projects underway, primarily residential. Several will be completed in fiscal year 2017-18 resulting in new customers for the District. If the City of Lake Oswego proceeds with the Lower Boones Ferry Road Project, the road improvements could cause some commercial redevelopment.

Requests for Information

The financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Lake Grove Water District's finances for all those with an interest in the District's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the Finance Officer, Lake Grove Water District, PO Box 1173, Lake Oswego, Oregon 97035.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS as of June 30, 2018 and 2017

	2018	2017
ASSETS		
Current assets Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1.636.184	\$ 1.303.949
Accounts receivable	\$ 1,636,184 105,497	\$ 1,303,949 153,817
Prepaid expenses and deposits	11,692	10,345
Inventory	30,449	7,532
mventory		7,002
Total current assets	1,783,822	1,475,643
Noncurrent assets		
Land	8,457	8,457
Capital assets, net of depreciation	<u>1,351,018</u>	<u>1,411,509</u>
Total noncurrent assets	1,359,475	1,419,966
Total assets	3,143,297	2,895,609
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable	112,455	71,054
Payroll liabilities	(1,075)	5,793
Accrued compensated absences	5,906	7,276
Deposits	14,702	<u>28,434</u>
Total current liabilities	131,988_	112,557

NET POSITION		
Net invested in capital assets	1,359,475	1,419,966
Restricted for System Development	505,858	464,685
Unrestricted	<u>1,145,976</u>	<u>898,401</u>
Total net position	\$ 3,011,309	<u>\$ 2,783,052</u>

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS for the Years Ended June 30, 2018 and 2017

	2018	2017
OPERATING REVENUES		
Water service	\$ 1,256,085	\$ 1,274,612
Other service fees	8,020	<u>8,738</u>
Total operating revenues	1,264,105	1,283,350
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Maintenance and repairs	83,385	78,737
Water purchases	489,964	435,419
Professional services	64,793	58,550
General and administrative	288,262	323,154
Contract services	105,105	116,945
Depreciation	<u>68,389</u>	69,093
Total operating expenses	1,099,898	1,081,898
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	164,207	201,452
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		
Interest income	19,926	11,267
System development and review fees	44,124	19,020
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	64,050	30,287
Changes in net position	228,257	231,739
NET POSITION - Beginning of year	2,783,052	2,551,313
NET POSITION - End of year	<u>\$ 3,011,309</u>	<u>\$ 2,783,052</u>

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS for the Years Ended June 30, 2018 and 2017

	-	2018		2017
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash received from customers Cash paid to suppliers	\$	1,304,405 (845,069)	\$	1,274,174 (905,701)
Cash paid to employees		(183,252)		(208,462)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		276,084		160,011
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
System development and review fees Acquisition and construction of capital assets		44,124 (7,899)		19,020 (62,609)
Net cash provided (used) by financing activities		36,225		(43,589)

CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest earned on investments	-	19,926		11,267
Net increase (decrease) by cash and cash equivalents		332,235		127,689
Cash and cash equivalents - Beg. of year (restricted \$464,685, \$493,399)	•	1,303,949		1,176,260
Cash and cash equivalents - End of year (restricted \$505,858, \$464,685)	\$	1,636,184	\$	1,303,949
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Operating income (loss)	\$	164,207	\$	201,452
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities				
Depreciation		68,389		69,093
(Increase) decrease in operating assets		40.000		(0.470)
Accounts receivable		48,320		(9,176)
Prepaids		(1,347)		(857)
Inventory Increase (decrease) in operating liabilities		(22,917)		2,579
Accounts payable		44 400		(400 402)
Accounts payable Accrued expenses	•	41,402		(108,183) 7,865
Customer deposits		(8,238) (13,732)		(2,762)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	<u>\$</u>	276,084	<u>\$</u>	.160,011

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS as of June 30, 2018

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Lake Grove Water District (District) prepares its financial statements in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (statements and interpretations).

Reporting Entity

The Lake Grove Water District is a municipal corporation and therefore is exempt from federal taxes. It operates under the laws of the State of Oregon as a water district. There are five Commissioners elected for terms of four years.

There are various other governmental agencies and special service districts which provide services within the District's boundaries. However, the District is not financially accountable for any of these entities and accordingly their financial information is not included in these financial statements.

Basis of Accounting and Presentation

Lake Grove Water District is considered to be a single enterprise similar to a commercial entity for financial reporting purposes. Accordingly, these financial statements are maintained on the flow of economic resources measurement focus using the accrual basis of accounting utilizing accounting principles applicable to commercial enterprises. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when liabilities are incurred.

Governmental financial statements generally include both government-wide and fund financial statements. However, the District is a special-purpose government engaged only in business-type activities and such organizations present only the financial statements required for enterprise funds.

Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain District functions or activities. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The various funds are grouped in the financial statements of this report into one proprietary fund.

Deposits and Investments

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. For purposes of the statement of cash flows, all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased are considered to be cash equivalents.

The District's investment policies are governed by Oregon statutes. The statutes authorize the District to invest primarily in general obligations of the U.S. Government and its agencies, certain bonded obligations of Oregon municipalities, bank repurchase agreements, bankers' acceptances, high-grade commercial paper and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP). See Note 3.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS as of June 30, 2018

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Accounts Receivable

Uncollected water receivables are deemed to be substantially collectible or recoverable through liens; therefore, no allowance for uncollectible has been established.

Inventory

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost or market, using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method.

Restricted Assets

Restricted assets represents those funds set aside for system development. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Capital Assets

All purchased capital assets are valued at cost where historical records are available and at an estimated historical cost where no historical records exist. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair value on the date received. Capital assets are defined in the District's capitalization policy as having a historic cost or value in excess of \$500 and an estimated useful life greater than one year. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets, as applicable.

Interest is capitalized on proprietary fund assets acquired with tax-exempt debt. The amount of interest to be capitalized is calculated by offsetting interest expense incurred from the date of the borrowing until completion of the project with interest earned on invested proceeds over the same period.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives.

	<u>Years.</u>
Plant and Sanitary System	50
Equipment	3 - 15

Interfund Transactions

Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund are recorded as expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenses in the fund that is reimbursed.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS as of June 30, 2018

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Interfund Transactions

All other interfund transactions are reported as transfers. Nonrecurring or nonroutine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. All other interfund transfers are reported as operating transfers.

Transactions between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "interfund receivables/payables" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Net Position

Investment in capital assets, net of related debt, consists of all capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding debt that is attributable to the acquisition, construction and improvement of those assets. Debt related to unspent proceeds or other restricted cash and investments is excluded from the determination. Restricted net assets consists of external constraints placed thereon by parties, such as lenders, grantors, contributors, laws, regulations and enabling legislation, including self-imposing legal mandates. Unrestricted consists of all other net assets not included in the above categories.

Operating Revenues, Non-Operating Revenues and Operating Expenses

The District has defined operating revenues to include all service charges and other applicable charges for services directly attributable to providing water service. Operating expenses are those expenses directly related to providing the services reflected within operating revenues including depreciation and amortization.

All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses. This includes investment interest, capital contributions, and gain (loss) on sale of capital assets.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budget Law and Practice

Pursuant to Oregon Local Budget Law, Oregon Revised Statutes Chapter 294.305 through 294.770, the District manages its operations through fund accounting. An operating budget is adopted prior to each fiscal year for all funds. The budget is adopted on the modified accrual basis. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when they become susceptible to accrual (measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period). Expenses are generally recognized when the related liability has been incurred. The exception is interest on general long-term debt, which is recognized when due.

The Board adopts the budget and by resolution makes appropriations by major functional categories for all funds for the next fiscal year. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year, June 30.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS as of June 30, 2018

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY - Continued

Budget Law and Practice

Major functional categories identify the legal level of budgetary control above which expenditures are not authorized. The major functional categories are personnel services, materials and services, capital outlay, debt service, interfund transfers, and operating contingency. The Board of Directors may select a lower level of appropriations than the budget committee in which case the legal level of appropriation is stated in the appropriation resolution. The expenditure budget for the year is adopted through the appropriation resolution and only the Board may adjust appropriations.

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Cash, cash equivalents and investments as of June 30, are classified in the accompanying Statement of Net Position as follows:

	Balance	Unrestricted	Restricted_
June 30, 2018	\$ 1,636,184	\$ 1,130,326	\$ 505,858
June 30, 2017	<u>\$ 1,303,949</u>	\$ 839,264	\$ 464,685

Cash, cash equivalents and investments as of June 30 consist of the following:

	2018		2017	
Cash on hand	\$	200	\$	200
Deposits financial institution	483	,624	24	46,274
Investments - external pool	1,152	.360	1,0	57,475
Total cash & investments	<u>\$1,636</u>	<u>,184</u>	<u>\$1,3</u>	<u> 803,949</u>

Deposits

At the end of the fiscal year, the District's total deposits with financial institutions have a bank value of \$526,722. Deposits represent checking and money market.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. As required by Oregon Revised Statues, deposits in excess of federal depository insurance were held at qualified depositories for public funds. All qualified depositories for public funds are included in the multiple financial institution collateral pool that is maintained by and in the name of the Office of the State Treasurer. As a result the District has no exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits with financial institutions.

Investments - External Pool

As of June 30 the District held the following investment:

	rair
	Value
Local Government Investment Pool - 2018	\$1,152,360
Local Government Investment Pool - 2017	1,057,475

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS as of June 30, 2018

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - Continued

Investments

The Oregon State Treasurer maintains the Oregon Short Term Fund (OSTF), of which the Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) is a part. Participation by local governments is voluntary. The State of Oregon investment policies are governed by statute and the Oregon Investment Council. In accordance with Oregon statutes, funds are invested as a prudent investor would do, exercising reasonable care, skill and caution. LGIP was created to offer a short-term investment alternative to Oregon local governments and it is not registered with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission. The investments are regulated by the OSTF and approved by the Oregon Investment Council. At the end of the fiscal year, the fair value of the District's deposits with the LGIP approximately equals the value of the pool shares. The OSTF financial statements are available at http://ost.state.or.us.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit risk

Oregon Statutes limit investments to general obligations of U.S. government and its agencies, certain bonded obligations of Oregon municipalities, bank repurchase agreements, high-grade commercial paper and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool. The District has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

Concentration of credit risk

Currently, the District's only investment is in the State of Oregon's Local Government Investment Pool. The District places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer.

NOTE 4 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30 consist of the following:

	<u>2018</u>	<u> 2017 </u>
Accounts Receivable	<u>\$ 105,497</u>	<u>\$ 153,817</u>

Bad debts are written off as incurred, therefore, there is no allowance for uncollectible receivables.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS as of June 30, 2018

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2018:

	7/01 <u>Balance</u>	Increases	Decreases	6/30 Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated Land	\$ 8,457	\$ 0	_ \$ 0	\$ 8,457
Laria				Y
Capital assets being depreciated				
Land improvements	122,843	Q	0	122,843
Water system	2,843,680	0	0	2,843,680
Equipment	<u>30,934</u>	7,899	0	38,833
Total capital assets		-		
being depreciated	2,997,457	7,899	0	3,005,356
Accumulated depreciation				
Land improvements	39,316	7,094	0	46,411
Water system	1,529,475	56,797	0	1,586,272
Equipment	17,157	4,497	0	<u>21,654</u>
Total accum, depreciation	1,585,948	68,389	0	1,654,336
Total depreciable, net	1,411,509	(60,490)	0	1,351,019
Capital assets, net	<u>\$1,419,966</u>	\$ <u>(60,490</u>)	\$0	<u>\$1,359,475</u>

Depreciation expense was \$68,389 for 2018 and \$69,093 for 2017.

NOTE 6 - LEASE COMMITMENTS

The District has a lease agreement for office space. Rental expense was \$31,230 and \$36,771 for the fiscal years 2018 and 2017 respectively. Minimum future rental payments are as follows:

Year End	<u>Balance</u>				
2019	\$ 32,087				
2020	33,050				
2021	2,802				
Total	\$ 67,939				

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS as of June 30, 2018

NOTE 7 - OTHER INFORMATION

Commitments and Contingencies

An urban service agreement with the City of Lake Oswego (City) contains provisions for annexation of the District's service area. In the event of annexation, all assets, liabilities, and functions of the District will be assumed by the City and the District will terminate. Annexation is subject to the approval of the voters within the District and the City. As of the date of this report, annexation proceedings had not been initiated.

Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; torts; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The District purchases commercial insurance for such risks. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Management is not aware of any pending litigation involving the District.

Evaluation of Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through December 7, 2018, the date on which the financial statements were available to be issued.

LAKE GROVE WATER DISTRICT

Lake Oswego, Oregon

SUPPLEMENTAL SECTION

DESCRIPTION OF BUDGETARY FUNDS

Pursuant to the provisions of Oregon Revised Statute, an individual schedule of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances requires budget and actual be displayed for each fund where legally adopted budgets are required.

Budgetary comparison schedules include the following funds:

General Fund

The fund is used to account for the financial resources of the District that are not accounted for in any other fund. Principal source of revenue is from water sales. Primary expenditures are for water purchase, system maintenance and general administration.

System Development Fund

The fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of water systems. The primary revenue source is system development charges.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL for the Year Ended June 30, 2018

GENERAL FUND

REVENUES	Original Budget			Final Budget		Actual		Variance	
Water service	\$	1,400,000	\$	4 400 000	\$	1 256 005	\$	/4.42.045\	
Other service fees	Φ	11,100	Ф	1,400,000	Φ	1,256,085 6,442	Φ	(143,915)	
Interest		3,500		11,100 3,500		11,661		(4,658) 8,161	
Miscellaneous		3,500 1,506		3,500 1,506		1,578		72	
Miscellatieous		1,000		1,300		1,570_			
Total revenues		1,416,106		1,416,106	***************************************	1,275,766		(140,340)	
EXPENDITURES									
Personnel services		207,140		207,140		191,490		15,650	
Materials and services		1,086,950		1,088,470		836,702		251,768	
Contingency		100,000		98,480		0_		98,480_	
Total expenditures	n di di namba	1,394,090	***************************************	1,394,090		1,028,192		365,898	
Excess (def) of revenues									
over expenditures		22,016		22,016		247,574		225,558	
·		•		••		•		•	
Unappropriated ending fund balance		(893,749)		(893,749)		0		893,749	
FUND BALANCE - Beg. of year (Budget basis)		871,733		871,733		997,383	-	125,650	
FUND BALANCE - End of year (Budget basis)	<u>\$</u>	0	<u>\$</u>	0		1,244,957	<u>\$</u>	1,244,957	
GAAP ADJUSTMENTS - Reconciled to June 30, 2017 Capital asset activity		•				1,320,984			
Capital acquisitions						7,898			
Depreciation					~	(68,389)			
FUND BALANCE - End of year (GAAP)					<u>\$</u>	2,505,450			

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL for the Year Ended June 30, 2018

SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT FUND

DEVENUES		iginal and nal Budget		Actual	Variance	
REVENUES Interest income SDC revenue	\$	2,000 240,000	\$	8,265 44,124	\$	6,265 (195,876)
Total revenues		242,000	***************************************	52,389		(189,611)
EXPENDITURES Materials and services Contingency	ARCHITECTUL CO.	280,150 60,000	-	11,216 0		268,934 60,000
Total expenditures	**********	340,150	***************************************	11,216		328,934
Excess (def) of revenues over expenditures		(98,150)		41,173		139,323
Reserved for future expenditures		(366,728)		0		366,728
FUND BALANCE - Beg.of year (Budget basis)		464,878		464,685		(193)
FUND BALANCE - End of year (Budget basis)	\$	0	\$	505,858	\$	505,858

RECONCILIATION OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES (BUDGETARY BASIS) TO THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION for the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Total Revenues	Total Expenditures	Net		
Budgetary Basis General Fund System Development Fund	\$ 1,275,766 52,389	\$ 1,028,192 11,216	\$ 247,574 41,173		
Total budgetary basis	<u>\$ 1,328,155</u>	\$ 1,039,408	288,747		
Add (Deduct) Items to Reconcile to Net Income on a Financial Reporting Basis Capital asset activity Capital acquisitions Depreciation			7,899 (68,389)		
Change in net position			228,257		
NET POSITION - Beginning of year			2,783,052		
NET POSITION - End of year			<u>\$ 3,011,309</u>		

LAKE GROVE WATER DISTRICT

Lake Oswego, Oregon

COMPLIANCE SECTION.

GRIMSTAD & ASSOCIATES

Certified Public Accountants

Newport Office: P.O. Box 1930 530 N.W. 3rd St. Ste E Newport, OR 97365 (541) 265-5411 Fax (541) 265-9255 info@grimstad-assoc.com

Lincoln City Office: 1349 N.W. 15th Street Lincoln City, OR 97367 (541) 994-5252 Fax (541) 994-2105

INDÉPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT REQUIRED BY OREGON STATE REGULATIONS

Board of Commissioners Lake Grove Water District Lake Oswego, Oregon

I have audited the basic financial statements of the business-type activities of Lake Grove Water District (District) as of and for the years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued my report thereon dated December 7, 2018. I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District financial statements are free of material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-320 of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit and, accordingly, I do not express such an opinion.

I performed procedures to the extent I considered necessary to address the required comments and disclosures which included, but were not limited to the following:

- Accounting records and related internal control structure.
- Deposit of public funds with financial institutions (ORS Chapter 295).
- Indebtedness limitations, restrictions and repayment.
- Budgets legally required (ORS Chapter 294).
- Insurance and fidelity bonds in force or required by law.
- Authorized investment of surplus funds (ORS Chapter 294).
- Public contracts and purchasing (ORS Chapters 279A, 279B, 279C).
- Programs funded from outside sources.

In connection with my testing nothing came to my attention that caused me to believe the District was not in substantial compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-320 of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations.

Members: AICPA OSCPA & OAIA

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing my audit of the financial statements, I considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing my opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

My consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during my audit I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that I consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Purpose of this Report

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the management, the audit committee, Oregon Secretary of State Audits Division, and Board of Commissioners and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than those specified parties.

Signe Grimstad

Sertified Public Accountant

Newport, Oregon December 7, 2018