Dear Ms. Matzke,

I wish to express my support for the Oregon Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ) proposal to revise state water quality standards based on a fish consumption rate of 175 grams per day. A higher Fish Consumption Rate than is currently recognized by the state of Oregon will result in decreasing the levels of toxic pollution that are considered "allowable" in our rivers, lakes, and streams.

The proposed 175 grams per day fish consumption rate is based in part on a comprehensive study of the ceremonial and subsistence consumption habits of Native Americans who reside in, catch and consume fish within the Columbia River Basin. The results of the study prove that the consumption of twenty-three 8-oz servings of fish meals per month is a realistic value that represents the fish consumption habits of our people.

The importance of fish to the tribes cannot be overstated for the fishery resource is not only a major food source for tribal members'; it is also an integral part of our cultural, economic, and spiritual well-being. As ceremonial and subsistence fishers, we rely on the protection and enhancement of water quality to a level that is sufficient to protect our water and fish from harmful exposure to waterborne pollutants.

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Against The DEQ to adopt the new 175 gram per day fish country

Amuse Association and A

February 7, 2011

Andrea Matzke
Oregon DEQ
Water Quality Division
811 SW Sixth Ave.
Portland, OR 97204

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Sincerely,

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the land. We cannot live our cultural lifestyle in a damyse

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Sincerely,

Address

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Affiliation

Signature

February 7, 2011

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Notice Omenion, I Sish and

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Water Quality Division
811 SW Sixth Ave.
Portland, OR 97204

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Sincerely,
Henry Franzoni
Name 29975 E Meissner Rd
Address Deen Island OR 97054
Address C.R.J.T.F.C.
Affiliation Than MM
Signature

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I feel that the current estimated fish consumption rate is simply not sufficient to protect tribal peoples residing in the Columbia River Basin or other Oregonians that consume healthy amounts of fish. I urge the DEQ to adopt the new 175 gram per day fish consumption standard.

Sincerely,

Dale G. M' Cullough

Name
3345 Nw Ashland Dr. Braverton, OR 97206

Address

Address

Columbia Run Inter-Tombol 3 12h Commosion

Affiliation
Dale G. M' Cullough

Signature

For all of us who est more polynom than average, it us wery important to limit our intake of toxic demicals.

February 7, 2011

have grow up fishing all over Oregne, ocean, rivers, lokes + streams.

Andrea Matzke
Oregon DEQ
Water Quality Division
811 SW Sixth Ave.
Portland, OR 97204

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I feel that the current estimated fish consumption rate is simply not sufficient to protect tribal peoples residing in the Columbia River Basin or other Oregonians that consume healthy amounts of fish. I urge the DEQ to adopt the new 175 gram per day fish consumption standard.

	Sincerely
	Jen 11. 1050
	Name 3950 Su) 102 nd Aue # 99
	Address Bewerfm, of 97005
	Address
`	Affiliation LEA M. Foster
(Signature

Dear Miss Matzke,

I support the Oregon Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ) proposal to revise state water quality standards based on a fish consumption rate of 175 grams per day. A higher Fish Consumption Rate than is currently recognized by the state of Oregon will help to decrease the levels of toxic pollution that are currently "allowable" in our rivers, lakes, and streams. The current standard amounts to *environmental injustice*.

The proposed 175 grams per day fish consumption rate is based in part on a CRITFC comprehensive study of the ceremonial and subsistence eating habits of Native Americans who reside in, catch and eat fish in the Columbia River Basin. The results of the study prove that the consumption of 23 8-oz servings of fish per month is a realistic value that represents the fish consumption habits of Native peoples in this area.

The importance of fish to the tribes is multi-faceted: not only is the fishery resource a major food source for tribal members; it is also an integral part of their cultural, economic, and spiritual well-being. As ceremonial and subsistence fishers, they rely on the protection and enhancement of water quality to a level that is sufficient to protect water and fish from harmful exposure to waterborne pollutants.

I am not a tribal member, but have worked for a Native American science center for 12+ years. I am an academic researcher. I think that the current fish consumption rate will not protect tribal peoples living in the Columbia River Basin or other Oregonians that eat good amounts of fish (including myself). I urge the Oregon DEQ to adopt the new 175 gram per day fish consumption standard. Thank you for considering my views.

Sincerely,

Prof. Kyle Dittmer, M.Sc. Dept. of Science Marylhurst University POB 261 Marylhurst OR 97036-0261 Side note - I teach a geology class at MU (see attached). My field trip on vilvers does cover enviv. & Wa issues Velated to fish. - KD

Signature

MARYLHURST UNIVERSITY





PORTLAND ROCKS!



EXPLORING THE GROUND UNDER OUR FEET

This class will examine how the forces of the earth have built up, torn down, and reshaped the landscapes of the Portland area. The course will start with an introduction to geology and will help give meaningful interpretation of the local geology. Classroom lectures will alternate each week with field trips to local sites of geologic interest.

Instructor: Kyle Dittmer, email: kdittmer@mymail.marylhurst.edu, office: (503) 731-1314.

Spring Quarter 2011. Dates: Tuesday evenings. Time: 6:30 pm to 9:20 pm. First class starts on March 29, 2011.

Where: Flavia Hall - Room 102

3 credits, Learning Outcome NWB5. No prerequisites!

TOPICS

WEEK 1: Introduction to Physical Geology, Plate Tectonics, and Historical Geology.

WEEK 2: Volcanism. Sedimentary Rocks. History Channel Film - "Deepest Place on Earth"

WEEK 3: Field trip #1 (sedimentary geology) - Oregon Coast Range and Coast.

WEEK 4: Pacific Northwest Geology, Geologic History of Willamette Valley, Portland.

WEEK 5: Field trip #2 (regional volcanics) - Columbia River Gorge.

WEEK 6: Late Cenozoic Erosion and Deposition.

WEEK 7: Field trip #3 (Portland volcanoes) – Powell Butte, Rocky Butte, Rose City Golf Course, Mt. Tabor.

WEEK 8: Glacial History and Floods, Hydrology, the Geologic Future of Portland.

WEEK 9: Field trip #4 (hydrology) — Willamette at MU & Willamette Falls (OC), Clackamette Park, Johnson Creek.

WEEK10: Field trip #5 (hillslope and landslide failures)— Oregon Zoo, Washington Park, West Hills.

FORMAT:

Introductory lectures will be given on each major topic.

Five mandatory field trips and written trip reports.

Six Laboratory exercises – rocks & minerals, earthquakes, geo-time, topographic maps, stream channels, & stream table! Two mid-term exams and a Final exam.

REQUIRED TEXT BOOKS: Geology...an Introduction to Physical Geology, 4th Edition, by Chernicoff & Whitney.

MARYLHURST UNIVERSITY

A NEW COURSE OFFERED BY THE SCIENCE/MATH DEPARTMENT FOR SPRING QUARTER! © GEO 150/350: PORTLAND ROCKS!

The instructor is Kyle Dittmer, a Hydrologist and Meteorologist with the Columbia River Inter-Tribal Fish Commission in Portland. He was originally trained as a geologist in Washington. His enthusiastic, colorful, thought-provoking, and hands-on approach to learning is always popular with his students. Prof. Dittmer's faculty profile: http://www.marylhurst.edu/science/bio-kdittmer.php

February 8, 2011

Dear Ms. Matzke.

Signature

I wish to express my support for the Oregon Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ) proposal to revise state water quality standards based on a fish consumption rate of 175 grams per day. A higher Fish Consumption Rate than is currently recognized by the state of Oregon will result in decreasing the levels of toxic pollution that are considered "allowable" in our rivers, lakes, and streams.

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The importance of fish to the tribes cannot be overstated, for the fishery resource is not only a major food source for tribal members; it is also an integral part of their cultural, economic, and spiritual well-being. As ceremonial and subsistence fishers, they rely on the protection and enhancement of water quality to a level that is sufficient to protect water and fish from harmful exposure to waterborne pollutants.

Although not a tribal member myself, I feel that the current estimated fish consumption rate is simply not sufficient to protect tribal peoples residing in the Columbia River Basin or other Oregonians that consume healthy amounts of fish. I urge the DEQ to adopt the new 175 gram per day fish consumption standard.

Sincerely,		
Neil Graham	ON AMPGE I eat	
Name 10227 NE Shave	4 fith meals a week,	
Address Portland, OR 97220	not including the council	
Address	and smoked fish I snack on thoughout the week.	
Affiliation	or rootyaco, recall	

February 8, 2011

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Please Consider
raking water
quality standard
I enjoy early
fish and warded
1000
with less concern
to my health
Thank you.

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The importance of fish to the tribes, and other people living in Oregon, cannot be overstated for the fishery resource is not only a major food source for tribal members'; it is also an integral part of their cultural, economic, and spiritual well-being. The tribal members I know call themselves "salmon people", it would be a shame if they couldn't continue to call themselves by that name. As ceremonial and subsistence fishers, the tribes rely on the protection and enhancement of water quality to a level that is sufficient to protect the water and fish from harmful exposure to waterborne pollutants.

If we are what we eat, then it is important that fish eaters in Oregon can be "salmon people" and not "industrial waste and agricultural run-off people". I feel that the current estimated fish consumption rate is simply not sufficient to protect tribal peoples residing in the Columbia River Basin or any other Oregonian that consume healthy amounts of fish. I urge the DEQ to adopt the new 175 gram per day fish consumption standard.

Name

2225 SF Tenno St

Address

Affiliation

Signature

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tribal peoples residing in the Columbia River Basin or other Oregonians that consume healthy amounts of fish. I urge the DEQ to adopt the new 175 gram per day fish Diabets II, is currently being compared to "smaupox." Dramatic increase includes groups in-their late 20's and 30's, and is the 4th leading cause of death (more than breast cancer) consumption standard. Sincerely, in women. Native American's are are at a much higher rish from 50% to as high as 70% among some tribes. Address Gaston Address Diabetes was quite rare prior to 1940s among the Norther American people. HOPI Affiliation Our traditional foods are Signature

Due dale: 2/3/11

MEDICINE for our physical, mental, spiritual growth and well being.

Salmon is not only a GOOD source of protein but also contains omega-3 oil that REDUCES inflammation and heart disease.

Est daily

Fish | Salmon | 1-3 Servings

Fruit | Calcium | Flavonoild |

File, novolles 1 | Beans ' other | Vegetables | Whole of pairs.

The actual Okinawa Diet

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Yes, Indians in the NW lat more fish than mondulans. But USDA's brand-new eating guidelines arconage everyone to consume more fish. The US. cattle herd has hit a record low: there are fewer loss of APHIS

Address Hook River Rd., Unit 92

Address Riverdale, MD 20737

Affiliation

Affil

Dear Ms. Matzke,

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My family and I are fishers' and traditional food gatherers' for our families and our people. Not only do we gather the foods we do eat our fish at a higher consumption rate than assumed. Water is a very sacred part of every First food, Funeral ceremony we have, without it there is a decrease in our Natural foods that we nourish ourselves with.

Name
PS BIX 92

Address

Ly Le WA 98635

Address

Caled Tribes of Warm Springs

Affiliation

Musture Rf

Signature